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July 1874

No. 26 of 1874.

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Calcutta Gazette.

EDNESDAY, JULY 1, 1874.

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PART I.

...tifications by the Lieut.-Governor of Bengal, the ...h Court, Government Treasury, &c.

THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

...ENUE AND GENERAL DEPARTMENTS.

No. 1914C.S.

...h June 1874.—Baboo Denonath Kur is appointed to be an Assistant ...or the relief circle at Serajgunj, in Pubna.

...—Baboo Okhoy Coomer Bose, Sub-Deputy Collector, Maldah, is ...for employment on relief duty.

...ley Clay, B.A., Officiating Joint Magistrate and Deputy Collector, ...is appointed to have charge of the Sub-division of Nattore, in

...lliott, now employed on transport work at Burrakur, is transferred ...bhoom.

...ticott, now employed under the orders of the Commissioner of the ...placed under the orders of the Commissioner of the Rajshahye

...—Mr. Augustus John Elliot, District and Sessions Judge, Shahabad, ...month under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code.

...Ghosal is appointed temporarily to be Inspector of Relief Works ...Maldah.

...—Mr. Edmond Breton Godfrey, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy ...as absent on privilege leave from the 16th April to the 31st

...Risley, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Midnapore, having ...ation held by the Magistrate of the District, is declared to have ...the First or Lower Standard.

...of the notification of the 23rd instant, published in the *Calcutta* ...nt, Moulvie Abdool Kader, Acting Deputy Magistrate and Deputy ...and passed partially by the Higher Standard at previous examinations, ...d at the examination held in April last in the remaining subject,

...ner Ghose, B.A., Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on leave, ...nths in extension of the leave granted to him under orders of the

The 30th June 1874.—Baboo Poran Chunder Neogy, Deputy Magistra Collector, Bhagulpore, is allowed leave for three months under Section 3, S the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 1st June 1874.

Baboo Shama Churn Dutt, Sudder Canoongo of Burdwan, is appoi Relief Superintendent of the Cutwa Circle, *vice* Baboo Bhobotosh Banerjee appointed as a Sub-Deputy Collector in Julpigoree.

Surgeon-Major Rajendro Chunder Chunder, M.D., on furlough, is app Civil Surgeon of Midnapore during the absence on leave of Surgeon R. G. M further orders.

Surgeon Russick Lall Dutt, M.D., Inspecting Medical Officer of Midnapo temporarily to the Civil medical charge of that station pending the arriv Major R. G. Chunder.

The unexpired portion of the leave granted to Third Grade Assistant S Nath Gangooly, Deputy Superintendent of Vaccination of the Darjeeling orders of the 23rd September 1873, is cancelled from the date on which he may for duty to the Surgeon-General, Indian Medical Department.

Native Superintendent Tajummal Hossein, Acting Deputy Superintendent of the Darjeeling Circle, is confirmed in that appointment.

Surgeon William Arthur Gilligan is appointed to the medical charge of th of the Northern Bengal State Railway, and to the medical and sanitary sup famine distressed circles adjacent thereto.

Mr. John Peter Grant, Acting District and Sessions Judge of Chittago leave for three months under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code

Mr. Robert Mason Towers, B.A., is appointed to act as District and Ses Chittagong during the absence on leave of Mr. Grant, or until further orders.

POLICE.—*The 25th June* 1874.—Mr. Oliver Stokes Stack, District Su Police, Pubna, is allowed furlough for one year under Section 7, Supplement Leave Code, together with subsidiary leave for ten days.

The 29th June 1874.—Captain Herbert Maynard Ramsay is appointed Third Grade of District Superintendents of Police during the absence o Mr. W. W. Daly, or until further orders.

Mr. Colman Patrick Lowis Macauluy is appointed to act in the Third Gra Superintendents of Police with effect from the date on which Mr. O. S himself of his leave.

EDUCATION.—*The 27th June* 1874.—Mr. S. Lobb, M.A., Principal of t College, is allowed furlough for two years under Section 10 (*a*), Clause 1 of Code, together with the usual subsidiary leave.

Mr. E. Lethbridge, M.A., is appointed to act as Principal of the Kish during the absence on furlough of Mr. Lobb, or until further orders, with effe on which he relieved that officer.

Mr. W. G. Willson, M.A., Professor, Presidency College, is appointed to Class of the Bengal Educational Service.

The 29th June 1874.—Baboo Kristo Chunder Ghose, Landholder, is a member of the District School Committee of Patna.

Baboo Surat Chunder Das, Deputy Inspector of Schools, is appointed to the District School Committee of Bogra.

OPIUM.—*The 30th June* 1874.—Mr. James David Sayee, Assistant Su Agent of Cawnpore, is allowed leave for one and half months, under Sectio of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 1st July 1874.

MEDICAL.—*The 26th June* 1874.—The following gentlemen are appoin of the Committee for the management of the Charitable Dispensary at Arra

The Joint-Magistrate of Arrah.	Baboo Hurbunse Sahai.
Moulvi Takdeeoddeen.	,, Byjnath Pershad.
Baboo Rojoni Kant Banerjee.	,, Purbhoo Das.

Surgeon-Major William John Palmer, M.D., Acting Professor of Medical College, also continued to hold the appointment of First Assis Presidency General Hospital from the 9th April to the 21st May 1874.

The 30th June 1874.—Dr. V. Richards, on special duty, is appointe orders as Medical Officer of the Sub-divisions of Goalundo and Kooshti 12, Act VII (B.C.) of 1873, as Embarkation Agent and Medical Inspe the former station.

JAILS.—*The 30th June* 1874.—Surgeon Stephen Coull Mackenzie, M of the Presidency Jail, Governor of the Workhouse, and Junior Su Hospital, is allowed leave for three months under Section 21, Chapter Code, from any date between the 1st and 15th August next on whi of it.

Surgeon F. C. Nicholson, Acting Civil Surgeon of Goalund Superintendent of the Presidency Jail, and Junior Surgeon of t

ence on leave of Dr. S. C. Mackenzie, or until further orders.
lso appointed, under Section 12, Act XXI of 1869, to act as
use in the Presidency Jail.
June 1874.—Mr. H. W. W. Ellis, who was appointed, under the
1874, to be Naval Storekeeper, joined his appointment on the

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

ERRATUM.

—In the Notification dated 29th April 1874, published in the
rd June 1874, page 949, Part I—

Read

," "One cone at yard-arm, low-water." } To be kept up for
m," "Two cones at yard-arm, high-water." } 15 minutes each only.
t up, &c. "Fairy Beacon" has been put up, &c.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

.—The following candidates at the Native Civil Service Examina-
bmitted the necessary certificates of character, health, and ability
eh examined and declared to have passed the tests necessary to
ointments.

lates who have passed in the Higher Grade and are declared eligible to hold appointments on Rs. 100 *and upwards.*

Dhur.	19 Omullo Churn Mullick.
mar Bose, B.A.	20 Indressur Barooah.
Roy, B.A.	21 Khudiram Poddar.
B.A., L.L.	22 Abdool Wahab.
Maitra, B.A.	23 Gopal Chunder Banerjea, B.A., B.L.
nerjea.	24 Abdul Khaleque, B.A.
ooah, B.A.	25 Bepin Beharry Pramanick.
Sandyal.	26 Nundo Kishore Doss.
ra Banerjea, B.A.	27 Bhubun Mohun Banerjea, B.A., B.L.
, B.A.	28 Ram Narain Banerjea, B.L.
r Mookerjea.	29 Mohendra Nauth Bhuttacharjee M.A., L.L.
ayn Gupta (ii).	31 George Dias.
d Azim.	32 C. Owen.
Lal Roy, B.A.	33 H. Bradbury.
Mookerjea.	34 Daby Pershad.
ose, B.A.	
n Khan.	

who have passed the necessary tests for the Higher Grade of appointure not eligible for such appointments till after one year's service in the

Sen.	22 Toolsi Pershad.
Laha.	23 Sachitananda Mookerjea.
r Mozoomdar.	24 Poorno Chunder Sen. Doorga Nunda Doss.
anerjea.	26 Kamal Naryan Chuckerbutty.
r Sircar.	27 Gobind Chunder Doss.
ookerjea.	28 Dwarka Nath Bose.
Mookerjea.	29 Beni Madhub Chatterjee.
ad Chatterjee.	30 Jogendro Naryan Seal.
Bose.	31 Gossain Das Hazra.
nerjea.	32 Kali Sankar Sen.
er Guha.	33 Bhubun Mohun Gupta.
Rohomun.	34 Nundo Lal Mookerjee.
Bhuttacharjea.	35 Jogendra Nath Mookerjee.
hose.	36 Jogendra Nath Gupta (i).
h Seal.	37 Umachurn Chuckerbutty.
r Dass.	38 C. H. Swinden.
d Sirkar.	39 Shujut Ali Amed.
n Ahmed.	40 Miyee Uddeen Ahmad.
Khan.	41 Kumad Nath Mookerjee.
tterjea.	42 Hurry Narayn Be

CLASS III(*a*).—*List of Candidates who have passed in the Lower Gr ed in Engl and are declared eligible to hold appointments belo*

1 Sreenath Sen.
2 Syed Ali.
3 Prosonno Kumar Chuckerbutty.
4 Sreenath Gupta.
5 Nobin Chunder Sen.
6 J. T. Babonau.
7 Denonath Ghose.
8 Annand Chunder Bose.
9 Prankrishen Ganguli.
10 Govinda Chundra Mookerjea. / J. C. Lloyd. / Mohin Chundra Dass.
13 Moti Lal.
14 Poteram Banerjea.
15 Golap Lal Dass.
16 Umesh Chundra Mookerjea.
17 Krishna Chundra Bose.
18 Amrita Lall Banerjea.
19 Gopi Krishna.
20 Kedar Nath Banerjea.
21 Sitykant Biswas.
22 Gourchurn Dass.
23 Nanilal Mookerjee. / Kaly Coomar Roy Chowdry. / Taranath Bose.
26 Juggurnath Doss.
27 Hury Poddo Ghose. / Sujibun Lall, B.A.
29 Abinash Chunder Sen.
30 Afzul Uddin Ahmed.
31 Kumad Chunder Mookerjea.
32 Jodoonath Dey. / Ram Nirunjun Pershad. / Ram Dyal Nag.
35 Nebarun Chunder Mookerjea.
36 Bidhoo Bhushun Mookerjea. / Mohima Chundra Roy Chowdry.
38 Chundra Mohun Mozoomdar, M.A., B.L.
39 Nundo Lal Pramanick.
40 Abdul Huq. / Jogendronath Chuckerbutty.
42 Romanath Mitter. / Umanath Mozoomdar.
44 Aughore Nath Chatterjea.
45 Raj Coomar Sen.
46 Hem Chunder Dutt. / Opendra Chunder Mozoomdar.
48 Kali Pro / Ganoda
50 Bissumb
51 Kali Coo / Mahome
53 Sriram G
54 Rajoni K / Prosonno
66 Rakhal C
57 Kashi Ch / Bholanath
59 Golam Li
60 Kesub La
61 Gopal Ch / Rai Vishn / Aghore N
64 Golokenat
65 Doorga D / Kanai Lal
67 Bikramaje
68 Nowrunge / Sew Sunk / Abinash C / Huri Doss
72 Bansidhur
73 Prosonno C / Sashi Mohu
75 Mahomed
76 Kaleemudd
77 Hemantha
78 Mahomed
79 Mahomed
80 Khadem H
81 Narain Chu
82 Wudoy Cha
83 Mahomed / Sreenath B
85 Khoob Lall.
86 Bhugwan C
87 Gosto Behar
88 Birchandra
89 Kally Proso
90 Mahomed H
91 Buriar Sing
92 Kalipada Ch
93 Berhameshw
94 Pulin Behari
95 Mohendrana

CLASS III(*b*).—*List of Candidates who have passed in the Lower Hindustanee and are declared eligible to hold appointments b*

1 Syed Fazeelut Hossein.
2 Emamoddin Khan.
3 Parmeshwar Dyal.
4 Malick Lateef Hossein.
5 Syed Muxood Hossein.
6 „ Ahmed Hossein.
7 Sheik Ahmed Oollah.
8 Syed Koowat Ali.
9 Sheik Abdul Guni.
10 Syed Basharut Hossein.
11 Sheik Husmut Hossein. / Syed Warris Ali. / Mahomed Abool Rohoman.
Hasan Reza Khan.
16 Rewat Lall.
17 Sheik Abdul
18 Syed Mahom
19 „ Golam
20 Sheik Jowad
21 „ Nizabu
22 Shumshool H / Sheik Ali Hos
24 Gonesh Persa
25 Rahmat Ali K
26 Abdul Aziz.
27 Rameshur Sah
28 Sheik Magfoo
29 Kishoon Persl

IV.—The following officers of the Opium Department, who partially passed at previous examinations, have, at the Native Civil Service Examination of 1874, passed in the remaining subjects, viz.—

NAME.	Previously passed in	Now passed in
Mr. J. D. Sayce	Botany and Chemistry	Surveying.
„ N. T. Ryves	„ Surveying	Chemistry.
„ W. Cracroft	Surveying and Chemistry	Botany.
„ H. Hastings	Surveying ...	Botany and Chemistry.
„ E. F. J. Porcelli	Surveying and Chemistry	Botany.
„ A. Elliott	Ditto ...	Ditto.
„ J. L. Fawcus	Ditto ...	Ditto.
„ A. Bryson	Surveying ...	Botany and Chemistry.

The following Assistants of the Opium Department are declared to have passed fully in the subjects in which they were liable to examination :—

NAME.	Previously passed in	Now passed in
Mr. C. H. V. Hathorne	Hindustanee, Opium Laws, English, and Arithmetic, and Surveying and Botany.	Chemistry.
A. W. Osborne	English and Arithmetic. Hindustanee, Opium Laws, and Surveying.	Botany and Chemistry.

V.—Candidates declared qualified for appointments in the Opium Department, subject to examination in the branches mentioned :—

NAME.	Passed in	Liable to examination in
Mr. G. Paterson	Hindustanee, Opium Laws, and Surveying.	Botany and Chemistry.
„ T. E. D. Innes	Hindustanee and Opium Laws.	Botany, Chemistry, and Surveying
„ J. S. R. Innes	Hindustanee and Botany	Surveying and Chemistry.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

RESOLUTION.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

MARINE No. 2061.

Calcutta, the 22nd June 1874.

READ—

Correspondence regarding the reduction of the Pilot Service.

1. The scheme, as originally described, provided for bringing about ten retirements among Service Pilots, and thirty among Licensed Pilots; but in fact so many are not required. The object is to bring the number of Running Pilots down to seventy. For the last year or two the vacancies which have occurred have not been filled up, and when the first retirement on bonus took place, the number of Pilots was in excess of seventy by thirty-one only.

Fourteen Pilots have already been permitted to retire on bonus. The same permission is now granted to the following Pilots, who have submitted applications:—

Branch Pilots.

	£	
Mr. C. W. Warden on a bonus of ...	1,400	(including compensation for privileges.)
Mr. Lord	1,000	

Mate.

Mr. R. Hand	1,120	

Licensed Mate.

Mr. Hyndman	600	

2. In addition to the above, the Lieutenant-Governor considers it to be necessary for the public interests that the following Pilots should be required to retire from the service, or to give up their licenses; the bonus to which each is entitled under the scheme will be paid him:—

Service Pilots.

	£
Mr. T. Black	1,200
Mr. H. Halden	1,200

Licensed Pilots.

Mr. J. Thomas	650
Mr. D. F. Mauger	800
Mr. W. Thompson	550

3. The retirements will take effect from the 1st of July 1874, or from any previous date on which the Pilots named may wish to retire.

4. Mr. Jones has applied to retire if the mode of grading service and Licensed Pilots indicated in paragraph 5, clause 6, of this Government Resolution of the 12th February 1874, according to the date of entering service, be carried out. Many memorials on the subject have been received, and the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to reserve Mr. Jones's application to retire for decision after the question is finally settled.

5. The following list shows the names of the Pilots who have been permitted, or required, to retire under the scheme, with the cost of each retirement:—

Names.	Amount of bonus.	
Branch Pilots.		
	£	
G. Collins	1,400	
W. J. Stone	1,000	
G. Noaks	1,400	
H. A. Merrett...	1,000	(Equivalent of £80 extra pension which he elected to take instead of bonus.)
B. K. Revett	1,000	
W. H. Fielder...	1,400	
G. Lord	1,000	
C. W. Warden...	1,400	
Total ...	9,600	
Master Pilots.		
H. D. Fletcher	1,500	
T. Black	1,200	
H. Halden	1,200	
Total ...	3,900	
Mate Pilots.		
R. G. Hand	1,040	
A. M. Merriott	1,500	
A. A. Madden	1,120	
Total ...	3,660	

Names		Amount of bonus
	Licensed Masters.	
		£
F. Hyndman		600
J. Thomas		650
D. F. Mauger		800
W. Thompson...		550
J. Ewert		550
A. S. Ritchie		275
	Total ...	3,425
	Licensed Mates.	
R. Scott		450
A. Templeton		450
C. Williams		400
	Total ...	1,300
	Grand Total ...	21,885

6. To this must be added £600, the amount of Mr. Jones's bonus if he should retire, making a total of £22,485. The total expenditure sanctioned by the Government of India was £23,000. The difference, £515, must be kept in hand to meet any additional payments which it may be necessary to make on claims which have been advanced in certain cases by Pilots who have been permitted to take the bonus.

7. With reference to the limit which has been put on the expenditure under the scheme, the Lieutenant-Governor has not been able to accede to the applications of all who applied to retire on bonus.

Mr C B Ransom. | Mr. R Long.
„ O H. Bensley. | „ R. Scott.

8. The four officers named on the margin wished to retire on the pension and bonus of Branch Pilots, but they were not Branches before retirements under this scheme began, and owe their promotion to the Branch Grade to such retirements only. But no more retirements on Branches' terms can be allowed for financial reasons, which also compel His Honor to decline the offers of Messrs. Sealy, Bowden, Hart, and Bellew.

9. Mr. Curtis has been on leave for the last three years, and is understood to have adopted another profession. The Officiating Master-Attendant is requested to inform Mr. Curtis that no bonus can be given to him, and that no further leave can be allowed. The leave already granted him has been much too long.

10. When these 24 retirements have taken place, the number of Service and Licensed Pilots, respectively, which remain on the list, will be 54 and 23. The reduction to 70 must be made by not filling up vacancies as they occur in ordinary course.

11. The number of Pilots having been thus diminished, the Officiating Master-Attendant should, without delay, submit definite proposals for reducing the number of vessels employed as Pilot Brigs.

Ordered that copy of this Resolution be forwarded to the Accountant-General for information; and to the Master-Attendant for his guidance, and for communication to the Pilots concerned, and to the body of Pilots. Orders on the points of the scheme, such as the grading of the Pilots and the readjustment of the percentage of fees allowed to Pilots, will be issued as soon as possible.

H L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

RESOLUTION.

SCARCITY AND RELIEF DEPARTMENT.

Dated Calcutta, the 16th June 1874.

READ—

A letter from the Commissioner of Burdwan, No. 83—S R., dated the 2nd June, with enclosure.

The Lieutenant-Governor has read with much satisfaction a report received from the Commissioner of Burdwan, regarding the extensive measures of charitable relief undertaken and maintained by Baboo Ram Runjun Chuckerbutty, zemindar of Hetampore, in the district of Beerbhoom.

C. BERNARD,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

RESOLUTION.

SCARCITY AND RELIEF DEPARTMENT.

Yacht "Rhotas," the 16th June 1874.

READ—

A letter, No. 1300—S.R., dated the 22nd May 1874, from the Commissioner of the Rajshahye Division, with its enclosures.

OBSERVATIONS.—The Commissioner of the Rajshahye Division has brought to the notice of the Lieutenant-Governor that Rai Dhunput Sing Bahadoor, of Azeemgunge, in the district of Moorshedabad, has distinguished himself by the public spirit with which he has come forward to the relief of the tenantry on his extensive estates. In Dinagepore, besides contributing two-thirds towards the cost of digging two tanks, it is represented that the Rai is having a third tank excavated at his own expense, and that he has also agreed to bear the whole cost of repairing an embankment and cleaning out two tanks in thana Gungarampore. It is also reported that, besides postponing the collection of rent on his own zemindaries, he has entirely remitted the rents of such of his tenantry as are unable to pay. In the district of Rungpore he has also suspended the collection of rents; while in the district of Moorshedabad, in which he usually resides, his measures for the relief of general distress are said to have been undertaken on a very extensive and liberal scale.

The Lieutenant-Governor has read these reports with much satisfaction, and he thinks that the marked public spirit displayed by this zemindar in the present crisis is deserving of commendation.

C. BERNARD,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 19th June 1874.—With reference to Rule 2, Section 59 of the Civil Pension Code, regarding the medical examination of candidates for employment in the public service, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to notify, for the information of Heads of Departments under the Government of Bengal at the Presidency, that in Calcutta the duty is to be performed by all commissioned Medical Officers who are engaged in private practice. At present they are as follows:—

Surgeon-Major	A. J. Payne, M.D.
Ditto	S. B. Partridge.
Ditto	F. N. Macnamara, M.D. (on leave.)
Ditto	J. Ewart, M.D.
Ditto	W. J. Palmer, M.D.
Ditto	N. C. Macnamara, M.D. (on leave.)
Ditto	T E. Charles, M.D.
Ditto	H. Cayley.
Surgeon	K. McLeod, M.D.
Ditto	A. Crombie, M.D.

2. Each candidate should be furnished with a letter showing that he will be appointed to a post in the event of his being declared physically fit for the Government service, and only candidates so authorized will have a claim to be medically examined without payment of fee.

3. With the view of causing an equal distribution of the duty of examination, Heads of Departments are requested to send candidates to the above named Medical Officers in rotation.

4. The names of Medical Officers at the Presidency who may hereafter come under the operation of the rule in paragraph 1 will be notified from time to time.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 18th June 1874.—The following application for a loan by the Municipal Commissioners of Arrah is published in the *Calcutta Gazette* under Rule 5 of the Rules passed by the Governor-General in Council on the 15th October 1873, under Section 4 of the Local Public Works Loan Act, XXIV of 1871.

1. For constructing a proper system of latrines in the town of Arrah and within the local limits of this Municipality. The work is intended for the benefit of the general community dwelling within such limits. The cost of the work is estimated at Rs. 4,600, which will appear from the estimate annexed.

Clause 1, Rule III.

2. The amount of loan applied for is Rs. 2,600, which sum would be in addition to the sum of Rs. 2,000 promised by Government in letter No. 2917, dated 10th November 1873, on condition of the Municipality raising the sum of Rs. 2,600; this latter sum is now sought for as a loan.

Clause 2, Rule III.

3. The loan shall be made on the security of house-tax and other miscellaneous receipts of this Municipality.

Clause 3, Rule III.

4. The said house-tax, &c., are levied under Act III of 1864.

Clause 4, Rule III.

5. The period for which the loan is required is ten years. The loan shall be made in one sum, and at as early a date as possible. It shall be repaid in ten annual instalments of Rs. 260 each, or at any early date if convenient.

Clause 5, Rule III.

6. The proceeds* of house-tax and all other income, and the expenditure incurred in each of the three last preceding years, are shown in a separate statement annexed herewith.

Clause 6, Rule III.

7. Nil.

Clause 7, Rule III.

8. No prior charges exist upon any source of income accruing to the Municipality.

Clause 8, Rule III.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 26th June 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road between the villages of Chownagra, pergunnah Badore, and Bulrampore, pergunnah Tajpore, zillah Purneah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring, more or less, 10 miles long and 60 feet broad, is required between the aforesaid villages of Chownagra and Bulrampore.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

J. F. K. HEWITT,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 26th June 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road between the villages of Koomaree, pergunnah Kudba, and Chandpore, pergunnah Haveli, zillah Purneah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring, more or less, 3 miles and 19 chains long and 60 feet broad, is required between the aforesaid villages of Koomaree and Chandpore.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

J. F. K. HEWITT,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

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* The proceeds of house-tax and all other income during the last three years amount to Rs. 36,391-13-4, and the expenditure during that period to Rs. 35,955-4-6, leaving a surplus of Rs. 366-8-10 in three years, or an average of Rs. 122-2-3 a year.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 26th June 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from the village of Singhessur to that of Kootgawan, pergunnah Nursingpore Cusba, zillah Bhagulpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land running generally from west to east, passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring, more or less, 57,600 feet in length and 70 feet in breadth = 280 standard beeghas, equivalent to 106 local beeghas, more or less, is required.

Gouripur,	pergunnah Nursingpur Cusba.	
Patari,	ditto	ditto.
Maheshoon,	ditto	ditto.
Chaura Honwo Manuoggor	ditto	ditto.
Belori,	ditto	ditto.
Rani Patti,	ditto	ditto.
Korlahi,	ditto	ditto.
Kootgawan,	ditto	ditto.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

J. F. K. HEWITT,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 30th June 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction of a road from Bankoora to Taldangra, *vid* Kurpa, in the district of Bankoora, it is hereby declared that a strip of land 16 miles in length and 50 feet in breadth, measuring 341 beeghas and 8,836 square feet, is required.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

J. F. K. HEWITT,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 19th June 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz for the construction of a road from Latoodaha to meet the main road from Ramnuggur to Manicknuggur, pergunnah Bagwan, district Nuddea, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages Latoodaha and Kanaidanga, measuring 5,317 feet in length and 30 feet in breadth, amounting to 11 beeghas 1 cottah 4 chittacks, is required.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 23rd June 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the ballast quarry of the East Indian Railway Company in the village of Katowna, pergunnah Gidhour, zillah Monghyr, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 14 acres 2 roods and 30 poles of standard measurement, bounded on all sides by lands of the village of Katowna and belonging to Raja Joymungul Sing and Raja Ramnarain Sing, and in the occupation of Mooktear Sing and Ujager Sing, ticcadars, and as marked on the ground, is required within the aforesaid village of Katowna.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 22nd June 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the diversion of Tumlook road approach, north of Canal Range No. III, in the village of Dukhin Gopalpore, pergunnah Kassijorah, zillah Midnapore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring, more or less, 2 beeghas 18 cottahs and 2 chittacks of standard measurement, 690 feet long and 60 feet wide, is required within the aforesaid village of Dukhin Gopalpore.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

J. F. K. HEWITT,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION

The 17th June 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road from Laghatta to Kalgram, in the villages of Labpore, pergunnah Bhurkunda, Donaipore, Lohada, pergunnah Kutubpore, Surul, district Moorshedabad, Durgapore, pergunnah Barbaksinha, Nawapara, pergunnah Khargram, Mohishapore, pergunnah Sabek Mawressur, Ranipara, Gomai, Matipore, Krinnihar, Aligram, pergunnah Kutubpore, Joketta, pergunnah Shaha Islampore, zillah Beerbhoom, and Bamundi, Kalikapore, in Moorshedabad, and Kalgram, in Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land, measuring 10 miles in length and 40 feet average breadth, is required within the aforesaid villages.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

J. F. K. HEWITT,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 16th June 1874.—Under Section 2 of the District Road Cess Act, 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that the cesses leviable under the said Act shall take effect in the districts noted in the margin from the 1st October 1874.

Tipperah.
Mymensingh.

Under Section 70 of the aforesaid Act, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to determine that the month in which the District Committees shall meet to prepare estimates of income and expenditure for the cess year next ensuing, as in the said section provided, shall be August in the said districts.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 13th June 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction of a district road in mouzah Sookurpara, pergunnah Asserassur, district Cuttack, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land, 1,150 feet long and 12 feet broad, measuring in the aggregate 1 rood and 10 poles, more or less, bounded on the north by the Sookurpara Chutty, on the south by the *godunda* (cattle-track) of mouzahs Kharole and Kentalow, and on the east and west by the cultivated lands appertaining to mouzah Kharole, is required within the aforesaid village of Sookurpara.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 6th June 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road from Mallarpore to Mouresvar, in the villages of Mallarpore, Fattehpore, Bahina, pergunnah; Mallarpore, Kamra, Deara, pergunnah Dari Mouresvar; Rambhadrapore, pergunnah Surup Sinha; Brahmun Bahara and Mouresvar, pergunnah Dari Mouresvar, zillah Beerbhoom, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 8 miles in length and 40 feet average breadth, is required within the aforesaid villages.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

J. F. K. HEWITT,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 6th June 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road from Bulpore to Bangachatra, in the villages of Bulpore, pergunnah Supur, Gaeshpore, pergunnah Barbaksinha, Muluk, in district Burdwan, Bahari, pergunnah Barbaksinha, Domanpore, pergunnah Senbhoom, zillah Beerbhoom, and Bangachatra, zillah Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 10 miles in length and 40 feet average breadth, is required within the aforesaid villages.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

J. F. K. HEWITT,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATIONS.

The 10th June 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from the village of Pipra, pergunnah Naredigar, to that of Soopool, to pergunnah Malhuigopal, zillah Bhagulpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land running generally from east to west and southwest, passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring, more or less, 13 miles in length and 55 feet in breadth = 262½ standard beeghas, equivalent to 99½ local beeghas, more or less, is required.

Pipra, pergunnah Naredigar.
Dinapatty and Debipatty, pergunnah Naredigar.
Thoomha, pergunnah Malhuigopal.
Katain, ditto ditto.
Pathra, ditto ditto.
Kariho, ditto ditto.
Gobergarha, ditto ditto.
Soopool, ditto ditto.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from the village of Singhessur, pergunnah Narsingpore Curha, to that of Pipra, pergunnah Naredigar, zillah Bhagulpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land running generally from south to north, passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring, more or less, 12 miles and 100 feet in length and 55 feet in breadth = 245½ standard beeghas, equivalent to 93½ local beeghas, more or less, is required.

Singhessur, pergunnah Narsingpore Curha.
Rampatli, ditto ditto.
Rooponti Gote, ditto ditto.
Boorhawey, ditto ditto.
Baheri, ditto ditto.
Bairbanna, ditto ditto.
Chumpanagar, ditto ditto.
Dawrarec, ditto ditto.
Barhari, ditto ditto.
Kamargawan, ditto ditto.
Pukri, ditto Naredigar.
Amha, ditto ditto.
Pipra, ditto ditto.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road which is called Soopool to Bhootia road, but which runs from Court of Wards' road at Persarma, pergunnah Malhuigopal, zillah Bhagulpore, to Bulhi, on the Monghyr boundary, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land running generally from north to south, passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring, more or less, 17 miles in length and 60 feet in breadth = 374 standard beeghas, equivalent to 141½ local beeghas, more or less, is required.

Persarma, pergunnah Malhuigopal.
Bella, ditto Utterkhand.
Pachgachia, ditto ditto.
Beehra Bazar, ditto ditto.
Sihole, ditto ditto.
Rohoos, ditto ditto.
Pararee, ditto ditto.
Chainpore, ditto ditto.
Bulhi, ditto Pherkia, zillah Monghyr.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road which is called Pipra to Pertapgunge road, but which runs from Pipra, pergunnah Naredigar, and joins the great northern emigration road (Court of Wards') near the village of Sookhanagar, pergunnah Harawat, zillah Bhagulpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land, running generally from south-west to north-east, passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring, more or less, 12 miles and 600 feet in length and 55 feet in breadth = 244½ standard beeghas equivalent to 85¾ local beeghas, more or less, is required.

Pipra, pergunnah Naredigar.
Belhi Dhoomgurh, pergunnah Naredigar.
Simaria, pergunnah Naredigar.
Basooli, ditto ditto
Belha, ditto ditto.
Doolari, ditto ditto.
Doobiahi, ditto ditto.
Chumpanaggar, Jagdispore, pergunnah Harawat.
Lokha Mohinathpore ditto ditto.
Hoolás, pergunnah Harawat.
Barmotra, ditto ditto.
Chilowni, ditto ditto.
Diwangunge, pergunnah Harawat.
Sibnaggar, Sookhanaggar, pergunnah, Harawat.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from the village of Pertapgunge, pergunnah Harawat, to that of Balua and Birpore, pergunnah Dhuphar, zillah Bhagulpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land running generally from south to north-east and north, passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring, more or less, 20 miles in

Pertapgunge, pergunnah Harawat.
Gungaar, ditto ditto.
Gobindpore, ditto ditto.
Burmohtra, ditto Dhuphar.
Balua, ditto ditto.
Bisenpore, ditto ditto.
Haripore, ditto ditto.
Kapura, ditto ditto.
Beerpore, ditto ditto.

length and 55 feet in breadth = 403⅓ standard beeghas, equivalent to 131$\frac{7}{16}$ local beeghas more or less, is required.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from the village of Singhessur to that of Gamharia, pergunnah Narsingpore Curha, zillah Bhagulpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land running generally from south to north-west, passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring, more or less, 7 miles in length and 55 feet in breadth = 141⅓ standard beeghas, equivalent to 53$\frac{5}{8}$ local beeghas, more or less, is required.

Singhessur, pergunnah Narsingpore Curha.	
Jiwachpore, Roopouli,	ditto.
Lachmina,	ditto.
Aurahi,	ditto.
Gamharia,	ditto.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for the Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from the village of Gamharia, pergunnah Narsingpore Curha, to that of Soopool, pergunnah Malhuigopal, zillah Bhagulpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land, running generally from east to west and north-west, passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring, more or less, 9 miles in length and 55 feet in breadth = 181½ standard beeghas, equivalent to 68$\frac{3}{4}$ local beeghas, more or less, is required.

Gamharia, pergunnah Narsingpore Curha.		
Hurdi,	ditto	Malhuigopal.
Kumeth,	ditto	ditto.
Kariho,	ditto	ditto.
Nirmalles,	ditto	ditto.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from the village of Bella to Myyeh, *vid* Barovaree, pergunnah Malhuigopal, zillah Bhagulpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land running generally from south to north and north-east, passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring, more or less, 12 miles in length and 55 feet in breadth = 242 standard beeghas, equivalent to 91$\frac{2}{3}$ local beeghas, more or less, is required.

Bella, pergunnah Malhuigopal		
Purkhotimpore, pergunnah Malhuigopal.		
Barovaree,	ditto	ditto.
Ekama,	ditto	ditto.
Bina,	ditto	ditto.
Kariho,	ditto	ditto
Puthra,	ditto	ditto.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from Bulha (Sookhpore), pergunnah Malhuigopal, to that of Bijwas, *vid* Nohatta and Moheshi, pergunnah Kabkhand, zillah Bhagulpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land, running generally from north to south, passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring, more or less, 20 miles in length and 55 feet in breadth = 403⅓ standard beeghas, equivalent to 152½ local beeghas, more or less, is required.

Makanpatti, pergunnah Malhuigopal.		
Dhoorea,	ditto	ditto.
Roupouli,	ditto	ditto.
Byro,	ditto	ditto
Nohatta,	ditto	Kabkhand.
Kamrouli,	ditto	ditto.
Mohanpore,	ditto	ditto.
Chandrain,	ditto	ditto.
Duram,	ditto	ditto.
Lahmi,	ditto	ditto.
Lahuar,	ditto	ditto.
Pustawar,	ditto	ditto.
Moheshi,	ditto	ditto.
Barwar,	ditto	ditto.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from the village of Soopool to that of Chandail, pergunnah Malhuigopal, zillah Bhagulpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land, running generally from north-east to south-west, passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring, more or less, 7 miles in length and 55 feet in breadth = 141⅓ standard beeghas, equivalent to 53$\frac{5}{8}$ local beeghas, more or less, is required.

Rashttee, pergunnah Malhuigopal.		
Nemua,	ditto	ditto.
Chandail,	ditto	ditto.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

J. F. K. HEWITT,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, are republished for general information :—

No. 420.—*Fort William, the 24th June* 1874.—*Notifications—Public.*—The undermentioned Assistant Surgeons are promoted to the Second Grade, with effect from the dates specified against their names :—

Names.	Places to which attached.	Date of promotion.
Soorjee Narain Sing	Dispensary, Behar	1st May 1874.
Gobind Chunder Chatterjee ...	Second Demonstrator of Anatomy, Medical College, Calcutta.	" "

No. 823.—*The 23rd June* 1874.—*Judicial.*—In continuation of Notification No 353, dated the 6th March last, the following despatch from Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India is published for general information :—

From the Most Honorable the Marquis of Salisbury, Secretary of State for India, to His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor-General of India in Council, No. 19 *(Judicial)—dated India Office, London, the* 14*th May* 1874.

I HAVE received and considered in Council the despatch of your Excellency in Council, dated 27th of March, No. 7 of 1874, reporting the death, on the 25th of that month, of the Hon'ble Dwarkanath Mittar, one of the Judges of Her Majesty's High Court at Calcutta.

2. I have received the intelligence of the death of this distinguished gentleman with very great regret.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Financial Department, are republished for general information :—

No. 4057.—*Fort William, the 26th June* 1874.—*Notifications.—Accounts.*—The Governor-General in Council has received information from the Secretary of State for India in Council that the drafts of the Secretary of State upon the Government of India will probably be for 80 lakhs of rupees for the month of July, and that from the month of August the amount may be increased to one crore of rupees in each month.

The Secretary of State in Council reserves to himself the liberty to make any change in the arrangement thus notified that the interests of the public service may render desirable.

SEPARATE REVENUE.—STAMPS.

The 25th June 1874.

No. 3969.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 16 of the General Stamp Act XVIII of 1869, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to remit the duties chargeable under the said Act on every instrument by which movable or immovable property is conveyed to the Secretary of State for India in Council by way of

(*a*) sale,
(*b*) mortgage,
(*c*) lease, or
(*d*) exchange where money is paid by Government for equality of exchange.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Military Department, are republished for general information :—

No. 671.—*The 26th June* 1874.—His Excellency the Governor-General in Council is pleased to make the following appointment, subject to the Officer passing an examination in drill :—

East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.

Color-Serjeant Thomas Attwood Francis Pardew to be Ensign, to complete the Establishment.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1915C.S.

The 16th June 1874.—The following gentlemen are appointed to be Honorary Magistrates in the District of Monghyr, and are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class, viz.—

Moulvie Hadi Hussen Khan.
„ Shah Abdul Hussen.
Baboo Gunput Singh.
„ Gunshyam Mahworee.
„ Beni Ram Mahworee.
Baboo Nil Kant Persad Chowduri.
Moulvie Akli Mahto.
Baboo Moti Singh.
„ Madhoo Singh.

The 26th June 1874.—Mr. Herbert Hope Risley, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Midnapore, is vested temporarily with the powers of a Magistrate of the Second Class.

Baboo Judoo Nath Bose, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on special duty in Shahabad, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the First Class.

The 29th June 1874.—Baboo Mothoora Nath Gupta, First Subordinate Judge of Bhagulpore, is allowed leave for three months under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code.

Baboo Rampersad, Moonsif of Mozufferpore, on leave, is appointed to act as First Subordinate Judge of Bhagulpore during the absence on leave of Baboo Mothoora Nath Gupta, or until further orders.

Mr. William Barry, Officiating Joint-Magistrate, on special duty at Pursa, in Sarun, is vested temporarily with the powers of a Magistrate of the First Class, and with powers to try summarily the offences mentioned in Section 222 of the Criminal Procedure Code.

The following officers, employed on special duty in Sarun, are vested temporarily with the powers of a Magistrate of the Second Class, viz.—

Major W. Jackson, at Chupra.
Mr. Charles Emile Fabre-Tonnerre, at Ekma.

Mr. W. Perry, Relief Superintendent of the Kudbah Circle, in the District of Purneah, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class

The 30th June 1874.—Surgeon F. C. Nicholson, who has, under separate orders of this date, been appointed to act as Superintendent of the Presidency Jail, is appointed, under the provisions of Section 4, Act II of 1869, to act as a Justice of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta.

Baboo Luchmi Narain, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Chumparun, is vested temporarily with the powers of a Magistrate of the First Class.

Baboo Gobind Chunder Dutt, a resident Zemindar, is appointed to be an Honorary Magistrate in the 24-Pergunnahs, and is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class.

The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to vest temporarily the following officers with the powers, under Section 266 of the Criminal Procedure Code, of hearing appeals from convictions by Magistrates of the Second and Third Classes, in Tirhoot, viz.—

Mr. Anthony Patrick MacDonnell, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in charge of Durbhunga Sub-division.

Mr. Charles Frederick Magrath, C.S., in charge of the Mudhoobunnee Sub-division.

The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to vest the following officers, employed in the District of Tirhoot, with powers as noted against their names, viz.—

Pundit Behary Lal, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Kuttreh Circle	Power of a Magistrate, First Class.
Mr. A. H. Warde Jones, Sudder Circle	
Mr. W. G. Goldney, Rajkhund Circle	Power of a Magistrate, Second Class.
Tehsildar Hardan Singh, Gaighattee Circle	
Mr. S. D. Jackson, Belsund Circle	Power of a Magistrate, Third Class.
„ H. C. Spry, Toorkee Circle	
„ H. Blair, Chajeen Circle	

Baboo Raj Kishore Narain, Sub-Deputy Magistrate of Sewan, in Sarun, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 30th June 1874.—Under Section 5 of the Indian Registration Act, VIII of 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is pleased to create the following Registration sub-district, having the head-quarters and local jurisdiction shown opposite the name. The Lieutenant-Governor is also pleased, under Section 7 of the Act, to appoint the person named below to be Sub-Registrar of the said sub-district :—

District.	Name of new sub-district.	Head-quarters.	Thanas included in jurisdiction.	Sub-Registrar appointed.
Hazareebagh	Chatra ...	Chatra ...	Chatra ... ... Hunteraganja ...	Baboo Harihar Charan, Extra Assistant Commissioner, *ex-officio*.

These changes will take effect on and from the 1st of July 1874.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 30th June 1874.—It is hereby notified that a warrant has been issued for the apprehension of Alfred Macdonald, East Indian, charged with aiding and abetting in a case of criminal breach of trust. The man having absconded, all District Superintendents and other Police officers are requested to endeavour to apprehended him.

His descriptive roll is as follows :—

Name, Alfred Macdonald, complexion light, eyes very large, capped ears, aquiline nose, dark hair, uneven jaw and teeth, wears short hair and moustache, age about 25 years; last year was employed in the Government Printing Office, Home Department, at Simla, discharged in June or July last, and from 1st March till the 17th employed in Messrs. J. Black and Company's Printing Office, Calcutta, from which date he has disappeared.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 15th June 1874.—It is hereby notified that the provisions of Act XXXI of 1860 (relating to the manufacture, importation, and sale of arms and ammunition, and for regulating the right to keep and use the same, and to give power of disarming in certain cases) as continued in force and amended by Act VI (the Arms' Act Continuance Act), 1866, restricting (1) the possession of cannon, howitzers, and mortars; (2) the manufacture, repair, sale, or (3) importation of arms and ammunition; and (4) the carrying of arms, are in force throughout the territories subject to the control of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

(1.) Sections 2 to 4, Act XXXI, 1860.
(2.) Sections 5 to 16, Act XXXI, 1860.
(3.) Sections 17 to 19, Act XXXI, 1860.
(4.) Sections 26 to 30, Act XXXI, 1860.
(As modified by sections 2 and 3 of Act VI of 1866.)

2. The powers of seizure, search, and arrest in certain cases, defined in sections 20, 21, 25, and 31, Act XXXI, 1860, are still possessed by the several authorities in whom the law vests them.

The following are the revised rules laid down under the Act for the importation, transhipment, inland transport, and exportation of arms and ammunition, the grant of licenses for carrying arms, and for the manufacture and sale of arms and ammunition in Bengal :—

3. Under the provisions of sections 17 and 23 of Act XXXI of 1860, the importation, exportation, or transport of all arms of the descriptions mentioned in sections 4, 5, 6, and 25 of the aforesaid Act* into, from, or through the territories under the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, is prohibited unless covered by a license or pass. The transhipment of arms, &c., at ports to which Act VI of 1873 extends is prohibited in Bengal, except under license of the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta.

* *Viz.*, cannon, howitzers, or mortars, fire-arms, bayonets, swords, daggers, spears, spear-heads, lead, sulphur, percussion-caps, gunpowder, or other ammunition.

4. Licenses to import arms and ammunition into the Lower Provinces of Bengal by land may be granted by the Secretary to Government of India, Foreign Department, or by the Secretary to Government of Bengal, in the Judicial Department. Calcutta is the only port in the Lower Provinces where importation by sea is permitted. Persons desirous of importing arms, &c., by sea into any of the districts of Lower Bengal, must apply to the Commissioner of Police at Calcutta, who has also authority to grant licenses for importation through the Port of Calcutta into districts of British India under other local Governments and Administrations. Applications for a license to import arms must be made to the proper officer in writing, and must contain full information on the following points:—

1*st*.—Purpose for which required.

2*nd*.—Probable cost of each weapon.

3*rd*.—Place at which the goods will be imported.

4*th*.—District in which the arms and ammunition are to be used, kept, or sold.

5. The Commissioner of Police on receipt of applications in the prescribed form, is authorized to grant licenses according to form A, at his discretion, for the importation of arms and, in reasonable quantities, of ammunition; his proceedings will be subject to the general control and direction of the Government of Bengal.

6. Licenses for the importation of fire-arms will not be granted by the Commissioner of Police unless he is satisfied that the weapons are required for *bonâ fide* sporting purposes.

7. Any considerable importation of arms must need special explanation, and guarantee that their use is to be inoffensive, before a license is granted. The Commissioner of Police should not grant licenses for the importation of fire-arms in large quantities without reference to the Government of Bengal, in the Judicial Department. (*N.B.*—A fresh license must be taken out for each importation.)

8. The granting of a license must depend upon the facts of each case, or upon the general complexion of the explanations obtained. Cheap guns might be imported in moderate quantities to some wild districts, where they are wanted to keep down wild beasts or game; but in default of some such good and substantial motive for requiring a quantity of arms, the license would ordinarily be refused. Costly guns are much safer than cheap arms, for only the latter can be employed to any extent for military or aggressive purposes, while the former are nearly always used for sport. When arms are of a kind to raise suspicion that they may be possibly meant for warfare or for other illegal purposes, such as pistols, bayonets, or cheap guns, the Commissioner of Police must satisfy himself very carefully as to the object, reasons, and direction of import, before he admits them under license. He can do this by testing the references which the applicant will give, and by communicating with the Government of Bengal.

9. The Collector of Customs will not, except in the case of European gentlemen importing a reasonable quantity for their private use, deliver any arms or ammunition unless protected by a pass from the Commissioner of Police at Calcutta. When persons, other than European gentlemen, importing for their private use, desire to import fire-arms, they shall be referred to the Commissioner of Police, who, however, need not under the Act make out any license at all if the quantity of arms imported is reasonable, and if they are intended for the importer's own private use, but can pass them on.

10. A license need not be refused for all arms brought into the river, for the importation of which no previous permission was obtained. When such arms are themselves of an unobjectionable character, the Commissioner of Police may grant for them the license in form A and the Customs pass in form B together, provided he is satisfied that there is no intention to evade the rules.

11. No license or pass will be granted for rifles of a military pattern, or of patterns easily convertible into military weapons, unless the consignees produce specific orders from English gentlemen for the weapons.

12. The Collector of Customs shall be responsible for seeing that the arms imported answer to the description given in the pass; and, in case of doubt, shall detain the arms and refer the point for the orders of Government.

13. The consignee, on arrival of the arms and ammunition, must produce his license to the Commissioner of Police at Calcutta, upon which he will receive from the said officer a pass in form B for the delivery of such arms and ammunition as may be mentioned in the license.

14. If the arms and ammunition are to be transported from Calcutta to any of the districts under the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, the Commissioner of Police, at the time of granting the pass for delivery from the Custom House, will grant a pass in form C for the transmission of the said goods to the place to which the importation is sanctioned in the license, and he will forward a copy of the pass to the Magistrate of the district in which the said place is situated.

15. In case the arms, &c., are to be transported to districts in British India not within the Lower Provinces of Bengal, the Commissioner of Police may proceed in the same way. Before granting licenses for the transport of any considerable quantity of arms or ammunition to Assam, he must communicate with the Chief Commissioner of Assam. Before complying with applications for licenses in doubtful cases, he will make a similar reference.

16. No passes to export arms and ammunition from the Lower Provinces of Bengal, either by land or by sea, to any place out of British India, shall be granted except by the Secretary to the Government of India, in the Foreign Department. All such passes shall be granted subject, as far as may be, to the rules for the transport of arms within British India, and wherever there is a Political Agent, Cantonment Magistrate, or other British official at the place of destination, the pass shall be delivered to him within six days of the arrival there of the articles covered by it, with a view to his satisfying himself that there is no deficiency, in the same manner as a Magistrate of a British district is required to do by the Inland Transport Rules prescribed below.

17. Any person desirous of transporting any arms or ammunition of the description marginally noted into any portion of the territories under the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, or from one district or town in the said territories to another district or town, must apply for a pass to the Commissioner of the division, specifying the district or town into which he proposes to transport the goods.

Fire-arms, bayonets, swords, daggers, spears, spear-heads, lead, sulphur, gunpowder, or other ammunition.

18. Any person desirous of transporting any of the above-mentioned articles (except in reasonable quantities for his own private use) from Calcutta into the interior of British India beyond the territorial jurisdiction of the Government of Bengal, must apply for a pass to the Commissioner of Police.

19. When a person is desirous of transporting any such articles from any place in the Lower Provinces other than Calcutta, to any place in British India within the territories of another local Government or Administration, he must apply for a pass to the Secretary to the Government of India, in the Home Department, or to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal, or to such other officer as the Government of India may have authorized by notification to grant such a pass.

20. The application must in all these cases be in writing; it must specify the town, station, or other place into which the articles are intended to be transported, and must contain full information as to the quantity, quality, and description of the articles, and the purpose for which they are respectively designed. When the articles have been imported from abroad, the license under which they have been imported must be appended.

21. It will be within the discretion of the authorized officer to grant the pass if, from the information thus given and otherwise obtained, he considers that such pass may be safely granted. A register shall be kept of all passes so granted, and a copy of each pass shall be sent to the Magistrate of the district within which the place to which the articles are to be transported is situated.

22. The articles covered by such pass shall be taken direct to the place of destination mentioned in the pass without being sold or made use of at any intermediate place.

23. On the articles reaching their destination, the person in charge thereof must deliver the pass to the office of the Magistrate of the district within six days. It will be the duty of that officer to satisfy himself that the articles transported correspond with the entries in the pass, and to see that any deficiency that may exist is satisfactorily accounted for. The pass shall then be endorsed and returned to the holder, if he may lawfully keep in his possession the articles of which it covers the transport.

24. The following fees are to be charged for the issue of licenses and passes under the foregoing rules :—

	Rs.
For each license in form A for permission to import arms and ammunition	5
For each pass in form B for the delivery of arms and ammunition from the Custom House	1
For each transport pass in form C	5

The foregoing rules do not apply to arms and ammunition imported or transported by any person in small quantities for his own private use, but a license or pass may be granted for such arms or ammunition at the discretion of the officer to whom the application is preferred.

25. Section 32 of Act XXXI of 1860, prohibiting absolutely the possession of any arms or ammunition without a license, is not now in force in any district of Bengal, inasmuch as no district is at present disarmed under that section.

26. In districts and places not brought under the provisions of section 32, persons are not absolutely prohibited from carrying arms without a license, but any person not being exempted under the provisions of section 27 from so carrying arms is liable to be disarmed by any Magistrate or police officer under section 26, if, in the judgment of such Magistrate or police officer, it is dangerous to the public peace to allow such persons to go armed or to carry arms.

27. In the districts noted in the margin the Government has not insisted on the people taking out licenses to own or carry arms. In these districts the local officers will refrain from enforcing section 26 of Act XXXI of 1860, except in special cases, in which there is really ground for believing that such a measure is necessary for the preservation of the public peace.

All the districts of the Presidency, Burdwan, Cuttack, and Chota Nagpore Divisions
Chumparun, Sarun, and Tirhoot, in the Patna Division
Rajshahye, Maldah, and Pubna, in the Rajshahye Division

28. In the districts noted in the margin, the Magistrates are bound to insist on licenses being taken out before arms are carried. They must observe, however, that they are not authorized to interfere with the mere possession of arms, if the possessor does not carry them or go armed. The license must be in form D, annexed.

All districts in the Cooch Behar, Dacca, and Chittagong Divisions.
Gya, Patna, and Shahabad, in the Patna Division.
Bogra, Rungpore, Dinagepore, and Moorshedabad, in the Rajshahye Division.

29. Any person in the districts named in Rule 28 who has not been exempted under section 27, and who is desirous of obtaining a license to carry arms, shall make an application in writing to the Magistrate in charge of the district or sub-division in which he may be residing. The application must be on an 8-anna stamp, and contain the following particulars :—

(1) Name and address of applicant.
(2) Period for which the license is required (in no case to exceed one year from date).
(3) For what purpose the arms are required, and the place where the applicant proposes to reside during the currency of the license.
(4) Description of arms for which a license is sought.
(5) Whether the arms are to be carried only by the applicant or by his followers; if the latter, the number and description of arms to be carried by each follower.

30. Some of the districts named in Rule 28 being situated on the frontier, the unrestricted right of possessing and carrying arms would afford facilities for selling them to the hostile tribes on the border, out of whose hands it is of the greatest importance that arms and ammunition should be kept. In the other districts specified the people are turbulent and prone to engage in affrays and riots, and it is necessary, for this reason, to put a check on the possession of arms by them.

31. The license given should be renewed year by year. The registration of these licenses will enable each Magistrate to ascertain the number of arms kept by the people in his jurisdiction.

32. Licenses to carry arms on a journey may be given to *bonâ fide* travellers in form E by the Magistrate of the district or sub-division (and in Calcutta by the Commissioner of Police), provided that, save for special reasons, no such license shall be current for more than a fortnight beyond the time required for the ordinary course of post between the place at which the license is granted and that to which the applicant is travelling.

33. The Magistrates should use caution in the issue of licenses to carry arms on a journey, and give them only if satisfied, on inquiry, that they can be safely granted. A register must be kept of all passes so granted, and a copy of such pass shall be sent to the Magistrate of the district to which the traveller is proceeding, in order that he may insist upon a license being taken out there.

34. As to the manufacture and sale of arms, Magistrates have under the Act complete power to grant licenses and recall them, and can therefore executively impose any condition they desire, because, if the condition is not fulfilled, the Magistrate rescinds the license at the end of the year. In this way, a limit can be placed upon the quantity of arms and ammunition which a manufacturer might under license turn out; but it will be necessary for the police to keep themselves well informed as to his actual stock, and to take means for testing the correctness of the stock-book entries.

35. Licenses to sell arms are, in the districts of Purneah, Dinagepore, Rungpore, Tipperah, Chittagong, Dacca, Backergunge, Mymensingh, Sylhet, and the Cooch Behar Division, only to be given to those persons to whom a license to transport arms, &c., would be given by the Commissioner under Rule 18. Such licenses will be very charily given in those districts after reference to the Commissioner of the division, and nowhere save at sudder stations. The fee for a license to sell arms is ten rupees.

36. Under sections 14 and 15 of the Act the Lieutenant-Governor has authorized District and Assistant Superintendents of Police to enter the premises of persons licensed to manufacture or deal in arms and ammunition, and to inspect the books kept by them in the course of their trade. The proper maintenance and inspection of these books, which are essential at all times to effective control over the traffic in arms, have become very much more important now that the checks on importation are likely to stimulate home manufacture.

37. As manufacturers cannot sell without their customers bringing themselves under the rules of inland transport in the process of taking away their purchases, Magistrates have a further means of controlling their trade.

38. The licenses of all dealers in arms, &c., must contain a stipulation that they will abide by the rules above laid down, under penalty of forfeiting their license. They must also undertake to enter in their books, besides the purchaser's name, the name of his father (for native purchasers), his place of residence, and the police-station within the jurisdiction of which he resides. Licenses granted under section 7 of the Act to sell arms should bear a note drawing attention to the necessity of the dealer's procuring also an import or transit pass, or both, before he can import or transport arms for sale. The licenses of dealers in Calcutta should contain a stipulation that they will sell to dealers residing out of Calcutta only when they produce a pass in form C from the Commissioner of the division where they reside, and that they will enter in their registers the particulars of each such pass.

FORM A.

FEE FIVE RUPEES

LICENSE for the Importation of Arms and Ammunition into the Port of granted by

Name and address of applicant	Description of arms	Number	Description of ammunition	Quantity	Purpose for which required.	Value	Port in which to be landed	District and place to which to be conveyed after importation	REMARKS

FORM B.

FEE ONE RUPEE.

PASS for the Delivery of Arms and Ammunition by the Collector of Customs.

Name of consignee	Place of business	Date of issue of pass	Description of arm	Number	Description of ammunition	Quantity	Ship by which imported	Arms, &c., by whom supplied.	License for importation by whom granted and date thereof	REMARKS

FORM C.

FEE FIVE RUPEES.

PASS for the transit of Arms and Ammunition from to in the District of

Name of holder.	Place of business.	Description of arms.	Number.	Description of ammunition	Quantity.	Mode of transit.	Up to what date pass is valid.	REMARKS

FORM D.

LICENSE to carry Arms, issued under Sections 28, 29, and 30 of Act XXXI of 1860.

License by whom granted.	Name of person to whom granted, and father's name.	RESIDENCE OF GRANTEE.			From what date to what date license granted.	District, town, or place in which the license is to have operation.	Whether operation of license is limited to the grantee, or whether it extends to his followers; if the latter, number of followers licensed, and number and description of arms to be carried by each.	REMARKS.
		Village	Police Station.	District				

FORM E.

LICENSE to carry Arms on a Journey, issued under Clause 4, Section 32, of Act XXXI of 1860

License by whom granted.	Date of issue of license.	Name of person to whom granted, and father's name.	Residence of Grantee. Village.	Police Station.	District.	To what place proceeding.	Route by which proceeding and names of districts and chief towns through which the license is to have operation.	Probable time which journey is expected to occupy, and up to what date the license is valid.	Whether operation of license is limited to the grantee, or whether it extends to his followers; if the latter, number of followers licensed, and number and description of arms to be carried by each	Remarks.

N.B.—If the license is to have operation in any district or place disarmed under the provisions of section 32 of Act XXXI of 1860, the license must be countersigned by the Magistrate of the district for which the license is issued.

FORM F.

Stock Book to be kept by all persons licensed to manufacture or deal in Arms, under Section 12, Act XXXI of 1860 (Arms Act).

Date.	Stock book No.	Article. Nature	Description.	Quantity.	Whether purchased or imported direct.	If imported direct, number and date of forms A and B and name of ship.	If purchased, from whom, and date of purchase.

FORM G.

Sale Book to be kept by all persons licensed to manufacture or deal in Arms, under Section 14, Act XXXI of 1860.

Date of sale.	Stock book No.	ARTICLES SOLD.				Name of Purchaser.	Residence of Purchaser.
		Nature.	Description.	Quantity.	Price.		
	Section Register No. 1.	Specification of arms or ammunition, whether gun, rifle, sword, caps, gunpowder, &c.	Distinguishing marks, maker's name, &c., &c.			Father's name also, if purchased by a native.	If in a town, give street and number; if in district, name of village, police thana, pergunnah, and zillah.

(ON STAMP PAPER OF THE VALUE OF TEN RUPEES.)

FORM H.

License to manufacture or deal in arms and ammunition for one year from the date hereof.

Name of holder and place of residence.	Place of business, that is, manufactory or shop.	Description of arms.		Description of ammunition.		Probable estimated outturn of each description of arms and ammunition per month.	Estimate of probable purchase and sale of arms and ammunition per month.	Actual reported outturn of each description of arms and ammunition per month during the currency of the last preceding license, if any.	Actual reported purchase and sale of each description of arms and ammunition per month during the currency of the last preceding license, if any.	REMARKS.
		To be manufactured.	To be dealt in.	To be manufactured.	To be dealt in.					

Dated at

this day of 18 .

FORM I.

LICENSE is hereby granted under the authority of Act XXXI of 1860, Clause 3 of section 32, to

of

to have in his possession the arms and ammunition hereunder specified:

	Number and Quantity of each.	
Firearms		
Bayonets		
Swords		
Daggers		
Spears		
Spear-heads		
Percussion caps		
Gunpowder		
Sulphur		
Other ammunition...		

Dated at

this day of 18 .

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 23rd June 1874.—The Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is pleased to declare that the eastern boundary of Hill Tipperah shall be as follows:—

The eastern boundary of Hill Tipperah, from the triple junction on districts Sylhet and Chittagong, shall run south along the Lungai river (flowing between the Jampai and the Hachik-Chutterchoora ranges) to its source in the Betteing-Sib peak; and thence, following the watershed of the hills, across to the peak of Dolajuree, as defined on the map of that part of the country by Captain Badgley, Officiating Deputy Superintendent of Survey; then by a straight line to the Surdaing peak, and on by the boundary, as shown on the maps of Hill Tipperah and Chittagong by J. H. O'Donnel, Esq., Revenue Surveyor, to and along the Fenny river, as far as the village of Ramghur.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 16th June 1874.—In accordance with the powers conferred upon him by Section 50, Act X of 1872, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is pleased to direct that Hadi Hussen Khan, Shah Abdul Hussen, Gunput Singh, Gunshyam Mahworee, and Beni Ram Mahworee, Honorary Magistrates in the district of Monghyr, or any two or more of them sitting together, shall form a Bench, which is hereby vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class for the trial of such cases arising within the district of Monghyr as may be within its competence to try, and as may be brought before it in accordance with the rules made by the Magistrate of the district under Section 52 of the same Act.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 17th June 1874.—It is hereby notified that the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to extend the provisions of Section 34 of Act V of 1861 to the towns of Jehanabad, Culna, Sonamookhy, and Bood-bood, in the district of Burdwan, with effect from the 1st July next.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 22nd June 1874.—It is hereby notified for general information that the following villages are transferred from the Tollygunge Police-station to that of Sonapore, in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs :—

No.	Name of Village.	Thakbust No.	Pergunnah.
1.	Tetoolberiah	20	Meydunmull.
2.	Balleah	19	Ditto.
3.	Baharhans Mohamoyapore, Furtabad, Dhaupdara..	9	Ditto.
4.	Lushkurpore	15	Khaspoor.
5.	Booral	221	Magoorah.
6.	Nischinderpore	112	Ditto.
7.	Chuk Booriyah	346	Ditto.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The 22nd June 1874.—Under Section 5 of the Indian Registration Act, VIII of 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to sanction the formation of a new sub-district in the district of Backergunge, having its jurisdiction conterminous with thana Sarup Kati.

The sub-registry offices at Ghaziporc and Gabha, in the same district, will be closed.

Baboo Durga Charan Ghosh, Sub-Registrar of Gabha, is hereby appointed Sub-Registrar of Sarup Kati.

The above changes will take effect from the 1st July next.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 18th June 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. the site of a dispensary in the village of Kristopore, pergunnah and thana Jehanabad, zillah Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1 beegha 4½ chittacks of standard measurement, bounded on the west by the river Darkeshore, north by the sub-divisional Cutcherry compound and lock-up, east by the public bazar road, south by a tank and grounds of Kajee Sumsud Joha and others, is required within the aforesaid village of Kristopore.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 11th June 1874.—Under the powers vested in the Lieutenant-Governor by Section 2 of Act II (B.C.) of 1867 (An Act to provide for the punishment of public gaming and the keeping of gaming-houses), His Honor is pleased to authorize the extension, from the 1st July next, of the provisions of Section 11 of the said Act to the town of Pubna. The limits of the town for the purposes of this Act will be the same as those defined for the purposes of Act VI (B.C.) of 1868 in the Notification of 26th January 1869, published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 3rd February following.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT,—BENGAL.

Establishment.

The 24th June 1874.

No. 216.—*Notification.*—The services of Mr. J. P. Armstrong, Executive Engineer, Third Grade, Irrigation Branch, temporarily made available for employment on relief works in the General Branch, are replaced at the disposal of the Irrigation Branch.

The 27th June 1874.

No. 217.—*Leave of Absence.*—Mr. J. A. Price, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, attached to the First Calcutta Division, is allowed privilege leave for two months and twenty-eight days, under Section 12, Supplement F. of the Civil Leave Code.

No. 218.—*Notifications.*—Mr. C. S. Bickers, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, is posted to the First Calcutta Division, as a temporarary arrangement, which he joined on the 3rd June 1874, after noon.

No. 219.—Mr. L. O'Toole, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, joined the North-Eastern Tirhoot District on the 19th March 1874, before noon.

No. 220.—Serjeant R. Young, Overseer, First Grade, joined the First Calcutta Division on the 27th May 1874, after noon.

The 29th June 1874.

No. 221.—*Posting.*—Mr. R. W. Green, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, who has been temporarily made available by the Irrigation Branch of this Department for employment on relief works, is posted to the East Chumparun District, which he joined on the 27th May 1874, before noon.

No. 222.—Mr. F. E. Wilshaw, Supervisor, Second Grade, is posted to the Eastern Tirhoot District, which he joined on the 15th June 1874, before noon.

No. 223.—Mr. J. B. Challon, Supervisor, Second Grade, is posted to the Sonthal Pergunnahs District, which joined on the 15th June 1874, before noon.

No. 224.—*Leave of Absence.*—Baboo Ramnath Bhuttacharjee, Overseer, Second Grade, attached to the Hazareebagh District, from the 1st December 1873 to the 13th February 1874, on medical certificate, under Supplement F, Section 3 of the Civil Leave Code.

No. 225.—*Posting.*—Mr. R. B. Claudius, Overseer, First Grade, who has been temporarily made available by the Irrigation Branch of this Department for employment on relief works is posted to the Bogra District.

No. 226.—*Notification.*—Azizuddeen, Overseer, Second Grade, joined the North-Eastern Tirhoot District on the 23rd June 1874, after noon.

No. 227.—The following orders, issued by the Government of India, Military Department, are republished for information :—

"*No.* 657 *of* 16*th June* 1874.—The undermentioned Officers have reported their dep arture for Europ on the dates specified :—

* * * * *

"Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) F. P. Layard, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Government General Order No. 483, of 1874,—Arabia, 1st May 1874 from Bombay.

"*No.* 662 *of* 1874.—Under the provisions of the Royal Warrant of the 21st December 1871, and in consequence of the death of Major-General J. D. Stewart, Bombay Infantry, on the 13th April 1874, the name of—

* * * * *

Major H. T. Forbes, Bengal Staff Corps, is placed on the list of Lieutenant-Colonels."

* * * *

No. 228.—The following orders, issued by the Government of India, Public Works Department, are republished for information :—

"*No.* 404 *of the* 23*rd June* 1874.—Corporal C. Lewis, Overseer, First Grade, is transferred from Bengal to the Military Works Branch."

"*No.* 405.—The undermentioned Non-Commissioned Officers of Royal Engineers are appointed to the Public Works Department as Overseers, First Grade, and posted to Bengal :—

Sergeants G. Stuttaford and D. Haining."

No. 229.—*Postings.*—Sergeant G. Stuttaford, R.E., Overseer, First Grade, is posted to the North-Eastern Tirhoot District, which he joined on the 2nd June 1874, before noon.

Serjeant D. Haming, R.E., Overseer, First Grade, is posted to the East Chumparun District, which he joined on the 21st May 1874, before noon.

Local Communications.

The 29th June 1874.

No. 230.—*Declaration under Section* 6 *of Act X of* 1870 *of the Government of India.*—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for making a deviation line of the Rajmehal and Dinagepore road in front of a breach above Old Maldah, in the villages of Shak Mohunpara, Fulbari, and Ramchunderpore, pergunnah Rokunpore, and villages Nowgow and Balia, pergunnah Kaukjole, zillah Maldah, it is hereby declared that for the

above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 20 beeghas of standard measurement, bounded on the north by Sonatun Dasse's land in Balia, Nowgow, and by *daura* and Aughory and Hoolash Bewas' lands in village Ramchunderpara; east by Lotun Rajak, Ramdhone Rajak, Ratoo Hajee, Jaun, Mehomed Khoodoo Ganjea Alal and Premchand Kurmokar's gardens, and Buffatoola and Chukoo Sah's lands in villages Fulbari and Shak Mohumpara; west by River Mohanunda, Lotun Rajak, Ramdhone Rajak and Golam Mehomed's gardens and *daura*, and south by Sonatan Dasse's gardens and *daura*, is required within the aforesaid villages of Shak Mohunpara, Fulbari, Ramchunderpore, Balia and Nowgow, in the district of Maldah.

2. This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom if may concern.

J. E. T. NICOLLS, *Colonel*, R.E.,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. D.

IRRIGATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.—ESTABLISHMENT.

Dated 26th June 1874.

No. 263.—*Appointment.*—Baboo Rajendra Nath Biswas is appointed to the Public Works Department as a Probationary Sub-Overseer of the First Grade and posted to the Gunduk Circle.

No. 264.—*Leave.*—Mr. J. H. Apjohn, Executive Engineer, Fourth Grade, attached to the Cossye Division, is allowed privilege leave from the afternoon of the 24th May 1874 to the afternoon of the 4th June 1874, under Chapter VI, Section 21 of the Civil Leave Code.

No. 265.—*Appointment.*—Baboo Girish Chunder Banerje is appointed to the Public Works Department as a Probationary Sub-Overseer of the First Grade and posted to the Gunduk Circle.

No. 266.—*Notification.*—The following extract from the General Orders of the Right Hon'ble the Commander-in-Chief, dated 16th June 1874, is republished for information :—

("From the *London Gazette* dated 12th May 1874.")

* * * * * *

"The undermentioned officers, having completed the qualifying service, to be Colonels:—

* * * * * *

"Lieutenant Colonel Henry William Gulliver, Royal (late Bengal) Engineers. Dated 21st March 1874."

* * * * * *

No. 267.—*Postings.*—Mr. J. G. Lee, Assistant Engineer, Third Grade, transferred from from the Sindia Railway Survey, is posted to the Karamnassa Division, which he joined on the forenoon of the 7th June 1874.

No. 268.—Lieutenant E. Kenny, S.C., Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, transferred from Mysore, is posted to the Survey Division, Gunduk Circle.

Lieutenant Kenny reported his arrival at Dinapore on the afternoon of the 17th June 1874.

No. 269.—Lieutenant H. W. Allen, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, transferred from Mysore, is posted to the High Level Canal Division, Gunduk Circle.

Lieutenant Allen reported his arrival at Dinapore on the afternoon of the 17th June 1874.

No. 270.—*Notification.*—The following notification of the Government of India, Public Works Department, is republished for information :—

"*No.* 399, *dated 19th June* 1874.—The services of Lieutenant A. R. Porter, R.S.C., are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bengal in the Public Works Department, Irrigation Branch, for employment on Famine Relief Works."

No. 271.—*Posting.*—Lieutenant A. R. Porter, R.S.C., to the Lower Gunduk Embankment Division, Gunduk Circle.

Lieutenant Porter will rank as an Assistant Engineer of the Second Grade for such time as he is employed on famine relief works.

No. 272.—*Notifications.*—Baboo Jogendro Chunder Mookerjee, Temporary Overseer, Second Grade, joined the Upper Gunduk Embankment Division on the afternoon of the 16th June 1874.

No 273.—Mr. H. H. Gahan, Assistant Engineer, Third Grade, joined the High Level Canal Division on the afternoon of the 8th June 1874.

Dated 29th June 1874.

No. 274.—*Medical Posting.*—Second Grade Assistant Surgeon Rajkristo Ghosal, whose services have been placed at the disposal of this Department, is posted to the Dehree Division, *vice* Third Grade Assistant Surgeon Romana Krishna De.

No. 275.—*Leave.*—Mr. W. H. Morrow, Supervisor, Second Grade, Dehree Division, is granted privilege leave for two months, under Section 12, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the afternoon of the 28th May 1874, on which date he availed himself of it.

G. A. SEARLE, *Lieut.-Col.*, S.C.,
For Offg. Joint-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the P. W. D., Irrigation Branch.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

UNDER SECTION 64 OF ACT V (B.C.) OF 1870.

The 15th June 1874.—The Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, do hereby declare that the wharf on the east bank of the River Hooghly, extending from the northern boundary of Golabaree Ghât Road on the north to the southern boundary of Kassy Mitter's Ghât on the south, is ready for receiving, landing, and shipping goods from and upon vessels not being sea-going vessels, and order that within the limits of that portion of the Port of Calcutta situate between the said Kassy Mitter's Ghât on the south and the northern boundary of Thakoorbarree Ghât on the north, it shall not be lawful to land or ship any goods out of or into vessels of the class above specified except at the aforesaid wharf.

By order of the Commissioners,
W. D. BRUCE, *Vice-Chairman.*

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

Orders by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

The 29th June 1874.—Baboo Poorno Chunder Roy, Second Moonsif of Dukhin Shahazpore, in the District of Backergunge, is allowed leave of absence for 4½ months, on private affairs from 2nd July 1874, under Section 5, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code.

TRANSFERS OF MOONSIFS.

The 25th June 1874.—Baboo Gopal Chunder Bose, Second Moonsif of Rungpore, on leave is appointed to be Moonsif of Kandi, District Moorshedabad, and will join his new appointment on the expiration of his leave.

Baboo Chunder Coomar Roy, Moonsif of Buddergunge, District Rungpore, and now Acting Moonsif of Cox's Bazar, District Chittagong, is appointed to be Moonsif of Cox's Bazar, District Chittagong.

By order of the High Court,
H. J. S. COTTON, *Offg. Registrar.*

Circular Orders and Memos. by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

Circular Order No. 2.

Dated Calcutta, the 8th June 1874.

HIGH COURT.
ENGLISH DEPARTMENT.
Criminal.

WITH reference to the alteration in Section 276 of the Code of Criminal Procedure by Act XI of 1874 (the Criminal Procedure Amendment Act), the Court are pleased to issue the following Circular Order in supersession of Circular Order No. 1, dated 17th January 1874.

2. The High Court find it necessary to call the attention of the several Subordinate Criminal Courts, and of the Officers in charge of Jails, to the provisions of Act X of 1872, in respect of the submission of criminal appeals. Section 275 of the present law enacts that "every petition of appeal shall be accompanied by a copy of the *judgment* or order appealed against."

3. What the judgment or final order in the case shall contain is enacted in Section 464 of the Code:—"The judgment or final order shall contain the point or points for determination, the finding thereupon, and the reasons for the finding." The fourth paragraph of the same section points out that "In trials by jury the Court need not state its reasons for its judgment, but shall record the heads of the charge to the jury." In cases tried by jury, therefore, the heads of the Judge's charge to the jury will take the place of the reasons for the finding.

4. No doubt can exist as to the plain requirements of the law in this matter, and the Court desire that the Subordinate Courts will carefully comply with the provisions of the New Code and discontinue the practice, which at present exists in several quarters, of furnishing to the person affected, and sending up to the Appellate Court, a copy of the sentence only with the petition of appeal.

Circular Order No. 3.

Dated Calcutta, the 18th June 1874.

HIGH COURT.
ENGLISH DEPARTMENT.
Criminal.

THE Court are pleased to notify, for the information of Judges and Magistrates, that Circular Order No. 17, dated 17th June 1863, is cancelled.

Circular Order No. 14.

Dated Calcutta, the 13th June 1874.

HIGH COURT.
ENGLISH DEPARTMENT.
Civil.

THE following special returns are prescribed in addition to the regular annual statements from and it is requested that they may be made without delay for 1873 in the forms appended hereto :—

A statement showing for each Court in the district the applications filed during the year, under Section 119, Civil Procedure Code, for orders to set aside judgments passed *ex-parte* or on default.

A return of decrees satisfied without execution for each Court subordinate to the High Court.

A statement showing on a graduated scale the values of suits in which local inquiry was ordered, and the expenditure of money and time involved therein.

A.

Applications under Section 119, *Act VIII of* 1859, *for an order to set aside an* ex-parte *judgment or a judgment on default.*

Name of Court.	To set aside *ex-parte* judgment.	To set aside judgment on default.	Total.	Applications granted.	Applications rejected.	Total disposed of	Pending.	REMARKS.

B.

Statement showing decrees satisfied without execution in _____ *during the year* _____.

Denomination of Court.	Number of decrees satisfied.	Amount of decree.	REMARKS

C.

Statement showing values of the different classes of suits in which local inquiry was ordered during the year_____.

Scale of values	No.	Aggregate value	Average value.	Aggregate cost of local inquiry only.	Average cost of local inquiry.	Average time occupied in inquiry.
Cases not exceeding 5 Rs.						
„ „ 20 „						
„ „ 50 „						
„ „ 100 „						
„ „ 500 „						
„ „ 1,000 „						
Exceeding 1,000 „						

No. 689, dated Calcutta, the 3rd June 1874.

From—H. J. S. COTTON, ESQ., Offg. Registrar of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

To—The Magistrate of Sylhet.

I AM directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 2546, dated 20th May 1874, in which you state that you had presumed that columns 2 and 3, Part II of Quarterly Statement D, referred to *cases* of commitment.

HIGH COURT.
ENGLISH DEPARTMENT.
Criminal.

2. In reply, I am to say that, although your supposition is borne out by the literal wording of the headings of the columns, the intention of the Court was that "persons implicated in commitments" and not the commitments themselves should be shown in this column, and you are requested to cause the statements to be prepared on this principle in future.

Circular Memo. No. 3.

Dated Calcutta, the 3rd June 1874.

HIGH COURT
ENGLISH DEPARTMENT.
Criminal

Forwarded to all Sessions Judges and Magistrates for information and guidance.

No.

Dated Calcutta, the 12th June 1874.

To—The Judge of

HIGH COURT.
ENGLISH DEPARTMENT.
Civil.

THE Court direct me to return herewith your returns to Circular Order No. 11, dated 14th March 1874, and to point out that the forms of Registers of receipts and disbursements on account of Civil Court Ameens prescribed by that Circular were intended, as stated therein, *to be kept up in all the regular Civil Courts* with a view to furnishing materials for the returns to the Court under Circular Order No. 12, dated 8th April 1872.

2. The Statement for the financial year 1873-74, required in the 2nd paragraph of the recent Circular, should be made in the form appended to the Circular No. 12, dated 8th April 1872.

3. The Statement should accordingly be recast and submitted to this Court at an early date.

Circular Memo. No. 14.

Dated Calcutta, the 12th June 1874.

HIGH COURT.
ENGLISH DEPARTMENT.
Civil.

COPY forwarded to all District Judges for information and guidance.

By order of the High Court,

H. J. S. COTTON,
Officiating Registrar.

TREASURY NOTICE.

LIEUTENANT L. J. H. GREY, Assistant Commissioner, has been placed in charge of the Lohardugga Treasury, and authorised to draw bills on other treasuries.

E. T. DALTON, *Commr. of Chota Nagpore.*

CHOTA NAGPORE, the 19th June 1874.

EDUCATIONAL NOTICES.

IT is hereby notified that, under the orders of the Government of Bengal contained in the Resolution dated the 5th of October 1872, promulgating the Junior Scholarship Rules, five junior scholarships of the second grade and ten of the third grade were allotted to the Presidency Division. They will be distributed among the several districts of the division in the following manner at the ensuing December examination :—

24-Pergunnahs	7
Nuddea	5
Jessore	3

The grade of the scholarship will be determined by the marks obtained by the successful candidate in the divisional list.

It is also notified, in accordance with paragraph 10 of the Rules, that not less than one half of the scholarships will be awarded to students who have qualified in drawing, surveying, and physical geography.

The examination in these subjects will be held in the Kishnaghur College, Jessore Zillah School, and the Senate House, on the 8th and 9th October 1874. For further information candidates can apply to the Inspector of Schools, Presidency Circle, No. 22, Chowringhee Road, Calcutta.

The 12th June 1874. H. ULICK BROWNE, *Commissioner.*

NOTICE

By the Board for conducting the examination of candidates for admission as Pleaders and Mookhtears in Courts subordinate to the High Court at Fort William.

The following is the result of the examination held at Patna of candidates for admission as Pleaders of the Lower Grade.

Name.	Father's name.	District.
Rewab Lall ...	Seeta Ram ...	Gya.
Hurbuns Sohoy ...	Luchmun Proshed ...	Ditto.
Janoki Persad ...	Bhyro Deyal Singh ...	Shahabad.
Ramnoomi Pershad ...	Jagun Nath Singh ...	Tirhoot.
Mohomed Ahya ...	Sheik Munowur Hossein ...	Patna.
Arshud Ali ...	Usad Ali ...	Bhagulpore.
Mudun Mohun Lall ...	Nundo Proshud Khatre ...	Patna.
Mohamed Tayeb ...	Mehdi Hossein ...	Monghyr.
Mohamed Abdool Azneez ...	Sheik Ameer Hossein ...	Shahabad.
Golam Raza ...	„ Ali Raza ...	Ditto.
Sheik Bilayet Hossein ...	Muhdela Hossein ...	Gya.
Abdur Ruzzak ...	Sheik Urshud Ali ...	Patna.
Kooldip Narain ...	Sheo Sohoy Singh ...	Shahabad.
Protab Narain ...	Hurihur Sohoy ...	Tirhoot.
Loik Narain ...	Sohun Lall ...	Patna.
Amanut Ali Khan ...	Mahomed Ali Khan ...	Shahabad.
Sheik Mahomed Ibrahum Hossein	Sheik Zamirooddin ...	Ditto.
Bisessur Proshad ...	Hor Pursad Singh ...	Sarun.
Mohamed Bux ...	Ahmed Bux ...	Patna.
Baldeo Sohoy ...	Thacoor Ubhlakh Proshud ...	Sarun.
Mirza Ali Hossein ...	Mohamed Beg ..	Shahabad.
Gunga Proshad ...	Bhograj Singh ...	Patna.
Sheik Mahomed Ismail ...	Syed Mahomed Horoon ...	Ditto.
Mohamed Ibrahim ...	Deedar Ollah ...	Tirhoot.
Jasoda Nund ...	Goor Sohay Singh ...	Sarun.
Sheik Azhur Hossein ...	Sheik Sakhaut Alli ...	Patna.
Thacoor Proshad ...	Ram Bhajun Lall ...	Shahabad.
Sheik Mahomed Rahim ...	Moonshee Deebai Ali ...	Patna.
Badurooddeen Hossein ...	Mulick Muzhur Ali ...	Ditto.
Ram Anograho Proshad ...	Janki Proshad ...	Tirhoot.
Mahomed Shareef ...	Sheik Bahadoor Ali ...	Bhagulpore.
Sheik Mahomed Jan ...	„ Paigumber Bux ...	Tirhoot.
Shawrun Lall ...	Vazeer Mull ...	Monghyr.
Sheik Fazul Huq ...	Sheik Shareef Ali ...	Patna.
Sheik Hamid Hossein ...	„ Ameerooddin ...	Arrah.
Goor Perhsad ...	Degamber Lall ...	Monghyr.
Gobind Proshad ...	Mahadeo Dutt ...	Tirhoot.
Gopal Lall ...	Pubhoo Nath ...	Gya.
Shiek Elahi Buksh ...	Sheik Joomun ...	Ditto.
Mahomed Sadiq ...	„ Mahomed Karim ...	Bhagulpore.
„ Imami ...	„ Enayet Hossein ...	Gya.
Deep Narain Singh ...	Durgapaty Lall ...	Bhagulpore.
Shurruffooddin Ahmed ...	Mahomed Wajid ...	Gya.
Ali Hyder ...	Sheik Najabut Ali ...	Shahabad.
Nuthoo Lall ...	Rung Lall ...	Patna.
Sheik Ali Buksh ...	Sheik Korem Bux ...	Ditto.
Ibnool Hossein ...	Syed Hossein Askri ...	Shahabad.
Abdool Huq ...	Kobeerooddin Ahmed ...	Bhagulpore.
Nowrung Proshad ...	Thacoor Proshad ...	Shahabad.
Boij Nath Proshad ...	Jugroop Sing ...	Patna.
Mahomed Abdoolah ...	Hyder Ali ...	Monghyr.
Chedi Lall ...	Nounedh Lall ...	Patna.
Sheikh Reyazoodin ...	Waris Ahmed ...	Shahabad.
Lalla Brojobehari Lall ...	Toolsi Ram ...	Sarun.
Benarsi Lall ...	Bhyro Deyal Singh ...	Shahabad.
Mohamed Ali Ahsen ...	Shirafut Ali ...	Patna.
Raghober Sohay ...	Shunkur Sohay ...	Ditto.
Bainee Proshad ...	Jagar Nath Singh. ...	Gya.
Januck Lall ...	Mohesh Dutt ...	Tirhoot.
Nath Sohay ...	Khoob Lall ...	Ditto.
Mohamed Mehfooz ...	Sheik Kifayetoollah ...	Bhagulpore.

Name.	Father's Name.	Districts.
Golam Woris, *alias* Golam Rowshan	Wazeerooddeen ...	Patna.
Deoki Nund ...	Sham Soondar Lall ...	Ditto.
Oulad Ashun ...	Shaik Imam Buksh ...	Ditto.
Riyaz Ali ...	Wahid Ali ...	Shahabad.
Syed Abdool Azeez ...	Syed Goohur Ali ...	Bhagulpore.
Sheik Omed Ali ...	Imam Buksh ...	Patna.
Sheik Bundeh Ali ...	Muazum Ali ...	Sarun.
Dabi Proshad ...	Ajoodhya Proshad ...	Shahabad.
Elahi Bux ...	Moorad Ali ...	Tirhoot.
Sheik Rohut Hossein ...	Hyder Ali ...	Gya.
Nonidh Narain ...	Har Sohay Singh ...	Shahabad.
Mehboobool Hossein ...	Habeebool Hossein ...	Sarun.
Durshun Lall ...	Khoob Lall ...	Bhagulpore.
Sheik Imdat Hossein ...	Imam Bux ...	Patna.
Chundi Proshad Ghose ...	Sunker Nath Ghose ...	Bhagulpore.
Nuckchedi Lall ...	Meemoon Lall ...	Ditto.
Mungri Ram ...	Rugho Nath Sahoy ...	Ditto.
Mahomed Jan ...	S. Muzhur Hossein ...	Tirhoot.
Tajunmool Hossein ...	Mahomed Azhar ...	Ditto.
Waris Ali ...	Vazeer Ali ...	Ditto.
Abdool Goni ...	Deedar Ali ...	Patna.
Abdool Rahman ...	Syed Nehal Ali ...	Gya.
Joy Nath Lall ...	Hazari Lall ...	Shahabad.
Narsingh Sahoy ...	Ramgobind Sahoy Singh ...	Sarun.
Ali Buksh ...	Syed Amir Ali ...	Gya.
Syed Sahib Ali ...	Deedar Ali ...	Ditto.
S. Ameer Ali ...	S. Nazir Ali ...	Shahabad.
Nowarddin Ahmed ...	S. Hamedoodeen Ahmed ...	Patna.
Deeder Ali ...	S. Bukshisk Ali ...	Tirhoot.
Zahooroolashsan ...	Ikramoolhuq ...	Ditto.
Tasuddook Hossein ...	S. Elahi Buksh ...	Patna.
Syed Kowut Ali ...	S. Mahomed Khoorshed ...	Shahabad.
Abdool Gafoor ...	Mahomed Toorah ...	Patna.
Serajooddin Ahmed ...	Rashi Raza ...	Gya.
Mahomed Iradut Hossein ...	S. Mahomed Ali Asghur ..	Patna.
Mehdi Hossein ...	Bundah Ali ...	Monghyr.
Bunwari Lall ...	Doomun Lall ...	Tirhoot
Mahomed Abdool Luteef ...	S. Aizad Bux ...	Shahabad.
Jogendro Nath Banerjee ...	Krish Chunder ...	Patna.
Akhori Gonesh Proshad ...	Sivaram Singh ...	Shahabad.
Mothoora Nath Banerjee ...	Nundo Coomar ...	Kishnaghur, Nuddea.
Moonshee Purmanund ...	Achoota Nund ...	Tirhoot.
Ramroop Lall ...	Nundoo Singh ...	Patna.
Kedar Nath Mookerjee ...	Bhogoban Chunder ...	Shahabad.

The following is the result of the examinations held at Dacca, Cuttack, and Gowhatty, of candidates for admission as Mookhtears.

Name.	Father's name.	District.
	Dacca.	
Banarjee, Judu Nath ...	Cassi Chunder ...	Backergunge.
„ Haro Kantha ...	Lakbi Kantha ...	Dacca.
„ Sri Nath ...	Krishna Kishore ...	Ditto.
„ Madan Mohun ...	Banko Chunder ...	Ditto.
Bose, Chundra Coomar ...	Rajnarayan ...	Ditto.
Chackerbutty, Bisnu Charan ...	Ram Kanai ...	Ditto.
Chowdhari, Gooroo Nath ...	Ishar Chundra ...	Ditto.
„ Rajoni Nath Roy ...	Ram Roman ...	Fureedpore.
Chatterjee, Kasi Chundra ...	Ram Doollub ...	Backergunge.
„ Koilas Chundra ...	Tiluk Chundra ...	Dacca.
Dass, Shib Narain ...	Durga Narain ...	Ditto.
„ Prosunno Coomar ...	Ramlochun ...	Ditto.
Dey, Chunder Kantha ...	Joy Kantha ...	Ditto.

Name	Father's name	District.
	Dacca.—(Continued.)	
Deb, Alack Chundra ...	Gour Chundra ...	Sylhet.
Datta, Ishan Chundra ...	Kali Das ...	Dacca.
Ghose, Omesh Chundra ...	Ramoni ...	Fureedpore.
,, Bhoobun Mohun ...	Madan Mohun ...	Mymensingh.
Guha, Kvlas Chunder ...	Iswar Chunder ...	Ditto.
Gupta, Mohima Chundra ...	Bhoyrab Chundra ...	Dacca.
Ghosal, Durga Churn ...	Gooroo Dass ...	Backergunge.
Kar, Nobin Chundra ...	Chundra Moni ...	Tipperah.
Mukerjee, Kali Prosunno ...	Durga Churn ...	Backergunge.
Roy, Juggobundhoo ...	Gocool Chundra ...	Dacca.
Sen, Raj Coomar ...	Kebol Kusta ...	Backergunge.
,, Sri Nath ...	Soda Nunda ...	Dacca.
,, Mohim Chundra ...	Radha Nath ...	Ditto.
Sirkar, Kali Prosunno ...	Durga Goti ...	Backergunge.
Shome, Nobin Chundra ...	Hari Krishna ...	Sylhet.
Talapatra Coomar Chandra ...	Bishna Nath ...	Tipperah.
Mahomed Nusseem ...	Mahomed Mozoom Chowdhri ...	Sylhet.
	Cuttack.	
Sharessur Bannerjee ...	Kanaram ...	Cuttack.
Gopinath Chowdhurry ...	Rajkishore ...	Ditto.
Radhamohun Dey ...	Brindabun ...	Midnapore.
Joykista Mohanti ...	Rughoonath ...	Cuttack.
Moteeram Maytee ...	Sheeb Narain ...	Midnapore.
Dwarka Nath Nundee ...	Muddun Mohun ...	Ditto.
Bhola Nath Dass ...	Nund Doolal ...	Ditto.
Pudma Lochun Sing ...	Seetul Persaud ...	Ditto.
	Gouhatty.	
Moonshee Buzlul Hossein ...	Moonshee Mahomed Hossein ...	Gowhatty.
Essan Chunder Dutta ..	Goluck Gobind Dutta ...	Ditto.
Kripa Nath Bose ...	Nund Coomar Bose ...	Pubna, Rajshahye.

The certificates of these persons will be sent immediately to the Judges of the District given against their names.

CALCUTTA,
The 29th June 1874.

CECIL JACKSON,
Secretary to the Board of Examiners.

OPIUM NOTIFICATION.

No. 578B.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Seventh Sale of Opium, the provision of 1872-73, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-Room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Monday, the 6th July 1874, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 3,750 chests, viz.—

	Chests.
Behar Opium	2,185
Benares ,, ...	1,565
Total ...	3,750

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual; they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 8th November 1873, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 11th and 21st July, respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the sale-room, will be received after 4 P.M. of Saturday, the 11th July 1874, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P.M. of Tuesday, the 21st July 1874.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertised for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares opium will be brought to sale in the present year on or about

the dates specified below. The Member in charge of the Opium Department, however, reserves to himself the right of altering these dates, should circumstances render it expedient to do so :—

Dates.				Behar, about Chests.	Benares, about Chests.	Total, about Chests.
On or about Wednesday,	5th August	1874	...	2,185	1,565	3,750
On or about Monday,	7th September	„	...	2,185	1,565	3,750
On or about Wednesday,	7th October	„	...	2,185	1,565	3,750
On or about Friday,	6th November	„	...	2,185	1,565	3,750
On or about Thursday,	3rd December	„	...	2,185	1,565	3,750
		Total	...	10,925	7,825	18,750

By order of the Member-in-Charge,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., FORT WILLIAM, the 2nd June 1874.

OPIUM NOTIFICATION.

No. 691B.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Eighth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1872-73, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Wednesday, the 5th August 1874, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 3,750 chests, viz :—

	Chests.
Behar Opium	2,185
Benares „	1,565
Total	3,750

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual; they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 8th November 1873, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 10th and 20th August, respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other Public Securities, that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the Sale-room, will be received after 4 P.M. of Monday, the 10th August 1874, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P.M. of Thursday, the 20th August 1874.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertised for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Member in charge of the Opium Department, however, reserves to himself the right of altering these dates, should circumstances render it expedient to do so :—

Dates.				Behar, about Chests.	Benares, about Chests.	Total, about Chests
On or about Monday,	7th Sept.	1874	..	2,185	1,565	3,750
On or about Wednesday,	7th Oct.	„	...	2,185	1,565	3,750
On or about Friday,	6th Nov.	„	...	2,185	1,565	3,750
On or about Thursday,	3rd Dec.	„	...	2,185	1,565	3,750
		Total	...	8,740	6,260	15,000

By order of the Member-in-Charge,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, FORT WILLIAM, the 30th June 1874.

NOTICE.

No. 660 B.

IT is hereby notified that one lot of Behar Opium of the sale held on the 4th instant, for which the Promissory Note deposited was not redeemed within the period prescribed in the 5th clause of the sale conditions, will be resold at the risk of the former purchaser at the Opium Sale-Room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Monday, the 6th July 1874, immediately after the conclusion of the sale of 3,750 chests advertised for that day.

2. The conditions of resale will be the same as those of the sale above referred to.

By order of the Member-in-Charge,
W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, FORT WILLIAM, the 23rd June 1874.

STATEMENT showing the quantity of Salt in store available for exportation on Private Trade at each of the several Ports of export in the undermentioned Districts.

Name of District.	Ports at which Salt is generally available for export on private trade.	Quantity remaining in store actually available for export on 16th May 1874.	REMARKS.
		Indian Mds.	
Ganjam ...	Bavanapadu, at the Nowpadah Salt Pans ...	50,000	
Godavery ...	Coconada ...	47,840	
Kistna ...	Nizampatam ...	33,600	
Chingleput ...	Madras ...	.....	
	Ennore ...	.....	
	Covelong ...	27,818	
Tanjore ...	Negapatam ...	.....	
	Katmavady ...	.....	
Tinnevelly ...	Tuticorin ...	120,000	
	Total ...	279,258	

N.B.—Salt for export will be supplied by Government at the rates specified in the Notifications dated 21st March 1868 and 22nd April 1869, published at pages 737, *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 24th March 1868, and 673, dated 27th April 1869.

C. A. GALTON, *Acting Sub-Secretary.*

REVENUE BOARD OFFICE, *Madras*, 8th *June* 1874.

PUBLISHED for general information,
By order of the Member-in-Charge,
W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L.P., Fort William, the 25th June 1874.

DISTRICT RELIEF COMMITTEES.

THE following gentlemen have kindly consented to act as members of the district relief committee for the Sonthal Pergunnahs :—

Mr. B. Wood.
Lieutenant-Colonel H. Moore.
Mr. W. M. Smith.
„ C. W. Wilmot.
„ F. Grant.
„ E. Stewart.
„ J. R. Haud.
„ J. Rowland.
Rev. Mr. Boeressen.
„ Brown.
„ A. Stark
Mr. Cole.
The Civil Surgeon.
Mr. E. J. Meara.
„ R. C. Hamilton.
Rev. Mr. H. Davies.
Rajah Gopal Chunder Sing.
„ Leela Nund Sing.
Baboo Gopee Lal Pandey.
„ Indro Narain Rai.
„ Audit Narain Singh.
Mr. H. Muston.

S. P. CHATTERJEE,
For Offg. Commissioner.

BHAGULPORE, the 24th June 1874.

At a meeting of the District Charitable Relief Committee, Bankoora, held on the 7th June 1874.

PRESENT.

W. R. Larminie, Esq., C. S., *in the chair.*

Members :

E. Grey, Esq., C.S.
R. H. G. Irvine, Esq.
J. O. B. Scales, Esq.
Baboo Kanti Chunder Chatterjee.
„ Promotho Nath Banerjee.
„ Kunja Behary Chuckravarti.
„ Ram Chunder Dichit.
Baboo Kumad Nath Dutta.
„ Mohesh Chundra Banerjee.
Moonshee Alijameen.
Baboo Krishna Govind Gossami, *Honorary Secretary.*
Baboo Harri Sunkur Dutta, *Joint-Secretary.*

Read correspondence on the subject of relief to be afforded to "d" class paupers, and resolved—

That supply of rice to "d" class paupers be made through some respectable men of the village where they reside, and that such respectable men be supplied with rice for that purpose.

2. That on the written recommendation of any one member of the committee, relief to "d" class paupers be given, and that the member recommending such persons will state in the certificate to be granted by him the names of the persons with details as to their cattle, implements of husbandry, and any other property they may be in possession of, and what aid they should receive.

3. That clothing be supplied to those paupers who are destitute thereof, and that the following be fixed as the length of the clothing :—Five yards for women, three-yard pieces for girls, four yards for men, and three yards for boys from 5 to 12 years of age.

4. That the weavers' sub-committee be requested to cause cloth of the above descriptions to be manufactured.

Read a letter from Leonard Reuss, Manager of the Susunia Stone Quarries, offering to open a relief centre at Susunia on condition that the Charitable Relief Committee will defray one half of the expenses thereof; and resolved—

5. That his offer be accepted and Government grain be sent to him as required.

6. Resolved, that a relief centre be opened at Godardihi.

7. Resolved, that as in consequence of the rains having sent in, the river Dalkeswar will frequently overflow during this season, the relief centre of Bankoora be divided into two, and one be located at Rajgram.

Resolved, that advances of hemp be made to fishermen to spin to make nets with, and that their women be supplied with cotton to spin, and that in case their wages be not sufficient to maintain their families, gratuitous relief be granted after due consideration and enquiry.

As the working of the Joypore sub-committee is very unsatisfactory, resolved—

8. That it may be remodelled.

9. Resolved, that the salary of the mohurir allowed to the husking sub-committee be increased to Rs. 10 in consequence of the general increase of work.

Read a letter from the Gungajalghatty sub-committee regarding the appointment of a mohurir to keep accounts in connection with relief, and resolved—

10. That a mohurir be *at once* appointed under the sub-committee.

Read a letter from Baboo Kumud Nath Dutta regarding the arrangements he made about the distressed Brahmins of Bathantore who were, on enquiry, found to be really poor, and resolved—

11. That the arrangements of Baboo Kumud Nath as to these men receiving gratuitous alms as "d" class paupers at the Inackra centre be approved.

Read a letter from Baboo Ramchunder Dichit, a member of the weaving sub-committee, regarding the purchase of an almirah for keeping tusser cloth, &c., received back from the weavers, and resolved—

12. That the cost of purchasing an almirah, Rs. 25, be sanctioned.

13. Resolved, that as the salary of the English clerk under the committee is very small, it be increased to Rs. 20 in consequence of the general increase of work.

Read a letter from certain inhabitants of Polasdanga, requesting to provide for certain villages of thana Gungajalghatty bordering on the Burdwan jurisdiction, and resolved—

14. That seven days' rations at a time be allowed to the paupers of the villages from the Burjorah centre.

15. Resolved, that the several sub-committees be requested to realize and remit the value of the thread advanced to weavers, or to send the cloths manufactured by them.

W. R. LARMINIE,
Chairman.

At a meeting of the District Relief Committee, held on the 15th June 1874.

PRESENT:

W. R. Larminie, Esq. C.S., *in the Chair.*

Members.

E. Grey, Esq., C.S.
R. H. G. Irvine, Esq.
W. B. Christie, Esq.
Baboo Kanti Chunder Chatterjee.
„ Promotho Nath Banerjee.
„ Harihar Mookerjee.
„ Gouri Sunker Chatterjee.
„ Kulada Prosad Mukerjee.
„ Kunja Beharee Chakravarti.
Baboo Shib Das Bhattacharjee.
„ Ram Tarak Mukerjee.
„ Mohesh Chundra Banerjee.
„ Ananda Chundra Roy.
Moonshi Ali Jamin.
„ Abdool Jalil Khan.
Baboo Rameshar Sen.
„ Krisna Gobinda Goshamee, member and *Honorary Secretary.*

Resolved that every member of the committee recommending objects of relief under class "d" be required to grant a certificate in the following form, and that all such persons already admitted be called upon to furnish fresh certificates from the members.

Form of Certificate.

"I hereby certify that I have examined into the circumstances of the family noted below, and declare that they are in need of charitable relief, and that their social position is such that it would be degarding to them to support themselves by any sort of manual labor, or being physically unable to perform such labor cannot by reason of their social position come to the relief centre."

2. Read a letter from Moonshee Abdool Jalil Khan, proposing the adoption of certain forms of registers and tickets, with regard to "d" class paupers, and resolved—

That the chairman be requested to arrange for supply of printed forms (both in English and in the vernacular), for the use of the district committee, as well as of the mofussil sub-committees.

3. As the number of in-door patients of the charitable hospital has greatly increased in consequence of the scarcity, the committee have decided upon contributing towards the institution from the funds at their disposal at the rate of Rs. 2-8 per every average patient in excess of Rs. 12.

Read a petition from the inhabitants of Ramsagor, and the neighbouring villages, and resolved—

4. That a relief centre be opened at Ramsagor.

5. Resolved that the Bissenpore sub-committee be requested to report whether there is at present any necessity for opening a relief centre at Bankadaha.

Read a petition from the inhabitants of Lodnah and the neighbouring villages praying for the opening of a relief centre somewhere between Ondah and Bankoora, and resolved—

6. That Baboo Shib Das Bhattacharjee, Deputy Inspector of Schools, be requested to report after enquiry as to the expediency of a relief centre being opened in that locality.

7. Resolved that Baboos Umesh Chandra Datta, Soorja Kumar Dass, Akhoy Kumar Mukerjee, Bireshur Chatterjee, and Shama Charan Banerjee, be elected members of the District Relief Committee.

Read a petition from certain inhabitants of the town, craving that assistance be afforded to them for rebuilding their houses destroyed be fire, and resolved—

8. That Baboos Kanti Chunder Chatterjee and Gouri Sankur Chatterjee be requested to enquire into the circumstances of the applicants, and suggest measures as to how relief should be offered to them.

Read a letter from Moonshi Ali Jamin, member of the committee, asking for a mohurir to enable him to keep accounts of wages paid to laborers, weavers, and resolved—

9. That a mohurir on a salary of Rs. 10 be placed at his disposal for the purpose indicated above.

W. R. LARMINIE,
Chairman.

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 1, 1874.

PART II.

Advertisements.

[N.B.—Advertisements, Notices, &c., intended for insertion in this part of the Gazette, cannot be received after Noon on Monday.]

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of land, no longer required by the Government, situated in the district of Patna, will be put up to sale at the Collector's Office at Bankipore at 12 o'clock on Thursday, the 16th July 1874, corresponding with 1st Sarabun *B.S.*

The purchasers of these plots will be subject to the following conditions:—

1*st*.—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

2*nd*.—If the amount of purchase-money exceeds Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the estate to be again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

3*rd*.—The plots will be sold revenue-free to the highest bidders.

4*th*.—The purchasers shall be put in possession on receipt of the orders of the Collector confirming the sales. But such possession shall be liable to be disturbed in case the final sanction of the Member of the Board of Revenue in charge should not be accorded to the proceedings.

Consecutive Lot Number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which the land is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	Approximate area in Beeghas and Acres.		Land excluded from sale from each lot.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundaries of lot.
					B. C. C.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
1	Patna ...	Pergunnahs Saleemabad, and Gyaspore, Mouzah Punchmahulla.	337	South ...	12 19 8	4 1 6	...	.....	Commences on 2,980 feet of mile 337, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By boundary of the Monghyr district. West—By end of mile 337, as per plan.
2	ditto ..	ditto .	337	North .	13 8 0	4 1 29	.....	.. ...	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By boundary of the Monghyr district. West—By end of mile 337, as per plan.
3	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Punchmahulla.	338	South ...	9 9 12	3 0 22	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 337, as per plan, and terminates on 1,310 feet of mile 338.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 337, as per plan. West—By boundary of Mouzah Jalalpore.
4	ditto ...	ditto ...	338	North	10 2 0	3 1 14	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 337, as per plan. West—By boundary of Mouzah Jalalpore.
5	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Jalalpore.	338	South ...	22 13 8	7 2 0	.....	.....	Commences on 1,310 feet of mile 338, and terminates on 4,250 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By boundary of Mouzah Punchmahulla. West—By boundary of Mouzah Domrah.
6	ditto ...	ditto	338	North .	21 7 8	7 0 11	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By boundary of Mouzah Punchmahulla. West—By boundary of Mouzah Domrah.
7	ditto ..	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Domrah.	338	South ...	7 14 0	2 2 7	.....	.....	Commences on 4,250 feet of mile 338, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By boundary of Mouzah Jalalpore West—By end of mile 338, as per plan.
8	ditto ...	ditto ...	338	North ...	8 12 0	2 3 15	.....	.....	ditto ..	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By boundary of Mouzah Jalalpore West—By end of mile 338, as per plan.

9	ditto ...	ditto ...	339	South ...	15	10	0	5	0	20	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 338, as per plan, and terminates on 2,000 feet of mile 339.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 338, as per plan West—By eastern boundary of lot 11.
10	ditto ...	ditto ...	339	North ..	15	10	0	5	0	20	.....	.....	ditto ..	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 338, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 12
11	ditto ...	ditto ...	339	South .	24	11	0	8	0	19	.....	.....	Commences on 2,000 feet of mile 339, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 9. West—By end of mile 339, as per plan
12	ditto ...	ditto ...	339	North .	24	11	0	8	0	19	.....	.....	ditto	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 10. West—By end of mile 339, as per plan.
13	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Badpore.	340	South ..	14	10	8	4	3	8	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 339, as per plan, and terminates on 1,740 feet of mile 340	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 339, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 15.
14	ditto ..	ditto	340	North ..	14	10	8	4	3	8	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 339, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 16.
15	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Morachee.	340	South ...	15	11	4	5	0	23	.....	.....	Commences on 1,740 feet of mile 340, and terminates on 3,840 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 13. West—By village road.
16	ditto ...	ditto ..	340	North ..	15	11	4	5	0	23	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 14. West—By village road.
17	ditto ...	ditto ..	340	South ...	8	6	8	2	3	0	.....	.....	Commences on 3,880 feet of mile 340, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 340, as per plan.
18	ditto ..	ditto ...	340	North ...	8	6	8	2	3	0	Occupied by road common to lots 15, 16, 17, and 19.	0 0 14	ditto .	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 340, as per plan.
19	ditto ...	ditto ...	341	South ...	14	3	8	4	2	30	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 340, as per plan, and terminates on 2,725 feet of mile 341.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 340, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
20	ditto ...	ditto ...	341	North ...	14	3	8	4	2	30	.....	.....	ditto .	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 340, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing
21	ditto ...	ditto ...	341	South ...	9	16	8	3	1	0	...	.....	Commences on 2,750 feet of mile 341, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 341, as per plan.
22	ditto ...	ditto ...	341	North ...	9	16	8	3	1	0	Occupied by road common to lots 19, 20, 21, and 22.	0 0 5	ditto .	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 341, as per plan.
23	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Morachee and Hatheedah	342	South ..	6	1	8	2	0	1	... .	.....	Commences at the end of mile 341, as per plan, and terminates on 1,700 feet of mile 342.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 341, as per plan West—By eastern boundary of lot 25.

Consecutive Lot Number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which the land is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	Approximate area in Beeghas and Acres		Land excluded from sale from each lot.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundaries of lot.
					B. C. C.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
24	Patna ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Morachee and Hatheedah	342	North ...	6 1 8	2 0 1	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 341, as per plan, and terminates on 1,700 feet of mile 342.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 341, as per plan West—By eastern boundary of lot 26
25	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Hatheedah	342	South ..	7 14 10	2 2 9	... ..	.....	Commences on 1,700 feet of mile 342, and terminates on 3,450 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing South—By zemindaree land East—By western boundary of lot 23 West—By eastern boundary of lot 27
26	ditto ..	ditto ...	342	North ...	7 14 10	2 2 9	.. ...	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 24. West—By eastern boundary of lot 28.
27	ditto ...	ditto ...	342	South ...	7 18 0	2 2 18	Occupied by road ...	0 0 4	Commences on 3,450 feet of mile 342, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan	North—By railway fencing South—By zemindaree land East—By western boundary of lot 25 West—By end of mile 342, as per plan.
28	ditto ...	ditto ...	342	North ...	7 18 0	2 2 18	ditto ...	0 0 4	ditto	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing East—By western boundary of lot 26. West—By end of mile 342, as per plan
29	ditto ...	ditto ...	343	South ...	6 6 4	2 0 14	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 342, as per plan, and terminates on 630 feet of mile 343.	North—By railway fencing South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 342, as per plan. West—By zemindaree land.
30	ditto ...	ditto ..	343	South ...	5 6 4	1 3 1	.. ...	.. ...	Commences on 1,980 feet of mile 343, and terminates on 2,440 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing South—By zemindaree land. East—By ditto. West—By village road.
31	ditto ...	ditto ..	343	North ...	11 5 8	3 2 37	.....	. ...	Commences at the end of mile 342, as per plan, and terminates on 2,440 feet of mile 343.	North—By zemindaree land South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 343, as per plan West—By village road.
32	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Dururpore and Duryapore.	343	South ...	15 18 8	6 1 2	.. ..	.....	Commences on 2,470 feet of mile 343, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land East—By village road. West—By end of mile 343, as per plan.
33	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Dururpore, Duryapore and Moorarpore.	343	North ...	15 18 10	6 1 8	Road common to lots 30, 31, 32, and 33.	0 0 10	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 343, as per plan.
34	ditto ..	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Duryapore and Moorarpore.	344	South ...	14 2 10	4 2 28	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 343, as per plan, and terminates on 1,830 feet of mile 344.	North—By railway fencing South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 343, as per plan West—By eastern boundary of lot 36
35	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Moorarpore.	344	North ...	14 2 10	4 2 28	.....	.....	ditto ..	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing East—By end of mile 343, as per plan West—By eastern boundary of lot 37
36	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Outah.	344	South ...	10 7 10	3 1 29	.....	.....	Commences on 1,830 feet of mile 344, and terminates on 3,100 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 34 West—By village road.

37	ditto ...	ditto ...	344	North ...	10	7	10	3	1	26	.....	.....	Commences on 1,830 feet of mile 344, and terminates on 3,100 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 36. West—By village road.
38	ditto ...	ditto ...	344	South ...	14	17	0	4	3	26	.....	.....	Commences on 3,130 feet of mile 344, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 344, as per plan.
39	ditto ...	ditto ...	344	North ...	14	17	0	4	3	26	Road common to lots 36, 37, 38, and 39.	0	0 10	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 344, as per plan.
40	ditto ...	ditto ...	345	South ...	3	4	0	1	0	9	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 344, as per plan, and terminates on 670 feet of mile 345.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 344, as per plan. West—By village road and boundary of Mouzah Muckeah.
41	ditto ...	ditto ...	345	North ...	3	3	0	1	0	7	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 344, as per plan. West—By boundary of Mouzah Muckeah.
42	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Muckeah.	345	South ...	10	16	0	3	2	11	.....	.....	Commences on 700 feet of mile 345, and terminates on 3,000 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road & boundary of Mouzah Outah. West—By eastern boundary of lot 44.
43	ditto ...	ditto ...	345	North ...	10	16	0	3	2	11	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By boundary of Mouzah Outah. West—By eastern boundary of lot 45.
44	ditto ...	ditto ...	345	South ...	10	9	8	3	1	34	Occupied by road ...	0	0 6	Commences on 3,000 feet of mile 345, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 43. West—By end of mile 345, as per plan.
45	ditto ...	ditto ...	345	North ...	10	9	8	3	1	34	ditto ...	0	0 6	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 43. West—By end of mile 345, as per plan.
46	ditto ...	ditto ...	346	South ...	7	14	10	2	2	9	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 345, as per plan, and terminates on 1,760 feet of mile 346.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 345, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 48.
47	ditto ...	ditto ...	346	North ...	7	14	10	2	2	9	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 345, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 49.
48	ditto ...	ditto ...	346	South ...	7	14	10	2	2	9	.....	.....	Commences on 1,760 feet of mile 346, and terminates on 3,520 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 46. West—By eastern boundary of lot 50.
49	ditto ...	ditto ...	346	North ...	7	14	10	2	2	9	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 47. West—By eastern boundary of lot 51.
50	ditto ...	ditto ...	346	South ...	7	14	10	2	2	9	.....	.....	Commences on 3,520 feet of mile 346, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 48. West—By end of mile 346, as per plan.
51	ditto ...	ditto ...	346	North ...	7	6	8	2	1	28	Occupied by branch line to River Ganges.	0	0 23	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 49. West—By end of mile 346, as per plan.

Consecutive Lot Number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which the land is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	Approximate area in Beeghas and Acres.		Land excluded from sale from each lot.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundaries of lot.
					B. C. C.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
52	Patna ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Muckeah.	347	South ...	1 13 3	0 2 8	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 346, as per plan, and terminates on 315 feet of mile 347.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 346, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
53	ditto ...	ditto ...	347	North ...	1 13 3	0 2 8	.....	.....	ditto	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 346, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
54	ditto ...	ditto ...	347	South ...	8 3 8	2 2 33	Occupied by railway level crossing road.	0 0 6	Commences on 3,380 feet of mile 347, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree lands. East—By Mokameh station lands. West—By end of mile 347, as per plan.
55	ditto ...	ditto ...	347	North ...	8 13 14	2 3 20	ditto ..	0 0 6	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By Mokameh station lands. West—By end of mile 347, as per plan.
56	ditto ...	ditto ...	348	South ...	7 7 0	2 1 29	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 347, as per plan, and terminates on 1,760 feet of mile 348.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 347, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 58.
57	ditto ...	ditto ...	348	North ...	7 7 0	2 1 29	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 347, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 59.
58	ditto ...	ditto ...	348	South ...	7 7 0	2 1 29	.....	.....	Commences on 1,760 feet of mile 348, and terminates on 3,520 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 56. West—By eastern boundary of lot 60
59	ditto ...	ditto ...	348	North ...	7 7 0	2 1 29	.....	.....	ditto ..	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 57. West—By eastern boundary of lot 61.
60	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Mokameh and Shonar.	348	South ...	7 9 0	2 1 34	Occupied by road ...	0 0 5	Commences on 3,520 feet of mile 348, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 58. West—By end of mile 348, as per plan.
61	ditto ...	ditto ...	348	North ...	7 9 0	2 1 34	ditto ...	0 0 5	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 59 West—By end of mile 348, as per plan.
62	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Shonar.	349	South ...	16 4 14	5 1 19	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 348, as per plan, and terminates on 2,930 feet of mile 349.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 348, as per plan. West—By village road.
63	ditto ...	ditto ...	349	North ...	16 4 14	5 1 19	.....	.....	ditto ..	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing East—By end of mile 348, as per plan West—By village road.
64	ditto ...	ditto ...	349	South ...	8 17 8	2 3 30	.....	.....	Commences on 2,950 feet of mile 349, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land East—By village road. West—By end of mile 349, as per plan.

65	ditto ...	ditto . .	349	North ..	8 17 8	2 3 30	Occupied by road common to lots 62, 63, 64, and 65.	0 0 16	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 349, as per plan.
66	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Shonar and Barrackpore	350	South	13 10 0	4 1 34	..	..	Commences at the end of mile 349, as per plan, and terminates on 2,950 feet of mile 350.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree Land. East—By end of mile 349, as per plan. West—By village road.
67	ditto ...	ditto ...	350	North ...	13 10 0	4 1 34	. ...	..	Commences at the end of mile 349 as per plan, and terminates on 2,950 feet of mile 350.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 349, as per plan West—B village road.
68	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Barrackpore.	350	South ...	9 10 10	3 0 24	.....	.....	Commences on 2,970 feet of mile 350, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 350, as per plan.
69	ditto ...	ditto ...	350	North ...	9 10 10	3 0 24	Occupied by road common to lots 66, 67, 68, and 69.	0 0 6	ditto	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 350, as per plan.
70	ditto	ditto ...	351	South ..	9 6 8	3 0 13	. .		Commences at the end of mile 350, as per plan, and terminates on 2,150 feet of mile 351.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 350, as per plan. West—By village road.
71	ditto ...	ditto ...	351	North ..	9 6 8	3 0 13	... ..	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 350, as per plan. West—By village road.
72	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah More.	351	South ...	14 13 0	4 3 15	...	.....	Commences on 2,180 feet of mile 351, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 351, as per plan.
73	ditto ...	ditto .	351	North ...	13 0 0	4 1 8	Occupied by road common to lots 70, 71, 72, and 73.	0 0 8	Commences on 2,180 feet of mile 351, and terminates on 4,730 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road West—By marshy land.
74	ditto ...	ditto ...	352	South ...	11 19 8	3 3 [illegible]	.. .	.....	Commences at the end of mile 351, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 352.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 351, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 76.
75	ditto ...	ditto ...	352	North ...	11 19 8	3 3 34	. ...	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 351, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 77.
76	ditto ...	ditto ..	352	South ...	11 0 8	3 2 23	... ..	.....	Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 352, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 74. West—By end of mile 352, as per plan.
77	ditto	ditto ...	352	North ...	11 0 8	3 2 28	. ...	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 75. West—By end of mile 352, as per plan.
78	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Sultanpore.	353	South ...	11 7 0	3 3 0	Occupied by road ...	0 0 5	Commences at the end of mile 352, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 353.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 352, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 80.
79	ditto ..	ditto .	353	North ...	11 7 0	3 3 0	ditto ...	0 0 5	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing East—By end of mile 352, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 81.

Consecutive Lot Number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which the land is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	Approximate area in Beeghas and Acres.		Land excluded from sale from each lot.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundaries of lot.
					B. C. C.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
80	Patna ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Sultanpore and Kanyepore.	353	South ...	11 14 5	3 3 20	.....	.....	Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 353, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 78. West—By end of mile 353, as per plan.
81	ditto ...	ditto ...	353	North ...	11 14 5	3 3 20	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 79. West—By end of mile 353, as per plan.
82	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Kanyepore and Meckra.	354	South ...	6 13 0	2 0 32	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 353, as per plan, and terminates on 1,520 feet of mile 354.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 353, as per plan. West—By village road.
83	ditto ...	ditto ...	354	North ..	6 13 0	2 0 32	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 353, as per plan. West—By village road.
84	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Meckra.	354	South ...	8 7 0	2 3 2	.....	.....	Commences on 1,550 feet of mile 354, and terminates on 3,400 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road. West—By eastern boundary of lot 86.
85	ditto ...	ditto ...	354	North ...	8 6 0	2 2 39	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By eastern boundary of lot 87.
86	ditto ...	ditto ...	354	South ...	8 14 0	2 3 20	Occupied by road ...	0 0 6	Commences on 3,400 feet of mile 354, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 84. West—By end of mile 354, as per plan.
87	ditto ...	ditto ...	354	North ...	8 9 0	2 3 7	ditto ... Road common to lots 82, 83, 84, and 85.	0 0 6 0 0 11	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 85. West—By end of mile 354, as per plan.
88	ditto ...	ditto ...	355	South ...	13 19 0	4 2 18	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 354, as per plan, and terminates on 2,430 feet of mile 355.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 354, as per plan. West—By village road.
89	ditto ...	ditto ...	355	North ...	13 19 0	4 2 18	.....	.....	ditto ..	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 354, as per plan. West—By village road.
90	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Punaruck.	355	South ...	14 8 0	4 3 2	.....	.....	Commences on 2,460 feet of mile 355, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 355, as per plan.
91	ditto ...	ditto ...	355	North ...	14 8 0	4 3 2	Occupied by road common to lots 89, 90, and 91.	0 0 11	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 355, as per plan.
92	ditto ...	ditto ...	356	South ...	18 0 0	5 3 32	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 355, and terminates at the end of mile 356, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 355, as per plan. West—By end of mile 356, as per plan.

93	ditto ...	ditto ...	356	North	18	0	0	5	3	32	.....	.....	ditto .	North—By zemindaree land South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 355, as per plan. West—By end of mile 356, as per plan.
94	ditto ...	ditto ...	357	South ...	12	16	12	4	0	39	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 356, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 357.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 356, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 96.
95	ditto ...	ditto ...	357	North ...	12	16	12	4	0	39	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 356, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 97.
96	ditto ..	ditto ...	357	South ...	14	1	0	4	2	23	Occupied by road	0	0 5	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 94. West—By end of mile 357, as per plan.
97	ditto ...	ditto ...	357	North ...	14	1	0	4	2	23	ditto ..	0	0 5	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 95. West—By end of mile 357, as per plan.
98	ditto ..	ditto	358	South ...	10	8	8	3	1	32	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 357, as per plan, and terminates on 1,760 feet of mile 358.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land East—By end of mile 357, as per plan West—By eastern boundary of lot 100.
99	ditto ...	ditto .	358	North ...	10	8	8	3	1	32	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 357, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 101.
100	ditto ...	ditto ...	358	South ...	10	8	8	3	1	32	.....	.....	Commences on 1,760 feet of mile 358, and terminates on 3,520 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 98. West—By eastern boundary of lot 102.
101	ditto ...	ditto ..	358	North ..	10	8	8	3	1	32	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 99. West—By eastern boundary of lot 103.
102	ditto ...	ditto ...	358	South ...	10	9	14	3	1	35	.....	.....	Commences on 3,520 feet of mile 358, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 100. West—By end of mile 358, as per plan.
103	ditto ..	ditto ..	358	North ...	10	9	14	3	1	35	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 101. West—By end of mile 358, as per plan.
104	ditto ...	ditto .	359	South ...	7	19	0	2	2	21	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 358, as per plan, and terminates on 1,125 feet of mile 359.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 358, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 106.
105	ditto ..	ditto ..	359	North ...	7	19	0	2	2	21	.....	.....	ditto ..	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 358, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 107.
106	ditto ..	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Ratlee.	359	South ...	22	10	6	7	1	31	.....	.....	Commences on 1,125 feet of mile 359, and terminates on 4,345 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 104. West—By eastern boundary of lot 108.
107	ditto ..	ditto ..	359	North ...	22	10	6	7	1	31	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 105. West—By eastern boundary of lot 109.

Consecutive Lot Number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which the land is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	Approximate area in Beeghas and Acres.		Land excluded from sale from each lot.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundaries of lot.
					B. C. C.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
108	Patna ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Luchmeepore	359	South ...	6 3 10	2 0 7	.....	.....	Commences on 4,345 feet of mile 359, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 106, West—By end of mile 359, as per plan.
109	ditto ...	ditto ..	359	North	6 3 10	2 0 7	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 107. West—By end of mile 359, as per plan.
110	ditto ...	ditto ...	360	South ..	10 17 0	3 2 14	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 359, and terminates on 1,670 feet of mile 360, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 359, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 112.
111	ditto ...	ditto ...	360	North ...	10 17 0	3 2 14	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 359, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 113.
112	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Burriarpore and Sanarah.	360	South ..	15 16 8	5 0 37	.....	.....	Commences on 1,670 feet of mile 360, and terminates on 3,900 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 110. West—By eastern boundary of lot No. 114.
113	ditto ...	ditto ..	360	North ..	15 16 8	5 0 37	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 111. West—By eastern boundary of lot 115.
114	ditto ..	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Dheebar.	360	South ...	9 8 8	3 0 19	.....	.....	Commences on 3,900 feet of mile 360, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 112. West—By end of mile 360, as per plan.
115	ditto	ditto ..	360	North ...	9 8 8	3 0 19	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 113. West—By end of mile 360, as per plan.
116	ditto ...	ditto ...	361	South ...	2 8 0	0 3 7	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 360 as per plan, and terminates on 400 feet of mile 361.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 360, as per plan. West—By nullah.
117	ditto ...	ditto ...	361	North ...	2 5 4	0 3 0	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 360, as per plan and terminates on 350 feet of mile 360.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 360, as per plan. West—By nullah.
118	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Parehpore and Nyamubpore.	361	South ..	14 6 12	4 2 30	.....	.....	Commences on 425 feet of mile 361, and terminates on 2,550 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By nullah. West—By eastern boundary of lot 120.
119	ditto ...	ditto ...	361	North ...	14 8 12	4 3 4	.....	.....	Commences on 375 feet of mile 361, and terminates on 2,550 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By nullah. West—By eastern boundary of lot 121.
120	ditto ..	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Shuhoriah.	361	South .	16 12 0	5 1 38	.....	.....	Commences on 2,550 feet of mile 361, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 118. West—By end of mile 361, as per plan.

121	ditto ...	ditto ...	361	North ...	16	12	0	5	1	38	Occupied by nullah common to lots 116, 117, 118, and 119	0	0	16	ditto ..	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 119. West—By end of mile 361, as per plan.
122	ditto ...	ditto ...	362	South ...	10	5	0	3	1	22	.....	.....			Commences at the end of mile 361, as per plan, and terminates on 2,000 feet of mile 362.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 361, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 124.
123	ditto ...	ditto ...	362	North ...	10	5	0	3	1	22	.....	.....			ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 361, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 125.
124	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Shuhornah, Jumonish, and Basidpore.	362	South ...	14	0	0	4	2	20	.....	.....			Commences on 2,000 feet of mile 362, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 122. West—By end of mile 362, as per plan.
125	ditto ...	ditto ...	362	North ...	14	0	0	4	2	20	.....	.....			ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 123. West—By end of mile 362, as per plan.
126	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Basidpore.	363	South ...	2	2	8	0	2	33	.....	.....			Commences at the end of mile 362, as per plan, and terminates on 475 feet of mile 363.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 362, as per plan. West—By land retained by the railway company.
127	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Burmashidpore and Burua.	363	South ...	5	5	8	1	2	39	.....	.....			Commences on 4,060 feet of mile 363, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By land retained by railway company. West—By end of mile 363, as per plan.
128	ditto ...	ditto ...	363	North ...	5	5	8	1	2	39	Retained by the railway company. Abandoned, being occupied by branch line to the Ganges.	3 0	1 2	0 33	ditto ..	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By land retained by railway company. West—By end of mile 363, as per plan.
129	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Burua and Dallamionchuck.	364	South ...	18	10	0	6	0	19	.....	.....			Commences at the end of mile 363, as per plan, and terminates on 3,550 feet of mile 364.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 363, as per plan. West—By zemindaree land
130	ditto ...	ditto ...	364	North ...	18	10	0	6	0	19	.....	.....			ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 363, as per plan. West—By zemindaree land.
131	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Bhaitgaon.	364	South ...	7	0	0	2	1	10	.....	.....			Commences on 4,000 feet of mile 364, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By ditto. West—By end of mile 364, as per plan.
132	ditto ...	ditto ...	364	North ...	7	0	0	2	1	10	.....	.....			ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By zemindaree land. West—By end of mile 364, as per plan.
133	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Bhaitpore, Shaikpore, and Ocherpore.	365	South ...	12	16	0	4	1	2	Occupied by nullah...	0	0	3	Commences at the end of mile 364, as per plan, and terminates on 2,960 feet of mile 365.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 364, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
134	ditto ...	ditto ...	365	North ...	18	10	0	4	1	34	ditto	0	0	3	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 364, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
135	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Abrahimpore, Sulampore, Gobindpore, and Julgobind.	365	South ...	10	4	0	3	1	20	.....	.....			Commences on 2,980 feet of mile 365, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 365, as per plan.

Consecutive Lot Number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which the land is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	Approximate area in Beeghas and Acres. B. C. C.	A. R. P.	Land excluded from sale from each lot. Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.	Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundaries of lot.
136	Patna ..	Pergunnah Gyaspore. Mouzahs Abrahampore, Sulampore, Gobindpore, and Julgobund	365	North ...	10 13 0	3 2 3	Occupied by road common to lots 134, 135, 136, and 137.	0 0 8	Commences on 2,980 feet of mile 365, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 365, as per plan.
137	ditto ..	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Julgobund and Dahore	366	South ...	13 0 0	4 1 8	Occupied by road and ditch.	0 0 26	Commences at the end of mile 365, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 366	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 365, as per plan
138	ditto ..	ditto	366	North ..	13 0 0	4 1 8	ditto ..	0 0 26	ditto ..	West—By eastern boundary of lot 140. North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing
139	ditto ..	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Dahore and Achoosra	366	South .	10 10 0	3 1 36	.....	.. ...	Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 366, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	East—By end of mile 365, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 141. North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land.
140	ditto ...	ditto ...	366	North ...	10 14 0	3 2 6	.....	.....	ditto ...	East—By western boundary of lot 138. West—By end of mile 366, as per plan. North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing.
141	ditto ..	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Achoosra, Rajpore, and Hossainchuck.	367	South ..	10 5 0	3 1 22	Occupied by road ...	0 0 3	Commences at the end of mile 366, as per plan, and terminates on 2,950 feet of mile 367	East—By western boundary of lot 139. West—By end of mile 366, as per plan. North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land.
142	ditto ...	ditto ..	367	North ...	10 5 0	3 1 22	ditto ...	0 0 3	ditto ..	East—By end of mile 366, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing. North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing.
143	ditto ..	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Nazampore and Sarohurpore.	367	South ..	6 2 12	2 0 5	.....	.....	Commences on 2,960 feet of mile 367, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	East—By end of mile 366, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing. North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land.
144	ditto ..	ditto ...	367	North ...	6 2 12	2 0 5	Road common to lots 142, 143, 144, and 145.	0 0 9	ditto ..	East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 367, as per plan. North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing.
145	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore Mouzahs Sarohurpore and Kullanpore.	368	South ...	6 0 0	1 3 38	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 367, as per plan, and terminates on 2,150 feet of mile 368.	East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 367, as per plan. North—By railway fencing South—By zemindaree land.
146	ditto ...	ditto ...	368	North ...	6 0 0	1 3 38	.....	.....	ditto ..	East—By end of mile 367, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 148. North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing.
147	ditto ..	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Kullanpore and Satookhord.	368	South ...	3 19 0	1 1 9	.....	.....	Commences on 2,150 feet of mile 368, and terminates on 3,565 feet of same, as per plan	East—By end of mile 367, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 149. North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land.
148	ditto ...	ditto ..	368	North ..	4 8 8	1 1 34	.....	.....	ditto ..	East.—By western boundary of lot 146 West—By railway level crossing. North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East —By western boundary of lot 147. West—By railway level crossing.

149	ditto	..	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Satookhord and Bahadoorpore.	368	South	...	4 11 10	1 2 2	.....	.....	Commences on 3,590 feet of mile 368, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 368, as per plan.
150	ditto	...	ditto ...	368	North	...	5 14 10	1 3 23	Occupied by road common to lots, 148, 149, 150, and 151.	0 0 7	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 368, as per plan.
151	ditto	...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Bahadoorpore, Moortojapore, and Jamalpore.	369	South	...	7 3 0	2 1 18	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 368, as per plan, and terminates on 2,600 feet of mile 369.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 368, as per plan. West—By zemindaree land.
152	ditto	...	ditto ...	369	North	...	8 15 0	2 3 23	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 368, as per plan. West—By zemindaree land.
153	ditto	...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Jamalpore and Kullanpore.	369	South	...	6 1 0	2 0 0	Occupied by road ...	0 0 4	Commences on 3,180 feet of mile 369, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By ditto. West—By end of mile 369, as per plan.
154	ditto	...	ditto ...	369	North	...	6 3 0	2 0 5	Ditto ...	0 0 4	Commences on 3,200 feet of mile 369, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By zemindaree land. West—By end of mile 369, as per plan.
155	ditto	...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Kullanpore and Dowlatpore.	370	South	...	9 9 0	3 0 20	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 369, as per plan, and terminates on 2,930 feet of mile 370.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 369, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
156	ditto	...	ditto ...	370	North	...	9 9 0	3 0 20	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 369, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
157	ditto	...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah, Poyragpore, Dowlatpore, Mohoolyasmanpore and Mukdumpore.	370	South	...	8 8 8	2 3 6	.....	.....	Commences on 2,960 feet omile 370, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 370, as per plan.
158	ditto	...	ditto ...	370	North	...	8 8 8	2 3 6	Road common to lots 156, 157, 158, and 159.	0 0 6	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 370, as per plan.
159	ditto	...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Mukdumpore, Mohoolyasmanpore and Durreapore.	371	South	...	17 18 0	5 3 27	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 370, as per plan, and terminates on 3,200 feet of mile 371.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 370, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
160	ditto	...	ditto ...	371	North	...	19 7 0	6 1 24	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 370, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
161	ditto	...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Boorrah Allypore.	371	South	...	10 4 3	3 1 20	.....	.....	Commences on 3,230 feet of mile 371, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 371, as per plan.
162	ditto	...	ditto ...	371	North	...	10 4 3	3 1 20	Road common to lots 160, 161, 162, 163.	0 0 9	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 371, as per plan.
163	ditto	...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Samneemah.	372	South	...	10 2 0	3 1 14	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 371, as per plan, and terminates on 1,950 feet of mile 372.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 371, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 166.

Consecutive Lot Number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which the land is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	Approximate area in beeghas and acres. B. C. C.	A. R. P.	Land excluded from sale from each lot. Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.	Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundaries of lot.
164	Patna ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Samneemah.	372	North ..	10 0 0	3 1 9	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 371, as per plan, and terminates on 1,950 feet of mile 372.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 371, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 167.
165	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Khardah.	372	South ..	3 0 0	0 3 39	.....	.....	Commences on 1,950 feet of mile 372, and terminates on 2,620 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 164 West—By eastern boundary of lot 168.
166	ditto ...	ditto ...	372	North ...	3 0 0	0 3 39	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 165. West—By eastern boundary of lot 169.
167	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Manickpore.	372	South ...	11 2 0	3 2 27	.....	.....	Commences on 2,620 feet of mile 372, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 166. West—By end of mile 372, as per plan.
168	ditto ...	ditto ...	372	North ...	11 6 0	3 2 39	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 167. West—By end of mile 372, as per plan.
169	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Manickpore, Boorrook, and Mahmudpore.	373	South ...	8 3 0	2 2 31	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 372, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 373.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 372, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 171.
170	ditto ...	ditto ...	373	North ...	8 13 0	2 3 15	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 372, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 172.
171	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Mahmudpore, Raneesurai, and Raghubpore.	373	South ...	8 13 0	2 3 18	.....	.....	Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 373, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 169. West—By end of mile 373, as per plan.
172	ditto ...	ditto ..	373	North ...	8 5 0	2 2 37	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 170. West—By end of mile 373, as per plan.
173	ditto .	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Raghubpore.	374	South ...	6 15 0	2 0 37		.....	Commences at the end of mile 373, as per plan, and terminates on 1,880 feet of mile 374.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 373, as per plan. West—By land retained by the railway company.
174	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Raghubpore and Mahmudpore.	374	North ...	9 8 0	3 0 17	Retained by railway company.	2 3 17	Commences at the end of mile 373, as per plan, and terminates on 3,100 feet of mile 374	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 373, as per plan. West—By Bukhtiarpore station lands.

BHAGULPORE, RAILWAY DEPUTY COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, the 29th May 1874.

W. HEYSHAM, *Offg. Railway Deputy Collector.*

اشتہار نامہ کچہري ريلوے ڈيپوٹي کلکٹري اجلاس مسٹر وليم هيشم صاحب ريلوے ڈيپوٹي کلکٹر مقام تهاگلپور

اس تحرير کي رو سے سبهونکو واقف کيا جاتا هي که ضلع پٹنه مين سرکار بهادر کے خريده بي کلاس زمين يعني جو زمين ريلوے کمپني کو رسته تيار کرنيکے وقت ديا گيا تها وهي سب زمين ريلوے کمپني کا اور درکار نهونيکے سبب سرکار بهادر واپس ليکر اس جانب کو فروخت کرنيکا اختيار دي هين اسواسطے بموجب اوس اختيار کے تفصيل کي لکهي هوئي لاٹهاے کي زمين بتاريخ ۱۶ جولائي سنه ۱۸۷۴ع مطابق ۱ ساون سنه ۱۲۸۱ بنگله روز پنجشنبه مقام باقي پور کا کلکٹر صاحب کے کچهري اس جانب کے اجلاس مين نيلام پر چڑهائے جائينگے اون زمينون کے خريدارونکو نيچے کي لکهي هوئي شرطونکے پابند هونا پڑيگا فقط

پهلي شرط—اگر تعداد زر ثمن ايک سو روپيه سے زياده نهو تو کل روپيه يکبارگي ادا کئے جائينگے فقط

دوسري شرط — اگر تعداد زر ثمن ايک سو روپيه سے زياده هو تو جسقدر روپيه مين نيلام هو اوسکا ايک چوتهه في الفور داخل کرنا پڑيگا اور اگر باقي روپيه نيلام کے بعد نيلام کي تاريخ سے که وه تاريخ بهي ايک روز شمار کيا جايگا پندرهوين دن کے دو پهر تک ادا نکئے جائين يا اگر وه روز تعطيل کا هو جس مين که دفتربند رهے تو اوسکے بعد هي جس روز پهلے دفتر کهلے اوسکے دو پهر تک ادا نکيا جاے تو نيلام باطل هوجايگا اور جسقدر روپيه داخل هوچکے هون وه سرکار مين ضبط هو جائينگے اور وه جايداد پهر مثل پهلے نيلام کے اشتهار جاري هونيکے بعد نيلام پر چڑهائے جائينگے اور اوسکا جوکهم خريدار باقيدار کو اوٹهانا پڑيگا فقط

تيسري شرط—يهه هي که وه سب زمين سب سے زياده قيمت کي بولي بولنے والون کو بطور لاخراج کے دئے جائينگے فقط

چوتهي شرط—صاحب کلکٹر کے احکام متضمن بحالي نيلام کے پهنچنے پر خريدارون کو دخل دلايا جايگا مگر جس صورت مين که وه صاحب ممبر بورڈ اف ريونيو جو اسکام کے متعهد هون ان کارروائيون کي نسبت منظوري ناطق نه بخشين تو اوس دخلکاري مين فتور آئيگا فقط

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنه و موضع	اون ميلون کي تعداد جنکے اندر زمين واقع هي	ريلوے کے کس طرف واقع هي	تخميني موازي لاٹ بحساب بيگهه ايکر						وه زمين جو هر لاٹ مين نيلام سے مستثنی کي گئي هي			لاٹ کي شروع اور انتها	لاٹ کي چوحدي
					بيگهه	کٹهه	چهٹانک	ايکر	روڈ	پول	خارج هونيکي وجوه	ايکر	روڈ	پول	
۱	ضلع پٹنه	پرگنه سلمانادو غوثپور موضع پانچ محله	۳۳۷	دکهن	۱۲۰	۱۹	۸	۴	۱	۶	....		....		۳۳۷ ميل کے ۲۹۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسيکے اخير تک ختم مطابق نقشه
۲	ايضا	ايضا	۳۳۷	اوتر	۱۳	۸	۰	۴	۱	۲۹	....		....		۳۳۷ ميل کے ۲۹۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسيکے اخير تک ختم مطابق نقشه
۳	ايضا	پرگنه غوثپور موضع ايضا	۳۳۸	دکهن	۹	۹	۱۳	۳	۰	۲۲	....		....		۳۳۷ ميل کے اخير سے شروع اور ۳۳۸ ميل کے ۱۳۱۰ فٹ تک ختم

لاٹ کي چوحدي:

اوتر ريلوي کا گهر او
دکهن زميندار ي زمين
پورب مونگير ضلع کا سيوانه
پچهم ۳۳۷ ميل کے اخير مطابق نقشه

اوتر زميندار ي زمين
دکهن ريلوي کا گهر او
پورب مونگير ضلع کا سيوانه
پچهم ۳۳۷ ميل کے اخير

اوتر ريلوي کا گهر او
دکهن زميندار ي زمين
پورب ۳۳۷ ميل کے اخير
پچهم جلال پور موضع کے سيوانه

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنہ اور موضع	اون میلونکی تعداد جنکے اندر زمین واقع ہی	ریلونکے کسطرف واقع ہی	تخمینی موازی لاٹ بحساب بیگھہ اور ایکر: بیگھہ	گٹھہ	چھٹانک	ایکر	روڈ	پول	وہ زمین جو ہر لاٹ مین نیلام سے مستثنی کی گئی ہی: خارج ہونیکی وجوہ	ایکر	روڈ	پول	لاٹ کی شروع اور انتہا	لاٹ کی چوحدی
۴	ضلع پٹنہ	پرگنہ غوثپور موضع پانچ محلہ	۳۳۸	اوتر	۱۰	۲	۰	۳	۱	۱۴	... ..			....	۳۳۷ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۳۸ میل کے ۱۳۱۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۳۳۷ میل کے اخیر پچھم جلال پور موضع کے سیوانہ
۵	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع جلال پور	۳۳۸	دکھن	۲۲	۱۳	۸	۷	۲	۰	... ..			.....	۳۳۸ میل کے ۱۳۱۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۴۲۵۰ فٹ تک ختم	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب پانچ محلہ موضع کے سیوانہ پچھم ڈمرا موضع کے سیوانہ
۶	ایضا	ایضا	۳۳۸	اوتر	۲۱	۷	۸	۷	۰	۱۱	. ...			.....	۳۳۸ میل کے ۱۳۱۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۴۲۵۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب پانچ محلہ موضع کے سیوانہ پچھم ڈمرا موضع کے سیوانہ
۷	ایضا	ایضا	۳۳۸	دکھن	۷	۱۴	۰	۲	۲	۷	.....			.....	۳۳۸ میل کے ۴۲۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمیدا ی زمین پورب جلال پور موضع کے سیوانہ پچھم ۳۳۸ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۸	ایضا	ایضا	۳۳۸	اوتر	۸	۱۲	۰	۲	۳	۱۵	... ..			... ..	ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب جلال پور موضع کے سیوانہ پچھم ۳۳۸ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۹	ایضا	ایضا	۳۳۹	دکھن	۱۵	۱۰	۰	۵	۰	۲۰	... ..			.....	۳۳۸ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۳۹ میل کے ۲۰۰۰ فٹ تک مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۳۸ میل کے اخیر پچھم ۱۱ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ

۱۰	ایضا	ایضا	۳۳۹	اوتر	۱۵	۱۰	۰	۵	۰	۲۰	.....	.....	ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۳۳۸ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۱۲ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۱	ایضا	ایضا	۳۳۹	دکھن	۲۴	۱۱	۰	۸	۰	۱۹	.....	..	۳۳۹ میل کے ۲۰۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۹ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۳۹ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۲	ایضا	ایضا	۳۳۹	اوتر	۲۴	۱۱	۰	۸	۰	۱۹	.....	.....	۳۳۹ میل کے ۲۰۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسی کے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۱۰ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۳۹ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۳	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع باد پور	۳۴۰	دکھن	۱۴	۱۰	۸	۴	۳	۸	.....	.....	۳۳۹ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۴۰ میل کے ۱۷۴۰ فٹ تک مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۳۹ میل کے اخیر پچھم ۱۵ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۴	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۰	اوتر	۱۴	۱۰	۸	۴	۳	۸	.....	.....	ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۳۳۹ میل کے اخیر پچھم ۱۶ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۵	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع مراچی	۳۴۰	دکھن	۱۵	۱۱	۴	۵	۰	۲۳	.....	.....	۳۴۰ میل کے ۱۷۴۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۳۱۴۰ فٹ تک مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۱۳ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم رستہ
۱۶	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۰	اوتر	۱۵	۱۱	۴	۵	۰	۲۳	.....	.....	ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۱۴ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم رستہ
۱۷	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۰	دکھن	۸	۶	۸	۲	۳	۰	.....	.....	۳۴۰ میل کے ۳۸۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب رستہ پچھم ۳۴۰ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنہ اور موضع	اون میلونکی تعداد جنکے اندر زمین واقع ہی	ریلوی کے کسطرف واقع ہی	تخمینی موازی لاٹ بحساب بیگھہ اور ایکر						وہ زمین جو ہر لاٹ مین نیلام سے مستثنی کی گئی ہی				لاٹ کی شروع اور انتہا	لاٹ کی چوحدی
					بیگھہ	کٹھہ	چھٹانک	ایکر	روڈ	پول	خارج ہونیکی وجوہ	ایکر	روڈ	پول		
۱	ضلع بٹنہ	پرگنہ عونپور موضع مراچی	۳۴۰	اوتر	۸	۶	۸	۲	۳	۰	۱۵ و ۱۶ و ۱۷ ۱۸ نمبر لاٹ کا درمیانی رستہ	۰	۰	۱۴	۳۴۰ میل کے ۳۸۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب رستہ پچھم ۳۴۰ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۱	دکھن	۱۴	۳	۸	۴	۲	۳۰	..		۰		۳۴۰ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۴۱ میل کے ۲۷۲۵ فٹ تک مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۴۰ میل کے اخیر پچھم ریلوی لوالکراسنگ
۲۰	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۱	اوتر	۱۴	۳	۸	۴	۲	۳۰	..		..		۳۴۰ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۴۱ میل کے ۲۷۲۵ فٹ تک مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۳۴۰ میل کے اخیر پچھم ریلوی لوالکراسنگ
[illegible]	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۱	دکھن	۹	۱۶	۸	۳	۱	۰	.....		....		۳۴۱ میل کے ۲۷۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ریلوی لوالکراسنگ پچھم ۳۴۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۲۲	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۱	اوتر	۹	۱۶	۸	۳	۱	۰	۱۹ و ۲۰ و ۲۱ و ۲۲ نمبر لاٹ کا درمیانی رستہ	۰	۰	۵	۳۴۱ میل کے ۲۷۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ریلوی لوالکراسنگ پچھم ۳۴۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۲۳	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع مراچی وہاتیدا	۳۴۲	دکھن	[illegible]	۱	۸	۴	۰	۱	.....		...		۳۴۱ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۴۲ میل کے ۱۷۰۰ فٹ تک ختم	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۴۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۲۵ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ

۲۴	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۲	اوتر	۹	۱	۸	۲	۰	۱	......		......		۳۴۱ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۴۲ میل کے ۲۷۰۰ فٹ تک ختم	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۳۴۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچھم ۲۶ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانه
۲۵	ایضا	پرگنه ایضا موضع هاتیدا	۳۴۲	دکھن	۷	۱۴	۱۰	۲	۲	۹	......		......		۳۴۲ میل کے ۱۷۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۳۴۵۰ فٹ تک ختم	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۲۴ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانه پچھم ۲۷ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانه
۲۶	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۲	اوتر	۷	۱۴	۱۰	۲	۲	۹	......		......		۳۴۲ میل کے ۱۷۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۳۴۵۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۲۴ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانه پچھم ۲۸ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانه
۲۷	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۲	دکھن	۷	۱۸	۰	۲	۲	۱۸	رستہ	۰	۰	۴	۳۴۲ میل کے ۳۴۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۲۵ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانه پچھم ۳۴۲ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
۲۸	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۲	اوتر	۷	۱۸	۰	۲	۲	۱۸	ایضا	۰	۰	۴	ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۲۶ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانه پچھم ۳۴۲ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
۲۹	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۳	دکھن	۶	۹	۴	۲	۰	۱۴	......		......		۳۴۲ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۴۳ میل کے ۹۳۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوے کا گھیراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۴۲ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچھم زمینداری زمین
۳۰	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۳	دکھن	۵	۹	۴	۱	۳	۱	....		......		۳۴۳ میل کے ۱۳۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۲۴۴۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب زمینداری زمین پچھم رستہ
۳۱	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۳	اوتر	۱۱	۵	۸	۳	۲	۳۷	....		....		۳۴۳ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۴۳ میل کے ۲۴۴۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۳۴۲ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچھم رستہ

لاٹ کی چوحدی	لاٹ کی شروع اور انتہا	وہ زمین جو ہر لاٹ میں نیلم سے مستثنیٰ کی گئی ہی	تخمینی مواڑی لاٹ بحساب بیگھہ اور کٹھہ										نام پرگنہ جس میں موضع واقع ہی	نام ضلع جس میں پرگنہ واقع ہی	نمبر
			بیگھہ	کٹھہ	بسوا	بسوانسی	بیگھہ	کٹھہ	بسوا	بسوانسی					
			۲	۱	۵	۱۵	۸	۱۸	۱۵		دکھن	۳۴۳	موضع کوڑیپور پرگنہ پرر و دریا پرر	ضلع ہگلی	۳۲
ارثر ریلوے کا گمبرو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب رستہ پچھم ۳۴۳ میل کے اخیر صطابق نقشہ	۳۴۳ میل کے ۴۴۷۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم صطابق نقشہ	.....	۲	۱	۵	۱۵	۸	۱۸	۱۵		ارثر	۳۴۳	ایضا پرگنہ موضع ایضا و صورار پرر	ایضا	۳۳
ارثر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گمبرو پورب رستہ پچھم ۳۴۳ میل کے اخیر صطابق نقشہ	ایضا	۳۰ ۳۱ ۳۲ ۳۳ نمبر لاٹ کا درمیانی رستہ	۳	۱	۵	۱۵	۱۰	۱۸	۱۵		ایضا	۳۴۳	ایضا	ایضا	۳۳
ارثر ریلوے کی گمبرو ارثر زمینداری زمین دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۴۳ میل کے اخیر صطابق نقشہ پچھم ۳۶ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ	۳۴۳ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۴۴ میل کے ۱۰۳۰ فٹ تک ختم صطابق نقشہ	.....	۲۸	۲	۴	۱۴	۲	۱۰	۱۴		دکھن	۳۴۴	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴
ارثر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کی گمبرو پورب ۳۴۳ میل کے اخیر صطابق نقشہ پچھم ۳۷ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ	ایضا	.....	۲۸	۲	۴	۱۴	۲	۱۰	۱۴		ارثر	۳۴۴	ایضا پرگنہ موضع سورار پرر	ایضا	۳۵
ارثر ریلوے کا گمبرو ارثر زمینداری زمین دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۴ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ	۳۴۴ میل کے ۱۰۳۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۳۱۰۰ فٹ تک ختم صطابق نقشہ	.....	۲۹	۱	۳	۷	۱۰	۷	۱۰		دکھن	۳۴۴	ایضا پرگنہ موضع آرنا	ایضا	۳۶
ارثر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گمبرو پورب ۳۵ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ	ایضا	.....	۲۹	۱	۳	۷	۱۰	۷	۱۰		ارثر	۳۴۴	ایضا	ایضا	۳۷

۳۸	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۴	دکھن	۱۴	۴۷	۰	۴	۳	۲۶	.....	.....	۳۴۴ میل کے ۲۱۳۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب رستہ پچھم ۳۴۴ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۳۹	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۴	اوتر	۱۴	۱۷	۰	۴	۳	۲۶	۳۹, ۳۸, ۳۷, ۳۶ نمبر لاٹ کا درمیاني رستہ	۰ ۰ ۲۰	ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب رستہ پچھم ۳۴۴ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۴۰	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۵	دکھن	۳	۴	۰	۱	۰	۹	.....	.....	۳۴۴ عدل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۴۵ میل کے ۶۷۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۴۴ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم رستہ و مکایہ موضع کے سیوانہ
۴۱	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۵	اوتر	۳	۳	۰	۱	۰	۷	.....	....	ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۳۴۴ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم مکایہ موضع کے سیوانہ
۴۲	ایضا	پرگنہ غوث پور موضع مکایا	۳۴۵	دکھن	۱۰	۱۶	۰	۳	۲	۱۱	....	....	۳۴۵ میل کے ۷۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسکے ۳۰۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب رستہ و آوتا موضع کے سیوانہ پچھم ۴۴ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۴۳	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۵	اوتر	۱۰	۱۶	۰	۳	۲	۱۱	....	....	ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب آوتا موضع کے سیوانہ پچھم ۴۵ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۴۴	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۵	دکھن	۱۰	۹	۸	۳	۱	۳۴	رستہ	۰ ۰ ۶	۳۴۵ میل کے ۳۰۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسي کے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۴۳ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۴۵ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۴۵	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۵	اوتر	۱۰	۹	۸	۳	۱	۳۴	ایضا	۰ ۰ ۶	ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۴۳ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۴۵ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنہ اور موضع	اون میلونکی تعداد جنکے اندر زمین واقع ہی	ریلوی کے کسطرف واقع ہی	تخمینی موازی لاٹ بحساب بیگھہ اور ایکر						وہ زمین جو ہر لاٹ مین نیلام سے مستثنی کی گئی ہی				لاٹ کی شروع اور انتہا	لاٹ کی چوحدی
					بیگھہ	کٹھہ	چھٹانک	ایکر	روڈ	پول	خارج ہونیکی وجوہ	ایکر	روڈ	پول		
۴۶	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۶	دکھن	۷	۱۴	۱۰	۲	۲	۹	....		....		۳۴۵ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۴۶ میل کے ۱۷۶۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۴۵ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۴۸ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۴۷	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۶	اوتر	۷	۱۴	۱۰	۲	۲	۹	....		....		ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۳۴۵ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۴۹ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۴۸	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۶	دکھن	۷	۱۴	۱۰	۲	۲	۹	....		....		۳۴۶ میل کے ۱۷۶۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۳۵۲۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۴۶ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۵۰ نمبر لاٹ پورب سیوانہ
۴۹	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۶	اوتر	۷	۱۴	۱۰	۲	۲	۹	....		....		ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۴۷ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۵۱ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۵۰	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۶	دکھن	۷	۱۴	۱۰	۲	۲	۹	....		....		۳۴۶ میل کے ۳۵۲۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسی کے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۴۸ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۴۶ کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۵۱	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۶	اوتر	۷	۶	۸	۲	۱	۲۸	رستہ گنگا ندی جانیکا	-	۰	۲۳	ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۴۹ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۴۶ میل کا اخیر مطابق نقشہ

۵۲	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۷	اوتر	۱	۱۳	۳	۰	۲	۸	....	.....	اور ۳۴۷ میل کے ۳۱۵ فٹ تک حتم مطابق نقشہ	دکھن زمینداری زمین پچھم ریلوے لوالکراسنگ
۵۳	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۷	اوتر	۱	۱۳	۳	۰	۲	۸	....	.....	ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۳۴۶ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ریلوے لوالکراسنگ
۵۴	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۷	دکھن	۸	۳	۸	۲	۲	۳۳	ریلوي لوالکراسنگ رستہ	۰	۳۴۷ میل کے ۳۳۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسي کے اخیر تک حتم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب مکایا اسٹیشن کي زمین پچھم ۳۴۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۵۵	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۷	اوتر	۸	۱۳	۱۴	۲	۳	۲۰	ریلوي لوالکراسنگ رستہ	۰	۳۴۷ میل کے ۳۳۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب مکایا اسٹیشن کي زمین پچھم ۳۴۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۵۶	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۸	دکھن	۷	۷	۰	۲	۱	۲۹	....	.....	۳۴۷ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور اور ۳۴۸ میل کے ۱۷۶۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۴۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۵۸ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۵۷	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۸	اوتر	۷	۷	۰	۲	۱	۲۹	....	.....	۳۴۷ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۴۸ میل کے ۱۷۶۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۳۴۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۵۹ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۵۸	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۸	دکھن	۷	۷	۰	۲	۱	۲۹	.....	.....	۳۴۸ میل کے ۱۸۶۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۳۵۲۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۵۶ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۶۰ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۵۹	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۸	اوتر	۷	۷	۰	۲	۱	۲۹	.....	....	۳۴۸ میل کے ۱۷۶۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۳۵۲۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۵۷ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۶۱ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنہ اور موضع	اون میلوںکی اندر زمین واقع ہی تعداد جنکے	ریلوےکے کسطرف واقع ہی	تخمیني موزي لات بحساب بیگھہ اور ایکر					وہ زمین جو ہرلات مین نیلام سے مستثني کي گئي هي			لات کي شروع اور انتها	لات کي چوحدي
					بیگھہ	کٹھہ	چھٹانک	ایکر	روڈ	پول	خارج هونيکي وجوہ	ایکر	روڈ	پول		
٦٠	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع مکایا وسٹار	٣٤٨	دکھن	٧	٩	٠	٢	١	٣٤	رسته	٠	٠	٥	٣٤٨ میل کے ٣٥٢٠ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیرتک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریاوي کا گھر او دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ٥٨ نمبر لات کا پچھم سیوانه پچھم ٣٤٨ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
٦١	ایضا	ایضا	٣٤٨	اوتر	٧	٩	٠	٢	١	٣٤	رسته	٠	٠	٥	٣٤٨ میل کے ٣٥٢٠ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھر او پورب ٥٩ نمبر لات کا پچھم سیوانه پچھم ٣٤٨ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
٦٢	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع سونار	٣٤٩	دکھن	١٦	٤	١٤	٥	١	١٩	....	.....			٣٤٨ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ٣٤٩ میل کے ٢٩٣٠ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوي کا گھر او دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ٣٤٨ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچھم رسته
٦٣	ایضا	ایضا	٣٤٩	اوتر	١٦	٤	١٤	٥	١	١٩	....	....			٣٤٨ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ٣٤٩ میل کے ٢٩٣٠ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھر او پورب ٣٤٨ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچھم رسته
٦٤	ایضا	ایضا	٣٤٩	دکھن	٨	١٧	٨	٢	٣	٣٠	....	....			٣٤٩ میل کے ٢٩٥٠ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوي کا گھر او دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب رسته پچھم ٣٤١ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
٦٥	ایضا	ایضا	٣٤٩	اوتر	٨	١٧	٨	٢	٣	٣٠	٦٢ و ٦٣ و ٦٤ و ٦٥ نمبر لاٹکا درمیاني رسته	٠	٠	١٦	٣٤٩ میل کے ٢٩٥٠ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھر او پورب رسته

٦٦	ایضا	پرگنه ایضا موضع ایضا و برکپور	٣٥٠	دکهن	١٣	١٠	٠	٤	١	٣٤	.....		.....		٣٥٠ میل کے ٢٩٥٠ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	دکهن زمینداری زمین پورب ٣٤٩ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچهم رسته
٦٧	ایضا	ایضا	٣٥٠	اوتر	١٢	١٠	٠	٤	١	٣٤	.....		.....		٣٤٩ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ٣٥٠ میل کے ٢٩٥٠ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکهن ریلوی کا گهراو پورب ٣٤٩ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچهم رسته
٦٨	ایضا	پرگنه ایضا موضع برکپور	٣٥٠	دکهن	٩	١٠	١٠	٣	٠	٢٤	....		....		٣٥٠ میل کے ٢٩٧٠ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسی کے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوی کا گهراو دکهن زمینداری زمین پورب رسته پچهم ٣٥٠ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
٦٩	ایضا	ایضا	٣٥٠	اوتر	٩	١٠	١٠	٣	٠	٢٤	٦٦, ٦٧, ٦٨, ٦٩ نمبر لاٹ کا درمیانی رسته	٠	٠	٦	ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکهن ریلوی کا گهراو پورب رسته پچهم ٣٥٠ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
٧٠	ایضا	ایضا	٣٥١	دکهن	٩	٦	٨	٣	٠	١٣	....		....		٣٥٠ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ٣٥١ میل کے ٢١٥٠ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوی کا گهراو دکهن زمینداری زمین پورب ٣٥٠ میل کے اخیر پچهم رسته
٧١	ایضا	ایضا	٣٥١	اوتر	٩	٦	٨	٣	٠	١٣	....		....		ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکهن ریلوی کا گهراو پورب ٣٥٠ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچهم رسته
٧٢	ایضا	پرگنه ایضا موضع مور	٣٥١	دکهن	١٤	١٣	٠	٤	٣	١٥	....		....		٣٥١ میل کے ٢١٨٠ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسی کے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوی کا گهراو دکهن زمینداری زمین پورب رسته پچهم ٣٥١ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
٧٣	ایضا	ایضا	٣٥١	اوتر	١٣	٠	٠	٤	١	٨	٧٠, ٧١, ٧٢, ٧٣ نمبر لاٹ کا درمیانی رسته	٠	٠	٨	٣٥١ میل کے ٢١٨٠ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ٤٧٣٠ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکهن ریلوی کا گهراو پورب رسته پچهم غرقی زمین

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنہ اور موضع	اون ملکونکی تعداد جنکے اندر زمین واقع ہی	ریلوے کسطرف واقع ہی	تخمینی موازی لاٹ بحساب بیگھہ اور ایکر: بیگھہ	کٹھہ	چھٹانک	ایکر	روڈ	پول	وہ زمین جو ہر لاٹ مین نیلام سے مستثنی کی گئی ہی: خارج ہونیکی وجوہ	ایکر	روڈ	پول	لاٹ کی شروع اور انتہا	لاٹ کی چوحدی
۱۴	ضلع پٹنہ	پرگنہ غوثپور موضع مور	۳۵۲	دکھن	۱۱	۱۹	۸	۳	۳	۳۴	....		....		۳۵۱ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۵۲ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۵۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۷۶ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۷۵	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۲	اوتر	۱۱	۱۹	۸	۳	۳	۳۴	....		....		ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۳۵۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۷۷ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۷۶	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۲	دکھن	۱۱	۰	۸	۳	۲	۲۳	....		....		۳۵۲ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسی کے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۷۴ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۵۲ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۷۷	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۲	اوتر	۱۱	۰	۸	۳	۲	۲۳	....		....		ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۷۵ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۵۲ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۷۸	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع سلطان پور	۳۵۳	دکھن	۱۱	۷	۰	۳	۳	۰	رستہ	۰	۰	۵	۳۵۲ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۵۳ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۵۲ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۸۰ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۷۹	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۲	اوتر	۱۱	۷	۰	۳	۳	۰	ایضا	۰	۰	۵	ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۳۵۲ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۸۱ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ

۸۰	ایضا	پرگنه ایضا موضع ایضا وکفائي پور	۳۵۳	دکھن	۱۱	۱۴	۵	۳	۳	۲۰	.....		....	۳۵۳ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۷۸ نمبر لات کا پچھم سیوانه پچھم ۳۵۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
۸۱	ایضا	پرگنه خوشپور موضع سلطانپور وکفائي پور	۳۵۳	اوتر	۱۱	۱۴	۵	۳	۳	۲۰	....		....	۳۵۳ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۷۹ نمبر لات کا پچھم سیوانه پچھم ۳۵۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
۸۲	ایضا	پرگنه ایضا موضع کفائي پور و سکرا	۳۵۴	دکھن	۶	۱۳	۰	۲	۰	۳۲	....		.....	۳۵۳ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۵۴ میل کے ۱۵۲۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۵۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچھم رسته
۸۳	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۴	اوتر	۶	۱۳	۰	۲	۰	۳۳	.....		.. ...	۳۵۳ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۵۴ میل کے ۱۵۲۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۳۵۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچھم رسته
۸۴	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۴	دکھن	۸	۷	۰	۲	۳	۲	.....۰		.....	۳۵۴ میل کے ۱۵۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسکے ۳۴۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب رسته پچھم ۸۶ نمبر لات کا پورب سیوانه
۸۵	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۴	اوتر	۸	۶	۰	۲	۲	۳۹	....		....	۳۵۴ میل ۱۵۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسکے ۳۴۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب رسته پچھم ۸۷ نمبر لات کا پورب سیوانه
۸۶	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۴	دکھن	۸	۱۴	۰	۲	۳	۲۰	رسته	۰	۶	۳۵۴ میل کے ۳۴۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۸۴ نمبر لات کا پچھم سیوانه پچھم ۳۵۴ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
۸۷	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۴	اوتر	۸	۹	۰	۲	۳	۷	ایضا ۸۲ ،۸۳ ،۸۴ ،۸۵ نمبر لات کا درمیاني رسته	۰ ۰	۶ ۱۲	۳۵۴ میل کے ۳۴۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۸۵ نمبر لات کا پچھم سیوانه پچھم ۳۵۴ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنہ اور موضع	ارن میلونکی تعداد جنکے اندر زمین واقع ہی	ریلوے کسطرف واقع ہی	تخمینی موازی لاٹ بحساب بیگھہ اور ایکر: بیگھہ	کٹھہ	چھٹانک	ایکر	رود	پول	وہ زمین جو ہر لاٹ مین نیلام سے مستثنی کی گئی ہی: خارج ہونیکی وجوہ	ایکر	رود	پول	لاٹ کی شروع اور انتہا	لاٹ کی چوحدی
۸۸	ضلع پٹنہ	پرگنہ غوث پور موضع کنائی پور و مکرا	۳۵۵	دکھن	۱۳	۱۹	۰	۴	۲	۱۸	....		....		۳۵۴ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۵۵ میل کے ۲۴۳۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۵۴ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم رستہ
۸۹	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۵	اوتر	۱۳	۱۹	۰	۴	۲	۱۸	....		....		۳۵۴ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۵۵ میل کے ۲۴۳۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۳۵۴ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم رستہ
۹۰	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع پنارک	۳۵۵	دکھن	۱۴	۸	۰	۴	۳	۲	.....		.....		۳۵۵ میل کے ۲۴۶۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب رستہ پچھم ۳۵۵ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۹۱	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۵	اوتر	۱۴	۸	۰	۴	۳	۲	۸۸، ۸۹، ۹۰، ۹۱ نمبر لاٹ کا درمیانی رستہ	۰	۰	۱۱	۳۵۵ میل کے ۲۴۶۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب رستہ پچھم ۳۵۵ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۹۲	ایضا	ایضا	۲۵۶	دکھن	۱۸	۰	۰	۵	۳	۳۲	....		....		۳۵۵ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۵۶ میل کے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۵۵ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۳۵۶ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۹۳	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۶	اوتر	۱۸	۰	۰	۵	۳	۳۲	....		....		۳۵۵ میل کے خیر سے شروع اور ۳۵۶ میل کے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۳۵۵ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۳۵۶ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ

	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۷	دکھن	۱۲	۱۲	۱۶	۴	۰	۳۹	....	....	۳۵۶ میل کے خیر شروع اور ۳۵۷ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۵۶ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۹۶ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۹۵	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۷	اوتر	۱۲	۱۶	۱۲	۴	۰	۳۹	....	....	ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۳۵۶ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۹۷ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۹۶	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۷	دکھن	۱۴	۱	-	۴	۲	۲۳	رقبہ	۰ ۰ ۵	۳۵۷ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسی کے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۹۴ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۵۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۹۷	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۷	اوتر	۱۴	۱	-	۴	۲	۲۳	رقبہ	۹ ۰ ۰	ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۹۵ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۵۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۹۸	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۸	دکھن	۱۰	۸	۸	۳	۱	۳۲	....	....	۳۵۷ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۵۸ میل کے ۱۷۶۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۵۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۱۰۰ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۹۹	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۸	اوتر	۱۰	۸	۸	۳	۱	۳۲	....	....	ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۳۵۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۱۰۱ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۰۰	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۸	دکھن	۱۰	۸	۸	۳	۱	۳۲	....	....	۳۵۸ میل کے ۱۷۶۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسی کے ۳۵۲۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۹۸ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۱۰۲ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۰۱	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۸	اوتر	۱۰	۸	۸	۳	۱	۳۲	....	....	ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۹۹ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۱۰۳ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنہ اور موضع	اون میلونکی تعداد جنکے اندر زمین واقع ہی	ریلوے کسطرف واقع ہی	تخمینی موازی لاٹ بحساب بیگھہ اور ایکر						وہ زمین جو ہر لاٹ میں نیلام سے مستثنی کی گئی ہی				لاٹ کی شروع اور انتہا	لاٹ کی چوحدی
					بیگھہ	کٹھہ	چھٹانک	ایکر	روڈ	پول	خارج ہونیکی وجوہ	ایکر	روڈ	پول		
۱۰۲	ضلع پٹنہ	پرگنہ غوثپور موضع پنارک	۳۵۸	دکھن	۱۰	۹	۱۴	۳	۱	۳۵	....		....		۳۵۸ میل کے ۳۵۲۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسی کے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۱۰۰ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۵۸ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۰۳	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۸	اوتر	۱۰	۹	۱۴	۳	۱	۳۵	....		....		ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۱۰۱ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۵۸ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۰۴	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۹	دکھن	۷	۱۹	۰	۲	۲	۲۱	....		....		۳۵۸ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۵۹ میل کے ۱۱۲۵ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۵۸ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۱۰۶ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۰۵	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۹	اوتر	۷	۱۹	۰	۲	۲	۲۱	....		....		۳۵۸ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۵۹ میل کے ۱۱۲۵ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۳۵۸ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۱۰۷ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۰۶	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع ریلی	۳۵۹	دکھن	۲۲	۱۰	۶	۷	۱	۳۱	....		....		۳۵۹ میل کے ۱۱۲۵ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسی کے ۴۳۴۵ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۱۰۴ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۱۰۸ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۰۷	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۹	اوتر	۲۲	۱۰	۶	۷	۱	۳۱	....		....		ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۱۰۵ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۱۰۹ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ

۱۰۸	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع لچھمی پور	۳۵۹	دکھن	۶	۳	۱۰	۲	۰	۷	....	....	[illegible] شروع اور اوسي کے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۱۰۶ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۵۹ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۰۹	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۹	اوتر	۶	۳	۱۰	۲	۰	۷	....	....	ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۱۰۷ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۵۹ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۱۰	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۰	دکھن	۱۰	۱۷	۰	۳	۲	۱۴	....	....	۳۵۹ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۶۰ میل کے ۱۵۷۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۵۹ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۱۱۲ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۱۱	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۰	اوتر	۱۰	۱۷	۰	۳	۲	۱۴	....	....	ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۳۵۹ میل کے اخیر پچھم ۱۱۳ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۱۲	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع نریار پور و سنورا	۳۶۰	دکھن	۱۵	۱۶	۸	۵	۰	۳۷	....	....	۳۶۰ میل کے ۱۵۷۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسی کے ۳۹۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۱۱۰ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۱۱۴ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۱۳	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۰	اوتر	۱۵	۱۶	۸	۵	۰	۳۷	....	....	ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۱۱۱ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۱۱۵ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۱۴	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع دھیبر	۳۶۰	دکھن	۹	۸	۸	۳	۰	۱۹	....	....	۳۶۰ میل کے ۳۹۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسي کے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۱۱۲ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۶۰ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۱۵	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۰	اوتر	۹	۸	۸	۳	۰	۱۹	....	....	ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۱۱۳ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۶۰ میل کے اخیر

لات نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنه اور موضع	اون میلوں کی تعداد جو کہ اندر زمین واقع ہی	ریلوے کی کسطرف واقع ہی	تخمیني عمودي لات بحساب بیگھه اور ایکر					وہ زمین جو هر لات مین نیلام سے مستثني کي گئي هي		لات کي شروع اور انتها	لات کي چوحدي
					بیگھه	کٹھه	جھٹانک	ایکر	بیگھه	خارج هونیکي وجوہ	ایکر بیگھه		
۱۱۶	ضلع پٹنه	پرگنه غوثپور موضع دهیبر	۳۶۱	دکھن	۲	۸	۰	۰	۷	....		۳۶۰ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۶۱ میل کے ۴۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریاوي کا گهراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۶۰ میل کے اخیر پچھم نالا
۱۱۷	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۱	اوتر	۲	۵	۴	۰	۰	....		۳۶۰ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۶۱ میل کے ۳۵۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گهراو پورب ۳۶۰ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچھم نالا
۱۱۸	ایضا	پرگنه ایضا موضع پرپور نیمب پور	۳۶۱	دکھن	۱۴	۶	۱۲	۴	۳۹	....		۳۶۱ میله کے ۴۲۵ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۲۵۵۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوي کا گهراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب نالا پچھم ۱۲۰ نمبر لات کا پورب سیوانه
۱۱۹	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۱	اوتر	۱۴	۸	۱۲	۴	۴	.....		۳۶۱ میل کے ۳۷۵ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۲۵۵۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي گهراو پورب نالا پچھم ۱۲۱ نمبر لات کا پورب سیوانه
۱۲۰	ایضا	پرگنه ایضا موضع شهوریا	۳۶۱	دکھن	۱۶	۱۲	۰	۵	۳۸	....		۳۶۱ میل کے ۲۵۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوي کا گهراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۱۱۸ نمبر لات کا پچھم سیوانه پچھم ۳۶۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
۱۲۱	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۱	اوتر	۱۶	۱۲	۰	۵۰	۳۸	و۱۱۶ و ۱۱۷ و۱۱۸ و ۱۱۹ نمبر لات کا درمیاني نالا	۶۱ ۰ ۰	۳۶۱ میل کے ۲۵۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گهراو پورب ۱۱۹ نمبر لات کا پچھم سیوانه پچھم ۳۶۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه

۱۲۲	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۲	دکھن	۱۰	۵	۰	۳	۱	۳۲	.....	.....			۳۶۱ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۶۲ میل کے ۲۰۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۶۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۱۲۴ نمبر لات کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۲۳	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۲	اوتر	۱۰	۵	۰	۳	۱	۲۲	....	....			۳۶۱ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۶۲ میل کے ۲۰۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۳۶۱ میل اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۱۲۵ نمبر لات کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۲۴	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع شہوریا و جمونیا و نازیہ پور	۳۶۲	دکھن	۱۴	۰	۰	۴	۲	۲۰	.....	....			۳۶۲ میل کے ۲۰۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۱۲۲ نمبر لات کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۶۲ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۲۵	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۲	اوتر	۱۴	۰	۰	۴	۲	۲۰	....	.....			۳۶۲ میل کے ۲۰۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۱۲۳ نمبر لات کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۶۲ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۲۶	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع نازیہ پور	۳۶۳	دکھن	۲	۲	۸	۰	۲	۳۳	....	.....			۳۶۲ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۶۳ میل کے ۴۷۵ فٹ تک ختم	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۶۲ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ریلوي کمپني کے رکھا ہوا زمین
۱۲۷	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع برنا زاھد پور و برنا	۳۶۳	دکھن	۵	۵	۸	۱	۲	۳۹	....	.....			۳۶۳ میل کے ۴۰۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ریلوي کمپني کے رکھا ہوا زمین پچھم ۳۶۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۲۸	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۳	اوتر	۵	۵	۸	۱	۲	۳۹	ریلوي کمپني کي رکھا ہوا زمین گنگا ندي مین جایکارستہ کے واسطے چھوڑا ہوا زمین	۳ ۱ ۰ ۰ ۲ ۳۳			۳۶۳ میل کے ۴۰۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ریلوي کمپني کے رکھا ہوا زمین پچھم ۳۶۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۲۹	ایضا	پرگنہ غوثپور موضع برنا و دلیسمن چک	۳۶۳	دکھن	۱۸	۱۰	۰	۶	۰	۱۹	....	....			۳۶۳ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۶۴ میل کے ۳۵۵۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۶۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم زمینداري زمین

لائن نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنه اور موضع	اون میلوکي تعداد جنکي اندر زمین واقع هی	ریلوےکے کسطرف واقع هی	تخمیني موزي لائن بحساب بیگهه اور ایکر						وه زمین جو هر لائن مین نیلام سے مستثني کي گئي هی			لائن کي شروع اور انتها	لائن کي چوحدي
					بیگهه	کٹهه	چهٹانک	ایکر	رود	پول	خارج هونیکي وجوه	ایکر	رود	پول	
۱۳۰	ضلع پٹنه	پرگنه غوثپور موضع برنا و دلیسمن چك	۳۶۴	اوتر	۱۸	۱۰	۰	۶	۰	۱۹	....		....	۳۶۳ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۶۴ میل کے ۳۵۵۰ فت تك ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکهن ریلوي کا گهراو پورب ۳۶۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچهم زمینداري زمین
۱۳۱	ایضا	پرگنه ایضا موضع بهٹوان	۳۶۴	دکهن	۷	۰	۰	۲	۱	۱۰	....		....	۳۶۴ میل کے ۴۰۰۰ فت سے شروع اور اوسکے اخیر تك ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوي کا گهراو دکهن زمینداری زمین پورب زمینداري زمین پچهم ۳۶۴ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
۱۳۲	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۴	اوتر	۷	۰	۰	۲	۱	۰	....		....	ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکهن ریلوي کا گهراو پورب زمینداري زمین پچهم ۳۶۴ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
۱۳۳	ایضا	پرگنه ایضا موضع ایضا شیخ پور و اکبرپور	۳۶۵	دکهن	۱۲	۱۸	۰	۴	۱	۲	نالا	۰	۰	۳	۳۶۴ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۶۵ میل کے ۲۹۵۰ فت تك مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوي کا گهراو دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۶۴ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچهم ریلوي اوالکراسنگ
۱۳۴	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۵	اوتر	۱۳	۱۰	۰	۴	۱	۳۴	نالا	۰	۰	۳	ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکهن ریلوي کا گهراو پورب ۳۶۵ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچهم ریلوي اوالکراسنگ
۱۳۵	ایضا	پرگنه ایضا موضع ابراهیم پور و سلامپور و گوبندپور و چلگو بندپور	۳۶۵	دکهن	۱۰	۴	۰	۳	۱	۱۰	....		....	۳۶۵ میل ۲۹۷۰ فت سے شروع اور اوسکے اخیر تك مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوي کا گهراو دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب ریلوي اوالکراسنگ پچهم میل ۵۳۶ کے اخیر مطابق نقشه

۱۳۷	ایضا	پرگنه ایضا موضع جلگوفه و دهور	۳۶۶	دکهن	۱۳	۰	۰	۴	۱	۸	رسته و پیعار	۰	۰	۲۶	۳۶۵ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۶۶ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فت تک ختم مطابق نقشه	دکهن ریلوي کا گهرو نورب ریلوي اوالکراسنگ پچهم ۳۶۵ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
۱۳۸	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۶	اوتر	۱۳	۰	۰	۴	۱	۸	ایضا	۰	۰	۲۶	ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکهن ریلوي کا گهراو پورب ۳۶۵ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچهم ۱۳۱ نمبر کا لات پورب سیوانه
۱۳۹	ایضا	پرگنه ایضا موضع دهور و اچورا	۳۶۶	دکهن	۱۰	۱۰	۰	۳	۱	۳۶	....		....		۳۶۶ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فت سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوي کا گهراو دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب ۱۳۸ نمبر کا لات پچهم سیوانه پچهم ۳۶۶ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
۱۴۰	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۶	اوتر	۱۰	۱۴	۰	۳	۲	۶	....		....		ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکهن ریلوي کا گهراو پورب ۱۳۹ نمبر لات کا پچهم سیوانه پچهم ۳۶۶ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
۱۴۱	ایضا	پرگنه ایضا موضع اچورا و راز پور وحسین چک	۳۶۷	دکهن	۱۰	۵	۰	۳	۱	۲۲	رسته	۰	۰	۳	۳۶۶ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۶۷ میل کے ۲۹۵۰ فت تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوي کا گهرو دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۶۶ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچهم ریلوي اوالکراسنگ
۱۴۲	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۷	اوتر	۱۰	۵	۰	۳	۱	۲۲	رسته	۰	۰	۳	ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکهن ریلوي کا گهراو پورب ۳۶۶ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچهم ریلوي اوالکراسنگ
۱۴۳	ایضا	پرگنه ایضا موضع نظام پور شروهر پور	۳۶۷	دکهن	۶	۲	۱۲	۲	۰	۵	....		....		۳۶۷ میل کے ۲۹۸۰ فت سے شروع اور اسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوي کا گهراو دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب ریلوي اوالکراسنگ پچهم ۳۶۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه

۱۳۷ نمبر لاتکا درمیاني رسته

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنہ اور موضع	اون میلونکی تعداد جنکے اندر زمین واقع ہی	ریلوے کسطرف واقع ہی	تخمیني موازي لاٹ بحساب بیگھہ اور ایکر						وہ زمین جو ہر لاٹ مین نیلام سے مستثني کي گئي ہی				لاٹ کي شروع اور انتہا	لاٹ کي چوحدي
					بیگھہ	کٹھہ	چھٹانک	ایکر	روڈ	پول	خارج ہونیکي وجوہ	ایکر	روڈ	پول		
۱۴۴	ضلع پٹنہ	پرگنہ عوثپور موضع نظام پور شروہر پور	۳۶۷	اوتر	۶	۲	۱۲	۲	۰	۵	۱۴۲, ۱۴۳, ۱۴۴, ۱۴۵, نمبر لاٹکا درمیاني رستہ	۰	۰	۹	۳۶۷ میل کے ۲۹۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ریلوي لوالکراسنگ پچھم ۳۶۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۴۵	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع شروہر پور کلن پور	۳۶۸	دکھن	۶	۰	۰	۱	۳	۳۸	....		....		۳۶۷ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۶۸ میل کے ۲۱۵۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۶۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۱۴۸ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۴۶	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۸	اوتر	۶	۰	۰	۱	۳	۳۸	....		....		ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۳۶۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۱۴۹ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۴۷	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع کلیان پور و ساتو کھڈ	۳۶۸	دکھن	۳	۱۹	۰	۱	۱	۹	....		....		۳۶۸ میل کے ۲۱۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۳۵۶۵ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۱۴۶ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ریلوي لوالکراسنگ
۱۴۸	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۸	اوتر	۴	۸	۸	۱	۱	۳۴	....		....		۳۶۸ میل کے ۲۱۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور ۳۵۶۵ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۱۲۷ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ریلوي لولکراسنگ
۱۴۹	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع ساتو خورد و بہادر پور	۳۶۸	دکھن	۴	۱۱	۱۰	۱	۲	۲	....		....		۳۶۸ میل کے ۳۵۹۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ریلوي لوالکراسنگ پچھم ۳۶۸ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ

۱۵۱	ایضاً	پرگنہ ایضاً ضلع بہادر پور و صرفنما پور و جہال پور	ایضاً	۳۶۹		۲	۳	۱۸	۱۵۰، ۱۴۹، ۱۴۸ دسمبر لائکا درمیانی رستہ	....		۳۶۸ میل ۷ اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۶۹ میل ۷ ۲۹۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	ایضاً	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ریلوے لوائکرسنگ پچھم ۳۶۸ میل ۷ اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۵۲	ایضاً	پرگنہ یضاً ضلع جہال پور و کولیان پور	ایضاً	۳۶۹		۲	۳	۲۳		....			ایضاً	اتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۳۶۸ میل ۷ اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم زمینداری زمین
۱۵۳	ایضاً	پرگنہ یضاً ضلع جہال پور و کولیان پور	ایضاً	۳۶۹		۲	۰	۰	رسنہ	....	۴	۳۶۹ میل ۷ ۳۲۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	ایضاً	اتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب زمینداری زمین پچھم ۳۶۹ میل ۷ اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۵۴	ایضاً	پرگنہ یضاً ضلع ایضاً و دولتپور	ایضاً	۳۷۰		۳	۰	۲۰		....	۴	۳۶۹ میل ۷ ۳۲۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	ایضاً	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب زمینداری زمین پچھم ۳۶۹ میل ۷ اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۵۵	ایضاً	پرگنہ غوثپور موضع کلیان پور و دولتپور	ایضاً	۳۷۰		۳	۰	۲۰		....		۳۶۹ میل ۷ اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۷۰ میل ۷ ۲۹۳۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	ایضاً	اتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۶۹ میل ۷ اخیر پچھم ریلوے لوائکراسنگ
۱۵۶	ایضاً	پرگنہ ایضاً موضع پیراگپور دولتپور و ہرواہرلی اسمان پور و مخدوم پور	ایضاً	۳۷۰		۲	۳	۶		....		۳۷۰ میل ۷ ۲۹۶۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	ایضاً	اتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۳۶۹ میل ۷ اخیر پچھم ریلوے لوائکراسنگ
۱۵۷	ایضاً	پرگنہ ایضاً موضع پیراگپور دولتپور و ہرواہرلی اسمان پور و مخدوم پور	ایضاً	۳۷۰		۲	۳	۶		....			ایضاً	اتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۳۶۹ میل ۷ اخیر پچھم ریلوے لوائکراسنگ
۱۵۶	ایضاً	پرگنہ غوثپور موضع کلیان پور و دولتپور	ایضاً	۳۷۰		۳	۰	۲۰		....		۳۶۹ میل ۷ اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۷۰ میل ۷ ۲۹۳۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	ایضاً	اتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۳۶۹ میل ۷ اخیر پچھم ریلوے لوائکراسنگ
۱۵۵	ایضاً	پرگنہ یضاً ضلع ایضاً و دولتپور	ایضاً	۳۷۰		۳	۰	۲۰		....	۴	۳۶۹ میل ۷ ۳۲۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	ایضاً	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب زمینداری زمین پچھم ۳۶۹ میل ۷ اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۵۴	ایضاً	پرگنہ یضاً ضلع جہال پور و کولیان پور	ایضاً	۳۶۹		۲	۰	۵	ایضاً	....	۴	۳۶۹ میل ۷ ۳۲۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	ایضاً	اتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب زمینداری زمین پچھم ۳۶۸ میل ۷ اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۵۳	ایضاً	پرگنہ یضاً ضلع جہال پور و کولیان پور	ایضاً	۳۶۹		۲	۰	۰	رسنہ	....	۴	۳۶۸ میل ۷ اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۶۹ میل ۷ ۲۹۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	ایضاً	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ریلوے لوائکرسنگ پچھم ۳۶۸ میل ۷ اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۵۲	ایضاً	پرگنہ یضاً ضلع بہادر پور و صرفنما پور و جہال پور	ایضاً	۳۶۹		۲	۳	۲۳		....			ایضاً	اتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب زمینداری زمین پچھم زمینداری زمین
۱۵۱	ایضاً	پرگنہ ایضاً ضلع بہادر پور و صرفنما پور و جہال پور	ایضاً	۳۶۹		۲	۳	۱۸	۱۵۰، ۱۴۹، ۱۴۸ دسمبر لائکا درمیانی رسنہ	....		۳۶۸ میل ۷ اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۶۹ میل ۷ ۲۹۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	ایضاً	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ریلوے لوائکرسنگ پچھم ۳۶۸ میل ۷ اخیر مطابق نقشہ

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنہ اور موضع	اون میلونکی تعداد جنکے اندر زمین واقع ہی	ریلوے کی طرف واقع ہی	تخمینی موازی لاٹ بحساب بیگھہ اور ایکر						وہ زمین جو ہر لاٹ مین نیلام سے مستثنی کی گئی ہی				لاٹ کی شروع اور انتہا	لاٹ کی چوحدی
					بیگھہ	کٹھہ	چھٹانک	ایکر	روڈ	پول	خارج ہونیکی وجوہ	ایکر	روڈ	پول		
۱۵۸	ضلع پٹنہ	پرگنہ غوثپور موضع پیراگپور و دولتپور و مہولی اسمانپور و مخدوم پور	۳۷۰	اتر	۸	۸	۸	۲	۳	۶	۱۵۸, ۱۵۷, ۱۵۶ ۱۵۹ نمبر لاٹکا درمیانی رستہ	۰	۰	۶	۳۷۰ میل کے ۲۹۶۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ریلوی لوالکراسنگ پچھم ۳۷۰ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۵۹	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع مخدوم پور و مہولی اسمانپور و دریا پور	۳۷۱	دکھن	۱۷	۱۸	۰	۵	۳	۲۷	....		....		۳۷۰ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۷۱ میل ۳۲۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۷۰ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ریلوی لوالکراسنگ
۱۶۰	ایضا	ایضا	۳۷۱	اتر	۱۹	۷	۰	۶	۱	۲۴	....		....		ایضا	اتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۳۷۰ میل کے اخیر پچھم ریلوی لوالکراسنگ
۱۶۱	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع مرار علیپور	۳۷۱	دکھن	۱۰	۴	۳	۳	۱	۲۰	....		....		۳۷۱ میل کے ۳۲۳۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ریلوی لوالکراسنگ پچھم ۳۷۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۶۲	ایضا	ایضا	۳۷۱	اتر	۱۰	۴	۳	۳	۱	۲۰	۱۶۲, ۱۶۱, ۱۶۰ ۱۶۳, نمبر لاٹکا درمیانی رستہ	۰	۰	۹	ایضا	اتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ریلوی لوالکراسنگ پچھم ۳۷۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۶۳	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع سمنیا	۳۷۲	دکھن	۱۰	۲	۰	۳	۱	۱۴	....		....		۳۷۱ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۷۲ میل کے ۱۹۵۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۳۷۱ میل کے اخیر پچھم ۱۶۶ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ

	ایضا	ایضا	۳۷۲	اوتر	۱۰	۰	۰	۳	۱	۹	....	....	ایضا	اوترزمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۳۷۱ میل کے اخیر پچھم ۱۶۷ نمبرلات کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۶۵	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع خوردا	۳۷۲	دکھن	۳	۰	۰	۰	۳	۳۹	....	....	۳۷۲ میل کے ۱۹۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۲۶۲۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوترریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۱۶۴ نمبرلات کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۱۶۸ نمبرلات کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۶۶	ایضا	ایضا	۳۷۲	اوتر	۳	۰	۰	۰	۳	۳۹	....	....	۳۷۲ میل کے ۱۹۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۲۶۲۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوترزمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۱۶۵ نمبرلات کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۱۶۹ نمبرلات کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۶۷	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع مانکپور	۳۷۲	دکھن	۱۱	۲	۰	۳	۲	۲۷	....	....	۳۷۲ میل کے ۲۶۲۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوترریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۱۶۶ نمبرلات کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۷۲ میل کے اخیر
۱۶۸	ایضا	ایضا	۳۷۲	اوتر	۱۱	۹	۰	۳	۲	۳۸	....	....	ایضا	اوترزمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۱۶۷ نمبرلات کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۷۲ میل کے اخیر
۱۶۹	ضا	پرگنہ غوث پور موضع مانکپور و نزروك و محمد پور	۳۷۳	دکھن	۸	۳	۰	۲	۲	۳۱	....	....	۳۷۲ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۷۳ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوترریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۷۲ میل کے اخیر پچھم ۱۷۱ نمبرلات کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۷۰	ایضا	ایضا	۳۷۳	اوتر	۸	۱۲	۰	۲	۳	۱۵	....	....	ایضا	اوترزمیندا ي زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۳۷۲ میل کے اخیر پچھم ۱۷۲ نمبرلات کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۷۱	ایضا	پرگنہ غوث پور موضع و راني سراے و راگھب پور	۳۷۳	دکھن	۸	۱۳	۰	۲	۳	۱۸	....	....	۳۷۳ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوترریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۱۶۹ نمبرلات کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۷۲ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنہ اور موضع	اون میلونکی تعداد جنکے اندر زمین واقع ہی	ریلوی کے کسطرف واقع ہی	تخمینی موازی لاٹ بحساب بیگھہ اور ایکر: بیگھہ	کٹھہ	چھٹانک	ایکر	رود	پول	وہ زمین جو ہر لاٹ میں نیلام سے مستثنی کی گئی ہی: خارج ہونیکی وجوہ	ایکر	رود	پول	لاٹ کی شروع اور انتہا	لاٹ کی چوحدی
۱۷۲	ضلع پٹنہ	پرگنہ غوثپور موضع ملکپور و بزرگ محمد پور و رای سرای و اگھت پور	۳۷۳	اوتر	۰	۵	۰	۲	۲	۳۷	....		....		۳۷۳ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۱۷۰ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سوانہ پچھم ۳۷۲ میل کے اخیر
۱۷۳	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع اگھت پور	۳۷۴	دکھن	۶	۱۵	۰	۲	۰	۳۷	....		....		۳۷۳ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۷۴ میل کے ۱۸۸۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۷۳ میل کے اخیر پچھم ریلوی کمپنی کی رکھا ہوا زمین
۱۷۴	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع ایضا و محمد پور	۳۷۴	اوتر	۹	۸	۰	۳	۰	۱۷	ریلوی کمپنی کے رکھا ہوا زمین	۲	۳	۱۷	۳۷۳ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۷۴ میل کے ۳۱۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۳۷۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم بختیار پور اسٹیشن کے زمین

۲۹ مئی سنہ ۱۸۷۴ ع

W. HEYSHAM
ریلوی ڈپوٹی کلکٹر مقام ۔ گلپور

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Cuttack will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's office of that district, on the 17th day of July 1874, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th day of April 1874.

Class II—Temporarily settled Estates

No. 1847.—Mehal Mouzah Ummer, Pergunnah Matkatungar; recorded proprietor, Sadanund Mahapatra; sudder jumma, Rs. 319-12-10; will be sold for arrears of Government revenue amounting to Rs. 159-14.

No. 2200.—Mehal Mouzah Barhapur, pergunnah Hariburpur. Recorded proprietors Nityanund Patnaik, Gourang Charan Dass, Sadanund Mahapatra, Srikrishna Mahapatra, Radhakrishna Mahapatra, Jagabundhu Pasait, Kunjabehari Pasait, and Parmanund Canoongo. Sudder jumma, Rs. 519-13-9½, of which Rs. 346-9-1½ to be deducted on account of the jumma of the share of Nityanund Patnaik, Gourang Charan Dass, Srikrishna Mahapatra, Radhakrishna Mahapatra, Kunjabehari Pasait, Jagabundhu Pasait, and Parmanund Canoongo, with whom separate accounts have been opened, as per Section 10, Act XI of 1859 The sudder jumma advertised for sale is Rs. 173-4-8, on account of the jumma of the share of Sadanund Mahapatra. This share will be sold for arrears of Government revenue.

CUTTACK COLLECTORATE, the 12th May 1874. JOHN BEAMES, *Collector*.

ଭୂମି ବନ୍ଦୋବସ୍ତ ଲମ୍ବାଦ୍ୱାର ।

ଜଲ୍ଲା କଟକ ।

ସନ ୧୮୫୯ ମସିହା ୧୧ ଅଇନ ୭ ଧାରାମତେ ସମ୍ବାଦ ଦିଆ ଯାଉଅଛୁ ଏ ଜଲ୍ଲା କଟକସ୍ଥ ଉଲ୍ଲିଖିତ ମାହାଲ୍‌ର ସନ ୧୮୭୪ ମସିହା ତା ୬୮ ଜୁଲାଇ ଅଗ୍ରେଲ୍ କଚ୍ଛିରି ମାଲଗୁଜାର ବାକି ବାବତ ୧୮୭୪ ମସିହା ତା ୧୭ ଜୁଲାଇ ମୁତାବକ ଶ୍ରାବଣ ୪ ଦିନ ସନ ୧୧୮୧ ଫସଲି ସେଜ ଶୁକ୍ରବାର ଉକ୍ତ ଜଲ୍ଲାର କଲେକ୍ଟରର କଚେରୀରେ ନିମ୍ନ ଓଜରରେ ନିଲାମ କରା ଯିବ ।

ଦ୍ୱିତୀୟ ଶ୍ରେଣୀ ।

ଜମ୍ମୁଦାର ଜମଜ୍ଜେ ବନ୍ଦବସ୍ତ ମାହାଲ ।

ନ ୧୮୫୭ ମ୍ବର ମାହାଲ ମାହାଲ ମୌ ଉମର । ପ୍ର । ମଉଜା ଜଗର ମାଇଜ ସଦାନନ୍ଦ ମହାପାତ୍ର ସଦର ଜମା ୫ ୩୧୯୩୦ ଏହି ମାହାଲ ସରକାର ବାକି ଖାଜାନା ୫ ୧୫୯୩୶ ପାଇ ନିଲାମ ହେବ ।

ନ ୨୨୦୦ ମ୍ବର ମାହାଲ । ମୌ । ବାରହପୁର । ପ୍ର । ହରହରପୁର ମାଇଜଭୁକ୍ତ ଜଗ୍ୟାନନ୍ଦ ପଟ୍ଟନାୟକ, ଗୌରାଙ୍ଗଚରଣ ଦାସ, ସଦାନନ୍ଦ ମହାପାତ୍ର ଶ୍ରୀକୃଷ୍ଣ ମହାପାତ୍ର, ରାଧାକୃଷ୍ଣମହାପାତ୍ର, ଜଗବନ୍ଧୁ ପସାଇତ୍ କୁଞ୍ଜବିହାରି ପସାଇତ ଓ ପରମାନନ୍ଦ କାନଗୁଇ ସଦର ଜମା ୫୧୯୩/୯ । ସେଥିମଧ୍ୟରୁ ଜଗ୍ୟାନନ୍ଦ ପଟ୍ଟନାୟକ ଗୌରାଙ୍ଗଚରଣ ଦାସ ଶ୍ରୀକୃଷ୍ଣମହାପାତ୍ର, ରାଧାକୃଷ୍ଣ ମହାପାତ୍ର କୁଞ୍ଜବିହାରି ପସାଇତ ଓ ଜଗବନ୍ଧୁ ପସାଇତ ଓ ପରମାନନ୍ଦ କାନଗୁଇ ଏମାନଙ୍କର ହସ୍ୟବାବତ ଜମା ୫ ୩୪୭୩/୧ । ବାଦଯାଇ ବାକି ସଦାନନ୍ଦ ମହାପାତ୍ର ହସ୍ୟବାବତ ୫ ୧୭୩ । ୮ ସଦର ଜମା ନିଲାମ ସକାଶେ ଲମ୍ବାଦ୍ୱାର ଦିଆ ଯାଉଅଛୁ ଯେ ହସ୍ୟ ସରକାର ବାକି ଖାଜାନା ପାଇ ନିଲାମ କରାଯିବ ପ୍ରକାଶ ଥାଉ ବାକି ହସ୍ୟଦାରମାନଙ୍କର ବାକିତ ୧୮୭୪ ମସିହା ୧୧ ଅଇନର ଧା ୧୦ ଗ ମୁତାବକ ସତନ୍ତ୍ର ହସ୍ୟବରୁଜା ଯାଇଅଛୁ ।

JOHN BEAMES, *Collector*.

କଟକ । ତା ୧୬ ଜୁଲାଇ ମାହେଇ ୧୮୭୪ ।

OTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned in the district of Monghyr will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the tor's office of that district on the 6th day of July 1874, for arrears of revenue and other ds which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same r as arrears of revenue due on the 28th day of March 1874.

Permanently-settled Estate.

Towjih No. 336.—Bisthazari, Pergunnah Bisthazari; sudder jumma Rs. 61,809-11-0; etors, Khajah Badaruddin Khan, Negmi Begum, &c.; for arrears of Rs. 2,433-1-0, with xception of 44 shares separated under Section 10 of Act XI of 1859, bearing a sudder n of Rs. 44,947. The remaining Ijmali estate, having a sudder jumma Rs. 11,175-4-0, Mehal Lohanda and others, separated under Section 10 of Act XI of 1859, bearing ,687, *i.e.*, in all Rs. 16,862-11-0, will be put up to sale for arrears due on the 28th h 1874.

H. J. NEWBERY, *Offg. Collector.*

اشتہار نیلام بابت بقیۂ مالگذاري سرکار کچہری کلکٹري ضلع مونگیر

واضح ہو کہ حسب دفعہ ٦ - ایکٹ ١١ سنہ ١٨٥٩ع کے یہہ محالات مرقومۃ الذیل ضلع مونگیر مین بقیہ مالگذاري سرکار و دیگر دعوي جو ازروے دستورات و قوانین مجاریہ موافق باقي مالگذاري سرکا بتاریخ ٢٨ مارچ سنہ ١٨٧٤ع واجب الوصول هي بروز دوشنبہ ٦ جولائي سنہ ١٨٧٤ع کچہري مین صا کلکٹر کے اہی ضلع کے بلا عذر عام نیلام مین رکھا جایگا ۔

نمبر	نام محال و پرگنہ	صدر جمع	نام باقیدار	تعداد باقي	کیفیت
٣٣٦	بست هزاري پرگنہ بست هزاري	٦١٨٠٩-١١	خواجہ بدرالدین خان و نیگمي بیگم و خواجہ حیات خان وخواجہ محمد جعفر خان و محمد یار خان و چودهري لیلنہ پرشاد سنگھ و شیو نندن پرشاد سنگھ و هري نندن پرشاد سنگھ و نند کشور پرشاد سنگھ نابالغان و بودهي سنگھ و رام پرشاد داس وخواجہ محمد رحیم خان و لکهراج سنگھ و لوهنکر سنگھ و پیمچند سنگھ و خواجہ محمد عیسي خان و بیجناتهہ سهاے و نجف علي و مسماۃ حکم بي بي و خواجہ محمد گوهر علي خان و خواجہ محمد عزیز الله خان و خواجہ محمد کمال الدین خان خود و والی جلال الدین خان نابالغ و گنون سنگھ و کرن سنگھ و پوکهراج سنگھ وشیخ مولي بخش خود و والي ایزد بخش نابالغ و شیخ رحیم بخش و شیخ فقیر بخش و شیخ امید علی و شیخ ولایت حسین و خواجہ محمد واجد حسین خان و خواجہ محمد حسن خان و مسماۃ اشرف النسا بیگم و ملك علي کبیر و ملك علي نظیر و مسماۃ رسولن و مهاراجہ جي منگل سنگھ بهادر و خواجہ عزیز الله خان عرف نواب خان و خواجہ شرف الدین خان عرف هینگن خان و مسماۃ بي بي جان بیگم و پارسناتهہ پانڈہ و مهیشدت و شیخ امید	١-٢١٤٣٣	با ستثناے قلم تفریق قلم د ر تفر کہ جسکا ج ٤٤,٩٤٧ رو هوتا هي ب محال اجما جسکا جمع م مبلغ ١,١٧٥٠٤ و محال لوهن وغیرہ جسکا تفری جمع صدر ١٨٧ روپیہ هي جم ١١-١٦٨٦٢ جم صدر نیلام هوگ

نمبر	نام محال و پرگنه	صدر جمع	نام ناقیدار	تعداد باقی	کیفیت
			علي و شيخ عبد الوهاب والي شيخ مهدي حسين و شيخ محمد عبد الرحيم نابالغان و مسماة اميري خان مادر واليه شيخ احمد بخش نابالغ و صاحب لنسا وحسن النسا و خواجه حبيب الله خان و مسماة صورت النسا بيگم و مسماة بي بي نصرو و مسماة عفورن و درگا پرشاد و مسماة عمده بيگم و دوكها مهتون و كنور شيو پرشاد نراين سنگه و بهيم مهتون و بهتو مهتون و بندو مهتون و مسماة بيچنون و بنكو مهتون و مسماة آسو و سكينه بيگم و مجيب خان و مسماة صفحن و مسماة چاندو و مسماة ناسو و شيخ محمد خليل و شيخ مصاحب حسين و شيخ امجد حسين وشيخ عطاء محمد ومسماة هولاس كنوري وداسو كنوري وتراب علي خان و سهايت گير و رنگ لعل سنگه و چمپا سنگه و مسماة بولكهو كنوري و سكنو كنوري و مسماة فخر النسا بيگم و مسماة ظهور النسا بيگم و شيخ ولايت حسين و مسماة وحيد النسا و ملك علي بخش وچمن سنگه و جلكهو كنوري و كهكر كنوري و دهرمو كنوري و مدروپ كنوري و اجناسو كنوري و هير كنوري و اودهو كنوري و ليلدي كنوري و گرگدهاري سنگه و چتردهاري سنگه و مسماة گل بيگم و گوبردهن لعل وصاحب رام و بيني سنگه و لوناے سنگه و رگهو ناتهه پرشاد سنگه و سوكو كنوري ومسماة حولهو و مسماة وزير النسا و ملك دعاء الله و مسماة نصيرن ومهاراج كنوار كنورهر پرشاد نراين سنگه و كنور ايشري پرشاد نراين سنگه و روپ سنگه و سيد محمد امين الدين و محمد ولي الله و خواجه محمد گوهر علي خان اصل بنفسه پدر والي خواجه يوسف علي خان عرف مهدي نواب و خواجه محمد رحمت الله خان عرف ولي نواب و خواجه اقبال علي خان عرف علي نواب پسران و مسماة عصمت النسا بيگم عرف امراو بيگم و مسماة عظمت النساء بيگم عرف اميري بيگم و و حز آن نابالغان و مسماة نصيرن		

تحريرا في التاريخ ١٢ مي سنه ١٨٧٤ع

حرب لعل محرر

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, and under Section 3, Act VII of 1868, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Rungpore will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district, on Wednesday, the 29th July 1874, corresponding with 14th Sraban 1281, B.S., for arrears of revenue and other demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th March 1874.

CLASS I.—PERMANENTLY SETTLED ESTATE.

To be sold for arrears of revenue.

No. 7.—Mouzah Moubhasha, &c., chackla Futtehpore. The shares of the recorded proprietors, Essan Chundra, Bhoyrub Chunder, Tara Mohun Chouhdry, Brojokishori Dassia, Dhanessury Dassia, Boroda Soondery, Jovuntee Debea, Nilkant Sirmah, Moharaja Nrependra Narain Bhoop Bahadoor, minor, Mohamed Sadutullah, for himself and Sadutullah and Komaruddin, on behalf of Majohurullah, Faiatullah, and Enaitullah (minors), Mutiullah, Kutubullah, Harasundery Debya, Bamasundery Gupta Choudhurani, Shona Bibi, Amirullah, minor, Jodunath Shaha Chowdhry, having been separated under Sections 10 & 11, Act XI of 1859, are excluded. The shares of Ishan Chundra, Bhoyrub Chundra Chowdhry, Hurchunder Gossami, Protap Mul Rakha, Abrannessa Khatoom, and Hurish Chunder Roy, the sudder jumma of which is Rs. 719-5-5, will be sold for arrears of Government revenue. The entire sudder jumma of the estate is Rs. 6,554-13-8.

To be sold for arrears of revenue.

No. 241.—Mouzah Naskurpore, &c., pergunnah Borobillah. The shares of the recorded proprietors, Omaruddin Mohamed Chowdhry, Dhanessury Dassea, and Khajey Enaitullah Chowdhry having been separated under Section 11, Act XI of 1859, are excluded. The share of Omaruddin Mohamed Chowdhry will be sold. The sudder jumma of the share put up for sale is Rs. 46-5-10. The sudder jumma of the entire estate is Rs. 966-12.

RUNGPORE COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, the 8th June 1874. E. G. GLAZIER, *Offg Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Chittagong will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on the 21st day of August 1874, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 26th day of May 1874.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 3880.—Taraf Obedullah Sheik, Mahomed Osi, and Sheik Mahomed Ali; recorded proprietors, Aimona Bibi, Ahmed Ali Bonnijan Bibi, Abdullah Khan, Mahomed Bashirullah Chowdry, and Romijaddeen; sudder jumma, Rs. 678-7-0. The entire estate will be sold for arrears of Government revenue.

A. L CLAY, *Offg Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given, Section 11, Act VII (B.C.) of 1868, and under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Chittagong will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on the 21st day of August 1874, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 25th day of May 1874.

NOABAD.

Mouzah Mita Serra, Thana Ramoo.

No. 107.—Taluk Rustom Ali, Malik Rustom Ali, sudder jumma, Rs. 658-3. The entire taluk will be sold for arrears of Government revenue.

Mouzah Teknaaf, Thana Teknaaf.

No. 1401.—Taluk Khepong Chowdry, Ompoori Chowdry, Srimoti Nao, Champuri Chowdry, Aungiree Chowdry, and Kassim Ali Chowdry, Malik Khod; sudder jumma, Rs. 692-3; road fund, Rs. 6-15; total, Rs. 690-2. The entire taluk will be sold for arrears of Government revenue.

A. L. CLAY, *Offg. Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Shahabad will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on the 6th day of August 1874, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 8th day of June 1874.

Class II.—Temporarily-settled estates.

No. 923.—Mehal Kurmi, pergunnah Chusa; sudder jumma, Rs. 935; recorded proprietors, Chubinath Kooner, for herself and as guardian of Baboo Jugduma Pershad Sing, minor son, Luchmepershad Sing, and Buxee Koonjbehary Lall, and others; will be sold for arrears of Government revenue amounting to Rs. 2-8-0.

Class I.—Permanently-settled estates.

No. 1686.—Mehal Mookraon, pergunnah Chynpore; sudder jumma of the entire mehal, Rs. 2,139-11-8; recorded proprietors, Ramjeawan Roy, Runjit Roy, Jaipal Roy, and others, non-applicants. The share of the above non-applicants alone, the sudder jumma of which is Rs. 1366, 2 *as.* 11 *p.* 0 *k* 14 *m.* 6½ *d.* will be sold in satisfaction of Government revenue amounting to Rs. 4-10-6¾, excepting the shares of the proprietors (applicants) with whom separate accounts have been opened under Section 11, Act XI of 1859.

SHAHABAD COLLECTORATE, the 19th June 1874. H. W. ALEXANDER, *Collector.*

साहिब कलक्टर बहादुर जिले के हुक्म से

इश्तहार नीलाम मुताबिक दफा ६ एक्ट ११ सन १८५९ सब को आगाह चाहिये के यह महाल जो नीचे लिखा है बाबत बाकी मालगुजारी सरकार के दूसरे दावे जो मुताबिक चार्ज के कानून जारी के बाकी मालगुजारी सरकार की तरफ वसूल होने चाहिये थी जो तारीख ८ महीना जून सन १८७४ को पाने थे तारीख ६ महीना अगस्त सन १८७४ मुताबिक ता: ८ महीना श्रावन सन १२८१ फसली दिन बीहगपत् को इस जिले के साहेब कलक्टर की कचहरी में बिला उजुर के सब के सामने नीलाम होगा

मौजी नम्बर	नाम महाल और परगना	सदर जमा	नाम मालिकोंका	कैफियत
९११	करमीय:चौसा	९५१	जवीनाथ कुमारवृद्ध बोली बाबु जगदम्बाप्रसाद सीह पेदर नाबालीग बे लक्ष्मी प्रसाद सीह बे बक्सी कुलवीहारीलाल बे बाबु पवाबन सीह बे बाबु मोल सीह बे चधमी सीह बे बक्सराम दुबाद सीह पेदर बला बाबु पचानन्द नाबालीग मोअस्मात देवकल कुमर मादर बे बालीह मोअस्मात राज पती कुमार बे मोअस्मात रामदेवाली कुमर बे बक्सरन सीह नरायन सीह बे बक्सर दर्शनप्रसाद सीह बे बीजन सीह बे राम नरायन सीह बे राम कुमारी कुमार	बाकी २॥० दुबाद महाल बाबसे बीज ग्राम दखतदाद १ अपरैल सन १८५८ बदोबस्त से चादा है बदखल बाकी लाज नीलाम होगा
१४८६	मुधरा बप्र:- धे अपुर	११९८॥= ८ मोअस्तबारा	राम बीचावन राय बे रजजीत राय जैवाल राय बलवद राय देवी राय विश्वेश्वर राय बे नीदुध चौधे श्रीवमुन राय प्रसाद राय जीतीराय खरीद प्रसन राय मधुरा राय मानीक राय बे बलराज राय बे रामरघराय गुदनी राय जैमङ्गल राय बे मोअस्मात जयरानी कुवार रामकुली कुवार बे चाधमी राय रजेश्वर राय बैपालराय व रामन चौधे बे राजमैन राय बे मन्धकु राय बे अजुर राय बे धुरवाधर राय जोधरन राय बलराम राय बे तुलसी मोअन राय बे बीअधर राय बे दिलकोर राय मुदी राय बे दलजीत राय बे जोना राय बे बीअनदेवाल राय बे कुलवत तेवारी गैर आरखास तफरीक रोल	४॥ = ६॥ ४।९ महाल बाजादबाबा है बदमतिअबार विश्वेश्वरलाल तफरीक रोल जिसका जमा बमौजीबदफे ११ एक्ट ११ १८५९८९ रुबी रुखदे बाबाजाता है बाकी जिससे मैरखारखास तफरीक रोल व जमे ११९६ = ११ ४ ।९१४ मशरुत ६॥० जीसमोल नीलाम होगा

ता० १९ जून सन १८७४ मोताबीक मह बाबाद बाबोबाल सन १२८

Notice

Is hereby given that the land specified in the Schedule hereunto annexed, and of which the plan is open to inspection at the office of the Deputy Commissioner of Nowgong, Assam, will be sold by public auction at the office of the said Deputy Commissioner at 11 o'clock on the 2nd October 1874, unless meantime the sale is stopped or postponed in consequence of claims or objections under Act XXIII of 1863 (to provide for adjudication of claims to waste lands) or owing to any other cause.

For the conditions of sale see the detailed notice, copies of which may be obtained on application to the Deputy Commissioner of Nowgong, Assam.

SCHEDULE.

A lot of waste land, consisting of about 396 acres, situated in mouzah Nizorikhat Hatirgaon, in the district of Nowgong, Assam, and bounded as follows :—

North.—A line drawn from a pillar marked N on the bank of a stream called "Dogajooree", to a pillar O, on the north-east, along the edge of the above stream, distance 100 yards. From pillar O to a pillar P, on the north-west, along the edge of the above stream, distance 260 yards. From pillar P to a pillar Q, on the north-west, along the edge of the said stream, distance 360 yards. From pillar Q to a pillar R, on the south-west, along the edge of the above stream, distance 200 yards. From pillar R to a pillar S, on the north-west, along the edge of the above stream, distance 350 yards. From pillar S to a pillar T, on the south-west, along the edge of the above stream, distance 233½ yards. From pillar T to a pillar U, on the north-west, along the edge of the above stream, distance 140 yards. From pillar U to a pillar V, on the south-west, along the edge of the above stream, distance 233½ yards. From pillar V to a pillar A, on the south-west, along the edge of the said stream, distance 166⅔ yards.

South.—A line drawn from a pillar marked F, on the west, at the foot of the hill called "Matiapahar," to a pillar G, on the north-east, along the foot of the above hill, distance 233½ yards. From pillar G to a pillar H, on the south-east, along the foot of the above hill, distance 180 yards. From pillar H to a pillar I, on the south-east, distance 150 yards.

West.—A line drawn from a pillar marked A, on the bank of the stream called "Degajooree" to a pillar B, on the south-east, distance 129 yards. From pillar B to a pillar C, on the south-east, distance 200 yards. From pillar C to a pillar D, on the south-west, distance 233½ yards. From pillar D to a pillar E, on the south-west, distance 625 yards. From pillar E to a pillar F, on the south-east, at the foot of the hill called "Matiapahar," distance 500 yards.

East.—A line drawn from a pillar marked I, on the south-west, to a pillar J, on the north-east, distance 250 yards. From pillar J to a pillar K, on the north-east, distance 233½ yards. From pillar K to a pillar L, on the north-east, distance 700 yards. From pillar L to a pillar M, on the north-east, distance 550 yards. From pillar M to a pillar N, on the north-east, distance 140 yards.

The pillars are marked A to V in the map filed in the office of the Deputy Commissioner, Nowgong, Assam.

NOWGONG, ASSAM, the 19th May 1874. J. SHERER, *Dy. Commr.*

[Third Publication.]

Notice

Is hereby given that the land specified in the schedule hereunto annexed, and of which the plan is open to inspection at the Deputy Commissioner office at Debrooghur, will be sold by public auction at the said Deputy Commissioner's office at 12 o'clock on the 2nd September 1874, unless meantime the sale is stopped or postponed in consequence of claims or objections under Act XXIII of 1863 (to provide for the adjudication of claims to waste lands) or owing to any other cause.

For the conditions of sale see the detailed notice, copies of which may be obtained on application to the Deputy Commissioner.

SCHEDULE.

A lot of waste land consisting of about 741 acres, situated in mouzah Kodomoni, in the district of Luckhimpore, and bounded as follows :—

North—By a straight line through the forest from a pillar, 1, bearing 242°, past an intermediate pillar, 2, to pillar 3, measuring 2,282 yards.

West.—By a straight line from pillar 3, through tree forest, bearing 176° and measuring 1,040 yards, to a pillar, 4; and thence by a straight line through tree forest, bearing 151° and measuring 660 yards, to a pillar, 5, on the Tettelia bheel.

South.—From pillar 5, along the northerly edge of the Tettelia bheel and the course of the Lohitkota river, to a pillar, 6, measuring, as the crow flies, 1,650 yards.

East—By a straight line from pillar 6, on the Lohitkota river, through tree forest, bearing 20° and measuring 825 yards, to a pillar, 7; and thence by a straight line through tree forest, bearing 355° and measuring 1,045 yards, to pillar 1.

The pillars are marked from 1 to 7 on the map filed in the Deputy Commissioner's office.

DEBROOGHUR, ASSAM, the 17th April 1874. W. S. CLARKE, *Dy. Commissioner.*

Notice

Is hereby given that the land specified in the Schedule hereto annexed, and of which the plan is open to inspection at the office of the Deputy Commissioner of Cachar, will be sold by public auction at the office of the said Deputy Commissioner at 11 o'clock on the 2nd September 1874, unless meantime the sale is stopped or postponed in consequence of claims or objections under Act XXIII of 1863 (to provide for the adjudication of claims to waste lands) or owing to any other cause. For the conditions of sale, see the detailed notice, copies of which may be obtained on application to the Deputy Commissioner of Cachar.

SCHEDULE.

A lot of waste land, consisting of 1,087 acres 1 rood 20 perches, situated in Pergunnah Berkhola, Mouzah Abong, in the district of Cachar, and bounded as follows:—

East.—The Abong river from pillar No. 1, at confluence of the Abong and Cacharee Cherra with the Dooloo river, to pillar No. 2, on the banks of the Abong and at the foot of the Casee Teelah to the north; thence, to pillar No. 3, on the top of the same teelah, and No. 4 pillar at the northern foot.

North.—From pillar No. 4, as above, to pillar No. 5 on the banks of the Mewah Cherra.

West.—From pillar No. 5 along pillars Nos. 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10, at the edge of the jungle on high teelahs to the west, and along No. 11 on the banks of the Cacharee Cherra.

South.—The Cacharee Cherra, between pillars No. 11 and No. 1.

The pillars are numbered from 1 to 11 on the map filed in the office of the Deputy Commissioner of Cachar.

SILCHAR, the 27th April 1874. O. G. R. MCWILLIAM, *Offg. Deputy Commissioner.*

Notice

Is hereby given that the land specified in the schedule hereunto annexed, and of which the plan is open to inspection at the office of the Deputy-Commissioner of Nowgong, Assam, will be sold by public auction, at the office of the said Deputy-Commissioner, at 11 o'clock, on the 2nd October 1874, unless meantime the sale is stopped or postponed in consequence of claims or objections under Act XXIII of 1863 (to provide for the adjudication of claims to waste lands), or owing to any other cause.

For the conditions of sale see the detailed notice, copies of which may be obtained on application to the Deputy-Commissioner of Nowgong, Assam.

SCHEDULE.

A lot of waste land, consisting of about 317 acres, situated in Mouzah Telia Chapori, in the district of Nowgong, Assam, and bounded as follows:—

North.—A line drawn from pillar marked G, on the side of a road to pillar H, and a stream called Dijoo Nuddee on the north-east, at a distance of 400 yards.

South.—A line drawn from pillar O to pillar A, on the south-west, at a distance of 1,580 yards.

West.—A line drawn from pillar A to pillar B on the north-west, at a distance of 240 yards; from pillar B to pillar C on the north-west, at a distance of 200 yards; from pillar C to pillar D on the north-west, at a distance of 220 yards; from pillar D to pillar E on the north-west, at a distance of 1,320 yards; from pillar E to pillar F on the north-west, at a distance of 600 yards; from pillar F to pillar G on the north-east, at a distance of 940 yards.

East.—A line drawn from pillar H to pillar I on the south-east, along the edge of the above stream, at a distance of 400 yards; from pillar I to pillar J on the south-east, along the edge of the above stream, at a distance of 200 yards; from pillar J to pillar K on the south-east, along the edge of the above stream, at a distance of 120 yards; from pillar K to pillar L on the south-east, along the edge of the above stream, at a distance of 200 yards; from pillar L to pillar M on the south-east, at a distance of 500 yards; from pillar M to pillar N on the south, at a distance of 820 yards; from pillar N to pillar O on the south-west at a distance of 500 yards.

Note.—The pillars are marked A to O on the plan of the land filed in the office of the Deputy-Commissioner.

NOWGONG, ASSAM, the 1st May 1874. J. F. SHERER, *Deputy Commissioner.*

Wanted.

A FIRST grade Canoongoe and Surveyor, salary Rs. 50, for the Sub-division of Cox's Bazar in the district of Chittagong. Candidates for the appointment are requested to submit their applications to the Commissioner of the Chittagong Division on or before the 10th of July 1874.

None need apply who have not passed the native Civil Service examination.

R. L. MANGLES, *Offg. Commissioner.*

Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta

NOTICE.

UNDER SECTION 69 OF ACT V (B.C.) OF 1870.

THE following Packages, landed at the Jetties from the undermentioned ships, have been removed to the Commissioners' Import Warehouse, where they remain at the risk and expense of the owners. If not cleared within two months from the date stated against each item, they will be sold under Section 72 of the said Act.

Date of removal to Import Warehouse.	No., Mark, and Description.	Consignees	Ships.
1874.			
June 26th ...	1 Case, [A B C 5]	... Hajee Mahomed Hossen.	S. S. City of Poonah.
„ 26th ...	2 Packages, [B D] F M	... Order ...	Ditto.
„ 26th ...	1 Case, B L D	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 26th ...	2 Cases, [C L] A. B. & Co.	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 26th ...	3 Cases, [C] J. S. & Co.	... Young, Gray & Co....	Ditto.
„ 26th ...	4 Cases, [D D & S]	... Order ...	Ditto.
„ 26th ...	1 Cask, [D]	... „ ..	Ditto.
„ 26th ...	3 Cases, [108] E D J	... „ ..	Ditto.
„ 26th ...	1 Case, F. P. & Co.	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 26th ...	12 Cases, G C M	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 26th ...	1 Case, G. & Co.	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 26th ...	1 Case, G. F. K. & Co.	... G. F. Kellner & Co.	Ditto.
„ 26th ...	8 Cases, [HB] A. B. & Co.	... Order ...	Ditto.
„ 26th ...	4 Cases, [S J H C]	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 26th ...	1 Case, [K] S	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 26th ...	2 Cases, K G	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 26th ...	29 Kegs, L S & G S	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 26th ...	3 Cases, [M R]	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 26th ...	2 Casks, no mark	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 26th ...	2 Casks, no mark	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 26th ...	26 Packages, no mark	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 26th ..	1 Cask, no mark	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 26th ...	6 Crates, no mark	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 26th ...	6 Casks, [P] 200	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 26th ...	14 Casks, [P] 100	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 26th ...	2 Cases, R D	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 26th ...	1 Case, T S & L S	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 26th ...	1 Cask, W. L A. & Co.	... W. L Atkinson & Co.	Ditto.
„ 26th ...	28 Cases, W. L. A & Co.	... Order ...	Ditto.
„ 26th ...	1 Keg, W C D	... „ ...	Ditto
„ 26th ...	1 Sample truss, [J W B] S M	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	2 Cases, [220] A. B. & Co.	... „ ...	S S. Bertha.
„ 27th ...	54 Kegs, B S C M	... „ ...	Ditto
„ 27th ...	2 Kegs, no mark, or B S C M	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	107 Kegs, B D B	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	5 Kegs, or no mark	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	2 Cases, [B W]	... Turner, Morrison & Co	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	19 Cases, [B] E C	... E. & Oesterley ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	1 Case, B R U	... Sumbo Chunder Sing	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	1 Keg, [C W S]	... Scott & Co. ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	1 Case, no mark, or [C K. & Co.]	J. H. Fergusson & Co.	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	1 Case, [E O]	... E. & Oesterley ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	1 Case, F. R. & Co.	... Order ..	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	10 Barrels [G]	... „ ...	Ditto
„ 27th ...	15 Bales, [G L B]	... Tarney Churn Bose, & Co	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	2 Cases, G M D C	... Order ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	1 Case, Captain T. S. Jervis, Mussooree, care of M. Lyall & Co.	Mackenzie Lyall & Co.	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	1 Cask, [L] R B L M S	... Order ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	1 Case, [L] R B L M S	... „ ...	Ditto
„ 27th ...	4 Casks, [M] R B	... „ ...	Ditto
„ 27th ...	1 Case, [5] McC. & Co.	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	1 Case, [11] M. C. & Co.	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	2 Cases, [M] G G	... „ ...	Ditto.

Date of removal to Import Warehouse.	No., Mark, and Description.	Consignees.	Ships.
1874.			
June 27th ...	4 Bales, [N N E]	... J. Nicol Fleming & Co.	S. S. Bertha.
„ 27th ...	2 Bales, [3821 R B	... Order ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	7 Cases, R. & C.	... Reutiers & Co. ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	1 Case, Atkins, Spence & Co., Colombo.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	16 Casks, [S C M, 340] E E	... Ditto ..	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	1 Case, [S]	... Order ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	5 Cases, T. M. & Co.	... Turner, Morrison & Co.	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	3 Cases, W B V	... W. Bell ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	1 Case, [X]	... Ahmuty & Co. ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	1 Barrel, [X]	... Ditto ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	1 Sample truss, [T A B] or [A A B] [T A B] [R A B]	Order ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	1 Sample truss, [A A B] [R A B]	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	1 Ditto [B A B]	.. „ ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	1 Ditto [G L B]	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	1 Ditto C. B, or G. Arbuthnot & Co.	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	1 Case, D. D & N, N. P. & Co.	, ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	2 Cases, [T M] Co.	... Turner, Morrison & Co.	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	1 Sample parcel, [B A B]	... Order ...	Ditto.
„ 19th ...	1 Case, [C. P. & Co.]	... Cutter, Palmer & Co.	S. S. Madura.
„ 24th ...	1 Pattern sample, [G H] B T	... Order ...	Tenasserim.
„ 22nd ...	1 Cask, [357] A. B. & Co.	... „ .	Ship Saint Monan.
„ 22nd ...	6 Casks, [264] A. B. & Co.	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 22nd ...	2 Casks, [256] A. B. & Co.	... , ...	Ditto.
„ 22nd ...	1 Case, [178] A. B & Co.	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 22nd ...	1 Case, [357] A. B. & Co.	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 22nd ...	2 Casks, [180] B. L. & Co.	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 22nd ...	1 Cask, B. L. & Co	... B. N. Law & Co ...	Ditto.
„ 22nd ...	6 Casks, [207 C] A. & Co.	... Order ...	Ditto.
„ 22nd ...	2 Cases, C. D. & Co.	... Kally Dass Dhur & Co.	Ditto.
„ 22nd ...	1 Cask, G C D	... Order ...	Ditto.
„ 22nd ...	1 Cask, G. F. K. & Co	... G. F. Kellner & Co.	Ditto.
„ 22nd ...	1 Case, [J. A. & Co., J]	... James Anderson & Co.	Ditto.
„ 22nd ...	2 Cases. K L D	... Order ...	Ditto.
„ 22nd ..	1 Case, M S & K E	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 22nd ..	1 Case, [M] R B	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 22nd ...	2 Casks, R L D	... „ ..	Ditto.
„ 22nd ...	1 Cask, [R N P]	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 22nd ...	3 Casks, [40] S. D. & Co.	.. „ ..	Ditto
„ 22nd ...	2 Cases, [B. L. & Co.] C & B	... Busso Nath Law & Co.	Ship Saint Malo.
„ 22nd ..	1 Case, B F	... Reutiers & Co. ..	Ditto.
„ 22nd ...	1 Case, C. D. & Co.	Kally Dass Dhur & Co.	Ditto.
„ 22nd ...	1 Case, D. C. R. & Co.	... Rockhit & Co. ...	Ditto.
„ 22nd ...	4 Kegs, G C B	. Order ...	Ditto.
„ 22nd ...	1 Case [H & E] C & B	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 22nd	2 Cases, [H. A & Co.] C & B	... A W. Muhomed ...	Ditto.
„ 22nd ...	3 Cases, [H R] C & B	Hafiz Abdool Curim	Ditto.
„ 22nd ...	5 Cases, [I. C. & Co.]	... M Lyall & Co. ...	Ditto.
„ 22nd ...	5 Cases, [R. A. & Co.] C & B.	... Kristo M. Auddy	Ditto.
„ 22nd ...	2 Cases, K M B	. Knetter & Banerjee.	Ditto.
„ 22nd ...	1 Cask, no mark	.. Order ...	Ditto.
„ 22nd ...	1 Case, [P S C L] J S D A	.. D. T. Shaw & Co. ...	Ditto.
„ 22nd ...	1 Cases, [P M B, 346] E R	... Ede & Holson ...	Ditto.
„ 22nd ...	2 Casks, [R. M. & Co.]	. Robert Charriol ...	Ditto.
„ 22nd ...	15 Cases, S C D	... Order ...	Ditto.
„ 22nd ...	1 Cask, S C D	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 22nd ...	2 Casks, [S C D] E	... Pittamber Dutt ...	Ditto.
„ 22nd ...	1 Case, [S]	... .	Ditto.

Date of removal to Import Warehouse. 1874	No, Mark, and Description.	Consignees.	Ships.
June 20th ...	28 Drums, [I S D]	... Medical Storekeeper	S. S. Queen Victoria.
„ 20th ...	9 Kegs, [I S D]	... Cinchona plantation	Ditto.
„ 20th ...	1 Case, [X]	... Order ...	Ditto.
„ 25th ...	7 Drums, [I S D]	... Cinchona plantation	Ditto.
„ 25th ...	20 Cases, [I S D]	... Medical Storekeeper	Ditto.
„ 25th ...	138 Casks, [I S D]	... Marine Department, and cinchona plantation.	Ditto.
„ 25th ...	2 Drums [C] S C	... T. Thomson ...	Ditto.
„ 25th ...	1 Cask, [X]	... Order ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	10 Cases, [287] A B	... „ .	Ship Peter Stewart
„ 27th ...	1 Case, [207] A. B. & Co.	... Abdool Rohim, Abdool Corim.	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	1 Case, [200] A. B. & Co.	.. Order ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	1 Case, [153] M. C. & Co.	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	4 Cases, W. W. & Co., P.	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	1 Case, K C B	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	4 Cases, [280] A. B. & Co.	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	9 Cases, [315] A. B. & Co.	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 27th ...	1 Case, [ ] A. B. & Co.	... „ ...	Ditto.

CALCUTTA, the 27th June 1874. (256—1) W. DUFF BRUCE, *Offg. Vice-Chairman.*

Notice.

List of Unclaimed Packages on the Custom House Wharf.

Mark or Number of Packages	Ships.
2 Casks, Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co.	... Burmah.
1 Case, [W H C] Revd. Wm. Harper, M.A., passenger to Calcutta	... City of Manchester.
1 China dressing case, no mark	... Hindostan.
1 Packet of tins, no mark	... China.
2 Chairs, Miss Lowen	... Woosung.
1 Case, Holgate Graham, Esq, Passenger to Rangoon	... Navarino.
1 Bundle cooking pans, no mark	... China.
1 Jar preserves, no mark	... Ditto.
1 Spittoon, no mark	... Ditto.
1 Bag vegetables, no mark	... Statesman.
1 Parcel, S R G= S. R. Gubby, Esq., Calcutta ...	... China.
1 Parcel, Messrs M. Aaron, Calcutta	... Ditto.
2 Bags, Robert & Charriol, Calcutta	... Statesman.
1 Parcel, N M	... Meinam.

N.B.—The above will be sold if not cleared within the 25th of July 1874.

1 Piece rod iron, no mark, supposed to be L S F ...	... Jane Porter.
1 Case, [G C S B] No. 146, Calcutta	... Star of Erin.

N.B.—The above, landed under the Act, will be sold if not cleared within the 31st of August 1874.

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS, the 27th June 1874. T. B. LANE, *Offg. Collector of Customs.*

Custom House.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having business with the Calcutta Custom House are hereby reminded that the existing rules for the payment of money into the Custom House must be invariably observed, and that no sum tendered contrary to these rules will be received.

The Custom House Treasury is open daily from 10-30 A.M. to 3 P.M., save on Saturdays, when it closes at 1 P.M.

As a rule, cheques which have not been accepted by the bank on which they are drawn are not received; this rule is, however, subject to special exceptions, with the approval of the Collector.

At 2-45 P.M. (Saturday excepted) the last remittance of the day is made to the Bank of Bengal, and after that hour no cheques which have not been accepted are received.

After 3 P.M., on Saturday after 1 P.M., no payments are received on any account.

Masters and Agents of ships having to pay marine dues are specially warned that they must do so before 3 P.M, on Saturday before 1 P.M, otherwise port-clearance cannot be granted until the Custom House opens on the following day.

T. B. LANE, *Offg. Collector of Customs.*

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE, the 11th June 1874.

LOST CURRENCY NOTES.

THE following Currency Notes of the Government of India, Calcutta Circle, are stated to have been lost, and payment of their value has been claimed by the persons whose names are placed against the numbers; any other person having these Notes in his possession, or claiming a right to them, is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned :—

Notes wholly lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs	
6794	L/55 60757	100	J. T. Maclean.
	67715	100	
	84321	100	
6796	L/55 43669	10	Haris Chandra Bagchi.
	43668	10	
	43667	10	
	43666	10	
	43665	10	
6797	L/55 90332	100	M. S. Owen.
	90333	100	
	90334	100	
	86181	100	
	20669	100	
	65951	100	
6798	86923	100	Baboololl Coonr.
6799	L/55 01187	20	Grish Chandra Chatterjee.
	01186	20	
6800	L/55 00357	100	Syadut Khan.
6801	L/15 25897	50	The Officiating Post-Master-General, Bengal.
6802	L/55 42035	100	Jodh Ram.
	62353	100	
	36468	100	
	63711	100	
	79103	100	
	L/15 63597	50	
	65683	50	
6807	A/15 48058	500	The Collector, Maldah.
6808	L/15 52295	50	The Superintendent of Police, Serampore.
6810	L/55 06551	100	Shah Mungun.
	06552	100	
	06553	100	
	06554	100	
	06558	100	
6814	L/55 55764	10	Mohendronath Chuckerbutty.
	64003	10	
	86519	10	
6832	A/15 80699	50	Woomachurn Mukerjee.
	L/15 38601	20	
	L/15 35787	20	
	L/15 25328	10	
	L/15 77562	10	
	L/15 29770	10	
	L/15 90613	10	
	L/15 02890	10	
6835	L/55 48278	100	Janki Misser.
	06556	100	
6839	A/11 69219	100	Banemadhub Das.
	L/55 62263	100	
	L/15 18924	100	
6840	L/10 99563	50	The District Superintendent of Police, Patna
6844	A/55 05839	1,000	Khetternath Mukerjee.
6859	A/15 42827	100	Sreehurry Sen.
6863	L/55 95460	500	Tariny Churn Bose & Co.
	58556	100	
	69201	100	
	36279	100	
	86268	100	
	75801	100	
	93225	100	
	67653	100	
	L/15 97281	50	

Notes wholly lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
6864	L/38 86128	100	Goordhundas Roopram.
	,, 93237	100	
6871	L/8 24520	10	Sreekally Ghose.
	L/38 51346	10	
6872	A/16 39294	1,000	The Magistrate of Cuttack.
6873	A/38 34097	1,000	Ram Bhunjo Ram.
	A/39 55671	500	

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

6789	L/15 74381	5	Brojonath Bhuttacharjee.
6790	L/36 82809	10	John Flewken.
6791	L/18 59265	10	Mrs. E. Walter.
	L/16 57215	5	
6792	L/8 55772	10	The Agent, Oriental Bank Corporation.
	L/38 27021	10	
6793	L/14 82025	20	Bamapuddo Chatterjee.
6795	L/8 25322	10	Denonath Roy.
6805	L/8 52337	10	The Manager, Agra Bank, Limited.
6806	A/8 81837	10	Bepinbehary Prawmanic.
	L/11 43930	5	
	,, 67355	5	
6812	L/8 51330	100	T. J. Hughes.
6813	,, 99264	100	W. H Johnson.
6815	L/16 01663	5	Gooroodas Neogy.
6816	A/13 21989	20	H. Richardson.
6818	L/38 45513	10	J. Statham.
6820	L/8 28670	100	H. Tewatt.
6821	L/38 79342	100	Mohendronath Dutt.
6822	L/8 28634	5	Gangacharan Nandi.
	L/16 32603	5	
6823	L/38 24791	10	Borodakanta Bosu.
6824	L/38 14225	10	Jantyuzoodeen Hossein.
6825	L/38 69880	100	C. J. W. Twemlows.
6826	,, 56176	100	Bhuggoban Das.
	,, 56178	100	
6827	L/16 15383	5	Parvaticharan Mukerjee.
6828	L/38 19661	100	Purmessur Misser.
	,, 10311	100	
6829	L/11 65004	.....	Brahmeshwar Pershad.
6831	A/38 35645	10	H. Glas Smith.
6833	L/16 46687	10	Callachund Sing.
	L/15 50978	5	
6837	A/38 52060	20	H. Glas Smith.
	A/39 53058	20	
6840	L/37 21344	20	The District Superintendent of Police Patna.
	,, 40202	20	
	,, 43868	20	
	L/38 42630	20	
	,, 57745	20	
	L/16 08961	20	
	,, 26590	20	
	L/16 90796	20	
	,, 82910	20	
6843	L/38 19519	20	Radhagobind Ghose.
6847	L/38 37522	100	P. H. Durup deDombal.
6848	A/38 23443	10	The Honorary Secretary, Nurroa Club.
6851	L/2 80960	10	Premchund Sircar.
6852	L/16 72475	50	Prankissen Mookerjee.
6854	,, 72068	5	Doorgachurn Mookerjee.
	,, 72069	5	
	,, 72070	5	
	,, 72071	5	
6855	L/37 56182	20	Krishnakanta Pramanick.
	L/35 53181	10	
6856	L/37 46256	20	J. Beletty.
6857	A/44 36073	20	Troylukhonath Bose.

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

Registered No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
6860 ...	L/36 01171 ...	20 ...	Abdool Hakim Khan and Abdool Gunny Khan & Co.
	,, 01172 ...	20 ...	
	L/47 65327 ...	20 ...	
	L/55 22857 ...	10 ...	
6865 ...	L/88 51941 ...	100 ...	The Manager, Agra Bank, Limited.
	,, 51948 ...	100 ...	
	L/18 63401 ...	50 ...	
6866 ...	L/14 59433 ...	20 ...	Hurry Ram Santloll.
6862 ...	A/88 47327 ...	500 ...	Ramphul Ram.
	L/88 03134 ...	100 ...	
	,, 21784 ...	100 ...	
	A/18 85744 ...	50 ...	
	L/18 66049 ...	20 ...	
	L/88 08515 ...	20 ...	
	A/50 43659 ...	10 ...	
	L/1 28081 ...	10 ...	
	L/9 82120 ...	10 ...	
	,, 89500 ...	10 ...	
	L/3 62571 ...	10 ...	
	,, 97358 ...	10 ...	
	L/4 19751 ...	10 ...	
	,, 51759 ...	10 ...	
	L/9 55814 ...	10 ...	
	,, 82473 ...	10 ...	
	L/8 08696 ...	10 ...	
	L/88 39990 ...	10 ...	
	,, 39991 ...	10 ...	
	,, 39992 ...	10 ...	
	,, 39993 ...	10 ...	
	L/9 12512 ...	5 ...	
	,, 12519 ...	5 ...	
	,, 97639 ...	5 ...	
	L/10 00883 ...	5 ...	
	,, 20883 ...	5 ...	
	,, 45507 ...	5 ...	
	L/11 49134 ...	5 ...	
	,, 89515 ...	5 ...	
6867 ...	L/13 64091 ...	20 ...	Prosono Coomar Shome.
	L/11 05912 ...	5 ...	
6868 ...	L/88 88099 ...	10 ...	Ramlol Dey.

Wrongly joined.

6795 ...	L/88 64836 ...	100 ...	Messrs. Cowasjee Dossabhoy.
6802 ...	,, 64835 ...		
6800 ...	A/87 79536 ...	10 ...	Sreeram Dey.
	,, 79538 ...		
6817 ...	L/14 91859 ...	20 ...	The Chief Paymaster, East Indian Railway.
	,, 91856 ...		
6819 ...	L/33 71948 ...	10 ...	Ramjeewan Lal.
	,, 71949 ...		
6845 ...	L/18 52963 ...	5 ...	Mrs. Monteith.
	,, 52935 ...		
6846 ...	A/88 43689 ...	20 ...	R. Macallister & Co.
	,, 88300 ...		
6849 ...	L/16 70526 ...	5 ...	Bathgate & Co.
	,, 70524 ...		
6850 ...	L/6 60580 ...	5 ...	Juggeshur Addy.
	,, 60581 ...		
6853 ...	L/18 07423 ...	5 ...	
	,, 07424 ...		
	,, 07422 ...	5 ...	Chundernath Roy.
	,, 07420 ...		
	,, 07419 ...	5 ...	
	,, 07426 ...		
6861 ...	L/18 61895 ...	5 ...	Russicklall Bose.
	,, 61893 ...		

PAPER CURRENCY DEPARTMENT,
The 29th June 1874.

L. BERKELEY,
Asst. Comnr. of Paper Currency.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 23rd June 1874.

LIABILITIES		Rs.	A.	P.	ASSETS		Rs.	A.	P.
Proprietors' Capital, paid-up	..	2,20,00,000	0	0	Government Securities		1,37,65,565	5	4
Reserve Fund		15,35,004	8	9	Loans on Government Securities, &c., at Head Office and Branches .		55,35,407	6	8
General Treasury Balance at Head Office ... Rs. 1,26,73,334 0 6		2,82,34,057	3	6	Accounts of Credit on Government Securities, &c., at Head Office and Branches		17,96,098	0	8
General Treasury Balance at Branches ... „ 1,55,60,723 3 0					Mercantile Bills discounted at Head Office and Branches		1,00,96,674	6	10
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches		2,82,19,126	5	5	Dead Stock		11,36,591	6	5
Bank Post Bills, &c.		1,87,500	13	7	Stamps		12,488	5	6
Sundries		13,34,999	15	10	Balances with other Banks		7,10,797	3	1
					Sundries		61,491	13	0
					Bullion		35,486	11	0
							3,91,50,600	10	6
					Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office ... Rs. 2,10,56,776 2 10		4,23,50,079	4	7
					Cash and Currency Notes at Branches ... „ 2,12,93,303 1 9				
Total ...		8,15,00,679	15	1	Total ...		8,15,00,679	15	1

By order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL, *Calcutta, the 25th June 1874*

F. A. GILLAM, *Offg. Chief Accountant & Deputy Secretary.*

R. HARDIE, *Secretary and Treasurer.*

(252—1)

اشتہار

بذریعہ اسکے شہرت عام دي جاتي هي جو ضلع ڈھاکہ کے متعلق محکمہ منشي گنج کے قریب دھلسري دریا کي کنارے پر جو هرسال اک مشہور کالک تاریي کا میلا هوا کرتا هي وہ میلا گورنمنٹ عالیہ کي گذري ۲۱ فبروري مہینے کے حکم موجب میلا کي پہلي تاریخ سے فقط مدت یکماہ قایم رهیگي اس مہینے سے زیادہ نہین رهیگي آیندہ میلا سنہ ۱۸۷۴ع کے نلیسوں ۲۳ نومبر مطابق سنہ ۱۲۸۱ بنگلہ کے آٹھوین اگہن سے شروع هوکر وهي سن کے نلیسوین ۲۳ دسمبر مطابق نوین پوس میلا شکست اور تمام هوگا مردمان تجارت پیشہ وغیرہ کو اسي اک مہینے کے درمیان خرید و فروخت سے فراغت کرني هوگي فقط

مورخہ اپریل سنہ ۱۸۷۴ عیسوي مطابق بیساکھہ سنہ ۱۲۸۱ بنگلہ

বিজ্ঞাপন।

এতদ্দ্বারা সর্ব্বসাধারণকে জ্ঞাত করান যাইতেছে জেলা ঢাকার অধীন মুনশীগঞ্জ মহকুমার সংলগ্ন ধলেশ্বরী নদীর তীরে যে প্রতিবৎসর বিখ্যাত কার্ত্তিকবারুণীর মেলা হইয়া থাকে তাহা মহামান্য গবর্ণমেণ্টের গত ২১ ফেব্রুআরির আদেশানুসারে ভবিষ্যতে মেলা আরম্ভের তারিখহইতে এক মাসকাল মাত্র স্থায়ী হইবেক, এক মাসের অধিক থাকিবে না, আর আগামী মেলা ইং ১৮৭৪ সনের ২৩ নবেম্বর মোতাবেক বাঙ্গলা ১২৮১ সনের ৮ অগ্রহায়ণহইতে আরম্ভ হইয়া ঐ সনের ২৩ ডিসেম্বর অর্থাৎ ৯ পৌষ তারিখে মেলা ভঙ্গ হইবেক। বাণিজ্য ব্যবসায়ী ইত্যাদি লোক সকল এই এক মাসের মধ্যে ক্রয় বিক্রয় সমাধা করিবেক, ইতি সন ১৮৭৪ ইং তাং আপ্রিল বাং ১২৮১ সন তাং বৈশাখ।

D. R. LYALL,
জেলা ঢাকার মাজিষ্ট্রেট সাহেব।

Bhagiruthee River.

Weekly Water Report showing the least depth of water in the Bhagiruthee River for the week ending Friday, the 26th June 1874.

Names of places, &c.	Least depth of water. Ft.	In.	REMARKS.
Entrance below Chourasea	14	0	
Thence to Noorpore Junction, 6 miles	10	0	
Thence to Jungipore, 9 miles	9	0	
From Jungipore to Berhampore, 47 miles	9	7	
From Berhampore to Cutwa, 50 miles	8	6	
From Cutwa to Nuddea, 46 miles	10	6	

Height of water on guage at Berhampore on the 29th June 1874, above zero, 13′3½″.

T. BEATTY, C.E., *Offg. Exe. Engr., Nuddea Rivers Division.*

BERHAMPORE, the 29th June 1874.

Notice

Is hereby given that the Transfer Books of the Bank will be closed from the 1st to 15th July 1874, both days inclusive.—By order of the Directors,

R. HARDIE, *Secy. and Treasurer.*

BANK OF BENGAL, CALCUTTA, the 27th June 1874. (257—1)

Administrator-General's Office.

THE undermentioned Estates having come under charge of this Office, all persons having claims upon, being indebted to, or holding property belonging to the said Estates, are requested to place themselves in immediate communication with the undersigned:—

John Barlow, of the Bengal Civil Service, and Officiating Joint-Magistrate of Gya, died at Gya on the 2nd March 1874.

William Craddock, a Surgeon-Major on the Retired List of Her Majesty's Bengal Medical Establishment, died at sea on board the steamer *Gascon*, on the 30th March 1872.

William Becher, of Gowhatty in Assam, a Tea Planter, died at Chandernagore on the 10th March 1874.

Sree Mutty Soodha Money Dossee, a Hindoo inhabitant of Simla in the town of Calcutta, died at Calcutta in February 1862.

Alfred Clefton Snell, employed in the Government Telegraph Department of India at Nagpore, died at Nagpore on the 3rd February 1874.

L. P. D. BROUGHTON, *Administrator-General.*

HIGH COURT; CALCUTTA, 20th June 1874. (253—1)

Eastern Bengal Indigo Company, "Limited."

NOTICE is hereby given that the meeting of Shareholders *adjourned* from yesterday, will be held in pursuance of the Resolution then passed, on Saturday, the 11th day of July next, at noon, at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 3, Church Lane, Calcutta.

No. 3, CHURCH LANE, the 5th March 1874. By order,

(91—4) WILLIAM MORAN & Co., *Agents.*

Eastern Bengal Indigo Company, "Limited."

NOTICE is hereby given that a General Meeting of Shareholders of this Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 3, Church Lane, Calcutta, on Wednesday, the 1st July 1874, at 3½ P.M., when the following special resolution will be proposed:—

"That Section 35 of the Articles of Association, empowering the Directors to borrow funds for the working expenses, be altered by substituting the words 'Rupees seventy-five thousand' for the words 'Rupees fifty thousand.'"—By order of the Directors,

WILLIAM MORAN & Co., *Agents.*

3, CHURCH LANE, the 26th March 1874. (130—4)

Eastern Bengal Indigo Company, "Limited."

NOTICE is hereby given that a General Meeting of Shareholders of this Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 3, Church Lane, Calcutta, on Wednesday, the 22nd July 1874, at 3½ P.M., to confirm such resolution or resolutions as may have been passed at the General Meeting of Shareholders convened for the 1st July 1874.

By order of the Directors,

3, CHURCH LANE, 16th April 1874. (152—4) WILLIAM MORAN & Co., *Agents.*

Notice

Is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned in London under the style of Goolden, Smellie and Company, and in Calcutta of Smellie and Company, has been dissolved as from the 30th instant by mutual consent.

The London firm will henceforth be carried on by Mr. R. E. Goolden under the style of Goolden and Company, and the Calcutta firm by Mr. S. N. Smellie under the style of Smellie and Company.

Dated this 29th day of June 1874. R. E. GOOLDEN,

Witness, *By his Attorney,* S. N. SMELLIE,

W. H. GOOLDEN. (259—3) S. N. SMELLIE.

Notice.

WE have this day established ourselves in business as Merchants and Agents under the style and firm of "Rutherfoord and Company." JOHN FITZTHOMAS RUTHERFOORD.

CALCUTTA, the 1st July 1874. (255—1) HENRY BENJAMIN HARRISON.

Notice.

MY SON, Mohendro Nath Bhose, has been authorized to sign my firm of Tariney Churn Bhose and Co. (214—6) TARINEY CHURN BHOSE.

PURSUANT to a decree of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction, made in suit No. 402 of 1872, (wherein Charlotte Boileau, of No. 33, Baniapookur Road, Entally, in the district of 24-Pergunnahs, is the plaintiff, and William O'Brien Smith, of Serampore, in the district of Hooghly, Charles Stonehouse Boileau, Henrietta Boileau, and Henry Alexander Porteous Boileau, now residing at No. 38, Baniapookur Road, aforesaid, Theodore Debracy Boileau, now residing at Barrackpore, Selina Forbes, now residing at Purneah in Bengal, and Josephine Fitzgibbon, now residing at No. 33, Taltollah Street in Calcutta, are defendants), and dated the ninth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, the creditors of Simeon Henry Boileau, late of Calcutta, a Government pensioner, who died on or about the twenty second day of February, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, are, on or before the fourth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, to come in and prove their debts and claims at the Chambers of the sitting Judge in the Court House, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said decree. Saturday, the eleventh day of July, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon at the said Chambers, is appointed for hearing and adjudicating upon the said claims.

M. CAMELL, *Plaintiff's Attorney.* R. BELCHAMBERS, *Registrar.*

CALCUTTA HIGH COURT, ORIGINAL JURISDICTION, the 1st day of June 1874. (222—4)

TO LET, in putnee, the divided half share of Prawnkishen Biswas, deceased, of and in pergunnah Annurpore, in Twenty-four-Pergunnahs, on the following conditions:—

1*st.*—The putnee to be given for the whole as one lot, or for separate dhees separately.

2*nd.*—The zemindars will be prepared to give up so much of the profits on each dhee as are placed opposite to each of them on receiving in adequate purchase value of the profits so given up, and will further require as salamee to be given for the balance of the profits, being the rents reserved to the zemindars as may be arranged.

3*rd.*—The offers for purchase, value, and of salamee are to be made on or before the fifteenth day of July next, either to Baboo Denonath Bose, Attorney-at-Law, or to Baboo Cassinath Biswas, at No. 20, Nilmoney Mitter's Street, in Simla, in Calcutta, where the same will be recorded.

4*th.*—The highest offers will be preferred.

5*th.*—Upon the offers being accepted, notice of such acceptance will be given by the said Baboo Denonath Bose to the person whose offers will be so accepted, and service of such notice will be deemed good service thereof upon the same being left at the usual place of abode of the said offerer.

6*th.*—Upon acceptance of the offers the persons whose offers shall have been so accepted should within fifteen days from the date of the said notice pay in the whole amount of their respective offers to such person or persons as may be authorised to receive the same.

7*th.*—That upon payment of all purchase-money the zemindars will, at the costs of the putneedars, execute pattahs in their favor after approval thereof by the zemindar's Attorney. The putneedars may at their own costs get their respective putnee holdings separately registered in the Collectorate.

8*th.*—The putnee lease will contain terms to the effects—(1st) that the rent will be payable by twelve equal monthly payments made on the first day of every month, and that such rent will be paid separately to each of the zemindars according to his interest in the property, to such person or persons as may be nominated by all parties for the purpose of receiving such rents; (2nd) that all taxes now paid or hereafter payable in respect of the said property, either by the zemindar or otherwise, shall be paid by the said putneedars; (3rd) that in default of payment of the said rent or taxes on the due dates thereof, respectively, interest will be charged on the defaulted amount at the rate of 12 per cent. per annum, and the rent and interest will be realised either as soon as default is made or in accordance with the provisions of Regulation 8 of 1819; (4th) that the putneedar will not be allowed to grant any under-tenure of his putnee mehal or any portion thereof for jummas less than what are now payable in respect thereof; (5th) that the putneedar will be fully empowered to make jariff jummabundee of all lands, &c., in his mehal.

9*th.*—The income of the property is detailed below. The putneedars will be at liberty to make a mokabilla thereof with the naib of the zemindars within three months after the deposit of purchase and salamee-money as aforesaid. After the expiry of this time no objections on the grounds of short income will be entertained; the shortcoming of the income will not be a ground to cancel the contract for putnee.

10*th.*—That the putneedars may take upon themselves at their own expenses the collection of all the arrears of rent now due from the mehals, and that a commission of 10 per cent. will be allowed by the zemindars for such collections.

N.B.—This putnee is not to include any khas lands, gardens and tanks, nor any brummuthro, any lakhiraj and debutter, and purchased lands within the zemindary, for which separate arrangement will be made.

Names of Debees and Mouzahs	Gross rental	Deduct unrealisable and objected rent.	Balance rent	Usual batta realisable	Total rent.	Mofussil surunjamee expenses	Balance rent	Profit to be given up
	Rs. A. G. C	Rs A G C	Rs A G. C	Rs. A G. C	Rs. A G C	Rs A G. C	Rs. A. G. C	Rs. A G C.
Debee Ajoolapore	6,964 11 11 0	1,860 4 9 1	5,104 7 1 3	50 12 11 3	5,155 3 13 2	210 0 0 0	4,945 3 13 2	2,000 0 0 0
„ Shoohe	12,427 7 19 3	6,078 0 14 2	6,349 7 5 1	61 14 17 3	6,411 6 5 0	210 0 0 0	6,201 6 5 0	3,000 0 0 0
„ Chunderpore	10 122 0 9 0	2,947 9 1 0	7,179 7 8 0	70 13 4 1	7,273 4 12 1	287 0 0 0	6,956 4 12 1	3,000 0 0 0
„ Bhersh	7,284 10 7 2	1,626 13 15 3	5,757 12 11 3	53 6 5 0	5,811 2 16 3	285 0 0 0	5,526 2 16 3	2,000 0 0 0
„ Chundaguree	6,045 0 9 2	1,151 13 11 3	4,893 2 17 3	43 1 5 2	4,936 4 3 1	212 0 0 0	4,724 4 3 1	2,000 0 0 0
„ Cootrah	6,241 0 2 1	1,538 3 7 0	4,702 12 13 1	44 8 11 3	4,747 5 5 0	255 0 0 0	4,492 5 5 0	2,000 0 0 0
„ Rohhanda	5,822 0 6 0	1,748 4 19 0	4,073 11 7 0	40 12 1 3	4,114 7 8 3	195 0 0 0	3,919 7 8 3	1,500 0 0 0
„ Thejara	5,809 3 7 0	1,646 5 3 1	3,962 14 3 3	33 6 0 0	3,996 4 3 1	215 12 0 0	3,780 8 3 3	1,500 0 0 0
„ Bamoosdhanga	5,810 12 17 0	1,598 7 7 1	4,212 5 9 3	41 14 0 0	4,254 3 9 3	190 0 0 0	4,064 3 9 3	2,000 0 0 0
„ Barabaree	7,708 6 5 3	1,897 7 7 2	5,810 12 18 1	52 10 13 0	5,863 7 11 1	250 0 0 0	5,613 7 11 1	2,500 0 0 0
„ Rungpore	3,436 7 18 3	948 5 17 1	2,583 2 1 2	21 11 6 3	2,604 13 8 1	159 12 0 0	2,445 1 8 1	1,060 0 0 0
„ Bistoopore	4,500 3 11 2	825 1 10 2	3,676 2 1 0	22 3 12 3	3,697 5 13 3	60 0 0 0	3,637 5 13 3	1,000 0 0 0
„ Faultee	3 390 9 1 1	467 11 6 2	2,923 13 14 3	27 11 16 3	2,950 9 11 2	155 8 0 0	2,795 1 11 2	1,000 0 0 0
„ Kadumbogachee	2,293 8 10 1	397 0 3 1	1,896 8 7 0	18 13 5 0	1,915 5 12 0	99 0 0 0	1,816 5 12 0	900 0 0 0
„ Noaparrah	2,078 12 9 2	383 12 6 0	1,695 0 3 2	15 13 5 0	1,710 13 8 2	80 0 0 0	1,630 13 8 2	800 0 0 0
	89,932 14 5 3	25,012 7 1 3	64,920 7 4 0	603 8 9 1	65,423 15 13 1	2,864 0 0 0	62,559 15 13 1	26,100 0 0 0

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the effects belonging to the estate of George Augustus Harris, of the Trigonometrical Survey, who demised at Shillong, Khasi Hills, on the 12th May 1874, are in the custody of the Court of the Deputy Commissioner, Khasi and Jynteah Hills, and will be delivered to any person who may be legally empowered to administer to the estate.

H. S. BIVAR, *Dy. Commr., Khasi and Jynteah Hills.*

SHILLONG, DY. COMMR.'S OFFICE, dated 4th June 1874. (229—3)

Notice.

LOST or mislaid by the owner, the Title-deeds of the premises No. 53, formerly No. 21, Nebootollah Lane, Molungah, in Calcutta, belonging to Sreemutty Koosumkameenee Dabee. Any person bringing them to the office of the undersigned will be rewarded.

7½ HASTINGS STREET. (230—3) A. ST. JOHN CARRUTHERS.

Notice.

FOUND AT PATTAMOONDI, CHUTTI.

Three Government Currency Notes for Rs. 10 each, bearing numbers $\frac{L}{11}$19768, $\frac{L}{4}$33440, $\frac{A}{27}$77221. The owner may have them by adducing proper proofs and rewarding the finder. If no claim is made within a month, the notes will be escheated to Government.

KENDRAPARAH, the 9th June 1874. (233—5) S. C. NAUTH, *Dy. Collector.*

Revised Notice

Is hereby given that the undermentioned Currency Note for Rs. 50 has been found out by a person in a bundle of waste papers, purchased by him from different places. Any person claiming the said notes as his own, must apply to the undersigned with necessary proofs within one month from the date of publication. If no claimant appear within the period, the note in question will be disposed of according to rule.

Currency Note No. C-33348, dated Calcutta, 19th October 1857.

RAM COOMAR BOSE, *Dy. Collr., Culna.*

DY. COLLR.'S OFFICE, CULNA, the 17th June 1874. (244—3)

Burnt by Fire.

THE 4 per cent. Government Promissory Notes No. 2766, of 1st May 1865, for Rs. 500, and 5 per cent. No. 65299, of 28th February 1856-57, for Rs. 500.

HOWRAH RAMKRISTOPORE, the 17th June 1874. (239—3) SARADA CHARAN BASU

Stolen.

THE Government Promissory Note No. 037145 of the 4 per cent. loan of 1st May 1865 for Rs. 500, originally standing in the name of Okil Chunder Mookerjee, and last endorsed to Khetter Nath Mookerjee, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, and application is to be made for the issue of duplicates in favor of the proprietor.

(258—3) KHETTER NAUTH MOOKERJEE, *Panihatty.*

Lost.

THE upper half of Government Promissory Note No. 020899 of the 4 per cent. of 1st May 1865, for Rs. 500, originally standing in the name of Jibunkristo Mullick, and last endorsed to Doorga Churn Mullick, the proprietor by whom it was never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, and application is to be made for the issue of duplicates in favor of the proprietor.

(251—3) DOORGA CHURN MULLICK, *Calcutta, Shiboo Tukoor's Lane, No. 67.*

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HENRY F. BLANFORD, *Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.*

CALCUTTA, the 22nd September 1873.

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THE *ASSAM GAZETTE* is published every Saturday. It is available to the public at the following rates:

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SHILLONG, the 26th May 1874. H. L. JOHNSON, *Secretary.*

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☞ The following books may be had from the Office of Superintendent, Government Printing, No. 8, Hastings Street. No orders can be attended to, unless accompanied by a remittance. When postage stamps are forwarded, one anna additional should be sent for every Rupee's worth of stamp for discount in exchanging them for cash. Service labels are not received.

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The Civil Pension Code. *Price, Re. 1-4; packing and postage, 4 as.*
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A Report on the Expedition to Western Yunan *vid* Bhamo. By John Anderson, M.D., Medical Officer and Naturalist to the Expedition. *Price Rs. 8.*

Report of the Commissioners appointed by the Government of India to inquire into the Origin, Nature, &c., of Indian Cattle Plagues. With Appendices. Calcutta. 1871. Fol. pp. xxx and 999, with Maps. *Price Rs. 10; packing 4 annas.*

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OFFICERS under the Bengal Government, who wish to have copies of the New Criminal Procedure Code, *for sale*, are requested to apply to the Superintendent of Government Printing, Calcutta.

Postal Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the French Government have contracted with the British India Steam Navigation Company for a four weekly service between Zanzibar, the Comoro Isles, and Madagascar. The steamers on this line will run in communication with the four weekly service now working between Aden and Zanzibar.

2. The first steamer will leave Zanzibar on the 3rd July 1874.

3. Letters can be sent *vid* Bombay and Aden by this route to Great Comoro, Mayotta, Nose-be, and Majurga, if fully prepaid at the rate of 8 annas per half ounce; they will be liable to additional postage on delivery.

E. R. DOUGLAS, *for Offg. Director-General of the Post Offices of India.*

CALCUTTA, the 25th June 1874.

Postal Notices.

SEA OVERLAND MAILS.

For	Box closes at	Date.	Per Steamer.
Akyab ...	7 P.M. ...	3rd July 1874...	*Coconada.*
Rangoon and Moulmein ..	7 ,, ...	3rd ,, ,,	*Madura.*
Mails for France, Foreign Europe, *vid* France, the intermediate Ports, Mauritius and China.	7 ,, ...	4th ,, ,,	*Meinam.*

The next Overland Mail, *vid* Bombay, will close on Tuesday, the 7th July 1874.

2. Book-post and pattern packets must be posted on the 6th instant.

Letters, &c., for Mauritius, St. Denis, Réunion, Natal, and Cape of Good Hope, can be sent by this opportunity

N.B.—The Letter-Box will close at 7 P M. precisely, after which hour Overland letters, fully prepaid and bearing extra postage stamp of two (2) annas on each cover, will be received up to 7-30 P M., or, bearing an extra postage stamp of four (4) annas on each cover, up to 8 P.M., and after 8 up to 9 P.M., by a Post Office Clerk at the East Indian Railway Station, Armenian Ghât.

CALCUTTA, the 30th June 1874. M. PERCY, *Post-Master of Calcutta.*

List of Remaining and Unclaimed Letters received in the Calcutta Post Office up to 27th June 1874.

Abreo, Mrs. S.
Aire, B.
Atkinson, Mrs. G. W.
Barton, Mrs.
Bayley, Miss A.
Biggs, Mr.
Briant, A.
Briant, Monsieur A. L.
Bridge, Mrs. A.
Brown, Dr. J. R.
Burnette, Mrs. A.
Caddy, D.
Campbell, Col.
Cave, Miss.
Clarke, L.
Contarini, E.
Edwards, E. J.
Elworthy, F.
Ferrie, W. A.
Freyberger, M.
Gill, G.
Gomes, J.
Gordon, Mrs.
Green, Mrs.
Gunrirg, H.
Henriques, Mrs. R.
Hickie, Borman & Co.
Joubert, Dr.
Langlois, Madame L.
Leicester and Co.
Lenahan, Mrs.
Lonides, C.
Martin, Anna.
Mathews, Mr.
Meyers, Mrs E. C.
Paulson, Mrs. M.
Pepin, Mrs.
Potter, Miss.
Ravenscrott, Mrs. B.
Richardson, G.
Richards, Mrs. J. W.
Robinson and Co.
Ryall, J. E.
Sampson, Mrs.
Sainter, J. D.
Saxton, J. W.
Senior, Mrs. C.
Shine, Miss A.
Smith, A.
Smyth, W. S.
Stuart, E. A.
Thomas, Miss H.
Thomas, H. Mrs.
Thomas, J.
Tonkin, Mrs. J.
Vivian, Mrs. G.
Walls, J.
Watson, Mrs. W. J.
Welcome, A
Weedon, F. M.
Williams, M J.
Wright, J.

M. PERCY, *Post-Master of Calcutta.*

Insolvency Notice.

Public Auction Sale, on Friday, 10th July 1874, at twelve o'clock noon, at the Official Assignee's Office, No. 3, Old Post Office Street.

PURSUANT to an order of the Court for the relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta, made in the matter of Woomachurn Doss and Gobind Chunder Doss, dated 3rd June 1874,

The Official Assignee will sell (with the concurrence of the mortgagee) the following property:—

A piece of mourosee land (with 3 brick-built one-storied rooms and ponds, containing about 1 beegha more or less, situated at Batrah, pergunnah Borrow, in zillah Howrah, at a rental of Rs. 8 per annum).

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Orr and Harris, Solicitors, Hastings Street, or to the Official Assignee's Office.

(254—1) A. B. MILLER, *Official Assignee.*

INSOLVENT NOTICES.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

IN the matter of CIVIL ANTHONY ROBERTSON, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 20th day of June instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 4th day of August next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

E. O. Moses, *Attorney.*

IN the matter of RAJNARAIN PAUL and KISSORYMOHUN PAUL, both lately carrying on business and trade at Hautkollah, in the Town of Calcutta, in copartnership under the style and firm of Rajnarain Paul and Kissorymohun Paul, Insolvents.

On Monday, the 15th day of June instant, it was on the petition of Gobind Chunder Coondoo and Ramtonoo Shaw Mudoosoodun Shaw Hurrolall Coondoo Seetul Chunder Coondoo Nobin Chunder Coondoo Bunko Behary Shaw and Sreemuntloll Shaw Kreepanundo Shaw Grees Chunder Shaw and Addonauth Shaw, creditors of the said Insolvents, adjudged that the said Rajnarain Paul and Kissorymohun Paul have committed an act of Insolvency under the provisions of the Act XI Vic., Cap. XXI, and by another order of the same date the estate and effects of the said Insolvents were vested in the Official Assignee.

G C. Chunder, *Attorney.*

In the matter of EDWARD TRESTON O'CONNOR, an Insolvent.

On Monday, the 15th day of June instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 4th day of August next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

M. Camell, *Attorney.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 23rd June 1874.

IN the matter of BENJAMIN FRANCIS, an Insolvent.

Notice that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court on Tuesday, the 7th day of July next, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon.

☞ *Any Creditor of the said Insolvent desirous of opposing such application must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.*

H. R. Fink, *Attorney.*

In the matter of ALBERT WALTER RAVENSCROFT, an Insolvent

On Tuesday, the 23rd day of June instant, it was ordered that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned until Tuesday, the 4th day of August next, and that the order made in this matter for the *ad interim* protection of the said Insolvent from arrest be enlarged to the said 4th day of August next and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

C. F. Pittar, *Attorney.*

In the matter of BACHARAM DASS, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 2nd day of June instant, by an order of this Court, the said Insolvent was adjudged entitled to his personal discharge under the Act XI Vic., Cap. XXI, as to all persons named in his schedule as Creditors or claiming to be Creditors, respectively.

Insolvent in person.

In the matter of JAMES HILL, an Insolvent.

On Monday, the 22nd day of June instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 1st day of September next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

W. F. Watson, *Attorney*.

IN the matter of AMAND DOLLET, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 23rd day of June instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 1st day of September next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Berners & Co., *Attorneys*.

Chief Clerk's Office, the 30th June 1874.

[REGISTERED No. 29.]

No. 26 of 1874.

SUPPLEMENT TO
The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 1, 1874.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

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BENGAL FAMINE.

TWENTIETH SPECIAL NARRATIVE OF THE DROUGHT IN BENGAL, FROM THE 12TH TO THE 25TH JUNE 1874.

THE Lieutenant-Governor, Sir Richard Temple, has written from Goalundo on the 23rd June the following remarks for inclusion in the present narrative :—

"During the past fortnight I have passed down the Ganges and part of the Brahmapootra and its branches, from Monghyr to Dacca, visiting parts of the districts on either bank of the river, and conferring with the local authorities and with the principal natives. The remarks which I shall now offer apply not at all to Behar, but to the generally distressed, or partly distressed districts of North-Eastern Bengal, namely, Cooch Behar, Dinagepore, Rungpore, Bogra, Malda, Rajshahye, and Pubna."

"In the spring, frequent showers enabled the husbandmen in many places (though not everywhere) to sow the early (or *boro*) rice to a larger extent than usual, advantage being taken, with skill and promptitude, of every patch of ground that could be turned to this purpose; such as beds of those tanks and of those rivers which had been deprived of their water by the drought. Occasional rain-storms brought forward to maturity the produce of these little green fields in the midst of the arid, drought-stricken country just at the time of sorest need, when the circumstances of May caused stocks to fall, prices to rise, and employment to cease. The incoming of this early harvest, though not enough to alter the general situation, did yet suffice to afford relief and mitigation."

"Then the rains, commencing seasonably and propitiously at the end of May, have continued through June abundantly, but not violently; filling the

rivers, soaking the soil in the uplands, where the autumn rice crop (*aous*) is springing up, and flooding the hollows, where the winter crop (*amun*) has just been sown, and affording the required moisture for the lowlands, where the sowings have yet to be made. The sowings for the autumn rice are believed to have been extensive beyond the average: the crop is now so strong and high above the ground as to be considered almost secure. The sowings for the winter rice are understood to have already been considerable, and to be progressing well. For the most part there has been no want of seed. In some places some such want has manifested, or may yet manifest itself. It is remedied partially, if not completely, by the arrangements which the local officers are able to make."

"Thus far, then, the agricultural prospect is favorable."

"The rivers are rising, the summer navigation of these natural highways is opening fast: these are the arteries and the veins of this system of inland communication. It is therefore possible for trade to throw in supplies from distant districts; but this is not being done as yet to any considerable extent. The southerly and the easterly breezes, which are the trade-winds in this section of the great river at this season, have been blowing propitiously for many days past. Some fleets of the Dacca boats—always distinguishable by their tall masts and white swelling sails—are to be seen, laden sometimes, but not always, with rice from Naraingunge (the entrepot of South-Eastern Bengal), and bound for the distressed districts. But the quantities thus brought are as yet small compared to the needs of the North-Eastern markets. Some supplies may reach the river-side districts, as Maldah, Rajshahye, Pubna, Bogra, and parts of Rungpore; but no succour worth reckoning has as yet come to Dinagepore, which has the broadest area of distress in all North-Eastern Bengal, and few persons seem now to believe in its coming. The Dinagepore marts usually supply all their own neighbourhood, and export largely to Rajshahye and Pubna. This year they cannot meet their home demands, much less supply any one else. The inland river-side "bunders" or quays for the collection of rice to be sent away by boats, so numerous in the interior of this district, and usually so full and busy, have this year been empty and deserted. Again, the east tract of Dinagepore, having good crops, exported rice to the neighbouring tract of Rungpore, which was in distress, to such an extent that it became itself distressed in its turn."

"Then the markets of Rajshahye and Pubna, even in ordinary years, expect to receive a part of the Dinagepore supplies. This year they depended still more on such importation, as the supplies from the local harvests, though in good part saved, were yet short and scanty, but have received, and will receive, next to nothing. In the Rajshahye district prices have gone on rising until on a very recent date they were as dear as in the most distressed districts. In the south part of the Pubna district the upward tendency of prices has been stopped, and indeed reversed, to the relief of the people. This fortunate result arose, however, not so much from importation as from the belief in the safety of the *aous* crop, and the consequent production of old stocks. In the north part of the Pubna district, around Serajgunge (the well known place, where the collection of country boats forms a sort of floating city), the market had for months been trusting to supplies from the Mymensingh district, across the Brahmapootra. These suddenly ceasing, together with failure of supplies from the Dinagepore direction and gradual depletion of local stocks, caused a panic, which was checked only by importation of Government grain. Scarcity, however, still prevails in most of the northern parts of Rajshahye and the north-eastern part of Pubna."

"In the Cooch Behar division (including the Julpigoree district, the Cooch Behar State, and part of the Bhootan Dooars), there was but slight failure of crop (chiefly in a locality to the south of Julpigoree itself), but grain was exported briskly to parts of Purneah and of Dinagepore. Then in the Julpigoree district there arose panic in the grain-markets;—how far from depletion of stocks, how far from combination among dealers to hold their stocks, it is hard to say, but probably from both causes. The trouble, which at one time threatened to become serious, was checked by relief measures and by the importation of Government grain."

"The Rungpore and Bogra districts obtained much of their food-supply for many weeks from Mymensingh, across the Brahmapootra. In the beginning the Mymensingh crop was expected partly to fail. Had it not been saved, there

is no doubt that the troubles in Rungpore and Bogra would have begun much earlier, and proved worse than they actually have. The west part of Rungpore also benefited by the trouble which has been just mentioned as befalling the east part of Dinagepore. The frequent occurrence of panics in the grain-marts of Rungpore, and the equally frequent demand for Government aid, prove the precarious position in which the trade has been standing for several months past."

"In Mymensingh, again, the north-west corner brought temporary trouble on itself from helping others. In that particular quarter the markets became empty. There was money enough in the hands of the people, but no food-grain for it to purchase. Hence arose the strange circumstance of Government grain being landed on that margin of the river highway whence surplus grain had recently been exported to districts within sight across the water."

"Further down the river, in the Dacca district, though the crops were fairly good, there were very high prices of rice (8 to 10 seers for the rupee) for some time and many complaints of distress among the people, owing doubtless to the grain going to meet demands elsewhere. Within the last few days the price has become cheaper, 12 to 13 seers for the rupee. It is worthy of note that the Dacca district is held by the local authorities to be secure from general distress caused by drought, because large areas of rice-land, which ordinarily suffer from floods, yield fully in years of scanty rainfall; yet even in this district it has for some weeks past been necessary to distribute charitable relief at the chief centres of population."

"These circumstances may be not devoid of interest, as showing the inter-dependence of these several districts, in consequence of which any extensive trouble befalling any considerable part ramifies ultimately over the whole, and causes divers complications and mischances to occur suddenly, and to tax our vigilance to the utmost."

"Under all the circumstances, as above set forth, of agriculture and of trade in the particular districts above adverted to, there arise the questions—Will there be private supplies of grain forthcoming to sustain the people till the end of August? and if not, are there enough Government supplies for this purpose? and whether the *aous* crop, if successfully gathered, will sustain the people from September till December, when the main rice crop is to be expected? Many, perhaps most, experienced persons think that there is not now time enough remaining for trade to do the needful; that there are certainly not stocks in any quantity; and that if there be any part unexhausted, there is no certainty that the dealers will bring it forward upon merely the assured prospect of the *aous*. It is rather thought that they will perhaps wait until the position of the winter crop can be better foreseen. Again, some of the best authorities apprehend that the *aous* crop may not wholly suffice (in the absence of all other stocks) for the sustenance of the people from September until the incoming of the *amun* crop in December; and that distress, after subsiding in September and October, might spring up again from the end of October till December. In vain, it is argued, will the winter harvest be displaying all its promise of abundance if there be actually not grain enough on the spot for the teeming population. Some assistance may perhaps be looked for from the *aous* crop of other places. It is indeed always to be remembered that generally this crop is kept for intermediate subsistence until the winter crop comes in, and is seldom exported; and this rule will probably obtain to the full this year, when rice is so scarce everywhere. Still its promise seems to be so good in the eastern tract, in the country of the Brahmapootra and the Megna, that some considerable part may be available for exportation during August and September, while the rivers are still full."

"The original allotments of rice for the four districts of Dinagepore, Rungpore, Bogra, and Maldah, are stated below:—

	Mds.
Dinagepore	12,00,000
Rungpore	3,00,000
Bogra	2,40,000
Maldah	1,50,000
Rajshahye	1,00,000
Railway works	1,00,000
Total ...	20,90,000
	= 76,849 tons."

"Out of this allotment the expenditure has been—

	Actual expenditure up to some day from the 2nd to 10th June. Mds	Estimated up to the end of June Mds.
Dinagepore	1,88,235	3,00,000
Maldah	24,000	41,000
Bogra	30,000	45,000
Rungpore	94,359	1,32,000
Rajshahye and Railway works ..	8,000	20,000
Total ..	3,44,594	5,38,000
		= 19,779 tons."

"Under the circumstances, it has been decided to transfer 60,000 maunds, equal to 2,205 tons, from Dinagepore to the neighbouring district of Purneah, where the distress had increased faster than was expected, and which had to send part of its grain on to Cooch Behar. Also 50,000 maunds, equal to 1,838 tons, have been transferred from Maldah to Sonthalia and Moorshedabad. Perhaps, too, some portion of the Bogra allotment may be spared. But with these exceptions, the belief of the responsible officers on the spot is that the Government grain available in these districts will be absolutely needed."

"Inasmuch as the estimated consumption shown above does not allow for loss and wastage, there must be some abatement made from the quantity estimated to be remaining after the 1st of August. With allowance made for this, however, there will still be, as we hope, considerable stores for the needs of the distressed tracts. And if any misfortune not now foreseen should occur, these stores would suffice to meet even a severe accession of distress until fresh supplies could be brought in by river."

"The numbers of boats of various build and capacity, according to the peculiarities of the navigation of each stream or river, are known to be ample for any operation which we might have to undertake. These craft are now to be seen everywhere, either plying on the channels which daily become broader and deeper, or moored in crowds at every creek that is sheltered from the gales that blow over the expansive rivers."

"As regards the condition of the people: I believe that there has been occasionally some sharp distress in Rungpore; perhaps also some (though in a less degree) in Bogra, which happened notwithstanding our preventive efforts. But in Dinagepore I believe that dangerous distress has never been permitted to rear its head. Large sections of the people must doubtless have been straitened or gradually drawn towards the verge of distress; but help (as I believe) nearly always came in time, even before emaciation could begin. But none who witnessed the many broad patches of country where the rice crop had perished; who reflected on the consequences of such a failure to a dense population almost exclusively agricultural with almost nothing save this one product to depend upon; and who noted the impossibility of succour being afforded by trade at that time of year, when the river navigation was closed to this land-locked district, and when prices in the south were too high to yield a profit to the importer, can reasonably doubt regarding the disease and death which must have ensued had the Government refrained from acting. Maldah was from the beginning never brought near to danger. In juxtaposition with its partly distressed tracts were tracts fertilised by the Ganges and yielding a rich crop of wheat and barley. Its situation offered the utmost facilities for importation from Central and Southern Bengal, of which advantage the trade availed itself. In the hottest season also the mango-fruit afforded much sustenance."

"The wages given to relief laborers in these districts (2 to 3 annas a day) are higher than those allowed in Behar, only because the ordinary rate of wages is higher in these eastern districts. Generally task-work has been successfully exacted and demoralisation prevented, with some notable exceptions however. The rates for piece-work (4 annas for 100 cubic feet of earth-work) have been lower than those which had to be allowed in Tirhoot. Here also the laborers are believed to have saved something from their earnings at piece-work by working with commendable industry. They would in the early hours of the day do their out-work in their fields, from which they could obtain no present gain; then come on to the relief works before noon, and work to the very end of a summer's eve in order to earn a good wage. The works

consisted more of roads and less of tanks than in Behar. The roads are represented to be so far good as to improve the internal communication of the district; the bridging must, however, remain for future years. As the rains fall, the relief laborers will, we hope, go off to their fields or to private employment; and instructions have been reiterated to the local officers to expedite this change. This will be facilitated by the advances of Government grain to the cultivators which are being made; still there may be many who cannot sustain themselves, and thus the lists of recipients of charitable relief may swell."

"The sale of Government grain to the public, as might be expected under the circumstances described in this narrative, has recently been, and probably will continue to be, very considerable. In Dinagepore and Rungpore and Bogra the measure has not been extended beyond the limits mentioned in my narrative of the 14th May. In Maldah it has been adopted, but very slightly. In parts of Pubna it was adopted to stay the panic. In parts of Rajshahye I have recently ordered it not only at the request of the people, but on the recommendation of the grain-dealers themselves. In these districts one may travel from town to town and ask the grain-dealers why, with such high prices (9 to 11 seers the rupee) at home, they do not import from the south. They will say that the principal mart whence they could import is Naraingunge, and that the prices there (12 seers the rupee) preclude profit. Boats worked by the owners may bring some consignments obtained direct from the producers. Some traders may make ventures individually, but native merchants will not import largely to the north until prices at Naraingunge shall become as cheap as 15 or 16 seers the rupee. Now Naraingunge is the principal mart in East Bengal for rice among several other things. Here is collected much of the surplus rice from the east bank of the Brahmapootra;* from the basin of the Megna (Sylhet, Dacca, Tipperah) and from the deltaic district of Backergunge. Proceeding to Naraingunge, I find that rice has become cheaper, but is quoted as dear as 12 to 13 seers to the rupee. The native merchants think that the price may become slightly cheaper, but they would not admit the hope of its becoming as cheap as 16 seers to the rupee until August, and they evidently are not at all confident that, however good the September crop may prove, rice can be much cheaper until the next winter crop is gathered. The scarcity of rice, which has been felt for so many months throughout most parts of Bengal, must cause a demand everywhere, with a corresponding effect upon prices at Naraingunge as well as at other southern marts; and this must militate against grain being sent northwards."

* Called locally the Pudda.

"Looking to all this, I cannot doubt the expediency of selling Government grain in the eastern districts north of the Ganges whenever the measure is asked for, reiterating always the instruction that such sales are to be suspended if trade should bring in supplies."

1. *Weather and Rainfall.*—The reports continue to be very satisfactory. Rain continues to fall seasonably in almost all districts; only in Hooghly, Howrah, and part of Jessore, is more rain said to be wanted.

2. *State of Crops.*—The prospects of the coming crops could hardly be better. In almost every district, with very few exceptions, a more than average crop is expected, and in every district there has now been ample rain for sowings.

3. *Prices.*—Prices still remain fairly steady, and the tendency to fall, remarked on in last narrative, still continues in Behar and the more distressed districts of north-eastern Bengal. In the western districts there has been a fall in Burdwan and Hooghly, and a rise in Beerbhoom, Midnapore, and Howrah. In the central districts there has been a rise in Jessore and Maldah, and a slightly upward tendency is shown in Moorshedabad. There has been a fall in Rungpore, Bogra, and Pubna. Throughout the eastern districts prices are generally somewhat higher. They have risen considerably in Dacca and Fureedpore, and slightly in Sylhet and Chittagong. The other districts show no change except Noakholly, where prices have fallen to the level at which they stood the fortnight before last. In Behar rice and barley have fallen in Tirhoot, and

barley (an important article of food in Behar) has fallen in Patna, Shahabad, and Chumparun; only in Monghyr have prices risen. In Chota Nagpore there is no change to record except in Hazareebagh, where prices are somewhat lower. In Pooree there has been a considerable rise, from 27·9 to 23·10 for common rice.

4. *Private trade to Behar.*—The usual note on food-grains will be found in appendix A. Though the total upward traffic shows a decrease from the figures given last fortnight, yet the decrease is solely in the Government grain sent up, and there is really a slight increase of 56 tons in the upward private trade, and a considerable increase of 2,779 tons in the downward traffic.

5. *North Tirhoot.*—The reports continue satisfactory. Sowing is being carried on in every part of the district, and seed-grain, about which there were some fears, has turned out to be generally plentiful; so much so, that it was selling in Mudhoobunnee at Rs. 2 the maund. The general health of the population is exceedingly good, and their condition very much improved. The Seetamurhee and Poopree sub-divisions have been inspected during the fortnight by Drs. MacDonell and Coates. The former found in Poopree from 90 to 82 per cent. of the people on relief works up to the normal condition, which is exceedingly satisfactory, as the standard adopted by Dr. MacDonell, as remarked in the last narrative, is a high one. Dr. Coates found the people in Seetamurhee generally in very good condition, even in the most remote villages.

6. Rice (except Government rice) continues very scarce in the bazars, but importations of the coarser grains are reported to be increasing. Advances are now being given largely to the ryots for the support of themselves and their dependent laborers during the coming cultivating season.

7. *South Tirhoot.*—The prospects of the coming crop are excellent, and sowings are going on extensively; but though importations by private persons have increased, yet stocks still continue to be abnormally low, and sales of Government rice are necessarily continued.

8. *Chumparun.*—Indigo prospects are said to have improved owing to the recent rain, and there is consequently an increased demand for laborers for weeding the fields. The prospects of the other crops are excellent, and the condition of the people improved. In Ramnugger Dr. Coates, in his inspection tour, found a large number of the people anæmic and out of condition; but as the place is noted for its unhealthiness, it is probable that a similar inspection in a year of the greatest plenty would produce similar results. More seed-grain has been forthcoming than was at one time thought likely to exist in the district.

9. *Sarun.*—In this district the cheena crop has turned out particularly well, especially in Bussuntpore and Mushrukh, the worst tracts in the district. Indigo prospects are greatly improved, and the bhadoi crop promises to be remarkably good. Some laborers have been at last induced to engage to go to the Soane Canal, and it is hoped that others will follow.

10. *South Behar.*—The prospects of these three districts continue to be very good; only the rainfall was too early for the superstitions of the people, as many refrained from sowing when the first rain fell owing to the idea that the influence of the Mirgeshra Nakshattar,* through which the moon, according to Hindoo astronomers, was then passing, was unpropitious. Some, however, disregarded the omen and sowed, though at least a large minority hesitated. Fortunately for the latter the rain continued, and they did not lose the opportunity of getting their crop into the ground. Private trade in Patna continues to be very active; the imports for the fortnight being 3,88,512 maunds, against 3,62,246 imported in that preceding it.

11. *Bhagulpore Division.*—The condition of the people continues good, and there is but little distress anywhere except in Bahadoorgunge in Purneah, and parts of the Sonthal Pergunnahs. The prospects of the coming crops are excellent. The Collector of Bhagulpore says that "the bhadoi is simply magnificent;" and the Collector of Monghyr goes so far as to state that all fear of distress will be over at the end of July, as soon as the jenera (millet) crop ripens. If the rains continue the harvest throughout the division will probably be above the average.

12. *Rajshahye Division.*—In this division there has been a very great and general improvement, except in Rajshahye and parts of Pubna, where somewhat severe distress has been felt. The distress in the former district arose chiefly

* This is one of the 27 mansions of the moon into which the Hindoo lunar year is divided.

from a deficient supply of food-grains owing to the falling off in importations, and sanction has been given for the sales of Government rice in those places where the deficiency was serious. The prospects for the coming season could not be better.

13. *Cooch Behar and Julpigoree.*—The report of the Deputy Commissioner shows that no further distress is apprehended in this district, and that with some few exceptions the people are now well off and looking forward to reaping a more than average crop.

14. *Burdwan Division.*—There is little or no change to report in the condition of the people, and the prospects are good, though not so unusually good as in other parts of the country. Cholera is decreasing.

15. *Nuddea.*—There is no change in this district.

16. *Chota Nagpore.*—The reports still continue to show an improvement in the state of the people, and distress may now be said to be almost entirely confined to parts of Manbhoom and Hazareebagh; the promise of the crops is so good that hopes are entertained of an early return to a normal state of prosperity.

17. *Transport of Grain.*—With the exception of small quantities of grain going to the districts of the Burdwan division and of the extra lakh of maunds ordered to be sent for South Tirhoot, the transport of Government grain by the railway has almost entirely ceased. The State Railway to Durbhunga having been only laid down as a fair-weather line, cannot continue to carry grain during the rains; and hence the three lakhs still remaining to complete the Mudhoobunnee allotment will have to go by water. Arrangements are being made for the purpose. Mr. Metcalfe reports from Durbhunga that he anticipates no difficulty in making adequate transport arrangements for the movement of grain from the larger to the subsidiary golahs during the rains, as all the golahs are situated on the banks of rivers or connected with river-side stations by good roads, involving no great length of land carriage.

18. *Relief Works.*—The number of laborers on relief works according to the latest returns available, as compared with the numbers given in the last fortnightly narrative, are as follows:—

	Last fortnight.	This fortnight.
Patna division	1,231,496	1,368,087
Gunduk embankment	45,247	27,574
Soane Canal	34,850	31,945
Bhagulpore division	109,617	88,448
Rajshahye division	194,131	155,466
Northern Bengal Railway	22,129	22,622
Burdwan and Chota Nagpore	96,950	72,849
Cooch Behar	3,548	3,741
Total ...	1,737,768	1,770,732

These returns show an increase on those given in previous returns of 32,964; but an analysis of the numbers employed in each district shows that the increase has been chiefly in North Tirhoot, Sarun, and Chumparun districts. The Collector of Sarun remarks that we must not expect the numbers on relief works to fall off largely immediately after a fall of rain sufficient for sowing, as "beyond the ploughing and sowing which are done by the ryots themselves and their families, there can be no general demand for field-labor till the transplanting of the dhan and the weeding operations are taken in hand" In this district it is proposed to close relief works from the 1st July, when the demand for agricultural labor becomes brisk, and to reduce the rate of wages where works are maintained to the lowest subsistence allowance. In Chumparun the numbers have not increased largely anywhere, except in the Gobindgunge sub-division, where they have more than doubled; but in the Ramnuggur sub-division, where the numbers have been hitherto very large and the distress greatest, there has been a very large decrease from 31,573 to 11,919.

In South Tirhoot there has been a decrease, and also in Shahabad and on the Gunduk embankment and Soane works; but in Patna and Gya there has been a slight increase in the numbers of laborers, though in the former district the numbers had fallen at the close of the fortnight.

In the Bhagulpore division there has been a decrease in the numbers on the whole, though the Bhagulpore district and the Sonthal Pergunnahs show a slight increase. In the Rajshahye division all the districts show a decrease except Moorshedabad and Rajshahye. In the former district the increase is small, and in the latter, though apparently large, it is really insignificant, as the persons engaged in light labor, who were last fortnight entered as receiving charitable relief, have now been entered as laborers according to the practice followed in other districts.

In the Burdwan division the returns are not complete, but there has been a slight decrease in Hooghly and a slight increase in Bankoora and Beerbhoom; while in the Burdwan district the increase is more considerable. In Chota Nagpore there has been a slight increase in Manbhoom, and no satisfactory returns have been received from Palamow and Hazareebagh; but the figures given probably rather overstate the numbers on relief works. The Commissioner remarks that the numbers are at least half what they were in the previous fortnight, and the last crop-report says that the relief works in Palamow are almost deserted.

19. It is frequently remarked in the district narratives that the laborers work part of the day in their fields and part on the relief works, and consequently the numbers of men on those works must not be considered as so many men taken from the ordinary number of agricultural laborers. The universal report as to the excellence of the crops and the breadth of land sown prove that nowhere have relief works prevented the carrying on of the ordinary agricultural operations of the season.

20. The following return shows the numbers employed in each district, with details, as far as they are available, of those employed on piece-work and daily wages:—

Divisions.	Names of districts.	Laborers under Public Works Department	Laborers under Circle officers.	Total Laborers.	Task or piece work.	Daily wages
Patna	Tirhoot (North)	149,487	639,021	788,508	675,682	112,826
	Tirhoot (South)		180,550	180,550	26,694	153,856
	Chumparun	139,197	..	139,197	.	No details.
	Sarun	229,885	. .	229,885		No details
	Patna	17,661	.....	17,661	17,661	...
	Gya	.....	8,534	8,534	2,289	1,245
	Shahabad	7,743	907	8,743	6,166	557
	Total	543,976	824,111	1,368,087	730,423	268,583
	Gunduk Embankment	27,574	.. ...	27,574	27,574	27,574
	Soane Canal	31 945	.. .	31 945	31,945	
	Total	59, 519		59,519	59,519	
	Total for Patna Division	603,495	824,111	1,427,606	789,941	268,583
Bhagulpore	Monghyr	2,997		2,997	Task-work general, but details imperfect.	
	Bhagulpore	22,266	13,028	35,294	35,251	43
	Purneah	13,562	4,127*	17,689	16,991	698
	Sonthal Pergunnahs	3,315	29,153	32,468	20,367	Details imperfect
	Total	42,140	46,308	88,448	72,609	741
Rajshahye	Maldah	2,573	3 915	6,488	No details	.
	Dinagepore	2,559	71,717	74,276	28,167	41,448 Details imperfect
	Rungpore	713	34,120	34,833	15,156	11,816
	Bogra	27 020	..	27,020	No details.	No details.
	Moorshedabad	4,991		4,991	Ditto	.
	Rajshahye	1,247	6,611	7,858	Ditto.	.
	Total	39,103	116,363	155,466	48,323	53,263
	Northern Bengal Railway	22,622		22,622	17,994	
Chota Nagpore	Manbhoom	15,063	3,272	18,335	14,292	4,101
	Palamow	.. .	12,000	12,000	. ...	12 000
	Hazareebagh	9,000		9,000		9,000
	Total	24,063	15,272	39,335	14,292	25,101
Burdwan	Hooghly	1,877	. 1,301	3,178	1,877	Details imperfect.
	Beerbhoom	10,494		10,494	9,884	600
	Bankoora	3,824	.	3 824	. ...	No details
	Burdwan	5,755	7,283	13,038	1,497	9,537 Details imperfect
	Howrah	No returns.				
	Midnapore	No returns				
	Total	24,920	8,594	33,514	13,258	10,131
Cooch Behar	Julpigoree	3,741		3,741	No details	
	Grand total	760 984	1 010,648	1 770,732	951,417	358,818

* These figures are doubtful. Enquiry is being made.

21. *Gunduk Embankment.*—The embankment work has been nearly completed, and it has been raised above high flood-level throughout the entire length, so that there is little but dressing to be done. Two miles of the High Level Canal have been completed, and work has been started from the 1st to the 8th, the 24th to 29th, and 46th to 48th miles; seven miles of temporary road have been made, and the Sarun Canal begun.

22. *Soane Canal.*—Work is progressing favorably, but the number of laborers has decreased owing to the completion of the anicut works in Patna and the rain in Arrah. About 29 lakhs of cubic feet of earthwork have been excavated during the fortnight in the main western canal in the Karumnassa division.

23. *Northern Bengal Railway.*—The total amount of earthwork up to date is 57,058,000 cubic feet, equal to 109 miles of four feet bank, of which 9,284,300 have been thrown up during the fortnight. This is the largest return yet sent in, and besides this 89 miles of feeder roads have been completed.

24. The following statement shows the numbers in receipt of charitable relief according to the latest returns :—

Divisions.	Names of Districts	Number of centres	Number on Charitable Relief.	
			This fortnight.	Last fortnight.
Patna	Tirhoot North	572	162,294	157,477
	Tirhoot South	57	13,647	12,926
	Chumparun	50	15,664	11,997
	Sarun	16	7,122	13,364
	Patna	None.	None.	None.
	Gya	12	1,070	420
	Shahabad	15	846	410
	Total	722	200,643	196,594
Bhagulpore	Monghyr	13	1,090	2,251
	Bhagulpore	15	39,740	12,783
	Purneah	91	2,944	5,045
	Sonthal Pergunnahs	.....	.....	100
	Total	119	43,774	20,179
Rajshahye	Maldah	32	9,562	8,977
	Dinagepore	464	22,460	19,112
	Rungpore	33	32,650	21,580
	Bogra	30	13,705	9,031
	Moorshedabad	24	5,916	2,217
	Rajshahye	19	7,009	14,142
	Pubna	.....	10,966	.....
	Total	602	102,268	66,059
Chota Nagpore	Manbhoom	.....	10,490	8,559
Burdwan	Hooghly	.....	4,043	3,884
	Beerbhoom	.....	10,913	9,803
	Bankoora	.....	14,446	9,047
	Burdwan	.....	15,382	14,551
	Midnapore	...	Not received.	1,314
	Total		44,784	38,599
	Grand Total	1,443	401,902	329,000

These returns show a considerable increase over those of the last fortnight in almost every district except Sarun, Monghyr, Purneah, and Rajshahye. In the last district the decrease is more nominal than real, as those doing light labor on roads have this fortnight been entered among the laborers on relief works, instead of among the recipients of charitable relief, as was the case in the former return. The great increase in Bhagulpore seems, from the Collector's report, to have been caused by a too indiscriminate grant of village relief tickets; but the lists are being carefully scrutinised, and the numbers will probably be considerably reduced. In Purneah the figures are not free from doubt, and their accuracy will be inquired into. Enquiry is being made as to the large numbers returned for Pubna.

25. We can hardly flatter ourselves that we have yet reached the greatest numbers of persons to be relieved under this heading; for doubtless as relief works become deserted, owing to the demand for field-labor, there will be considerable numbers of old men and women and young children who now earn a scanty subsistence from doing nominal work on relief works, who will be driven to accept charity owing to their incapacity for gaining a living by labor paid at its market value, and these persons must continue to draw sustenance from the charitable funds till the incoming harvest enables their relatives to give them the same assistance as heretofore.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

J. F. K. HEWITT,

Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

APPENDIX A. TO THE 20TH SPECIAL NARRATIVE.

1. THE returns received for the first half of the month of June give the exports from the Bengal Presidency at 4,780 tons, and the imports at 11,614 tons. Of the latter, 2,020 tons were on private, and 9,594 tons on Government account. The bulk of the private imports was from Orissa.

The total figures to the middle of June are:—

	Tons.
Exports	230,510
Imports	415,004

2. The following figures show (in tons) the quantity of food-grains "sent up from stations *below* Rajmehal and Jamoooe, and down from stations *above* Mirzapore, which was delivered at stations between Rajmehal and Buxar (inclusive)" between the 31st May and 13th June.

	This fortnight.	Last fortnight.	Increase.	Decrease.
Up	6,764	16,546	.....	9,782
Down	20,190	18,640	− 1,550	.....

All the increase is in private, and all the decrease in Government grain.

The totals to date of the returns on which the above figures are based, and which, it must be remembered, are for Behar only, are given below; but the "up" figures are only approximately correct. Appendix B., however, shows in detail the destination of all the Government grain that has been sent up from Howrah.

	Govt. grain.	Private grain.	Total.
Up ...	269,076	146,659	415,735
Down ...	38,635	170,249	208,884
Totals ...	307,711	316,908	624,619

3. The importations of food-grains to Calcutta by the Eastern Canals, from the 5th to the 19th June, were 3,394 tons, making 192,026 tons in all since 1st October.

4. The private traffic registered on the Ganges is as shown below:—

Stations.	Date.	Direction.	Tons.	Up to date from 1st November 1873. Tons.
Sahebgunge ...	7th to 20th June	... Up the Ganges	... 898	35,071
Ditto ...	Ditto ditto	... Down „	... 304	12,287
Goalundo ...	31st May to 13th June	... Up „	... 1,274	24,671
Kooshtea ...	Ditto ditto	... Down „	... 147	12,599

CALCUTTA, *the 25th June* 1874. G. TOYNBEE, C.S., *on Special Duty.*

APPENDIX B. TO THE 20TH SPECIAL NARRATIVE.

Return of Grain despatched from Calcutta up to Monday, the 22nd June 1874.—(*Gross Railway weight.*)

DIVISION IN WHICH TO BE USED	Station to which sent	Up to date of last return	During the fortnight	Total to date.	REMARKS.
		Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	
PATNA ...	Arrah (for Sarun) ...	3,87,853	... ..	3,87,853	
	,, (for Chumparun) ...	77,476	.....	77,476	
	Barh	15,35,368	69,015	16,04,383	
	Bankipore	53,576	.	53,576	
	Bihta	20,927	.. ...	20,927	
	Bukhtiarpore	23,235	.....	23,235	
	Buxar	8,026	.....	8,026	
	Dinapore	3,336	.. ...	3,336	
	Doomraon	9,022	... ..	9,022	
	Futwah Ghât	(a)20,50,627	... ..	20,50,627	(a) Of this 20,585 maunds was seed-grain.
	Mokameh ... ,, ...	1,03,880	... ..	1,03,880	
	Monghyr	(b)4,92,567	.. .	4,92,567	(b) Of this 9,436 maunds was seed-grain.
	Patna Ghât	5,08,665	57,651	5,66,316	(c) Of this 39,031 maunds was seed-grain.
	Sultangunge	(c)58,858	.....	58,858	
	Zumanea ... — ...	16,027	... ..	16,027	
	Totals of Patna Division ...	53,49,343	1,26,666	54,76,009	
SOANE CIRCLE	Arrah	38,863	... ..	38,863	
	Behea	2,078	.....	2,078	
	Bihta	2,032	.....	2,032	
	Buxar	4,354	.....	4,354	
	Mogul Serai	33,521	.....	33,521	
	Totals of Soane Circle ...	80,848	.....	80,848	
	Grand totals, Patna Division and Soane Circle	54,30,191	1,26,666	55,56,857	
BHAGULPORE .	Bhagulpore	(d) 1,41,596	.....	1,41,596	(d) Besides this 28,351 maunds were sent *vid* Bhagulpore and Colgong to Nepal.
	Burrarpore	2,275	.....	2,275	
	Burhea	3,744	.....	3,744	
	Caragolah	3,00,331	.....	3,00,331	
	Colgong	3,42,087	.....	3,42,087	
	Ghidhour	1,981	.....	1,981	
	Jamoose	26,810	.....	26,810	
	Kujrah	3,506	.....	3,506	
	Luckee Serai	79,941	.....	79,941	
	Monghyr	3,70,321	... ..	3,70,321	
	Peerpointee	64,210	.....	64,210	
	Sahebgunge	11,262	4,221	15,483	
	Sultangunge	2,77,349	.. ...	2,77,349	
	Bahawa	20,981	.....	20,981	
	Teerpahar	11,052	.....	11,052	
	Maharajpore	3,033	.....	3,033	
	Moorrarocee	12,034	8,415	20,449	
	Rampore Hât	6,115	.. ...	6,115	
	Jamtarra	13,206	.....	13,206	
	Baidynath	.....	1,102	1,102	
	Synthea	.....	5,073	5,073	
	Nulhattee	... .	2,705	2,705	
	Totals of Bhagulpore Division	16,91,834	21,516	17,13,350	
RAJSHAHYE ..	Goalundo	4,83,528	7,336	4,90,864	
	Kahgunge	1,85,781	.....	1,85,781	
	Kooshtea	11,73,836	.....	11,73,836	
	Rajmehal	(e) 86,523	. ...	86,523	(e) Includes 2,025 maunds sent to Dinagepore jail
	Sahebgunge	1,02,315	.....	1,02,315	
	Shohajipara	75,646	.....	75,646	
	Azimgunge	6,011	4,752	10,763	
	Synthea	1,561	516	2,077	
	Moorrarocee	1,519	.....	1,519	
	Nawadi	549	.....	549	
	Nulhattee	1,100	.....	1,100	
	Rampore Hât	506	1,096	1,602	
	Totals of Rajshahye Division	21,18,875	13,700	21,32,575	
CHOTA NAGPORE	Burrakar	2,14,369	.. ...	2,14,369	
	Gurhdeo	29,649	... .	29,649	
	Totals of Chota Nagpore Division	2,44,018	...	2,44,018	
BURDWAN	Ranegunge	6,371	1,075	7,446	
	Burdwan	2,120	5,113	7,233	
	Bhulpore	6,174	.....	6,174	
	Hooghly	883	1,519	2,402	
	Kanoo Junction	2,177	.....	2,177	
	Mugrah	204	.	204	
	Pandooah	204	. ..	204	
	Serampore	848	516	1,364	
	Synthea	1,040	..	1,040	
	Goshkhara	.....	2,096	2,096	
	Mancoor	.	4,147	4,147	
	Totals of Burdwan Division ..	20,021	14,466	34,487	
	Grand totals of all Divisions	95,04,939	1,76,348	96,81,287	
	Or tons ..	352,034	6,531	358,565	

G. TOYNBEE, C.S., *on Special Duty.*

Enclosure No. 3 to the Twentieth Special Narrative.

Comparative Return of Crime in the distressed Districts for May 1874.

Districts.	Crimes committed in May 1874.				Total for May 1874.	Total for May 1873.	Total for May 1872.	Remarks.
	Dacoity.	Robbery.	Theft.	House-breaking.				
Moorshedabad	1	.....	60	19	80	76	70	
Dinagepore	5	.....	*69	56	130	65	63	* Of this 9 are grain-thefts.
Maldah	1	2	†38	34	75	43	35	† Of this 5 are grain-thefts.
Rajshahye	1	.....	118	41	160	118	145	
Rungpore	5	.....	47	38	90	69	57	
Total	13	2	332	188	535	369	370	
Patna	.....	2	108	89	199	102	160	
Gya	3	1	92	193	289	245	153	
Shahabad	.....	3	81	76	160	111	69	
North Tirhoot	.. ..	1	32	24	57	18	21	
South Tirhoot	... .	.....	56	31	87	42	59	
Sarun	3	.....	31	132	166	158	153	
Chumparun ...	1	.	24	46	71	48	43	
Total	7	7	424	591	1,029	724	660	
Bhagulpore	.....	.....	29	19	48	40	73	
Monghyr	. .	.....	33	19	52	36	102	
Purneah	8	2	‡117	28	155	Not given.		‡ This includes 88 cases of grain-thefts
Total	8	2	179	66	& 255	76	175	
Grand total	28	11	935	845	1,819	1,169	1,205	

J. F. K. Hewitt,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. AF., dated Bankipore, the 14th June 1874.

From—A. C. Mangles, Esq., c.s., Collector of Patna,
To—The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Dept.

I have the honor to send the following narrative for the fortnight ending Saturday, the 13th instant.

A.—State of the Country.

2. The several bazars in this district continue to be well supplied with grains of all sorts, and no deficiency is reported from anywhere. The quantities imported by private traders is still very large, and from all that I can hear, there is no likelihood of its falling off for the present. 388,512 maunds were imported during the fortnight ending the 6th instant, against 362,246 reported in my last narrative.

3. The subject of the impending block at the Patna station was fully discussed with His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor during his late short visit to this station, and I am only sorry that he could not spare the time to visit the stations and judge for himself what their requirements are. The subject has since been receiving my best attention, but I am sorry to say that day by day fresh difficulties arise. Of the shoots that were ordered only two were at work on the 11th, the time of my last visit, the construction of the remainder up to that time not having been completed, and it was very doubtful whether the existing two would be much longer of any use, as the water was already beginning to stand in the hollow to the south of the railway embankment and threatened to spread up to the embankment itself, when all unloading on that side would have to be put a stop to altogether, and we should have to look to the north side only for removing the grain. Here again, with the enormous and continued traffic that is passing over it, the road is daily getting worse and worse, and it is hard to say what to do lest in trying to improve matters we put a stop to traffic altogether. At the new siding things did not look much more hopeful. The bank of new earth intended for the platform had become saturated, and from there being no revetment wall and no drain, the surplus water had found its way across the space left for the road, which had not up to that time been metalled, and cut away deep channels into the cutting on the opposite side of it. I have since received Government of Bengal's letter No. 437T.F., dated the 13th instant, forwarding copy of extracts from its letter to the Government of India, and on receipt of the telegram therein referred to will do my best to carry out the instruction therein contained,

whatever they may be, but I would here beg to point out that the whole of the work which has to be done is within the railway premises which have their frontage, a very broad one, on to our main road leading through the bazar. The Railway Company let the time slip for the completion of the work, and now it will be very hard, if not impossible, to make up for lost time. However, as I said before, as soon as I get my instructions I will do any best to carry them out.

4. The following are the prevailing prices of food-grains in the principal markets of this district:—

	Rice, best.	Rice, common.	Wheat.	Maize.	Barley.	Gram.
	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.
Patna	12 8	14 0	17 0	17 0	19 8	20 8
Barh	9 8	10 0	13 8	14 8	16 0	17 0
Behar	9 12	10 8	13 0	16 0	19 0	16 8
Dinapore ...	10 0	11 12	16 0	16 0	...	18 8

The rates prevailing in the interior of the Sudder and Dinapore sub-divisions are as follows:—

Thanna.	Common rice.	Wheat.	Barley.	Maize.	Gram.
	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.
Bickram	11 to 11 8	14 0	19 0	17 8	17 0
Mosouree	10 to 11 0	14 0	18 0	16 8	17 8
Monair	10 0	14 0	18 0	17 0	17 0
Behta	11 0	14 8	16 8	17 0	18 0

5. During the past fortnight we have had good rain generally throughout the district, and though each individual fall has been very partial, they have been in such quick succession in one part of the district or another that each part has had a fair share. At head-quarters the reported fall has been 1·54, though within a very few miles of it, or indeed less than that, I have reason to believe that more than double that quantity has fallen. At Dinapore the fall is said to have been 2·20, at Barh 2·81, and at Behar 1·82. We have thus all over the district had sufficient rain to allow of work in the fields being commenced upon, and the sowing of the bhadoi crops and broadcast paddy is going on everywhere. In some places the Indian-corn and morooa seeds sown with the first rain have already germinated, and the young plants are some two or three inches high. There is no doubt that the fall of prices generally in the city may be attributed to this early fall of rain and to the consequent improved state of agricultural prospects, more than to the large importations of grain from the north-west, the bulk of which finds its way across the river. On this subject the sub-divisional officer of Behar writes as follows:—

"According to local custom, no ploughman ploughs his field during this fortnight, or as long as the influence of the *Mirgisra* star lasts. Many have stuck to the prejudice, but so great has been the desire to profit by the early rains, which were so scarce last season, that notwithstanding the local prejudice many ryots have commenced sowing makie. In fact the plants have come up 3 inches in some fields. In most places cheena has been reaped. In five to ten days more the whole will have been cut."

6. The condition of the people is reported as favorable from every part of the district, and now that they can find employment in the fields, it is to be hoped that they will leave our relief works and return to their agricultural pursuits.

No cases of misery or starvation have been brought to light except in the Dinapore sub-division, whence the sub-divisional officer reports: "Six cases of misery or starvation have been brought to my notice up to date; they are being relieved by private charity. They are professional beggars." Captain Hopkinson, I am of opinion, may congratulate himself on not being able to find more than six beggars in his sub-division.

7. Though only one case of grain theft was reported by the district police during the fortnight, and that of a petty nature, numbers are being sent up almost daily by the railway police. These thefts are for the most part perpetrated by the coolies employed in removing the grain, and I must say that the temptation thrown in their way is very great.

8. I annex herewith the crime statement prescribed by the Government order of the 20th December last for the last month, which shows 199 cases against 102 in 1873 and 160 in 1872.

9. Two hundred and thirty-nine emigrants were registered in this office during the fortnight for the Natal colony, whereof 82 belonged to this district, 70 to Gya, 21 to Shahabad, 9 to Sarun, 3 to Tirhoot, and 54 to the North-Western Provinces and Oude.

B.—Relief Works.

10. The subjoined statement will show the number of laborers employed on our several relief works during week ending the 6th instant, regarding which the latest return has been received.

Sudder Sub-Division.

	Average daily No.
Road No. 9, from Bankipore to Mohabullypore	983
„ „ 11, from Nowbutpore to Mosowrhee	351
„ „ 12, from Durweshpore to Bichiam	325
„ „ 22, from Dinapore to Nowbutpore	293
„ „ 24, from Rampore to Mohabullypore	159
„ „ 23, from Ekunger Serai to Mosowrhee	729
Total ...	2,840

	Average daily N
Barh Sub-Division.	
No. 17, Mokameh railway station to the river bank ...	21
„ 15, Futwa to Burhiea	1,336
„ 30, Mokameh to Surmeyra	169
Total ...	1,526
Behar Sub-Division.	
No. 29, Futwa to Behar	2,246
„ 31, Bucktearpore to Raneebagh	4,932
„ 36, Behar to Asthwan	1,880
„ 37, Raggir to Girrick	1,250
„ 38, Futwa to Raneebagh	1,486
Total ...	11,794
Dinapore Sub-Division.	
No. 10, Phoolwaree to Surowdha	428
„ 13, Monair to Pures	127
„ 14, Monair to Bihta	131
Total ...	686

or a grand total of 16,846, consisting of 5,525 men, 8,869 women, and 2,452 children, against 18,477 in the previous week, and 17,453 in the week before, as shown in paragraph 11 of my last narrative. The number of laborers has, I believe, considerably fallen since, and will doubtless continue to fall.

Though I have not at any time increased the rates of wages, and am still paying those employed on the roads the same wages as they have been accustomed to get in ordinary years, still there is no doubt that it is in excess of what they could expect to earn by ordinary labor in the fields; so that now that we have had a sufficiency of rain to allow a cultivation being commenced upon, I have issued strict orders on the officers in charge of the different works, through the Executive Engineer, to enquire from the land-owners and cultivators in the vicinity of each work whether they were in want of labor, and if they found that we were drawing away labor to the detriment of the former, to at once put a stop to the work. If unfortunately necessity arise, we can easily resume them, but I am in hope that once stopped we shall not require them again.

11. The following relief works had additional grants sanctioned for them during the fortnight:—

	Rs.
Road No. 29	4,000
Road No. 31	5,000
Road No. 36	2,000
Total ...	11,000

12. The average daily number of the laborers employed on the canal works in this district, during the fortnight ending the 2nd instant, was 4,638, against 8,931 during the previous fortnight, and the daily number of those employed on tank and embankment works in the Sudder sub-division was 1,039 against 1,549, reported in the last narrative. These works have now approached completion, and will in the course of ten or fifteen days be dispensed with.

C.—Transport of Government Grain.

13. The subjoined statement will show the amount of food-grains imported into this district during the fortnight ending the 6th instant:—

	Rice.	Wheat, oats, and barley.	Maize.	Other grains.
By rail ...	93,856	146,254	33,734	215,962
By river ...	750	.....	.....	640
Total ...	94,606	146,254	33,734	216,602

or a grand total of 491,196 maunds, of which 102,684 was Government grain and 388,512 made up the amount of private importation.

D.—Storage of Government Grain.

14. I had, as reported in my last narrative, directed the sub-divisional officer of Behar to make arrangements for the sale of Government grain to the laborers on the road, and had for the same purpose deputed one of my salt officers to Mussouree to the south and another to Paleegunge, to the south-west of the Sudder sub-division, but having since received the Government orders directing me to send all the grain which I could spare for use in Tirhoot,

I have recalled the officers deputed to the Sudder golahs, and also directed the sub-divisional officer of Behar to put a stop to all sales. I have already commenced despatching what I can spare in excess of the 25,000 maunds already sent, but I think it will be necessary for me to keep a small stock in hand at the two places mentioned above in the Sudder sub-division, and also at Behar for the present, to prevent the buniahs, thinking that they had it all their own way and could raise their rates as it pleased them.

15. I have received Government orders to receive 75,000 maunds of grain from Gya, and of it to despatch 40,000 to Tirhoot, keeping the remaining 35,000 as a reserve in the Bankipore golahs. I am making arrangements for the transport of the grain by boats to Konoi Ghaut at Hajeepore, Bunker Ghaut having been done away with.

E.—Advances to Private Parties.

16. None during the fortnight. All the advance-holders for the purchase of grain have sent money to the Punjab for importing grain and replenishing their stock to the full.

F.—Charitable Relief.

17. None in this district.

G.—Financial Results.

	Rs.	A.	P.
18. As per account already rendered	2,41,803	5	11
During the fortnight.			
Paid to the municipal overseer for the transport of grain to Tirhoot	340	1	6
Office contingencies	26	2	6
Paid to Nazir on account of the halting charge of Government carts	654	8	0
Cost of telegraphic messages	14	0	0
Total ...	1,034	12	0
Fodder Account.			
Paid to the fodder clerk Mohomed Ibrahim his pay for May	20	0	0
Paid to Juddoo Roy on account of the price of fodder...	5,974	5	10
To ditto ditto on account of the price of 13,549 bags	3,819	14	7
To Deputy Collector of Barh to settle his fodder account	1,375	0	0
To Jaisee Roy on account of the price of 105 bags ...	15	9	0
To Paryag Singh on account of boat-hire, to carry fodder from Dugha to Champta Ghaut	629	7	3
To Sookhoye Ram on account of the price of 1,250 bags	330	0	0
Total ...	12,164	4	8
Grand total ...	2,55,002	6	7

PATNA.

Statement showing the Number of true Cases of Dacoity, Robbery, Theft, and House-breaking, for the month of May 1874, *as called for by Government No.* 4801, *dated* 20*th December* 1873, *forwarded with Magistrate's No.* 2943, *dated* 26*th idem.*

		Patna District.
Dacoity—		
Headings 30 and 31 of Crime Return AI	May 1874	0
	„ 1873	0
	„ 1872	0
Robbery—		
Headings 32 and 33 of Crime Return AI	May 1874	2
	„ 1873	2
	„ 1872	0
Theft—		
Heading 43 of Crime Return AI, including cattle-theft ...	May 1874	108
	„ 1873	43
	„ 1872	59
House-breaking or trespass in order to commit theft—		
Heads 35, 36, and 42 of Crime Return AI	May 1874	89
	„ 1873	57
	„ 1872	101
Total of four Crimes	May 1874	199
	„ 1873	102
	„ 1872	160

Patna Police Office,
The 8th June 1874.

H. M. Ramsay, *Captain,*
District Supdt. of Police.

No. 890F, dated Gya, the 15th June 1874.

From—A. V. PALMER, Esq., Collector of Gya,

To—The Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

I HAVE the honor to submit my report on scarcity and relief in the Gya district for the fortnight ending Saturday, 13th June.

A.—STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

2. The bazars continue to be sufficiently supplied. In Aurungabad sub-division the importations have gradually been decreasing,* but to no great extent. This is, as stated in my last report, attributable chiefly to the great demand for carriage in all parts of the sub-division; to the large number of carts that have crossed the Ganges to North Behar, and to the action of the canal officers. I am informed by the sub-divisional officer that he has, after enquiry, satisfied himself that there is no want of stock; and that importation every year becomes slack at this season, when every laborer and bullock is more usefully employed in agricultural pursuits.

Fortnight ending—	Maunds.
14th May	4,632
28th Ditto	3,434
12th June	3,373

3. The firmness of prices as indicated in the price-current supports this view, and I have no reason to think the state of the sub-division to be otherwise than normal.

4. The annexed statement shows the comparative prices of food at the principal marts in the district:—

BAZARS.	WHEAT.		BARLEY.		RICE, BEST SORT.		RICE, COMMON.		MILLET.		MAIZE		GRAM.	
	Week ending 13th June.	Week ending 30th May.	Week ending 13th June.	Week ending 30th May.	Week ending 13th June.	Week ending 30th May.	Week ending 13th June.	Week ending 30th May.	Week ending 13th June.	Week ending 30th May.	Week ending 13th June.	Week ending 30th May	Week ending 13th June.	Week ending 30th May.
	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S.	S. C.	S. C.
Gya	11 12	11 8	16 0	15 8	8 4	8 0	9 0	9 0	.....	.....	14 0	13 8	15 0	14 0
Nowada	18 8	12 0	17 0	18 0	.....	.....	9 12	11 0	17 0	15 0	14 0	13 0	16 12	14 8
Jehanabad ...	13 0	13 0	16 0	16 4	9 0	8 12	9 8	10 0	.....	.....	15 0	14 8	15 8	15 0
Aurungabad ...	13 8	13 4	17 0	17 4	9 12	10 0	10 8	10 12	.....	17 0	....	16 8	15 4	13 6
Dacodnuggur ...	13 0	13 8	18 0	18 0	10 0	10 0	10 8	11 0	.....	17 0	.....	.....	15 8	16 0

Rice has slightly risen, but other grains have declined, and no interference on the part of Government is necessary so long as other food-grains are plentiful and cheap. Prices continue firm.

5. Rain began to fall from 1st June, *i.e.*, about three weeks before it was expected. It has been most acceptable after the long drought, extending almost without intermission from February last.

6. I append in the margin the rain reported at sub-divisional head-quarters during the past fortnight.

Gya	3·14
Nowada	4·91
Jehanabad	3·09
Aurungabad	1·78

7. Since the 1st June, there has been rain every day, followed by bright sunshine. Nothing could be more favorable for agricultural purposes, and since June commenced, we have had nothing but fine growing weather.

8. Rice and the bhadoi crops are being sown. The Mirgissa Nakshattar (or first week after rain begins to fall, during which time all Behar husbandmen consider it most inauspicious to touch the land) having expired, agricultural operations are being vigorously pursued, and it is a matter of astonishment to find the cattle in such good condition. From what I have been able to learn, I attribute this to the great demand there has been throughout the season of drought for carts and cattle, and the very handsome manner in which the owners have been paid, thus enabling them to live comfortably themselves and to provide food for their cattle.

9. I am thankful to be able to reiterate that the condition of the people in this district remains good. I have, during the past fortnight, received a large accession to my executive staff in the shape of 6 tehsildars, 4 moonserims, and 2 overseers. The moonserims have since returned to divisional head-quarters.

10. These officers have been employed in a village to village visitation, and the result hitherto has been highly satisfactory. The tehsildars are intelligent officers, and are doing their work to my satisfaction. The Sudder sub-division, including Sherghotty, I am having thoroughly well tested.

11. No cases of misery or starvation have been reported in any part of the district.

12. I append a statement of crime which speaks for itself.

Statement showing the number of true cases of dacoity, robbery, theft, and house-breaking, in the Gya district for the month of May 1874, *as compared with the number of such cases in the corresponding month of May* 1873 *and* 1872.

SUB-DIVISION	DACOITY. Headings Nos. 30 and 31 of Crime Return AI.			ROBBERY. Heading Nos. 32 and 33 of Crime Return AI			THEFT. Heading No. 43, of Crime Return AI excluding cattle-theft			HOUSE-BREAKING. Heading 35 and 42 of Crime Return AI.						Total of all crimes		
										1874.		1873		1872				
	May 1874.	May 1873.	May 1872.	May 1874.	May 1873	May 1872.	May 1874.	May 1873.	May 1872.	With theft	Without theft.	With theft	Without theft.	With theft.	Without theft.	May 1874.	May 1873.	May 1872.
Gya ..	3	3	3	1		...	45	27	21	21	41	25	76	21	40	110	133	84
Jehanabad		1	.	.	.		12	7	4	5	26	4	19	3	13	48	31	25
Nowada .. .	1	...	1	...	1	..	24	8	6	15	44	11	24	3	12	84	44	22
Aurungabad ...		..	...	..	.	1	11	6	6	10	32	9	22	6	9	68	37	2
Total	3	4	3	1	1	1	92	48	37	60	133	49	143	33	79	289	245	153

Comparative Statement of Crime in which Grain was stolen in the Gya District for the month of May 1874 as compared with those of corresponding months of 1873 and 1872.

	Theft in which grain was stolen, Sections 379 and 380.									House breaking in which grain was stolen, Section 457.						Total of all crimes.								
	Up to Rs 10			Above Rs. 10 and below Rs 30.			Above Rs 30.			Up to Rs. 10.			Above Rs. 10 and below Rs. 30.			Up to Rs 10.			Above Rs 10 and below Rs. 30.			Above Rs. 30.		
	1874.	1873.	1872.	1874.	1873.	1872.	1874.	1873.	1872.	1874	1873.	1872.	1874.	1873.	1872.	1874.	1873.	1872.	1874.	1873.	1872.	1874.	1873.	1872.
Gya	6	3	1	1	.....	....	2	.....	... .	... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6	3	1	1	.....	.....	2	.....	.....
Jehanabad	4	1	3		. ..	1	....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	.....	.....	.....	4	2	4	....	... ..	1	.....	.....	.....
Nowada	4	4	3	.....	.....	... .	1	.....	.....	.....	1	. ....	.....	.....	.....	4	5	3	...	.....	.....	1	.....	.....
Aurungabad	1	1	1	... ..	.. ..	1	....	... ..	.....	.....	... ..	.....	2	.....	....	1	1	1	2	.....	1	.....	....	.....
Total ...	15	9	8	1	. .. .	2	3	.....	. ....	.....	2	1	2	.....	.....	15	11	9	3	....	2	3	..	... ..

Crime is not even up to the average in the Sudder and Jehanabad sub-divisions, and in Nowada and Aurungabad it has but very slightly increased.

13. I still continue to think that there is no deficiency of seed-grain. Several applications have been made by needy ryots, but on inquiry it has generally turned out that the applicants are men of straw, and in many cases having no lands; and in others they have abused their zemindars' confidence on former occasions, and that they belong to that class of tenantry, who never act fairly by their lands.

14. Where a ryot is *bond fide* in want of seed-grain, his zemindar will, as a rule, if it be necessary, supply it; and the fact of zemindars having held back in taking advances for this purpose from Government, is fair evidence that there is no great pressure from want of seed-grain in the district.

B.—Relief Works.

15. I annex a statement of relief works.

Name of Works.	On Piece-work.				On Daily Wages.			
	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children	Total
1. Dacodnuggur road	223	26	.....	249	.....	.....	.....	....
2. Surbulda road	..	..	.....	..	308	438	28	774
3. Bela and Khudur Serai road ...	647	471	113	1,231	.....	.....	.....	.....
4 Puraya road . .	1,099	596	275	1,970	.....	.....	.....	.....
5. Sherghottty and Myapore road*	410	326	230	966	.....	.....	.....	.....
6 Ditto and Imamgunge* ,,	293	209	102	544	.....	.....	.....	...
7. Pukree Borwan	1,535	471	580	2,586	293	1,185	486	1,969
8. Gobindpore road	1,028	.	....	1,028	182	1,559	561	2,302
9 Behar and Rujowlee, collection of metal.	772	1,205	17	1,994	2,205	8,118	4,317	14,640
10. Warishgunge road	636	221	116	973	1130	2,885	814	4,829
11. Jehanabad and Hoolasgungeroad	1,567	2,149	196	3,912	102	242	.....	344
12 Obra road ..	260	107	84	451	295	88	67	450
13. Myabigha and Ruffigunge road	616	693	217	1,526	143	343	40	526
14 Aurungabad tank	.. .	...	.....	.....	59	257	9	325
15. Maharajgunge road	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,940	2,081	1,223	5,244
16. Kootoomba road	.....	.....	. ...	.....	321	200	125	646
Total ...	9,026	6,474	1,930	17,430	6,983	17,396	7,670	32,049

Grand total 49,479
Daily average 3,534

16. It will be observed that the numbers of laborers have slightly increased during this fortnight, the number being 49,479 against 40,060 in preceding fortnight. There are two additional works in the present statement, as marked with an asterisk.

17. This statement shows 17,430 persons engaged on work, which is paid for by result, against 32,049 paid by daily wage This is an improvement on the preceding fortnight, which showed 12,228 on "piece-work" against 27,832 on "daily wage."

18. There is one work, No. 9, collecting of kunker and gravel for Behar and Rujowlid road, which affords employment to a very large number of women and children, and to men who are unfitted for harder work. If we omit this work in the calculation, we have for the present fortnight 15,436 on piece-work, against 17,409 on daily wage.

19. This is an improvement, but not a sufficient one to satisfy me, and I trust to reduce the proportion of daily payments very considerably.

20. Laborers are being paid in grain and in dice, which are exchanged for Government grain on the works. I hope to be able to annex a statement showing the realisations by sale of grain to laborers. Grain is nowhere looked upon as a boon by the laborers, notwithstanding the favorable rates at which it is sold to them. They would infinitely prefer payment in coin.

In some cases a gang will bring eight days' food-supply with them from their village.

21. As promised in paragraph 48 of my last report, I submit a statement showing the cash expenditure on each relief work, and the amount recouped by sale of Government grain

Statement of Laborers, their wages, and amount recouped by sale of Government Grain for the fortnight ending 6th June 1874.

Name of Work.	Number of laborers.	Amount paid in wages.	Recouped by sale of Government grain.	Remarks
		Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
Puraya road, Katari end	638	49 4 8	Nil	Sale commenced from 9th June
Ditto, Puraya ,, ...	1,332	80 0 0	55 14 1	
Surbulda road	774	61 8 4	77 7 0	
Bela and Khizer Serai road	1,231	125 12 11	Nil	
Sherghotty and Myapore road	966	110 1 6	47 14 0	
Ditto and Imamgunge road	544			
Aurungabad tank	325	24 0 0		
Obra road	450	29 12 0		
Maharajgunge road	5,244	380 2 3	403 10 3	
Kootoomba ,, ...	646	53 13 6		
Myabigha and Ruffigunge road ...	526	44 0 3		
Warisgunge road	5,803	426 12 5	82 3 6	Sales during the week ending 6th June
Pukree Barwan ,, ...	2,257	176 11 3	28 7 9	
Gobindpore ,, . ..	3,330	246 5 6	Nil	
Behar and Rujowlee road	10,634	1,176 15 8	66 7 4	
Total		3,044 6 0	749 2 2	

On the Bela and Khizer Serai road the laborers declined to buy the Government grain. They have since been informed that, unless they do, payment will be made them in grain only, instead of price. As the works proceed, and the system of payment in Government grain gets better understood, the expenditure of Government grain will increase.

22. I may mention that I anticipate a very great falling off in laborers by next fortnight, in consequence of the agricultural necessities of the season.

C.—Transport of Food.

23. The following importation statement will show reported imports :—

Bazars.	Wheat.	Barley.	Rice, best sort.	Rice, common.	Millet.	Maize.	Gram.	Total.
Gya ...	493	175	122	1,609	...	.....	431	2,830
Nowada ...	30	.....	.....	40	...	.....	40	110
Jehanabad ...	300	45	175	225	135	75	225	1,180
Aurungabad ...	150	.....	31	338	...	.....	145	664
Daoodnuggur ...	1,100	125	340	280	...	.....	130	1,975
Total ...	2,073	345	668	2,492	135	75	971	6,759

The total importations amount to 6,759 maunds, against 5,656 maunds in preceding fortnight. The increase has been general, except at Daoodnuggur, in the Aurungabad sub-division.

24. The importations at the sudder station bazar are 2,830 maunds, against 2,084 maunds in preceding fortnight.

25. Means of transport at this season of the year are very insufficient. This is owing to all agricultural oxen being engaged in ploughing up the country, and it is only the regular carrier-traders who have carts and bullocks available. I don't apprehend that this state of things will improve for some time to come.

26. I should be glad if Sir Richard Temple sees his way to supplying me with some Government transport to convey 75,000 maunds of grain recently ordered to Patna.

D.—Storage of Government Grain at Relief Works.

27. The selected storage places are as follow :—

Storage centres.	Quantity	Total.
Gya	29,851	
Bela	3,012	
Sherghotty	4,279	
Uttree	3,930	
Bhelooa Chutti	991	
Tuccaree	2,004	
Futtehpore	991	
Imamgunge	1,435	
		46,493
Jehanabad	14,900	
Urwul	6,958	
Gundhor	3,059	
Kinjur	1,945	
Hoolosgunge	2,000	
Khazi Serai	993	
		29,855
Nowada	21,460	
Kadirgunge	2,814	
Pukree Borwan	5,182	
Rujowlee	3,992	
Warisligunge	2,002	
		35,450
Aurungabad	18,809	
Ruffigunge	3,968	
Kootoomba	2,997	
[illegible]	4,556	
[illegible]	4,97[illegible]	35,3[illegible]
Grand Total ...		1[illegible]

28. The Aurungabad sub-divisional officer has experienced great difficulty in getting transport from Bihta station, notwithstanding that he has raised the rates to 8 annas per maund. Of the 5,000 maunds lately sent to Bihta from North-Western Provinces, he has stored 1,640 maunds and 1,750 maunds are in transit, leaving 1,610 maunds at the station.

29. This I have directed my agent to forward to the Collector of Patna for transmission to north of the Ganges.

30. I annex statement showing the storage and consumption of Government grain for the fortnight ending 13th June 1874.

31. It will be observed that, whilst I have preserved the form of statement as prescribed by Government, I have amplified some of the columns, so that the direction in which the expenditure has been incurred may be seen at a glance.

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the Gya District for the fortnight ending 13th June 1874.

Name of Circle	Dates for which figures are given.	Total allotment.	Total quantity received and stored.	Total quantity of Government grain consumed up to date					Estimate of expenditure during ensuing fortnight.
				By sale to the public or laborers.		By gratuitous distribution in any shape	By payment in kind.	Total.	
				Public.	Laborers	To relief committee.	Public		
Gya	12th June	51,000	46,493	4,505	249	261	....	4,815	3,000
Nowada ...	10th „	35,000	35,450	396	55	33	.	484	300
Jehanabad	11th „	30,000	29,855	694	40	71	.....	816	500
Aurungabad ...	9th „	40,500	35,304	399	158	67	117	721	500
	Total „	156,500	147,102	5,794	491	432	117	6,834	4,300

E.—Advances to Private Parties.

32. *First, to deal in grain.*—These applications have been put a stop to by Government Order No. 3369—S.R., paragraph 4.

Second, for land improvement.—During the fortnight only one advance (for a pucca well) has been granted in the Jehanabad sub-division.

33. I annex a statement showing number of applications made up to date and how dealt with :—

Sub-divisions.	Number of applications received during the fortnight.	Number of applications received previously.	Total number of applications received.	Number disposed of.					Pending.
				Applications granted	Rejected or withdrawn.	Reported to Commissioner.	Returned.	Total disposed of.	
Gya	2	32	34	9	25	.....	.....	34	...
Aurungabad	.....	80	80	38	40	2	.....	80	...
Jehanabad	.....	80	80	49	31	.....	.....	80	...
Nowada	29	18	47	4	30	.	.....	34	13
Total ...	31	210	241	100	126	2	.....	228	13

F.—Charitable Relief.

34. In my last report I stated very fully what had been done from the commencement of operations, and what was being done in the matter of charitable relief. It will only, therefore, now be necessary for me to report the transactions of the past fortnight.

35. I may mention that the late bi-monthly (now monthly) statement and report furnished to the Central Relief Committee at Calcutta give all details. The annexed statement will show the number of persons relieved during the fortnight ending 12th June :—

Sub-divisions.	B	C.	D.	Total	Daily average
Gya	5,702	343	8	6,053	432
Nowada	2,016	9	.....	2,025	144
Jehanabad	1,628	8	.....	1,636	117
Aurungabad	4,584	707	21	5,312	377
Total ...	13,930	1,067	29	15,026	1,070

36. A fresh relief-house has been opened at Bela

37. It is anticipated that the number will increase under heading C of the Central Committee's circular. Under heading D, I continue to expect very few applications for relief, and there is no doubt that the country is being thoroughly searched for such cases.

38 The tehsildars were first sent out on a trial trip to become acquainted with their work, and when I had satisfied myself that they understood what I wished them to do, I distributed them throughout the district.

39. Each sub-division has now a supervisor and deputy supervisor, mainly employed in seeking out fit subjects for relief.

G.—Financial Results.

40. The total expenditure as per last narrative (31st May) amounted to Rs. 1,13,145-5-3.

41. During the fortnight under notice the following expenditure has been incurred :—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Salary of famine clerk for May	35	0	0
Paid to Poonie Saho to deal in grain	500	0	0
Paid to Bikum Singh	100	0	0
Total ...	635	0	0

Abstract.

Establishment	35	0	0
Advance to private parties	500	0	0
Ditto for land improvement	100	0	0
Expenditure shown in last report	1 13,145	5	3
Grand total ...	1,13,780	5	3

No. 444—F., dated Arrah, the 15th June 1874.

From—H. W. Alexander, Esq , Collector of Shahabad,

To—The Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, Statistical Department.

I have the honor to submit my fourteenth narrative, for the fortnight ending the 13th June.

A.—State of the Country.

Abundance or scarcity of supply in the Bazars.

No scarcity of supplies is reported in the markets from any part of the district.

Kinds and prices of Grain selling at one or more specified principal Marts.

In Appendix A full particulars in regard to prices and kinds of grain selling at the chief marts in the district are given.

In the Arrah sub-division, as compared with the last return, at Arrah, Bendowlia, and Saha, prices have slightly risen, in Jugdispore there has been a fall in the price of wheat and barley.

In the Buxar sub-division the prices have remained on the whole steady, and are not unfavorable.

In the Sasseram sub-division the prices have slightly risen in Sasseram, Dehree, and Shoogunge, have remained steady at Akbarpore, and fallen in Chenndry.

In the Bhubhoon sub-division the prices continue generally steady.

Rainfall.

At Arrah during the fortnight under report the rain-gauge has registered 8·48 inches, and rain appears to have fallen in most parts of the head-quarters sub-division.

From Buxar, rain is reported to have set in fairly on Tuesday last.

A rainfall of 2·09 inches has been reported at head-quarters in the Sasseram sub-division, and 1·11 in the Bhubooah sub-division. In these two sub-divisions the rain appears to have commenced from the beginning of the month, and to have continued in occasional showers up to the end of the fortnight.

At Arrah during the past week the rainfall has been unusually heavy.

Condition of the Crops.

Sugarcane and indigo have generally benefited by the late rain.

Since the 6th of June very little in the way of sowing has been carried on; on that date the Mirgissa Nakshattar commenced, and the natives of these parts have a superstitious dread of carrying on any agricultural operations during the first eight days of this Nakshattar. Previous to the 6th instant, during the Rohinee Nakshattar sowing in some places occurred. From this date (June 15th) bhadoi sowings will generally commence, the ground being nearly everywhere in a favorable condition for such sowings. In the table-land in the Sasseram sub-division both broadcast and nursery rice have been sown.

The mango crop is now being gathered, and may be considered a full average one.

Condition of the People.

There is no reputed change for the worse in the condition of the people since the date of the last narrative. No cases of actual misery and starvation have been brought to light. Small-pox still continues, but is on the decrease. From Sasseram, Mr. Eyre reports—"I have during the last week been over a large tract of pergunnah Rohtas, high-land and low-land,—the condition of the people generally was satisfactory."

In the Arrah and Buxar sub-divisions the grain-thefts have been so few as to call for no notice. Two burglaries and one house-theft occurred in the Sasseram sub-division during the fortnight under report. The burglaries (one of which was from the Sasseram golah, under police guards) were of over two maunds of grain each; the house-theft was of six seers. Only one case is reported from the Bhubooah sub-division, of one maund of wheat.

In Appendix B is given the comparative statement of crimes called for in Government Circular No. 4081, dated the 20th December 1873. As compared with the corresponding period of 1872, there has been a marked increase of 91 cases, and of 1873, an increase of 49 cases; this increase is noticed in the offences of "cattle-theft" and of "house-trespass and house-breaking with intent to commit theft."

B.—Relief Works.

For full particulars in regard to relief works in progress, and number of laborers employed on each, *vide* Appendix C.

Government grain has been sold to the laborers employed on these works; details in regard to the amount so disposed of appear in a separate statement.

During the fortnight no fresh relief work has been started in the Arrah sub-division.

In the Buxar sub-division the chief work in progress is the cross-road from Saraya to Poorunda.

In regard to the Sasseram and Bhubooah sub-divisions, Mr. Eyre reports—"The work on the road between Hatta and Durowli has been the only relief work carried on during the fortnight. From the information gathered during my recent visit to Rohtas pergunnah, I conclude that no relief work is necessary in that locality for the present. Baboo Nund Lal Singh, a well-to-do zemindar, is constructing a stone dam across a mountain-stream, the Puteatee, near Purcha, which runs through his estate there. He is employing between 100 and 200 workmen, and will employ as many as come to the work. The workmen are being paid mostly in kind. This work affords work to all in need thereof, and there is no necessity for Government to undertake any."

The sale of grain to the laborers is being carried on on the Hatta Durowli road, Jehanabad-Khiree road, Jehanabad-Baraon road, and Jehanabad-Bhubooah road. It will be extended to the Jehanabad-Mulhipore road this week.

C.—Transport of Food

The statement of the private importations of grain by rail to the stations in the Arrah and Buxar sub-divisions during the fortnight will follow.

The imports into the Sasseram sub-division during the fortnight were—

By rail	... 1,282	maunds
Interior	... 2,437	„
Exterior	... 3,153	„
Total	... 6,872	„

These imports from the exterior are reported to be chiefly rice and gram from the Gurwa mart, in Palamow.

The imports into the Bhubooah sub-division during the fortnight amounted to—

	Mds.	Srs.
By rail	94	25
Interior	1,143	15
Exterior	1,028	25
Total ...	2,266	25

The imports into the Sasseram sub-division have thus again decreased, and those into Bhubooah again increased, in comparison with the previous fortnight, which showed a decrease and increase, respectively, as compared with the fortnight preceding it.

D.—Storage of Government Grain at Relief Works.

Mr. Eyre reports—"Maunds 5,127 have been stored during the fortnight of the grain which has arrived at Zumuneah, Buxar, and Doomraon from the North-Western Provinces. The rain has been so continued, and the river Kurrumnassa and Durgaoti being in flood, carts have experienced the greatest difficulty in getting along. I have accordingly directed the receiving clerks to store the grain at the delivery-stations until a break occurs.

"In all, up to date, of the 25,000 maunds, 20,603 maunds have been received at the delivery stations. It is greatly to be regretted that this grain was not sent earlier; I anticipate great difficulty in getting it safely stored,—I proceed to Zumaneah as soon as possible to see to its security and arrange for the most rapid transport obtainable."

E.—Advances to Private Parties and their Results.

No advances have been made. In regard to this subject, the sub-divisional officer of Buxar remarks—"No fresh advances have been actually made in the fortnight, and I would notice that I am strongly impressed with the difficulty there will be in making sure that the money advanced either for the purchase of grain or improvements is fairly used in the way bargained for by Government. For instance, two men only, Suumber Ram and Ram Sarun Ram, have received from me Rs. 800 and Rs. 400, respectively, to purchase grain. I have called on them for their proofs that the money has been spent in the way specified in their agreements, by purchase from other districts: Ram Sarun Ram states that he bought his at Mirzapore, and brought it down by boat; he bought it from an agent of one of the large Mirzapore firms, but cannot give the man's name; the owner of the boat which brought it down lives somewhere in the east, and the boat has gone eastward. This is very vague and unsatisfactory. Suumber Ram states that he has had his grain sent from Delhi by rail. He is sorry he cannot show the receipt, because he has made it over to the station-master at Doomraon; enquiries have been made, but the station-master says he can trace no such grain, and I have to make further enquiries. I will send a separate report on this subject.

F.—Charitable Relief.

In the Arrah sub-division the charitable relief operations are as follow:—

Heading B.

Cooked Food.

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Average.
Moulabag ...	211	215	426	852	57
Gurhanee ...	82	39	13	134	9
	293	254	439	986	66

Heading C.

Rope-making.

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Average.
Moulabag ...	278	68	.....	346	23
Gurhanee ...	Not received.				
Nonore ...	Not received.				

Spinning Relief.

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Average.
Moulabag ...	...	126	13	139	9

Road-making.

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Average.
Arrah ...	260	216	66	542	36

In-door Relief.

	Men	Women.	Children.	Total.	Average.
Arrah Town ...	45	785	45	825	55

GRAND TOTAL UNDER HEADING C.

Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Average.
583	1,145	124	1,852	123

HEADING D.

Gratuitous Uncooked Food.

	Men.	Women	Children.	Total.	Average.
Moulabag ...	392	832	86	1,310	87
Gurhanee ...	.....	12	.....	12	1
Total ...	392	844	86	1,322	88

Gratuitous Distribution of Money.

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Average.
Arrah ...	45	390	90	525	35

GRAND TOTAL UNDER HEADING D.

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Average.
	437	1,234	176	1,847	123
GRAND TOTAL ...	1,313	2,633	739	4,688	312

During the fortnight the three supervising relief officers and the Canoongo have visited in the—

Arrah circle	22	villages.
Beheea „	21	„
Peroo „	39	„
Nonore „	15	„
Total ...	97	„

In the Buxar sub-division the numbers relieved are as follow:—

HEADING B.

Cooked food.

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total	Daily average.
Chousah	70	110	16	196	17

HEADING C.

Rope-making at Poor-house.

	Men.	Total.
Chousah ...	44	44

Spinning Relief.

	Women.	Total.
Chousah ...	2	2

Total of persons under Heading C, 46.

HEADING D.

Gratuitous Uncooked Food.

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Daily average.
Buxar	118	218	...	336	24
Doomraon	56	56	...	112	8
Nowhuggur	140	168	...	308	22
Chousah	380	868	220	1,468	133
Berhampore	...	112	...	112	8
Total ...	694	1,422	220	2,336	195

Mr. Armstrong further reports that—"During the fortnight the Chousah poor-house has been working for the Chousah thana. I have a very intelligent man in charge, and am satisfied that it is being worked properly, and I hope to have the Buxar and Saraya poor-houses working, as I stated in my last, from the 15th instant. Wali Mohamed, the Chousah relief inspector, has visited 95 villages during the fortnight, and is confident that everything is going on right. Illahi Bux, the Doomraon relief inspector, has visited 98 villages, and Hurjuthun Dubee, the new Buxar relief inspector, 90 villages, and they both report favorably also. They have all three got the names of the members of the committees and sub-committees resident in their respective thanas, and have been instructed to apply to the different members from time to time to know whether they have any fresh information to give."

The charitable relief operations in the Sasseeram and Bhubooah sub-divisions are—

HEADING B.

Cooked Food.

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Daily average.
Sasseram ...	... 244	268	72	41
Kochus ...	... 45	17	28	6·5
Bhubooah ...	... 225	411	297	66·5
	514	696	397	114

Total number relieved under heading B, 1,607.

HEADING C.

Rope-making

	Men.	Women.	Total.	Average.
Sasseram ...	... 561	...	561	40
Kochus ...	... 28	...	28	2
Bhubooah ...	... 623	52	675	53
Chynepore ...	... 29	...	27	2
Mohunia ...	... ...	19	19	1 5
	1,339	71	1,410	88 5

Spinning Relief.

Sasseram	408 persons.
Bhubooah	165 „
Chynepore	179 „
Jehanabad	14 „
Mohunia	13 „
	779

Weaving Relief.

Sasseram	44 persons.
Bhubooah	35 „
	79 „

Total of persons relieved under heading C during the fortnight, 2,268.

HEADING D.

Gratuitous Uncooked Food.

	Men	Women.	Children	Total.
Sasseram ...	... 13	127	2	142
Dinareh ...	... ...	20	...	20
Akberpore ...	... ...	5	...	5
Bhubooah ...	... 15	13	...	28
Mohunia ...	... 1	...	...	1
Chynepore ...	... 3	...	1	4
Chand ...	... 1	14	1	16
	33	179	4	216

Mr. Eyre further reports that—"The supervising relief officers of Dungair Nokh, in Sasseram, and of Ramgurh Bhubooah, in Bhubooah sub-division, have submitted their reports up to the 8th current. In the first sub-division, 73 villages more had been visited and 45 persons. In Bhubooah 114 villages had been visited and 82 persons. The supervisors of Sasseeram and Durgaoti circles have not sent in their reports as yet.

G.—FINANCIAL RESULTS OF THE FORTNIGHT.

	Rs. A. P.	Rs A. P.
Total expenditure from the district and sub-treasuries, as shown in the last narrative, full details of which were therein given		32,443 4 9

Expenditure during the fortnight under report.

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
In the Arrah sub-division—		
Repairs of Sahar golah	3 8 0	
„ of Sundais „	8 13 6	
„ of Powna and Ageeaon golahs	2 2 0	
„ of Gurhanee golah	3 2 6	
„ of Burdiha „	1 14 0	
Expenditure incurred in taking out bagas for removing white ants at Sahar golah	15 12 0	
		30 4 0
In the Buxar sub-division—		
Advanced to Gopi Roy for the stacking of oat-straw purchased by Government	50 0 0	
Advanced to Dusruth Lal, golah-keeper of Saraya, for repairs of golah	20 0 0	
Advanced to Ramruttun Lal, golah-keeper of Sarenja golah, for repairs of golah	20 0 0	
Advanced to Rughoonath Pershad Itaree, golah-mohurrir, for repairs of golah	20 0 0	
Advanced to Ramsurun Lal, Mr. Eyre's kotegusht, for expenses relative to the carriage of grain	50 0 0	
Paid to Tupsee for golah rent for May 1874	7 0 0	
Advanced to Amanut Khan, ghat manjhee, on account of despatching oat-straw to Chumpta ghat	125 0 0	
Advanced to the Sub-Deputy Collector for current expenses ..	2 12 3	
		294 12 3
In the Sasseram and Bhubooah sub-divisions—		
Paid to clerk, Durgaoti, for the repairs of Durgaoti depôt ..	15 0 0	
Purchase of service labels	10 0 0	
Paid to Bani Madhub, clerk at Zumuniah, for contingencies ..	50 0 0	
Paid to clerk at Durgaoti for contingencies	25 0 0	
Paid to Shunker Sahae, kotegusht, Doomraon, for contingencies	50 0 0	
Paid to Ram Surun Lal, kotegusht, Buxar, ditto ..	50 0 0	
Paid to Bukshi, Bhubooah, for carriage of grain to relief works	40 0 0	
Paid to Bukshi, Jehanabad, ditto ditto ..	38 0 0	
Paid to Mohurrir, Bubnoul, ditto ditto ..	25 0 0	
Paid to head-constable, Kochus, for the repairs of a bridge ..	10 0 0	
Paid to station-master, Zumuniah, railway fare for the transport of grain	10 3 0	
Paid carriage of grain from Ahroura road to Zumuniah ..	158 1 0	
Purchase of foolscap-paper for the use of office	0 7 6	
Paid to Nazir for the purchase of country paper	5 0 0	
Purchase of service labels	5 14 6	
Paid to Mohit Roy, ryot of Selary, for the purchase of 1 bullock	22 0 0	
Paid to Bani Roy, ditto ditto ..	15 0 0	
Paid to Mohit Roy, ryot of Selary, for the purchase of grain ..	30 13 0	
Paid to Bani Roy, ditto ditto ..	30 13 0	
Carriage of grain	1 6 0	
Paid to Gouri Roy, ryot of Selary, for the purchase of bullocks	40 0 0	
		632 10 0
Total expenditure during the fortnight		1,227 10 3
Grand total to end of fortnight		33,670 15 0

APPENDIX A.

Price-current at the Principal Marts up to the Fortnight ending the 30th May 1874.

Division.	Marts.	Wheat.	Rice.	Gram.	Peas.	Maize.	Barley.	Bajra.
		S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.
Arrah ...	1. Arrah	14 4	11 0	18 4	17 0	17 8	18 4	17 0
	2. Bindowlia	13 12	10 12	16 4	16 4	16 4		
	3. Sahar.	14 0	10 8	17 0	17 0	18 0	18 0	
	4. Jugdispore	15 0	11 0	18 0	18 0	18 0	19 0	
Buxar ...	1. Buxar	14 0	12 0	18 0	18 0	18 0	19 0	16 8
	2. Doomraon ...	15 0	11 0	19 0	17 0	...	19 0	16 0
	3. Rughoonathpore ...	15 8	11 0	19 0	17 4	...	19 0	
	4. Chousah ...	15 0	11 0	18 8	17 0	..	19 0	16 0
Sasseram	1. Sasseram	14 8	11 0	17 0	17 0	17 0	17 0	...
	2. Dehri	14 4	11 0	16 8	17 0		17 0	..
	3. Chenaary	14 8	11 4	17 8	17 4	.	17 8	..
	4. Akberpore	15 0	11 8	15 0	15 0	...	20 0	...
Bhubooah	1. Bhubooah	14 8	10 12	17 8	17 8	..	18 0	15 0
	2. Jehanabad	14 0	11 0	17 0	17 0			..
	3. Durgawutti	15 0	12 0	18 0	19 0	...	18 0	..
	4. Chynepore	14 0	10 0	18 0	18 0	.		.
	5. Haita	15 0	11 0	18 0	17 0	...	18 0	.

APPENDIX B.

Comparative Statement of Crimes, as per Government Circular No. 4081, *dated the 20th December* 1873.

DACOITY—			
Headings 30 and 31 of Crime Return A., Part I.	Month of May 1872	...	3
	Corresponding month of 1873	...	3
	Ditto ditto 1874	...	...
ROBBERY—			
Headings 32 and 33 of Crime Return A., Part I.	Month of May 1872	...	...
	Corresponding month of 1873	...	1
	Ditto ditto 1874	...	3
THEFT—			
Heading 43, Crime Return A., Part I, excluding cattle-theft.	Month of May 1872	...	34
	Corresponding month of 1873	...	44
	Ditto ditto 1874	...	81
Heading 35 of Crime Return, Part I, lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit theft.	Month of May 1872	...	32
	Corresponding month of 1873	...	63
	Ditto ditto 1874	...	76
Total of all three columns	Month of May 1872	...	69
	Corresponding month of 1873	...	111
	Ditto ditto 1874	...	160

APPENDIX C.

List of Relief-Works in the Shahabad District, and Laborers on them, during the Fortnight ending the 13th June 1874.

Name of Work.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.
Arrah Sub-division.				
Raising Sahar and Arrah road	6,882	2,047	445	9,374
,, Kaemnugur road	2,147	1,138	574	3,859
,, Peero road	7,226	835	30	8,091
,, Gudhani and Bihta road	2,265	510	348	3,123
Clearing of Chundwa tank	712	239	61	1,012
Total ...	19,232	4,769	1,458	25,459
Buxar Sub-division.				
Raising Poorunda and Sarrya road	4,818	2,665	1,642	9,125
Repairs Buxar road	10	.....	.....	10
,, Doomraon and Roopsagur road	246	171	.....	417
Total ...	5,074	2,836	1,642	9,552
Bhubooah Sub-division.				
Raising Bhubooah and Hatta road	437	298	50	785
,, Khiree and Jehanabad road	16,993	11,940	3,171	32,104
,, Doorgawutti and Hatta ,, ...	3,496	2,303	548	6,347
,, Burroon and Jehanabad ,, ...	3,606	5,537	1,367	10,510
,, Bhubooah and ditto ,, ...	7,540	8,832	732	17,104
,, Bhugwanpore to Chynepore ,, ...	3,062	4,869	165	8,096
,, Hatta to Durowli road	4,716	3,933	111	8,760
Total ...	39,850	37,712	6,144	83,706
Sasseram Sub-division.				
Raising Khyra to Dehree road	1,247	578	.....	1,825
,, Bickrum and Mobunia road...	680	291	247	1,219
,, Ditto and Sasseram ,, ...	261	318	63	642
Total ...	2,188	1,187	311	3,686
Under D. P. W. ... Arrah sub-division	16,255	4,090	1,049	21,394
Buxar ,, ...	4,818	2,665	1,642	9,125
Bhubooah ,, ...	35,134	33,779	6,033	74,946
Sasseram ,, ...	1,927	869	248	3,044
Total ...	58,134	41,333	8,972	108,489
Under Sub-Divisional Officers. Arrah	2,977	749	409	4,135
Buxar	256	171	.....	427
Bhubooah	4,716	3,933	111	8,760
Sasseram	261	318	63	642
Total ...	8,210	5,171	583	13,964
Grand Total ...	66,344	46,504	9,555	122,403
a.—Number of Laborers employed under D. P. W. On piece-work	55,991	39,968	7,301	103,760
On daily wages	2,143	1,385	1,171	4,679
b.—Ditto under Sub-divisional Officers. On piece-work	5,945	4,661	235	10,841
On daily wages	2,265	510	348	3,123
c.—Under Court of Wards		Nil.		
Total ...	66,344	46,504	9,555	122,403
Total on piece-work	61,936	44,629	836	114,601
Total on daily wages	4,408	1,875	1,519	7,802
Grand Total ...	66,344	46,504	9,555	122,403

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the Shahabad District for the fortnight ending the 13th June 1874.

Name of Circle	Date for which figures are given	Total allotment of Government grain	Total quantity of Government grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	Total quantity of Government grain consumed up to date: By sale to the public or to laborers	By gratuitous distribution in any shape	By advances to ryots	By payment in kind to laborers	Total	Estimated grain receipts of the ensuing fortnight.	Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight
		Mds. S C	Mds S C	Ms S C.	Ms. S C.	Mds	Mds	Ms S C.	Mds	Mds
Arrah sub-division	13th June 1874	22,300 0 0	22,300 0 0	180 0 0	61 5 0	Nil	Nil.	241 5 0	Nil	200
Buxar sub division	Ditto ...	20,935 18 4	20,935 18 4	172 7 4	Nil	Nil	Nil.	172 7 4	Nil	200
Sasseram and Bhuboosh sub-division	Ditto ...	40 000 0 0	29,079 0 0	492 14 15	86 36 3	10	Nil	589 11 6	4,400	1,070
	Total .	83,235 0 0	72,314 18 4	844 22 9	148 1 3	10	Nil	1,002 23 10	4,400	1,470

H. W. ALEXANDER,
Collector

No. 453F, dated Arrah, the 17th June 1874.

Memo. by—W. H. ALEXANDER, ESQ., Collector of Shahabad.

SUBMITTED to the Commissioner of Patna, in continuation of the narrative for the fortnight ending 13th June.

Statement of food-grain imported by rail during the fortnight ending the 13th June 1874.

OUTWARDS.

Station	Rice: Up	Rice: Down	Rice: Total	Wheat, Oats and Barley: Up.	Wheat, Oats and Barley: Down	Wheat, Oats and Barley: Total	Jowar: Up	Jowar: Down.	Jowar: Total.	Dall and Gram: Up.	Dall and Gram: Down	Dall and Gram: Total.	Other grain and Pulses: Up	Other grain and Pulses: Down.	Other grain and Pulses: Total	Total: Up.	Total: Down.	Grand Total.
Arrah ...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	338	338	..		...	..	...	...		338	338
Beheea	...	..	...	..	..	...	...	27	27	221	128	349	...	...	...	221	155	376
Rugoonathpore	..	...	...	...	..	...	..	..	..	...	90	90		.			90	90
Doomraon .	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	.		.	.	.	..	170	170
Buxar	312	170	482	..	...	..	.	.	..	..	1,453	1,453	...	548	548	312	2,171	2,483
Total .	312	170	482	..	...		...	365	365	221	1,671	1,892	..	548	548	533	2,924	3,457

INWARDS.

Station	Rice: Up	Rice: Down	Rice: Total	Wheat, Oats and Barley: Up.	Wheat, Oats and Barley: Down	Wheat, Oats and Barley: Total	Jowar: Up	Jowar: Down.	Jowar: Total.	Dall and Gram: Up.	Dall and Gram: Down	Dall and Gram: Total.	Other grain and Pulses: Up	Other grain and Pulses: Down.	Other grain and Pulses: Total	Total: Up.	Total: Down.	Grand Total.
Arrah	1,076	100	1,176	...	8,059	8,059	...	2,583	2,583	.	7 054	7,054		8,900	8,900	1,076	26,696	27,772
Beheea ..	1,190	191	1,381	...	336	336	160	1,164	1,324	898	3,768	4,666	.		..	3,258	5,469	8,727
Rugoonathpore .	2,782	..	2,762	...	92	92	..	.	..	..	..	.	351		351	3,113	92	3 205
Doomraon ...	1,104	226	1,330	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	..		221	10,814	11,035	1,325	11,049	12,365
Buxar .	1,542	916	2,458	..	..	..	...	...	.	...				22,868	22,868	1,542	23,784	25,326
Total .	7,674	1,433	9,107		8,487	8,487	160	3,747	3,907	898	10,822	11,720	572	42,582	42,154	10,314	67,081	77,395

ARRAH,
The 17th June 1874.

W. H. ALEXANDER
Collector.

No. 1685F., dated Mozufferpore, the 17th June 1874.

From—C. F. WORSLEY, ESQ., Collector of Tirhoot.

To—The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Dept

I HAVE the honor to submit my narrative of scarcity and relief in the Hajeepore, Tajpore, and Sudder sub-divisions for the fortnight ending Saturday, the 13th June 1874.

A.—STATE OF THE COUNTRY

2. In Hajeepore sub-division prices are nearly the same that they were on the 30th ultimo, and sales of Government grain at relief works have had a good effect on markets in

Mhoweh thana, where the sub-divisional officer was assured by the bunniahs some time ago that there was no grain in the bazar.

3. In Tajpore sub-division prices have remained almost stationary "the only noticeable feature being," as the sub-divisional officer remarks, "a very slight rise in the price of rice in some markets, and a cheapening of barley and grain." The latter circumstance is considered satisfactory, as implying that importations have not fallen off.

4. In the Sudder sub-division the price of rice has fallen 1½ seers, while that of wheat has risen half a seer in the rupee. The prices of other grains have not varied, notwithstanding that a considerable amount of Government grain has been brought into consumption. In the early part of last week I recommenced sales of Government grain in Mozufferpore town, and the amount sold daily has averaged 289 maunds. This is less than I expected to sell, but the result is perhaps natural enough when it is remembered that outside the town Government rice is sold at certain golahs at 12 seers the rupee, while in the town the price has been fixed by the order of Government at 10 seers. I do not myself see that any advantage can be gained by maintaining this distinction, and should be glad of permission to sell everywhere at the same rate. The manager of Ottar factory (10 miles distant from Mozufferpore) assures me that residents of the town come to buy rice at his golah, because it is sold two seers cheaper than in Mozufferpore.

5. Although the bunniahs of the town have reduced the price of rice in consequence of the Government sales, I do not propose to discontinue them at present. I know from experience that they will again raise the price directly the Government grain is withdrawn from the market; and that if real relief is to be afforded to the distressed towns-people, sales must be constant and regular. It is only the large dealers who dislike our sales: the small bunneahs to a man affirm that they are necessary, and are anxious that they should be made more largely. The latter declare, too, that existing private stocks are not one-tenth of what they usually are, and ought to be, at this season of the year.

6. The subjoined statement shows the kinds and prices of grain selling at some of the principal marts on 13th instant.

Name of mart.	Wheat.	Barley.	Common rice.	Lesser millets.	Maize, or Indian-corn.	Gram.
Hajeepore	12¾	17½	9½	...	15½	17½
Mhoweh	12½	15	8½	16	12½	15
Tajpore	13	16½	9¾	15	15	16½
Mozufferpore	11	14	10	...	13	14

7. The rainfall during the fortnight was as follows:—

Hajeepore	·73
Tajpore	·30
Mozufferpore	2·32

The falls have varied very much throughout these sub-divisions. In several parts of the Sudder sub-division the fall has been as much as two or three inches, while in other places it has been less than an inch. At Lalgunge I understand that eight inches of rain fell one day in a few hours, though at Hajeepore there was scarcely a drop.

8. In most parts of these sub-divisions the rain has been sufficient to enable the ryots to cultivate and sow their lands. During the last week I have been over more than 200 miles of country in the Sudder and Hajeepore sub-divisions, and everywhere I have found cultivation going on vigorously. A great deal of waste land is being brought under cultivation, and seed, though procured at much expense and with some difficulty, has apparently been obtained in sufficient quantities. In Tajpore sub-division the dhan in the lower churs to the south and south-east is said to "show a magnificent promise." The dhan sown on higher lands, and which had begun to suffer, has been freshened, and the clay soils are now soft enough to be prepared for transplanted rice.

From those circles of the Sudder sub-division which I have not visited during the fortnight, viz. Toorkie, Belsund, Rajkhund, Kuttrah, and Gaighattee, I have received most satisfactory reports regarding cultivation of lands. Throughout these circles active preparations for sowing are being made, and in many places Indian-corn and rice have been already sown.

On the whole I may say that, with the exception of tracts liable to inundations, the country looks as well as could be wished, and it is quite evident that the relief works have not induced the people to neglect their fields.

9. The condition of the people is generally satisfactory in Hajeepore and Tajpore sub-divisions, where the attendance at relief works is still comparatively small. It is almost a truism now to say that the numbers on these works afford the surest test of the condition of the lower classes, and that as long as the works are thinly attended, there can be no severe distress in their neighbourhood. The deserted state of the relief works in some circles of

Hajeepore sub-division conclusively proves (what I have myself frequently observed elsewhere) that persons who are not in the habit of working on roads and tanks will not accept such employment until compelled to do so by sheer want of food.

In the Sudder sub-division there has been no increase of distress, but wherever relief works have been temporarily closed, the villagers have felt the withdrawal of Government assistance, and have begged hard that the works may be reopened. I have therefore directed circle officers to provide employment liberally, as the only object of closing works was to ensure the cultivation of fields, and cultivation, as I have already said, has been going on most actively and widely. I was much struck during my recent tour with the very large numbers of women and children working in the western circles. In the Moteepore circle, for instance, there were on the 11th instant no less than 4,593 women and 3,761 children, against 4,819 men on the works. I have no doubt that many cultivators work in their fields, while their women and children are employed in earning subsistence for all.

B.—Relief Works.

10. The number of laborers employed daily in the three sub-divisions is as follows:—

Sudder sub-division	...	...	...	...	166,386
Tajpore ,,	...	...	...	...	10,774
Hajeepore ,,	...	...	...	...	5,099
			Grand Total	...	182,259

Statements are given in the Appendix.

11. Now that the rains have commenced it will not be possible much longer to carry on tank works. I expect, however, that we shall be able to provide work on roads, especially village roads, for several weeks in many circles. At present there is no difficulty about this matter.

12. Payments in grain have now been introduced in all circles of the Sudder sub-division, and the ensuing fortnight may be expected to show the results of the system in full operation. Owing to the very large number of relief works in some circles, there was much difficulty in putting the system thoroughly in force.

In nearly all the circles of Hajeepore and Tajpore sub-divisions grain payments are now made.

C.—Transport of Food.

13. Large fleets of boats laden with private grain daily pass up the Gunduk, and importations are steadily increasing. The recent addition of 2,18,000 maunds to the previous three allotments for the Sudder sub-division will cause the contractors' carts to be employed in the transport of Government grain for a longer period than was anticipated; but to show that private traders might have done very much more during the last few months than they attempted to do, I may mention that all the small bunniahs to whom grain is advanced for sale by circle officers, contrive to supply carts for its conveyance from the Sudder golahs to their own villages. The employment of small bunniahs is not only greatly beneficial to them and the public, but it tends to make the large holders of grain more reasonable in their demands.

In Tajpore sub-division inland traffic is said to have become easier.

D.—Storage of Grain.

14. The amount of Government grain that has been stored is as follows:—

					Mds.
Hajeepore sub-division	...	...	...	...	5,170
Tajpore ,,	...	...	...	...	20,753
Sudder ,,	...	...	...	...	2,51,619

I propose to store the greater portion of the last allotment of grain in the opium godown at Mozufferpore.

The quantity of Government grain disposed of during the fortnight was 34,361 maunds. Detailed statements regarding its disposal are given in the Appendix. The quantity is some 40,000 maunds short of my estimate, but an explanation of the discrepancy may be found in my 12th paragraph. Some officers, too, are still very reluctant to sell freely, and say that if they attempted to meet the demand they would run through a lakh of maunds in a month.

E.—Advances.

15. There has been a great improvement under this head, especially in the circles administered by planters, where a good deal of grain has been advanced to ryots. A large number of very useful native officers from the North-Western Provinces are now employed under circle officers in the Sudder sub-division, in connection with the making of advances, which I hope will be completed by the end of the month. The Tajpore officer has now made a good beginning in this direction, but nothing has been done in Hajeepore.

F.—Charitable Relief.

16. The number of persons daily receiving charitable relief have somewhat increased during the fortnight, being as follows:—

Hajeepore sub-division	...	...	...	...	2,501
Tajpore ,,	...	...	...	...	2,588
Sudder ,,	...	...	...	...	11,146

The above figures include persons employed in cotton spinning, &c.

Detailed statements are appended.

G.—Financial Results.

17. Statement showing the financial results of Sudder, Hajeepore, and Tajpore sub-divisions for the fortnight ending 13th June 1874:—

	Rs.	As.	P.
Salaries, establishments, and office contingencies ...	8,560	0	0
Storage, including buildings and repairs	1,051	4	3
Charitable relief	14,171	0	0
Miscellaneous	118	12	0
Transport of Government grain	1,99,672	4	3
Advances to trustworthy residents for purchase of grain...	5,580	9	0
Advances to zemindars for support of ryots ...	400	0	0
Advances on account of giving loans to ryots ...	5,000	0	0
Advances to traders for purchase of grain	500	0	0
Relief works	81,710	0	0
Purchase of grain by Government	5,080	9	0
Total ...	3,21,844	6	6

E.

Statement showing advances made from Sudder, Hajeepore, and Tajpore sub-divisions for the fortnight ending 13th June 1874.

	Rs.	As.	P.
Advances on account of giving loans to ryots ...	5,000	0	0
Advances to trustworthy residents for purchase of grain	5,580	9	0
Advances to zemindars for support of ryots... ...	400	0	0
Advances to traders for purchase of grain	500	0	0
Total ...	11,480	9	0

Statement of laborers employed in Mozufferpore sub-division for the fortnight ending 13th June 1874.

Names of Circles	Average daily number of laborers during fortnight.		Number on last day.	Remarks.
Sudder	28,507	The number of laborers on piece-work out of this is 14,268.	34,552	Statement up to 11th June.
Under Doudpore factory ...	244		151	„ 6th „
„ Bheekhumpore factory ...	7,376		7,731	„ 6th „
Kantee	21,844		20,065	„ 11th „
Motipore	13,206		13,173	„ 11th „
Sahibgunge	9,502		8,851	„ 11th „
Doorna	8,517		9,056	„ 11th „
Serraya	10,783		5,117	„ 11th „
Jaintpore	8,146		6,561	„ 10th „
Toorkie	10,258		10,258	Fortnightly totals only given.
Belsund	3,760		2,861	Statement up to 11th June.
Rajkhund	19,842		22,914	„ 11th „
Kuttra	3,520		3,520	Fortnightly totals only given.
Gaighattee	1,314		322	Statement up to 10th June.
Ottar	15,069		18,026	„ 12th „
Under Executive Engineer ...	2,798		3,228	„ 12th „
Total ...	164,686		166,386	

MOZUFFERPORE SUB-DIVISION.

Statement of Charitable Relief for the fortnight ending 13th June 1874.

Names of Circles.	Gratuitous Relief. B.		Relief to Brahmins, &c. D.		Cotton spinning, &c. C.		Total B. C. D.		Quantity of grain spent during fortnight.
	Daily average number.		Daily average number.		Daily average number.		Daily average number.		
	Adults.	Children.	Adults.	Children.	Adults.	Children.	Adults.	Children.	Mds. S. C.
Sudder Circle, including Muzuffurpore town.	803	66	.....	.....	89	.....	892	66	78 19 0
Toorkee	233	83	.....	.....	10	.....	243	83	32 13 0
Belsund*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	... ..
Jeytpore	173	67	.....	.....	41	.....	213	67	43 14 0
Dooriah	874	264	3	.....	11	.....	888	264	348 24 0
Sahebgunge	525	227	1	1	.....	.....	526	228	111 30 0
Kanti	489	185	.....	.....	.....	.....	489	185	Paid in cash.
Rajkhund	458	257	145	34	209	.....	867	291	79 8 0
Gaighattee	471	218	.....	.....	422	.....	893	218	Not stated
Motipore	369	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	369	6	Paid in cash
Kuttrah	1,629	841	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,629	841	Not stated
Ottar	Number relieved not mentioned.								29 28 0
Serraya	1,089	799	.....	.....	.. ...	.....	1,089	799	8 6 0 And rest paid in cash.
Total ...	7,113	3,013	149	35	842	.....	8,098	3,048	730 22

* Return not received.

MOZUFFERPORE SUB-DIVISION

Statement of Grain Allotted, Stored, and Consumed, for the fortnight ending 13th June 1874

Name of Circle.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other Districts	Total quantity of Government Grain consumed up to date.				Estimated grain receipts of the ensuing fortnight	Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight	Remarks
				By sales to the public or labourers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots.	By payments in kind to labourers	Total.		
		Mds. Srs. Ch	Mds. Srs. Ch	Mds Srs Ch	Mds Srs. Ch	Mds Srs Ch	Mds Srs Ch	Mds Srs. Ch	Mds Srs Ch	Mds Srs Ch	
Mozufferpore Golah .. Sudder circle .. Chaun ..	11 and 12th June 1874.	2,75,989 0 0	58 901 0 0	6,046 20 0	388 12 0		8,534 25 0	15,889 17 0	1,50,000 0 0	25,000 0 0	
Kuttrah ...	11th ditto .	50,757 0 0	16,014 0 0	3,671 1 0	466 32 0	853 3 0	1,630 12 0	6,921 8 0	25,000 0 0	5,000 0 0	
Toorkee	10th ditto .	20,431 0 0	20,687 0 0	1,231 4 0	32 18 0	24 21 0	1 282 38 0	2,570 36 0		3,500 0 0	
Belsund ...	11th ditto	40 754 0 0	32 536 0 0	2 799 10 0	645 37 0	1 25 0	12 30 0	3,289 22 0	8,228 0 0	3,500 0 0	
Rajkhund	.....	40,000 0 0	40,000 0 0	3,525 0 0	83 5 0	17 20 0	*	3,625 25 0		7,000 0 0	* Return for last fortnight not received
Kantee	11th ditto	15 000 0 0	10,000 0 0	1,674 20 0			2,100 0 0	3,775 11 0	5,000 0 0	5,000 0 0	
Rigaon out-work	11th ditto	10,000 0 0	10,000 0 0	287 14 0	35 16 0		..	323 10 0	2,000 0 0	1,500 0 0	
Mothpor circle ..	11th ditto	15,000 0 0	15,000 0 0	3,577 14 0	. .	283 30 0	. .	3,861 4 0	... ..	4 000 0 0	
Sahibgunge	11th ditto	24,731 0 0	24,731 0 0	1,652 19 0	438 38 0		1,506 28 0	3,597 5 0	. .	8,000 0 0	
Doorah .	11th ditto	15,000 0 0	14,762 0 0	1,648 24 0	348 24 0	40 7 0	963 20 0	3,000 35 0	218 0 0	4,000 0 0	
Serayu	11th ditto	15,000 0 0	5,525 0 0	1,846 12 0	8 6 0	406 12 0	2,261 20 0	4,522 10 0	7,000 0 0	5,000 0 0	
Jamtpore	10th ditto	10,000 0 0	No return.	173 23 0	42 13 0		1,441 38 0	1,657 34 0	10,000 0 0	2,500 0 0	
Gughattee	12th ditto	25,000 0 0	6,063 0 0	2,135 0 0	..			2,135 0 0	10,000 0 0	3,000 0 0	
Ottar	...	10,000 0 0	No return.	718 19 0	51 15 0	555 28 0	600 0 0	1,925 22 0	10,000 0 0	3,000 0 0	
	Total	5,67,662 0 0	2 51,619 0 0	31,706 20 0	2,541 11 0	2,182 26 0	20 384 2 0	56 784 19 0	2,27,446 0 0	80,000 0 0	

HAJEEPORE.—APPENDIX OF LABOR.

Name of Work.	Number on daily wages.			Number on piece work.			Total number of laborers.			Average daily number of recipients on charitable relief.
	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	
SHAPORE CIRCLE.										
MR. J. SMITH,—*Superintendent.*										
1 Tank-digging at Mahomedpore Allum ...	.....	.....	.....	41	.....	.....	41	.....	.....	
2 Ditto Mircha Gundhurp ...	.....	.....	.....	98	.....	.....	98	.....	.....	
3 Ditto Akhtearpore	.....	.....	.....	99	.....	.....	99	.....	.....	
4 Ditto Mothoorapore ...	.....	.....	.....	25	.....	.....	25	.....	.....	
5 Ditto Shabajpore	.....	.....	.....	26	.....	.....	26	.....	.....	
6 Ditto Bharukhra	.....	.....	.....	11	.....	.....	11	.....	.....	
7 Ditto Harpore Arrarah ...	.....	.....	.....	384	.....	.....	384	.....	.....	
8 Ditto Asudpore Maybhrah ...	.....	.....	.....	73	.....	.....	73	.....	.....	
9 Ditto Chandporah	.....	.....	.....	112	.....	.....	112	.....	.....	
10 Ditto Sadoollahpore	.....	.....	.....	103	.....	.....	103	.....	.....	
11 Ditto Shahapore Mircha ...	.....	.....	.....	82	34	58	82	34	58	
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	1,054	34	58	1,054	34	58	274
CHUTWARA CIRCLE.										
MR. J. D. BLAKE, *Superintendent.*										
1 Tank-digging at Dhumraj	.....	.....	.....	130	54	18	130	54	18	
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	130	54	18	130	54	18	273
KARHARI CIRCLE.										
MR. W. CAMPBELL,—*Superintendent.*										
1 Tank-digging at Bitonly	.....	.....	.....	10	2	1	10	2	1	
2 Ditto Buckswawan	.....	.....	.....	25	2	1	25	2	1	
3 Ditto Rohhan	.....	.....	.....	18	1	1	18	1	1	
4 Ditto Sarwan	.....	.....	.....	30	2	2	30	2	2	
Total ...	.....	.....	...	83	7	5	83	7	5	225
CHUPTAH CIRCLE.										
MR. R. PARK,—*Superintendent.*										
1 Tank-digging at Mulmallah	.....	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	
2 Ditto Chuptah	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	
3 Ditto Dhunputtre	.....	.....	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	
4 Ditto Narayenpore	.....	.....	.....	1	1	.....	1	1	...	
Total	.....	.....	.....	7	2	1	7	2	1	159
BHATONLIAH CIRCLE.										
MR. W. O. MACGREGOR,—*Superintendent.*										
1 Tank-digging at Fakooly	.....	.....	.....	26	19	11	26	19	11	
2 Ditto Luchmeenarain ...	.....	.....	.....	52	28	15	52	28	15	
3 Ditto Barra Roop	.....	.....	.....	35	21	13	35	21	13	
4 Ditto Maroullah	.....	.....	.....	30	22	13	30	22	13	
5 Ditto Ghugowell	.....	.....	.....	33	29	15	33	29	15	
6 Ditto Bishunpore Mamoca ...	.....	.....	.....	51	26	16	51	26	16	
Total ..	.....	.....	.....	236	145	83	256	145	83	332
SINGHIAH CIRCLE.										
MR. C. H. POPE,—*Superintendent.*										
1 Tank-digging at Shaikpoorah	.....	.....	.....	51	24	9	51	24	9	
2 Ditto J intpore	.....	.....	.....	33	15	6	33	15	6	
3 Ditto Manickpore Puckree ...	.....	.....	.....	89	41	18	89	41	18	
4 Ditto Kunth ,, ...	.....	.....	.....	33	19	8	33	19	8	
5 Ditto Sirsa	.....	.....	.....	38	15	6	38	15	6	
6 Ditto Gurmiah	.....	.....	.....	166	110	26	166	110	26	
7 Ditto Rasulpore	.....	.....	.....	147	70	23	147	70	23	
8 Ditto Arthouleo	.....	.....	.....	90	40	18	90	40	18	
9 Ditto Rapoorah	.....	.....	.....	78	35	17	78	35	17	
10 Ditto Chuk Salah	.....	.....	.....	38	22	11	38	22	11	
11 Ditto Barhan	.....	.....	.....	30	24	11	30	24	11	
12 Ditto Bissenpore	.....	.....	.....	64	19	.....	64	19	...	
Total ...	...	.....	.....	857	484	153	857	484	153	469

HAJEEPORE.—APPENDIX OF LABOR.—(*Continued.*)

HAJEEPORE CIRCLE.

SUB-DIVISIONAL OFFICER.

Name of relief work.	Number on daily wages.			Number on piece-work.			Total number of laborers.			Average daily number of recipients on charitable relief.
	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	
1 Tank-digging at Digghi No. 1	.....	.....	.....	24	.....	.....	24	.....	.....	
2 Ditto Digghi No. 2	.....	.....	.....	6	.....	.....	6	.....	.....	
3 Ditto Chundalah	.....	.....	.....	14	.....	.....	14	.....	.....	
4 Ditto Hajeepore	.....	.....	.....	411	60	31	411	60	31	
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	455	60	31	455	60	31	850
CHUTWARAH (UNDER MR. G. D. BLAKE).										
1 Repairing of Shapore road	.....	.....	.....	343	.....	.....	343	.....	.....	
2 ,, of Lalgunge road	.....	.....	.....	193	.....	.....	193	.....	.....	
KARAHARI (UNDER MR. W. CAMPBELL).										
1 Repairing of Bitouly road	.....	.....	.....	223	27	72	223	27	72	
SINGHIAH (UNDER MR. C. H. POPE).										
1 Repairing of Ropoorah Road	.....	.....	.....	70	48	22	70	48	22	
2 ,, of Acthoulee Road	.....	.....	.....	27	11	4	27	11	4	
3 ,, of Mohnah Road	.....	.....	.....	21	7	.....	21	7	.....	
4 ,, of Ramdoolee Road	.....	.....	.....	12	9	14	12	9	14	
5 ,, of Hahare Road	.....	.....	.....	40	6	3	40	6	3	
6 ,, of Shampore Road	.....	.....	.....	26	2	1	26	2	1	
Total	.....	.....	.....	996	110	116	996	110	116	
Grand total	.....	.....	.....	3,788	846	465	3,788	846	465	2,501

HAJEEPORE.—APPENDIX OF GRAIN.

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the golahs of Hajeepore sub-division for the fortnight ending 14*th June* 1874

Name of Circle.	Date for which figures are given.	Total Allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity grain stored, exclusive of grain transported to other districts.	Total Quantity of Government Grain consumed up to date.		
				By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.
		Mds.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.
Hajeepore	14th June 1874.	16,000	1,832 21 12	128 20 0	.....	128 20 0
Mohoon		.....	2,855 9 0	36 33 0	601 12 4	638 5 4
Lalgunge		.....	209 0 0	30 0 0	.....	30 0 0
Shapool		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sarsayi		.....	232 17 8	.....	215 19 12	215 19 12
Bhatoulee		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Karhari		.....	.....	19 20 8	.....	19 20 8
Total ...		.....	5,129 8 4	214 33 8	1,016 32 0	1,231 25 8

* A large quantity of grain has been received during the last week into the sub-division, but as no returns have been received from the different golahs, the amount cannot be shewn here.

TAJPORE.—APPENDIX A. OF LABOR.

NAME OF CIRCLE.	Work.	NUMBER ON DAILY WAGES.			NUMBER ON PIECE-WORK.			TOTAL.		
		Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.
Tajpore	4 tanks	.....	... ..	.....	644	.. .	.....	644	...	.....
	1 Bachghat road	.....	.....	.....	163	100	103	163	103	106
Dhalee	2 tanks	.....	.... .	.... .	474	...	... .	474	.....	... ..
	1 Poosah and Mozufferpore road	24	113	53	.....	.....	.....	24	113	53
Poosah	7 Tanks	804	.....	... ..	240	.....	.....	1,134	.....	.....
	1 Birowlee road	43	... .	.....	...	. ..	.. ..	43	..	.....
	Bishunputty bund	.....	.....	.....	37	.....	.....	37	.....	.....
	Balwa bund	.....	.....	.....	80	.....	.. ..	80	.....	.....
	Poosah road	.....	...	.....	481	4		481	4	1
Jitwarpore	3 Tanks	Returns not received								
	1 Jitwarpur and Dulsingseraí road.	.....	4	10	71	.....	.....	71	4	10
Bahlempore ...	3 Tanks	48	41	42	73	11	13	116	52	55
	Bahlempore roads ..	.....	.....	.....	... ..	... ..	..	1,427	.. ..	. ..
	Bahwara and Shapore road ...	.....	.....	.....	556	419	189	556	419	189
	Simarwara and Lama road ...	.....	.....	.....	425	113	339	425	113	339
Dulsingseraí ...	4 Tanks	12	8	12	267	.....	.	279	8	12
	1 Dulsingseraí and Pembarharda road.	.....	320	121	80	.....	.....	80	320	121
	Dulsingseraí and Narhan road	.....	36	14	159	.. ..	.....	159	36	14
	Ganges embankment	.....	.. ..	.....	2,031	52	57	2,031	52	57
Harsingpore ...	1 Tank	209	.....	.....	19	.....	.....	228	. .	. ....
	Harsingpore village road	27	.....	.....	.....	... ..	.....	27	.....	... ..
Shahpore Undi ...	1 Tank	.....	.....	.....	107	.....	.....	107	.....	.....
	Mahwa and Dulsingseraí road ...	13	.....	... ..	.....	.....	... ..	13	.	.....
	Total ...					.....	.....	8,899	1,221	934

TAJPORE.—APPENDIX B. OF GRAIN.

NAME OF CIRCLE.	Dates for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	TOTAL QUANTITY OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN TO DATE.					Estimated grain receipts of the ensuing fortnight.	Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.
				By sales to the public or to laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advance to ryots.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.		
		Mds.	Mds S. Ch	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.		Mds.
Tajpore	1st May.	10,000	2,895 20 0	125 0 0	245 18 12	.....	133 14 12	503 33 8	Uncertain, as my allotment has been reduced.	10,000
Poosah		8,500	*8,500 0 0	67 28 0	48 22 10	406 0 0	886 10 8	1,484 21 2		
Chandchaur		12,000								
Arangar		8,000								
Bahlempore		24,000								
Shahpore Undi		10,000								

— Mds. Sr. Ch.

* There was actually stored at Poosah 17,575 20 0

The difference between this and figures shown in column 4 is considered available for that part of the Sudder sub-division near Poosah.

C. T. WORSLEY,
Collector.

No. 689, dated Durbhunga, the 15th June 1874.

From—C. T. METCALFE Esq., Additional Commissioner of the Patna Division,
To—The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Dept.

I HAVE the honor to submit my narrative report of scarcity and relief for the three Sub-divisions of Seetamurhee, Mudhoobunnee, and Durbhunga, for the fortnight ending Saturday, the 13th June 1874.

A.—STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

2. We have now passed from the brassy heat of the 29th of May into the rainy season. Day by day in the earlier part of this past fortnight, the rain clouds came gathering from the east, and have since given us copious showers day and night, breathing agricultural life into the whole population. Ploughs are everywhere at work. Cultivation seed, of which, according to the statement of every villager, not a maund was forthcoming in some villages, has mysteriously appeared everywhere, and the greater part of the country will, by the time these lines leave the office, have been sown. In Mudhoobunnee seed-grain is selling at Rs. 2 per maund in the bazar. In all the lower lands, wide expanses of dhan are to be

seen green and refreshing; the mango crop has turned out far better than was anticipated, and suttoo and mango-quash mixed, will form the midday meal of many thousands for the next month.

3. From the Durbhunga narrative I extract the following:—

"Everywhere I went I found ploughing actively going on, mostly, however, in lands which produce the bhadoi crop. In Bahera, I am informed, over half of the crop has been sown. Lands not usually tilled with this crop have been sown with it, in preference to keeping them for their usual crop, rice. This is a significant fact. Dhan has been sown more largely in the eastern parts of Bahera and in Singhia than elsewhere. The reports are reassuring as regards the condition of this dhan."

"The people are gaining heart greatly. The rains seem to have put life into them. The applications for seed-grain have become few. The people know they will be better employed in sowing the seed they possess. I never did believe there was much cause for apprehension on the question of sufficiency of seed-grain in the hands of the people."

4. From Poopree the accounts are very encouraging:—

"During the last fortnight we have had frequent falls of rain, notably on the 5th instant, when four inches fell in the space of a few hours at Poopree. On my last ride through the sub-division (within the last week), I everywhere found agricultural operations in full swing. Dhan, murwa, sama, sathi, makai, urhur, were everywhere being sown; and although want of seed is in places complained of, yet a good shower has a wonderful effect in bringing it to light. A few days ago two maliks, sharers in the same village, applied to me for advances. One of them hoped that I would lend him Rs. 4,000 to buy dhan-seed for his ryots; the other opportunely enough wished me to purchase dhan-seed from himself which was stored in the village in question. I proposed to advance No. 1 some grain, and that he should exchange it with No. 2 for seed, so they both went away sorrowful, for it was cash that they both wished for."

5.—Price-current for the fortnight under report.

Name of place.	Wheat.	Barley.	Rice.	Millet.	Indian-corn.	Gram.
Durbhunga	11½ to 12	.....	12 to 13½	13	.....	12½
Rusera	13	.....	12 to 13½	16	.....	16½
Bahera	10½	.....	12 to 13½	13	.....	13
Singhiya	10½	.....	12 to 13½	12½	.....	12½
Mudhoobunnee	10	.....	9 to 10	12	12	12
Laduia	9	.....	11 to 13½	12	.....	.....
Hasolakhi	13	.....	10 to 11	.....	.....	13
Deodha	10	.....	10 to 11	13	.....	.....
Khojowlee	11	16	11 to 14	14	14	13
Benipatti	10	.....	11 to 13½	15	.....	13
Modrypore	9	15	11 to 13½	13	13	12
Audhramut ... ... }	not received.					
Lowkaha ... ... }						
Poopree	.....	15	12 to 13	15	16	13
Seetamurhee	11	14	9 to 10	12½	12½	14
Shewhur	12	.....	13	.....	.....	.....
Jallah	12	.....	12 to 13	13	.....	14
Sunbursa	10½	15½	10½ to 11½	15½	.....	16

5. *Condition of the people.*—As the year progresses there is the less to report. The old tales of suffering, distress and emaciation are of the past. The grain has reached its destination. All vacancies have been filled. Every department has fallen into a working groove. The rainfall has been copious. The prospects of the coming crops are good, and there is but little to form the material or groundwork of a narrative.

6. The sub-divisional officer of Mudhoobunnee reports: "The condition of the people can now be pronounced to be, on the whole, very satisfactory." Mr. Wight, who has recently taken charge of the Kutchra circle, writes: "It would be impossible for any one unacquainted with the facts to discover from an inspection of the villages that there had been distress."

The Magistrate of Durbhunga reports the condition of those in the receipt of gratuitous relief as satisfactory. "A careful examination of this class, village-by-village, has been undertaken, with the result that a large number have been reduced who are now quite capable of earning their own bread."

7. Medical scrutiny of all classes, including the paupers, has been undertaken by Dr. MacDonell, through the Poopree circle. The following are the percentages:—

Name of locality.	Condition.	Amongst persons on charitable relief.	Laboring population.	
Poopree ...	Normal	27	94·75	89
	Under-fed	59	4·75	9 3
	Emaciated	14	·5	1·7
Selbnuggar ...	Normal	41	90	83·7
	Under-fed	34	10	13 1
	Emaciated	25	.....	3 2
Cheriut ...	Normal	35	85	80
	Under-fed	44	15	18
	Emaciated	21	.....	2

Name of locality.	Condition	Amongst persons on charitable relief.	Laboring population.	
Parihar ...	Normal	36	94	84·5
	Under-fed	41	6	11·7
	Emaciated	23	.....	3·8
Soorsund ...	Normal	30	83	72
	Under-fed	57	15 66	24
	Emaciated	13	1·33	4
Jaleh ...	Normal	40	90	83
	Under-fed	38	10	14
	Emaciated	22	.....	.....
Nourunga ...	Normal	24	94	79
	Under-fed	44	4	13
	Emaciated	32	2	8
Bungaon ...	Normal	33	94	86
	Under-fed	54	6	12·3
	Emaciated	13	.. ...	1·7

8. This is for the whole of the relief circles of this sub-division. The normal condition here ranges from 72 to 86, whilst in the more distressed tracts of Durbhunga the conditions were, for normal, 55 5 only, The under-fed here range from 59 to 14, although in one case, the northern one at Soorsund, this class is quoted at 24. The average for the same class at Durbhunga is 23·4.

In Mudhoobunnee, the numbers receiving tickets have been largely increased during the fortnight, as the relief officers have taken over the distribution of relief from the Raj officers.

9. While Dr. MacDonell has run through the Poopree circles, Dr. Coates, the Sanitary Commissioner, has done the same in Seetamurhee. He reports the entire absence of disease out of 50 children found in a gathering of 500 persons. At Amoa 10 only were encœmic, and 3 emaciated I personally attach great weight to these figures. as being evidence to those who saw the earlier state of the population in March, of how really effective must have been the circle relief arrangements, when in a distant corner of a great division, away on the frontier of Nepaul, only 1½ per cent. of children are found at all approaching emaciation.

Relief Works.

10. The system of payment in grain has been everywhere introduced, except in the Mudhoobunnee Sub-division, where no steps up to date have been taken. To give effect to the Government orders, Hattee, which was behindhand in this respect, has picked up ground. Mr. Aikman writes: "I have been told by the laborers that they prefer it to money payments, and the system is reported on all hands to work well. In the case of the Public Works Department, the officer in charge of the work sends a receipt to the nearest golahdar for the amount of grain that may be required; no mates are employed, but the amount due to each gang is weighed out by a paid bunniah, and made over to the headman.

11. In the case of village tanks, payments are made for the whole quantity of work measured, the laborers keeping their own tally and taking their shares.

The rain has partially stopped the work all over these three sub-divisions. In Narayah the rain has been falling steadily every day, and large tracts of low lands are under water. In the drier lands of Poopree, the demands of agriculture have sent the figures of work-people from 25,000 to 14,463. In Mudhoobunnee the numbers have been rapidly decreasing. During the fortnight, from 153,000, the numbers have gone down to 127,000, whilst on Public Works there are 79,000 against 106,000, a total decrease of 63,000.

12. I admit I am puzzled by these figures, and the only conclusion to be gathered is that, of the 232,000 persons hitherto at work, only 63,000 were either ploughmen, or immediately in possession of land which required their attention, the rest having no agricultural employment. This can hardly be the case.

Regarding payment in grain, Mr. Magrath writes: "The late orders of Government have not yet had time to percolate through the sub-division."

13. In the Durbhunga Sub-division there is a diminution on the works of 21,000 persons *in numbers*. We have in this sub-division the assurance that all labor is now being paid in grain, both by the Department Public Works and the circle officers, and yet only 17,000 maunds of grain have been expended under this head. As an equivalent for the money generally expended, this amount should have been nearly trebled.

It may be the case, as explained by the Magistrate, that the group inspectors first expended the money they had in their hands, and then commenced grain payments; or it may result, as I anticipate, that grain having less attractions than money for purposes of mis-appropriation, we may discover that the grain payments are cheapest for the Government in more ways than one.

14. The following statement gives the daily average of laborers on relief :—

Name of Sub-division.	Daily average of laborers on relief works.	Public Works.		Circle Officers.		Court of Wards.	
		Task-work.	Daily wages.	Task-work.	Daily wages.	Task-work.	Daily wages.
Mudhoobunnee ...	232,719	69,787	9,365	73,191	80,376	.....	.....
Durbhunga ...	391,451	40,925	.....	287,180	10,593	52,653	100
Seetamurhee ...	56,102	17,280	3,380	26,430	9,012	.....	.....
Poopree ...	14,463	.....	.....	14,463	.....	.....	.....
Naraya ...	8,243	.....	.....	* 8,243	.....	.....	.....
Add other figures for Naraya, just received.	85,530	8,750	.....	65,468	.....	11,312	.....
Total ...	788,508	136,742	12,745	474,975	99,981	63,965	100

* Complete returns not received.

Consumption and Grain Sales.

15. *Poopree*.—The sales in the northern circles are not as extentive as it was anticipated they would be, now that the Nepaulese are allowed to buy freely. Mr. Forbes lately visited Siripur in Nepaul, and found country rice of a superior quality selling in the hâts at about the same price as cleaned Government rice. It would appear that the Nepaulese bunniahs have been guided by the Government price and quite prepared to undersell us slightly. Mr. Forbes reports that it is quite clear the stocks of country rice across the frontier has never *yet* run so low as on this side. In Durbhunga the demand for Government grain has slackened, although it is still considerable. The introduction of grain wages, which are now general, has deprived the grain dealers of a large number of customers, and has made the trade hesitate in their purchases.

16. If I analyse the figures of these sales I find that in the Durbhunga Sub-division, the largest sales have been in Durbhunga, Mahomedpore, and Hyaghat, Tulee; Hattee sub-division at *Dasowta* and *Singhia*.

17. The following statement shows the comparative sales for the past and the present fortnight :—

Name of Circle.	For fortnight ending 30th May.	For fortnight ending 13th June.
Durbhunga	19,210 ...	24,227
Mahomedpore	28,920 ...	38,944
Hyaghat	15,223 ...	22,755
Warisnuggur	3,155 ...	7,804
Bundhar	1,478 ...	2,247
Dosowta	12,568 ...	18,796
Gungdah	5,156 ...	9,214
Rohur	3,748 ...	8,865
Singhiya	9,714 ...	11,518
Hirnee	1,312 ...	2,113
Hussunpur	2,425 ...	5,062
Lehera	2,101 ...	2,500
Total ...	1,02,010 ...	1,54,045

This shows an increase of sales in every circle.

18. In Mudhoobunnee the figures of comparative sales are as follows :—

Name.	Past fortnight. Sales to the public.	Present fortnight. Sales to the public.
Mudhoobunnee	19,105	71,746
Oomgaon	12,338	21,557
Bukwah	44,022	48,105
Moteepur	11,569	19,112
Jhungharpur	23,269	35,839
Kuchra	1,606	24,603
Total ...	1,11,909	2,20,962

The large increase of sales has been at Mudhoobunnee, *Oomgaon*, *Jhungharpur*, and *Kuchra*.

19. The above figures, then, show that within the month, 3,32,871 maunds of rice have been readily purchased; whether these sales will continue as briskly is a question on which there is a great difference of opinion among local officers. I incline to the belief that they will not continue, but the sales for July will give us the average sales that we may

expect for the remaining months of July to November. Mudhoobunnee has as yet only expended 2,46,226 out of its total allotments of 11,42,350 maunds stored. Durbhunga has expended only 2,96,802 out of its stored grain. We have, then, for the present, plenty of grain, and there is no immediate necessity for anxiety as to insufficiency. In Seetamurhee I may say the same; the original 10-lakh-allottment has been reduced to 8, which, again, will shortly be reduced to 6 by a transfer of 2 lakhs to Mudhoobunnee

20. In Seetamurhee the Government sales are not large With a view of raising the frontier sales in Mudhoobunnee, where there has been a very great demand, I directed special sales at the more northern of the Seetamurhee granaries, but under European superintendence; only 32 maunds were sold in five hours in north Sonbursa, although the Nepaulese flocked in in large numbers. The buyers were comparatively few.

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in Seetamurhee Sub-division.

Name of Circle.	Date for which figures are given.	Total quantity of grain stored exclusive of grain transferred to other sub-divisions.	Total quantity of Government grain consumed.					Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.
			By sale to public or laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.	
		Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
1. Sheohur	9th June ...	46,173	2,492 / 4,303	1,881	2,596	87	11,349	4,500
2. Amoa	7th „ ...	40,455	2,129	1,049	4,114	363	7,655	4,000
3. Dyneehupra	4th „ ...	66,947	1,627 / 700	359	.....	...	2,686	1,500
4. Bhugwanpore	3rd „ ...	40,264	2,130	136	.....	593	2,859	1,500
5. Murpa	4th „ ...	33,698	1,909	351	864	151	3,275	3,000
6 Belahi	11th „ ...	10,316	2,239	254	14	.....	2,507	1,400
7. Saidpore	7th „ ...	20,046	5,765	375	.....	.....	6,140	4,200
8. Bhoothi	8th „ ...	61,679	2,675	258	.....	1,205	4,138	1,500
9 Seetamurhee	9th „ ...	1	6,946	154	1,200	874	9,174	4,000
10. Panchore	9th „ ...	2	1,041	23	5	269	1,338	600
11. Dumra	11th „ ...	7	677	87	983	63	1,809	1,000
12. Rajoputty	4th „ ...	6	248	53	394	79	768	800
13. Bathuaha	10th „ ...	1	573	61	868	553	2,055	1,200
14. Garha	9th „ ...	1	1,163	132	241	280	1,816	1,000
	Total ...	.....	36,612	5,172	11,278	4,517	57,579	30,200

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in Poopree Sub-Division.

Name of Circle.	Date for which figures are given.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other sub-divisions.	Total quantity of Government grain consumed.				
			By sale to the Public or laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.
		Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Nurungah	7th June, 1874 ...	19,434	2,392	83	223	184	2,881
Purihur	7th „ „ ...	41,050	5,804	304	132	399	6,639
Soorsund	7th „ „ ...	75,264	1,110 / 5,865	320	836	1,966	10,356
Chorowie	7th „ „ ...	89,787	2,306 / 4,490	856	1,141	292	8,787
Poopree	7th „ „ ...	32,000	4,895	207	134	294	5,530
Bongaon	7th „ „ ...	35,171	3,512	163	97	62	3,834
Sebnugger	7th „ „ ...	30,105	5,197	271	596	558	6,622
Jaley	7th „ „ ...	93,348	2,464 / 15,973	1,970	3,128	504	27,034
	Total ...	4,16,159	59,919	4,174	6,241	4,359	74,693

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the sub-districts of Mudhoobunnee for the fortnight ending 10th June 1874.

Name of Circle.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	Total Quantity of Grain consumed up to date.					Estimated grain expenditure of ensuing fortnight.
				By sale to the public.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By payments in kind to laborers.	By advance to ryots.	Total.	
		Mds.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds.
1 Mudhoobunnee...	8th June 1874.	2,55,000	1,68,079 1 1	71,746 35 1½	1,478 34 8½	542 13 8½	.....	73,768 2 10½	30,000*
2 Motipore ...	2nd June 1874.	1,60,000	79,527 24 0	19,112 16 11	2,194 23 1½	121 0 0	187 13 10½	21,615 13 7½	12,000
3 Jhangarpore ...	4th June 1874.	1,90,000	1,15,852 0 0	35,859 4 7½	1,441 7 8½	148 18 9½	693 34 6½	38,122 24 15½	18,000
4 Bhakwa ...	4th June 1874.	2,60,000	1,50,493 20 0	46,105 2 12	6,331 10 8½	.. ...	.....	54,436 13 4½	22,000
Mugaon ...	5th June 1874.	1,35,000	91,136 0 0	21,551 9 2	1,443 3 0	.....	1,333 16 11	24,377 28 13	15,000
6 Kashra ...	2nd June 1874.	1,70,000	1,41,041 0 0	24,603 34 1	1,660 7 9	1,642 16 12	.....	27,906 18 6	15,000
Total ...	.....	11,50,000	7,46,131 5 1	2,20,958 22 2½	14,549 5 1.	2,454 8 9	2,264 24 12	2,40,226 20 9½	12,000

* The introduction of grain payments on all works has been taken into consideration in forming these estimates.

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the Narayah Sub-division

Name of Circle.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	Total quantity of Grain consumed up to date.					Estimated grain receipts of the ensuing fortnight.	Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.	Exchanged for seed-dhan.
				By sale to public or laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advance to ryots.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.			
		Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Narayah ...	9th June 74	1,00,000	95,238	18,969	461	.....	136	19,566	.....	5,000	815
Mohadromut ...		90,000	95,060	21,470	1,465	617	.....	23,572	.....	6,000	1,666
East Patrahee ...		50,000	51,115	8,250	2,883	.....	.....	11,133	.....	5,000	Not given in return.
West Patrahee ...		1,60,000	1,53,699	21,786	8,955	93	.....	30,834	6,312	8,000	
Perogghur ...		90,000	85,848	8,994	7,248	1,284	.....	17,526	6,157	6,000	469
Modhepore ...		1,50,000	1,39,168	30,983	5,734	2,346	.....	39,063	.....	12,000	1,997
	Total ...	6,40,000	6,39,162	1,10,452	26,756	4,340	136	1,41,694	13,469	48,000	3,986

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the Durbhunga Sub-division.

Name of Circle.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other sub-divisions.	Total quantity of Government grain consumed.					Estimated grain expenditure of ensuing fortnight.
				By sale to public or to laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advance to ryots.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.	
		Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds
Durbhunga	3rd June 1874 ...	1,10,000	71,734	24,227	7,274	3,603	1,350	36,354	7,000
Mohamedpore	6th ,, ...	1,72,000	1,34,890	38,944	5,666	2,273	1,708	48,591	15,000
Hyaghat	7th ,, ...	1,46,000	1,04,929	22,755	10,229	7,046	1,756	41,786	10,000
Warrismuggur	7th ,, ...	1,00,000	99,090	7,804	3,402	6,282	2,220	19,708	8,000
Banothar	6th ,, ...	85,000	53,000	3,247	3,805	1,374	337	8,761	6,000
	Total ...	6,13,000	4,63,643	96,977	30,374	21,178	7,291	1,54,839	44,000

REMARKS.—Fractions of a maund are omitted from calculation.

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in Hattee Sub-division.

Name of Circle.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred other sub-divisions.	Total quantity of Government grain consumed.					Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.	REMARKS.
				By sale to public, or laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advance to ryots.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.		
		Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	
Dasowta	3rd June 1874	2,14,000	1,58,575	18,796	11,164	7,867	986	38,333	10,000	Fractions of a maund are omitted from calculation
Gangdah	3rd ,,	1,32,000	1,33,000	9,214	5,409	1,812	1,287	17,732	8,000	
Rohar	5th ,,	2,08,000	1,78,480	8,865	4,262	1,472	1,133	15,732	8,000	
Singhia	5th ,,	80,000	54,866	11,518	10,954	2,428	3,431	28,331	6,000	
Hirnee	3rd ,,	64,000	52,541	2,113	5,493	4,882	1,845	14,333	6,000	
Hasanpur	5th ,,	34,000	35,148	5,082	8,283	805	904	14,554	2,500	
Lehrah	5th ,,	54,000	66,147	2,500	5,500	1,818	2,512	12,330	3,500	
Total ...	.....	7,86,000	6,78,707	58,068	51,125	20,104	12,048	1,41,345	44,000	

Importations.

I find private imports of the coarser grains coming into Durbhunga. I can hear of no probable imports of rice grain into Durbhunga at all.

Seetamurhee is better off in this respect. Mr O'Reilly reports: "On Sunday I noticed rice imported by private traders, which is being sold at the same rate as Government rice. In Nepaul, rice is selling at 10 to 10½ seers per rupee. I hear also of Nepaulese traders bringing in a better class of rice, and exchanging it for our cargo rice."

Since the late heavy falls of rain I have asked for information in all quarters if prices have at all been affected thereby. The answer is in the negative, except at Durbhunga, where prices are a shade lower.

Storage of Grain.

21. The amounts of grain stored are as follows:—

	Mds.
Seetamurhee	834,011
Mudhoobunnee	746,129
Naraya	639,162
Durbhunga, including Hathee	1,142,350
Total ...	2,361,652

Advances.

22. These advances are chiefly occupying attention, but the difficulties attending the giving are very great. The most preposterous applications are made. The Mudhoobunnee sub-divisional officer reports: "Some progress has been made in giving advances both of food-grain and seed to cultivators. Large numbers of applicants for advances have, however, on finding that money cannot be obtained, refused to accept grain. The hopelessness of obtaining even an approximately truthful statement from the villagers is very trying to all the officers concerned. The villagers of Bissumberpore with closed hands implored assistance, as they were on the verge of starvation. They asked for an amount which they never can repay. On inquiry it transpired that the farmer had just given them Rs. 400 worth of rice. This incident is connected with the Mahomedpore circle, but is a type of what is going on everywhere Naturally officers are afraid of being duped.

23. The following statement shows the advances already made:—

Name of circle or sub-division.	Advance in money.	Advance in grain.
Durbhunga	2,058	3,603
Mahomedpore	1,297	2,273*
Hyaghaut	4,331	7,046
Warisnuggur	737	6,382
Bhandhar	...	1,874
Dasowta	11,432	10,858
Gungdhar	8,673	1,812
Rohar	5,000	1,478
Singhia	7,897	2,428
Hirnee	9,777	4,920
Hussunpore	749	105
Seyra	12,467	1,818
Poopree	...	6,341
Seetamurhee	...	2,264
Naraya	Not received.	
Total ...	64,418	53,202

* Later returns not received. A special officer is on deputation in this circle for making advances.

Charitable Relief.

24. As regards charitable relief, the recipients now number 139,871, excluding Seetamurhee and Naraya for the latter of these from returns just received, add 22,383, total 162,294. The daily average in Durbhunga and Hathee numbers 111,178 persons, which is an increase of 8,562 over the daily average of the last fortnight. The numbers are increasing, and it is anticipated that in Durbhunga alone there may soon be 130 to 150,000 persons. The following statement may not be without interest:—

	Receiving Government relief at Home.	In Poor-house.
Durbhunga	9,595	154
Mohamedpore	7,884	81
Hyaghat	8,571	...
Warrisnuggur	6,396	28
Bandhar	5,110	...
Dasowta	15,159	81
Gungdar	6,649	...
Rohur	9,444	65
Singhia	14,802	196
Hirnee	8,000	...
Hussanpore	15,000	33
Lehra	3,930	...
Total ...	110,540	638

There are, then, in this sub-division, 638 persons in poor-houses, and 110,540 receiving Government relief.

25. In Poopree sub-division the distress is far less. There are only 413 in poor-houses and 6,903 in village relief lists.

The figures of persons on charitable relief, then, are as follows:—

Seetamurhee	Not received.
Poopree	7,316
Durbhunga	37,819
Hathee	73,359
Mudhoobunnee	21,417
Naraya	Not received.
Since received	22,383

G.—Financial Results of the Fortnight.

Seetamurhee.

	Total expenditure up to last narrative.			Present expenditure.			Total.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Salaries, &c., ...	48,629	8	4	8,349	9	0	56,979	1	4
Compensation to Railway Company	.....			.....			.....		
Package and incidentals ...	.....			.....			.....		
Storage	19,918	11	9	300	0	0	20,218	11	9
Charitable relief	3,37,830	15	½	.....			3,37,830	15	½
Public works	8,21,568	6	2	13,250	0	0	8,34,818	6	2
Miscellaneous	78,809	4	0	.....			78,809	4	0
Purchase of grain by Government				3,225	5	6	3,225	5	6
Transport of Government grain ...	10,27,279	5	4	22,693	0	0	10,49,972	5	4
Advances to trustworthy residents for purchase of grain, support of ryots, and purchase of seed ...	62,300	0	0	.....			62,300	0	0
Advances to traders for purchase of grain	2,350	0	0	.....			2,350	0	0
Loans to municipalities and townships	.....			.....			.....		
Loans under the land improvement Act	31,761	4	10	.....			31,761	4	10
	24,30,447	7	5½	47,817	14	6	24,78,265	5	11½

Mudhoobunnee.

	Total expenditure up to last narrative			Present expenditure			Total		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Up to last fortnight ...	14,79,361	1	11½						
Salaries, &c.	.....			6,380	1	2			
Compensation to Railway Company ...	.....			.....					
Package and incidentals ...	.....			...					
Storage	.....			.....					
Charitable relief	.....			2,011	8	0			
Public Works	.....			1,09,835	5	0			
Miscellaneous	.....			440	3	0			
Purchase of grain by Government	.....			.....					
Transport of Government grain ...	.....			.....					
Advances to trustworthy residents for purchase of grain, support of ryots, and purchase of seed	.....			.....					
Advances to traders for purchase of grain	.....			.....					
Loans to municipalities and townships	.....			.....					
Loans under the land improvement Act	.....			.....					
Permanent advance ...	.....			801	2	0			
Village work	.....			3,15,673	1	2½			
Total ...	14,79,361	1	11½	4,35,141	4	4½	19,14,502	6	4

Durbhunga.

Salaries, establishments and office contingencies	8,598	0	1	4,518	1	9	13,116	1	10
Package and incidentals ...	241	10	0	.....			241	10	0
Storage, including building and repairs	15,048	14	6	... ..			15,048	14	6
Charitable Relief	48,725	15	3	4,669	13	10	53,395	13	1
Public Works	2,92,115	9	2	40,000	0	0	3,32,115	9	2
Miscellaneous	1,14,984	13	9	386	12	0	1,15,371	9	9
Advances for transport of Government grain	76,770	0	0	9,882	15	6	86,653	7	4
Advances to trustworthy residents for purchase of grain ...	4,190	0	0	.....			4,190	0	0
Advances to traders	12,475	0	0	.....			12,475	0	0
„ to zemindars to help their ryots	33,725	0	0	.....			33,725	0	0
Advances, land improvements ...	18,260	0	0	.....			18,260	0	0
„ ryots	1,100	0	0	.....			1,100	0	0
„ Purchase of bullocks ...	36,060	0	0	.....			36,060	0	0
Total ...	6,62,295	6	7	59,457	11	1	7,21,753	1	8
Grand total of the three sub-divisions	.....			.....			51,14,520	13	11½

C. T. METCALFE,
Additional Commissioner.

APPENDIX.

Statement of grain stored in Seetamurhee Sub-division.

	Name of store-house.	Amount of grain stored.
1.	Seetamurhee	1,14,129
2.	Dumra	2,592
3.	Shiohur	46,173
4.	Sursund	44,847
5	Sinhursah	20,526
6.	Jalleh	65,348
7.	Cherout	63,960
8.	Dyneehuprah	29,971

Name of store-house.	Amount of grain stored.
9. Dighee ...	4,792
10. Mujorgunge	2,000
11. Bhoothy ...	36,361
12. Ethurwah	34,976
13. Marpa ...	33,898
14. Bungaon ...	35,171
15. Nurkatiah	7,976
16. Amoa ...	41,479
17. Nurgah ...	19,434
18. Bela ...	21,056
19. Kumtowl	20,668
20. Bhugwanpore	40,264
21. Morsund ...	20,046
22. Belaby ...	10,316
23. Poopree ...	34,266
24. Raipore ...	32,144
25. Sibnagur ...	31,624
26. Parihar ...	19,994
Total ...	8,34,011

APPENDIX.

Statement of grain stored in Mudhoobunnee Sub-division.

Name of store-house.	Arrived at final destination. Mds.	S.	C.
Mudhoobunnee ...	73,200	21	1
Pundowl ...	61,983	0	0
Kewan ...	32,895	0	0
Bemputti ...	1,02,232	0	0
Palee ...	28,809	0	0
Arer ...	10,000	0	0
Hoolakbé ...	30,536	0	0
Phart ...	30,350	0	0
Deodha ...	30,252	0	0
Korahya ...	28,952	30	0
Khojowah ...	64,932	0	0
Ladma ...	31,016	0	0
Naradh ...	25,592	0	0
Jhangharpore ...	74,130	0	0
Sorio ...	41,722	0	0
Radhpore ...	45,409	24	0
Basdeopore ...	34,118	0	0
Total ...	7,46,129	35	1

APPENDIX.

Statement of grain stored in Durbhunga Sub-division.

	Allotment.	Delivered.	Date.
Mahomedpore ...	1,72,000	1,34,890	June 6th.
Durbhunga ...	1,10,000	71,734	„ 3rd.
Hyaghat ...	1,46,000	1,04,929	„ 7th.
Warisnuggur ...	1,10,000	99,090	„ 7th.
Bundhar ...	85,000	53,000	„ 6th.
Lehra ...	54,000	66,147*	„ 10th.
Dosowta ...	2,14,000	1,58,575	„ 3rd.
Rohar ...	2,08,000	1,78,430	„ 5th.
Gungdah ...	1,32,000	1,33,000	„ 3rd.
Hirni ...	64,000	52,541	„ 3rd.
Linghia ...	80,000	54,806	„ 3rd.
Hussunpore ...	34,000	35,148	„ 5th.
Total ...	13,99,000	11,42,350	

* Exclusive of over 6,000 maunds removed.

No. 3111F, dated Sarun, the 17th June 1874.

Memo. by—J. S. DRUMMOND, Esq., Offg. Magistrate and Collector of Sarun.

FORWARDED to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Statistical Department, Calcutta, for information, with reference to his circular No. 80 of the 17th November 1873.

Narrative of Scarcity and Relief in Sarun District for the fortnight ending 13th June 1874.

A.—STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

Abundance or Scarcity of supply in the Bazar.

PRIVATE trade has been less active this fortnight. At Revelgunge the importations, which last fortnight amounted to 59,800 maunds, had decreased by 21,000 maunds. In the Sewan Sub-division, too, importations had somewhat fallen off. The bazars in the interior generally have, however, continued to be sufficiently supplied. While importations have diminished, prices have in many places somewhat fallen. This fall in prices is due partly to the favorable prospects held out by the early setting in of the rains, but in some measure also, no doubt, to the effect of the large grain advances to the cultivators now being made.

2. In the Sudder sub-division during the fortnight the imports were, at Revelgunge, 38,700 maunds; at Dooreegunge, 3,580 maunds; at Maharajgunge, 1,301 maunds; from Chumparun, 835 maunds; and from Patna 941 maunds. The exports to Tirhoot, Chumparun, and Patna, amounted to 11,175, 1,606, and 145 maunds respectively.

3. Major Jackson, in charge of the relief sub-division of Chupra, consisting of the Chupra thana, reports as follows:—

"Having been principally engaged in ascertaining the general wants of the inhabitants in Chupra thana, caused by the failure of the past year's crops, I have had little opportunity of personally examining into the state of the bazars, but have, wherever the occasion offered, inquired into the subject. From Semaria to Cheerand, and on to Singhai Ghât, there is no want of grain, large stores existing in several places. In the interior the tehsildar informs me the small bazars are tolerably well supplied, petty bunias bringing their small stocks on the days fixed for the fairs to different points in the district, whence the villagers can supply themselves."

4. Mr. Tonnerre, in charge of the Manjhee sub-division, comprising the Manjhee thana, makes the following report:—

"I believe that all over the sub-division there is food to be had, but the prices have well nigh put it out of the reach of most of the people.

"There are no considerable marts in the sub-division. The major part of its supplies is drawn from Revelgunge and Maharajgunge. The people at Manjhee trust mostly to Revelgunge bazar for their food.

"During my frequent rides through the country, I have not seen more than twenty pack-bullocks carrying grain."

5. Mr. Barry's narrative for the Pursa sub-division has not yet been received. In one of his diaries he notes the fact of grain being reported scarce in the Jelalpore and Tehtee circles. Large advances of Government grain are, however, being made there.

6. The following is Mr. Wright's report of the Sewan sub-division.

"The bazars in this sub-division continue to be fully supplied. According to the returns received, private importations have not been so large during the past fortnight as during the previous one. I am inclined to think that this is owing more to the imperfect means we have at our disposal for collecting information regarding importations than to an actual falling off in the amount of grain imported. Some of the persons employed in collecting the information have other duties to perform (two of them being Abkari darogas), and may, therefore, fail to obtain full information regarding the importations. From the returns received during the fortnight, the imports at Siswan, Darowlee, Sewan, and Guthni, amounted to 60,682 maunds of food-grains. No reports have been received regarding exportation."

As a similar cause must have operated during previous periods of report, the falling off in importations can hardly be due to the reason assigned.

7. Regarding the Hutwah sub-division Mr. Hodgkinson writes thus:—

"Imports from Goruckpore on the north and Guthni on the south still continue on a small scale.

"Prices have fallen in the bazars, partly owing to the improvement in prospects from the recent rain, but mainly to the increase of supply in the hands of the people, due to the large advances in grain which have been given out."

Prices-current List.

DESCRIPTION OF GRAIN.	RATE PER RUPEE	
	Hutwah bazar.	Meergunge bazar.
	S. C.	S. C.
Rice	11 4	11 4
Dal	14 4	14 4
Gram	16 0	16 0
Barley	17 2	16 12
Wheat	13 8	13 0
Peas	15 6	15 6
Makai...	.....	.....

8. *Kind and price of grain selling at the different marts.*—The kind and price of grain selling at the principal marts, and at the thanas and outposts, are given in the annexed statement.

9. *Stock of food in the hands of the people.*—On this head Major Jackson reports as follows, and judging by the number of applicants for advances of Government grain, his conclusion has general application:—

"It is extremely difficult to get any information on this point. I can only gauge it by the appearance of the applicants for relief, and the numbers of these which pour in daily. The ryots are not very clamorous, but still evidence exists that such stores must be dwindling down and must be supplemented by aid from Government.

10. Mr. Tonnerre, the sub-divisional officer of Manjhee, writes thus:—

"In every village through which I have been, the ryots complained of great scarcity of food. The better classes, those who will not go on to the relief works, are now suffering much, and are unanimous in saying that they could not have lived but for the timely advances of grain which they receive from Government. This they tell me wherever I go."

Rainfall.

11. There has been general rain throughout the district, and agricultural operations are in most places in progress. Here at Chupra there has been a fall of about 3 inches.

12. Mr. Tonnerre writes:—

"It rained on the 21st May, the 2nd, 5th, 8th, 9th, and 10th June. The rain was general over the sub-division on the 8th, 9th, and 10th, and was heavy enough to do much good."

13. Regarding the Musrukh sub-division Mr. Hudson reports:—

"The first indication in this sub-division of the approaching rains was given by a very violent storm of wind and a fall of 2 inches of rain at Rajaputty on 1st instant. On the 2nd also the relief superintendent reported rain from Maharajgunge. After this slight partial showers fell in many places during the ensuing week; but the commencement of the rainy season may be fairly dated from the 10th instant, when a steady downpour, unpreceded by thunder, continued for several hours during the day."

14. The following is the Sewan sub-divisional officer's report:—

"During the first week of the fortnight slight rain fell on three occasions, but during the second week we have had heavy falls of rain frequently. The total fall during the fortnight, as measured by the gauge at Sewan, was 5·61 inches. The rains may now be said to have regularly set in."

Mr. Rattray says that "rain has been heavy and pretty general throughout the sub-division during the past fortnight, and labor in the fields is coming into demand."

15. And Mr. Hodgkinson writes thus under this head—

"The rainfall has varied greatly in different parts of the sub-division, being greatest at Hutwa and in the extreme north-western Zillah Marur, and least in Bhorey* and Dhobowl zillahs, where, until yesterday, none had fallen sufficient to do any good; yesterday's rain was, I believe, pretty general. At Hutwa the rainfall was—

* Very heavy rain in these zillahs on 12th.

June 7th	...	...	...	1·34
„ 8th	...	...	...	3·04
„ 9th	...	...	...	·10
„ 10th	...	...	...	1·53
„ 12th	...	...	...	·80
				6·81
„ 13th	...	...	...	·98
		Total	...	7·79

State of the Crops.

16. The *cheena* has, after all, turned out in most places a fair crop, and, where standing, has been greatly benefited by the timely rain. Indigo prospects have also improved, the rain admitting of fresh sowings.

17. Of Chuprah sub-division, Major Jackson writes thus—

"The only crops on the ground at present are *cheena*, confined to the environs of villages where irrigation from wells can be had. These are very flourishing. Ploughing is now going on largely in consequence of the recent rainfall."

18. Mr. Tonnerre reports of the Manjhee sub-division,—

"Ploughing has begun everywhere, the rain has softened the ground very considerably, and sowing will soon begin. There is a considerable quantity of millets as far as I could see, and I have frequently seen patches of dhan ready to be transplanted; *kodo* and *sathee* have been sown in several parts of the thana. I think that seed is procurable by those who have the money. I am pushing on the advances as rapidly as possible. There is a scarcity of plough-cattle, and I have seen whole fields untouched because the ryots had no cattle.

"Many have been obliged to sell theirs to supply themselves with food; mahajuns have seized others for debts due, and many have died."

19. Seed-grain is, I believe, everywhere procurable by those who have the means, and advances for the purchase both of seed and of plough-cattle are being made wherever needed.

20. Concerning the Musrukh sub-division, Mr. Hudson writes—

"Besides the early sowings of bhadoi and aghanee crops on particularly favoured spots which have retained their moisture, there is no crop calling for attention now except the *cheena*. It is the first time that I have ever seen this crop in any great abundance, and it would be impossible to fail of remarking its luxuriance and rapid growth, the facility with which it is raised, and the extraordinary aptitude with which it fills up the driest and most hopeless interval in the agricultural year. On my way to Rajaputty on the 12th, I could not but notice how this crop was flourishing in the neighbourhood of Doomarsun, where otherwise the country is all waste and barren."

21. The sub-divisional officer of Sewan submits the following report:—

"The young crops on the ground have been greatly benefited by the rain which we have had during the past fortnight, and the ryots are now busy ploughing their lands and sowing the remainder of their bhadoi and early and late rice crops. Murwa is being transplanted."

The Sub-Deputy Collector, Baboo Rajkeshore Narain, reports as follows of the crops in thana Sewan:—

"Since my last report on the subject, there has been rain several times in different parts of this ilaka, which has done considerable good towards agriculture. Every standing crop looks green and in full thriving state. The sugarcane that was subjected to the severity of excessive heat and west winds, has now begun to resuscitate; marwa, tenguni, &c., are already sown, and janera also is being sown in that part of the ilaka where it had rained sufficiently. Paddy seeds are also being sown in suitable fields. In short, works in agriculture at present are busily going on."

Of thana Darowlee he writes—

"The state of the crops is much the same as in Sewan thana. The ilakas of Mairwah and Siswan outposts have got good showers of rain on different dates, but those of Darowlee khas and Roghoonathpore have not been so fortunate in this respect. The rain of the 2nd fell everywhere, but not everywhere in the same quantity. The standing crops, viz. millet and sugarcane, &c., are well thriving. Indigo seeds, sown long ago, are now germinating; marwa, kodo, tenguni, &c., are mostly sown by this time, but sowing janera has not commenced as yet.

"Since the Sub-Deputy Collector visited the Darowlee thana there has been a copious fall of rain both in Darowlee khas and Raghoonathpore outpost.

"Of the Barowlee thana the Sub-Deputy Collector says: It is the most fortunate of the thanas of this sub-division in respect to rain. The standing crops look deep green and thriving, and give full hope for the future. Indian-corn has commenced to be sown in the north-western part of the thana, and in some other places, too, where the soil had sufficient moisture. Kodo, murwa, sawan, tenguni, and other bhadoi crops, are being busily sown, and in many fields previously sown the seeds have germinated. Paddy in chowrs has grown up to 6 to 9 inches. In short, every crop at present gives a fair prospect."

22. Regarding the Hutwa sub-division Mr. Hodgkinson writes thus—

"The cheena is a very fair crop indeed, and what remains in the fields will all be gathered in within the next week.

"Murwa is being planted out where rain has fallen in sufficient quantities. The early dhan in the northern zillahs looks well. Makai is now being sown largely. There is at present every prospect of a bhadoi harvest about 10 or 12 days earlier than usual, and if this prospect continues, the period for which actual famine was apprehended, will be greatly lessened."

23. The prospect here held out is a general one, and this merciful interposition of Providence is a subject for much thankfulness, and has greatly alleviated the anxiety hitherto felt as to the future.

Condition of the people.

24. Though the favorable expectations of the next harvest have removed a cause of dread as regards the more distant future, the condition of the people cannot but continue to be a source of constant anxiety during this month and the following months of July and August. Throughout these hard times there has been but little diminution in the pressure put upon the ryots by their zemindars and mahajuns, and with the exhaustion of the local stocks, a very large proportion of the entire population will remain dependent on Government support throughout these months.

25. Regarding the Chuprah sub-division, Major Jackson reports as follows:—

"No actual cases of starvation have come to my notice. Mr. Becher reports the people about Gurkha to be apparently somewhat hard-pushed. This shall meet with my personal attention in a few days, and immediate steps will be taken to relieve them should there appear occasion for it. Few applications from that district have, however, come in, and it may appear that they are no worse off than their neighbours. A report will be made at once, should it appear necessary to act at once."

26. Of the Manjhee sub-division, Mr. Tonnerre reports thus—

"Amongst those who come for advances, I have seen several people in such a weakly condition that I have had to give them there and then charitable relief, to last them a few days till the lists, &c., were ready.

"It is needless to say that there are numbers of emaciated people amongst those who seek charitable relief. They are all being provided for."

27. Concerning the Musrukh sub-division, Mr. Hudson makes the following report:—

"No alteration in the condition of the people has come under my observation during the past fortnight, unless, indeed, it be one for the better, cheerfulness and activity being evoked everywhere by the assured prospect of the rains. These have now fairly set in, and agricultural operations are everywhere in progress. The labor imposed by the Government order for distribution of the stores of grain among the ryots, before the rains impede transport, has kept me a close prisoner at Musrukh during the greater part of the last 14 days, but I have spent a day at Rameollah, and have twice been enabled to visit Rajaputty and Gopalpore. I have thus seen some 15 miles of country in the least fortunate portion of the thana, which is not, therefore, likely to mislead into over-estimation of the welfare of the whole. I have nowhere seen lands lying idle, but, as above mentioned, have observed that preparations for sowing are being actively carried on. The early rain has saved the indigo crops of Rajaputty factory to a considerable extent, and the "Mahai" will consequently provide unexpected employment for a large proportion of the laborers now on the relief works there. Indeed, Mr. Llewhellin went so far as to say that he was unwilling that any of the coolies in his neighbourhood should leave for the Soane Canal works, as there would not be more than he could find employment for during the rains.

"Baboo Taraprasad, the relief superintendent, has been on tour in the Bussuntpore thana during the whole of the past fortnight. He has been chiefly in the neighbourhood of Bagowra and Maharajgunge, but has also visited Seesay and Bussuntpore. Of the former neighbourhood he writes that the "cheena" crop about Bagowra looked better than he had seen it elsewhere, and the general condition of the people did not appear bad. He learnt that the zemindar of Indowlie, and another large landholder, Mahant Raghunandangir, had considerable stocks of grain, but that none of the ryots had any at all. Baboos Sadhu Saran Sahi and Ram Coomar Sahi are also reported to have stocks of grain.

"Of the bazars, the relief superintendent writes that there is a good supply of food at Maharajgunge and a bad one at Bagowra; and prices are higher at the latter place * * * *. In his letter * * * * * * dated 2nd June, the Baboo tells me that the general state of the country looks hopeful, and the cultivators are everywhere busy about their fields. On the 5th, however, being in the neighbourhood of Chainpore, and having visited Madhopore and several other villages, he says that the cultivation seemed to be at a standstill in all of them.

"The relief superintendent gives high praise to the Chainpore maliks, and also to Baboos Sadho Saran Sahi and Ram Coomar Sahi of Bagowra. The last-named native gentleman has expended Rs. 1,500 of his own money on the excavation of a tank as a relief-work; and Baboo Sadho Soran superintends a Government tank, the work on which has been performed at a very small proportionate expenditure. Baboo Gajadher Persad of Chainpore also has been supporting nearly 1,000 labourers daily in various kinds of work."

28. The sub-divisional officer of Sewan reports as follows:—

"There is no very material change to report in the condition of the people. Our relief works have not as yet been closed by the rains setting in, and the poorer classes are still able to find work on them to support themselves. Agricultural operations, which are now coming into full swing, are also giving employment to numbers, and will furnish employment for thousands more as the season advances. Arrangements are being made to enable ryots to employ people of the labouring class who may have no lands of their own to cultivate throughout the rainy season, or till the bhadoi and aghani crops are reaped. As soon as these arrangements are completed, there can be no cause for further anxiety about the people, if the bhadoi crops turn out well. For beggars and people unable to work, arrangements for the distribution of gratuitous relief have been made.

"The Sub-Deputy Collector, Baboo Rajkeshore Narain, reports of the people in thana Sewan that they are now in far better condition. Of the people in Darowlee he says much the same; and of Barowlee, he reports that the people in this ilaka are in pretty good condition. Distress is evidently relieved, and none is now seen in extraordinary distress, and even ordinary distress is removed by means of famine relief in various shapes."

29. Concerning the Hutwa sub-division, Mr. Hodgkinson writes:—

"I have nothing to add to my former reports on this head."

30. *Known Cases of Misery and Starvation.*—There have been no such cases reported.

31. *Grain-thefts or Robberies.*—There have been three cases of grain-thefts during the fortnight.

The accompanying comparative statement shows the number of offences against property, involving an element of theft, committed during the month of May in the years 1872, 1873, and 1874, respectively, as required by the Government circular No. 4081 of the 20th December last.

B.—Relief Works.

32. The annexed statements show the relief works in progress and the number employed thereon. The mean daily number employed during the fortnight was 229,885, and the number on the last day was 208,392. While the numbers have fallen off very largely in the Hutwa sub-division, they have increased elsewhere. The fact that in other parts of

the district there has been no falling off, but on the contrary an increase, is due partly to the fact that the rates at first (under a misapprehension since corrected) fixed for the sales of grain on the relief works proved unduly attractive, and partly to the circumstance that it was only towards the close of the fortnight in many parts of the district that rain fell in sufficient quantities to admit of agricultural operations being generally commenced. Still, allowing for agricultural operations, owing to rain at an earlier period, being undertaken sooner in the Hutwa sub-division and adjoining tracts,* it is difficult to account for the very large falling off in the numbers on the Hutwa works, except on the supposition that many of the works must have been closed; and I incline the more to this hypothesis, as I find that in the adjoining sub-divisional circle, in Barowlee thana, which has been particularly fortunate as regards rainfall, the mean daily number employed on the relief works had increased during the fortnight. Mr. Hodgkinson furnishes no explanation on this point. There is some immigration to the works from Goruckpore, showing that all are not able to obtain work there. It is proposed to close all the relief works from the 1st July; and meanwhile, in order to lessen the grain expenditure, it is in contemplation, now that the season for general agricultural operations is approaching, to reduce the daily wages to the barest subsistence rates of 1 anna 9 pies, 6 pies, and 4 pies for men, women, and children of different ages, or their equivalent in grain of 12, 9, 6, and 4 chittacks.

* As beyond the ploughing and sowing which are done by the ryots and their families themselves in a year like the present, there can be no general demand for field labor until the transplanting of the dhan and weeding operations are taken in hand.

Sale of Grain to Labourers on the Works.

33. During the fortnight about 24,000 maunds of grain only have been sold on the works. This is due to grain sales being suspended in Chupra and Manjhee sub-divisions owing to apprehended exhaustion of stocks.

Collection and Despatch of Labourers to Soane Canal Works.

34. None have yet been sent, but the first batch, though of a very limited number, is under despatch, and it is hoped that the example having been once set, many will now again agree to go.

State Emigration to British Burmah.

35. Orders have lately been received to resume operations, and head-money of one rupee for each emigrant is offered to recruiters. During next month, when the relief works are closed, it is hoped that more emigrants may be got.

C.—Transport of Food.

36. Mr. Hodgkinson reports thus under this head:—

"The transport of the grain which lay at Revelgunge is just finished. The last carts are expected to arrive to-day. Some 10,000 maunds remain to be supplied by Messrs. Schoene, Kilburn and Co.; it will, on arrival at Patna, be transported in boats, some up the Daha river to Umbicapore, and the rest up the Khunwali river to Chamookha and Kuttaya."

D.—Storage of Government Grain.

Distribution and expenditure of Government grain.

37. The usual statement accompanies.

Gradual expenditure from Government grain stores, and possibility of more grain being actually required.

38. The allotment of 5,56,000 has been reduced by 60,000 ordered to be sent immediately to Tirhoot; and it will be seen that 80,000 maunds have been expended up to the close of the fortnight, leaving an unexpended balance of 4,16,400 maunds. According to the data available hitherto, the advances to cultivators, if they should prove to be needed in all villages on the present scale of allotment, would, it is now found, require six lakhs of maunds alone. To this must be added for relief-works now being carried on, say, for a month and a half's expenditure in Sewan, Musrukh, and Pursah sub-divisions, and for one month's expenditure in Chuprah and Manjhee, a further quantity of grain equivalent to 1,00,000 maunds. The result would appear to be that a further allotment of about three lakhs of maunds may need to be provided, and this without allowing for wastage, or any reserve to command the market. *Vide* statement enclosed.

E.—Advances to private parties and their results.

39. The statement accompanying shows the advances of grain made up to date, except for Bussuntpore, the figures for which have not been yet received; and money advances are shown under head "Financial results."

40. Mr. Hudson writes as follows under this head:—

"In the matter of advances, the Government work progresses very slowly; for the quarrels and jealousy of ryots, maliks, and thikadars seem to place a continuity of obstacles in the way of their being made. In my opinion, if the advances are to be really made in time for them to help the ryots over the crisis of their distress, the agency of the maliks must be dispensed with altogether. When, agreeably to Government instructions now in force, the

maliks are applied to either to take the advances themselves on behalf of the ryots, or to guarantee their repayment of the loan, a tangle of difficulties at once crops up; and whereas in cases where the maliks do not appear at all, and the putwari's attendance is dispensed with, the cases are soon ripe for action to be taken. In those where where they do intervene, the longer the cases are labored on, the further off do they appear from consummation.

"On the one hand, the maliks will only support and be responsible for the ryots in their own 'khas' pattees; and on the other hand, the same ryots are found both in a 'khas' pattee and in an 'ijmalee' one; in one that is held by a thikadar, and in one that remains in the exclusive possession of the malik: added to these causes of delay, are the attempts of persons to divert to their own ends the endeavours of Government to fulfil its obligations. For instance, the relief superintendent ascertained at a village named Madhuapore, near Bugowrah, that certain parties to a case before the High Court had applied for an advance in order to construct evidence to support their claim. Again, there are maliks who reply to the Government invitation to assist their ryots by professing to have made every arrangement, and whose sole object is to avoid doing anything, and to stave off all Government intervention between them and their tenants. Such was the case at Harnatar, where the relief superintendent found that absolutely nothing had been done, although the zemindar had replied to my notice warning him of an application from his ryots, by making the above declaration. It is certainly clear that if anything is to be done in time, we must act without the maliks, and a discretion to do this was given to all officers."

41. In Major Jackson's sub-division, which at present only consists of three circles, 13 group superintendents have been appointed, and the work of preparing the village lists is in progress.

42. Mr. Tonneire, concerning the Manjhee sub-division, reports as follows:—

"The grain is being weighed out all day to those who take away the village advances.

"Nearly every morning I have ridden out into the interior, gone into villages, questioned ryots as to whether the lists were being drawn up fairly or not, &c.

"I have ascertained that maliks are quite averse to their ryots receiving Government advances; they employ every means in their power to thwart its agents; when putwarees can be got away in time it is always done, the maliks imagining thereby that they have washed their hands of the whole thing.

"When the putwaree has been set to work before the malik could interfere, the latter's only aim is to diminish the sums total of maunds and rupees as much as he can.

"A man with a large family requires 10 maunds, and the putwaree puts down four, without informing the applicant.

"Even among themselves the ryots have but one object, *i.e.*, to be helped as *soon* as possible, and 'the devil take the hindmost.' If any ryot is absent from his village at *the time* of drawing up the list, he is omitted; no enquiries are made about him. There are many chances that in every list many are omitted who should have been included, and who apply for help after the bond has been signed and the first instalment of grain issued.

"This has happened to me *three* times. I shall in future delay every issue of advances for *two* days after the preparation of the list to allow representations to be made intime.

"Petitions are also presented by mooktars to prevent the issue of advances to such and such a one, on the ground that his land is mortgaged over and over again.

"It would take a revenue court with a large staff to dispose of such matters.

"Ryots do not hesitate sometimes to threaten the group superintendent that he may pass excessive lists for advances.

"It will be seen how many difficulties beset the drawing up of such lists with due care and yet with rapidity.

"I hold office daily, and my residence is crowded with putwarees, ryots, and beggars. I am getting everything decentralised, and all applicants will, as soon as possible, be referred to their respectives circles.

"I have divided the sub-division into five circles, viz: Pursah, Ramgurh, Bunwer, Taintpore, and Chainpore. The latter I have to manage myself, as there is no person eligible for the post of circle officer in that part of the sub-division.

"I have appointed 16 group superintendents, 15 on Rs. 10, and one on Rs. 15 per month. The latter is in Chainpore, and in charge of the largest group.

"There being no one on the spot to control him, I gave him Rs 15 to make it worth his while to retain his post."

43. I quote the following from Mr Barry's narrative (subsequently received):—

"For the purpose of making advances and for charitable relief, this sub-division has been divided into 9 circles. Of these 7 are in Pursa thana, and 2 in Dighwarrah, the latter having as yet remained in abeyance, there being no urgent distress among the people. Of the 7 circles of Pursa, the boundary and villages of the following have been carefully defined, viz:—

1.	Tehtée, Mr. Macgregor,	= 52	villages.
2.	Telelpore ditto	= 36	ditto.
3.	Arna, Mr. W. L. Llewhellin	= 38	ditto.
4.	Nowada, Mr. Tullock	= 34	ditto.
5.	Cheytun Pursa, Moonsiff	= 49	ditto.
6	Seetolpore, Sheik Abdool Ali	= 75	ditto.

"Advances to a large extent have already been made in the first four of these circles, and the remaining two circles are in a forward state. A great number of lists have been given in to me, which belong to these circles; these lists will be sent to the circle officers for disposal. Group superintendents for every 10 or 15 villages have been appointed in all these circles at salaries from Rs. 10 to Rs. 15 per mensem, and care has been taken to select men of influence and of great local knowledge. These have been readily found. So I am confident the advance will be made in a business-like manner, and that no one will get grain who is not really in need of it. The amount of grain to be given to each ryot is distinctly specified in the lists sanctioned.

"With regard to the remaining circle, viz., Merondhi, in charge of Mr. T. Wilson, nothing has been done, as Mr. Wilson has been absent during the fortnight at Durbhunga. The assistant, Mr. Simpson, at present in charge of the factory in Mr. Wilson's place, has only been a few months in the country, and is of course useless for this kind of work. If Mr. Wilson does not return soon, other arrangements will have to be made. It is said that Mr. Llewhellin of Ramcolla is looking after this circle, but I have received no replies to my letters addressed to the circle officer. The villages that do not fall into any circle, about 200 in number, will be taken up and disposed of by myself. The work is progressing, and several group superintendents have been appointed, and the villages in their groups determined. Of course great care is required to see that no one village is included in two circles or groups. But this is very difficult, as so many villages bear the same name, that mistakes will occur, and a few miles from their factories, it is astonishing how ignorant Indigo planters are.

"I have found that in some villages two circle officers have made advances; but this has arisen from the fact that both factories had leases, or thikas, of portions of the village from different proprietors, and each circle officer gave advances to his own ryots. There is no objection to this, but at my interview with circle officers (and I have seen them all), I have warned them how careful they must be in cases of this kind, to see that ryots do not take advances from both circle officers. The English circle officers are very chary in making advances, as they are directly interested in keeping their ryots solvent; for if they advance too much, the ryots will become hopelessly involved, and will be unable to pay their rents to the factories. If anything, there will be a tendency to give too little rather then too much. They report that each applicant generally gets only about three maunds for three months, which is very little, considering that, as a rule, there are six to ten persons depending on each householder. Nothing is being done in haste, and no advances are being made without careful local inquiry. I have found no difficulty in dealing with the putwarees."

44. The Sewan sub-divisional report is to the following effect:—

"Mr. Rattray reports as follows under this head:—

"'The preparation of village lists is progressing fairly in most of the relief circles. Lists of 282 villages have been prepared up to date, showing an application for 43,991 maunds and 35 seers, and the grain is now in course of distribution amongst the applicants. I have great difficulties to contend against in the preparation of the lists. Zemindars, with very few exceptions, have refused to stand security for the grain now being advanced, and by their influence over their putwarees and tenants, are throwing every obstacle in my way towards the completion of the lists. Since the promulgation of the Government order putting a stop to all grain advances, except cleaned rice at 12 seers for the rupee, applications by maliks and zemindars have ceased.'*

"Instructions have been issued to Mr. Rattray in accordance with the Magistrate-Collector's order, to explain to all maliks, that as they are certain to be held responsible in the end for the recovery of the advances to their ryots, it is more to their interest to allow the lists to be checked by the putwarees than by preventing the attendance of the putwarees to risk persons being given advances without reasonable security."

45. And Mr. Hodgkinson writes thus under this head:—

"Advances to ryots have been made on a large scale during the past fortnight, 24,411 maunds 32 seers 6 chittacks have, according to the last reports received from the different store-houses, been actually distributed."

F.—Charitable Relief.

46. The number receiving this description of relief is shown in the annexed statement. The large falling off is due to non-receipt of most of the returns, owing to change of system under which returns are now sent to the sub-divisional officers.

47. The Chuprah sub-divisional officer, Major Jackson, reports thus:—

"For this purpose, 6 circles exist respectively at Arwa, Gurkha, two in Chuprah, one at Revelgunge, and one at Goldengunge. The relief centre at Goldengunge has only just been opened. It has been entrusted to a respectable resident of the locality, named Sew Govind Sah, with a mohurrir and two peons to assist him. No actual disbursements have as yet been made, but a list of about 80 purdah women worthy of relief has been received, and their wants will be immediately attended to. Some distrust and fear exists in this new circle as to the meaning of the measures being taken, but this, as in other instances, will no doubt disappear as the scheme becomes better known."

48. The following may be quoted under this head from Mr. Hudson's narrative of the Musrukh sub-division:—

"The relief superintendent reports to me that he has introduced the system of giving thread to poor weavers in Baboo Sadho Saran's circle. Mr. Llewhellin of Rajaputty, also,

* Note.—Whilst writing this report, fresh instructions have been received.

has a very large quantity of ready spun thread, and has instituted a search for weavers in his neighbourhood to convert it into cloth. Here at Gopalpore, as well as in my own special circle at Musrukh, the distributions on account of cotton spinning, and also of alms to the helpless, are very considerable; but I must not fail to notice a most characteristic feature of the results of Government action in the matter of charitable relief. A number of Domes, strong, able-bodied men and women, came to this relief centre yesterday to receive charity. When asked why they did not seek employment on the tanks and roads, they boldly expressed their disinclination to labor, and stoutly refused to do so. Such are some of the piratical attempts upon the Government benevolence, which throw such obstacles in the way of its being put in practice. The very thieves by profession come forward to share, as of right, in that which all parties are prone to regard as a universal dole."

49. The sub-divisional officer of Sewan has now opened a poor-house at his station where cooked food is given.

50. The following is Mr. Hodgkinson's report of the Hutwa sub-division :—

"A large increase is observable under this head.

Circle	Average number receiving cooked-food.	Number receiving uncooked-food.	Number receiving food in payment of wages for cotton spinning	Number specially relieved by village officer under (d).	Total
Hutwah	61	939	315	....	1,315
Sreepore	186	484	60	.....	730
Bhorey, Dhobowl and Chumiookha	180	470	204	... .	854
Muniarah	14	22	. ...	80	116
Jugdishpore	64	.....	30	. . ...	93
Chukkia	42	.....	..... .	... .	42
Gopalgunge	14	....	.....	... .	14
Sonowhula	44	192	.....	..	236
Bunjaria	.....	116	... .	. . ...	116
Kuttayah	....	22	.....	.....	22
Kuhala	.....	10	.....	... ...	10
Total ...	604	2,255	609	80	3,548

"Group superintendents have been appointed in Marur, Dhobowl, and Bhoney Zillahs, the circles under Mr. Browne; and also in the Maniarah circle under Mr. Reid. In the Sreepore circle, the putwarees, who have on an average five or six villages under them, will report directly to Mr. Buskin, who is in charge of it. Arrangements for the rest of the estate will be completed very shortly. In the meantime, direct enquiries regarding persons requiring relief are being made from the putwarees who came in with the ryots for grain advances; and this plan has hitherto worked well, but of course some superintendence will be necessary in the future."

G.—The Financial Results of the Fortnight.

51. The financial results of relief operations are given below :—

		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Total expenditure as previously shown ...					19,41,668	3	3½
1. Expenditure incurred by the Executive Engineer of Sarun, for district relief works, *vide* statement of labor, from 31st May to 13th June 1874 ...		1,89,079	4	0			
2. Expenditure incurred by the Executive Engineer of Sarun, for protective works in the town of Chupra, from ditto to ditto		1,577	13	9			
3. Expenditure incurred by the Executive Engineer, Lower Gunduk division, for relief works in connection with the Sarun embankment, for the fortnight ending 11th June, 1874		1,480	8	0			
4. Amount advanced for relief works in the town of Chupra under the immediate supervision of the Magistrate viz.—							
For levelling the Serai compound ...	700 0 0						
For digging tanks ...	1,000 0 0						
For repairing roads ...	400 0 0						
		2,100	0	0			
5. Amount of tuccavee advances made to the following persons for purchase of seed-grain and plough cattle, viz.—							
To Bhagwan Sahay of Peteree, pergunnah Barao	19 0 0						
To Raghoonundun Ravat of Sawaree, pergunnah Bal ...	45 0 0						
To Sheo Nundun Singh, of Toleh Baharepore, pergunnah Toleh ...	200 0 0						
To Ram Anoograh Singh, of Toleh Baharepore, pergunnah Toleh ...	120 0 0						
		384	0	0			

	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
6. Amount advanced under Land Improvement Act for digging tanks and wells, as follows :—viz.		
For Wells.		
To Hanmeat Sahay of Gopalpore Chukdeh, pergunnah Bal ...	225 0 0	
To Nursingh Sahay of Shah Nawazpore, pergunnah Goah ..	249 0 0	
To Beejadhur Mohish of Ktaya, pergunnah Bal	99 0 0	
To Raghoober Dyal of Mohamedpore, pergunnah Goah ...	100 0 0	
For Tanks.		
To Ram Nihora Pandey, of Choorma, pergunnah Baral ...	3,600 0 0	
7. Amount advanced to Collectorate Nazir for conveyance of Government grain into different places of storage in the interior of the district	6,000 0 0	
		6,000 0 0
8. Amount advanced for constructing golahs and sheds for storage of Government grain, viz.—		
To District Superintendent of Police, Sarun	167 11 11	
To Narain Dutt, head constable of Sewan	50 0 0	
		217 11 11
9. Amount paid to Choonee Lall, Marwaree, being balance of the price of grain purchased from him at Revelgunge ...	21,250 0 0	
		21,250 0 0
Establishment.		
10. Pay of the famine establishment attached to the district grain office at Chuprah for May, 1874	458 13 10	
11. Ditto late (Salt Department Sudder sub-division) for May 1874	348 0 0	
12. Pay of Major W. Jackson on special duty at Chupra, for May 1874	892 12 0	
13. Pay of the medical establishment attached to the poor-house at Serai for May 1874 ...	26 12 4	
14. Pay of Mr. C. F. Tonnerre, Assistant Superintendent, on special duty at Ekma, for May 1874 ...	300 0 0	
15. Pay of Baboo Debee Pershad, district grain officer for April and May 1874	500 0 0	
16. Pay of Mr. W. H. Hudson on special duty at Musrukh for May 1874	1,036 10 10	
17 Pay of the medical establishment attached to the Revelgunge municipality for May 1874	31 2 0	
18. Pay of Mr. W. Barry on special duty at Pursa for May 1874 ...	1,311 0 5	
19. Pay of Mr. Curton, late Deputy Inspector of Salt at Sewan, for May 1874 ...	100 0 0	
20. Pay of Moulvee Mohumed Seedeeq, tehsildar, on special duty, including establishment for May 1874	260 0 0	

	Rs. A. P.	R. A. P.
21. Pay of Baboo Tara Persaud Mookerjee, relief superintendent, including establishment for May 1874	114 15 11	
22. Pay of the famine establishment attached to the transport duty in the Sarun district for May 1874	853 3 10	
23. Travelling allowance of Nund Coomar, late clerk under Mr. W. H. Hudson, on special duty at Mushrukh	42 12 8	
24. Travelling allowance of Baboo Ram Chunder Goopta, Assistant Surgeon at Basatpore, for May 1874	41 4 0	
Relief Fund.		6,317 7 10
25. Amount advanced for charitable relief purposes, as follows, viz.—		
To Rev. C. Banman of Chupra ...	45 0 0	
To Mr. C. F. Tonnerre, on special duty at Ekma	1,000 0 0	
To Baboo Sadh Saran Pershad Sahee of Bagowra	1,000 0 0	
To Baboo Rampershaud Sing, municipal overseer, Chupra ...	935 3 0	
To manager of Arnah factory ...	1,000 0 0	
To ditto of Seetulpore ditto ...	200 0 0	
To ditto of Arwa ditto ...	500 0 0	
To sub-divisional officer of Sewan ...	5,000 0 0	
To Moulvie Dost Mahomed, assistant relief superintendent of Chupra	200 0 0	
To moonsiff of Pursa	400 0 0	
To manager of Dobowlia factory ...	1,000 0 0	
To Baboo Preonath Chatterjee of Revelgunge	500 0 0	
To manager of Hurpore factory ...	500 0 0	
26. Amount advanced by the sub-divisional officer of Sewan as follows, viz.—		12,280 3 0
For digging tanks	357 10 9	
For constructing grain sheds ...	30 0 0	
For making advances for purchase of seed-grain and plough-cattle ...	1,143 0 0	
For conveyance of Government grain to different places in the interior	30 0 0	
To sub-divisional grain officer for contingencies	3,000 0 0	
Pay of Mr. A. Rattray, on special duty, for May 1874 ...	600 0 0	
Pay of his establishment for May 1874	31 0 0	
Travelling allowance of his clerk for April 1874	24 12 0	
Pay of the relief establishment for May 1874	507 14 7	
Pay of the famine establishment (late Salt Department) Sewan Sub-Division for May 1874 ...	130 15 11	
Pay of the native doctor, Shekh Nasir Ahmud, at Sewan for April 1874	25 0 0	
Pay of Sub-Deputy Collector and of his establishment for April 1874	165 0 0	
Travelling allowance of the Sub-Deputy Collector for January and February 1874 ...	70 8 0	
		6,115 13 8
Total expenditure	.....	2,51,075 13 9
Grand Total	.....	21,92,744 1 0½

The kind and price of grain selling at the principal markets and different thanas and outposts.

No.	Name of principal marts.	Uncleaned or coarse rice, per rupee.	Indian-corn, per rupee.	Barley, per rupee.	Wheat per rupee.	Gram, per rupee.
1	1. Chuprah	12½	16	18	14½	18
2	Revelgunge	11½	17	18	16½	18
3	Goldengunge	11	16	18	14	17
4	Gurkha	9	..	..	..	15
5	2. Manjhee	10½	16	18	15	..
6	Ekma	12	15½	20	15½	17
7	3. Bussuntpore	10½	15	16	12½	15
8	Maharajgunge	11	16	17	14	16
9	4. Mushrukh	12	16	16	14	16
10	Baneahpore	10	16	15	13	15
11	Maharanee	11	14½	14½	...	....
12	5. Pursa	9½	15	15½	13½	15
13	Amnour	11	.....	15	14½	16
14	Mirzapore	11	16		14	16
15	6. Dighwara	11½	16½	18	15½	19
16	Sonepore	10½	14	18	13	15
17	7. Sewan	10½	.....	17	13½	.....
18	Burhurrea	11	15½	16½	12½	15½
19	Semaria	10½	..	17½	12½	...
20	8. Durrowlee	12½	.. ..	19	14½	17
21	Goothnee	9½	.....	16½	13½	14½
22	Siswan	12	..	16½	13½	17½
23	Roghoonathpore	11	15	18	14	15½
24	Mairwa	9½	... ..	17	... .	13½
25	9. Burragaon	10	.. ...	16½	13½	..
26	Hutkha	11½	.. ...	17½	15	15
27	Bhorey	9½	12	16½	12	...
28	Meergunge	11½	...	16½	13	16
29	10. Burrowlee	11	14	16½	12½	15½
30	Gopalgunge	12	.. .	..	..	.....

Statement showing the true number of cases of dacoity, robbery, theft, and house-breaking, which occurred in the Sarun District during the month of May 1872, 1873, *and* 1874.

Dacoity—			
(Headings 30 and 31 of crime-return A I)	Month of May 1874		3
	Corresponding month of May	1873...	0
	,, ,, ,,	1872...	1
Robbery—			
(Headings 32 and 33 of crime return I)	Corresponding month of May	1874...	0
	,, ,, ,,	1873...	1
	,, ,, ,,	1872 ..	2
Theft—			
(Heading 43 of crime return A I excluding cattle-theft) ..	Month of May 1874 ...		31
	Corresponding month of May	1873...	48
	,, ,, ,,	1872...	48
House-breaking—			
(Heading 35 of crime return A I)	Month of May 1874		132
	Corresponding month of May	1873...	109
	,, ,, ,,	1872...	102
Total of all four crimes ..	Month of May 1874		166
	Corresponding month of May	1873..	158
	,, ,, ,,	1872..	153

Statement showing the Extent of Charitable Relief given in the District of Sarun during the fortnight ending the 13*th June*, 1874.

Names of Sub-division.	Names of circles	Number of persons receiving gratuitous relief	Number of purdah women employed in spinning cotton.	Total	Paid in		Number of persons receiving cooked food
					Cash	Grain	
					Rs. A P	Mds. Srs Ch	
Chupra	Chupra ..	526	1,492	2,018	1,238 2 1	44 30 2	76
	Gurkha	272	189	461	68 8 0	13 23 0	.
Manjhee	Ramgurh	14	.	14	15 0 0		.
Mushrukh	Bala	137	30	167	513 0 0		.
	Hurpore	123	.. .	123		1 34 6	
	Rajaputtee . .	89	40	129	657 0 0		
	Mushrukh	27		27			
Pursa	Situlpore .	50	87	137	97 4 0		
	Pursa . .	...	94	94	518 8 0	...	
	Kusmar	55	70	125	49 0 0		
Sewan	Sewan	242	37	279	392 3 9	93 10 13	..
	Total	1,535	2,039	3,574	3,566 9 10	153 18 5	76

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the Sarun District for the fortnight ending 13th June, 1874.

Names of Thanas	Number and names of store-houses in each thana.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored up to date, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	Total quantity of grain consumed up to date: By sale to the public or labourers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots.	By payments in kind to labourers.	Total.	Estimated expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.
		Mds S C.	Mds S. C.	Mds. S C.	Mds S C.	Mds S. C	Mds S C.	Mds S C.	
Chuprah ...	1. Chuprah ...	10,050 0 0	10,050 0 0	1,215 39 3	48 28 8	55 0 0	1,800 26 12	3,120 14 12	
	2 Revelgunge ...	12,155 17 8	12,155 10 8	..."	..."	..."	..."	..."	
	3 Gurkha ..	8,078 0 0	8,078 0 0	1,975 2 7	40 0 0	1,828 0 0	...	3,848 2 7	
	Total ..	30 283 17 8	30,283 10 8	3,191 1 18	88 28 8	1,883 0 0	1,800 26 12	6,968 17 3	
Manjhee ..	1. Manjhee ...	15,000 0 0	15,000 21 9	450 0 0	.....	... ...	... ...	450 0 0	
	2 Ekma ...	10 000 0 0	10,000 15 0	1,150 0 0	...	87 10 0	...	1,237 10 0	
	Total ...	25,000 0 0	25,001 0 0	1,600 0 0	...	87 10 0	...	1,687 10 0	
Dighwarah	1. Dighwarah	10 000 0 0	10,800 7 12	345 0 0	.....	4 0 0	...	349 0 0	
	2. Sonepore, E .	10,100 0 0	10,100 39 0	748 29 12	...	...	...	748 29 12	
	Total ...	20,100 0 0	20,101 6 12	1,093 29 12	... ...	4 0 0	.....	1,097 29 12	
Purea ...	1 Purea .	40 000 0 0	40,000 20 4	1,040 39 5	.....	560 35 0	... ...	1,601 34 5	
	2 Amnour	15,000 0 0	15 000 0 0	810 0 0	35 0 0	523 6 0	... ...	1,368 6 0	
	3. Amnour, E ..	10,000 0 0	10,000 0 0	... ...	... ...	... ...	... ...	...	
	4. Mirzapore ..	20,000 0 0	20,000 0 0	1,505 0 0	159 25 0	3,543 20 0	... ...	5,208 5 0	
	5. Bakerwa, E .	10,000 0 0	9,999 23 15	195 13 3	... ...	... ...	... ...	195 13 3	
	Total ...	95,000 0 0	95 000 13 3	3,551 12 8	194 25 0	4,627 21 0	...	8,373 18 8	
Mushrukh ..	1. Mushrukh ...	50,000 0 0	50,000 19 1	3,693 5 5	0 10 0	3,951 14 12	.....	7,644 30 1	
	2. Baniapore .	10,000 0 0	11,352 0 0	1,200 0 0	32 0 0	102 14 0	... ...	1,334 14 0	
	3 Palgumberpore	10,000 0 0	8,650 31 2	2,620 16 0	30 4 8	44 12 0	.....	2,694 32 8	
	4 Maharanee ..	20,000 0 0	20,000 13 1	87 14 12	25 9 0	3,976 30 0	... ...	4,089 15 12	
	5 Bareya, E .	10,000 0 0	10,000 15 8	880 12 4	.....	.....	.....	880 12 4	
	6. Banowlee, E .	10,000 0 0	9,984 21 8	394 4 12	... ...	... ...	.....	394 4 12	
	7 Sarungpore, E	10,000 0 0	9,999 26 0	1,444 30 4	.....	.....	... ...	1,444 30 4	
	Total ...	1,20,000 0 0	1,19,988 6 2	10,320 3 5	87 23 8	8,074 30 12	...	18,482 17 9	
Busauntpore ..	1 Busauntpore .	40,000 0 0	40,000 16 0	15,725 27 7	.....	18 3 0	.....	15,738 30 7	
	2. Maharajgunge	20,000 0 0	20,000 20 12	1,001 12 12	.....	398 0 0	... ...	1,399 12 12	
	3 Syedpoora ..	11,840 0 0	11,844 32 9	2,031 16 0	... ...	... ...	... ...	2,031 16 0	
	4. Burhoga ..	10,000 0 0	10,000 0 0	650 2 8	...	3,430 0 0	...	4,080 2 8	
	5 Bala ...	6,230 0 0	6,230 0 0	.....	..	....	.....	... ...	
	6. Gopalpore ...	10 000 0 0	10 000 0 0	... ...	... ...	....	.....	...	
	7. Hagowra ...	8,280 0 0	8,284 0 0	... ...	.....	... ...	... ...	...	
	Total	1,07,050 0 0	1,07,059 29 3	19,408 18 11	...	3,846 3 0	...	23,254 21 11	
Sewan ...	1. Sewan ...	45,000 0 0	44,927 35 10	1,726 35 14	80 0 0	5,504 3 12	790 11 8	8,101 10 8	
	2. Burhurrea ...	10,000 0 0	10,000 0 0	55 0 0	10 0 0	1,473 7 8	20 0 0	1,558 7 8	
	3. Semaria ..	10,000 0 0	10,010 0 0	112 22 8	...	1,128 0 0	....	1.240 22 8	
	Total ...	65,000 0 0	64,937 35 10	1,894 17 12	90 0 0	8,103 11 4	810 11 8	10,900 0 8	
Durrowlee ..	1. Durrowlee ..	20,000 0 0	19 999 35 10	20 0 0	10 0 0	248 20 0	58 0 0	336 20 0	
	2. Goothnee	5,000 0 0	4,999 20 0	20 0 0	...	163 5 0	13 4 0	196 9 0	
	3. Siswan ,	5,000 0 0	5,000 0 0	... ...	... ...	... ...	.....	...	
	4. Raghonathpore	4,000 0 0	4,005 29 9	...	60 0 0	1,091 32 0	...	1,151 32 0	
	5. Mairwa	5,000 0 0	5,001 0 0	55 0 0	....	539 0 0	...	594 0 0	
	Total ...	39,000 0 0	39,006 3 3	95 0 0	70 0 0	2,042 17 0	71 4 0	2,278 21 0	
Burrowlee	1. Burrowlee ...	25,000 0 0	25,000 29 16	35 0 0	20 0 0	6,568 30 0	.....	6,623 30 0	
	2 Gopalgunge	10,000 0 0	10,000 0 0	124 0 0	...	...	... ...	124 0 0	
	3. Gopalgunge, E	15,000 0 0	15,000 1 11	...	...	.....	... ...	...	
	4. Bijoypore, E	2,000 0 0	2,000 39 12	9 28 0	...	....	... ...	9 28 0	
	5. Ollpore, E	3,000 0 0	3,001 10 9	243 30 0	... ...	... ...	... ...	243 30 0	
	Total	55,000 0 0	55,003 1 10	412 18 0	20 0 0	6,568 30 0	... ...	7,001 8 0	
	Grand Total	5,56,433 17 8	5,56,380 24 5	41,566 21 15	550 37 0	35,230 3 0	2,682 2 4	80,038 24 3	Two lakhs and thirty thousand maunds

Note.—E means embankment

Statement showing the allotment, expenditure, and requirement of Grain in the District of Sarun.

1	2	3	4	5					6	7
				REQUIREMENT.						
				For advances to ryots.		For sale to laborers on relief works at ½ a seer per head per diem		Total.		
Names of Sub-divisions	Total allotment of Government grain, exclusive of 60,000 maunds transferred from the embankment golahs to Tirhoot	Expenditure up to date	Balance in store	Number of villages	Quantity of grain required	Number of laborers.	Quantity of grain required		Amount of deficiency	Remarks.
	Mds.	Mds	Mds.	Mds	Mds.	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	
1 Chuprah	30,275	6,963	23,312	370 at 200 Mds per village	74,000	70,492 for one month	26,430	1,00,430	77,118	The figures for Manjhee, Musrukh, and Sewan sub-divisions are based on the data of advances actually made in a certain number of villages.
2. Manjhee ...	25,000	1,687	23,313	225 at 300 Mds per village	67,500	34,849 for one month	13,050	80,550	57,237	
3 Musrukh and Bussuntpore ..	1,97,050	41,736	1,55,314	913 at 200 Mds per village.	1,82,600	65,332 for 1½ months	36,720	2,19,320	64,006	
4. Pursa and Dighwara ...	1,05,100	9,471	95,629	508* at 200 Mds per village	1,01,600	11,105 for 1½ months	6,255	1,07,855	12,226	* This number represents villages in the Pursah thana only, no gram advances will be made to the ryots of thana Dighwara.
5 Sewan, including a portion of Barowlee and the whole of Darowlee	1,39,000	20,179	1,18,821	1,172 at 150 Mds per village.	1,75,800	31,888 for 1½ months	17,910	1,93,710	74,889	
Total ...	4,96,425	80,036	4,16,389	3,188	6,01,500	2,13,666	1,00,365	7,01,865	2,85,476	
Deduct probable wastage at 5 per cent	24,821						Add probable wastage .		24,821	
Balance	4,81,604						Total deficit		3,10,297	

Sarun Magistracy,

The 17th June 1874.

J. S. Drummond,

Offg. Magistrate and Collector.

C.

Abstract Statement of Men, Women, and Children employed in Public Works in the District of Sarun during the 14 *days ending Saturday, the* 13*th June* 1874.

Map Number.	Serial number of work.	Name of Work.	Length of Road, &c.	Total number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Mean daily number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Number of persons employed on the last of the 14 days.				How long work is likely to give employment.	Remarks.
				Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.		
		Chuprah Sub-division.															
8	1	Chuprah to Rewaghat	...	18,370	9,455	8,806	36,551	1,512	677	621	2,610	1,734	554	661	2,949	.....	About 45 per cent. belong to the non-labouring class or caste.
7	2	Chuprah to Sutterghat	...	23,370	9,288	12,241	45,899	1,609	663	945	3,277	1,680	666	914	3,260		
33	3	Seetulpore to Suriaghat	...	1,925	1,184	1,638	4,747	137	84	117	338	137	88	121	346		
25	4	Telpa to Saura	...	28	...	...	28	2	....	...	2	2	...	...	2		
12	5	Chuprah to Sonepore	...	10,886	11,416	5,098	27,400	777	815	364	1,956	771	852	377	2,000	.....	About 35 per cent. are giving a fair outturn of work.
5	6	Tank at Mirzapore	...	2,132	2,668	979	5,163	152	146	69	367	50	40	21	111		
36	7	Tank at Mircha	...	761	674	337	1,732	59	48	25	123	84	74	40	198		
2	8	Tank at Purna	...	14,73	1,519	1,173	4,165	105	108	83	296	108	130	92	330	.....	Average daily number on piece-work. Men. Women. Children.
21	9	Seetulpore to Mokair	...	3,883	3,093	2,725	9,701	277	221	193	681	349	259	242	850		Under Public Works Department Officers .. 1,189 352 318
4	10	Tank at Amnour	...	3,083	5,332	3,581	11,996	219	382	256	857	173	312	260	745		Under Circle Officers .. 2,871 804 297
11	12	Chuprah to Sewan (portion)	...	404,382	168,407	166,425	739,214	28,884	12,029	11,881	52,794	26,766	10,928	9,335	47,029		
14	13	Manjhi to Ekma	...	16,236	14,662	12,853	43,780	1,162	1,047	918	3,127	599	566	466	1,631		
1	14	Chuprah to Goothnee	...	9,579	9,926	2,575	22,080	705	709	162	1,576	367	338	89	784		Total . 4,059 1,156 615
23	15	Digowara to Gurkha	...	3,278	1,539	381	5,198	253	110	27	370	246	117	28	391		
1	21	Kajurfora Tank	...	3,033	3,335	1,634	9,991	359	238	116	713	664	266	115	1,045	.....	All the rest are on daily wages.
3	22	Anjanee Tank	...	2,415	2,702	1,928	7,045	172	193	139	504	165	180	131	476		
9	27	Pursa to Solumpore	...	2,196	1,748	1,305	5,251	157	124	93	374	180	135	83	398		
22	28	Durigunge to Gurkha	...	3,646	2,179	1,280	7,105	260	155	91	506	359	49	100	508		
48	29	Repooraghat to Digowara	...	790	588	406	1,764	56	40	29	125	50	30	32	119		
11	31	Rajaputty Tank	...	14,910	9,794	4,415	29,119	1,065	699	315	2,079	967	676	245	1,888	.....	Rate of wages paid for full work— As. P.
9	32	Murhowra ,, ...	...	1,975	9,548	2,078	9,996	141	424	148	713	738	193	93	1,024		Mate 2 0
26	33	Bala ,, ...	...	11,731	11,187	14,719	37,597	837	797	1,051	2,685	416	588	442	1,446		To each man 1 6
19	34	Ekma to Doomigurghat...	...	2,112	6,161	5,821	21,094	651	440	416	1,507	338	226	180	744		,, ,, woman 1 0
16	35	Tank at Sewree	...	5,372	81	48	5,501	384	6	3	393	513	8	6	527		,, ,, child .. ... 1 to 6
41	36	Satoosh Tank	...	2,015	5,608	1,511	9,134	144	401	108	653	181	421	165	767		Total amount disbursed in wages during the fortnight, Rs. 1,90,657-1-9.
27	37	Hurpore ,, ...	...	2,322	3,962	1,956	8,230	166	282	140	588	158	236	142	536		
42	40	Doomdooma ,, ...	...	723	1,060	72	1,855	51	76	5	132	... ..	.....	... ..	..		
	42	Repairing road at Hurpore	...	2,168	3,966	1,642	7,716	155	279	117	551	174	288	136	598		
50	43	Singhighat Road	...	1,905	1,192	278	2,575	36	42	19	97	... ..	....	...	... .		
1	44	Muckdoomgunge Channel	...	1,916	1,094	485	3,445	136	77	31	244	189	19	27	235		
15	45	Tank at Namee	...	1,746	44	4	1,794	125	3	.....	128	129	4	.....	133		
40	46	Tank at Semaria	...	176	184	117	477	22	26	17	65	.....	.....	.....	... ..		
39	47	Tank at Imma	...	413	236	188	839	51	29	23	103	.....	.....	.....	.....		
	48	Bund at Tajpore	...	141	40	118	199	28	8	3	39	... ..	....	....	...		
37	49	Tramway Road	...	122,182	77,671	91,093	290,946	3,727	5,548	6,506	20,781	3,622	5,650	6,504	20,776		
12	50	Pursowlee Tank	...	2,705	1,647	2,342	6,694	193	117	169	479	85	65	75	225		
42	51	Jelalpore to Busauntpore	...	3,651	2,542	3,447	9,640	268	182	246	696	224	162	247	633		
13	52	Gorsepore to Panapore	...	1,972	1,235	821	4,028	140	88	58	286	142	128	81	351		
51	53	Digowara to Jelalpore	...	3,346	2,389	1,454	7,189	239	172	103	514	276	198	116	590		
	54	Repairing roads at Buhrowlee Factory	...	25	...	.....	25	4	.....	.....	4	...	.....	.....	....	.....	Average of 7 days.
	55	Ditto ditto Nawada Factory ...	...	167	182	248	597	12	13	17	42	11	6	10	27		
18	56	Nugwa Tank	...	4,109	4,678	4,111	12,898	296	334	291	921	220	453	375	1,047		
	60	Repairing roads at Bala Factory ...	...	3,743	421	..	9,164	626	30	....	656	408	....	.....	406		
62	62	Sawan Tank	...	247	152	213	612	17	11	15	43	29	12	19	51		

Map Number.	Serial number of work	Name of Work.	Length of Road, &c.	Total number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Mean daily number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Number of persons employed on the last of the 14 days.				How long work is likely to give employment.	Remarks.
				Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.		
		Chuprah Sub-division.—(Continued).															
	63	Manjhi		627	511	292	1,430	48	17	22	87	57	35	10	102		
	66	Nugwa village road		1,397	501	815	2,713	100	56	58	194	152	68	172	392		
	70	Indai to Ajaebgunge Road		1,075	1,089	308	2,472	77	78	22	177	11	21	2	34		
	72	Satoosh village road		3,388	5,577	2,527	11,492	442	398	180	820	363	503	259	1,125		
	74	Suffiabad village road		2,115	..	..	2,115	151	..	..	151	171	..	..	171		
	75	Village roads		1,07,090	3,38,250	43,024	1,82,064	7,199	2,732	3,073	13,004	7,095	2,675	2,913	12,683		
	76	Indai to Bahrampore		237	281	170	708	51	56	34	141	.....	.....	.....	.....		
	78	Semria to Raghopore		981	1,858	789	3,628	75	135	60	270	.....	.....	.....	.....		
	79	Bhadpa to Bunour		2,319	3,388	1,640	7,347	178	260	126	564	.....	.....	.....	.....		
	80	Tank at Tola Beeja Roy		364	180	204	748	36	18	20	74	...	..	...	..		
6	81	Maharajgunge Road		11,046	20,414	9,316	40,776	739	1,453	665	2,913	1,039	1,882	1,423	4,344		
45	82	Bunsohee Tank		1,989	2,279	206	4,465	142	162	14	318	115	32	...	147		
	83	Bussuntpore Road		1,530	743	194	2,467	109	53	14	176	194	24	24	242		
	84	Ramcolla Tank		7,860	2,440	12,360	22,660	561	174	883	1,618	540	173	361	1,074		
	86	Tola Beeja Roy to Taknuwash		1,186	2,759	1,202	5,147	83	212	92	387	.....	.....	.....	...		
14	87	Manjhi to Norpoliah Road		756	1,125	376	2,257	54	80	27	161	30	43	18	91		
14	88	Manjhi to Nundpore		1,106	1,839	559	3,503	100	167	50	317	64	94	23	181		
	91	Surkutiah Tank		2,507	3,718	1,501	7,726	179	266	107	552	198	160	155	613		
	92	Village road at Gurkha Factory		2,696	3,109	3,696	9,501	192	222	264	678	199	256	293	748		
	93	Nurhurpore Tank		5,990	3,204	3,367	12,561	428	229	240	897	459	285	274	1,018		
57	94	Madarpore Tank		7,854	5,896	5,127	18,877	561	421	366	1,348	459	388	314	1,161		
	95	Village road at Tehity Factory		753	958	221	1,932	54	68	16	138	59	54	23	141		
	97	Magur Tank No 1		206	170	19	395	23	19	2	44	...	.....	.....	.	... .	Average of 9 days.
	98	Chund Baroah Tank		1,269	418	.....	1,687	115	38	.....	153	...	.....	.....	...		
	99	Hossanpoora Tank		1,074	790	.....	1,864	77	56	.....	133	93	53	.... .	146		
	100	Rasowlee Tank		1,864	1,227	.....	3,091	135	102	.....	237	... ..	.....	.... .	...	... .	Average of 12 days.
	102	Majhua to Delpchuck Road		577	386	514	1,477	41	27	57	105	58	24	113	195		
	103	Collection of road metal at Rowzah		1,456	1,477	813	3,746	104	105	58	267	113	110	26	249		
	104	Bissenpora Tank		1,269	1,301	632	3,202	91	93	45	229	113	115	49	277		
	105	Tank at Nakoobarham		492	573	644	1,709	70	82	92	244	... .	.....	.....	.....		
	106	Tank at Kooharrud		288	225	389	882	29	25	43	97	13	..	.....	13		
	107	Tank at Chayphul		538	65	150	753	54	6	16	75	69	.....	...	69		
	108	Panapore Road		5,876	799	384	7,059	420	57	27	504	473	69	45	587		
	109	Magur Tank, No. 2		1,945	464	.....	1,509	80	36	... ..	116	...	...	.....	... .	.....	Average of 13 days.
	110	Jujowly Tank		1,105	727	.....	1,832	79	52	.. ..	131	30	16	.....	46		
	111	Morachee Tank		1,054	464	.. ..	1,518	74	34	... .	108	87	22	.....	109		
	112	Bunsowee Tank		1,703	753	82	2,538	121	54	6	181	.....	...	.....	...		
	113	Dhurmraj Tank		1,303	520	... .	1,823	93	37	.....	130	21	3	.....	24		
	114	Arowah Factory village road		1,117	197	475	1,789	80	14	34	128	100	9	30	139		
	115	Joteepore Tank		2,831	1,332	996	5,159	201	95	71	368	45	46	58	149		
	117	Jelalpore Tank		322	227	78	627	40	25	9	77	2	.. ...	.....	2		
	118	Nurhurpore Ticca Tank		2,373	... .	.....	2,373	169	...	...	169	149	.. ..	.....	149		
	119	Rampore village road		1,174	1,547	367	3,088	168	221	52	441	260	375	.....	635		
	120	Bahrumpore to Mokrara		464	473	405	1,342	51	52	45	148	16	22	5	43		
	121	Manjur Aushram to Gangage		296	458	291	935	37	57	25	119	26	37	20	83		
	122	Semria to Gangage Road		5	15	6	26	5	15	6	26	5	15	6	26	.....	Average of 1 day.
	123	Nugwah Ticca tank		1,555	195	444	2,194	111	14	32	157	66	.....	...	66		
	124	Musohoru tank		2,744	685	1,269	4,678	196	47	91	334	69	..	9	78		
	125	Mircha Tank, No. 2		2,062	1,980	1,557	7,600	158	152	120	430	189	171	96	456		
	126	Fulowriah Tank		866	561	509	1,956	68	43	39	150	88	63	44	195		
	127	Mokair Tank		3,018	1,378	2,460	6,856	251	115	205	571	204	107	108	459		
	128	Hahumangunge Tank		1,479	893	1,923	4,295	123	53	149	325	183	103	224	510		

129		Dumaru Channel	..	5,096	3,[illegible]	1,961	8,135	287	317	105	679	323	382	122	827		
130		Ghogsia Tank	...	341	215	[illegible]	556	86	43	.....	111	45	15	..	60	.....	Average of 5 days.
131		Chamorua Tank	...	312	77	...	389	62	15	.....	77	84	24	.....	106	.....	Ditto.
132		Musruck Tank	...	344	127	.....	471	69	25	.....	94	85	34	.....	119	.....	Ditto.
133		Doogawly Tank	..	806	196	.	784	99	31	..	130	152	60	.....	202	.....	Ditto of 6 days.
134		Peepra Tank	...	2,469	1,296	1,255	5,020	253	185	179	717	.. ..	.....	.. .	. .....	.....	Ditto of 7 days
135		Uruah Tank	...	2,135	736	118	2,989	178	61	10	249	.. ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto of 12 days.
		Sewan Sub-division.															
11	1	Sewan to Chuprah	...	39,282	20,554	18,272	78,109	2,913	1,472	.	4,285	3,078	1,672	1,432	6,182		
5	2	Sewan to Burrowlee	...	10,675	5,788	4,538	21,001	763	413	324	1,500	892	584	412	1,888		
2	3	Sewan to Goolsmee	...	6,924	6,962	3,972	17,818	495	494	284	1,273	155	166	48	369		
1	4	Tajpore to Goothnee	...	35,429	30,196	18,203	83,819	2,531	2,156	1,370	5,987	1,646	1,457	775	3,878		
4	5	Sewan to Andor	...	13,096	11,235	5,474	29,805	1,060	892	391	2,193	191	214	98	503		
34	6	Rascolpore to Chainpore	...	70	...	...	79	5	.....	..	5	5	.. ...	.....	5		
3	10	Durrowly to Myrwa	...	5,254	4,577	3,317	13,148	375	327	237	939	246	167	144	559		
15	11	Andor to Durrowly	...	8,323	8,192	4,408	20,923	595	585	315	1,495	446	371	210	1,027		
4	12	Andór to Nurhun	...	1,714	1,992	1,020	4,636	122	136	73	331	352	404	252	968		
22	13	sewan to Lukri	...	124	159	154	439	9	11	11	31	9	11	12	32		
16	14	Sewan to Siwan	...	3,866	6,899	6,250	21,915	635	479	454	1,568	774	604	665	2,043		
10	19	Maharajgunge to Gopalgunge . ..	...	2,116	1,383	927	4,426	151	99	66	316	245	163	115	523		
40	21	Bussuntpore to Sewan new road (east)	...	81,104	36,553	28,739	144,397	5,795	2,411	1,910	10,314	4,251	2,018	1,233	7,503	.....	Average of 7 days.
34	22	Sewan Tank	...	1,081	1,497	2,719	5,297	77	107	194	378	10	.... .	... .	10		
23	23	Chitowlee Tank	...	1,521	1,098	758	3,377	217	157	108	482	.. .	....	....	.		
22	27	Burhóra Tank	...	3,544	3,522	5,432	12,498	253	251	388	892	164	130	381	675		
24	28	Sensai Tank	...	10,941	5,514	2,589	19,044	781	394	185	1,360	797	393	170	1,360		
7	34	Sudhowa to Sarfra	...	1,039	1,406	794	3,221	75	187	57	237	100	150	67	317		
44	40	Korreepoknr Tank	...	19,723	9,037	9,135	37,895	1,409	646	652	2,707	1,449	616	485	2,550		
33	42	Sonapiper „	...	3,376	4,127	4,708	12,211	241	295	386	872	152	174	140	466		
31	43	Bhimpore „	...	561	771	1,023	2,355	40	53	73	166	13	.....	.....	13		
35	44	Gopalpore „	...	1,389	1,465	1,956	4,810	99	104	140	343	18	.....	. ....	18		
38	45	Jatour Tank	...	1,214	..	..	1,214	87	...	.	87	..	..	..	..		
46	50	Bussuntpore to Sewan new road (west)	...	13,758	23,547	29,075	94,380	2,940	1,823	2,077	6,742	3,233	2,156	2,956	8,324		
19	51	Bussuntpore Tank	...	12,780	7,374	4,831	24,985	913	526	346	1,784	923	566	237	1,726		
45	52	Bunsohee	...	15,804	5,538	7,299	28,641	1,129	396	521	2,046	1,302	374	579	2,255		
	55	Repairing roads at Portabpore factory	...	329	263	48	640	23	19	3	45	.. ..	..	...	...		
	54	„ „ Sudhowa „ ..	...	12,325	4,979	4,564	21,868	880	356	325	1,561	711	162	306	1,179	.....	Ditto of 10 days.
	56	Sensai to Pokri	...	2,406	920	918	4,246	241	92	91	424	.. ..	..	...	.		
2	59	Excavating drain, Matsar to Choorma Chour (or Doomoye).	...	18,984	8,353	9,506	36,842	1,356	597	679	2,632	1,252	571	598	2,401		
2	60	Excavating drain Choorma to Gunduki	...	76,536	28,419	16,504	121,459	5,467	2,030	1,179	8,676	6,322	2,222	590	9,494		
37	61	Myrwa Tank	..	1,249	...	.	1,249	90	...	....	90	. .	...	....	.		
48	62	Charowa Tank	...	1,455	4,252	5,703	11,408	104	304	407	815	106	332	426	853		
6	65	Sewan to Maharajgunge	...	2,449	1,252	1,880	5,581	175	89	134	398	354	196	313	863		
36	66	Titari Tank	...	1,288	.	... ..	1,288	92	...	.	92	44	.	.	44		
47	67	Jankinuggur Tank	...	24,290	11,492	8,493	43,885	1,735	792	606	3,133	1,939	890	666	3,495		
28	68	Tank at Sonda	...	1,508	2,162	348	4,013	107	154	25	286	.	.....	.. ...	..		
	71	Chamoka Tank	...	1,839	2,523	3,887	8,249	131	180	278	589	128	42	281	451		
	72	Repairing roads at Mahomedpore Factory.	...	1,122	1,544	2,047	4,713	160	220	292	672	.. .	....	.... .	.....		
32	74	Pachbhinda Tank	...	996	781	1,099	2,778	64	56	79	199	23	9	42	74		
	80	Jugdishpore „	...	4,496	4,926	7,719	17,141	321	852	651	1,824	183	171	294	648		
30	83	Bahadurpore „	...	1,616	2,096	391	4,103	115	150	28	293	95	69	15	197		
	84	Doomrahur „	...	659	.	...	659	47	..	.....	47	.....	.....	.....	...		
	85	Jogapore village road	...	4,095	1,846	396	6,337	292	132	28	452	... ..	.....	. ...	.....		
	87	Southoo Tank	...	367	.....	.....	367	26	. ...	..	26	.....	.....	... .	.		
	88	Samurdah to Choormah village ...	...	295	90	40	425	295	90	40	425	295	90	40	425		
		Chuprah protective works	...	7,317	13,750	3,311	24,378	523	982	236	1,741	471	925	210	1,606		
		Grand total ...	...	1,414,603	803,915	702,736	2,920,654	101,721	56,461	50,058	210,220	95,930	52,446	44,565	192,941		

(Countersigned)

J. S. DRUMMOND,
Offg. Magistrate and Collector.

J. MAY, *Captain,*
Executive Engineer, Sarun District.

C.

Abstract Statement of Men, Women and Children employed on Public Works in the District of Sarun during the 14 days ending Thursday, the 11th June 1974.

Serial number of work	Name of work.	Length of road, &c	Total number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Mean daily number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Number of persons employed on the last of the 14 days.				How long work is likely to give employment	Rate of food-grain per rupee.					Remarks.
			Men	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women	Children	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children	Total.		Rice.	Dal.	Gram.	Maize	At what distance obtainable from the work.	
																Srs.	Srs	Srs.	Srs		
1	Raising 8¼ miles S E	8¼ miles ..	281	110	76	467	20	8	5	33	20	9	8	37	1½ months					half a mile to 2 miles.	The work is being done chiefly by task work. Nearly all earning full rates.
2	Constructing retired bund in the 17th and 27th mile S.E	.....	1,489	214	160	1,863	106	15	11	153	40	15	19	74	1 month .						
3	Extension of main bund to Sonepore, and draining of the Hurdni jheel	.....	7,311	5,753	1,997	15,061	522	411	143	1,076	257	432	190	879	1 „ ..						
4	Sinking masonry well in the compound of Dorsapore bungalow .	.....	166	149	92	407	12	11	7	30	16	6	1	23	1 week	10 to 12	11½ to 13	13½ to 17	14 to 17		
5	Constructing tree spurs, Sonouth	.....	824	.... .	... .	824	59	.	...	59	42	...	..	42	... .						
6	Constructing sheds for grain at Ahpore and Bejoypore	.....	493	21	27	541	35	2	2	39	...	...	...	...	.....						
7	Annual repairs to river protective works	.....	42	.....	.. ...	42	3	...	...	3	4	...	...	4	.....						
8	Locks-fitting Sarun bank canal .	.....	186	.....	.....	186	13	...	...	13	5	...	...	5	... ..						
9	Annual repairs to inspection houses	.....	60	.....	.....	60	4	...	...	4	8	...	...	8	.....						
	Total number employed ...	.....	10,852	6,247	2,352	19,451	774	447	168	1,389	392	462	218	1,072							Rate of wages paid for full work— A. P. To each man ... 1 6 „ woman 1 0 „ child 0 6 Total amount disbursed in wages during the fortnight, Rs 1,460-8-0.

(Countersigned)

J. S. DRUMMOND,

Offg. Magistrate and Collector.

PROSONNO COOMAR DUTT, *Acctt.*

for Executive Engineer, L. G. Division.

C.—Abstract Statement of Men, Women, and Children employed on Public Works in the Town of Chupra, employed by the Magistrate of Sarun during the 14 *days ending Saturday, the* 13*th June* 1874.

Serial No. of work	Name of Work.	Length of road, &c.	Total number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Mean daily number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Number of persons employed on the last of the 14 days.				How long work is likely to give employment.	Rate of food-grain, per rupee.					Remarks.
			Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.		Rice.	Dál.	Gram.	Maize.	At what distance obtainable from the work.	
		C. Ft.														Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.		
1	Digging seral, serpentine tank, &c..	1,26,000 making bund, &c.	2,402	4,960	1,351	8,653	172	350	96	618	163	369	93	625	15 days ...	12½	13	18	16	Close to the works.	Three-fourths of the number employed belong to the ordinary laboring, and one-fourth to non-laboring classes.
2	Salempore tank	9,68,000	1,291	3,103	1,225	5,619	92	223	87	401	61	151	68	280	Ditto ...						
22	Tank near library bungalow ...	3,00,000	817	1,668	516	3,001	58	119	37	214	51	91	42	184	Ditto ...						
23	Ditto in post-office compound ...	3,00,000	524	981	370	1,855	37	69	26	132	13	23	1	36	Ditto ...						
24	Re-metalling main city road ...	1 mile ...	278	611	128	1,017	20	44	9	70	...	...	...	...	Completed ...						
26	Ditto Mission road ...	½ „ ...	734	1,532	404	2,670	52	109	29	190	37	74	10	121	2 weeks ...						
27	Ditto Telpa road	Ditto ...	823	1,222	320	2,365	59	87	23	169	47	71	15	133	Ditto ...						
	Total number employed ...	.....	6,869	13,997	4,314	35,180	490	1,000	307	1,797	373	778	229	1,379							Rate of wages paid for full work— As. P. To each man ... ... 1 6 „ woman ... ... 1 0 „ child ... ... 0 6 Total amount disbursed in wages during the fortnight, Rs. 1,647-1-0.

SARUN COLLECTORATE,
The 15*th June* 1874.

J. S. DRUMMOND,
Offg. Magistrate and Collector.

C.

Abstract Statement of Men, Women, and Children employed on Public Works in the District of Sarun during the 14 *days ending Saturday, the* 13*th June* 1874.

Serial Number of Works.	Name of Work.	Length of road, &c.	Total number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Mean daily number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Number of persons employed on the last of the 14 days.				How long work is likely to give employment.	Rate of food-grain per rupee.					Remarks.
			Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.		Rice.	Dál.	Gram.	Maize.	At what distance obtainable from the work.	
	Nawa bazar tank	.....	69	100	40	209	5	7	3	15	57	75	31	163	.....	... ...	.....	... ..	.	....	
	Khasari tank	.. .	1,545	2,492	1,128	5,165	110	178	81	369	27	60	28	115	....	....	.....	... .	..	... .	Rate of wages paid for full work— To each man ... .. „ woman ... .. „ child . ... } Paid in grain. Total amount disbursed in wages during the fortnight, Rs 353-8-6.
	Total number employed ..	.....	1,614	2,592	1,168	5,374	115	185	84	384	84	135	59	278	... ..	.....	.....	.....	...	.....	

(Countersigned.)

The 14*th June* 1874.

J. S. DRUMMOND,
Offg. Magte. and Collr., Sarun.

A. C. WRIGHT,
Sub-Divisional Officer of Sarun.

Abstract Statement of Men, Women, and Children employed on Relief Works undertaken by the Hutwa estate under the Court of Wards', in the district of Sarun, during the 14 days ending Wednesday, the 10th June 1874.

Serial number of work.	Name of work.	Total number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Mean daily number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Number of persons employed on the last of the 14 days.				Rate of food-grain per rupee.				Remarks
		Men	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women	Children	Total.	Rice.	Dál.	Gram	Maize	
1	28 Tanks in Tuppas Bhorey, Mareer, and Dhoboul	20,255	30,461	24,386	75,102	1,447	2,177	1,740	5,364	1,442	1,734	1,649	4,825	Seers.	Seers.	Seers.	Seers.	
2	6 Ditto in ditto by contract	.....	.....	.....	8,355	.....	.....	.....	597	...	..	...	784					
3	Ditto in ditto through village Thikadars																	
4	2 Ditto under Murniarah factory	557	2,043	2,506	5,106	39	146	179	364	46	80	157	283					
5	5 Ditto ditto Sreepore ditto	5,328	8,921	8,978	23,227	380	638	641	1,649	298	478	481	1,257					
6	7 Ditto ditto Churkia ditto	1,521	7,152	2,648	11,321	109	510	189	808	14	38	...	52					
7	1 Ditto ditto Jogapore ditto	1,028	926	582	2,536	73	66	42	181	69	57	21	147	11¼	14½	16	... ..	All on piece-work.
8	1 Ditto ditto Protabpore ditto	801	1,414	453	2,668	57	101	32	190	52	135	33	220					
9	17 Ditto in Tuppa Afrad	10,446	16,470	9,356	30,272	746	747	668	2,161	189	169	137	495					
10	13 Ditto in ditto Dhuguree	5,944	6,424	6,279	18,647	424	458	448	1,330	331	320	460	1,111					
11	6 Ditto in ditto Kurriat Insp.	412	320	529	1,261	66	53	88	209	62	49	78	189					Rate of wages paid for full work.
12	12 Ditto by other Thikedars	2,077	4,974	7,115	15,066	227	580	577	1,184	183	244	421	848					To each Man ... 6 to 9 pice } In most cases " " Woman 4 to 6 " } they are paid " " Child . 2 to 4 " } by cowries.
	1 Deepening fort moat at Hutwa	610	703	920	2,233	44	50	65	159	74	106	104	284					
	Total number employed	49 879	73,828	63,732	195,794	3,604	5,326	4,669	14,196	2,760	3,410	3,541	10,495					Total amount disbursed in wages during the fortnight, Rs. 9,373-5-9.

HUTWA,
The 13th June 1874.

(Countersigned.)
J. S. DRUMMOND,
Offg Magistrate and Collector.

H. G. HODGKINSON,
Manager, Court of Wards', Raj Hutwa.

C.—Abstract Statement of Men, Women, and Children employed on Public Works in the District of Sarun during the 14 *days ending Saturday, the* 13*th June* 1874.

Serial number of work.	Name of work.	Length of road, &c	Total number of persons employed during the 14 days				Mean daily number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Number of persons employed on the last of the 14 days.				How long work is likely to give employment.	Rate of food grain, per rupee.				At what distance obtainable from the work.	Remarks.
			Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.		Rice.	Dal.	Gram.	Maize.		
	TRIGOONANUND OOPADHIAH																				
1	Rewaree, pergunnah Bal, tank ...	.	6,001	554	200	6,755	429	40	14	483	428	39	19	486	.....	10 0	12 0	16 0	16 0	.....	Every caste of laborers are employed on the works.
2	Pokhurbhundah, ditto, ditto ..	...	1,001	699	67	1,767	71	50	5	126	74	49	9	132	.....	.	.....	.....	.....	.....	
3	Ditto, ditto, well ...	..	51	79	6	136	4	6	.....	10	5	2	5	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
4	Jokhooah, ditto, ditto ...	...	72	.....	.....	72	5	.....	.....	5	5	.....	.....	5	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
	OUDH BEEHAREE SARAN MISIR.																				
5	Adumpore, pergunnah Ander, tank ...	...	798	1,320	672	3,290	57	130	48	235	49	135	46	230	.....	10 0	11 0	16 0	16 0	2 miles	
6	Ditto, ditto, well ...	...	238	84	70	392	17	6	5	28	18	5	4	27	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
7	Gonthee Bunapur, tank ...	...	602	770	644	2,016	43	55	46	144	41	37	41	119	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
8	Ditto, ditto, well ...	...	196	84	70	350	14	6	5	25	13	9	4	26	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
9	Phurchoos, pergunnah Puchlukh, well ...	...	182	98	70	350	13	7	5	25	14	7	3	24	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
	SHEWA SHUNKER PERSHAD SAO																				
10	Bhada Khoord, pergh. Barai, well ...	...	126	113	29	268	9	8	2	19	4	10	2	26	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
11	Tulmanpore, ditto, ditto ...	...	95	29	19	143	7	2	2	11	12	5	4	21	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
	RAI BISHESUR NATH SAHAI.																				
12	Oodeypore, pergh. Churand, tank ...	...	601	870	567	2,038	43	62	41	146	40	55	35	130	.....	10 8	14 0	18 0	16 0	1 mile.	
13	Sadpore ditto, well ...	...	20	10	10	40	1	1	1	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
	CHUCKEE SURAN NARAIN SINGH.																				
14	Bal, Pergunnah Bal, tank ...	...	1,700	304	193	2,197	121	22	14	157	122	25	11	158	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
15	Siswun, pergh. Nurhun, well ..	...	171	2	.....	173	12	.....	.....	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	11 0	12 0	18 0	18 0	Siswan	Rate of wages paid for full work—
16	Ditto, ditto, tank ...	...	1,060	1,242	508	2,810	76	89	36	201	140	162	53	55	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	To each Man .. 1 anna to 3 as.
17	Ditto, ditto, embankment.	...	100	133	7	240	7	10	.....	17	14	20	1	35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	,, Woman 1 anna.
18	Tururwa, ditto, tank ...	...	555	805	277	1,637	40	57	20	117	69	95	33	197	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	,, Child .. 9 pies.
19	Belwar, ditto, ditto ...	..	656	648	559	1,893	37	46	42	135	83	82	79	244	...		.....	.....	.....	4 miles	Total amount disbursed in wages during the fortnight, Rs. 2,048-12 0.
	Total number employed ...	...	14,225	8,344	3,998	26,567	1,016	597	286	1,899	1,141	737	349	2,227	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	

SARUN MANAGER'S OFFICE,
The 16*th June* 1874.

(Countersigned,)
J. S. DRUMMOND,
Offg. Magistrate and Collector.

SYUD MAHOMED FUZL,
Manager.

No. 1915F., dated Motiharee, the 15th June 1874.

From—H. KEAN, ESQ., Collector of Chumparun,

To—The Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

I HAVE the honor to submit the fortnightly narrative of scarcity and relief, for the fortnight ending the 13th June 1874.

A.—STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

There has been rain, more or less general, throughout the district, and there is every appearance of the regular rainy season having now set in. The prospects of the district have greatly improved, and may now be looked upon as very satisfactory.

In the Motiharee sub-division, Mr. Oldham states that the effect of the rains, combined with the sale of Government grain, has been very marked. He gives the following table to exemplify this:—

	Rates prevailing last fortnight.	Present fortnight.
	Srs.	Srs.
Rice (cheapest) clean ...	... 11 ...	... 15
Wheat (coarse) ...	... 12 ...	... 12½
Barley	... 16 ...	... 17
Cheena	... 13 ...	... 13
Maize	... 13 ...	... 14
Gram	... 13 ...	... 14½
Oorid	... 13 ...	... 12
Moong	... 13 ...	... 14
Arhar	... 16 ...	... 16
Seed-rice	... 16 ...	... 19
Kodo	... None ...	... 20

At Ramgurwa (on the west of the sub-division), the best rice is selling at 11 seers, and coarse at 13, and all the above grains are abundant. The rice is not Government grain, but a part of those local stores, on the presence of which Mr. Oldham has all along insisted. In the north of the sub-division, the young rice plants are in some places some inches high, and the cultivators say that they could do without rain for a fortnight. South of the Shikrana there has not been so much rain, and the numbers on the works are still increasing.

"The country," Mr. Oldham says, "in this tract is higher, and agricultural operations will not be in full force till next month. The people here, moreover, have only now just reached the stage in which the population of the northern and rice-producing tract was two months ago."

Seed-grain, Mr. Oldham says, is as abundant as it was in Orissa, even in the second year of famine there (1867), and "all vague theories to account for a supposed deficiency of it here are vain. As every one who was in Orissa at the time knew, the stores existed; they were exposed up to the very last by each fresh theft, fire, or dacoity. The mistake made was in supposing that they were available for food. As his daily rice is to the laborer, so is his store of seed to the zemindar-mahajun, his most profitable capital, which he will only expend where he can literally reap the profits himself. If this was the case in Orissa where no mahajun system existed, it is still more so here, where that system is in full force."

From the Dhaka sub-division, Mr. Kilby writes: "Owing to the rain which has lately fallen every 4 or 5 five days, the young crops are progressing most satisfactorily; and as the people are doing their utmost to prepare their lands for rice, I conclude they either have seed in their possession, or have the means, and know where to procure it." Mr. Kilby had travelled all over his sub-division during the fortnight, and considers the condition of the people satisfactory. The mangoe crop is coming in, and there is not that wholesale robbery of the fruit that the owners of the orchards expected.

Food-grains of all kinds are said to be procurable in the "bazars." A considerable quantity of Burmah rice, Mr. Kilby reports, is finding its way into the markets adjoining Mr. Oldham's sub-division, and is selling for 13½ seers the rupee (presumed to be uncleaned). Some is also coming, it seems, from the Seetamurhee sub-division.

The public health remains, Mr. Kilby states, particularly good; indigo prospects have improved, and a large number of laborers are employed in weeding.

From the Gobindgunge sub-division, Mr. Weekes reports, that the prospects have improved wonderfully in consequence of the setting in of the rains, and the opening of the Government stores. Hitherto Mr. Weekes had been reserving his stock in order to encourage as much as possible private importations which had set in from Patna, Revelgunge, and

Hajipore. The early setting in of the rains has now, Mr. Weekes says, altered the state of affairs very materially, and it is now no longer urgently necessary to foster private trade, and there is no fear of underselling the traders. Rice from Patna of a fair sort was selling in some of the bazars at 13 seers, and another large bazar visited by Mr. Weekes, was abundantly supplied with grain from Motiharee, Revelgunge, Gobindgunge, &c. Prices have fallen considerably, "and there is an abundunt supply of food-grains in the bazars. Sowings have been carried out to a great extent; in fact the state of agricultural affairs has almost entirely changed in little more than one fortnight." This account of the prospects of the sub-division is decidedly, in my opinion, satisfactory. Mr. Weekes, however, takes a less favorable view of affairs. He says: "the state of the people is such, that I can not be certain what a day may bring forth, and at present the orders to introduce task-work as much as possible on relief works (and mine are almost entirely village works), are causing me much anxiety. I do not think it advisable to reduce relief works, rather the contrary. In spite of the introduction of task-work as much as possible, the numbers are increasing; about one-eighth of the whole population depend for their support, almost entirely on these works. The cultivators, especially the smaller ones, are very badly off, and extremely thin, not to say emaciated. I am giving loans in many mouzahs, as they are much required to enable the ryots to sow, while the mahajuns are either exhausted, or are strangely short-sighted waiting till the crops appear and give good promise." If Mr. Weekes' village relief system is complete, and advances of grain are freely given, there can be little danger in reducing the number of relief works, especially as prices have fallen, and the supply of food-grains is abundant. Indeed not to do so would undoubtedly cause the relief works to compete injuriously with the demand for field labor which ought now to exist. Mr. Weekes' attention has also been drawn to Circular No. 3667—S.R., dated 8th June, which especially provides for laborers who have no present means of subsistence.

From Bettiah, Mr. Samuells reports that the Government rice is being freely bought. The sales amount to about 6,000 maunds per week, and the demand is steady; private importation to a small extent had commenced. The condition of the people continues good; agricultural operations are going on briskly. The dhan crop is reported to be coming up well, and much waste land has been taken up. No difficulty had as yet been experienced as regards seed-grain. The following table shows the rates at which food-grains have been procurable.

No. 1, *Motiharee sub-division.*

	Seers.
Rice (cheapest clean)	15
Wheat, coarse	12½
Barley	17
Cheena	13
Maize	14
Gram	14½
Oorid	12
Moong	14
Arhur	16
Seed-rice	19
Kodo	20

No. 2, *Dhaka sub-division.*

	Seers.
Rice No. 1	9¾ to 10½
„ 2	11 to 12
Barley	15 to 16
Maize	14½ to 16½
Wheat	10 to 12½
Gram	14½ to 16
Peas	11¾ to 16½
Arhur	15 to 16
Cheena	14½
Kodo	25
Oorid	12½ to 15½

No. 3, *Gobindgunge sub-division.*

Not given.

No. 4, *Bettiah sub-division.*

Rice No. 1	8½ to 9½
„ 2	10 to 12
Maize	14 to 16
Barley	15 to 18
Wheat	12 to 14
Gram	14

B.—Relief Works.

The following is the list of relief works and the number of persons employed thereon.

Circle No. 1.

Name of work.	Men	Women.	Children.	Total.	Daily average
Motiharee to Katkenwa, sections Nos. 1 and 2	7,988	8,729	2,995	19,712	1,408
Narkatya to Lakhowra	4,084	6,081	1,261	11,426	879
Tank at—					
Lakhowra	2,194	3,058	565	5,817	464
Patchgachia	1,210	1,766	787	3,763	313
Bungra	1,352	1,654	41	3,047	254
Jathur	1,437	1,794	1,108	4,339	434
Jagirha	1,906	2,461	585	4,952	353
Repairing Hajeepore road	4,034	2,539	1,717	8,290	753
New road Godhra to Moduchupra	1,734	1,642	1,583	4,599	418
Motechary to Segowlee	3,530	4,166	1,572	9,268	662
Motechary to station road	2,248	3,384	740	6,372	1,274
Tank at—					
Segowlee	69	214	58	341	113
Bungura	262	790	286	1,338	223
Patchrooka	672	1,524	530	2,727	227
Chiknowta	1,109	2,844	1,111	5,064	422
Semrah	583	1,382	584	2,549	196
Road Segowle to Roxoul	15,118	13,654	7,097	35,869	2,562
Ramgurwa to Adapur	88,72	3,945	3,992	16,109	1,150
Bhowra to Roxoul	2,978	1,592	1,997	6,867	977
Tank at—					
Sessowrna, thas Ramgurwa	6,887	6,907	3,666	17,462	1,247
Sakhar	12,303	6,731	2,210	21,244	2,124
Luchmipore	985	1,548	551	3,084	440
Pushrampore	5,141	8,880	625	14,646	1,046
Sunkar Sarna	5,982	9,802	644	16,428	1,173
Segowlee Cantonment	2,300	11,628	5,322	19,250	1,480
Tank at—					
Narkatya	9,428	18,440	2,452	30,320	2,165
Purushlampore ...	5,116	7,715	1,169	14,000	1,000
Orya...	2,542	5,398	612	8,552	712
Chumarya	669	1,235	182	2,086	417
Korya or Moorthya	1,748	4,607	437	6,792	566
Chundermor	2,345	5,636	749	8,730	671
Mohowna	1,477	3,455	431	5,363	412
Shrepore or Moorthya	4,424	10,834	1,609	16,867	1,204
Jaysingpore	5,220	6,416	1,751	13,387	1,115
Road Sagson to Turkolea	16,642	18,090	8,205	42,937	3,578
Narkatya road	530	929	274	1,733	577
Motiharree town	7,336	6,061	111	13,508	964
Tank at—					
Pahlwra	7,346	5,145	650	13,141	938
Murthya	4,966	3,544	715	9,225	768
Total	... .	..... .	....	430,204	30,727

Circle No. 3.

Mutgobordhon tank	1,474	1,012	888	3,374	241
Bhooputpore tank	1,420	1,184	775	3,388	242
Rajpore road	963	901	376	2,240	160
Poorun Chupra road	2,139	1,839	1,516	5,516	394
Sarungpore road	434	.. ..	. ...	434	31
Hora Chupra tank...	1,144	677	515	2,338	167
Sambhoo Chuk tank . ..	1,042	671	569	2,282	163
Hossenne road	1,378	899	481	2,758	197
Machargamu tank	4,317	1,163	2,276	7,756	554
Road from Sutterghat to Gobindgunge ...	3,677	3,425	3,174	10,276	734
Road on Katuria	4,679	4,060	3,441	12,180	870
Road on Dilwarpore	5,302	2,235	1,109	6,706	479
Road from Byrea Dowlta	168	.....	... ..	168	12
Tank at—					
Tajpore	1,051	872	583	2,506	179
Tajpore Mona	3,351	2,633	1,926	7,910	565
Katurea tank	424	683	209	1,316	94
Belwa Madho tank	987	746	773	2,506	179
Ahrowlia tank	2,597	2,273	1,934	6,804	486
Bettiah Basunt tank	1,041	742	443	2,226	159
Gopee Chupra „	1,153	820	351	2,324	166
Patti Jassowlee „	2,646	3,307	1,985	7,938	567
Doomra tank	1,047	874	861	2,982	213
Thanuah Kesoria tank	874	536	256	1,666	119
Coergamma tank	1,147	753	462	2,362	168
Kytholea „	567	440	239	1,246	89
Bhutwa „	2,501	3,710	1,293	7,504	536
Ahunon Chupra tank	853	640	593	2,086	149
Bukree Mahesi	3,817	2,856	2,395	8,568	612
Khajooria tank...	1,452	873	965	3,290	235
Pursonah „	569	347	554	1,470	105
Nowton „	1,147	756	435	2,338	167
Chund Purea „	1,764	2,946	400	5,110	365

Circle No. 3.—(Continued.)

Name of work.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Daily average.
Dapwa tank	2,051	1,560	1,303	4,914	351
Road from Tirkowlia to Sungrampore	5,679	4,030	2,401	12,110	865
Bahowara Money tank	1,350	901	703	2,954	211
Rampoorwa tank	2,247	2,149	1,666	6,062	433
Jomoonah „	2,701	917	498	4,116	294
Julwah „	1,409	1,781	1,010	4,200	300
Khogoreah „	1,748	1,320	894	3,962	283
Pakhra „	2,801	2,195	1,570	6,566	469
Bungrah „	1,852	1,427	1,061	4,340	310
Walaha „	5,171	1,261	962	3,794	271
Barah „	1,151	899	512	2,562	183
Turruneah „	4,796	3,092	1,408	9,296	664
Symrah „	3,311	2,587	1,844	7,742	553
Kooawah „	2,413	1,922	1,503	5,838	417
Nagurgamu „	523	477	498	1,498	107
Banghat „	2,033	1,748	1,485	5,264	376
Mahooah „	2,276	1,803	1,381	5,460	390
Sectulpore „	2,715	2,234	1,729	6,678	477
Parur „	2,565	2,130	1,633	6,328	452
Sisawah Asage	1,821	1,513	712	4,046	289
Kola Belwa	2,732	1,815	927	5,474	391
Putkhowha	2,705	1,776	783	5,264	376
Bedhur tank	4,211	2,191	1,144	7,546	539
Beshonpore tank	5,703	1,714	745	8,162	583
Gownrah „	1,863	1,341	1,370	4,584	326
Burmudeah „	4,784	3,570	2,356	10,710	765
Siswa Bosunt	1,411	977	636	3,024	216
Chukea tank	3,921	1,743	580	6,244	446
Dhurne Chupra	1,612	1,009	1,495	4,116	294
Bhown Chupra road	2,044	2,948	1,140	6,132	438
Rannee Chupra tank	1,811	1,302	1,003	4,116	294
Purree tank	449	396	247	1,092	78
Burhurwa „	947	768	637	2,352	168
Kullyanpore „	5,833	3,677	1,522	11,032	788
Sorethpore „	11,102	8,563	6,025	25,690	1,835
Moharanee „	3,120	2,356	1,293	6,748	482
Deccaha „	4,271	3,984	3,547	11,802	843
Ramgur „	3,513	2,729	1,486	7,728	552
Seetacoond „	3,562	4,597	1,929	10,088	692
Kotwa „	3,514	2,707	1,801	8,022	573
Modhorapore tank	2,346	1,792	1,238	5,376	384
Wochedeb „	318	238	205	756	54
Mohunda „	2,072	3,541	603	6,216	444
Jagerha „	1,807	1,213	620	3,640	260
Siswah Putun	3,717	2,019	298	6,034	441
Sagur Choramun	1,567	1,090	633	3,290	235
Bullubpore tank	1,343	967	476	2,786	199
Tajpore tank	1,426	987	723	3,136	224
Sekunderpore tank	1,927	1,601	1,302	4,830	345
Gunesh Sersa	745	664	537	1,946	139
Burhurwa tank	2,847	1,968	1,933	6,748	482
Burwa tank	1,711	945	1,040	3,696	264
Jamoonapore tank	1,387	1,361	1,158	3,906	279
Manonpore tank	1,411	1,207	1,092	3,710	265
Total	...	.....	...	539,468	39,962

Circle No. 2.

Moteehary to Dhaka	20,320	13,736	7,162	41,218	2,944
Dhaka to Purneya	17,040	12,126	5,470	34,642	2,474
„ north-east boundary	360	270	142	772	55
Pakree to Seeraha	2,458	2,411	1,092	5,961	425
Parezwa to Itwaghut	10,189	9,777	3,803	23,769	1,698
Chyta to Seeraha	3,650	3,735	723	8,108	579
Modhubunghat	2,781	2,864	1,078	6,723	480
Seeraha Ferry to Packree	1,229	1,194	315	2,738	195
Ghorashan to Kul Kenwa	14,513	12,033	6,145	32,691	2,335
Purneya to Tilhara	17,662	10,584	4,989	33,255	2,375
Dhaka to Pureywa	2,846	1,673	947	5,466	390
Modhubun to Seeraha	5,007	2,185	1,406	8,598	614
Seeraha to Barrah	9,294	5,632	2,225	17,151	1,225
Modhubun to Pathai	2,096	1,817	1,185	5,098	364
Pattahi to Modhubun	3,741	3,142	507	7,390	527
Meshi and Katahaghat	1,425	1,031	789	3,245	238
Pattahi and Puddum Kaur	11,818	6,485	2,366	20,669	1,476
„ and Dhaka	6,131	5,672	1,552	13,255	947
Juman and Seeraha	6,500	2,621	627	9,748	696
Dhaka and Bholwaghat	21,855	11,076	4,262	37,193	2,656
Chytaghat and Pattahi	2,995	10,853	195	14,043	1,003
Dhaka and Pudum Kaur	26,494	9,430	3,670	39,594	2,828
Gunduck crossing	8,589	6,314	5,779	20,682	1,477
Pepra Bridge	2,119	1,702	1,809	5,630	402
Bandar tank	951	540	743	2,234	159
Misrowlia tank	6,071	2,811	2,768	11,130	795
Barasunker tank	871	472	364	1,707	122
Champapur tank	620	404	365	1,389	99

Circle No. 2.—(Continued.)

Name of work.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Daily average.
Bhugbutpore tank	4,932	2,344	1,431	8,707	622
Khanazudnuggur tank	547	199	192	938	67
Seemra tank	689	242	223	1,154	82
Suswa Mungul tank	647	198	190	1,035	74
Surata tank	4,102	1,943	1,571	7,616	544
Meerpore tank	253	1,146	671	2,270	162
Mohowha tank	68	318	159	545	39
Gohre tank	140	698	347	1,185	84
Rampore tank	108	558	282	948	67
Lulchmeepore tank	50	651	322	1,023	73
Depy tank	46	242	121	409	29
Modhoopore tank	193	605	303	1,101	78
Bynathpore tank	140	747	368	1,255	90
Muttea tank	220	1,315	677	2,212	158
Bara Joyram tank	86	716	358	1,160	82
Kurtarree tank	36	482	241	759	54
Rampore (Baritolah)	346	1,567	781	2,694	192
Hurvarah tank	406	414	358	1,178	84
Jhecktya tank	1,368	1,742	1,602	4,712	337
Rajapore tank	1,953	3,515	1,251	6,719	479
Koosh tank	598	344	308	1,250	89
Nukurdewah tank	2,418	2,125	1,508	6,051	432
Bhowara tank	708	513	446	1,665	119
Barramungeroo tank	1,809	1,301	837	3,447	246
Selimpore tank	2 342	30,35	2,967	8,344	596
Bhowanpore tank	1,234	980	736	3,077	219
Nemoia tank	504	445	116	1,065	76
Semri tank	989	123	97	1,209	86
Bhowanipore tank	810	.....	.....	810	58
Bhatinia tank	1,641	1,844	439	3.924	280
Gidowna tank	1,695	12,81	315	3,291	235
Munjerwah tank	1,365	142	263	1,770	126
Shaikhownah tank	2,257	912	248	3,417	244
Champapore tank	1,177	635	399	1,211	86
Jitwaha tank	285	231	206	722	51
Bhogwanpoora tank	434	247	307	988	70
Burhurwa tank	210	113	220	543	38
Kurhumea tank	728	517	600	1,845	131
Dewapore tank	439	306	272	1,017	72
Bahulabpore tank	239	171	198	608	43
Nurkuteah tank	357	229	165	751	53
Putelpukri tank	630	.....	.....	630	45
Poddomkair tank	420	.....	.....	420	30
Poddomkair Factory tank	1,040	785	675	2,500	178
Bokanay Puthee tank	460	222	203	885	63
Sona Gopal tank	2,266	1,671	1,018	4,955	354
Bessunpore Dulput tank	691	450	826	1,967	140
Modhorapore tank	2,109	1,156	1,121	4,386	313
Rajeypore tank	719	428	1,275	2,422	173
Situlpatty tank	1,496	585	499	2,580	184
Jodoopore tank	639	351	317	1,307	93
Kurseah tank	1,385	741	482	2,608	187
Jehooley tank	2,013	1,636	1,712	5,361	383
Roopohara tank	736	360	255	1,351	96
Bokaney Kullan tank	1,881	1 372	721	3,974	283
Bokaney Khord tank	3,937	3,001	1,260	8,198	585
Pepra Korumdad tank	2,376	896	1,080	4,342	310
Burhurwa tank	918	364	198	1,480	105
Doomry Bujoo tank	370	210	367	947	67
Hurriarna tank	1 007	789	393	2,188	156
Srowna tank	590	344	534	1,468	105
Kooduria tank	1,240	588	521	2 349	167
Balabanjoo tank	2,432	1,520	1,060	5,012	422
Mulkowneah tank	899	585	388	1,872	133
Chyta tank	423	570	156	1,140	82
Mohamadah tank	531	796	702	2,029	145
Hossainpoor chuttu road	897	939	408	2,244	160
Fazutpoor road	160	122	107	389	27
Humarpoor to Koosh	868	277	292	1,437	102
Modoosh to Mahomedpore village road	389	213	109	711	51
Koosh road	199	94	111	404	28
Narsenpore road	289	347	214	850	60
Quarguneah road	430	147	139	716	51
Suhobazeah road	86	4	4	94	7
Tatereah road	144	66	71	281	20
Rajapoor road	85	8	26	119	8
Nukurdeah road	121	94	29	244	17
Employed on Government golahs	2,589	.....	.....	2,589	185
Total	.....	.....	.....	587,155	41,939

Circle No. 4.

Bishoonpoora Dhoomnagore Jomoonia and Hurdyputty tank.	10,505	19,348	5,140	34,993	2,495
Lallgurh tank	1,088	2,498	1 168	5,354	382
Woopadhea Tollah tank	1,837	3,786	1,122	6,745	482

Circle No. 4.—(Continued.)

Name of work.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Daily average.
Sukhownah tank	2,637	457	710	3,804	271
Muthea ,, ...	556	1,097	247	1,900	136
Tilawa ,, ...	1,262	1,908	533	3,703	264
Kuttyah ,, ...	688	798	256	1,742	124
Lalsuriah road	1,604	2,389	779	4,862	347
Beybuneea ,, ...	1,740	2,066	498	4,304	307
Donwar ,, ...	1,026	1,352	535	2 913	208
Sehorwah ,, ...	1,434	1,370	479	3,283	235
Lukimpore ,, ...	1,145	1,835	655	3,655	261
Burwah ,, ...	1,143	1,912	685	3,740	267
Serookuheah ,, ...	1,716	3,559	1,143	6,418	458
Rajghat	18,588	23,397	9,305	51,290	3,663
Ghora tank	1,678	3,560	476	5,714	408
Lagonaha ,, ...	2,088	2,872	596	5,556	396
Jubdoul ,, ...	798	1,066	166	2,030	145
Bessumberpore ,, ...	1,902	2,772	720	5,394	385
Lahuriah	1,104	2,046	244	3,394	242
Tangrahee road	13,912	15,452	5,218	34,582	2,327
Chandputtea ,, ...	4,096	9,778	1,958	15,832	1,130
Bugaha ,, ...	6,216	10,978	3,600	20,794	1,485
Burwat tank	7,870	10,176	1,690	19,736	1,409
Lowriah and Shikerpore	214	332	120	666	47
,, and Ramnuggur	54	180	18	252	18
,, and Churhuree road	2,122	2,970	1,686	6,778	484
Churhuree and Pursa road	3,814	8,786	1,350	13,950	925
Segowlee road	64	124	80	268	19
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	222,659	15,904

Circle No. 5, daily average, 11,949.

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.
Lower Gunduk embankment	30,798	502	1,104	32,404
Upper Gunduk not received—				
The grand total number of persons employed is ...			...	1,811,890
The daily average is			...	141,369

In the Moteeharee sub-division, work has been reserved on the existing roads which will give employment to the end of the rains. Mr. Oldham writes on this head:—

"In my tour last week in the north of this sub-division, I took measures for rendering the work as unattractive as possible by renducing the rates, ordering occasional issues of other grain than rice, and other means suited to the exigencies of the different places. As task-work must now necessarily stop almost entirely, the work for the rains being generally turfing, dressing, and such patch-work, the rates may sink to the merest pittance. To provide for this change I have extended and relaxed my system of charitable relief."

The laborers are all paid in grain for six days in the week, and in pice on Sundays. The numbers on the works in this sub-division have not as yet decreased, nor have they done so in the Dhaka and Gobindgunge sub-divisions.

In the Bettiah and Ramnuggur divisions, however, a marked decrease has taken place. The workmen are paid throughout the district in grain, except every seventh day, when they receive pice. The High Level Canal has been commenced in the neighbourhood of Bugaha (Ramnuggur sub-division), and gives employment to about 3,000 persons daily.

As the work will not pass through one of the chief rice-growing tracts (Ramnuggur), and one which of all others, is the most subject to a deficiency of water-supply, its usefulness will be much curtailed, and the expediency of constructing it at all seems questionable, as it will involve a vast outlay (crossing as it does the water-shed of the country at right angles), and affording, it seems to me, but a very limited amount of benefit.

The irrigation officers are, however, best able to judge in the matter, and I presume they have fully considered the question.

C.—Transport of Grain.

Private importations continue to be made in the Gobindgunge, Dhaka, and Bettiah sub-divisions, but are not so brisk, it is reported, as in the previous fortnight, owing probably to the setting in of the rains, and the consequent heavy state of the roads. The rivers will, however, shortly rise, and fresh supplies will probably be imported. The bazars are all said to be well supplied, and prices have fallen.

D.—Storage of Grain.

All the sub-divisions except Dhaka have their full allotments, and on a further inspection of the grain accounts, it is clear that the full amount allotted to this district has been received, and that the impression that the despatches were short by a lakh of maunds, is incorrect. Three out of the five sub-divisions have, it turns out, received more than their allotted amount, and more than was at first known, and the surplus will, if required, be transferred to the Dhaka sub-division.

The disbursement of Government grain is shewn below, and a subjoined statement gives the information required by Circular No. 3369—S.R., dated the 26th May.

No. 1, *Motiharee sub-division.*

Up to date of last return. Mds.	Srs.	Ch.			During the Fortnight. Mds.	Srs.	Ch.
36,791	9	5	...	To laborers	29,101	5	1
				To the public	38,858	19	14
				Charity	2,183	10	11
				Advances	7,539	16	10
				No. 2, *Dhaka sub-division.*			
27,572	21	10½	...	To laborers	10,765	37	3
				To the public	361	24	12
				Charity	266	12	12
				Advances	149	33	8
				No. 3, *Gobindgunge sub-division.*			
7,991	12	8	...	To laborers	14,816	26	1
				To the public	610	17	4
				Charity	754	38	8
				Advances	838	21	0
				No. 4, *Bettiah sub-division.*			
21,582	16	8	...	To laborers	8,511	29	0
				To the public	24,886	24	0
				Charity	3,765	38	0
				Advances	64	20	0
				No. 5, *Ramnuggur sub-division.*			
35,145	20	0	...	To laborers	2,837	0	0
				To the public	6,405	0	0
				Charity	443	0	0
				Advances	5,102	0	0
				To laborers	66,032	0	0
				To the public	71,122	0	0
	Total		...	Charity..	7,413	0	0
				Advances	13,694	0	0
				Upper Gunduk sold up to date	4,346	0	0
				Grand Total ..	1,62,607	14	4

In the Motiharee sub-division as already reported, sales of grain have been going on without restriction. It is sold at all the golahs at the rate of 11 seers for clean rice to the public, and at 12 seers to relief committees and laborers. The sales, Mr. Oldham reports, have everywhere sensibly declined within the fortnight. This he at first attributed to the large quantities already issued on the works and to the public; to the expectation of advances being given on the largest scale; and also that the rates would fall. The state of the bazar, however, is now quite enough to account for it. The anticipated rush on the frontier golahs at Addapore and Kutkenwa, has not taken place, the sales at both these golahs having been, on the contrary, inconsiderable. The largest issues have been from the golahs at Sripore and Lukowra, both of which Mr. Oldham has had to replenish. These golahs are on the borders of the Dhaka sub-division, and the bulk of the grain expended from them, has been imported thither.

The principle on which sales have been conducted (i.e., without any restrictions), has been separately reported, and orders solicited. The effect of these sales has been to supply the bazars freely, and they have now, as stated above, declined.

In the Dhaka and Gobindgunge sub-divisions, the sales to the public have not been on so large a scale, but are going on briskly in the Bettiah and Ramnuggur sub-divisions. In Ramnuggur, Mr. Howe is carrying out a scheme to effectually provide for any possible outbreak of distress in the rains.

The scheme consists in having several "small and well-selected reserve storage sites," so that sales of grain may be extended at any moment in the interior, to meet all demands for charitable requirements, and to make further advances. According to this arrangement each large tuppa will have four centres, and each small one two; small supplies of grain will be stored at these centres, and kept on the zemindar's security. Should these stores run out they can be replenished by means of pack-bullocks and ponies, which are easily obtainable. The system will be supervised by the tehsildary and group officers. The reserve golahs will be constantly visited by the tehsildars and sub-inspectors, and the distribution made in their presence, and on their responsibility. This arrangement, combined with the large tuccavee advances already made, and to be made, will, Mr. Howe considers, effectually provide against any unforeseen outbreak of distress.

E.—Advances to Private Persons.

About 5,000 maunds have been advanced in the Motiharee sub-division under the system fully described in the last narrative. These advances will be completed within the month Baboo Doorgaprosad of Mudhoobunnee has purchased 3,000 maunds of Government grain for his ryots, in Mr. Oldham's division, and consented to distribute 1,500 more in Mr. Kilby's. Messrs. McQueen, Begg, and Edwards have received advances and made considerable loans to their ryots, and many petty maliks have received advances for the same purpose; the Bettiah Raj has also promised to stand security for 8,000 maunds in this sub-division, and for 5,000 in Gobindgunge. In the latter sub-division Messrs. Macleod of Pipra, Gibbon of Tirkowlia, and Shaw of Rajpore, have all given great assistance in the distribution of loans of grain to the people, by taking advances from Government for that purpose. In the Bettiah sub-division, a few zemindars have taken advances of grain during the fortnight, and Mr. Hudson of Parsa factory, is making considerable advances to the ryots of that circle.

The following sums have been expended under this head during the fortnight:—

1.	For storage of grain	Nil.
2.	Assistance to ryots	7,215
3.	Land Improvement	1,058

The total amount expended up to date under these heads is—

		Rs.	A.	P.
1.	... ...	1,39,000	0	0
2.	... ...	1,70,954	0	0
3.	... ...	76,355	0	0

F.—Charitable Relief.

The subjoined table will show the numbers who receive relief under this head, and I have nothing to add to what has been reported in former narratives. This form of relief will probably have to be largely extended during the rains, as out-door relief work must inevitably be curtailed, and with this view Mr. Oldham is placing small stores of grain in villages liable to be isolated by the floods, and Mr. Howe as already described, has commenced a similar system in his district. Mr. Howe's report has not yet been received. Its non-arrival, has, I am sorry to say, been occasioned by Mr. Howe's illness, which has been brought about by exposure to the weather. It will be forwarded on receipt.

G.—Financial Results of the Fortnight.

Total expenditure from the district and subordinate treasuries, as shown in the last narrative, full details of which were therein given, Rs. 22,62,096-7-10.

Expenditure during the fortnight under report:—

				Rs.	A.	P.
Relief Works.						
Executive Engineer, East Chumparun				34,294	0	0
Mr. Weekes				9,000	0	0
Baboo Woodit Sing				300	0	0
Total ...				43,594	0	0
Charitable Relief.						
Mr Oldham	110	0	0			
Dr. Cullen	100	0	0			
				210	0	0
Establishment, &c.						
Under Colonel Boulderson	86	0	0			
„ Mr Howe	453	1	9			
„ „ Oldham	660	4	6			
„ „ Weekes	1,087	5	1			
„ the Collector for pay of sweepers ...	21	0	0			
Famine establishment at the Sudder station ...	214	0	0			
Pay of Gokoolkissen Singh	200	0	0			
				2,721	11	4
Construction of Golahs.						
Baboo Juggeshur Singh, Sub-Deputy Collector	241	15	0			
				241	15	0
Assistance to Ryots.						
Nursing Persad Tewary	4,500	0	0			
Hursurungeer	190	0	0			
Luchmun Chowdary	150	0	0			
Jogomohun Messur	2,000	0	0			
Kallypersad	375	0	0			
				7,215	0	0
Land improvement				1,058	0	0
Grand total to end of fortnight				23,17,137	2	2

Statement showing the number of persons receiving charitable relief.

Where or by whom relieved.	Number of persons relieved.
Ramgurwa	110
Sugaon	79
Surkoliah	108
Motiharee Factory	156
By relief inspector of northern part of sub-division No. I ...	169
By relief inspector of southern part of sub-division No. I ...	13
By Duhosoho committee	123
Motiharee town...	1,827
,, poor-house	674
,, hospital	27
Ramgurwa division	42
* Dhaka sub division, home relief	1,478
At relief centres	2,325
On account of spinning cotton	105
† Gobindgunge sub-division	2,616
Bettiah	1,023
Loharia	429
Dhookraha	621
Lalsariah	57
Munpore	223
Putjeerwa	296
Pursah	978
Bettiah poor-house	130
Ramnuggur	2,055
Total ...	15,664

Crime Return.

Dacoity—		
Heading Nos. 30 and 41 of Part I	1872	2
	1873	3
	1874	1
Robbery—		
Heading Nos. 32 and 33 of Part I	1872	0
	1873	0
	1874	0
Theft, excluding cattle-theft—		
Heading No. 43 ...	1872	14
	1873	16
	1874	24
House-breaking—		
Heading Nos. 35 and 36 ...	1872	27
	1873	29
	1874	46
Total ...	1872	43
	1873	48
	1874	71

* No details received.

† No details received.

Statement shewing the Storage of Government Grain in the District of Chumparun on the date nearest to the 13th June, for which returns may be available.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Name of Sub-division.	Date for which figures are given	Total allotment of Government grain	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of transport.	Total quantity of Government Grain consumed up to date					Estimated grain receipts of the ensuing fortnight.	Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight	Remarks
				By sale to public or laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape	By advances to ryots.	By payments in kind to laborers	Total			
		Mds	Mds S C.	Mds S C	Mds S. C	Mds	Mds. S. C.	Mds S C	Mds	Mds.	
I—Motiharee . .	11th June 1874	1,55,000	1,48,722 0 0	38,858 19 14	2,183 10 11	7,539 16 10	29,101 5 1	77,682 12 4	2,000	50,000	
II—Dhaka .	11th „ „ ...	2,10,000	1,10,968 0 0	361 24 12	266 12 12	149 33 8	10,765 37 3	11,543 28 3	15,000	1,000	
III.—Gobingunge	13th „ „ ..	1,24,000	1,34,864 0 0	610 17 4	754 38 8	838 21 0	14,816 26 1	17,020 22 13	Nil	15,500	
IV.—Bettiah	11th „ „ ..	1,11,000	1,28,334 21 0	24,886 24 0	3,765 38 0	64 20 0	8,511 29 0	37,229 1 0	Nil	10,000	
V.—Ramnuggur	. ...	2,50,000	....	.....	..... .	. ..	.. ...	..	.....	. .	
Upper Gunduk	10th „ „ ..	1,50,000	14,44,724 0 0	4,346 0 0	.....	..	.	4,346 0 0	... ..		
	Total .	10,00,000	6,67,612 21 0	69,063 5 14	6,970 19 15	8,592 11 2	63,195 27 5	1,47,821 24 4	17,000	76,500	

No. 1942F., dated Champarun, the 18th June 1874.

From—H. KEAN, Esq., Collector of Champarun,

To—The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Dept.

IN continuation of this office No 1915F, dated the 15th June 1874, I have the honor to submit Mr Howe's narrative for the week ending 13th June which has just come to hand The delay in its submission has been caused (as stated in my narrative), by a severe attack of rheumatic fever, which rendered Mr Howe physically unable to write the report.

2. The account given by Mr. Howe of the present state of the sub-division and its prospects, is on the whole very encouraging. The spontaneous decrease in the numbers on the relief works, and the return of the people to "their ordinary occupations" is very satisfactory. It is also satisfactory to learn that the supply of seed-grain is not so limited as Mr Howe at first thought The provision of 25,000 maunds made by Government, is on its way to Ramnuggur, and should by this time have arrived.

Narrative of Scarcity and Relief for the fortnight ending 13th June 1874, for the Ramnuggur sub-division.

A.—CONDITION OF THE PEOPLE.

During the last fortnight heavy rain has fallen throughout the sub-division; in fact it seems as if the regular rains had set in. In consequence of this, the people have commenced field-work, and (as will subsequently be shown), the numbers on our works have very largely decreased Fields are everywhere being ploughed; sowings have also commenced, and there is in consequence a marked improvement in the condition of the people. The decrease in numbers on our works was spontaneous, and this, I think, is a very good sign. In order, however, not to compete with agricultural labor, I, immediately after the rainfall, reduced our rates, and this had a beneficial effect. At present the laborers consist chiefly of women and children, for whom, however, field-work will soon become available.

There will, I fear, be a deficiency of seed-grain, even for the bhadoi crop; a deficiency of probably about one-third in certain localities. We have, with Commissioner's sanction, determined to make no cash advances for seed-grain, *first*, because such advances could not increase the quantity of seed-grain in the sub-division, but would only affect its distribution; and *secondly*, because if advances in cash were made at all, every one applying would have to receive, there being no time for very detailed enquiries. The plan of obtaining seed-grain from Nepal has, I regret to say, failed, because as soon as it became known that seed-grain was required in this part of the country, the Nepalese raised their prices, so that it became impossible for the planters who were willing to take advances, to import except at a loss. Neither would it have been of any use under these circumstances to purchase for Government. Another reason why the price of seed-grain rose so much in Nepal, in the district of Mewulpore, was because other distressed districts in Nepal made large indents for seed-grain on that district. Still I think a certain amount of seed-grain from Nepal has found its way to the northern tuppahs, about which I feel less anxious In the east also, I am glad to be able to report that there is more seed-grain for the bhadoi than I had anticipated, and it was more from the deep-rooted impression (both on the part of ryots and holders of seed-grain), that Government would make cash advances, that the seed has hitherto been withheld. We have throughout endeavoured to impress on the people that no cash advances would be made for seed-grain; that if our grain arrived in time it would be sold or advanced as tuccavee, but that under all circumstances the people must do their best in this matter for themselves. To the very last, however, they would not believe this, but now that they see we are firm, and that there is no seed-grain in our stores, they are, I am glad to say, exerting themselves, and we may therefore hope that the deficiency will only be confined to a few localities, and that generally there will be more than we had anticipated. The north and east (the latter including the south-eastern tuppahs) will be best off; the deficiency will be most in the Ramnuggur circle (*i.e.*, tuppahs Chungwan, Jamoulee, Chankee and Deorar, and to a lesser extent in Bassura also).

For the Aghanee crop, there will probably be still less seed, as it proved an almost entire failure; but when the time for sowing comes, the 25,000 maunds promised will have arrived, and we shall be comparatively safe.

During the fortnight, the Sanitary Commissioner (Dr. Coates), visited Ramnuggur, and inspected the people receiving relief work at our poor-house, the patients in hospital and the town of Ramnuggur. He also examined a few villages near Ramnuggur. His report has been forwarded separately, but as it throws considerable light on the condition of the people, I think a few extracts will not be out of place.

Writing of the town of Ramnugger, Dr. Coates remarks: "The town is evidently becoming depopulated; the people are thin and squalid looking; and there is a conspicuous absence of children. There are many huts in ruins, and no new ones are being built. Of the 126 recipients of relief at the poor-house, 80 were emaciated, and of the children, 11 were anasarcous, distinctly the result of scarcity. Two of the sick in hospital had that day died from dysentery,—one a young, the other a middle aged man. The hospital records

show 40 per cent. admissions from fever, 12 per cent. from diarrhœa, and 9 per cent. from dysentery I went through two of the villages to the east of Ramnuggur to see the tank-workers. As the morning had been so rainy, a few only were present. I found three out of 15 of these in a state of anœmia. I expect many other villages further off than these are in a worse state of health. Doubtless, this is largely due to the fever and spleen enlargement which are here endemic. Nevertheless a week's short rations or inferior food would be fatal to a great many. On my return here (Bettiah), I inspected *en route* the workers at the Soobya tank, and those at Loureah, and on the Pursa road. The nearer I got to Bettiah, the healthier the people were. All officers in charge of centres have reported the absence of epidemics ; also that cattle are free from disease."

This description of the condition of the poor receiving relief at the Ramnuggur poor-house applies to all those to whom charity is given in the sub-division, for the 126 examined by Dr Coates were but samples of the rest, and by no means the worst conditioned. Small-pox is not noticed by the Sanitary Commissioner ; but the omission seems accidental, as it has been, and still is, very severe, though it has decreased slightly since the rainfall. Colonel Boulderson reports that the health of the people in the eastern circle is generally good, and this is also the case in the west, from which I have just returned. The most sickly part is the central circle, and the whole sub division is very unhealthy in August and September.

Price-currents.

The following are the prices prevailing in the eastern circle :—

Names of places.	Rice.	Dâl, oorid.	Gram.	Jhow, Bhoota.	Wheat.	Barley.
	Seers.		Seers.		Seers.	Seers.
Bhowra ...	8 and 9	.....	13¾	.....	12	16
Chunpurteah ...	8½	11½	13	.....	.....	.....
Loureah ...	9 to 11	12⅛	14	16	13	17

In this circle rice can still be obtained, but at high prices, and not in large quantities. In Ramnuggur no rice can be obtained except Government rice. Dâl (oorid) is selling at 10½ seers, and atta 8½; gram (hardly procurable), 13 ; gehum, 12½ ; makai, 14. All these grains are, however, obtainable in small quantities, and both here and in the west the people depend almost entirely upon Government grain. No price list has been received lately from Bugaha, owing probably to the rise of the rivers ; but having lately returned from Bugaha, I have ascertained that Ramnuggur prices and those prevailing at Bugaha are nearly equal, and that grain of all kinds are not easily procurable. Under circular No. , dated the various markets will be watched, and should any importation take place, the procedure laid down in that circular will be adopted.

Sales of Government Grain.—There has been a decrease in sales by 829 maunds 33 seers during this as compared with the last fortnight. The reason of this appears to be the large payments in kind on our works. Hitherto bunniahs who had purchased our grain supplied our laborers, and these sales were treated as "sales to the general public." Some laborers receive payment in kind ; they have neither the means nor the incentive to purchase, and hence necessarily there must be a slight diminution in the amount sold. But this does not, I think, show that our grain is in less demand, or that sales have in reality fallen off, for the amount sold is large, and the decrease such as must necessarily follow the introduction of payment in kind.

B.—Relief Works.

The statement sent with this report shows that our daily average has fallen from 31,880 to 11,949, *i.e.*, it shows a reduction of nearly two-thirds. This very satisfactory result, viz., the *spontaneous* diminution in the numbers on our works is, I think, due in a great measure to the large tuccavee advances we have made. A large proportion of our laborers are cultivators, who but for advances would have had no means of subsistence while preparing their fields. Colonel Boulderson, referring to this subject writes:—"The greater portion of the people have returned to their ordinary occupations, and a more settled state of things is fast replacing the anxiety and bustling for relief-employment which lately prevailed here. Advances of grain have everywhere been pushed on, and this, with the free disposal of rice through all the bazars, has had the effect of enabling cultivators to subsist while engaged in field-work. Our attendance has decreased to our normal standard before the great crowding on our works began in April.

These remarks, which apply to the whole sub-division, correctly describe, I think, the exact position of affairs. In Ramnuggur the distress reached its height in March; in Shikarpore in April. Before this the cultivating classes had not resorted to our works in large numbers; it was only when distress had reached a certain point that they were compelled to work. Now our works show the usual attendance before the distress among the cultivating classes was severely felt. But as during the time they worked they had no means of subsistence except their wages (as was shown on several occasions), they could not

at the commencement of the rains have left the works unless some provision had been made for them. This, however, had been done by the advance system, and the free disposal of rice, and the consequence is that our works have naturally diminished, and that the people have been able to "return to their ordinary occupations."

Payments have now everywhere been made in kind, and the measure has been very successful.

Those who now attend our works are either women and children belonging chiefly to the cultivating classes, or those who in ordinary times subsist by labor. For the former, work in the fields will be found very soon when weeding operations commence; the latter will require help more or less throughout the rainy season A good many of those also will find employment in the fields, but we shall continue our works for those of all classes who may still for any reason remain on our hands. To prevent competing with agricultural labor, I have reduced our rates, and this has had a beneficial result. With the Commissioner's sanction we have made arrangements to pay rations for any days when, from a continuance of the rain, work is impossible, and when those who have nothing but labor to look to will be without employ. It is, however, anticipated that a still larger reduction will take place, and that provision of this nature will have to be made for a few only.

D

The following statement shews the amount of grain now actually stored in our golahs :—

	Mds	S.	C.
Ramnuggur	86,741	36	0
Bugaha	77,094	21	12
Harnatur	15,049	27	0
Chankee	6,922	8	12
Chamardeeha	8,426	3	0
Shikarpore and Bhoura	23,782	20	4
Total ..	2,18,016	36	12

E.—Advances to Assamees.

These have nearly been completed, and all distributions will be made before the heavy rains set in. During the fortnight we distributed 5,102 maunds, and there now remains only a small amount to be distributed, both under the Rajah's security and in other estates.

From the beginning we have advanced 21,207 maunds 18 seers 6 chittacks, and this large amount, distributed in every part of the sub-division, will go far to help the people through till the next crop is taken. In addition to the advances made by Mr Gibbon, I think this provision has been ample, and what remains is chiefly a balance under the Rajah of Ramnuggur's security. Some advances are made payable by instalments under circular No 481, and in order to have grain available in the interior during the rains, I have drawn up a scheme under which a sufficient supply will be kept in every tuppah in the custody and on the security of responsible zemindars. This will also guard us against any sudden outbreak of distress, and will be available for charitable purposes or for sales, should it be necessary to extend these in the interior.

The Commissioner in his late tour approved of this scheme.

Charitable Relief.—Special Report under section 5, Circular No. 3216—S.R

Heading (b).—The number of recipients of charitable relief amounts now to 2,000 a day. These are persons so reduced by starvation and sickness, or so old and decrepit, that they cannot support themselves by work, and but for the assistance they have received from the charitable committee, the majority of them must have perished. When I came to Ramnuggur in January, their condition was pitiable, though then there were fewer, and even now, though they have been fed for some months, (and to me their condition seems much improved), Dr. Coates, Sanitary Commissioner, and others who have lately visited Ramnuggur, were much struck with their miserable appearance. Assistance in various ways besides food had to be given to many of these unfortunates. Women with little children they had not the strength to nurse, had to be fed with more nutritious diet than ordinary rice and dâl; children were often so weak that they could not digest their food, while many who came half-naked had to be clothed. All these wants have been fully met by the sub-division committee, and the sub-committees at Shikharpore and Bugaha. The expenditure therefore under heading (*b*) included the following detail :—1st, regular rations, *i.e.*, rice, dâl, and salt; 2nd, special diet for those too weak to be able to digest ordinary rations.

The latter were especially necessary both in the cold season, (*i.e.*, well into the middle of March) and at the beginning of the rains.

Besides the poor-houses, we have charitable centres, which I have increased to 14 The statement attached to this report shows the amount of grain used for charitable relief, the money value, the average number relieved, and the amount spent in cash Of course there are always those who stay for a short time and then go to other places. Thus lately we have given relief to 80 starving persons who came from Gorukpore in a most pitiable condition, while a good many came from Nepal. The daily average, however, has now for some time been about 2,000. I think the number will increase, as the rainy season is very trying, and as many must necessarily be out of employ.

II. *Heading* (*c*).—Employment for paupers who cannot go to our relief works is, to as large an extent as possible, found at our poor-houses. This mode of relief can never be carried out on a large scale, as it would imply collecting large crowds at one place. It also requires a great deal of supervision at Rammuggur. We have given employment of this nature to 80 persons, who receive extra food in payment The principal work done is husking rice, grinding corn, and light work in repairing buildings, &c. During the rains I shall have employment for about 200 persons, and our poor-houses at Bograh and Shikharpore, where hitherto less has been done (a few dhenkees for husking rice only having been started), will give labor to about 60 or 70 persons each. The persons who mostly work are women and young children, or men who are too weak to go to roads. The amount of expenditure under this head is included in statement for heading (*b*), as the payments are in kind.

III. *Heading* (*d*) —Statement II shows the number of persons receiving relief of this nature. The following extracts from the register kept for this class of cases will best show the nature of relief afforded.

EXTRACT.

From 1 to 13.—"These are widows of good caste in very reduced circumstances, who during their husbands' lifetime were well-to-do. In ordinary years they received help from their husbands' relatives, and they also made a living by purchasing dhan when it was cheap, husking it in private, and selling it through their male relatives in the village. Most of them have a little property—the remnant of better times—and this year, when others could not help them, they sold their trinkets. At the best of times they have only just enough to live; at a time like this they are in the utmost distress. They cannot work on our roads, they will not receive charity, yet unless assisted they must starve.

These women are either Brahmans, Kayeths, or of high Mussulman castes.

No. 20 in the same register is one Mir Bhawul of mouzah Jogya; was formerly chowkeedar; was dismissed on account of old age; has three females dependent on him, and two children. Is in great distress, but will not beg.

Generally all cases to which relief has been given under this heading, are either women such as are described in the first extract, or old men of good caste who cannot work. In all we have 107 cases, and during the next few months the number will increase in all probability. It is a matter of great difficulty to discover these cases, as, unlike ordinary recipients of charity, they will not come forward, and will undergo almost any hardship sooner than receive charity pure and simple. Native gentlemen, members of our committees, *e.g.*, Mir Taur Alee and Shek Salamut Alee, have been of great assistance in finding out these cases. In a few cases relief has, under this heading, begun to sufferers by fire This is a peculiar kind of distress in which relief is much required, but in which it is very difficult to discriminate between the deserving and undeserving, as all are so apt to exaggerate their losses. I have therefore hitherto proceeded very cautiously, but lately I have taken up this question systematically, and made careful inquiries, the results of which I will separately report upon. With the Commissioner's sanction, relief under this heading has also been given to some village chowkeydars and goreyets whose circumstances are peculiar; who from the nature of their duties cannot attend our works; who are as a rule wretchedly poor, and who generally have many depending upon them.

All assistance under this heading has hitherto been in grain. The amount expended and the numbers relieved will be shown in statement No. 2 attached to this report.

G.—FINANCIAL RESULT.

	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Expenditure of previous fortnight ..	.....			20,287	8	2
Ditto present fortnight ..	.....			9,326	5	9
Details.						
Public Works Department—						
Chankee road	305	0	0			
Jogeea tank	248	0	0			
Bugaha road	669	0	0			
Mujra tank	18	0	0			
Subya road	200	0	0			
				1,440	0	0
Circle officers—						
Colonel Boulderson	7,174	2	9			
Miscellaneous—						
Joint-Magistrate's bungalow ..	102	0	0			
Building golahs	228	1	9			
Ditto hospitals	110	14	0			
Golah contingencies	9	15	9			
Establishment	261	3	6			
				712	3	0
Grand Total	.....			9,326	5	9

Statement I, showing charitable relief given under heading (d) corresponding with rule F of former orders referred to in special report on charitable relief.

Number of persons to whom assistance has been given under heading (*d*)			107
Nature of assistance			Advance in grain.
		Mds	S
Total amount given		148	12
	Rs	A	P
Money value of grain ...	423	11	5

Statement II, referred to in special report on charitable relief.

Average daily numbers receiving gratuitous relief ...	2,055		
	Mds	S	C
Amount of grain used since beginning	1,706	33	4
	Rs	A	P
Money value of this grain	4,900	7	9
Amount of cash distributed in charitable relief ...	81	13	9*
Amount spent in purchase of clothes, special diet, medical comforts, blankets, &c.	241	10	0†

List of Relief works in the Ramnuggur sub-division of Chumparun district, and number of laborers during the fortnight ending the 13th June 1874.

Name of work.	Daily average number of men	Daily average number of women	Daily average number of children	Total daily average
Salboya road, section 1 ...	19	68	4	91
Ditto, ditto 2 ...	68	315	54	437
Jogia tank	336	405	32	773
Sabeya tank	302	173	21	496
Bugaha road	288	595	165	1,048
Chankee tank	288	628	100	1,016
Moojoora tank	63	271	41	375
Charki road, section 1 ...	117	247	103	467
Ditto, ditto 2 ...	228	401	86	715
Samru road	68	131	27	226
Nurrowl tank	41	140	16	197
Bugaha to Hurnatar road ...	157	343	9	509
Malpoorwa to Bugaha road ...	97	179	3	279
Hurnatur road	88	136	30	254
Somgarh tank	100	278	46	424
Dhobree „	186	419	147	752
Total ...	2,446	4,729	884	8,059‡

Statement showing the storage and consumption of Government grain in the Ramnuggur sub-division of Chumparun district, on the dates nearest to the 13th June, for which returns may be available.

		Mds.	S.	C.
1.	Names of circles—Ramnuggur, Bugaha, Hurnatar, Shikharpore			
2.	Date for which figures are given—13th June 1874.			
3.	Total allotment of Government grain ...	2,50,000	0	0
4	Total quantity of grain stored, inclusive of grain transferred to other districts	2,18,016	36	12§
5.	By sale to public or laborers	23,128	21	0
6.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape ...	1,706	33	4
7.	By advances to ryots	21,207	18	6
8.	By payment in kind to laborers	3,891	17	8
9.	Total	49,934	10	2
10.	Estimated grain receipt of the ending fortnight ...	20,000	0	0‖
11.	Estimated grain expenditure of the coming fortnight	12,000	0	0

* Grain began to be used in March. Previously we purchased rice and maka in the bazars and distributed it, hence this column.

† This does not include the Bugaha or Shikarpore expenditure, as details have not been received

‡ The Shikarpore roads are not included, details not having been yet received. For Colonel Boulderson's report the total daily average is as noted below—8,89[illegible]

§ This is actually in store

‖ Seed-grain

W. A. Howe,
On Special Duty.

No. 78F, dated Bankipore, the 10th June 1874.

From—G. E. PORTER, Esq., Offg. Deputy Commissioner of Patna, on special duty,
To—The Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

I HAVE the honor to submit the divisional famine narrative for the fortnight ending Saturday, the 6th June.

2. During the period under review the early rains have fairly set in, and the rainfall has been general throughout the division. Chumparun was the first district that felt the good effects of the rain, which, coming from the north-west, appears to have clung to the hills, and to have poured in fertilising showers in the Terai sub-divisions. In the southern districts of the division the rainfall has not been so heavy. The following figures give the results:—

Chumparun	...	...	2¼	inches.
Tirhoot	...	...	1½	„
Shahabad	...	...	1 1/10	„
Gya	...	...	17/100	„
Sarun	..	...	15/100	„
Patna	...	...	10/100	„

The rain in Chumparun has been sufficient to set agricultural operations on foot, to diminish the numbers on the relief works, and generally to lighten the prospects of the district. In Tirhoot the rainfall appears to have been very eccentric and unequally distributed.

In Mudhoobunnee nearly 3 inches of rain fell; and the Collector writes that "in some places it is feared, if general rain comes on, that the lower lands will be submerged and no dhan sown." This refers more particularly to Singhea and part of Baherah.

In Shahabad sufficient rain has fallen for cultivation. A telegram was received from Arrah on the 8th instant that heavy rain had fallen on that day, which would do immense good.

The districts of Gya, Sarun, and Patna would be the better for more rain in parts; but the figures given above, taken as they are at the Sudder Stations, do not indicate the rainfall in other parts of the district. For instance, as regards the Patna district, nearly 2 inches of rain fell at Behar, more than an inch at Barh, and nearly an inch at Dinapore, whereas only half an inch was registered at head-quarters.

3. This general and opportune rainfall has undoubtedly done vast good. It has enabled the ryots to prepare their lands for the rice crop, which in many places, where the moisture is sufficient, has been sown: much land has been ploughed; indian-corn and other crops have been put in. There has been a general diminution in the numbers attending the relief works, but to what extent I am not in a position to say. The figures will be furnished with the next narrative. Some reports indicate that the rain has not thinned the relief works so much as was anticipated, and it is said that the liberal rates offered by Government are keeping back the cultivators from the fields. This is a matter for grave consideration; and in any case where it is found that the profits in the relief works are so high as to keep the laborers from the fields, the rates should be adjusted accordingly.

4. In addition to the good effects noted above, the rain has had a sensible influence on the price-current, the rates of which have fallen more or less in all districts. Statement A appended to this narrative shows the rates prevalent in the districts of this division on the 6th June.

The rates given for Tirhoot and Chumparun are the average rates, but of course they vary considerably in different parts of the districts; e.g., the price of rice in Tirhoot ranges from 8¾ to 13½ seers per rupee; and so far as these two districts (Tirhoot and Chumparun) are concerned, the price-currents are no safe criterion in testing the pressure of distress, as in many parts the only grain in the market is Government grain, and the prices quoted in the lists are those at which the Government grain is being retailed to the starving people.

In regard to the other districts where private trade is active, I think the price-currents may be accepted as denoting the actual rates at which the various food-grains are obtainable; and although there may occur partial distress in isolated tracts, yet with food at these prices, with the large stocks of Government grain accumulated, and the elaborate machinery set on foot to inquire into the wants of the people and to bring relief to their very doors, I think we may safely say that no general distress can be apprehended in any of these districts. Special cases will be treated as they arise, and need not be touched upon in this report.

5. The following statement B shows the allotment, storage, and consumption of Government grain in the several districts of this division. The figures, so far as they go, are taken from the last district fortnightly narratives.

6. During the fortnight under review, Patna has despatched 23,000 out of 25,000 maunds ordered to be sent to Tirhoot. This leaves the Patna district with a balance of only 18,899 maunds, and orders have recently been issued by Government to send as much of this balance as can be spared to Tirhoot also.

7. As regards Sarun, the figures given in statement B are the same as shown in our last fortnightly narrative, being taken from the Collector's narrative for the period ending 16th May. In the last district narrative for the fortnight ending the 30th May, the grain statements promised in parts D and E have not been received, but it is apparent that during

last fortnight there has been a large expenditure of Government grain. I gather the following facts from the body of the report:—

Paragraph 27—	
Grain sold to laborers	16,491
Paragraph 36—	
Advances to ryots in Sewan	5,950
Ditto in Karbala	20
	22,461

Mr. Hodgkinson says that the amount distributed in advances will probably exceed 60 or 70 thousand maunds in the Hutwa Raj.

Mr. Drummond (paragraph 33) hints that more Government grain may be required; but I am inclined to think that the large stocks at his disposal, if judiciously distributed, ought amply to suffice for the requirements of his district.

8. As regards Gya, nothing need be said; the stores are sufficient to meet any ordinary contingencies.

9. Shahabad is still bringing in grain from the North-Western Provinces The amount consumed up to date has not been given by the Collector. The figures have been called for.

10. With reference to Chumparun, there appears to be some unaccountable discrepancy between the amount said to have been despatched and the quantity received. The mistake, which is probably one in account only, is being inquired into Meanwhile the stores in the district are large (more than 6½ lakhs of maunds), private trade from Patna and other places is brisk, and will probably increase as the rains set in, and the prospects of the crops are most promising; so that, taking everything into consideration, I see no cause for anxiety. However, the situation of this district will be carefully watched, and on the first symptoms of any probable deficit in the food-supply, grain can be poured in by boat and steamer.

11. Lastly, there remains Tirhoot, the food-supplies of which district have occupied much attention during the fortnight under review.

Statement C appended shows approximately the despatches of Government grain up to date. From this it will be perceived that the 42 lakhs of maunds first allotted to Tirhoot have been probably more than made up by this time.

12. As the rains are approaching, orders have been issued to close the Futwa Ghât under Lieutenant-Colonel Chambers, and the Chumpta and other adjacent ghâts under Captain Rennick. These ghâts will probably be closed in a few days. Under Colonel McGregor's orders the despatches of grain have been concentrated on Barh (Mr. Grav Glen), where the grain is crossed over the river by steamer or boat and taken by the State Railway to Durbhunga. On the 31st May, Ram Neerunjun and Company had about 52,000 maunds of grain to despatch in order to complete their contract of 5,64,000 maunds. This grain has been ordered to Barh; a large quantity has already arrived there; and the rest is, I believe, in transit. Of the 20,000 maunds of North-Western Provinces' grain originally intended for Gya, 5,000 maunds had been sent to Bukhtiarpore. Of this Gya took 333 maunds, and the remainder (4,667 maunds) was forwarded to Barh. There remained 15,000 maunds, of which 10,000 maunds have been received at Futwa and forwarded to Barh. The remaining 5,000 maunds were, when we last heard, waiting for carriage, but by this time they ought to have been loaded and may have reached the station. A large quantity of grain has been sent from Monghyr to Barh for Tirhoot during the past fortnight

13. It has been the practice in previous divisional narratives to submit a statement in form D (annexed) showing, up to the lastest date, the numbers employed on relief works and the expenditure of Government grain in the more distressed parts of Tirhoot and Chumparun. These figures were obtained by telegrams from the several sub-divisions As stated in my last narrative, they came very irregularly and were prepared in various ways, so that their usefulness was diminished, and owing to their non-receipt the divisional narrative was often delayed.

The submission of these telegraphic despatches rendered it necessary for the sub-divisional officer to come in from his work in the middle of the fortnight; and as the information asked for was precisely the same as that furnished to Government the week before, the Commissioner has decided that these telegrams should be discontinued. This statement will not therefore appear in future narratives.

14. The Commissioner left head-quarters on tour on the 26th ultimo, and proceeded *vid* Hajeepore to Mozufferpore, and thence *vid* Motiharee and Bettiah to Ramnuggur. His note on the working of the relief circles in the Tirhoot district has already been forwarded to Government, and therefore need not be included in this narrative.

15. In conclusion I give below a list of officers, both European and Native, who have been posted to famine work during the past fortnight, also the districts to which they have been sent, and the dates on which they reported their arrival to this office, and I propose in all future narratives to give a similar list for the information of the Lieutenant-Governor; at the

same time, as requested, I will report specially the arrival and posting of each officer as it occurs—

Name of Officer.	District to which posted.	Dates on which they reported their arrival to this office.
Opium Assistants.		
From Mr. Abercrombie—		
„ A. Elliot	Gya ...	27th May.
„ G. M. Gregory	Chumparun ...	1st June.
„ S. D. Jackson	Mozufferpore ...	29th May.
From Mr. Carnac—		
„ R. W. Nicholson ...	Durbhunga ...	3rd June.
„ Blair	Mozufferpore ...	not known.
„ Shaw	„ ...	„
NATIVE OFFICERS.		
Moonserims.		
Mohamed Yusuf	Mozufferpore ...	26th May.
Behari Lal	„ ...	26th „
Omrao Khan	Durbhunga ...	26th „
Ali Reza	„ ...	26th „
Gokul Pershad	Tirhoot ...	10th June.
Jhumân Lal	„ ...	10th „
Ajodheya Pershad	„ ...	10th „
Nageshur Proshad	„ ...	10th „
Farid Khan	Durbhunga	27th May.
Mukut Behari Lal	„ ...	28th „
Abdul Rahim	Durbhunga ...	30th „
Amir Chand	„ ...	1st June.
Bahadur Sing	„ ...	1st „
Tehsildar.		
Ujagur Mull	Gya ...	1st „
Hossein Ali	„ ...	1st „
Kefaitullah	„ ...	3rd „
Mohamed Abdulla	Tirhoot ...	6th „
Naib-Tehsildar.		
Tuffuzul Hossein	Gya ...	28th May.
Hinday Narain	Durbhunga ...	4th June.
Goor Narain	Mozufferpore ...	5th „
Kumardin	Durbhunga ...	6th „
Salootry.		
Sabit Ali	„ ...	2nd „

Besides these, two naib-tehsildars and two peshkars have been sent to Bhagulpore under Government orders No, 351—T.F., dated 27th ultimo.

A.

Price-current of Food-grains and Salt in the district of the Patna Division on the 6th June 1874.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Number.	District.	Quantities per Rupee by the seer of 80 tolahs.											Remarks.
		Wheat.	Barley.	Rice, best sort.	Rice, common.	Bulrush millet cumboo bajra.	Bulrush millet, cholum jowar.	Lesser millet, raji or murwa, and cheena.	Maize, or Indian corn.	Gram.	Fire wood.	Salt.	
1	Tirhoot	11	15	9½	11½	.....	.....	13½	10½	13½	.....	7½	The figures show the average of 26 circles; common rice ranges from 8½ to 15½ seers.
2	Chumparun ...	12	15	9	12	.....	.....	16	15	14½		6½	Average of 9 circles or marts.
3	Sarun	14½	17	7	12½	.....	18	15½	16	18	150	7	These are the prices at Chuprah.
4	Gya	12½	17	9	10½	.....	13½	16½	14½	15½	.....	6½	Prices highest at the head-quarter station (Gya.)
5	Shahabad	14½	17	8½	11	17	17½	20	16½	18	.....	7	Prices lowest at the head-quarter station (Arrah.)
6	Patna	16½	19½	12½	13½	.....	19½	.....	17½	20½	150	7½	

G. E. PORTER,

Offg. Deputy Commr. of Patna, on special duty.

B.

Statement showing the Allotment, Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the Patna Division.

District	Total allotment of grain finally sanctioned by Government Orders No. dated.	Total quantity of grain actually stored at first in the district.	Quantity Consumed up to date: By sale to public	By gratuitous distribution.	By advances to Ryots.	By payment in kind to laborers.	By trat to other districts.	Total	Balance in the district	Remarks
Patna	57,500	47,687	3,758	. ..	.	.....	25,000	28,012	18,899	
Sarun	5,50,000	4,94,440	. ..	134	2,204	641	.....	2,979*	..	* From the fortnightly narrative of 16th May
Gya .. .	1,59,500	1,46,360	3,548	141	.....	. ..		3,689	1,42,671	
Shahabad ..	1,27,000	67,087	Figures not given							
Chumparun	9,12,500	7,75,581	52,621	6,090	18,645	32,401	.	1,09,757	6,63,744	
North Tirhoot.										
Seetamarhee ..	12,50,000	8,04,069	19,833	2,137	2,260	1,358	. ..	25,578	.....	27th May.
Mudhoobunnee .	....	6,01,078	1,46,367	12,738	1,825	228	....	1,77,768	.. ..	22nd May
Narayah	6,40,000	5,35,608	81,461	17,469	3,053	136	...	1,02,109	...	27th May
Durbhunga .	13,99,000	7,55,198	1,03,484	54,258	21,627	1,638	.....	1,81,207	.....	25th May.

Returns from South Tirhoot not received

G. E. Porter,

Offg. Deputy Commr. of Patna, on special duty.

C.

Statement showing approximately the despatches of Government grain.

Destination	Place from which grain is despatched	Number of maunds: Rice mixed grain.	Mixed grain only	Total	Remarks
Tirhoot	From Patna and Futwa *vid* Bunker Ghât.	20,35,408	1,07,450	21,42,858	Up to 29th May
	Vid Barrh . .	14,69,180	17,173	14,86,361	Up to 28th May
	Vid Mokameh .	96,808	.	96,808	Closed on the 6th May, no further despatches.
	Vid Monghyr, per Messrs Fletcher and Dayer	2,07,648	..	2,07,648	
	Ditto per Major Waler and others	2,39,645	.....	2,39,645	Up to 31st May.
Chumparun	From Patna and Futwa *vid* Bunker Ghât	3,14,260	... .	3,14,260	These figures are the same as in previous statement. They are subject to correction. There is a discrepancy in the amount said to have been despatched and the quantity received in Chumparun which is under inquiry.
	From Arrah ...	76,518		76,518	
	By boat	77,177	... .	77,177	
Sarun	Futwa Ghât	1,26,731	30,686	1,57,417	
		3,69,901	... ..	3,69,901	
				5,27,318	

G. E. Porter,

Offg. Deputy Commr. of Patna, on special duty.

D.

Statement showing the numbers employed on Relief Works, &c., in the more distressed parts of Tirhoot.

Name of Sub-division.	Number of persons receiving charitable relief at poor-houses	Number of persons receiving charitable relief at home.	Number of persons employed in public works.	Number of persons in relief works.	Number of golas opened.	Amount of Sales.		Amount expended on charitable relief.	Advance to ryots.		Remarks.
						To laborers.	To the public.		In cash.	In kind.	
						Mds.	Mds.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Tajpore	950	1,068	2,441	3,554	2	123	.. ..	137	Nil	.....	Telegram, 2nd June 1874.
Hajeepore	...	3,933	619	9,102	3	784	. ...	.....	Nil	.....	Ditto, 8th June 1874.
Mudhoobunnee	20,539 by tickets	1,585 cooked food.	90,224	1,13,537	.. ...	2·27	·093	16,208	1,000	2,262	Paid in kind to laborers ... ... 802 Exchange for seeds ... ... 202 Total.
Sitamurhee	106	8,356	14,094	24,202	90	11,178	14,595	.....	.....	4,833	Sitamurhee ... ... 35,806 Poopree 23,641
Poopree	.	... .	1,736	61,577	. ...	2,299	19,053	.....	.....	2,598	Returns not received from several circles, 8th June
Ram Nagur	2,000	.. ..	27,975	3,906	.....	1,502	15,221	.	.....	16,105	Payment in kind 1,054

G. E. PORTER,

Offg. Deputy Commissioner of Patna, on special duty.

Fortnightly Narrative of the District of Monghyr for the Fortnight ending the 13th June 1874

A.

The state of the district has improved during the past fortnight more than even I anticipated in my last narrative. The rains have set in very satisfactorily, and even in Bukhtiarpore there is not a single village but what has had a good downpour; seed which has been in the ground for the last month has all germinated, dhan as well as murwa,—the dhan that was scorched has already revived and lost the burnt-up appearance. Ploughing and sowing are going on rapidly all over the circle; janera is an inch above the ground. The people are in good spirits, anticipating that if they can only tide over the next six weeks with the help of Government, all will be well.

The distress which was manifesting itself in the north of the Begoosarai sub-division has been well got in hand by Mr. Wilkins since he was relieved of his judicial work. The rain over there has been general, and the prospects are now good. Relief measures must continue until the reaping of the crop now sown, but not on any very great scale.

The temporary distress at Simultollah has yielded to the rain and to prompt relief measures: whilst it lasted it was really distress amongst the agricultural class, not professional beggars, and had the rains held off another week we should have had ten times the numbers on our hands However, the rain has come down plentifully, the 600 who were being relieved have dwindled down of their own accord to between 60 and 80. This showed that the people were willing to work in their fields as soon as possible, and did not wish to eat the bread of idleness at Government expense if they could possibly help it.

Mr. Money has been riding about this part of Chokai lately, and now reports fields being ploughed everywhere. In some villages the *moris* or early nurseries of dhan, are planted, and the rice is sprouting well, and all the janerah which had been sown five days is coming up. The janerah crop is a most important one, as it grows very fast, and it is within the capacity of the humblest ryots and coolies to have their patches of it; by the end of July, when it will be ripe, all fear of distress will be at an end. In the meantime, however, the local bazars are scantily supplied, and Government rice is being moved down from the surplus golahs.

In the Luckeeserai circle the rain has been general, and cultivation is going on actively; janerah is springing up well, and in the homestead lands there is a good deal of murwa ready for transplanting

B.

There is still work on the Chikinghat road, in the Bukhtiarpore circle, for another 15 days; one tank work (Rasulpore) has been closed, and two new ones opened, affording work to 1,797 laborers. Those incapable of work have already been disposed of in their respective villages.

In Begoosarai, eight public and two private tank-works have been in full swing during the fortnight, and have afforded work to 302 persons. As those are finished, other works are being provided.

Ploughing and sowing have drawn off nearly all the people from the Jamooe works; but they can be resumed when the ploughing and sowing are over, until the harvest renders them no longer necessary.

C.

Private trade at Bukhtiarpore still continues very small. The sales of Government rice, to the extent of 3,000 maunds a month, amount, according to Mr. Manson's calculation, to more than one half of the monthly consumption of the whole population of the circle.

As might be expected, some of the 20,000 maunds I was moving from the surplus golah of Sheikpoora to Begoosarai has been caught in the rain and damaged: I hear of only 147 bags so far injured, and hope that, as it is required for immediate consumption, even if some of it has got wetted it will be eaten before it has time to go bad.

Mr. Money is moving down small quantities of rice from the Secundra golah to Simultollah and Chokai.

D.

There is nothing new to report under this head. The enumeration of bags is still going on at Bukhtiarpore, but is not yet finished,—13,297 bags have been enumerated.

E.

Mr. Manson has advanced 485 maunds of grain to 12 zemindars, and 2,328 maunds to 1,131 ryots, within the Bukhtiarpore circle, and Mr. Wilkins has advanced 1,197 maunds to ryots in the Begoosarai sub-division, and Mr. Currie has advanced 27,004 maunds to 6,370 ryots scattered over 275 villages.

F.

Throughout the Bukhtiarpore circle the distribution of rice to the poor at their own villages through the group superintendents was effected without the slightest confusion or misconception of orders. Mr. Manson has been through the greater portion of the villages, and was not accosted by a single pauper asking for relief, nor did he hear a single complaint against the persons through whom this relief has been given. Only the sickly and diseased and residents of other districts come to the poor-house.

In Begoosarai the number of Tirhootees mentioned in my last narrative have been fed up and sent to their houses with a supply of food sufficient to last them the journey.

At Jamooe there are only 20 to 50 professional beggars receiving relief, and the collection at Simultollah has been reduced to about 60.

At the head-quarters at Monghyr the Secretary of the relief committee, Colonel Murray, has been breaking up the poor-house and sending the people off with a 15 days' ticket; the lepers had previously taken their departure for fear of having personal cleanliness enforced upon them.

The following information is in accordance with Government letter No. 1250 :—

Committees.

Monghyr, Jamooee, and Begooserai.

Sub-Committees.

Luckeeserai, Sheikpoora, and Bukhtiarpore.

(2) Special sub-division opened and officered :—

Jamooee.

(3) Luckeeserai, Sheikpoora, and Bukhtiarpore.

(4) Jamalpore ..... Native gentlemen connected with the railway.
Chuprun ..... Mr. H. Christian.
Bassoni ..... „ J. Christian.
Gurpurah ..... „ Hooley.

(5) The annexed statement will give the information required.

Daily average number of persons relieved at the Relief Centres and Poor-houses in the District of Monghyr for the week ending the 13th June 1874.

Names of Relief Centres and Poor-houses	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.
Monghyr	88	193	98	379
Sondhi	17	20	43	80
Gurpurah	2	6	5	13
Dowlatpore	13	8	15	36
Choarah	8	19	6	33
Berbegha	20	18	6	44
Sheikpoora	13	16	7	36
Begooserai	44	39	35	118
Tegrah	19	55	22	96
Birpore	23	30	20	73
Bukhtiarpore	.....	2	4	7
Chuprun	Not received.			
Jamooe	17	17	11	45
Bassoni	Not received.			
Gumta				
Grand Total... ...	.....	.....	.....	1,099

G.—Financial Results of the Fortnight.

				Rs.	A.	P.
Total expenditure, as shown in last narrative ..				7,39,022	0	10
Details of the above.						
Placed to credit of Public Works Department ..				1,66,175	0	0
On disbursement to officers in charge of transport arrangements				35,649	7	2
Advanced to Captain Grant for transport of Bhagulpore grain				2,707	14	6
Advanced to Mr. Fletcher for Tirhoot grain ..				2,037	9	6
Advanced to Captain Conolly				300	0	0
Advanced to Mr. Thomas, Contractor				3,89,986	1	7
Construction of golahs				2,154	6	4
Payment of golah establishment				2,994	13	6
Miscellaneous charges				75	0	0
Purchase of anchors				22	4	0
Advances to trustworthy residents for purchase of grain				76,450	0	0
To municipalities				5,000	0	0
To zemindars for land improvement				44,740	0	0
Tuccavee advances				60,729	8	3
					7,39,022	0 10
Expenditure during the fortnight.						
Placed to credit of Public Works Department ..				Nil.		
Advanced to Mr. Thomas, Contractor				1,08,028	12	0
Construction of golahs				1,587	1	0
Miscellaneous charges				419	9	0
Golah establishment				544	0	2
Advances for land improvement				Nil.		
Tuccavee advances				8,810	0	0
					1,14,389	6 2
			Grand Total ...		8,53,411	7 0
Final payments				Nil.		
Advances recoverable				1,90,729	8	3

Statement of Cases from 29th May to 11th June 1874, and corresponding dates of 1873, 1872, and 1871.

		Number of cases reported, excluding cases declared by the Magistrate to be false, and never to have occurred.	Column IV of AI, minus column IXA.
Dacoity—			
Headings 30 and 31 of Crime Return AI ...	1874	...	...
	1873	...	...
	1872	1	...
	1871	...	...
Robbery—			
Headings 32 and 33 of Crime Return AI, ...	1874	...	...
	1873	...	...
	1872	1	...
	1871	...	...
Theft—			
Heading 43 of Crime Return AI, excluding cattle-theft ...	1874	28	5
	1873	13	4
	1872	21	4
	1871	16	6
House-breaking, or house-trespass in order to commit theft	1874	14	5
	1873	14	5
	1872	58	17
	1871	7	1
Total ...	1874	42	10
	1873	27	9
	1872	81	21
	1871	23	27

MONGHYR,
The 15th June 1874.

H. WALLER, *Major*,
District Supdt. of Police.

Price-current of Principal Food-grains in the District of Monghyr for Fortnight ending the 13th June 1874.

NAME OF PLACE.	Rice, common.	Wheat.	Gram	Indian-corn
	Seers.	Srs	Seers.	Seers.
Monghyr	11¼	15	17	14¼
Begoo Serai	15	13¾	17	16
Tegrah	15	12¾	17	14
Jamooee	9 to 10	....	12 to 13	....

Return called for under Government Letter No. 3127, dated the 14th May 1874

		Up to date of last return.	During the fortnight	Total to date
(1)	By sale to laborers	1,544	3,086	4,630
(2)	By sale to public	15,999	19,517	35,516
(3)	In charitable relief	4,035	2,500	6,535
(4)	Advances to ryots	2,349	29,016	31,365
	Total ...	23,927	54,119	78,046

H. J. NEWBERRY,
Offg. Collector.

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the District of Monghyr for the date nearest the 10th June 1874.

Name of Sub-Division.	Name of Circle.	Date for which figures are given.	Allotment	Total allotment.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of the grain transferred to other districts.	Total quantity of Government grain consumed up to date.					Estimated grain receipts of the ensuing fortnight.	Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.
						By sale to public or to laborers.	By gratuitous distribution.	By advance to ryots and zemindars.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.		
			Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds.Srs.Ch.	Mds.Srs.Ch.	Mds. Srs Ch.	Mds	Mds.
Sudder sub-division, exclusively of Bukhtiarpore circle.		10th June 1874	11,326 36 0	1,00,326 36 0	11,326 36 0	1,874 8 0 1,210 21 9	870 31 8	.. ..	. .	3,961 29 8	.	20,000
	Bukhtiarpore	Ditto .	89,000 0 0		89,417 20 0	11,661 0 0 773 0 0	4,096 0 0	2,327 0 0	.	18,836 0 0		
Begoosera sub-division	There is no circle here.	13th June 1874	45,000 0 0	45,000 0 0	26,768 25 0	14,207 0 0	639 23 8	1,746 23 12	394 16 8	16,987 23 12	18,206 0 0	About 7,000
Jamooe sub-division, excluding three circles	....	12th June 1874	10,490 0 0	1,16,206 32 8	10,490 0 0	3,842 23 3 449 0 0	56 17 13	287 0 0	....	4,635 5 14	.....	20,000
	Luckeesera ...	Ditto ...	13,116 0 0		32,116 0 0	788 37 0 799 0 0	443 28 0	13,063 0 0	. ....	15,093 25 0		
	Secundra .	Ditto .	29,496 0 0		33,692 4 15½	497 35 5 500 0 0	117 33 8	13,949 0 0	... .	15,057 28 10		
	Sheikpoora	Ditto ...	64,107 32 0		44,107 32 0	2,614 20 12 505 27 10	368 12 0	....	. ....	3,493 20 6		
		Total ...	2,61,535 28 0	2,61,535 28 0	2,17,918 37 15½	39,702 10 0	6,534 24 4	31,364 23 12	394 16 8	77,994 37 8		

H. J. NEWBERY,
Offg. Collector.

Progress Report of Relief Works actually open during the Fortnight ending 13th June 1874.

Names of Roads.	Progress in marking out.	Progress in opening relief work.	Number of laborers on last Saturday	Supply of food thereat, or quantity of grain sold.	Condition of laborers	Mode of payment	Rate of wages.	Arrangement for tools.	Amount of disbursement during the fortnight.
									Rs. A. P.
Monghyr sub-division—									
Patna road	1st to 21st mile	In 16 places ...	.....	Burma rice, mds. 159-17-7½ for Rs. 450-4-9.	Good	Daily laborers daily, and contractors every second day.	Earth-work from Re. 1-9 to 1-11-6 per 1,000 cubic feet. Rs. A. P. Dressing and turfing slope ... ... 0 12 0 to 1 6 0 Surface dressing .. 0 4 0 to 0 6 0 Masons ... ... 0 3 0 Carpenters .. ... 0 3 0 Coolies ... ... 0 1 6 Women ... 0 1 0 Children ... ... 0 0 6 to 0 0 9	Supplied by Government.	1,195 12 6
Bhagulpore road ...	5 miles ...	In 1 place ...	255	Burma rice, mds. 41-32-4½ for Rs. 111-7-9	Ditto ...	Daily laborers daily, and twice a week to contractors.	Earth-work, Rs. 1-9 per 1,000 cubic feet. Daily, Men ... 0 1 6 „ Women ... 0 1 0 „ Children ... 0 0 6	Ditto	232 15 0
Bukhtiarpore to Bhootia .	8 miles	Ditto	No reports received, explanation called for.	Burma rice, mds. 56-38-4½ for Rs. 157-4-9.	Ditto	.. ..	Earth-work, Rs. 1-9 per 1,000 cubic feet. Daily, Men ... 0 1 0 „ Women ... 0 0 9 „ Children ... 0 0 6	Ditto .	541 3 0
Bulkur to Rosrah	10 miles ...	In 2 places ...	.....	Burma rice, mds. 10 for Rs. 25.	Ditto	.....	Earth-work, Rs. 1-9 per 1,000 cubic feet. Daily, Men ... 0 1 6 „ Women ... 0 1 3 „ Children ... 0 0 9	Ditto ...	174 1 0
Burriarpore road .	Repairs to earth-work and metalling		33	.....	.....	....	....	... ..	.. ..
Kujrah road ...	.. . ...		... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	..	... .
Begoosarai sub-division—									
Tirhoot road ...	27 miles ...	In 9 places ...	151	Burma rice, mds. 117-34-4 for Rs. 294-10 6.	Good	Daily laborers daily, and contractors every second day.	Daily laborers 2 annas, and contractors 3 annas 6 pie, and sometimes more, according to distance to carry.	Supplied by Government.	723 2 6
Jamoor sub-division—									
Gyrak road, 1st section ..	5 miles ...	In 1 place ...	16	.....	.....	Daily laborers daily, and contractors twice a week.	Daily laborers 2 annas, and contractors Rs. 2 per 1,000 cubic feet.	Ditto ...	927 2 3
Ditto, 2nd ditto .	9 miles .	In 4 places ...	301	Burma rice, mds. 386-14-5½ for Rs. 952-10-6. B. rice, mds. 3-0-15 for Rs 8-1-6.	Half of the whole are good.	Daily laborers daily, and contractors once a week	Contractors at Rs 2 per 1,000 cubic feet. Men ... at As. 1-6 each. Women at „ 1-3 „ Children at .. „ 0-9 „	Ditto ...	710 15 6
Sheikpoora to Secundra .	8 miles ...		256						
Chareharee Ghaut .	1 mile .		75						107 11 9

Names of Roads.	Progress in marking out.	Progress in opening relief work.	Number of laborers on last Saturday.	Supply of food thereat, or quantity of grain sold.	Condition of laborers.	Mode of payment.	Rate of wages.	Arrangement for tools.	Amount of disbursement during the fortnight.
									Rs. A. P.
Secundra to Jamooe	12 miles ...	In 2 places ...	264	Burma rice, mds. 71-35-4 for Rs. 179-11-3.	Good	Daily to daily laborers, and contractors twice a week.	Earth-work, Rs. 2 per 1,000 cubic feet.	Supplied by Government.	3,034 6 4
Mullepore to ditto	2 miles ...	In 1 place ...	20	B. rice, mds. 126-34-14 for Rs. 349-12-4.					1,444 10 9
Ditto to Gungta	24 miles ...	In 3 places ...	57						5,787 6 0
Jamooe to Luckeeserai ...	4, 5, and 6 miles...	Ditto ...	37	Burma rice, mds. 200-12-3 for Rs. 517-9-6.	Good	Daily to daily laborers, and contractors twice a week.	Daily laborer 2 as., and contractor Rs. 2 per 1,000 cubic feet.	Ditto and beldars bring their own.	304 12 6
Secundra to ditto	6, 7, 8, and 9 miles	In 4 places ...	609	Coarse rice, mds. 96-38-8 for Rs. 258-5-9.					1,938 9 0
							Rs. A. P.		
Ditto to Nowadah ...	9 miles ...	In 1 place ...	584	Burma rice, mds. 154-34-6 for Rs. 455-12-3.	.....	.....	Men ... ... 0 2 0 Women ... ... 0 1 0 Children ... ... 0 0 9 Contractors ... 2 0 0 per 1,000 cubic feet.	Supplied by Government.	2,083 3 6
Transport road	.....	.....	429	Burma rice, mds. 33-2-2 for Rs. 115-4-3.	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,059 8 5
Petty roads	.....	.....	.....	Burma rice, mds. 97-16-4½ for Rs. 342-9-6.	.....	.....	.....	.....	241 13 9
			2,997					Total ...	20,496 5 3
								Establishment	324 11 3
								Contingencies	189 13 6
								Tools and plant	17 4 0
								Grand Total ...	20,958 2 9

Amounts paid in clearance of Contractors' accounts—

	Rs. A. P.
Secundra to Jamooe road	2,719 1 4
Mullipore ,, ,, ...	1,455 0 9
,, ,, Gunghat road	5,496 0 0
	9,659 2 1

P. S.—There are 87 Brahmins, 159 Rajpoots, 1,675 weavers, 62 oilmen, 101 washermen, 271 shoemakers, 133 potters, 2 kalwars, 50 barbers, 20 halowai, 13 goldsmiths, 40 banedhs. Nearly 4 per cent. belonging to non-laboring classes, the rest are belonging to the laboring classes.

RAM RUTTUN MOJOOMDAR,
Assistant Engineer, in Executive charge,
Monghyr District.

No. 583—S.R., dated Bhagulpore, the 18th June 1874.

From—V. T. TAYLOR, Esq., Collector of Bhagulpore,

To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

I HAVE the honor to submit my 15th fortnightly narrative for this district.

A.—STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

2. I have just returned from a tour over the distressed tracts of the Soopool sub-division, having visited every golah excepting Bheemnuggur and Nathpore, and the result is that I can pronounce the state of the country generally to be eminently satisfactory. The general prospects could not be better. There has been a very unusual early and heavy rainfall, most heavy where it was most wanted, especially in Narradeegur, Harawuth, and Dhupper pergunnahs. From the 1st of June to date we have had at head-quarters a fall of 7·87, and since the 1st of January the fall has been 11·27, whereas the total rainfall last year to *the end of June* was only 6·44. In the Banka sub-division the rain has been very general, and during the fortnight under report 4·45 has been gauged. The rainfall measured during the fortnight at Soopool amounted to 9·92; but while I was in that sub-division over 7″ had already been measured, at Bhaptiahi, south of Dugmurrah, and over 9″ at Pertabgunge, in pergunnah Harrawuth. On the 13th instant 6″ fell in 3 hours, both at Soopool itself and at Sonebursa, south-west corner of Muddehpoora sub-division, so I imagine that that fall must have been very general. Rain has fallen throughout Muddehpoora, but not to such an extent as at Soopool.* The effects of this rain cannot be overstated, and the Bhadoi crops are simply magnificent. A larger extent of country has been sown down than usual with Bhadoi rice and murwa, and in no previous year have the prospects of these and the low land paddy been better at this season of the year. The rivers and tanks are all full, and the low country under water as much so as if it were the very height of the rains, instead of the commencement only.

* I have just heard that 7 inches fell at Muddehpoora in a few hours on the 13th.

3. The Soopool sub-divisional officer writes—"The state of supplies in the bazaars is about the same as on the date of the last report. Gram and other pulses are easily procurable, but little or no rice is to be had. The nominal quotations for rice range from 9½ to 11 seers throughout the sub-division. Gram is selling at 11 to 13 seers, murwa at from 12½ to 14½, wheat at from 11 to 12." The allusion to rice is of course private rice only, as Government rice is easily procurable from the many moodies established to sell it, as well as from nearly all the golahs direct.

4. The Muddehpoora officer remarks:—"Supplies in the bazaars are about the same as at the time of my last narrative; the rates too, are unaltered."

5. The Banka officer reports:—"Food articles in the marts of this sub-division are procurable according to the wants of the people in general. On account of the rainfall, and in anticipation of future prospects, prices have fallen—rice from ¼ to 1 seer, barley from 1½ to 1⅝ seers, and wheat from 1⅛ to 1¼ seers per rupee."

6. At head-quarters prices are also falling, and the present prices are—

	S.	Ch.
Common rice	10	11
Wheat	13	14
Indian-corn	15	2
Gram	16	6

7. The following statement shows the difference in prices this year and at the same period in 1866:—

	Rice.		Pulses.		Indian-corn.		Wheat.	
	1866.	1874.	1866.	1874.	1866.	1874.	1866.	1874.
	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.
Soopool		9 5	..	...	...	12 12	...	11 0
Muddehpoora	...	11 0	...	...	...	15 0	...	11 0
Banka	11 0	11 0	9 0	14 to 16	16 0	14 to 15	...	12 8
Head-quarters	10 11½	10 11	10 1½	16 6		15 2	11 6	13 14

Prices generally are apparently not so high now as they were in 1866.

8. There is no doubt, as I remarked on a previous occasion, prices have reached their highest, and will fall by degrees, unless indeed we have too much rain, so as to injure the present bright prospects.

9. The condition of the people generally is remarkably good—far better than it was from October to March. The condition of the able-bodied men and women on our works is

superior, and I believe they are far better off (physically) than they would have been in any ordinary year The light labour gangs are in undoubted good case, and the people receiving gratuitous relief upon house-to-house tickets are wanting but little. Somehow or another ploughing, sowing, and transplanting, have been carried on freely and generally, without so large a diminution in the numbers on our works as might have been anticipated, and I think many will hold on to these as long as the rates are as high as they are. The time they will be most wanted for agricultural purposes will be about a month or so hence, when the Aghani rice has to be transplanted and general weeding becomes necessary. It is utterly impossible now, unless the Bhadoi crop fails from too much rain, or the rains cease so early that the Aghani fail also, for any famine to overtake the people of the district; and owing to the free manner in which house-to-house relief is gratuitously given, the people generally will be very well off. There are of course many cases where the people are sick and diseased and utterly incapable of doing anything, who will die notwithstanding the exertions of all the officers; but taking the whole district, I can safely say the condition of the people has very greatly improved, and no danger need now be apprehended.

10. I write the above from personal observation, and I have been over a large tract of country. Most of the villages I found surrounded with cultivation, especially of Indian-corn, murwah, and kuchus. These had been all irrigated, and in some instances the Indian-corn had been reaped and the murwah was in full ear and nearly ripe; these of course were extra crops put in by provident ryots, and were naturally great helps. The people generally are in good spirits, and very many I found taking advantage of the times and trying either to get a "ticket" or "tuccavi," who undoubtedly had no business with either.

11. The statement of cases against property for the month of May is annexed; it shows a very slight increase on last year's reported crime, and almost nothing to what might have been apprehended.

B.—Relief Works.

12. I annex the usual statements showing the progress of the relief works during the fortnight and the work done by the Durbhanga Court of Wards, as also the information called for in Government circular No. 144F, dated 5th May, as far as I have got information.

13. All or any works will be stopped directly if it should appear that they in any way interfere with the call for agriculture; but I agree with Mr. Kirkwood, whose remarks I extract, that there is not much fear of this. Agricultural operations are being extensively carried on, our works notwithstanding. Mr. Kirkwood writes: "I do not think our works are now anywhere likely to interfere with the call for agriculture: any work that I have in my charge will be stopped at once if there be any sign that it is interfering with agriculture; but personally I have not the slightest fear on this account. Let it be remembered that in Orissa, after half a million of the labouring and cultivating classes had perished, works were maintained throughout the rains on a large scale, and yet scarcely an acre of land remained untilled. It is so frequent to find labourers working one day in the field and the next day on works."

C.—Transport of Grain.

14. The exports and imports at the Bhagulpore station have been larger than usual, 26,867 maunds against 40,412 maunds; and it is clear, as previously pointed out, that grain is imported from the north-west to be sent on again to Calcutta. Of the imports, 25,148 maunds were wheat and 12,361 maunds of gram from far up-country; the rest peas, Indian-corn, rice, and paddy in small quantities. Of the exports, 20,374 maunds were wheat for Howrah, 3,048 oats, and 2,983 gram; rest paddy, local, for Sooltangunge. The trade is not in food-grains, except wheat; and this latter, though largely grown in the district, is grown for exportation, as a rule, and not for local consumption. The trade from the other stations is insignificant.

D.—Storage of Government Grain.

15. I have, as previously mentioned, visited every golah in the Soopool sub-division except two, Nathpore and Bheemnuggur, as well as the golahs at Byjnathpore and Sonebursa, in Muddehpoora. The annexed statement, in the form prescribed by Government, is, I am glad to state, correct up to the dates against each golah.

16. The group golahs have nearly all been filled, and in special villages in the south-west corner of Soopool sub-division, grain has also been stored, and with the object of carrying out orders recently received, reliable moodies have been sought for and found in some instances, who are willing to engage to take rice in sufficient quantities for sale in various villages. As matters now are however, I think I am right in asserting that no man need go anywhere in the Soopool sub-division a greater distance than 3 to 4 miles for his rice, whereas in ordinary years many have to go 8 or 10 miles to the nearest haut and think nothing of the journey. Rice, however, shall be taken as nearly as possible consistent with its safe custody and the absence of risk of injury from the weather to within the immediate reach of all, and orders have been given to Mr. Kirkwood accordingly.

E.—Advances to Private Parties.

17. Rs. 15,000 have been sanctioned by the Commissioner to be paid in grain to one zemindar, named Ekbal Ali Khan, of Soopool sub-division. 1,000 maunds of rice have also been ordered to be given to Rughoobur Dyal Munder, of Moorho, and one application of 2,000 maunds of rice has been submitted to the Commissioner for his orders. Rs. 1,500 have been sanctioned by me to be paid in grain to two zemindars, and there are some other applications recently received, which will be disposed of within the present fortnight.

F.—Charitable Relief.

18. Under this head I would first mention the sales to the public from the Government golahs. Though this can hardly come under the heading of charitable relief, yet it is a very great boon to many, and without the opportunity of purchasing many would be unable to procure *rice*, though they might purchase other food-grains which *are* available. I took care at every golah except at Soopool itself to watch the sales, and noted a few facts; one being that *many* of the purchasers from the Semani (Telub), Nurgo, and Roshwar golahs, were inhabitants of Tirhoot, who come there 5 or 6 miles for their rice, and another being that a fair quantity of rice at Dugmurah is purchased for Nepal and done in this way. Women at most of the golahs take precedence of the men, and I observed the same women coming back again for more rice. Their condition was such as to render it impossible for them to be the owners of the rupees brought in, and on watching I found they took their rice outside, where banghybardars were ready to take it away, deposited their load, and returned for more. There were several subterai residents in the golah enclosure, who soon cleared off. The sales to the public in one month only at Dugmurah reached 4,475 maunds, the sales at Nurgo and Roshwar were also high, viz. 5,066 and 7,803 respectively, the former the work of one month, the latter of six weeks. The full work of each golah will be seen in the statement annexed.

19. The rice is sold at two rates only—the one, clean rice, at 12 seers the rupee, and the other, "dhanwa" (containing a quantity of dhan), at 15 seers. I have examined a large quantity of this rice at all golahs, and the quantity throughout is excellent, and remarkably free from weevils. The dhanwa rice is very much preferred, and the bags, as a rule, contain ¼ dhan to ¾ rice, though sometimes the proportion of dhan is larger. At Ekar some 250 bags arrived from Monghyr completely destroyed by wet, and at Nowhutta some 3 or 4 bags of koorthi had been sent up under the name of rice; 3 or 4 bags moreover were evidently sweepings.

20. The cotton-spinning may here be mentioned, but only so far as I procured figures myself while on tour, which I did from every golah I went to; the figures are nearly all up to the 3rd of June.

	Mds.	Srs.	C.		Mds.	Srs.	C.
Bungong cotton issued ..	19	36	0	thread returned	10	32	7
Muheshi	0	34	0	.. ..	0	4	10
Semani	10	37	4	.. ..	8	4	6
Beergaon	8	39	0	.. ..	4	23	3
Ekar	16	23	0	.. ..	10	27	8
Puchgachia	20	28	0	.. ..	10	11	3
Notha	18	6	0	.. ..	12	16	5
Chundail	11	32	12	.. ..	3	19	6
Nowabkahur	3	37	0	.. ..	1	30	14
Roshwar	0	24	8	.. ..		Nil.	
Dugmurah	8	38	0	.. ..	2	27	0
Dulgaon	7	33	0	.. ..	4	6	9
Bhulooa	9	10	0	.. ..	1	17	2
Pertabgunge	19	19	0	.. ..	0	27	7
Simrahi	18	20	0	.. ..	11	30	5
Peepra	6	26	0	.. ..	2	25	10
Nathpore	6	12	0	.. ..	1	38	11
Sonebursa	7	0	0	.. ..	4	21	5
Byjnathpore	6	17	0	.. ..	5	23	0
Total ..	183	32	8	.. ..	107	26	6

21. The figures for the remaining golahs I have not yet got; but as only 1 seer is given to each woman, some relief has certainly been afforded by this means. Weavers are

beginning to come forward to take the thread, and some cloth has already been returned. All payments for this work are made in grain only. As far as I could ascertain, it takes a woman working at odd times at this spinning 10 to 12 days to turn one seer of cotton into thread.

22. The next points to remark upon are the poor-houses and centres, the latter, at which cooked food was given, have one by one been closed, except a very few, as no longer necessary, now that the house-to-house relief system is in full working order. The poor-houses remain at Soopool, Ekar, Bungaon, Nowabakhur, Dugmurah, Simrahi, Kamp, and Bhowanipore, and those I saw at Ekar, Soopool, Bungaon, and Nowabakhur, were in a very satisfactory condition. The inhabitants of these poor-houses I found in very plump condition, as a rule, but unwilling to leave, being houseless, and they declared that if they departed they would have to subsist by begging and soon fall off again. These people are living anyhow, as I imagine, they never lived before, and are indulged in the luxury of a thorough "oiling," which I understand is a sanitary arrangement. The hospitals are comparatively speaking almost empty; the patients almost nil, and among those I saw the chief complaint was syphilis, especially at Nowabakhur.

23. In the Muddehpoora sub-division there is only one centre open at Muddehpoora itself. The latest figures I have received show that the total numbers receiving cooked food in Muddehpoora and Soopool are as follows:—

In the Soopool circle	135
Ekar and Bungong	522
Bulooa and Simrahi circle	598
Naradigur	350
Muddehpoora sub-division	396
Total ..	1,716

24. The house-to-house relief has been given very freely, and having watched distributions at Soopool, Nowabakhur, and Dugmurah, I must say I think that the numbers on the registers could be very fairly greatly reduced. While at Dugmurah I was surprised to see a whole village come in headed by a putwaree, jeyt-ryot, and chowkeedar, in a body to ask to have their names entered for a ticket, not one of them aught but well-to-do, physically at any rate. Their village had been carefully inspected, but only a few deserving men were registered, and after they had got their rice the whole village thought they might try to get some also. I have seen persons honestly purchasing at the golahs in infinitely worse condition, as far as their appearance went, than very many receiving gratuitous relief. I am directing these registers to be thoroughly overhauled again and villages to be revisited, and only these absolutely in want, moneyless, and without means of livelihood, to be entered and relieved gratuitously. Many of these relieved will find ample employment ere long in the fields, and we must not make them idle by feeding them for nothing. The work of house to house relief has been most energetically, and with great labour, carried on by those concerned; but I think though no pains have been spared by all concerned that the relief of this nature has been carried a little too far. The following figures show the numbers who have received tickets, but it must be remembered that if a family consists of six or seven children from six months of age upwards, a ticket has been given to each individual. A large majority of the recipients are consequently small children, and in many cases the children get tickets when the parents do not.

Soopool circle	4,341
Ekar and Bungong circles	8,500
Naradigur circle	15,000
Simrahi and Bhulooa circles	3,789
Bhowanipore circle	700
Kamp circle	1,000
Total ..	33,330

I am glad to remark that Mr. Fanshawe has been compelling several of his house to house recipients to take to spinning and earn a portion of what is given to them. I hope others will follow this plan,

25. *Light labor gangs.*—These are composed of chiefly women and children and men, who either from old age, weakness, or infirmity, are considered unfit to work under the Department Public Works. The many at work were, as far as I could judge, in excellent health and spirits, and earning more than they possibly could in any ordinary year. All payments are made in grain. The following figures, showing the numbers employed on this and other work, are given by Mr. Kirkwood.

Omitting sales, tuccavees, Department Public Works, and Raj Durbhunga works, we have as relieved.

1.	Private works	11,000
2.	Circle labour	6,392
3.	Light labour	2,992
4.	Spinning and weaving	5,465
5.	House to house	33,330
6.	Relief centres and poor-house	945
	Total ..	60,124

26. A considerable start has been recently made by Mr. Kirkwood in the matter of advances, but I know very many zemindars have done a good deal in this line themselves. I have just received Mr. Kirkwood's report, and he remarks as follows:—"Lists of what has been done in this matter by myself and Baboo Ram Shunker Sen, almost without exception during the present month, will show we have been active in this matter." In reply to a telegram from the Lieutenant-Governor, I this day telegraph as follows: "Up to end of May 2,100 maunds advanced, since then much activity; myself advanced to zemindars in pergunnahs Naradigur; and Harawuth 5,060 maunds, and to 790 ryots 3,350 maunds, this from end of May to 13th June. Ram Shunker Sen in Harawuth and Dhupper in same time advanced 3,400 maunds to 1,378 ryots. Dwarka Nath Sen in Harawuth (estimate) to ryots 1,000 maunds, total 5,060 to zemindars and 7,750 to ryots; of this 335 maunds seed-grain. Smith in the act of advancing 5,500 maunds rice and 1,000 maunds seed-grain to Raja Leelanund Singh for pergunnah Ootturkhund and Kubkhund. I am just giving them for Dhupper 3,000 maunds rice and 500 maunds seed. Roughly speaking, the larger portion of these three pergunnahs have been taken off our hands. This the only case in which action purposely suspended, Commissioner having ordered to wait action until the 10th. Sookhpore zemindars acting admirably in this matter, entirely taking off our hands much of pergunnahs Mulhneegopal and south Naradigur. The only pergunnah entirely on our hands for advances is Harawuth, and that has had much done to it as above. June disbursements under this head probably more than 30,000 maunds; no information from Muddehpoora". This shows with tolerable precision the state of things as regards advances. My own impression is that the action of the zemindars is such as will not necessitate any but very few advances being made direct by us to the ryots; I hope not.

27. The seed-grain, some 15,000 maunds, received from Julpigoree, has not so far been as useful as it was hoped it would have been. Mr. Kirkwood writes, "Seed-grain is generally obtainable in sufficient quantities." Most certainly by the look of the country, it was ample of all kinds; but it still remains to be seen whether there is a sufficiency of the Aghani seed-grain used for high lands. "Out of the 15,000 maunds received, I believe not much more than 2,500 maunds have been taken off our hands, and that with the exception of 78 maunds sold at Soopool entirely as tuccavee and not by purchase, 1,000 maunds were stored at Bhulooa, 1,000 maunds at Simrahi, and the rest at Soopool; much was in transit during the late heavy rains." A good deal, I am afraid, has been much damaged, and I saw a good deal of it when the bags presented the appearance of green fields. Examination showed only the outer grain had germinated; but it was urged by the natives that the inside grain must have become heated, and would be of no use. Several of the bags contained mixed seed of as many as 4 or 5 different kinds—in fact greatly against purchasers: some, however, was most excellent, and of one kind only. The moodies have been induced to take small quantities as an experiment, and I hope it will be successful. If there really be a want of seed, a great deal of this will be got rid off, but now is the time. I saw a large area of Aghani seed nurseries well forward. The state of the country is so far most satisfactory in the matter of cultivation.

28. I hope to be able in the next narrative to show some figures in detail of expenditure in relief under the various headings, but I am not, I regret, in a position to do so this time.

G.—Financial Results of the Fortnight.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Total expenditure from the District and Sub-divisional Treasury, as shown in the last narrative	6,83,432	12	2½

Detail of the above total.

On disbursement to the District Engineer for relief works	1,88,000	0	0
Deputy Collector of Muddehpoora ...	1,000	0	0

	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
On disbursement to officers in charge of transport arrangements	2,99,907	12	2½*			
On disbursement to Deputy Collector of Muddehpoora for construction of golahs ...	6,000	0	0			
On account of advances made to trustworthy residents for purchase of food-grain ...	70,400	0	0			
Ditto to traders for purchase of grain ...	1,600	0	0			
To Bhagulpore Municipality	5,000	0	0			
Advances made to zemindars and others for land improvement	7,625	0	0			
Advances to ditto for helping their ryots ...	1,03,900	0	0			
				6,83,432	12	2½
On disbursement to officers in charge of transport arrangements	10	4	0*			
Through Nazir, Collectorate	10	4	0			
Total advances made during the fortnight ...	.....					
To zemindars for helping their ryots ...	.....					
Grand Total to end of fortnight ...	.....			6,83,443	0	2½

* Through Nazir	14,986	5	4
„ Deputy Collector of Banka	678	7	0
„ „ Muddehpoora	11,958	1	0
„ „ Soopool	17,900	0	0
„ Mr. Hennessy	5,665	15	6
„ „ as contractor...	1,89,137	0	1½
„ H. M. Durand, Esq.	13,150	0	0
„ „ for casters	177	2	6
„ Mr. Hensley	5,000	0	0
„ Baboo Puran Chunder Neogee, Deputy Collector	19,084	15	3
„ Major Gordon, District Superintendent of Police, for contractor, Baboo Radha Churn Gangooly	15,000	0	0
„ Captain Conolly	463	3	0
„ Mr. Meridith	109	10	0
„ „ Inman, Government grain officer, Jugdishuck	155	0	0
„ H. Bull, contractor	3,000	0	0
Paid railway freight for packages of weights and scales sent from Calcutta	37	11	0
Ditto for 28 bales of small bags sent from Alipore	70	2	0
Ditto of 100 bags of rice rebooked to Pointee	112	15	0
Cost of 50 odd tarpaulins purchased of Messrs. Gillanders, Arbuthnot & Co.	3,221	4	6
Total ...	2,99,907	12	2½

C.

Abstract Statement of Men, Women, and Children employed on Raj-Durbhunga works in the District of Bhagulpore during the 14 days ending Saturday, the 13th June 1874.

Name of Work.	Total number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Mean daily number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Number of persons employed on the last of the 14 days.				Remarks.
	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	
Noorya Road	3,383	1,791	411	5,585	555	298	69	922	500	280	57	837	
Moorlia Tank	792	734	29	1,555	113	105	4	222	91	97	15	203	
Chapkee ,, ...	450	207	139	796	64	29	20	113	21	20	7	48	
Bissenpore ,, ...	214	311	149	674	27	39	18	84	10	15	4	29	
Soreagurh ,, ...	1,657	1,333	1,178	4,168	415	333	294	1,042	394	329	289	1,012	
Kunowlee ,, ...	5,727	3,666	1,198	10,591	477	306	100	883	176	109	59	344	
Noabakhur ,, ...	1,406	831	523	2,759	176	104	65	345	114	69	43	226	
Gurdhary ,, ...	99	65	.....	164	20	13	.....	33	31	26	.....	57	
Mullar ,, ...	635	616	422	1,673	.....	.....	.....	.....	635	616	422	1,673	Rate of wages paid for full work—
Simaru ,, ...	223	78	57	358	.....	.....	.....	.....	223	78	57	358	As. P. To each man ... ... 1 6 ,, woman ... ... 1 0 ,, child 0 9
Total number employed	14,336	9,633	4,105	28,273	1,847	1,227	570	3,644	2,195	1,639	953	4,787	

V. T. Taylor,
Collector.

Statement showing cases against property as called for in Government letter No. 4081, *dated* 20*th December* 1873, *for the month of May* 1874.

	Dacoity, headings 30 and 31 of crime return A I, corresponding month of May 1872.	Robbery, headings 32 and 33 of crime return A I, corresponding month of May 1872.	Theft — Heading 41 of crime return A I, including cattle theft			Lurking House-trespass or House-breaking — Headings 35 and 36 of crime return A I			Total of all four crimes.		
			Month of May 1874.	Corresponding month of May 1873.	Corresponding month of May 1872.	Month of May 1874.	Corresponding month of May 1873.	Corresponding month of May 1872.	Month of May 1874.	Corresponding month of May 1873.	Corresponding month of May 1872.
Number of cases reported excluding cases declared by the Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred—											
Sudder	.	3	10	12	24	5	3	7	15	15	34
Muddehpoora	.		8	4	8	7		4	15	4	12
Banka	1	...	6	4	5	2	8	7	8	12	12
Soopool	1		5	8	8	5	1	5	10	9	14
Total	2	3	29	28	45	19	12	23	48	40	72

BHAGULPORE,
The 5th June 1874.

F. W. BADCOCK,
Asst. Magistrate in charge.

NORTH BHAGULPORE.

From the 25th April to the 24th May the daily average of persons relieved runs thus:

Circle.	Cooked food.				House-to-house.				Light labor.				Spinning, women.	Weaving, men.	Total.	Remarks.
	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.				
Bongong	82	103	150	336	452	593	330	1,375	70	180	46	296	200	14	2,220	Light labor shows great fluctuations, some days being over 1,200, other days as low as 240. Commenced from 14th.
Ekar	15	16	9	187	..	.....	.....	6,493	...	.....	Other means	191 45	639	15	7,570	From 10th real daily average, double this is average for month.
Soopool	32 41	26 40	37 79	135	829	1,444	1,364	3,637	...	.....	.....	793	422	33	5,025	Ditto ditto.
Simrahi	5	9	7	186	..	... ..	.....	1,719	290	310	68 By other means	668 37	343	17	2,970	Ditto ditto.
Bulwa	152	129	126	407	...	.....	.....	738	...	.....	.....	416	504	10	2,075	Ditto ditto.
Bhowanipore	...	.....	.....	46	...	... ..	.....	555	...	.....	.....	371 9	216	6	1,203	
Kamp (estimate)	...	.....	.....	70	..	.....	.....	700	...	.....	.....	50) Circ'e.	300	10	1,580	
Naradeegur (estimate)	...	.....	.....	350	...	.....	.....	13,000	...	.....	.....	6,500	300	....	20,150	
Total ...	...	.. ...	.....	1,716	...	... ..	.....	28,217	..	... ..	.....	9,836	2,924	110	43,793	In addition to this, fully 1,000 men employed as coolies at golahs.
Last day, 24th May 1874.																
Bongong	80	99	132	311	452	593	330	1,375	1	180	61	242	273	27	2,228	
Ekar	..	.....	.....	152	...	..	..	6,493	...	.....	.....	320	534	8	7,507	
Soopool	22	23	34	79	829	1,444	1,364	3,637	..	..	.....	1,858	540	77	6,186	
Simrahi	17	24	35	76	..	. ...	... ..	1,719	198	670	57	925	271	35	3,026	
Bulwa	161	152	129	442	...	.....	.....	738	...	.....	.....	1,464	1,009	20	3,673	
Bhowanipore	...	.....	.....	84	...	.....	.....	555	...	.....	.....	... ..	238	9	886	
Kamp (estimate)	...	.....	.....	70	...	.....	.....	700	...	.....	.....	500	300	10	1,580	
Naradeegur (estimate)	...	.....	.....	250	.	.. ..	.....	13,000	...	.....	... ..	7,630	600	20	21,500	
Total ...	..	.....	.....	1,464	...	... ..	.....	28,217	...	.....	.....	12,934	3,765	206	46,586	Ditto ditto.

N.B.—Of course this does not include Raj, Department Public Works, and private works, nor any relief afforded by ordinary sales.

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the District of Bhagulpore on the dates nearest to the 14th June 1874 for which returns may be available.

1	2	3	4	5		6	7	8	9	10	11
Name of Circle.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	Total quantity of Government grain consumed up to date. By sale to the public or to laborers.		By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advance to ryots.	By payments in kind to laborers.	Total.	Estimated grain expenditure of ensuing fortnight.	Remarks.
		Mds.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. Public laborers.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. Ryots.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds.	
Sudder Sub-Division.											
Beerpointee	14th June 1874 ...	.....	1,524 0 0	1,225 0	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	1,225 0 0	400	All sold, balance difference in weight.
Purnashurpore	4th ditto ...	1,000	1,000 0 0	750 0	232 2 8	Nil	Nil	Nil	982 2 8	Nil	
		1,000	2,524 0 0	1,975 0	232 2 8	.....	.....	.....	2,207 2 8	400	
Banka Sub-Division.											
Kutoriah	13th June 1874 ...	4,727	4,727 0 0	2,230 30	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	2,230 30 0	400	
Dhorya	13th ditto ...	2,250	2,250 0 0	1,085 30	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	1,085 30 0	560	
		6,977	6,977 0 0	3,316 20	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,316 20 0	960	
Muddehpoora Sub-Division.											
Camp Circle.											
Kamp	All up to 6th June 1874.	50,000	50,000 0 0	1,275 31	Nil	333 25 0	202 5	225 15 0	2,036 36 0	1,000	
Sonebursa		13,365	13,365 16 0	1,244 36	Nil	5 2 0	Nil	451 2 6	1,701 0 6	300	
Patturghaut		2,614	2,614 0 0	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	144 18 8	144 18 8	25	
Byjnauthpore		15,000	13,000 0 0	796 15	Nil	15 39 0	107 25	682 6 2	1,601 5 2	800	
		80,979	83,979 10 0	3,316 2	.....	354 26 0	309 30	1,503 3 0	5,513 20 0	2,125	
Bhowanipore Circle.											
Bhowanipore		25,000	25,000 20 0	2,594 2	Nil	155 10 0	Nil	596 2 10	3,345 14 10	700	
Muddehpoora		50,000	50,000 0 0	6,345 15	Nil	Nil	Nil	221 29 6	6,567 4 6	1,000	
Lalpoor		10,000	10,000 0 0	626 15	Nil	21 12 0	Nil	134 33 6	782 20 6	300	
Total	....	85,000	85,001 10 0	9,565 32	.....	176 22 0	.....	952 25 0	10,694 39 0	2,000	
Grand Total for Banka, Sadder, and Muddehpoorah...	....	1,73,956	1,78,482 20 0	18,173 14	232 2 8	531 8 0	309 30	2,485 27 0	21,732 1 8	5,425	

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government grain in the District of Bhagulpore on the nearest date to the 14th June 1874 for which returns may be available.

1	2	3	4	5		6	7		8	9	10	11
Name of Circle.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	Total quantity of Government grain consumed up to date							Estimated grain receipts of ensuing fortnight.	Estimated grain expenditure of ensuing fortnight
				By sale to the public or to laborers.		By gratuitous distribution in any shape	By advances to ryots.		By payment in kind to laborers	Total.		
		Maunds.	Maunds.	Maunds.	Maunds	Maunds.	Mds.	Maunds.	Maunds.	Maunds.		Maunds.
				Public.	Laborers		Ryots.	Zemindars.				
Joopool Sub-Division												
Soopool Circle.												
Joopool		1,30,000	1,16,477	17,371	6 048	1,072	10	188	1,220	25,909		
Thundial		10,000	10,212-10	2,774	1,291	464	Nil.	341	496	5,366		12,000
Kotowlee		8,000	8,000	568	Nil.	188	Nil.	Nil.	586	1,342		
Hurdeo		10,000	10,000	2,585	300	224	137	301	538	4,085		
Total ...		1,58,000	1,44,689-10	23,298	7,639	1,948	147	830	2,840	36,702		
Naradeegur Circle.												
Nowabakur		30,000	30,000	10,073	1,193	2,638	Nil.	Nil.	2,585	16,489		
Dugmurrah		30,000	30,000	5,199	Nil.	1,392	Nil.	Nil.	826	7,417		10,000
Koshwar		40,000	40,000	8,699	Nil.	292	Nil.	Nil.	1,201	10,192		
Nurgo		20,000	20,000	5,336	Nil.	803	Nil.	Nil.	1,998	8,137		
Total ..		1,20,000	1,20,000	29,307	1,193	5,125	Nil.	Nil	6,610	42,235		
Banrahi and Bhulooa Circle.												
Seepra		20,000	20,000	1,284	1,849	539	586	526	736	5,520		
Pertabgunge		30,000	30,000	5,674	130	231	793	1,142	689	8,659		
Bhulooa		20,000	20,000-10	5,190	597	67	424	Nil.	37	6,315		
Banrahi		40,000	40,000	7,820	900	812	2,134	1,379	882	13,927		12,000
Nathpore		10,000	10,000	Nil.	Nil.	208	Nil.	Nil.	154	362		
Bheemnuggur		5,000	5,062	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	84	38	160	282		
Majuli Dulgaon ...		8,000	8,000	2	Nil.	140	1,805	Nil.	117	2,064		
Total ...		1,33,000	1,33,052-10	19,970	3,476	1,997	5,826	3,085	2,775	37,129		
Ekar and Bungaon Circle.												
Ekar	10th June 1874, for the whole sub-division.	60,000	51,086	10,499	4,175	911	Nil.	Nil.	887	16,472	There is no more to be stored.	
Kumai		20,000	20,051-20	4,316	1,000	690	Nil.	75	126	6,207		
Mowhatta		10,000	10,250-10	647	2,475	203	6	Nil.	99	3,430		
Bungaon		30,000	32,219	6,859	2,295	704	115	Nil.	771	10,744		12,000
Bargaon		5,000	4,732-10	Nil.	Nil.	597	Nil.	Nil.	420	1,017		
Fatehgachia		20,000	14,372	2,321	575	106	Nil.	Nil.	455	3,457		
Kishenhi...		10,000	10,059-20	1,011	2,800	96	Nil.	Nil.	3	3,910		
Total		1,55,000	1,42,770-20	25,653	13,320	3,307	121	75	2,761	45,237		
Court of Wards' Sub-Division.												
Court of Wards' Circle.												
Khanup oper		12,000										
Bhuptealee		12,000	30,000	Nil.	Not known.	Not known	None.	None.	None	None		
Burhia		6,009										
Total ..		30,000	30,000	Nil.	...	.....	...	.....	.....	.....		
Grand Total ...		5,96,000	5,70,512	98,228	25,628	12,377	6,094	3,990	14,986	1,61,303		46,000

Progress Report of Famine Relief Works

Name of road and number on map.	Progress in marking out relief works	Progress in opening relief works.	Number of Labourers thereon.						
			Class I.		Class II A.		Class II B.		Total.
			Average daily number.	Percentage.	Average daily number.	Percentage.	Average daily number.	Percentage.	
Soopool Sub-Division									
Soopool to Bhootia, No. 19 N	16½ miles	Earth work all completed, dressing in hand.	538	99	6	1	Nil ..	Nil ..	544
Bella to Moha, No. 20 N	10 miles	9 miles earth-work done, dressing in hand.	254	96	Nil .	Nil ...	10	4	264
Nowhatta to Naharwarghat, No. 27 N ...	19 miles	17½ miles earth-work done, dressing in hand	1,301	100	Nil ..	Nil	Nil .	Nil .	1,301
Rajimpore bund, B	3½ miles	All earth-work and dressing done, trimming not commenced	73	100	Nil	Nil	Nil .	Nil ..	73
Sohagpore tank, No 30 N	Being cleared and deepened	...	940	100	Nil	Nil ..	Nil ..	Nil ...	940
Nowhatta tank, No. 32 N	New tank, 1,000 × 500 feet	4½ feet dug	2,338	100	Nil ..	Nil	Nil ...	Nil ..	2,338
Ekar tank, No. 29 N	Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto	2,651	99	27	1	Nil ..	Nil ...	2,678
Seemani tank, No. 33 N	Ditto ditto .	Half the tank 8 feet dug ..	1,343	100	Nil ..	Nil ..	Nil	Nil ..	1,343
Burrasur tank, No. 28 N	Old tank being deepened and bank dressed		667	100	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil ...	667
Soopool tank, No. 31 N	No information ...		2,086	100	Nil	Nil ...	Nil ...	Nil ...	2,086
Chundail tank, No. 34 N			2,233	100	Nil .	Nil	Nil ..	Nil ...	2,233
Rahoea tank	Work stopped by order of Collector		726	100	.	...	.....	.... .	726
Singhessur to Nathpore, 1st Sec , No. 10 N	..	2,000 Running feet ...	363	63	182	37		.....	545
Ditto ditto 2nd Sec.	. ...	1,500 ditto	763	87	114	13	...	.....	877
Singhessur to Soopool, Nos. 16 and 17 N...	.....	300 ditto ...	706	87	106	13	.....	.....	812
Peepra to Soopool, No. 15 N		4,000 ditto ..	1,277	85	225	15	...	..	1,502
Pertabgunge to Beerpore, No. 11 N ..	.. .	3,900 ditto ..	415	86	67	14	.. .		482
Muddehpoora Sub-Division									
Muddehpoora road, 3rd Section, No. 1 N	Not necessary	4,754 ft in two different places	363	100	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil .	363
Muddehpoora to Shahpore	..	1,500 ft in two places	374	100	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	374
Muddehpoora, Sookasun, and Pathurghat	No information received								
Bongaon to Phoolout ...	Not commenced								
Sudder Sub-Division.									
Muddehpoora road, 1st Sec., No 1 N	Work stopped								
Milkee road, No 5 N		5½ miles nearly completed,	543	82	86	13	33	5	662

for the fortnight ending 13*th June* 1874.

Supply of Food thereat.			Condition of the laboring class, and general features of the country.	Mode of payment.	Rate of wages.	Arrangement for tools.	Disbursement during the fortnight ending 13th June 1874.
From Bazar.	From Government moodie's shop.						
	Percentage.	Quantity. Mds. S. C.					
.....	All ...	135 15 0					738
.....	,, ...	72 0 0	Better than ordinary years. Various kinds of grains available in bazars. Laborers come to works from an average distance of two miles, some remain at sites of work, others return to their villages. Their usual occupation is cultivation; water plentiful. Rain fell copiously on night of 13th. Murwa and rubbee crops sown. All castes except Brahmins and Rajpoots come on work.	Payments on piece-work is made on 2nd and 3rd days in grain and in cash (that is, once only during the week in cash) Task-work the day following.	Rs. 2-8 per 1,000 cubic feet, and from annas 7-9 to 4-6 per 100 cubic feet on these works.		309
.....	,, ...	417 7 8					1,460
.....	,, ...	247 20 8					132
.....	,, ...	80 10 0					1,125
.....	,, ...	1,137 0 0					3,827
.....	,, ...	419 35 0					1,980
.....	,, ...	390 0 0					2,138
.....	,, ..	131 32 8					887
.....	,, ...	286 7 0	Condition very fair. In week under report men from light-labor gangs who are now considered fit for heavier duties, drafted into Class No. I, have supplied the decrease of the healthy and strong who have left to cultivate their fields.	Once in 3 or 4 days.	From As. 4-9 to As. 6-9 per 100 cubic feet.	Supplied from Government.	3,215
.....	,, ...	.....					.....
.....	.....	73 20 0					73
.....	.....	206 18 0	Good and healthy. Aspect of country fair. Rains fairly set in. September crops sown and greater portion of murwa. All classes on relief works except Rajpoot and Brahmins. Laborers work alternately on fields and works, or divide themselves, part of the family coming on the works, others going to cultivate. Executive Engineer Mr. Sibold, on inspecting this work, has remarked:—"The laboring classes in most cases have no stocks of grain to fall back upon, and the zemindars probably think it will be difficult to get men to work for advances who can return to relief works." Now that the roads are being finished it is necessary to employ a deal of daily laborers for dressing, &c., returned here as Class IIA.	Daily and contract every 2nd and 3rd day.	Contract at Rs. 1-14 to Rs. 2-4 per 1,000 c. ft. Mates at As. 3 to 3 Men ,, ,, 2 to 1-6 Women ,, ,, 1-3 to 1 Children ,, ,, 1 to 0-6		634
.....	.....	237 9 15					974
.....	.....	360 5 10					1,319
.....	.....	553 22 3½					2,043
.....	.....	234 21 7½					775
.....	,, ...	46 31 4	Good, healthy, and strong, some live on road-side in huts, others in adjacent villages. Cultivation in brisk progress. Heavy rains on 11th and 12th, roads about Muddehpoorn under water. Bhadoe crops sown, and on high lands aughaie will soon be sown. In Muddehpoorn and Shahpore the most of the laborers live in adjacent villages; about 200 of them having no houses, Rs 10 have been sanctioned to build huts for them according to application of overseer.	Every other day.	Contract work Rs. 2-4 per 1,000 c. ft., including ramming. Tank work at Rs. 1-14 per 1,000 c. ft. earth-work.	Ditto.	123
.....	,, ...	117 9 0					402
.....	,,	129 28 5	Generally good. 72 per cent. belong to laboring class. Small-pox broke out among the coolies, it has now decreased. Gangs have been broken up, and the sick separated from the healthy.	Daily, and contract twice a week.	Contract Rs. 2-4 to Re. 1-14 per 1,000 c. ft., and daily as hitherto.	Ditto ...	741

Name of road and number on map	Progress in marking out relief works	Progress in opening relief works.	Number of Labourers thereon.						Total
			Class I.		Class IIA.		Class IIB.		
			Average daily number.	Percentage.	Average daily number.	Percentage.	Average daily number.	Percentage.	
Peerpointee to Baraliat, No 16 S ...	3¼ miles ..	3¼ miles nearly done ...	114	58·	82	42	Nil ...	Nil ...	196
Sultangunge road, first three miles, No. 19 S	Not necessary .	Two bridges have their breaches partially filled, repairs to bridge and collecting stone in progress.	16	100	Nil ...	Nil ..	Nil ...	Nil ...	16
Ghoga and Mohima roads, No 13 S	Work stopped								
Banka Sub-Division									
Bowsee road, No 1 S	Repairs completed.								
Dhooria to Bowsee, No. 9 S ..	Completed	14 miles ..	36	51·	34	49·	Nil ...	Nil ...	70
Dhooria to Mohima, No 11 S ...	Ditto ...	2½ miles ...	411	97·	13	3·	Nil ..	Nil ...	424
Kutooria to Simultollah, No. 27 S . .	Ditto .	Earth work, ½rd mile ...	220	98	5	2·	Nil ...	Nil ...	225
Banka to Kutooria, No 26 S	Ditto .	Ditto . .	308	100·	Nil ...	Nil ..	Nil ...	Nil ...	308
Bhagulpore to Umerpore, No 2 S ...	.	Repairs ..	217	100	Nil ..	Nil ...	Nil	Nil	217
		Total .	31,276	... .	947	.	43	. ...	32,266

Supply of Food thereat.			Condition of the laboring class, and general features of the country.	Mode of payment.	Rate of wages.	Arrangement for tools.	Disbursement during the fortnight ending 15th June 1874.
From bazar.	From Government moodie's shop.						
	Percentage.	Quantity.					
From bazar	Nil ...	Nil	Good in every respect; labor scarce, as they find plenty of occupation in cultivating their own fields.	Daily, and contract once in 2 days.	Rs. 1-12 per 1,000 c. ft., and daily as usual.	Chiefly Government..	280
Nil ..	Nil	Nil	This work resumed this week after a stoppage of some time. Instruction received from Superintending Engineer to do no more filling of breaches, the season having far advanced.	Daily, and contract occasionally.	Contract Rs. 2-4 per 1,000 c. ft., daily usual rates.	Government ..	8
Half from bazar, and half purchase the Government grain stored at Dhoorla.			Condition improving. Laborers come to work occasionally, and at other times leave to cultivate their fields. From the overseer's report it would seem that much rain has not fallen in these parts. Crops of various sorts sown. Government grain is sold by the canoongo, as no moodie is obtainable in these parts.	Daily ...	Task work 3 annas per 100 cubic feet, and daily as usual.	Ditto	87 201
	Nil ...		Condition good, rains fairly set in, number of laborers decreasing, owing to the cultivation in brisk progress.	Daily, and contract once a week.	From Rs. 1-14 to Rs. 2 per 1,000 cubic feet, the usual rate.	Ditto ...	353 591
	Nil ...		Good in every respect, as in ordinary years; cultivation in brisk progress.	On submission of bills.	Contract Rs. 2 per 1,000 cubic feet.	Partly by Government	714
.....	.....	5,366 13 5½				Total ...	25,545

CIRCLE LABOR.

Circle.	Name of work.	Average number of persons employed daily during week.				Number on last day.				Average amount of work per person per diem.	Rate paid per 100 cubic feet in clean rice.	Remarks.
		Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.			
Naradeegur, May 24th to 30th.	Kamataha... ...	299	196	46	541	348	152	21	521	53½	4 seers.	Work in full swing.
	Ajmahie	621	458	28	1,107	630	353	36	1,015	32	4 „	
	Chowghutta ...	410	160	90	660	229	52	35	316	23	4 „	
	Soojunpore ...	341	241	112	694	331	217	150	698	45	4 „	
	Phurriah	228	148	66	442	325	221	75	621	16	4½ „	
	Peeprahi Jagail ...	286	215	140	641	281	272	183	736	40	4 „	
	Sookhasori... ...	307	110	17	434	291	118	10	419	42	4 „	
	Pursonie	93	35	13	141	...	..	...	..	Daily wage.		
	Bhokrahie... ...	424	304	19	747	522	421	23	966	41	4½ seers.	
	Nirmalie	166	69	33	269	66	20	4	90	Daily wage.		
	Kuptia	227	219	87	553	414	437	155	1,016	29	4 seers.	
	Suree	85	60	7	152	...	..	...	..	Daily wage.		
	Kudwalia	335	308	102	745	249	249	51	549	47	4 seers.	
	Puchgachia ...	127	81	14	223	369	260	16	645	Daily wage.		
	Dugmara	28	6	1	35	37	...	..	37	41	4 seers.	
	Total ..	3,978	2,610	775	7,363	4,098	2,782	749	7,629	.....	.....	
May 31st to June 6th	Kupaha ...	159	164	80	403	...	...	...	.	35	4 seers.	Work impossible on many days, owing to rain and the filling of the tanks.
	Beepteahi ...	118	50	7	175	33	15	...	48	40	4 „	
	Phurriah ...	215	116	34	365	5	...	...	5	11	4½ „	
	Ajmahie ...	377	243	8	628	300	108	3	411	37½	4 „	
	Soojunpore ...	235	152	108	495	146	104	91	341	39	4 „	
	Bhookrahie ...	237	189	57	477	34	22	1	57	41	4½ „	
	Chowghutta ...	68	23	5	96	103	47	9	159	Not stated	.. ..	
	Kamaldaha ...	229	151	27	407	396	242	27	665	40	4 seers.	
	Dugmara ...	38	15	...	53	10	...	...	10	43	4 „	
	Total ...	1,666	1,103	330	3,089	1,027	538	131	1,696	.... .	.....	
Muddehpoora, May 24th to 30th.	Muddehpoora Alalka road.	107	83	19	209	No information.	..	...	3 feet	No information. Daily wage.		Of these 26 , 27 Goap, 28 Jolah, 71 Mussahar, 25 Dosad, 15 Kanoo, 17 other castes.
Soopeol, May 24th to June 6th.	Hardi	...	...	...	957	Ditto.		...	...	.....	4½ seers per 100 cubic feet.	

LIGHT LABOR.

Muddehpoora, May 23rd to 30th.	Shukee tank ...	72	14	34	120	...	...	...	...	40 feet	6 seers of clean rice per 100 cubic feet.	Of these, 23 Gowalas, 27 Mussahars, 25 Dosads, 14 Jolahs, and 32 other castes.
	Rampore Bohea	69	34	9	105	...	...	...	...	29 „	Ditto ...	53 Jolahs, 16 Gowalas, 9 Mussahars, 8 Dosads, and 19 other castes.
	Byjnathpore ...	163	98	10	290	No information.				29 „	Ditto ...	103 Pantees, 20 Gowalas, 29 Mussahars, 26 Mussulmans, 29 Chamars, 37 Kant, and 46 other castes.
	Jolinia	32	9	4	45	...	...	...	...	30 „	Ditto ...	10 Jolahs, 8 Mussahars, 7 Chowbie, and 20 other castes.
	Sumda	299	41	6	346	...	...	...	...	41 „	Ditto ...	48 Dosads, 117 Jolahs, 38 Mussulmans, 48 Gowalas, 24 Chamars, and 71 other castes.
	Total ...	647	196	63	906	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	
Simrahi	Simrahi	26	79	17	122	45	168	35	248	19 feet.	6 seers.	Of these, on last day 66 Khutha, 44 Patma, 60 Dhancot, 36 Musohur, and 40 other castes.
	Chiloni	50	149	15	214	118	312	30	460	19 „	6 „	Of these, 102 Bhatur, 61 Khutha, 80 Dhanook, 56 Chamar, 24 Patma, and 117 other castes.
	Gamharpore ...	46	91	23	160	74	143	37	254	18 „	6 „	Of these, 90 Dhanoota, 80 Kawut, 32 Dhosad, 19 Goor, 13 Mallah, 45 rest.
	Total ...	122	319	55	496	237	623	102	962	56 „	.....	
						Work done.		*Grain paid.*				
Soopeol	Bijria tank ...	...	...	...	3,510	84·066		Mds. S. C. 127 19 4		.....	.....	
	Pelnah	...	...	...	6,419	187·724		283 36 0		.....	.....	
	Pursurma	...	...	...	7,175	197·353		296 0 11½		.....	.....	
	Mahikatara ...	...	...	...	3,831	148·380		222 24 1		.....	.....	
	Nermali	...	...	...	1,309	46·837		70 10 4		.....	.....	
	Total ...	...	...	...	23,234	635·314		980 10 9½		.....	.....	
	Average ...	...	...	...	1,585	39 c. ft.		1½ seer.		.....	.....	

V. T. TAYLOR,
Collector.

No. 2076—F, dated Purneah, the 16th June 1874

From—W. KEMBLE, Esq., Magistrate and Collector, Purneah,
To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

The fortnightly narrative for period ending the 13th June is forwarded herewith

A.—STATE OF THE PEOPLE.

THE crops throughout the district are promising well The rain has been most beneficial and abundant everywhere, except in a few villages in the south, where I hear more is still required.

I have visited Kissengunge and some parts of the sudder sub-division, and found the people everywhere busy, ploughing and sowing.

Mr. Thornton at Dengrah says:—"The general condition of the crops and people is satisfactory; although the demand for rice-sales has increased considerably during the past ten days, it can be fully accounted for by the increased demand for labor in the fields, payment for which is invariably made, in part at least, in grain." This gives a fair picture of the general condition of the sudder sub-division.

In Kissengunge the state of affairs has much improved since my last report. Prices have fallen from 7 and 8 seers the rupee to 9 and 10 seers; private traders are busy, bringing up grain from Purneah, Sahebgunge, and Calcutta. I found when I was last at Dengrah ghât that about 500 maunds of rice were taken over the ferry every day for private traders. Mr. Carnac, who has lately taken charge of the sub-division, takes a more gloomy view of affairs, and Mr. Bertelsen, in Bahadoorgunge, reports that "the whole population are dependant on the Government golahs." This is, however, an exaggeration, Mr. Carnac says that he considers that from 15 to 20 per cent. of the population are dependant on Government in the sub-division

The scarcity here is due, not so much to failure of the crops, as to persons having sold their stock, tempted by the high prices lately ruling The people consequently have money, and are able to buy. They have here had a good kanni crop, which will do much to alleviate the distress.

Supply of food in the Bazars.—I have ascertained that during the month of May Messrs. Bird and Co., at Caragolah, have brought up for private traders 23,099 maunds of grain, and 16,601 maunds during the first ten days of June; besides this, enormous quantities continue to come into the district from Sahebgunge by boat. These stores are now finding their way up north The part of the district where the distress is now greatest is doubtless Bahadoorgunge, where, on the cessation of the importation from the north-east the trade from the south has not yet penetrated.

The grain-thefts and dacoities which had begun to create considerable alarm in this Sub-Division have happily quite ceased; Mr. Craven went up and arrested and punished the rioters in almost every case, and thus restored confidence to the people and the traders. From Arrareah, Mr. Rattray states that the markets are plentifully supplied with Government and private grain, and that the laborers on the roads in many instances earn more rice than they can consume, and the surplus they retail at a profit. Quite enough rain had fallen, no more was wanted. Murwa and bhadoi were doing well, as was also jute. Mangoes, millet, and pulses (kauni and moong) were affording great relief to all classes; it was expected that some fields of early jamira dhan would be gathered in about three weeks

The return of grain-thefts this fortnight contrasts favorably with that of last fortnight.

Statement showing thefts of grain reported in the District of Purneah from 31st May to 13th June 1874.

Name of Police-Station	Number of cases reported.	Value of grain stolen. Rs. A. P.	Remarks.
Sudder	2	6 0 0	
Kissengunge	3	2 3 6	
Arrareah	1	Value not given.	
Bulrampore	3	28 6 0	
Dhumdaha	1	20 0 0	
Kulleagunge	9	458 8 0	
Mutearee	1	Value not given.	
Total ...	20	515 1 6	

B.

Mr. Cordner's report this week contains the rules for the payment of laborers in grain. These rules are working very successfully, but the demand for grain has increased in consequence; people now take all their pay in rice, and sell what they cannot eat.

The total number of laborers is 94,718, which gives a daily average of 13,531, being about 2,000 less than last fortnight. There has not been enough rain to stop work, the decrease is therefore owing to the laborers being wanted for work on the fields. The deficiency of grain in the golahs was owing to the great rush for sales and advances in the north. Supplies are now being pushed up.

Tank works by relief officers have in many places ceased, and all non-able-bodied men are employed on the village roads, and in generally improving the means of communication. According to my last returns, which are not perfect, the average number of persons employed on relief officers' works is 18,374, which shows a considerable decrease over last fortnight.

Mr. Gouldsbury, in Kusba Amour, still continues to find work for a large number of women and children, while the able-bodied men work on the roads of the Department Public Works.

The falling off of the laborers is of little consequence, in fact, I look on it as a good sign, as they all work on their fields, and are paid by the grain either advanced or bought from our golahs

C.

Transport operations are now in full work, both by boats, carts, and ponies.

The whole of the 1,50,000 maunds of grain have been despatched from Maldah, and out of this about 80,000 maunds had on the 10th instant been received at Dengrah, and sent on to Kusba Amour, Kissengunge and Bahadoorgunge, Koortee, Tetalya, Kalliagunge and Rudail; 10,000 maunds had also been stopped at Barsoe for Bulrampore circle.

Captain Anderson has arrived, and is now visiting the different circles to inspect the arrangements made for pack-ponies. By my last returns I find that the numbers given below have been engaged and registered :—

Stations.	Employed	Registered.
Kissengunge	450	500
Bahadoorgunge	533	150
Kudbah	100	500
Kusba Amour	164	...
Sudder	...	290
Arrareah	84	...
Total ...	1,331	1,440
Grand Total ...	. .	2,771

Mr. Gouldsbury has engaged contractors, who will bring ponies when required.

D.

The minor golahs are all stacked. The following table shows the quantity stored in each circle :—

	Mds.
Sudder	9,787
Kudba	2,000
Kissengunge	10,500
Bahadoorgunge	10,000
Kusba Amour	8,224
Bulrampore, about	10,000
Dengrah	10,000
Arrareah, quantity not definitely stated, said to be 2 months' supply in each, say	10,000
Total ...	75,511

E.

The only advances made have been to traders in Kissengunge, as reported in my diary of May 24th. They were—

	Rs.
Khesidass } Girdharilall }	1,000
Babulall	500
Muniram Sahu	2,000
Gotoo Sahu	1,000

Other advances applied for have been tendered in grain, but I have not heard that they have been accepted.

F.

I annex a copy of my district return for the fortnight, which shows a daily average of 14,732 persons relieved, exclusive of those on Department Public Works roads. The return of expenditure of grain is also annexed.

Bulrampore returns, owing probably to the illness of Mr. Meiklejohn, have not been received.

Lieutenant Coles, at the sudder, has again included all the persons relieved by village tickets in column 3. This shows a great decrease, and it is satisfactory to find that the rush of purchasers has also ceased.

Lieutenant Coles, by distributing the grain judiciously amongst the traders, keeps the markets supplied. These petty traders come to him at stated intervals with their ponies, and take the grain to the villages in the interior.

A good supply has also been given to Baboo Mohesh Lall, of Purneah, who sells it in small quantities in the city. This he has been doing for some months past; when his own supply falls short, we help him with Government grain. Lieutenant Coles now finds that 80 maunds a day meets the demand in Purneah station, at first 200 maunds a day did not suffice.

I annex a table which shows the charitable relief given by Roy Lutchmiput Singh's agent in Purneah, Baboo Ramchund Setya. This gentleman's services deserve notice.

Dengrah Circle.—Mr. Thornton's returns show a great falling off in light-labor tickets; but as advances have been freely made, the people are much better employed on their fields. It is reported that "the difficult question of giving relief to women of good family has been met by causing lists of these women to be drawn up by the jeyt-ryots, and countersigned by two or more of the most respectable residents in the sub-circle, through whom a month's supply, at ½ a seer per diem, is issued to each person." This is purely charitable relief, but it is, I think, the only way in which it can be given. Mr. Thornton sells about 110 maunds of rice a day. He reports the whole country much more quiet and contented; no fires, grain-robberies, dacoities, or petty thefts.

Kusba Amour.—Mr. Gouldsbury has omitted to show the number of persons on light-labor tickets, but from the other return submitted to Government, it appears that he has 4,677 persons daily employed. Mr. Gouldsbury states that the work done on his roads by women and children was good, and he was surprised to see the progress made at his last visit.

Mr. Gouldsbury has sent in a return showing 13,846 maunds of rice stocked in 94 villages under jeyt-ryots and group superintendents, under whom village relief is effectually carried out. 1,360 maunds a week are sold at the golahs.

Kudbah.—Mr. Perry's returns show a great decrease. In this locality the importations by private traders have been larger, and the demand for Government grain less than was expected. I have drawn supplies from here to replenish my northern golahs. There are a number of poor weavers and others to whom employment in spinning has been afforded: the cloth is paid for in grain and sold at the local haut; light labor is provided and uncooked rice distributed by ticket.

Bahadoorgunge.—There was here at one time so great a rush for work on our roads that Mr. Carnac was, he says, afraid that the crops would suffer for want of weeding, he therefore, under orders of Government, directed that half a month's supply of food should be given to the men employed on relief works, and that they should be made over to the ryots for doing work in the fields. He has also been authorised to make advances to those ryots who require grain to enable them to pay their laborers. Mr. Bertelsen reported that there was no importation,—this Mr. Carnac remarks is due to the too indiscriminate manner in which sales were held. On my recent visit to Kissengunge, I arranged with him that he should sell less in the public markets and more on tickets to the villagers; this will prevent hoarding and combinations, which I am convinced existed up here among the traders to keep prices high, and will encourage private importation. Sales will still be made through traders, but they will be regulated, and hoarding prevented.

The people here have long had plenty of work supplied to them; the spinning and weaving done under Mr. Bertelsen's superintendence has far exceeded that done elsewhere, and much relief has been afforded by these means. The numbers receiving charitable relief, both in cooked and uncooked food, at Bahadoorgunge is large Mr. Bertelsen has always been active in getting all fit objects for charity sent to his poor-houses, where they were well taken care of. This fortnight he reports two deaths, both from bowel-complaint, one 48 hours, and the other 3 days, after admission,—probably in both cases disease was engendered by want.

In Bahadoorgunge the difficulties of transport will be great, but I hope we shall manage by pack-ponies, pack-bullocks, and boats to carry grain wherever it is wanted.

The group system has been expanded here, and is now working well. Mr. Bertelsen himself, as far as powers of visiting go, seems to be a thoroughly efficient officer, and knows all the villages in his enormous circle well.

Kissengunge.—Baboo Rajaneenath Chatterjee in this circle has far fewer difficulties to contend against; the pucca road enables traders to bring grain into the heart of his circle;

his groups (18) are well arranged, and are working well. Here also the spinning and weaving relief has been freely and well distributed. The sales here were not made so largely and freely as in Bahadoorgunge, but the village ticket system worked here from the first.

In both these last named circles the work is getting well in hand, and rice to supply the golahs is being pushed up.

Kalleagunge, where distress may break out, has been placed under Abdul Majeed, the Sub-Deputy Collector, an active young Mussulman.

Arrareah.—Mr. Rattray continues to manage his sub-division with only native assistants. Mr. Quillet has been sent to Bulrampore to help Mr. Meiklejohn, as Mr. Rattray reported he would sooner have a native assistant. He reports that the circle officers are distributing village relief tickets, especially round Dholbajja, where distress is said to be more felt than in other quarters. The people are going to work in large numbers on their fields, those who do not work now, get no share in the harvest work, it is consequently doubly to their advantage to take field-work in preference to ours. Advances of grain and sales have been freely made, so there is no lack of grain; more is being sent up to fill the golahs.

Statement showing the number of persons relieved by Roy Lutchmeput Singh, Bahadoor, at his Khas Zemindaree in the District of Purneah for the period ending 13th June 1874.

Name of Relief Centre.	Relief by cooked food.				Daily average.	Relief by uncooked food.				Daily average.	Number of laborers employed.
	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.		Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.		
Hosseingunge	.....	.....	.....	.....	.	149	1,087	195	1,431	110·07	210
Kudba	.....	.....	.....	.....		81	363	80	524	40·3	.....
Arrareah...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.	121	1,233	299	1,653	127·15	22
Chowkee Nurgudda*	...	.....	.....	.....	.	.....	.....	.....	...	.....	.....
Khunooah	.....	.....	.....	.....	...	36	311	7	354	42·61	.....
Lutchmipore	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	900	3,360	1,905	6,165	474	....
Purneah—											
Hindoos	223	90	129	441	33·92	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	305
Mahomedan	323	482	354	1,159	89·15	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Total ...	545	572	483	1,600	123·7	1,287	6,554	2,486	10,327	794·16	439

Daily Register of Persons relieved each month in each Relief Circle for the Fortnight ending 13th June 1874.

1	2		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Name of Circle	At Centres.		In poor-houses.	By village relief tickets.	By light-labor tickets.	By spinning.	By weaving.	By sales of grain under clause 9, para. 3 of relief instructions.	By other means.	Total.
	By cooked food.	By uncooked food.								
Sudder..	1,488	16,700	195	.....	40,061	...	...	.....	...	58,464
Dengrah	99	...	96	1,527	890	140	121	728	539	4,140
Kusba Amour ...	.....	1,884	217	.....	.....	...	...	.....	...	2,101
Kudbah	14	4,180	48	326	5,263	87	81	.....	...	9,999
Bulrampore	Return not received.									
Bahadoorgunge ...	584	2,875	190	6,928	15,748	519	418	.....	23	27,285
Kissengunge	.....	7,252	...	7,238	55,946	419	416	.....	...	71,271
Arrareah	8,528	18,422	147	.....	5,894	...	...	.....	...	32,991
Total ...	10,713	51,313	893	16,019	123,822	1,165	1,036	728	562	206,251

* Report not yet received.

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the District of Purneah for the Fortnight ending Saturday, the 13th June 1874.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Name of Circle	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	Total quantity of grain consumed up to date. By sale to the public or to D. P. W. laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots.	By payments in kind to laborers.	Total.	Estimated grain receipts of the ensuing fortnight.	Estimated grain expenditure of ensuing fortnight.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds	Mds.	Mds.		
Sudder ... { As per last return ..		.. ..	4,248	930	11,735	4,090	21,003	} As per revised return sent in by Lieut Coles.	
Sudder ... { During the fortnight ...	71,000	21,393	2,810	890	898	1,440	5,538		
Dengrah ... { As per last return ...			6,825	697	10,288	186	17,996	} As per revised return sent in by Mr Thornton.	
Dengrah ... { During the fortnight ..	80,000	27,333	1,119	75		689	1,883		
Kusbah Amour { As per last return ...		..	6,592	1,235	7,420	2,879	18,126		
Kusbah Amour { During the fortnight ...	38,000	2,783	2,336	524	70	1,511	4,441		
Bulrampore ... { As per last return ...			18,438	1,030	50	840	20,347		
Bulrampore ... { During the fortnight ..	57,500	20,142	...	...	...	...		No returns received.	
Kudbah ... { As per last return ...			2,610	1,105	17,111	2,344	23 170	} As per revised return sent in by Mr. Perry	
Kudbah ... { During the fortnight	62,000	37,416	450	330	.	487	1,267		
Kissengunge ... { As per last return ...		... .	7,590	86	1,310	3,491	12,477		
Kissengunge ... { During the fortnight ...	64,000	38,185	1,746	1,038	...	2,453	5,237		
Bahadoorgunge { As per last return			7,458	935	1,057	3,569	13,019		
Bahadoorgunge { During the fortnight . .	40,400	12,548	7,483	2,582	1,308	3,774	15,015		
Arrareah { As per last return ...			8,855	23,172	21,761	9,786	63,554		
Arrareah { During the fortnight ...	86,500	12,849	6,441	2,690	19.066	7,011	35,208		
Total ... {	5,00,000	1,72,631	62,596	29,190	70,712	27,194	1,89,692		
			22,355	7,629	21,240	17,375	68,599		

The figures in column 3 are actual stock in the Government golahs on the 10th June 1874, as per goladars' returns; besides this about 75,000 maunds have been stored in the minor golahs in the different circles, and some grain has been despatched or in transit to Julpigoree, for which no accounts have been received yet.

Return of Sick and Infirm treated at the Poor-houses in the District of Purneah for the fortnight ending 13th June 1874.

Name of Poor-house.	Remained	Admitted.	Total.	Cured.	Relieved.	Absconded.	Died.	Remaining.
Kajanchi haut	14	5	19	...	6	...	...	13
Kudbah	11	49	60	48	1	...	1	10
Berhampore	20	18	38	9	...	3	1	25
Bahadoorgunge	9	18	27	14	2	...	1	10
Arrareah	16	26	42	23	...	...	...	19
Total	70	116	186	94	9	3	3	77

G.—Financial Results of the Fortnight.

The expenditure reported last fortnight amounted to Rs. 7,30,544-4-5+28,437-6-11 =7,58,981-11-4:—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Village roads	10,468	0	0
District Engineer	1,80,000	0	0
Planters and others for district road repairs ...	8,915	2	0
Purchase of tools and plant	5,351	2	6
Transport of grain	4,16,721	12	9
Construction of golahs	25,960	8	6
Construction of golahdar's house	48	14	0
Advance to residents for purchase of grain ...	70,225	0	0
Advance to zemindars to assist their ryots ...	32,600	0	0
Advance to Lieutenant W. Coles on account of pay ...	150	0	0
Office establishment	857	10	7
Office contingencies	2,036	1	8
Golah establishment	1,576	3	1
Advance for purchase of fodder	2,014	2	0
Advance for cart tracks	1,500	0	0
Deputation allowance of Mr. Baker	557	2	3
Total ...	7,58,981	11	4

Expenditure during the fortnight.

	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.
Transport of grain—						
Advanced to H. B. Munro, Esq.	5,000	0	0			
„ to R. Money, Esq.	10,000	0	0			
Payment to contractors on account of cart-hire for grain transport	494	11	6			
				15,494	11	6
For construction of golahs—						
To Sham Churn Lall, Sudder golahdar ...	.....			50	0	0
Office establishment	.....			317	0	0
Office contingencies	.....			327	5	1
Golah establishment	.....			1,635	7	4
To Mr. E. B. Baker, deputation allowance for May 1874	.....			200	0	0
Total ...				18,024	7	11

Relief Return of the Purneah District for the fortnight ending Friday, the 12th June 1874.

Area of sub-division (square miles)	4,951
Population	1,714,795
Number of relief circles	8
Number of villages	4,179
	Mds.
Amount of grain stored in maunds	1,72,631
Average daily number of persons on Government or Court of Wards' relief works—	
Managed through Public Works Department subordinates ..	26,202
Managed direct by circle officers or local agency	18,374
Total ..	44,576
Average daily number of persons receiving gratuitous or charitable relief	3,626
Number of *known* cases of starvation death .. { Up to date of last return	6
{ During the week under report ..	1
Number of persons employed on private relief works, as far as known	125
Number of persons receiving gratuitous relief from private charity, as far as known	1,092

Grain disposed of up to date of last return.	Up to date of last return	During the fortnight.	Total to date.	Remarks.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	
By sale to laborers	27,194	17,375	44,569	
Ditto to public	62,596	22,355	84,951	
In charitable relief	29,190	7,629	36,819	
Advanced to ryots	70,712	21,240	91,952	
Total ...	1,89,692	68,599	2,58,291	

PURNEAH,
The 17th June 1874.

W. KEMBLE,
Magistrate and Collector.

PURNEAH DISTRICT.

Progress Report of Famine Relief Works for the week ending Saturday, 6th June 1874.

Name of road.	Progress in marking out relief works.	Progress in opening works.	Number of laborers thereon				Supply of food thereat.		Condition of the laborers and general features of the country	Mode of payment.	Rate of wages.	Arrangements for tools.	Disbursement during the week.
			Class I	Class II A	Class II B	Total.	Amount of Government grain sold to laborers.	Proceeds of sale					
							Mds Sr.	Rs. A. P					
No. 1, Purneah to Keolgunna.	The whole line of road, about 40 miles in length, has been fixed.	3 parties working	5,342	173	...	5,515	296 32	742 0 0	There is increase in the number of laborers on this work since last report, and many of those who were in Class IIA have been induced to join the Class I parties All the clearing of jungle and high grass over the Koosi dearahs has now been given out in length by contract, which is much more satisfactory than working it by day-labour, as there could be but little check on the cost. Copious rain has fallen all over this part of the country, and the crops are looking excellent In some places the people have commenced ploughing for the winter crops. The condition of the laborers is universally good The present system of grain payments have now been in force for two weeks, and I am glad to say is very popular amongst the laborers.	Payments to laborers in grain is now the established rule in this district Just at first starting some of the laborers objected to the new system, but when its advantages were explained to them and that they would have no difficulty in disposing of what they earned over and above that required for consumption they all agreed to it, and the new arrangement is now very popular The mode of payment at present in force in this district may be best learned from a copy of the rules issued on the subject immediately on receipt of the order to pay the laborers in grain *Rules for paying laborers in grain* 1 No extra establishment to that at present entertained will be required, as our cashiers and cash jemadars will be utilized both for superintending the receipts and issues of the grain and keeping the accounts. 2. The following rates for piece, task, and daily labor will be observed: Class I laborers on contract or piece-work will receive 30 seers per 1,000 c ft of earth-work in ordinary ground, and 40 seers in hard ground, when paid in Burmah or uncleaned rice, and 22 and 30 seers respectively when paid in clean rice,	As there is a large quantity of Burmah rice in this district we almost universally indent for and use it, and in fixing the rates for day-labor and contract work, one seer of rice is taken as equivalent to one anna, so that the rates remain the same as before, viz. Earth work according to the nature of the soil and height of bank, varies from 30 to 60 seers per 1 000 cubic feet, 30 to 40 seers are however the usual rates, anything above this being very exceptional The rates for Class II A and B are as follows— Class II A. Seers Men ... 1½ Women ... 1 Children ... ½ Class II B Men ... 1 Women ... ¾ Children ... ½ These rates are lower than the old cash rates, and have been reduced so as to correspond with those given on class works, in order that there may be no inducement for people to accept anything but contract work.	Every effort has been made to induce the laborers to bring their own tools, but it is to be regretted that this has not been attended with any very great success, and especially since we began to issue large quantities of Government tools to each of the works. When the works were first started, but very few Government tools were issued, and most of the laborers who came to our work brought their own It was feared, however, that villagers were beginning to think that it was no use applying for work unless they brought kodals, so that, after a consultation with the Magistrate, tools were issued to each work, and now, as a rule, the laborers work with Government tools These remarks only apply to the unprofessional laborers, as they and others, as a rule, have their own tools and bring them to the work.	
No 2, Nathpore and Etwaree	65 miles marked out, and levelled and surveyed, estimate in progress, and additional length 15 miles east of Kalsagunge to Dinagepore frontier has been laid out.	13 parties working.	39,381	1,761	698	41,810	1,550 0 This amount does not include what has been sold on the portion of the road under Mr Sub-Engineer Kenyon, as he has sent in no statement of grain sold or cash disbursed	4,150 0 0	The heavy rain that has fallen at intervals all over this road during the past week has been a check to the work, as many of the laborers did not come to the road in consequence, and I doubt if we will again get as many as we have had during the past few weeks. The crops are everywhere looking excellent, and a few days fine weather will be of advantage to get some weeding done; ploughing for the cold weather crops is going on in all directions Mr Johnson, who is in charge of this road, reports that he has been unable to institute grain payments in consequence of the scarcity of Government grain in the golahs and that if some more is not quickly sent up, our works will be very much impeded. The condition of the laborers is good.				

Name of roads	Progress in marking out relief works.	Progress in opening work.	Number of laborers thereon. Class I.	Class II A.	Class II B.	Total.	Supply of food thereat. Amount of Government grain sold to laborers.	Proceeds of sale.	Condition of the laborers and general features of the country.	Mode of payment.	Rate of wages.	Arrangement of tools.	Disbursement during the week.
							Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.					Rs. A. P.
No. 4, Kissengunge to Titaliya.	Whole line laid out, estimate submitted for sanction.	3 parties working.	7,408	.....	.....	7,408	455 5	1,213 10 3	The numbers at work on this road are much the same as last reported. In the early part of the week the number were increasing, but owing to the heavy rain many left the works. The crops are looking excellent, and there is every prospect of a good harvest. The condition of the laborers is universally good. Grain-payments have been in force for the last two weeks, and are very popular with the laborers.	but when procurable, the former kind of rice is invariably to be indented for by the officer in charge of the works. Class II A laborers on task-work will receive as follows:— Seer. Men ... ... 1½ Women... ... 1 Children ... ½ Class II B— Men ... ... 1 Women ... ... ¾ Children ... ½ As almost all our works are now carried on by Class I laborers it is expected that but few payments will have to be made to Class II A and B. 3. On Mondays and Thursday pay-orders will be made out by the sircar exactly in the same form as at present, with the exception that the value of the work done will be entered in grain in place of in cash. These pay-orders will be handed over to the duffadars of the gangs, who will take them on the above-mentioned days to to the moodies' shop and get the grain for them, signing a receipt, as at present, on the back of the order. The duffadars will then distribute the grain to their gangs. 4. The officer in charge of the work will as usual send in his weekly indent for the amount of rice required by him at each golah, and will from time to time give a receipt form to the cashier filled up and signed by him, as at present, for such an amount of rice as he considers necessary, and the cashier will be responsible for the rice from the time it leaves the golah; he will be allowed, as at present, one cash jemadar to each party, who will keep all the moodies' accounts, and see that pro-	.....	.....	1,213 10 3
No. 5, Toorkelly to Dengra.	All marked out and levelled, estimate submitted for sanction.	4 parties working.	6,357	.....	.....	6,357	423 7	1,141 12 9	The decrease in the number of laborers this week is owing to the heavy rain that has fallen. On Monday and Wednesday less than half the usual number attended the work. I fear that if we have heavy rain soon again it will almost put a stop to the earth-work, as many of the side-cuttings are even now full of water. Dressing and grassing the slopes will, however, afford occupation to those who want it for some time to come. The condition of the laborers is good. The crops in every direction are looking excellent, grain-payments have now been in force for two weeks, and the arrangement is very popular with the laborers.	.....	.....	1,141 12 9
No. 6, Dengra Ghat to Bhopla.	All marked out and levelled, estimate submitted for sanction.	4 parties working.	5,864	216	.....	5,864	316 35	845 1 0	The decrease in the number of laborers is owing to the heavy rain that fell during the week, and which for a few days almost completely stopped the work. The crops are everywhere looking well, and the people are cheerfully looking forward to a plentiful harvest. The new system of paying the laborers in grain has been in force for the last two weeks, and the people appear to prefer it to cash.	.....	.....	845 1 0
No. 7, Raisunge to Bulrampore.	All marked out and levelled, estimate submitted for sanction.	3 parties	11,819	2,028	.....	13,847	819 9	2,184 9 7	The number of laborers on this work has increased since last week, as some able-bodied men who had at first received employment on 2nd class relief works have been sent back to us. There has been some heavy rain along this road, but not sufficient to materially affect the work. The crops are looking very well in every direction. Grain-payments are now in force, and are popular with the laborers.	.....	.....	2,184 9 7
No 8. Maldah and Hurrishchunder road.	Line laid out, estimate submitted	Work can be taken in hand as soon as it is considered advisable to do so.											

No 9, Kudbah to Barsoe.	Line laid out, estimate submitted for sanction	3 parties working	2,577	44	.....	2,621	136 11	364 1 6	There is a considerable decrease in the number of laborers on this road, this is chiefly owing to the people having left for work in the fields, and also many who came from a distance do not now care to do so since the rains commenced. The crops are looking excellent, grain payments have been in force for the last two weeks, and are very popular.	and vouchers are received for all grain issued On every Saturday the officer in charge of work will inform Executive Engineer of the amount and value of rice handed over to each cashier according to accompanying form, a corresponding form to be signed by cashier and returned by officer in charge of works	.....	.....	364 1 6
No. 16, Purmah to Kudbah.	Embanking existing road.	1 party	771	..	.....	771	... ..	.....	The numbers on this road have decreased since last week, as many people are now, since the rain fell, employed in weeding their fields. The condition of the laborers in good. Grain payments have been in force for the last two weeks and are very popular	5. The cashier will send in his weekly accounts to Executive Engineer exactly as at present, putting in his cash book receipts and issues of grain taking care, however, to invariably mention the kind and value of grain received by him at each golah			
No 22, Kissengunge to Bhanrisdangee.	Repairs ..	This work is only repairing existing road, and is being carried on by contract.											
No 23, Kissengunge to Bahadoorgunge.	Repairs to existing road.	1 party ...	1,027	.....	.....	1,027	16 8	46 3 2	Owing to the heavy rain, there have been but few people at work this week. For Tuesday and Wednesday the average number was 17 The condition of the laborers is good, and the crops are in every direction very promising. Grain payments have been in force for the last two weeks.	6. No moodie's shop will be allowed to have two kinds of grain in it on any consideration, as accounts would be greatly confused if it were otherwise. 7 On every Friday evening, the cashier must send to the officer in charge of works, a statement of the quantity and value of grain paid over to the laborers on each road	.....	.....	43 3 2
No. 24, Titalya to Dinagepore frontier.	Ditto ditto	1 party ..	263	.....	.....	263	.....	.....	This work is only repairing an old district road, and is being carried on by contract.		.....	.....	28 2 9
No. 35, Saifgunge to Mohendarpore.	Repairing and embanking district road.	1 party at work.	158	65	.....	223	16 22	28 2 9	This work is only repairing district road. The laborers are paid in grain. Crops looking very well in this part of country. After the heavy rain that fell during the week some of the laborers left the road for work in their fields.	8. Each cashier will hold a small cash imprest for miscellaneous expenditure, such as carriage of rice, &c., for this he will keep a cash-book to that effect, in which he enters receipts and sales of rice, the account of which he will send in weekly, as at present, to Executive Engineer	.....	.....	659 3 2
Bahadoorgunge to Tarabarry	Line marked out	1 party at work.	5,787	.....	.....	5,787	247 8	659 3 2	The crops are looking excellent. The condition of the laborers is good Grain-payments have been in force for the last two weeks				
No 9 Chownagra to Bulrampore.	Line marked out, estimate submitted for sanction.	2 parties at work.	2,832	363	.....	3,195	121 9	322 9 6	Heavy rain has fallen over this part of the country and the crops are now looking strong and healthy The condition of the laborers is good. Grain-payments have been in force for the past two weeks, and the system is very popular	9. The officer in charge of the work is responsible to see that proper accommodation is made for the reception of the rice, and he will also assist the cashier in every way in transporting the rice from the golah to the moodies' shops, in fact he is responsible to see that this is done, and that the supply of rice at the moodies' shops is always in excess of the demand	.....	.....	322 9 6

R. A. CORDNER,
Executive Engineer.

No. 456—S.R., dated Doomka, the 15th June 1874.

From—JOHN BOXWELL, ESQ., Offg. Deputy Commissioner, Sonthal Pergunnahs,

To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

I HAVE the honor to submit my narrative for the fortnight ending the 14th instant.

I have received reports from Rajmehal, Deogurh, Jamtara, Hendwa, and Godda. Sultanabad not received.

A.—STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

There has been no actual failure of supply anywhere The only part of this district in which serious scarcity is reported is in the Jamtara sub-division, where grain is being supplied to the public from the Government golahs.

Doomka.—No signs of distress in this sub-division, prices of grain are high, but the importation of 3,000 maunds daily expected to arrive will no doubt remedy this.

Mr. Smith, the sub-divisional officer, has just returned from a visit to the Hendwa talook, the only place from which any disquieting reports reached us; after careful enquiry he came to the conclusion that there was no ground for fear. The zemindars of this portion of the country have promised assistance, and have agreed to take grain from Government for advancing to their ryots. Work has been opened on a new part of the Jarmundi and Deoghur road, near Taljhari, where assistance had been asked for.

In Doomka itself relief works have been started, but very few people avail themselves of them, and will not consent to labor at less than 2 annas a day. The large bund at Kattikund under the District Engineer is going on well, but though the rates given are good, and notice had been issued that there was work for 500 men, only 250 could be got on piece-work. Cultivation is going on everywhere, though the rains are not all that could have been desired. There does not appear to be any scarcity of seed.

Rajmehal.—Mr. Stewart states there is very little change as regards supplies in the principal bazars since date of his last report. Sahebgunge is well stocked, and prices gone down to 12 seers for common rice. At Rajmehal no change is reported; in spite of sales to public of Government rice, price of common rice remains at 8¼ seers per rupee.

Burio and Burhait remain as before. It is anticipated that when rivers rise and the country is flooded Government rice will have to be sold to the public. Mr. Stewart says that the sale of Government rice at Rajmehal does not interfere with private trade. The people don't like it, they prefer to pay a higher price for dealers' rice and only take Government rice from necessity; they complain that it is old, and chiefly "arrowa," or rice husked without boiling the paddy. No cases of misery or starvation reported. Cultivation going on; maize, millet, and khery being sown There appears to be no deficiency of corn-seed, but in portions of Moogara there is a scarcity of rice-seed. No crops in the ground but sugar-cane and indigo,—rain has benefited the latter. The mango crop is a partial failure.

Deogurh.—Mr. Wilmot reports much rain over the sub-division, and, in consequence, sowing is actively going on. It has also had the effect of lowering the price at most of the hauts; the dearest is 10 seers at Gharsara, the cheapest 13 at Kurron and other places. As there is a fair promise for the bhadoi crop, rice-holders are selling at Deogurh town, where the price is 11 to 12 seers. Owing also to large recent importations, gram may now be bought in Deoghur and Rohini shops from 16 to 17 seers per rupee; this has lessened the demand for rice,—the people, however, say they will require rice when the rains fairly set in, as they cannot work so hard on gram. Mr. Wilmot states he does not believe extreme distress exists anywhere in the sub-division, from the unwillingness of the people to accept assistance, unless given to them in their own houses, and these people only of the lowest caste. A deputation of 325 men applied for advances of money to assist them in cultivation, and requiring loans of money and grain without interest, repayable after the cold weather harvest, or at a later date, according to their option. They based their application on what they said was being done elsewhere, in Jamtara and Manbhoom. He told them that their crops had not been so bad as at Jamtara, where rice was difficult to procure at 9 to 10 seers a rupee, whereas in Deogurh the selling price was 12. Moreover, he had no orders to give them advances. Work was offered to them, and enquiries made as to their condition, which showed that they were not in the distress they represented. In fact, it was only an attempt to get assistance without having to pay interest for it. They refused the work, and went away grumbling and complaining of neglect.

Godda.—Mr. Grant states that the general condition of the people and country is good, but though not worse than when he last wrote, things have not improved, and in consequence the pressure from scarcity and dearness of food is more keenly felt, and over a more extended area. No cases of death from starvation reported or known of.

There has been a heavy rainfall in the south of the district, but as it has only come within the last few days its effect on the relief works cannot be estimated with certainty. At present the number of people on the works has not decreased; in fact, the daily labour returns show a slight increase as compared with the preceding fortnight. The present daily average is 12,288, against 12,046 of the previous report; 10,061 have been doing task-work, and 2,227 daily labour.

Cultivation, however, is not neglected; the men work in the fields in the morning, and earn their food on the relief works in the afternoon; if they absent themselves entirely their

places are filled up by other members of the family. The next week's returns will probably show the full effect of the rain on the works. No actual failure of food-supplies. At Belbudda and Perozepore the prices range from 7½ to 8 seers at the other bazars from 8 to 10. No reliable information as to stocks of grain in private hands. Though the mustagirs and large cultivators of the southern portion of the sub-division are said to hold sufficient for their own and dependant's wants, there must be many thousand households who have to look to relief work or the chance of agricultural employ for their daily food. Relief work in active progress, and moodies appointed for sale of grain.

Jamtara.—Mr. Hand, the officer in charge of the sub-division, reports favorably of the changed condition of the people since relief operations have commenced, but unfavourably as regards food-supplies. The grain is scarce everywhere, and the price is only kept down by the opening of the Government golahs. Relief works are being opened and carried on in all parts. No cases of actual starvation are reported. There is no certain information as to the stock of grain in private hands: by some it is said to be large, by others small. About 3 inches of rain has fallen, and sowing is pretty general,—chiefly of Indian-corn and sugar-cane. There is a great scarcity of seed-grain, and the cattle are suffering for want of nourishment. Rice will be wanted shortly, both for present use and to store before the rains,—2,000 maunds are on the road to Kandahit from Cynthia.

The people, especially Sonthals, are very averse to the contract or task-work, therefore most of the labor is on the subsistence principle. The daily average of laborers of all kinds employed in this sub-division for the week ending the 12th June shows as follows :—

On subsistence	3,841
On contract or piece-work	2,694
Total ..	6,535

No reports from Sultanabad. Mr. Bœrresen reports that works are going on favorably at Benagarhia, but Mr. Muston complains of the difficulty of selling rice.

Mr. Smith, the excise officer, reports a considerable increase in the collection in the quarterly abkarry return ending March. The Herausser and Pakour distilleries are the most marked; Rajmehal and Burhait also show increase, which the sub-divisional officer attributes to relief operations.

Rain has been general everywhere,—at Doomka we have thunder-storms and lightning daily, with moderate showers. Of the sub-divisions, Jamtara and Godda seem to have had the least fall. Small-pox has broken out at Doomka. Cholera is reported at Moheshpore; a native doctor has been despatched there. In Jamtara few cases of cholera have been reported. In Deogurh small-pox is abating, and cholera has disappeared. No fresh cases of dacoity or any grain-thefts of importance have occurred. The number of beggars, lepers, cripples, &c., in Doomka, has considerably diminished.

B.—Relief Works.

List of works annexed, with daily average. Grain-payments being made everywhere, with the exception of Doomka, where the grain has not yet come to hand, and the works are of no importance. Mr. Hand has started a good many bunds and tanks; several of them of some magnitude.

Mr. Wilmot has been obliged to increase the rate from Rs. 2 to Rs. 2½ per 1,000 cubic feet, and states the number of laborers is decreasing. Mr. Grant is paying Rs. 2-8 per 1,000 cubic feet.

C.—Transport.

Our difficulties are now commencing, owing to the agriculturists refusing to lend their carts, having begun the cultivation.

Complete arrangements were made to transport 5,000 maunds from Cynthia to Doomka and Kundahit; the carts arrived at the station before the rice, and, without waiting a single day, returned to Kundahit, refusing to take compensation.

Ferries are being established and temporary sheds erected for the protection of rice during transport at the principal rivers, particularly on the More and Ajaya. The Magistrate of Beerbhoom has also kindly lent tents for storage purposes on the Soory and Doomka road.

D.

A large golah is nearly completed at Doomka, and Mr. Hand reports that Jamtara golahs are ready to receive fresh supplies. The Kundahit and Nala golahs are quite complete. The golahs in the other sub-divisions are complete and stocked.

E.

Rs. 200 has been advanced to one Sagor Goran, for constructing a bund at Rajbandh, during the fortnight under review.

F.

The charitable relief committees are just starting work, and will shortly be in full swing. From the report received from Jamtara, it appears that the place stands in urgent need of it. Mr. Grant is also actively carrying out Government orders, and has two agents continually moving about, searching out distress and relieving it when found.

G.—Financial Results.

The information is given in a separate sheet.

Explanation is required from Mr. Grant as to whether the half-days tell on the haziri and the piece-work, and as to where the supplementary numbers come from, and what they were doing before the rain. I have to thank Mr. Rowland for the preparation of this report: I have been ill and unable to work for three days.

Grain disposed of up to date of submission.

		Mds.	Srs.	Ch.
(*a*)	By sale to laborers and payment in kind	20,745	39	10¾
(*b*)	By sale to the public	2,596	38	18¾
(*c*)	In charitable relief	106	3½	10½
(*d*)	Advanced to ryots through zemindar	1,841	0	0
		25,290	2½	3
	Up to date of last report	15,921	17	6*
	During fortnight	9,368	24½	13
	Total ..	25,290	2½	3

* Maunds 12,978-12-12½, as shown in the last fortnightly, was wrong.

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the Sonthal Pergunnahs for the fortnight ending 14th June 1874.

Name of Circle.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain in store, exclusive of grain transported to other districts.	Total quantity of Grain consumed up to date.					Estimated grain receipts of the ensuing fortnight	Estimated grain expenditure	Remarks.
				By sale to laborers and the public.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape	By advance to ryots.	By payment in kind to laborers	Total.			
		Mds.	Mds. Srs. Chs	Mds Srs. Chs	Mds. Srs. Chs.	Mds Srs Chs.	Mds. Srs Chs.	Mds. Srs Chs	Mds.	Mds	
Rajmehal	12th idem ...	1,35,000	41,119 0 0	6,482 24 9	. .. .	.. ..	.....	6,482 24 9	20,000	2,800	Return from Kundahit and other circles not received.
Godda	„		63,344 10 0	1,359 22 4	31 1 2½	.....	4,693 7 1	6,083 30 7½	.....	12,000	
Jamtara . ..	„		13,200 0 0	2,058 30 3½	68 8½ 12	1,641 0 0	... .	3,967 38½ 15½	.. ...	.. ...	

Price-current for the week ending 13th June 1874.

	Wheat.	Common rice.	Bajra.	Maize.	Gram.
Doomka	11	10½	13	13	12½
Abjulpore	14	12½	..	..	14
Nonihat	12	10	..	14	12
Pakour	14½	11	..	..	16½
Jamtara	..	11	..	16	12
Deoghur	12	12	..	13	16
Sahebgunge	14	12	18	16	17
Rajmehal	14	9	..	..	16
Burhait	..	10	16	16	..
Godda	..	10	..	12½	12½

List showing the Relief Works under Civil Officers in the Santhal Pergunnahs, and the average of daily laborers on each.

No.	Works.	Daily average.
	Rajmehal.	
1	Sahebgunge to Burhait road	1,649·4
2	Madanshaye tank	52·2
3	Panchgurh bund	81·
4	Bolio or Jhamuni bund	21·3
5	Simaljore bund	343·4
6	Hudduf road	480·2
7	Tinpahar „	269·5
8	Doodkhole bund	659·7
9	Shahabad „	99·8
10	Khyrasole „	222·3
11	Futtehpore „	414·4
12	Kurunpore „	338·2
13	Soleband „	69·7
14	Bamoondi „	57·6
15	Doodkhole road	43·2
16	Marapore bund	58·3
17	Burhait tank	64·9
	Total ..	4,925·1
	Deoghur.	
1	Potherole to Mudhopore road	126
2	Station road repairs	8
3	Rohinee to Jesidi road	141
4	Repairing and constructing 32 bunds at Rohinee estate ..	1,128
5	Ditto ditto 8 „ at Sarwan estate ..	313
6	Ditto ditto 3 „ at Narainpore estate ..	73
	Total ..	1,804
	Doomka.	
Palia circle—		
1	Gaichand tank	145
2	Jamtara	158
3	Muchigaria	555
4	Dukinbahal	52
5	Bhorchandi	104
6	Kuruka	88
7	Ladua	115
8	Chakri	122
9	Majhia	83
10	Panjoonia	38
12	Kalbori	104
13	Sendal	46
14	Setulpore	43
15	Jealjoori	55
16	Skar	Not given.
17	Wangai (incomplete)	103
18	Upper Candli	70
19	Mingatands	14
	Total ..	1,895

Bunds and tanks.

No	Works	Daily average.	
Nala circle—			
1	Deojore	270	Bunds and tanks.
2	Nala	712	
3	Dabario	421	
4	Pathargatia	118	
5	Searkattea	240	
6	Amlajori	139	
7	Karaya	77	
8	Bindapattear	51	
9	Palaykuri	111	
10	Paikura	74	
11	Geria	31	
12	Mohunpore	12	
	Total ..	2,256	
Kundahit circle—			
1	Kundahit tank	1,664	
2	Barkati „	843	
3	Khurian „	476	
4	Khujoori „	303	
	Total ..	3,286	
Jamjoori circle—			
1	Jamjoori	563	
2	Chakunda	239	
3	Jaihai	156	
	Total ..	958	
Benagarhia—			
	Tank in Benagarhia	570	
	Ditto in Thakroontolla	453	
	A small tank in Benagarhia	212	
	Road from Benagarhia to Kalipator, about 3 to 4 miles ..	506	
	Total ..	1,741	

Godda.

On several works in the sub-division	12,288*

Memo.

Rajmehal	4,925
Deoghur	1,804
Doomka ...	Pabia circle	1,895
	Nala „	2,256
	Kundahit „	3,286
	Jamjoori „	958
	Benagarhia „	1,741
Godda sub-division	12,288
Total ...	29,153
As per Executive Engineer's labor return for the fortnight ending 13th June	3,315
Grand total ...	32,468

G.—Financial Results of the Fortnight.

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Expenditure from the district and sub-divisional treasuries up to the last narrative			1,05,794 14 6½

* The statement showing the daily average on each work has not been sent in by mistake.

Expenditure during the fortnight under report.

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Brought forward ..	....	....	1,05,794 14 6½
Executive Engineer, as per progress report ending 6th June 1874 ..	1,905 0 10		
Executive Engineer, as per progress report ending 13th June 1874 ..	2,847 11 6		
		4,752 12 4	
Rev. H. P. Boerresen, as per his labor returns ending 6th June 1874:—			
For excavating No. I tank in Benagarhia	582 0 0		
For excavating No. III tank in Thakooruntollah	476 0 0		
For excavating No. V small tank in Benagarhia	220 0 0		
For opening about 3 to 4 miles road from Benagarhia to Kalipathor, No. 6	578 0 0		
		1,856 0 0	
			6,608 12 4
Grand total ..	....	....	1,12,403 10 10½
Advances made during the week—			
Advanced to cart-men for bringing rice	100 0 0		
Advanced to Dino Nath Rai, Sub-Inspector of Police, for bringing rice	300 0 0		
Advanced for excavating a well in the jail compound	40 0 0		
Advanced to Extra Assistant Commissioner, Rajmehal, for relief works	10,000 0 0		
Advanced for improvement of lands	200 0 0		
		10,640 0 0	

N.B.—The detailed expenditure for the sub-divisions of Rajmehal, Godda, and Deoghur, has not been given in their fortnightly narrative, hence it was omitted to be shown in the statement.

SONTHAL PERGUNNAHS DISTRICT.

Progress Report of Famine Relief Works for the week ending Saturday, the 13th June 1874.

No.	Name of Work.	Progress in marking out relief works.	Progress in opening relief works.	Number of laborers thereon.				Quantity and value of grain received and issued to laborers.				Supply of food thereat.	Condition of the laborers and the general features of the country.	Mode of payment.	Rate of wages.	Arrangements for tools.	Disbursement during the week.
				Class I.	Class IIA.	Class IIB.	Total.	Name of golah.	Quantity received.	Quantity issued to laborers.	Value of quantity issued to laborers.						
1	Doomka to Jamtara road.	Estimate being prepared; levelling and surveying completed.	Works opened on the 10th, 15th, 20th, 21st, 25th, 27th, 28th, 30th, 31st, 32nd, 33rd, 36th, and 40th miles.	5,536, or 100 per cent.	.....	.....	5,536*	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Rice at the Government golah at Jamtara.	The laborers are generally healthy and strong.	On every alternate day by cash-jemadars in presence of road sircars.	PIECE-WORK. From 3 as. to 4 as. per 100 c. ft. of earth-work.	Supplied by the department.	Rs. A. P. 433 0 0
2	Katikoond to Amrapara road.	Line chosen ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil.
3	Jurmoondy to Deogurh road.	No progress during the week.	89,009 cubic feet of earth-work executed.	2,061, or 99·3 per cent.	.....	4, or 2 per cent.	2,065	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Rice and other food-grains are still procurable in the country.	The laborers employed on the road seem generally strong and able-bodied men. After the heavy showers of rain during the week, the people are employed in their fields, and many of those who are working on the road attend their cultivation for half of the day.	Daily by sub-cashier.	PIECE-WORK. Soft soil, at 3 as. per 100 cubic feet. Hard soil at 3 as. 6 pie to 4 as. per 100 c. ft. SUBSISTENCE WAGES. A. P. Men ... 1 6 Women ... 1 0	Supplied partly by department and partly by the coolies themselves.	194 2 9
4	Hansdia to Godda road.	Laying out complete	21 chains in 1st mile, 46 in 9th, and 15 cent per in 10th, and 25 feet cent. in 19th mile.	2,897, or 100 per cent.	...	...	2,897	Golah at Godda.	...	88 mds. 11 srs. 4 chks. & 4½ tolahs.	...	Rice in the Government golah at Godda.	Condition of the laboring class is poor and miserable. Most of the people live on herbs and roots, and are habituated to them. The general aspect of the country is hilly and jungly. High lands are generally inhabited, and composed of hard kunkur soil and red moorum. Low lands are the deposit of water during the rainy seasons, and are most of them paddy lands.	75 per cent. in Government rice by the moody at Godda and 25 per cent. in cash by sub-cashier every alternate day.	Piece-work at 4 ans. per 100 cubic feet.	Ditto ...	37 15 0
6	Tinpahr to Borio road.	Complete project ...	Completely opened...	Information not received.			4,257	Information just received: No Government grain has been sold, for want of moodies. The selling of rice is urgently required.				Government rice is sold at Borio, at an average distance of 6 miles.	Fair. Most part of the people are now engaged in ploughing their lands, consequently the numbers of laborers are daily decreasing.	Daily, or every 2nd day, by sub-cashiers.	PIECE-WORK. At 3 as. to 4 as. per 100 c. ft. earth-work. DAILY LABOR. A. P. Men ... 2 0 to 1 6 Women ... 1 6 to 1 0 Children ... 1 0 to 0 6	Most part supplied by Government.	458 0 0

* The numbers of laborers are decreasing, as many are being employed in cultivation.

No.	Names of Works.	Progress in marking out relief works.	Progress in opening relief works.	Number of laborers thereon.				Quantity and value of grain received and issued to laborers.				Supply of food thereat.	Condition of the laborers and the general features of the country.	Mode of payment.	Rate of wages.	Arrangement for tools.	Disbursement during the week.
				Class I.	Class IIA.	Class IIB.	Total.	Name of golah.	Quantity received.	Quantity issued to laborers.	Value of quantity issued to laborers.						
																	Rs. A. P.
9	Boro to Manihari road.	Complete project	Completely opened	Information not received			...	Information just received: No Government grain has been sold, for want of moodies. The selling of rice is urgently required.				Government rice is sold at Boro and Doi. The stock of the country from Boro to Boarijore will meet the demands of the people till next bhadoi crop; rice is wanted by the people from Goraday to Protappore.	Fair. Most part of the people are now engaged in ploughing their lands, consequently the numbers of lab rers are daily decreasing. Those who come to do piece-work, attend to work in the afternoon after ploughing their land in the morning. Daily labor cannot be avoided, as some portions of the road are quite unfit for piece-work.	Daily to day-laborers, and every 2nd or 3rd days to piece-work labourers by sub-cashiers.	PIECE-WORK. At 3 as. to 4 as. per 100 c. ft. earth-work. DAILY LABOR. A P. Men ... 2 0 to 1 6 Women ... 1 6 to 1 0 Children ... 1 0 to 0 6	Most part supplied by Government.	497 0 0
10	Metalling Bhagulpore and Soory road.	Ditto ..	Ditto ... 3rd of work done	1,248 or 81·84 per cent.	277 or 18·16 per cent.	...	1,525	Nil ...	Nil ..	Nil ...	Nil ...	The condition of the people has not become miserable yet. Food-grains are still obtainable, but their value is gradually enhancing, so it seems distress will be soon felt.	Up to this time no difficulty has been felt by the laboring class in obtaining food-grains from the hattas and bazars.	Daily by sub-cashiers and overseer in charge of work.	PIECE-WORK. Digging kunkur @ 5 as. to 6 as. per 100 c. ft, and carting. Digging kunkur at 5 as. 7 pie. per 100 c. ft. DAILY LABOR A. P. Men ... 1 9 Women .. 1 3 Children.. 0 9	Supplied by department.	251 15 0
11	Kendra road ...	Nil ..	Nil ...	Nil	Nil	...	Nil	Nil ...	Nil ..	Nil ...	Nil	Nil ...	Nil ...	Nil ...	Nil	Nil ...	Nil
12	Poosaroo and Baboopore bridges.	Design ready .	Nil ...	Nil	Nil	...	Nil	Nil ...	Nil ..	Nil ...	Nil	Nil ...	Nil ...	Nil ...	Nil	Nil ...	Nil
13	Repairs to Bhagulpore and Soory road.	Complete project ...	Completely opened Petty repairs in progress.	87 or cent. per cent.	Nil	...	87	Nil ...	Nil ..	Nil ...	Nil	Same as in No. 10.		Twice a week by sircars and overseer in charge of work.	PIECE-WORK. Digging kunkur at 4 as. per 100 cubic feet. DAILY LABOR. A. P. Men ... 1 9 Women... 1 0 Children.. 0 9	Supplied by department.	5 0 0
14	Bhabowa to Burhait road.	Tal tree posts have been put up for temporary bridge No. 2, at 12th mile.	Earth-work, 35,775 cubic feet. G. causeway slope-cutting, 9,495 cubic feet. Surface-dressing 350 superficial feet. Natural ballast, 950 cubic feet. Rubble stone, 1,500 cubic feet.	1,328, or 80·75 per cent.	316, or 19·25 per cent.	.....	1,643	Burhait golah.		1 md. 15 srs. & 8 chs; at 18 srs. per rupee.	Rs. 4-10-0	Government rice at Burhait golah.	The laborers are generally healthy. Soil both ordinary and hard.	Every second day by sub-cashier.	A. P. Men ... 2 0 Women ... 1 6 Children .. 1 0 PIECE-WORK 4 as. per 100 c. ft.	Supplied by Government.	260 7 6

16	Pakoor to Hiranpore road.	Complete project	Completely opened	.....	.....	.....	768	No information received from the Superintendent, Mr. H. Sleigh, in charge of the work. Explanation called for										
17	Repairs to Doomka station road.	.....	3rd of work done ...	.....	114, or cent per cent.	.....	114	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Same as in No. 10.		Daily by sub-cashier.	DAILY LABOR. A. P. Men ... 1 9 Women ... 1 0 Children ... 0 9	Supplied by Government	9 6 0	
20	Godda to Burhait road.	.....	..	.....	.....	.....	...	No information received from the Superintendent, Mr. H. Sleigh, in charge of work. Explanation called for.										
26	Bringia tank ...	.....	.....	107, or cent. per cent.	.....	.....	107	Same as No. 6				Same as No. 6 ...	Fair; the laborers are becoming unwilling to do piece-work.	Daily, or every 2nd day by sub-cashier.	PIECE-WORK. 3 as. to 4 as. per 100 cubic feet.	Most part supplied by Government.	18 0 0	
29	Mohespore to Doomka road.	13 miles of road marked out and centre line of 7 miles laid out; total 20 miles. Levels of 5½ miles taken and level pegs put over 2 miles.	6½ miles	Information not received			212†	Not known				Rice is supplied by Civil authorities.	The people are employed in ploughing their lands, and, having had advance of grain from the Civil officers, are not impelled by necessity to resort to road works. The country between Archooa and Saldoolies is very hilly.	Daily payments are made in copper and silver by sub-cashiers.	TASK-WORK. Men ... 2 0 Women ... 1 6 Children ... 0 9 PIECE-WORK. 3 ans. and 4 ans. per 100 cubic feet on soft and hard soil.	The Civil officers issued about 450 tools among the laborers, no tools were issued by the D. P. W. since the works were made over by them.	320 0 0	
31	Bund at Kattoond	.....	Half the work done.	1,151 or 86·87 per cent.	174 or 13·13 per cent.	.....	1,325	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Same as in No. 10 ...	Difficulty in procuring food-grains has begun to be felt to some extent; the coolies do not get rice or maize according to their wants from the hattias and bazars. It is believed that the people who have some stock of rice or maize have stopped selling them lest there be more distress.‡	Daily by sub-cashier.	DAILY LABOR. A. P. Men ... 1 9 Women ... 1 3 Children ... 1 0 PIECE-WORK. At 4 as. to 6 as., per 100 c. ft. of earth-work.	Supplied by department.	148 11 3	
33	Bund at Boari ...	.....	.. ...	537, or cent per cent.	.....	.....	537	Same as in No. 7.							PIECE-WORK. From 4 as. to 6 as. per 100 cubic feet.	Most part supplied by Government.	161 0 0	
50	Doomka to Mallarpore road.	.....	Nicking out centre line, two-thirds of the road done.§	.....	89, or cent per cent.	.....	89	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Same as in No. 10 .	Supply of food same as in No. 31. The coolies require some occupation, otherwise many will suffer	Daily by sircar	DAILY LABOR. Men ... 2 0 Women ... 1 3 Children.. 0 1	Supplied by Department.	11 3 0	
51	Mohespore to Heerampore road.	7 miles of road laid out.	3½ miles ...	Information not received			417	Not known.				Rice is supplied by Civil authorities.	Same as in No. 29. The road is taken on country and cart-track and runs over table land. Country hilly.	Same as in No. 29.		No tools issued to laborers yet.	47 0 0	
																	2,847 11 6	

* The payment by sircars takes place north of Doomka, where a few men are scattered on E. W. repairs.
† Owing to the rains and reasons stated in the 7th column, the number of laborers was comparatively small.
‡ Deputy Commissioner has been asked to grant a supply of food-grain for this place.
§ This work is only the nicking out of the centre line.

DENO NATH MOOKERJEE,
Accountant, for Offg. Executive Engineer, on tour.

No. 852—S.R, dated Berhampore the 16th June 1874.

From—C. W. Bolton, Esq., Assistant Magistrate and Collector of Moorshedabad, in charge,

To—The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Dept.

In the absence of the Magistrate-Collector, who has gone to meet His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor at Godagari, I have the honor to submit the narrative of scarcity and relief for the fortnight ending 13th instant.

Narrative of Scarcity and Relief in the Moorshedabad District for the fortnight ending Saturday, the 13th May 1874.

A.—State of the Country.

1. *Abundance or scarcity of supply in the bazar.*—The supply of food-grains in the bazars and hâts of the Head-quarters Sub-division is reported to be still sufficient for the daily wants of the people. Notwithstanding frequent reports from many parts that the local markets are never supplied with more than the day's demand of the neighbourhood for each day, prices are not subject to rapid fluctuations, and do not appear to be much affected by accidental circumstances, such as a heavy fall of rain, for instance, which might impede the importation of grain into the markets, at the period of their occurrence. There could not appear, consequently, to be much foundation for these reports. They have, in truth, been constantly received ever since the commencement of the present distress. In the Lalbag sub-division there is still a sufficent supply of food-grain in the city, Baluchur and Azimgunge, but the stock in the hands of shop-keepers is by no means large. In thana Bhadrihaut the supply of rice is reported to be very scanty. In the Jungypore Sub-division, in consequence of the importation of a large quantity of "purbi" rice into Dhulian, the smaller bazars in thanas Shumsheergunge and Sooty are more abundantly supplied with rice than when the last narrative was submitted. But in the smaller bazars in other parts the supply is still very scanty. In the Rampore Hât sub-division the supply is reported to be scarce.

2. *Kind and price of grain selling at one or more principal marts.*—The price of common rice has, on the whole, risen; the average of 13 of the principal marts in the Head-quarters sub-division being 10⅓ seers per rupee, whereas the last fortnight's shewed 11½ seers per rupee. The difference is due rather to a heavy rise in two or three markets than a general rise in the majority of the markets. In some places there has been a fall. It is dearest at Dowlattabad, Hurhurpara, and Kallyangunge, where the rate is 9 seers per rupee, and cheapest in Gorabazar, where the rate is 11⅓ seers per rupee; gram is 16½ seers per rupee, being dearest at Satoon, where it is selling at 13 seers per rupee, and cheapest in Gorabazar, where the price is 18 seers per rupee. Wheat is 13½ seers per rupee; it is dearest at Dowltabazar and Satoon, where it is selling at 12 seers per rupee, and cheapest at Gowas, where the price is 18 seers per rupee. It would appear from the cheapness of wheat at Gowas that there must be a good supply of it in that locality, as the greater demand for it, which the dearness of rice, now selling at 10 seers per rupee, must have created, has not as yet had much effect upon its price. In the Lalbag Sub-division the prices of best, common and "Purbi" rice in the several marts vary from 9 to 9½, 9 to 10 and 10½ to 11 seers per rupee, respectively; those of wheat, barley and gram vary from 12 to 14, 18 to 20 and 16 to 18 seers per rupee, respectively. In the Jungypore Sub-division, in the Roghoonathgunge bazar the retail price of coarse "Purbi" rice is 11½ to 11¾ seers per rupee. At Shumsheergunge rice sells at 13½ seers for uncleaned rice and 11 11/16 seers per rupee for cleaned rice. At Sooty the latest quotation is 12 seers per rupee. Rice is dearest in parts of Dewanserai, where "aous" and "Purbi" sell each at 11 seers per rupee, while "Rashi" sells at 10 seers per rupee. The relief assistant attached to this sub-division lately visited Lalgolah and reports that the supply in that bazar is somewhat scanty. In the Rampore Hât sub-division the price of coarse rice varies from 11 to 12 seers and that of fine rice from 9½ to 10 seers per rupee. The latter kind of rice is reported not to be procurable in the markets of Nulhatti and Pulsah.

3. *Any information obtained regarding the amount and kind of grain believed to be in stock in the hands of zemindars, traders, ryots and others.*—The stock in the hands of mahajuns, zemindars, and well-to-do ryots, is not known, but is supposed to be sufficient to enable them to advance seed-grain to the ryots as occasion arises. There was no lack of seed for the "aous" crop already sown. In one station, Gowas, the mahajuns are reported to be lending grain at 150 per cent. Mr. Jones, special sub-divisional officer of Kandi, reports that nothing certain can be stated on this subject, but he fears that the stocks of the ryots, if not already exhausted, cannot hold out much longer; while the smaller and some of the wealthier and more liberal mahajuns appear to have given out all their stocks. As the rice trade becomes more and more a monopoly, and the rise of the rivers and the state of the country render communication and transport of grain difficult in that part of the district, it will be seen whether the mahajuns have the power of enhancing prices. The next two months will be most critical and the pressure of high prices then most severely felt. In the Lalbag Sub-division the stock in the hands of the jain merchants of Baluchur and Azimgunge is still considerable. A large amount of grain is still being imported for sale at the Patibona and Debipore golahs, situated on the banks of the river Pudma in thana Bhagwangolah. The sub-divisional officer of Rampore Haut states that there is a very small quantity of stock in the hands of zemindars and traders, but believes that the well-to-do ryots have some grain stored up.

4. *Rainfall, if any.*—There has been considerable rainfall during the fortnight under report, and it was almost general. The rain has been of the greatest benefit to the young crops where sown, and has also enabled the ryots to prepare their land for the cultivation of amun. It has also materially benefited indigo, mulberry, sugarcane, and the "til" crop.

5. *State of the Crops.*—The prospects of the crops are very favorable. The young rice both "aous" and "amun" is reported to be doing well. The mangoe crop has been very good, although considerable damage was done to it by the storm of the 22nd instant, and vegetables also appear to have turned out well. Much help has, no doubt, been derived by the poor from these two articles. The sub-divisional officer of Lalbag reports that the "amun" paddy has been sown generally throughout the sub-division and has already germinated in most places. The young "aous" plants are well advanced. Indigo, mulberry, and sugarcane are doing well. The crops in thana Bhudrihaut are a little backward, as less rain has fallen there. The sub-divisional officer of Jungypore reports that the prospects of "bhadoi" and "hoimonto" paddy have been brightened by the rains. Indigo, sugarcane, and "bhadoi" seedlings look healthy in his sub-division. He has lately seen many "bhadoi" rice fields in thanas Rughoonathgunge and Dewanserai, and states that the seedlings looked very fine, especially in the alluvial lands of Dewanserai. If there be no inundation this year, a very good harvest of "aous" is likely to be reaped. He reports that another good feature in the prospects of the year is an abundant supply of "purbi" rice in the Dhulian bazaar. The alluvial lands near the Ganges in thana Dewanserai are the most fortunate parts of this sub-division, and this impression is confirmed by his late tour. The state of Mirzapore, which has no "bhadoi" crop to speak of, continues to give some anxiety. In thana Pulsah the "aous" on the banks of the Bansloi River is reported to be promising.

6. *Condition of the people.*—There is little change to record in the condition of the lower classes from what has been given in previous narratives; they are still much distressed by the high price of food. For the poorer classes provision has been and is being made. The special sub-divisional officer of Kandi reports that complaints of distress are now loudest from the cultivating classes and the class of writers, &c., who may be out of employment. In the south-east of this sub-division (where several large mehals have lately changed hands and it is useless for the ryots to expect help from their new landlords) applications for advances are constantly being made. The advances are required for subsistence allowance during the weeding season and for the payment of laborers who would otherwise go upon relief works. Most of the factories are now closed and many hands are thus thrown upon the labour market. The indigo season, however, will commence in a few days. The sub-divisional officer of Lalbag reports that the laboring classes generally have employment at present on relief works or are engaged in cultivation. Within the municipal limits as well as in thana Bhugwangolah this class is very much better off than in thana Bhudrihaut. Here, as has already been observed, the crops are not so advanced and the people are, comparatively speaking, poorer than the poor classes of the other parts of the sub-division. Persons of this class, especially women and children, will come miles for a handful of rice in this portion of the district. To this class the relief works and the charitable relief are of the greatest service and will prevent a great amount of distress. The population of thana Bhudrihaut is principally composed of the poorer classes, and the better classes are generally speaking well off, and up to the present time there does not seem to be any want amongst them. The sub-divisional officer of Jungypore reports that the condition of the people has slightly improved in parts of this sub-division owing to the importation of "purbi" rice. Everywhere the agricultural classes have got work nearer their homes. Shumsheergunge is now better off than it was reported to be in the last narrative in consequence of the good supply of "purbi" rice coming into the "Dhulian" market, which has already been mentioned. This has also had the effect of augmenting the supply in the smaller bazars in North-West Sooty. The sub-divisional officer of Rampore Hât states that the cultivators are in better spirits since the rain. The poorer people and some of the more respectable classes in thana Pulsah are in difficult circumstances.

7. *Actual facts as to any known cases of misery and starvation.*—The case of one woman in the Khargram thana, who, from want, sold two of her three children for a rupee, was reported to the special sub-divisional officer of Kandi, privately, and afterwards by the relief assistant; temporary relief was given and arrangements are being made for her future maintenance. The special sub-divisional officer has been requested to report more fully on the circumstance of this case, and as to the present condition of the children who are alleged to have been sold. The sub-divisional officer of Rampore Haut, states that there were a few cases of imminent starvation at Balia, in thana Rampore Haut, which had been relieved by the local sub-committee.

8. *Grain-thefts or robberies.*—Three cases of grain-theft of a petty nature have been reported during the fortnight in the Head-quarters sub-division; none have been reported from any of the sub-divisions. A crime statement is annexed, which does not show much increase of crime, as compared with the previous two years, but shows a decrease of crime as regards Lalbag and Jungypore sub-divisions.

9. *Condition of any special tracts.*—In the head-quarters sub-division cholera and small-pox are still present; the former in Burwa, where there are a few cases lingering, and the latter in Bhurtpore and Sujergunge; but I am glad to be able to report that both diseases appear at last to be dying out in the head-quarters sub-division, where they have been present so long. Cholera has, however, broken out at Bhurtpore, where one of its first victims was the Secretary to the relief sub-committee. In the Lalbag sub-division cholera has decreased considerably, and only three fatal cases have been reported during the fortnight under report. Small-pox still prevails, but is also on the decrease.

B.—Relief Works.

The average number of persons employed on the several relief works is 4,991; as far as reports have been received the laborers are in good condition; food is easily obtained, except in the case of one work, the road from Panchgram to the Jebuntee bridge. Payments are made at the rate of 2 annas per diem, and the rates of task-work vary from one anna six pie to three annas per 100 cubic feet. On the principal works rice payment has been introduced, and laborers on many of the minor relief works started by the district relief committee are also being paid in the same manner. As fast as rice can be sent out to the relief works, cash payment is being substituted by payment in rice. Considerable progress has been made within the fortnight, and, provided supplies are regularly received from Calcutta, cash payment will be confined very shortly to a few of the least accessible minor works, principally under the relief committee, to which, on account of their limited extent, it will scarcely be necessary to extend rice payments. The rates of payment in rice on the Government relief works, which have also been adopted on the works carried on by the district relief committee, have been fixed by the Commissioner as follow:—12 seers per rupee for clean rice, and 14 seers per rupee for Burmah and other partly unhusked rice. The laborers are perfectly satisfied with these rates, and the introduction of rice payment has not been attended by any diminution in their numbers. In some places it is reported that they are flocking to the works in large numbers; and a gentleman in charge of a road under the relief committee states that they apparently prefer to come to the relief works than to labor in the fields. He has been requested to report again on the matter after further experience, and, if his previous opinion be confirmed, it will probably be necessary to reduce the rates of payment. The laborers appeared to object at first to payment in cash for one day of the week only, but no more complaints, are now heard on this subject. They are in all probablity able to sell a portion of their daily earnings for cash at a profit, and thus obtain money for the purchase of other necessaries. The workmen as a rule bring their own tools. A statement showing the expenditure on relief works during the fortnight under report is herewith submitted.

C.—Transport of Food.

At Azimgunge the local merchants are still importing rice. Four boats laden with rice arrived at Lampat bazar (Lalbagh) on the 10th instant from Cutwa sub-division. It appears that 8,126 maunds of food-grains have been exported from the Rampore Haut sub-division, and 12,599 maunds have been imported into the same sub-division during the fortnight ending 6th instant. During the fortnight 11,441 maunds of Government rice have been received, and 10,265 maunds have been already sent out to the places selected for its storage, and to several of the relief sub-committees. The district relief committee has indented largely upon the Government stores, and will require a large supply for its sub-committees, particularly in the Bhurtpore thana, where most of the relief works are carried on under it, and it has been found necessary to increase charitable relief latterly.

The Government rice already sent out has been distributed as under:—

	Government Relief Works.			Relief Committee
	Mds.	S	C.	
Sudder sub-division	636	8	12	
Lalbagh „		...		Information not received
Rampore Haut sub-division ...	395	10	0	as yet.
Jungypore „		...		

No difficulty has been experienced in procuring sufficient carriage for the conveyance of the rice from the railway-stations into the interior, but the Nulhattee (State) railway has not been able to convey the rice sufficiently fast from Nulhattee to the other stations down the line.

D.—Storage of Government Grain at Relief Works.

The places at which Government grain has been stored are—

Sudder Sub-division—Berhampore, thana Sujagunge, Saktipore and Kandi, thana Bhurtpore. Gokum and Rangamatty, thana Gokum. Harishpore and Huriharpore, thana Huriharpara. Jellinghee and Fureedpore, thana Jellinghee. Nobogram and Panchgram, thana Kullyangunge. Beldangah, thana Burwa. Doulatabad, thana Doulatabad.

Lalbagh Sub-division—Lalbagh, Bhogwangola, Ranitalao and Lagurdighi.

Rampore Haut Sub-division—Khargaon and Rampore Haut.

Jungypore Sub-division—Jungypore.

Where houses could be procured, they have been hired for storage, and in other places bamboo structures are being erected. In Berhampore, a large building, formerly attached to the cantonment and used as a hospital, has been taken for a central golah. It answers the purpose extremely well, and has accommodation for 20,000 to 30,000 maunds. The establishment in charge of the golahs consists of a mohurrir on a salary of Rs. 10 per mensem, or, where available, a pound mohurrir on an extra allowance of Rs. 7 per mensem; a chowkeedar on Rs. 4 per mensem; and two coolies, to be paid principally in grain.

The supply of rice as yet imported into the district is sufficient for its present requirements, but as the district relief committee are making large demands upon the Government

stores, it will be necessary to continue the daily despatches hitherto made from Calcutta for some time longer, until a sufficient stock is laid in. The district grain officer has written to Mr. Toynbee on the subject.

E.—Advances to Private Parties and their Results.

There were 31 cases pending at the end of the previous fortnight under the Land Improvement Act in the sudder sub-division; 3 fresh applications were received during the present fortnight. Out of the total 34, 16 cases are under investigation; in one case order for payment has been made; in one case the applicant has refused to take an advance; in 5 cases applications have been rejected, and in 11 cases the securities tendered have been found to be insufficient. A sum of Rs. 1,435 has been advanced to 6 parties during the fortnight under report. In the Rampore Haut sub-division a sum of Rs. 65 only has been disbursed during the fortnight as advances under the Land Improvement Act.

F.—Charitable Relief.

The statement prescribed by Government No. 1251—S.R., dated the 5th March last, is annexed, as regards each sub-division separately. The numbers receiving charitable relief have increased very considerably during the fortnight, not from a sudden increase of distress, but owing to compliance on the part of the relief committees with the wishes of the Central Committee, that charitable relief should be given freely and without stint. Much relief is thus afforded to thousands who would otherwise be seriously inconvenienced for food, although not reduced to starvation.

There was a balance of Rs. 42,250-11-7 at the close of the fortnight. The total receipts during the present fortnight amount to Rs. 63,691-11-7. This sum includes the grant of Rs. 21,100 made by the Central Committee for the present month. The total actual expenditure from the relief fund during the fortnight has been Rs. 1,983-9. The district committee has, however, purchased a large amount of rice from the Government stores, for which payment will be made shortly, on the adjustment of the accounts.

A cook-house is being erected at head-quarters, as of late applicants for relief have considerably increased. A cook-house has been started at Saktipore, and is now in full operation.

In the Lalbag sub-division the balance at the credit of the sub-divisional relief fund at the close of the last fortnight was Rs. 1,551-1-2, and the subscriptions realised during the present fortnight amounted to Rs. 276, making the amount of total receipts Rs. 1,827-1-2. The expenditure incurred has been Rs. 167-12-6, leaving a balance of Rs. 1,659-4-8 at the end of the fortnight under report. This sub-division still continues to incur expenses on account of charitable relief from local subscriptions, unaided by Government or any allotments from the district relief fund. Large numbers of persons appear to have been relieved by minor works, such as tank-excavations, road-repairs, &c., started by the city of Moorshedabad municipality, by the sub-divisional relief committee, and private individuals. Gratuitous relief, too, in the shape of rice, has been very liberally distributed.

In the Jangipore sub-division numbers have been at work on tanks and road-repairs. During the fortnight under report 64 persons received wage for jute spinning amounting to Rs. 14, 1 person received a dole of pice, and 8,957 persons received doles of rice weighing 147 maunds, 29 seers. The total receipts of the sub-divisional relief fund up to date is Rs. 3,127-5-1, and the total expenditure Rs. 1,826-9-8, leaving a balance of Rs. 1,300-11-5 at the close of the fortnight.

In the Rampore Haut sub-division there was a balance of Rs. 1,331-15 only at the credit of the sub-divisional relief fund at the close of the last fortnight. The total receipts during the present fortnight amount to Rs. 710. The total expenditure from the fund during the fortnight has been Rs. 1,761-2-1½, and the balance remaining in hand is Rs. 280-12-10½ at close of the fortnight. The sub-divisional officer reports that he has been granting small loans to chowkeedars.

(*d*).—A great deal of relief under heading (*d*) of the Central Committee's notification of the 4th March last has been given at Kandi during the fortnight, and some cases which have been brought to notice have been relieved at head-quarters. The sub-divisional officers, however, appear not to have had any applications from people of the class falling under the above heading. As remarked by the Magistrate in a previous narrative, people of this class are not suffering very much from the prevalent distress. The principal sufferers are probably to be found in the towns, and especially in Berhampore, where many widows come to reside from other districts, in order to spend the remainder of their lives on the banks of the Bhagiruthee. Such persons are generally relieved by friends, relatives, or the members of their own castes, and in Berhampore the majority are also assisted by the Maharanee Shurnomoyee, whose generous charity embraces all classes. The number of applicants to the relief committees will, however, doubtless increase as the wishes of the Central Committee for the relief of this class become more widely known. Every genuine case of distress will be promptly and amply relieved. The number returned as relieved during the fortnight at Kandi is 387, and at head-quarters 6 persons received rice and some pecuniary assistance.

G.—Financial Results of the Fortnight.

Vide accompanying statement.

Lalbag sub-division.—None.

Jungypore sub-division.

		Rs.	A.	P.
Total expenditure up to the last fortnight on account of tuccavee advances, and for the purchase of grain	...	3,375	0	0
Expenditure during the fortnight under report	...	.....		
Total	...	3,375	0	0

Rampore Haut sub-division.

Tuccavee advance made to one individual	Rs.	65	0	0

Crime Statement.

	Dacoity.	Theft.	House-breaking	1874	1873.	1872.
Head-quarters sub-division, from 31st May to 12th June 1874	1	31	9	41	35	31
Lalbag sub-division, for the fortnight ending 13th June 1874	...	15	8	23	24	19
Jungypore sub-division, for the fortnight ending 11th June 1874	...	8	1	9	13	13
Rampore Haut sub-division, for the fortnight ending 12th June 1874	...	6	1	7*	4*	7*

* Return not received from thana Nulhattee, and the information for 1873 and 1872 not received from Khurgaon thana

Statement showing the expenditure on Relief Works during the fortnight ending 13th June 1874.

	Rs.	As.	P.
Expenditure up to last fortnight	65,471	8	2
Expenditure during the fortnight under report:—			
Nowada road	224	11	6
Kandhi „	86	4	2
Badshahi road	643	13	4
Salar and Talibpore road	35	13	4
Panchgram road	125	8	0
Bhugwangolah road	64	8	0
Khamra road	39	4	0
Dewansarai to Marcha road	320	0	0
Jangipore to Khamra road	100	0	0
Kishnagur road	23	0	0
Jellinghee „	10	0	0
Calcutta „	94	13	6
Radhaghat „	125	8	3
Nulhatti „	23	1	9
Deepening Chota Laldighi	537	10	9
Gorabazar improvement	13	8	6
Panchgaon tank	91	5	6
Pultan Bazar tank	395	2	10
Total by Public Works Department ..	2,954	1	5
Mirzapore and Gadi road	100	0	0
Grand Total ..	3,054	1	5

1	2	3	4	5	6			
Number of committees and sub-committees as yet appointed	Number of special relief sub-divisions opened and officered	Number of regular relief circles opened and manned by special officers	Number of relief circles opened and managed by planters, zemindars, and other residents.	Number of work-houses, or centres for the distribution of food and gratuitous relief.	Number of men, women and children (with total) in receipt of gratuitous relief in any shape through the charitable relief organisation *daily*			
					Men.	Women.	Children.	Total
Head-quarters, 17	2	4	15	15	..	.		3,77
Lalbag sub-division, 1		3	..	5	97	219	68	38
Jungipore „ 4	..	..	.	3	345	553	154	1,05
Rampore Haut sub-divn., 6	.	2		11		.		79

* The figures for the sudder sub-division are incomplete, as returns have not been received from several sub-committees.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Total expenditure from the district and sub-divisional treasuries, as shown in the last narrative	35,079	5	1
Detail of the above total:—			
Amount credited to the district relief fund being payable from Government	11,515	6	4
Establishment charges:—			
Travelling allowances .. .. Rs. 47 3 0			
Salary .. .. .. „ 479 0 0			
Contingencies .. .. „ 51 0 9			
	578	2	9
One-third of the cost paid by Government for a tank at Khoyramaree	200	0	0
Paid for construction of a furnash	83	0	0
Tuccavee advances	20,644	8	0
Advanced for purchase of grain	2,025	0	0
Paid for digging wells	33	4	0
Advances during the fortnight under report:—			
Tuccavee advance to Ram Gopal Sircar ..	333	0	0
„ to Lolit Mohun Roy Chowdhree ..	317	0	0
„ to Mohamed Moaho	134	0	0
„ to Ram Doss Kubeeraj ..	50	0	0
„ to Nobin Chunder Mitter ..	333	0	0
„ to Chunder Sikhur Ghosal ..	268	0	0
Paid to Officiating Magistrate and Collector on account of pay of clerk	60	0	0
Ditto ditto pay of a Relief Assistant from 5th to 26th May 1874	56	12	4
Ditto ditto pay of Mr. Scougall	230	0	0
Paid to district grain officer on account of pay ..	5	10	0
Ditto ditto on account of contingencies ..	9	7	6
Ditto ditto on account of travelling allowance ..	11	10	6
Ditto ditto on account of pay of clerk ..	17	6	6
Ditto ditto for transport of Government grain ..	600	0	0
Total ..	2,425	14	10
Grand Total ..	37,505	3	11

C. W. BOLTON,

Asst. Magistrate and Collector, Moorshedabad, In charge.

No. 862—S.R., dated Berhampore, the 17th June 1874.

From—W. WAVELL, Esq., Offg. Magistrate and Collector of Moorshedabad,

To—The Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

I HAVE the honor to forward accounts showing the expenditure of the district relief committee from the commencement of operations up to the 31st of May, classified under the various headings, which I find were not sent with the last fortnightly narrative.

FORM A.

Cash account from 1st January to 31st May 1874, District of Moorshedabad.

RECEIPTS.	Rs.	As.	P.
1. Opening balance ...	.....		
2. Remittances from central committee	20,000	0	0
3. Recoveries by sale of manufactures and otherwise, under headings *c* and *d* ...	*270	10	6
4. Local subscriptions ...	†29,588	13	7
5. Government grant ...	19,478	6	4
6. Miscellaneous	797	3	7
Total ...	70,135	2	0

DISBURSEMENTS.	Rs.	As.	P.
Expenditure under heading *(b)*	12,099	3	0¼
ditto, ditto, *(c)*	27,691	5	4
ditto, ditto, *(d)*	1,452	15	4
Miscellaneous	.....		
For orphans	.....		
Total ...	42,023	7	8¼

* Rs. 120-0-9 out of this amount have not been credited to the treasury.

† Rs. 2,396-4-9 ditto ditto. This amount consists of contributions by individuals to relief works or tanks carried on by the relief committee, and of charitable subscriptions raised locally by the sub-divisional relief committee of Ramporehaut and the sub-committees of Suktipore and Gokurn.

W. WAVELL,

Offg. Magistrate and Collector of Moorshedabad.

No. 1266—S.R., dated Dinagepore, the 15th June 1874.

From—A. C. Brett, Esq., Joint-Magistrate, in charge of Dinagepore Magistracy,

To—The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Dept.

In consequence of the temporary absence of the Magistrate, Mr. Lowis, who has gone to Godagari to meet His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, it devolves upon me to submit the narrative for the fortnight ending 15th June 1874.

A.—State of Country.

The prospect of the bhadoi crop is excellent; Mr. Lowis in his last report said that unless no rain fell between then and July, it promised a good return. We have had splendid rain, so that a very full bhadoi may be confidently expected. Preparations for the winter crop go on apace, and for this also matters look very hopeful; cholera has disappeared. Mr. Rajkissen Sen, and Babu Joges Chandra Mitter, alluded to in Mr. Lowis' last report, have taken charge of their respective duties. The price of rice has universally fallen, owing, without doubt, to the bountiful rain.

B—Relief Works.

I subjoin the form of return framed by Mr. Lowis in his last narrative, filled in with the figures for the present fortnight.

The orders of Government regarding the payment of wages in grain have been generally carried out. As Mr. Lowis will personally give His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor full information as to the different ways in which the supplies of Government grain are being utilised for the benefit of the country, I need not enlarge on this topic.

C.—Transport.

This is practically completed.

D.—Storage.

Under Mr. Lowis' instructions, the sales of rice at the various golahs have increased in quantity.

E.—Advances.

Advances of grain to ryots are freely made. A few zemindars have applied for money advances to purchase seed-grain. Their applications are under the Collector's consideration, but none have yet been complied with.

F.—Charitable Relief.

I append a list shewing the expenditure for charitable relief under the heads B, C, D, of the Central Relief Committee's rules. The machinery for the distribution of charitable relief remains as it was during the last fortnight, viz., in the main, the mandals of individual villages. The extension of the system of group superintendents is under consideration. The following is the statement shewing the number of persons receiving charitable relief:—

No	Name of circle.	No. receiving relief.		Increase	Decrease.
		Shown in last report.	In this report		
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Dinagepore	1,902	2,430	528	.....
2	Ranisonkoil	5,146	4,631	.....	515
3	Bindoil	1,810	1,876	66	.....
4	Doorgapore	907	1,500	593	.....
5	Chooramon	456	630	174	.....
6	Kaliagunge	486	705	219	.....
7	Tamboolee	324	1,280	956	.....
8	Gungarampore ...	2,248	2,363	115	.....
9	Lushkerhat	1,274	1,129	.....	145
10	Porsha	471	622	151	...
11	Putnitolla	659	965	306	.....
12	Patuam	1,380	1,557	177	.....
13	Bhadoorea	1,182	1,266	84	.....
14	Bochagunge	330	959	629	... ..
15	Beergunge	No information received.			
16	Habra	537	547	10	.....
	Total ...	19,112	22,460	4,008	660

The following table shews the number of criminal cases in connection with scarcity that occurred during May 1874.—

		Number of cases reported, excluding cases declared to be false, and never to have occurred.
Dacoity—		
Headings 30 and 31 of Crime Return	Month of May 1874	5
	Ditto 1873	1
	Ditto 1872	3
Robbery—		
Headings 32 and 33 of Crime return	Month of May 1874	0
	Ditto 1873	2
	Ditto 1872	0
Theft—		
Heading 43 of Crime Return AI, excluding cattle-theft ...	Month of May 1874	60
	Ditto 1873	21
	Ditto 1872	20
House-breaking, headings 35 and 36 of AI, ...	Month of May 1874	56
	Ditto 1873	41
	Ditto 1872	40
Grain-theft or riot ...	Month of May 1874	9
	Ditto 1873	0
	Ditto 1872	0
Total ...	Month of May 1874	124
	Ditto 1873	65
	Ditto 1872	63

G.—Financial Results.

The total expenditure up to last fortnight was Rs. 17,17,839 8 6

The details of the above.	Rs.	A.	P.
For road works	11,11,899	1	2
„ construction of golahs	39,396	12	6
„ transport of rice	3,79,366	7	5
Hire of carts for conveying money to circle officers ...	1,100	0	0
For purchase of fodder	2,000	0	0
„ construction of bungalows	2,443	0	0
Pay of establishment, &c.	10,345	8	0
Miscellaneous	3,875	8	2
Salary and travelling allowances of native doctors ..	252	7	3
For tank-digging	71,650	0	0
Price of gunny bags	4	0	0
Office furniture	107	12	0
Placed at the credit of the Executive Engineer for road works	45,000	0	0
Placed at the credit of Major J. G. Lindsay, R.E. for road works	50,000	0	0
Railway freight of kodalies, &c.	399	0	0
The total expenditure during the fortnight under report has been	50,857	14	5

The details of the above.			
Head-clerk, district relief officer, for hire of carts for carrying kodalies, &c., to relief officers ...	10	12	0
Baboo Jadub Chunder Gossami, for road works ...	5,000	0	0
T. W. Tweedie, Esq., for road works	500	0	0
M. Finucane, Esq., for road works	1,662	6	4
Kaliagunge circle officer, for road works	2,000	0	0
Lieutenant A. W. Proudfoot, for road works ...	5,000	0	0
Baboo Jadub Chunder Gossami, for tank-digging ...	2,000	0	0
M. Finucane, Esq., for tank-digging	6,000	0	0
Kaliagunge circle for tank-digging	500	0	0
Lieutenant A. W. Proudfoot, for tank-digging ...	2,000	0	0
Baboo Aboy Charun Ghose for hire of carts and wages of coolies for carrying money to relief officers ...	100	0	0
Baboo Purna Chandra Gupta, for transport of rice ...	5,000	0	0

	Rs.	A.	P.
Baboo Hari Mohon Sen for transport of rice ...	10,000	0	0
Mr Rajkissen Sen, for construction of golah ...	80	0	0
J. Pollen, Esq , on account of his deputation allowance for May	200	0	0
J Pollen, Esq., for tentage of his deputation allowance for May	11	1	9
District relief officers' establishment for May 1874 ...	87	10	3
Famine establishment under Magistrate for May 1874	131	0	0
Ditto under treasury officer ...	22	0	0
Tossiduck Hussain, for price of horse	500	0	0
M. Finucane, Esq., travelling allowance for January February, March, and April	570	5	8
Mr. Rajkissen Sen, for his salary	154	13	3
Baboo Surendra Narain Roy, for contingencies ...	25	4	0
Ditto ditto for pay of his establishment for May	132	9	8
Baboo Surendra Naraln Roy, for his own pay for May	89	0	6
„ Hari Mohon Sen, for pay of his establishment for May	177	15	11
Baboo Jogat Chandra Chuckerbutty for pay of establishment	157	0	0
J. Polen Esq., for pay of his establishment for May .	673	0	0
Baboo Hari Mohon Sen for his travelling allowance ...	184	8	0
Shiku, syce, for salary	12	0	0
Baboo Purna Chandra Gupta for travelling allowance for March and April	91	8	0
Baboo Jogodis Nath Roy for pay of his establishment for May	357	13	3
T. W. Tweedie Esq., for pay of establishment ...	187	15	1
Baboo Jadub Chandra Gossame for ditto	269	0	0
Baboo Hari Mohon Chand for ditto for May ...	449	0	0
Baboo Hari Mohon Chand for golah establishment ...	429	9	10
Native Doctor Abdool Rohoman for contingencies ...	2	10	0
Do. for travelling allowance	3	0	0
M Finucane, Esq., for pay of establishment for May ...	79	15	6
Baboo Ram Chandra Barmon for his pay, and that of his inspectors for May	300	0	0
Ditto for pay of his establishment for ditto ...	79	0	0
Ditto for golah establishment for ditto	110	5	2
Mr. Rajkissen Sen for office furniture	20	0	0
Baboo Prosonno Coomar Roy for salary for May	96	12	4
T. W. Tweedie, Esq., for construction of bungalows ...	200	0	0
T. W. Tweedie, Esq., for pay of his establishment for May	79	0	0
W. H. Horsley, Esq., for May	82	0	0
Jailor, for printing transport forms	14	0	0
A W Scanlan, Esq , for his salary for April ...	173	5	4
T W. Tweedie, Esq , on account of his salary for March, April, and May	1,059	10	9
Baboo Ram Chander Barmon, for his salary, and that of his inspectors for April 1874	178	5	0
A. W. Scanlan, Esq., for his salary, and that of his inspectors for April 1874	490	0	0
W H Horsley, Esq., for his deputation allowance for April 1874	200	0	0
Baboo Harokali Mukerhorjee for establishment for May ..	92	5	0
Baboo Nobin Chunder Sen, inspector, salary for May .	80	0	0
„ Sukhomoy Banerjee, inspector, salary for „ ..	100	0	0
W. H. Horsley, Esq , for golah establishment ...	163	13	0
Native Doctor Abdool Rohoman for his salary . .	25	0	0
„ Sunto, paid in advance	25	0	0
W. H. Horsley Esq., salary of inspectors for May ...	400	0	0
Baboo Kedar Nath Banerjee, relief superintendent for his salary for May	100	0	0
Mr. Jones, for Raigunge golah establishment for April	136	6	4
Mr Jones, for Durgapore golah establishment for April	32	5	4
Jeartulla Sircar, golah-keeper for his pay .. .	47	0	0

	Rs.	As.	P.
Lieutenant A. W. Proudfoot, for his salary and that of his establishment	1,232	1	11
Prem Chand Sircar, for Bongong golah establishment for May	49	6	0
Peyaree Mohon Poddar, for Churamon golah establishment	45	13	3
Gungadhur Shaha, for Kumargunge ditto ...	62	0	0
Syam Sundar Sircar, for Patiram, ditto ...	86	0	0
Mutibulla Sircar, for Khanpore, ditto ...	40	0	0
Mosrufallee, for Deorhat golah establishment ...	45	5	6
Ram Chandra Mozumdar for Balughat, ditto ...	62	0	0
Jitto Ram, for Galghat, ditto ...	52	0	0
Gurudas Chatterjee, for Chandgunge ditto ...	52	0	0

Statement showing the daily average number of persons employed on each work in the several Relief Circles in the District of Dinagepore.

Name of Circle	Name of each work	Men.	Women.	Children	Total	On piece-work.	On daily wages.	Remarks
Dinagepore Sudder.	Beerale Road	65	...	100	165	...	165	
	Bajutpore „ .	17	.....	60	77	...	77	
	Sumella „	175	.....	97	272	150	122	
	Sahibgunge „	214	2	13	229	212	17	
	Nalaibaree „ ...	134	26	33	193		193	
	Maharajpore „	141	23	85	249	125	124	
	Ranegunge „ ...	18	89	70	177	18	159	
	Ramdubee „ . .	5	88	152	245	....	245	
	Karimullapore „ ..	221	65	81	367	215	152	
	Sumdiar „	83	.....	23	165		105	
	Kantabaree „	100	15	42	157	100	57	
	Binnukuree „ .	316	26	80	422	309	113	
	Gopalgunge „ ...	205	1	33	239	199	40	
	Foolbdah Embankment	180	8	43	231	159	72	
	Sunderpore tank	38	50	27	115	34	81	Stopped
	Dinagepore „ ...	84	19	43	96	20	76	
	Bhowanipore „	5		14	19	.....	19	Finished.
	Barole „	217	..	....	217	...	217	
	Balarampore „	124	2	3	129	120	9	
	Bairagepara „ ..	76	24	50	150	60	90	Stopped
	Chongharia „	14	....	15	29	5	24	
	Hoolepore „	22	34	70	126	14	112	
	Kasempore „	27	1	4	32	15	17	Finished
	Raundighy „	4	20	21	45	.. .	45	
	Susharee „	31	12	41	84	19	65	
	Shibpore „	22	. ...	14	36	4	32	
	Shekpore „	17	12	7	36	..	36	Stopped
	Total	2,506	517	1,220	4,243	1,769	2,473	
Bochagunge	Dhukurjhari Road	80	6	34	120	44	76	
	Maloon „	480	55	58	573	46	527	
	Bochagunge „	400	80	253	733	150	583	
	Bonbaree „	280	311	99	690	201	489	
	Katihar „ .	151	99	113	363	87	276	
	Beergunge „	300	169	154	623	159	464	
	Aglabad „	65	.....	..	65	50	15	
	Raneesankoll „	250	10	145	405	50	355	
	Peergunge tank	16	.....	.	16	16	. .	
	Bonbaree „	50	...	...	50	50		
	Bosbhanga „	39	. ...	.....	39	39	...	
	Jangaon „ .. .	108	.....	.....	108	108		
	Chandpore „	108		.....	108	108	.	
	Josypara „ .	50	... .	....	50	50		
	Bhowradaha „	153		.....	153	153		
	Total	2,529	716	856	4,101	1,310	2,791	
Raneesankoil.	Lahiri to Huldibari Road ...	471		.. ...	471	471		
	Nakmurd to Ranisankoil „ .	232	488	.. ..	720	232	488	
	Ranisankoil to Peergunge „ ...	98	16	... ..	114	98	16	
	Ranisankoil to Haripore „ ...	526		...	526	526		
	Satughata to Mirdanga „ .	128	87	23	238	128	110	
	Haripore to Jamoon „ ..	436	15	15	466	436	30	
	Bodeesari to Satighatta „	198	229	5	427	193	234	
	Jamoon to Satighatta „ ..	370	23	114	507	370	137	
	Ranisankoil to Bindoil „	997	50		1,047	997	50	
	Tank at Karnail	32	.	.	32	32	.	
	„ Banglaghat	30	... .	...	30	30	.	
	„ Chalmagooy	32		.. .	32	32	..	
	„ Dooloopore	40	..	.	40	40		
	„ Ratore	10			10	10		
	„ Ratgaon	72			72	72		
	„ Protabpore . .	45			45	45		
	„ Parkoonda .. .	60	...	.	60	60	.	
	„ Bhabanandpore	48	..	..	48	48	.	
	„ Karnial	116	....	...	116	116		

Name of Circle	Name of each Work.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	On piece-work.	On daily wages.	Remarks.
Ranbesankoil.—(*Contd.*)	Tank Hurriah	10	.....	.....	10	10	..	
	„ Tangagacha	56	.....	.....	56	56	..	
	„ Kamat Katuhat	28	.....	.....	28	28	..	
	„ Peergighy	15	.....	.....	15	15	.....	
	„ Hurrialmealpore	42	.....	.....	42	42	..	
	„ Ranasonkoil	27	.....	.....	27	27		
	„ Rukua	83	.....	.....	83	83	..	
	„ Palasharee	369	.....	.....	369	369	....	
	„ Burroolly	70	.....	.....	70	70	.....	
	„ Doorgapore	50	.....	.....	50	50	.....	
	„ Ladhabaree	72	.....	.....	72	72	..	
	„ Koohna	50	.....	.....	50	50	...	
	„ Singhapore	40	.....	.....	40	40	..	
	„ Jamson	155	.....	.....	155	155	.....	
	„ Baliadanga	45	.....	.....	45	45	.....	
	„ Singharree	24	.....	.....	24	24	.....	
	„ Malsnee	93	.....	.....	93	93	.....	
	„ Mohespore	21	.....	.....	21	21	.....	
	„ Dhookurjbaree	144	.....	.....	144	144	.....	
	„ Madhupore	30	.....	.....	30	30	.....	
	Total	5,369	908	157	6,434	5,369	1,065	
Bindoil.	Road Bindoil to Serajgunge	159	13	15	187	187	..	
	„ Bindoil to Moharajghat	377	481	636	1,494	377	1,117	
	„ Hemtabad to Bindoil	12	.....	.	12	....	12	
	„ Hemtabad to Moharajghat	29	471	304	804	29	775	
	„ Hemtabad to Maloon	161	357	131	504	16	488	
	„ Hurripore to Adhiar	532	513	288	1,333	532	801	
	„ Torra to Hurripore	100	1	.....	101	100	1	
	„ Hemtabad to Fakurgunge	126	.....	.. .	126	..	126	
	„ Dinagepore to Purneah	1,249	112	68	1,429	1,249	180	
	Tank Maloon	16	363	128	507	16	491	
	„ Adhiar Road	6	144	29	179	6	173	
	„ Shoriabad	56	51	142	279	56	223	
	„ Bhopson	33	1	1	35	33	2	
	„ Mongra	120	...	.....	120	120		
	„ Halalpore	468	468	151	1,087	468	619	
	„ Banch Bhya	447	146	44	637	447	190	
	„ Baliagaon	459	90	310	859	259	600	
	„ Kastoir	30	.....	2	32	30	2	
	„ Bamura	29	.....	2	31	29	2	
	„ Dadra	67	45	24	136	67	69	
	„ Rama	281	35	48	364	281	83	
	„ Bonagra	15	81	179	275	15	260	
	Total	4,627	3,402	2,502	10,531	4,317	6,214	
Doorgapore	Doorgapore to Chooramon road	100	400	100	600	100	500	
	Doorgapore to Koonair „	400	500	200	1,100	400	700	
	Doorgapore to Itahar „	100	200	50	350	100	250	
	Raigunge to Katiharee „	25	115	.....	140	.....	140	
	Koonair to Doorgapore „	489	5,588	1,463	7,540	489	7,051	
	Doorgapore tank	50	402	60	512	.....	512	
	7 tanks at Bistoopore and other villages	200	500	150	850	200	650	
	37 tanks under Mr. Spurr	2,579	23	.....	2,602	2,602	..	
	Roads under Mr. Spurr, Huntabad to Doorgapore road	107	1,895	181	2,183	.....	2,183	
	Huntabad to Raigunge „							
	Raigunge to Doorgapore „							
	Raigunge to Maharajhat „							
	Total	4,050	9,623	2,204	15,877	3,891	11,986	
Chooramon	Itahar road	150	213	52	415	107	308	
	Potaraj road	93	762	90	945	41	904	
	Mirjadighi road	160	235	99	494	124	370	
	Etahar tank	163	17	9	189	153	36	
	Potaraj tank	34	.....	... ..	34	32	2	
	Mirjadighi tank	6	.....	..	6	. ...	6	
	Total	606	1,227	250	2,083	457	1,626	
Kaliagunge	Udgao road	63	84	51	197	5	192	
	Kaliagunge road	404	347	147	898	228	670	
	Radhikapore	304	.....	.....	304	304	.....	
	Pakura road	103		.....	103	103		
	Kasembaree road	66	165	58	289	Not specified.		
	Hemtabad „	111	219	84	414	Ditto		
	Koonoor „	407	122	36	565	377	188	
	Baidal tank	19	.....	.....	19	19	..	
	Doorgapore tank	63	.....	... ..	63	63		
	Nowada tank	1	.....	. ....	1	1	....	
	Rampore tank	3	.....	.....	3	3	.	
	Ramgunge tank	9	.....	.	9	9	.	
	Nehalipara tank	6	. ..	.....	6	1	5	
	Katiardanga tank	26	. .	. ..	26	26	.	
	Ausown tank	25	.....	..	25	25		
	Bhundara tank	15	.....		15	15	.	
	Total	1,634	987	356	2,917	1,179	1,055	
Tamoolee	Kalikamora road	137	55	80	272	117	155	
	Koosomondi „	427	462	782	1,671	161	1,510	
	Jamira „	139	40	74	253	135	118	
	Dhowlutpore „	151	24	34	209	136	73	
	Hariramporo „	40	140	57	237	11	226	
	Mohipal „	539	987	484	2,010	16	1,994	
	Baniatpore „	1,265	1,548	1,395	4,208	790	3,418	
	Barhatta tank	42	15	9	66		66	
	Abira „	4	..	.....	4	4		
	Haripore „	16		..	16	16	.	
	Total	2,760	3,271	2,915	9,546	1,383	8,163	

Name of Circle.	Names of works.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	On piece-work.	On daily wages.	Remarks
	Employed by Public Works Department Subordinates.							
	Mohipal road	18	.....	.....	18	.....	18	
	Shehoil „	15	.....	.....	15	.....	15	
	Tamboolee „	31	.....	.....	31	.....	31	
	Serai „	15	.....	.....	15	.....	15	
	Dhowlutpore „	8	.....	.....	8	.....	8	
	Total	90		.....	90	.....	90	
Gangarampore.	Lushkerhat road	19	48	16	83	.....	83	
	Nowbazar „	38	25	.....	63	20	43	
	Foolbarry „	70	.....	.....	70	70	.....	
	Gangarampore „	314	26	3	343	267	76	
	Darail „	92	2	9	103	84	19	
	Kooramsoal „	73	.....	.....	73	73	.....	
	Tank of Mahanta	45	.....	5	50	50	.....	
	„ Ram Cani Acharjee	165	1	12	178	165	13	
	Tank at Koshba	3	.....	.....	3	.....	3	
	„ Sankarpore (ǒ)	36	8	.....	44	33	11	
	„ Madhuhpore	2	.....	.....	2	.....	2	
	„ Shibpore	2	.....	.....	2	.....	2	
	„ Jagoti	150	.....	.....	150	140	1	
	„ Hasainpore	39	.....	.....	39	37	2	
	„ Nakurya	37	.....	4	41	40	1	
	„ Benkoree	56	.....	.....	56	55	1	
	„ Akhanagore	18	.....	.....	18	18	.....	
	„ Nischinto	206	2	.....	208	194	14	
	„ Rampore	43	8	9	60	48	12	
	„ Malahar	42	.....	3	45	42	3	
	„ Hukumdary	25	.....	.....	25	24	1	
	„ Srorampore	36	.....	8	44	40	4	
	„ Joypore	42	.....	.....	42	41	1	
	Bund Ausa	240	133	73	446	206	240	
	Tank at Jogdishbatee	34	5	3	42	38	4	
	„ Shehoor	42	5	3	50	49	1	
	„ Mauoghikonda	75	.....	10	85	84	1	
	„ Chuck Bohora	45	.....	.....	45	45	.....	
	„ Bhalukabaru	40	.....	5	45	44	1	
	„ Doorgapore	77	.....	15	92	77	15	
	„ Salaah	107	.....	.....	107	106	1	
	„ Bhasuria	22	.....	.....	22	22	.....	
	„ Chandahar	81	.....	.....	81	80	1	
	„ Nowabazar	20	21	5	46	12	34	
	Total	2,336	284	183	2,803	2,213	590	
Lushkerhat.	Bhakarpore road	70	119	48	237	36	201	
	Ram Chandpore road	307	130	113	550	279	271	
	Lakhi Narayanpore tank	23	.....	.....	23	23	.....	
	Koorahar „	35	.....	.....	35	25	10	
	Rai Chundra „	12	.....	.....	12	12	.....	
	Lakhidanga „	11	.....	2	13	13	.....	
	Shooharee „	3	.....	1	4	4	.....	
	Nemboopore „	3	.....	.....	3	3	.....	
	Sookdebpore „	35	13	2	50	50	.....	
	Ganghar road	197	152	101	450	55	395	
	Bhobanipore tank	20	18	.....	47	47	.....	
	Tarajpore „	30	2	.....	32	32	.....	
	Abenagur „	40	.....	.....	40	40	.....	
	Trical „	43	2	.....	45	45	.....	
	Palia road	19	3	.....	22	22	.....	
	Lashkerhat road	1	19	6	26	.....	26	
	Bhalkadaho tank	100	20	5	125	125	.....	
	Scoltanpore „	28	.....	.....	28	28	.....	
	Tridhara „	20	.....	.....	20	20	.....	
	Chack Balaram tank	33	.....	.....	33	33	.....	
	Jaget „	26	.....	.....	26	26	.....	
	Total	1,065	478	278	1,821	918	903	
Porsha.	Sapahar road	427	41	124	592	.....	592	
	Mardanga tank	67	...	21	88	66	22	
	Gopalpore „	66	.....	4	70	64	6	
	Kherenda „	52	.....	25	77	.....	77	
	Serabi „	207	105	188	500	.....	500	
	Simuldanga „	108	55	74	237	.....	237	
	Parasimul „	70	9	19	98	66	32	
	Telna „	58	.....	49	107	5	102	
	Total	1,053	210	504	1,769	202	1,568	
	Employed by Public Works Department subordinates.							
Patitola.	Road from Godagaree	125	44	12	181	151	30	
	Road from Forsiparah to Rangamatia	738	.....	52	790	.....	790	
	Road from Shibgunge to Sateorhaut	62	.....	...	62	62	.....	
	Road from Modool to Sheebpore	271	.....	5	276	141	135	
	Ditto Matajurhat to Forsiparah	723	.....	8	731	617	114	
	Road from Matajurhat to Hapania	40	.....	5	54	40	14	
	Road from Farseepara to Haragouri	277	.....	6	283	231	52	
	Road from Debipore to Rangamatia	219	..	64	283	.....	283	
	Total	2,329	.....	140	2,469	1,091	1,378	

Name of Circle	Name of each work	Men.	Women	Children.	Total.	On piece-work.	On daily wages.	Remarks
Patiram.	Road from Balughat to Hillee ...	1,267	111	225	1,603	1,267	336	
	,, Patiram to Hillee ,,	654	40	131	829	654	175	
	,, Paglee to Khanpore .	894	146	136	676	394	282	
	,, Kumargunge to Sumjhia	309	193	105	606	309	297	
	,, Balughat to Palsa	528	66	90	684	528	156	
	,, Balu to Kokhilabaree	109	1	28	138	109	29	
	Tank at Sirohee	58	1	7	66	66		
	,, Jaitigram	75	..	.	75	75	.....	
	,, Mohalia	26	.....	....	26	26		
	,, Kohumapore .	34	15	2	51	51	.....	
	,, Salakaree	42	.....	1	43	43		
	,, Kamarparah ...	18	...	1	19	19	...	
	,, Matara	22	1	1	24	24	.....	
	,, Kharua	21	.....	6	27	27	....	
	,, Doosool	28	..	1	29	29	.	
	,, Harigram	26	1	1	28	28	.....	
	,, Harapore	6		1	6	6	..	
	Total ..	3,616	578	736	4,930	3,655	1,275	
Bhadooria.	Ghoraghat to Sontapur road .	1,669	156	258	2,083	..	.....	
	Bhadooria to Nowabgunge road ,	540	240	236	1,016	..	.....	
	Ghoraghat to Kulamudpore ,, ...	589	230	154	973	.....	.....	
	Ghoraghat to Kamdia ,, ...	59	15	9	83	.....	.....	
	Bhadooria to Horokandi ,, ..	287	9	12	308	. ..	.....	
	Ghoraghat to Govindogunge ,, ..	19	36	10	65	... ..	. ..	
	Audalgoa tank	1	...	.. .	1	.....	.. .	
	Mooradpore tank	23	6	15	44	.	.....	
	Sula tank	15	.. ...	1	16	...	.....	
	Mirsapore tank	24	.....	.....	24	.....	.....	
	Total ..	3,226	692	745	4,643	.	.....	

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the District of Dinagepore during the fortnight ending 13th June 1874.

Name of Circle.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	Total quantity of grain consumed as per last report.	Total quantity of Government grain consumed up to date.				Estimated grain receipts of the ensuing fortnight.	Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.
					Sold to the laborers or to public. I.	Given for charitable relief. II.	By advances to ryots. III.	Amount paid in kind to laborers. IV.	Total.	
		Mds.	Mds.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds.
Dinagepore	13th June, 1874	96,000	.....	20,691 34 13	31,965 25 2	1,730 0 0	1,075 5 8	.....	34,770 30 10	.....
Chooramon	8th ditto	45,000	61,250	6,942 4 0½	3,395 9 11	421 39 9	10,228 16 0	2,180 22 9½	16,226 7 12½	
Bindoil	10th ditto	89,000	52,187	11,750 26 3½	16,541 20 7½	1,375 19 8	3,154 39 0	.....	21,071 88 15½	
Ranisonkoil	9th ditto	80,000	1,37,(30	13,785 2 4	21,404 15 13	1,084 7 11	812 35 0	54 12 13½	23,355 31 5½	
Bochagunge	8th ditto	30,000	25,720	2,138 26 10	6,739 7 9	350 20 11	.....	8 22 0	7,098 10 4	
Kaliagunge	9th ditto	40,000	29,533	7,007 11 2	9,504 17 6	393 5 0	1,825 0 0	1,188 14 7	12,910 36 13	
Tamboolee	9th ditto	1,00,000	1,02,084	8,504 0 0	6,951 20 0	563 1 4	7,399 34 12	3,019 29 12	17,934 5 12	
Gungarampore	9th ditto	60,000	61,777	22,257 0 0	21,101 0 0	996 0 0	.....	4,709 0 6	26,806 0 0	.....
Luskerhat	9th ditto	40,000	26,071	2,645 34 0	2,979 30 8	463 34 8	.....	1,299 30 8	4,743 15 8	.....
Porsha	9th ditto	40,000	74,754	1,834 12 12½	223 28 14½	187 33 0	1,545 0 0	406 36 11	2,363 18 9½	
Putnitolla	9th ditto	95,000	1,00,164	9,626 0 13	12,720 16 5	1,116 31 9	5,690 20 0	682 11 9	20,209 39 7	
Patiram	10th ditto	85,000	84,464	18,880 19 7½	24,689 26 5	995 15 3	.....	.....	25,685 1 7	
Bhaduria	8th ditto	50,000	42,445	7,833 32 12	9,697 14 8	765 28 0	.....	.....	10,463 2 8	
Doorgapore	9th ditto	1,50,000	1,39,750	10,707 1 11	14,680 3 9	940 14 0	2,957 29 4	79 13 12	18,657 20 9	
Beergunga	.. ..	.....	10,270	2,815 7 10½	No information.					
Parbuttypore	.....	.....	6,971	313 34 8	1,339 7 8	26 12 0	10 0 0	.....	1,375 19 8	
	Total ...	10,00,000	.....	1,47,823 8 11½	1,88,933 3 10	11,410 21 14	34,699 19 8	13,628 34 1½	2,43,671 39 1½	.....

Statement showing the expenditure incurred on account of Charitable Relief from the beginning up to date.

	Headings of the Central Committee's notification of the 4th March.				Total.
	a.	*b.*	*c.*	*d.*	
	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
Dinagepore	98 14 6	4,287 8 9	4,214 3 3	217 12 0	8,818 1 6
Beergunge	....	72 6 0	434 9 10	.....	506 15 10
Bochagunge	.....	.....	.....	.....	.. .
Ranisonkoil	3 8 0	339 6 0	.....	.....	342 14 0
Bindoil	216 0 0	.....	.....	.....	216 0 0
Doorgapore	.....	3,516 6 5	547 3 9	50 0 0	4,113 10 2
Chooramon	.....	1,325 7 10	.....	30,423 14 11	1,325 7 10
Tamboolee	.....	1,057 1 2	58 0 0	...	1,115 1 2
Kaliagunge	.....	1,497 0 7	.....	5,475 0 0	1,497 0 7
Gungarampore	.....	2,085 2 10	7,959 14 7	41 1 7	10,086 3 6
Luskerhat			No information.		
Porsha	.....	825 7 2	215 13 1	.....	1,041 4 3
Putnitolla	.....	2,499 6 8	7,536 7 3	.....	10,035 13 11
Patiram	.....	4,204 8 7	1,883 10 8	81 7 6	6,169 10 4
Bhaduria			No information.		
Parbuttipore	.....	.....	.....	....	.....
Total ...	318 6 6	21,709 9 0	22,849 14 0	390 5 1	45,268 2 7

Statement showing the quantity of Grain stored in the various Golahs.

Name of Golahs.	Amount stored up to 13th June.
	Mds. S. C.
Ranisonkoil Circle.	
Ranisonkoil	58,123 0 0
Neckmurd	12,950 20 0
Bedeshari	7,143 0 0
Haldibari	5,323 20 0
Bonbari	5,895 0 0
Bongaon	6,043 0 0
Huripore	41,605 20 0
Banglaghur	.....
Jamoon	.....
Nundgaon	.....
Basbhanga	.....
Madergunge	1,37,080 0 0
Bindole Circle.	
Bindole	18,193 0 0
Hemtabad	20,084 0 0
Adhiari	3,732 0 0
Maloon	5,366 0 0
Serajgunj	4,812 0 0
Total ...	52,187 0 0
Chooramon Circle.	
Chooramon	41,132 0 0
Itahar	10,077 0 0
Putiraj	5,039 0 0
Meerjadighee	5,002 0 0
Total ...	61,250 0 0
Putnitolla Circle.	
Putnitollah	37,187 0 0
Mohadebpore	7,728 0 0
Bhowanigunge	166 0 0
Rangamatia	20,491 0 0
Fershipara	12,606 0 0
Shibpore	10,000 0 0
Matageerhat	6,448 0 0
Modoilhat	5,498 0 0
Total ...	1,00,164 0 0

Name of Golah.	Amount stored up to 13th June. Mds.	S.	C.
Raigunge Circle.			
Raigunge	117,307	0	0
Konour	8,033	0	0
Doorgapore	14,410	0	0
Total ...	1,39,750	0	0
Patiram Circle.			
Patiram	25,401	32	0
Baloorghat	14,973	10	12
Kourgunge	13,453	22	6
Chandgunge	9,791	0	0
Pugli	8,413	19	8
Teorhat	5,122	0	0
Bollahat	4,434	13	0
Khanpore	2,874	22	8
Total ...	84,464	0	2
Gungarampore Circle.			
Nowbazar	22,759	35	0
Gungarampore	7,561	15	0
Noyabunder	3,081	0	0
Kurdaha	14,374	35	0
Bisroil	1,941	0	0
Janpan	2,686	0	0
Foolbari	6,995	25	0
Praneagor	2,378	0	0
Total ...	61,777	30	0
Tamboolee Circle.			
Tamboolee	26,054	0	0
Brajarbulloopore	1,082	0	0
Kalikamara	35,327	0	0
Kushamondi	13,327	0	0
Mahipal	6,122	0	0
Dowlutpore	10,187	0	0
Hurrirampore	9,985	0	0
Total ...	1,02,084	0	0
Kaliagunge Circle.			
Kaliagunge	19,190	0	0
Baboorhat	6,337	0	0
Udgaon	4,006	0	0
Total ...	29,533	0	0
Bhaduria Circle.			
Ghoraghat	18,314	0	0
Bhaduria	21,504	0	0
Ramgunge	2,627	0	0
Total ...	42,445	0	0
Luskerhat Circle.			
Luskerhat	8,361	0	0
Munipore	1,822	0	0
Bakharpore	5,400	0	0
Gungihar	10,488	0	0
Total ...	26,071	0	0
Porsha Circle.			
Neetpore	59,684	0	0
Shapaher	5,053	0	0
Ghatnagor	5,000	0	0
Nichantapore	4,997	0	0
Total ...	74,754	0	0

Name of Golahs.				Amount stored up to 13th June. Mds.	S.	C.
Bochagunge Circle.						
Pirgunge ...	...	...	...	16,416	0	0
Bochagunge ...	...	...	...	3,894	0	0
Ajnabad ...	...	...	...	5,410	0	0
		Total	...	25,720	0	0
Birgunge Circle.						
Birgunge ...	...	...	...	4,432	0	0
Khansama ...	...	...	...	4,403	0	0
Sahebjillah ...	...	...	...	1,434	0	0
		Total	...	10,270	0	0
Habra Circle.						
Parbuttipore ...	...	...	...	4,212	0	0
Chintamon ...	...	...	...	332	0	0
Habra ...	...	...	...	991	0	0
Foolbari ...	...	...	...	1,436	0	0
		Total	...	6,971	0	0
Dinagepore Sudder Circle.						
Dinagepore ...	...	...	...	1,32,568	0	0

DINAGEPORE,
The 15th June 1874.

A. C. BRETT,
Joint-Magistrate.

No. 584F, dated Maldah, the 16th June 1874.

From—F. WYER, ESQ., Officiating Magistrate-Collector, Maldah,

To—The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Statistical Department.

I HAVE the honor to forward my narrative for the fortnight ending 13th of June.

A.—STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

During the fortnight rain fell throughout the district, and in consequence of this the prospects of the Bhadoi crop are very good indeed; a greater area has been sown with this crop not only in the north-east part of the district but in the south-west and western parts, which I visited about a week ago; the people are beginning to leave the relief-works for weeding and cleaning their rice crops. There will be, I think, a much greater falling off in the numbers during the next fortnight; the daily number of coolies working during the past fortnight was 6,488 against daily average of 8,321 during the preceeding fortnight; the prices of rice were much the same as during the preceeding fortnight. The following list gives the latest prices—

	Paddy, No. of seers per rupee, (80 tolah weight.) Seers.	Common rice, No. of seers per rupee, (80 tolah weight.) Seers.
English Bazar...	16	11½
Old Maldah	0	12
Gazole	18	12
Nowabgunge	0	9½
Rohunpur	16½	10¾
Chanchal, Tulseegunge, Samsee and Abadpore	16	10
Kaliachuck	0	12½
Sheebgunge	0	9¼

Boats are arriving at Head-quarters with rice and paddy from the eastern districts, and from Rohunpur, Nielpur, and other places, so that sales of Government rice in Maldah have fallen to two and three maunds a day, the total quantity sold there during the past fortnight was only 74 maunds. In fact, the total sale to the public throughout the district reported up to date was only 1,172 maunds. I erroneously informed Mr. Bernard that the sales did not exceed 1,000 maunds, the exact amount reported is as given above; but I found to-day when I was at Sheebgunge that that circle officer had not sent in his report of rice sold, that quantity was 932 maunds, and thus the total sold was 2,104 maunds. This quantity, though double the quantity I thought had been sold, is not much for the whole district.

The rainfall as recorded—

At Head-quarters was	...	...	...	...	1·07"
„ Chanchal	...	...	...	...	0·56"

Condition of special tracts.—Owing to the small quantity of rain which fell during the fortnight at Chanchal the tanks and wells were lower than at any other time of the year, and the water went bad in them. Mr. Reily made wells for drinking water for the people, but they did not take the trouble to go to them, so that cholera has broken out both at Chanchal and Maltipore. The number of cases was 71, of these 15 died, 22 are still under treatment, and 34 are said to be out of danger; therefore, the disease does not seem to be of a virulent type. Since the close of the fortnight there has been heavy rain in Chanchal and the Mohanuda has risen; thus the small rivers will soon fill, the people will get wholesome drinking water close to their doors, and most probably the disease will not spread.

The prospects in Kaliachuck thana were reported by Mr. Livesay to be gloomy, but rain has now fallen there, and I think that, at present, there is not much cause for anxiety for that part of the district.

B.—Relief Works.

The daily average of the number of people employed on relief-works during the fortnight was 6,488; thus there has been a falling off of 1,833 a day since the preceding fortnight. The laborers are now paid in six-part grain to one-part money, with the exception of a few in Kaliachuck who were under the supervision of Mr. Fergeson, an indigo planter. The men having refused grain payments, Mr. Fergeson continues to pay them in money pending orders. Since it is clear that if the laborers refuse rice payment they cannot be in any great distress. I have ordered the discontinuance of the relief-work in Kaliachuck, unless they accept these payments. The following table gives the number of persons employed in each circle. It will be seen that the amount disbursed in cash by the Department Public Works was Rs. 3,153, and the amount in grain Rs. 2,217-11-0 (taking 12 seers for the rupee). This is owing to the payment in grain having been introduced towards the end of the fortnight:—

Name of Sub-division.	Number of Public Works Department laborers			Number of laborers under Circle Officers			
	Men	Women.	Children.	Men	Women.	Children	Total
Sudder circle	1,685	.....	3	. ....	.....	.....	2,548
Gomastapore circle	2,601	1,941	841	5,037	3,160	1,816	10,013
Gasole circle	6,831	1,907	677	.....	.. ..	.....	4,228
Nawabgunge circle	4,423	3,376	819	.....	.....	.....	15,666
Maldah circle	.....	.....	.....	.... .	.....	.....	5,390
Chanchal circle	94	.....	.....	....	.....	.....	16,790
Seebgunge circle	7,713	2,280	560	207	34	.....	241

Total number of laborers under Department Public Works ...	Men ...		23,541
	Women ...		9,504
	Children ...		2,901
	Total ...		35,946
Total number of laborers under Circle Officers ...	...	...	38,026
Total number of laborers under Chanchal Circle Officer ...	Men, Women, Children	...	16,790
	Total ...		16,790
	Grand Total ...		90,762

Daily average number of laborers employed in the Sudder Sub-division was—

Under Department Public Works	...	2,567
,, Circle Officers	...	2,716
Total ...	...	5,283

Daily average number of laborers employed in the Chanchal Sub-division—

Under Department Public Works	...	6
,, Circle Officers	...	1,199
Total ...	...	1,205
Daily average for the whole district	...	6,488

Amount disbursed in wages by the Public Works Department during the fortnight was—

In cash	In grain.
Rs. A. P.	Mds. S. Ch.
3,153 7 9	2,217 11 0

C.—Transport of Food.

Of the total quantity of grain received into the district (*i.e.*, 9,71,997 maunds) 7,82,701 maunds have been despatched to Purneah and Dinagepore, and the rest is stored in the district, of which 1,35,635 maunds have been stored in the several golahs of the district.

D.—Storage of Government Grain.

The following quantity of grain has been stored in the several golahs of the district, viz. :—

	Mds.
English Bazar	40,462
Old Maldah	27,195
Gazole	9,995
All the golahs of the Chanchal circle	44,608
Gomastapore	1,125
Nowabgunge	8,750
Jhelim	1,000
Parbuttypore	1,000
Sheebgunge	1,000
Total ...	1,35,635

The following table shews the quantity of grain distributed to subsidiary golahs during the fortnight, viz. :—

	Mds.	Srs.
From English Bazar Golah—		
To Foolbaree	50	0
,, Gopalgunge	288	0
,, Shershahye	998	0
,, Kalliachuck	492	0
,, Kamalabaree	1	38
,, Goamaltee	400	0
,, Bhugwanpore	800	0
,, English Bazar	35	0
,, Sosain	300	0
,, Sheebgunge	191	25
,, Nowabgunge	1,000	0
	4,056	23
From Maldah old town—		
To Maldah	131	6
Grand total ...	4,187	29

The total quantity of grain disposed of up to date for all purposes was 25,137 maunds 2 seers 4¼ chittacks.

E.—Advances to Private Parties.

No advances of money have been made during the fortnight, either for purchase of grain or for land improvements. During the fortnight 4,123 maunds were advanced to ryots. The total quantity advanced up to date is 6,403 maunds.

F.—Charitable Relief.

The following table shows the number of people charitably relieved during the fortnight under report.

Name of Circle.	Number of centres at each circle.	Number of people relieved.	Rice distribution	Cash distribution	Remarks
			Mds. Srs. Ch	Rs. A. P.	
Sudder	8	16,133	209 18 2	45 10 3	
Gazole	7	5,754	134 11 2	.....	
Gomastapore	11	20,882	219 0 12	257 12 4½	
Nowabgunge	14	34,219	540 19 10	191 13 3	
Maldah	16	24,846	269 37 12	409 4 6	
Sheebgunge	4	1,200	70 0 0	.....	
Chanchal	32	30,890	702 21 7	31 14 7½	

Total daily average number of people relieved during the fortnight was 9,562.

It will be seen that there is an increase on the previous fortnight. This increase has taken place at Chanchal, Maldah, and Nowabgunge.

G.—Financial Results of the Fortnight.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Total expenditure from district treasury, as shown in the last fortnightly narrative	3,10,813	14	8

Detail of the above total, viz.:—

Ordinary district roads and relief-works	1,00,614	15	0
Advances for purchase of grain	40,000	0	0
Advances for land improvements	17,800	0	0
Advances for helping ryots	1,650	0	0
Miscellaneous expenditure	1,50,748	15	8
Total ...	3,10,813	14	8

Financial Results of the Fortnight.

	Rs.	A.	P.
I.—Road and relief-works—			
Bulbulchandee road	300	0	0
Refund of ferry farmer's security deposit	104	0	0
Establishment	44	0	0
Transferred to the credit of the Executive Engineer ...	5,000	0	0
Total ...	5,448	0	0
Salaries, establishments, and office contingencies ...	3,638	12	3
Storage	45	5	4
Miscellaneous	1,625	13	8
Transport of Government grain	12,373	8	3
Total ...	23,131	7	6
(*a*) Final payments made	23,131	7	6
(*b*) Advances repayable	0	0	0
Total ...	23,131	7	6

Statement showing the progress of Charitable Relief in the Maldah District.

Number of committees and sub-committees as yet appointed ...	District committee	1
	Sub-divisional committees	7
	Relief centres	92
	Total ...	100
Number of special relief circles opened and manned by special officers / Number of regular relief circles opened and manned by special officers		7
Number of relief circles opened and managed by planters, zemindars, and other residents		*Nil.*
Number of work-houses or centres for the distribution of food and gratuitous relief		92
Number of men, women, and children in receipt of gratuitous relief in any shape through the charitable relief organization daily ...		9,562

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the Maldah District.

Name of Circle.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	Total quantity of Government Grain consumed up to date.					Estimated grain receipts of the ensuing fortnight	Estimated grain expenditure of ensuing fortnight.
				By sales to the public or to laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots.	By payments in kind to laborers.	Total.		
		Mds	Mds	M. S. C.	M. S. C.	M. S. C.	M. S. C	M. S. C.		
Maldah	12th June 1874 ..	25,000	27,195	934 4 6	494 23 0	66 0 0	.....	1,562 17 6	Nil.	17,500 maunds.
Gazole	11th „ ..	10,000	9,995	1,304 10 12	368 37 8	2,544 0 0	.....	4,217 8 4		
Chanchal ...	12th „ .	30,000	44,608	5,131 9 8	1,643 11 1	1,759 15 0	1,361 9 0	9,895 14 9		
Sudder	14th „	25,000	40,463	415 33 0½	902 18 4	5 0 0	.....	1,323 11 4½		
Seebgunge ...	12th „		1,500	... ..	.....	1,040 0 0	.....	1,040 0 0		
Nowabgunge ..	12th „ ...	5,000	9,750	1,329 21 7	1,450 19 10	873 32 0	798 16 4	4,452 9 5		
Gomastapore ...	10th „ ...	5,000	2,125	1,304 10 7½	960 17 11	118 20 0	363 13 5½	2,646 21 7½		
	Total ...	.....	...	10,390 9 8½	5,820 7 2	6,403 27 0	2,522 38 9½	25,137 2 4½		

The estimated expenditure of grain includes 9,000 maunds for advances to ryots.

F. Wyer,
Offg. Magistrate-Collector.

No. 489.

Comparative statement showing the Number of true Cases of Dacoity and Robbery, &c., for the month of May 1874.—Maldah District.

I. Number of cases reported, excluding cases declared by the Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.
Column IV of AI, minus column IXA.

Dacoity—		
Headings Nos. 30 and 31 of Crime Return AI	Month of May 1872	2
	Corresponding month of May 1874 ...	1
Robbery—		
Headings Nos. 32 and 33 of Crime Return AI	Corresponding month of May 1874 ...	2
Theft—		
Heading No. 43 of Crime Return AI, excluding cattle-theft ...	Month of May 1872	14*a*
	Corresponding month of May 1873 ...	21
	„ „ of „ 1874 ...	38*b*
Total of all three crimes ...	Month of May 1872 ...	16
	Corresponding month of May 1873 ...	21
	„ „ of „ 1874 ...	41
Heading 35 of Crime Return AI...	Month of May 1872	14
	Corresponding month of May 1873 ...	18
	„ „ of „ 1874 ...	30
Heading 42 of Crime Return AI...	Month of May 1872	5
	Corresponding month of May 1873 ...	4
	„ „ of „ 1874 ...	4
Total of all three crimes ...	Month of May 1872	19
	Corresponding month of May 1873 ...	22
	„ „ of „ 1874 ...	34
Grand Total	Month of May 1872	35
	Corresponding month of May 1873 ...	43
	„ „ of „ 1874 ...	75

B. S. Mottroya, *Ct. Inspr.*,
For District Superintendent of Police

Maldah,
The 2nd June 1874.

a = 2 grain thefts
b = 6 „ „

No. 1229, dated Beauleah, the 18th June 1874.

From—W. H. D'OYLY, Esq., Collector of Rajshahye,

To—The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Dept.

I HAVE the honor to submit herewith my narrative for the fortnight ending on the 14th June.

A.—STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

Prices have remained high throughout the fortnight; in some places as high as 7 seers 4 chittacks per rupee. There is no doubt whatever that this has been caused by the almost total cessation of importation during the latter part of the last and the beginning of the present fortnight. Lately, however, rice has been imported in large quantities chiefly at Beelmaria, Charghat, Beauleah, and at Teygatchee. The first three of these places are on the Ganges; the fourth is on an affluent of the Attrai, about 7 miles north of Nattore. These importations have not yet had any effect on the prices except to a small extent in Beelmaria. It is reported that the supply in several markets has been hardly equal to the demand. Sales to the public on a small scale were commenced at Nowhatta, in the north of the Beauleah thana, at Nowgong and Bandaikhara, and in one or two marts in Tannore. I have lately had the advantage of a consultation with His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, and in accordance with his instructions Government rice will be sold to the public more extensively in parts of Baraigaon, Singra, Bandaikhara, and Tannore. At the end of the last and in the beginning of this fortnight, crowds of ryots came into Beauleah, and said they had no seed-grain and no money, and that they would not be able to get through the next two months unless grain was advanced to them. The district relief officer at first gave a few advances of grain, and the result was that the crowds of applicants increased daily. I found that most of these were well-to-do, wearing good clothes, carrying umbrellas, and presenting none of the appearances of want or privation. Their object was to make a profit for themselves. I therefore stopped advances, and ordered that only those should be provided for who really required assistance.

During the fortnight I rode over the part of the country from which most of these applicants came, and although I was prepared to find a good deal of aous dhan, I was surprised at the quantity that I saw. From Beauleah northwards to Soorsa, and from Soorsa 18 miles to the east through the north of Pooteah thana, not a beegha of land hardly that could be cultivated with aous has been left fallow: everywhere the aous has germinated well, and is thriving as well as could be wished. In the low lands the deep-water rice is doing well also. I found also that the condition of the people generally was good. In all the villages I passed through, the women, the children, and the cattle were fat and well-cared for. Still, in the face of all this appearance of prosperity, there is undeniably a good deal of distress. The weavers, the poorest of the ryots, the infirm, all flock to the poor-houses, and those who can work, gladly take to it. There is a great deal of mulberry cultivation in that part of the district, but the Cheit and Bysack bunds have not been good. Further south the Bysackee bund was an excellent one. The next important bund will be in August, and that with the aous crops will, I trust, prevent any further distress. Mr. Walton and Mr. Forbes, who are in charge of silk factories in the north of Pooteah, have rendered invaluable service in establishing poor-houses and in affording relief, personally superintending the relief operations. I hope to close most of our poor-houses when the aous comes in.

Crime has not increased; sickness has decreased. There have been no cases of starvation. No orphans have been thrown on the hands of committees.

B.—RELIEF WORKS.

There has been a very slight increase in the number of laborers on works under the Public Works Department during the fortnight, but the number employed throughout the district is very small, the daily average number being a little over 1,000.

C.—TRANSPORT OF GRAIN.

See Statement.

D.—STORAGE OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN.

I have not yet heard positively from the railway authorities, but I believe they have in store for me 40,000 maunds between Sooltanpore, (Nowgong), and Sora. All the rest of our allotment has been stored, barring short weight, amounting to about 500 maunds.

E.—ADVANCES TO PRIVATE PARTIES.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Up to end of last fortnight	1,26,132	12	0
During the fortnight, in money	1,400	0	0
During the fortnight, in grain, 873-20 maunds, value ...	292	8	0
Total ...	1,27,825	4	0

F.—CHARITABLE RELIEF.

The numbers at the poor-houses have increased. The following statement will show that the daily average number of persons relieved is 13,620, of whom 7,009 are fed gratuitously, and 6,611 in return for work done. The rise in the prices of rice has caused the increase in the numbers, and till the aous crop comes in, in August and September, they are not likely to decrease.

Name of Thana.	Name of poor-house.	Number of persons relieved daily.		Remarks.
		Gratuitously.	Doing light work.	
Beauleah ..	Nowhatta	123	54	
	Beauleah	126	195	
	Bargatchee	335	40	
Churghat ..	Sarda	292	....	
Lallpore ..	Lallpore	476	69	
	Arain	No account received.		This poor-house has been opened only recently.
Pooteah	Pooteah	No account received.		
	Kooseadanga ..	1,241	1,782	
	Pannugger	190	160	
Bagmara ..	Tahirpore*	504	837	*The number of persons relieved at this poor-house has since greatly increased. Accounts have been called for but not yet received.
	Salgore	288	25	
	Nariapara	378	2	
	Bamiogram ..	89	19	
	Takurpara	..	23	
	Tayatihi	..	64	
	Kocer	..	60	
	Sarpara	..	177	
	Bhabaingunge ..	..	17	
	Bhabainpore ..	..	23	
	Khomgoan	..	51	
	Bajsoll	67	1	
	Bagmarah	106	21	
	Baingache	..	22	
Manda	Nooroollabad ..	83	6	
	Doshatina	160	2	
	Kooshooniba ..	158	3	
	Sabai	162	11	
	Ghandernugger ...	118	1	
	Deolia	..	3	
	Haloodgachee ..	487	3	
Bandaikhara ..	Sonadanga ..	50	..	
	Bandaikhara ..	59	1	
	Doorgapore ..	225	..	
	Mahamedpore ..	..	14	
	Banaipore ...	..	68	
	Polapara ..	..	23	
Godagaree ..	Chowbeesnugger ..			
	Raneenugger ..			
	Mehrahur ..			
Taunore ..	Saikara	902	2,735	
	Tannore			
	Dhooroil			
	Hatana			
Singrah ..	Rimbagha	4	..	
	Kashimpore .	89	8	
Boraigoan ..	Boraigoan	35	14	
	Nattore	312	77	
	Total ..	7,009	6,611	

G.—Financial Results.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Total expenditure as shown in the last narrative ..	3,45,506	11	8
Detail of the above—			
Advanced for conveyance of Government grain ..	1,84,228	15	2
Advanced to Mr. Luff, &c., on cheque	1,29,117	3	1
Advanced for storage of Government grain ..	50	0	0
Grant-in-aid to charitable relief	8,761	13	0
Paid on account of contribution to district relief fund ..	465	0	0
Salary and deputation allowance	7,090	0	9
Advanced for purchase of gola materials	9,453	0	0
Advanced for relief works	1,873	12	0
Expended for ditto	3,005	0	0
Advanced for purchase of seed for free distribution ..	600	0	0
Tentage and travelling	205	15	8
Contingencies	656	0	0
Expended during the fortnight—			
Advanced for conveyance of Government grain ..	1,724	13	3
Salary and deputation allowance	1,969	11	8
Storage of Government grain	301	3	6
Grant-in-aid to charitable relief	165	0	0
Miscellaneous charges	95	5	3
Contingencies	31	5	0
Package	176	4	11
Tentage and travelling	23	2	0
Permanent advance	50	0	0
Total ..	4,536	13	7
Nattore Sub-division—			
Advanced to Executive Engineer, Northern Bengal (State) Railway, No. 2, on his cheques	16,480	8	4
Paid to Mr. Luff, and Mr. Burral, Northern Bengal (State) Railway, No. 2, on their cheques ..	4,596	8	0
Total ..	21,077	0	4
Brought over expenditure of last narrative	3,45,506	11	8
Grand total ..	3,71,120	9	7

W. H. D'Oyly,
Collector.

Statement showing the cholera cases treated under the jurisdiction of Bagmara Police Station by the Native Doctor, Biddu Bhooshan Roy, from 11th to 15th May 1874.

Names of villages.	Remaining.	New cases treated.	Total.	Cured.	Relieved.	Died	Remaining.
Madareegunge	4	5	9	4	2		3
Bukura	2		2				2
Mohunpore	12	9	21	7	3	4	7
Bhatkhalee	8	1	9			1	8
Dukeepore	1		1				1
Bangal Parra		1	1				1
Hashoneepore	3		3	1	1		1
Chuck	1		1				1
Ochinghât	1		1		1		
Nomaggha	1		1		1		
Pooran Tahirpore	2	1	3	1	2		
Doulutpore	1		1		1		
Heathpore	1		1		1		
Mahomedpore	3		3				3
Total	40	17	57	13	12	5	27

Statement showing the cholera cases treated under the jurisdiction of Nowhatta, and east, by the compounder Dwarka Nath Sen, from 8th to 15th May 1874.

Chalk	3		3	3			
Modun Hatee	2		2	2			
Dwaree	2	3	5	4		1	
Ghorodoho	2		2	2			
Bagshora	2	4	6	4		2	
Peerulah		21	21	16		5	
Tucaree		2	2	1		1	
Falta		8	8	5			3
Ektarpore		5	5	3		1	1
Barnpara		7	7	5		2	
Dadpore		4	4	2		2	
Makhunpore		3	3	2		1	
Sheal Baree		4	4				4
Total	11	61	72	49		15	8

Report of cholera cases treated by Sasha Chellum Pelly, third-class Hospital Assistant, in the famine district of Rajshahye, at Nowhatta out-post, between the 1st and the 16th May 1874.

Names of villages.	Disease.	New cases treated.	Total.	Result.			
				Cured.	Relieved.	Died.	Remaining.
Jholiary	Simple cold, fever	2	2		2		
	Cholera	5	5		5		
	Ague	1	1		1		
Bagshora	Cholera	7	7		4	3	
Gangopara	Cholera	24	24	12	5	5	2
	„ debility	1	1	1			
Saepara	Cholera	31	31	19	3	4	5
	Ague	8	8	7			1
	Dysentery	1	1	1			
	Ulcer under tongue	1	1				1
	„ of leg	2	2				2
	Burning of urine	1	1		1		
	Dyspepsia	3	3	2	1		
	Hæmuronia	1	1		1		
	Simple cold fever	1	1				1
	Febricula	2	2				2
Choke	Cholera	5	5	3		2	
Chock Kristpore	Cholera	10	10	8		2	
Lullagoripore	Cholera	6	6	3			3
Sreepore	Cholera	9	9	4	3	2	
Borgotchee	Dysentery	1	1	1			
	Dyspepsia	1	1	1			
	Psoariasis	1	1		1		
	Diarrhœa	1	1		1		
Chandpore	Cholera	32	32	10	10	2	10
Thunsihatta	Cholera	12	12		12		
Thalookpara	Cholera	1	1		1		
Meethapady	Cholera	1	1		1		
Cozybathree	Cholera	1	1		1		
	Total	172	172	72	53	20	27

Report of Cholera patients, and other diseases treated at Saipara Famine Hospital between 1st and 8th June 1874.

Names of diseases.	Remaining	New cases admitted.	Total.	Results.			
				Cured.	Relieved.	Died.	Remaining.
Rheumatism	2	1	3	2	1	..	...
Cholera	14	7	21	18	...	2	1
Anæmia	1	2	3	2			1
Ulcer	1	1	2	2	...		
Gonorrhœa	1	1	2	1	...		1
Bite of Leopard	1	...	1	1	...		
Hepatitis	...	2	2	1	...		1
Dyspepsia	1	7	8	3	...		5
Ague	1	14	15	6		...	9
Asatis	2	..	2	..		...	2
Diarrhœa	1	2	3	2	..	..	1
Wound	1	2	3		...	...	3
Bronchitis	1	2	3	2	...	...	1
Constipation		1	1	1			
Phthisis		1	1	..	...	...	1
Spermatorœa		1	1	...	..	...	1
Colic		5	5	1	4	..	
Anasarca	...	1	1	...	...	...	1
Primary syphilis	...	2	2	...	...	...	2
Hœmoptisis	..	1	1	...		...	1
Abscess	..	3	3	1	...	...	2
Dysentery	...	5	5	4		...	1
Conjunctitis	..	1	1	1	...	...	...
Fabricula	...	1	1	1	..	...	
Debility	...	3	3	1	...	..	2
Splenitis	...	3	3	1	...		2
Enœma	...	1	1				1
Catarrh	...	1	1	1		...	
Total	27	71	98	52	5	2	39

Daily report of cholera cases treated by the 3rd-class Hospital Assistant, J. MANICKMA, *in charge of cholera epidemic, Bagmara station, from 4th to 8th June* 1874.

Names.	Remaining.	New cases.	Total.	Results.		
				Cured.	Died.	Remaining.
Badeegram	.....	4	4	1	.....	3

Daily report of cholera patients treated in the Nattore Sub-division by compounder from 4th to 7th June 1874.

Harroya	14	6	20
Jigory	4	.....	4
Total	18	6	24

.....	1	19	
.....	.....	4	
.....	1	23	

Daily report of cholera patients treated in the Nowhatta out-post by the compounder DWARKANATH SEN, *from 1st to 7th June* 1874.

Sreepore	1	1	1
Gaganbarea	1	1	1
Baraspara	.....	1	1
Joynugger	.....	5	5
Total	2	6	8

.....	.....	
.....	...	
.....	.....	
.....	.....	
.....	.....	

Report of sick treated by the 3rd-class Hospital Assistant T. KUNNIAH, *famine district of Runbagha and its adjoining villages, between the dates of 1st to 10th June* 1874.

Abscess	.....	1	1	...	...	1
Remittent fever	.....	1	1	1	.....	..
Neuralgia	1	1	2	1		1
Ague	5	5	10	8		2
Dysentery	1	2	3	2	....	1
Splenitis	2	1	3	3	...	.....
Rheumatism	.....	2	2	.....	...	2
Total	9	13	22	15	.....	7

BEAULEAH,
The 13th June 1874.

R. H. CURRAN,
Offg. Civil Surgeon.

Statement showing the number of Men, Women, and Children employed on Works in the District of Rajshahye under the Executive Engineer, Rajshahye District, during the week ending Saturday, the 6th June 1874.

Serial number of work.	Name of work.	Length of road, &c.	Number of Persons employed on each Work daily.																					How long work is likely to give employment.	Remarks shewing proportion of work-people who are earning full rates, and doing full work for their sex and age.	Grains.		
			Sunday 31st May.			Monday 1st June.			Tuesday 2nd June.			Wednesday 3rd June.			Thursday 4th June.			Friday 5th June.			Saturday 6th June.			Total.					Rate of rice.	Bazar.	
			Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.				Name.	Distance.
10	Bya road	7	135	35	15	189	31	16	185	35	16	183	37	12	196	35	16	199	30	17	206	31	18	1,336	234	110	10th July ...	Metalling road ...	10½ srs. per Re	Bya Hat ...	2 miles.
11	Nattore road	36	228	...	3	247	...	8	267	...	8	330	...	7	385	...	10	420	...	10	280	...	10	2,157	...	56	1st July ...	Three-fourths would not work on to the road.	11½ „ „	Beroldah ...	Ditto.
2	Dinagepore road	10	...	...	...	81	69	...	68	57	...	87	72	...	75	65	...	88	81	...	...	...	...	399	344	...	August ...	Laboring class (Hoonahs)	9 srs. 1½ „	Sooltanpore	Ditto.
12	Road from Nattore to Bazsur.	8	..	...	...	...	..	...	50	...	...	50	...	...	59	...	...	103	...	...	109	...	...	371	...	...	1st July ...	One-half of these men would not work.	.....	Dighapotea ...	1 mile.
13	Pubna road	23	14	...	...	29	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28	...	...	30	...	...	...	...	...	99	...	...	15th ditto ...	Laboring class.			
1	Maldah road	8	...	...	...	66	31	...	70	32	...	68	37	...	40	25	...	45	15	...	...	...	...	229	140	...	August ...	These men would not work in ordinary years.	9 srs. 1½ per Re.	Sultangunge	2 miles.
5	Godagaree road	20	...	...	...	11	11	...	32	32	...	17	15	...	11	16	...	20	29	...	...	...	...	91	103	...	Ditto ditto ...	.....	Ditto.	Premtulli.	
Minor works	Saipara road ...	...	74	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	74	...	...					
	Saipara road, 2nd Section	...	127	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	127	...	10		Three-fourths of these men would not work on the road.			
	Bargatchee road	...	...	...	No reports received.								...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		Three-fourths daily labor in repairing track.			
9	Feeder road	...	103	...	10	145	..	9	118	...	7	154	...	5	165	...	10	214	...	6	...	...	...	899	...	47	15th July ...	Three-fourths of these men are compelled to work this year, who in ordinary seasons would not come on the road.			
11A	Putea road	...	...	...	No reports received.																										
	Brick manufacture at Lalpore.	...	...	...	No reports received.																										
	Ditto ditto at Nattore	...	...	...	No reports received.																										
	Provincial Works	...	...	...	...	...	.	.	...	...	...	9	...	...	8	...	...	8	...	...	4	...	...	29	...	...	.....	Laboring class.			
16	Kathoon to Goolshast ..	...	36	...	...	7	...	...	11	...	...	29	...	...	13	...	...	68	...	...	22	...	...	186	...	...		*Rate of wages paid for full work.*			
	Imperial work	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		A man can earn about 10 pice per head at task-work.			
	District work	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		Amount disbursed in wages during the above period, Rs. 740-0-9.			
																												Daily wages for which full work cannot be exacted are to each man ... 0 2 0			
																												Women 0 1 6			
																												Children from 1 to 5 pice.			
	Total ...	...	777	35	38	778	142	33	661	156	51	916	161	24	978	141	36	1,305	155	38	615	81	28	067	821	233	.....				

BEAULEAH;
The 10th June 1874.

J. J. O'FLAHERTY,
Executive Engineer.

No. 5423

B.—Statement showing the number of Men, Women, and Children employed on Works in the District of Rajshahye under the Executive Engineer, Rajshahye District, during the week ending Saturday, the 13th June 1874.

Serial No. of work.	Name of Work.	Length of road, &c.	Number of Persons employed on each Work daily.																					How long work is likely to give employment.	Remarks showing proportion of work-people who are earning full rates and doing full work for their sex and age.	Grain.		
			Sunday.			Monday.			Tuesday.			Wednesday.			Thursday.			Friday.			Saturday.			Total.					Bazar.	
			Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.			Rate of rice.	Name.	Distance.
10	Bya road	7	195	32	16	196	35	17	208	41	16	209	36	15	212	40	13	200	44	12	204	33	11	1,432	262	100	10th July ...	Metalling road	.....	Byahat ..	2 miles.
11	Nattore road	20	480	...	10	492	...	10	492	...	10	479	...	5	420	...	10	165	...	..	226	...	10	2,754	..	55	1st July ..	Three-fourths would not work on the road.	.....	Beroldah ..	2 ditto.
12	Road from Nattore to Bagaur	8	109	...	...	118	...	...	110	...	...	98	...	...	104	...	...	100	...	...	26	...	...	665	..	...	1st July ..	One-half these people would not work.	.....	Dighapotea ...	1 ditto.
2	Dinagepore road	16	...	...	...	90	75	...	51	49	...	72	68	...	91	79	...	..	..	.	73	60	...	377	340	..	August ...	Laboring class (Boonahs)	.....	Sooltangunge	2 ditto.
1	Maldah road...	8	61	50	...	53	41	...	44	17	...	66	28	...	...	..	...	57½	33	...	64	36	...	345½	208	..	August ..	These men would not work in ordinary years.	.....	Ditto ditto	2 ditto.
3	Godagaree road	20	29	25	...	12	10	...	16	10	...	17	19	...	29	18	...	9	2	..	11	9	...	114	102	...	. ..	Ditto ditto ..	.....	Premtoll.	
13	Pubna road	22	20	...	...	29	...	...	30	...	...	27	...	...	17	...	...	13	...	..	...	...	...	136	..	...	15th July ...	Laboring class.			
Minor works	Saipara road, 1st Section	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Saipara road, 2nd Section	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	Three-fourths of these men would not come out to the road.			
9	Feeder road (Tannore) ...	...	227	...	11	145	...	9	152	...	8	175	...	9	247	...	8	97	...	10	344½	...	10	1,347½	...	62	15th July ...	Three-fourths of these men are compelled to work this year, who in ordinary seasons would not come on the road.			
16	Kaliacoon to Goolshahat ...	...	40	...	...	87	...	...	54	...	...	61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	242	...	...					
	Provincial works	...	26	...	...	...	...	...	27	...	...	27	...	...	24	...	...	...	...	...	24	...	...	130	...	...					
	Imperial work	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	4	...	2	4	..	2	4	...	2	3	...	2	16	...	8					
	District work	...	15	...	...	7	...	...	9	...	...	10	...	1	4	...	1	6	...	3	7	...	2	56	...	7					
																												Rate of wages paid for full work. To each man—Men earn 10 pice task-work. To each woman—Per head at task-work. Amount disbursed in wages during the above period. Daily wages Rs. 725-5-6 for which full work cannot be exacted are to each man .. ... 0 2 6 Woman ... ... 0 1 6 Children from 1 to 5 pice.			
	Total number employed ...	...	1,196	197	27	1,198	127	30	1,194	123	31	1,246	140	32	1,152	136	34	660½	84	27	942½	146	33	7,585	912	233					

JOHN J. O'FLAHERTY,
Executive Engineer.

GODAGAREE.

Receipts.—Nil.

Despatches.

Date of despatch.	To whom despatched.	Bags.	Maunds.
1st June 1874	Overseer, J N Sein ..	20	40 0
2nd „ „	Moharpore, I. C. Choudree ...	5	10 0
4th „ „	Overseer, J. N. Sein	8	15 0
5th „ „	Ditto	5	10 0
6th „ „	Ditto	13	25 0
7th „ „	Ditto	10	20 0
7th „ „	Dwarka Nath Sirkar	8	16 0
10th „ „	Jadu Nath Sirkar	13	25 0
10th „ „	Ditto	10	20 0

NOWGONG.

Receipts.—Nil.

Despatches.

Date of despatch.	To whom despatched.	Bags.	Maunds.	Bags.	Maunds.
31st May 1874 ...	Bograh	115	300 11	.....	. . ..
1st June „ ...	Ditto	226	594 20	... ..	.. ..
2nd „ „ ...	Ditto	219	569 16	341	682 0
3rd „ „ ..	Ditto	796	2,104 26	234	468 0
4th „ „ ...	Ditto	.....	.....	318	721 32
5th „ „ ...	Ditto	.....	.....	317	317 0
6th „ „ ..	Ditto	.....	.....	1,056	1,613 0
7th „ „ ...	Ditto	.....	.....	1,063	2,114 0
8th „ „ ..	Ditto	.....	.....	610	950 0
9th „ „ ...	Ditto	... ..	... .	1,107	1,658 0
10th „ „ ...	Ditto	.....	... ..	1,179	1,918 0
10th „ „ ...	Roy Grish Chunder Lahory	.....	.....	51	100 0

BEAULEAH.

Receipts.—Nil.

Despatches.

Date of despatch.	To whom despatched.	Bags.	Maunds.
27th May 1874	Prosanna Kumar Majumdar...	51	100 0
27th „ „	G. C. Chukerbutty, Burgatchee	26	50 0
27th „ „	Sub-Inspector of Charghat ...	13	25 0
28th „ „	Ram Das Bundopadhaye Bya	6	12 0
28th „ „	Sarafatoolla, Beauleah ...	16	30 0
29th „ „	Kiamut Misri	13	25 0
29th „ „	Store-keeper, Beralda ...	490	451 26
30th „ „	Prosanna Chunder Sing, overseer, Saheb bazar ...	13	25 0
31st „ „	Store-keeper, Beralda ...	254	508 14
31st „ „	Shostibar Banerjee, Kooshadanga	50	100 0
31st „ „	Prasanna Chunder Singh, overseer, Saheb bazar ...	10	20 0
1st June „	Shostibar Banerjee, Kooshadanga	189	271 0
2nd „ „	Ramdass Banerjee, Bya ...	6	12 0

BEAULEAH.

Despatches.—(Continued.)

Date of despatch.	To whom despatched.	Bags.	Maunds.
2nd June 1874	Prosunna Chunder Singh, overseer, Saheb bazar ...	8	15 0
3rd „ „	Ditto ditto ...	13	25 0
3rd „ „	C. B. Walton, Esq., Pannanuggur	50	100 0
3rd „ „	Sarafutoolla, Beauleah ...	13	25 0
4th „ „	Ram Das Banerjee, Bya ...	6	12 0
4th „ „	Ditto ditto ...	13	25 0
5th „ „	Nrising Prosad Sakul, Nowhatta	15	30 0
5th „ „	Mr. Ridge	25	50 0
6th „ „	Shostibar Banerjee ...	65	129 0
6th „ „	Prosunna Chunder Sing, overseer, Saheb bazar ...	8	16 0
6th „ „	Fakir Chandra Dawan ...	13	25 0

RUNBAGHA.

Receipts.

Date of receipt.	From whom received.	Bags.	Maunds.
12th May 1874	Store-keeper at Singra ...	153	222
12th „ „	Ditto	28	56
13th „ „	Ditto	41	46
13th „ „	Ditto	17	34
13th „ „	Ditto	237	450
15th „ „	Ditto	307	433
17th „ „	Ditto	262	442
19th „ „	Ditto	260	518
20th „ „	Ditto	7	99

Despatches.

Date of despatch.	To whom despatched.	Bags.	Mds. Srs. Ch.
19th May 1874	Hari Das Sha, tieca moodee ...	6	11 26 0
23rd „ „	Ditto ditto ...	20	38 4 10

MANDA.

Receipts.

Date of receipt.	From whom received.	Bags.	Mds. Srs. Ch.
9th May 1874	Nowgon	302	599 34 8
9th „ „	Ditto	68	132 37 8
10th „ „	Ditto	244	482 28 12
12th „ „	Ditto	384	764 18 4
12th „ „	Ditto	156	302 22 0
13th „ „	Ditto	615	1,181 39 12
15th „ „	Ditto	222	422 7 0
16th „ „	Ditto	140	272 7 0
17th „ „	Ditto	430	829 11 0
18th „ „	Ditto	606	1,173 7 0
18th „ „	Ditto	389	745 12 14

Despatches.

Date of despatch.	To whom despatched.	Bags.	Mds.	Srs.	Ch.
26th May 1874	Nahoroolla Jugi	1	0	1	8
27th „ „	Ditto	1	0	1	8
28th „ „	Dhani Bewa	1	0	5	10
29th „ „	Nahoroolla Jugi	1	0	1	8
1st June „	Nanda Kumar Nag	26	50	0	0
3rd „ „	Rhidoy Krishna Raha ...	1	0	12	0
3rd „ „	Chundra Mohun Dutta ...	1	0	5	4
4th „ „	Kasi Chunder Ghose ...	15	30	0	0
5th „ „	Chundra Mohun Dutta ...	16	30	0	0
10th „ „	Rhidoy Krishna Raha ...	15	30	0	0
10th „ „	Nunduk Nag	25	50	0	0

TANNORE.

Receipts.—Nil.

Despatches.

Date of receipt.	To whom despatched.	Bags.	Maunds.
26th May 1874	Manager of Hattra ..	10½	20
26th „ „	Tannore Manager ..	13½	26
27th „ „	Hara K. Moitra, Tannore ..	1	2
28th „ „	Parbuty N. Sirkar ..	5½	10
28th „ „	Sabioollah Mullah ..	2	4
29th „ „	Saepara Manager ..	15½	30
29th „ „	Dhooroil Manager ..	15½	30
29th „ „	Mr. Wilcox ..	20½	40
30th „ „	Tannore Manager ..	77	136
1st June „	Choubeesnugger Manager ..	15½	30
1st „ „	Hattara ditto ..	15½	30
2nd „ „	Dhooroil ditto ..	15½	30
2nd „ „	Saepara ditto ..	10½	20
3rd „ „	Saepara ditto ..	5	10
3rd „ „	Hattara ditto ..	15½	30
4th „ „	Choubeesnugger ditto ..	15½	30
5th „ „	Saepara ditto ..	15½	30
5th „ „	Dhooroil ditto ..	15½	30
7th „ „	Hattara ditto ..	15½	30
7th „ „	Choubeesnugger ditto ..	15½	30
7th „ „ .. .	Saepara ditto ..	15½	30
8th „ „	Dhooroil ditto ..	15½	30
9th „ „	Mr. Wilcox ..	40½	80
9th „ „	Parbuty N. Sirkar ..	7½	15
9th „ „	Tannore Manager ..	5	10

LALPORE.

Receipts —Nil.

Despatches.

Date of despatch	To whom despatched.	Bags	Maunds.
22nd May 1874	Baboo Sree Krishna Moitu, Secretary to the Beelmarea sub-committee ..	27	50

BAGMARA.

Receipts—Nil.

Despatches.

Date of despatch.	To whom despatched	Bags.	Maunds.
26th May 1874.	Sobioolla Pramanick, mohurir	3	5
27th ,, ,, ...	Boykunta N. Gupta, Tahirpur	52	100
27th ,, ,, ...	Arip, Thandar ...	13	25
27th ,, ,, ...	Moonshee Mundul, mohurir...	15	30
27th ,, ,, ...	Sadu Pramanick, mohurir ...	3	6
27th ,, ,, ...	Halim Shaha ...	66	130
29th ,, ,, ...	Dwarka N. ...	51	100
29th ,, ,, ...	Kanai ...	3	5
30th ,, ,, ...	C ...	16	40
30th ,, ,, ..	...	21	30
30th ,, ,, ..	...	8	15
30th ,, ,,	...	5	10
30th ,,	...ndul, mohurrier	17	32
31st ,,	...o Mundul ...	10	20
3rd J...	...oomesh Chunder Mozumdar mohurir ...	25	50
.. ..	Sofioodeen Sirkar, mohurir ...	8	15
.. ..	Chees Siekh, mohirir ...	11	20
.. ..	Boy Kunta N. Ghose, Tahirpur	154	300
,, ...	Govinda Mohun Pramanik ...	20	40
,, ,, ...	Grish Ch. Rai, Bahadoor ...	18	35
...th ,, ,, ...	Sreedhur Mundul ...	26	50
6th ,, ,, ...	Sabidoolla Pramanick ...	4	7
6th ,, ,, ...	Fajoo Pramanick ...	16	30
6th ,, ,, ...	Alli Mundul ...	15	30
6th ,, ,, ...	Bhoyrab Sircar ...	26	50
7th ,, ,, ...	Shadhu Pramanick, mohurir...	8	15
8th ,, ,, ...	Khalim Pramanick ...	10	20

NOWGONG, (RAILWAY DEPOT).

Receipts.—Nill.

Despatches.

Date of despatch.	To whom despatched.	Bags.	Maunds.
15th May 1874	Not stated in the return ...	929	1,858
16th ,, ,, ...		362	724
17th ,, ,, ...		252	504
18th ,, ,, ...		818	1,756
19th ,, ,, ...		227	454
2nd June ,, ...		317	494
3rd ,, ,, ...		443	794
5th ,, ,, ...		74	148
6th ,, ,, ...		533	1,066
7th ,, ,, ...		29	58
8th ,, ,, ...		210	420
10th ,, ,, ...		12	23
11th ,, ,, ...		12	22

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the Rajshahye District during the fortnight ending 14th June 1874.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Name of Circle.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	Consumption of Government grain up to date.					Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.
				By sale to the public or to laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advance to ryots.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.	
				C. Mds	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds.
Sudder Sub-division	8th June 1877.			30	2,430 20 8	203 0	728 0 0	3,391 20 8	2,500
*South Bhurind Sub-division...					604 0 0	10 0	338 19 0	1,462 19 0	2,000
*North Buhrind Sub-division...						356 0	119 5 0	475 5 0	2,000
Nattore Sub-division						30	81 8 15	1,159 36 13	2,000
Total ...								6,489 1 5	8,500

* No reports received ... visions for the

No. 15, dated Rungpore, the 13th June 1874.

From—E. G. Glazier, Esq., Offg. Magistrate and Collector of Run...

To—The Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief ...

There has been a marked change for the better during the fortnight, evidenced by greatly diminished numbers on relief works. The rainfall has been copious, 8·33 inches having fallen at head-quarters, and it has been very general. In most parts the aous rice is safe, and the yield will be abundant. In Durwani the yield is expected to be double that of an average year; in the eastern parts of Molung such a crop has not been seen for 10 years, and in Sundargunge I saw the crops were splendid. In some parts, however, the preceding drought did great damage, especially in Mahigunge, where much has been scorched, and some ripe ears shewn me by the relief officers were half of them empty, the milky juce having dried up instead of being developed into grain. Down, too, in Pirgunge and Govindgunge, a good portion of the jhully, or early aous, was lost, but the regular crop, which is much later, is thriving, and promises a full outturn if more rain falls when wanted. On the whole, a much more than average crop may be expected. Land is everywhere being prepared for the amun crop, and in many places the seed has been sown, and here and there transplanted.

The time for the sowing of this crop will extend over one or two months, according to the nature and position of the soil; and the question of seed-advance is being dealt with and will be referred to later. In one quarter a strange difficulty presented itself to the cultivator, *the want of land*; the people have carried on aous cultivation to such an extent, that there is not sufficient room left for the amun; and the relief officer of Borobaree saw some cultivators removing aous plants, to make the land clear for the amun rice. Jute and sugarcane have been extensively grown and are looking well. The millets have nearly all been harvested, and there is a good supply of them, and also of aous rice, in the markets. Mangoes and jack fruit have also been brought for sale in large qauntities, and the condition of the poorer classes has been much ameliorated by the different cheap food-products. In one division, cheena, the least palatable of the millets, is, it is said, kept in store and rarely brought to market, as the purchasers are now sufficiently well off to export and buy the dearer food grains

Prices have fallen everywhere to a moderate extent, as the following quotations show:—

Mahigunge, Nowabgunge	per Rupee	...	...	9½	0 of 80 tolahs weight.
Gyebunda	,,	...	...	9½	0 ditto.
Govindgunge	,,	...	...	9	0 ditto.
Pirgunge	,,	...	...	7⅛ to 8⅛	ditto.
Sundargunge	,,	...	...	9½ to 10	ditto.
Durwani	,,	...	...	8⅛ to 10	ditto.
Borobaree	,,	...	...	12 to 13	ditto.

At the same time, trade has been brisk, but the importations from other districts show a falling off, while local supplies have largely increased. At Kallygunge trade has much

straitened, owing, it is said, to the local supply of millet and early rice in the markets. Rungpore station markets still continue to be supplied with Serajgunge rice from Sundargunge to a large extent. An extensive cart traffic in rice has sprung up along the new relief road (now finished), from that mart on the Teesta, and the falling off of the usual Dinagepore supply is thus balanced. Government rice on passes from Kallygunge is now brought in regularly by traders to Rungpore markets, and has a marked tendency to keep down the general rate. Molung and Pirgunge continue to be supplied in this way, and for Kumargunge, Durwani, and Jaldaka, passes are freely given on the Kumargunge local golah, and on Chellakhal The pack-bullock traders are a very energetic set of men, and shew a great readiness to draw supplies from any new place on terms which will yield them a fair profit. In any future scarcity, if sufficiently early measures of the kind are taken, it may be depended on that if Government will place its stores at convenient locations on the rivers, the small traders of the country will carry the grain into every market in the district where it is needed.

Our sales continue to be made at the places before reported (Rungpore, Chellakhal, Durwani, Molung division, Mahigunge division) with the best results. Sales at Kishoregunge had been opened and 457 maunds sold. The demand has not been so large as was expected. The reports of distress to the north have subsided and prices have fallen all along the western border. I have now reduced the selling price to 12 seers for clean rice, and 15 seers for dhan, and the Durwani and head-quarters sales, which fell off a good deal, have again increased. In my next report I expect to be able to state that sales have been commenced in Pirgunge and Govindgunge. The large quantity of rice there consumed by the gangs on relief works rendered such measures before unnecessary, and besides it was not certain that the rice could be spared; but as now many of the people have returned to their homes, sale will have to be commenced both at Kamdja and at Pirgunge, and probably at Polashbari. The special feature of the fortnight has been the decrease in Govindgunge in the numbers on relief works from 30,000 to 12,000. Of those who have gone off, 5,000 have been provided for in their own district, Bogra; 5,000 have been drafted to villages, and the rest have returned to their cultivation. The system of payment by grain has been fully inaugurated and is very popular, and piece-work has been now introduced on all the roads The information on this head is in advance of the figures given in the return No B. Piece-work is now almost universal, many women preferring to work at it to being drafted off to charitable relief. In one division they earn 1 to 2 annas a day for finishing roads at the rate of 1 anna for 400 cubic feet, and by this means they get sufficient to support their children at home. The grain they receive in payment is exchanged partly for cheaper food, such as millet, which they mix with their rice. In the smaller divisions, the effect of the grain payment has been to materially diminish the number of workmen, and there is a sign that distress is decreasing in those parts. In Kumargunge and Durwani, our relief works have come to an end, owing to the laborers having been drafted to the railway works. From Pirgunge and Sadullapore the officers have failed to send reports, and I have, perforce, used the last figures again.

Much of the decrease shewn under the head of roads will only go to increase the head of charitable relief, as the people have been drafted to the villages under the group system, and otherwise, under munduls. The group-system has been introduced into parts of three thanas, Gobindgunge, Pirgunge, and Molung. In Kamdja, 155 villages have been divided into eight groups, and arrangements have to be made in Khairabad. In Molung, part of Andwah, Sharhatta, and Pyrabund, have been divided into groups and put under superintendents. The system is working well everywhere. Mr. Damant writes:—"I have been much surprised to find the amount of work these women and children have done; they have made some excellent roads in the villages wide enough for the passage of a cart, and even erected some small bamboo bridges where necessary." To the same effect is the testimony of Baboo Akhoy Kumar Sen of Molung. Village paths have been cleared of jungle, narrow ones have been widened to almost half the size of the public roads. "Everywhere the work," he says, "has been useful and satisfactory, and it reflects great credit on the munduls, who have succeeded in extracting good and really useful work from persons who hitherto did little or no work on our roads." He gave to three of the best munduls two maunds of rice each as their remuneration.

The condition of the people varies much, but has on the whole improved. In Borobaree the agricultural classes no longer need looking after, and the paupers only will need assistance until the aous is fully harvested; but in Mahigunge and Durwani the still high prices have developed fresh distress. In some of the worst parts of the former thana all along its south-west corners, 200 fresh cases have come on charitable relief. The attendance, however, at annachatras is less than usual, and the people have no longer fear for the future. In Molung there is keen distress on the red land, which cannot be fully alleviated until August; but in the eastern parts, which has been throughout the blackest and most affected part of the division, all anxiety is at an end in the full promise of an abundant crop.

Dr. Ghose has been round the southern division and seen to the medical arrangements; he found the people at Kamdja strong, contented, and in good health; the fact is that the relief works there have been most thoroughly carried out and saved the lives of the people, who must else have perished by thousands In Sadullapore the people were markedly unhealthy; it is the most jungly thana in the district; there is still much cholera about it.

Nothing much has to be reported as regards advances In Molung, matters have progressed, and 970 maunds have been given to 30 villages. About 8,000 maunds will probably be disposed of in this way. In Govindgunge and Pirgunge the laborers who go to cultivate will get a monthly advance Sanction has been received to the advance of cash for seed-grain in Govindgunge, and I have just made application for Molung, as the relief officer says the same will be needed there. The zemindárs in the red land are many of them poor, and will not take advances from Government, and the relief officer has not been able to effect any exchange of Government rice for seed-grain. I have told him to try and induce ryots to take advances of rice, which they can sell in the markets and then buy seed-grain; but I wish for sanction to the disbursement of cost for the purpose to the extent that may be needed.

B.—Relief Works.

The figures are as follows; they have been referred to above. Roads generally are being finished up in prospect of a stoppage of work on account of the rains:—

Abstract Statement of the relief roads for the fortnight ending 13th June 1874.

Divisions	Men.	Women	Children.	Total	Employed on piece work.	Employed on daily wages	Remarks.
A Govindgunge ...	10,025	1,113	1,091	12,229	2,738	9,491	
B. Pirgunge ...	3,015	52	51	3,118	3,049	69	
C. Sadullapore ...	2,593	1,013	2,132	5,738	.....	... ..	
D. Sundergunge ...	178	263	442	883	172	711	
E. Molung	9,032	421	299	9,752	8,747	1,005	
F. Mahigunge ...	677	56	257	990	450	540	
G Kumargunge division	1,155	3	10	1,168	.....	.....	
H. Borabaree .	221	20	1	242	.....	.....	
I. Durwani ..	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	
Executive Engineer's	671	...	16	687	.....	.....	
Gyebunda ...	26	...	...	26	.....	.....	Unenumerated
Total ...	27,593	2,941	4,299	34,833	15,156	11,816	7,861

C.—Transport of Food.

Little more remains to be reported here Grain is being sent by rivers for the Borobaree and Mahigunge divisions to Chillakhal, to meet the demands there for passes and sales. At Kahgunge, rice is being received for Julpigoree, to be kept as a reserve.

D.—Storage of Government Grain.

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the District of Rungpore for the fortnight ending 13th June 1874.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Division	Dates for which figures are given	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of Government grain stored	Total quantity of grain consumed up to date: By sales to the public or laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.	Balance.	Estimated grain receipts of the ensuing fortnight.	Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.
		Mds.	Mds.	Mds	Mds	Mds.	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds	Mds
A Govindgunge		55 000									
B. Pirgunge	16th June 1874	30,000	1,03,156	26,359	5 928	326	.. .	32,613	70,543	..	10,000
C Sadullapore ..		20,000									
D Sundergunge	9th „ „	10,000	9,992	352	318	4	97	771	9,221		150
E Molung . .	9th „ „	40,000	37,981	16,103	1,915	970	770	13,758	24,223	2,019	5 000
F Mahigunge	10th „ „	30 000	32,372	1,619	1,175	.....	84	2,878	29,494		500
G Kumargunge	11th „ „	5,000	5,100	383	718		277	1,378	3,722		1 000
H Borabaree ..	6th „ „	25,000	16,504	378	398	79		855	15,649		100
I Durwani ..	10th „ „	5 000	8,369	6,099	78	.. .	188	6,365	2,304	10,000	10 000
Sankamari ..	11th „ „	35,000	24,678	17,746	.....	... ...	110	17,856	6 822	10,000	4,500
Chillakhal	11th „ „	15,000	14,293	11,303	.		139	11,442	2,851	10 000	5 000
Kallygunge	10th „ „	20,000	17,527	5,686	40	..		5,876	11,651	...	500
Kishorgunge	12th „ „	—	4,394	567			.	567	3,827	.	1,000
Total ..	... ...	3,00,000	2,74,666	80,745	10,570	1,379	1,665	94,359	1,80,307	32,019	37,750

E.—Advances to Private Parties.

	Rs.	A.	P.
For purchase of food	7,500	0	0
To zemindars for advances to their ryots	1,50,844	0	0
To jotedars ditto ditto	27,106	0	0
Add advances sanctioned, but not taken by the parties...	20,300	0	0
Total ...	2,05,750	0	0

F.—Charitable Relief.—(*Prepared by the District Relief Officer*).

The distribution of relief has been actively proceeded with as hitherto.

The numbers of recipients of charitable relief are reported to remain almost stationary, or to be falling off, and the apparent increase is attributed to the greater completeness of the returns, and to the transfer of people from the roads to the village relief works.

The closing of three private annochatras has been reported during the past fortnight, two in the division of Barrobaree, and one at Burghaut in Kumargunge division. In the latter division a Government annochatra was opened at the same time, in case any of the beggars who had been frequenting the Burghaut food-house might have to fall back upon organised charitable relief.

There were petitions for assistance from Ghoramare in Jaldhaka in the north, and a Government cooked-food relief centre has been temporarily opened there.

The number of public and private annochatras shewn in the last return was 72. The present number is 71.

The Bahirband pergunnah private annochatras are, for convenience, shewn separately.

The detailed figures in the return are from the accounts submitted by the relief officers. Previously, the private annochatra returns were submitted very incompletely and irregularly through the secretary to the charitable relief fund.

With regard to the present return, from the end of the fortnight under notice, two of the largest and best managed private cooked-food relief centres have been closed, viz., that of Baboo Janoki Bullebh Sen, of Dimla at Kannungotolah, where, during the last four months, between 700 and 800 people have been well fed daily; and that of Baboo Annoda Proshad Rai of Sanibariya, where between 300 and 400 people have been well fed daily for about five months. Both these annochatras were in the Mahigunge division. They have been closed because it is alleged that the people who attended them are of the begging or part-begging classes, and that they can now obtain an easy subsistence by begging, or eking out their means by begging in their usual way.

F.—Charitable Relief (Mean).

Statement shewing the Daily Progress for the fortnight ending 13*th June* 1874.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Division.	Government centre.	Private centre.	Number relieved at Government centre.	Number relieved at private centre.	Home relief on ticket system.	Home relief on cotton distribution.	Casually relieved by donations of food and money.	Other relief—weaving, husking, &c.	Number employed on village light work.	Total.
A. Govindgunge B. Pirgunge C. Sadullapore	6 1 4	4	1,281	500	405	180	.....	302	5,767	8,435
D. Sundergunge	2	2	173	279	497	1,062	20	.....	..	2,031
E. Molung	5	4	137	1,575	1,720	4,903	18	28	672	9,121
F. Mahigunge	4	7	240	1,749	3,545	2,028	651	35	60	8,314
G. Kumargunge	5		750	...	93	....	.....	.....	... ..	843
H. Barabaree ...	25	8	231	550	780	84	68	4	.....	1,717
I. Durwani	1	1	345	217	...	38	.....	.....	.....	600
Under Superintendent of Bahirband		9	...	760	312	6	.....	.....	151	1,229
Bhowanigunge ...	..	2		290	.....	....	.... ..	.....	.....	290
Other thanas	1		70	...	.. .	.....	.... ..	.....		70
Total	54	37	3,233	5,920	7,361	8,360	757	369	6,650	32,650

G.—Financial Results.	Rs.	A.	P.
Total expenditure as shewn in the last narrative	7,18,638	12	2
Advance to G. H. Damant, Esq., relief officer, for relief works ...	10,000	0	0
Ditto to Baboo Akhoy Coomar Sen, relief officer, for relief works	5,000	0	0
Ditto to Baboo Brojo Mohon Roy, relief officer, for relief works	5,000	0	0
Ditto to Baboo Dino Nath Chakrabattee, relief officer, for relief works	3,000	0	0
Ditto to Baboo Goarango Chandra Bhoumic, Durwani golah, sale superintendent, for relief works	150	0	0
Ditto to Baboo Upendro Chundra Moozoomdar, relief officer, for relief works	1,000	0	0
Ditto to Deputy Magistrate of Gyebanda, for relief works ...	500	0	0
Ditto to Baboo Behari Lal Maitra, relief officer, for relief works, from Bhobanigunge sub-treasury	3,000	0	0
Total ...	27,650	0	0
Grand Total ...	7,46,288	12	2

Statement for the month of May 1874, *showing the number of true cases of Dacoity, &c., in the District of Rungpore, as compared with the number of such cases in the corresponding month of May* 1871, 1872 *and* 1873.

		Number of cases reported, excluding cases declared by the Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.
Dacoity—		
Heading Nos. 30 and 31 of crime return No. A1	Month of May 1874	5
Theft—		
Heading No. 43 of return No. A1	„ „ 1874	47
	„ „ 1873	43
	„ „ 1872	44
	„ „ 1871	57
House-breaking—		
Headings Nos. 35 and 36 of return No. A1 ...	„ „ 1874	38
	„ „ 1873	26
	„ „ 1872	13
	„ „ 1871	13
Total of all four crimes ...	„ „ 1874	90
	„ „ 1873	69
	„ „ 1872	57
	„ „ 1871	70

E. G. Glazier,
Officiating Magistrate.

No. 972—S.R., dated Bogra, the 13th June 1874.

From—E. J. Barton, Esq., Officiating Magistrate and Collector, Bogra,
To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

I have the honor to submit the fortnightly narrative of relief operations for this district, which is now due.

Condition of the Country and People.

2. The improvement to which I referred in my last narrative still continues. During this fortnight no less than 6½ inches of rain have fallen, and the crops and country present the dark-green hue of a luxurious vegetation. The long drought had generated a grub which was doing damage to the aous crop. The heavy rains have invigorated this crop, and destroyed the grub. An exceedingly fine aous crop, probably above an average, is confidently anticipated by all.

3. The excellent prospects of the aous harvest have had a very visible effect on the market. There can be no question that the holders of grain have up till now been keeping it back, either for their own consumption, or in the hopes of securing a larger price for it. The rain and the consequent security of the growing crops are bringing these stocks into the

market, and it has been generally observed all over the district that the bazars have been better supplied since the late copious rainfall began than they ever were before; those who were hoarding amun rice are now bringing it into the market. The rivers, too, are open for boat navigation, and grain has been brought by merchants by these routes to localities where it was much wanted; for example, in one corner of the Sherpore circle, where the ruling price has been about 7 seers (80 tolahs) per rupee for months, rice is now selling at 12 pucka seers the rupee. Importation and private trade have been the cause of this.

4. I append in the margin a comparative table, contrasting the price of rice last fortnight with its price this fortnight. In nearly every place has there been a cheapening, more or less. Moreover, the *boro* and *boono* rice crops are now getting into the market, and one may now see in the bazars not only the new rice of recent crops, but the old rice of the last amun harvest. In some places a coarse food-grain called *kawans* is selling at 24 seers the rupee.

Name of place.	Prices last fortnight.	Prices of rice this fortnight.
Shibgunge ...	9 to 10½ seers.	9 to 9½ seers.
Sherpore	7½ „	10 to 12 „
Khetlal	10 „	9¾ to 10 „
Bogra	9½ to 10 „	11½ „
Panchbibi	9 „	9 to 10 „
Adamdighi	9 „	9¾ „

5. Although I have heard of no case of great distress, still there are two or three tracts in the district to which the general improvement just described by me does not extend, and which continue to give anxiety; we are fully prepared to cope with any suffering that is likely to arise in them. Moreover, the returns made by the relief officers of people whom they have had to gratuitously relieve, and to whom they have had to give work, show that there is a considerable residuum of distress in the district which requires assistance, notwithstanding the good prospect of the aous crop and the general easing of the markets.

Relief Works under the Executive Engineer.

6. The chief thing to be noted in the history of these relief works during this fortnight is the complete introduction upon them of the system of paying the laborers in grain. In Appendix E I give figures showing the number of men, women, and children employed on each road, and the grain and money expended in the payment of them. As most of the laborers are ineffective, the introduction of grain-payments has saved, and will save, large sums of money to the Government.

7. Last fortnight I expressed an opinion that the introduction of grain-payments would drive a good many able-bodied persons from our relief works, and that anticipation has to a certain extent been fulfilled, but not to the degree I had expected. The places of the able-bodied who have left have been filled by the non-able-bodied, who, being almost destitute, come upon our works, and whom we cannot well turn off. Grain-payments have been in full operation everywhere during the fortnight, yet, as the marginally noted figures will show, it has caused no very great diminution among the laborers. The mode of payment is not unpopular. Another reason for this comparatively small diminution may be found in the description of the people who are working on our roads,—the greater part of them being aged or young, and comparatively few being able-bodied. In some places grain-payments have been very unpopular. They drove a good many laborers in the Panchbibi circle from our works to the railway, and there was a general desertion of a road at Siruttee, where only 39 are now at work, instead of three thousand, as was the case three weeks ago. It is well that this has happened. There is an enormous demand for agricultural labor just now. The soil is being ploughed everywhere for the *amun* crop, and the orders of the Lieutenant-Governor are that laborers at present should not be encouraged to remain on our relief works. The figures will show that comparatively few able-bodied persons are left.

Total number of laborers on relief works during last fortnight, the daily average employed	37,147
Total number of laborers during this fortnight, the daily average employed	27,020

Sales to laborers.

Name of circle.	Amount sold this fortnight. Mds.	Srs.
Shibgunge	67	39
Sherpore	6	0
Panchbibi	188	27
	262	26

N B—In the other three relief circles there were no sales to laborers during the fortnight.—E, J. B.

8. As a necessary consequence of the introduction of grain-payments, sales of grain to laborers have fallen very low, as the marginally noted figures will prove. Only in three circles have any sales been made to those working on our relief roads, and these sales have been but small. They would have been smaller than they are, but there was some delay in introducing grain-payments into these three circles, and the greater part of these sales was effected then.

9 The process of cautiously and gradually weeding the most useless and helpless of the old women and old men from the relief works has been continued during this fortnight, as the statement in margin will show These aged and feeble creatures are sent back to their villages with a month's supply of food, and their names are duly recorded in the registers as objects fit for relief. We have freed the works of a total of 5,518 individuals of this class.

Name of circle.	Number removed last fortnight.	Number removed this fortnight.
Sherpore ..	.....	69
Bogra ...	.....	969
By Mr. Clay ...	2,802	1,678
Total ...	2,802	2,716

10. The payment of the laborers is now in the hands of the relief officers. I believe that one cause of the comparative popularity of grain-payments is, that they are made with more punctuality and greater honesty than the money-payments were. It is more difficult for the supervisors and grain mohurrirs to peculate grain than money. The payments also are more closely and vigilantly superintended than they ever were before. The rules under which the payments are made are very simple, and are working with much efficiency and very little friction.

11. As the rains are now begun, I fear that we shall have to stop all road and tank work immediately. I do not, however, anticipate that this will cause any dangerous distress among the people who are now subsisting by means of these works, as the registration of the more helpless of them is being done, and means will be taken to succour and relieve them, if necessary.

TRANSPORT AND STORAGE OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN.

12. The work done during the fortnight naturally falls under three heads, viz:—

(*a*) The filling of certain golahs from Chandanbasia by boat.—I give below the names of the golahs and the amount of grain actually put into each during the fortnight, the total aggregating 28,602 maunds:—

INTERIOR STORAGE DONE DURING THIS FORTNIGHT FROM CHANDANBASIA.

Name of golah	Amount of grain sent there during the fortnight
	Mds
Sharukandi	21,721
Sherpore	740
Muddehpoora	993
Dhunat	2,750
Bogra	2,398
Total	28,602

(*b*) The transporting of the 20,000 maunds lying at Nowgong into the golahs of this district.—I am sorry to say that, owing to a complete failure in the local supply of carts, this transaction has taken a longer time than was at first anticipated. The marginally noted figures show the progress which has been made from the 28th May, when this transport was begun, till the 9th June.

TRANSPORT FROM NOWGONG

To what golah	Amount sent
Adamdighi	1,821 maunds
Panchbibi	2,371 „
Heelee	4,485 „
Badalgachi	2,406 „
Total ..	11,083 „

(*c*) The storing of minor and subsidiary golahs out of the large golahs.—About ten minor golahs have been stocked during the fortnight.

In addition to these three forms of transport, movements of grain have been rendered necessary to pay the coolies on the roads and other relief works. I need not here enter into any particulars of what has been done under this head.

13. Transport and storage are now as good as complete throughout the district. There will still be a movement of grain from golah to golah, according as exigencies arise, and the greater part of our future transport will assume this form.

14. I referred in my last fortnightly narrative to errors in the grain accounts, and it will not be out of place to refer to them again here. I have been bestowing what time I could spare from more important duties upon the discovery and elimination of these errors; they extend so far back that the complete removal of them will be a work of some time, and it is perhaps uncertain if they ever will be properly corrected. That I shall be able to reduce the errors in size, I am certain, but I am not so sanguine about being able to eliminate them altogether. I am afraid that the data do not in many cases exist for this. In the beginning of the transport operations these errors have their origin, and they have continued all through them. That they should occur was perhaps inevitable, considering the novelty of the work and the inferior clerks who had the duty of keeping the accounts.

15. In Appendix D I give, so far as the data in my hands permit me, a statement of the storage and expenditure of Government grain up to date.

Advances

16. The account of them stands as follows:—

		Up to this fortnight
		Rs.
(*a*)	Advances to traders and others for the purchase of grain (paragraph 4 Circular No. 80)	500
(*b*)	Advances to zemindars for improving water-supply of a village (paragraph 21, Circular No. 80)	3,150
(*c*)	Advances to zemindars to help their ryots (see Government letter No. 403—S. R., dated 3rd February 1874) ..	50,870
	Total ..	54,520

17. As cash advances without the special sanction of Government have now been forbidden, no money has been expended in this direction during the fortnight. I have had

applications, but I did not think that they deserved to be recommended to Government; I always told the applicants they might have an advance in grain, but this they have generally declined.

18. I cannot say that the zemindars (there is one, and perhaps there may be two, exceptions) of Bogra have shown as a rule any desire to aid their ryots on this occasion. I think they are more backward here, and have done less than in any district where I have yet been. It is true that, as a rule, they are poor and indebted; nevertheless, they might have done, and might be doing, far more than they have yet attempted.

Sales of Government Grain to the Public.

19. During the whole of this fortnight this form of relief has been worked throughout all the district, and I give in the margin a condensed synopsis of the work done. It shows that during the fortnight under report we have sold 2,638 maunds to the public from 18 places of sale. I cannot say that the extent of these sales has come up to my expectation. Every facility was given to the public to buy. Retail sales were conducted at the golahs; *banias* could take our grain into the villages and sell it there at a profit to themselves. I consider that one great cause of the comparative smallness of our sales is to be found in the fact that the people prefer their own country rice, although it is dearer, to ours, and that they have not yet become so impoverished that they cannot afford to buy the former. The *banias* also do not show much energy in selling our grain; they seem to look upon the *sirkar* as a competitor in the market. The liberal profit of one seer in the rupee is offered them, but that does not induce them to push sales for us.

Sales of Grain to the Public.

Name of circle.	Number of places at which sales are going on.	Amount sold this fortnight. Mds.	Srs.
Shibgunge	2 ...	199	0
Serpore	1	224	32
Khetlal	2 ..	156	26
Bogra	3 .	676	0
Adamdigi ...	1	216	24
Panchbibi	9 ...	1,165	35
Total at ...	18 places ..	2,638	37

20. I know the people have prejudices against the Burmah rice, and the intermixture with paddy increases this unpopularity; several laborers told me that its *bhat* did not leave the cooking pot in well-defined isolated grains like that of their own country rice, that much of it spoiled in boiling, that it was deficient in flavour, difficult of digestion, and not so nourishing as their own rice. Some of this is true; the people admit that many of these deficiencies in the *bhat* may be caused by their not knowing how to cook and boil the rice. However, there can be little doubt but that, if there was a real dearth of food in the country, the people would be only too glad to buy and eat the Government grain. I believe also that much they say of it is unfounded, and probably has its origin in a baseless story invented by some one, and circulated and improved by many others. What induces me to think that these tales about the inferiority of the Government grain as a food are, though partly true, yet to a large extent unfounded, is the fact that the people take it fast enough when they get it for nothing, or as a loan which they never mean to repay,—and that it is only when they are asked to buy it and pay money down for it that they hold back.

21. I have done all I could to foster these sales. In Bogra I have lowered the selling prices two times within the fortnight, till now they stand at the figures which I append. The circle officers have been empowered to sell cheaper than the bazars, keeping within the limit of 12 seers for clean and 15 seers for mixed grain.

Kind of rice.	Number of pucka seers per rupee.
(1.) Best country *atab* rice (clean) ...	10
(2.) Country *ushna* rice ,, ...	11
(3.) Burmah *atab* rice ,, ..	11
(4.) Red *ushna* rice ,, ...	12
(5.) Country *ushna* (mixed)	14
(6.) Burmah *ushna* ,, ...	15

22. I am convinced that these rates (12 seers for clean and 15 seers for mixed grain) will soon be too high for this district. Markets are daily falling before the prospects of an excellent *aous* harvest and the opening of the rivers to traffic.

23. If I may be permitted to make a suggestion, I think that the local officers should be allowed to fix the selling price of the grain in the Government golahs, in accordance with the fluctuations of the local market, within the limits of 16 seers for clean and 20 seers for mixed rice. Something like this was done in Orissa in 1867, but it was then experienced as a fact that the local officers had to follow the markets in a downward course, and had constantly to cheapen the rates at which they sold the Government grain. The result of their efforts is well known, viz., that, notwithstanding all they could do, large stocks were left undisposed of at the close of the operations. I anticipate that if some such power be not accorded here, and if the present hard-and-fast line of a maximum rate of 12 seers for clean and 15 seers for mixed rice be adhered to, our sales will soon cease over a large part of the district.

In what week.	Amount paid into Treasury. Rs.	A	P.
Week ending 5th June	3,465	12	9
,, 12th ,, ...	1,468	13	9
Total ...	4,934	10	6

24. Sums realized from the sale of grain have been paid into the treasury, as is shown in the margin; of course more money than this has been realized which has not yet been remitted.

Loans of Grain to Cultivators.

25. The marginally noted figures will show the transactions under this head both during the current and the past fortnight. I mentioned in my last fortnightly narrative that these loans had in some places been distributed with a certain amount of profusion and recklessness, and that steps had been taken to introduce more discrimination and judgment into this mode of relief. The figures which are shown above do not really represent the work which has been done in carrying out this mode of relief this fortnight. The relief officers have freely received applications for loans, but, instead of recklessly or capriciously granting or refusing them, as was the case before, they have instituted intelligent inquiries into the necessity of granting those loans in each case. Many of these inquiries are now completed, and the results will appear in the next fortnightly narrative.

Loans to Cultivators.

Name of circle.	Amount lent last fortnight. Mds.	Srs.	Amount lent this fortnight. Mds.	Srs
Shibgunge	2,096	0	44	10
Sherpore	17	35	77	5
Khetlal	301	28	2	10
Bogra	8,268	0	313	12
Adamdighi	1,973	0	452	20
Panchbibi ...	826	27	130	0
	13,473	10	1,019	17

26. I have also issued special orders on this subject. I have pointed out to the relief officers that this is the season when the ploughings for the *amun* crop are done; when the ryots of the *khiar* land especially must abandon all labour by which they are earning money, and devote themselves to the cultivation of their fields, and that it is the wish of the Lieutenant-Governor that every facility should be given to these men to enable them to leave extraneous work and sow their crops. In these circumstances, loans will be given in the following fortnight with more freedom than that under report, while at the same time a certain amount of discrimination and judgment in the granting of them will be insisted upon.

In connection with this question of loans to ryots, it may not be out of place to mention here that no Bogra zemindar, talukdar, or ijardar (with the exception of Mr. Ridge, who is engaged in silk cultivation, and another who has asked for a loan on certain terms) has consented to stand security that his ryots will repay the value of the grain which they get in loans from the Government stores. There is a singular want of interest on the part of the zemindars in anything that affects the condition of their ryots. It is said that the Pubna combinations of ryots against zemindars, which appeared in a very mild form in this district, are one cause of this apathy. But, whatever may be the cause, the apathy is a fact, and any aid that the zemindars have rendered to the Government officials, with one or two exceptions which I shall report bye-and-bye, has been of a flimsy description. As a rule they do nothing.

Charitable and Gratuitous Relief.

27. I append below a synopsis of the work of relief officers in this direction. It is a condensed summary which I have compiled from various returns sent in by the relief officers. It shows that 13,705 persons have been relieved gratuitously during the fortnight.

Name of Circle.	Number returned this fortnight. Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.
Shibgunge	532	1,596	1,175	3,303
Sherpore	Total only given		...	1,313
Khetlal	467	920	732	2,119
Bogra	Total only given		..	5,367
Adamdighi	Ditto		...	859
Panchbibi	Ditto		...	742
Total ...	...	...	...	13,705

28. Most of the people who are enumerated in paragraph 27 as having been charitably relieved were assisted with gifts of grain. Several high-caste Hindoo families we found who were distressed, but who had sincere prejudices against what they said was Government grain transported over the seas from foreign countries, and who were unwilling to go with the common herd to the Government golahs with relief tickets in their hands for our rice. These were relieved in cash to the extent which is marginally noted, and the money so expended will come from the committee's funds. In view of the large discretion which the Central Committee have placed in the hands of the local officers as to the disposal

Charitable Relief in cash.

Name of circle.	Amount expended this fortnight. Rs.	A.	P.
Sherpore	627	7	4
Bogra	945	10	0
Khetlal	277	14	9
Shibgunge	24	13	0
Adamdighi	0	10	0
Panchbibi	79	7	0
Total	1,955	14	1

of the contributed funds in their hands, I have greatly modified the restrictions which (in obedience to the orders of Government at that time) I have insisted upon in the relief of distress in cash.

29. *Spinning and weaving relief in jute and cotton.*—During the rains, when out-door employments become impossible, this form of relief is almost certain to assume larger and larger proportions. At present, as will appear from the table which is recorded below, 9,419 people have during the fortnight under report been assisted in this way. Men and women who spend their days in working in the fields are glad to earn some additional sustenance for themselves and their females by working at cotton and jute. It is also a form of work which those take whom caste or social prejudices make unwilling to publicly work upon the roads.

Statement of the number relieved by spinning and weaving.

Name of Circle.	Previous Fortnight.				Current Fortnight.			
	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.
Shibgunge	Total only given ...			359	273	372	...	645
Sherpore	Ditto ...			2,052	Total only given ...			425
Khetlal	Ditto ...			504	1,430	754	93	2,277
Bogra	Ditto ...			14,870	Total only given ...			4,389
Adamdighi	Ditto ...			775	Ditto ...			1,092
Panchbibi	Ditto ...			43	Ditto ...			591
Total ...				18,603				9,419

30. Hitherto this form of relief has been administered, but there has been little care taken to secure that the material turned out by the workers shall be marketable. I inspected several stores of jute and cotton work, and I came to the conclusion that all the worked material was so bad that it would not be saleable. No doubt much of this inferiority was due to a laxity on the part of the relief officers in receiving and paying for a badly manufactured article; I have therefore, in view of the probable large extension of this form of relief, ordered that it shall be administered under rules, of which the following are the general heads:—

(*a*) Hitherto the rules have been to give each applicant 1 seer 2 chittacks of raw cotton, and require from her a seer of thread, and give her 12 annas in money as a remuneration. The nominal money-value of the labor may remain the same, but henceforth I wish the payment to be thus made:—

Five parts in rice,
One part in cash.

Rice with not more than two annas paddy in it is valued at twelve seers the rupee, and the amount to be paid in rice for this cotton labor should be calculated accordingly.

(*b*) The mode of paying in rice will be much the same as on the roads. A book, foil and counterfoil, will be used. The counterfoil will be given to the worker, who takes it to the nearest golah and gets the rice; the foil will be kept by the relief officer.

(*c*) Hitherto, all thread or yarn has been paid for at the uniform rate of 12 annas, whether fine or coarse, ill-spun, or not spun at all, good or bad. Henceforth there should be two qualities of thread, viz.:—

No. I.—This should be a fine, well spun, well rounded, uniform thread; for making one seer of it, the remuneration is fixed at 12 annas, to be paid as directed in paragraph (*a*).

No. II.—A thicker yarn or thread than No. I, but still it must be insisted upon that this thread be well spun, well rounded, of a uniform thickness, and free from lumps,—unless yarn has these properties it is useless for weaving purposes; for one seer of this yarn or thread a remuneration of 9 annas is fixed, to be paid as directed in paragraph (*a*).

(*d*) People who show that they cannot make either fine or coarse yarn or thread, should, after a second trial, be refused more raw cotton, and put upon other work; or, if no work is available, and they are completely destitute, they should be gratuitously relieved.

(*e*) The thread or yarn given in by the spinners should either be sold or given to weavers to weave. In this latter case, the remuneration to weavers should be at the rate of $2\frac{1}{2}$ poise for a cubit length of cloth which is two cubits broad, or two poise per chittack of weight. The weavers should be paid as prescribed in paragraph (*a*) above; for every seer of yarn or thread he gets, a weaver should return 18 chittacks of cloth. *Sarees, dhotees*, and *gamchas*, should be the cloths woven, and they should be sold in the nearest bazars.

For Work in Jute.

(*a*) *Mutatis mutandis*, the general directions which I have given regarding cotton relief apply to jute.

(*b*) Generally in the district only twine or yarn has yet been made out of the jute, and the same remuneration is given for it, whether it is good or bad. I now direct there shall be two qualities, viz:—

No. I., the remuneration for which is 1½ annas per seer weight of twine. Good jute twine or yarn has the same characteristics as good cotton yarn or thread. It should be strong, well spun, well twisted, well rounded, be what is called an equal yarn, that is, every part of the same uniform thickness and free from lumps.

No. II., of an inferior quality to No. I. It must, however, be strong, equal, and well spun. I fix the remuneration at 5 poise per seer weight of this yarn or twine.

(*c*) Payments for jute-work is to be in grain and money combined, as provided in paragraph (*a*) of the cotton general directions.

(*d*) The jute twine or yarn may be woven into gunny bags, the weavers to get 1¼ poise per cubit one cubit broad.

I am very desirous to sell the cotton thread, jute twine, cloth, and gunny bags which we make; I am unable to find for them a local market here. I have written to several gentlemen, Government officials and others, asking them to aid me in disposing of the articles which we manufacture. I have some hundreds of maunds of cotton thread and yarn made by distressed people, which I cannot sell here. There are almost no weavers in the district to make the yarn into cloth. I respectfully suggest that I should send this yarn into distressed districts where there is a large number of weavers, and I shall be only too ready to do it if the Collectors of those districts will take it from me.

Grain Payment for Work on Jute and Cotton.

31. The important measure has been introduced this fortnight of paying for all cotton and jute work, five parts in grain and one part coin. Apparently the people are content; there is certainly less chance of their being defrauded when they are paid in grain, and very likely they get a larger compensation under this form of payment, because the mohurirs and others who pay them find it harder work to cheat them.

Village Registration and Visitation.

Village visitation.

Name of circle	Number visited this fortnight		
	By Superintendent	By Assistant Superintendent	Total
Shibgunge	16	118	134
Sherpore	126	Not given.	126
Khetlal	39	53	92
Bogra .	Not given.	25	25
Adamdighi	...	60	60
Panchbibi	Not given	17	17

32. This part of their work has also, as will be observed from the figures given in the margin, been prosecuted vigorously by the relief officers, although some of them, more particularly the circle officer of Bogra and his assistants, seem to have neglected it. Mr. Collier, C.S., relief circle officer of Adamdigi, had unfortunately an accident in the beginning of the fortnight, which laid him up and prevented him from moving about. He is now recovered.

33. Village registration is confined only to the worst tracts, and is progressing. I append figures showing what has been done in this direction during the fortnight. The superintendents of the Bogra and Adamdighi circles give no figures, but the former says that a great part of the work has been done.

Village Registration.

Name of circle	Number of villages of which registration finished.
Shibgunge	12 done.
Sherpore	6 „
Khetlal	198 „
Panchbibi	14 „
Adamdighi	Figures not given.
Bogra	Ditto.

All the golahs in the district have been visited by the relief superintendents or their assistants. The condition of the accounts at some of the golahs does not satisfy me, but I am trying to get them into a better state.

34. *Poor-houses or Annachatra.*—Now that the rains are begun, these will be more systematically worked than they have ever yet been in this district. The *annachatras* at present at work are given in the margin. In addition to these, the Dighaputia Rajah has an *annachatra* near Shariakandi, at which a daily average of about 750 is fed. The necessary buildings, cook-houses, eating sheds, &c., for an *annachatra* at Bogra are nearly ready, and I hope to begin food distribution next Tuesday or Wednesday. Only those will be relieved at *annachatras* who are homeless, utterly destitute, and disabled.

Name of circle.	Number of annachatras opened.	Average daily number relieved.
Sherpore	2	239
Khetlal	2	109
Panchbibi	1	3
Total ...	5	351

Financial Result of the Fortnight.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Total expenditure from the district treasury, as shown in the last narrative .. , ...	4,29,238	3	9

Details of the above.

Relief roads and works	2,51,697	15	9
Transport of Government rice	1,07,428	13	0
Construction and repairs of rice golahs	6,086	8	3
Loans to zemindars	47,170	0	0
Advances to ryots	1,183	0	0
Construction of bungalows for circle officers ..	1,200	0	0
Salary of relief native doctors...	85	4	0
Establishment	2,761	5	9
Miscellaneous	975	5	0
Packages and incidentals	650	0	0
Relief works by the relief officers	10,000	0	0
Total ..	4,29,238	3	9

Expenditure during the fortnight under report.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Relief roads and works	7,728	7	11
Salary and establishment, &c.	2,916	4	3
Transport of Government grain	10,550	0	0
Miscellaneous	111	10	0
Packages and incidentals	50	0	0
Construction and repairs of rice golahs, &c. ..	30	0	0
Total ..	21,386	5	11
Total of the last fortnight ..	4,29,238	3	9
Grand Total ..	4,50,624	9	8

E. J. BARTON,
Offg. Magistrate.

APPENDIX A.

Statement showing the Expenditure of Cash by the Relief Officers during the fortnight.

Name of Circle.	Charitable relief.	In payment for work.	Transport.	Purchase of material.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	REMARKS.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Khetlal	277 14 9	804 14 7½	11 0	.	28 1 3	612 9 7½	
Adamdigi	0 10 0	23 10 0	82 1 0	100 0 0	55 8 3	261 13 3	
Shibgunge	24 13 0	112 15 0	.....	102 9 6	39 14 3	280 3 9	* The large cash payment for work in the Panchbibi circle represents arrears. Moreover, there was some backwardness in introducing grain-payments here.
Shariakandi ..	627 7 4	225 12 9	....	707 2 0	80 5 0	1,640 11 1	
Panchbibi and Badulgachi .	79 7 0	*4,905 0 9	634 3 6	.....	1,192 2 1½	6,860 13 4½	
Bogra .	945 10 0	6 5 6	.....	... .	588 13 0	1,540 12 6	
	1,955 14 1	5,628 10 7½	722 15 6	909 11 6	1,979 11 10½	11,196 15 7	

APPENDIX B.

Table showing the Expenditure of Grain by the Relief Officers for purposes of relief during the fortnight.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Name of Relief Circle.	Grain sold to public.	Grain given away gratuitously.	Expended in relief centres.	Grain given away in exchange for labour of all kinds.	Amount of grain given in loans to ryots.	Other expenditure of grain.	Total expenditure.
	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Md S. C.
Khetlal .. .	155-39 8	54 39 8	0 34 1	35 12 9	2 10 0	509 2 1	758 17 11
Adamdigi	215 24 6	555 39 0	0 10 0	196 8 12	440 33 0	648 1 3½	2,056 36 5½
Shibgunge	219 17 0	217 12 0	..	. .	44 0 0	558 2 8	1,039 31 8
Shariakandi	224 32 0	....	81 0 8	1 0 8	77 5 0	.....	383 38 0
Panchbibi	1,165 35 3	396 38 9	88 17 0	142 2 13	160 6 8	637 12 13	2,590 32 14
Bogra .	216 21 3	1,365 17 12	.....	10 28 11	313 0 0	0 12 0	1,905 39 10
Total	2,198 9 4	2,590 26 13	170 21 9	385 13 5	1,037 14 8	2,352 30 0½	8,734 36 1

NOTE.—The total grain expenditure of all kinds from the beginning of operations is given in Appendix D.

Appendix C.

Table showing the work of the Relief Officers during the fortnight under all the various heads of relief, and the number of people relieved by them.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Circle.	Date.	At centres.	In poor-houses.	By village relief tickets.	By light-labour tickets.	By loans of grain.	By spinning.	By weaving.	By other means.	Total.
Khetlal	.....	.....	104	14,041	.....	.....	13,586	996	800	29,507
Adumdigi	.....	.....	30	1,497	..	1,726	1,005	87	.. .	4,345
Shibgunge	.....	.....	.....	3,303	....		625	20	.....	3,948
Shariakandy	.....	1,313	209	44	.	67	425	.. .	...	2,058
Panchbibi	.....	696	2	204	.....	353	559	32	54	1,965
Bogra	.....	.....	.....	5,309	44	34	4,319	70	. ..	9,836
		2,009	345	24,518	44	2,185	20,499	1,205	854	51,559

Appendix D.

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the District of Bogra on the dates nearest to the 12th June 1874 for which returns may be available.

Name of Circle.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, inclusive of grain transferred.	Total quantity of Government grain consumed up to date.				Remarks.
				By sale to the public or laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By payment in kind to labourers.	By advance to ryots.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bogra Circle.		Mds.	Mds.	M. S. C.	M. S. C.	M. S. C.	M. S. C.	
Dargarhat	10th June 1874	2,000	2,456					
Bogra	Ditto ...	1,00,000	26,000					
Gohail	Ditto .	4,000	4,044					
Narnamala	Ditto ..	2,000	1,998					
Malancha	Ditto	2,000	1,694					
Gokul	Ditto ...	3,000	3,252					
Khetlal Circle.								
Khetlal	Ditto .	20,000	19,684			—		
Panchbibi and Badalgachi Relief Circle.								
Panchbibi	Ditto ..	15,000	15,000					
Heelee	Ditto	10,000	10,124					
Badalgachi	Ditto .	3,000	3,210					
Shibgunge Circle.				4,065 34 4	7,150 8 3	3,891 7 6½	14,511 5 15	
Shibgunge	Ditto	5,000	6,244					
Burigunge	Ditto ..	5,000	5,123					
Adamdigi Circle.								
Adamdigi	Ditto ..	3,000	3,178					
Dupchanchea	Ditto	15,000	14,014					
Elahigunge	Ditto .	2,000	2,000					
Shonamookhi	Ditto ...	5,000	2,179					
Shariakandi and Sherpore Circle.								
Sherpore	Ditto .	5,000	4,280					
Dhunat	Ditto .	3,000	3,000					
Shariakandi	Ditto ..	30,000	30,000					
Chandanbaisa	Ditto .	3,000	3,000					
Madhupore	Ditto .	3,000	3,000					
Total ...	....	2,40,000	1,64,040	..	....	.. ..	.	
Add a reserve stored at Chandanbaisa.	.....	....	56,108	. ..	. . .	... .	.. .	
Grand total stored up to date ...	.....	.....	2,20,148	.....	... ..	. ..	.. ..	

In column 7 appear also the grain-payments made by the relief officers for works directly under them, as well as those to laborers on works under the Executive Engineer.

APPENDIX E.

Statement showing the daily average of men, women, and children employed on relief works in the District of Bogra, for the fortnight ending the 6th June 1874, *and the amount expended in money and grain upon the payment of the laborers.*

Number of work	NAME OF WORK.	Daily average number employed during the fortnight				Amount expended in the payment of them		Remarks
		Men	Women.	Children.	Total.	Grain.	Money.	
						Mds Srs. C.	Rs A P.	
1	Sultangunge road	377	794	656	1,827	132 26 12	1,307 11 0	A great part of the cash which is shown here as expended upon roads and tanks during the fortnight represents arrears of pay which had occurred in past fortnights, but have been paid off in this
2	Matidali road	71	380	268	719	18 18 0	723 7 6	
3	Khatial road	135			135		303 7 6	
4	Dapchanchia road	740	548	1,795	3,083	486 31 10	2,459 8 10½	
5	Dinagepore road	2,552	3,114	3,905	9,571	460 33 4	7,982 15 6	
6	Shibgunge road	172	278	194	639		959 0 7	
7	Sharpore and Gohail road	4	20	3	27		1 12 0	
8	Nungola road	160	243	395	799	28 0 8	753 4 0	
9	Nashipore road	211	671	867	1,789	42 19 0	694 11 0	Also there are one or two
10	Shomamukhi road	489	819	1,539	2,847	60 36 4	1,829 13 0	works on which grain payments have been actually introduced from which returns of grain expenditure were not received
11	Tank at Kahaloo	41		5	46	5 25 4	26 3 6	
12	Ditto at Gohail	5			5		14 4 0	
13	Ditto at Rajekpore	81		9	90		142 13 0	
14	Ditto at Uchalbaria	20			20		62 15 3	
15	Madhupore road	248	423	566	1,237	74 24 12	1,298 2 6	
16	Tank at Ashokola	46			46		219 8 0	
17	Ditto at Narhatta	47			47		134 0 6	
18	Ditto at Dhamahur	13			13		36 10 9	
19	Khatial and Ghoraghat road	209	342	236	787	132 30 12	319 13 6	
20	Badalgachi and Adamdigi road	150	66	145	341		335 9 0	
21	Badalgachi and Nababgunge road	39	23	36	98		314 2 6	
22	Sharakandi road	146	755	838	1,739	92 9 0	1,176 15 0	
23	Tank at Dhawapara	2			2	0 27 0	6 15 0	
24	Dapchanchi and Buregunge road	51	15	19	85		107 11 0	
25	Nakhila road	77			77		71 13 0	
26	Tank at Godarpara	154	208	173	535		687 0 9	
27	Ditto at Pilkhanj	13	"	"	13		37 1 6	
28	Ditto at Jatool	6			6		18 6 0	
29	Ditto at Sukhanpukhuria	10	2	2	14		132 15 0	
30	Ditto at Arabaree	39		8	47		77 5 0	
31	Ditto at Baradighi	5			5		16 7 9	
32	Ditto at Malancha	23	"		23			
33	Panectola road	55	165	114	334		416 14 9	
34	Rungpore "	26			26		62 11 6	
	Total	6,417	8,861	11,792	27,020	1,536 4 2	22,792 0 2½	

BOGRA,
The 13*th June* 1874.

E. J. BARTON,
Offg. Magistrate and Collector.

No. 1001, dated Pubna, the 15th June 1874.

Memo. by—W. V. G. TAYLOR, Esq., Magistrate of Pubna.

SUBMITTED to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department, for information.

Fortnightly Narrative ending the 13*th of June* 1874.

A.—STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

ANY change since last report is for the better, and at this critical time this must be considered very satisfactory. Prices have fallen within the last week. Imports have been more active. The best judges seem to think it unlikely that prices will rise beyond their present level; but, on the contrary, with the rise of the river we may expect to see increased importations, and a further fall in the price of rice. The weather during the past fortnight has been all that could be desired. The heavy rain which ceased on the 27th May 1874 has been followed by bright sunny weather, mitigated by frequent showers. The growing rice crop is looking extremely well, and this has had a most reassuring effect on all classes. A great portion of it will be ripe early in July, and from that time there is a confident expectation that things will begin to mend. There is a considerable demand for employment, which has been met by various works in different parts of the district. This is owing to all sowing operations having been nearly completed. On the other hand, the applicants for gratuitous relief have not increased anywhere, and in the Pubna station jurisdiction have diminished in number. In a district like Pubna, where the distress was never very severe, and where there are such unusual facilities for importation, it was necessary that relief measures should be carried out with discrimination. The relief committee, while offering work at fair rates to all who needed it, restricted gratuitous relief to the really helpless, weak, and very indigent. They refused to admit the excuse of those who stated that they could not come on the roads because they had fields of their own to sow, and at the same time claimed gratuitous relief. Advances on security have been sanctioned to this class. The committee have acted in the belief that it was never meant by Government that men who had lands and houses and cattle should be demoralized by alms; and it is an adherence to this principle that has restricted

gratuitous relief, at least in the Sudder sub-division, within reasonable and necessary limits. The teel crop has nearly all been harvested. It is an average crop. The kaon crop promises well. It will be ripe about the end of the month, and will afford most seasonable assistance. The jullye crop is being reaped. It is at all times, however, a small outturn. The aous crop is, as already stated, most promising, and unusually forward. Indigo is a very fine crop this year. The health of the district continues extemely good. Special native doctors have been moving about prepared to treat any outbreak of sickness.

B.—Relief Works.

Numbers employed on the several roads are as follow:—

Sujangar 273, Faridpore 102, Chatmohar 324, and Maligacha road 202. A new road from Dulai to Gangohati *vid* Chinakhora has been lately opened under the direct supervision of the sub-inspector of Dulai. The head constable of Ataikula has been deputed to undertake the repairs of the road from Goeshpore to Ataikula. I do not think that it will be necessary to open any more new works. There would not be time to complete them, and the cutting of the kaon and aous will shortly afford employment to considerable numbers.

D.—Storage of Government Grain.

3,000 maunds out of 6,000 intended for Serajgunge has been kept for the Sudder sub-division, and the canoongoe has been deputed to Goalundo to forward it in quantities of 500 maunds to six different sub-committees. 5,000 more have been indented for from the other sub-committees. Under orders of the Commissioner, 2,000 maunds have been indented for from the Dhapari depôt and will be retained in hand at or near head-quarters for advances to zemindars and others.

E.—Advances to Private Individuals.

The following sum has been advanced to several zemindars and others since last report:—

	Rs.
Esharatulla, talukdar	75
Golam Abdin ... ... }	200
Golom Abbaj ... ... }	
Isvar Chundra Chowdhuri ... ... }	500
Madhav Chundra Chowdhuri ... ... }	
Total ...	775

Advances up to the present have been made in cash, there being no grain in store. People to whom advances have been made have been required to show their title deeds, to give a registered bond for the amount, and to submit a monthly list of ryots assisted.

F.—Charitable Relief.

Charitable relief has been given by the several sub-committees, who are apparently working judiciously and well, and carrying out the principles of relief unanimously decided on by the central relief committees. It is confidently believed that most cases of real distress have been, and will be relieved.

G.—Financial Results.

Out of Rs. 7,870-8-0 promised as subscriptions to the Pubna relief fund, Rs. 4,824 have been realised up to date. Reminders have been sent to the subscribers for transmitting their subscription shortly.

Expenditure as detailed below—	Rs.
Wages paid to the coolies of Malanchi road	150
Advanced to the Secretary to the Sujanagar sub-committee for Sujanagar road works	300
Advanced to the Secretary to the Chatmohar sub-committee for Chatmohar road works	300
Advanced to the Sagarkandi sub-committee	500
Advanced to Maligacha road supervisor for wages of coolies ...	200
Expenses for sending medicines to Raigunge	6
Advanced to Golum Nabby, native doctor, for his pay for June 1874	60
Sent to Sagarkandir sub-committee	500
Sent to Dulai ditto	500
Advanced to canoongoe for conveying rice from Goalundo ...	100
Sent to Chat Mohar sub-committee	130
Advance given for bringing rice from Dhapari depôt	100
Advanced to the Secretary to the municipal committee for further relief works within the munipality	300
Advanced to the Secretary to the Ataikula sub-committee for the repair of the Ataikula road	100
Advanced to the Secretary to the Dulai sub-committee for opening the new road at Dulai	100
Paid for Sujanagar road-works	300
„ for Maligacha road-works	200
Total ...	3,846

Tenth fortnightly Narrative of distress in the Serajgunge Sub-division, from 28th May to 10th June 1874.

A.—State of the Country.

The high prices which prevailed at the end of May attracted a large amount of rice to the sub-division, and supplies are now abundant at all the markets on the river banks. Prices, though still high, have fallen, as will be seen from the following statement:—

Name of Market.	Number of seers of 80 tolahs procurable for a rupee.	
	Last Narrative.	At present.
	Seers.	Seers.
Serajgunge	10	11¼
Raigunge	7½	10
Ullapara	9	10½
Pangashi	9	9¾
Taras	10½	9

The rise in prices at Taras is accounted for by the fact that local rice is sold at that bazar, which is too far from the rivers to be affected by importations.

The rainfall during the fortnight was only 0·37 inches; more moisture is wanted, but still our prospects are, on the whole, good. The rise in the rivers in May spoilt some of the kaon and joleah rice, but not any very great quantity, and since then the waters have been falling. The kaon now being harvested is a 12-anna crop. Unfortunately it is grown only by about one-half of the cultivators; those who are fortunate enough to possess a field of it are now relieved from all anxiety. The joleah dhan is in ear, and will be cut immediately. It is sown in few places. The jute is forward and promising. The prospects of the aous rice, on which so much depends, are still uncertain. Til has been a failure; an 8-anna crop only can be expected.

The ryots in distressed villages where there is no kaon continue to look thin and anxious. Our system of relief provides for the classes who would otherwise appear most emaciated, and supply the cases of actual starvation.

B.—Relief Works.

The number of laborers employed on village tracks is 404, that on the Chunderkona road is about 250. The rate paid for earth-work is Rs. 2-4 per 1,000 cubic feet, and Rs. 2 only at Taras, for which I wish to withdraw some coolies for the Chunderkona road. The cultivators at first refused earth-work, but would now accept it if we would give it to them; this we cannot do everywhere, the season being so far advanced.

D.—Storage of Government Grain at Relief Works.

During the fortnight 500 maunds of rice was reported to have been sent to Taras by cart from Raigunge. I visited the place lately, and arranged for storage. Our stock of rice is sufficient for the present.

E.—Advances to Private Parties and their Results.

The system of cash advances to zemindars, to enable them to assist their ryots with loans, has been brought to a close during this fortnight, in consequence of the Government order that such payments should for the future be made in rice. The total amount advanced has been Rs. 49,427. The advances may be classified as follows:—

	Rs.
Loans of Rs. 2,000	20,000
„ of „ 1,000 to Rs. 2,000	8,500
„ of „ 500 to „ 1,000	10,450
„ of „ 100 to „ 500	9,272
„ of „ 50 to „ 100	930
Less than „ 50	275
Total ...	49,427

The loans have been made by the Collector on my recommendation. Before approving a loan, I examined the papers which the applicant could bring to prove his title, generally either revenue receipts, or deeds of conveyance, or both. I then took a registered bond for the debt. In some cases I insisted on ryots being paid before me, there being some doubt as to whether the money might otherwise be misapplied. There will certainly be a difficulty in recovering many of the loans by the ordinary method, but I hope that some summary way

of realising them will be adopted. The ryots showed that the money actually reached them by their eagerness to get their zemindars to take this form of Government assistance. The abuses of which I have heard are such as must necessarily be expected under the system, that some zemindars lent only to the better class of ryots (whose security is tolerable); that they gave most to villages where there were disputes with co-sharers in which the ryots' assistance was required; that they would not help unionist (vidrohi) ryots, and so forth. All these complaints may be very true, and yet a great deal of relief has been afforded by the advances.

During the last week loans have been given in Government grain at the rate of Rs. 3-5-4 per maund. These disbursements have been made exactly in the same manner as those of cash, that is, on the Collector's order after I had approved the loan and taken a registered bond. The only difference is that in the end I gave an order on a rice golah instead of on the treasury. I have given such orders for 1,097 maunds.

E.—Charitable Relief.

Charitable relief is given in Ullapara and Raigunge thanas to all persons who, on the inspection of their residences by the superintendents and their assistants, are found destitute and unfit for road work. The inspecting officer gives such persons tickets, entitling the holder to receive a dole of 6 seers rice and 2 seers dál, fortnightly, with half that allowance for children. If the ticket-holder is capable of in-door work, a certain task of jute-twisting and cotton-spinning is assigned. Yesterday I received a return of the number of tickets issued. It is as follows:—

Gratuitous ticket	Adults	3,701	12,337
	Children	8,636	
Laboring tickets	Cotton	2,351	4,224
	Jute	1,790	
	Thread	83	
	Total ...		16,361

The recipients of these tickets are nearly all women who in ordinary times live by husking rice, or on charity, their children, and the sick. The cultivators have not received this form of relief.

The first point which strikes us on seeing these figures are that they are very large. It must not, however, be supposed that all the 16,561 are at one time in actual receipt of the dole. The cutting of the kaon crop has taken many off the lists; others have found employment since they were first admitted as ticket-holders; others have ceased to attend on finding that work would be exacted from them. The number of persons drawing rice on tickets at Ullapore during the fortnight was equal to 5,147 adults (counting 2 children as an adult); that relieved at Raigunge according to the consumption of rice, was 2,170, making in all 7,317. Supposing half of these to be children, we would have 10,966 persons receiving the dole. I am trying to convert the gratuitous tickets into laboring tickets wherever I can.

In Serajgunge and Shazadpore thanas there is no system of house-to-house visitation, or of village relief, but cooked-food is given to the destitute. This is also done at the other thanas pending inquiry. The average number fed daily at our annochatras, according to our returns, was 1,357. The Belbuchi return has not been received.

G.—Financial Results of the Week.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Purchase of rice (2,500 maunds remains to be paid for) ...	35,577	8	6
Chanderkona road	459	4	9
Harial track	150	0	0
Tatulia „	30	0	0
Cholla khal	30	0	0
Dassika „	30	0	0
Gaitae track	160	0	0
Shazadpore track	30	0	0
Karjury „	30	0	0
Rajapore annochatras	50	0	0
Shazadpore „	50	0	0
Jamtoil „	190	13	0
Chanderkona „	50	0	0
Ullapara relief superintendent	1,000	0	0
Cotton for Raigunge relief station	136	8	0
Establishment	11	10	8
Expense for printing relief tickets	14	8	0
Khodalis purchased	273	7	3
Conveyance charges of govih rice and 2,000 maunds of rice supplied by Mr. Alexander	1,251	2	0
Loans given in cash	6,860	0	0
Total ...	46,384	14	11

Remarks by Magistrate.

The improvement mentioned by Mr. Nolan is cause for satisfaction. The great and sudden rise of the rivers at Serajgunge about a fortnight ago caused considerable anxiety for the fate of the kaon and rice in the low-lying lands. Fortunately the damage done has been but trifling, and the river having again subsided, the general prospect appears much improved.

I am forced to remark again on the great disproportion between the numbers gratuitously relieved and those on relief works. The difference is much greater than in any district in the division, though it certainly cannot be said that the distress in Serajgunge is as severe as yet as in parts of Dinagepore and Rungpore. Mr. Nolan's attention will be called to this, and more discrimination recommended.

PUBNA, W. V. G. TAYLOR,
The 16th June 1874. *Magistrate.*

No. 1275, dated Dinagepore, the 22nd June 1874.

From—W. LEF. ROBINSON, ESQ., Relief Commissioner of the Rajshahye Division,
To—The Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

I HAVE the honor to submit the following narrative for the past fortnight.

A.—STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

2. There is certainly a scarcity of supply of rice in the local markets, and in fact there is scarcely any rice to be had except from the Government stores, and it is evident that there cannot be much grain held locally, or the market would not be at 7 seers for the rupee, with the prospect of a very good bhadoi crop.

3. There has been plenty of rain during the fortnight, at times very heavy, and the rivers are all rising; the condition of the people is pretty good. No known cases of starvation have been brought to notice. In the northern portion of Dinagepore there were some grain-robberies about a fortnight ago, but the district superintendant went out to inquire into them personally, and ascertained that the people engaged in them were not suffering from actual want, but were bad characters who preferred plunder to working. A good circle officer (Mr. Scanlan), has been placed in charge of Thakoorgaon, and grain has been sent up to that part of the country both from Dinagepore and Ranecsankoil, and I don't think there is any cause for uneasiness about that part of the country.

4. From Maldah, Rungpore and Bogra, the accounts are also good.

B.—RELIEF WORKS.

5. These are being gradually closed, as the ground is now so saturated as to prevent much work being done. Laborers are everywhere paid in grain, and large numbers are returning to cultivate their fields, after taking advances of grain either from their zemindars or direct from Government stores.

C.—TRANSPORT OF FOOD.

6. This may be said to be over, except as regards keeping up the supplies at subsidiary golahs from the main golahs, and this is easily done by boats now that the rivers have risen. Some rice on its way by cart from Nowgaon to Hillee was, I am sorry to say, damaged by heavy rain on the road, but I have not yet received an account of the amount actually rendered useless.

D.—STORAGE OF GRAIN.

7. This has been completed, though changes of stock have to be made from one place to another. Captain Conolly has finished his inspection reports on Rungpore and Bogra golahs, which are on the whole satisfactory. The district officers have been requested to see that attention is paid to the recommendations for petty alterations and improvements suggested by Captain Conolly. I think the stock of grain which we have in the country will be sufficient to meet all demands if the seasons progress favorably.

E.—ADVANCES TO PRIVATE PARTIES.

8. Advances of grain are now being made very largely to ryots and laborers hitherto employed on relief-works to enable them to attend to their cultivation; in one circle alone in Dinagepore, viz., Putnitola, over 28,000 maunds have been thus advanced, and the circle officer assures me in reply to a letter on the subject which I wrote, that these advances have not been made indiscriminately, but that proper enquiry has been made in all cases before advancing.

9. The total amount of Government grain expended under all the different heads up to my latest dates of information, is in Dinagepore 3,20,550 maunds, and in Rungpore 1,06,536 maunds. I have received no returns from Bogra or Maldah, later than those given in the district officers' last narrative. There has been considerably more actually expended in Dinagepore, because the date at the latest golah is 19th June for Dinagepore itself; the others are for 15th, 16th and 17th June only, and the Dinagepore golah alone is now giving out rice at two thousand maunds a day.

F.—CHARITABLE RELIEF.

10. This has been going on throughout the four districts under me; the group system is working satisfactorily wherever it has been introduced, and as work on roads is stopped, the expenditure under the head of charitable relief is likely to increase very considerably.

G.—FINANCIAL RESULTS.

11. The financial results are given in the district officers' narrative.

No. 525T, dated Burdwan, the 17th June 1874.

From—C. T. BUCKLAND, Esq., Commissioner of the Burdwan Division,
To—The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Dept.

I HAVE the honor to submit in original the fortnightly narratives which have been received up to date from the district officers, for the fortnight ending Monday the 15th instant.

2. *Hooghly.*—The report for Hooghly is again generally favorable. There has been a rise of half a seer in the rupee in the price of rice, but on the other hand, the rainfall has been well diffused over the district, and though not heavy, is "universally stated to be sufficient for the present wants of the crops." The Collector observes: "Fortunately the health of the district is better than it has been since 1860." A native officer reports—"whereas two annas of the people were formerly sick with fever, now only one anna is afflicted." The Collector adds: "what distress exists is primarily due to fever rather than scarcity;" and again "at the great bathing festival of the Juggernath car at Serampore, it is said that every one appeared to be quite happy, and to be spending money as usual."

3. The daily number of persons employed on relief works of different sorts is returned as 4,539, against 4,972 of the previous fortnight.

4. The exports of rice and other grains by the East Indian Railway were above 20,000 maunds, but they are apparently merely exports of grain passing through the district from the east. The imports of Government grain have exceeded 2,000 maunds, and the Collector has applied for a further supply.

5. The daily number of persons receiving charitable relief was as follows:—

	Previous fortnight.	Present fortnight.
Men	626	761
Women	1,878	2,101
Children	1,180	1,181
Total ...	3,884	4,043

6. The Collector has not attempted to give the separate chapter of the details of relief as required by the Government Circular order No. 3216 of 19th May, as he cannot yet obtain them from the 151 sub-committees who are at work in the district. He will be reminded to submit it.

7. *Beerbhoom.*—The report of the Collector is again more assuring, and notwithstanding some increase in pauperism, he is of opinion that the state of the country is decidedly improving. The unnatural outbreak of dacoity seems to have ceased, as the Collector reports that only two grain robberies occurred during the fortnight.

8. The average daily number of persons employed on relief works as shewn in statement C, was 10,484 during the present fortnight, against 10,374 of the previous fortnight

9. The local exports of rice had amounted to 8,672½ maunds, against imports of 7,213 maunds of Government grain, of which 3,872 maunds had been consumed up to date as shown in the Appendix Return II. Further supplies of Government grain have been applied for.

10. The daily number of persons receiving charitable relief during the fortnight is given as 10,913, against 9,803 of the previous fortnight. The Collector has omitted to send the return required by Government Circular order 3216 of 19th May, which he submitted in Appendix 5 of his last report, and he will be called on to supply it.

11. *Bankoora.*—The Collector's report is generally hopeful, and there has been a fall in the price of coarse rice. There have been partial showers throughout the district, and the weather has been as favorable as possible for cultivation, except in one very small tract.

12. I would invite attention to the Collector's remarks in paragraphs 4 and 5 on the subject of advances to cultivators, and the popular appreciation of advances of Government grain. From the tabular statement it seems that the Collector had advanced 390 maunds to ryots, but he has not explained on what security these advances were made. In paragraph 14 he states that advances of grain to the value of Rs. 3,277 have been sanctioned, and further applications are under inquiry; a special report will be called for on the subject.

13. The daily number of laborers employed was 3,823 during the current fortnight, against 3,188 of the previous fortnight. The Collector calculates that about 8,400 persons were also employed by private individuals on works executed from tuccavee advances.

14. The Collector has given the details required by the Government Circular order of 19th May, under the head of "charitable relief." The daily average totals appear to be—

Class B	9,972
Class C	3,609
Class D	865
Total ...	14,446

which shews a great increase on the 9,047 of the previous fortnight.

15. *Burdwan.*—The Collector has, as usual, submitted an abstract of the sub-divisional reports, with some more than usually incisive comments of his own, to which I would invite special attention. There is no doubt much truth in the Collector's remark that "the people have a fixed idea that the Government must relieve them all gratuitously, and entirely on their own terms, if they only cry out long enough and loud enough." And when a Government officer is thus brought in contact with the expression of this feeling, he naturally seeks to protect the interests of Government, and of the charitable public against imposition. The Collector has forcibly described the scenes presented at the local food depôts, in terms which ought to satisfy any one that he is well acquainted with the wretched objects who are there gathered together, representing the still surviving, but incurable sufferers from epidemic fever; the most horrible victims of leprosy, and the well-feigned anguish of the professional beggars. The Lieutenant-Governor has seen such people collected at Kanoo and at Gulsee, and the district relief officer assures me, that the specimens of distress at Gulsee may be considered to be as bad as, or worse than, what is to be found anywhere else in the district, and I see no reason to doubt this from what has come under my own observation. A special report is under preparation regarding the village at the Beddial railway station, which has been the subject of the comments of a newspaper correspondence.

16. The Collector has quoted the remarks recorded by the Civil Surgeon, Dr. French, who had been on his annual visit of inspection to Cutwa last week, before any special orders arrived on the subject of Cutwa and Bood-bood. It will be seen that his description of the people is generally favorable, and that fever appears to him to have been the real cause of emaciation But on the other hand, the Collector's remarks shew that distress is increasing in parts of Cutwa which the Civil Surgeon could not visit, and five additional food depôts have been opened during the fortnight in Cutwa, and advances of Government grain have been made there to the amount of 675 maunds, whilst the applications for advances have amounted to 74,012 maunds, out of which applications for 38,130 maunds have been rejected, and applications for 31,207 maunds are pending (see Collector's statement No. 4). If grain has to be sent in large quantities to Cutwa, it will be best to send it by river direct by a Government steamer, and a special application will be made on this subject.

17. The rainfall has been heavy and general throughout almost the whole district, and it has rained every day since the 14th, and it is still raining to-day (17th). The Collector has given a table of the rainfall, but I have obtained a later report from the Civil Surgeon up to the 16th instant, which shews 16·30 inches, instead of 14·78, as the total rainfall up to yesterday, of the current year. It would be difficult to see the country more favorably situated than it now is as regards the prospects of rice growing. The innumerable patches of seedling rice shew that there was no lack of seed-rice in the country, and if everything goes well, there ought to be an excellent crop this year. From my old experience of Bengal, I am satisfied that the *burra bursat* have really begun, although native opinion seems to be rather to the contrary.

18. The statement of relief works shews a daily average attendance of 11,028 laborers against 14,178 during the previous fortnight. In addition to these, nearly 5,000 persons were employed in Cutwa in collecting gooting and kunkur to metal the road to Cutwa, which is at present almost impassable for wheeled carriages during the rains.

19. The Collector states that the exports of grain were 9,431 maunds, against imports of 7,673 maunds of Government grain. The statement No. 2 of Government grain shews an import of only 4,082 maunds, of which 2,083 maunds were consumed during the fortnight. An explanation will be called for.

20. Under the head of *Advances to private persons*, the Collector notices the reluctance of the people to give any sort of security for one another. The Collector proposed to reduce the joint security to a number of not less than six persons collectively, and I sanctioned this, and have especially reported it. But with reference to paragraph 6 of Government orders No. 438T.F. of 12th instant, I have now authorised the Collector at once to make advances of grain in small quantities to individual ryots who declare that they are really reduced to perilous straits from want of food, provided the local charitable sub-committee certifies that this is true. Each applicant, on these terms, is to be required to engage for repayment of the amount advanced to him within two years.

21. Statement No. 5 shews the daily average number of the recipients of charitable relief as 13,651, against 14,551 of the previous fortnight, and of this number 3,200 were fed at the expense of His Highness the Maharajah of Burdwan. But to the total of 13,651 there must be added 1,731 persons as entered in statement required by the Government Circular Order No. 3216 of 19th May, so that the total daily number relieved is 15,382 during the fortnight.

22. The narratives for Midnapore and Howrah will be forwarded as soon as they are received.

23. I beg that as soon as the district narratives are printed, three copies may be sent to this office, and three copies to each district direct.

No. 149, dated Hooghly, the 15th June 1874.

From—F. H. Pellew, Esq., Offg. Collector of Hooghly,

To—The Commissioner of the Burdwan Division.

I have the honor to submit the narrative for the fortnight ending Saturday, the 13th June 1874.

A.—State of the Country.

2. There is no scarcity of grains in the bazars of the district. As a report had been received of scarcity of rice in the bazars of thana Kristonuggur on the south-west of the district, the sub-divisional officer at my request visited the thana last week. He reports that the statement is groundless; that there is plenty of rice in the markets, and that the Damoodur having now become navigable, supplies are available by boat from every direction.

3. Kind and price of grain selling at certain specified marts—

1	2		3		4		5		6	
Names of principal marts.	Quantity per rupee by the seer of 80 tolahs									
	Wheat		Barley		Rice, best.		Rice, common		Gram	
	Present return	Past return.	Present return.	Past return.	Present return.	Past return.	Present return	Past. return	Present return.	Past return
	Srs	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Seers	Seers.	Seers.	Seers.	Seers.	Seers.
Bahoogunge in Hooghly	13	13	...		9 to 9½	9 to 10	11½ to 12	12 to 12½	13 to 13½	13 to 13½
Chinsurah, Khurooa Bazar	13	13	..	..	9 „ 9½	9 „ 10	11½ „ 12	12 „ 12½	13 „ 13½	13 „ 13½
Balore			...	..	9 „ 9½	9 „ 10	11½ „ 12	12 „ 12½	13 „ 13½	13 „ 13½
Jinkrapontahgunge . ..	13½	13½			9 „ 9½	9 „ 10	12 „ 13	12½ „ 13	13½ „ 14	13½ „ 14
Serampore	12	12	16	16	8 „ 8½	8 „ 8½	12 „ 13	12 „ 13	13 „ 14	13 „ 14
Chunditallah . ..					10 „ 0	9½ „ 0	12 „ 0	12 „ 0	13 „ 0	13 „ 0
Bydabatty	13	13	17½	17½	8 „ 0	8 „ 0	13 „ 0	12½ „ 0	13 „ 0	13 „ 0
Bhudressur ..	12	12	15	15	...		11½ „ 13	12 „ 12½	13½ „ 0	13 „ 0

From this it is clear that the price of rice has risen half a seer in the northern part of the district, following a similar rise in the south recorded in last report. A rise has also occurred at Bhadressur

4. *Information as to the kind and price of rice in the hands of zemindars, traders, &c.*—Same as in previous reports. The markets in thana Ballagurh are supplied principally from Cutwa and Culna by boat and bullock-cart. Those of Pandooah from Calcutta, Muggrah and Culna. Those of Dhunyakhally from Silamabad, those of Huripal from Bydabatty, and those of Kristonuggur from Ampta.

5. *Rainfall if any.*—It rained during the fortnight in all the thanas of the district. At the following places measurements were made :—

	Hooghly.	Serampore.	Dhunyakhally.	Chunditola
2nd June	.....	1·16	... ..	
3rd „	.....	.....	....	97
4th „	.....	.....	·05	1 00
6th „	.....	.. ...	·05	55
10th „	·30	·27	.....	.
12th „	·85	. ...	·50	..
15th , ...	·01	. ..	..	.....
Total	1 16	1·43	·60	1·62

The rain, though not heavy, is universally stated to be sufficient. Early rice, late rice seedlings, and jute, are being put into the ground as rapidly as possible. The Damoodur rose from a volume of 2,000 cubic feet per second to over 30,000 cubic feet, and at length carried away the sand dam constructed across it for the purpose of forcing a supply of good water into the Kana Nuddeé and Surrosutty rivers, as previously reported by me in separate correspondence The dam was not carried away, however, till the work for which it was constructed was fully carried out, as the Executive Engineer reports that the tanks and hollows on the banks of the Kana Nuddee and Surrosutty have been filled with Damoodur water, so that "there will be no further dearth of water." Much use was made of the water whilst its supply lasted, for irrigation, as well as for drinking purposes.

6. A small crop of til has been got in, which the unusual January and February rains enabled the ryots to sow. The spring crops of rice, boro dhan, and joli dhan, have been harvested in the few places in the district (excluding Howrah) in which they were planted; the late rains have revived the sugarcane. In some places, where from want of water for artificial irrigation, this crop had died, the ryots are replacing it with early rice (*aous.*)

7. Early rice sowings are being rapidly made over an unusually large area. Jute is being planted, but less than usual. The seedlings of late rice are sprouting, and are 5 or 6 inches high in places The alternate showers and sunshine are very favorable for the rice crop, though later on heavier rain will be required

8. A fair crop of mangoes was obtained and is baing disposed of by the ryots at 76 to the rupee.

Condition of the People.

9. As prices rise, and the organisation of charitable relief becomes more complete and searching, the number of paupers obtaining relief from the committees' funds increases, but I do not consider that there is any serious increase in the number of paupers. The relief officer states that, as a rule, the cultivating classes can maintain themselves. Speaking of villages in thana Dhunyakhally, he says: "The cultivators, though under heavy pressure, are not yet in actual want." The Mahomedan cultivators appear to be worst off. To some of these advances for cultivation will be made, though, as a rule, they will get sufficient assistance from zemindars or mahajuns. Fortunately the health of the district is better than it has been since 1860,—the Dhunyakhally sub-inspector writes that "whereas two annas of the people were formerly sick with fever, now only one anna is afflicted." What distress exists is primarily due to fever rather than scarcity.

10. At the Snan-jatra or bathing festival at Serampore, the crowd was said to be somewhat less than usual, but it is reported that "the state of the poorer classes assembled did not appear at all bad, and their condition did not denote that there was any distress or starvation in the country; every one appeared to be quite happy, and to be spending money as usual."

Grain-Thefts.

11. Two cases of grain-theft have been reported, one in Huripal and the other in Pandooah. The thieves could not be traced

Condition of Special Tracts.

12. There is no tract here which can as yet be said to be in a specially distressed condition.

13. **B.—Relief Works.**

Name of road.	Number of coolies	Supply of food	Condition of laborers.	Mode of payment and rate of wages	Arrangement for tools.	Remarks
Hooghly Sub-division.						
Tribany to Gooptiparah road ...	15	To be had from the nearest market.	Fair ..	Paid at annas 3-3 per 100 cubic feet of earth-work, receiving annas 2 as khorakee, and their accounts are settled twice in the week	Partly by the contractors, and partly by Public Works Department.	The coolies all local
Pandooah to Oulna road ...	50	Ditto .	Do	Ditto, and for breaking jhamma at annas 8 per 100 cubic feet	Ditto ...	40 local, rest imported
Mugrah to Bansbariah road .	5	Ditto .	Do ..	Paid annas 0-3-3 per 100 cubic feet	By contract ...	All local
Tarakeshur road	8	Ditto ..	Do.	Ditto	Ditto ..	Ditto
Dhunyakhally road, metalling .	360	Ditto	Do. ..	Generally all works done by task labor at certain rates. Coolies get annas 3 daily, khoorakee, carters annas 5	Ditto ...	About 66 men living in the Pandooah thana, and 20 local The rest from Burdwan and Beerbhoom.
Shasunge and Tribany ...	8	Ditto	Do. ..	At annas 3-3 per day per head	Ditto . ..	Local
Tribany bridge	10	Ditto ..	Do .	Masons and carpenters are working, they are paid at task work	Ditto .	Ditto.
Bhastora to Gooroop	14	Ditto	Do. .	3 annas to 3-6 per 100 per cubic feet	Ditto	Partly laborers partly cultivators, all local, under Baboo Joggessur Singh
Dhunyakhally to Bhastora ..	35	Ditto	Do.	Ditto .	Ditto .	Ditto under ditto.
Mahanad to Gopikantpore ..	144	Ditto ...	Do. .	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	Ditto under Revd Juggodish Bhattacharjee
Moolya to Jamgram ..	17	Ditto	Do.	Ditto	Ditto	Partly laboring classes and partly cultivators, all local.
Keelayparah to Nischindeepore	39	Ditto ..	Do ..	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ditto
Dakchara to Ballaghur ..	6	Ditto	Do	Ditto	Ditto .	Ditto ditto
Khonyan to Chapta .. .	61	Ditto	Do. ..	Ditto	Ditto ...	Ditto ditto.
Chandpore to Bukoolah ..	111	Ditto	Do	Ditto .	Ditto .	Ditto ditto.
Baksagore to Chandra ..	85	Ditto	Do.	Ditto ...	Ditto	Ditto ditto
Dhunyakhally to Khanpore ..	8	Ditto ..	Do.	Ditto	Ditto ..	Ditto ditto.
Naksa to Digsui ...	50	Ditto	Do.	Ditto .	Ditto	Ditto ditto.
Tahirpore to Mamoodpore .	10	Ditto	Do.	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ditto
Pandooah to Khottee	109	Ditto ..	Do .	Ditto ...	Ditto .	Ditto ditto
Chapta to Sikra ..	19	Ditto	Do	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto ditto
Bhola to Nalikool road ..	12	Coolies purchasing from the nearest bazar	Do.	Ditto	By contractor ...	Local
Chandernagore and Bhola road	10	Ditto .	Do	Ditto .	Ditto and Department Public Works.	Ditto
Dwarbasinee to Kanarye	18	Ditto ...	Do ..	Ditto .	Ditto	Ditto
Total .	1,203					

Name of road	Number of coolies	Supply of food	Condition of laborers	Mode of payment and rate of wages	Arrangement for tools	Remarks
Serampore Sub-division.						
Branch Grand Trunk Road ..	12	Coolies purchasing from Bazar	Fair	Rs 6 8 per month, one rupee advance taken weekly by each man as khorakee	Partly contractors, and rest Department Public Works.	All imported men are working, no local coolies can be had for this work
Sheakhalla road .	112	Ditto	Do	At annas 3-3 per head daily taking 2 annas as khorakee, breaking jhama at annas 8 per 100 cubic feet	Contractor	47 local, rest not local
Boidyabatty feeder-road .	58	Ditto	Do	At ditto .	Partly contractor, and partly Department Public Works.	25 local, rest imported
Old Benares road . .	54	Ditto	Do	Brick clampers taking at Rs 40 per lakh advance daily coolies at annas 3-3, &c	Ditto	About 30 men local, and the rest imported
Connuggore and Jonye road	10	Ditto	Do	An advance of Re 1 each, or 2 annas per day for each, is usually given	Contractors ...	So many coolies have gone to cultivation, that the number required for the works cannot be got
Kalipore road .	15	Ditto	Do	Men paid 4 annas, women 3-6	Ditto	Ditto ditto
Harida to Baksa . ..	148	Ditto	Do	3 annas to 3½ annas per 100 cubic feet	Ditto	All local, under Baboo Chunder Kanto Mookerjee
Jonye to Baraset .	63	Ditto	Do	Ditto	Ditto .	Ditto ditto
Derghango to Doorgrampore	24	Ditto	Do	Ditto .	Ditto ..	All local, under Baboo Sharat Chunder Banerjea.
Bora to Nussibpore .	31	Ditto	Do	Ditto	Ditto	All local, under Baboo Annoorcop Chunder Mookerjea.
Jonye to Bora ..	13	Ditto .	Do .	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto ditto
Total ..	540					
Grand total	1,742					

14. The Collector of Howrah will give the Howrah works separately.

15. The following laborers were employed daily on tanks in the municipalities, towns, and unions :—

	Total
Hooghly and Chinsurah	570
Serampore	203
Ootterparah works completed	...
Kotrung	40
Bydabatty	210
Ballagurh	140
Gooptiparah	90
Muggrah	48
Total ...	1,301

16. Under the Executive Engineer, Northern Drainage and Embankment Division, Irrigation Department, the following work is in progress :—

Thana	Name of work.	Daily average No. of coolies during the fortnight.	Condition
Bydabatty ...	Kana Nuddee and Surrosutty Canal.	108	Good.
	Ordinary Embankment repairs	about 27	Do.

Remarks—The dry tanks along the Surrosutty have been filled with Damoodar water. Water flowing abundantly down the Kana Nuddee to the Surrosutty until the morning of the 6th, when the dam of sand across the Kana Nuddee at Gopalnuggore was carried away. Chiefly local people have gone to work in their fields

17. The returns of work on 36 tanks, which are being dug or improved from tuccavee advances, have been received. These show a daily average number of 1,361 coolies employed, of whom 254 are local. 9 (nine) tanks of the above are nearly completed. Besides this, 194 coolies, of whom 40 are local, are employed in excavating the Ghea Nuddee by two zemindars from private means, as a relief work.

18. I give here a comparative statement of the number of coolies employed on relief works as shown in the last and in the present report:—

		Last report	Present report.
Roads, &c., under the chairman of road cess.	Sudder sub-division ...	1,125	1,202
	Serampore sub-division ...	310*	540
	Total ...	1,435	1,742
Municipalities, towns, and unions.	Hooghly and Chinsurah ...	545	570
	Serampore	213	203
	Ootterparah	15	0
	Towns and Unions ...	664	528
	Total ...	1,437	1,301
Under the Executive Engineer, Northern Drainage and Embankment Division		278	135
Employed on works executed from tuccavee advances ...		1,822	1,361

C.—Transport of Food.

19. The following is an abstract of the Railway traffic return for the fortnight ending 6th June 1874:—

Up—Outward.

Station.	Under 150 Miles.		Over 150 miles.		Over 300 miles.	Total.	
	Rice	Other food-grains.	Rice	Other food-grains.	Rice.	Rice.	Other food-grains.
Serampore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chandernagore	.....	1,096	6,521	210	14,38	7,959	1,306
Hooghly	139	.....	571	.....	.....	710	.....
Muggrah	.....	.....	5,249	6,254	... ..	5,249	6,254
Pandooah	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total ...	...	.. ...	.....	.....	.....	13,918	7,560

Down—Inward.

Station.	Under 150 miles.		Over 150 miles.		Total.	
	Rice.	Other food-grains	Rice.	Other food-grains.	Rice.	Other food-grains.
Serampore	48	133	.....	880	48	1,013
Chandernagore	.....	.....	...	.....	.....	.....
Hooghly	.....	.....	442	.....	442	.....
Muggrah	....	.....	.....	.....	....	.....
Pandooah	140	4	...	.....	140	4
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	630	1,017

Up—Inward.

Station.	Under 150 miles.		Over 150 miles.		Total.	
	Rice.	Other food-grains.	Rice.	Other food-grains.	Rice.	Other food-grains.
Serampore	849	.....	.....	.....	849	.....
Chandernagore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hooghly	443	.....	184	.....	627	.....
Muggrah	.....	.....	...	.....	.....	.....
Pandooah	.....	.....	.....	...	...	.. ..
Total ...	.....	... ..	.....	.....	1,476	.....

There was no down-outward traffic.

* Defective by 6 Roads.

D.—Storage of Grain at Government Relief Works.

20. Arrangements have been made for the storage of grain at the relief works in progress. The grain will be stored partly in borrowed, and partly in hired premises. In some cases contractors will take over the grain and store it themselves. There is good accommodation for grain in pucca buildings at Hooghly and Serampore. The amount of grain received is shewn below.

Receipt of Government Grain.—Despatch of the 29th May 1874. From Howrah.

	Bags.	Maunds.	Received. Bags.	Received. Maunds.
Muggrah	135	103	135	101-10
Hooghly	580	442	580	435
Pandooah	135	103	135	101-10
Serampore	530	407	530	400-6
Total ...		1,055		1,037-26

Despatch of the 3rd June 1874. From Howrah.

Muggrah	50	101	50	100
Hooghly	218	441	218	436
Pandooah	50	101	50	100
Serampore	0	440	0	0*
		1,083		

21. The amount sent out is from:—

Serampore	587
Hooghly	543
Pandooah	101-10
Total ...	1,231-10

22. I have applied separately for further supplies before the rains make the roads heavy:—

E.—Advances to Private Parties.

	Rs.
23. Advances for grain as already reported	18,000
Advances to Municipalities	Nil
Advances under the Tuccavee Act up to date of last narrative ...	36,561
During the fortnight—	
Ramgopaul Bhuttacharjee 300	
Narian Sen 150	
Koomud Chundra Mookerjee 250	
Sreemunto Mookerjee and another in two cases ... 300	
1,000	
Total ...	37,561

24. The advances given in the fortnight were in cases which had been long pending owing to delay in producing title deeds, or failure of consent of all parties concerned, &c., and in which the work were commenced and making satisfactory progress in anticipation of receipt of the tuccavee advance.

F.—Charitable Relief.

25. Number of committees as yet appointed—

District Committee	1
Sub-divisional committee	1
Sub-committees	151
Total ...	153

Number of work-houses, or centres for distribution of food and charitable relief.

26. I have organised 9 centres in the moffusil for distribution of rice on production of tickets—others are in course of organisation. Besides 7 serais for the use of travellers.

* Consignment receipt of Serampore has not yet been received from the sub-divisional officer.

27. Number of persons relieved—

Men	761
Women	2,101
Children	1,181
	4,043

These figures include relief under heads B., C., and D. The sub-committees' reports do not yet shew the relief given under each head separately.

G.—Financial Results.

28. The disbursements to Executive Engineer and others during the fortnight were as follow :—

	Rs.	A.	P.
To Executive Engineer	Nil		
To Zemindars, road cess committees, and others ...	Nil		
For tuccavee advances	1,000	0	0
The local subscription to the relief committee realised up to the date of last narrative	7,025	15	0
During the fortnight	125	0	0
Government contribution	170	0	0
Total ...	7,320	15	0

The following sums have been received from the Central Committee :—

Previous to fortnight	6,000
During the fortnight	6,000
Total ...	12,000

The disbursements are as follows :—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Up to date of last narrative	10,307	14	9
In the fortnight	3,439	4	6
Total ...	13,747	3	3

No. 266, dated Soory, the 15th June 1874.

From—R. D. Hime, Esq., Offg. Collector of Beerbhoom,

To—The Commissioner of Revenue, Burdwan Division.

I have the honor to submit my district narrative for the fortnight ending 13th June.

A.—State of the Country.

Notwithstanding some increase in pauperism, I believe the view expressed in my last narrative to have been correct, and that the state of the country is decidedly improving; I attribute the increase in pauperism, not to an increase of the existing distress, but to an increase in the number of relief-houses, and to the natural tendency of charity to attract its objects. I hear now no complaints of scarcity of rice, and from the continued exportation, and applications made to me to compel holders to open their stores, I judge that there are still considerable stocks in the country. The weather is very favorable to all agricultural operations, and the prospects of the early harvest good. Unfortunately a report seems to have got about, spread I believe by the petty mooktears who obtain fees for writing out petitions and subsequent imaginary services, that Government is about to make advances to all cultivators, and my office is consequently daily swamped by a flood of stout, burly, clamorous fellows, armed each with a shabby scrap of paper in which his modest requirements are set forth, generally Rs. 25. These folk shew no signs of privation, and I believe the same report would produce a like rush in the most prosperous year. Cholera and small-pox are abating. No death from starvation has been reported; and the relief agency continues to work successfully. Two grain robberies occurred during the fortnight. Prices are given in Appendix I. During the fortnight 31 emigrants to Natal, and 6 to Cachar, all of low-caste, were registered.

B.—Relief Works.

No new relief works have been opened during the fortnight. The number of laborers employed on district works of all kinds is given in form C.

C.—Transport of Grain.

Exportation continues, 8,672½ maunds of rice having been exported during the fortnight under review against 7,024½ maunds of the preceding fortnight. 7,213 maunds, 35 seers of Government grain have been received, and are in process of storage and transport; 900 maunds having been allotted to the police for the support of chowkeydars, and the remainder, 5,313 maunds, 35 seers, to charity and advances to zemindars under concession G.

D.—Storage of Grain.

Of the 7,213 maunds 35 seers received, 3,746 maunds 38 seers are partly in process of transport to different centres and police stations, partly already stored at those destinations; 3,439 maunds 35 seers are safely stored at Surool and Bulpore, and 27 maunds 2 seers at Cynthia—*vide* Appendix return II.

E.—Advances to Private Parties

Are shewn in Appendix return III. No advances under concession G have yet been made owing to a difficulty about the rates, which has been made the subject of a separate reference.

F.—Charitable Relief.

Vide Appendix, return IV. Since last report one new relief-house has been opened at Ganotia silk factory, under the supervision of Mr. Jones, manager of that concern. The expenditure up to date is Rs. 24,050-14-4.

G.—Financial Results.

Up to date Rs. 61,365 have been drawn from the treasury on certificates granted under Act XXVI of 1871; Rs. 66,659 have been placed to credit of the Executive Engineer for relief works; Rs. 6,500 have been advanced to Messrs. Farquharson and Campbell of Ilambazar; Rs. 2,504-2 to Mr. Jones of Gonotia; Rs. 750 to Baboo Kishoree Mohun Roy of Naguri; and Rs. 75 to the Munduls of Kuliara, for the construction of roads chargeable to relief; Rs. 1,154-6-6 have been expended on the excavation of the Rajah's tank, and Rs. 4,615-8 placed to credit of the charitable relief fund on account of the Government subscription.

Prices-current of Food-grains and Salt in the District of Beerbhoom for the week ending Saturday the 13th June 1874.

1	2			3			4			5			6			7			8		
DISTRICT.	QUANTITIES PER RUPEE BY THE SEER OF 80 TOLAHS.																				
	WHEAT.			BARLEY.			RICE, BEST SORT.			RICE, COMMON.			GRAM.			FIRE-WOOD.			SALT.		
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
Soory (Sudder Station)	13 0	13 0	16 8	15 0	15 0	19 0	10 0	10 0	18 0	12 0	12 0	21 0	11 8	13 0	23 8	240 0	240 0	.....	8 0	8 0	8 12
Cynthia	15 0	15 0	13 0	.....	.....	.....	11 4	11 4	20 0	12 10	12 10	23 0	16 0	16 0	26 0	.....	.....	.....	8 8	8 8	9 0
Purandarpore	13 0	13 0	18 8	15 0	.....	.....	10 0	10 0	20 0	12 0	12 0	25 0	13 0	13 0	27 0	.....	.....	.....	8 8	8 8	9 0
Futtehpore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	22 0	12 12	13 12	26 0	15 0	15 0	29 0	280 0	280 0	280 0	8 8	8 8	8 14
Bolepore	13 0	12 0	19 0	.....	.....	.....	11 0	11 0	20 0	12 0	12 0	24 0	14 8	13 8	26 0	400 0	400 0	400 0	10 0	10 0	10 0
Doobrajpore	13 8	13 0	17 0	.....	.....	.....	12 0	12 0	16 0	13 0	12 8	20 0	13 0	13 0	23 0	280 0	280 0	.....	9 0	9 0	9 0
Ahmadpore	13 0	14 0	22 0	.....	.....	.....	11 4	11 0	22 0	13 4	13 4	26 0	15 0	16 0	30 0	280 0	280 0	.....	8 4	7 8	9 4
Krinnabar	14 0	14 0	24 0	.....	.....	.....	12 0	12 0	26 0	13 0	13 0	30 0	18 0	18 0	28 0	.....	.....	.....	8 12	8 13	8 8
Rajnagore	12 8	12 8	18 12	.....	.....	.....	11 4	11 0	17 8	12 4	12 0	20 0	13 12	13 0	25 0	.....	.....	.....	8 0	8 0	8 12
Barwan	15 0	15 4	23 8	16 8	16 8	23 0	10 8	10 4	18 8	11 12	11 8	27 0	16 0	16 0	30 0	260 0	260 0	280 0	7 12	7 12	8 12
Average	13 9	13 8	19 11	15 8	15 12	20 8	11 0	10 15	20 3	12 7	12 6	24 1	14 9	14 9	26 10	290 0	260 0	330 0	8 8	8 7	8 14

C.

Abstract Statement of Men, Women, and Children employed on Public Works in the District of Beerbhoom during the 14 *days ending Saturday, the 6th June* 1874.

Serial No. of work.	Name of Work.	Length of road, &c.	Total number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Mean daily number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Number of persons employed on the last of the 14 days.				How long work is likely to give employment.	Remarks.
			Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.		
1	Soory to Nagore	14	188	102	.....	290	13	7	.....	20	14	3	.....	17	½ month.	All are employed at piece-work and in receipt of full wages except about 900 on the Ilambazar-Dooleraipore road on daily wages of one anna for each adult and half anna for each child, of whom no separate return is given by the gentlemen in charge of works.
2	Soory to Cynthia	11	425	42	.....	467	30	3	.....	33	39	.....	.....	39	½ ditto.	
3	Soory to River Adjai	21	267	8	.....	275	19	.....	.....	19	19	.....	.....	19	ditto.	
4	Soory to Ahmadpore	13	261	31	.....	292	18	2	.....	20	19	.....	.....	19	ditto.	
5	Ahmadpore to Loghatta	8	2,992	503	.....	3,495	213	35	.....	248	223	39	.....	262	ditto.	
6	Monpore Road	3	247	.....	.....	247	17	.....	.....	17	14	.....	.....	14	ditto.	
7	Dangal Tank	.....	517	356	.....	873	36	25	.....	61	56	12	.....	68	ditto.	
8	Wells	.....	97	36	.....	133	6	2	.....	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	ditto.	
9	Bolepore to Kasba	7	1,177	1,203	.....	2,380	84	85	.....	169	86	77	.....	163	1 week.	
10	Poorandarpore to River Adjai	20	13,065	9,954	.....	23,019	933	711	.....	1,644	1,027	780	.....	1,807	3 weeks.	
11	Bolepore to Bungochottra	19	12,378	7,858	2,183	22,419	884	561	155	1,600	1,231	207	98	1,536	ditto.	
12	Cynthia to Andee, 1st and 2nd	9	8,929	1,685	.....	10,614	637	120	.....	757	740	135	.....	875	ditto.	
13	Bolepore to Sacoolipore	13	4,493	2,100	.....	6,593	320	150	.....	470	368	236	.....	604	ditto.	
14	Barwan to Panchthoupi	4	3,660	.....	3	3,663	241	.....	.....	261	285	.....	.....	285	ditto.	
15	Mullarpore to Mouressor	8	17,177	2,082	.....	19,259	1,226	148	.....	1,374	1,263	59	.....	1,322	ditto.	
16	Labpore to Kalgram	10	15,880	.....	.....	15,880	1,133	.....	.....	1,133	1,076	.....	.....	1,076	ditto.	
17	Metalling Bolepore to Soorool	3	1,310	643	101	2,054	98	45	7	145	237	40	7	284	1 month.	
18	Dubrajpore to Ilambazar	8	18,264	9,196	5,456	27,916	947	656	389	1,992	929	746	414	2,089	2 months.	
19	Ganutia to Matepore	4	1,979	1,397	761	4,137	141	99	54	294	125	53	23	201	1 week.	Rate of wages paid for full work— As. P.
20	Rajah's Tank	.....	1,473	1,600	.....	3,073	105	114	.....	219	98	105	.....	203	2 weeks.	To each man 2 0
																woman 1 0
																child 0 6
	Total number employed	.....	99,779	38,796	8,364	147,079	7,116	2,768	606	10,484	7,950	2,492	542	10,983		Total amount disbursed in wages during the fortnight, Rs. 22,734-10-6.

APPENDIX, RETURN II.

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the district of Beerbhoom for the fortnight ending 13th June 1874.

1.—Name of circle, Beerbhoom.
2.—Date for which figures are given, 1st to 13th June.
3.—Total allotment of Government grain, 1,000 maunds per week; total received up to date, 7,213 maunds and 35 seers.
4.—Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts, 7,213 maunds and 35 seers.

Total quantity of grain consumed up to date.

5.—By sale to the public or to laborers, none.
6.—By gratuitous distribution in any shape, 3,872 maunds disposed of to charitable committee.
7.—By advances to ryots, none.
8.—By payments in kind to laborers, none.
9.—Total, 3,872 maunds.
10.—Estimated grain receipt of the ensuing fortnight, 2,000 maunds.
11.—Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight, 5,000 maunds in charitable distribution, advances to proprietors under concession G, support of chowkeydars under special orders of Government, and sale to laborers on relief works.

APPENDIX, TABLE III.

Statement showing the number of Applications under the Land Improvement Act XXVI of 1871, up to 13th June 1874.

		Amount. Rs.
Number of applications registered	683 ...	2,82,823
Ditto ditto disposed of ...	681 ...	2,82,373
Ditto ditto granted	231 ...	72,580
Ditto ditto refused	450 ...	2,09,793
Ditto ditto pending	2 ...	450
Ditto of certificates drawn	180 ...	61,365

APPENDIX, STATEMENT IV.

Statement showing the progress of Charitable Relief in the District of Beerbhoom for the fortnight ending 13th June 1874.

Number of committees and sub-committees as yet appointed ...	10
Number of special relief sub-divisions opened and officered ...	20
Number of regular relief circles opened and manned by special officers	12
Number of relief circles opened and manned by planters, zemindars, and other residents	11
Number of work-houses or centres for the distribution of food and gratuitous relief	21
Number of men, women and children (with total) in receipt of gratuitous relief in any shape, through the charitable relief organisation, daily	10,913

Remarks.—Of the total number of the recipients of charitable relief, 1,903 are cotton-spinners, 532 weavers, the former receiving advances of money and cotton, the latter of money and thread; and 628 are employed in light labor on village tanks and roads, leaving 7,850 in receipt of purely gratuitous relief.

R. D. Hime,
Officiating Collector.

No. 469, dated Bankoora, the 15th June 1874.

From—W. R. Larminie, Esq., Offg. Collector of Bankoora,
To—The Commissioner for the Division of Burdwan.

I have the honor to submit my report for the fortnight ending 15th June.

2. *State of the Country.*—The supply of grain is reported sufficient. Prices generally have not altered much, but coarse rice fell considerably during last week, as I have already

reported especially to you. It has again risen slightly, but not to its former standard. The different rates are given below:—

	Rice, best sort	Rice, common	Wheat.	Barley.	Gram.
	M. S. C.	M. S. C.	M. S. C.	M. S. C.	M. S. C.
Bankoora ...	0 10 10	0 12 8 Coarse 0 14 8	0 12 8	0 21 0	0 13 4
Bishenpore ...	0 11 0	0 13 8	0 13 0	0 24 0	0 13 8
Chatua ...	0 12 8	0 13 0	0 13 8	0 17 8	0 13 8
Oudah ...	0 11 0	0 13 0	0 13 0	0 22 0	0 14 0
Gungajulghatty ...	0 11 8	0 12 0	0 13 0	0 18 0	0 14 0
Burjorah ...	0 12 8	0 13 8	0 15 0	.....	0 13 8

3. There have been partial showers all over the district, and the weather has been as favorable as possible for cultivation, except in a very small tract between Mejia and Saltora, where there has not yet been sufficient rain. The aous seedlings are in some places now a foot above ground, and it is stated that seed has already been sown for the amun crop.

4. Mahajuns and others still continue to make advances, but chiefly to the well-to-do ryots. I am glad to say I have succeeded in inducing a good many to advance, who at first hesitated about doing so. On the other hand, several landlords expressed themselves plainly to the effect that they would not advance themselves, and would prefer that no one else did, as they hoped thus to get rid of the small *Mokuridars*. Others offered advances on condition that the ryots gave up certain portions of their hereditary rights. This line of conduct I consider an attempt to take undue advantage of hard times, and have invariably in such cases given advances on the security of the tenure. Speaking generally, whenever ryots apply to me for aid, I put myself in communication with the persons who usually supply their needs, and try to induce them to take advances in order to assist those who require assistance. If they refuse, I deal directly with the applicants.

5. Our special enquiries fully confirm my opinion, long since expressed, that advances would be required, and no form of relief has done, or is doing more *real* and permanent good. On fact tends to show that they are really required. Advances are given in Government grain of a sort called *atali*, having been husked without being boiled. The people here boil their paddy, sometimes twice, before husking, and very much prefer this (which is called *siddho*), to the *atali*. Yet except that one hears a slight grumble, they accept the Government grain freely.

6. Distress is increasing amongst the middle and higher classes, but is met everywhere.

7. No serious grain-theft has been reported, nor have there been any cases of starvation.

8. *Relief works*.—There has been an increase of about 600 in the number employed. This is chiefly due to the decrease in the number employed on works for which tuccavee advances had been given, and partly to the increased strictness which some of the sub-committees are showing in rejecting persons who are able to do a full day's work from the light labor list. The increase is chiefly to be noticed in the Bankoora and Taldangrai, and Maliara and Burjorah roads. The Executive Engineer reports that some of the laborers on the Moheshna road, who are paid by piece-work, work half the day on the road, and the other half at their own fields.

9. I have been able to procure returns in 136 out of 171 works, for which advances were made to private parties. In these about 6,700 persons are daily employed. The total number thus calculated would be about 8,400.

10. *Transport of food*.—Both important imports and exports are reported as having diminished.

11. *Storage of Government grain*.—The accompanying statement will shew what has been done. Part of the last consignment of 1,000 maunds of grain received at Raneegunge had not arrived at the different golahs when their accounts were forwarded. The grain is being very satisfactorily diposed of, and I am taking special care that those who are getting advances in grain should not fail to be supplied. If I have not sufficient to meet the whole grant at once, 25 per cent. is allowed until the store of grain is replenished.

12. There is some difficulty just now in procuring carts, as so many bullocks are employed in ploughing, and except in cases of great emergency no pressure should be put upon owners to supply carriage.

13. *Advances to private parties*—Advances under the Land Improvement Act have been completed, a total sum of Rs. 52,134 having been granted.

14. Advances of grain to the value of Rs. 3,277 have been sanctioned by myself at head-quarters, and there are a number of applications being enquired into, which will be disposed of within a few days. The special relief officer is entirely occupied with this work in pergunnah Moheshra, and is doing it with care and thoroughness.

15. *Charitable Relief*.—I have again to report an increase in the total number receiving gratuitious relief. This is partly due to the opening of some new relief centres, but chiefly to the great increase at head-quarters. This is the more strange, when one knows that no relief centre is more thoroughly supervised. I have myself during the last week, day after day, spent hours in eliminating those who are able to work, and every man, woman, and child has passed before me in review; but I can safely say that those now receiving alms are quite unable to do anything towards supporting themselves. The only reason I can give for this sudden increase here is, that private charity has entirely ceased, partly because the usual

donors are now themselves in distress, and partly because many, seeing Government so willing to supply the needy, feel themselves freed from the obligation to assist.

16. The number brought under class *d*, is I think larger than it ought to be, but it is very difficult to make the necessary distinction between the different classes. No one is admitted into this class except on the written order of a member of the district committee, but I fear that in some instances benevolence out-runs discretion.

17. I may here mention, that the census papers of Bankoora at least, although giving total populations with tolerable accurary, are perfectly untrustworthy in details of occupations &c. as I could shew very easily. It seems, therefore, hardly safe to draw any definite conclusions regarding the actual number of beggars in the district. From my own observations I would estimate it at a much higher figure than that shown in the census returns.

18. The accompanying statement gives detailed information as to the nature and extent of relief given.

Statement of Charitable Relief.

1. One Central Committee.
2. Twenty-five sub-committees.
3. Twenty-eight ,,
4. None.
5. Twenty-eight ,,

Statement showing average daily number relieved during the fortnight.

CLASS B.

	Average.		Average.
Moheshra—		Burjora	644
Mejia	670	Oudah	289
Saltora	678	Taldangra	197
Kustholia... ...	471	Koorpa	72
Pahra	476	Harmasra	238
Tiluri	327	Bishenpore	1,034
Bakulia	461	Joypore	221
Gogra	232	Telishire	183
Doleon	141	Koniamari	124
	3,456	Amdangra	166
Bankoora ...	1,413	Dholeoni	210
Chatua	280	Makra	176
Arrah	546	Chooamosua	121
Teghorea ...	392	Godardihi ... } Just opened.	
Gungajulghatty ...	210	Meliara ... }	
		Total ...	9,972

CLASS C. LIGHT WORK.		CLASS D. RESPECTABLE MEN IN DISTRESS OBTAINING RELIEF.	
Tank work	718	Men	250
Husking	551	Women	311
Weaving	2,202	Children	304
Spinning	138		
Total ...	3,609	Total ...	865

Financial results of the Charitable Relief Fund.

	Heading B.			Heading C.			Heading D.			Total.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Amount expended up to the end of previous fortnight... ...	8,051	9	10	6,703	0	0	50	0	0	14,804	9	10
Ditto this fortnight ...	1,056	10	6	4,698	7	0	100	0	0	5,855	1	6
Total ...	9,108	4	4	11,401	7	0	150	0	0	20,659	11	4

Account of Government Grain for the fortnight ending 15th June 1874.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Name of Circle.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	Total quantity of grain consumed up to date.					Estimated grain receipts of the ensuing fortnight.	Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight
				By sale to the public or to laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advance to ryots.	By payments in kind to laborers.	Total.		
			Mds. S. C.		Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.
Bankoora ...	From 1st June to 13th June 1874.	...	1,771 5 10	.....	1,296 13 10	232 23 4	90 17 2	1,619 14 0	4,000 0 0	4,000 0 0
Gungajulghati	From 5th June to 13th June 1874.	...	256 27 0	.....	99 6 0	157 21 0	.....	256 27 0	.....	.....
Mejia	From 4th June to 13th June 1874.	...	301 30 0	.....	183 20 4	.....	.....	183 20 4	.....	.....
Saltorah ...	From 5th June to 13th June 1874.	...	324 23 8	.....	151 24 4 light work 30 21¼ 0	.....	.....	183 27¼ 0	.....	.....
Total ...	.....	...	2,654 6 2		1,660 27 1	390 4 4	90 17 2	2,241 8 7	4,000 0 0	4,000 0 0

BANKOORA DISTRICT.

Statement of Labor.

No.	Name of Work.	Description of Labor.			Total.
		Men.	Women.	Children.	
1	Bankoora and Sonamookhy Road	16	5	.....	21
2	Ditto to Roghoonathpore	12	4	.....	16
3	Ditto to Beersingpore	13	5	.....	18
4	Station roads	25	15	3	43
5	Bishenpore to Namchura (Jeypore)	62	32	5	99
6	Raneegunge and Midnapore Road (Provincial)	132	63	6	201
7	Ondah and Taldangra Road	71	50	15	136
8	Gungajulghati to Saltora	136	119	14	269
9	Moraloo and Mijia Road	319	135	19	473
10	Municipal work in Bankoora	48	20	.....	68
11	Ditto in Bishenpore	35	22	.....	57
12	Digging tank at Jeypore	75	80	3	158
13	Durlabpore to Mulliara Road	174	146	9	329
14	Malliara to Burjora	185	73	7	265
15	Mejia to Malliarah	207	136	12	355
16	Taldangra Road	382	209	20	611
17	Judpore Road	198	131	16	345
18	Moheshra Road	239	105	16	360
	Total	.....	.....	.....	3,824

Bankoora Collectorate,
The 15th June 1874.

W. R. Larminie,
Offg. Collector.

No. 508F.R., dated Burdwan, the 15th June 1874.

From—E. H. Whinfield, Esq., Offg. Collector of Burdwan,
To—The Commissioner of the Burdwan Division.

I have the honor to submit the Narrative for the fortnight ending to-day.

A.—State of the Country.

2. The Raneegunge Sub-divisional Officer says that the supply of rice at Raneegunge has been much the same as before; that some 5,811 maunds of rice have been imported from the south-east (by rail), and from Midnapore and elsewhere, whereof 1,354 maunds were re-exported by rail; that 2,700 maunds of kalai have been imported; that some Government rice has been imported for Bankoora, and simultaneously a good deal of rice has arrived by the Bankoora road for export by rail; that prices are a little higher, ranging at Raneegunge from Rs 3-10 a maund, best rice (Ramsal), to Rs. 3-2-6 a maund, coarse rice (Midnapore Sali); that prices at Syamdihi in the interior of Assensole thana are about the same, but a little higher at Assensole itself; that the rainfall at Raneegunge itself has been only ·45 inch, but more plentiful in the interior; that the paddy sowings are almost finished, except in the immediate neighbourhood of Raneegunge itself; that there is much difference of opinion as to whether the rains have really set in; that last year the rains did not begin till the 10th July and yet ceased in the third week of September, at which time the probabilities were that the crop would be a full one; that no considerable change has taken place in the condition of the people; that there is no starvation, and no distress amongst the cultivators as a class; that no emigrants have been registered; and that cholera is abating; which goes to show that the exciting cause of this disease this year was the badness of the water-supply.

The Bood-bood Sub-divisional Officer says that the supply of rice in the interior is deficient; that prices are higher; that rain fell on the 3rd, 8th, and 12th; that the sowings of tora (aous) paddy on the banks of the Damoodar are finished, and the seedlings have risen to a considerable height; that the sowing of amun paddy is still going on; that vegetables are doing well, and are cheap; that the other standing crops are til, indigo, and sugarcane; that cholera and small-pox have abated since the late rain; and that a group of villages round Lowa, which is four miles distant from the existing food depôts at Bood-bood, at Potenah, and at Malla Sharool, require additional provision for their relief.

During the fortnight, I have been through the northern part of the Bood-bood subdivision, visiting and inspecting the paupers at the Bhatcomda, the Amerpore, the Raninaggur, and the Bhedia food depôts. I passed through Hedogorea as well, but the food depôt at that place had just been moved to Mowkora. The numbers of persons fed daily at each of these depôts range from 250 to 450. Many of the paupers certainly look very wretched objects, as indeed might be expected, for in these depôts we have gathered together so as to be seen at one view all the misery of the neighbourhood. The eye is at once caught by the anæmic clammy faces of the sufferers from chronic fever, by the maimed and scarred limbs and colorless faces of the lepers (who abound here), by the swollen legs of those suffering from elephantiasis, by the wretched looks of the old women, and by the studiedly miserable appearance of the professional beggars. After the first glance at these assemblages, one is inclined to come to the conclusion that the distress is most severe, and so doubtless it is; but it is not the distress of starvation, but the distress of chronic disease, of leprosy, of old age. When I proceeded to single out the most miserable objects, and question them, I found that in almost every instance they had been fed at the depôts daily for considerable periods. The fact is that no amount of feeding will improve the looks of the unfortunate lepers, chronic fever patients, and old women who are collected in these food depôts. But it is very noticeable that the children (who constitute more than one-half of the numbers fed at these places), as a rule, with few exceptions, look very well. We have two road works going on in this neighbourhood, viz., that from Bhedia to Baisdoho near Senssaharee, and that from Mancoor to join the Paneeghur and Ilambazar road near the Adjai, and as these roads pass mostly over the laterite, we shall be enabled to carry on work on them for some time longer. The two roads and the agricultural work now going on would seem to be sufficient to furnish employment for all who are disposed to work. As for the cultivators, it is true they crowd round Government officers declaring that they have no seed-grain, no bullocks, and no rice to eat and indeed in some villages all, from the Baboo to the beggar, affirm and asseverate that no rice is to be had at any price. This, no doubt, would be a very alarming state of things, if one believed it. But every test applied seems to show that these asseverations cannot be believed. In the first place, just the same asseverations were made to me when I visited this neighbourhood in March last. In the second place, though I offered to advance the applicants sums of money, varying from Rs. 100 to 250, to buy seed-grain on condition of their executing joint security bonds to repay the advance at the end of 1875, as provided in His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor's minute of 20th April last, they haggled about the terms and in no instance as yet have they come forward to take the money; in the third place, when the subject of the paddy sowings was broached, not of course by direct questions, but circuitously, it appeared that sowings were going on and in point of fact I saw the paddy plants well above the ground in several places; lastly, when asked whether any deaths had occurred from starvation, I invariably got the answer given in the tones of one making an unpleasant admission that no one had died from starvation, though it was added deaths would have occurred had it not been for the "hotels," as they call the food depôts. The fixed idea amongst all these people seems to be that the Government must relieve them all gratuitously and entirely on their own terms, if they only cry out long and loud enough, and every visit of inspection paid to each village intensifies this belief.

The Cutwa Sub-divisional Officer states that prices continue much the same as before; that when the Government rice was stored at Cutwa the price of rice at once fell, the bunniahs being under the impression that it was to be sold to the public, and this checked importation from the interior where better prices were obtainable; that prices returned to their former level on its becoming known that the Government rice was only to be used for relief purposes; that the importation of paddy has slackened; that seed-grain is easily procurable; that rain has fallen in Cutwa and Ketugram thanas; that the early paddy and sugarcane are growing fairly, and the amun seedlings have been sown in nurseries; that distress is most severe in the north and north-west of Thana Ketugram, *i.e.*, on the north of the Adjai; that the activity in litigation and easy realization of rent decrees noticed in the last report do not prove that there is no distress because many substantial and well-to-do persons withheld their payments of rent this year on the plea of the scarcity, and it is these persons who are now paying so easily the sums decreed; that notwithstanding this, distress is now spreading to the upper classes, and large numbers of persons flock to the office neglecting their cultivation in order to obtain advances; that it was only the people of Boharan who refused to work on the roads, but in all other places the people are anxious to have road works commenced in the vicinity of their villages.

Dr. French has visited Cutwa during the fortnight, and inspected the paupers collected at the Cutwa Food Depôt, and the following are his remarks thereon.

"*Cutwa*, 11*th June* 1874.

"*Food Relief.*—Being on inspection duty in this sub-division, I visited the food relief depôt this evening. I saw about 300 people fed, the majority of whom consisted of women

and children. I saw some lepers and others debilitated by disease, but I did not find a single one whose attenuated frame could be set down to starvation. Many, in fact most of the children, were plump and very healthy looking I saw some who had recently come from a long distance to be fed at the depôt, but they bore no signs of having suffered from starvation. Fever appears to me to have been the skeleton-producing cause. Those individuals who were receiving gratuitous relief, were fit subjects for charity. All the others produced a small yellow ticket showing that they were employed on relief works. The food consisted of 8 chittacks of rice, 1 chittack of dal, and 2 chittacks of vegetables per head. Owing to the large number of children this quantity per adult is sufficient, as the children do not eat more than half of their allowance, and the other half goes to the adults. If in any depôt there are very few or no children, I do not consider 8 chittacks per head sufficient.

"The food was well cooked, and I heard no complaints.

"The chief relief work is the excavation of a tank. Each workman or woman gets one cowree per basket of earth in addition to the daily diet; others collect *kunkur* which is saleable in the place. The working of the depôt is satisfactory."

Regarding the Sudder Sub-division, the District Superintendent of Police reports that the supply of rice is abundant in all the six thanas; that the price of good rice varies from 10 pucca seers per rupee in Burdwan thana to 12½ pucca seers per rupee in Indoss, and the price of coarse rice from 13 seers to 15 seers in Indoss; that the stocks in hand are considerable; that the recent rain has done much good; that there is some distress, but no deaths from starvation have occurred, and no thefts of grain except in Sahebgunge.

As reported in the last Narrative, distress appears to be making its appearance in Khondghose south of the Damoodar, and some food depôts have been set going in that neighbourhood to relieve it. There is nothing new to report of Sahebgunge.

The Culna Sub-divisional Officer says that the supply of Dohonagra, Rashi, Rakum, Nona, and Bada rice in the bazars is abundant; that prices vary from Rs. 3-6 to 3-4 a maund; that the stocks in hand are believed to be considerable; that 3·58 inches of rain fell in the fortnight; that the prospects of the crops are favorable; that agricultural work is going on actively; that the importation of rice and paddy has slackened, and hence prices have risen two annas a maund; that the poorer classes are distressed; that cholera and small-pox still linger on here and there; that no death from starvation has hitherto come to notice, and no paddy thefts have occurred.

The Jehanabad Sub-divisional Officer says that the rainfall has been copious and general; that sowings are being carried on actively; that the standing sugarcane is doing well; that the supply of rice in the bazars is abundant; that prices continue about the same; that stocks are by no means exhausted, but are withheld from the markets in the hope of higher prices; that seed-grain is everywhere abundant, and sells at 22 seers per rupee; that there has been no change in the condition of the people; that there is no cholera; that no deaths from starvation, cases of misery, or grain thefts have occurred; that the number of beggars is increasing, but alms are harder to obtain—beggars who used to collect 2½ seers of rice a day, now getting only 8 chittacks or so.

The chief event of the fortnight has been the heavy and general rainfall, and most people seem to think that the rainy season has set in. If this really is so, it perhaps forms a ground for apprehension that the rains may cease too soon. The following table shows the average monthly rainfall in the first six months of the last ten years compared with actual monthly rainfall in the present year:—

Month.	Average rainfall in last ten years.	Rainfall in 1874
January	0 80	1·32
February	0·59	3 91
March	1·20	1·98
April	2 90	1·69
May	4·67	3·72
June	9·55	2·16 (up to 14th June.)
Total ...	19·21	14·78

B.—Relief Works.

3. These are shown in Statement No. I. Earth-work must of course soon be stopped in the alluvial portion of the district, but turfing and metalling will continue to afford work for some time to come; and in the laterite portion of the district (Raneegunge and part of Boodbood) road works may continue to be carried on for a considerable time. The survey and acquisition of the land required for the Doorgapore and Kuldiha road in Raneegunge are progressing. I saw the works on two of the Bood-bood roads during the fortnight, and they appeared to be progressing satisfactorily, and no complaints were made by the coolies. The number of coolies employed on the Cutwa roads has decreased owing to completion of two roads, and the occupation given by cultivation. Nearly 5,000 persons are employed in Cutwa in collecting ghooting and kunkur with which it is proposed to metal the Burdwan and Cutwa road during the rains.

C.—Transport of Food

4. During the first week in June, beyond which returns have not been received, 9,431 maunds were exported by rail from the district, and 7,673 maunds imported. The importations to Barrakur appear to have come to an end. The Raneegunge Sub-divisional Officer says there was great difficulty in getting carts to convey the Government rice to Bankoora and also in getting boats for the Manbhoom rice. The import of rice into Bood-bood from Bankoora and Midnapore has been checked by the rise of the Damoodar.

D.—Storage of Grain.

5. Up to date about 4,000 maunds of Government grain have been received, of this 2,000 maunds have been stored in one of the Railway Bungalows at Khanoo, where the Station Master, Mr. Perkins, has rendered great assistance. About 1,200 maunds have been sent to Cutwa, and the remainder has been sent to Borobelloon, Narigram, Kistonuggur, and elsewhere, for supply of food depôts and advances. The rice appears to be of good quality, but imperfectly husked. The statement of storage and consumption (No. II) required by Government letter No. 3369—S.R., dated 26th ultimo, accompanies.

E—Advances to Private Persons.

6. Statements III and IV show the advances to private persons under the Land Improvement Act, and to land owners and ryots in grain or for purchase of grain. The utmost unwillingness to give joint bonds for repayment of these advances continues to be shown, and I have in my No. 214,* dated 6th June current, recommended that some concession should be made of the nature indicated in my last Narrative. To cite one instance, 45 maunds of grain were sent out to Borobelloon in compliance with most urgent applications, but when the rice was there the ryots flatly refused to execute a joint security bond for it, and there it lies. Of the numerous applicants for advances, who present themselves day after day in my cutcherry, a large proportion turn away at once when they hear of this condition as to joint security, and many more who assent to it on the spur of the moment are found to have altered their minds when an officer goes to their village to make the necessary arrangements, as their need is not so pressing as to induce them to agree to this unpalatable arrangement. Under the discretion allowed me in Government letter No. 3369—S.R, dated 26th ultimo, I have authorized the Cutwa and Bood-bood Deputy Collectors to make advances of cash at the rate of Rs 100 to 200 per village for the purchase of seed-grain. At present prices these sums will buy from 200 to 400 maunds of seed paddy, and as it takes only six seers to sow a beegha, these amounts would form very handsome "grants-in-aid" of the seed-grain at present procurable in the villages. But no advances have yet been made under this arrangement, the difficulty as to joint security still standing in the way.

* Your reply thereto has just reached me. E. W.

E.—Charitable Relief.

7. The particulars of the charitable relief now being given, and the expenditure thereon are shown in Statements V and VI. There is nothing new to report except that one or two new food depôts have been opened in the Sudder sub-division during the fortnight, and that under a recent resolution of the District Relief Committee, clothes have been distributed to the paupers Persons of a superior class are relieved by doles of uncooked rice from the food depôts, and by advances for spinning, weaving, husking paddy. A large quantity of the coarse cloth woven under these arrangements has been used for distribution to the paupers. Relief in cash has also been given in many cases. Arrangements are in progress for buying Rs. 1,000 worth of seed-grain for gratuitous distribution to chowkidars and others who have no property to pledge as security for advance.

The special Statement VII of relief given to respectable persons required by Government letter No. 3216—S.R., dated the 19th May 1874, is annexed.

Statement shewing progress of works in the Burdwan District for the Fortnight ending 13th June 1874.

Names of roads.	Work done in cubic feet			Average daily number of laborers.	Rate of wages	Price of rice
	Up to 30th May 1874.	During the fortnight	Total up to date			
					Rs. A P. Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P
Culna road ...	2,825,000	...	2,825,000	.....	.....	...
Assensole to Domohane road ..	1 065,000	.....	1,065,000		....	
Bankoora road ...	1,388,500	...	1,388,500	... ..	.	... ...
Searsole to Domohane road	1,830,000	..	1,830,000	.. .	....	
Buddipore road ...	600,000	50,000	650,000	200	0 2 6	3 0 0 per kutcha md
Burdwan to Sooree road	8,115,500	605,000	8,720,500	552	0 2 0	17 seers per rupee.
Kurjoora to Moorshedabad road ...	4,609,512		4,609,512	.	.. ...	
Old Benares road	2 200,000	100,000	2,300 000	343	0 2 0	3 0 0 per kutcha md
Kanoo Junction to Shahebgunge road	3,025,525	530 987	3,556,512	508	0 2 0	17 seers per rupee
Bood-bood to Soonamookhi road	2,374,522	181,750	2,509,272	626	0 2 0	12 ditto.
Undal to Wookrah road	807,000	451,000	1,258,000	371	0 2 0	3 6 0 per pucca md
Raneegunge to Bahusole road	92,000		92,000		...	
Setarampore to Samdehi road .	179,000	198,000	377,000	200	0 2 0	3, 6 0 per pucca md.
Howrah to Sillah road .. .	847,317	1,286 650	2,133,067	1,357	0 2 0	12 seers per rupee
Doorgapore to Kooldia road .	129,277	616,127	745,404	332	0 2 0	13 ditto
Rajbund to Gopalpore road	158,273	160,670	318,943	107	0 2 0	13 ditto.
Cutwa to Sooree road ...	712,000	633,580	1,345,580	660	0 2 0	17 ditto
Bhedia to Baidah road ..	1,072,520	960,997	2,012,517	944	0 2 0	17 ditto.
Munglecote to Sreekhund road	1,012,500	1,010,050	2,022,550	1,039	0 2 0	17 ditto
Dignuggur to Gulsee road	1,744,482	200,000	1,944,482	221	0 2 0	14 ditto
Khundughose to Indra road .		1,800,000	1,800,000	300	0 2 0	14 ditto.
Burdwan to Bankoora road .		306,810	306,810	200	0 2 0	15 ditto

Names of roads.	Work done in cubic feet. Up to 30th May 1874.	During the fortnight.	Total up to date.	Average daily number of laborers.	Rate of wages.	Price of rice.
In charge of Bood-bood Sub-divisional Officer.						
Dismugger to Gulsee	868,450	.....	868,450	.....	.....	.....
Mancoor to Omerpore, *vid* Bhatsomda.	583,475	671,300	1,254,775	509	2 0 0 per 1,000 cubic feet.	14 seers per rupee.
11 tanks in Pattroshore	499,197	167,910	667,107	425	0 1 8	13 ditto.
1 tank in Sonamookhi	43,268	.....	43,268	.....	.....	.....
In charge of Culna Sub-divisional Officer.						
Culna and Pandooa, *viâ* Kooltia ...	44,215	.....	44,215	.....	.....	.....
Culna and Cutwa road near Mirzapore.	87,401	.....	87,401	.....	.....	.....
Beharhat road	100,705	.....	100,705	.....	.....	.....
Sham Raipara road	2,081	.....	2,081	.....	.....	.....
Bamaon to Khunpore	.....	.....	.....	312	.....	.....
Culna to Cutwa road (part) ...	23,700	.....	23,700	.....	.....	.....
Culna to Colliamporo	32,675	.....	32,675	.....	.....	.....
Road north and south of Matchanga	Half of whole length.			22	.....	.....
Kooroory and Singera road	Measurement is not taken in cubic feet.			25	0 1 6	12 seers per rupee.
In charge of Ranegunge Sub-divisional Officer.						
Monglepore road	40,775	.....	40,775	.....	.....	.....
Baboolsole road.	27,478	.....	27,478	.....	.....	.....
Excavation of Hatibund tank	147,476	58,103	205,579	1,132	0 3 0 per 100 c. ft.	12½ seers per rupee.
In charge of Jehanabad Sub-divisional Officer, Jehanabad Union.						
Basdebpore road	82,000	.....	82,000	.....	.....	.....
Basuntpore road	85,000	.....	85,000	.....	.....	.....
Soopore road	54,000	.....	54,000	.....	.....	.....
Tyrole road	81,000	.....	81,000	.....	.....	.....
Ramcoonpokhur road	10,000	.....	10,000	.....	.....	.....
Khottaghat road	7,000	.....	7,000	.....	.....	.....
Strand road	190,000	.....	190,000	.....	.....	.....
Chandoor road	25,000	.....	25,000	.....	.....	.....
Katcharee tank	154,042	11,998	166,040	15	0 4 0 to 0 6 0 per 100 cubic feet.	13 seers per rupee.
Moonsif Baboo's Lane	750	.....	750	.....	.....	.....
(*Balli Union.*)						
Sudder road	164,325	.....	164,325	.....	.....	.....
Nootunbazar road	26,000	.....	26,000	.....	.....	.....
Chilgram road	.....	30,000	30,000	40	0 4 0 to 0 6 0 per 100 cubic feet.	13½ seers per rupee.
(*Kotulpore Union.*)						
Srirampore to Julti	97,000	20,000	117,000	25	0 2 0 to 0 2 6 per 100 cubic feet.	13½ Ditto.
Ditto to Bamoonaree	97,630	5,000	102,630	10	0 2 0 to 0 2 6 per 100 cubic feet.	13½ Ditto.
Kotulpore Road	77,000	.....	77,000	.....	.....	.....
Lukhun Bandaries road	.....	2,000	2,000	10	0 2 0 to 0 2 6 per 100 cubic feet.	13½ Ditto.
Shyambazar Union.						
Shyambazar and Krishtogunge road	91,091	.....	91,091	.....	.....	.....
Simlapookur road	365,342	7,000	372,342	20	0 2 0 to 0 2 6 per 100 cubic feet.	13½ seers per rupee.
Krishtogunge road	205,309	.....	205,309	.....	.....	.....
Gossaipookur tank	95,000	40,000	135,000	70	0 4 0 to 0 6 0 per 100 cubic feet.	13½ seers per rupee
Woodoyrajpore road	117,000	.....	117,000	.....	.....	.....
Bajpara road	52,500	.....	52,500	.....	.....	.....
Poran Pal's tank to Narain Laha's tank, *i.e.*, from Sripore to Khamarpore.	122,019	.....	122,019	.....	.....	.....
Narain Laha's tank and khal ...	49,953	.....	49,953	.....	.....	.....
Newtonbazar road	36,643	.....	36,643	.....	.....	.....
Gopal Biswas' house to Narain Laha's tank.	20,728	.....	20,728	...	.....	.....
Horidass's tank to Haldarpookur ...	2,137	.....	2,137	.....	.....	.....
Poran Chukerbutty's Bokoltolla to Kartic Laha's house.	6,000	.....	6,000	.....	.....	.....
Kalitola road	.....	2,000	2,000	10	0 2 0 to 0 2 6 per 100 cubic feet.	13½ seers per rupee.
Debkhund to Santipore road ...	220,040	20,000	240,040	40	0 2 0 to 0 2 6 per 100 cubic feet.	Ditto.
In charge of Cutwa Sub-divisional Officer.						
Cutwa to Bolepore, *via*, Billessoro...	2,092,038½	578,915	2,670,953½	148		
Shyambazar road	1,588,628	300,546	1,889,109	87		
Munglecote road	509,834	.....	509,834	.....		
Ketoogram road	602,372	58,752	661,124	142	0 2 0 per adult male.	
Woodhunpore to Siloore road ...	5,138	25,151	30,289	48	0 1 6 per woman.	3 12 0 per maund.
Bhowsing to Patooli road	181,415	145,157	326,572	82	0 1 0 per child.	
Bijnagore road	468,395	.....	468,395	.....		
Badshai road	.....	321,322	321,322	154		
Balootia road	.....	69,452	69,452	143		
In charge of Equitable Coal Company.						
Doobrajpore road	.....	.....	.....	27	.....	.....
In charge of Executive Engineer, Northern Drainage and Embankment Division.						
Kana Nuddi Works	.....	.....	.....	171	0 2 0 to 0 3 0	12½ seers per rupee.
Joojooty Works	.....	.....	.....	528	0 2 0 to 0 3 0	Ditto.
Edilpore Sub-division	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	13 seers per rupee.
Embankment repairs	.....	.....	.....	56	.....	.....
Total ...	45,211,248½	11,607,157	56,818,405½	11,028*	.....	

* Decrease owing to completion of some works, and demand for ploughmen, &c.

BURDWAN,
The 15th June 1874.

E. H. WHINFIELD,
Chairman, District Relief Committee, Burdwan.

II.

Name of Circle.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	Total quantity of grain consumed up to date				Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight	
				By gratuitous distribution in any shape	By advances to ryots.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.		
		Mds Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds Srs Ch	Mds. Srs Ch	Mds. Srs Ch.	Mds. Srs Ch.	Mds.	
Burdwan ...	For the fortnight ending 15th June 1874.	918 0 0	918 0 0*	582 0 0	65 0 0	.. ...	647 0 0	5,000	8,000 maunds to be stored in Bood bood, 2,000 maunds in Gooskora, and 10,000 maunds in Burdwan, out of which Cutwa will be supplied.
Bood-bood ...		2,000 0 0	2,000 0 0	664 0 0	40 20 0		704 20 0	10,000	
Cutwa		1,164 20 0	1,164 20 0	449 26 0	...	282 11 0	731 37 0	5,000	
Ranegunge		.....	.....	.. ..	.....	.....	.. ...		
Jehanabad ..		.....	.. ..	.....	.	.....	.....		
Total		4,082 20 0	4,082 20 0	1,695 26 0	105 20 0	282 11 0	2,083 17 0		

* Stored at Khannoo.

Besides this 500 maunds of rice has been stored by the District Committee from the Charitable Funds, and Rs. 4,000 has been given to distressed women of different villages for husking

E H. Whinfield,
Offg. Collector.

Statement shewing the progress made in disposing of applications for advances under Act XXVI of 1871 during the Fortnight ending 15th June 1874.

Name of District.	Applications received.						Applications rejected.						Applications granted.						Applications pending.		Advances during the fortnight.						Remarks
	Up to the end of 1st June.		During the fortnight.		Total.		Up to the end of 1st June.		During the fortnight.		Total.		Up to the end of 1st June.		During the fortnight.		Total.				Up to the end of 1st June.		During the fortnight.		Total.		
	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	
Burdwan	225	1,46,529		.	225	1,46,529	130	86,457	2	2,000	132	88,457	81	34,995	1	700	82	35,695	11	22,377	65	25,495	.....	.....	65	25,495	Bills to the amount of Rs. 66,319 have been enfaced and passed by this office up to the 13th June 1874.
Raneegunge	163	42,654	... ...	.....	163	42,654	50	16,961	3	1,100	53	18,061	52	10,054	.....	.....	52	10,054	58	14,539	41	8,209	2	745	43	8,954	
Bood-bood	219	85,039	.....	.....	219	85,039	139	54,814	3	150	142	55,864	58	17,991	.....	.....	58	17,991	19	11,184	37	13,174	7	1,401	44	14,575	
Cutwa	105	41,640	.....	.....	105	41,640	79	35,115	... ..	.....	79	35,115	26	6,525	.....	.....	26	6,525	.....	.....	9	1,525	1	250	10	1,775	
Culna	91	40,300	.....	. ....	91	40,300	31	16,875	5	600	36	17,475	42	13,875	.....	.....	42	13,875	13	8,950	35	10,675	1	150	36	10,825	
Jehanabad	44	18,025	. .	.....	44	18,025	30	13,275	4	1,900	34	15,175	9	2,700	... ..	.....	9	2,700	1	150	9	2,700	.....	.....	9	2,700	
Total ...	847	3,74,187	..	... ..	847	3,74,187	459	2,23,497	13	5,750	476	2,30,147	268	86,140	1	700	269	86,840	102	57,200	96	61,778	11	2,546	207	64,324	

Burdwan Collectorate,

The 15th June 1874.

E. H. Whinfield,

Offg. Collector.

IV.

Statement shewing the progress made in disposing of applications for advances during the Fortnight ending 15th June 1874.

Names of District.	Applications received.						Applications rejected.						Applications granted.						Applications pending.		Advances during the week.						Remarks.
	Up to the end of June.		During the week.		Total.		Up to the end of June.		During the week.		Total.		Up to the end of June.		During the week.		Total.				Up to the end of June.		During the week.		Total.		
	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	
Burdwan	137	14,014	20	4,268	157	18,282	31	5,367	16	650	47	6,017	.....	.....	8	.....	8	.....	103	12,265	.....	.....	.....	.....	...	.....	
Raneegunge	13	2,070	16	4,205	29	6,610	1	150	.....	....	1	150	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	28	6,460	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Bood-bood	32	9,889	5	2,804	37	12,693	6	1,632	1	431	7	1,463	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	30	11,230	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Cutwa	654	57,636	89	16,326	743	74,012	600	37,250	1	200	601	38,130	3	4,400	2	275	5	4,675	137	31,207	2	400	2	275	4	675	
Culna	5	3,400	2	900	7	4,300	.....	.....	2	500	2	500	1	1,000	3	1,800	4	2,800	1	1,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Jehanabad	2	1,100	10	2,870	12	3,970	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	12	3,970	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Total ...	843	88,159	142	31,373	985	1,19,867	638	44,479	20	1,781	658	46,260	4	5,400	13	2,075	17	7,475	310	66,132	2	400	2	275	4	675	

Burdwan Collectorate,

The 15th June 1874.

E. H. Whinfield,

Offg. Collector.

V.

Statement shewing Charitable Relief.

Sub-divisions.	Number of Committees and Sub-Committees.	Number of relief circles opened and manned.	Number of relief circles opened and manned by planters.	Number of work-houses or centres for distribution of food and gratuitous relief	Number of persons in receipt of gratuitous relief.				Number of weavers and others to whom advances have been made	Amount spent in purchasing articles for advance or giving advance.	Remarks
					Men.	Women.	Children.	Total			
										Rs A. P.	
Burdwan ...	District Committee, 1; Sub-Committees, 59.	1	.....	14, of which 6 fever food-depôts, and 1 of Maharajah	105	361	317	783 900 1,200	125	783 9 0	
	Total ...	.....	.....	....	.....	.....	.....	2,783			
Culna ...	Sub-divisional Committee, 1; Sub-Committees, 30.	.....	.....	5, of which 1 fever food-depôt, and 1 of Maharajah	604	102	509	1,215 32 1,000	.....	.....	716 men are working on 17 tanks and roads.
	Total ...	.....	.....	....	...	.....	...	2,247			
Raneegunge	Sub-divisional Committee, 1; Sub-Committees, 23.	2	.....	8	244	538	286	1,068	.....	25 0 0	41 village tanks and roads are under work.
Cutwa ...	Sub-divisional Committee, 1; Sub-Committees, 34.	1	.....	13	184	731	849	1,764	.....	.....	Returns from the 5 food-depôts lately opened not received.
Jehanabad	Sub-divisional Committee, 1; Sub-Committees, 42.	....	.....	1 fever food-depôt ..	.....	.....	-	35	92	475 0 0	
Bood-bood ...	Sub-divisional Committee, 1; Sub-Committees, 32.	1	.....	28, of which 1 of Maharajah	535	1,938	2,281	4,754 1,000			
	Total ...	..	....	....	.....	.....	.....	5,754			
	District Committee 1; Sub-divisional Committees 5; Sub-Committees 223.										
	Total ...	5	.....	69	1,672	3,670	4,242	13,651*	217	1,283 0	* Besides 1,731 persons fed as shewn in Statement No. VII.

BURDWAN COLLECTORATE,
The 15th June 1874.

E. H. WHINFIELD,
Offg. Collector.

VI.

Statement of the Charitable Relief Fund up to 13th June 1874.

Sub-Divisions	Local subscription realised.	Local subscription realised.	Amount realised, doubled by Government.	Remittance from Central or District Relief Committee.	Total of columns 4 and 5.	Expenditure.	Balance	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs A. P	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Burdwan ...	8,116 8 0	6,614 0 0	13,228 0 0	40,000 0 0	.....	*16,388 8 0	11,339 8 0	* The expenditure in the sudder subdivision is larger than elsewhere, because —
Raneegunge ...	1,899 0 0	1,899 0 0	3,798 0 0	.....	.....	7,308 8 9	1,739 7 3	1st.—Rs. 4,000 have been expended on the purchase of rice mostly used in Bood-bood.
Culna ...	5,900 0 0	3,857 0 0	7,714 0 0	.....	.....	3,809 4 3	4,904 11 9	2nd.—A large proportion of the Cutwa and Bood-bood expenditure has been met from the sudder.
Jehanabad ...	1,936 0 0	1,460 8 0	2,921 0 0	.....	.....	2,548 8 7	1,872 7 5	
Bood-bood ...	1,037 0 0	1,012 8 0	2,025 0 0	.....	.....	12,662 15 9½	1,862 0 2½	
Cutwa ...	1,226 0 0	921 1 0	1,842 2 0	.....	.....	5,860 11 3	1,231 6 9	
Total ...	20,114 8 0	15,764 1 0	31,528 2 0	40,000 0 0	71,528 2 0	48,578 8 7½	22,949 9 4½	

Burdwan Collectorate,
The 15th June 1874.

E. H. Whinfield,
Offg. Collector.

VII.

Statement of relief given to respectable persons required by Government letter No. 3261S.R., dated 19th May 1874.

	Husking	Spinning	Gratuitously	Total	Remarks
Pollasdanga	.....	40	100	140	
Tasoolee	... ..	45	20	65	
Keshobnaggore ...	.....	80	143	223	
Pottoshpore	.....	10	20	30	
Gulshee	.....	20	100	120	
Khanno	.....	50	70	120	
Joykissenpore ...	20	30	40	90	
Kolekole	.....	20	50	70	
Eral	.....	10	30	40	
Bhedia	.....	147	.....	147	
Ramnaggore	.....	30	20	50	
Omerpore	.....	10	20	30	
Sonamookhi	.. ...	....	10	10	
Jearah	.....	10	50	60	
Hargram	.....	.. ...	50	50	
Shor	.....	20	50	70	
Shibbatee	125	15	.....	140	
Ramchunderpore ...	15	10	.....	25	
Mirzapore	.....	10	.....	10	
Chotekhondo	.....	15	... ..	15	
Ryan	.. ...	12	.....	12	
Koroi	.....	.....	122	122	
Cutwa*	.....	...	80	80	* No statements have been received. But it cannot be less than 300.
Ichapore	.....	12	.....	12	
Total ...	160	596	975	1,731	

E. H. Whinfield,
Offg. Collector.

No. 1743, dated Chota Nagpore, the 9th June 1874.

From—Colonel E. T. Dalton, C.S.I., Commissioner of Chota Nagpore,
To—C. Bernard, Esq., Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

I have the honor to submit my half-monthly narrative for the fortnight ending this day, Monday, 8th June.

2. The narrative of the Deputy Commissioner of Hazareebagh for the month of May last, and the half-monthly narrative of the Deputy Commissioner of Manbhoom for the last fortnight of that month, are in the hands of Government, and that of the Lohardugga district and Palamow are submitted herewith; all these reports contain ample details of the operations, which I consider it unnecessary to recapitulate, district by district I will, on this occasion, give a more general view of the work done in the division and the results.

3. These results are on the whole very satisfactory. The intelligence from every quarter shows that the present condition of the people is quite as good as it ever is at this time of the year in the most favorable seasons, and I have every reason to hope that the arrangements made for maintaining them in that condition will prove sufficient It is frequently remarked that the people generally, especially the children, look unusually sleek and well fed, and that a confidence has been engendered which imparts to most of them a cheerful look.

4. To attain this we have doubtless paid heavily, and though it is impossible on such emergencies to practise strict economy, yet I think that the roads constructed as relief works will, for the most part, prove permanently useful (though some no doubt may remain incomplete till the next dearth), and the irrigation projects will, it is expected, materially add to the food-supplies in future years.

5. Since my last report we have had copious rain in all the districts So far as agricultural prospects are concerned, this has been an unalloyed benefit. The crops sown have rapidly sprung up under its fertilizing influence, and the softened ground is readily prepared for further cultivation. People are leaving the relief works by thousands, and it is expected that when the orders of Government for payment in rice are fully carried out, we shall have comparatively few left, and many of the works must be closed.

6. It is high time for this to take place. Wherever the daily wage system was in force, the numbers seeking this means of obtaining subsistence daily increased, till before the close of last month they had reached 62,003, excluding Singhbhoom, and the farmers were beginning to complain that the laborers would not come to them. I have no official returns of what has since taken place, but from demi-official letters I learn that an enormous reduction has been effected, and I have grounds for asserting that not half the above number are now employed.

Palamow	...	24,000
Hazareebagh	...	23,003
Manbhoom	...	15,000
Total	...	62,003

7. The chief defection has been in Palamow, where we probably got less work from the laborers than elsewhere. All were on the daily wage system, and there was a great want of good supervision. I have not yet received any report on the works executed, but I know that the proportion of women and children to adult males was excessive, and that the zemindars were of opinion that the workpeople were paid high for the return in labor which they gave. On six roads in the circle under Lieutenant Grey the reduction of rates and introduction of piece-work caused a defection which brought down the numbers from 5,980 to 980, and a letter of the 6th instant from Mr. Forbes tells me that a similar result has attended the change of system in the eastern half of the sub-division. The people leave the work in good condition, and the farmers are now ready and able to employ and feed them.

8. In paragraph 10 of my narrative for the first half of last month, I noticed the great number of people employed under Mr. Peppé, the manager on the Dhunwar Embankment. It was manifest that the work would be a most costly undertaking if carried on as Mr. Peppé was working it; he was directed to introduce piece-work gradually, and subsequently to pay in kind; the result is that he has been left with only his light-labor gang. This, I think, will prove only a temporary desertion, and it is to be hoped so, for the work is likely to prove of great value to the estate.

9. In Manbhoom I do not expect so great a reduction at least for some time, as out of the 15,025 laborers returned, 11,589 work under contractors, and they no doubt have always been made to give a full day's work for a full day's pay. The remainder are all on piece-work, except the light-labor gangs.

10. I have not yet said anything of Singhbhoom, as we have no return of the number of laborers employed in the Kolhan. It is there, however, all piece-work by families. The head of the house has a certain task allotted to him for which this year he was paid in advance. He may take his own time about its completion. Under this system very honest work is obtained. There are still large gangs of laborers employed on irrigation works in the Dhulbhoom estate, now under Court of Wards. The latest return gave 4,371. The pay is very low, being 1 anna for an adult male, 9 pies for a woman, 6 pies for a child.

11. If the people all forsake the works when rice is offered to them instead of pice, we shall have some difficulty in getting rid of our stock; but those who are in want, and cannot get work on the farms, are sure to return.

12. Considering the condition and population of the two districts, Manbhoom with a million inhabitants, and Palamow with less than half a million, there has been from the first a disproportionate number of persons employed on roads, &c., in the latter district, but in the number of people who are in receipt of gratuitous relief the proportion is all the other way. The classes in Manbhoom who will not labor for hire have greatly increased since last famine, and I suspect will have nearly disappeared by the next. The relaxations in regard to the issue of food gratuitously will cause this. In Palamow the agricultural class when hard pressed, male and female, go on the roads without scruple. In Manbhoom they will do nothing, and require to be fed at home. I notice in Colonel Rowlatt's report an extract from one by Mr. R. D. Hare, informing us that he had been at pains to establish a "Bhoomij Hotel," that is a feeding place for the indigenes, so called, where all the cooking was done by their own people. Now that it is ready they will not avail themselves of it.

13. We knew before that the Santhals had an objection to Brahmin cooks, the Bhoomij are now for the first time objecting to take the prepared food, and won't have it, no matter by whom it is cooked.

14. Except in Manbhoom, the expenditure on relief administered through the sub-committees is very trifling, and it is probable that the Central Committee, notwithstanding the *remarkably* liberal offers in their circular No. 147 of the 26th ultimo, will not be asked for more money except by the committee sitting in Purulia. I doubt if the other district committees will have occasion to spend to the extent of the subscriptions *locally* raised.

15. The total number of persons in receipt of relief through sub-committees I cannot give, as I do not find this information in the Hazareebagh or Palamow reports. In Singhbhoom there is no gratuitous relief, but in Manbhoom there are more thousands than there are hundreds for the rest of the division. Colonel Rowlatt gives 8,579. Judging from incidental notices in the reports, I do not think that Palamow and Hazareebagh make up 800 between them. Of the number given above for Manbhoom, 4,161 were receiving uncooked and 3,677 cooked food, and 741 assisted in other ways. I am very desirous that in all cases where it is possible, some return for what is given should be exacted; the Manbhoom report gives no statistics of such returns. Though I am aware that the principle is not overlooked there, it appears to me that this should meet with more attention than it does. Under recent orders the cooked food test is greatly relaxed, and if the relief given to persons not beggars by profession is made entirely eleemosynary, the effect must in my opinion be most demoralizing.

16. In a previous narrative I noticed the arrangements made by Lieutenant Henry Grey at Hosenabad, in the Palamow sub-division, to afford relief to Mahomedan females of good family, where, by sale of articles manufactured in-doors by the recipients, the cost of relief came to only one pice per head per diem. In the Hazareebagh reports recently received, I find that Mr. Tobin, Assistant Commissioner, deputed to Koderma, has a small institution of the kind. The cost of the food given was, during the period under report, Rs. 31-2. The net amount realized by sale of rope, &c., manufactured by the recipients, came to Rs. 30. I would urge all officers employed on relief operations to give their best attention to the importance of working out this principle of relief, and direct them in their next narratives to be particular in details of results obtained.

Para 15 of my letter No 168F., of the 14th ultimo.

17. It is satisfactory to find that the prices of food-grain remain so steady at former quotations. They have changed very little since the commencement of the storage of Government grain. There is no doubt that the ordinary grain dealers have been holding back for the high prices which were expected, but the relief given by loans to substantial ryots, and the knowledge that the Government grain might be otherwise thrown into the market, has convinced them that prices are not now likely to touch the famine rates of 1867, and the result is that, although now almost in the rains, the price of rice has during the last week fallen in all the districts.

		Common rice.
Hazareebagh District.		
Hazareebagh	... ..	11½ to 12 seers per rupee.
Chattra	...	11 to 12 ditto
Lohardugga District.		
Ranchee	. ...	14 to 15 ditto
Daltongunge	... ...	11 to 25 ditto
Lohardugga	... ...	15 ditto
Palkote	.. ..	18 ditto
Bussia	.. ...	18 ditto
Tamar	... ..	16 ditto
Burway	.. ..	17 ditto
Manbhoom District.		
Puruliа	. ...	14 ditto
Raghoonathpore	... ...	13 to 13½ ditto
Burrabazar	... ...	14½ ditto
Rajpore	... ..	16 to 17 ditto
Jhalda	... ...	13 to 13½ ditto
Govindpore	... ...	12½ ditto
Singhbhoom	.. ...	16 to 18 ditto

18. In my last narrative I reported that some difficulty has arisen regarding the moving of grain to the appointed depôts in Manbhoom in consequence of a bad outbreak of cholera.

19. The panic died away before much harm was done The whole of the Manbhoom allotment has, I believe, reached Burrakur, and on the 6th, 18,000 maunds remained there, 57,000 maunds were stored on the banks of the Damoodur, and Captain Samuells was vigorously co-operating with Captain Grant and Lieutenant Elliot in getting it carted on thence to Raghoonathpore. 59,820 maunds had been dispatched to Govindpore, Pandra, and Nirsha, and 69,633 to Juganpore and Raghoonathpore. Captain Grant hopes to have it all in its place within a week.

20. Colonel Rowlatt's report shows that 71,794 maunds of Government rice had been given out in loans up to close of last month to 25,766 families of substantial ryots, and as the family includes farm laborers as well as relations, this relief will probably assist five times that number of persons. Similar loans are now being made in Hazareebagh. The extra Assistant Commissioner at Pachumba reports that he has hundreds of applications to deal with.

21. Advices dated 6th instant from Manbhoom show that the rain which fell last week has been most beneficial, enabling the cultivators to plough the land and sow for the early crops; cholera has abated, and the prospects of the country are generally much improved

22. I have not yet received the Singhbhoom Deputy Commissioner's report for May. He has been absent from his sudder station and visiting the southern parts of the Kolhan and Sarunda He reports favorably of the condition of the people, and that there are no grounds for apprehending any severe distress in any part of the Kolhan; but he adds, "all the assistance rendered, and the further assistance I propose to give, was and is absolutely all fully required." He inspected the large embankment at Dwipa, which was giving employment to the people of Sarunda, and found that Rs. 1,000 had been expended on it, and that a further sum of Rs 500 was required, which I have sanctioned. He is about, he says, to apply for sanction for some other works costing about Rs. 1,000. The inhabitants of the Kolhan got through the relief works more rapidly than was expected. Of 22 reservoirs sanctioned in the Pirs through which Captain Garbett has been marching, 15 have been completed, and on 4 only is there much more to do. I expect soon to obtain from him a report on all these works.

No. 1480, dated Chota Nagpore, the 6th January 1874.

From—H. L. Oliphant, Esq., Deputy Commissioner of Lohardugga,

To—Colonel E. T. Dalton, c.s.i., Commissioner of Chota Nagpore.

In accordance with Government circular No. 154—S.R. of the 16th January last, I have the honor to submit herewith my report on this district for the month of April.

2. The reports in regard to the Palamow sub-division are, as you are aware, submitted fortnightly through your office to Government, in pursuance of a Government order of the 1st April last, and this report relates to the remainder of the district known as Chota Nagpore proper.

A.—THE GENERAL RESULT OF THE HARVEST, THE PROSPECTS OF THE SPRING CROPS, THE EXTENT OF THE PREPARATION FOR THE EARLY RICE CROPS AND THEIR PROSPECTS.

3. It seems unnecessary now to make any further remarks in regard to the first two clauses under this heading, I will therefore proceed at once to the latter one.

4. The prospects of the ensuing season are at present all that could be desired, the season there may certainly be said to have opened most favorably. From the commencement of the year up to the end of May, I find that we have had a rainfall of 9·12 inches, against 3·28 inches during the corresponding period of the preceding year. Of this about 5 inches fell at the end of January and beginning of February, and 2 in March, and besides proving of immense benefit to the rubbee crops, which were then on the ground, it enabled all the cultivators to plough their lands, and make timely preparations for the ensuing season, and thus when the rain came a few days ago general sowing immediately commenced. There was a good fall of rain (about 1½ inches) on the last day of May, and upwards of half an inch on the two following days, and from all I can ascertain it appears to have been general. During the last week or so, sowing has been going on very briskly, the greater part, if not all, of the gora dhan and goondly must now have been sown, and if all goes well the latter ought to be reaped by the beginning of August. Much of the low land dhan has also been sown, and the sowing of the "ropun" will take place as soon as there is another heavy fall of rain.

B.—THE SUPPLY OF GRAIN AND THE EXTENT OF IMPORT AND EXPORT.

5. The markets and bazars in this district are wholly supplied from time to time by the Koles, the cultivating class, and the grain is there brought up by the traders and beparees, and carried away on pack-bullocks. This district always exports rice largely, and as the rice crop last year was on the whole a very fair one, especially as compared with neighbouring districts, the export no doubt has been larger than usual, but it is impossible to speak with any accuracy as to the quantity exported.

6. The town of Lohardugga is the great centre of trade in this portion of the district, and from information furnished to me from there, it would appear that exportation has been going on much as usual. Upwards of 6,100 pack-bullocks carrying some 13,900 pucca maunds of rice and other food-grains, are said to have left Lohardugga during the month, for the north *via* the Lohardugga and Chattra road. This grain finds its way to Palamow, Hazareebagh, Sherghotty, and other places in Behar. Exportation is also going on from Ranchee, Govindpore, and other places in that part of the district, towards the east.

7. On the whole private trade may be said to be still very active, and from all I have been able to ascertain there are no grounds whatever for anticipating that it will fail. The stock of rice still in the district is said to be very large and quite equal to any demand which is likely to be made on it. Prices have never risen above 15 seers at Lohardugga, they are now 16, and are not likely to rise again if prospects continue as at present.

8. Importation to Palamow from Chota Nagpore, is also going on satisfactorily. From information received from Chandowa and Balomat, I find that out of the quantity of grain referred to in my 6th paragraph nearly 5,000 maunds found its way into Palamow, and grain is also being taken there by other routes. I am also informed from Palamow, that importation is still going on from Burway Gangpore Juspore, and Soorgoonjah, in the direction of Daltongunge, Ghurowa, and other places in that direction, and that there is no likelihood of any failure of stocks.

9. With regard to importation in this part of the district there is little or none now going on except in respect to the grain which is being brought in for the purpose of exportation, and that which is passing through from the south in a northerly direction.

C.—THE RANGE OF PRICES AND GENERAL CONDITION OF PEOPLE.

10. The price of rice varies greatly in different parts of the district; during the month it was dearest in Ranchee and Sille, where it sold at 14 pucca seers per rupee, and cheapest in the Biru pergunnah where it sold at 23 seers. Prices on the the whole have been very steady. The rate at Ranchee during the month has varied between 14 and 14½ seers; at Lohardugga 40 miles west it has remained at 16 seers; at Buru 80 miles west at 17 seers; at Busia and Palkote, 50 and 60 miles to the south, at 18 seers; at Tamar and Sarjumdih to the east at 16 and 17 seers, respectively; and at Biru to the extreme south at 23 seers. Maroa is also procurable at many of the bazars at from 20 to 23 seers per rupee, and cooreed at from 15 to 20.

11. The general condition of the people continues satisfactory: the season has opened well for them, and they are all now busy with their cultivation. Prices are rather high, but not so high as might have been expected, and the people generally have on the whole fared very well.

12. In the Toree pergunnah, that is the tract bordering on Palamow and Hazareebagh, and in the Tamar pergunnah, lying to the south-east of the district, the condition of the people is not so good as in the rest of the district but additional roads have been opened for all those requiring work, and the splendid crop of mohuwa flower which has fallen this year has afforded immense relief to the poor, and removed all fear of any real distress. Jungle produce generally has been very abundant this year, and the fruit of the mohuwa tree as well as that of the sal tree, both of which are used as articles of food, promise exceedingly well.

D.—IMMIGRATION.

13. There has been no immigration from any of the distressed districts as far as I have been able to ascertain.

E.—EXTENT TO WHICH LOCAL WORKS HAVE BEEN UTILIZED.

14. I have nothing to add to the information afforded under this head in my report, submitted on the 4th April last. The works therein referred to are all going on, and have been found sufficient. The usual annual works are also being carried out in other parts of the district.

F.—SPECIAL MATTERS RELATING TO THE SCARCITY.

15. There is nothing to remark under this head except in regard to the advances made under the Land Improvement Act. Under Government order No. 1916S R., Mr T. F. Peppe, the Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, was vested with powers to make advances in those portions of the district referred to in my 12th paragraph, and in the exercise of these powers he has made advances to the extent of Rs. 2,360, and works are being proceeded with rapidly under his supervision.

No. 420, dated Daltongunge, the 4th June 1874.

From—L. R. FORBES, Esq., Officiating Assistant Commissioner, Palamow,

To—COLONEL E. T. DALTON, C.S I., Commissioner of Chota Nagpore.

I HAVE the honor to submit herewith my eighth narrative of scarcity and relief in the Palamow sub-district for the fortnight ending Saturday, the 30th May 1874.

Eighth Narrative of Scarcity and Relief in the Palamow sub-district for the Fortnight ending Saturday, the 30th May 1874, *submitted in accordance with orders contained in Government Circular No.* 80 *of the* 17*th November* 1873.

A.—ABUNDANCE OR SCARCITY OF SUPPLY IN THE BAZARS.

I have nothing to add to what I stated in my last narrative under this head. There is abundance of food in the country and the bazars are all well supplied.

Kind and prices of grain selling at one or more specified principal marts.—The table given below shows the kind and price of grain selling in five principal marts. It will be observed that while the price of wheat and rice has risen slightly, the price of mowha has fallen considerably. Mahajuns tell me that they do not expect rice to rise more than a seer higher than it is now:—

NAMES OF MARTS.	QUANTITIES PER RUPEE BY THE SEER OF 80 TOLAHS						
	Wheat	Barley.	Rice		Mowha	Indian-corn.	Gram
			Wholesale.	Retail.			
Daltongunge	12 36	16	12	11 89	47 25		15 16
Garwah	12 94	16 87	12 36	11 36	47	16 75	15 12
Hussenabad	13 50	.	10·75	9 68	40		15·12
Satberwah	13 50	15 12	12·36	11·24	60 75	14·6	15 12
Manka	12	16 87	12 25	11 13	61		15·25

Information regarding the amount and kind of grain believed to be in stock.—I must repeat that the stock of food, particularly of rice, in the country at present is more than sufficient to meet the wants of the people for months to come; of seed grain, too, there will be plenty forthcoming, though perhaps those who do not possess it will have to purchase on harder terms than usual

Rainfall.—For the last ten days the clouds have been driving up every afternoon, and falls of rain have taken place in various parts of the country, and though the gauge at head-quarters has shown only ·37 of an inch, from reports received there have been some much heavier falls elsewhere, particularly to the south, as is evidenced by the rise of the Koel river.

State of the crops.—Ploughing has commenced where rain has sufficiently moistened the soil, and a small area of millet seeds (Sawan and Gondeli) have been sown, and khatin and similar dhans have been sown in the basins of some of the reservoirs. The sugarcane crop promises splendidly.

Condition of the people.—The condition of the people is so good that previous to orders to that effect from the Commissioner I had already ordered a reduction of one pice all round, and further the discharge from the works of all children not orphans below the age of 10 years. As to the health of the people, I can confidently assert that during the 10 years I have had charge of the sub-district, I have never known so healthy a year. There has been a good deal of small-pox reported; but this desease is always more or less prevalent, and I believe that a large proportion of what is reported as small-pox is really measles and chicken-pox.

Actual facts as to any known cases of misery and starvation.—No such cases have been reported.

Grain-thefts and robberies.—I have nothing to report under this head.

Condition of any special tract.—There is no tract the condition of which calls for special mention.

B.—Relief works.

The relief works in progress are—

No. 1.	Daltongunge station roads.	No. 8.	Japla road.
„ 2.	Chandwa.	„ 9.	Petty irrigation works in Government villages.
„ 3.	Behar.	„ 10.	Baloomath road.
„ 4.	Maharajgunge.	„ 11.	Untari and Benares road.
„ 5.	Garwah.	„ 12.	„ and Shahabad road.
„ 6.	Untari.		
„ 7.	Manjhiawan road.		

and the number of laborers on each of the above according to latest information is as follows :—

No. 1	...	... 143	No. 7	...	... 1,799
„ 2	...	... 2,772	„ 8	..	... 2,314
„ 3	...	... 2,060	„ 9	...	... 656
„ 4	...	... 3,848	„ 10	...	... 3,691
„ 5	...	... 1,559	„ 11	...	... 2,214
„ 6	...	... 3,984	„ 12	...	... ...
			Grand total		... 25,040

The above shows an increase of about 1,000 over the numbers exhibited last fortnight. For my part I am not at all surprised that numbers have risen so high, it is nothing more than what I expected. With no intermediate harvest it is hardly to be supposed that the class of people on the works could possibly be in a materially better condition now than they were earlier in the year. Had it not been for the liberal way in which the landed proprietors of the sub-district have spent their money on works of different kinds, we should have had the present large numbers long ago. The next narrative will probably show a diminution in numbers to an extent probably of considerably over one-half.

Supply of food thereat.—There are no complaints of want of food from any of the works.

Condition of the laborers—The condition of the laborers is reported to be good.

Mode of payment—Every attempt has been made during the fortnight to push on the system of piece-work, but the matter is a very difficult one; the people here have no idea of working together and they fear being at the mercy of the moonshees. They are probably to a great extent right; a system of this kind requires immediate European superintendence. The greater mass of the people being quite unaccustomed to kodali work, are unable to dig earth in the clean even way a Kole or Dhangur or a professional Nuniah will do, and the staff of native moonshees I have are quite incapable of measuring up earth-work in any shape, and are consequently liable, even if honest, either to pay too much or too little. The people know this and are very reluctant to work in this manner. I was out on the Baloomath road myself a few days ago, where I found about 6,000 coolies working in three stations some 6 or 7 miles apart, and I introduced a system of measuring out a fixed length of road to a certain number of persons to complete during the day, if they chose to work hard and complete it even by noon they would get a full day's wages, but on the other hand no wages to be paid till it has been completed. This introduction of a task system, together with the reduction of wages, has been followed up by a considerable reduction in the number of laborers.* Lieutenant Grey assisted by Mr. Ryves is busy introducing the piece-work system within his circle, but I have not as yet heard with what result.

* On the 23rd there were upwards of 26,500 laborers on the works.

Rates of wages.—During the fortnight under report the wages of laborers were reduced one pice all round; but from the latest reports that have come in, the result has not been quite so great as was hoped. I shall have a different tale to tell, I trust, in my next as since the close of the fortnight all cash payments have been stopped, and wages are now being paid in rice. The rate at which rice is to be distributed is as follows: 1 seer kucha or 9 chittacks pucca weight per male adult, ¾ seers kucha to a woman, and ½ a seer to a child; these are undoubtedly low rates, but I have adopted it for the present as a crucial test. Zemindars and others give 1½ seer of rice to a male adult or 3 seers of coarse grain, which represents pretty nearly the wages we have lately been giving in pice, viz, six Goruckpuri pice. If agricultural labor is procurable, all the people we have on the works who can get it, will prefer to return home where they can get their 1½ seers, to staying with us and getting only a seer; only the very poorest people, those absolutely without support, will probably remain a few days, but not after the agricultural season has fairly opened. I believe the employers of labor are anxiously looking for the return of the people to their villages, and as soon as we have a general fall of rain, I propose to dismiss the people to their homes, retaining only those few whom hunger and necessity may compel their remaining on the bare subsistence offered them, in order to enable me to complete any bridge-work that it would be unsafe to leave unfinished, not that when the rains have fairly opened a kucha seer of rice can be called a bare subsistence for them, there will be plenty of sags and wild herbs available which would enable a man to make up with his rice two very fair meals a day.

Arrangement for tools.—There are now no want of tools, the whole of the number indented for have been received.

C.—Transport of food.

Approximate amount of private food-supplies.—I must repeat what I stated in my last. The supply of food in the country is ample.

Sufficiency or otherwise of the means of Transport.—The means of transport are sufficient.

D.—Storage of grain at relief works.

The accompanying statement I. exhibits all requisite information under this head. The importation of grain from Dehri is being pushed forward with all possible despatch.

Condition of storage houses.—These are all in good order.

E.—Advances to private parties and their results.

The results of advances to native gentlemen for the purchase of rice on the part of Government will be found embodied in statement I.

Advances to municipalities.—There are no municipalities.

Advances to private parties for land improvements.—Satement II. exhibits all requisite information under this head. This work is now all but completed, and the officers specially deputed for it will leave for Ranchee in a few days.

F.—Charitable relief.

The following exhibits the amounts subscribed and realized during the fortnight:—

Subscribed	Rs.	A.	P.	Realized.	Rs.	A.	P.
Amount realized up to preceding fortnight ...	7,031	8	0	Up to preceding fortnight ...	5,623	12	0
During fortnight ...	272	4	0	During fortnight	82	0	0
Total ...	7,303	12	0	Total ...	5,705	12	0

I am sorry to say that I can give little or no information under this head. The principal working committees lie within Lieutenant Grey's western circle, and up to date (the 4th June) I have not received his statements The delay is probably owing to his being busily engaged in substituting grain for money wages, and introducing the piece-work system. I believe, however, that I may confidently state that under the head of charitable relief, matters are pretty nearly *in statu quo*. I trust to be able to give the information called for in paragraph 5 of Government circular No. 3216SR of the 19th May, in my next narrative.

G.—Financial results of the fortnight.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Total expenditure from sub-divisional treasure chest as per last narrative	1,87,045	5	9
Detail of above total.			
Disbursement to officers in charge of relief work, No. 1 ...	10,977	4	0
Ditto ditto „ 2 ...	12,900	0	0
Ditto ditto „ 3 ...	17,200	0	0
Ditto ditto „ 4 ...	17,722	12	0
Ditto ditto „ 5 ...	10,025	0	0
Ditto ditto „ 6 ...	24,025	0	0
Ditto ditto „ 7 ...	8,850	0	0
Ditto ditto „ 8 ...	10,800	0	0
Ditto ditto „ 9 ...	4,000	0	0
Ditto ditto „ 10 ...	8,500	0	0
Ditto ditto „ 11 ...	4,000	0	0
Ditto ditto „ 12 ...	1,000	0	0
Total ...	1,30,000	0	0
Advances to trustworthy residents for purchase of grain ...	40,000	0	0
Amount given out in part payment of charges for conveyance of Government rice from Dehri to Daltongunge, as per contract ...	3,200	0	0
Payments on account of establishment at storage golahs ...	128	13	6
Charges for conveyance of tools from Dehri, as per contract ...	126	8	3
To zemindars and others on account of land improvement ...	13,590	0	0

Expenditure during the fortnight under report.

					Rs.	A.	P.
Disbursement to out officers in charge of relief work,	No.	1	...		1,000	0	0
Ditto	ditto	„	2	...	2,000	0	0
Ditto	ditto	„	3	...	3,000	0	0
Ditto	ditto	„	4	...	1,000	0	0
Ditto	ditto	„	5	...	1,000	0	0
Ditto	ditto	„	6	...	3,000	0	0
Ditto	ditto	„	7	...	1,000	0	0
Ditto	ditto	„	8	...	1,000	0	0
Ditto	ditto	„	9	...	500	0	0
Ditto	ditto	„	10	...	3,000	0	0
Ditto	ditto	„	11	...	1,000	0	0
Ditto	ditto	„	12	...	.....		
		Total		...	17,500	0	0
Charges for transport of rice				...	32	8	0
To zemindars and others on account of land improvements				...	400	0	0
Total for fortnight's expenditure—							
(*a*).—Final payments			...	...	17,532	8	0
(*b*).—Advances re-payable			...	...	400	0	0
		Total		...	17,932	8	0
Grand Total to end of fortnight				...	2,04,977	13	9

STATEMENT I.

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the sub-division of Palamow for the Fortnight ending 30th May 1874.

NAMES OF GOLAHS	Date for which figures are given	Total allotment of Government grain	Total quantity of grain, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts	Total quantity of Government rice consumed up to date by sale to the public or to laborers.	Estimated grain receipts of the ensuing fortnight.	Estimated grain expenditure for ensuing fortnight.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		Mds	Mds Srs. Chs	Mds. Srs. Chs	Mds.	
1 Daltongunge ...	30th May 1874	From Debri 20,000	7,677 1 11	12 0 0	....	
2 Parasia... ...	28th ditto „	„ Lohardugga 1,200	1,499 12 14	...	..	
3 Panki	29th ditto „	Rs 40,000 advanced to trustworthy residents for purchase of rice for Government, representing about .. 10,000	1,408 0 0	4 8 0	....	
4 Nawa	1st May 1874	.. ...	778 15 0	.....	500	
5 Morbey . .	16th April „	.....	1,039 20 7½	.....	.. ..	About mds. 2,694.
6. Surki . .	18th ditto „	.....	554 37 13½	.....	500	
7 Nuggur .	12th May „	.....	3,052 25 9	.....	... .	
8 Manjhiawan	30th ditto „	.....	1,105 27 7	.....	.....	
9 Hussenabad	30th ditto „	.....	919 24 6	... ..	. ....	
10 Kote	26th ditto „	.. ..	364 28 4	. .. .	1,200 380	
	Total	31,200	18,399 33 8½	16 8 0	3,580	

REMARKS.—The quantities shown in column 5 have been sold to the Sub-Divisional Committees for charitable relief. Returns of importations from Nawa, Morbey, Surki, and Nuggur not received

L. R. FORBES,
Offg. Assistant Commissioner.

Dated 4th June 1874.

STATEMENT II.

Progress of work under Act XXVI of 1871 *for the fortnight ending* 30*th May* 1871.

NUMBER OF APPLICATIONS AND VALUE.		Total value of advances applied for.	Number of applications withdrawn.	Number of applications inquired into.	Number of applications rejected after inquiry.	NUMBER OF CERTIFICATES ISSUED AND VALUE.				Number ready for issue of certificates.	Number of applications not yet inquired into.	Number of applications requiring further inquiry.	REMARKS.
						Up to last fortnight.	Value.	During the fortnight.	Value.				
		Rs					Rs.		Rs.				
Rs 50	3	150	. ...	3	...	2	100	... .	.....	1*	.....	.....	* Since issued.
Above Rs. 50 and not exceeding Rs. 100	20	1,895	2	10	3	4	400	2	200	1	.....	1	
Above Rs. 100 and not exceeding Rs 150	9	1,325	3	5	2	2	300	.....	.....	1†	.....	1	† Since issued.
Above Rs 150 and not exceeding Rs. 200	13	2,590	4	9	2	5	990	1	200	1	. . .	...	
Above Rs 200 and not exceeding Rs. 300	22	5,800	6	13	.....	13	3,350	.....	.....	.....	1	2	
Above Rs. 300 and not exceeding Rs. 400	2	800	.....	2	... .	2	800	.....	.....	... ..	.....	... .	
Above Rs 400 and not exceeding Rs. 500	7	3,450	.....	7	1	5	2,450	.....	.....	1	.. ..	... ..	
Above Rs. 500 and not exceeding Rs 600 ..	4	2,325	1	3	1	2	1,200	.....	.....	...	.....	.....	
Above Rs 600 and not exceeding Rs. 700 . . .	...	... .	.....	... ..	.....	.. .	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.. ...	
Above Rs. 700 and not exceeding Rs. 800 . .	1	800	.....	. ...	.....	.....	.....	... ..	.. ...	.....	1	.. ..	
Above Rs. 800 and not exceeding Rs. 900 .. .	..	.....	.....	.....	. ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Above Rs. 900 and not exceeding Rs. 1,000	6	6,000	.....	6	2	4	4,000	... .	.....	... .	... .	... ..	
Total ...	87	25,135	23	58	11	39	13,590	3	400	5	2	4	

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE;
PALAMOW,
The 4th June 1874.

L. R. FORBES,
Offg. Assistant Commissioner.

No 1320, dated Purulia, the 17th June 1874.

From—Colonel E. A. Rowlatt, Deputy Commissioner of Manbhoom,

To—The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Dept.

With reference to paragraph 3 of Government circular No. 154—S.R., dated the 16th January last, I have the honor to submit my fortnightly narrative up to the 13th instant.

A.—State of the Country.

Since the date of my last narrative I am glad to be able to report that there has been a continued improvement in the state of the country unattended by any adverse circumstances, such as that I had to bring to notice in my last report. The outbreak of cholera, which at one time threatened to be severe, has not extended over the whole district, and is gradually dying out. This has, no doubt, been caused by the timely and copious showers of rain which have now fallen all over the district, and given the people good water to drink, instead of the filthy puddle they had previously been using. These showers have also enabled the people to continue their ploughing and sowings, which are now going on actively all over the country. A large portion of the gora paddy, gundlee kodo, and Indian-corn, has been sown, and has germinated freely. A larger quantity of Indian-corn has been put down than usual, which, if the season is favorable, will produce an abundant supply of food in August The seedling paddy has also been sown, and is now above ground, and will be ready for transplanting by the 1st of July, when agricultural operations will be in full swing. The difficulty about seed appears to have been got over in most places, and very little land will lie fallow at all events on that account; so that the crops of this year, if all goes well, will not be below the average.

In the Purulia circle, where, at the date of the last report, the people were not in such a satisfactory condition as in the Govindpore and Raghunathpore circles, it is now reported that owing to the distribution of the Government rice on loan to the cultivators, the completion of the group system, and the employment afforded on the tanks, a great improvement has taken place; and with regard to the Manbazar circle, it is stated the distress is less in several of the pergunnahs, and that the people are busily employed in sowing their early crops. The arrangements for relief in that circle are, however, still imperfect, which I shall refer to further on.

The rainfall during the fortnight has amounted to 4·30 inches.

From some parts of the district it is reported that the mahajans are beginning to open out their stores, and this I have no doubt they will do more freely when the regular rains set in and the guarantee of good crops seems assured. The stocks of paddy in their hands are universally reported to be low, so that they could not have advanced as largely as usual. The loaning out of the Government rice to the cultivators, which has proved so successful in this district, has however supplied the deficiency, and for the present all are contented and happy.

Mr. B. L. Gupta, reporting of the eastern portion of the Raghunathpore circle, where the failure of the crops was perhaps the greatest, states: "The condition of the people is gradually improving, and certain it is that their gratitude to, and confidence in Government know no bounds;" but he adds "that distress, severe and universal, would overtake the country if the great relief measures now being administered were to be discontinued." In the western portion of the Raghunathpore circle, Captain Samuells states that the condition of the people is very satisfactory. The Sonthals and Baoris are said to be the most distressed, but no deaths from starvation have been reported by any of the relief officers; and now that the relief sub-circles have been organized, it is hardly possible that deaths from this cause can take place.

The supply of grain in the bazars is sufficient to meet the wants of those who have the means of purchasing; but trade is inactive, owing probably to the number of purchasers being small.

No grain robberies have been reported, which is very satisfactory, as it shows that no persons have been driven to commit such crimes for want of food, which undoubtedly would have been the case had not the fullest and most complete measures of relief been adopted.

The price of rice and pulses up to the 13th instant, with those of the previous fortnight, are given below:—

Name of Bazar.	Coarse Rice.		Fine Rice.		Pulses	
	Last report	Present report.	Last report.	Present report	Last report.	Present report
	Srs.	Srs.	Srs	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.
Raipore	16	17	15	16	14	13
Manbazar	14	14	12	11	12	13
Burrabazar	15	14	12	11	12	11
Echagurh	17	18	16	16	13	12
Jhalda	13	13	12	12	12	11
Purulia	14	14	12	12	13	13
Govindpore	12½	12	12	11	11	10
Raghunathpore	13	13	12	12	12	10
Nirsha	12¼	12½	12	12	11	11
Gaurandih	12	12	11	11	11	10

It appears from the above that the prices of rice have fallen at 2 and risen at 2 of these bazars, and that pulses have become a seer dearer at 8 out of the 10 places entered in the list.

B.—Relief Works

Work is still going on on all the 19 roads, being carried on as relief works; 5 are situated in the sub-division of Govindpore, and the rest in the Sudder Sub-division. On all of these roads light labor gangs are being employed; but as these are sharply looked after, nearly as much work is being done by them as under the piece-work plan. The great majority of the laborers, however, work on the task or piece-work system, and the works are certainly being done as cheaply and well as in ordinary times. When finished, these roads will be of incalculable benefit to the district, and be the means of averting the effects of future famines by the facilities they will afford of transporting grain to where it is required, which now, from the want of finished roads, is a matter of the utmost difficulty.

The average number of persons employed on all these roads, by the returns made up to the 6th instant, amounted to 15,063 against 14,202, showing that up to the latter date the numbers were still increasing.

	No of tanks.	No. of laborers.
Govindpore, Mr. Mackenzie ...	13	1,224
Raghunathpore, W. C., Captain Samuells ..	6	250
Raghunathpore, E. C., Mr. Gupta ..	13	1,033
Purulia, Mr Hore .	19	765
Manbazar, Mr. Dombal ..	5	not given.

The number of village tanks being cleaned out and improved by the relief officers, has increased from 18 to 56, as per margin. The number of people employed, as stated in the margin, amounts to 3,272.

These minor relief works are admirably adapted to afford employment to those in want of it. As a rule only those resort to these tanks who are unable to obtain work in the fields as agricultural laborers; so that those requiring the services of the ordinary laboring classes are not in any way injured by these works being carried on.

From the above it will be seen that the total number of persons employed on the Government relief works amounted altogether to 19,393 persons.

The detail will be found in the statement annexed.

The laborers employed on these village tanks are now all paid in grain for six days and one day in pice, instead of all in cash, except in the Manbazar circle, where the supply of rice has not as yet been sufficient to admit of the payments being made in that manner. Under orders of the Commissioner, wages will be converted into grain at the rate of 12 seers per rupee. Tools are being provided by employing the village blacksmiths to make them up, which affords employment to a great number of persons who otherwise would be in distress, and some are also purchased in the bazar.

C.—Transport of Government Grain.

The quantity of grain received at Burrakar up to the 12th instant, inclusive, amounted to 2,15,275 maunds, being 5,275 maunds more than was allotted to this district by the Government, of which 8,699 maunds was in store at Burrakar on the 13th instant, the remainder having been despatched to the various places mentioned below :—

	Maunds.
Raghunathpore...	78,047
Inganpore	11,500
Govindpore	53,812
Nirsha	14,475
Pandra	1,000
Total	1,58,834

From Hijli 34,582 maunds have been conveyed from there to Raghunathpore, leaving only 353 maunds there; and 47,992 are at Disarghat, on the north bank of the Damoodur river.

Between the two, Nirsha and Govindpore, both of which are in the Govindpore circle, 68,287 maunds have been received, leaving only 1,713 maunds to be conveyed, which would complete the allotment to that circle of 70,000 maunds.

All the rest of the grain has to be conveyed to Raghunathpore, which still has to receive about 50,000 maunds to complete the allotment of those two circles, and the Purulia and Manbazar circles, which are to receive 25,000 maunds and 20,000 maunds respectively.

Up to the 13th instant 17,892 maunds had been received in the Purulia circle, but only 3,843 maunds in the Manbazar circle, to which latter the difficulties of the routes and the want of carriage, now that the rains have set in, made it impossible to transport more than the above quantity. Every effort is being made by the relief officers to procure carriage, but the people now generally refuse to allow their cattle to be used in transporting the Government rice, as they say all are required for cultivation.

Government grain is being carted out and stored in the minor golahs, but for want of roads and a sufficiency of carriage this is proceeding rather slowly; and to some of them it is found impracticable to send it out by direct tracks, so that circuitous routes will have to be used. As the rains increase in severity, the difficulties also will increase, and carts will then no longer be able to reach those places that are cut off from the main golahs by streams and nullahs with which the country abounds. Captain Samuells writes: "The carriage for sending grain to the minor golahs has been obtained with considerable difficulty during the fortnight, as the cultivators, on whom we are entirely dependent for our carriage, have been working their cattle in the fields. The want of good roads, and the difficulties of crossing some of the larger streams, have made numbers unwilling to come forward with their carts."

The only finished roads in the district are the Grand Trunk Road and the Provincial Road from Burrakur to Purulia; these have been of the utmost possible use in transporting the rice from Burrakur to Govindpore, Raghunathpore, and Purulia; and had it not been for these roads much greater difficulty would have been experienced, and not nearly so much grain could have been moved as has been done. The advantages, therefore, of good roads in a district where there is no water-carriage have been very forcibly shown, and also the necessity of completing those now under construction strongly exemplified; as in the one case, where roads exist, the transport of the grain has been comparatively easy; and in the other, where they are still uncompleted, great delay has taken place, and almost insurmountable difficulties have to be overcome in moving even small quantities of grain.

D.—Storage of Government Grain.

The only places where any large quantity of grain has been stored is at Nirsha and Govindpore, whence as there is perfect communication with Burrakur by the Grand Trunk Road, no interruption has taken place in forwarding the rice on to those places. At Raghunathpore a little more than 10,000 maunds was in store on the 13th instant; but as the run on that store is great, this quantity will very soon be cleared off. At Purulia the receipts only just keep pace with the demands, and at Manbazar, I regret to say, they fall far short of them.

In the Raghunathpore circles it is proposed to store 800 maunds at all the minor golahs, and this is being done; but in the Purulia circle, where the stocks could not have admitted of this being done, grain is sent out, as required, in small quantities of 10 and 20 maunds at a time.

In the Govindpore circle rice is being sent out to Jheria, Tundih, Topechanchi, Katras, and Nanagarh, from which places group officers and those in charge of relief works will be able to draw their supplies.

E.—Advances to Private Persons and their Results.

Up to the 13th instant advances have been made to the following extent:—

	Rs.
1st.—Advances to zemindars and others for the purchase of grain, without interest	10,000
2nd.—To traders and others of a safe and respectable character, with interest	11,567
3rd.—To zemindars and talookdars to assist their ryots ...	9,950
4th.—To landholders for land improvements	69,090
5th.—To Purulia Municipality	4,000

Only Rs. 500 have been advanced during the fortnight for land improvements at Purulia; those made in the sub-division at Govindpore will be included in the next report. Most of the reservoirs and tanks for which the tuccavee advances were made have now been completed.

Loaning out of Government rice to cultivators and others on security has continued during the fortnight under report, and now amounts to cultivators to 96,251 maunds, as follows:—

	Mds.	Srs.
In the Govindpore circle	35,370	0
„ Raghunathpore, western circle	18,014	0
„ „ eastern „	23,469	0
„ Purulia ... „	15,505	0
„ Manbazar ... „	3,843	0
To non-cultivators—		
Govindpore	1,805	0
Raghunathpore, west circle	414	0
„ east „	224	0
Purulia „	76	0
Manbazar „	.....	
To Chowkeedars—		
Gobindpore „	80	0
Raghunathpore, west „	204	20
„ east „	250	0
Purulia „	108	0
Manbazar „	.....	
24 Tabedars at 2 seers per diem whilst employed in guarding Government grain in transit, &c.	127	24
Total ...	99,490	4

The scheme of loaning out of the Government grain is still spoken of by the relief officers as the best form of relief that could have been adopted. Mr. Gupta states: "This is the form of relief which seems to have been the most popular and successful here, and proved more than anything else a real blessing to the people. I have issued strict orders to the golah-keepers to impress on the minds of the applicants for rice as much as possible that Government means to exact in due time full repayment of the loans." There can be no doubt but that this form of relief has been very successful, and as it is probable that very little loss will eventually fall upon the Government, it is also the most economical that could have been adopted.

F. *a*.—Charitable Relief by Government.

Since the date of my last report the sub-division of pergunnahs into groups or sub-circles has been completed in the Govindpore, the two Raghunathpore, and the Purulia circles; in the latter it has been found necessary to include the small pergunnah of Jaitorra, which has been divided into two groups. In the Manbazar circle the grouping has been completed in pergunnahs Bagda and Ambikanagar and part of Supur, and the rest will shortly be finished. The order for the formation of groups was only received here in the middle of May, so that I may, I think, say that this order has been carried out vigorously and successfully. In almost all of the groups residents of some one of the villages contained in the sub-circle have been appointed to take charge of them, and in most of them the group officers are stated to be doing their duty well and diligently. I quote from the report of Captain Samuells to show that such is the case. "The utility of the village organization has begun to be fully realized. I have visited the majority of the groups in my circle during the last ten days, and I don't think it would have been possible to make a better selection of group officers than those now discharging such duties. They have one and all taken a real and lively interest in the work allotted to them, and have given much assistance in procuring carts and pushing on the construction of the minor golahs; they have also shown great discretion and judgment in the selection of recipients for charitable relief." Lists of the persons who are to receive a gratuitous supply of Government rice are made by the group officers, which are scrutinized by the relief officers when they visit the groups, and then approved of or altered, according to circumstances. The group officers are expected to visit every village in their circle at least once a week, and ascertain whether all who are really in distress are obtaining relief. In the Purulia circle all relief by the distribution of uncooked rice is being administered by the group officers, and in the Raghunathpore circles the sub-committees will shortly be relieved of this duty, as the stores of rice at the minor golahs will soon be completed.

The quantity of Government grain expended during the fortnight for relief purposes amounts to 368 maunds 24 seers.

F. *b*.—Charitable Relief by Relief Committees.

A full account of the working of the several relief committees was given in my last narrative, so it need not be repeated. The relief dispensed by them has been very wide and varied, and has consisted of supplying cooked food to all who were willing to partake of it, of distributing uncooked rice to those who, from caste or feelings of pride, objected to eat in public, and of furnishing the means to persons of respectability who were willing to maintain themselves by spinning cotton into thread. A large number of the silk-weaver class in the Raghunathpore and Purulia circles were aided with advances to enable them to carry on their trade, and the cotton thread spun by the women has again been made over to cotton-weavers to be woven into cloths. These cloths are now being given to those frequenting the poor-houses who are in want of clothing, and in this manner not only have a large number of the poor, but respectable classes, been enabled to support themselves during a very trying time, but full advantage has also been taken of what has been done by utilizing to the best possible purpose the result of these operations at the least possible cost to the committees.

Classified as directed in the notification of the central relief committee, dated the 14th March last, the sums expended during the last fortnight, according to the returns received up to the 13th instant, are as follows:—

	b.			*c*.			*d*.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
In the Govindpore circle	4,450	3	5	32	0	0	....*		
„ Raghunathpore, W. „	1,136	15	1	802	7	1	....		
„ Ditto E. „	1,243	4	0	58	10	3	....		
„ Purulia „	162	2	10	74	0	2	85	0	0
Total ...	6,992	9	4	967	1	6	85	0	0

* This is the whole expenditure up to date.

The numbers receiving relief in the above forms during the fortnight under report amounted to—

	b.	*c.*	*d.*
In the Govindpore circle	1,313	0	0
„ Raghunathpore, W. „	1,474	550	0
„ Ditto E. „	2,437	93	0
„ Purulia „	1,913	686	10
„ Manbazar „	1,839	81	0
Total ...	9,076	1,410	10

Of the number of persons entered under heading *b*, 6,382 were taking cooked food, and 2,694 were being supplied with uncooked rice, and the 1,410 entered under heading *c* were being employed in various ways suitable to their condition. The numbers taking cooked food have largely increased, and those supplied by the relief committees with uncooked rice decreased, which has been caused by this description of relief having been partly taken over by the group officers. This latter form of relief will eventually almost entirely cease to be dispensed by the relief committees. Since the date of the last narrative, four more sub-commitees have been established in the Manbazar circle at the places noted in the margin. No more will now, I believe, be required, so that the number finally found to be requisite amounts to 38.

Hatgram. | Ambikanagar.
Boga. | Samsundarpore.

From the above figures it will be seen that relief by the several relief committees has been extended to upwards of 10,000 persons in this district, who, but for this relief, would in all probability have either died or just been able to drag on a painful and precarious existence till the times mended and food again became cheap and plentiful. This it will hardly do until the month of December or January next; so that although the numbers to be provided for will, I trust, gradually decrease, it will not, I believe, be possible to close all relief operations till about that time.

G.—Financial Result.

Total expenditure from the district and sub-divisional treasuries as shown in the last narrative, Rs. 1,66,709-9-8.

Expenditure during the Fortnight up to the 6th June 1874.

On Relief Works.

	Rs.	A.	P.
No. 1.—1st section, Chybassa road, Purulia to Kantadi ..	352	1	6
„ 2.—1st „ „ Kantadi to Chataurma	35	8	3
„ 3.—2nd „ „ Chotaurma to Jogodi	141	0	0
„ 4.—3rd „ „ Jogodi to Jamdi ..	206	0	0
„ 5.—4th „ „ Jamdi to Sooburnrekha	275	0	0
„ 7.—1st „ Bankoora road, Purulia to Singbazar ..	378	12	9
„ 8.—2nd „ „ Singbazar to Ludhurka	178	8	0
„ 9.—3rd section, Bankoora road, Ludhurka to Hunra ..	152	6	9
„ 10.—4th „ „ Hunra to Chatna P.	267	0	0
„ 11.—Charra junction	134	0	0
„ 12.—Road from Domda to Burrabazar	264	8	9
„ 13.—1st Section, Manbazar road, Purulia to Chipida ..	600	15	0
„ 18.—Road from Ludhurka to Gourandi, Ludhurka to Liah	208	8	9
„ 23.— „ Manbazar to Kasipore, Liah to Palgao ..	41	6	0
„ 24.— „ Purulia to Chass	733	5	9
„ 25.— „ Jhalda to Chondil	107	2	9
„ 17.—Hazareebagh road, Goai to Hazareebagh boundary	997	10	3
„ 22.—Road from Manbazar to Bankoora boundary ..	95	11	6
„ 23.— „ „ to Kasipore	162	8	3
„ 13.—1st Section, Manbazar road from Chipida to Kenda	215	15	0
„ 14.—2nd ditto, Kenda to Manbazar	717	10	0
„ 17.—Raneegunge road, from Raghunathpore to Saltora	2,329	15	0
Bankura „ from „ to Bankoora boundary	2,093	7	0
„ 17*m*.—Road from Dubra to Damoodur	800	8	0
„ 19.— Ditto Tel Kupi to Cheliamah ..	992	12	0
„ 17.—Raneegunge road, from Saltora to Bankoora boundary	62	10	0
„ 18.—Road from Ludhurka to Gourandi, Gourandi to Liah	181	8	9
„ 23.—Road from Manbazar to Kasipore, Kasipore to Pal Gao	26	15	9
Total ..	12,753	7	9

	Rs.	A.	P.
Advances made during the fortnight to trustworthy residents to purchase grain	0	0	0
To zemindars to assist their ryots	0	0	0
Ditto and others for land improvements	500	0	0
Establishments and contingencies..	585	9	11
Transport of Government grain	4,676	0	6
Storage of Government grain	0	0	0
Minor relief works	0	0	0
Grants-in-aid to charitable relief	0	0	0
Total ..	5,761	10	5
Grand Total ..	18,515	2	2
Total up to the end of fortnight ..	1,85,224	11	10

Disposal of Government Grain.

	Mds.	Srs.	Ch.
1st.—Grain disposed of up to date of last report	72,279	1	0
2nd.—Grain disposed of during the fortnight—			
(*a*) By sale to laborers	0	0	0
(*b*) „ to public	0	0	0
(*c*) In charitable relief or in any other way ..	26,203	30	4
Total ..	98,482	31	4

E. A. ROWLATT, *Colonel,*
Deputy Commr., Manbhoom.

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the District of Manbhoom on the dates nearest the 13th June 1874 for which returns may be available.

Name of Circle.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of Government grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	Total quantity of Government Grain consumed up to date					Estimated grain receipts of the ensuing fortnight.	Estimated expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.
				By sale to the public or to laborers on relief committees and road constructions.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots and others on security.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.		
		Mds.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds.
Govindpore	11th June '74	70,000	59,337 37 14	1,087 2 3	80 0 0	37,175 8 8	58 0 0	38,400 10 11	10,663 0 0	1,500
Raghunathpore, W. C.	11th „	47,500	37,871 8 0	1,209 10 8	204 20 0	18,428 21 0	15 12 8	19,857 24 0	9,628 8 0	8,200
„ E. C	11th „	47,500	25,172 20 0	1,281 17 7½	250 0 0	23,693 0 0	12 17 0	23,955 34 7½	5,000 0 0	5,000
Puruliia	13th „	25,000	17,637 20 0	.....	745 4 0	13,950 20 0	938 9 11	15,633 33 11	7,363 20 0	3,500
Manbazar	13th „	20,000	3,843 0 0	.....	.....	3,843 0 0	.....	3,843 0 0	6,000 0 0	6,000

Note.—The quantity of grain shown in column 8 is less than has actually been expended in the payment in kind to laborers, as many of the returns received are incomplete.

Statement of Relief Work, together with the number of Persons employed on each work, as required in Government orders No. 144—T. F. of 5th May 1874.

No.	Name of Work.	No. of persons employed.						Total number of laborers on each work.	
		On daily wages.			On piece-work.				
		Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	On daily wages.	On piece-work.
	(A.)—P. W. D. WORKS.								
	Purulia Circle.								
1	1st section.—Chybassa road, Purulia to Kantadihi.	19	21	...	105	9	7	40	121
2	1st section.—Chybassa road, Kantadihi to Chotaurma.	4	6	3	17	...	...	13	17
3	2nd section.—Chybassa road, Chotaurma to Jogodi.	2	4	...	52	37	6	6	95
4	3rd section.—Chybassa road, Jogodi to Jamdi.	4	16	...	175	30	...	20	205
5	4th section.—Chybassa road, Jamdi to Sooburnrekha.	19	...	...	53	32	20	19	105
6	1st section.—Bankoora road, Puruliа to Singbazar.	55	99	...	95	...	...	154	95
7	2nd section—Bankoora road, Singbazar to Ludhurka.	9	12	10	80	19	...	31	99
8	3rd section.—Bankoora road, Ludhurka to Hunra.	9	...	...	17	11	...	9	28
9	4th section—Bankoora road, Hunra to Chatna boundary.	17	18	9	150	30	...	44	180
10	Charra junction	5	9	...	60	30	...	14	90
11	Road from Damdah to Burrabazar ...	15	...	...	125	14	19	15	158
12	1st section.—Manbazar road, Purulia to Kenda, Puruliа to Chipida.	21	51	12	259	...	...	84	259
13	Road from Ludhurka to Gourandi, Ludhurka to Liah.	1	...	...	80	5	3	1	88
14	Road from Manbazar to Kasipore, Liah to Palgaon.	51	2	...	...	...	...	53	...
15	Road from Purulia to Chass ...	59	19	...	191	47	3	78	241
16	„ Jhalda to Chandil ...	126	255	40	..	..	...	421	...
17	Road from Goai river to Hazareebagh boundary.	25	188	140	632	51	18	353	701
	Total P. W. D. laborers ...	441	700	214	2,091	315	76	1,355	2,482
	Raghunathpore Circle—West.								
18	Ranigunge road—Raghunathpore to Saltora	750	300	46	753	296	43	1,096	1,092
19	Bankoora „ „ to Gourandi	...	...	..	802	261	116	...	1,179
20	Hazareebagh road F. to K. ..	81	93	29	.	...	...	203	...
21	Road from Govindpore to Burrakur and Puruliа road.	...	...	...	942	270	82	...	1,294
22	Road from Dubra to Damuda, near Kargali .	25	23	9	614	139	28	57	781
23	„ Telkupi Ghat to Chelliama ..	50	65	17	902	312	78	132	1,287
	Total P. W. D. laborers ...	906	481	101	4,013	1,278	342	1,488	5,633
	Raghunathpore Circle—East.								
24	Ranigunge road, Saltora to Bankoora boundary	25	12	...	36	15	5	37	56
25	Road from Ludhurka to Gourandi, Gourandi to Liah.	...	102	9	120	33	3	111	156
26	Road from Manbazar to Kasipore, Kasipore to Palgaon.	10	...	...	70	12	...	10	82
27	Bankoora road, Gourandi to Bankoora boundary.	..	..	...	30	17	9	...	56
	Total ...	35	114	9	256	77	17	158	350
	Govindpore Circle.								
28	Govindpore and Tundi road ...	36	35	7	120	78	13	78	211
29	Road from Nirsha to Jamtora ...	5	...	...	...	..	...	5	..
30	„ „ Poddardi to Kapasara ...	3	4	..	52	33	9	7	94
31	„ „ Nirsha to Telkupi ...	11	11	2	55	31	6	24	92
32	„ „ Govindpore to Damuda ...	94	99	11	164	86	31	204	281
	Total P. W. D. laborers ...	149	149	20	391	228	59	318	678

Statement of Relief Work, together with the number of Persons employed on each work, as required in Government orders No. 144—*T.F. of* 5*th May* 1874.—(Continued.)

No.	Name of Work.	No. of persons employed.						Total number of laborers on each work.	
		On daily wages.			On piece-work.				
		Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	On daily wages.	On piece-work.
	MANBAZAR CIRCLE.								
33	Road from Manbazar to Bankoora boundary	...	7	5	386	226	76	12	688
34	„ „ to Kasipore ...	95	38	17	1,152	458	77	150	1,687
35	1st Manbazar road Chipida to Kenda ...	58	320	21	199	199	...	399	398
36	2nd „ Kenda to Manbazar ...	49	23	14	144	173	22	86	339
	Total Public Works Department laborers ...	202	388	57	1,881	1,056	175	647	3,112
	(*B.*) MINOR RELIEF WORKS UNDER CIRCLE OFFICERS.								
	PURULIA CIRCLE.								
	Siju tank ...	16	43	11	26	22	7	70	55
	Jambad tank ...	13	6	15	8	8	4	34	20
	Bhangra „ ...	28	76	24	6	5	2	128	13
	Dimdiha „ ...	2	...	...	31	26	6	2	63
	Pichasi „ ...	14	49	13	3	2	1	76	6
	Jetlo „ ...	8	33	4	7	8	1	45	16
	Ludhurka „ ...	14	92	3	9	9	...	109	18
	Biralgora „ ...	7	50	6	9	2	...	63	11
	Punru „ ...	...	...	...	6	6	6	...	18
	Chandankian village road ...	...	...	...	6	6	6	...	18
	Total ...	102	349	76	111	94	33	527	238
	RAGHUNATHPORE, WEST CIRCLE.								
	Anera tank ...	2	1	...	86	36	7	3	129
	Para „	12	49	14	40	3	...	75	43
	Total laborers under circle officer ...	14	50	14	126	39	7	78	172
	RAGHUNATHPORE, EAST CIRCLE.								
	Bortorah tank ...	6	26	2	8	5	2	34	15
	Sirjam „ ...	...	...	...	72	...	...	...	72
	Kalinkeri „ ...	51	149	112	53	5	...	312	58
	Gourangdihi „ ...	21	72	1	15	...	...	94	15
	Gopulpore „ ...	1	5	1	135	118	...	7	253
	Bhatin „ ...	21	40	9	3	...	...	70	3
	Total laborers under circle officer ...	100	292	125	286	128	2	517	416
	GOVINDPORE CIRCLE.								
	Upihenria tank ...	3	7	2	15	31	12	12	58
	Cheloge „ ...	1	...	...	6	1	1	1	8
	Bilijhurka „ ...	...	...	...	20	7	2	...	29
	Ghagra „ ...	...	...	...	129	87	45	...	261
	Gargara „ ...	...	..	...	48	47	36	...	131
	Paharpur „ ...	...	...	...	83	26	91	...	200
	Mardmara „ ...	...	...	...	58	58	19	...	135
	Sarmora „ ...	...	...	...	40	39	16	...	95
	Mera „ ...	...	...	...	20	19	9	...	48
	Koiri „ ...	...	...	...	42	43	10	...	95
	Sindri „ ...	...	...	...	23	24	15	...	62
	Macha Mahal „ ...	...	...	...	16	15	10	...	41
	Topechansi „ ...	...	...	...	17	27	4	...	48
	Total laborers under circle officer ...	4	7	2	517	424	270	13	1,211

Statement of Relief Work, together with the number of Persons employed on each work, as required in Government orders No. 144—*T.F. of 5th May* 1874.—(Concluded).

No.	Name of Work.	No. of persons employed.						Total number of laborers on each work.	
		On daily wages.			On piece-work.				
		Men.	Women.	Children	Men.	Women.	Children	On daily wages.	On piece-work.
	Manbazar Circle.								
	Not received ... (*C.*) Court of wards laborers.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Not received ... (*D.*)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Grand total of laborers in Purulia Circle	543	1,049	290	2,202	409	109	1,882	2,720
	Grand total of laborers in Raghunathpore, W. Circle.	920	531	115	4,139	1,317	349	1,566	5,805
	Grand total of laborers in Raghunathpore, E. Circle.	135	406	134	542	205	19	675	766
	Grand total of laborers in Govindpore Circle.	153	156	22	908	652	329	331	1,889
	Grand total of laborers in Manbazar Circle.	202	388	57	1,881	1,056	175	647	3,112
		Men.		Women.		Children.		On daily wages.	On piece work.
	Total number of laborers on all works in the district	11,625		6,169		1,499		5,101	14,292

Purulia,
The 17th June 1874.

E. A. Rowlatt, *Colonel*,
Deputy Commissioner.

No. 31M.A., dated Calcutta, the 18th June 1874.

From—Lord H. Ulick Browne, Commissioner of the Presidency Division,

To—The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Dept.

In continuation of my No. 26M.A., dated 4th June 1874, submitting the fortnightly narrative of the Collector of Nuddea for the fortnight ending May 31st 1874, I have now the honor to submit the Collector's report* for the fortnight ending June 15th 1874.

* No. 690—S.R., dated June 15th 1874.

2. I have nothing special to add to the Collector's narrative. Things are going on just as I expected, and measures are ready to meet distress as it increases.

3. With reference to paragraph 12 of the narrative, I have communicated with Mr. Toynbee on the subject of the Burmah rice.

No. 690—S.R., dated Kishnaghur, the 15th June 1874.

From—C. C. Stevens, Esq., Collector of Nuddea,

To—The Commissioner of the Presidency Division.

I have the honor to submit my narrative of distress for the fortnight ending this day.

State of the Country.

As a general rule, grain enough to meet local wants can be had in the marts of this district. Rice of tolerable quality is procurable almost everywhere. The thanas of Kaligunge and Nukusipara in the Sudder sub-division, and portions of thanas Tehatta and Karimpore in Meherpore, and thana Jaguli in Ranaghat, are to be excepted. Private trade is very inactive in these places, and as the stocks in the hands of the mahajuns are falling short, I apprehend that severe distress will be felt in these localities, if local trade do not increase. The stocks which the well-to-do men and substantial ryots secured for their family use, have not yet been completely exhausted. Jali dhan, which has produced a fair outturn this year, is now being harvested in different parts of the district. The outturn of boro dhan has done a great deal of good in the small area in which it was sown.

2. The subjoined statement will show the kind and price of food-grains in the different marts of the district :—

	Common rice		Kalai.		Mugh		Arhar	
	Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.
Bongong	2	4	2	8	3	8	...	.
Ranaghat	3	2	2	8	3	2	2	8
Santipore	3	0	2	8	3	0	2	12
Chandu . ..	3	0	2	4	3	3	2	6
Kooshtea	3	5	2	2	2	10	.	...
Kishnaghar	3	6	2	9	...	..	.....	
Alamdanga	3	4	2	8	..	..	...	..
Damurhuda	2	13	.....		...	..	.....	
Kaligunge	4	0	..		...	.	...	.
Dowlutgunge	3	2	.	...	.....		..	...
Kapasdanga	2	13	2	0	...		...	..
Nakasipara	3	2	2	2	.....		.....	
Chooadanga	3	4	2	10	.....		.....	

The price of common rice has risen everywhere In Kaligunge it is highest, and in Kapasdanga and Damurhuda it is the lowest. This general rise in the price of rice was only to be expected, and will certainly continue till the aous crop comes in.

3. Regarding stocks I have nothing to add to my opinion expressed in my last narrative, viz , that in most parts of the district stocks are sufficient to carry the people through till the next aous crop is reaped. In the Kaligunge, Nakasipara, Tehatta, and Karimpore thanas, the stocks are very low

State of the Crops.

4. Jali dhan has reached maturity, and it is now being harvested. The outturn will be a tolerable one. Recent rains have done a great deal of good to both aous and amun crops everywhere in the district. The young rice looks very healthy, and if the season continues to be propitious we may reasonably expect a magnificent harvest this year. Amun sowings have been going on for some time. It has been reported to me that a certain amount of land had been left unsown in the distressed tracts. If all goes well the aous crop will be early; the quantity of land under cultivation is said to be considerably larger than usual; not much difficulty has been found in obtaining aous seed; amun seed is more difficult to procure. Loans are being applied for for this purpose by some zemindars The district relief committee has also authorised the distribution of loans in special cases to cultivators. Indigo and sugarcane are doing very well.

5. Rain has fallen in all parts of the district, sufficient for the purpose of cultivation, but nowhere in excess. Sub-divisions Ranaghat and Bongong, perhaps, require a little more rain. So far the prospects of next season are cheering.

6. Distress is decidedly increasing, but no well authenticated cases have been reported yet which have not been met. The number of grain-thefts reported by the police during the fortnight amounts to 4 only. They occurred in the following sub-divisions:—Sudder 1, Meherpore 2, and Kooshtea 1.

7. There has been a visible decrease in abkari revenue in sub-divisions Ranaghat and Kooshtea. The sub-divisional officers (probably correctly), attribute this decrease to the dearness of all articles of consumption. In other sub-divisions the excise revenue may be said to have remained stationary.

8. I am glad to be able still to report that the condition of the people in general (of course with the exception of the inhabitants of those tracts which have been recognised as *distressed*) is not bad, and there is no increased anxiety on account of famine. So long as the mahajuns have stocks to lend, the agricultural class will not greatly feel the pressure. The weavers and the middle-class people in different circumstances are worse off But even they are generally better than they were in the corresponding month of 1866. Professional beggars are daily on the increase. Private charity has so long relieved them.

Condition of any Special Tract.

9. Distress has of late overtaken the northern part of thana Karimpore in sub-division Meherpore The sub-divisional officer of Meherpore, who is now on the spot, reports: "If an imaginary line be drawn east and west through Hogolberia, the part of the thana cut off to the north would shew the distressed area" This part contains about 50 villages, and calculating 500 persons in every village, the distress actually concerns some 55,000 individuals It is reported that there is but a very small stock of paddy in that part of the district, and if grain be not imported there, severe distress may be very soon felt by the inhabitants. I have requested Baboo Nafar Chandra Pal Chaudhuri, a neighbouring zemindar, and a very large mahajun, to import paddy in that part of the thana, and I hear he has already made arrangements to do this.

Cholera, which lately was prevalent in some parts of the district, has now disappeared. The completion of the excavation of several tuccavee and Government tanks has been of immense benefit to the inhabitants of the localities so far as drinking-water is concerned.

10. The construction and repair of roads are generally going on in the Sudder. The construction of *kutcha* roads which had been stopped, is now being resumed. The excavation of Government and tuccavee tanks is going on well. The former have been nearly finished. The tuccavee tanks are being inspected. In addition to the relief works already commenced in the shape of constructing roads and digging tanks, paddy-husking, and jute and cotton-spinning have been introduced for those who are not fit for hard labor, or who, on account of their social position cannot come out to work. I have not been as yet able to visit the distressed parts as I intended before. The number of sufferers quite unfit for work has increased very much, and the Dubagram sub-committee has been authorised to open gratuitous relief, spending for the present up to a limit of Rs. 100 per diem. The number of laborers employed in Government tanks and roads, on Saturday last, is 4,391, and the total number of men employed may be roughly estimated at 5,000.

11. *Transport of food.*—Import and export business seems to have been carried on during the fortnight much as before. The approximate quantity of food-grains imported to, and exported from Bongong during the fortnight, amounts to 1,100 and 2,200 maunds respectively. Kooshtea has imported 1,400 maunds of rice 300 maunds of kolai, and 1,200 maunds of paddy In Ranaghat, 600 maunds of paddy, 1,300 maunds of rice, 450 maunds of kolai have been imported; and 1,174 maunds of rice, 100 maunds of paddy, and 300 maunds of kolai have been exported. Only 50 maunds of paddy passed through the sub-division. The estimated amount of export from Meherpore comes to 4,000 maunds a fortnight. The exports are generally made to Moorshedabad, and to the other side of the Hooghly.

12 *Charitable relief.*—The distribution of charitable relief has already been commenced by the Debogram sub-committee. The sub-committee has been left to decide whether cooked or uncooked grain should be distributed. The district committee is of opinion that it is better to give uncooked grain. Considering the shortness of the stocks, I have referred to the Commissioner demi-officially on the subject of importing some 5,000 maunds of Burmah rice for charitable relief purposes. This would be desirable for several reasons, if Government can spare the rice.

The committees are not at all regular or punctual in submitting their reports, but I have taken measures which I hope will ensure this in future.

	Rs	A.	P.
13. *Financial results.*—Total expenditure on account of advances for land improvement up to the date of last report	1,30,497	10	8
Total expenditure on account of advances for land improvement during the fortnight	500	0	0
Expenditure during the fortnight on account of charitable relief	3,626	8	0
Grand total ...	1,34,624	2	8

No. 288, dated Julpigoree, the 19th June 1874.

From—Captain R. C. Money, Deputy Commissioner, Julpigoree,

To—The Offg. Secy. to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

I have the honor to submit herewith my fortnightly narrative up to 14th June 1874.

Julpigoree District fortnightly Scarcity and Relief Narrative Report, ending 14th June 1874.

A.—State of the country.

Being in Debigunge, the centre of our southern distressed tracts, and having for the last few days been going about among the people, and seen every corner of these tokees, I will first report on the state of South Boda.

The state of the country has improved visibly since I was last here some three weeks ago, and the expression used by the people themselves is that the country is now "tanda." With advances of rice made, and being made by the Cooch Behar estate to jotedars, chukanidars, and peerjahs; with gifts of rice to the poorer classes of jotedars, whose jumma is under Rs 5; with work on tanks, roads, and bunds, at daily rates for those not able to do task-work, such as women and children, and at task-work for others; with many golahs at which rice is sold at cheap rates to the public; and with relief committees everywhere for relief of those unable to work, and with no one to support them, it is simply impossible that real distress should fall on any one unless he wilfully courts it.

I have during the last week visited every class in their "charees"; not casually, but devoting four days to it, going about from early morning till dark on an elephant, and stopping at every "charee" I passed, and everywhere I now receive the same answer to the question as to their food—"we are eating sircari rice; had it not been for the sircar, many would have died of starvation."

There cannot be the slighest doubt that the steps taken on behalf of the Cooch Behar State, have done, and are doing exactly what is needed; we have stepped in between the people and starvation.

Another very noticeable change in the state of the country is the large amount of dhan which is now exposed for sale in the hâts, and the gradually falling prices of rice. Rice, however, is nowhere abundant in the hâts. This I believe is simply owing to the fact that those who need to buy it, do so at our golahs, and it is not therefore worth the while of those who ordinarily husk dhan and sell the rice to do so. In this we do not really interfere with trade, as the sale of rice is at all times small in these parts, the bulk of the people consuming their own produce, and those who have to buy in ordinary years, preferring to buy dhan and clean it for themselves, to the direct purchase of rice. Undoubtedly the stock of grain now in the country, *i.e.*, the people's stock, would not nearly have met their wants, still they have grain, and more of it than we had at first supposed, and those holding it are more willing to lend it out than they were a short time back. It is probable that the magnificent promise of the bhadoi crop is the direct cause of this effect, and I look on it as a very significant fact that men of this part of the country, who only a fortnight back were willing to take advances of Government rice at Durwani, to sell in hâts in South Boda, will not now do so ; they say that prices will now fall rapidly, and they would be losers.

The crops all round promise splendidly, and the country teems with coming plenty ; kownie is also being eaten, and a fair amount is still in the fields to be cut.

I find that there have been successive sowings of this crop, which has made it larger than I had at first supposed.

Jute, in some of the deepest lands, is being cut and steeped, and here and there is even being cleaned and prepared for the market ; of course this is exceptional. Everywhere this crop promises very well.

Jameera dhan is in ear, and will be ripe in some 15 or 20 days ; in the far north of the district, I have even heard of its being already cut. This crop is not a large one, but what there is of it is very fine indeed.

The Bhadoi dhan is all that the most ardent agriculturalist could wish, and gives promise of an early and bumper crop. The weather we now get, the alternate rain and intense heat of the sun, is the very thing to bring this crop to perfection.

Hymanti dhan is now being rapidly planted out in the deeper lands, where water now lodges ; the seedlings of this plant are as fine as it is possible for them to be.

Sugarcane is luxuriant, and already in places five and more feet in height ; nowhere do our works compete with agricultural labor. This is owing to the system of advances of rice to the cultivators, and this system is the backbone of all our relief measures. Some 300 maunds of rice are by these advances being daily thrown into the homes of the cultivators, and I can testify to their grateful appreciation of this step.

Grain robberies and thefts have ceased, and the confidence of the people is completely restored. A detachment of the 38th Native Infantry, one of the Cooch Behar regiments, some of our police sowars, and parties of police, have been moved about the country in different directions. The offenders in the cases which took place have been in many instances arrested, and some severe sentences passed, and while those of bad livelihood see that offences cannot be committed with impunity, even under pretext of starvation, the people see that they are protected.

I pass now from the condition of the south to the north of the district, and the Dooars.

The wave of grain offences which rolled over the district, more especially in the north, was promptly checked, and the consequent state of panic and insecurity has ceased.

The result showed that these offences were not the acts of starving men, and were no real indication of want of food among the people. Originating with deliberate offences of men of bad character, such offences seemed to gather strength as a protest against exports which had at that time brought prices all over the north of the district to starvation rates. With the cessation of these offences prices at once fell and export recommenced. The Government rice now received and stored over the north of the district is sufficient for all our probable wants, and was the main cause in lowering prices, as it will be our chief security against a recurrence of such events as I have alluded to. Crops all over the north of the district, and also in the centre of it, promise wonderfully well.

Here and there in the Dooars, and for a few miles south of Julpigoree as far as Cassiabhari, and also north near Titalya, caterpillars have attacked jute, kochoo or yam, and dhan. The damage to a field of jute and kochoo, and to a bed of hymanti dhan seedlings, is occasionally complete ; but this is very exceptional, and if no worse occurs the actual loss will not be appreciable. The caterpillars that have attacked jute and kochoo are so large that they must have been hatched some time, and were there more of the same kind elsewhere, we should have heard of it ere this ; the flooded state of the fields confines those now in existence to their present abodes.

Dhan, when attacked, and it is quite exceptional, is attacked by a small browny-white caterpillar called in the district "manjir" ; it attacks the very heart of the plant, but the people do not seem in the least afraid of it, and I was assured everywhere that the heavy rainfalls would speedily put an end to its existence and damage.

Condition of the People.—In South Boda, the physical condition of the people is remarkably good ; due, doubtless, to the fact that they received their assistance before want and deprivation had really told on them ; and, to the extent of their private resources, I believe that all now have food and plenty of it, the State rice having found its way into every home.

For the last few days my time has been wholly spent among the people in our worst tracts; men and women have nowhere lost flesh, thin boys I found in fair numbers, very thin boys were exceptional, and the cause for their being so was invariably attributable to ill-health. One *bonâ fide* emaciated boy alone have I found whose skeleton-like frame was said to be the result of want of food. It is worthy of note that this boy, an orphan, was in good health, and being fed by his employer, and that his little sister was fairly fat. A peculiar feature among the population of this district is that the girls are always fat and plump, the boys between 6 and 12 thin. The reason assigned by the people is that the girls are kept in-doors and not exposed to the heat of the sun, while the boys are all day at work, of some kind or other, in the fields. I am inclined to believe that another cause may be the system of marriage in this district, under which a girl is usually sold to the husband who can pay most for her, and that hence girls, as valuable property to their parents, are more carefully looked after than the boys. Be this as it may, one great proof that the people in the south of Boda never reached starvation point is found in the fact that a thin girl is not to be seen, and that, except in cases of illness, boys are in their normal condition. On the relief works all the people are in good condition, except the hosts of old women, whose attenuation is due to old age alone. A common trait in the character of the people about here is their readiness to divest themselves of any responsibility as to their aged female relatives. I am constantly told an old woman has no one belonging to her, who I find has at least a son-in-law well-to-do, and hence on our works will be found a very far larger number of old women than men. Among this class especially, I believe, the mortality would have been great had not the means of subsistence been given.

I cannot hear of any one having died of starvation, and should have been greatly grieved and surprised if any one had done so. Our relief scheme should, and I firmly believe does, prevent such a possibility.

One man receiving relief died lately at Chilahati, but enquiry shows that his death, if accelerated by want, cannot be put down to famine. This man, who I was told was 80 years of age, I did not see him, but who is put down by Mr. Bradbury, who did see him, at 60, was an old, infirm creature, who walked from Julpigoree where there is comparative plenty, to Chilahati, a distance of some 20 miles, where there was scarcity; why he did it, or where he was going, is not known; he reached Chilahati ill, and was at once given relief; he lived there over a week receiving daily his quantum of rice and two pice, and then died apparently of old age and infirmities combined. The condition of the people of this district is at all times exceptionally good, and their wealth great, while, save in the matter of the purchase of a wife, their expenditure is small. They dress badly and live in poor houses; as a consequence they must accumulate wealth, and it is my impression, after much inquiry, that we have but a faint idea of their own private resources, and that it is these resources that have this year enabled them to stand loss of crop where it occurred, and continued exportation, so much better than other people could do. The health of the people is remarkably good; fever and outbreaks of cholera and small-pox being less common this year than is usual. This is, perhaps, the more singular, as the mango and jack-fruit crop is unusually large.

The condition of the people in the north of the district is good, and needs no special notice. The Meches in the Dooars are now in better circumstances; about 99 maunds of clean rice, and 1,300 maunds of dhan, have been sent up to them from Meckligunge, and advances are being freely made to such of them as are of comparatively settled habits as cultivators: there is now no fear of their suffering from want of food.

Government Rice.—The 39,000 maunds of rice received at Titalyah were greatly damaged in transit, owing to insufficient covering to the carts; the bags also contained short measure.

I find that the Government rice is not generally of such good quality as that we purchased at Goalundo for the Cooch Behar State, and that short weight is more common among the bags of the former than of the latter. I saw a bag weighed yesterday in which the actual found weight was 1 maund 20 seers, against its assumed weight of 2 maunds or ¼ short, and it was one of many, all looking equally empty.

B.—Relief Works.

Our relief works, though they have answered well as a means of giving relief to the people, have not been as successful in the actual matter of work done as they might have been. This has been owing to the want of proper supervision and staff. Major Thorold, R.E., having been placed in charge of these works, and the staff being strengthened, I trust that we shall now show a better return for the money expended.

All works undertaken are of practical utility, and have been so at the express desire of the people themselves.

There has been a decrease this last week in the numbers who go to our works, notably at the Chenti tank and Doras bund. This is accounted for by the people as being due to the extension of the State advances of rice to classes of cultivators at first omitted, having of late thrown so much rice into the houses of the people that many who before worked, now turn all their attention to their fields, which, as hymanti transplanting has commenced, call for much labor.

The following table gives a list of works in hand, and numbers employed on them on latest date, up to 14th June :—

Month and date	Name of works	Number of people employed.			Total
		Men	Women.	Children	
14th June 1874 ..	Repairs of road from Boda to Julpigoree	39	.....	.....	39
14th „ ...	Tank work in Boda Sudder Station	621	32	13	666
3rd „ ...	Repairs of road from Boda to Debagunge.	12	1	.....	13
9th „ ...	Repairs of road from Chilahati to Boda	330	2	1	333
14th „ ...	Tank work at Chilahati	27	.....	2	29
13th „ ...	Road from Sankwa to Saldanga ...	15	...	2	17
9th „ ...	Kangila tank	30	.....	53	83
13th „ ...	Saldanga road	82	43	52	177
14th „ ...	Tangun bund	211	.....	31	243
13th „ .	Juggernath hât tank	188	179	111	478
11th „ .	Nujgird bund	88	110	122	320
14th „ ...	Aminadanga bund	265	97	146	508
12th „ ...	Talgan bund	35	56	29	120
13th „ ...	Sonahar bund	135	4	38	177
13th „ ..	Chenti tank	29	17	.....	46
9th „ ..	Dookene bridge	12	.....	5	17
12th „ ...	Dooras bund	17	.....	2	19
13th „ ...	Malkadaha and Sonahar road	313	.....	.....	313
12th „	Road from Malkadaha to Kaloo hât	30	.....	13	43
13th „ ...	Earthwork at Huldeebari ...	72	...	.....	72
10th „ ..	Joynaran's drain	29	....	...	29
	Total ...	2,580	541	630	3,741

Export and Import.—Export in the north of the district still goes on, but not to the former extent.

In the south the opening of sales by Dinagepore and Rungpore near our border has proved of material assistance to us, and has checked the export which still went on in those parts. It is due to this and to the store of rice we hold and open to the people, and the promises of coming crops, that prices are becoming easier in the extreme south, and that rice can be got at 9 seers where lately it was selling at 7.

One of the most peculiar anomalies of our present position is that, although we sell so much cheaper at our golas, still such rice as is exposed for sale in the hâts at higher rates always finds purchasers.

For instance, one day last week at Sonahar I bought in the Juggernath hât one rupee of rice and got 7¼ seers: within a stone's throw rice was selling at our gola at 10¼ seers per rupee for good common rice, and 13 seers per rupee for rice largely mixed with dhans; it was selling to all comers, still the small quantity of rice in the hât was at 7¼ seers, and at that high rate found purchasers, and those chiefly of the lower classes.

A small quantity of dhan is being imported from the north to south of the district. It is however very small, and only a few do this for their own private consumption.

D.—Transport.

Of the 39,000 maunds of rice which were sent from Purneah to Titalyah, 39,819 maunds had been received on the 14th current, and 33,357 and 20 seers sent on to their respective golas.

No difficulty was found in getting carriage; the transport superintendent in this district using some 4,000 carts for this purpose.

Of the 19,604 maunds bought at Goalundo for the State of Cooch Behar, 14,900 maunds have been landed at Ghoramarah and sent on to the golas

Of the 10,000 maunds to be received from the Northern State Railway, 5,000 maunds have been received and sent on to golas.

The 14,000 maunds purchased by Mr. Bradbury has all been received and stored. Carriage for all this has been easily obtained on the spot.

Table showing the Gola Return for South Boda up to 14th June 1874.

No.	Name of Gola.	Receipts.	Charitable relief.	Sales to public.	Sales on work.	Gifts to tenants.	Loans to tenants.	Total expenditure.	Stock in hand.
		Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.
1	Chilahati	2,002 26 8	.....	81 16 2½	54 14 13½	6 0 0	131 0 0	272 31 0	1,729 35 8
2	Debigunge	7,539 12 8	10 20 0	325 10 4	178 0 0	7 20 0	1,035 20 0	1,556 30 4	5,982 22 4
3	Malkadahu...	4,199 36 0	8 0 0	127 38 0	179 17 9	10 0 0	1,492 0 0	1,817 15 0	2,382 21 0
4	Sonahar	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	... ..	*3,066 25 15
5	Huldeebari	986 37 0	.....	.....	32 18 13	.....	.....	32 18 13	954 18 3
6	Durasbund	8 16 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8 16 0
7	Sankowah	1,700 34 8	.....	59 14 0	81 16 8	.....	.....	140 30 8	1,560 4 0
8	Magoorah	2,527 10 8	19 27 12	11 5 8	26 36 8	.....	.....	57 29 12	2,469 20 12
9	Boda Suddor station ...	3,372 18 0	.....	53 39 8	144 16 8	0 12 0	.....	198 28 0	3,173 30 0
10	Saldanga	413 25 8	.....	.....	43 6 8	.....	.....	43 6 8	370 19 0
11	Hazradanga	22 0 0	8 0 0	11 35 8	.....	.....	.....	19 35 8	2 4 8
12	Rajnaghur	2,447 0 0	1 0 0	0 35 0	.....	.....	.....	1 35 0	2,445 5 0
	Total ...	25,215 16 14	47 7 12	671 33 14½	740 6 10½	23 32 0	2,658 20 0	4,041 20 5	24,140 22 8

Table showing the Government Gola Return up to 14th June 1874.

	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.
Mynagoree	1,502 23 0	.....	669 5 0	.....	.....	80 0 0	749 5 0	753 18 0
Josepackree	2,000 0 0	.....	0 24 8	1 22 8	.....	.....	2 7 0	1,997 36 0
Sunnaseekatta	4,010 5 0	0 28 4	6 5 0	.....	.....	.....	6 33 4	4,003 11 12
Julpigoree	7,583 0 0	.....	24 0 0	.....	.....	.....	24 0 0	7,559 0 0
Bhojunpore	1,338 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,338 0 0
Ambaree	3,230 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,230 0 0
Silligoree	1,477 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,477 0 0
Titalyah	1,999 19 14	0 20 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	0 20 0	1,998 39 14
Total ...	23,140 7 14	1 8 4	699 34 8	1 22 8	.....	80 0 0	782 25 4	22,357 22 10

* The return for Sonahar for the 8th is missing or has not been received, therefore the figures for all the columns except the last cannot be given.

F.—Charitable Relief.

This branch has hitherto been managed by Mr. Bradbury, C.S., and the result, as far as we have received reports up to 14th June, is shown on the margin.

Through Mr. Bradbury 14 maunds 20 seers were distributed, and by the committee at Sunnaseekatta 1 maund 24 seers 4 chittacks.

As more officers have been given to the district for relief work, and Mr. Bradbury has ample to look after in the advances to cultivators and others, the supervision of the committees has been made over to Mr. Clark and Mr. Jones, each of whom has his own circle.

The committee in Chilahati did not or would not work. I believe they considered that the aged female relatives of members of the committees were the most deserving of charitable relief, and thought that charity should begin and stop at home. Relief of this nature is therefore for the present being supervised by the zemindary amlah. The other committees seem to take an interest in their work, and rightly to determine who should and who should not get relief.

G.—Financial Results.

	Rs. A. P.
Relief loans to ryots	.....
Laborers' wages	4,400 0 0
Charitable relief	.....
Transport	3,041 0 0
Purchase of grain	.....
Miscellaneous	1,071 3 4
Total ...	8,512 3 4

Rains.—The rains, which were somewhat late this year, are now falling most favorably. That we had less early rain than usual was very fortunate for the rice in course of transport, and for tanks in course of excavation.

W. A. Nedham,
Asst. Commr., for Deputy Commr.

RECOVERY OF ADVANCES MADE TO CULTIVATORS UNDER THE ROAD CESS ACT.

No. 4175—S.R., dated Calcutta, the 29th June 1874.

From—The Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department,
To—The Commissioner of Burdwan.

THE Lieutenant-Governor has had under consideration your suggestion* that if necessary the legislature should apply certain sections of the Road Cess Act to the recovery of advances made direct to ryots for their subsistence during the present season of scarcity.

* *Extract paragraph 6 of a letter from the Commissioner of Burdwan, to the Magistrate-Collector of Bankoora.*

PARA. 6.—It is obviously for the interest of the zemindar to interpose and take an advance to help his ryots, instead of allowing the ryots to borrow direct from Government. If it comes to such a pass that advances are to be made direct to the ryots, it seems to me that the Government, for its own protection, and in order to recover its advances, must be asked to apply the process of attachment provided in sections 10 and 23 of the Road Cess Act (Act X (B.C.) of 1871), and it is for the zemindars to consider what the effect of that procedure would be on their position. You will understand that the law at present does not permit this procedure, but I shall at once point out to Government the facility which exists for applying these sections of the Act if zemindars fail to take advantage of the benevolent offers of Government to aid their ryots.

2. The Lieutenant-Governor is not certain that a sufficient case has yet been made out for moving the legislature in the matter; he would prefer that the zemindars and other superior holders should have full opportunity to fulfil the duties of their position, even though those duties may not be enforced by special enactment.

It may be well, however, to review what has passed on the subject of making advances of money or grain to destitute ryots through or on the security of their landlords.

3. After His Excellency the Viceroy's visit to Behar, the Government of India expressed† their expectation that zemindars would "either make advances to such cultivators from their own funds, or accept with alacrity the assistance offered by Government for this purpose," and it was added that "if these advances should not be realized, and difficulty is found with regard to the security for advances made directly to cultivators, His Excellency is ready to consider whether some legislative provision to the effect that their landlord shall stand security for the repayment, is necessary."

† Agriculture, Revenue, and Commerce Department letter No. 604, dated 16th December 1874.

4. Since these orders were issued, the following concessions have been made to zemindars who take advances for the purpose of helping their ryots. The time for the repayment of such advances was extended‡ to the 31st December 1875; authority was given§ to Collectors to postpone the collection of land revenue instalments from zemindars who distinguish themselves by helping their ryots; the stamp duty on deeds for the repayment of such advances was remitted; the word *zemindar* was made‖ to include putneedars, jotedars, and other superior holders having a permanent interest in the land; and lastly, now that all advances for the help of zemindars or ryots are made in grain, the Lieutenant-Governor has authorised¶ the adoption of a cheaper rate of repayment in the case of advances made on the security of zemindars, so as to cover the cost and possible risks of recovery.

‡ Government letter No. 4227, dated 29th December.

§ Government letter No. 155, dated 16th January.

‖ Resolution No. 403, dated 3rd February.

¶ Government letter No. 3966—S.R., dated the 18th June 1874.

5. It will be seen that the Government wishes to enlist the aid of zemindars in this matter, and has made valuable concessions to secure their assistance. At the same time it has been decided that "if in any village it was found absolutely impossible to work through the zemindars to save the people alive, Government must undertake the work, trusting to recover the amount by legislation or otherwise." And in the Mudhoobunnee orders* it was said that "advances to ryots must, wherever possible, be made through, and on the responsibility of, the zemindars. * * * Meanwhile arrangements for making the advances should go on."

* No. 48, dated 25th April, circulated to all distressed districts.

6. The Lieutenant-Governor is glad to be able to say that in many parts of the Patna and the Bhagulpore divisions, in the Dinagepore district, and in

parts of Rungpore, the zemindars are doing their duty in a praiseworthy manner, and are either spontaneously making advances themselves, or are giving security for the repayment of advances made direct to their tenants. His Honor hopes that the same course will be followed by the larger zemindars in all districts throughout Bengal, wherever and whenever necessity may arise; and he is aware that in the case of very petty estates, in which shareholders are numerous, it may be almost impracticable for any one owner to come forward with security.

7. Upon the whole, then, the Lieutenant-Governor is not satisfied that there is at present any need for special legislation, inasmuch as the zemindars are already doing their duty in this matter. If at any time it were found that the majority of zemindars in any district abstained from helping the Government in its measures for saving the lives of their tenants, and if it became necessary for the Lieutenant-Governor to propose any special legislation, he would consider your suggestion that the forms and the machinery of Sections 10 and 23, Road Cess Act, be applied to the case of realising advances of money or grain made to ryots for their support during the present scarcity. But he, as already observed, is sanguine that the good sense and humanity of the zemindars themselves will obviate the need of raising such questions.

PRICES-CURRENT OF FOOD-GRAINS AND SALT IN THE UNDER-MENTIONED DISTRICTS OF BENGAL ON THE 27TH JUNE 1874.

PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in

QUANTITIES PER RUPEE BY THE SE

	DISTRICTS.	WHEAT.			BARLEY.			RICE, BEST SORT.			RICE, COMMON.			BULRUSH MILLET—CUMBOO, BAJRA.			GREAT MILLET—CHOLUM, JOWA			LESSER MILLETS—RAGI OR MUNDUA AND CHENNA		
		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	
	BENGAL.																				
	Western Districts.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	
1	Burdwan	12 0 [A]	13 8	21 0	18 0	16 0	26 0	13 8	12 4	20 8	13 12	12 8	21 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Bankoora	12 12 [B]	12 8	15 8	21 0	21 0	22 8	10 10	10 10	14 0	12 8	12 8	16 0	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	..
3	Beerbhoom	12 0 [C]	12 0	14 8	15 0	15 0	20 0	10 0	10 0	16 0	12 0	11 8	18 0		...	...	..	...	...	...	...
4	Midnapore	12 0	13 0	11 8	...	...	...	14 0	14 0	20 0	15 0 to 16 0	15 0 to 16 0	25 0	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	
5	Hooghly	[D] 13 0	13 0	15 0	[E] 16 0 to 17 12	16 0 to 17 12	22 0 to 30 0	9 0 and 9 8	9 0 and 9 8	10 0	12 0 and 12 8	12 0 and 12 8	18 8	..	...	..	..	..	..	...	
	Howrah	12 8	12 8	15 0	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	15 0	11 12	11 12	20 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	
	Central Districts.																				
	Calcutta	12 0	12 0	...	16 0 [E]	16 0	...	9 0	9 0	...	11 6 [F]	11 0	...	..	...	...	12 0	12 0	...	..	
6	24-Pergunnahs ...	11 0 [E]	11 8 to 12 4	14 8	13 10 to 14 8	13 4 to 16 0	20 8	8 0	8 0	8 0	12 4 [G]	11 7	19 0	..	..	...	...	...	.	...	
7	Nuddea	12 12 [H]	12 5	14 8	...	...	32 0	9 7	9 7	16 0	10 5	10 5	17 12	..	...	...	...	..	..	...	
8	Jessore	11 8 [I]	11 6	14 8	... [E]	...	...	10 10	10 8	18 0	11 8	12 0	25 8	[E]	...	..	...	...	...		
9	Moorshedabad ...	13 0 [J]	13 8	18 0	17& 18	17 &18	27to 29	9 12	9 0	16 0	11 0	10 0	18 8	14 0	14 0	29 0	...	...	..	...	
10	Dinagepore	11 0	11 0	14 8	10 8	10 8	22 8	8 2	8 2	20 0	9 0	9 0	24 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	
11	Maldah	13 8	13 8	18 0	17 0	17 0	35 0	9 4	9 4	17 8	12 0	11 0	18 0	14 0	14 0	20 0	...	..	...	..	
12	Rajshahye ...	11 4 to 12 0 [K]	11 4 to 12 0	15 0	18 0	18 0	32 0	7 8 to 8 4	7 8	15 0	10 8 to 13 8	9 12 to 12 0	21 9	...	..	...	...	...	..		
13	Rungpore	12 0	12 0	15 0	...	...	..	7 9	7 7	15 0	9 6	10 2	25 14	..	..	..	...	...		...	
14	Bogra	12 0	12 0	16 12	...	...	.	6 12	6 12	16 8	12 0	12 0	26 0	..	...	..	...	...		..	
15	Pubna.*																				
16	Darjeeling.*																				
17	Julpigoree	[L] 8 0	8 0	11 0	.	...	...	8 0	8 0	13 0	10 0	11 0	16 0	...	.A	...	..	...	..	..	
	Cooch Behar.* ...																				
	Eastern Districts																				
18	Dacca	[M] 11 0	11 0	13 8	20 0	20 0	21 0	10 8	10 8	22 0	12 0	12 0	28 0		...	.	..	...	.	..	
19	Furreedpore	[N] 12 0 [O]	12 0	20 0	20 0	20 0	40 0	6 8	6 8	10 0	12 0	11 0	22 8	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	
20	Backergunge ...	[P]	...	...	...	...	...	11 0	11 0	13 0	13 0	13 0	26 0	..	...	...	...	...	..	[E]	
21	Mymensingh ...	10 0	12 8	12 12	...	...	...	8 12	8 12	24 0	11 4	11 4	30 0	...	...	...	...	...	..	15& 16	15&
22	Sylhet†	10 0	10 0	10 0	8 8	8 8	11 8	12 4 [Q]	13 2	24 0	14 0	14 14	34 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
23	Chittagong† ...	12 0	12 0	12 0	..	...	...	12 0 [R]	12 0	16 0	13 0	14 0	24 0	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	
24	Noakholly	...	...	...	...	...	..	10 0 [S]	11 0	18 0	13 0	13 0	25 0	...	...	...	..	...	..		
25	Tipperah	10 0	10 0	11 0	...	...	...	11 0	10 0	20 0	13 0	13 0	32 8	...	...	...	.				
26	Chittagong Hill Tracts	...	...	...	...	...	...	11 7	11 7	14 0	12 7	12 7	16 0	...	..	.	..	...	...	...	...
	Hill Tipperah ...	10 0	...	10 6	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	22 8	13 3 to 20 0	1[illegible]	.	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

* Return not received.

† Return for week ending 20th June received after publi[illegible]

(a) Agricultural labor is not generally paid in [illegible]ication of last *Gazette*.

A In the interior prices range as follow[illegible] cash, labor is exchanged for labor; the wages here shown are of common laborers.
seers, and gram from 14 [illegible]—Wheat from 13 to 14 seers, barley from 20 to 21 seers, best rice from 10 to 11-13 seers, common rice from 11-4 to 12-11

B In the interior prices [illegible] to 16-4 seers, per rupee.
maize, range as follow:—Wheat from 12-8 to 13-8 seers, barley from 17 to 24 seers, best rice from 11 to 12-8 seers, common rice from 12 to 14-8 seers,

C In [illegible] from 12 to 20 seers, and gram from 13-8 to 14 seers, per rupee.
at interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 10 to 15 seers, barley from 15 to 17-8 seers, best rice from 10 to 12 seers, common rice from 11-4 to 13-8 seers, and gram from 13 to 18 seers, per rupee.

D In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 12 to 13-8 seers, best rice from 8 to 9-8 seers, common rice from 10 to 13 seers, and gram from 10-8 to 14 seers, per rupee.

E In the interior only.

F In the interior the price of common rice ranges from 10-8 to 13-5 seers, and gram from 13 5 to 14-8 seers, per rupee.

G Coarse rice at 12-5 seers per rupee.

H In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 7 to 13 seers, best rice from 10-8 to 13 seers, cor[illegible] 0-10 to 15 seers, and gram from 12 to 15 seers,

...mentioned Districts of Bengal on the 27th June 1874.

...OLAHS.

...R INDIAN-CORN.		GRAM.			FIRE-WOOD.			SALT.			AVERAGE WAGES PER MONTH.									DISTRICTS.
											ABLE-BODIED AGRICULTURAL LABORER.			SYCE OR HORSE-KEEPER.			COMMON MASON, CARPENTER OR BLACKSMITH.			
Nett preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	
																				BENGAL.
																				Western Districts
Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	
...	...	15 8	15 0	21 0	100 0	100 0	...	9 0	9 0	8 8	6 0	6 0	...	5 0	5 0	...	12to20	12to15	...	Burdwan.
8 0	35 0	13 4	13 12	22 0	480 0	480 0	...	7 12	7 12	7 12	4 0	4 0	...	4 0	4 0	...	7 0	7 0	...	Bankoora.
...	...	13 0	13 0	21 8	240 0	240 0	240 0	8 0	8 0	8 12	4 0	4 0	...	5 0	5 0	...	7 8	8 5	...	Beerbhoom.
...	...	12 0	12 0	18 0	180 0	180 0	180 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	4 0	4 0	...	5 0	5 0	...	7 8	7 8	...	Midnapore.
...	...	13 0 and 13 8	13 0 and 13 8	20 0	120 0	120 0	...	8 0	8 0	9 0	6 0	6 0	...	5 0	5 0	...	7 8 to 12 0	7 8 to 12 0	...	Hooghly.
...	...	13 4	13 4	20 0	120 0	120 0	...	8 8	8 8	9 0	7 0	7 0	...	7 0	7 0	...	12 0	12 0	...	Howrah.
																				Central Districts
12 0	...	14 0	14 0	...	100 0	100 0	...	8 0	8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Calcutta.
...	...	13 12	13 5	20 0	120 0	120 0	...	8 0	8 0	8 12	6 0	6 0	...	6 0	6 0	...	11 0	11to16	...	24-Pergunnahs.
...	...	15 4	15 4	26 11	120 0	120 0	...	8 7	8 7	8 10½	6 0	5 0	...	6 0	5 0	...	7 8 to 10 0	8 0 to 12 0	...	Nuddea.
...	...	13 8	13 8	21 0	128 0	120 0	...	7 0	7 2	8 0	4 11 to 7 8	7 8	...	5 0	5 0	...	10to15	8 to 12	...	Jessore.
...	...	16 0	16 0	27 0	120 0	120 0	...	8 0	7 0	9 0	4 0	4 0	...	5 0	5 0	...	7 8	7 to 10	...	Moorshedabad.
...	...	12 0	12 0	18 12	180 0	180 0	...	7 0	7 0	6 8	5 0	4 0	...	5 0	4 0	...	7 8 to 8 0	5 to 10	...	Dinagepore.
8 0	20 0	16 0	16 0	24 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	7 4	7 4	7 4	4 12 (a)	5 0	...	5 0	5 0	...	6 0 to 12 0	6 0 to 12 0	...	Maldah.
...	...	14 4 to 15 0	13 8 to 14 4	22 8	240 0	240 0	...	6 8½	6 8½	...	2 8 to 3 12	3 12 to 7 8	...	5 0	4 0 to 5 0	...	4 0 to 12 0	4 8 to 7 0	...	Rajshahye.
...	...	15 0	15 0	13 0	107 0	107 0	107 0	6 12	6 12	6 12	5 8	5 0	...	6 0	6 0	...	7 8 to 10 0	7 8 to 10 0	...	Rungpore.
...	...	12 0	12 0	16 12	67 8	67 8	60 0	6 12	6 12	6 12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bogra.
																				Pubna.*
																				Darjeeling.*
...	...	9 0	8 0	13 0	160 0	160 0	...	5 6	6 0	6 0	5 0	5 0	5 0 to 6 0	6 0 to 7 0	6 0 to 7 0	...	7 8 to 10	7 0 to 8 0	...	Julpigoree.
																				Cooch Behar.*
																				Eastern Districts
...	...	13 8	14 0	19 0	80 0	80 0	...	8 0	8 0	8 0	6 0	6 0	...	5 to 7	4 to 6	...	7 to 20	10to20	...	Dacca.
...	...	13 0	13 0	18 0	...	...	...	7 8	7 8	7 8	6 0	6 0	...	6 0	7 0	...	8 to 12	10to12	...	Fureedpore.
...	...	13 0	13 0	...	120 0	120 0	...	8 0	8 0	8 4	7 8	7 8	...	6 0	6 0	...	8 to 14	8 to 15	...	Backergunge.
...	...	13 8	13 4	18 0	...	...	...	7 8	7 8	7 8	5 8	7 8	...	6 0	6 0	...	10to20	10to15	...	Mymensingh.
...	...	12 0	12 0	16 0	107 0	107 0	...	7 12	7 12	7 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Sylhet.†
...	...	11 0	11 0	11 0	120 0	120 0	130 0	7 4	7 4	7 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Chittagong.†
...	...	11 0	11 0	16 0	280 0	280 0	...	5 12	5 8	7 8	7 8	7 8	...	5 0	5 0	...	7 8	7 8	...	Noakholly.
...	...	12 0	12 0	16 0	...	...	...	7 12	7 12	8 0	6 0	5 8	...	6 0	6 0	...	8 to 15	8 8 to 15 0	...	Tipperah.
...	...	...	...	...	320 0	320 0	320 0	6 3	6 3	6 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Chittagong Hill Tr...
...	...	10 6	10 6	11 4	...	...	...	7 2	7 2	7 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Hill Tipperah.

the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat from 12 to 13 seers, best rice from 8 to 10 seers, common rice from 11 to 12 seers, and gram from 14-8 to 17 s... per rupee.

the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat 13 seers, best rice 9 seers, common rice 10 seers, and gram 14-8 seers, per rupee.

rices easier in the sub-division of Bhowanigunge.

the interior price of wheat ranges from 8 to 10 seers, best rice from 6 to 8 seers, common rice from 7 to 12 seers, and gram from 8 to 9 seers, per rupee.

the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 16 seers, barley 22-8 seers, best rice from 9 to 12 seers, common rice from 10 to 13 seers, new aous or early from 13 to 14 seers, and gram 16 seers, per rupee.

the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 16 seers; common rice from 10-12 to 15 seers, and gram from 14 to 17 seers, per rupee.

the interior the prices, r... anges as follow :—Best rice from 10-8 to 11 seers, common rice from 10-8 to 13 seers, paddy from 20 to 30 seers, and gram 12 s... per rupee.

the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat from 11 to 13 seers, best rice from 9 to 11-6 seers, common rice from 11-8 to 13-5 seers, and gram from 8 t... seers, per rupee.

n the interior the price of best rice ranges from 11 to 13 seers, and common rice from 13-8 to 15 seers, and gram from 14 to 14-8 seers, per rupee.

n the interior the price of best rice ranges from 14 to 16 seers, and common rice from 15 to 17 seers, per rupee.

PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in the undermentione

QUANTITIES PER RUPEE

DISTRICTS.	WHEAT.			BARLEY.			RICE, BEST SORT.			RICE, COMMON.			BULRUSH MILLET—CUMBOO, BAJRA			GREAT MILLET—CHOLUM, JOWAR.			LESSER MILLET—RAGI OR MUN AND CHENA		
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	
BEHAR.																					
	S. Ch	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch	S. Ch.	S. Ch	S. Ch	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch	S. Ch	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S.
Patna	17 0 T	17 0	24 0	20 12	20 8	31 4	12 0	12 0	...	13 0	14 0	21 0	...	...	...	19 8 E	20 0	...	...	...	
Gya	11 4 U	11 0	16 0	15 0	15 0	27 0	8 0	7 8	13 0	10 0	8 12	16 8	...	...	...	14 8 E	14 12	..	...	...	
Shahabad	14 8 V	15 0	20 0	18 4	19 0	30 0	10 0	10 0	14 0	10 12	11 0	18 0	17 0	17 0	...	18 8	18 8	20 0	18 E	18 0	
Tirhoot	12 0	12 0	14 0	16 0	15 0	25 0	6 8	6 8	17 0	11 0	11 0	19 0	...	...	...	...	...		12 0 to 20 0	11 0 to 18 0	15
Sarun	14 8	14 8	14 0	18 0	18 0	25 0	7 0	7 0	12 8	12 8	12 8	16 8	...	...	...	19 0	19 0	16 0	16 0	16 0	23
Chumparun ...	W 13 0	12 8	16 0	17 0	16 0	33 0	7 0	7 0	12 0	11 0	10 8	18 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	18 0	..	40
Monghyr	15 7	15 2	17 8	21 0	19 9	31 5	8 4	8 4	13 6	12 7	11 5	16 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	E	...	
Bhagulpore ...	14 8	14 8	20 3	18 15	18 15	31 9	10 1	10 1	15 2	11 6	11 6	16 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	15 0	15 0	20
Purneah	12 0 X. E	12 0	14 0	... E	...	26 0	9 8	9 8	17 0	10 0	10 4	19 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	E	...	
Sonthal Pergunnahs	11 0 to 14 0	10 0 to 14 0	9 0 to 20 0	12 0 to 20 0	15 0 to 20 0	26 0 to 30 0	9 0	9 0	14 0	11 0	10 8	16 0	13 0	13 0	40 0	...	...	...	17 0 to 20 0	16 8 to 20 0	
ORISSA																					
Cuttack* ...	11 13	11 13	14 7		...	...	18 6	18 6	26 10	24 15	24 15	28 14	...	...	...	...	...	..	17 1	17 1	
Pooree ...	11 13	11 13	14 7	...	...	...	21 0	19 11	21 0	26 4	23 10	31 8	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	
Balasore* ..	11 0	11 0	12 0	,	..		16 0	16 0	16 0	21 0	21 0	26 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
CHOTA NAGPORE.																					
South-West Frontier Agency.																					
Hazareebagh ..	10 8	10 8	15 8	18 0	18 8	21 0	8 8	8 8	19 0	13 0	18 0	16 0	...	...	...	...	...		17 8	17 0	
Lobardagga ...	12 0	12 0	14 0	17 0	17 0	16 0	13 8	13 0	15 0	16 0	15 8	16 0	...	...	...	...	...	..	24 0	23 0	
Singhboom†																					
Manbhoom ...	Y 11 0	11 0	12 0	E 16 0 to 22 0	17 0 to 24 0	24 0 to 30 0	10 0	12 0	15 0	14 0	14 0	18 0	E 19 0	19 0	40 0	...	...	...	...	...	

* Return for week ending 20th June received after publication of last Gazette

† Return not received

T In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 13-4 to 13-10 seers, barley from 16-4 to 17-4 seers, best rice from 9 to 10 seers, common rice from 10-8 seers, maize 15 seers, and gram from 15-8 to 16 seers, per rupee.

U In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat 14 seers, barley from 17 to 19 seers, best rice 8 seers, common rice from 10 to 14 seers, bulrush millet 16 maize 15 seers, and gram from 17 to 19 seers, per rupee

V In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 9 to 16 seers, barley from 13 to 20-8 seers, best rice from 7 to 13 seers, common rice from 8-12 to 14 seers from 11 to 17 seers, and gram from 13 to 19 seers, per rupee

CALCUTTA,
The 30th June 1874.

of Bengal on the 27th June 1874.—(Continued.)

OF 80 TOLAHS.												AVERAGE WAGES PER MONTH.									
INDIAN-N.	GRAM.			FIRE-WOOD.			SALT.			ABLE-BODIED AGRICULTURAL LABOURER.			SYCE OR HORSE-KEEPER.			COMMON MASON, CARPENTER, OR BLACKSMITH.			DISTRICTS.
Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	
																			DEHAR
lb. S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	
0 34 8	21 8	21 0	34 8	...	160 0	...	7 8	7 8	8 0	3 0 to 4 0	3 0 to 4 0	...	4 0 to 5 0	4 0 to 5 0	...	5 10 to 7 8	5 0 to 7 8	...	Patna.
...	14 0	13 0	22 0	160 0	160 0	...	6 4	6 2	7 0	2 6 to 3 12	3 6 to 3 12	...	2 8 to 4 0	2 8 to 4 0	...	4 0 to 5 0	4 0 to 5 0	...	Gya.
28 0	19 8	18 8	30 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	7 8	7 8	8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Shahabad.
0 30 0	15 0	15 0	22 0	130 0	130 0	...	6 0	6 0	7 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tirhoot.
0 22 0	18 0	18 0	25 0	160 0	160 0	...	7 4	7 0	7 4	2 6 to 3 12	2 8 to 3 12	...	4 0 to 4 8	4 0 to 4 8	...	6 0 to 8 0	6 0 to 10 0	...	Saran.
0 38 0	16 0	14 0	26 0	...	...	...	5 12	5 8	6 12	3 12	3 13	...	4 0	4 0	...	5 12 to 6 0	5 0	...	Champaran.
3 20 4	18 8	17 8	28 8	147 0	147 0	...	7 8	7 8	7 8	3 0	3 0	...	3 0	3 0	...	5 10 to 7 8	5 10 to 7 8	...	Monghyr.
20 5	17 0	17 0	26 14	176 12	176 12	164 2	7 9	7 9	8 3	1 14 to 3 12	3 12	...	4 to 5	4 0	...	5 10 to 7 8	5 10 to 8 0	...	Bhagulpore.
...	13 8	13 8	23 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	6 12	6 13	6 8	3 12 to 4 12	4 0	...	5 0	5 0	...	11 to 8	7 to 11	...	Purneah.
0 30 0	13 0	12 8	20 0	320 0	320 0	320 0	7 0	7 0	8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Santhal Perguunahs.
																			ORISSA.
...	26 9	26 9	26 4	300 0	300 0	...	10 10	10 10	9 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Cuttack.*
...	22 5	21 0	24 15	100 0	100 0	100 0	10 8	10 8	9 0	3 0	3 0	...	4 to 5	5 0	...	8 0	6 8	...	Pooree.
...	11 0	11 0	10 0	320 0	320 0		7 8	7 8	7 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Balasore.*
																			CHOTA NAGPORE.
																			South-West Frontier Agency.
20 4	13 0	13 0	17 0	240 0	240 0	240 0	6 0	6 0	6 8	4 0	4 0	...	5 0	5 0	...	8 0	8 0	...	Hazareebagh.
20 0	13 0	13 0	16 0	160 0	160 0	...	5 4	5 4	5 8	2 8	2 8	...	3 to 5	3 to 5	...	5 to 12	5 10 to 9 6	...	Lohardugga.
																			Singbhoom.†
0 75 0	11 0	11 0	19 0	320 0	320 0	320 0	6 12	6 12	7 0	3 12	3 12	...	3 0	3 0	...	9 6	9 6	...	Manbhoom.

In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 11 to 16 seers, barley from 15 to 19 seers, best rice from 9 to 11 seers, common rice from 14 to 18 seers, lesser millet from 17 to 18 seers, maize from 14 to 18 seers, and gram from 13-12 to 16-8 seers, per rupee.

In the interior prices range as follow:—Best rice from 7 to 18 seers, common rice from 8 to 15 seers, bulrush millet from 15 to 17 seers, maize from 10 to 17 seers, and gram from 12 to 17 seers, per rupee.

In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 10 to 13 seers, best rice from 10-8 to 16 seers, from 13 to 17 seers, and gram from 10 to 14 seers, per rupee.

Published for general information,

L. [illegible]. ABBOTT,

Offg. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Rainfall, Weather and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending the 27th June 1874.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BENGAL.			
	Western Districts.		
BURDWAN DIVISION. 1	Burdwan, 29th* June 1874	6·75	Over five inches of rainfall at Ranegunge, four at Bood-bood, three at Cutwa, nearly two at Culna, and three at Jehanabad. The prospects of the crops are most favorable. Cholera abated. Fever as before.
2	Bankoora, 27th „ „	6·27	Rain all over the district; very heavy on the 24th June. Agricultural operations going on well. The weather is as favorable as possible for the rice crop. Aous or early rice being planted out. A few cases of small-pox reported; cholera rather bad in some parts.
3	Beerbhoom, 27th „ „	5·73	Cool, with frequent rain. Prospects of crops excellent; some local damage from floods. Export of week ending 20th June, 1,471½ maunds, chiefly to Bhagulpore Division. Prices nearly stationary, with downward tendency
4	Midnapore, 27th „ „	2	Over four inches of rain has fallen in the north, and less than an inch in the south; on the whole a desirable distribution. In the north the fall has been sufficient to allow the crops sown broadcast to be ploughed as usual and also transplantation to be made. In the centre of the district the fall has been scarcely sufficient for this. On the whole, the week has been a very favorable one. Prices, however, still manifest a slight tendency to rise. Cholera has almost disappeared.
5	Hooghly, 27th „ „	1·51	Cloudy throughout, with light showers of rain. Wind from south and south-east. Rice sowing nearly complete. The rain has been ample, and the crops are promising. Heavy showers on the night of the 28th instant since reported.
	Howrah, 27th „ „	·59	There was more or less rain throughout the district. Weather sometimes cloudy and sometimes clear. Wind from south and east varying. The rain during the week has done good. The amun or late rice seedlings are thriving. The late rice (broadcast) and jute have been sown and are doing well. Lands are being ploughed for transplanting the late rice. Sugarcane plants look healthy. More rain is required at Juggutbullubpore, where it has been scanty.
	Central Districts.		
PRESIDENCY DIVISION. 6	24-Pergunnahs, 29th† June 1874.	0·47	Warm and showery. There has been heavy rain in the Diamond Harbour and Barrackpore Sub-divisions, and in smaller quantities throughout the district during the week. The aous or early rice and jute are doing well, and the prospects of the amun or late rice are very favorable. Fever decreasing at Barripore. Public health in other sub-divisions good.
7	Nuddea, 27th June 1874	4·96	Cool and damp. The weather has been as favorable as possible to the crops. In some parts of the district small crops of some inferior sorts of grain will be reaped in a few days. The earliest of the aous or early rice is in ear. Prices are nearly stationary.
8	Jessore, 27th „ „	1·83	Cloudy and close for the most part, with more or less rain throughout the week including one or two heavy down-pours in various places. The crops are looking and promising well.
RAJSHAHYE DIVISION. 9	Moorshedabad, 27th „ „	2·67	There has been copious rainfall throughout the district during the week—2·67 at head-quarters, 8·20 at Lallbaugh, 5·06 at Jungipore, and 3·06 at Rampore Haut. As before, the crops are in very promising condition, and there is every prospect of an excellent harvest of aous or early rice if no floods occur. Prices have fallen in the principal bazars, particularly at Jungipore, where rice has recently been received from Eastern Bengal. The health of the district is improving.
10	Dinagepore, 26th „ „	3·6	Rain throughout the district nearly every day more or less. The bhadoi or early crop continues in a most flourishing condition. Jute and sugarcane promise excellent crops. Ploughing for hymunti or winter rice crop everywhere proceeding with vigour.
11	Maldah, 27th „ „	3·09	Cloudy and rainy. The bhadoi or early crops looking very well; half of the shamo (grass-seed) and jall rice (very early bhadoi), which is sown in small quantities, has been cut in Nowabgunge and Kalleachack. Hymunti or winter crop cultivation is going on. Coarse rice at twelve seers per rupee. Total rainfall from 1st January to 27th June, 16·20.

* Telegram of the 29th June, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding

† Report of the 29th June, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
	BENGAL.—(Contd.)		
	Central Districts.—(Contd.)		
12	Rajshahye, 26th June 1874	1·75	There has been much rain all over the district during the week. The rice crops are growing luxuriantly, but in parts of the Mandab, the excessive rain has made the soil so soft as to render weeding difficult. In the Nattore quarters the young amun or late rice plants on the lowest lands have been submerged, and those lands will have to be re-sown. Indigo has benefited much by the rain. Indian-corn and kowni (millet) are thriving, except in Nattore and one or two other places. Prices have fallen in some instances considerably. Public health good.
13	Rungpore, 26th „ „	6·83	Rain general and weather cool. Crops everywhere in good order. Late rice being transplanted. Jute prospect good. A further fall of 2·12 inches of rain telegraphed on the 29th instant.
14	Bogra, 27th „ „	4·52	Seasonable. The weather continues very seasonable; a bumper aous or late rice crop seems certain, and the people admit there has not been such good aous or early rice for twenty years. Ploughing and sowing the amun or late rice is going on briskly, for which the late weather is very propitious.
15	Pubna ...	.....	Return not received.
16	Darjeeling, 26th „ „	4·25	Almost incessant rain, though not many heavy showers. In the hills, the Indian-corn promises a good crop; it has begun to ripen, and is being eaten by people on the low lands. The other crops are all doing well; the potatoes are much finer than last year, and more abundant. In the plains, kowni (millet) is mostly gathered in; the yield has been unusually large. Jamira and bhadoi or early paddy are progressing very favorably, and so is the young winter crop.
17	Julpigoree, 26th „ „	6·27	Most favorable rains; and promise of jute, bhadoi or early rice, and sugarcane, all that could be desired. Hymunti or winter rice transplanting going on under very favorable conditions.
	Cooch Behar, 25th „ „	6·60	Cloudy, with a good deal of rain. State and prospects of crops satisfactory Up to the present time the weather has been very favorable for the amun or late rice crop. Only the very low grounds have been planted out as yet.
	Eastern Districts.		
18	Dacca, 29th* June 1874	1·64	Seasonable weather. State of crops excellent—could not well be better.
19	Fureedpore, 27th „ „	1·71	Rain almost every day during the week, with alternate sunshine. The prospects of the next harvest continue very promising, and the rise of the rivers gradual. Only at Fureedpore and Goalundo has the price of coarse rice fallen. It has risen at Bhanga, Gopalgunge, and Madareepore, owing to importations being limited.
20	Backergunge, 25th „ „	5·21	Rainy and pretty cool. State and prospects of crops good.
21	Mymensingh, 26th June 1874.	3·80	Weather showery, rain falling almost every day, but not in large quantities. There has been sufficient rain for the aous or early rice, but more is still wanted for the amun or late rice sowings. The state and prospects of the crops are very good. Some of the early aous (jati) rice has come into the markets in the west of the district. Health of the district good.
22	Sylhet, 23rd June 1874	3·52	Showery, but very close. Prospects of crops good; more rain would do good. Rice fell on the 24th instant at the Sudder Bazar. About 3,500 maunds of rice, and 12,000 maunds of paddy exported. A few cases of cholera still reported; otherwise the district is healthy.
23	Chittagong, 25th „ „	5·71	Heavy rain nearly every day. Fine and hot intervals, with high wind. From Cox's Bazar 13·24 inches of rain reported up to 23rd instant. The weather continues most favorable to the early rice crop. Transplanting going on actively. Cholera disappearing.
24	Noakholly, 25th „ „	9·36	Rainy. The rain has benefited the aous or early rice, which is doing well. The sowing of the amun or late rice is progressing favorably.
25	Tipperah, 26th „ „	3·19	Rainy, but not as heavy as usual at this time of the year; heavier showers wanted. The weather has been characterized chiefly by light showers alternately with sunshine. Prospects of the early and late rice crops are still excellent. A little more heavy rain is, however, wanted just now.
26	Chittagong Hill Tracts, 23rd June 1874.	4·2	Heavy rain on the 22nd instant, accompanied with squalls. The hill people are still sowing paddy in their jooms. Indian-corn has begun to ripen here and there in small quantities. The prospects of the crops are on the whole good.
	Hill Tipperah, 24th June 1874.	2·41	No continued rain at present, but almost daily showers. Seasonable. Crops looking well and promising. Nothing particular to report.

*Telegram of the 29th June, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BEHAR.				
Patna Division.	27	Patna, 29th* June 1874	4·51	Weather all that could be desired for the young crops so far, but now a few days of sunshine is wanted to enable the cultivators to weed their fields. Health of the district generally good.
	28	Gya, 27th „ „	3·09	Very wet weather; heavy rain throughout the district during Thursday and Friday. Prospects good. Sunshine required. Health good.
	29	Shahabad, 27th „ „	5·41	Heavy rain in the Arrah and Buxar Sub-divisions; less rain in the Sasseram and Bhubooah Sub-divisions. Ploughing and sowing going on wherever possible. Early sowings have already germinated. In the Rhotas and Sasseram pergunnahs, owing to a want of sufficient rain, seed is reported as not yet sown. Small-pox considerably decreased. Cattle disease has shown itself in Rhotas, but not in a severe epedemic form.
	30	Tirhoot, 27th „ „	2·37	Weather sultry and rainy, east wind prevailing. In Seetamurhee Sub-division 2·31 inches of rain fell during the week; weather favorable for crops on the ground. Prospects fair. Public health good; mortality less than in ordinary years. General complaint of want of straw for cattle, but cattle still in fair condition. In Mudhubunnee Sub-division 2·99 inches of rain fell during the week; young paddy and bhadoi or early crops are reported everywhere to be in a most favorable condition; transplanting has commenced in many places. No more rain is required at present. In Durbhunga Sub-division 1·05 inches fell during the week; three-fourths of the bhadoi or early crops have been sown and the remainder is being sown; a large portion of that sown has already germinated and looks very promising; something less than half of the other crops has been sown and sowings are general. The paddy sown broadcast in the lowest lands was submerged in early portion of the week. Prospects of crops are at present cheering. In Hajeepore Sub-division 3·65 inches of rain fell during the week. The crops are looking remarkably well, and the rain has given every facility for sowing and ploughing. No report has been received from Tajpore. The rain was general throughout the district, and has been of great benefit to the paddy and other bhadoi or early sowings which are now being pushed on briskly. The seed sown germinated freely. Transplanting of paddy is going on. Public health good. The prices of food-grains appear to have a tendency to fall.
	31	Sarun, 27th „ „	5·34	Weather rainy and seasonable; east wind prevailing. The rain has been general. Agricultural operations progressing, and are being carried on under most favorable circumstances. Sugarcane is doing well. Indigo appears more promising. The ryots are engaged in preparing their lands for the next sowings. The bhadoi (early), and aghanee (late), crops are being sown. Early shama (grass-seed), tangni, and murwa (millets), kodo and Indian-corn are coming up very well in some places. Weeding has commenced. The timely showers of rain have given hope to the people. Prices steady.
	32	Chumparun, 26th June 1874.	6·49	Seasonable weather. Prospects of crops continue very favorable; the early paddy, maize, &c., are coming up well. Health of district good.
Bhagulpore Div.	33	Monghyr, 27th June 1874	4·10	Frequent and heavy rain. Favorable prospects for bhadoi or early crops; favorable sowing season for the rice. A few dry days are now wanted.
	34	Bhagulpore, 29th* „ „	2·99	Over five inches of rain at Bunka, and three at Soopool. A week's fine weather is very desirable for the Indian-corn. Ploughing, sowing, and transplanting going on briskly. Standing crops first-class. Prospects could not be better. General health very good.
	35	Purneah, 27th „ „	2·10	Very squally, strong east wind; rain more or less every day. Prospects excellent. The early jamera rice is being cut. The bhadoi or early rice is coming into ear; transplanting of the late rice is going on well except in Arraroah and Kishengunge, where there has this week been too much rain. Kowni and choena (millets) have been cut and given a good yield. Indian-corn extensively sown in Dhurmpore, coming in by relays.
	36	Sonthal Pergunnahs, 27th June 1874.	3·77	Deoghur and Rajmehal cloudy, with showers; Dumka and Godda, good showers of rain. Ploughing and sowing are everywhere going on. The prospects of the crops continue good. Rain all over the district. Bhadoi or early crops most promising everywhere. Public health generally good.
ORISSA.				
Orissa Division.	37	Cuttack, 29th* June 1874	·35	Very little rain in the interior; this break after heavy rains of last week is good, enabling sowings to go on and young crops to recover from excessive rain. Prospects everywhere excellent. Prices slightly risen. Health good.
	38	Pooree, 25th „ „	·23	There has been general and good rain, and the weather is yet cloudy. The rivers have risen. Cotton has been nearly completely gathered with a fair outturn. Mangoes are over. Cultivation has been greatly benefited by the rain which has been generally good during the last two weeks. Sowing operations are proceeding well on high lands. As soon as the rain water left on low-lands subsides, sowings thereon will begin. Sugarcane doing well. Purchases of rice for export have ceased. Prices stationary. Public health good. A sluice in Chowmukood has been thrown down by the flood, and the land commanded by it inundated; but no extensive damage has yet occurred.
	39	Balasore, 26th „ „	2·04	Showery. Present prospects promising in every way. The weather during the week has been very propitious; sunshine having alternated with showers. Sowings are nearly completed, and the young crop is thriving.

Telegrams of the 29th June, received on the same day, show rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.	District and date of return	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
CHOTA NAGPORE.			
	South-West Frontier Agency.		
40	Hazareebagh, 26th June 1874.	1·76	Rain during the earlier part of the week in showers, but during the last two days it has been heavy and continuous. From the north, i.e., Pergunnah Kharkdiha, are heard grumblings about too much rain, but the experience of the rest of the district is different. About the Grand Trunk Road to the south-east, head-quarters, and the west there has been much rain, mixed with sunshine. The crops are coming forward splendidly. People are applying freely for advances in the north for seed. Rice advances for food are given, and seed is obtained by barter at cheaper rates than the mahajuns give in loan. The condition of the district at present is extremely hopeful.
41	Lohardugga, 27th June 1874.	86	Light rain, with intervals of sunshine; quite seasonable. The prospects at present are most favorable both in Chota Nagpore Proper and in Palamow. Sowing has been carried on actively, and the young crops are growing up vigorously, and will be able to stand out well against heavy rain when it comes. In the interior prices have fallen considerably. General health good. Small-pox subsiding.
42	Singbhoom, 26th June 1874.	0·26	Cool and cloudy. A dry week, but heavy clouds about again. Crops looking superb. Prospects good. Cattle disease reported from parts of the district. General health excellent.
43	Manbhoom, 27th June 1874.	0·63	Showery and cool. Rain has fallen very generally over the whole district, but in slight showers only, which is just what is wanted. At present all the crops on the ground are doing particularly well; in fact, as stated last week, they could not promise better. Cholera and small-pox are still reported from several parts of the district; but the number of deaths is not large.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA, STATISTICAL DEPT.,
The 30th June 1874.

L. C. ABBOTT,
Offg. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

Division.	District.	Station.	Rain from 7th to 13th June 1874.	Rain from 14th to 20th June 1874.	Rain from 1st January 1874.		Remarks.
					Inches.	Up to date.	
BENGAL.			Inches.	Inches.		1874.	
	Western Districts.						
Burdwan.	Burdwan	Burdwan	0·95	4·80	19 98	20th June.	
		Cutwa	0·80	2 47	18·15	ditto.	
		Culna	0·97	1·42	15 31	ditto	
		Bood-bood	1·06	6·29	16 44	ditto.	
		Raneegunge	0·25	3·28	11·34	ditto	
		Jehanabad	1·37	1·80	14·02	ditto.	
	Bankoora	Bankoora	0·85	3·28	13·95	ditto.	
	Beerbhoom	Sooree	1·48	2·65	14·48	ditto.	
	Midnapore	Midnapore	0·35	1·59	9·28	ditto.	
		Tumlook	1·60	2·30	16·34	ditto.	
		Gurbeta	0 22	4·89	15·47	ditto	
		Contai (Dy. Collr.'s Office)	3 22	3·45	19·37	ditto.	
		Contai (Exe. Engr.'s Office)	3 53	3·77	20 14	ditto.	
	Hooghly	Hooghly	1·00	0·55	12·63	ditto.	
		Serampore	0·32	0·70	11·27	ditto.	
	Howrah	Howrah	0·56	0 79	9·88	ditto.	
	Central Districts						
Presidency.	24-Pergunnahs	Sangor Island	5·60	5·60	20·45	ditto.	
		Calcutta	3 80	1·68	16·05	ditto.	
		Alipore (Dispensary)	0·99	1·81	18·47	ditto.	
		Alipore (Jail)	1·04	1·87	18·02	ditto	
		Busseerhat	0·74	1·22	9 66	ditto.	
		Baraset	0·29	0·71	12·60	ditto.	
		Diamond Harbour	0·89	3·26	10 73	ditto.	
		Barripore	1·22	3·15	11·98	ditto.	
		Satkhira	Not rec	Not rec.	7·39	6th June.	
		Barrackpore	0 36	0·48	10·62	20th June.	
		Dum-Dum	0·64	0·69	11·81	ditto.	
	Nuddea	Kishnaghur	1·43	3 58	19·50	ditto.	
		Bongong	2·21	1·63	15·52	ditto.	
		Meherpore	0·37	2·60	18·11	ditto.	
		Chooadangah	0·41	2·59	21·02	ditto.	
		Kooshtea	1·10	1·26	20·01	ditto.	
		Ranaghat	1·45	2·38	17·31	ditto.	
	Jessore	Jessore	2·67	4·05	19·64	ditto.	
		Narail	2·57	1·71	17·71	ditto.	
		Khoolna	3·10	1·75	18 33	ditto.	
		Jhenidah	4·50	4·20	26 89	ditto.	
		Bagirhat	2·41	3 78	18·95	ditto.	
		Magoorah	0·33	1·69	19·34	ditto.	
Rajshahye.	Moorshedabad	Berhampore	2·09	3 72	16·42	ditto.	
		Rampore Haut	2 32	5·05	14 54	ditto.	
		City Moorshedabad	1·48	4·11	14·53	ditto.	
		Jungipore	1·52	2·57	12·74	ditto.	
		Azimgunge	0·51	4 39	12·54	ditto.	
		Lalgolla	2 45	1·93	14 84	ditto.	
	Dinagepore	Dinagepore	3·54	4·23	19 42	ditto.	
	Maldah	Maldah	0·80	2 92	13·11	ditto.	
	Rajshahye	Bauleah	1·62	2·56	17·08	ditto.	
		Nattore	4 25	3·83	24·92	ditto.	
	Rungpore	Rungpore	0·35	7·87	33·29	ditto.	
		Bhowanigunj	6·09	1·49	23·32	ditto.	
		Titalya	3·61	4 30	28·42	ditto.	
	Bogra	Bogra	5 56	4·34	33·65	ditto.	
	Pubna	Pubna	0·78	2·26	23·57	ditto.	
		Serajgunj	2·45	Not rec.	21·45	13th June.	
Cooch Behar.	Darjeeling	Darjeeling (Telegraph Office)	Not rec.	ditto	9·65	31st May.	
		Darjeeling (Hospital)	8·94	ditto	22·07	13th June.	
	Julpigoree	Julpigoree	4·88	4·92	34·00	20th June	
		Bodah	0·77	8·74	39·33	ditto.	
		Buxa (Commissioner's Office.)	11·92	12·01	47·62	ditto ..	From 12th April Not rec 31st May to 8th June
		Buxa (Civil Surgeon's ,,)	13 86	11·84	61·10	ditto.	
	Cooch Behar Tributary State	Cooch Behar	7 84	7·32	48·68	ditto.	

Division.	District.	Station.	Rain from 7th to 13th June 1874.	Rain from 14th to 20th June 1874.	Rain from 1st January 1874.		Remarks.
					Inches.	Up to date.	
BENGAL—(*Continued.*)			Inches.	Inches.		1874.	
	Eastern Districts.						
Dacca.	Dacca	Dacca ... Telegraph Office	0·53	2·80	25·77	20th June.	
		Dacca ... Hospital	0·41	3·24	26·68	ditto.	
		Moonshegunge	1·04	4·22	29·21	ditto.	
		Manickgunge	1·11	1·72	23·92	ditto.	
	Fureedpore	Fureedpore	2·57	3·44	32·29	ditto.	
		Goalundo	0·65	1·19	21·53	ditto.	
		Madaripore	0·77	5·41	28·38	ditto.	
	Backergunge	Burrisal	1·51	6·14	18·54	ditto.	
		Perozepore	0·37	2·64	11·66	ditto.	
		Patoakhally	3·48	10·11	25·69	ditto.	
		Dowlatkhan	Nil	9·65	26·38	ditto.	
	Mymensingh	Mymensingh	3·98	2·76	31·95	ditto.	
		Jamalpore	7·98	0·97	23·40	ditto.	
		Atia	0·70	2·10	19·08	ditto.	
		Kishoregunge	3·00	1·97	31·11	ditto.	
	Sylhet	Sylhet	7·02	6·87	69·08	ditto.	
					28·19	ditto.	
Chittagong.	Chittagong	Chittagong Telegraph Office ...	3·80	3·30	30·58	ditto.	
		Chittagong Jail	4·03	3·33	26·39	ditto.	
		Cox's Bazar	2·31	10·95			
	Noakholly	Noakholly	0·57	7·92	31·37	ditto.	
	Tippetah	Comillah	1·15	2·65	30·19	ditto.	
		Brahmunberiah	1·14	2·88	24·94	ditto.	
	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Rungamatee Hill	3·15	Not rec.	27·65	13th June.	
	Hill Tipperah	Hill Tipperah	1·04	ditto	24·63	20th June.	
BEHAR.							
Patna.	Patna	Patna	1·04	4·17	7·49	ditto.	
		Behar	0·71	2·01	7·52	ditto.	
		Barh	2·08	1·08	7·04	ditto.	
		Dinapore ... Jail ...	4·40	5·90	12·10	ditto.	
		Dinapore ... Cantonment ...	2·05	6·60	10·77	ditto.	
	Gya	Gya	2·37	1·11	6·22	ditto.	
		Nowadah	3·61	3·15	12·42	ditto.	
		Arungabad	2·25	1·57	5·71	ditto.	
		Jehanabad	1·04	2·17	6·97	ditto.	
	Shahabad	Arrah	7·43	1·68	11·77	ditto.	
		Sasseram	1·16	0·54	4·52	ditto ...	Not rec. 24th to 30th May.
		Buxar	2·25	0·87	5·02	ditto.	
		Bhuboosh...	3·60	1·51	7·02	ditto.	
	Tirhoot	Mozufferpore	1·67	3·07	8·46	ditto ...	Not rec. 3rd to 9th May.
		Durbhunga	Not rec.	Not rec.	2·25	16th May ...	Not rec. 19th to 25th April, and 3rd to 9th May.
		Hajeepore	0·40	3·84	6·38	20th June.	Not rec. 3rd to 9th May.
		Mudhoobunnee	6·24	2·78	13·94	ditto ...	Ditto ditto.
		Seetamurhee	1·23	4·26	10·42	ditto ...	Ditto ditto.
		Tajpore	2·52	4·72	10·97	ditto.	
	Sarun	Chuprah	2·14	1·55	5·89	ditto.	
		Sewan	4·78	1·87	8·81	ditto.	
	Chumparun	Motiharee	2·22	4·60	10·42	ditto.	
		Bettiah	Not rec.	2·00	4·70	30th May ...	Not rec. 31st May to 13th June.
Bhagulpore.	Monghyr	Monghyr	7·02	2·22	14·00	20th June.	
		Begoo Serai	3·33	1·92	8·73	ditto	
		Jamooee	1·58	2·18	10·02	ditto.	
	Bhagulpore	Bhagulpore	4·75	5·67	15·83	ditto.	
		Soopool	7·37	3·15	16·96	ditto.	
		Muddehpoora	7·90	2·10	5·88	ditto ...	Not rec. 12th to 25th April and 10th to 16th and 24th to 30th May.
		Banka	4·45	3·54	11·20	ditto.	
		Sanborsa	5·65	3·63	15·60	ditto.	
	Purneah	Purneah	1·19	4·59	15·29	ditto.	
		Kissengunge	3·82	6·85	22·30	ditto.	
		Arrareah	1·34	5·20	22·01	ditto.	
	Southal Pergunnahs...	Deoghur	3·22	1·88	8·89	ditto.	
		Rajmehal	3·50	2·70	8·90	ditto.	
		Nya Dcomka	0·45	3·10	8·82	ditto.	
		Godda	2·80	2·50	8·30	ditto ...	Not rec. 10th to 16th May

Division.	District.	Station.	Rain from 7th to 13th June 1874.	Rain from 14th to 20th June 1874.	Rain from 1st January 1874. Inches.	Rain from 1st January 1874. Up to date.	Remarks.
ORISSA.			Inches.	Inches.		1874.	
Orissa.	Cuttack	Cuttack ... Telegraph Office ...	2·20	12·00	22 66	20th June.	
		Cuttack ... Hospital ...	1·55	11 96	22 76	ditto.	
		Jajpore	0 70	Not rec.	6·10	13th June.	
		Kendraparah	0·50	ditto	3·60	ditto.	
		Jugatsingpore	1·40	ditto	4·75	ditto.	
		False Point	0·85	2·70	9 16	20th June.	
	Pooree	Pooree	0·77	9·48	12·40	ditto.	
		Khoordah	2·48	8·81	17·23	ditto.	
	Balasore	Balasore	0·67	4·19	10 92	ditto.	
		Bhuddruck	1·32	2 80	15 95	ditto	
		Jellasore	1·87	4·35	14·35	ditto.	
		Soreh	0·10	3·89	14 43	ditto.	
		Chandbally	1·53	5·07	11·53	ditto.	
	Cuttack Tributary Mehals	Sambalpore	1·45	8·07	15·24	ditto ..	Not rec. 19th to 25th April.
	CHOTA NAGPORE. SOUTH-WESTERN FRONTIER AGENCY.						
	Hazareebagh ...	Hazareebagh ... Jail ...	3·29	·2·19	13·22	ditto.	
		Hazareebagh ... Dispensary ...	2·59	2·91	15·12	ditto.	
		Pachumba	3·15	3 82	16·28	ditto.	
	Lohardaggah ...	Ranchee	0·84	2·42	13·68	ditto.	
		Palamow	4·59	1·90	10 97	ditto.	
	Singbhoom ...	Chybassa	3·13	2·31	14·73	ditto.	
	Manbhoom ...	Purulia	1·99	1·65	12·78	ditto.	
		Govindpore	3·30	5·17	15 65	ditto ..	Not rec. 31st May to 6th June.
	ASSAM & ADJACENT HILLS.						
	Cachar ...	Cachar	3·27	Not rec.	49·73	13th June.	
		Hylakandy	3·17	3·51	51·54	20th June.	
		Koyah	2·17	Not rec.	46·41	13th June.	
	Goalparah ...	Goalparah	2·56	4·19	38·51	20th June.	
		Dhoobree	7·60	6·20	60 28	ditto.	
	Kamroop ...	Gowhatty	0·81	2·35	45·70	ditto.	
		Burpettah	2·27	3·82	41·37	ditto.	
	Durrung ...	Tezpore	0·85	Not rec.	28·82	13th June ..	Not rec. 24th to 30th May
		Mungledye	0·98	ditto	28·10	ditto ...	Not rec. 10th to 16th May
	Nowgong ...	Nowgong	2·15	2·68	27·02	20th June.	
	Seebsangor ...	Seebsangor	6·22	Not rec.	60·87	13th June.	
		Golaghat	1·03	ditto	38·87	ditto.	
		Jorehaut	1·91	ditto	48·13	ditto.	
		Nazeerah	3·95	ditto	56·60	ditto.	
	Luckimpore ...	Debrooghur	Not rec.	ditto	44·95	23rd May.	
		North Luckimpore	4 60	ditto	51·32	13th June.	
		Suddya	Not rec	ditto	47·61	23rd May ...	Not rec. 5th to 11th April.
	Naga Hills ...	Samoogoodting	1 41	ditto	10·40	13th June.	
	Khasi and Jynteah Hills ...	Shillong	Not rec.	ditto	11·10	16th May.	
		Jaowai	ditto	ditto	21·50	ditto	
		Cherrapoonjee	ditto	ditto	133·03	23rd May.	
	Garo Hills ...	Tura	6·94	4 58	32·53	20th June	
		Benares	Not rec.	Not rec	1·41	13th June.	
		Akyab	3·80	13·70	24 40	20th June.	

CALCUTTA,
The 27th June 1874.

W. G. WILLSON,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period 21st to 27th June 1874.

Station.	Date.	Hour.	Barometer reduced to 32°.	Barometer reduced to sea level.	Thermometer. Dry.	Thermometer. Wet.	Humidity, Sat. =100.	Wind. Direction	Wind. Velocity.	Rain	Clouds.	Weather initials
Calcutta.	June 21st	10	29·615	29·633	89·0	83·1	76	S S W	...	...	C	
		16	29·518	29 536	92·6	82 5	63	S E	...	...	K	
	22nd	10	29 562	29 580	89·2	82·5	74	S by E	...	...	K	
		16	29 464	29·482	86·2	82 5	84	E S E	...	.	.....	o
	23rd	10	29·496	29·514	88 2	82 5	77	S S E	...	..	C, K	
		16	29 386	29·404	86 8	82 0	79	S S W	...	0·06	.....	o
	24th	10	29·463	29 481	86·8	83 0	83	E by N	...	0·14	.....	o
		16	29 301	29·409	79·4	77 9	93	W by S	...	0·09	.....	o
	25th	10	29·398	29 416	85 2	80·2	79	S S W	...	0·19	K, CK	scuds.
		16	29 297	29 315	89 1	83 3	76	S	...	...	K, CK	
	26th	10	29 348	29·366	85·7	81 5	83	S by W	...	...	K	
		16	29·287	29·305	83·5	81 0	89	S W	...	...	.....	o, d
	27th	10	29 470	29 488	80 0	77 5	88	S W	...	...	S	
		16	29·405	29·423	81·6	78 7	86	S W	...	0·08	.....	o, d
Saugor Island.	21st	10	29 639	29 645	88	82	76	S	9·5	...	N	b, m
		16	29·548	29 554	89	84	80	S S E	11·7	...	N	m, scuds
	22nd	10	29·583	29 589	88	84	83	S	3·1	...	N	b, m
		16	29 474	29 480	89	84	80	S S W	13 0	...	N	m, b, scuds
	23rd	10	29·505	29·511	89	82	73	S W	7 6	...	N	m, u, b
		16	29 395	29·401	88	82	76	S W	5·9	..	N	b, u
	24th	10	29 407	29·503	86	81	79	W	11·7	1·00	N	o, v, u
		16	29·425	29·431	84	81	87	W S W	2 1	0·10	N	d, o
	25th	10	29·431	29 437	86	81	79	W S W	25·7	0·30	N	v
		16	29·331	29 337	88	82	76	S W	19·1	...	N	v
	26th	10	29·365	29·371	85	82	87	W S W	15 6	0·20	N	d, o
		16	29·320	29·326	84	81	83	W S W	21·0	...	N	o, scuds.
	27th	10	29·506	29 512	85	79	75	S W	30·1	...	N	m, o
		16	29 441	29 447	84	79	79	W S W	33 4	...	N	
Chittagong.	21st	10	29·631	29·723	86	80	75	S	5 9	...	K	b, v
		16	29 512	29 604	86	84	91	S	12·1	.	C, K	b, v
	22nd	10	29 539	29·631	86	80	75	S E	7·2	0·10	K. KS	b
		16	29·482	29·574	84	80	83	S S E	10·1	..	K, KS	b, v
	23rd	10	29·527	29 020	81	79	91	E S E	8 8	...	N	d, g
		16	29 422	29 514	85	80	79	E S E	7·5	...	K, KS	v
	24th	10	29·477	29 569	83	79	83	E	9·0	1·20	K, KS	b, v
		16	29 384	29 476	84	80	83	S	13·4	0 10	K, KS	v
	25th	10	29 452	29 545	80	79	95	S S E	9 1	2 60	N	r, g
		16	29 389	29 482	79	78	95	S	11·2	0·20	N	d, p, g,
	26th	10	29 377	29 469	83	79	83	S S E	8 6	0·40	C, CK	b, v
		16	29·404	29·396	84	81	87	S S W	14 0		K, KS	v
	27th	10	29 472	29 565	79	76	86	S E	13 9	0 30	CK, KS	p
		16	29·492	29·585	80	77	86	S W	15·6	1·70	N	r, u,
Madras.	20th	10	29·756	29·786	90	74	44	W S W	15	...	.....	c
		16	29 621	29·651	96	76	36	W S W	13	...	.....	c
	21st	10	29 772	29·802	92	76	45	W S W	16	...	.....	b, c
		16	29 632	29 662	96	76	36	W S W	14	..	.....	c
	22nd	10	29·752	29 782	89	75	49	W S W	12	0·03	.....	c
		16	29 618	29·648	94	76	40	S W	10	...	.....	c
	23rd	10	29·722	29·752	90	75	47	S W by W	15	0·04	.....	c
		16	29 601	29·631	96	77	39	S W	15	...	.....	c
	24th	10	29 751	29·781	91	75	44	S W	17	..	.....	c
		16	29 618	29 648	98	76	33	W S W	13	...	.....	c
	25th	10	29·745	29·775	89	75	49	S W by W	12	0·01	.....	cloudy.
		16	29·622	29 652	89	75	49	S S W	14	...	.....	cloudy.
	26th	10	29 716	29 746	91	76	47	W by S	13	...	.....	c
		16	29 603	29·632	94	75	38	S W by W	8	...	.....	c
Cuttack.	21st	10	29 551	29·633	89	81	66	S S W	1·8	...	CK, C	
		16	29 449	29 530	90	81	66	W N W	3·6	...	CK, N, C	
	22nd	10	29 495	29·577	89	81	69	E S E	2 8	...	CK. K, C	
		16	29 377	29 459	85	80	79	S S E	3·0	...	K, N, C	
	23rd	10	29·422	29·503	90	81	66	W S W	2 4	...	CK, K, C	
		16	29 358	29 441	80	77	86	S S E	4 2	1·40	N	r
	24th	10	29 403	29·545	84	79	79	W S W	3 0	...	N, C	
		16	29 370	29 452	83	77	75	S S W	6·5	...	N	d
	25th	10	29·383	29 465	84	78	75	W S W	3 3	0·20	CK, KS, C	
		16	29 298	29·381	80	78	91	W S W	8·0	...	K, N	p
	26th	10	29·360	29 443	78	76	90	S S W	6 0	0·20	N	d
		16	29 326	29 409	83	80	87	W S W	7·5	...	N	d
	27th	10	29 405	29 572	83	78	78	S	7·0	0·10	N	d
		16	29·407	29 489	86	77	64	W S W	5·6	...	N, C	
Akyab.	21st	10	29·710	29 731	83	80	87	S E	2·6	...	.....	b, g
		16	29·595	29·616	83	79	83	S S W	4 3	1·90	.....	b
	22nd	10	29 658	29 670	85	81	83	E S E	3·3	0·40	.....	p
		16	29·600	29·622	79	78	95	S W	3 1	0 30	... ..	q
	23rd	10	29·673	29 695	78	77	95	S	6·3	2 40	.. ...	p
		16	29·549	29·571	78	77	95	S	5 1	1·70	.....	q
	24th	10	29 621	29 643	80	77	86	S	9 2	3·50	... ..	p
		16	29·537	29 559	81	79	91	S	6 5	0·40	.....	q
	25th	10	29·583	29·605	79	77	90	S S W	6·7	0 80	.. ..	p
		16	29 537	29 559	79	77	90	S W	7 1	0 40	.....	p
	26th	10	29 514	29 536	79	78	95	S S W	5 6	2·10	.....	q
		16	29·454	29·476	79	77	90	S S W	6·5	0 90	.....	q
	27th	10	29 630	29 651	85	81	83	S S W	5·0	1·70	.....	p
		16	29·557	29 578	87	82	79	S W	7 1	...	.....	p

* Velocity of wind in miles per hour.

CALCUTTA,
The 27th June 1874.

W. G. WILLSON,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Government of Bengal.

Abstract of the Results of the Hourly Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, in the month of May 1874.

LATITUDE 22° 33′ 1″ North. Longitude 88° 20′ 34″ East. Height of the cistern of the standard barometer above the sea level, 18·11 feet.

MONTHLY RESULTS.	Inches.
Mean height of the barometer for the month	29·611
Max. height of the barometer, occurred at 10 A.M. on the 1st	29·787
Min. height of the barometer, occurred at 5 P.M. on the 16th	29·450
Extreme range of the barometer during the month	0·337
Mean of the daily max. pressures	29·673
Ditto ditto min. ditto	29·539
Mean daily range of the barometer during the month	0·134
	⊖
Mean dry bulb thermometer for the month	87·1
Max. temperature occurred at 2 P.M. on the 19th	101·5
Min. temperature occurred at 1 and 2 A.M. on the 1st	72 9
Extreme range of the temperature during the month	28·6
Mean of the daily max. temperature	96·0
Ditto ditto min. ditto	80·5
Mean daily range of the temperature during the month	15·5
Mean wet bulb thermometer for the month	80·6
Mean dry bulb thermometer above mean wet bulb thermometer	6·5
Computed mean dew-point for the month	76·7
Mean dry bulb thermometer above computed mean dew-point	10·4
	Inches.
Mean elastic force of vapour for the month	0·902
	Troy grains.
Mean weight of vapour for the month	9·60
Additional weight of vapour required for complete saturation	3·73
Mean degree of humidity for the month, complete saturation being unity ...	0·72
Mean max. solar radiation thermometer for the month	144·1
	Inches.
Rained 5 days,—max. fall of rain during 24 hours	0·85
Total amount of rain during the month	1·16
Total amount of rain indicated by the gauge* attached to the anemometer during the month	0·99
Prevailing direction of the wind ... ... S. S. W., S., & S.W.	

* Height, 70 feet 10 inches above ground.

GOPEENAUTH SEN,
In charge of the Observatory.

The 25th June 1874.

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

CALCUTTA AND SOUTH-EASTERN STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 20th June 1874, on 28 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.			Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.			Total traffic receipts.
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.		Weight carried.	Receipts		
		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week	8,300	1,121 0 0	112 2 0	17,732 0	544 0 0	54 8 0	166 10 0
Or per mile of railway ...	296	40 0 0	4 0 0	633 0	19 8 0	1 19 4	5 19 0
For previous 24 weeks of half-year ...	195,357	28,784 0 0	2,878 8 0	4,34,953 0	14,744 0 0	1,474 8 0	4,352 16 0
Total for 25 weeks	208,657	29,905 0 0	2,990 10 0	4,52,685 0	15,288 0 0	1,528 16 0	4,519 6 0
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	16,666	1,920 7 0	192 0 10	28,740 0	973 0 0	97 6 0	289 6 10
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year	595	68 9 5	6 17 2	1,026 0	34 12 0	3 9 6	10 6 8
Total to corresponding date of previous year	182,907	28,682 11 0	2,868 5 4	6,51,574 0	21,023 4 3	2,102 6 6	4,970 11 10

NALHATI STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 20th June 1874, on 27¼ miles open.

		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week ...	1,337	995 0 0	99 10 0	11,610 0	760 0 0	76 0 0	175 10 0
Or per mile of railway	49	37 0 0	3 14 0	426 0	28 0 0	2 16 0	6 10 0
For previous 24 weeks of half-year	33,782	26,058 0 0	2,605 12 0	1,93,358 0	14,791 0 0	1,479 2 0	4,084 14 0
Total for 25 weeks	35,119	27,051 0 0	2,705 2 0	2,04,968 0	15,551 0 0	1,555 2 0	4,260 4 0
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	1,605	1,214 5 0	121 8 7	4,564 10	368 3 9	36 16 4	158 4 [illegible]
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year	59	44 9 0	4 9 2	167 20	13 8 2	1 7 0	5 16 2
Total to corresponding date of previous year	40,227	30,206 14 10	3,026 14 4	1,73,010 25	13,685 5 9	1,368 10 6	4,395 5 0

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY—MAIN LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 20th June 1874, on 1,280 miles open.

		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week	122,207	1,45,247 11 3	13,514 7 6	11,53,368 30	* 5,13,983 5 3	47,110 11 1	60,424 18 7
Or per mile of railway	..	113 7 7	10 8 1	...	401 8 2	36 16 1	47 4 2
For previous 23 weeks of half-year...	2,642,288	37,84,616 5 5	346,923 3 5	3,54,99,848 10	1,33,36,725 2 9	13,96,699 16 2	1,743,622 19 5
Total for 24 weeks	2,764,495	39,30,864 0 8	360,237 10 9	3,66,53,217 0	1,37,50,658 7 11	14,43,810 7 3	1,804,047 18 0
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	113,249	1,25,055 1 0	11,463 7 7	6,76,243 20	2,99,111 9 9	26,301 17 11	37,965 5 6
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year	.....	97 11 2	8 19 1	.....	233 13 11	20 14 1	29 13 1
Total to corresponding date of previous year...	3,871,951	39,83,570 3 1	365,160 12 0	1,93,94,434 10	94,12,387 14 8	8,62,802 4 6	1,227,963 16 9

* Rs. 42,908-10-8 added on account of estimated proportion of freight on food-grains due by Government in this week.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY—JUBBULPORE LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 20th June 1874, on 223½ miles open.

		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week ...	5,148	10,818 12 6	991 14 5	1,09,390 20	*37,066 13 0	3,397 15 10	4,389 10 3
Or per mile of railway		48 6 6	4 8 9		165 13 7	15 4 1	19 14 10
For previous 23 weeks of half-year	111,432	3,78,745 7 2	34,718 6 8	32,53,777 10	9,04,864 10 0	82,945 18 9	117,664 5 2
Total for 24 weeks ...	116,574	3,89,564 3 8	35,710 1 1	33,63,167 30	9,41,931 7 0	86,343 14 4	122,053 15 5
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	3,888	9,034 3 9	887 14 5	78,037 10	20,143 9 9	1,846 9 11	2,734 4 4
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year	.....	43 5 3	3 19 5	.....	90 2 1	8 5 3	13 4 8
Total to corresponding date of previous year	122,786	3,67,549 9 8	33,692 0 11	19,80,476 20	5,81,975 4 3	50,597 14 8	84,289 15 7

* Rs 13,863-14 added on account of estimated proportion of freight on food grains due by Government for this week

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Political Dept.

[REGISTERED No 20]

No. 27 of 1874.

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 8, 1874.

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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Lieut.-Governor of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, &c.

NOTICE.

THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR will be in Calcutta on Saturday, the 11th, and Monday, the 13th July, for the transaction of urgent local business. His Honor will be happy to receive at Belvedere, on Monday, the 13th, between the hours of twelve and five o'clock, any European or Native gentlemen who may wish to see him.

C. E. BUCKLAND,
Private Secretary.

"RHOTAS," the 4th July 1874.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

REVENUE AND GENERAL DEPARTMENTS.

No. 1954C.S.

GENERAL.—*The 15th June* 1874.—The following Officers have been appointed to do famine duty, and are posted to the districts mentioned, viz.—

Moulvie Mahomed Abdul Juleel, Tehsildar, to Sarun.

Moulvie Mahomed Zaman Khan, Peshkar, to Chumparun.

The 3rd July 1874.—Mr. George Kennedy Webster, Manager of the Chota Nagpore Estate, is allowed special leave for six months under Section 15 of the Civil Leave Code, together with subsidiary leave for 20 days.

The 6th July 1874.—Baboo Khetter Gopal Roy, Sub-Deputy Collector, Nuddea, is allowed leave of absence for one week under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the date on which he availed himself of it.

Baboo Bhoobuneshwar Sing, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Rajshahye, is vested with the powers of a Collector under Act X of 1870.

Moulvie Abdul Guffoor, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Sylhet, is transferred to Dacca.

Baboo Rakhal Das Haldar, Special Commissioner, Chota Nagpore Tenures' Act, having returned to duty on the forenoon of the 18th June 1874, the unexpired portion of the leave granted to him under of orders of the 25th May 1874 is cancelled.

The 7th July 1874.—Baboo Radha Shyam Singh, Sub-Deputy Collector, Serampore, is appointed to act temporarily as a Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, and is posted to the sub-division of Cutwa, in Burdwan.

Mr. J. S. Babonau is appointed to act temporarily as a Sub-Deputy Collector at Serampore, *vice* Baboo Radha Shyam Singh.

Baboo Shama Churn Mitter, Sub-Deputy Collector, Monghyr, is promoted to the First Grade.

Baboo Goloke Chunder Roy, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector of Noakholly, on leave, is temporarily transferred to Chittagong.

Mr. James Monro, Acting District and Sessions Judge, Rajshahye, is allowed leave of absence for five weeks under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, in extension of the leave granted to him under orders of the 9th ultimo.

POLICE.—*The 2nd July* 1874.—Mr. John Masters, Acting District Superintendent of Police, Maldah, is allowed leave for three months under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code.

The 6th July 1874.—Mr. Herbert Rowland Symons is appointed to act as an Assistant Superintendent of Police, and is posted to Hazareebagh.

The 7th July 1874.—Mr. W. L. Owen, District Superintendent of Police, Fureedpore, is allowed leave of absence for fifteen days under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code. Baboo Anund' Chunder Dass, Court Inspector, is placed in charge of the District Superintendent's Office during the absence on leave of Mr. W. L. Owen.

REGISTRATION.—*The 6th July* 1874.—Baboo Bhoirub Chunder Chatterjee, Special Sub-Registrar of Tipperah, is allowed leave for one month under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code.

Baboo Joggobundho Gupta is appointed to act as Special Sub-Registrar of Tipperah during the absence on leave of Baboo Bhoirub Chunder Chatterjee, or until further orders.

The 7th July 1874.—Moulvie Syud Kasim Husen is appointed to act as Special Sub-Registrar of Gya during the absence on leave of Mr. W. Rattray.

SANITATION.—*The 6th July* 1874.—Baboo Shib Prosad Sing is appointed to be a member of the Pooree Lodging-house Committee, *vice* Mr. George Stevenson, who has left the district.

MEDICAL.—*The 6th July* 1874.—Surgeon A. B. Seaman is appointed to act as Superintendent of the Lock Hospital at Dinapore with effect from the 15th ultimo.

EMIGRATION.—*The 6th July* 1874.—Mr. H. A. Firth having been appointed by the Colonial Government of St. Vincent to act as Emigration Agent for that colony, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased, under Section 4 of Act VII of 1871, to approve of the appointment.

OPIUM.—*The 7th July* 1874.—Mr. J. R. Mawson, Assistant Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, Benares, is allowed leave of absence for one month under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 1st instant.

Mr. William Driberg Ridsdale, Assistant Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, Benares, is promoted to the 5th grade of Sub-Deputy Opium Agents, *vice* Mr. William Blundell, deceased.

Mr. Walter Cracroft, Assistant Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, Bandah, is promoted to the grade of Assistant Sub-Deputy Opium Agents on Rs. 300 per mensem, *vice* Mr. W. D. Ridsdale, promoted.

Mr. Amyend Elliot, Assistant Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, Hajeepore, is promoted to the grade of Assistant Sub-Deputy Opium Agents on Rs. 250 per mensem, *vice* Mr. W. Cracroft, promoted.

Mr. Alfred Walter Osborne, Acting Assistant Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, Baraitch, is confirmed in the grade of Assistant Sub-Deputy Opium Agents on Rs. 200, *vice* Mr. Amyend Elliot, promoted.

JAILS.—*The 30th June* 1874.—The following notification is substituted for the one bearing this date which appeared in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 1st July 1874.

Surgeon F. C. Nicholson, acting Civil Surgeon of Goalunda, is appointed to act as Superintendent of the Presidency Jail and Junior Surgeon of the Presidency General Hospital during the absence on leave of Dr. S. C. Mackenzie, or until further orders.

Surgeon Nicholson is also appointed, under Section 12, Act IX of 1874, to act as Governor of the Workhouse in the Presidency Jail.

The 7th July 1874.— Mr. Francis William Badcock, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, employed on settlement duty in Bhagulpore, is appointed to act temporarily as Superintendent of the Bhagulpore Central Jail in addition to his present duties.

Dr. Neil Benjamin Baillie, Civil Surgeon of Bhagulpore, is appointed temporarily to have medical charge of the Central Jail at that station.

MUNICIPAL.—*The 6th July* 1874.—Moulvie Ameer Hossein, Deputy Magistrate, is appointed to be a Municipal Commissioner for the town of Patna, *vice* Mr. Fraser, who has left the district.

Syed Mahomed Aboo Syud, a Zemindar, is appointed to be an additional member for the town of Patna.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication]

REVISED NOTIFICATION.

The 27th June 1874.—The following candidates at the Native Civil Service Examination of 1874 having submitted the necessary certificates of character, health, and ability to ride or walk, have been examined and declared to have passed the tests necessary to qualify them to hold appointments.

Class I.—List of Candidates who have passed in the Higher Grade and are declared eligible to hold appointments on Rs. 100 *and upwards.*

1 Lolit Mohun Dhur.†
2 Manmatha Kumar Bose, B.A.
3 Gunga Naryan Roy, B.A.
4 P. T. Rebello, B.A., L.L.‡
5 Syama Churn Maitra, B.A.
6 Bhobotosh Banerjea.‡
7 Jogunath Barooah, B.A.
8 Hurry Mohun Sandyal.‡
9 Gogan Chundra Banerjea, B.A.‡
10 E. R. T. Tiery, B.A.
11 Gopal Chunder Mookerjea.‡
12 Jogendra Narayn Gupta (ii).‡
13 Shah Mahomed Azim.‡
14 Petambur Banerjea.
15 Nilambar Pal.‡
16 Siva Nundun Lal Roy, B.A.
17 Dwarkanath Mookerjea.
18 Saroda Persad Sirkar.‡
19 Kedarnath Ghose, B.A.‡ / Abdoor Rohim Khan.*
21 Omullo Churn Mullick.†
22 Indressur Barooah.
23 Khudiram Poddar.
24 Abdool Wahab.‡
25 Gopal Chunder Banerjea, B.A., B.L.
26 Abdul Khaleque, B.A.‡
27 Bepin Beharry Pramanick.
28 Dwarka Nath Bose.
29 Nundo Kishore Doss.*
30 Bhubun Mohun Banerjea, B.A., B.L.
31 Ram Narain Banerjea, B.L.
32 Kali Sankar Sen.
33 Mohendra Nauth Bhuttacharjee, M.A., L.L.‡
34 George Dias.
35 C. Owen.‡
36 H. Bradbury.
37 Daby Pershad.‡

Class II.—Candidates who have passed the necessary tests for the Higher Grade of appointments, but who are not eligible for such appointments till after one year's service in the Lower Grade.

1 Siva Prosonno Sen.
2 Uma Churn Laha.‡
3 Iswar Chunder Mozoomdar.
4 Sukhomoy Banerjea.‡
5 Grish Chunder Sircar.
6 Rajonikant Mookerjea.
7 Suttyatarun Mookerjea.
8 Anunda Prosad Chatterjee.
9 Peary Mohun Bose.
10 Imdad Ali.‡
11 Purna Chunder Guha.
12 Syed Mujibur Rohomun.
13 Braja Nauth Bhuttacharjea.‡
14 Banwarilal Ghose.
15 Mohendranath Seal. / Fatic Chunder Dass.
17 Nujimooddeen Ahmed.‡
18 Abdur Rohim Khan.‡ / Sreenath Chatterjea.
20 Toolsi Pershad.
21 Sachitananda Mookerjea.
22 Poorno Chunder Sen. / Doorga Nunda Doss.
24 Kamal Naryan Chuckerbutty.
25 Gobind Chunder Doss.
26 Beni Madhub Chatterjee.
27 Jogendro Naryan Seal.
28 Gossain Das Hazra.‡
29 Bhubun Mohun Gupta.
30 Nundo Lal Mookerjee.‡
31 Jogendra Nath Mookerjee
32 Jogendra Nath Gupta (i).
33 Umachurn Chuckerbutty.
34 C. H. Swinden.
35 Shujut Ali Amed.‡
36 Miyee Uddeen Ahmad ‡
37 Kumad Nath Mookerjee.
38 Hurry Narayn Banerjee.‡
39 Bhubendronath Roy.‡

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* Officers who were appointed to the Executive Service subject to passing the Native Civil Service Examination, and have now passed.
† Appointed to act as Deputy Magistrates.
‡ Appointed Sub-Deputies or Relief Superintendents.

CLASS III (*a*).—*List of Candidates who have passed in the Lower Grade, who answered in English and are declared eligible to hold appointments below Rs.* 100.

1 Sreenath Sen.
2 Syed Ali.
3 Prosonno Kumar Chuckerbutty.
4 Sreenath Gupta.‡
5 Nobin Chunder Sen.
6 J. T. Babonau.
7 Denonath Ghose.
8 Annand Chunder Bose.
9 Prankrishen Ganguli.
10 Govinda Chundra Mookerjea. / J. C. Lloyd. / Mohin Chundra Dass.
13 Moti Lal.
14 Poteram Banerjea.
15 Golap Lal Dass.‡
16 Umesh Chundra Mookerjea.
17 Krishna Chundra Bose.
18 Amrita Lall Banerjea.
19 Gopi Krishna.
20 Kedar Nath Banerjea.‡
21 Sitykant Biswas.
22 Gourchurn Dass.
23 Nanilal Mookerjee.‡ / Kaly Coomar Roy Chowdry. / Taranath Bose.
26 Juggurnath Doss.
27 Hury Poddo Ghose. / Sajibun Lall, B.A.
29 Abinash Chunder Sen.‡
30 Afzul Uddin Ahmed.
31 Kumad Chunder Mookerjea.
32 Jodoonath Dey. / Ram Nirunjun Pershad. / Ram Dyal Nag.
35 Nebarun Chunder Mookerjea.‡
36 Bidhoo Bhushun Mookerjea. / Mohima Chundra Roy Chowdry.‡
38 Chundra MohunMozoomdar, M.A., B.L.
39 Nundo Lal Pramanick.
40 Abdul Huq.‡ / Jogendronath Chuckerbutty.
42 Romanath Mitter. / Umanath Mozoomdar.‡
44 Aughore Nath Chatterjea.‡
45 Raj Coomar Sen.
46 Hem Chunder Dutt. / Opendra Chunder Mozoomdar.
48 Kali Prosunno Dutt.‡ / Ganoda Sunkur Bose.
50 Bissumber Doss.
51 Kali Coomar Doss. / Mahomed Mostanser Billah.
53 Sriram Googooly.
54 Rajoni Kant Bhuttacharjee. / Prosonno Coomar Moitra.
56 Rakhal Chundra Ghose.
57 Kashi Chundra Roy. / Bholanath Doss.
59 Golam Lillahi.
60 Kesub Lal Chatterjee.
61 Gopal Chundra Mookerjea. / Rai Vishnu Dutt. / Aghore Nath Roy.
64 Golokenath Mookerjee.
65 Doorga Doss Mookerjea. / Kanai Lall Nag.
67 Bikramajeet Lal.
68 Nowrungee Lall. / Sew Sunker Sing. / Huri Doss Roy. / Abinash Chundra Neogee.
72 Bansidhur Persad.
73 Prosonno Coomar Dutt. / Sashi Mohun Talookdar.
75 Mahomed Abdull Huq.
76 Kaleemuddin Ahmed.
77 Hemantha Coomar Roy.
78 Mahomed Kabeer.
79 Mahomed Madni.
80 Khadem Hossain.
81 Narain Chunder Naik.
82 Wudoy Chand Palit.
83 Mahomed Faruq. / Sreenath Banerjea ‡.
85 Khoob Lall.
86 Bhugwan Chundra Bose.
87 Gosto Behary Koondoo
88 Birchandra Doss.
89 Kally Prosonno Mookerjea.
90 Mahomed Hanif.
91 Buriar Singh.
92 Kalipada Chuckerbutty.
93 Berhameshwar Persad.
94 Pulin Behari Mutt.
95 Mohendranath Mullick.

CLASS III (*b*).—*List of Candidates who have passed in the Lower Grade, who answered in Hindustanee and are declared eligible to hold appointments below Rs.* 100.

1 Syed Fazeelut Hossein.
2 Emamoddin Khan.
3 Parmeshwar Dyal.
4 Malick Lateef Hossein.
5 Syed Muxood Hossein.
6 Syed Ahmed Hossein.
7 Sheik Ahmed Oollah.
8 Syed Koowat Ali.
9 Sheik Abdul Guni.
10 Syed Basharut Hossein.
11 Sheik Husmut Hossein. / Syed Warris Ali. / Mahomed Aboor Rohoman.†
14 Syed Hasan Reza Khan.
15 Mahomed Waliullah.
16 Rewat Lall.
17 Sheik Abdul Rohoman.
18 Syed Mahomed Nazir.
19 Syed Golam Muhiooddeen.
20 Sheik Jowad Hossein.
21 Sheik Nizabut Ahmed.
22 Shumshool Huq. / Sheik Ali Hossein.
24 Gonesh Persad.
25 Rahmat Ali Khan,
26 Abdul Aziz.
27 Rameshur Sahoy.
28 Sheik Magfoorool Huq.
29 Kishoon Pershad.

† Appointed to act as a Deputy Magistrate
‡ Appointed Sub-Deputies or Relief Superintendents.

IV.—The following officers of the Opium Department, who partially passed at previous examinations, have, at the Native Civil Service Examination of 1874, passed in the remaining subjects, viz.—

Name	Previously passed in	Now passed in
Mr. J. D. Sayce	Botany and Chemistry	Surveying.
„ N. T. Ryves	„ Surveying	Chemistry.
„ W. Cracroft	Surveying and Chemistry	Botany.
„ H. Hastings	Surveying ...	Botany and Chemistry.
„ E. F. J. Porcelli	Surveying and Chemistry	Botany.
„ A. Elliott	Ditto ...	Ditto.
„ J. L. Fawcus	Ditto ...	Ditto.
„ A. Bryson	Surveying ...	Botany and Chemistry.

The following Assistants of the Opium Department are declared to have passed fully in the subjects in which they were liable to examination :—

Name.	Previously passed in	Now passed in
Mr. C. H. V. Hathorne	Hindustanee, Opium Laws, English, and Arithmetic, and Surveying and Botany	Chemistry.
A. W. Osborne	English and Arithmetic, Hindustanee, Opium Laws, and Surveying.	Botany and Chemistry.

V.—Candidates declared qualified for appointments in the Opium Department, subject to examination in the branches mentioned :—

Name.	Passed in	Liable to examination in
Mr. G. Paterson	Hindustanee, Opium Laws, and Surveying.	Botany and Chemistry.
„ T. E. D. Innes	Hindustanee and Opium Laws.	Botany, Chemistry, and Surveying
„ J. S. R. Innes	Hindustanee and Botany.	Surveying and Chemistry.
„ H. G. C. Clarke	Surveying, Opium Laws and Botany, Hindustanee.	Chemistry.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

Passed Candidates at the late Subordinate Civil Service Examination, who have not already furnished the undersigned with particulars of their antecedents, are requested to do so at once in the following form :—

Name.	Age.	Where educated.	Length of Government service.	Previous employ.	Present employment under Government

W. H. GRIMLEY,
BOARD OF REVENUE, the 30th June 1874. *Supdt. of Subordinate Civil Service Examination.*

[First Publication.]

RESOLUTION.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

MARINE.

CALCUTTA PORT TRUST.

The 29th June 1874.

READ a letter, No. 630, dated 10th June 1874, from the Port Trust Commissioners, submitting a proposal for extending the Strand Bank Road with wharfage between Aheereetollah Ghât and the northern boundary of the port.

Read also letter No. 647, dated 11th June 1874, from the Port Commissioners, applying for a loan of Rs. 2,50,000 for the above purpose.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor probable that the loan of Rs. 2,50,000 applied for in these letters ought to be made—

It is ordered that a copy of the application be published in the *Government Gazette*, as required by the fifth of the rules made by the Governor-General in Council in respect of loans under the Public Works Loan Act of 1871, and published on the 15th of October 1873.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 647, dated 6, Commercial Buildings, the 11th June 1874.

From—The Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta,
To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, General Department.

WE, the undersigned Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta, do hereby apply to His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for a loan, to be granted us under the provisions of Act XXIV of 1871 (the Public Works Loan Act). The particulars to be set forth in accordance with the rules published under the aforesaid Act are annexed hereto :—

(1) The work for the construction or repair of which the loan is required,

and an estimate of the cost thereof

The continuation of the river-side road and inland vessels' wharves between Aheereetollah Ghât and the northern boundary of the port.

The estimated total cost of the work, including cost of the land, is 13¼ lakhs, of which 4,37,000 have been expended. The portion now proposed to be constructed is estimated to cost 2½ lakhs.

(2) The amount of loan applied for

Rs. 2,50,000.

(3.) The funds, cesses, rates, duties, or taxes and the property, if any, on the security of which it is proposed that the loan shall be made.

The landing and shipping charges, wharf rents, and removal charges levied at the jetties and inland wharves; the jetties, quays, wharves, machinery, &c., &c., belonging to the Commissioners.

(4) The law or laws under which the said funds, cesses, rates, duties, taxes, levied or received, and the title on which the said property is held

Act V (B.C.) of 1870.

(5.) The period for which the loan is required—

30 years.

the number and amount of the instalments, if any, in which it is proposed the loan shall be made—

1 lakh.
1 „
½ „

dates proposed for receiving such instalments,

August 1st, 1874.
November „ „
January „ 1875

and the instalments in which it is proposed to repay the loan,

In accordance with the provisions of Rule X of the rules published under the Act modified by clause (*d*) of the rule, the Commissioners will pay a fixed sum half yearly on the 30th June and 31st December at the rate of Rs. 3,053-5 for each lakh of rupees borrowed. The table showing the proportion in which this half-yearly amount is divided between payment of interest and repayment of principal, which was forwarded with the Commissioners' letter No. 4785, dated 12th January 1874, will show that the terms of the rule above quoted are complied with, and that one-fifth of the amount borrowed will be repaid within ten years, one half within twenty years, and the whole within thirty years.

The ordinary income and expenditure of the Commissioners for 1871-72, 1872-73, and 1873-74, exclusive of repayment of loans :—

(6) The proceeds of each of the funds, cesses, rates, duties, or taxes and all other incomes received by the Port Commissioners for the purposes of the Act.

	1871-72.	1872-73.	1873-74.
Gross receipts derived from jetties ...	3,63,707	4,09,440	4,21,773
" inland wharves ...	1,98,456	2,01,834	2,16,755
" Strand bank lands	73,260	79,118	81,590
" port charges	4,48,111	5,43,020	4,26,974
	10,83,534	12,33,412	11,47,092
Expenditure at jetties	2,04,779	2,43,911	2,68,412
" inland wharves	46,013	68,381	65,646
" on account of Strand bank lands	19,849	23,725	63,065
" " port establishments ...	2,80,939	3,95,168	3,85,477
	5,51,580	7,31,185	7,82,600

(7) The value of the property, if any, offered as security.

Value of land south of Aheereetollah Ghât, measuring about 2,404 cottahs, at Rs. 1,000 per cottah ...	24,04,000
Value of land aleady purchased for new wharves and road north of Aheereetollah Ghât, about ...	3,00,000
Value of buildings, jetties, cranes, and other appliances	34,83,473
Value of floating property, moorings, &c., belonging to the port	18,90,146
Value of investment in Government paper ...	4,29,775
Total ...	85,07,394

All existing prior charges upon any source of income received for the purpose of Act V (B.C.) of 1870, or of any property vested in the Commissioners

Amount of loan sanctioned.	AUTHORITY. GOVERNMENT OF INDIA SANCTION. No.	Date.	Amount drawn.	Amount repaid.	Date of repayment.	Balance due.
10,00,000	Sanctioned by the assent of G. G. to Act V of 1870.		10,00,000	1,00,000	Aug. 1st 1873...	9,00,000
6,00,000	374	18th Jan. 1873	6,00,000	9,750	June 30th and 31st Dec. 1873	5,90,251
5,49,100	477	27th Jan. 1873	3,00,000	2,410	Dec. 31st 1873	2,97,590
3,00,000	983	15th Feb. 1873	2,50,000	803	Ditto ...	2,49,197
2,00,000	1,336	27th Feb 1873	2,00,000	803	Ditto	1,99,197
3,85,000	2,023	31st Mar. 1874	1,55,000	.....	.....	1,55,000
Port debt not repayable.						
17,65,000	1,832	7th July 1871	.....	.....	.....	17,65,000

We have, &c.,

(Sd.) V. H. SCHALH, *Chairman.*
" W. D. BRUCE, *Vice-Chairman.*
" J. C. MURRAY.
" T. B. RUSSEL.
" J. R. BULLEN SMITH.
" WM. SMITH.
" DOORGA CHURN LAW.
" S. HOGG.
" T. B. LANE.
} *Commissioners.*

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 7th July 1874.—The notification dated 16th June 1874, directing the levy of the road cess from the 1st October 1874, and fixing the month of August 1874 for the meeting of the committee to prepare estimates of income and expenditure in the districts therein named, is hereby cancelled with reference to the district of Mymensing.

H L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

BURDWAN DIVISION	Midnapore	
	Dinagepore.	
	Maldah	
RAJSHAHYE „	Rungpore.	
	Bogra	
	Pubna.	

The 7th July 1874.—Under Section 1 of Act X (B.C) of 1871 (the District Road Cess Act), the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to extend the aforesaid Act to the districts noted in the margin, and to provide that the Act shall commence and take effect in those districts from the 1st of August 1874.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

RESOLUTION.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

MARINE No. 2061.

Calcutta, the 22nd June 1874.

READ—

Correspondence regarding the reduction of the Pilot Service.

1. The scheme, as originally described, provided for bringing about ten retirements among Service Pilots, and thirty among Licensed Pilots; but in fact so many are not required. The object is to bring the number of Running Pilots down to seventy. For the last year or two the vacancies which have occurred have not been filled up, and when the first retirement on bonus took place, the number of Pilots was in excess of seventy by thirty-one only. Fourteen Pilots have already been permitted to retire on bonus The same permission is now granted to the following Pilots, who have submitted applications:—

Branch Pilots.

	£	
Mr. C. W. Warden on a bonus of ...	1,400	(including compensation for privileges.)
Mr. Lord	1,000	

Mate.

Mr. R. Hand	1,120

Licensed Mate.

Mr. Hyndman	600

2. In addition to the above, the Lieutenant-Governor considers it to be necessary for the public interests that the following Pilots should be required to retire from the service, or to give up their licenses; the bonus to which each is entitled under the scheme will be paid him:—

Service Pilots.

	£
Mr. T. Black	1,200
Mr. H. Halden	1,200

Licensed Pilots.

Mr. J. Thomas	650
Mr. D. F. Mauger	800
Mr. W. Thompson	550

3. The retirements will take effect from the 1st of July 1874, or from any previous date on which the Pilots named may wish to retire.

4. Mr. Jones has applied to retire if the mode of grading service and Licensed Pilots indicated in paragraph 5, clause 6, of this Government Resolution of the 12th February 1874, according to the date of entering service, be carried out. Many memorials on the subject have been received, and the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to reserve Mr. Jones's application to retire for decision after the question is finally settled.

5. The following list shows the names of the Pilots who have been permitted, or required to retire under the scheme, with the cost of each retirement :—

Names.	Amount of bonus.	
Branch Pilots.		
	£	
G Collins	1,400	
W J Stone	1,000	
G. Noaks	1,400	
H. A. Merrett...	1,000	(Equivalent of £80 extra pension which he elected to take instead of bonus.)
B. K. Revett	1,000	
W. H. Fielder...	1,400	
G. Lord	1,000	
C. W. Warden...	1,400	
Total ...	9,600	
Master Pilots.		
H. D. Fletcher	1,500	
T. Black	1,200	
H. Halden	1,200	
Total ...	3,900	
Mate Pilots.		
R. G. Hand	1,040	
A. M. Merriott	1,500	
A. A. Madden	1,120	
Total ...	3,660	
Licensed Masters.		
F. Hyndman	600	
J. Thomas	650	
D. F. Mauger	800	
W. Thompson...	550	
J Ewert	550	
A. S. Ritchie	275	
Total ...	3,425	
Licensed Mates.		
R. Scott	450	
A Templeton	450	
C. Williams	400	
Total ...	1,300	
Grand Total ...	21,885	

6. To this must be added £600, the amount of Mr Jones's bonus if he should retire, making a total of £22,485. The total expenditure sanctioned by the Government of India was £23,000. The difference, £515, must be kept in hand to meet any additional payments which it may be necessary to make on claims which have been advanced in certain cases by Pilots who have been permitted to take the bonus.

7. With reference to the limit which has been put on the expenditure under the scheme, the Lieutenant-Governor has not been able to accede to the applications of all who applied to retire on bonus.

Mr C. B Ransom | Mr. R. Long.
„ O H. Bensley. | „ R. Scott.

8. The four officers named on the margin wished to retire on the pension and bonus of Branch Pilots, but they were not Branches before retirements under this scheme began, and owe their promotion to the Branch Grade to such retirements only. But no more retirements on Branches' terms can be allowed for financial reasons, which also compel His Honor to decline the offers of Messrs. Sealy, Bowden, Hart, and Bellew.

9. Mr. Curtis has been on leave for the last three years, and is understood to have adopted another profession. The Officiating Master-Attendant is requested to inform Mr. Curtis that no bonus can be given to him, and that no further leave can be allowed. The leave already granted him has been much too long.

10. When these 24 retirements have taken place, the number of Service and Licensed Pilots, respectively, which remain on the list, will be 54 and 23. The reduction to 70 must be made by not filling up vacancies as they occur in ordinary course.

11. The number of Pilots having been thus diminished, the Officiating Master-Attendant should, without delay, submit definite proposals for reducing the number of vessels employed as Pilot Brigs.

Ordered, that copy of this Resolution be forwarded to the Accountant-General for information; and to the Master-Attendant for his guidance, and for communication to the Pilots concerned, and to the body of Pilots Orders on the points of the scheme, such as the grading of the Pilots and the readjustment of the percentage of fees allowed to Pilots, will be issued as soon as possible.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication]

RESOLUTION.

SCARCITY AND RELIEF DEPARTMENT.

Dated Calcutta, the 16th June 1874.

READ—

A letter from the Commissioner of Burdwan, No 83—S R., dated the 2nd June, with enclosure.

The Lieutenant-Governor has read with much satisfaction a report received from the Commissioner of Burdwan, regarding the extensive measures of charitable relief undertaken and maintained by Baboo Ram Runjun Chuckerbutty, zemindar of Hetampore, in the district of Beerbhoom

C. BERNARD,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

RESOLUTION.

SCARCITY AND RELIEF DEPARTMENT

Yacht " Rhotas," *the 16th June* 1874.

READ—

A letter, No 1300—S R, dated the 22nd May 1874, from the Commissioner of the Rajshahye Division, with its enclosures

OBSERVATIONS.—The Commissioner of the Rajshahye Division has brought to the notice of the Lieutenant-Governor that Rai Dhunput Sing Bahadur, of Azeemgunge, in the district of Moorshedabad, has distinguished himself by the public spirit with which he has come forward to the relief of the tenantry on his extensive estates. In Dinagepore, besides contributing two-thirds towards the cost of digging two tanks, it is represented that the Rai is having a third tank excavated at his own expense, and that he has also agreed to bear the whole cost of repairing an embankment and cleaning out two tanks in thana Gungarampore. It is also reported that, besides postponing the collection of rent on his own zemindaries, he has entirely remitted the rents of such of his tenantry as are unable to pay. In the district of Rungpore he has also suspended the collection of rents; while in the district of Moorshedabad, in which he usually resides, his measures for the relief of general distress are said to have been undertaken on a very extensive and liberal scale.

The Lieutenant-Governor has read these reports with much satisfaction, and he thinks that the marked public spirit displayed by this zemindar in the present crisis is deserving of commendation.

C. BERNARD,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt of Bengal.

[Third Publication]

NOTIFICATION.

The 19th June 1874.—With reference to Rule 2, section 59 of the Civil Pension Code, regarding the medical examination of candidates for employment in the public service, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to notify, for the information of Heads of Departments under the Government of Bengal at the

Presidency, that in Calcutta the duty is to be performed by all commissioned medical officers who are engaged in private practice. At present they are as follows:—

Surgeon-Major	A. J Payne, M.D.
Ditto	S. B. Partridge.
Ditto	F. N. Macnamara, M.D. (on leave).
Ditto	J. Ewart, M.D.
Ditto	W. J. Palmer, M.D.
Ditto	N. C. Macnamara, M.D. (on leave).
Ditto	T. E. Charles, M.D.
Ditto	H. Cayley.
Surgeon	K. McLeod, M.D.
Ditto	A. Crombie, M.D.

2. Each candidate should be furnished with a letter showing that he will be appointed to a post in the event of his being declared physically fit for the Government service, and only candidates so authorized will have a claim to be medically examined without payment of fee.

3. With the view of causing an equal distribution of the duty of examination, Heads of Departments are requested to send candidates to the above named medical officers in rotation.

4. The names of medical officers at the Presidency, who may hereafter come under the operation of the rule in paragraph 1, will be notified from time to time.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 18th June 1874.—The following application for a loan by the Municipal Commissioners of Arrah is published in the *Calcutta Gazette* under Rule 5 of the Rules passed by the Governor-General in Council on the 15th October 1873, under section 4 of the Local Public Works Loan Act, XXIV of 1871.

1. For constructing a proper system of latrines in the town of Arrah and within the local limits of this Municipality. The work is intended for the benefit of the general community dwelling within such limits. The cost of the work is estimated at Rs. 4,600, which will appear from the estimate annexed.

Clause 1, Rule III.

2. The amount of loan applied for is Rs. 2,600, which sum would be in addition to the sum of Rs. 2,000 promised by Government in letter No. 2917, dated 10th November 1873, on condition of the Municipality raising the sum of Rs. 2,600; this latter sum is now sought for as a loan.

Clause 2, Rule III.

Clause 3, Rule III. 3. The loan shall be made on the security of house-tax and other miscellaneous receipts of this Municipality.

Clause 4, Rule III. 4. The said house-tax, &c., are levied under Act III of 1864.

5. The period for which the loan is required is ten years. The loan shall be made in one sum, and at as early a date as possible. It shall be repaid in ten annual instalments of Rs. 260 each, or at any early date if convenient.

Clause 5, Rule III.

Clause 6, Rule III. 6. The proceeds* of house-tax and all other income, and the expenditure incurred in each of the three last preceding years, are shown in a separate statement annexed herewith.

Clause 7, Rule III. 7. Nil.

Clause 8, Rule III. 8. No prior charges exist upon any source of income accruing to the Municipality.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 26th June 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road between the villages of Chownagra, pergunnah Badore, and Bulrampore, pergunnah Tajpore, zillah Purneah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring, more or less, 10 miles long and 60 feet broad, is required between the aforesaid villages of Chownagra and Bulrampore.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

J. F. K. HEWITT,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

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* The proceeds of house-tax and all other income during the last three years amount to Rs 36,321-13-4, and the expenditure during that period to Rs. 35,955-4-6, leaving a surplus of Rs. 366-8-10 in three years, or an average of Rs. 122-2-3 a year.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 26th June 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road between the villages of Koomaree, pergunnah Kudba, and Chandpore, pergunnah Haveli, zillah Purneah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring, more or less, 3 miles and 19 chains long and 60 feet broad, is required between the aforesaid villages of Koomaree and Chandpore.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

J. F. K. HEWITT,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 26th June 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from the village of Singhessur to that of Kootgawan, pergunnah Nursingpore Cusba, zillah Bhagulpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land running generally from west to east, passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring, more or less, 57,600 feet in length and 70 feet in breadth = 280 standard beeghas, equivalent to 106 local beeghas, more or less, is required.

Gouripur,	pergunnah Nursingpur	Cusba.
Patari,	ditto	ditto
Maheshoon,	ditto	ditto.
Chaura Honwo Mannoggor	ditto	ditto.
Belori,	ditto	ditto.
Rani Patti,	ditto	ditto.
Korlahi,	ditto	ditto.
Kootgawan,	ditto	ditto.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

J. F. K. HEWITT,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 30th June 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction of a road from Bankoora to Taldangra, *vid* Kurpa, in the district of Bankoora, it is hereby declared that a strip of land 16 miles in length and 50 feet in breadth, measuring 341 beeghas and 8,836 square feet, is required.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

J. F. K. HEWITT,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 19th June 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz for the construction of a road from Latoodaha to meet the main road from Ramnuggur to Manicknuggur, pergunnah Bagwan, district Nuddea, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages Latoodaha and Kanaidanga, measuring 5,317 feet in length and 30 feet in breadth, amounting to 11 beeghas 1 cottah 4 chittacks, is required.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 23rd June 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the ballast quarry of the East Indian Railway Company in the village of Katowna, pergunnah Gidhour, zillah Monghyr, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 14 acres 2 roods and 30 poles of standard measurement, bounded on all sides by lands of the village of Katowna and belonging to Raja Joymungul Sing and Raja Ramnarain Sing, and in the occupation of Mooktear Sing and Ujager Sing, ticcadars, and as marked on the ground, is required within the aforesaid village of Katowna.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 22nd June 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the diversion of Tumlook road approach, north of Canal Range No. III, in the village of Dukhin Gopalpore, pergunnah Kassijorah, zillah Midnapore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring, more or less, 2 beeghas 18 cottahs and 2 chittacks of standard measurement, 690 feet long and 60 feet wide, is required within the aforesaid village of Dukhin Gopalpore.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

J. F. K. HEWITT,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 17th June 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road from Laghatta to Kalgram, in the villages of Labpore, pergunnah Bhurkunda, Donaipore, Lohada, pergunnah Kutubpore, Surul, district Moorshedabad, Durgapore, pergunnah Barbaksinha, Nawapara, pergunnah Khargram, Mohishapore, pergunnah Sabek Mawressur, Ranipara, Gomai, Matipore, Krinnihar, Aligram, pergunnah Kutubpore, Joketta, pergunnah Shaha Islampore, zillah Beerbhoom, and Bamundi, Kalikapore, in Moorshedabad, and Kalgram, in Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land, measuring 10 miles in length and 40 feet average breadth, is required within the aforesaid villages.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

J. F. K. HEWITT,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The following order issued by the Government of India in the Home Department is republished for general information :—

No. 440.—*Fort William, the 3rd July* 1874.—*Notification.*—*Public.*—Privilege leave for two months and one week, with effect from the 18th instant, is granted to the Hon'ble E. G. Birch, a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal. This cancels the Notification of this Department No. 404, dated the 18th ultimo.

The following orders issued by the Government of India in the Financial Department are republished for general information :—

SEPARATE REVENUE.—STAMPS.

Fort William, the 3rd July 1874.

No. 4193.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Court Fees' Act, 1870, section 35, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to remit the fees chargeable under the said Act on—

A. Copies of village settlement records furnished to land-holders and cultivators during the currency or at the termination of settlement operations.

B. List of fields extracted from village settlement records for the purpose of being filed with petitions of plaint in Settlement Courts.

2. Nothing in this Notification applies to—

(*a*).—Copies of judicial proceedings.

(*b*).—Copies of village settlement records (other than lists of fields extracted as aforesaid) which may be filed in any Court or Office.

3. Notification No. 1906 of the Government of India in the Financial Department, dated 9th August 1872, is hereby rescinded.

The following order issued by the Government of India in the Foreign Department is republished for general information :—

No. 1410*P.*—*Fort William, the 1st July* 1874.—*Political.*—Subject to the confirmation of Her Majesty's Government, His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognize the appointment of Mr. Gustav Diefenbach as Acting Consul for the Austro-Hungarian Empire at Calcutta during the absence of Mr. H. Reinhold.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Military Department, is republished for general information :—

No. 679.—*Fort William, the* 30*th June* 1874.—The undermentioned officers have reported their departure for Europe on the dates specified :—

* * * * * * * *

Lieutenant A. Gaselee, of the Bengal Staff Corps, G. G. O. No. 599 of 1874,—*Lombardy*, 17th June 1874.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1955C.S.

The 20*th June* 1874.—In supersession of the orders of the 8th instant, Baboo Bemola Nund Mookerjee, Relief Superintendent of Hassanpore, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Second Class.

The 4*th July* 1874.—Mr. W. Cardozo, Moonsif, is promoted to the First Grade of Moonsifs, *vice* Moulvie Dubiruddin Ahmed, deceased.

Moulvie Fukhiruddin, Moonsif, employed on special duty in the Sonthal Pergunnahs, is promoted to the Second Grade of Moonsifs.

Baboo Atool Behary Ghose is appointed to be a Moonsif of the Third Grade, and to be Second Moonsif of Rungpore.

Baboo Gobind Chunder Dutt, a Resident Zemindar, is appointed to be an Honorary Magistrate in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs and is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class.

Baboo Radha Churn Roy is appointed to act as Second Moonsif of Dukhin Shabazpore, in the district of Backergunge, during the absence on leave of Baboo Poorno Chunder Roy, or until further orders.

Baboo Raj Coomar Moitra is appointed to be a Moonsif of the Third Grade, and to be Moonsif of Buddergunge, in the district of Rungpore.

The 7*th July* 1874.—Baboo Bhugwan Chunder Sen, Sudder Moonsif of Mymensingh, is appointed to act as Subordinate Judge of Backergunge.

Baboo Poresh Nath Banerjee, Moonsif of Narail, in Jessore, is appointed to act temporarily as Judge of the Courts of Small Causes at Dacca and Moonsheegunge.

Baboo Radha Shyam Singh, who has, under separate orders of this date, been appointed to act as a Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector in Burdwan, is vested temporarily with the powers of a Magistrate of the Second Class.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 6*th July* 1874.—Under Section 5 of the Indian Registration Act VIII of 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is pleased to create the following registration sub-districts, having the head-quarters and local jurisdiction shown opposite their names. The Lieutenant-Governor is also pleased, under Section 7 of the Act, to appoint the persons named below to be Sub-Registrars of the said sub-districts :—

District.	Name of new sub-district.	Head-quarters.	Thanas included in jurisdiction.	Sub-Registrars appointed.
Tirhoot	Dulsingh Serai ...	Dulsingh Serai ...	Dulsingh Serai	Baboo Kalicharan.
	Buhera	Buhera	Buhera	Moulavi Fuzul Hakk.
Patna	Naubatpur	Naubatpur	Bikram and Masaurhi ...	Khwajah Ibrahim Ali.

These changes will take effect on and from the 15th July 1874.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 30th June 1874.—Under Section 5 of the Indian Registration Act, VIII of 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is pleased to create the following Registration sub-district, having the head-quarters and local jurisdiction shown opposite the name. The Lieutenant-Governor is also pleased, under Section 7 of the Act, to appoint the person named below to be Sub-Registrar of the said sub-district :—

District.	Name of new sub-district.	Head-quarters.	Thanas included in jurisdiction.	Sub-Registrar appointed.
Hazareebagh	Chatra ...	Chatra ...	Chatra ... ; Hunteraganja ...	Baboo Harihar Charan, Extra Assistant Commissioner, *ex-officio*.

These changes will take effect on and from the 1st of July 1874.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 30th June 1874.—It is hereby notified that a warrant has been issued for the apprehension of Alfred Macdonald, East Indian, charged with aiding and abetting in a case of criminal breach of trust. The man having absconded, all District Superintendents and other Police officers are requested to endeavour to apprehended him.

His descriptive roll is as follows :—

Name, Alfred Macdonald, complexion light, eyes very large, capped ears, aquiline nose, dark hair, uneven jaw and teeth, wears short hair and moustache, age about 25 years; last year was employed in the Government Printing Office, Home Department, at Simla, discharged in June or July last, and from 1st March till the 17th employed in Messrs J. Black and Company's Printing Office, Calcutta, from which date he has disappeared.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 15th June 1874.—It is hereby notified that the provisions of Act XXXI of 1860 (relating to the manufacture, importation, and sale of arms and ammunition, and for regulating the right to keep and use the same, and to give power of disarming in certain cases) as continued in force and amended by Act VI (the Arms' Act Continuance Act), 1866, restricting (1) the possession of cannon, howitzers, and mortars; (2) the manufacture, repair, sale, or (3) importation of arms and ammunition; and (4) the carrying of arms, are in force throughout the territories subject to the control of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

(1.) Sections 2 to 4, Act XXXI, 1860.
(2.) Sections 5 to 16, Act XXXI, 1860
(3.) Sections 17 to 19, Act XXXI, 1860.
(4.) Sections 26 to 30, Act XXXI, 1860.
(As modified by sections 2 and 3 of Act VI of 1866.)

2. The powers of seizure, search, and arrest in certain cases, defined in sections 20, 21, 25, and 31, Act XXXI, 1860, are still possessed by the several authorities in whom the law vests them.

The following are the revised rules laid down under the Act or the importation, transhipment, inland transport, and exportation of arms and ammunition, the grant of licenses for carrying arms, and for the manufacture and sale of arms and ammunition in Bengal :—

3. Under the provisions of sections 17 and 23 of Act XXXI of 1860, the importation, exportation, or transport of all arms of the descriptions mentioned in sections 4, 5, 6, and 25 of the aforesaid Act* into, from, or through the territories under the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, is prohibited unless covered by a license or pass. The transhipment of arms, &c., at ports to which Act VI of 1873 extends is prohibited in Bengal, except under license of the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta.

* *Viz.*, cannon, howitzers, or mortars, fire-arms, bayonets, swords, daggers, spears, spear-heads, lead, sulphur, percussion-caps, gunpowder, or other ammunition.

4. Licenses to import arms and ammunition into the Lower Provinces of Bengal by land may be granted by the Secretary to Government of India, Foreign Department, or by the Secretary to Government of Bengal, in the Judicial Department. Calcutta is the only port in the Lower Provinces where importation by sea is permitted. Persons desirous of importing arms, &c., by sea into any of the districts of Lower Bengal, must apply to the Commissioner of Police at Calcutta, who has also authority to grant licenses for importation through the Port of Calcutta into districts of British India under other local Governments and Administrations. Applications for a license to import arms must be made to the proper officer in writing, and must contain full information on the following points:—

1*st*.—Purpose for which required.
2*nd*.—Probable cost of each weapon.
3*rd*.—Place at which the goods will be imported.
4*th*.—District in which the arms and ammunition are to be used, kept, or sold.

5. The Commissioner of Police on receipt of applications in the prescribed form, is authorized to grant licenses according to form A, at his discretion, for the importation of arms and, in reasonable quantities, of ammunition. His proceedings will be subject to the general control and direction of the Government of Bengal.

6. Licenses for the importation of fire-arms will not be granted by the Commissioner of Police unless he is satisfied that the weapons are required for *bonâ fide* sporting purposes.

7. Any considerable importation of arms must need special explanation, and guarantee that their use is to be inoffensive, before a license is granted. The Commissioner of Police should not grant licenses for the importation of fire-arms in large quantities without reference to the Government of Bengal, in the Judicial Department. (*N.B.*—A fresh license must be taken out for each importation.)

8. The granting of a license must depend upon the facts of each case, or upon the general complexion of the explanations obtained. Cheap guns might be imported in moderate quantities to some wild districts, where they are wanted to keep down wild beasts or game; but in default of some such good and substantial motive for requiring a quantity of arms, the license would ordinarily be refused. Costly guns are much safer than cheap arms, for only the latter can be employed to any extent for military or aggressive purposes, while the former are nearly always used for sport. When arms are of a kind to raise suspicion that they may be possibly meant for warfare or for other illegal purposes, such as pistols, bayonets, or cheap guns, the Commissioner of Police must satisfy himself very carefully as to the object, reasons, and direction of import, before he admits them under license. He can do this by testing the references which the applicant will give, and by communicating with the Government of Bengal.

9. The Collector of Customs will not, except in the case of European gentlemen importing a reasonable quantity for their private use, deliver any arms or ammunition unless protected by a pass from the Commissioner of Police at Calcutta. When persons, other than European gentlemen, importing for their private use, desire to import fire-arms, they shall be referred to the Commissioner of Police, who, however, need not under the Act make out any license at all if the quantity of arms imported is reasonable, and if they are intended for the importer's own private use, but can pass them on.

10. A license need not be refused for all arms brought into the river, for the importation of which no previous permission was obtained. When such arms are themselves of an unobjectionable character, the Commissioner of Police may grant for them the license in form A and the Customs pass in form B together, provided he is satisfied that there is no intention to evade the rules.

11. No license or pass will be granted for rifles of a military pattern, or of patterns easily convertible into military weapons, unless the consignees produce specific orders from English gentlemen for the weapons.

12. The Collector of Customs shall be responsible for seeing that the arms imported answer to the description given in the pass; and, in case of doubt, shall detain the arms and refer the point for the orders of Government.

13. The consignee, on arrival of the arms and ammunition, must produce his license to the Commissioner of Police at Calcutta, upon which he will receive from the said officer a pass in form B for the delivery of such arms and ammunition as may be mentioned in the license.

14. If the arms and ammunition are to be transported from Calcutta to any of the districts under the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, the Commissioner of Police, at the time of granting the pass for delivery from the Custom House, will grant a pass in form C for the transmission of the said goods to the place to which the importation is sanctioned in the license, and he will forward a copy of the pass to the Magistrate of the district in which the said place is situated.

15. In case the arms, &c., are to be transported to districts in British India not within the Lower Provinces of Bengal, the Commissioner of Police may proceed in the same way. Before granting licenses for the transport of any considerable quantity of arms or ammunition to Assam, he must communicate with the Chief Commissioner of Assam. Before complying with applications for licenses in doubtful cases, he will make a similar reference.

16. No passes to export arms and ammunition from the Lower Provinces of Bengal, either by land or by sea, to any place out of British India, shall be granted except by the Secretary to the Government of India, in the Foreign Department. All such passes shall be granted subject, as far as may be, to the rules for the transport of arms within British India, and wherever there is a Political Agent, Cantonment Magistrate, or other British official at the place of destination, the pass shall be delivered to him within six days of the arrival there of the articles covered by it, with a view to his satisfying himself that there is no deficiency, in the same manner as a Magistrate of a British district is required to do by the Inland Transport Rules prescribed below.

17. Any person desirous of transporting any arms or ammunition of the description marginally noted into any portion of the territories under the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, or from one district or town in the said territories to another district or town, must apply for a pass to the Commissioner of the division, specifying the district or town into which he proposes to transport the goods.

Fire-arms, bayonets, swords, daggers, spears, spear-heads, lead, sulphur, gunpowder, or other ammunition.

18. Any person desirous of transporting any of the above-mentioned articles (except in reasonable quantities for his own private use) from Calcutta into the interior of British India beyond the territorial jurisdiction of the Government of Bengal, must apply for a pass to the Commissioner of Police.

19. When a person is desirous of transporting any such articles from any place in the Lower Provinces other than Calcutta, to any place in British India within the territories of another local Government or Administration, he must apply for a pass to the Secretary to the Government of India, in the Home Department, or to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal, or to such other officer as the Government of India may have authorized by notification to grant such a pass.

20. The application must in all these cases be in writing; it must specify the town, station, or other place into which the articles are intended to be transported, and must contain full information as to the quantity, quality, and description of the articles, and the purpose for which they are respectively designed. When the articles have been imported from abroad, the license under which they have been imported must be appended.

21. It will be within the discretion of the authorized officer to grant the pass if, from the information thus given and otherwise obtained, he considers that such pass may be safely granted. A register shall be kept of all passes so granted, and a copy of each pass shall be sent to the Magistrate of the district within which the place to which the articles are to be transported is situated.

22. The articles covered by such pass shall be taken direct to the place of destination mentioned in the pass without being sold or made use of at any intermediate place.

23. On the articles reaching their destination, the person in charge thereof must deliver the pass to the office of the Magistrate of the district within six days. It will be the duty of that officer to satisfy himself that the articles transported correspond with the entries in the pass, and to see that any deficiency that may exist is satisfactorily accounted for. The pass shall then be endorsed and returned to the holder, if he may lawfully keep in his possession the articles of which it covers the transport.

24. The following fees are to be charged for the issue of licenses and passes under the foregoing rules :—

	Rs.
For each license in form A for permission to import arms and ammunition	5
For each pass in form B for the delivery of arms and ammunition from the Custom House	1
For each transport pass in form C	5

The foregoing rules do not apply to arms and ammunition imported or transported by any person in small quantities for his own private use, but a license or pass may be granted for such arms or ammunition at the discretion of the officer to whom the application is preferred.

25. Section 32 of Act XXXI of 1860, prohibiting absolutely the possession of any arms or ammunition without a license, is not now in force in any district of Bengal, inasmuch as no district is at present disarmed under that section.

26. In districts and places not brought under the provisions of section 32, persons are not absolutely prohibited from carrying arms without a license, but any person not being exempted under the provisions of section 27 from so carrying arms is liable to be disarmed by any Magistrate or police officer under section 26, if, in the judgment of such Magistrate or police officer, it is dangerous to the public peace to allow such persons to go armed or to carry arms.

27. In the districts noted in the margin the Government has not insisted on the people taking out licenses to own or carry arms. In these districts the local officers will refrain from enforcing section 26 of Act XXXI of 1860, except in special cases, in which there is really ground for believing that such a measure is necessary for the preservation of the public peace.

All the districts of the Presidency, Burdwan, Cuttack, and Chota Nagpore Divisions
Chumparun, Sarun, and Tirhoot, in the Patna Division
Rajshahye, Maldah, and Pubna, in the Rajshahye Division.

28. In the districts noted in the margin, the Magistrates are bound to insist on licenses being taken out before arms are carried. They must observe, however, that they are not authorized to interfere with the mere possession of arms, if the possessor does not carry them or go armed. The license must be in form D, annexed.

All districts in the Cooch Behar, Dacca, and Chittagong Divisions.
Gya, Patna, and Shahabad, in the Patna Division.
Bogra, Rungpore, Dinagepore, and Moorshedabad, in the Rajshahye Division.

29. Any person in the districts named in Rule 28 who has not been exempted under section 27, and who is desirous of obtaining a license to carry arms, shall make an application in writing to the Magistrate in charge of the district or sub-division in which he may be residing. The application must be on an 8-anna stamp, and contain the following particulars :—

(1) Name and address of applicant.

(2) Period for which the license is required (in no case to extend one year from date).

(3) For what purpose the arms are required, and the place where the applicant proposes to reside during the currency of the license.

(4) Description of arms for which a license is sought.

(5) Whether the arms are to be carried only by the applicant or by his followers ; if the latter, the number and description of arms to be carried by each follower.

30. Some of the districts named in Rule 28 being situated on the frontier, the unrestricted right of possessing and carrying arms would afford facilities for selling them to the hostile tribes on the border, out of whose hands it is of the greatest importance that arms and ammunition should be kept. In the other districts specified the people are turbulent and prone to engage in affrays and riots, and it is necessary, for this reason, to put a check on the possession of arms by them.

31. The license given should be renewed year by year. The registration of these licenses will enable each Magistrate to ascertain the number of arms kept by the people in his jurisdiction.

32. Licenses to carry arms on a journey may be given to *bonâ fide* travellers in form E by the Magistrate of the district or sub-division (and in Calcutta by the Commissioner of Police), provided that, save for special reasons, no such license shall be current for more than a fortnight beyond the time required for the ordinary course of post between the place at which the license is granted and that to which the applicant is travelling.

33. The Magistrates should use caution in the issue of licenses to carry arms on a journey, and give them only if satisfied, on inquiry, that they can be safely granted. A register must be kept of all passes so granted, and a copy of such pass shall be sent to the Magistrate of the district to which the traveller is proceeding, in order that he may insist upon a license being taken out there.

34. As to the manufacture and sale of arms, Magistrates have under the Act complete power to grant licenses and recall them, and can therefore executively impose any condition they desire, because, if the condition is not fulfilled, the Magistrate rescinds the license at the end of the year. In this way, a limit can be placed upon the quantity of arms and ammunition which a manufacturer might under license turn out; but it will be necessary for the police to keep themselves well informed as to his actual stock, and to take means for testing the correctness of the stock-book entries.

35. Licenses to sell arms are, in the districts of Purneah, Dinagepore, Rungpore, Tipperah, Chittagong, Dacca, Backergunge, Mymensingh, Sylhet, and the Cooch Behar Division, only to be given to those persons to whom a license to transport arms, &c., would be given by the Commissioner under Rule 18. Such licenses will be very charily given in those districts after reference to the Commissioner of the division, and nowhere save at sudder stations. The fee for a license to sell arms is ten rupees.

36. Under sections 14 and 15 of the Act the Lieutenant-Governor has authorized District and Assistant Superintendents of Police to enter the premises of persons licensed to manufacture or deal in arms and ammunition, and to inspect the books kept by them in the course of their trade. The proper maintenance and inspection of these books, which are essential at all times to effective control over the traffic in arms, have become very much more important now that the checks on importation are likely to stimulate home manufacture.

37. As manufacturers cannot sell without their customers bringing themselves under the rules of inland transport in the process of taking away their purchases, Magistrates have a further means of controlling their trade.

38. The licenses of all dealers in arms, &c., must contain a stipulation that they will abide by the rules above laid down, under penalty of forfeiting their license. They must also undertake to enter in their books, besides the purchaser's name, the name of his father (for native purchasers), his place of residence, and the police-station within the jurisdiction of which he resides. Licenses granted under section 7 of the Act to sell arms should bear a note drawing attention to the necessity of the dealer's procuring also an import or transit pass, or both, before he can import or transport arms for sale. The licenses of dealers in Calcutta should contain a stipulation that they will sell to dealers residing out of Calcutta only when they produce a pass in form C from the Commissioner of the division where they reside, and that they will enter in their registers the particulars of each such pass.

FORM A.

FEE FIVE RUPEES.

LICENSE for the Importation of Arms and Ammunition into the Port of granted by

Name and address of applicant	Description of arms.	Number.	Description of ammunition	Quantity	Purpose for which required.	Value.	Port in which to be landed	District and place to which to be conveyed after importation	REMARKS

FORM B.

FEE ONE RUPEE.

PASS for the Delivery of Arms and Ammunition by the Collector of Customs.

Name of consignee.	Place of business	Date of issue of pass.	Description of arms.	Number.	Description of ammunition.	Quantity.	Ship by which imported.	Arms, &c., by whom supplied.	License for importation by whom granted, and date thereof.	REMARKS.

FORM C.

FEE FIVE RUPEES.

PASS for the transit of Arms and Ammunition from to in the District of

Name of holder	Place of business	Description of arms	Number.	Description of ammunition	Quantity.	Mode of transit.	Up to what date pass is valid	REMARKS

FORM D.

LICENSE to carry Arms, issued under Sections 28, 29, *and* 30 *of Act XXXI of* 1860.

License, by whom granted	Name of person to whom granted, and father's name	RESIDENCE OF GRANTEE			From what date to what date license granted	District, town, or places in which the license is to have operation.	Whether operation of license is limited to the grantee, or whether it extends to his followers, if the latter, number of followers licensed and number and description of arms to be carried by each	REMARKS
		Village	Police Station.	District.				

FORM E.

LICENSE to carry Arms on a Journey, issued under Clause 4, Section 32, of Act XXXI of 1860.

License, by whom granted	Date of issue of license.	Name of person to whom granted, and father's name.	Residence of Grantee			To what place proceeding.	Route by which proceeding and names of districts and chief towns through which the license is to have operation.	Probable time which journey is expected to occupy, and up to what date the license is valid.	Whether operation of license is limited to the grantee, or whether it extends to his followers, if the latter, number of followers licensed, and number and description of arms to be carried by each.	Remarks.
			Village.	Police Station	District.					

N.B.—If the license is to have operation in any district or place disarmed under the provisions of section 32 of Act XXXI of 1860, the license must be countersigned by the Magistrate of the district for which the license is issued.

FORM F.

Stock Book to be kept by all persons licensed to manufacture or deal in Arms, under Section 12, Act XXXI of 1860 (Arms Act).

Date.	Stock book No.	Article.			Whether purchased or imported direct.	If imported direct, number and date of forms A and B and name of ship.	If purchased, from whom, and date of purchase
		Nature.	Description.	Quantity.			

FORM G.

Sale Book to be kept by all persons licensed to manufacture or deal in Arms, under Section 14, Act XXXI of 1860.

Date of sale.	Stock book No.	ARTICLES SOLD.				Name of Purchaser	Residence of Purchaser.
		Nature.	Description.	Quantity.	Price.		
	Section Register No. 1.	Specification of arms or ammunition, whether gun, rifle, sword, caps, gunpowder, &c.	Distinguishing marks, maker's name, &c., &c.			Father's name also, if purchased by a native.	If in a town, give street and number; if in district, name of village, police thana, pergunnah, and zillah.

(ON STAMP PAPER OF THE VALUE OF TEN RUPEES.)

FORM H.

License to manufacture or deal in arms and ammunition for one year from the date hereof.

Name of holder and place of residence.	Place of business, that is, manufactory or shop.	Description of arms.		Description of ammunition.		Probable estimated outturn of each description of arms and ammunition per month.	Estimate of probable purchase and sale of arms and ammunition per month.	Actual reported outturn of each description of arms and ammunition per month during the currency of the last preceding license, if any.	Actual reported purchase and sale of each description of arms and ammunition per month during the currency of the last preceding license, if any	REMARKS.
		To be manufactured.	To be dealt in.	To be manufactured.	To be dealt in.					

Dated at

this day of 18 .

FORM I.

LICENSE is hereby granted under the authority of Act XXXI of 1860, Clause 3 of section 32, to

of

to have in his possession the arms and ammunition hereunder specified:

	Number and Quantity of each.	
Fire-arms		
Bayonets		
Swords		
Daggers		
Spears		
Spear-heads		
Percussion caps		
Gunpowder		
Sulphur		
Other ammunition...		

Dated at

this day of 18 .

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 23rd June 1874.—The Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is pleased to declare that the eastern boundary of Hill Tipperah shall be as follows:—

The eastern boundary of Hill Tipperah, from the triple junction on districts Sylhet and Chittagong, shall run south along the Lungai River (flowing between the Jampai and the Hachik-Chutterchoora ranges) to its source in the Betteing-Sib peak; and thence, following the watershed of the hills, across to the peak of Dolajuree, as defined on the map of that part of the country by Captain Badgley, Officiating Deputy Superintendent of Survey; then by a straight line to the Surdaing peak, and on by the boundary, as shown on the maps of Hill Tipperah and Chittagong by J. H. O'Donnel, Esq., Revenue Surveyor, to and along the Fenny River, as far as the village of Ramghur.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 16th June 1874.—In accordance with the powers conferred upon him by section 50, Act X of 1872, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is pleased to direct that Hadi Hussen Khan, Shah Abdul Hussen, Gunput Singh, Gunshyam Mahworee, and Beni Ram Mahworee, Honorary Magistrates in the district of Monghyr, or any two or more of them sitting together, shall form a Bench, which is hereby vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class for the trial of such cases arising within the district of Monghyr as may be within its competence to try, and as may be brought before it in accordance with the rules made by the Magistrate of the district under section 52 of the same Act.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 17th June 1874.—It is hereby notified that the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to extend the provisions of section 34 of Act V of 1861 to the towns of Jehanabad, Culna, Sonamookhy, and Bood-bood, in the district of Burdwan, with effect from the 1st July next.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 22nd June 1874.—It is hereby notified for general information that the following villages are transferred from the Tollygunge Police-station to that of Sonapore, in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs:—

No.	Name of Village.	Thakbust No.	Pergunnah
1.	Tetoolberiah	20	Meydunmull.
2.	Balleah	19	Ditto.
3.	Baharhans Mohamoyapore, Furtabad, Dhaupdara..	9	Ditto.
4.	Lushkurpore	15	Khaspoor.
5.	Booral	221	Magoorah.
6.	Nischinderpore	112	Ditto.
7.	Chuk Booriyah..	346	Ditto.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 22nd June 1874.—Under Section 5 of the Indian Registration Act, VIII of 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to sanction the formation of a new sub-district in the district of Backergunge, having its jurisdiction conterminous with thana Sarup Kati.

The sub-registry offices at Ghazipore and Gabha, in the same district, will be closed.

Baboo Durga Charan Ghosh, Sub-Registrar of Gabha, is hereby appointed Sub-Registrar of Sarup Kati.

The above changes will take effect from the 1st July next.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 18th June 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. the site of a dispensary in the village of Kristopore, pergunnah and thana Jehanabad, zillah Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1 beegha 4½ chittacks of standard measurement, bounded on the west by the river Darkeshore, north by the sub-divisional Cutcherry compound and lock-up, east by the public bazar road, south by a tank and grounds of Kajee Sumsud Joha and others, is required within the aforesaid village of Kristopore.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT,—BENGAL.

ESTABLISHMENT.

The 1st July 1874.

No. 231.—*Leave of Absence.*—Mr. P. J. Neuville, Executive Engineer, Third Grade, Bengal, has been allowed extension of leave for three months on medical certificate by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India.

No. 232.—*Notifications.*—Mr. C. S. Bickers, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, assumed charge of the Chittagong District on the 17th June 1874, before noon.

No. 233.—Baboo Nobin Chunder Biswas, Overseer, First Grade, joined the Cuttack, Pooree, and Tributary Mehals District, on the 13th June 1874, afternoon.

J. E. T. NICOLLS, *Colonel*, R.E.,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. D.

IRRIGATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.—ESTABLISHMENT.

The 30th June 1874.

No. 276.—*Notifications.*—The undermentioned officers joined the Survey Division, Gunduk Circle, on the forenoon of the 24th June 1874:—

Lieutenant E. Kenny, S.C., Assistant Engineer, Second Grade.
Mr. J. R. Swinden, Apprentice Engineer.

No. 277.—Lieutenant A. R. Porter, B.S.C., Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, joined the Lower Gunduk Embankment Division on the forenoon of the 25th June 1874.

The 2nd July 1874.

No. 278.—Mr. J. G. Pew, Sub-Engineer, First Grade, joined the High Level Canal Division, Gunduk Circle, on the forenoon of the 25th June 1874.

No. 279.—*Transfer.*—Mr. R. J. Beckwith, Overseer, First Grade, from the Dehree to the Kuramnassa Division, which he joined on the afternoon of the 4th June 1874.

The 3rd July 1874.

No. 280.—*Notification.*—Mr. R. J. Beckwith, Overseer, First Grade, Kuramnassa Division, returned from the privilege leave granted him in the orders marginally noted on the forenoon of the 2nd ultimo.

No. 122, dated 25th March 1874.

The 4th July 1874.

No. 281.—*Leave.*—Mr. Paul Grieff, Overseer, Second Grade, attached to the Eastern Soane Division, is granted leave, without pay, for 20 days, under Section 9, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code.

No. 282.—*Posting.*—Baboo Rajendra Nath Bisvas, Probationary Sub-Overseer, First Grade, is posted to the High Level Canal Division, Gunduk Circle.

Baboo Rajendra Nath Bisvas reported his arrival at Dinapore on the forenoon of the 29th June 1874.

The 6th July 1874.

No. 283.—*Leave.*—Mr. E. DeGrousilliers, Executive Engineer, Third Grade, Upper Gunduk Division, is granted subsidiary leave for 9 days, under Supplement F, Section 10 of the Civil Leave Code.

No. 284.—*Notification.*—The following Notification of the Government of India, Public Works Department, is republished for information:—

"*No.* 425, *dated the* 3*rd July* 1874.—Mr. H. P. Crane, Assistant Engineer, Third Grade, Central Provinces, is transferred to Bengal, in the Irrigation Branch."

No. 285.—*Posting.*—Mr. H. P. Crane, Assistant Engineer, Third Grade, to the Buxar Division, which he joined on the forenoon of the 13th June 1874.

G. A. SEARLE, *Lieut.-Col.*, S.C.,
For Offg. Joint-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal,
in the P. W. D., Irrigation Branch.

JAIL DEPARTMENT.

The 2nd July 1874.—Dr. F. V. B. Webber received charge of the Dinagepore Jail from Surgeon W. H. Gregg on the forenoon of the 26th ultimo.

W. L. HEELEY,
Inspector-General of Jails.

ALIPORE, the 6th July 1874.

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

Orders by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

The 2nd July 1874.—The unexpired portion of the leave of absence for 4 months from the 9th February 1874 granted to Baboo Nil Madhub Shamunto, Moonsif of Phenchoogunge, in the District of Sylhet, who returned to duty on the forenoon of the 3rd June 1874, is cancelled.

By order of the High Court,
H. J. S. COTTON, *Offg. Registrar.*

Sheriff's Office, the 7th July 1874.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Seventh Criminal Sessions of the year 1874 of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William and the places subordinate thereto, will be holden at the Court-House, in the Town of Calcutta, on Monday, the third day of August next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and so on from day to day until the said Session be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who will prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said Session be then and there to prosecute.

M. RUSTOMJEE, *Sheriff.*

শরিফ আফিস সন ১৮৭৪ সাল ৭ জুলাই।

সর্ব্বলকে সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে সুবে বাঙ্গালার কোর্ট উইলিয়ম দুর্গের অধীন শহর কলিকাতার ও অন্যান্য স্থানের ফৌজদারী বিচার নিষ্পত্তি জন্য আগামি সন ১৮৭৪ সালের ৩রা আগষ্ট সোমবার বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এবং যে পর্য্যন্ত সেশিয়ানের কার্য্য শেষ না হয় প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময়ে কলিকাতার হাই কোর্টের আপন আদালত ঘরে সন ১৮৭৪ সালের সপ্তম ক্রিমিনেল সেশিয়ান বসিবেক, এবং এতদ্দ্বারা প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে, যে সকল ব্যক্তি কোন কয়েদীর বিরুদ্ধে ফৌজদারী মিছিল করিবেক তাহারা উক্ত স্থানে উক্ত সময়ে হাজির থাকিয়া মোকদ্দমা করে ইতি।

M. RUSTOMJEE, *Sheriff.*

NOTIFICATION.

UNDER Section 14, Act XI of 1865, notice is hereby given that, subject to the orders of Government, the Judge of the Court of Small Causes at Nurail will sit again in that Court on the dates mentioned below:—

Monday, the 20th July 1874.
Tuesday, the 21st July 1874.

NURAIL, COURT OF SMALL CAUSES, the 6th July 1874. J. WESTON, *Judge.*

TREASURY NOTICE.

LIEUTENANT L. J. H. GREY, Assistant Commissioner, has been placed in charge of the Lohardugga Treasury, and authorised to draw bills on other treasuries.

E. T. DALTON, *Commr. of Chota Nagpore.*

CHOTA NAGPORE, the 19th June 1874.

EDUCATIONAL NOTICES.

Orders by the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate of the Calcutta University.

THE undermentioned students have passed the examination for a licence in Civil Engineering:—

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Bhutnath Chakravarti	... ...	Presidency College, C. E. Department.
Heramvanáth Dás	... ...	ditto ditto.

SENATE HOUSE, the 30th June 1874 J. SUTCLIFFE, *Registrar.*

Presidency College.

SURVEY TEACHERSHIP EXAMINATION.

THE half-yearly examination of candidates for employment as teachers of surveying will be held on Monday, the 3rd August, and following days.

Applications to appear at the examination, accompanied by the necessary fees, must reach the undersigned before the 20th July.

Candidates are required to be in attendance at 10 A.M. on the first day of the examination, and they are at liberty to present themselves for examination at Dacca, Patna, or Calcutta.

PRESIDENCY COLLEGE, the 2nd July 1874. J. SUTCLIFFE, *Principal.*

Presidency College.

DEPARTMENT PUBLIC WORKS EXAMINATION.

THE half-yearly examination of candidates for employment and promotion in the Department of Public Works will be held at the Presidency College on Monday, the 3rd August, and following days.

Applications from candidates desirous of appearing at the examination must be lodged with the undersigned not later than the 20th July, and each application must be accompanied by the necessary fee.

Candidates are required to be in attendance at 10 A.M. on the first day of the examination.

PRESIDENCY COLLEGE, the 2nd July 1874. J. SUTCLIFFE, *Principal.*

OPIUM NOTIFICATION.

No. 691B.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Eighth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1872-73, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Wednesday, the 5th August 1874, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 3,750 chests, viz :—

	Chests.
Behar Opium	2,185
Benares „	1,565
Total	3,750

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual; they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 8th November 1873, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 10th and 20th August, respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other Public Securities, that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the Sale-room, will be received after 4 P.M. of Monday, the 10th August 1874, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P.M. of Thursday, the 20th August 1874.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertised for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Member in charge of the Opium Department, however, reserves to himself the right of altering these dates, should circumstances render it expedient to do so.—

Dates.	Behar, about Chests	Benares, about Chests.	Total, about Chests.
On or about Monday, 7th Sept. 1874 ..	2,185	1,565	3,750
On or about Wednesday, 7th Oct. „ ...	2,185	1,565	3,750
On or about Friday, 6th Nov. „ ...	2,185	1,565	3,750
On or about Thursday, 3rd Dec. „ ...	2,185	1,565	3,750
Total ...	8,740	6,260	15,000

By order of the Member-in-Charge,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, FORT WILLIAM, the 30th June 1874.

CENTRAL RELIEF FUND.

Proceedings of the Fifteenth Meeting of the Executive Committee of the Central Famine Fund Committee, held on the 11th June 1874.

PRESENT:

The Hon'ble V. H. Schalch, *President.*
The Hon'ble John Inglis.
The Hon'ble T. M. Robinson.
J. Bullen-Smith, Esq.
Moonshee Amir Ali Khan, Bahadoor.
The Hon'ble Rajah Jotendro Mohun Tagore.

THE proceedings of the last meeting were read and confirmed.

2. The Chairman read a letter, No. 3492—S.R., dated the 30th May 1874, from the Government of Bengal, approving of the form of cash account and of statement of persons relieved, proposed by the Committee at their 13th meeting.

Resolved, that the letter be recorded.

3. The Chairman read a letter from the Collector of Moorshedabad, submitting proceedings of the district relief committee's meeting of 11th May 1874.

Resolved, that the letter be recorded.

4. The Chairman read letters from the Commissioners of Burdwan and Patna, and from the Collector of Gya, submitting cash accounts and statements of persons relieved.

Resolved, that the accounts and statements be abstracted.

5. The Chairman laid on the table a statement of the forecasts as yet received of the requirements of the distressed districts to the end of the season of famine. The districts which had given returns were Burdwan, Beerbhoom, Bankoora, Midnapore, Hooghly, Tirhoot, Shahabad, Chumparun, Patna, Moorshedabad, and Pubna. The amount estimated for these was about 6½ lakhs of rupees.

6. The Chairman read a telegram from the Mayor of Manchester (in reply to that sent under the resolution in the 12th paragraph of the last meeting), authorizing the Committee to use the Manchester subscriptions.

Resolved, that the telegram be recorded, and that the Manchester funds be now brought into use.

7. The Committee passed a bill for Rs. 18-2-0, being the amount for postage, &c., during May 1874.

8. On the motion of the Hon'ble John Inglis, it was—

Resolved that, as the time is coming when the epidemic fever in the Burdwan division usually shows itself, the Commissioner of that division be informed that the Committee are prepared to afford help, if necessary, to the fever-stricken people within his jurisdiction, in the same manner and under the same rules as in the case of the sufferers from the scarcity.

Proceedings of the Sixteenth Meeting of the Executive Committee of the Central Relief Committee, held on the 22nd June 1874.

PRESENT:

The Hon'ble V. H. Schalch, *President.*
The Hon'ble John Inglis.
J. R. Bullen-Smith, Esq.
Moonshee Amir Ali Khan, Bahadoor.
The Hon'ble Rajah Jotendro Mohun Tagore.

THE Chairman read letters from the Government of Bengal to the Collectors of Tirhoot, Purneah, Rungpore, and Dinagepore, informing these officers that they had very materially underestimated their future demands on the funds of the Central Committee, and requiring them to submit fresh estimates. It appeared from these, that the Government understood that the Committee had agreed to pay for all the Government rice expended from the beginning to the end of the famine throughout, and in all distressed districts alike, without distinction.

Resolved, that the Government be addressed to the effect that, in making the offer in their letter No. 99, of the 18th April 1874, to "meet the entire expense which will be incurred for charitable relief under headings *b*, *c*, and *d*," the Committee did not intend to relieve Government of the cost of Government grain expended for those purposes in the very distressed districts. To this tract it is understood that the condition laid down in the conference of 21st February still applies; and by that condition "no charge would be made against the local committees for any Government grain distributed by way of relief in the very distressed districts, which the Lieutenant-Governor should define." These districts the Committee understood to be Tirhoot, Chumparun, North Bhagulpore, Dinagepore, Rungpore, and Maldah. In these districts the Committee are prepared to meet all charges (*other* than the expenditure for Government grain) in connection with charitable relief under *b*, *c*, and *d*, from the commencement to the end of the famine. In other districts, the Committee are prepared to undertake the charge of Government grain expended for like purposes during a similar period. The Committee offer this explanation because they believe that, if held liable for all Government grain expended in the very distressed districts, the funds at their disposal must prove inadequate to meet the outlay, and at the same time to fulfil the condition on which some portion of those funds have been subscribed, viz., that they should be applied to "purposes

which Government does not meet," a condition which the Committee propose to satisfy by a more liberal distribution, and by the supply of clothing and other necessaries beyond the scope of Government assistance, and by the relief and support of orphans. From the calculation in the Government letters it would seen that for the four districts of Tirhoot, Purneah, Dinagepore, and Rungpore, the sum of (say) 30 lakhs will be required if the Committee undertake to pay the cost of all Government grain expended in them from June to the end of the famine: this would leave but a very small balance out of the funds at the disposal of the Committee for the wants of all the other districts.

2. The Chairman read a letter from the Assistant Controller-General, asking if he was right in supposing that no grain will, or should be, drawn from the Government stores by relief officers, except for the purpose of gratuitous distribution.

Resolved, that he be informed that he is right in his principle in regard to grain expended under *b*, *c*, and *d*, of the Notification of 4th March, but is mistaken in his notion that the Committee will be charged for the grain drawn for these purposes from the Government stores in the very distressed districts.

3. The Chairman read letters from Howrah, Gya, and Pubna, containing estimates of their total future requirements.

Resolved, that these be abstracted.

4. The Chairman read applications from the following districts, for the sums set against them, to be expended during the present month.

	Rs.		Rs.
Monghyr ...	... 10,000	Dinagepore ...	... 30,000
Hooghly ...	... 6,000	Bogra ...	... 18,000
Burdwan ...	... 5,000	Maldah ...	... 10,000

Besides these sums Manbhoom had asked for Rs. 5,000 for July, and the Chief Commissioner of Oudh for Rs. 7,000.

Resolved, that all the above applications, amounting to Rs. 91,000, be granted.

5. The Chairman read a communication from the Secretary to the famine relief committee, North-Western Provinces, dated the 13th June 1874, acknowledging with thanks the resolution of the Central Committee which proffered assistance in case of need, and intimating that there no immediate occasion for making any requisition on the funds of the Central Committee, but that if the present season proved unfavorable to agriculture, the North-Western Provinces Committee might have occasion to take advantage of the resolution.

Resolved, that the letter be recorded.

6. The Chairman read the accounts and statements of persons relieved, which had been received from the following districts, viz:—

Bankoora,	to 15th May 1874.	Patna,	to 31st May 1874.
Midnapore,	„ 15th „ „	Maldah,	„ 31st „ „
Chumparun,	„ 31st „ „	Moorshedabad,	„ 31st „ „

Resolved, that these be abstracted.

7. With reference to the third resolution of the 13th meeting, the Chairman read a correspondence which had ensued with the authorities in Lohardugga and Palamow. In the course of this correspondence the Hon'ble T. M. Robinson explained that it was owing to an error on the part of the Secretary that he was represented as complaining of the giving of gratuitous relief. What he had complained of was the opening of relief works, necessarily temporary in their nature, which seduced work-people from permanent and fully sufficient employment. On the other hand, the Deputy Commissioner of Lohardugga showed that none of the laborers who had abandoned the coal-workings had been received on the relief works.

Resolved, that the Deputy Commissioner of Lohardugga be informed that the Committee are glad to learn that the relief works did not seduce work-people from regular employment and sufficient wages.

DISTRICT RELIEF COMMITTEES.

THE following gentlemen have consented to act as additional members of the North-Western Sooty sub-committee, in the Jungipore sub-division:—

Baboo Bhubunnesswar Mojoomdar.
„ Braja Bullub Chuckerbutty.
„ Jagabundhu Chowdhry.

W. WAVELL, *Offg. Magte. and Collr. of Moorshedabad.*

BERHAMPORE, the 29th June 1874.

The following gentlemen have consented to act as members of the Narainpore sub-committee:—

W. H. Irvine, Esq. | Ashah Mundal.

BERHAMPORE, the 2nd July 1874. W. WAVELL, *Offg. Magte. and Collector.*

Burdwan Maharajah's Relief Operations Statement for Fortnight ending 27th June.

BURDWAN.

Relief-house.—The numbers of applicants for relief have increased considerably during the past fortnight ending 27th June, and the daily average of persons fed has been 1,362. During some days the number was above 1,500. This increase has been partly due to Juggernath pilgrims, but a large number of people from villages in the district apply every day. On one day, the 22nd instant, about 150 people came from Cutwa, Jehanabad, and Selmabad, and others continue to come in; though the majority of these appear to need food, there have as yet been no cases of acute distress among them.

Relief works.—About 262 persons are still employed on relief works, but there is no demand for employment and the recent heavy rains have rendered it necessary to close the tank works.

CULNA

About 592 have been daily fed at the Culna relief-house. No cases of distress have been reported. Uncooked rice is still given to 20 respectable families in advance of 5 days rations. There is no demand for employment

BOOD-BOOD

At Bood-bood the number of persons daily fed at the Annachatra of the Raj has been 580 The reports are favorable. The cholera mentioned in the last report is disappearing, and no acute distress has been reported.

KEDINAH.

The number of persons fed at Kedinah relief-house, has increased to 525. The reports are however favorable.

Statement showing the daily Average Number of People relieved during the Fortnight ending 27th June 1874.

Relief works—					
Rassan Bagh	...	...	...	...	92
Tara Bagh ...	..	...	...	...	40
Ryan tank ..	...	...	...	...	130
			Total	...	262
Charitable relief—					
Burdwan ...	...	..	...	...	1,362
Culna ...	...	...	...	.	592
Boodbood .	...	...	.	..	580
Khadima in Hooghly	...	...	...	...	525
			Total	...	2,959
			Grand Total	...	3,221

BURDWAN, the 29th June 1874. M. C. BURDWAN, *Maharaj Adheraj.*

AT a meeting of the Bankoora District Relief Committee held on the 29th June 1874

PRESENT:

W. R. Larminie, Esq., *in the Chair.*

MEMBERS.

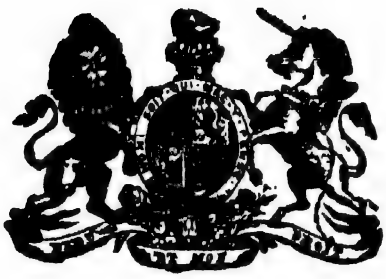
R. A. G. Irvine, Esq
Baboo Kanti Chandra Chatterjee.
„ Pramatha Nath Banerjee
„ Kunja Bihari Chakravarti.
„ Kumad Nath Dutta
„ Hem Nath Bose.
„ Akhai Kumar Mukharji.
„ Mohesh Chandra Banerji.
Baboo Hari Lal Dobey.
„ Rameshar Sen.
„ Surja Kumar Das
Munshi Abdul Jalil Khan.
„ Ali Zamin
Baboo Krishna Govinda Gosami, Member and Honorary Secretary.

Resolved, that admissions into D class be confined to men of high castes only, viz., Brahmins, Rajpúts, Kayasts, Mollas, and respectable Mahomedans, and that those of the other castes be treated as *b* class paupers

2. Resolved, that Baboo Akhai Kumar Mukharji be requested to join the Sub-Committee for Jute-spinning, and that the above Sub-Committee be requested to make arrangements for supplying twine wherewith to manufacture gunny-bags. Baboo Mohesh Chandra Banerji, a member of the said Sub-Committee, be exclusively entrusted with the duty of managing the manufacture of gunny-bags

Resolved, that Baboo Hari Lal Dobey, having expressed his willingness to serve as member of the Shell-lac Sub-Committee, be requested to join that Sub-Committee.

W. R. LARMINIE, *Chairman.*



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 8, 1874.

PART II.

Advertisements.

[N.B.—Advertisements, Notices, &c., intended for insertion in this part of the Gazette, cannot be received after Noon on Monday.]

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of land, no longer required by the Government, situated in the district of Patna, will be put up to sale at the Collector's Office at Bankipore at 12 o'clock on Thursday, the 16th July 1874, corresponding with 1st Sarabun *B.S.*

The purchasers of these plots will be subject to the following conditions:—

1*st*.—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

2*nd*.—If the amount of purchase-money exceeds Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the estate to be again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

3*rd*.—The plots will be sold revenue-free to the highest bidders.

4*th*.—The purchasers shall be put in possession on receipt of the orders of the Collector confirming the sales. But such possession shall be liable to be disturbed in case the final sanction of the Member of the Board of Revenue in charge should not be accorded to the proceedings.

Consecutive Lot Number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which the land is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	Approximate area in Beeghas and Acres.		Land excluded from sale from each lot.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundaries of lot.
					B. C. C.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
1	Patna ...	Pergunnahs Saleemabad, and Gyaspore, Mouzah Punchmahulla.	337	South ...	12 19 8	4 1 6	.....	.....	Commences on 2,960 feet of mile 337, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing South—By zemindaree land. East—By boundary of the Monghyr district. West—By end of mile 337, as per plan.
2	ditto ...	ditto ...	337	North ...	13 8 0	4 1 29	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By boundary of the Monghyr district. West—By end of mile 337, as per plan.
3	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Punchmahulla.	338	South ...	9 9 13	3 0 22	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 337, as per plan, and terminates on 1,310 feet of mile 338.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 337, as per plan. West—By boundary of Mouzah Jalalpore.
4	ditto ...	ditto ...	338	North ...	10 2 0	3 1 14	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 337, as per plan. West—By boundary of Mouzah Jalalpore.
5	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Jalalpore.	338	South ...	22 13 8	7 2 0	.....	.....	Commences on 1,310 feet of mile 338, and terminates on 4,250 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By boundary of Mouzah Punchmahulla. West—By boundary of Mouzah Domrah.
6	ditto ...	ditto ...	338	North ...	21 7 8	7 0 11	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By boundary of Mouzah Punchmahulla. West—By boundary of Mouzah Domrah.
7	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Domrah.	338	South ...	7 14 0	2 2 7	.....	.....	Commences on 4,250 feet of mile 338, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By boundary of Mouzah Jalalpore. West—By end of mile 338, as per plan.
8	ditto ...	ditto ...	338	North ...	8 12 0	2 3 15	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By boundary of Mouzah Jalalpore. West—By end of mile 338, as per plan.

9	ditto	...	ditto	...	339	South	...	15	10	0	5	0	20	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 338, as per plan, and terminates on 2,000 feet of mile 339.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 338, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 11.
10	ditto	...	ditto	...	339	North	...	15	10	0	5	0	20	.....	.....	ditto ..	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 338, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 12.
11	ditto	...	ditto	...	339	South	...	24	11	0	8	0	19	.....	.....	Commences on 2,000 feet of mile 339, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 9. West—By end of mile 339, as per plan.
12	ditto	...	ditto	...	339	North	...	24	11	0	8	0	19	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 10. West—By end of mile 339, as per plan.
13	ditto	...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Badpore.		340	South	...	14	10	8	4	3	8	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 339, as per plan, and terminates on 1,740 feet of mile 340.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 339, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 15.
14	ditto	...	ditto	...	340	North	...	14	10	8	4	3	8	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 339, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 16.
15	ditto	...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Morachee.		340	South	...	15	11	4	5	0	23	.....	.....	Commences on 1,740 feet of mile 340, and terminates on 3,840 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 13. West—By village road.
16	ditto	...	ditto	...	340	North	...	15	11	4	5	0	23	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 14. West—By village road.
17	ditto	...	ditto	...	340	South	...	8	6	8	2	3	0	.....	.....	Commences on 3,880 feet of mile 340, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 340, as per plan.
18	ditto	...	ditto	...	340	North	...	8	6	8	2	3	0	Occupied by road common to lots 15, 16, 17, and 18.	0	0	14	ditto ..	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 340, as per plan.
19	ditto	...	ditto	...	341	South	...	14	3	8	4	2	30	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 340, as per plan, and terminates on 2,725 feet of mile 341.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land East—By end of mile 340, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
20	ditto	...	ditto	...	341	North	...	14	3	8	4	2	30	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 340, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
21	ditto	...	ditto	...	341	South	...	9	16	8	3	1	0	.....	.....	Commences on 2,750 feet of mile 341, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 341, as per plan.
22	ditto	...	ditto	...	341	North	...	9	16	8	3	1	0	Occupied by road common to lots 19, 20, 21, and 22.	0	0	5	ditto ..	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 341, as per plan.
23	ditto	...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Morachee and Hatheedah.		342	South	...	6	1	8	2	0	1	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 341, as per plan, and terminates on 1,700 feet of mile 342.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 341, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 25

Consecutive Lot Number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which the land is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	Approximate area in Beeghas and Acres		Land excluded from sale from each lot.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundaries of lot.
					B. C. C.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
24	Patna ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Morachee and Hatheedah.	342	North ...	6 1 8	2 0 1	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 341, as per plan, and terminates on 1,700 feet of mile 342.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 341, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 26.
25	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Hatheedah.	342	South ...	7 14 10	2 2 9	.....	.....	Commences on 1,700 feet of mile 342, and terminates on 3,450 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 23. West—By eastern boundary of lot 27.
26	ditto ...	ditto ...	342	North ...	7 14 10	2 2 9	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 24. West—By eastern boundary of lot 28.
27	ditto ...	ditto ...	342	South ...	7 18 0	2 2 18	Occupied by road ...	0 0 4	Commences on 3,450 feet of mile 342, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 25 West—By end of mile 342, as per plan.
28	ditto ...	ditto ...	342	North ...	7 18 0	2 2 18	ditto ...	0 0 4	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 26. West—By end of mile 342, as per plan.
29	ditto ...	ditto ...	343	South ...	6 6 4	2 0 14	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 342, as per plan, and terminates on 630 feet of mile 343.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 342, as per plan. West—By zemindaree land.
30	ditto ...	ditto ...	343	South ...	5 6 4	1 3 1	.....	.....	Commences on 1,380 feet of mile 343, and terminates on 2,440 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By ditto. West—By village road.
31	ditto ...	ditto ...	343	North ...	11 5 8	3 2 37	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 342, as per plan, and terminates on 2,440 feet of mile 343.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 342, as per plan. West—By village road.
32	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Dururpore and Duryapore.	343	South ...	15 18 8	5 1 2	.....	.....	Commences on 2,470 feet of mile 343, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 343, as per plan.
33	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Dururpore, Duryapore and Moorarpore.	343	North ...	15 18 10	5 1 3	Road common to lots 30, 31, 32, and 33.	0 0 10	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 343, as per plan.
34	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Duryapore and Moorarpore.	344	South ...	14 2 10	4 2 28	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 343, as per plan, and terminates on 1,830 feet of mile 344.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 343, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 36.
35	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Moorarpore.	344	North ...	14 2 10	4 2 28	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 343, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 37.
36	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Outah.	344	South ...	10 7 10	3 1 29	.....	.....	Commences on 1,830 feet of mile 344, and terminates on 3,100 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 34. West—By village road.

37	ditto ...	ditto ...	344	North ..	10 7 10	3 1 29	.....	.....	Commences on 1,830 feet of mile 344, and terminates on 3,100 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 35. West—By village road.
38	ditto ...	ditto ...	344	South ...	14 17 0	4 3 26	.....	.....	Commences on 3,130 feet of mile 344, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 344, as per plan
39	ditto ...	ditto ...	344	North ...	14 17 0	4 3 26	Road common to lots 36, 37, 38, and 39.	0 0 10	ditto ..	North—By zemindaree land South—By railway fencing. East—By village road West—By end of mile 344, as per plan.
40	ditto ...	ditto ...	345	South ...	3 4 0	1 0 9	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 344, as per plan, and terminates on 670 feet of mile 345	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 344, as per plan West—By village road and boundary of Mouzah Muckeah.
41	ditto .	ditto ...	345	North ...	3 3 0	1 0 7	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 344, as per plan. West—By boundary of Mouzah Muckeah.
42	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Muckeah.	345	South ...	10 16 0	3 2 11	.....	.....	Commences on 700 feet of mile 345, and terminates on 3,000 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road & boundary of Mouzah Outah. West—By eastern boundary of lot 44.
43	ditto ...	ditto ...	345	North ...	10 16 0	3 2 11	.....	.....	ditto	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing East—By boundary of Mouzah Outah. West—By eastern boundary of lot 45.
44	ditto ...	ditto ...	345	South ...	10 9 8	3 1 34	Occupied by road ...	0 0 6	Commences on 3,000 feet of mile 345, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 43. West—By end of mile 345, as per plan
45	ditto ...	ditto ...	345	North ...	10 9 8	3 1 34	ditto ...	0 0 6	ditto	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 43 West—By end of mile 345, as per plan.
46	ditto ...	ditto ...	346	South ...	7 14 10	2 2 9	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 345, as per plan, and terminates on 1,760 feet of mile 346	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 345, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 48
47	ditto ...	ditto ...	346	North ...	7 14 10	2 2 9	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 345, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 49.
48	ditto ...	ditto ...	346	South ...	7 14 10	2 2 9	.....	.....	Commences on 1,760 feet of mile 346, and terminates on 3,520 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 46. West—By eastern boundary of lot 50.
49	ditto ...	ditto ...	346	North ...	7 14 10	2 2 9	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 47. West—By eastern boundary of lot 51.
50	ditto ...	ditto ...	346	South ...	7 14 10	2 2 9	.....	.....	Commences on 3,520 feet of mile 346, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 48. West—By end of mile 346, as per plan
51	ditto ..	ditto ...	346	North ...	7 6 8	2 1 28	Occupied by branch line to River Ganges.	0 0 23	ditto .	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing East—By western boundary of lot 49 West—By end of mile 346, as per plan.

Consecutive Lot Number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which the land is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	Approximate area in Beighas and Acres. B. C. C.	A. R. P.	Land excluded from sale from each lot. Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.	Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundaries of lot.
52	Patna ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Muckeah.	347	South ...	1 13 3	0 2 8	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 346, as per plan, and terminates on 315 feet of mile 347.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 346, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
53	ditto ...	ditto ...	347	North ...	1 13 3	0 2 8	.....	.....	ditto ..	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 346, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
54	ditto ...	ditto ...	347	South ...	8 3 8	2 2 33	Occupied by railway level crossing road.	0 0 6	Commences on 3,330 feet of mile 347, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree lands. East—By Mokameh station lands. West—By end of mile 347, as per plan.
55	ditto ...	ditto ...	347	North ...	8 13 14	2 3 20	ditto ...	0 0 6	ditto ..	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By Mokameh station lands. West—By end of mile 347, as per plan.
56	ditto ...	ditto ...	348	South ...	7 7 0	2 1 29	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 347, as per plan, and terminates on 1,760 feet of mile 348.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 347, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 58.
57	ditto ...	ditto ...	348	North ...	7 7 0	2 1 29	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 347, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 59.
58	ditto ...	ditto ...	348	South ...	7 7 0	2 1 29	.....	.....	Commences on 1,760 feet of mile 348, and terminates on 3,520 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 56. West—By eastern boundary of lot 60.
59	ditto ...	ditto ...	348	North ...	7 7 0	2 1 29	.....	.....	ditto ..	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 57. West—By eastern boundary of lot 61.
60	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Mokameh and Sbonar.	348	South ...	7 9 0	2 1 34	Occupied by road ...	0 0 5	Commences on 3,520 feet of mile 348, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 58. West—By end of mile 348, as per plan.
61	ditto ...	ditto ...	348	North ...	7 9 0	2 1 34	ditto ...	0 0 5	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 59. West—By end of mile 348, as per plan.
62	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Shonar.	349	South ...	16 4 14	5 1 19	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 348, as per plan, and terminates on 2,930 feet of mile 349.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 348, as per plan. West—By village road.
63	ditto ...	ditto ...	349	North ...	16 4 14	5 1 19	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 348, as per plan. West—By village road.
64	ditto ...	ditto ...	349	South ...	8 17 9	2 3 30	.....	.....	Commences on 2,950 feet of mile 349, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 349, as per plan.

65	ditto ...	ditto ...	349	North ...	8 17 8	2 3 30	Occupied by road common to lots 62, 63, 64, and 65.	0 0 16	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 349, as per plan.
66	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Shonar and Barrackpore.	350	South ...	13 10 0	4 1 34	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 349, as per plan, and terminates on 2,950 feet of mile 350.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 349, as per plan. West—By village road.
67	ditto ...	ditto ...	350	North ...	13 10 0	4 1 34	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 349 as per plan, and terminates on 2,950 feet of mile 350.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 349, as per plan. West—By village road.
68	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Barrackpore.	350	South ...	9 10 10	3 0 24	.....	.....	Commences on 2,970 feet of mile 350, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 350, as per plan.
69	ditto ...	ditto ...	350	North ...	9 10 10	3 0 24	Occupied by road common to lots 66, 67, 68, and 69.	0 0 6	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 350, as per plan.
70	ditto ...	ditto ...	351	South ...	9 6 8	3 0 13	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 350, as per plan, and terminates on 2,150 feet of mile 351.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 350, as per plan. West—By village road.
71	ditto ...	ditto ...	351	North ...	9 6 8	3 0 13	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 350, as per plan. West—By village road.
72	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah More.	351	South ...	14 13 0	4 3 15	.....	.....	Commences on 2,180 feet of mile 351, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 351, as per plan.
73	ditto ...	ditto ...	351	North ...	13 0 0	4 1 8	Occupied by road common to lots 70, 71, 72, and 73.	0 0 8	Commences on 2,180 feet of mile 351, and terminates on 4,730 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road West—By marshy land.
74	ditto ...	ditto ...	352	South ...	11 19 8	3 3 34	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 351, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 352.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 351, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 76.
75	ditto ...	ditto ...	352	North ...	11 19 8	3 3 34	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land.— South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 351, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 77.
76	ditto ...	ditto ...	352	South ...	11 0 8	3 2 23	.....	.....	Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 352, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 74. West—By end of mile 352, as per plan.
77	ditto ...	ditto ...	352	North ...	11 0 8	3 2 23	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 75. West—By end of mile 352, as per plan.
78	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Sultanpore.	353	South ...	11 7 0	3 3 0	Occupied by road ...	0 0 5	Commences at the end of mile 352, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 353.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 352, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 80.
79	ditto ...	ditto ...	353	North ...	11 7 0	3 3 0	ditto ...	0 0 5	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 352, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 81.

Consecutive Lot Number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which the land is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	Approximate area in Beeghas and Acres.		Land excluded from sale from each lot.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundaries of lot.
					B. C. C.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
80	Patna ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Sultanpore and Kanyepore.	353	South ...	11 14 5	3 3 20	.....	.....	Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 353, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 78. West—By end of mile 353, as per plan.
81	ditto ...	ditto .	353	North ...	11 14 5	3 3 20	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 79. West—By end of mile 353, as per plan.
82	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Kanyepore and Meckra.	354	South ...	6 13 0	2 0 32	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 353, as per plan, and terminates on 1,520 feet of mile 354.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 353, as per plan. West—By village road.
83	ditto ...	ditto ...	354	North ..	6 13 0	2 0 32	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 353, as per plan. West—By village road.
84	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Meckra.	354	South ...	8 7 0	2 3 2	.....	.....	Commences on 1,550 feet of mile 354, and terminates on 3,400 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road. West—By eastern boundary of lot 86.
85	ditto ...	ditto ...	354	North ...	8 6 0	2 2 39	.....	.....	ditto ..	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By eastern boundary of lot 87.
86	ditto ...	ditto ...	354	South ...	8 14 0	2 3 20	Occupied by road ..	0 0 6	Commences on 3,400 feet of mile 354, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 84. West—By end of mile 354, as per plan.
87	ditto ...	ditto ...	354	North ...	8 9 0	2 3 7	ditto ... Road common to lots 82, 83, 84, and 85.	0 0 6 0 0 11	ditto ..	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 85. West—By end of mile 354, as per plan.
88	ditto ...	ditto ...	355	South ...	13 19 0	4 2 16	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 354, as per plan, and terminates on 2,430 feet of mile 355.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 354, as per plan. West—By village road.
89	ditto ...	ditto ..	355	North ...	13 19 0	4 2 16	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 354, as per plan. West—By village road.
90	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Punaruck.	355	South ...	14 8 0	4 3 2	.....	.....	Commences on 2,460 feet of mile 355, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 355, as per plan.
91	ditto ...	ditto ...	355	North ...	14 8 0	4 3 2	Occupied by road common to lots 88, 89, 90, and 91.	0 0 11	ditto ..	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road West—By end of mile 355, as per plan.
92	ditto ...	ditto ...	356	South ...	18 0 0	5 3 32	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 355, and terminates at the end of mile 356, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 355, as per plan. West—By end of mile 356, as per plan.

93	ditto	...	ditto	...	356	North	..	16	0	0	5	3	32	.. ...	.....
94	ditto	...	ditto	...	357	South	...	12	16	12	4	0	39	.....	.....
95	ditto	...	ditto	...	357	North	..	12	16	12	4	0	39	.....	.. ..
96	ditto	...	ditto	...	357	South	...	14	1	0	4	2	23	Occupied by road	0 0 5
97	ditto	...	ditto	...	357	North	...	14	1	0	4	2	23	ditto ...	0 0 5
98	ditto	...	ditto	.	358	South	...	10	8	8	3	1	32	.....	.....
99	ditto	...	ditto	..	358	North		10	8	8	3	1	32	.....	. . ..
100	ditto	...	ditto	...	358	South	..	10	8	8	3	1	32	.....	.....
101	ditto	..	ditto	...	358	North	.	10	8	8	3	1	32	.....	.....
102	ditto	...	ditto	...	358	South	.	10	9	14	3	1	35	.....	... ..
103	ditto	...	ditto	...	358	North	.	10	9	14	3	1	35	.....	....
104	ditto	.	ditto		359	South		7	19	0	2	2	21	.....	.. ..
105	ditto	..	ditto	..	359	North	..	7	19	0	2	2	21	....	.
106	ditto	...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Railee.		359	South	..	22	10	6	7	1	31	.....	..
107	ditto	..	ditto		359	North	...	22	10	6	7	1	31	.. ..	..

ditto	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 355, as per plan. West—By end of mile 356, as per plan
Commences at the end of mile 356, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 357	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 356, as per plan West—By eastern boundary of lot 96
ditto	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing East—By end of mile 356, as per plan West—By eastern boundary of lot 97
Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 357, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 94. West—By end of mile 357, as per plan.
ditto	North—By zemindaree land South—By railway fencing East—By western boundary of lot 95 West—By end of mile 357, as per plan
Commences at the end of mile 357, as per plan, and terminates on 1,760 feet of mile 358	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 357, as per plan West—By eastern boundary of lot 100.
ditto	North—By zemindaree land South—By railway fencing East—By end of mile 357, as per plan West—By eastern boundary of lot 101
Commences on 1,760 feet of mile 358, and terminates on 3,520 feet of same, as per plan	North—By railway fencing South—By zemindaree land East—By western boundary of lot 98 West—By eastern boundary of lot 102
ditto	North—By zemindaree land South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 99 West—By eastern boundary of lot 103
Commences on 3,520 feet of mile 358, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan	North—By railway fencing South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 100. West—By end of mile 358, as per plan
ditto	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing East—By western boundary of lot 101 West—By end of mile 358, as per plan.
Commences at the end of mile 358, as per plan, and terminates on 1,125 feet of mile 359	North—By railway fencing South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 358, as per plan West—By eastern boundary of lot 106.
ditto	North—By zemindaree land South—By railway fencing East—By end of mile 358, as per plan West—By eastern boundary of lot 107.
Commences on 1,125 feet of mile 359, and terminates on 4,345 feet of same, as per plan	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 104. West—By eastern boundary of lot 108
ditto	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing East—By western boundary of lot 105. West—By eastern boundary of lot 109.

Consecutive Lot Number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which the land is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	Approximate area in Beeghas and Acres. B. C. C.	A. R P.	Land excluded from sale from each lot. Reasons for exclusion	A. R. P.	Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundaries of lot.
108	Patna ..	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Luchmeepore	359	South ...	6 3 10	2 0 7	.....	.. ..	Commences on 4,345 feet of mile 359, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 106, West—By end of mile 359, as per plan.
109	ditto	ditto ..	359	North	6 3 10	2 0 7	.....	.....	ditto	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing East—By western boundary of lot 107. West—By end of mile 359, as per plan
110	ditto .	ditto ...	360	South	10 17 0	3 2 14	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 359, and terminates on 1,570 feet of mile 360, as per plan	North—By railway fencing South—By zemindaree land East—By end of mile 359, as per plan West—By eastern boundary of lot 112
111	ditto ..	ditto ...	360	North ...	10 17 0	3 2 14	.....	.. ...	ditto	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 359, as per plan West—By eastern boundary of lot 113.
112	ditto .	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Burriarpore and Sanarah.	360	South ...	15 16 8	5 0 37	.....	.....	Commences on 1,570 feet of mile 360, and terminates on 3,900 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 110. West—By eastern boundary of lot No. 114.
113	ditto ...	ditto ...	360	North ..	15 16 8	5 0 37	.....	.. ...	ditto	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 111 West—By eastern boundary of lot 115.
114	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore Mouzah Dheebar.	360	South ...	9 8 8	3 0 19	.....	.....	Commences on 3,900 feet of mile 360, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 112. West—By end of mile 360, as per plan.
115	ditto .	ditto ...	360	North ..	9 8 8	3 0 19	.....	.....	ditto	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 113. West—By end of mile 360, as per plan.
116	ditto ...	ditto ...	361	South ...	2 8 0	0 3 7	.....	.. ...	Commences at the end of mile 360, as per plan, and terminates on 400 feet of mile 361	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 360, as per plan West—By nullah.
117	ditto ...	ditto ...	361	North ...	2 5 4	0 3 0	.....	... ..	Commences at the end of mile 360, as per plan, and terminates on 350 feet of mile 360.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing East—By end of mile 360, as per plan. West—By nullah
118	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Parehpore and Nyamubpore.	361	South ...	14 6 12	4 2 39	.....	.....	Commences on 425 feet of mile 361, and terminates on 2,550 feet of same, as per plan	North—By railway fencing South—By zemindaree land. East—By nullah. West—By eastern boundary of lot 120
119	ditto ...	ditto ..	361	North ..	14 8 12	4 3 4	.....	.. ...	Commences on 375 feet of mile 361, and terminates on 2,55[illegible] feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By nullah West—By eastern boundary of lot 121
120	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Shuhoriah	361	South ...	16 12 0	5 1 38	.. ...	.....	Commences on 2,550 feet of mile 361, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 118. West—By end of mile 361, as per plan.

121	ditto	...	ditto	...	361	North	...	16	12	0	5 1 38	Occupied by nullah common to lots 116, 117, 118, and 119.	0 0 16	ditto	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 119 West—By end of mile 361, as per plan.
122	ditto	..	ditto	...	362	South	...	10	5	0	3 1 23	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 361, as per plan, and terminates on 2,000 feet of mile 362.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land East—By end of mile 361, as per plan West—By eastern boundary of lot 124.
123	ditto	..	ditto	..	362	North	..	10	5	0	3 1 22	.....	.....	ditto	North—By zemindaree land South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 361, as per plan West—By eastern boundary of lot 125
124	ditto	..	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Shuhoriah Jumoniah, and Bazidpore.		362	South	..	14	0	0	4 2 20	.....	.....	Commences on 2,000 feet of mile 362, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 122. West—By end of mile 362, as per plan.
125	ditto	...	ditto		362	North		14	0	0	4 2 20	.....	.....	ditto	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 123 West—By end of mile 362, as per plan
126	ditto	.	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Bazidpore		363	South		2	2	8	0 2 33	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 362, as per plan, and terminates on 475 feet of mile 363	North—By railway fencing South—By zemindaree land East—By end of mile 362, as per plan West—By land retained by the railway company.
127	ditto	...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Burnazahidpore and Burua.		363	South		5	5	8	1 2 39	.....	.....	Commences on 4,060 feet of mile 363, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan	North—By railway fencing South—By zemindaree land East—By land retained by railway company. West—By end of mile 363, as per plan.
128	ditto	...	ditto	...	363	North	...	5	5	8	1 2 39	Retained by the railway company. Abandoned, being occupied by branch line to the Ganges	3 1 0 0 2 33	ditto	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By land retained by railway company. West—By end of mile 363, as per plan.
129	ditto	.	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Burua and Dalsmonchuck.		364	South	...	18	10	0	6 0 19	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 363, as per plan, and terminates on 3,560 feet of mile 364	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 363, as per plan West—By zemindaree land
130	ditto	...	ditto	..	364	North	..	18	10	0	6 0 19	.....	.....	ditto	North—By zemindaree land South—By railway fencing East—By end of mile 363, as per plan West—By zemindaree land.
131	ditto	...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Bhattgaon		364	South	..	7	0	0	2 1 10	.....	.....	Commences on 4,000 feet of mile 364, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing South—By zemindaree land East—By ditto West—By end of mile 364, as per plan
132	ditto	...	ditto	..	364	North	...	7	0	0	2 1 10	.....	.....	ditto	North—By zemindaree land South—By railway fencing East—By zemindaree land. West—By end of mile 364, as per plan.
133	ditto	..	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Bhattpore, Shaikpore, and Ocherpore.		365	South	...	12	18	0	4 1 2	Occupied by nullah..	0 0 3	Commences at the end of mile 364, as per plan, and terminates on 2,950 feet of mile 365.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land East—By end of mile 364, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
134	ditto	...	ditto	...	365	North	...	13	10	0	4 1 34	ditto	0 0 3	ditto	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 364, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
135	ditto	...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Abrahimpore, Sulampore, Gobindpore, and Julgobind.		365	South	...	10	4	0	3 1 20	.....	.....	Commences on 2,980 feet of mile 365, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By railway level crossing West—By end of mile 365, as per plan.

Consecutive Lot Number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which the land is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	Approximate area in beeghas and acres. B. C. C.	A. R. P.	Land excluded from sale from each lot. Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.	Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundaries of lot.
136	Patna ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Abrahimpore, Sulampore, Gobindpore, and Julgobind.	365	North ...	10 13 0	3 2 3	Occupied by road common to lots 134, 135, 136, and 137.	0 0 8	Commences on 2,980 feet of mile 365, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 365, as per plan.
137	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Julgobind and Dahore	366	South ...	13 0 0	4 1 8	Occupied by road and ditch.	0 0 26	Commences at the end of mile 365, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 366.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 365, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 140.
138	ditto ...	ditto	366	North ...	13 0 0	4 1 8	ditto ...	0 0 26	ditto	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing East—By end of mile 365, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 141.
139	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Dahore and Achooara.	366	South ...	10 10 0	3 1 36	.....	.....	Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 366, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 138. West—By end of mile 366, as per plan.
140	ditto ...	ditto ...	366	North ...	10 14 0	3 2 6	.....	.....	ditto	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 139. West—By end of mile 366, as per plan.
141	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Achooara, Rajpore, and Hossainchuck.	367	South	10 5 0	3 1 22	Occupied by road ...	0 0 3	Commences at the end of mile 366, as per plan, and terminates on 2,950 feet of mile 367	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 366, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
142	ditto ...	ditto ...	367	North	10 5 0	3 1 22	ditto	0 0 3	ditto	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 366, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
143	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Nazampore and Sarohurpore.	367	South ...	6 2 12	2 0 5	.....	.....	Commences on 2,980 feet of mile 367, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 367, as per plan.
144	ditto ...	ditto ...	367	North ...	6 2 12	2 0 5	Road common to lots 142, 143, 144, and 145.	0 0 9	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 367, as per plan.
145	ditto ..	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Sarohurpore and Kullanpore.	368	South ...	6 0 0	1 3 38	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 367, as per plan, and terminates on 2,150 feet of mile 368.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 367, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 148.
146	ditto ...	ditto ..	368	North ..	6 0 0	1 3 38	.....	.....	ditto	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 367, as per plan West—By eastern boundary of lot 149
147	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Kullanpore and Satookhord.	369	South ...	3 19 0	1 1 9	.....	.....	Commences on 2,150 feet of mile 368, and terminates on 3,565 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East.—By western boundary of lot 146. West—By railway level crossing.
148	ditto ...	ditto ..	368	North ..	4 8 8	1 1 34	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East.—By western boundary of lot 147. West—By railway level crossing.

149	ditto	...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Satookhord and Bahadoorpore.	368	South	...	4 11 10	1 2 2	.....	.....	Commences on 3,590 feet of mile 368, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 368, as per plan.
150	ditto	...	ditto ...	368	North	...	5 14 10	1 3 23	Occupied by road common to lots, 146, 149, 150, and 151.	0 0 7	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 368, as per plan.
151	ditto	...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Bahadoorpore, Mourtojapore, and Jamalpore.	369	South	...	7 3 0	2 1 18	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 368, as per plan, and terminates on 2,600 feet of mile 369.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 368, as per plan. West—By zemindaree land.
152	ditto	...	ditto ...	369	North	..	8 15 0	2 3 23	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 368, as per plan. West—By zemindaree land.
153	ditto	...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Jamalpore and Kullanpore.	369	South	.	6 1 0	2 0 0	Occupied by road ...	0 0 4	Commences on 3,160 feet of mile 369, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By ditto. West—By end of mile 369, as per plan.
154	ditto	...	ditto ...	369	North	..	6 3 0	2 0 5	Ditto ...	0 0 4	Commences on 3,200 feet of mile 369, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By zemindaree land. West—By end of mile 369, as per plan.
155	ditto	...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Kullanpore and Dowlatpore.	370	South	...	9 9 0	3 0 20	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 369, as per plan, and terminates on 2,930 feet of mile 370.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 369, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
156	ditto	...	ditto ...	370	North	...	9 9 0	3 0 20	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 369, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
157	ditto	...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah, Peyragpore, Dowlatpore, Mohoolyasmanpore and Mukdumpore.	370	South	.	8 8 8	2 3 6	.....	.....	Commences on 2,960 feet omile 370, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 370, as per plan.
158	ditto	..	ditto ...	370	North	...	8 8 8	2 3 6	Road common to lots 156, 157, 158, and 159.	0 0 6	ditto ..	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 370, as per plan.
159	ditto	...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Mukdumpore, Mohoolyasmanpore and Durreapore.	371	South	...	17 18 0	5 3 27	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 370, as per plan, and terminates on 3,200 feet of mile 371.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 370, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
160	ditto	...	ditto .	371	North	...	19 7 0	6 1 24	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 370, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
161	ditto	...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Boorrah Allypore.	371	South	...	10 4 3	3 1 20	.....	.....	Commences on 3,230 feet of mile 371, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 371, as per plan.
162	ditto	...	ditto .	371	North	...	10 4 3	3 1 20	Road common to lots 160, 161, 162, 163.	0 0 9	ditto ..	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 371, as per plan.
163	ditto	..	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Samneemah.	372	South	...	10 2 0	3 1 14	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 371, as per plan, and terminates on 1,950 feet of mile 372.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 371, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 166.

Consecutive Lot Number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which the land is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	Approximate area in Beeghas and Acres. B. C. C.	A. R. P.	Land excluded from sale from each lot. Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.	Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundaries of lot.
164	Patna ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Samneenah.	372	North ...	10 0 0	3 1 9	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 371, as per plan, and terminates on 1,950 feet of mile 372.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 371, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 167.
165	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Khurdah.	372	South ..	3 0 0	0 3 39	.....	.....	Commences on 1,950 feet of mile 372, and terminates on 2,620 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 164. West—By eastern boundary of lot 168.
166	ditto ...	ditto ...	372	North ...	3 0 0	0 3 39	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing East—By western boundary of lot 165. West—By eastern boundary of lot 169.
167	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Manickpore.	372	South ...	11 2 0	3 2 27	.....	.....	Commences on 2,620 feet of mile 372, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 166. West—By end of mile 372, as per plan.
168	ditto ...	ditto ...	372	North ...	11 6 0	3 2 38	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 167. West—By end of mile 372, as per plan.
169	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Manickpore, Boosrook, and Mahmudpore.	373	South ...	8 3 0	2 2 31	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 372, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 373.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 372, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 171.
170	ditto ...	ditto ...	373	North ...	8 12 0	2 3 15	.....	.....	ditto ..	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 372, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 172.
171	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Mahmudpore, Raneesurai, and Raghubpore.	373	South ...	8 13 0	2 3 18	.....	.....	Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 373, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 169. West—By end of mile 373, as per plan.
172	ditto ...	ditto ...	373	North ...	8 5 0	2 2 37	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 170. West—By end of mile 373, as per plan.
173	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Raghubpore.	374	South ...	6 15 0	2 0 37	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 373, as per plan, and terminates on 1,980 feet of mile 374.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 373, as per plan. West—By land retained by the railway company.
174	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Raghubpore and Mahmudpore.	374	North ...	9 8 0	3 0 17	Retained by railway company.	2 3 17	Commences at the end of mile 373, as per plan, and terminates on 3,100 feet of mile 374.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 373, as per plan. West—By Bukhtiarpore station lands.

BHAGULPORE, RAILWAY DEPUTY COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, the 29th May 1874.

W. HEYSHAM, *Offg. Railway Deputy Collector.*

اشتہارنامہ کچہري ریلوے ڈیپوٹی کلکٹري اجلاس مسٹر ولیم هیشم صاحب ریلوے ڈیپوٹي کلکٹر مقام بهاگلپور

اس تحریر کي رو سے سبهونکو واقف کیا جاتا هي که ضلع پٹنه مین سرکار بهادر کے خریدہ بي کلاس زمین یعنے جو زمین ریلوے کمپني کو رستہ تیار کرنیکے وقت دیا گیا تها وهي سب زمین ریلوے کمپني کا اور هرکار نهونیکے سبب سرکار بهادر واپس لیکر اس جانب کو فروخت کرنیکا اختیار دي هین اسواسطے بموجب اوس اختیار کے تفصیل کي لکهي هوئي لاٹهاے کي زمین بتاریخ ۱۶ جولائي سنه ۱۸۷۴ع مطابق ۱ ساون سنه ۱۲۸۱ بنگله روز پنجشنبه مقام باقي پور کا کلکٹر صاحب کے کچهري اس جانب کے اجلاس میں نیلام پر چڑهائے جائینگے اون زمینون کے خریدارونکو نیچے کي لکهي هوئي شرطونکے پابند هونا پڑیگا فقط

پهلي شرط—اگر تعداد زر ثمن ایک سو روپیه سے زیادہ نهو تو کل روپیه یکبارگي ادا کئے جائینگے فقط

دوسري شرط - اگر تعداد زر ثمن ایک سو روپیه سے زیادہ هو تو جسقدر روپیه مین نیلام هو اوسکا ایک چوتهه فی الفور داخل کرنا پڑیگا اور اگر باقي روپیه نیلام کے بعد نیلام کي تاریخ سے که وہ تاریخ بهي ایک روز شمار کیا جایگا پندرهوین دن کے دوپهر تک ادا نکئے جائین یا اگر وہ روز تعطیل کا هو جس مین که دفتربند رهے تو اوسکے بعد هي جس روز پهلے دفتر کهلے اوسکے دوپهر تک ادا نکیا جاے تو نیلام باطل هوجایگا اور جسقدر روپیه داخل هوچکے هون وہ سرکار میں ضبط هو جائینگے اور وہ جایداد پهر مثل پهلے نیلام کے اشتهار جاري هونیکے بعد نیلام پر چڑهائے جائینگے اور اوسکا جوکهم خریدار باقیدار کو اوٹهانا پڑیگا فقط

تیسري شرط—یهه هی که وہ سب زمین سب سے زیادہ قیمت کي بولی بولنے والون کو بطور لاخراج کے دئے جائینگے فقط

چوتهي شرط—صاحب کلکٹر کے احکام متضمن بحالي نیلام کے پهنچنے پر خریدارون کو دخل دلایا جایگا مگر جس صورت میں که وہ صاحب ممبر بورڈ اف ریونیو جو اسکام کے متعهد هون ان کارروائیون کي نسبت منظوري ناطق نه بخشین تو اوس دخلکاري مین فتور آئیگا فقط

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنه و موضع	اون میلون کي تعداد جنکے اندر زمین واقع هی	ریلوے کے کس طرف واقع هی	تخمیني موازي لاٹ بحساب بیگهه ایکر						وہ زمین جو هرلاٹ مین نیلام سے مستثنی کي گئي هی			لاٹ کي شروع اور انتها	لاٹ کي چوحدي
					بیگهه	کٹهه	چهٹانک	ایکر	روڈ	پول	خارج هونیکي وجوہ	ایکر	روڈ	پول	
۱	ضلع پٹنه	پرگنه سلمانادو غوثپور موضع پانچ محله	۳۳۷	دکهن	۱۲	۱۹	۸	۴	۱	۶	....		....		۳۳۷ میل کے ۲۹۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشه
۲	ایضا	ایضا	۳۳۷	اوتر	۱۳	۸	۰	۴	۱	۲۹	....		....		۳۳۷ میل کے ۲۹۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشه
۳	ایضا	پرگنه غوثپور موضع ایضا	۳۳۸	دکهن	۹	۹	۱۳	۳	۰	۲۲	....		....		۳۳۷ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۳۸ میل کے ۱۳۱۰ فٹ تک ختم

اوتر ریلوي کا گهر او
دکهن زمینداري زمین
پورب مونگیر ضلع کا سیوانه
پچهم ۳۳۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه

اوتر زمینداري زمین
دکهن ریلوي کا گهر او
پورب مونگیر ضلع کا سیوانه -
پچهم ۳۳۷ میل کے اخیر

اوتر ریلوي کا گهر او
دکهن زمینداري زمین
پورب ۳۳۷ میل کے اخیر
پچهم جلال پور موضع کے سیوانه

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنہ اور موضع	اون میلونکی تعداد جنکے اندر زمین واقع ہی	ریلویکے کسطرف واقع ہی	تخمینی موازی لاٹ بحساب بیگھہ اور ایکر						وہ زمین جو ہر لاٹ مین نیلام سے مستثنی کی گئی ہی			لاٹ کی شروع اور انتہا	لاٹ کی چوحدی
					بیگھہ	کٹھہ	چھٹانک	ایکر	روڈ	پول	خارج ہونیکی وجوہ	ایکر	روڈ	پول	
۴	ضلع پٹنہ	پرگنہ غوثپور موضع پانچ محلہ	۳۳۸	اوتر	۱۰	۲	۰	۳	۱	۱۴	.....		....		۳۳۷ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۳۸ میل کے ۱۳۱۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۳۳۷ میل کے اخیر پچھم حلال پور موضع کے سیوانہ
۵	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع حلال پور	۳۳۸	دکھن	۲۲	۱۳	۸	۷	۲	۰	.....		.....		۳۳۸ میل کے ۱۳۱۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۴۲۵۰ فٹ تک ختم	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب پانچ محلہ موضع کے سیوانہ پچھم ڈمرا موضع کے سیوانہ
۶	ایضا	ایضا	۳۳۸	اوتر	۲۱	۷	۸	۷	۰	۱۱	.....		.....		۳۳۸ میل کے ۱۳۱۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۴۲۵۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب پانچ محلہ موضع کے سیوانہ پچھم ڈمرا موضع کے سیوانہ
۷	ایضا	ایضا	۳۳۸	دکھن	۷	۱۴	۰	۲	۲	۷	.....		.....		۳۳۸ میل کے ۴۲۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمیدا ی زمین پورب جلال پور موضع کے سیوانہ پچھم ۳۳۸ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۸	ایضا	ایضا	۳۳۸	اوتر	۸	۱۲	۰	۲	۳	۱۵	.....		.....		ایضا	اوتر زمیداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب جلال پور موضع کے سیوانہ پچھم ۳۳۸ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۹	ایضا	ایضا	۳۳۹	دکھن	۱۵	۱۰	۰	۵	۰	۲۰	.....		.....		۳۳۸ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۳۹ میل کے ۲۰۰۰ فٹ تک مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۳۸ میل کے اخیر پچھم ۱۱ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ

۱۰	ايضا	ايضا	۳۳۹	اوتر	۱۵	۱۰	۰	۵	۰	۲۰	......	......	ايضا	اوتر زميداري زمين دكهن ريلوے كا گهراو پورب ۳۳۸ ميل كے اخير مطابق نقشه پچهم ۱۲ نمبر لاٹ كا پورب سيوانه
۱۱	ايضا	ايضا	۳۳۹	دكهن	۲۴	۱۱	۰	۸	۰	۱۹	......	......	۳۳۹ ميل كے ۲۰۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسيكے اخير تك ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ريلوے كا گهراو دكهن زميداري زمين پورب ۹ نمبر لاٹ كا پچهم سيوانه پچهم ۳۳۹ ميل كے اخير مطابق نقشه
۱۲	ايضا	ايضا	۳۳۹	اوتر	۲۴	۱۱	۰	۸	۰	۱۹	......	......	۳۳۹ ميل كے ۲۰۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسي كے اخير تك ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر زميداري زمين دكهن ريلوے كا گهراو پورب ۱۰ نمبر لاٹ كا پچهم سيوانه پچهم ۳۳۹ ميل كے اخير مطابق نقشه
۱۳	ايضا	پرگنه ايضا موضع ناد پور	۳۴۰	دكهن	۱۴	۱۰	۸	۴	۳	۸	......	......	۳۳۹ ميل كے اخير سے شروع ور ۳۴۰ ميل كے ۱۷۶۰ فٹ تك مطابق نقشه	اوتر ريلوے كا گهراو دكهن زميداري زمين پورب ۳۳۹ ميل كے اخير پچهم ۱۵ نمبر لاٹ كا پورب سيوانه
۱۴	ايضا	ايضا	۳۴۰	اوتر	۱۴	۱۰	۸	۴	۳	۸	......	......	ايضا	اوتر زميداري زمين دكهن ريلوے كا گهراو پورب ۳۳۹ ميل كے اخير پچهم ۱۶ نمبر لاٹ كا پورب سيوانه
۱۵	ايضا	پرگنه ايضا موضع سراجي	۳۴۰	دكهن	۱۵	۱۱	۴	۵	۰	۲۳	......	......	۳۴۰ ميل كے ۱۷۶۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسيكے ۳۸۴۰ فٹ تك مطابق نقشه	اوتر ريلوے كا گهراو دكهن زميداري زمين پورب ۱۳ نمبر لاٹ كا پچهم سيوانه پچهم رسقه
۱۶	ايضا	ايضا	۳۴۰	اوتر	۱۵	۱۱	۴	۵	۰	۲۳	......	......	ايضا	اوتر زميداري زمين دكهن ريلوے كا گهراو پورب ۱۴ نمبر لاٹ كا پچهم سيوانه پچهم رسقه
۱۷	ايضا	ايضا	۳۴۰	دكهن	۸	۶	۸	۲	۳	۰	......	......	۳۴۰ ميل كے ۳۸۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسيكے اخير تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ريلوے كا گهراو دكهن زميداري زمين پورب رسقه پچهم ۳۴۰ ميل كے اخير مطابق نقشه

لاٹ نمبر	نام صاحب	نام برگنہ اور موضع	ریلوے کے کنارے کی اون میلوں کی تعداد جو کہ اندر زمین واقع ہے	تخمیني موازي لاٹ بحساب بیگھہ اور ایکر						وہ زمین جو ہر لاٹ میں بیلام سے مستثني کي گئي ہے			لاٹ کي شروع اور انتہا	لاٹ کي چوحدی
				بیگھہ	کٹھہ	چھٹانک	ایکر	رود	پرچ	خارج ہونیکي وجوہ	ایکر	رود	پرچ		
۱۸	صاحب پڈنہ	برگنہ عودپور موضع مراچي	۳۴۰	۸	۶	۸	۲	۳	۰	۱۵ و ۱۶ و ۱۷ و ۱۸ نمبر لاٹ کا درمیاني رستہ	۰	۰	۱۴	۳۴۰ میل کے ۳۸۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب رستہ پچھم ۳۴۰ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۹	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۱	۱۴	۳	۸	۴	۲	۳۰	.....		.....		۳۴۰ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۴۱ میل کے ۲۷۲۵ فٹ تک مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریاوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۴۰ میل کے اخیر پچھم ریاوي لوالکراسنگ
۲۰	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۱	۱۴	۳	۸	۴	۲	۳۰	.....		.....		۳۴۰ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۴۱ میل کے ۲۷۲۵ فٹ تک مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۳۴۰ میل کے اخیر پچھم ریلوي لوالکراسنگ
۲۱	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۱	۹	۱۶	۸	۳	۱	۰	.....		.....		۳۴۱ میل کے ۲۷۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ریلوی لوالکراسنگ پچھم ۳۴۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۲۲	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۱	۹	۱۶	۸	۳	۱	۰	۱۹ و ۲۰ و ۲۱ و ۲۲ نمبر لاٹ کا درمیاني رستہ	۰	۰	۵	۳۴۱ میل کے ۲۷۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ریلوي لوالکراسنگ پچھم ۳۴۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۲۳	ایضا	برگنہ ایضا موضع مراچي وھاتیدا	۳۴۲	۶	۱	۸	۴	۰	۱	....		.....		۳۴۱ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۴۲ میل کے ۱۷۰۰ فٹ تک ختم	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۴۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۲۵ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ

۲۴	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۲	اوتر	۶	۱	۸	۲	۰	۱	.....	.....		۳۴۱ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۴۲ میل کے ۱۷۰۰ فٹ تک ختم	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۳۴۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۲۶ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۲۵	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع ھاتندا	۳۴۲	دکھن	۷	۱۴	۱۰	۲	۲	۹	.....	.....		۳۴۲ میل کے ۱۷۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۳۴۵۰ فٹ تک ختم	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۲۳ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۲۷ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۲۶	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۲	اوتر	۷	۱۴	۱۰	۲	۲	۹	.....	.....		۳۴۲ میل کے ۱۷۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۳۴۵۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۲۴ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۲۸ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۲۷	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۲	دکھن	۷	۱۸	۰	۲	۲	۱۸	رستہ	۰	۰	۴	۳۴۲ میل کے ۳۴۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۲۵ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۴۲ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۲۸	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۲	اوتر	۷	۱۸	۰	۲	۲	۱۸	ایضا	۰	۰	۴	ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۲۶ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۴۲ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۲۹	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۳	دکھن	۶	۶	۴	۲	۰	۱۴	.....	.....			۳۴۲ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۴۳ میل کے ۶۳۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۴۲ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم زمینداری زمین
۳۰	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۳	دکھن	۵	۶	۴	۱	۳	۱	....	.....			۳۴۳ میل کے ۱۳۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۲۴۴۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب زمینداری زمین پچھم رستہ
۳۱	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۳	اوتر	۱۱	۵	۸	۳	۲	۳۷	....	....			۳۴۳ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۴۳ میل کے ۲۴۴۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۳۴۲ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم رستہ

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنہ اور موضع	اون میلونکی تعداد جنکے اندر زمین واقع ہی	ریلوے کے کسطرف واقع ہی	تخمینی موازی لاٹ بحساب بیگھہ اور ایکر: بیگھہ	کٹھہ	چھٹانک	ایکر	روڈ	پول	وہ زمین جو ہر لاٹ مین نیلام سے مستثنی کی گئی ہی: خارج ہونیکی وجوہ	ایکر	روڈ	پول	لاٹ کی شروع اور انتہا	لاٹ کی چوحدی
۳۲	ضلع پٹنہ	پرگنہ عوثپور موضع دھرم پور و دریا پور	۳۴۳	دکھن	۱۵	۱۸	۸	۵	۱	۲	.....		.. ..		۳۴۳ میل کے ۲۴۷۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب رستہ پچھم ۳۴۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۳۳	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع ایضا و موزار نور	۳۴۳	اوتر	۱۵	۱۸	۱۰	۵	۱	۳	۳۰، ۳۱، ۳۲، ۳۳ نمبر لاٹ کا درمیانی رستہ	۰	۰	۱۰	ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب رستہ پچھم ۳۴۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۳۴	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۴	دکھن	۱۴	۲	۱۰	۴	۲	۲۸	.....		.....		۳۴۳ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۴۴ میل کے ۱۸۳۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۴۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۳۶ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۳۵	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع موزار نور	۳۴۴	اوتر	۱۴	۲	۱۰	۴	۲	۲۸	.....		.....		ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۳۴۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۳۷ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۳۶	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع آوتا	۳۴۴	دکھن	۱۰	۷	۱۰	۳	۱	۲۹	... ..		.. ...		۳۴۴ میل کے ۱۸۳۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۳۱۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۴ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم رستہ
۳۷	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۴	اوتر	۱۰	۷	۱۰	۳	۱	۲۹	.....		.....		ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۳۵ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم رستہ

۳۸	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۴	دکھن	۱۴	۱۷	۰	۴	۳	۲۶	.....	.....			۳۴۴ میل کے ۲۱۳۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گہراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب رستہ پچھم ۳۴۴ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۳۹	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۴	اوتر	۱۴	۱۷	۰	۴	۳	۲۶	۳۹, ۳۸, ۴۷, ۳۶ نمبر لات کا درمیاني رستہ	۰	۰	۱۰	ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گہراو پورب رستہ پچھم ۳۴۴ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۴۰	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۵	دکھن	۳	۴	۰	۱	۰	۹	.....	.....			۳۴۴ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۴۵ میل کے ۶۷۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گہراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۴۴ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم رستہ و مکایہ موضع کے سیوانہ
۴۱	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۵	اوتر	۳	۳	۰	۱۰	۰	۷	.....	.....			ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گہراو پورب ۳۴۴ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم مکایہ موضع کے سیوانہ
۴۲	ایضا	پرگنہ عوث پور موضع مکایا	۳۴۵	دکھن	۱۰	۱۶	۰	۳	۲	۱۱	.....	.....			۳۴۵ میل کے ۷۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۳۰۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گہراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب رستہ و آوتا موضع کے سیوانہ پچھم ۴۴ نمبر لات کا پورب سیوانہ
۴۳	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۵	اوتر	۱۰	۱۶	۰	۳	۲	۱۱	.....	.....			ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گہراو پورب آوتا موضع کے سیوانہ پچھم ۴۵ نمبر لات کا پورب سیوانہ
۴۴	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۵	دکھن	۱۰	۹	۸	۳	۱	۲۴	رستہ	۰	۰	۶	۳۴۵ میل کے ۳۰۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسي کے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گہراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۴۳ نمبر لات کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۴۵ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۴۵	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۵	اوتر	۱۰	۹	۸	۳	۱	۲۴	ایضا	۰	۰	۶	ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گہراو پورب ۴۳ نمبر لات کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۴۵ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام برگنه اور موضع	اون میلوںکی تعداد جنکے اندر زمین واقع هی	ریلوے کے کسطرف واقع هی	تخمیني موازي لاٹ بحساب بیگهه اور ایکر					وہ زمین جو هر لاٹ مین نیلام سے مستثنی کي گئي هی			لاٹ کي شروع اور انتها	لاٹ کي چوحدي
					بیگهه	کٹهه	چهٹانک	ایکر	رود	پرٹل	خارج هونیکي وجوہ	ایکر	رود	پرٹل		
۴۶	۱ ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۶	دکهن	۷	۱۴	۱۰	۲	۲	۹	....	....			۳۴۵ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۴۶ میل کے ۱۷۶۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوے کا گهراو دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۴۵ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچهم ۴۸ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانه
۴۷	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۶	اوتر	۷	۱۴	۱۰	۲	۲	۹	....	....			ایضا	اوترزمینداري زمین دکهن ریلوے کا گهراو پورب ۳۴۵ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچهم ۴۹ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانه
۴۸	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۶	دکهن	۷	۱۴	۱۰	۲	۲	۹	....	....			۳۴۶ میل کے ۱۷۶۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۳۵۲۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوے کا گهراو دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب ۴۶ نمبر لاٹ کا پچهم سیوانه پچهم ۵۰ نمبر لاٹ پورب سیوانه
۴۹	۱ ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۶	اوتر	۷	۱۴	۱۰	۲	۲	۹	....	....			ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکهن ریلوے کا گهراو پورب ۴۷ نمبر لاٹ کا پچهم سیوانه پچهم ۵۱ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانه
۵۰	۱ ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۶	دکهن	۷	۱۴	۱۰	۲	۲	۹	....	....			۳۴۶ میل کے ۳۵۲۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسي کے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوے کا گهراو دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب ۴۸ نمبر لاٹ کا پچهم سیوانه پچهم ۳۴۶ کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
۵۱	۱ ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۶	اوتر	۷	۶	۸	۲	۱	۲۸	رسته گنگا ندي جانیکا	۰	۰	۲۳	ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکهن ریلوے کا گهراو پورب ۴۹ نمبر لاٹ کا پچهم سیوانه پچهم ۳۴۰ میل کا اخیر مطابق نقشه

۵۲	ايضا	ايضا	۳۴۷	دکهن	۱	۱۳	۳	۰	۲	۸	....		....		۳۴۶ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۴۷ میل کے ۳۱۵ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوے کا گهراو دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۴۶ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچهم ریلوے لوالکراسنگ
۵۳	ايضا	ايضا	۳۴۷	اوتر	۱	۱۳	۳	۰	۲	۸	....		....		ايضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکهن ریلوے کا گهراو پورب ۳۴۶ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچهم ریلوے لوالکراسنگ
۵۴	ايضا	ايضا	۳۴۷	دکهن	۸	۳	۸	۲	۲	۳۳	ریلوي لوالکراسنگ رسته	۰	۰	۹	۳۴۷ میل کے ۳۳۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسي کے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوے کا گهراو دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب هکایا اسٹیشن کي زمین ٭ پچهم ۳۴۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
۵۵	ايضا	ايضا	۳۴۷	اوتر	۸	۱۳	۱۴	۲	۳	۲۰	ریلوي لوالکراسنگ رسته	۰	۰	۹	۳۴۷ میل کے ۳۳۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکهن ریلوي کا گهراو پورب مکایا اسٹیشن کي زمین پچهم ۳۴۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
۵۶	ايضا	ايضا	۳۴۸	دکهن	۷	۷	۰	۲	۱	۲۹	.....		.....		۳۴۷ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور اور ۳۴۸ میل کے ۱۷۶۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوي کا گهراو دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۴۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچهم ۵۸ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانه
۵۷	ايضا	ايضا	۳۴۸	اوتر	۷	۷	۰	۲	۱	۲۹	....		.....		۳۴۷ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۴۸ میل کے ۱۷۶۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکهن ریلوي کا گهراو پورب ۳۴۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچهم ۵۹ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانه
۵۸	ايضا	ايضا	۳۴۸	دکهن	۷	۷	۰	۲	۱	۲۹	.....		......		۳۴۸ میل کے ۱۸۶۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۲۵۲۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوي کا گهراو دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب ۵۶ نمبر لاٹ کا پچهم سیوانه پچهم ۶۰ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانه
۵۹	ايضا	ايضا	۳۴۸	اوتر	۷	۷	۰	۲	۱	۲۹	.....		....		۳۴۸ میل کے ۱۷۶۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۲۵۲۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه.	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکهن ریلوي کا گهراو پورب ۵۷ نمبر لاٹ کا پچهم سیوانه پچهم ۶۱ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانه

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنہ اور موضع	اون میلونکی تعداد جنکے اندر زمین واقع ہی	ریلویکے کسطرف واقع ہی	تخمینی موزی لاٹ بحساب بیگھہ اور ایکر						وہ زمین جو ہر لاٹ مین نیلام سے مستثنی کی گئی ہی				لاٹ کی شروع اور انتہا	لاٹ کی چوحدی
					بیگھہ	کٹھہ	چھٹانک	ایکر	روڈ	پول	خارج ہونیکی وجوہ	ایکر	روڈ	پول		
٦٠	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا مرضع مکایا وسٹارا	٣٤٨	دکھن	٧	٩	٠	٢	١	٣٤	رستہ	٠	٠	٥	٣٤٨ میل کے ٣٥٢٠ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیرتک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھر او دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ٥٨ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ٣٤٨ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
٦١	ایضا	ایضا	٣٤٨	اوتر	٧	٩	٠	٢	١	٣٤	رستہ	٠	٠	٥	٣٤٨ میل کے ٣٥٢٠ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھر او پورب ٥٩ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ٣٤٨ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
٦٢	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا مرضع سوبار	٣٤٩	دکھن	١٦	٤	١٤	٥	١	١٩	....		.....		٣٤٨ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ٣٤٩ میل کے ٢٩٣٠ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھر او دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ٣٤٨ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم رستہ
٦٣	ایضا	ایضا	٣٤٩	اوتر	١٦	٤	١٤	٥	١	١٩	....		....		٣٤٨ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ٣٤٩ میل کے ٢٩٣٠ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھر او پورب ٣٤٨ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم رستہ
٦٤	ایضا	ایضا	٣٤٩	دکھن	٨	١٧	٨	٢	٣	٣٠	....		....		٣٤٩ میل کے ٢٩٥٠ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھر او دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب رستہ پچھم ٣٤٩ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
٦٥	ایضا	ایضا	٣٤٩	اوتر	٨	١٧	٨	٢	٣	٣٠	٦٢ و ٦٣ و ٦٤ و ٦٥ نمبر لاٹکا درمیانی رستہ	٠	٠	١٦	٣٤٩ میل کے ٢٩٥٠ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھر او پورب رستہ پچھم ٣٤٩ میل کے اخیر مطابق

٦٦	ایضا	پرگنه ایضا موضع ایضا و نرکپور	٣٥٠	دکهن	١٣	١٠	٠	٤	١	٣٤	.....	....		٣٤٩ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ٣٥٠ میل کے ٢٩٥٠ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوي کا گهراو دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب ٣٤٩ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچهم رسته
٦٧	ایضا	ایضا	٣٥٠	اوتر	١٢	١٠	٠	٤	١	٣٤	.....	.....		٣٤٩ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ٣٥٠ میل کے ٢٩٥٠ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکهن ریلوي کا گهراو پورب ٣٤٩ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچهم رسته
٦٨	ایضا	پرگنه ایضا موضع نرکپور	٣٥٠	دکهن	٩	١٠	١٠	٣	٠	٢٤	....	....		٣٥٠ میل کے ٢٩٧٠ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسی کے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوي کا گهراو دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب رسته پچهم ٣٥٠ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
٦٩	ایضا	ایضا	٣٥٠	اوتر	٩	١٠	١٠	٣	٠	٢٤	٦٦, ٦٧, ٦٨, ٦٩ نمبر لاٹ کا درمیاني رسته	٠	٠	٦	ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکهن ریلوي کا گهراو پورب رسته پچهم ٣٥٠ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
٧٠	ایضا	ایضا	٣٥١	دکهن	٩	٦	٨	٣	٠	١٣	....	....		٣٥٠ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ٣٥١ میل کے ٢١٥٠ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوي کا گهراو دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب ٣٥٠ میل کے اخیر پچهم رسته
٧١	ایضا	ایضا	٣٥١	اوتر	٩	٦	٨	٣	٠	١٣	....	....		ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکهن ریلوي کا گهراو پورب ٣٥٠ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچهم رسته
٧٢	ایضا	پرگنه ایضا موضع مور	٣٥١	دکهن	١٤	١٣	٠	٤	٣	١٥	....	....		٣٥١ میل کے ٢١٨٠ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسي کے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوي کا گهراو دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب رسته پچهم ٣٥١ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
٧٣	ایضا	ایضا	٣٥١	اوتر	١٣	٠	٠	٤	١	٨	٧٠, ٧١, ٧٢, ٧٣ نمبر لاٹ کا درمیاني رسته	٠	٠	٨	٣٥١ میل کے ٢١٨٠ فٹ سے شروع اور اسیکے ٤٧٣٠ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکهن ریلوي کا گهراو پورب رسته پچهم عرقي زمین

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنہ اور موضع	اون میلونکی تعداد جنکے اندر زمین واقع ہی	ریلوے کی کسطرف واقع ہی	خمیني موازی لاٹ بحساب بیگھہ اور ایکر: بیگھہ	کٹھہ	چھٹانک	ایکر	روڈ	پول	وہ زمین جو ہر لاٹ مین نیلام سے مستثنی کی گئی ہی: خارج ہونیکی وجوہ	ایکر	روڈ	پول	لاٹ کی شروع اور انتہا	لاٹ کی چوحدی
۱۴	ضلع پٹنہ	پرگنہ غوثپور موضع مور	۳۵۲	دکھن	۱۱	۱۹	۸	۳	۳	۳۴	....		....		۳۵۱ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۵۲ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۵۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۷۶ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۷۵	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۲	اوتر	۱۱	۱۹	۸	۳	۳	۳۴	....		....		ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۳۵۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۷۷ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۷۶	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۲	دکھن	۱۱	۰	۸	۳	۲	۲۳	....		....		۳۵۲ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسی کے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۷۴ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۵۲ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۷۷	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۲	اوتر	۱۱	۰	۸	۳	۲	۲۳	....		....		ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۷۵ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۵۲ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۷۸	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع سلطان پور	۳۵۳	دکھن	۱۱	۷	۰	۳	۳	۰	رستہ	۰	۰	۵	۳۵۲ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۵۳ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۵۲ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۸۰ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۷۹	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۳	اوتر	۱۱	۷	۰	۳	۳	۰	ایضا	۰	۰	۵	ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۳۵۲ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۸۱ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ

۸۰	ایضا	پرگنه ایضا موضع ایضا وکنائي پور	۳۵۳	دکهن	۱۱	۱۴	۵	۳	۳	۲۰	.....		۳۵۳ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسي کے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوي کا گهرو دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب ۷۸ نمبر لاٹ کا پچهم سیوانه پچهم ۳۵۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
۸۱	ایضا	پرگنه غوثپور موضع سلطانپور وکنائي پور	۳۵۳	اوتر	۱۱	۱۴	۵	۳	۳	۲۰	....	....	۳۵۳ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکهن ریاوي کا گهرو پورب ۷۹ نمبر لاٹ کا پچهم سیوانه پچهم ۳۵۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
۸۲	ایضا	پرگنه ایضا موضع کنائي پور و سکرا	۳۵۴	دکهن	۶	۱۳	۰	۲	۰	۳۲	....	.....	۳۵۳ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۵۴ میل کے ۱۵۲۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریاوي کا گهراو دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۵۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچهم رسته
۸۳	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۴	اوتر	۶	۱۳	۰	۲	۰	۳۳	.....	.....	۳۵۳ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۵۴ میل کے ۱۵۲۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکهن ریاوي کا گهرو پورب ۳۵۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچهم رسته
۸۴	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۴	دکهن	۸	۷	۰	۲	۳	۲	.....	.....	۳۵۴ میل کے ۱۵۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۳۴۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریاوي کا گهرو دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب رسته پچهم ۸۶ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانه
۸۵	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۴	اوتر	۸	۶	۰	۲	۲	۳۹	....	....	۳۵۴ میل ۱۵۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۳۴۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکهن ریاوي کا گهراو پورب رسته پچهم ۸۷ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانه
۸۶	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۴	دکهن	۸	۱۴	۰	۲	۳	۲۰	رسته	۰ ۰ ۶	۳۵۴ میل کے ۳۴۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریاوی کا گهرو دکهن زمینداری زمین پورب ۸۴ نمبر لاٹ کا پچهم سیوانه پچهم ۳۵۴ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
۸۷	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۴	اوتر	۸	۹	۰	۲	۳	۷	ایضا ۸۲ ,۸۳ ,۸۴ ,۸۵ نمبر لاٹ کا درمیاني رسته	۰ ۰ ۶ ۰ ۰ ۱۱	۳۵۴ میل کے ۳۴۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکهن ریاوي کا گهرو پورب ۸۵ نمبر لاٹ کا پچهم سیوانه پچهم ۳۵۴ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه

لات نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنه اور موضع	اندر زمین واقع هی ان سے نزدیکی تعداد جنکے	ریلوے کے کسطرف واقع هی	تخمیني موازي لات بحساب بیگهه اور ایکر						وه زمین جو هر لات مین نیلام سے مستثنی کي گئي هي			لات کي شروع اور انتها	لات کي چوحدي
					بیگهه	کٹهه	چهٹانک	ایکر	روڈ	بیول	خارج هونیکي وجوه	ایکر	روڈ	بیول	
۸۸	ضلع پٹنه	پرگنه غوث پور موضع کدائي یور و سکرا	۳۵۵	دکهن	۱۳	۱۹	۰	۴	۲	۱۸	....		....	۳۵۴ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۵۵ میل کے ۲۴۳۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریاوي کا گهراو دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۵۴ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچهم رسته
۸۹	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۵	اوتر	۱۳	۱۹	۰	۴	۲	۱۸	....		....	۳۵۴ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۵۵ میل کے ۲۴۳۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر زمیندري زمین دکهن ریاوي کا گهراو پورب ۳۵۴ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچهم رسته
۹۰	ایضا	پرگنه ایضا موضع پٹارك	۳۵۵	دکهن	۱۴	۸	۰	۴	۳	۲	.....		.....	۳۵۵ میل کے ۲۴۶۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوي کا گهراو دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب رسته پچهم ۳۵۵ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
۹۱	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۵	اوتر	۱۴	۸	۰	۴	۳	۲	۸۸، ۸۹، ۹۰، ۹۱ نمبر لات کا درمیاني رسته	۰	۰	۱۱	اوتر زمیندارى زمین دکهن ریاوي کا گهراو پورب رسته پچهم ۳۵۵ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
۹۲	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۶	دکهن	۱۸	۰	۰	۵	۳	۳۲	....		.... ..	۳۵۵ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۵۶ میل کے اخیر تك ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریاوي کا گهراو دکهن زمیداري زمین پورب ۳۵۵ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچهم ۳۵۶ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
۹۳	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۶	اوتر	۱۸	۰۰	۰	۵	۳	۳۲	....		....	۳۵۵ میل کے خیر سے شروع اور ۳۵۶ میل کے اخیر تك ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر زمیدري زمین دکهن ریلوے کا گهراو پورب ۳۵۵ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچهم ۳۵۶ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه

۹۴	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۷	دکھن	۱۲	۱۲	۱۶	۴	۳۹	....	....			۳۵۶ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۵۷ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۵۶ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۹۶ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۹۵	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۷	اوتر	۱۲	۱۶	۱۲	۴	۳۹	۰	....	....		ایضا	اوتر زمیندری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۳۵۶ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۹۷ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۹۶	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۷	دکھن	۱۴	۱	۰	۴	۲۳	۲	۰	رستہ	۵	۳۵۷ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسی کے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۹۴ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۵۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۹۷	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۷	اوتر	۱۴	۱	۰	۴	۲۳	۲	۹	رستہ	۰	ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۹۵ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۵۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۹۸	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۸	دکھن	۱۰	۸	۸	۳	۳۲	۱	....	....		۳۵۷ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۵۸ میل کے ۱۷۶۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۵۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۱۰۰ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۹۹	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۸	اوتر	۱۰	۸	۸	۳	۳۲	۱	....	....		ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۳۵۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۱۰۱ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۰۰	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۸	دکھن	۱۰	۸	۸	۳	۳۲	۱	....	....		۳۵۸ میل کے ۱۷۶۰ فٹ سے شروع او اوسی کے ۳۵۲۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۹۸ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۱۰۲ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۰۱	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۸	اوتر	۱۰	۸	۸	۳	۳۲	۱	....	....		ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۹۹ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۱۰۳ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ

لات نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنه اور موضع	اون میلوں کی تعداد جو کہ واقع ہے اندر ون رنج کے	ریلوے کی کس طرف	تخمینی موازی لات بحساب بیگھه اور ایکر					وہ زمین جو ہر لات میں نیلام سے مستثنی کی گئی ہے			لات کی شروع اور انتہا	لات کی چوحدی
					بیگھه	کٹھه	جھٹانک	ایکر	روڈ	لول	خارج ہونیکی وجوہ	ایکر	روڈ	لول		
۱۰۲	ضلع پٹنه	پرگنه غوثپور موضع بدارک	۳۵۸	دکھن	۱۰	۹	۱۴	۳	۱	۳۵	....	....			۳۵۸ میل کے ۳۵۲۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسی کے لحیر تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر پاوے کا گمراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۱۰۰ نمبر لات کا پچھم سیوانه پچھم ۳۵۸ میل کے لحیر مطابق نقشه
۱۰۳	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۸	اوتر	۱۰	۹	۱۴	۳	۱	۳۵	....	....			ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گمراو پورب ۱۰۱ نمبر لات کا پچھم سیوانه پچھم ۳۵۸ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
۱۰۴	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۹	دکھن	۷	۱۹	۰	۲	۲	۲۱	....	....			۳۵۸ میل کے لحیر سے شروع اور ۳۵۹ میل کے ۱۱۲۵ فٹ تک حتم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوے کا گمراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۵۸ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچھم ۱۰۶ نمبر لات کا پورب سیوانه
۱۰۵	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۹	اوتر	۷	۱۹	۰	۲	۲	۲۱	....	....			۳۵۸ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۵۹ میل کے ۱۱۲۵ فٹ تک حتم مطابق نقشه	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گمراو پورب ۳۵۸ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچھم ۱۰۷ نمبر لات کا پورب سیوانه
۱۰۶	ایضا	پرگنه ایضا موضع ریلی	۳۵۹	دکھن	۲۲	۱۰	۶	۷	۱	۳۱	....	....			۳۵۹ میل کے ۱۱۲۵ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسی کے ۴۳۴۵ فٹ تک حتم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوے کا گمراو دکھن زمیندری زمین پورب ۱۰۴ نمبر لات کا پچھم سیوانه پچھم ۱۰۸ نمبر لات کا پورب سیوانه
۱۰۷	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۹	اوتر	۲۲	۱۰	۶	۷	۱	۳۱	....	....			ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گمراو پورب ۱۰۵ نمبر لات کا پچھم سیوانه پچھم ۱۰۹ نمبر لات کا پورب سیوانه

۱۰۸	ایضا	پرگنه ایضا موضع لچهمی پور	۳۵۹	دکهن	۶	۳	۱۰	۲	۰	۷	....	....	۳۵۹ میل کے ۴۳۴۵ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسي کے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوے کا گمراو دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب ۱۰۶ نمبر لاٹ کا پچهم سیوانه پچهم ۳۵۹ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
۱۰۹	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۹	اوتر	۶	۳	۱۰	۲	۰	۷	....	....	ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکهن ریلوے کا گمراو پورب ۱۰۷ نمبر لاٹ کا پچهم سیوانه پچهم ۳۵۹ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
۱۱۰	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۰	دکهن	۱۰	۱۷	۰	۳	۲	۱۴	....	....	۳۵۹ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۶۰ میل کے ۱۵۷۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوے کا گمراو دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۵۹ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچهم ۱۱۲ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانه
۱۱۱	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۰	اوتر	۱۰	۱۷	۰	۳	۲	۱۴	....	....	ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکهن ریلوے کا گمراو پورب ۳۵۹ میل کے اخیر پچهم ۱۱۳ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانه
۱۱۲	ایضا	پرگنه ایضا موضع بریار پور و سنورا	۳۶۰	دکهن	۱۵	۱۶	۸	۵	۰	۳۷	....	....	۳۶۰ میل کے ۱۵۷۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسی کے ۳۹۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوے کا گمراو دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب ۱۱۰ نمبر لاٹ کا پچهم سیوانه پچهم ۱۱۴ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانه
۱۱۳	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۰	اوتر	۱۵	۱۶	۸	۵	۰	۳۷	....	....	ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکهن ریلوے کا گمراو پورب ۱۱۱ نمبر لاٹ کا پچهم سیوانه پچهم ۱۱۵ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانه
۱۱۴	ایضا	پرگنه ایضا موضع دهیبر	۳۶۰	دکهن	۹	۸	۸	۳	۰	۱۹	....	....	۳۶۰ میل کے ۳۹۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسي کے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوے کا گمراو دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب ۱۱۲ نمبر لاٹ کا پچهم سیوانه پچهم ۳۶۰ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
۱۱۵	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۰	اوتر	۹	۸	۸	۳	۰	۱۹	....	....	ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکهن ریلوي کا گمراو پورب ۱۱۳ نمبر لاٹ کا پچهم سیوانه پچهم ۳۶۰ میل کے اخیر

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنہ اور موضع	اون میلونکی تعداد جنکے اندر زمین واقع ہی	ریلویکے کسطرف واقع ہی	تخمینی موازی لاٹ بحساب بیگھہ اور ایکر: بیگھہ	کٹھہ	چھٹانک	ایکر	روڈ	پول	وہ زمین جو ہر لاٹ مین نیلام سے مستثنی کی گئی ہی: خارج ہونیکی وجوہ	ایکر	روڈ	پول	لاٹ کی شروع اور انتہا	لاٹ کی چوحدی
۱۱۶	ضلع پٹنہ	پرگنہ غوثپور موضع دھیبر	۳۶۱	دکھن	۲	۸	۰	۰	۳	۷	....		....		۳۶۰ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۶۱ میل کے ۴۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	وتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۶۰ میل کے اخیر پچھم نالا
۱۱۷	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۱	اوتر	۲	۵	۴	۰	۳	۰	....		.....		۳۶۰ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۶۱ میل کے ۳۵۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۳۶۰ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم نالا
۱۱۸	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع پریپور نیمب پور	۳۶۱	دکھن	۱۴	۶	۱۲	۴	۲	۳۹	....		....		۳۶۱ میل کے ۴۲۵ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۲۵۵۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب نالا پچھم ۱۲۰ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۱۹	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۱	اوتر	۱۴	۸	۱۲	۴	۳	۴	.....		....		۳۶۱ میل کے ۳۷۵ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۲۵۵۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی گھراو پورب نالا پچھم ۱۲۱ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۲۰	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع شہوریا	۳۶۱	دکھن	۱۶	۱۲	۰	۵	۱	۳۸	....		....		۳۶۱ میل کے ۲۵۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۱۱۸ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۶۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۲۱	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۱	اوتر	۱۶	۱۲	۰	۵	۱	۳۸	و۱۱۶ و ۱۱۷ و۱۱۸ ۱۱۹ نمبر لاٹ کا درمیانی نالا	۰	۰	۶۱	۳۶۱ میل کے ۲۵۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۱۱۹ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۶۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ

۱۲۲	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۲	دکھن	۱۰	۵	۰	۳	۱	۳	.....	.....	۳۶۲ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۶۲ میل کے ۲۰۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۶۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۱۲۴ نمبرلات کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۲۳	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۲	اوتر	۱۰	۵	۰	۳	۱	۲۲	....	.....	۳۶۱ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۶۲ میل کے ۲۰۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۳۶۱ میل اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۱۲۵ نمبرلات کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۲۴	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع شہوریا و جمولیا و نازید پور	۳۶۲	دکھن	۱۴	۰	۰	۴	۲	۲۰	.....	.....	۳۶۲ میل کے ۲۰۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۱۲۳ نمبرلات کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۶۲ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۲۵	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۲	اوتر	۱۴	۰	۰	۴	۲	۲۰	....	.....	۳۶۲ میل کے ۲۰۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۱۲۴ نمبرلات کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۶۲ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۲۶	ایضا	برگہ ایضا موضع نازید پور	۳۶۳	دکھن	۲	۲	۸	۰	۲	۳۳	....	.....	۳۶۲ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۶۳ میل کے ۴۷۵ فٹ تک ختم	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۶۲ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ریلوي کمپني کے رکھا ہوا زمین
۱۲۷	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع نرنا زاہد پور و نرنا	۳۶۳	دکھن	۵	۵	۸	۱	۲	۳۹	....	.....	۳۶۳ میل کے ۴۰۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ریلوي کمپنی کے رکھا ہوا زمین پچھم ۳۶۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۲۸	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۳	اوتر	۵	۵	۸	۱	۲	۳۹	ریلوي کمپني کي رکھا ہوا زمین گنگا ندي مین جایکارستہ کے واسطے چھوڑا ہوا زمین	۳ ۱ ۰ ۰ ۲ ۳۳	۳۶۳ میل کے ۴۰۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ریلوی کمپني کے رکھا ہوا زمین پچھم ۳۶۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۲۹	ایضا	پرگنہ عوٹپور موضع نرنا و دلیسمن چک	۳۶۳	دکھن	۱۸	۱۰	۰	۶	۰	۱۹	....	....	۳۶۳ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۶۴ میل کے ۳۵۵۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۶۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم زمینداري زمین

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنہ اور موضع	اون ملونکی تعداد جنکے اندر زمین واقع ہی	ریلویکے کسطرف واقع ہی	تخمینی موزی لاٹ بحساب بیگھہ اور ایکر						وہ زمین جو ہر لاٹ مین نیلام سے مستثنی کی گئی ہی				لاٹ کی شروع اور انتہا	لاٹ کی چوحدی
					بیگھہ	کٹھہ	چھٹانک	ایکر	رود	پول	خارج ہونیکی وجوہ	ایکر	رود	پول		
۱۳۰	ضلع پٹنہ	پرگنہ غوثپور موضع برنا و دلیسمن چک	۳۶۴	ارتر	۱۸	۱۰	۰	۶	۰	۱۹	....		....		۳۶۳ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۶۴ میل کے ۳۵۵۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۳۶۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم زمینداری زمین
۱۳۱	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع بہٹوان	۳۶۴	دکھن	۷	۰	۰	۲	۱	۱۰	....		....		۳۶۴ میل کے ۴۰۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب زمینداری زمین پچھم ۳۶۴ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۳۲	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۴	اوتر	۷	۰	۰	۲	۱	۰	....		....		ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب زمینداری زمین پچھم ۳۶۴ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۳۳	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع ایضا شیخ پور و اکبر پور	۳۶۵	دکھن	۱۲	۱۸	۰	۴	۱	۲	نالا	۰	۰	۳	۳۶۴ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۶۵ میل کے ۲۹۵۰ فٹ تک مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۶۴ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ریلوی لوالکراسنگ
۱۳۴	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۵	ارتر	۱۳	۱۰	۰	۴	۱	۳۴	نالا	۰	۰	۳	ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۳۶۴ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ریلوی لوالکراسنگ
۱۳۵	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع ابراہیم پور و سلامپور و گوبندپور و چلگوبندپور	۳۶۵	دکھن	۱۰	۴	۰	۳	۱	۱۰	....		....		۳۶۵ میل ۲۹۷۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ریلوی لوالکراسنگ پچھم میل ۵۳۶ کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ

۱۳۶	ایضا ۸	ایضا	۳۶۵	ارتر	۱۰	۱۳	۰	۳	۲	۳	۱۳۴, ۱۳۵, ۱۳۶, ۱۳۷, نمبر لائکا درهیاني رسته	۰	۰	۸	ایضا	ارتر زمیںداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ریلوي اوالکواسنگ پچھم ۳۶۵ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
۱۳۷	ایضا	پرگنه ایضا موضع جلگوفند و ڈهور	۳۶۶	دکھن	۱۳	۰	۰	۴	۱	۸	رسته و پیغار	۰	۰	۲۶	۳۶۵ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۶۶ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	ارتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمیںداري زمین پورب ۳۶۵ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچھم ۱۴۰ نمبر لات کا پورب سیوانه
۱۳۸	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۶	ارتر	۱۳	۰	۰	۴	۱	۸	ایضا	۰	۰	۲۶	ایضا	ارتر زمیںداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۳۶۵ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچھم ۱۴۱ نمبر کا لات پورب سیوانه
۱۳۹	ایضا	پرگنه ایضا موضع ڈهور و اچورا	۳۶۶	دکھن	۱۰	۱۰	۰	۳	۱	۳۶	....		....		۳۶۶ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشه	ارتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمیںداري زمین پورب ۱۳۸ نمبر کا لات پچھم سیوانه پچھم ۳۶۶ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
۱۴۰	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۶	ارتر	۱۰	۱۴	۰	۳	۲	۶	....		....		ایضا	ارتر زمیںداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۱۳۹ نمبر لات کا پچھم سیوانه پچھم ۳۶۶ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
۱۴۱	ایضا	پرگنه ایضا موضع اچورا و راز پور وحسین چک	۳۶۷	دکھن	۱۰	۵	۰	۳	۱	۲۲	رسته	۰	۰	۳	۳۶۶ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۶۷ میل کے ۲۹۵۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	ارتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمیںداري زمین پورب ۳۶۶ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچھم ریلوي اوالکواسنگ
۱۴۲	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۷	ارتر	۱۰	۵	۰	۳	۱	۲۲	رسته	۰	۰	۳	ایضا	ارتر زمیںداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۳۶۶ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچھم ریلوي اوالکواسنگ
۱۴۳	ایضا	پرگنه ایضا موضع نظام پور شروهر پور	۳۶۷	دکھن	۶	۲	۱۲	۲	۰	۵	....		....		۳۶۷ میل کے ۲۹۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشه	ارتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمیند ری زمین پورب ریلوي لوالکواسنگ پچھم ۳۶۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنہ اور موضع	اون میلونکی تعداد جنکے اندر زمین واقع ہی	ریلوے کی طرف واقع ہی	تخمینی موازی لاٹ بحساب بیگھہ اور ایکر: بیگھہ	کٹھہ	چھٹانک	ایکر	روڈ	پول	وہ زمین جو ہر لاٹ مین نیلام سے مستثنی کی گئی ہی: خارج ہونیکی وجوہ	ایکر	روڈ	پول	لاٹ کی شروع اور انتہا	لاٹ کی چوحدی
۱۴۴	ضلع پٹنہ	پرگنہ غوثپور موضع نظام پور شروہرپور	۳۶۷	اوتر	۶	۲	۱۲	۲	۰	۵	۱۴۲, ۱۴۳, ۱۴۴, ۱۴۵, نمبر لاٹکا درمیانی رستہ	۰	۰	۹	۳۶۷ میل کے ۲۹۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ریلوی لوالکراسنگ پچھم ۳۶۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۴۵	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع شروہر پور کلن پور	۳۶۸	دکھن	۶	۰	۰	۱	۳	۳۸	....		....		۳۶۷ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۶۸ میل کے ۲۱۵۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۶۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۱۴۸ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۴۶	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۸	اوتر	۶	۰	۰	۱	۳۰	۳۸	....		....		ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۳۶۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۱۴۹ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۴۷	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع کلیان پور و ساتو کھڈ	۳۶۸	دکھن	۳	۱۹	۰	۱	۱	۹	....		....		۳۶۸ میل کے ۲۱۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۳۵۶۵ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۱۴۶ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ریلوی لوالکراسنگ
۱۴۸	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۸	اوتر	۴	۸	۸	۱	۱	۳۴	....		....		۳۶۸ میل کے ۲۱۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور ۳۵۶۵ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۱۲۷ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ریلوی لوالکرسنگ
۱۴۹	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع ساتو خورد و بہادر پور	۳۶۸	دکھن	۴	۱۱	۱۰	۱	۲	۲	....		....		۳۶۸ میل کے ۳۵۹۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ریلوی لوالکراسنگ پچھم ۳۶۸ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ

۱۵۰	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۸	اوتر	۵	۱۴	۱۰	۱	۳	۲۴	۱۴۸, ۱۴۹, ۱۵۰, ۱۵۱, نمبر لالکا درمیانی رستہ	۰	۰	۷	ایضا	اوتر زمیںداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھیرو پورب ریلوي لوالکراسنگ پچھم ۳۶۸ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۵۱	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع بہادر پور و مرتضا پور و جمال پور	۳۶۹	دکھن	۷	۳	۰	۲	۱	۱۸	....		....		۳۶۸ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۶۹ میل کے ۲۶۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمیںداري زمین پورب ۳۶۸ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم زمیںداري زمین
۱۵۲	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۹	اوتر	۸	۱۵	۰	۲	۳.	۲۳	....		....		ایضا	اوتر زمیںداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۳۶۸ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم زمیںداري زمین
۱۵۳	ایضا	پرگنہ یضا موضع جمال پور و کلیان پور	۳۶۹	دکھن	۶	۱	۰	۲	۰	۰	رستہ	۰	۰	۴	۳۶۹ میل کے ۳۱۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمیںداري زمین پورب زمیںداري زمین پچھم ۳۶۹ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۵۴	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۹	اوتر	۶	۳	۰	۲	۰	۵	ایضا	۰	۰	۴	۳۶۹ میل کے ۳۲۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمیںداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب زمیںداري زمین پچھم ۳۶۹ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۵۵	ایضا	پرگنہ یضا موضع ایضا و دولتپور	۳۷۰	دکھن	۹	۹	۰	۳	۰	۲۰	....		....		۳۶۹ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۷۰ میل کے ۲۹۳۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمیںداري زمین پورب ۳۶۹ میل کے اخیر پچھم ریلوی لوالکراسنگ
۱۵۶	ایضا	پرگنہ غوثپور موضع کلیان پور و دولتپور	۳۷۰	اوتر	۹	۹	۰	۳	۰	۲۰	....		....		ایضا	اوتر زمیںداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۳۶۹ میل کے اخیر پچھم ریلوي لوالکراسنگ
۱۵۷	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع بیراگپور دولتپور و پہولي اسمان پور و مخدوم پور	۳۷۰	دکھن	۸	۸	۸	۲	۳	۶	....		....		۳۷۰ میل کے ۲۹۶۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمیںداري زمین پورب ریلوي لوالکراسنگ پچھم ۳۷۰ میل کے اخیر

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنہ اور موضع	اون میلونکی تعداد جنکی اندر زمین واقع ہی	ریلوے کسطرف واقع ہی	تخمینی موازی لاٹ بحساب بیگہہ اور ایکر: بیگہہ	کٹھہ	چھٹانک	ایکر	روڈ	پول	وہ زمین جو ہر لاٹ مین نیلام سے مستثنی کی گئی ہی: خارج ہونیکی وجوہ	ایکر	روڈ	پول	لاٹ کی شروع اور انتہا	لاٹ کی چوحدی
۱۵۸	ضلع پٹنہ	پرگنہ غوثپور موضع پیراگپور و دولتپور و مہولی اسمانپور و مخدرم پور	۳۷۰	ارتر	۸	۸	۸	۲	۳	۶	۱۵۶, ۱۵۷, ۱۵۸, ۱۵۹ نمبر لاٹکا درمیانی رستہ	۰	۰	۶	۳۷۰ میل کے ۲۹۶۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ریلوی لوالکراسنگ پچھم ۳۷۰ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۵۹	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع مخدوم پور و مہولی اسمانپور و دریا پور	۳۷۱	دکھن	۱۷	۱۸	۰	۵	۳	۲۷	....		....		۳۷۰ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۷۱ میل ۳۲۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	ارتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۷۰ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ریلوی لوالکراسنگ
۱۶۰	ایضا	ایضا	۳۷۱	ارتر	۱۹	۷	۰	۶	۱	۲۴	....		....		ایضا	ارتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۳۷۰ میل کے اخیر پچھم ریلوی لوالکراسنگ
۱۶۱	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع نرار علیپور	۳۷۱	دکھن	۱۰	۴	۳	۳	۱	۲۰	....		....		۳۷۱ میل کے ۳۲۳۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	ارتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ریلوی لوالکراسنگ پچھم ۳۷۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۶۲	ایضا	ایضا	۳۷۱	ارتر	۱۰	۴	۳	۳	۱	۲۰	۱۶۰, ۱۶۱, ۱۶۲, ۱۶۳, نمبر لاٹکا درمیانی رستہ	۰	۰	۹	ایضا	ارتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ریلوی لوالکرا سنگ پچھم ۳۷۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۶۳	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع سمنیا	۳۷۲	دکھن	۱۰	۲	۰	۳	۱	۱۴	....		....		۳۷۱ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۷۲ میل کے ۱۹۵۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	ارتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۳۷۱ میل کے اخیر پچھم ۱۶۶ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ

۱۶۴	ایضا	ایضا	۳۷۲	ارتر	۱۰	-	۰	۳	۱	۹	....	....	ایضا	ارتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۳۷۱ میل کے اخیر پچھم ۱۶۷ نمبرلات کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۶۵	ایضا	برگنہ ایضا موضع خوردا	۳۷۲	دکھن	۳	۰	۰	۰	۳	۳۹	....	....	۳۷۲ میل کے ۱۹۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۲۶۲۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	ارتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۱۶۴ نمبرلات کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۱۶۸ نمبرلات کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۶۶	ایضا	ایضا	۳۷۲	ارتر	۳	۰	۰	۰	۳	۳۹	....	....	۳۷۲ میل کے ۱۹۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۲۶۲۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	ارتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۱۶۵ نمبرلات کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۱۶۹ نمبرلات کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۶۷	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع صالکپور	۳۷۲	دکھن	۱۱	۲	۰	۳	۲	۲۷	....	....	۳۷۲ میل کے ۲۶۲۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	ارتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۱۶۶ نمبرلات کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۷۲ میل کے اخیر
۱۶۸	ایضا	ایضا	۳۷۲	ارتر	۱۱	۶	۰	۳	۲	۳۸	....	....	ایضا	ارتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۱۶۷ نمبرلات کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۷۲ میل کے اخیر
۱۶۹	ایضا	پرگنہ غوث پور موضع صالکپور و نزرک و محمد پور	۳۷۳	دکھن	۸	۳	۰	۲	۲	۳۱	....	....	۳۷۲ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۷۳ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	ارتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۷۲ میل کے اخیر پچھم ۱۷۱ نمبرلات کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۷۰	ایضا	ایضا	۳۷۳	ارتر	۸	۱۲	۰	۲	۳	۱۵	....	....	ایضا	ارتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۳۷۲ میل کے اخیر پچھم ۱۷۲ نمبرلات کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۷۱	ایضا	پرگنہ غوث پور موضع و راني سرائے ورواگھپور	۳۷۳	دکھن	۸	۱۳	۰	۲	۳	۱۸	....	....	۳۷۳ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	ارتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۱۶۹ نمبرلات کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۷۲ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنہ اور موضع	اون میلونکی تعداد جنکے اندر زمین واقع ہی	ریلوی کے کسطرف واقع ہی	تخمینی موازی لاٹ بحساب بیگھہ اور ایکر: بیگھہ	کٹھہ	چھٹانک	ایکر	روڈ	پول	وہ زمین جو ہر لاٹ مین نیلام سے مستثنی کی گئی ہی: خارج ہونیکی وجوہ	ایکر	روڈ	پول	لاٹ کی شروع اور انتہا	لاٹ کی چوحدی
۱۷۲	ضلع پٹنہ	پرگنہ غوثپور موضع مانکپور و بزروگ محمد پور و رانی سرای وراگھب پور	۳۷۳	اوتر	۸	۵	۰	۲	۲	۳۷	....		....		۳۷۳ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۱۷۰ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سوانہ پچھم ۳۷۲ میل کے اخیر
۱۷۳	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع راگھب پور	۳۷۴	دکھن	۶	۱۵	۰	۲	۰	۳۷	....		....		۳۷۳ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۷۴ میل کے ۱۸۸۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۷۳ میل کے اخیر پچھم ریلوی کمپنی کی رکھا ہوا زمین
۱۷۴	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع ایضا و محمد پور	۳۷۴	اوتر	۹	۸	۰	۳	۰	۱۷	ریلوی کمپنی کے رکھا ہوا زمین	۲	۳	۱۷	۳۷۳ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۷۴ میل کے ۳۱۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۳۷۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم بختیار پور اسٹیشن کے زمین

۲۹ مي سنہ ۱۸۷۴ ع

W. HEYSHAM,
ریلوی ڈیپوٹی کلکٹر مقام بھاگلپور

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Cuttack will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's office of that district, on the 17th day of July 1874, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th day of April 1874.

Class II—Temporarily-settled Estates.

No. 1847.—Mehal Mouzah Ummer, Pergunnah Matkatungar; recorded proprietor, Sudanund Mahapatra; sudder jumma, Rs. 319-12-10; will be sold for arrears of Government revenue amounting to Rs. 159-14.

No. 2200.—Mehal Mouzah Barhapur, pergunnah Hariburpur. Recorded proprietors Nityanund Patnaik, Gourang Charan Dass, Sadanund Mahapatra, Srikrishna Mahapatra, Radhakrishna Mahapatra, Jagabundhu Pasait, Kunjabehari Pasait, and Parmanund Canoongo. Sudder jumma, Rs. 519-13-9¼, of which Rs. 346-9-1¼ to be deducted on account of the jumma of the share of Nityanund Patnaik, Gourang Charan Dass, Srikrishna Mahapatra, Radhakrishna Mahapatra, Kunjabehari Pasait, Jagabundhu Pasait, and Parmanund Canoongo, with whom separate accounts have been opened, as per Section 10, Act XI of 1859. The sudder jumma advertised for sale is Rs. 173-4-8, on account of the jumma of the share of Sadanund Mahapatra. This share will be sold for arrears of Government revenue.

CUTTACK COLLECTORATE, the 12th May 1874. JOHN BEAMES, *Collector.*

ଭୂମି ବନ୍ଦିସ୍ ଲସ୍ତାହାର ।

ଜଲ୍ଲ କଟକ ।

ସନ ୧୮୫୧ ମସିହା ୧୧ ଆଇନ ୭ ଧାରାମତେ ସମ୍ବାଦ ଦଅ ଯାଉଅଛୁ କ ଜଲ୍ଲ କଟକସ୍ଥ ଉଲ ଲ୍ଲିଓ ମାହାଲ୍ରେ ସନ ୧୮୭୪ ମସିହା ତା ୬୮ ଜୁଲ ଅପ୍ରେଲ କସ୍ତିର ମାଲଗୁଜାର ବାକ ବାବତ ୧୮୭୪ ମସିହା ତା ୧୭ ଜୁଲ ଜୁଲାଇ ମୁତାବକ ଶ୍ରାବଣ ୪ ଦନ ସନ ୧୨୮୧ ଫସଲି ସେଜ ଶୁକ୍ରବାର ଉସ୍ତ ଜଲ୍ଲାର କଲେକ୍ଟରର କଚେରୀରେ ବନା ଓଜରରେ ଜଲ୍ଲମ କର୍ଯ୍ୟ ଯିବ ।

ଦ୍ୱିତୀୟ୍ ସ୍ରେଣୀ ।

କଞ୍ଜହାଲ ଜମନ୍ତ୍ରେ ବନ୍ଦବସ୍ତ ମାହାଲ ।

ନ ୧୮୫୭ ମ୍ବର ମାହାଲ ମାହାଲ ମୌ ଉମର । ପ୍ର । ମାଉକତ ନଗର ମାଇକ ସଦାନନ୍ଦ ମହାପାଏ ସଦର ଜମା ୫ ୩୧୯୩୧୦ ଏହ ମାହାଲ ସରକାର ବାକ ଖାଜାନା ୫ ୧୩୧୯୶ ପାଇ ଜଲ୍ଲମ ହେବ ।

ନ ୨୨୦୦ ମ୍ବର ମାହାଲ । ମୌ । ବାଘହୁପୁର । ପ୍ର । ହରହରପୁର ମାଇକାନ ଜଗାନନ୍ଦ ପଟ୍ଟନାଏକ, ଗୌରଙ୍ଗଚରଣ ଦାସ, ସଦାନନ୍ଦ ମହାପାଏ ଶ୍ରୀକୃଷ୍ଣ ମହାପାଏ, ରାଧାକୃଷ୍ଣମହାପାଏ, ଜଗବନ୍ଧୁ ପସଏତ୍ କୁଞ୍ଜବହାର ପସଏତ ଓ ପରମାନନ୍ଦ କାନଗୁଇ ସଦର ଜମା ୫୧୧୩/୧ । ସେଥ୍ରମଧ୍ୟରୁ ଜଗନ୍ନାନନ୍ଦ ପଟ୍ଟନାଏକ ଗୌରଙ୍ଗଚରଣ ଦାସ ଶ୍ରୀକୃଷ୍ଣମହାପାଏ, ରାଧାକୃଷ୍ଣ ମହାପାଏ କୁଞ୍ଜବହାର ପସଏତ ଓ ଜଗବନ୍ଧୁ ପସଏତ ଓ ପରମାନନ୍ଦ କାନଗୁଇ ଏହମାନଙ୍କର ହସ୍ୟବାବତ ଜମା ୫ ୩୩୭୩/୧ । ବାଦଯାଇ କାକ ସଦାନନ୍ଦ ମହାପାଏ ହସ୍ୟବାବତ ୫ ୧୭୩ । ୮ ସଦର ଜମା ଜଲ୍ଲମ ସକାସେ ଲସ୍ତାହାର ଦଅ ଯାଉଅଛୁ ଏ ହସ୍ୟ ସରକାର ବାକ ଖାଜାନା ପାଇ ଜଲ୍ଲମ ବନ୍ଦ୍ଧିବ ପ୍ରକାଶ ଥାଉ ବାକ ହସ୍ୟଦାରମାନଙ୍କର ବାବତ ୧୮୫୧ ମସିହା ୧୧ ଆଇନର ଧା ୧୦ ର ମୁତାବକ ସତନ୍ତ୍ର ହସ୍ୟବନ୍ଦ ଯାଇଅଛୁ ।

JOHN BEAMES, *Collector.*

କଟକ । ତା ୧୬ ଜୁଲ ମାହେଇ ୧୮୭୪ ।

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Shahabad will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on the 6th day of August 1874, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 8th day of June 1874.

Class II.—Temporarily-settled estates.

No. 923.—Mehal Kurmi, pergunnah Chusa; sudder jumma, Rs. 935; recorded proprietors, Chubinath Kooner, for herself and as guardian of Baboo Jugduma Pershad Sing, minor son, Luchmepershad Sing, and Buxee Koonjbehary Lall, and others; will be sold for arrears of Government revenue amounting to Rs. 2-8-0.

Class I.—Permanently-settled estates.

No. 1686 —Mehal Mookraon, pergunnah Chynpore; sudder jumma of the entire mehal, Rs. 2,139-11-8; recorded proprietors, Ramjeawan Roy, Runjit Roy, Jaipal Roy, and others, non-applicants. The share of the above non-applicants alone, the sudder jumma of which is Rs. 1366, 2 *as.* 11 *p.* 0 *k.* 14 *m.* 6½ *d.* will be sold in satisfaction of Government revenue amounting to Rs. 4-10-6¾, excepting the shares of the proprietors (applicants) with whom separate accounts have been opened under Section 11, Act XI of 1859.

SHAHABAD COLLECTORATE, the 19th June 1874. H. W. ALEXANDER, *Collector.*

साहिब कलकटर बहादुर जिले के हुकुम से

इश्तहार नीलाम मुताबिक दफा ६ एकट ११ सन १८६९ सब को जानना चाहिये के यह महाल जो नीचे लिखा है बाबत बाकी मालगुजारी सरकार ओ दूसरे दावे जो मुताबिक आईन ओ कानान जारी के बाकी माल-गुजारी सरकार की तरह वसूल होने चाहिये ओ जो तारीख ८ महीना जुन सन १८७४ को पाने थे तारीख ६ महीना अगस्त सन १८७४ मुताबिक ता: ८ महीना शावन सन १२८१ फसली दिन बीहशपत् को इस जिले के साहेब कलकटर को कचहरी मे बिला उजुर के सब के सामने नीलाम होगा

तौजी नम्बर	नाम महाल और परगना	सदर जमा	नाम मालिकोंका	कैफियत
९२३	करमीप	९५३	छबीनाथ कुमारखुद बोली बाबु जगदमाप्रशाद सींह पेशर नाबालीग बो लछमी प्रशाद सींह बो बखशी कुजबीहारीलाल बो बाबु पशावन सीह बो बाबु मोल सीह बो अधमी सींह बो बखशराम इआद सींह पेदर बला बाबु पंचानन्द नाबालीग मोशमात देवकल कुमर मादर बो बालीर मोशमात राज पती कुमार बो मोशमात रामदेआली कुमर बो बखशरन सीह नरायन सींह बो बखशर दहनप्रशाद सींह बो बीजन सीह बो राम नरायन सींह बो राम कुमारी कुमार	बाकी २॥० इआह महाल बाशत बीश साल इबतदार १ अपरैल सन १८६८ बंदोबस्त मे आदा है बइलत बाकी खास नीलाम होगा
१६८६	मुधरा बप्र:- बैनपुर	२१३९।= ८ बोशतवारा	राम बीआवन राए बो रनजीत राए जैबाल राए बलबद राए देवी राए बिशेशर राए बो नीदुब चौबे शीबमुन राए प्रशाद राए जीतीराए लरीब प्रशन राए मथुरा राए मानीक राए बो बलराज राए बो रामरथराए गुदनी राए जैमङ्गल राए बो मोशमात जगरानी कुआर रामकुली कुआर बो आछबी राए रमेशर राए नैपालराए बुरामन चौबे बो राजनैन राए बो नन्हकु राए बो शजुर राए बो धुरबाहर राए शोबरन राए बलराम राए बो तुलशी तोशन राए बो बीशम्भर राए बो दिलजोर राए शुदी राए बो दलजीत राए बो शोना राए बी कीशनदेआल राए बो कुलवंत तेवारी गैर शाएलान तफरीक रोल	४।=६॥ ५।२ महाल हाजादबाआ है बइशतिशनाए हिशेशाएलान तफरीक रोल जिसका जमा बमौजीबदफे ११ एकट ११ १।९१८५९ इसवी इलहदे लाआजाता है बाकी हिससे गैरसाएलान तफरीक रोल व जमे १३६६=११ ५।२१४ मशात ६।० जीसमील नीलाम होगा

ता० १९ जून सन १८७४ मोताबीक मह आषाढ आओआल शन १२८१ शाल

NOTICE is hereby given, Section 11, Act VII (B C.) of 1868, and under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Chittagong will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on the 21st day of August 1874, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 25th day of May 1874

NOABAD.

Mouzah Mita Serra, Thana Ramoo.

No. 107.—Taluk Rustom Ali, Malik Rustom Ali; sudder jumma, Rs. 658-3 The entire taluk will be sold for arrears of Government revenue.

Mouzah Teknaaf, Thana Teknaaf.

No. 1401—Taluk Khepong Chowdry, Ompoori Chowdry, Srimoti Nao, Chaimpuri Chowdry, Aungiree Chowdry, and Kassim Ali Chowdry, Malik Khod; sudder jumma, Rs. 692-3; road fund, Rs. 6·15; total, Rs. 699-2 The entire taluk will be sold for arrears of Government revenue.

A. L. CLAY, *Offg. Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Sarun will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on Friday, the 31st day of July 1874, corresponding with 2nd of Sawan 1281 F.S., for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 8th in lieu of the 7th of June 1874.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

Serial No	Towji No	Name of Estate and Pergunnah.	Name of Proprietor.	Government revenue of the entire estate	Government revenue of the share which will be sold for arrears of revenue.	Arrears of revenue due from the estate
				Rs. As. P	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As P.
1	35	Pathar, Pergunnah Ander	Gungaproshad, Narain Sing, Darao Sing, and others	1,635 3 2	1,090 1 7	16 2 8½
2	58	Tiyan, Pergunnah Ander ...	Deepnarain, Sun Rai, and others	1,061 11 8½	155 0 6	12 2 3½
3	130	Manpore Patheji, Pergunnah Ander	Azmuth Ally, Hidaetoollah, and others	618 7 4	618 7 4	4 4 7½
4	240	Eksar, Pergunnah Bal ..	Harproshad, Narain, and others	812 11 0	355 5 6	12 13 10½
5	340	Pithowri, Pergunnah Bal	Sothoorhun Sahee and others	639 12 9½	155 7 3½	16 4 6½
6	931	Chaup, Pergunnah Bara	Toofaeloolla, Gholam Sarwar, and others	2,228 3 6½	146 11 3½	17 14 0½
7	997	Sewan, Pergunnah Bara .	Mussamut Aleh Bandi, Oli Mahammud, and others.	504 12 0½	376 9 0½	7 1 3½
8	1165	Rampore Chaund, Pergunnah Bara	Ramsahoy Sing and others .	671 6 10	581 6 10	19 6 8½
9	1215	Barkagaon, Pergunnah Barai.	Hukmuth Rai, Jadoo Nath Rai, and others	926 12 2½	926 12 2½	11 15 11½
10	1587	Poonuck Gouri, Pergunnah Chowbara	Gopaul Sahee, Aodan Rai, and others	587 3 4	347 6 0	20 15 5½
11	1754	Chirand PergunnahChirand	Gungadhur Sahoo and others	4,416 11 9½	1,142 4 8½	85 6 8½
12	2294	Bajraha, Pergunnah Goah	Ramanoogra Oopadhya, Devipandey, and others.	622 14 11½	171 15 11½	9 6 2½
13	2433	Chhap Soodersan, Pergunnah Goah	Ritburn Sing, Sewsahoy Sing, and others	821 5 4	344 11 1	16 10 7½
14	2459	Dharamraj, Pergunnah Goah	Meherban Sing, Ramsahoy Sing, and others	663 7 5	295 5 6	2 4 3½
15	2487	Ruscolpore, Pergunnah Goah.	Jhabboo Lall, uncle and guardian of Doorga Surun, minor, Ram Charn Sing, and others.	1,435 4 3	332 11 10	1 11 8½
16	2520	Dhewreé, Pergunnah Goah	Gholam Hossen Khan, Nabeedad Khan, and others.	517 5 4	517 5 4	2 16 0
17	2521	Saronja, Pergunnah Goah	Banessersahoy and others ...	2,013 2 1½	1,044 11 4½	35 1 5½
18	2521	Ditto ditto .	Kandbehari Lall	2,013 2 1½	151 2 0	4 5 6
19	2523	Sagooni, Pergunnah Goah	Brijraj Kuer, Gundharb Kuer, and others	1,536 0 0	1,536 0 0	2 3 8
20	2592	Shaikhpoor Rowza, Pergunnah Goah	J ygopal Sahoo, Ramunoogra Sing, and others.	602 13 9½	194 6 8	11 9 11½
21	2613	Kerwakutsa, Pergunnah Goah	Ramnarain Sing	3,146 10 8	685 6 8	1 1 8
22	2613	Ditto ditto	Sewtohul Sing ...	3 146 10 8	7 1 6	0 12 0
23	2813	Amuour Mauder, Pergunnah Muckaw	Moulvi Ather Hussen ...	12,485 1 3½	391 8 5 3k	0 14 5
24	2813	Ditto ditto	Joogesser Sahoy and others	12,485 1 3½	160 1 0	5 4 6
25	2895	Indai, Pergunnah Manjhi	Lobha Rai, Goordial Sing, and others	633 9 7	546 15 8	8 2 8
26	2984	Yeahpore, Pergunnah Madhul	Baijoo Rai and others ...	648 9 6	264 10 9	12 15 5½
27	3041	Gumbhari Pergunnah Madhul	Manogee Sing, Gunputh Sing, and others.	4,228 4 3½	2,782 12 6½	22 14 11½

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estate.

28	4397	Dearah Dhab, Pergunnah Madhul	Harsahoy Sing and others	591 0 0	591 0 0	3 12 6

J. S. DRUMMOND, *Offg. Collector.*

اشتہار نیلام بابت بقیۂ مالگذاري سرکار

واضح ہو کہ حسب دفعہ ۶ - ایکٹ ۱۱ سنہ ۱۸۵۹ع کے یہہ محالات موقومۃ الذیل ضلع سارن مین بابت بقیہ مالگذاري سرکار و دیگر دعوي جو ازروے دستورات قوانین مجاریہ موافق باقي مالگذاري سرکار کے بتاریخ ۸ جون بجاے ۷ جون سنہ ۱۸۷۴ع واجب الوصول ہي بروز جمعہ تاریخ ۳۱ جولائي سنہ ۱۸۷۴ع مطابق ۲ ساون سنہ ۱۲۸۱ فصلي کچہري میں صاحب کلکٹر اس ضلع کے بلا عذر عام نیلام مین رکھا جائگا۔

قسم اول محالات بندوبستي استمراري

نمبر شماري	نمبر توزیع	نام محال و پرگنہ	نام مالک مندرجہ سررشتہ	صدر جمع مسلم محال			صدر جمع اُس حصہ کا جو نیلام کیا جائگا			باقي جسکے لئے نیلام ہوگا			کیفیت
				پائي	آنہ	روپیہ	پائي	آنہ	روپیہ	پائي	آنہ	روپیہ	
۱	۳۵	پتار پرگنہ اندر	گنگا پرشاد نراین سنگہ دریاو سنگہ وغیرہ	۲	۳	۱۶۳۵	۷	۱	۱۰۹۰	۸¼	۲	۱۶	بعلتباقي مالگذاري سرکار نیلام ہوگا
۲	۵۸	تیانین پرگنہ اندر	دیب نراین سري راي وغیرہ	۸½	۱۱	۱۰۵۱	۶	۰	۱۵۵	۳¼	۲	۱۲	ایضا
۳	۱۳۰	مان پور بیچے پرگنہ اندر	عظمت علي وہدایت اللہ وغیرہ	۴	۷	۲۱۸	۴	۷	۶۱۸	۷½	۴	۴	ایضا
۴	۲۴۰	ایکسار پرگنہ بال	ہر پرشاد نراین وغیرہ		۱۱	۸۱۲	۶	۵	۳۵۵	۱۰¼	۱۳	۱۲	ایضا
۵	۳۴۰	پٹھوري پرگنہ دل	سترہن سہاي وغیرہ	۹½	۱۲	۶۳۹	۳½	۷	۱۵۵	۶½	۴	۱۶	ایضا
۶	۹۳۱	جانب پرگنہ باڑہ	طفیل اللہ غلام سرور وغیرہ	۶½	۳	۲۱۲۲۸	۳½	۱۱	۱۴۶	½	۱۴	۱۷	ایضا
۷	۹۹۷	سیوان پرگنہ باڑہ	مسماۃ الہ باندي ولي محمد وغیرہ	¼	۱۲	۵۰۴	½	۹	۳۷۶	۳½	۱	۷	ایضا
۸	۱۱۶۵	رام پور چاند پرگنہ باڑہ	رام سہاي سنگہ وغیرہ	۱۰	۱	۶۱۱	۱۰	۶	۵۸۱	۳½	۶	۱۹	ایضا
۹	۱۲۲۵	بڈکا گانون پرگنہ بري	حکمت راي جدوناتھہ راي وغیرہ	۲¼	۱۲	۹۲۶	۲¼	۱۲	۹۲۶	۱۱½	۱۵	۱۱	ایضا
۱۰	۱۵۸۷	پونک گوري پرگنہ چوبارہ	گوپال سہاي اودان راي وغیرہ	۴	۳	۵۸۷	۰	۶	۳۴۷	۵¼	۱۵	۰	ایضا
۱۱	۱۷۵۴	چراند پرگنہ چراند	گنگا دہر ساہو وغیرہ	۹½	۱۱	۴۴۱۶	۸½	۶	۱۱۴۹	۸½	۶	۸۵	ایضا
۱۲	۲۲۹۴	بجراہا پرگنہ گووہ	رام انوگہرہ آوندھیا دیبي پاندہ وغیرہ	۱½	۱۴	۶۲	۱۱½	۱۵	۱۷	۲½	۶	۹	ایضا
۱۳	۲۲۳۳	جہاب سوارس پرگنہ گووہ	ریت برن سنگہ شیو سہاي سنگہ وغیرہ	۴	۵	۸۲۱	۱	۱۱	۱۳۴۴	۷½	۱۰	۱۶	ایضا

نمبر شماري	نمبر توزيع	نام محال و پرگنه	نام مالك مندرجه سو رشته	صدر جمع مسلم محال	صدر جمع اُس حصه كا جو نيلام كيا جايگا	باقي جسكے سے نيلام هوگا	كيفيت
۱۴	۲۴۵۹	دهرمراج پرگنه گووه	مهربان سنگه رام سهاي سنگه وغيره	۵ ۷ ۶۶۳	۶ ۵ ۳۹۵	۳½ ۴ ۲	ايضا
۱۵	۲۴۸۷	رسولپور پرگنه گووه	جيتو لعل عم و ولي درگا سرن نابالغ رام چرن سنگه وغيره	۳ ۴ ۱۴۳۵	۱۰ ۱۱ ۳۳۲	۱½ ۱۱ ۱	ايضا
۱۶	۲۲۲۰	دهوري پرگنه گوه	غلام حسين خان نبي داد خان وغيره	۴ ۵ ۵۱۷	۴ ۵ ۵۱۷	۰ ۱۰ ۲	ايضا
۱۷	۲۵۲۱	سرونجا پرگنه گووه	بانيسر سهاي وغيره	۱¼ ۲ ۲۶۱۳	۴¼ ۱۱ ۲۰۴۴	۱½ ۵ ۱ ۳۵	ايضا
۱۸	۲۵۲۱	ايضا	كانده بهاري لعل	۱¼ ۲ ۲۰۱۳	۰ ۲ ۱۵۱	۶ ۵ ۴	ايضا
۱۹	۲۵۲۳	سگوني پرگنه گووه	برج راج كنور گندهرپ	۰ ۰ ۱۵۳۶	۳¼ ۴ ۱۵۳۶	۸ ۳ ۲	ايضا
۲۰	۲۵۹۲	شيخپور روضه پرگنه گووه	جيگوپال ساهو رام هرسهاي سنگه وغيره	۹½ ۱۳ ۶۰۱	۸ ۶ ۱۹۴	۱۱½ ۹ ۱۱	ايضا
۲۱	۲۶۱۳	كيروا كنّسا پرگنه گووه	اگوره سنگه وغيره رام نراين سنگه	۸ ۱۰ ۳۱۴۶	۸ ۶ ۶۸۵	۸ ۱ ۱	ايضا
۲۲	۲۶۱۳	ايضا	شيو تهل سنگه وغيره	۸ ۱۰ ۳۱۴۶	۰ ۱ ۷	۰ ۱۲ ۰	ايضا
۲۳	۲۸۱۳	امنور باندر پرگنه مگير	مولوي اظهر حسين	½ ۱ ۱۲۴۸۵	۵۲ ۸ ۳۹۱	۵ ۱۴ ۰	ايضا
۲۴	۲۸۱۳	ايضا	جوگيشور سهاي وغيره	½ ۲ ۱ ۱۲۴۸۵	۸ ۱ ۱۶۹	۶ ۴ ۵	ايضا
۲۵	۲۸۹۵	اينڈي پرگنه مانجي	لوها راي گورديال سنگه وغيره	۶ ۹ ۶۴۸	۹ ۱۰ ۲۶۴	۸ ۲ ۳	ايضا
۲۶	۲۹۸۴	ابجني پور پرگنه مڈهل	بيجوراي وغيره	۴كو۵پا ۴۲½ ۴۲۲۸	۸½ ۱۲ ۲۷۸۲	۵¼ ۱۵ ۱۲	ايضا
۲۷	۳۰۴۱	گيمهاري پرگنه مڈهل	منوگي سنگه گنپت سنگه وغيره	۸ ۱۵ ۵۴۶	۹ ۱۰ ۲۶۴	۱۱½ ۱۴ ۲۲	ايضا

قسم دويم محالات بندوبستي ميعادي با مالك

۲۸	۴۳۹۷	ديارة دهات پرگنه مڈهل	هرسهاي سنهگه وغيره	۸½ ۲۱ ۲۸۲	۰ ۰ ۵۹۱	۶ ۱۲ ۴	ايضا

تحرير في التاريخ ۲۲ جون سنه ۱۸۷۴ غ محمد رفيع محرر

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Chittagong will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on the 21st day of August 1874, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 26th day of May 1874.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 3880.—Taraf Obedullah Sheik, Mahomed Osi, and Sheik Mahomed Ali; recorded proprietors, Aimona Bibi, Ahmed Ali Bonnijan Bibi, Abdullah Khan, Mahomed Bashirullah Chowdry, and Romijaddeen; sudder jumma, Rs. 678-7-0 The entire estate will be sold for arrears of Government revenue.

A L. CLAY, *Offg. Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Patna will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district, on the 14th day of August 1874, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 8th day of June 1874.

CLASS I.—*Permanently settled Estates.*

Number of Towjee.	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Sudder Jumma	Name of Proprietors.	REMARKS.
		Rs. A. P.		
6	Unmarkhas, Pergunnah Tilhara.	2,240 0 0	Hurrukh Sing, Puraymun Muhto, Tekchand Garain, Mullick Uhmud Hosein, Gobindhun Chowbey, Mussamut Purma Cour, mother and guardian of Shayuck Muhto oorf, Gujadhur Pershad Muhto, minor Son, and Torul Muhto, an unrecorded proprietor.	Out of sudder jumma Rs. 2,240, Rs. 1,400 to be deducted on account share of Gobindhone Chowbey, Mussamut Purma Cour, mother and guardian of Shayuck Muhto oorf, Gujadhur Persad Muhto, minor son and Torul Muhto whose shares were brought under partition according to the provisions of Section 33, Regulation XIX of 1814 Sudder jumma advertized for sale is Rs. 840 on account of the share of Hurrukh Sing Puraymun Muhto, Tekchand Gaarin, and Mullick Uhmud Hosein, non-applicants which will be sold for arrears of Government revenue only.
65	Chatee, &c., Pergunnah Tilhara.	2,346 10 8	Moulvie Ushruf Hossen, Mussamut Mujeedun, Syed Ally Hossen, and Syed Moer Ally, Malicks	The entire estate will be sold for arrears of Government revenue only
210	Raneepore, Pergunnah Biswuk.	2,507 11 9	Motee Begum, Syed Uhmed Hossen, and Mussamut Khanumjan, Malicks.	Ditto ditto.
295	Mirjapore Geelanee, Pergunnah Tilhara.	1,318 0 0	Mussamut Saedjan, Mussamut Payaroonnissa, Mussamut Sungeejan, Mussamut Fureedun, Shekh Feda Ali, Mussamut Wuzeeronnissa, Mussamut Baygoojaun, Mussamut Hossenulljan oorf Omrao Sahebay, Mussamut Seetara, Shekh Ameer Ally, Mussamut Bursatun, Mussamut Busharutoonnissa, herself and mother of Shekh Wahed Ally, minor son, Mussamut Shukulbaso, Mussamut Mun Cour, Mussamut Shukulbaso, mother and guardian of Gunouree Muhto, minor son, Gopal Muhto, and Sheopershad Chowdrie, Maliks.	Out of sudder jumma Rs. 1,318, Rs. 700-3 to be deducted on account shares of Mussamut Shukulbaso and Mussamut Mun Cour, &c., with whom separate accounts were opened under Section 10, Act XI of 1859, and share of Mussamut Mun Cour and Mussamut Shukulbaso, &c., non-applicants. Sudder jumma advertized for sale is Rs. 617-13 on account shares of Mussamut Saedjaun Payaroonnissa, Sungeejan, Mussamut Fureedun, Shekh Feda Ali, Mussamut Wuzeeroonnissa, Mussamut Baygoojan, Mussamut Hosseneejan oorf Omrao Shebay, Mussamut Seetara, Mussamut Busharutoonnissa, herself, mother, and guardian of Shekh Wahed Ally minor son, and Shekh Ameen Ally with whom separate accounts were opened under Section 10, Act XI of 1859, which will be sold for arrears of Government revenue only.
486	Pancheetara, Pergunnah Behar	1,160 9 0	Mussamut Omutoolzohra oorf Beebee Bunno, Mahomed Baker, father and guardian of Waheedal Huq, &c., Maliks.	Out of sudder jumma Rs. 1,160-9, Rs. 1,132-0-5 to be deducted on account share of Mussamut Umutoolzohra oorf Beebee Bunno, &c., with whom separate accounts were opened under Section 10, Act XI of 1859, and whose shares were brought under partition according to the provisions of Section 33, Regulation XIX of 1814, and Syed Reza Ali, &c., non-applicants Sudder jumma advertised for sale is Rs. 28-8-7 on account of 4 annas share of Syed Jumal Ali in mouzah Moheeooddeenpore dedkolee khoord bozoorg appertaining to lot Pancheetara, with whom separate account was opened under Section 10, Act XI of 1859, which will be sold for arrears of Government revenue only.
746	Arazee Toufur Jahungurpore Mugurpul resumed mehal, Pergunnah Shahpore Munair.	7,828 0 0	Nundkishwur Malik	The entire estate will be sold for arrears of Government revenue only.

PATNA COLLECTORATE, BANKIPORE, the 24th June 1874. A. C. MANGLES, *Collector.*

صاحب کلکٹر بہادر ضلع پٹنہ کے حکم سے

اشتہار نیلام مطابق دفعہ ۶ اکٹ ۱۱ سنہ ۱۸۵۹ عیسوی

سب کو جاننا چاہئے کہ بہہ محال جو نیچے لکھا ہی بابت باقی مالگذاری سرکار و دوسری دعوی جو مطابق ر آئین و قانون جاری کے باقی مالگذاری سرکار کے ماوج وصول ہونی چاہئے وجو تاریخ ۸ ماہ جون سنہ ۱۸۷۴ع کو پانے تہی تاریخ ۱۴ ماہ اگست سنہ ۱۸۷۴ عیسوی مطابق ۱۶ ماہ ساون سنہ ۱۲۸۱ فصلی دن جمعہ کو اس ضلع کے صاحب کلکٹر کے کچہری مین بلا عدر کے سب کے سامنے نیلام ہوگا فقط

قسم محال بندوبست دائمی

توزیع نمبر	نام محال تعداد پرگنہ	صدرجمع	نام مالکیکا	کیفیت
۶	اعظم خاص پرگنہ تیلاڈہ	۲۲۴۰	ہرکھہ سنگھہ و پریمن مہتون و ٹیک چند گرائین و مالک احمد حسین وگوبردھن چوہہ رمسماۃ پرما کنور مادر والدہ سیوک مہتون عرف گجادھر پرشاد مہتون پسر نابالغ وتورل مہتون جسکا حصہ زیر نگرانی کیا گیا مطابق دفعہ ۴۳ قانون ۱۹ سنہ ۱۸۱۴ع وصدر جمع جو نیلام ہوگا ۸۴۰ بابت حصہ ہرکھہ سنگھہ و پریمن مہتون و ٹیکچند گرائین و مالک احمد حسین غیر مالکان کا بعلت باقی مالگذاری کے نیلام ہوگا	اسمین سے صدرجمع ۱۴۰۱ منہائی ہوگا بابت حصہ گوبردھن چوہہ و مسماۃ پرما کنور صادر والیہ شیوک مہتون عرف گجادھرپرشاد مہتون پسر نابالغ وتورل مہتون جسکا حصہ زیر نگرانی کیا گیا مطابق دفعہ ۴۳ قانون ۱۹ سنہ ۱۸۱۴ع وصدر جمع جو نیلام ہوگا ۸۴۰ بابت حصہ ہرکھہ سنگھہ و پریمن مہتون و ٹیکچند گرائین و مالک احمد حسین غیر مالکان کا بعلت باقی مالگذاری کے نیلام ہوگا
۶۵	چاندی وغیرہ پرگنہ تیلاڈہ	۲۳۴۶۰-۱۰-۸	مولوی اشرف حسین و مسماۃ مجیدن و سید علی حسن وسید میر علی مالکان مالگذاران	بعلت باقی مالگذاری کے مسلم محال نیلام ہوگا
۲۱۰	راج پور پرگنہ نسوک	۲۵-۷-۱۱۰۹	مرتی بیگم و سید احمد حسین و مسماۃ خانم جان مالکان مالگذاران	ایضا
۲۹۵	موزاپورگیلاڈی پرگنہ تیلاڈہ	۱۳۱۸	مسماۃ سید وجان و مسماۃ پیار النسا و مسماۃ سنگی جان و مسماۃ فریدن و شیخ فدا علی و مسماۃ وزیر لنسا و مسماۃ بیگو جان و مسماۃ حسینی جان عرف امراو صاحبہ و مسماۃ ستارا و شیخ امیر علی رمسماۃ نرساتن و مسماۃ اشارت النسا اصل نفسہ مادر شیخ راحد علی پسر نابالغ و مسماۃ شکل بانو رمسماۃ مکور ومسماۃ شکل بانو مادر والیہ گیندوری مہتون پسر نابالغ گوپال مہتون و سیو پرشاد چودھری مالکان مالگذاران	اسمین سے صدر جمع ۷۰۱-۳ منہائی ہوگا بابت حصہ مسماۃ شکل بانو و مسماۃ مکور و فیرہ جسکے متعلقہ حساب کھولا گیا بموجب دفعہ ۱۰ اکٹ ۱۱ سنہ ۱۸۵۹ع و حصہ مکور و مسماۃ شکل بانو و عیرہ غیر مالکان و صدر جمع جو نیلام ہوگا ۶۱۷-۱۳ حصہ مسماۃ سیدوجان و پیار النسا و مکی جان و مسماۃ فریدن و شیخ فدا علی و مسماۃ وزیر النسا و مسماۃ بیگو جان و مسماۃ حسینی جان عرف امراو صاحبہ و مسماۃ ستارہ و مسماۃ اشارت النسا اصل نفسہا مادر ولیہ و شیخ راحد علی پسر نابالغ و شیخ امیر علی جسکے متعلقہ حساب کھولا گیا بمراد دفعہ ۱۰ اکٹ ۱۱ ۱۸۵۹ع بعلت باقی مالگذاری کے نیلام ہوگا
۴۸۲	پانچی تارا پرگنہ نہار	۱۱۶۰-۹	مسماۃ امتہ الزہرا عرف بی بی بدو و محمد باقر پدروالی وحید الحق و عیرہ مالکان مالگذاران	اسمین سے صدر جمع ۱۱۳۲-۵ منہائی ہوگا بابت حصہ مسماۃ امتہ الزہرا عرف بی بی بدو و عیرہ جسکے متعلقہ حساب کھولا گیا بمراد دفعہ ۱۰ اکٹ ۱۱ سنہ ۱۸۵۹ع و زیر نگرانی کیا گیا بمراد دفعہ ۴۳ قانون ۱۹ ۱۸۱۴ع و سید رضا علی و عیرہ غیر مالکان و صدر جمع جو نیلام ہوگا ۲۸-۸-۷ بابت چہار آنہ حصہ سید جمال علی رافع معرض محی الدین بور دیوکی خورد نزرگ متعلقہ لاٹ پانچی تارا پرگنہ نہار جسکے ساتھہ حساب کھولا گیا بمراد دفعہ ۱۰ اکٹ ۱۱ ۱۸۵۹ع بعلت باقی مالگذاری کے نیلام ہوگا
۷۴۶	اراضی نوفیر جہانگیر پور صدر پال محال ضبطی پرگنہ شاہ پور منیر	۷۸۲۸-۲	بند کیشور مالک مال گذار	بعلت باقی مالگذاری کے مسلم محال نیلام ہوگا

فی التاریخ ۲۴ ماہ جون سنہ ۱۸۷۴ع

العبد رگھوبنس سہائے توزیع نویس

साहिब कलक्टर बहादुर जिले पाबनाके हुक्म से

दूसरबार नीलाम मुताबिक दफा ६ रूल ११ सन १८५९

सब को जानना चाहिये के यह मकान जो नीचे लिखा है बावत बाकी मालगुजारी सरकार को दूसरे दावे जो मुताबिक दफा ६ आईन जो कानून जारी के बाकी मालगुजारी सरकार की तरफ वसूल होने चाहिये जो तारीख ८ महीना जून सन १८७४ को पाने थे तारीख १४ महीना अगस्त सन १८७४ मुताबिक ता: १६ महीना भादव सन १२८१ फसली दिन जुमा को इस जिले के साहेब कलक्टर की कचहरी में बिक्री हजूर के सब के सामने नीलाम होगा

नीलामी नम्बर	नाम मकान और परगना	सदरजमा	नाम मालिकोंका	कैफियत
६	चमनारायण परगने सेरपाडा	११४०	हरख सिंह जो परेशन मकतो जो डेकचन्द मराई जो मलिक चमद होसेन जो गोवर्धन चौधे जो मो: परमाकुचर सादर बाकिये सेवकमकतो हरफ गजाधरपर्शाद मकतो पेसर नावालिग जो डोरल मकतो गैर मुन्दरजे सरिखे मालकान मालगुजारान	इसमे से सदरजमा १४ सिनकाई होगा ता: दि: गोवर्धन चौधे जो मो: परमा कुचर सादर बाकिये सेवक मकतो हरफ गजाधर प्रशाद मकतो पेसर नाबालिग जो डोरल मकतो जिसका किसे और बटवारा किया गया मोताबिक दः ११ ता: १९ सन १८१४ ई: जो सदरजमा जो निलाम होगा ८४० ता: किसे हरख सिंह जो परेशन मकतो जो डेकचन्द मराई जो मलिक चमद होसेन गैर सायलान का बरखत बाकी मालगुजारि के निलाम होगा
९६	खानि बगैरह परगने सेरपाडा	११४९।= ८	मवोलवि अशर्फ होसेन जो मो: मजिदन जो खद खलि हसन जो खद सिर खलि मालकान मालगुजारान	बरखत बाकी मालगुजारि के मुखलम मकान निलाम होगा
११०	राविपुरपुर परगना सेरपुर	१४०७।= ९	मोतिमेशन जो खद चमद होसेन जो मो: खानम जान मालकान मालगुजारान	बरखत बाकी मालगुजारि के मुखलम मकान निलाम होगा
१९६	खजापुर खिखानि परगना सेरपाडा	१११८	मो: खदो जान जो मो: ख्वारउखलिसा जो मो: खलिलान जो मो: फरिदन जो शेख फेदा खलि जो मो: वजिरउखलिसा जो मो: वेशुलान जो मो: होखलिलान हरफ उमराव साहिबे जो मो: सितारा जो शेख खमिर खलि जो मो: वसीलन जो मो: वखारत उखलिसा खखल विसनखखि सादर शेख बाहिद खलि पेसर नावालिग जो मो: अकल बाखो जो मो: मनकुचर जो मो: अकल बाखो सादर बाकिये मंदौरि मकतो पेसर नाबालिग मोधाल मकतो जो शिव प्रशाद चौधरि मालकान मालगुजारान	इसमे से सदरजमा ७०० = सिनकाई होगा बावत किसे मो: अकबाखो जो मो: मनकुचर बगैरह जिसके साथ विधाव होना गया बमौजिब द: १० रूल ११ सन १८५९ ई: जो किसे मनकुचर जो मो: अखलबाखो बगैरह गैर सायलान जो सदरजमा जो निलाम होगा ९१०॥ – किसे मो: खादोजान जो ख्वारखलिसा जो खलिलान जो मो: फरिदन जो शेख फेदा खलि जो मो: वजिरउखल लिसा जो म: वेशुलान जो मो: होखलि हरफ उमराव साहिबे जो मो: सितारा जो मो: वखारतखखलिसा खखलविसनखखसा सादर बाकिये शेख बाहिद खलि पेसरनाबालिग जो शेख खमिर खलि जिसके साथ विधाव होना गया बमोजाद द: १० रूल ११ सन १८५९ ई: बरखत बाकी मालगुजारि के निलाम होगा

तौजी नम्बर	नाम महाल और परगना	सदरजमा	नाम मालिकों का	कैफियत
४८६	पांचितारा परगना बिहार	११६०।–	मीः उमतउल जोहरा उरफ बिबि बनो ओ मोहमद बाकर पेदर बालि बहिदउलहक वगैरह मालकान मालगुजारान	इसमें से सदरजमा ११३२९५ मिनहाई होगा बाबत हिसे मोः उमतउल जोहरा उरफ बिबि बनो वगैरह जिसके साथ हिसाब खोला गेया बमोराद दः १० एकट ११ सन १८५९ ईः ओ जेर बटवारा किया गेया बमोराद दः ३३ कानुन १९ सन १८१४ ईः ओ स्यद रजा अलि वगैरह गैर सायलान ओ सदर जमा जो निलाम होगा २८।०७ बाबत चारआने हिसे स्यद जमाल अलि बाके मौजे अः मोहिउदिनपुर देवकलि खरद बुजुर्ग मुतअलके लाट पांचितारा परगना बिहार जिसके साथ हिसाब खोला गेया बमोराद: दः १० एकट ११ सन् १८५९ ईः बईलत बाकी मालगुजारि निलाम होगा
७४६	एराजि तौफिर जहागिरपुर मगरपाल महाल जपति परगने शाहपुरमनेर	७८२८ –	नन्दकिशर मालिक मालगुजार	बइलत बाकी मालगुजारि के मुसलम महाल निलाम होगा

तारिख २४ महिना जुन सन १८७४ ईः

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, and under Section 3, Act VII of 1868, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Rungpore will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district, on Wednesday, the 29th July 1874, corresponding with 14th Sraban 1281, B.S., for arrears of revenue and other demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th March 1874.

CLASS I.—PERMANENTLY SETTLED ESTATE.

To be sold for arrears of revenue.

No. 7.—Mouzah Moubhasha, &c., chackla Futtehpore. The shares of the recorded proprietors, Essan Chundra, Bhoyrub Chunder, Tara Mohun Chouhdry, Brojokishori Dassia, Dhanessury Dassia, Boroda Soondery, Joyuntee Debea, Nilkant Sirmah, Moharaja Nrependra Narain Bhoop Bahadoor, minor, Mohamed Sadutullah, for himself and Sadutullah and Komaruddin, on behalf of Majohurullah, Faratullah, and Enaitullah (minors), Mutiullah, Kutubullah, Harasundery Debya, Bamasundery Gupta Choudhurani, Shona Bibi, Amirullah, minor, Jodunath Shaha Chowdhry, having been separated under Sections 10 & 11, Act XI of 1859, are excluded. The shares of Ishan Chundra, Bhoyrub Chundra Chowdhry, Hurchunder Gossami, Protap Mul Rakha, Abrannessa Khatoom, and Hurish Chunder Roy, the sudder jumma of which is Rs. 719-5-5, will be sold for arrears of Government revenue. The entire sudder jumma of the estate is Rs. 6,554-13-8.

To be sold for arrears of revenue.

No. 241.—Mouzah Naskurpore, &c., pergunnah Borobillah. The shares of the recorded proprietors, Omaruddin Mohamed Chowdhry, Dhanessury Dassea, and Khajey Enaitullah Chowdhry having been separated under Section 11, Act XI of 1859, are excluded. The share of Omaruddin Mohamed Chowdhry will be sold. The sudder jumma of the share put up for sale is Rs. 46-5-10. The sudder jumma of the entire estate is Rs. 966-12.

RUNGPORE COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, the 8th June 1874. E. G. GLAZIER, *Offg. Collector.*

Notice

Is hereby given that the land specified in the schedule hereunto annexed, and of which the plan is open to inspection at the office of the Deputy-Commissioner of Nowgong, Assam, will be sold by public auction, at the office of the said Deputy-Commissioner, at 11 o'clock, on the 2nd October 1874, unless meantime the sale is stopped or postponed in consequence of claims or objections under Act XXIII of 1863 (to provide for the adjudication of claims to waste lands), or owing to any other cause.

For the conditions of sale see the detailed notice, copies of which may be obtained on application to the Deputy-Commissioner of Nowgong, Assam.

SCHEDULE.

A lot of waste land, consisting of about 317 acres, situated in Mouzah Telia Chapori, in the district of Nowgong, Assam, and bounded as follows:—

North.—A line drawn from pillar marked G, on the side of a road to pillar H, and a stream called Dijoo Nuddee on the north-east, at a distance of 400 yards.

South.—A line drawn from pillar O to pillar A, on the south-west, at a distance of 1,580 yards.

West.—A line drawn from pillar A to pillar B on the north-west, at a distance of 240 yards; from pillar B to pillar C on the north-west, at a distance of 200 yards; from pillar C to pillar D on the north-west, at a distance of 220 yards; from pillar D to pillar E on the north-west, at a distance of 1,320 yards; from pillar E to pillar F on the north-west, at a distance of 600 yards; from pillar F to pillar G on the north-east, at a distance of 940 yards.

East.—A line drawn from pillar H to pillar I on the south-east, along the edge of the above stream, at a distance of 400 yards; from pillar I to pillar J on the south-east, along the edge of the above stream, at a distance of 200 yards; from pillar J to pillar K on the south-east, along the edge of the above stream, at a distance of 120 yards; from pillar K to pillar L on the south-east, along the edge of the above stream, at a distance of 200 yards; from pillar L to pillar M on the south-east, at a distance of 500 yards; from pillar M to pillar N on the south, at a distance of 820 yards; from pillar N to pillar O on the south-west at a distance of 500 yards.

Note.—The pillars are marked A to O on the plan of the land filed in the office of the Deputy-Commissioner.

NOWGONG, ASSAM, the 1st May 1874. J. F. SHERER, *Deputy Commissioner.*

Notice

Is hereby given that the land specified in the Schedule hereunto annexed, and of which the plan is open to inspection at the office of the Deputy Commissioner of Nowgong, Assam, will be sold by public auction at the office of the said Deputy Commissioner at 11 o'clock on the 2nd October 1874, unless meantime the sale is stopped or postponed in consequence of claims or objections under Act XXIII of 1863 (to provide for adjudication of claims to waste lands) or owing to any other cause.

For the conditions of sale see the detailed notice, copies of which may be obtained on application to the Deputy Commissioner of Nowgong, Assam.

SCHEDULE.

A lot of waste land, consisting of about 396 acres, situated in mouzah Nizorikhat Hatirgaon, in the district of Nowgong, Assam, and bounded as follows:—

North.—A line drawn from a pillar marked N on the bank of a stream called "Dogajooree" to a pillar O, on the north-east, along the edge of the above stream, distance 100 yards. From pillar O to a pillar P, on the north-west, along the edge of the above stream, distance 260 yards. From pillar P to a pillar Q, on the north-west, along the edge of the said stream, distance 360 yards. From pillar Q to a pillar R, on the south-west, along the edge of the above stream, distance 200 yards. From pillar R to a pillar S, on the north-west, along the edge of the above stream, distance 350 yards. From pillar S to a pillar T, on the south-west, along the edge of the above stream, distance 233⅓ yards. From pillar T to a pillar U, on the north-west, along the edge of the above stream, distance 140 yards. From pillar U to a pillar V, on the south-west, along the edge of the above stream, distance 233⅓ yards. From pillar V to a pillar A, on the south-west, along the edge of the said stream, distance 166⅔ yards.

South.—A line drawn from a pillar marked F, on the west, at the foot of the hill called "Matiapahar," to a pillar G, on the north-east, along the foot of the above hill, distance 233⅓ yards. From pillar G to a pillar H, on the south-east, along the foot of the above hill, distance 180 yards. From pillar H to a pillar I, on the south-east, distance 150 yards.

West.—A line drawn from a pillar marked A, on the bank of the stream called "Dogajooree" to a pillar B, on the south-east, distance 129 yards. From pillar B to a pillar C, on the south-east, distance 200 yards. From pillar C to a pillar D, on the south-west, distance 233⅓ yards. From pillar D to a pillar E, on the south-west, distance 625 yards. From pillar E to a pillar F, on the south-east, at the foot of the hill called "Matiapahar," distance 500 yards.

East.—A line drawn from a pillar marked I, on the south-west, to a pillar J, on the north-east, distance 250 yards. From pillar J to a pillar K, on the north-east, distance 233⅓ yards. From pillar K to a pillar L, on the north-east, distance 700 yards. From pillar L to a pillar M, on the north-east, distance 550 yards. From pillar M to a pillar N, on the north-east, distance 140 yards.

The pillars are marked A to V in the map filed in the office of the Deputy Commissioner, Nowgong, Assam.

NOWGONG, ASSAM, the 19th May 1874. J. SHERER, *Dy. Commissioner.*

Notice

Is hereby given that the land specified in the Schedule hereto annexed, and of which the plan is open to inspection at the office of the Deputy Commissioner of Cachar, will be sold by public auction at the office of the said Deputy Commissioner at 11 o'clock on the 2nd September 1874, unless meantime the sale is stopped or postponed in consequence of claims or objections under Act XXIII of 1863 (to provide for the adjudication of claims to waste lands) or owing to any other cause. For the conditions of sale, see the detailed notice, copies of which may be obtained on application to the Deputy Commissioner of Cachar.

SCHEDULE.

A lot of waste land, consisting of 1,087 acres 1 rood 20 perches, situated in Pergunnah Berkhola, Mouzah Abong, in the district of Cachar, and bounded as follows:—

East.—The Abong river from pillar No. 1, at confluence of the Abong and Cacharee Cherra with the Dooloo river, to pillar No. 2, on the banks of the Abong and at the foot of the Casee Teelah to the north; thence, to pillar No. 3, on the top of the same teelah, and No. 4 pillar at the northern foot.

North.—From pillar No. 4, as above, to pillar No. 5 on the banks of the Mewah Cherra.

West.—From pillar No. 5 along pillars Nos. 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10, at the edge of the jungle on high teelahs to the west, and along No. 11 on the banks of the Cacharee Cherra.

South.—The Cacharee Cherra, between pillars No. 11 and No. 1.

The pillars are numbered from 1 to 11 on the map filed in the office of the Deputy Commissioner of Cachar.

SILCHAR, the 27th April 1874. O. G. R. MCWILLIAM, *Offg. Deputy Commissioner.*

[Fourth Publication.]

Notice

Is hereby given that the land specified in the schedule hereunto annexed, and of which the plan is open to inspection at the Deputy Commissioner office at Debrooghur, will be sold by public auction at the said Deputy Commissioner's office at 12 o'clock on the 2nd September 1874, unless meantime the sale is stopped or postponed in consequence of claims or objections under Act XXIII of 1863 (to provide for the adjudication of claims to waste lands) or owing to any other cause.

For the conditions of sale see the detailed notice, copies of which may be obtained on application to the Deputy Commissioner.

SCHEDULE.

A lot of waste land consisting of about 741 acres, situated in mouzah Kodomoni, in the district of Luckhimpore, and bounded as follows:—

North—By a straight line through the forest from a pillar, 1, bearing 242°, past an intermediate pillar, 2, to pillar 3, measuring 2,282 yards.

West.—By a straight line from pillar 3, through tree forest, bearing 176° and measuring 1,040 yards, to a pillar, 4; and thence by a straight line through tree forest, bearing 151° and measuring 660 yards, to a pillar, 5, on the Tettelia bheel.

South.—From pillar 5, along the northerly edge of the Tettelia bheel and the course of the Lohitkota river, to a pillar, 6, measuring, as the crow flies, 1,650 yards.

East—By a straight line from pillar 6, on the Lohitkota river, through tree forest, bearing 20° and measuring 825 yards, to a pillar, 7; and thence by a straight line through tree forest, bearing 355° and measuring 1,045 yards, to pillar 1.

The pillars are marked from 1 to 7 on the map filed in the Deputy Commissioner's office.

DEBROOGHUR, ASSAM, the 17th April 1874. W. S. CLARKE, *Dy. Commissioner.*

Notice

Is hereby given that the land specified in the schedule hereunto annexed, and of which the plan is open to inspection at the office of the Deputy Commissioner of Durrung, will be sold by public auction at the said Deputy Commissioner's office at Tezpore at 11 o'clock A. M., on the 3rd October 1874, unless in the meantime the sale is stopped, or postponed in consequence of claims or objections, under Act XXIII of 1863 (to provide for the adjudication of claims to waste lands) or owing to any other cause.

For the conditions of sale, see detailed notice, copies of which may be obtained on application to the Deputy Commissioner of Durrung.

SCHEDULE.

A lot of waste land consisting of 843·97 acres, situated in Mouzah Sakomatha in the district of Durrung, and bounded as follows:—

East—By a line running from pillar B to C along the Majulighor, measuring 3,375 yards long.

South.—By a line from pillar B to pillar A and by Gorsunga Bheel, measuring 1,155 yards.

West.—By a line from pillar A to pillar D along the Khoraghor and the Dehingjhan, measuring 2,215 yards approximately.

North.—By Bengna Khawa Joory (stream), measuring approximately 2,665 yards.

The pillars are marked A B C D on the map filed in the office of the Deputy Commissioner of Durrung, Assam.

J. M. GRAHAM, *Deputy Commissioner.*

ZILLAH DURRUNG REVENUE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE, the 16th *May* 1874.

Wanted.

A FIRST grade Canoongoe and Surveyor, salary Rs. 50, for the Sub-division of Cox's Bazar in the district of Chittagong. Candidates for the appointment are requested to submit their applications to the Commissioner of the Chittagong Division on or before the 10th of July 1874

None need apply who have not passed the native Civil Service examination.

R. L. MANGLES, *Offg. Commissioner.*

Wanted.

A SHERISTADAR for the Judge's Court, Jessore.

A thorough knowledge of English and of the duties of the office required. Salary Rs 120.

Applications and copies of testimonials to be sent to the District Judge of Jessore before the 25th July.

JESSORE JUDGE'S COURT, the 4th July 1874. H. B. LAWFORD, *Judge.*

Notice.

The place of translator in the Court of the District and Sessions Judge of Gya being vacant, applications for the appointment will be received up to July 21st by the Judge.

Copies of testimonials (not originals) to be forwarded with each application. The age of the applicant should be given in the application. A knowledge of both Urdu and Persian is indispensable. The pay of the appointment is Rs 100.

GYA CIVIL AND SESSIONS COURT, the 3rd July 1874. E. GREY, *Judge.*

Custom House.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having business with the Calcutta Custom House are hereby reminded that the existing rules for the payment of money into the Custom House must be invariably observed, and that no sum tendered contrary to these rules will be received.

The Custom House Treasury is open daily from 10-30 A.M. to 3 P.M., save on Saturdays, when it closes at 1 P.M.

As a rule, cheques which have not been accepted by the bank on which they are drawn are not received; this rule is, however, subject to special exceptions, with the approval of the Collector.

At 2-45 P.M. (Saturday excepted) the last remittance of the day is made to the Bank of Bengal, and after that hour no cheques which have not been accepted are received.

After 3 P.M., on Saturday after 1 P.M., no payments are received on any account.

Masters and Agents of ships having to pay marine dues are specially warned that they must do so before 3 P M, on Saturday before 1 P.M., otherwise port-clearance cannot be granted until the Custom House opens on the following day.

T. B. LANE, *Offg. Collector of Customs.*

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE, the 11th June 1874.

1 Parcel, S R G=	S R. Gubby, Esq., Calcutta	... China.
1 Parcel,	Messrs M. Aaron, Calcutta	... Ditto.

Notice.

List of Unclaimed Packages on the Custom House Wharf.

Mark or Number of Packages.		Ships
2 Casks,	Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co.	... Burmah.
1 Case,	[W H C] Revd. Wm. Harper, M.A., passenger to Calcutta	... City of Manchester
1 China dressing case,	no mark	... Hindostan.
1 Packet of tins,	no mark	... China.
2 Chairs,	Miss Lowen	... Woosung.
1 Case,	Holgate Graham, Esq., Passenger to Rangoon	... Navarino.
1 Bundle cooking pans,	no mark	... China.
1 Jar preserves,	no mark	... Ditto.
1 Spittoon,	no mark	... Ditto.
1 Bag vegetables,	no mark	... Statesman.
2 Bags,	Robert & Charriol, Calcutta	... Statesman.
1 Parcel,	N M	... Meinam.
1 Case,	[H. & Co.] 264 Calcutta	... Khiva.

N.B.—The above will be sold if not cleared within the 25th of July 1874.

1 Piece rod iron,	no mark, supposed to be L S F ...	... Jane Porter.
1 Case,	[G C S B] No. 146, Calcutta	... Star of Erin.

N.B.—The above, landed under the Act, will be sold if not cleared within the 31st of August 1874

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS, the 4th July 1874. T. B. LANE, *Offg. Collector of Customs.*

Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta.

NOTICE.

UNDER SECTION 69 OF ACT V (B.C.) OF 1870.

THE following Packages, landed at the Jetties from the undermentioned ships, have been removed to the Commissioners' Import Warehouse, where they remain at the risk and expense of the owners. If not cleared within two months from the date stated against each item, they will be sold under Section 72 of the said Act.

Date of removal to Import Warehouse.	No., Mark, and Description.	Consignees	Ships.
1874.			
June 30th ...	3 Packages, [203] A. B. & Co. ...	Order	...S.S. Queen Victoria
„ 30th ...	6 Cases, [123] ...	„	... Ditto.
„ 30th ...	2 Cases, [404] ...	„	... Ditto.
„ 30th ...	3 Cases, [217] ...	„	... Ditto.
„ 30th ...	8 Cases, [31] ...	„	... Ditto.
„ 30th ...	2 Cases, [328] ...	„	... Ditto.
„ 30th ...	1 Case, [220] ...	„	... Ditto.
„ 30th ...	13 Cases, addressed Capt. J. B. Blythesia.	Capt. J. B. Blythesia	Ditto.
„ 30th ...	51 Packages, B C D ...	Beer Chunder Dutt...	Ditto.
„ 30th ...	1 Case, B. P. & Co. ...	Order ...	Ditto.
„ 30th ...	2 Cases, H. S. K. & Co., C S B S	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 30th ...	3 Cases, [C & M] ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 30th ...	1 Case, [C A W] ...	C. A. Woodroffe ...	Ditto.
„ 30th ...	2 Casks, [C M] ...	Order ...	Ditto.
„ 30th ...	12 Casks, [D D & S] ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 30th ...	1 Case, [D D & S] ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 30th ...	1 Keg, [D R] ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 30th ...	1 Case, [108] E D J ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 30th ...	5 Cases, G & B ...	Graf & Banziger ...	Ditto.
„ 30th ...	1 Case, [G C S] J A ...	Order ...	Ditto.
„ 30th ...	30 Kegs, G. M. & Co. ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 30th ...	2 Casks, G. M. & Co. ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 30th ...	15 Cases, [H C H] A. B. & Co. ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 30th ...	8 Cases, I S D ...	Stationery Department.	Ditto.
„ 30th ...	7 Casks, I S D ...	Medical Department	Ditto.
„ 30th ...	1 Case, I S D ...	Financial Department Secretary to the Government of India.	Ditto.
„ 30th ...	1 Case, I. S D ...	Home Department Secretary to the Government of India.	Ditto.
„ 30th ...	1 Case, I S D ...	Sanitary Department	Ditto.
„ 30th ...	6 Packages, I S D ...	Marine Department	Ditto.
„ 30th ...	1 Case, I S D ...	State Railway ...	Ditto.
„ 30th ...	11 Cases, I S D ...	Meteorological Department.	Ditto.
„ 30th ...	1 Cask, I S D ...	Commissariat Department.	Ditto.
„ 30th ...	8 Casks, I S D ...	Chinchona Plantation	Ditto.
„ 30th ...	1 Case, I S D ...	Printing Department	Ditto.
„ 30th ...	2 Bags, [J N F] H. & Co. ...	J. N. Fleming and Co.	Ditto.
„ 30th ...	8 Casks, [K S D and Co.,] ...	Order ...	Ditto.
„ 30th ...	1 Cask, Home Secretary, H. G. Lyall, Esq. ...	H. G. Lyall, Esq., Home Secretary.	Ditto.
„ 30th ...	30 Kegs, L S & G S ...	Order ...	Ditto.
„ 30th ...	1 Case, [M. B. & Co.] J. M. & Co.	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 30th ...	56 Cases, M J C, Dacca ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 30th ...	1 Cask, Iron Chain, no mark ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 30th ...	1 Case, Corrugated Iron no mark	W. Magor & Co. ...	Ditto.
„ 30th ...	1 Iron Seine, no mark ..	Order ...	Ditto.
„ 30th ...	2 Casks, I S D ...	Commissariat Department.	Ditto.
„ 30th ...	1 Case, [P S] F. T. B. & Co. ...	Order ...	Ditto.
„ 30th ...	13 Packages, [11] R N ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 30th ...	1 Case, [R N] A. B. & Co. ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 30th ...	50 Cases, [S C R] ..	„ ...	Ditto.

Date of removal to Import Warehouse.	No., Mark, and Description.	Consignees.	Ships.
1874.			
June 30th ...	4 Cases, [V. S. & Co.] L K C ...	Order	...S.S.Queen Victoria
,, 30th ...	1 Case, [W C M] ...	,,	... Ditto.
,, 30th ...	2 Cases, Corrugated Iron mark defaced or W L M.	W. Magor	... Ditto.
,, 27th ...	45 Kegs, [C W S] ...	Scott & Co.	... S. S. Bertha.
,, 27th ...	8 Packages, W L M D ..	Order	... Ditto.
,, 27th ...	1 Case, L M S ...	,,	... Ditto.
,, 27th ...	10 Casks, no mark ...	,,	... Ditto.
,, 27th ...	1 Hogshead, N M S ...	G. C. Shaw & Co.	... Ditto.
,, 27th ...	1 Cask, W S R ...	Ram Chunder Pyne & Co.	Ditto.
,, 27th ...	2 Casks, [W] ...	Order	... S. S. Poonah.
,, 27th ...	3 Casks, Cement no mark ...	,,	... Ditto.
,, 30th ...	5 Casks, Cement no mark ...	,,	... Ditto.
,, 30th ...	2 Barrels [IB] A. B. & Co. ...	,,	... Ditto.
July 1st ...	1 Case, B S or no mark ...	Bonomally Shaw	.. Ship Chinsura.
,, 1st ...	1 Cask, [M N M 301] or no mark	Order	... Ditto.
,, 1st ...	10 Crates, [M. W. & Co.] ...	,,	... Ditto.
June 30th ...	20 Cases, [S. & Co.] ...	Scallan and Co.	..Ship Peter Stewart
,, 30th ...	1 Case, [ ] A. B. & Co. ...	Order	... Ditto.
,, 30th ...	1 Case, G. E H. & Co. ...	G. E. Hotel & Co.	... Ditto.
,, 30th ...	1 Sample Case, [D. T. & Co.] S W. W.	Order	... Ditto.
,, 30th ...	1 Drum, [D D P] ..	,,	... S. S. Timour.
,, 30th ...	12 Packages, [O & R. R. & Co.]...	,,	... Ship Chinsura.
,, 30th ...	1 Case, C C M ...	,,	... S. S. Malda.
July 4th ...	1 Case, addressed O. Gillanders...	O. Gillanders	... S. S. Historian,
,, 4th ...	1 Case; [H] ...	Order	... Ditto.
,, 4th ...	36 Angle Iron no mark ...	,,	... Ditto.
,, 4th ...	100 Plates Iron, G. M. & Co., no mark.	Pittamber Pyne	... Ditto.
,, 4th ...	1 Bundle Bolts, O Gillanders ...	O Gillanders	.. Ditto.
,, 4th ...	4 Pieces, round rod no mark ...	Order	... Ditto.
,, 4th ...	4 Bundles tiebars, no mark ...	,,	... Ditto.
,, 4th ...	2 Sheets Iron ...	,,	... Ditto.
,, 4th ...	2 Sheets Iron, A B ...	,,	... Ditto.
,, 4th ...	1 Sheet Iron, S S ...	Pittamber Pyne	... Ditto.
,, 4th ...	1 Cask, [J L] K & Co. ...	Order	... Ditto.
,, 4th ...	1 Keg, red lead, T M. & Co., or no mark.	,,	... Ditto.
,, 4th ...	2 Bales, M. G. & Co., P ...	,,	... Ditto.
,, 4th ...	12 Cases, [R L R] ...	,,	... Ditto.
,, 4th ...	22 Cases, R L D or G D S G ...	,,	... Ditto.
,, 4th ...	1 Sample Parcel, no mark ...	,,	... Ditto.
,, 4th ...	2 Wheels, no mark ...	,,	... Ditto.
,, 4th ...	16 Bundles rod iron ...	,,	...S.S. City of Mecca.
,, 4th ...	3 Fire Bars, M. B. & Co. ...	,,	... Ditto.
,, 4th ...	10 Castings, N. P. P. & Co. ...	,,	... Ditto.
,, 4th ...	1 Case, [400] A. B. & Co. ..	Mohaboo Bux	... Bulkamah.
,, 4th ...	1 Cask, [B G K] ...	Order	... Ditto.
,, 4th ...	1 Case, B. B. S. & Co. ...	,,	... Ditto.
,, 4th ...	1 Cask, E. T. & Co. ...	,,	... Ditto.
,, 4th ...	1 Cask, G. F. K. & Co. ..	G. F. Kellner & Co.	... Ditto.
,, 4th ...	1 Cask, H. A. & Co. ...	Order	... Ditto.
,, 4th ...	3 Casks, J T M, H. A. & Co. ...	,,	... Ditto.
,, 4th ...	1 Cask, K C K ...	,,	... Ditto.
,, 4th ...	4 Casks, [L. & Co.] N L ...	M. Lyall & Co.	... Ditto.
,, 4th ...	1 Case, Calcutta L. F. & Co., ...	Order	... Ditto.
,, 4th ...	3 Casks, [865] M M N M ...	,,	... Ditto.
,, 4th ...	3 Casks, [M] F. T. B. & Co. ...	,,	... Ditto.
,, 4th ...	56 Cases, [M 142] P. W. H. & Co.	,,	... Ditto.
,, 4th ...	1 Keg red lead, M. & Co., or no mark.	,,	... Ditto.
,, 4th ...	1 Case, N. C. & Co., or J T M, ...	,,	... Ditto.
,, 4th ...	1 Case, N. C. & Co. ...	,,	... Ditto.
,, 4th ...	33 Cases, [P M B] ...	,,	... Ditto.
,, 4th ...	4 Cases, P W G ...	M. Lyall & Co.	... Ditto.
,, 4th ...	2 Cases, P M B ...	Order	... Ditto.
,, 4th ...	5 Casks, [21] S ...	G. E. Hotel & Co	... Ditto.
,, 4th ...	3 Cases, S K S ...	Order	... Ditto.

CALCUTTA, the 4th July 1874. (269—1) W. DUFF BRUCE, *Offg. Vice-Chairman.*

Monthly Statement of Traffic passed through the Circular and Eastern Canals from 1st to 30th June 1874.

		Calcutta Canal.			Tolly's Nullah.		
		Bamun-ghatta.	Chitpore.	Rajah's Khal.	Samook-potta.	Russa.	Khiderpore.
Charcoal	Number of boats		148				8
	Maundage by canal measurement		147,800				6,850
	" of cargo by estimate		77,125				3,200
Wood Coal	Number of boats	3	5		3		
	Maundage by canal measurement	500	1,675		475		
	" of cargo by estimate	300	600		145		
Piece-Goods, Native Produce	Number of boats		7				
	Maundage by canal measurement		2,000				
	" of cargo by estimate		p. bale 200				
Piece-Goods, Imported Fabrics	Number of boats						15
	Maundage by canal measurement						5,200
	" of cargo by estimate						p. bale 2,400
Hides	Number of boats	4					
	Maundage by canal measurement	500					
	" of cargo by estimate	p. hide 200					
Cotton	Number of boats		10		1		1
	Maundage by canal measurement		2,400		100		300
	" of cargo by estimate		p. bale 250		p. bale 30		p. bale 100
Castor Seed	Number of boats						
	Maundage by canal measurement						
	" of cargo by estimate						
Castor Oil	Number of boats						
	Maundage by canal measurement						
	" of cargo by estimate						
Indigo	Number of boats						
	Maundage by canal measurement						
	" of cargo by estimate						
Jaggery	Number of boats	32			26		13
	Maundage by canal measurement	4,400			8,875		950
	" of cargo by estimate	2,000			3,150		550
Jute	Number of boats	85			4		4
	Maundage by canal measurement	90,025			6,175		2,875
	" of cargo by estimate	p. bale 2,200			2,200		p. bale 800
Lime	Number of boats	12					
	Maundage by canal measurement	16,000					
	" of cargo by estimate	11,200					
Mustard Seed	Number of boats	42	11		18		2
	Maundage by canal measurement	8,000	4,000		11,175		350
	" of cargo by estimate	5,200	2,100		5,000		150
Mustard Seed Oil	Number of boats		1				
	Maundage by canal measurement		400				
	" of cargo by estimate		100				
Salt	Number of boats		532				86
	Maundage by canal measurement		296,225				56,275
	" of cargo by estimate		177,559				23,908
Sugar	Number of boats	48			2		
	Maundage by canal measurement	16,000			440		
	" of cargo by estimate	11,800			200		
Tobacco	Number of boats	3	6				9
	Maundage by canal measurement	1,000	1,500				825
	" of cargo by estimate	600	600				475
Linseed	Number of boats	6					
	Maundage by canal measurement	2,000					
	" of cargo by estimate	1,400					
Paddy	Number of boats	42			182	1	
	Maundage by canal measurement	7,000			38,475	50	
	" of cargo by estimate	4,150			15,085	36	
Pulse	Number of boats	8			42		
	Maundage by canal measurement	2,000			17,375		
	" of cargo by estimate	1,150			8,220		
Peas	Number of boats	28					
	Maundage by canal measurement	4,000					
	" of cargo by estimate	2,280					
Rice	Number of boats	397			118	238	
	Maundage by canal measurement	244,800			67,275	6,875	
	" of cargo by estimate	134,998			31,275	5,980	
Wheat	Number of boats	2					
	Maundage by canal measurement	1,600					
	" of cargo by estimate	1,000					
Lentils	Number of boats	9					
	Maundage by canal measurement	2,600					
	" of cargo by estimate	1,200					
Grain	Number of boats						
	Maundage by canal measurement						
	" of cargo by estimate						
Sundries	Total number of boats	1,954	735	61	870	237	732
	" maundage by canal measurement	438,825	194,025	2,273	80,425	10,025	79,150
	" of cargo by estimate						
Spices, Peppers, &c.	Number of boats						
	Maundage by canal measurement						
	" of cargo by estimate						
Miscellaneous Vegetable Produce	Number of boats	2	5				8
	Maundage by canal measurement	100	800				450
	" of cargo by estimate	25	200				150
Shell-lac and other Dyes	Number of boats						
	Maundage by canal measurement						
	" of cargo by estimate						
Timber	Number of boats						
	Maundage by canal measurement						
	" of cargo by estimate						
Brass and Brass Works	Number of boats						
	Maundage by canal measurement	1					
	" of cargo by estimate	100					
Other Metals	Number of boats	25					
	Maundage by canal measurement		8				
	" of cargo by estimate		2,000				
Ghee	Number of boats		1,000				
	Maundage by canal measurement	2					
	" of cargo by estimate	700					
Silk and Silk Goods	Number of boats	250					
	Maundage by canal measurement						
	" of cargo by estimate						
Cotton Goods	Number of boats						
	Maundage by canal measurement						
	" of cargo by estimate						
Gunnies	Number of boats						
	Maundage by canal measurement	3					
	" of cargo by estimate	1,000					
Saltpetre	Number of boats	700					
	Maundage by canal measurement	1					
	" of cargo by estimate	700					
Horns	Number of boats	300					
	Maundage by canal measurement						
	" of cargo by estimate						
Firewood	Number of boats						
	Maundage by canal measurement	1,012			338		
	" of cargo by estimate	446,725			108,300		
Fish	Number of boats	220,500			78,048		
	Maundage by canal measurement	205			25		46
	" of cargo by estimate	12,500			4,700		2,000
Betel-nut	Number of boats	2,400			2,120		300
	Maundage by canal measurement	40			14		
	" of cargo by estimate	12,500			9,750		
		8,300			3,525		

Bhaffa Toll Collector's Office, the 3rd July 1874.

J. F. Gallitte, *Collector and Superintendent, Calcutta Canals.*

LOST CURRENCY NOTES.

THE following Currency Notes of the Government of India, Calcutta Circle, are stated to have been lost, and payment of their value has been claimed by the persons whose names are placed against the numbers; any other person having these Notes in his possession, or claiming a right to them, is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned :—

Notes wholly lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs	
6814	L/35 55764	10	Mohendronath Chuckerbutty.
	,, 64003	10	
	,, 86519	10	
6832	A/71 30699	50	Woomachurn Mukerjee.
	L/11 33601	20	
	L/14 35787	20	
	L/2 25328	10	
	L/2 77562	10	
	L/2 29770	10	
	L/2 90613	10	
	L/35 02890	10	
6835	.. L/35 48278	100	Janki Misser.
	,, 06556	100	
6839	... A/11 69219	100	Banemadhub Das.
	L/35 62263	100	
	L/2 18924	100	
6840	... L/10 99563	50	The District Superintendent of Police, Patna
6844	... A/35 05839	1,000	Khetternath Mukerjee.
6859	... A/11 42821	100	Sreehurry Sen.
6863	... L/35 95460	100	Tariny Churn Bose & Co.
	,, 58556	100	
	,, 69201	100	
	,, 86288	100	
	,, 93225	100	
	,, 67653	100	
	L/10 97281	50	
6864	... L/35 86128	100	Goordhun Das Roopram.
	,, 93237	100	
6871	... L/2 24520	10	Sreekally Ghose.
	L/35 51346	10	
6872	... A/10 39294	1,000	The Magistrate of Cuttack.
6873	... A/35 34097	1,000	Ram Bhunjo Ram.
	A/10 55671	500	
6885	... ,, 40553	100	Sunjum Ram.
6886	... ,, 67764	100	Poorno Chunder Poladhy.
	,, 57178	100	
	,, 77294	100	
6887	... ,, 03351	100	Bhoyroram Ram Chund.
	,, 39515	100	
	,, 76208	100	
	,, 76207	100	
	,, 76206	100	
6888	... L/35 28801	10	Mohendronath Mukerjee.
6812	... L/5 51330	100	T. J. Hughes.
6813	... ,, 99264	100	W. H Johnson.
6815	... L/10 01663	5	Gooroodas Neogy.
6816	... A/13 21989	20	H. Richardson.
6818	... L/35 45513	10	J. Statham.
6820	... L/2 28670	100	H. Fewatt.
6821	... L/35 79342	100	Mohendronath Dutt.
6822	... L/2 28634	5	Gangacharan Nandi.
	L/10 32603	5	
6823	... L/35 24791	10	Borodakanta Bosu.
6824	... L/35 14225	10	Jantyuzoodeen Hossein.
6825	... L/35 69880	100	C. J. W. Twemlows.
6826	... ,, 56176	100	Bhuggoban Das.
	,, 56178	100	
6827	... L/10 15383	5	Parvaticharan Mukerjee.
6828	... L/35 19661	100	Purmessur Misser.
	,, 10311	100	
6829	... L/11 65004	.....	Brahmeshwar Pershad.

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
6831	A/68 35645	10	H. Glas Smith.
6833	L/36 46687	10	Callachand Sing.
	L/13 50978	5	
6837	A/93 52060	20	H. Glas Smith.
	A/74 53058	20	
6840	L/37 21344	20	The District Superintendent of Police Patna.
	,, 40202	20	
	,, 43868	20	
	L/86 42630	20	
	,, 57745	20	
	L/18 08961	20	
	,, 26590	20	
	L/16 90796	20	
	,, 82910	20	
6843	L/26 19519	20	Radhagobind Ghose.
6847	L/88 37522	100	P. H. Durup deDombal.
6848	A/66 23443	10	The Honorary Secretary, Nurroa Club.
6851	L/ 80960	10	Premchund Sircar.
6852	L/10 72475	50	Prankissen Mookerjee.
6854	,, 72068	5	Doorgachurn Mookerjee.
	,, 72069	5	
	,, 72070	5	
	,, 72071	5	
6855	L/17 56182	20	Krishnakanta Pramanick.
	L/15 53181	10	
6856	L/17 46256	20	J. Beletty.
6857	A/44 36073	20	Troylukhonath Bose.
6860	L/56 01171	20	Abdool Hakim Khan and Abdool Gunny Khan & Co.
	,, 01172	20	
	L/17 65327	20	
	L/15 22857	10	
6865	L/86 51941	100	The Manager, Agra Bank, Limited.
	,, 51948	100	
	L/19 63401	50	
6866	L/74 59433	20	Hurry Ram Santloll.
6862	A/85 47327	500	Ramphul Ram.
	L/88 08134	100	
	,, 21784	100	
	A/88 85744	50	
	L/18 66049	20	
	L/86 08515	20	
	A/80 43659	10	
	L/ 28081	10	
	L/8 82120	10	
	,, 89500	10	
	L/J 62571	10	
	,, 97358	10	
	L/4 19751	10	
	,, 51759	10	
	L/9 55814	10	
	,, 82473	10	
	L/6 08696	10	
	L/88 39990	10	
	,, 39991	10	
	,, 39992	10	
	,, 39993	10	
	L/9 12512	5	Ramphul Ram.
	,, 12519	5	
	,, 97639	5	
	L/10 00883	5	
	,, 20883	5	
	,, 45507	5	
	L/11 49134	5	
	,, 89515	5	
6867	L/18 64091	20	Prosono Coomar Shome.
	L/11 05912	5	

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

Registered No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
6868	L/55 88099	10	Ramlol Dey.
6880	L/14 29244	20	Hurish Chunder Ghose.
	L/55 12694	10	
	L/10 27570	5	
	,, 27569	5	
6881	L/11 06797	5	Gopalkisto Daw.
6882	L/55 56866	20	Ajoodhia Pershad.
6883	L/14 14721	20	Shaik Umjeed Ally Khan.
	L/55 68221	20	
6890	L/15 22954	5	Gooroo Pershad Chatterjee.
6891	L/55 28108	10	Jalliram Bhurtia.
6892	A/09 54078	500	Sadooram Sodasook.
6893	,, 50057	500	Golab Chund.
6894	L/57 71689	20	Ramdas Banerjee.
	,, 71690	20	
6895	L/13 41990	10	Hem Chunder Mitter.
	A/55 63011	10	
	L/55 41991	10	
	L/15 20729	5	
6896	L/9 30318	5	Dwarka Nath Mookerjee.
6897	A/17 37021	10	Sambhu Narayan Sabye.
6898	L/55 64231	100	Madhub Chunder Banerjee.
	L/55 99459	20	
	L/55 45321	10	
6899	L/18 56772	20	Degindra Prosad Mookerjee.
	,, 56773	20	
6900	L/18 23165	5	Woomesh Chunder Sanyal.
6901	A/10 32605	10	Rakhal Chunder Ghose.
6902	L/14 73704	20	Goordhun Das Roopram.
	A/55 44055	500	
6903	L/57 65990	20	Capt. D. Spiller.

Wrongly joined.

6817	L/14 91859	20	The Chief Paymaster, East Indian Railway.
	,, 91856		
6819	L/33 71948	10	Ramjeewan Lal.
	,, 71949		
6845	L/15 52963	5	Mrs. Monteith.
	,, 52935		
6846	A/06 43689	20	R. Macallister & Co.
	,, 88300		
6849	L/10 70526	5	Bathgate & Co.
	,, 70528		
6850	L/6 60580	5	Juggeshur Addy.
	,, 60581		
6853	L/15 07423	5	
	,, 07424		
	,, 07422	5	Chundernath Roy.
	,, 07420		
	,, 07419	5	
	,, 07426		
6861	L/15 61895	5	Russicklall Bose.
	,, 61893		
6876	L/34 25285	10	Gobind Lal.
	,, 25286		
6877	L/15 92565	5	Mr. Jacob.
	,, 92567		
6878	A/08 59904	10	Gopal Chunder Paul.
	,, 59905		
6879	L/10 64746	20	Chuny Lall Johury.
	,, 64749		
6895	L/6 23809	10	Hem Chunder Mitter.
	,, 23803		
	A/55 66992	10	
	,, 66991		

PAPER CURRENCY DEPARTMENT,
The 6th July 1874.

L. BERKELEY,
Asst. Commr. of Paper Currency

Bhagiruthee River.

Weekly Water Report showing the least depth of water in the Bhagiruthee River for the week ending Friday, the 3rd July 1874.

Names of places, &c.	Least depth of water. Ft. In.	REMARKS.
Entrance below Chourasea	20 0	
Thence to Noorpore Junction, 6 miles	14 0	
Thence to Jungipore, 9 miles	13 0	
From Jungipore to Berhampore, 47 miles	13 9	
From Berhampore to Cutwa, 50 miles	16 6	
From Cutwa to Nuddea, 46 miles	15 3	

Height of water on guage at Berhampore on the 6th July 1874, above zero, 20′1½″.

T. BEATTY, C.E., *Offg. Exe. Engr., Nuddea Rivers Division.*

BERHAMPORE, the 6th July 1874.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal up to the 29th June 1874.

LIABILITIES	Rs.	A.	P.	ASSETS	Rs.	A.	P.
Proprietors' Capital, paid-up ...	2,20,00,000	0	0	Government Securities	1,38,00,750	7	4
Reserve Fund	15,35,004	8	9	Loans on Government Securities, &c., at Head Office and Branches . .	54,25,798	7	8
General Treasury Balance at Head Office .. Rs. 1,17,29,684 8 3	2,87,44,930	14	0	Accounts of Credit on Government Securities, &c., at Head Office and Branches	16,51,340	13	11
General Treasury Balance at Branches ... „ 1,70,15,246 5 9				Mercantile Bills discounted at Head Office and Branches	1,61,76 793	13	3
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	2,88,91,242	8	2	Dead Stock	11,36,129	0	4
Bank Post Bills, &c	1,80,260	14	6	Stamps	12,292	7	6
Sundries	13,74,501	15	3	Balances with other Banks	6,28,212	5	7
				Sundries . . .	36,360	13	7
				Bullion	40,727	9	8
					3,89 08,414	14	10
				Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office ... Rs 2,17,68,161 5 3	4,38,17,525	13	10
				Cash and Currency Notes at Branches . „ 2,20,49,364 8 7			
Total ...	8,27,25,940	12	8	Total ...	8,27,25,940	12	8

By order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL, *Calcutta, the 2nd July* 1874

F. A. GILLAM, *Offg. Chief Accountant & Deputy Secretary.*

R. HARDIE, *Secretary and Treasurer.*

(264—1)

Uncovenanted Service Family Pension Fund.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

RESULT of votes received on the questions submitted in the circular letter No. 1, dated 20th April 1874:—

SUBJECT.	For	Against
(1).—To divide Rs. 50,080 in the Widows' Branch during the year 1874-75 amongst qualified members of 3, 6, 9, 12, and 15 years' standing	653	39
(2).—To divide Rs. 22,022 in the Children's Branch during the year 1874-75 amongst qualified members of 3, 6, 9, 12, and 15 years' standing ...	655	37

The propositions being carried by the above majority of votes received, the rates of subscription already notified to subscribers will be payable from the 1st May 1874 to 30th April 1875.

By order of the Directors,

UNCOVTD. SERVICE FAMILY PENSION FUND OFFICE, The 30th June 1874.

W. H. RYLAND, *Secretary.*

(260—1)

STATEMENT of Government Promissory Notes enfaced for payment of interest in London, under deduction of amount re-transferred to India, and outstanding in the books of the Bank of Bengal on the 30th June 1874.

PARTICULARS.	3½ per cent. loan of 1853-54.	4 PER CENT. LOANS							4½ PER CENT. LOANS				5 per cent. loan of 1859-60	5 PER CENT. DEBENTURES FOR		Total amount.
		of 1824-25	of 1828-29.	of 1832-33	of 1835 36	of 1842-43	of 1854-55.	Transfer of 1865.	of 1856-57.	of 1870.	of 1871.	of 1872		10 years. Repayable June 1877.	15 years. Repayable June 1882.	
Balance of 15th June 1874	53,600	33,173	2,346	16,86,400	34,16,200	1,38,49,900	1,13,10,900	1,25,88,700	...	39,07,500	2,50,000	3,27,00,000	4,50,18,100	35,25,000	29,78,000	13,13,19,819
ADD—																
Amount enfaced at Madras between 16th and 30th June 1874	...	.....	.....	... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	...	.....	.....	32,000	1,000	.....	.....	33,000
Amount enfaced at Bombay between 16th and 30th June 1874	...	... ..	... ..	.....	... ..	51,000	.....	.....	...	.....	.....	.....	2,95,000	.....	.....	3,46,000
Amount enfaced at Calcutta between 16th and 30th June 1874	...	... ..	.....	4,266	26,000	66,000	18,400	1,21,000	...	54,400	.....	32,200	9,27,000	.....	3,000	12,52,266
TOTAL ...	53,600	33,173	2,346	16,90,666	34,42 200	1,39,66,900	1,13,29,300	1,27,09,700	...	39,61,900	2,50,000	3,27,64,200	4,62,41,100	35,25,000	29,81,000	13,29,51,085
DEDUCT—																
Amount written off in the London Registers ...	...	... ..	... ..	4,160	1,20,000	20,000	32,700	45,000	..	51,400	.....	1,66,700	7,41,500	.....	... .	11,81,460
Balance on 30th June 1874	53,600	33,173	2,346	16 86,506	33,22,200	1,39,46,900	1,12,96,600	1,26,64,700	...	39,10,500	2,50,000	3,25,97,500	4,54,99,600	35,25,000	29,81,000	13,17,69,625

NOTE.—From 9th June 1867 to 30th April 1874—Enfaced from India 1,876 lakhs, re-transferred from London 1,885 lakhs.
" 1st May 1874 to 15th May " " " 5 " " " 7 "
" 16th " " to 31st " " " " 3 " " " 13 "
" 1st June " to 15th June " " " 17 " " " 13 "
" 16th " " to 30th " " " " 16 " " " 12 "
1,917 1,930 "
1,917 "
Balance against London ... ... 13 "

PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE, BANK OF BENGAL,
Calcutta, the 2nd July 1874.

R. HARDIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

(268—1)

Administrator-General's Office.

NOTICE.

Admitted Claims against the undermentioned Estates are payable on Tuesday and Friday as usual.

Estates.	Claims or dividend	Rates of dividend per rupee
* Anderson, John, late a Tea-planter in the district of Cachar.	Claims	in full.
Inglis, J. M., late a Hotel-keeper at Cawnpore ...	1st dividend	at 11 ans. 3 pie.
* McMullin, C. N., late in the Bengal Staff Corps ...	Claims	in full.
May, W. G., Assistant Surgeon, late in the Bengal Medical Establishment.	1st dividend	at 3 ans.
McLaughlin, George, late sole proprietor of the firm of Mesdmes, Lines and Co., Milliner, carrying on business at Simla and other places in the Punjab and North-Western Provinces.	2nd dividend	at $3\frac{5}{11}$ pie.
* Sanderson, William, late an Executive Engineer in the Punjab.	Claims	in full.

N.B—The surplus of the estates marked * is carried over to the account for the persons interested, and no other claims against the estates can be admitted. Persons presenting receipts for payment are requested at the same time to produce the registry certificates which have been granted to them from this office.

L. P. D. BROUGHTON, *Administrator-General.*

HIGH COURT, CALCUTTA, the 7th July 1874. (271—1)

Sale of Landed Property.

PURSUANT to an order of the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta, made in the matter of Bernhardt Howard, Robert Carr, and Robert Howard, Insolvents, dated the 14th day of April 1874, A. B. Miller, Esquire, Official Assignee and Assignee to the estate and effects of the said Insolvents, will sell by public auction at his office, No. 3, Old Post Office Street, at noon on Thursday, the sixteenth day of July 1874, with the concurrence of the mortgagee, the following valuable properties:—

Lot No. 1.—All those several pieces or parcels of land purchased and leased by the said firm of Messrs. Howard Brothers, comprising, more or less, 80 beeghas, situate in mouzahs Dunghur, Buthooa, and Baroundha, being near and about the railway-station at Mirzapore.

Lot No. 2.—All that pucka brick-built messuage or dwelling-house, with the land or ground attached thereto, containing, more or less, 4 beeghas 5 biswas and 10 dhoors, situate and being in the mouzah Baroundha, in Mirzapore aforesaid, lying to the north-east of the railway-station yard, and bounded as follows, that is to say: on the north by fields and road leading from the railway to the Civil station; on the south by the road from the city of Mirzapore to Chunnar; on the east by open fields, and on the west by a field and the said road from the railway to the Civil station.

Lot No. 3.—All that brick-built messuage or dwelling-house with detached office, building, godowns, sheds, workshops, and cotton-screw building, with cotton-presses, and the land and ground attached thereto, containing, more or less, 4 acres, situate and being near the city of Jubbulpore, in the Central Provinces, and bounded in manner following, that is to say: on the north by the road leading from the Omtee bridge past the Government Dispensary, to the city of Jubbulpore; on the south by the road leading from the said Omtee bridge to Murha Tal, or lake; on the east by Moonshee Golam Nubbee Khan's bungalow; and on the west by the road leading from the city to the said Murha Tal.

Lot No. 4.—All that messuage or building erected for the purpose of a screw-house with the land attached thereto, containing, more or less, situate in Allahabad, and registered as No. 51 in the old Civil station, and bounded as follows: on the north by a tank; on the south by the River Jumna; on the east by the Government Hospital; and on the west by a portion of Kydgunge Bazar.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Mr. N. Paliologus, Solicitor, No. 2, Garstin's Place, Calcutta. (238—3)

Estate of William James Macdonald, deceased.

IN pursuance of Section 42 of Act XXVIII of 1866, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of William James Macdonald, formerly of Upper Assam, and late of Litherland Park, Litherland, in the Parish of Lifton and County of Lancaster in England, a tea-planter, deceased, should send in particulars thereof to Cunningham Hudson of Calcutta, a member of the firm of Messrs. Balmer, Lawrie and Company, the administrator, with the will annexed to the estate of the said deceased, at No. 103, Clive Street, on or before the first day of October 1874, after which date the assets of the estate will be distributed.

CHAUNTRELL, KNOWLES and ROBERTS, *Attorneys.*

The 1st July 1874. (266—3)

PURSUANT to a decree of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction, made in suit No. 744 of 1873 (wherein Boodh Sing and Bissen Chund, both residing at Azeemgunge in the district of Moorshedabad, in the Province of Bengal, and carrying on business in copartnership at Cross Street, Burra Bazar, in the town of Calcutta, under the style and firm of Mool Chund, Hurreck Chund, and at Serajgunj under the style and firm of Neem Chund, Hurreck Chund, on behalf of themselves and the other creditors of the estate of Radhagobind Shaw, deceased, are plaintiffs, and Sreenibash Shaw and Hurrydhone Shaw, the infant sons of one Radhagobind Shaw, deceased, and Sreemutty Kooboja Dassee, widow of the said Radhagobind Shaw, and mother and guardian of the said infants, all residing at Shoba Bazar Street, Hatkhollah, in the town of Calcutta, are defendants), and dated the ninth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, all creditors of the said Radhagobind Shaw, deceased, are, on or before the first day of August, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, to come in and prove their respective debts and claims before the Honorable Arthur George Macpherson, one of the Judges of the said Court, at the Court House, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said decree.

The eighth day of August one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at the said High Court, is appointed for hearing and adjudicating upon the said claims.

ORR AND HARRISS, *Plaintiffs' Attornies.* R. BELCHAMBERS, *Registrar.*

CALCUTTA HIGH COURT, ORIGINAL JURISDICTION, the 2nd day of June 1874. (224—5)

New Beerbhoom Coal Company, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the second ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Office of the Company, 14 Old Court House Street, on Saturday, the 18th day of July 1874, at noon, for the purpose of receiving the Directors' report and accounts for the half year ending 30th April 1874, and declaring a dividend; and for the transaction of any other business that may be brought forward.

The share transfer books of the Company will be closed for fourteen days from the 4th July.

CALCUTTA, the 25th June 1874. STEEL, MCINTOSH, AND CO., *Managing Agents.*

New Beerbhoom Coal Company, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that an extraordinary meeting of the shareholders will be held on the 18th instant, at 12½ o'clock, or immediately after the ordinary meeting advertised to be held on that day has terminated, to pass a resolution sanctioning the increase of capital to Rs. 7,20,000 by the issue of new shares to the value of one lakh and twenty thousand rupees as recommended by the Director's in their report.

The 6th July 1874. (270—1) STEEL, MCINTOSH AND CO, *Managing Agents.*

Muddenhaut Tea Company, Limited, in Liquidation.

THE meeting called for the 30th May not having been attended, a general meeting of the shareholders of the above Company will be held at No. 1, Vansittart Row, on Monday, the 10th August 1874, at noon, to receive the report of the Liquidator, and finally wind up the Company. (263—1) WALTER GRAY, *Liquidator.*

Notice

Is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned in London under the style of Goolden, Smellie and Company, and in Calcutta of Smellie and Company, has been dissolved as from the 30th instant by mutual consent.

The London firm will henceforth be carried on by Mr. R. E. Goolden under the style of Goolden and Company, and the Calcutta firm by Mr. S. N. Smellie under the style of Smellie and Company.

Dated this 29th day of June 1874.

Witness,
W. H. GOOLDEN. (259—3)

R. E. GOOLDEN,
By his Attorney, S. N. SMELLIE,
S. N. SMELLIE.

Notice.

MY SON, Mohendro Nath Bhose, has been authorized to sign my firm of Tarinee Churn Bhose and Co. (214—6) TARINEE CHURN BHOSE.

Notice.

FOUND AT PATTAMOONDI, CHUTTI.

Three Government Currency Notes for Rs. 10 each, bearing numbers $\frac{L}{83}$19768, $\frac{L}{4}$33440, $\frac{A}{97}$77221. The owner may have them by adducing proper proofs and rewarding the finder. If no claim is made within a month, the notes will be escheated to Government.

KENDRAPARAH, the 9th June 1874. (233—5) S. C. NAUTH, *Dy. Collector.*

Revised Notice

Is hereby given that the undermentioned Currency Note for Rs. 50 has been found out by a person in a bundle of waste papers, purchased by him from different places. Any person claiming the said notes as his own, must apply to the undersigned with necessary proofs within one month from the date of publication. If no claimant appear within the period, the note in question will be disposed of according to rule.

Currency Note No. C-33348, dated Calcutta, 19th October 1857.

RAM COOMAR BOSE, *Dy. Collr., Culna.*

DY. COLLR.'S OFFICE, CULNA, the 17th June 1874. (244—3)

Burnt by Fire.

THE 4 per cent. Government Promissory Notes No. 2766, of 1st May 1865, for Rs. 500, and 5 per cent. No. 65299, of 28th February 1856-57, for Rs. 500.

HOWRAH RAMKRISTOPORE, the 17th June 1874. (239—3) SARADA CHARAN BASU.

Stolen.

THE Government Promissory Note No. 037145 of the 4 per cent. loan of 1st May 1865 for Rs. 500, originally standing in the name of Okil Chunder Mookerjee, and last endorsed to Khetter Nath Mookerjee, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, and application is to be made for the issue of duplicates in favor of the proprietor.

(258—3) KHETTER NAUTH MOOKERJEE, *Panihatty.*

Stolen.

THE public are hereby cautioned not to receive or pay money in exchange for the Currency Note of Rs. 1,000, Calcutta Circle, bearing No. $\frac{488}{80294}$, as the same has been stolen with other notes of minor value and fifty rupees in cash from the shop of a tradesman of the Town of Cuttack. Payment has been already stopped at Government treasuries.

Any communication concerning the recovery of the missing note and the arrest of the thief should be addressed, bearing postage, to the Magistrate and Collector of Cuttack.

JOHN BEAMES, *Collector.*

CUTTACK MAGISTRATE AND COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, the 23rd June 1874 (265—3)

Lost.

THE upper half of Government Promissory Note No. 020899 of the 4 per cent. of 1st May 1865, for Rs. 500, originally standing in the name of Jibunkristo Mullick, and last endorsed to Doorga Churn Mullick, the proprietor by whom it was never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, and application is to be made for the issue of duplicates in favor of the proprietor.

(251—3) DOORGA CHURN MULLICK, *Calcutta, Shiboo Takoor's Lane, No.* 67.

LOST, the Government Promissory Note No. 027651 of the 4 per cent. of 1854-55 for Rs 500, originally standing in the name of Mudooshudun Bachusputty, and never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the above Note, and the interest thereupon, have been stopped (261—3) MUDOOSHUDUN BACHUSPUTTY.

LOST, the Government Promissory Note No. 005487 of 4½ per cent. of 1872 for Rs. 500, originally standing in the name of Wooma Nath Chatterjee, and never endorsed to any other person Payment of the above Note, and the interest thereupon, have been stopped. (262—3) WOOMA NATH CHATTERJEE.

For Sale.

AT the Meteorological Office, No. 22 Chowringhee, the following official publications:—

Meteorological Report of	1867	..	..	..	Rs.	0	12 per copy.
Ditto ditto	1868	..	..	..	„	1	8 „
Ditto ditto	1869	..	..	..	„	2	4 „
Ditto ditto	1870	..	..	..	„	2	6 „
Ditto ditto	1871	..	..	..	„	2	8 „
Ditto ditto	1872	..	..	..	„	3	0 „
Administration Report of	1870-71	..	..	..	„	0	4 „
Ditto ditto	1871-72	..	..	..	„	0	4 „
Ditto ditto	1872-73	..	..	..	„	0	4 „
A table of the average monthly and annual rainfall at 98 Stations in Northern India		..	..	..	„	0	4 „

The above are also to be obtained at the same prices at Messrs. Thacker Spink and Company, No. 5, Government place.

HENRY F. BLANFORD, *Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.*

CALCUTTA, the 22nd September 1873.

Notice.

THE *ASSAM GAZETTE* is published every Saturday. It is available to the public at the following rates:

	Rs.	As.	P.	
Single number	0	4	0	
Annual subscription	7	4	0	(without postage).
Ditto ditto	9	0	0	(with postage, to be paid in advance).

Applications for the *Gazette* should be addressed to the "Publisher of the *Assam Gazette*, Shillong."

Non-official advertisements will be inserted in the *Assam Gazette* only when they are paid for in advance at the following rates:

	Rs.	As.	P.
For first insertion, not exceeding 40 words	1	0	0
Ditto ditto 60 „	1	8	0
Ditto ditto 80 „ ...	2	0	0

and for every 20 words above 80, eight annas extra.

For second and subsequent insertions, the charges will be at half the above rates. The number of insertions required should be entered on the face of the advertisement.

Advertisements should be addressed to the "Publisher of the *Assam Gazette*, Shillong."

SHILLONG, the 26th May 1874. H. L. JOHNSON, *Secretary.*

Rates of Subscription to the Calcutta Gazette

FROM 1ST JANUARY 1872.

Payable in advance.

For one year without postage	Rs.	15	0	0		
Ditto with postage	„	20	0	0		

When Postage Stamps are remitted in payment of subscription, half an anna in the rupee should be added for discount.

Publications for Sale at the Bengal Secretariat Press.

THE BENGAL ADMINISTRATION REPORT FOR 1872-73, *price*...	Rs.	7	8	0
MAP OF BENGAL, 1873, *price*, if taken with the Report	„	1	0	0
Ditto, separately	„	2	0	0

Rules for the Sale of Waste Lands, *price* 4 *annas.*

Act VII (B.C.) of 1873 (Labor Districts Emigration), the Government Resolution thereon, and the Rules and Forms under the Act, bound up together in pamphlet form 8 annas per copy, or, including postage .. .. Rs. 0 10 0

Papers Regarding the Tea Industry in Bengal, *price* Rs. 3.

Report on the Cultivation of, and Trade in, Jute in Bengal, and on Indian Fibres available for the Manufacture of Paper, with map. By HEM CHUNDER KERR, Deputy Magistrate on special duty. Price ... ... Rs. 8 0 0

A Report of the District of Jessore: its Antiquities, its History, and its Commerce. (Second Edition, Revised and Corrected). By J. WESTLAND, ESQ., C.S., late Magistrate and Collector of Jessore. Price ... ... Rs. 3 0 0

Selection of Papers regarding the Hill Tracts between Assam and Burmah, and on the Upper Brahmapooter. Price ... ... Rs. 5 0 0

Selections from Divisional and District Annual Administration Reports, 1872-73, with the Government Resolutions on them. Price ... ... Rs. 5 0 0

Apply to E. M. LEWIS, Bengal Secretariat Press, 28, Chowringhee Road, Calcutta.

☞ The following books may be had from the Office of Superintendent, Government Printing, No. 8, Hastings Street. No orders can be attended to, unless accompanied by a remittance. When postage stamps are forwarded, one anna additional should be sent for every Rupee's worth of stamp for discount in exchanging them for cash. Service labels are not received.

Books required on the public service are only supplied when authorized by the Department under whose orders they are published.

Just published.

Army List—New Number.

The Official Quarterly Army List of H. M.'s Forces in Bengal, to which is appended the Civil Service Gradation List, corrected up to 1st July 1874. *Price Rs.* 4; *packing and postage*, 8 *annas.*

Recently Published.

Rules for the Qualification, Admission, and Enrolment of Pleaders and Mooktears in Mofussil Courts. *Price* 4 *annas; by post*, 5 *annas.*

Recently Published.

Rules for Admission of Vakeels in the High Court. *Price* 4 *annas; by post* 5 *annas.*

New authorized edition corrected up to 1*st December* 1873; *royal* 8vo., *limp covers, with every alternate page blank for entering notes and alterations.*

The Civil Pension Code. *Price, Re.* 1-4; *packing and postage*, 4 *as.*
The Civil Leave Code. *Price, Re.* 1; *packing and postage*, 3 *as.*
The Acting Allowance Code. *Price, As.* 8; *packing and postage*, 2 *as.*; *or*
The Three Codes bound in one vol. *Price, Rs.* 2-8; *packing and postage* 8 *as.*

A Report on the Expedition to Western Yunan *viâ* Bhamo. By John Anderson, M.D., Medical Officer and Naturalist to the Expedition. *Price Rs.* 8.

Report of the Commissioners appointed by the Government of India to inquire into the Origin, Nature, &c., of Indian Cattle Plagues. With Appendices, Calcutta, 1871. Fol. pp. xxx and 999, with Maps. *Price Rs.* 10; *packing* 4 *annas.*

Selections from Unpublished Records of Government for the years 1748 to 1767 inclusive. Relating mainly to the social condition of Bengal. With a Map of Calcutta in 1784. By the Rev. J. Long, Member of the Government Record Commission. *Price Rs.* 5; *packing and postage* 1 *Re. extra.*

Selections from Calcutta Gazettes of the years 1816 to 1823 inclusive, showing the political and social condition of the English in India upwards of fifty years ago. By Hugh David Sandeman, C.S., Accountant-General, Bengal, and Member of the Record Commission. *Volume I, Rs.* 3, *and Volumes II, III, IV, and V, at Rs.* 5 *each*; *packing and postage Re.* 1 *extra.*

Revised (Indian) Army Regulations, Regulations and Orders for the Army of the Bengal Presidency. Published by authority. Royal 8vo., cloth boards. *Price, Rs.* 4; *packing and postage, Re.* 1. *Interleaved copy, Rs.* 5; *packing and postage, Re.* 1-12.

Book of Forms referred to in the above. Foolscap folio, enclosed in stiff covers. *Price, Rs.* 2; *packing and postage, Re.* 1-8.

Report on the Fresh Water Fish and Fisheries of India and Burma. By Surgeon-Major Francis Day, F.L.S. & F.Z.S., Inspector-General of Fisheries in India. *Price Rs.* 2; *packing and postage* 10 *annas extra.*

Public Works Department Classified List and Distribution Return of Establishment, corrected up to 1st October 1873. *Price Rs* 2; *packing and postage* 4 *annas.*

The Thanatophidia of India, being a description of the venomous snakes of the Indian Peninsula, with an account of the influence of their poison on life, and a series of experiments. By J. Fayrer, M.D., C.S.I., F.R.S.E., Honorary Physician to the Queen, Surgeon-Major, Her Majesty's Bengal Army, Professor of Surgery and Senior Surgeon in the Calcutta Medical College and its Hospital, Fellow of the University of Calcutta, and late President of the Asiatic Society of Bengal. *Price Rs.* 80 *per copy; packing and postage, Rs.* 2-4.

The older Statutes in force in India, edited, with Notes and an Index, by Whitley Stokes, Esq. *Price Rs* 5; *packing and postage*, 3 *as*

A collection of Statutes relating to India passed between the years 1855 and 1870, both inclusive, being a Supplement to the Law relating to India and the East India Company, fifth edition, edited, with an Index to the Statutes relating to India not expressly repealed in August 1867, by Whitley Stokes, Esq. *Price Rs.* 10; *packing and postage*, 12 *as*

The Acts of the Government of India from 1854 to date, with Indexes and lists of titles, each separately available.

Vocabulary of Ordnance Stores, for adoption throughout British India: prepared, under the orders of the Government of India, by Ensign J. Tanner, Deputy Assistant Commissary, Bengal Ordnance Department, and rated in the Office of the Examiner of Ordnance Accounts, Fort William. *Price Rs.* 6; *packing and postage, Re.* 1-8 *extra.*

Postal Notice.

No. 9216.

The 4th July.—It has been found necessary to reduce the weight at present conveyed by the passengers' carriages on the Darjeeling line. It is therefore notified that from the 1st proximo, only two adult passengers will be carried inside a carriage, whether ordinary or express, the outside seat remaining available as at present.

One passenger engaging on express will be allowed 4 maunds of baggage, two passengers 2 maunds, and 3 passengers 1½ maund.

The mileage charge under clause (*e*) Rule (5) on page 74 will be reduced, for a seat in the ordinary, to eight annas a mile, and on the mail cart to 4 annas.

T. W. GRIBBLE, *Offg. Post Master General, Bengal.*

Postal Notices.

SEA OVERLAND MAILS.

For	Box closes at	Date.	Per Steamer.
Rangoon, Moulmein, and Straits ...	7 P.M. ...	10th July 1874...	*Agra.*
Ceylon, Straits, Hong-Kong, United States of America, and the Colonies of Queensland and Victoria *vid* Torres' Straits, the latter if specially superscribed.	7 „ ...	10th „ „	*From Bombay.*
Chittagong, Akyab, and Kyouk Phyoo ...	7 „ ...	10th „ „	*Busheer.*
Persian Gulf ...	7 „ ...	12th „ „	*From Bombay.*
Madras and Ceylon ...	7 „ ...	13th „ „	*Bangalore.*
Madras, Ceylon, and Coast Ports ...	7 „ ...	13th „ „	*Assyria.*

The next Overland Mail, *vid* Bombay, will close on Tuesday, the 14th July 1874.

2. Book-post and pattern packets must be posted on the 13th idem.

N.B.—The Letter-Box will close at 7 P.M. precisely, after which hour Overland letters, fully prepaid and bearing extra postage stamp of two (2) annas on each cover, will be received up to 7-30 P.M., or, bearing an extra postage stamp of four (4) annas on each cover, up to 8 P.M., and after 8 up to 9 P.M., by a Post Office Clerk at the East Indian Railway Station, Armenian Ghât.

CALCUTTA, the 7th July 1874. M. PERCY, *Post-Master of Calcutta.*

List of Remaining and Unclaimed Letters received in the Calcutta Post Office up to 27th June 1874.

Abreo, Mrs. S.
Aire, B.
Antram, J. C.
Atkinson, Mrs. G. W.
Barton, Mrs.
Barlow, E.
Bayley, Miss A.
Bein, Mrs.
Biggs, Mr. H.
Bonnaire, L., Madam.
Briant, Monsieur A. L.
Bridge, Mrs. A.
Brown, Dr. J R.
Bunness, J. J.
Burnette, Mrs. A.
Caddy, D.
Campbell, Col.
Cave, Miss.
Contarini, E.
Creasy, Mrs.
DeCostra, P.
Durant, M. D.
Edwards, E. J.
Elworthy, F.
Ferrie, W. A.
Fitzpatrick, A.
Frampton, G.
Freyberger, M.
Gill, G.
Gomes, J.
Gordon, Mrs.
Green, Mrs.
Gunrirg, H.
Hedges, Mrs.
Henriques, Mrs. R.
Hickie, Borman & Co.
Johnson, E. K.
Langlois, Madame L.
Leicester and Co.
Lenahan, Mrs.
Lonides, C.
Lyall, J. E.
Martin, Anna.
Mathews, Mr.
Meyers, Mrs. E. C.
Muller, Mrs.
Paulson, Mrs. M.
Pepin, Mrs.
Pennington, J. W.
Potter, Miss.
Richardson, G.
Riddes, J. J.
Robinson and Co.
Rourke, W. J.
Sampson, Mrs.
Sainter, J. D.
Saunders, Mrs.
Saxton, J. W.
Senior, Mrs. C.
Shine, Miss A.
Smith, A.
Smyth, W. S.
Sterndale, J.
Stuart, E. A.
Sarkies, P. J.
Thomas, Miss H.
Thomas, H., Mrs.
Thomas, J.
Thompson, A., Mrs.
Tonkin, Mrs. J.
Vivian, Mrs. G.
Walls, J.
Ward, Miss E.
Watson, Mrs. W. J.
Weskins, W. T.
Williams, M. J.
Wright, J.

M. PERCY, *Post-Master of Calcutta.*

In the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

IN the matter of Amaud Dollet of No. 1, Dalhousie Square, Calcutta, carrying on business as a Draper and Milliner under the style of Bodelio and Company, an insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that by an order of this Court made in this matter on and bearing date the 30th day of June 1874, it was ordered that a meeting for proof of claims in this matter should be held on Tuesday, the 4th day of August 1874, and that Madame M. Deury, one of the creditors of the abovenamed insolvent, should, on or before the 14th day of July 1874, file in the Office of the Chief Clerk of this Court a statement of the amount of her claim against the estate of the said insolvent, duly verified by affidavit.

Any other persons claiming to be creditors of the abovenamed insolvent may, on the day appointed for such meeting for proof of claims, bring forward their proofs in support of any claim, and the Court will deal with the same in manner directed by the 41st Section of the Act as to claims.

DIGNAM AND ROBINSON, *Attorneys* A. B. MILLER, *Official Assignee.*

7, OLD POST OFFICE STREET, CALCUTTA, 2nd July 1874. (267—1)

INSOLVENT NOTICES.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

IN the matter of JAMES HILL, an Insolvent.

On Monday, the 22nd day of June instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 1st day of September next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

W. F. Watson, *Attorney.*

IN the matter of AMAND DOLLET, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 23rd day of June instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 1st day of September next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Berners & Co., *Attorneys.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 30th June 1874.

IN the matter of BENJAMIN FRANCIS, late of Simla and Amballa in Punjab, formerly carrying on business as General Draper and Milliner under the name of B Francis, but at present an Assistant in the firm of Messrs. Francis, Harrison and Hathway, residing at No. 4, Waterloo Street in Calcutta, an Insolvent.

Notice that the Petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic., Chap. XXI. was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on Monday the 29th day of June last, and by an order of the same date the Estate and Effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

H. R. Fink, *Attorney.*

IN the matter of BENJAMIN FRANCIS, an Insolvent.

On Monday, the 29th day of June last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 1st day of September next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

H. R. Fink, *Attorney.*

In the matter of CATCHICK JOHANNES LUCAS, an Insolvent.

ON Tuesday, the 5th day of May last, it was ordered that Tuesday the 4th day of August next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter, and that unless cause be shewn to the contrary on that day the said Insolvent be discharged personally as well as to his after acquired property from all liabilities for debts, claims and demands of and against the said Insolvent at the time of the filing of his petition for relief.

G. Gregory, *Attorney.*

IN the matter of CATCHICK JOHANNES LUCAS, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 14th day of April last, by an order of this Court, the said Insolvent was adjudged entitled to his personal discharge under the Act XI Vic., Cap. XXI, as to all persons named in his schedule as Creditors or claiming to be Creditors, respectively.

G. Gregory, *Attorney.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 7th July 1874.

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 8, 1874.

PART VI.

Bills of the Legislative Council of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

[First Publication.]

The following Bill was introduced into the Council of the Governor General of India for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations on the 2nd July 1874, and was referred to a Select Committee with instructions to make their report thereon in three months:—

No. 13 OF 1874.

APPEALS (BENGAL) BILL, 1874.

CONTENTS.

PREAMBLE.

SECTION.

1 Short title.
Local extent.
Commencement.

2. Bar of appeals:
(a) when subject is less than Rs. 20 in value;
(b) in case of consent-decrees or agreements not to appeal;
(c) as to costs.

3. Bar of second appeals:
(a) where subject does not exceed Rs. 200 in amount or value;
(b) where Court of First Instance and Appellate Court concur.

4. Judge's power to allow appeals.
5. Statement of reasons for allowing appeal.
6. Superior Court's power to allow appeals.
7. Time for making applications for leave to appeal.
8. Power to impose terms as to costs.
9. Bar of second appeals in suits specified in section 2, clause (a).
10. Bar of special appeals not allowed by Act.
11. Appeals from decrees and orders of Munsifs and Subordinate and District Judges.

SECTION.

12. Rules of Civil Procedure Code and Limitation Act to apply.
13. Power to state case in lieu of allowing appeal.
14. Act not to apply to appeals from decrees of Judges of High Court.

A Bill to amend the Law relating to Civil Appeals in the Lower Provinces of the Presidency of Fort William.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the law relating to appeals in civil suits in the Lower Provinces of the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Preamble.

Short title.

1. This Act may be called, "The Appeals Act (Bengal), 1874:"

Local extent.

It extends only to the territories subject to the Lieutenant-Governor of the Lower Provinces of Bengal;

Commencement.

And it shall come into force at once.

Bar of appeals:

2. No appeal shall lie against any decree or order—

when subject is less than Rs. 20 in value;

(a) when the amount or value of the subject-matter of the suit in which such decree or order has been made is less than twenty rupees, and the suit is of the nature cognizable by Courts of Small Causes under Act XI of 1865;

in cases of consent-decrees or agreements not to appeal;

(b) when the decree or order has been made by consent of the parties, or when the parties have agreed in writing registered under the Indian Registration Act, 1871, not to appeal against such decree or order;

as to costs.

(c) when the appeal, if it lay, would only affect costs which by law are left to the discretion of the Court.

Bar of second appeals:

3. No appeal shall lie against any decree or order made by a Judge in the exercise of his appellate

jurisdiction, in either of the following cases (namely)—

where subject does not exceed Rs. 200 in amount or value;

(*a*) When the amount or value of the subject-matter of the suit in which such decree or order has been made does not exceed two hundred rupees, or such less sum as the Local Government may from time to time, by notification in the local Gazette, direct in this behalf for the District in which the suit is brought:

where Court of First Instance and Appellate Court concur.

(*b*) When such decree or order substantially affirms the decree or order appealed against.

Judge's power to allow appeals.

4. Notwithstanding anything contained in sections two and three, the Judge who personally made any decree or order, may, if he think fit, on the application of any of the parties to the suit allow an appeal therefrom to the Court to which an appeal would lie under section eleven.

Statement of reasons for allowing appeal.

5. Whenever a Judge allows an appeal under section four, he shall state in writing his reasons for so doing, and such statement shall form part of the record.

Superior Court's power to allow appeals.

6. Notwithstanding anything contained in section two or section three, the Court to which an appeal would lie if it were not for the prohibitions contained in those sections may, if it think fit, on the application of any of the parties to the suit allow an appeal to itself

(*a*) where it is not possible to estimate the subject-matter of the suit at a money-value;

(*b*) where any question raised in the suit is of such importance to the public as, in the opinion of the Court allowing the appeal, to render an appeal expedient; or

(*c*) where in the opinion of the same Court an appeal is necessary for the purposes of justice.

EXPLANATION I:—An appeal may be necessary for the purposes of justice where the case of one of the parties has, without the default of himself or his agents, not been properly brought before the Court below, or when the Court below has not given a fair and sufficient hearing to the case.

EXPLANATION II:—An appeal is not necessary for the purposes of justice because the Court above may think that the Court below has erred in its view of the law or the facts.

Time for making applications for leave to appeal.

7. Applications under section four shall be made within ten days of the making of the decree or order sought to be appealed against.

Applications under section six, if made to a District, Additional or Subordinate Judge, shall be made within twenty days and if made to the High Court within sixty days, of the making of the decree or order sought to be appealed against.

Power to impose terms as to costs.

8. Whenever an appeal is allowed under section four, or under section six, the Court allowing the appeal may impose such terms as it thinks fit as to costs or otherwise on the party allowed to appeal.

Bar of second appeals in suits specified in section 2, clause (*a*).

9. No appeal shall lie from any decree or order made on any appeal allowed in the suits specified in section two, clause (*a*).

Bar of special appeals not allowed by Act.

10. No special appeal not being an appeal specially allowed under the provisions of this Act shall lie from any decree or order.

Appeals from decrees and orders of Munsifs and Subordinate and District Judges.

11. Except when prohibited by this Act or by some other rule of law, and subject to the provisions contained in the Bengal Civil Courts Act, 1871, sections twenty-two, twenty-six and twenty-seven, appeals shall lie as follows:—

(*a*) from decrees and orders of Munsifs to the District Judge;

(*b*) from original decrees and orders of Subordinate Judges to the District Judge, except where the amount or value of the subject-matter of the suit exceeds five thousand rupees, in which case the appeal shall lie to the High Court;

(*c*) from appellate decrees and orders of Subordinate Judges to the High Court, and

(*d*) from all decrees and orders of District Judges and Additional Judges, to the High Court.

Rules of Civil Procedure Code and Limitation Act to apply

12. Except as hereinbefore otherwise provided, all appeals allowed under this Act shall be subject to the rules relating to appeals contained in the Code of Civil Procedure and by the Indian Limitation Act, 1871: provided that the time when the period of limitation prescribed for presenting an appeal begins to run shall be the date of the order allowing the appeal instead of the date of the decree or order appealed against.

Power to state case in lieu of allowing appeal.

13. Any Subordinate Additional or District Judge to whom an application is made under section four, may, in lieu of allowing an appeal as hereinbefore provided, state a case or any point of law or question of fact arising in the suit, and refer the statement, with his own opinion thereon, for the consideration of the High Court.

The High Court, as the case may be, shall have power to hear and determine any case or point so stated, and shall fix an early day for such hearing and cause notice of such day to be placed in the Court house.

The parties to the suit may appear and be heard in person or by pleader in the High Court.

When the case has been heard and determined, the High Court shall send a copy of its judgment under the seal of the Court to the Court by which the statement was made, and such Court shall, on receipt of the copy, dispose of the case conformably to the decision of the Court referred to.

The costs, if any, consequent on any such reference shall be costs in the suit.

When a case is referred under this section the Court referred to may alter, cancel or set aside any order or decree which the Court making the reference may have made in the suit, and may make such order as the justice of the case may require

Act not to apply to appeals from decrees of Judges of High Court.

14. This Act does not apply—

(*a*) to appeals from any decree or order by the High Court or any Judge thereof;

(*b*) to any appeals presented before the passing of this Act.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The Government of India have under consideration the question of revising the existing system of appeal in the Courts of Civil Judicature. It is generally agreed not only that the law relating to appeals is in an unsatisfactory state, but that it is, in Bengal at least, producing mischief which calls for speedy remedy. The Code of Civil Procedure is under revision, and in some important respects it would be desirable to handle the whole subject at once. But a work of such magnitude cannot receive its due amount of preparation, external criticism, discussion and revision, under two years at least, and it is likely to take a longer time. Therefore on the whole, it will be found convenient to deal separately with such a subject as the present, which can be isolated from other procedure without much legal difficulty, and which demands more prompt treatment.

2. The system of appeal, briefly stated, is as follows :—

Every Court of original jurisdiction is subject to an appeal on the whole case to a Court above it. The appeal is heard on the record of the case in the original Court, unless the Appellate Court requires more evidence. There is no second appeal on the whole case; but if the High Court is not itself the immediate Court of Appeal, a partial appeal confined to points of law may be presented to that Court. On this partial appeal the Court cannot itself alter any finding of the facts by the Court immediately below it. However clear it may be that the lower Court has erred, if the error is confined to mere treatment of facts, the higher Court is bound by the conclusions. If, however, it can trace the error to some erroneous legal principle, it may remand the case for a re-hearing, and this, it appears, is very frequently done.

3. The evils now complained of, at least in Bengal, are three :—*firstly*, the extremely unsatisfactory effect of partial appeals; *secondly*, the vast number of appeals which reach the High Court and consume the time of the Judges; and *thirdly*, the great and disproportionate expense to the public caused by appeals for very trifling sums of money.

4. A recent memorandum by Sir Richard Couch deals with the two former of these evils. He states that the decisions of the Munsifs are heard in appeal under great disadvantages, one of which obviously is that the Appellate Judge is not placed in contact with the witnesses. And yet he may reverse the Munsif's finding, while his own finding on the facts is absolutely irreversible except in the rare instances in which the case goes to the Privy Council. The results are, *firstly*, that a number of partial appeals are presented ostensibly on points of law, but really for the purpose of convincing the High Court that there has been a miscarriage of justice in the treatment of the facts; *secondly*, that the High Court Judges are placed under sore temptation to strain and refine on the law, in order to do justice in the particular case; *thirdly*, that they can only interfere with the finding of facts by the circuitous and uncertain process of a remand; and *fourthly*, they frequently find the rules of law too strong for them, and they and the parties who prevailed before the Munsif have the dissatisfaction of believing the Munsif to have been quite right, and that his judgment was erroneously reversed, while yet they find it impossible to restore the first decree.

5. The remedy proposed by the present Bill is as follows :—

To prohibit appeals (*a*) where the subject-matter is less than twenty rupees and the suit is one of the Small Cause type, (*b*) where the decree has been made by consent, or the parties have agreed not to appeal, and (*c*) where it relates to costs only which are left to the discretion of the Court.

To prohibit second appeals (*a*) where the subject-matter is less than two hundred rupees, or (*b*) where the first Court of appeal agrees with the Court of first instance.

These prohibitions may, however, be dispensed with in the following cases :—

(*a.*) By the Court that makes the decree, whenever it thinks fit.

(*b.*) By the Court above, where it is impossible to estimate the subject-matter at a money-value, or where any question raised in the suit is of such importance to the public as to render a second appeal expedient or where an appeal is necessary for the purposes of justice.

Power is given to the first Court of appeal to state a case instead of allowing a second appeal.

A. HOBHOUSE.

The 1st June 1874.

WHITLEY STOKES,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

[REGISTERED No. 29.]

No. 27 of 1874.

SUPPLEMENT TO
The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 8, 1874.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.*

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PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt

QUANTITIES PER RUPEE BY THE

Number.	DISTRICTS.	WHEAT.			BARLEY.			RICE, BEST SORT.			RICE, COMMON.			BULRUSH MILLET—CUMBOO, BAJRA.			GREAT MILLET—CHOLUM, JOWAR.			LESSER MILLETS—RAGI OR MARUA AND CHEENA.	
		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.
	BENGAL.																				
	Western Districts.																				
1	Burdwan	13 0 [A]	12 0	13 8	17 0	18 0	25 0	13 0	13 8	16 0	13 4	13 12	17 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Bankoora	13 2 [B]	12 12	15 8	21 0	21 0	28 8	10 10	10 10	14 0	12 8	12 8	16 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Beerbhoom	12 0 [C]	12 0	14 8	15 0	15 0	20 0	10 0	10 0	16 0	12 0	12 0	18 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	Midnapore	12 0	12 0	11 8	...	...	...	13 5	14 0	20 0	15 0 to 16 0	15 0 to 16 0	25 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	Hooghly	12 0 [D]	13 0	13 0	16 0 [E] to 18 0	16 0 to 17 12	22 0 to 26 8	9 0 and 9 8	9 6 and 9 8	16 0	12 8 and 13 0	13 0 and 12 8	18 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	Howrah	12 8	12 8	15 0	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	15 8	11 12	11 12	20 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Central Districts.																				
	Calcutta	13 0	12 0	...	16 0 [E]	16 0	...	9 0	9 0	...	11 4	11 6	...	...	...	...	12 0	12 0	...	...	...
6	24-Pergunnahs ...	11 8 [F]	11 0	14 8	14 0	13 16 to 24 8	26 8	8 0	8 0	6 0	12 9 [G]	12 4	19 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	Nuddea	13 5	12 12	14 8	...	...	32 0	9 11	9 7	16 0	10 10½	10 5	17 12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	Jessore	11 8 [H]	11 8	13 5	...	...	...	11 0	10 10	18 0	12 12	11 8	23 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	Moorshedabad ...	13 0 [I]	13 0	18 0	17& 18 [E]	17 &18	27to 32	9 8	9 0	16 0	11 8	11 0	18 8	14 0	14 0	28 0	...	...	...	...	...
10	Dinagepore	11 0 [J]	11 0	14 8	11 0	10 8	22 8	8 8	8 2	20 0	9 12	9 0	24 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	Maldah	13 8	13 8	18 0	17 0	17 0	35 0	9 12	9 4	17 8	13 0	12 0	18 0	14 0	14 0	20 0	...	...	...	...	...
12	Rajshahye ...	12 0 to 12 12	11 4 to 12 0	16 0	18 0	18 0	37 8	7 14	7 8 to 8 4	15 0	11 4 to 13 2	10 8 to 13 8	21 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Rungpore	13 0 [K]	12 0	15 0	...	...	...	7 9	7 9	14 10	11 4	9 6	25 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	Bogra	12 0	12 0	15 12	...	...	...	6 12	6 12	15 12	12 0	12 0	26 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Pubna	14 4	14 4	23 0	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	12 0	12 8	14 4	26 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	Darjeeling† ...	6 0	6 0	6 0	7 0	6 0	7 0	7 0	6 0	12 0	8 0	7 0	14 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 0	6 0
17	Julpigoree.*																				
	Cooch Behar.*																				
	Eastern Districts.																				
18	Dacca	11 4 [L]	11 0	13 8	20 0	20 0	33 0	10 8	10 8	22 0	13 0	12 0	28 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19	Furreedpore	18 0 [M]	12 0	20 0	20 0	20 0	40 0	6 8	6 8	10 0	12 8	12 0	24 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	Backergunge ...	... [N]	...	...	...	...	...	11 0	11 0	13 0	13 0	13 0	26 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
21	Mymensingh ...	10 0 [O]	10 0	13 0	...	...	...	8 12	8 12	24 0	11 4	11 4	30 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	18 to 20 [E]	15 to 1
22	Sylhet†	9 0	10 0	10 0	8 0	8 8	11 8	11 13 [P]	12 4	24 0	14 7	14 0	34 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23	Chittagong† ...	12 0	12 0	11 0	...	...	...	12 0 [Q]	12 0	16 0	13 0	13 0	24 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
24	Noakholly	...	...	...	...	...	...	10 0 [R]	10 0	18 0	13 0	13 0	26 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25	Tipperah	10 0	10 0	11 8	...	...	...	10 0	11 0	20 0	13 0	13 0	32 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
26	Chittagong Hill Tracts.	...	...	...	...	...	...	11 0	11 7	13 5	12 10	12 7	20 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Hill Tipperah ...	10 0	10 0	10 6	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	22 8	14 0	13 3	26 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

* Return not received.

† Return for week ending 27th June received after publication of last *Gazette*.

A In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 12-12 to 14-6 seers, barley from 20 to 21 seers, best rice from 10-8 to 11-13 seers, common rice from 12-11 seers, and gram from 13-12 to 16-5 seers, per rupee.

B In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 12-8 to 13-8 seers, barley from 17 to 24 seers, best rice from 10 to 12-8 seers, common rice from 11 to 14 maize from 12 to 20 seers, and gram from 13-8 to 14 seers, per rupee.

C In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 10 to 15 seers, barley from 15 to 17-8 seers, best rice from 10 to 12-8 seers, common rice from 11 to 13-13 gram from 13 to 18 seers, per rupee.

D In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 12 to 13 seers, best rice from 8 to 9-8 seers, common rice from 10-4 to 13-4 seers, and gram from 13-4 to per rupee

E In the interior only.

F In the interior the price of common rice ranges from 10 to 13-5 seers, and gram from 13-5 to 14-4 seers, per rupee.

G Coarse rice at 12-12 seers per rupee.

H In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 7 to 13 seers, best rice from 11 to 13 seers, common rice from 11-6 to 16 seers, and gram from 12 to 1 per rupee.

rmentioned Districts of Bengal on the 4th July 1874.

TOLAHS.													AVERAGE WAGES PER MONTH.									DISTRICTS.
N OR INDIAN-CORN.		GRAM.			FIRE-WOOD.			SALT.			ABLE-BODIED AGRICULTURAL LABORER.			SYCE OR HORSE-KEEPER.			COMMON MASON, CARPENTER, OR BLACKSMITH.				
Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.		
																					BENGAL.
																					Western Districts.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	
...	...	15 0	15 8	20 0	100 0	100 0	...	9 0	9 0	8 4	6 0	6 0	...	5 0	5 0	...	12to20	12to15	...	Burdwan.
16 0	35 0	13 4	13 4	22 0	480 0	480 0	...	7 12	7 12	7 12	4 0	4 0	...	4 0	4 0	...	7 0	7 0	...	Baukoora.
...	...	13 0	13 0	21 8	240 0	240 0	240 0	8 0	8 0	8 12	4 0	4 0	...	5 0	5 0	..	7 8	8 5	...	Beerbhoom.
...	...	12 0	12 0	18 0	180 0	180 0	180 0	8 0	8 0	9 0	4 0	4 0	...	5 0	5 0	...	7 8	7 8	...	Midnapore.
...	...	13 8	13 0 and 13 8	20 0	120 0	120 0	...	8 0	8 0	9 0	6 0	6 0	...	5 0	5 0	...	7 8 to 12 0	7 8 to 12 0	...	Hooghly.
...	...	13 4	13 4	20 0	120 0	120 0	...	8 8	8 8	9 0	7 0	7 0	...	7 0	7 0	...	12 0	12 0	...	Howrah.
																					Central Districts.
12 0	...	14 8	14 0	...	100 0	100 0	...	8 0	8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Calcutta.
...	...	13 12	13 12	20 0	120 0	120 0	...	8 0	8 0	8 12	6 0	6 0	...	6 0	6 0	...	11 0	11to16	...	24-Pergunnahs.
...	...	15 4	15 4	22 14	120 0	120 0	...	8 7	8 7	8 10½	6 0 to 7 8	5 0	...	6 0	5 0	...	7 8 to 10 0	8 0 to 12 0	...	Nuddea.
...	...	13 5	13 8	20 0	120 0	128 0	...	7 2	7 2	8 0	5 11 to 7 8	7 8	...	5 0	5 0	...	10to15	8 to 12	...	Jessore.
...	...	16to17	16 0	27 0	120 0	120 0	...	7 to 8	8 0	9 0	4 0	4 0	...	5 0	5 0	...	7 8	7 to 10	...	Moorshedabad.
...	...	13 0	12 0	18 12	180 0	180 0	...	7 0	7 0	6 8	5 0	4 0	...	5 0	4 0	...	7 8 to 8 0	5 to 10	...	Dinagepore.
16 0	18 0	16 0	16 0	24 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	7 4	7 4	7 4	4 12	5 0	...	5 0	5 0	...	6 0 to 12 0	6 0 to 12 0	...	Maldah.
...	...	14 4	14 4 to 15 0	24 6	240 0	240 0	...	6 8½	6 8½	7 8	2 8 to 3 12	3 12 to 7 8	...	5 0	4 0 to 5 0	...	4 0 to 12 0	4 8 to 7 0	...	Rajshahye.
...	...	15 0	15 0	15 0	107 0	107 0	107 0	6 12	6 12	6 12	5 8	5 0	...	6 0	6 0	...	7 8 to 10 0	7 8 to 10 0	...	Rungpore.
...	...	12 0	12 0	15 0	67 8	67 8	60 0	7 4	6 12	6 12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bogra.
...	...	15 0	15 0	26 4	200 0	200 0	...	7 8	7 8	8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Pubna.
12 0	20 0	7 0	7 0	8 0	200 0	200 0	200 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	6 0	6 8	...	7 to 8	7 to 8	...	12to15	12to16	...	Darjeeling.†
																					Julpigoree.‡
																					Cooch Behar.§
																					Eastern Districts.
...	...	13 8	13 8	20 0	80 0	80 0	...	8 0	8 0	8 0	6 0	6 0	...	5 to 7	4 to 6	...	7 to 20	10to20	...	Dacca.
...	...	14 0	13 0	20 0	...	...	...	7 8	7 8	7 8	6 0	6 0	...	6 0	7 0	...	8 to 12	10to12	...	Furreedpore.
...	...	13 0	13 0	...	120 0	120 0	...	8 0	8 0	8 4	7 8	7 8	...	6 0	6 0	...	8 to 14	8 to 15	...	Backergunge.
...	...	12 8	12 8	18 0	...	...	...	7 8	7 8	7 8	5 8	7 8	...	6 0	6 0	...	10to20	10to15	...	Mymensingh.
...	...	11 8	12 0	16 0	107 0	107 0	...	7 12	7 12	7 10	9 6	9 6	...	5 0	5 0	..	9 6 to 15 0	9 6 to 15 0	.	Sylhet.†
...	...	11 0	11 0	11 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	7 4	7 4	7 8	10to11	10 0	...	6 0	6 0	...	8 to 1	8 to 10	...	Chittagong.†
...	...	11 0	11 0	16 0	280 0	280 0	...	5 12	5 12	7 8	7 8	7 8	...	5 0	5 0	..	7 8	7 8	...	Noakholly.
...	...	12 0	12 0	16 0	...	...	...	7 12	7 12	8 0	6 0	5 8	...	6 0	6 0	...	8 to 15	8 8 to 15 0	..	Tipperah.
...	...	...	..	...	320 0	320 0	320 0	6 4	6 4	6 0	10 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Chittagong Hill Tracts.
...	...	10 6	10 6	11 4	..	...	...	7 2	7 2	8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	Hill Tipperah.

I In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat 13 seers, best rice from 8 to 10 seers, common rice from 11-4 to 13-8 seers, and gram from 14-8 to 17 seers, per rupee.

J In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat 13 seers, best rice 9 seers, common rice from 10 to 12 seers, and gram from 11 to 14-8 seers, per rupee.

K Prices of food-grains much easier in the sub-division of Bhowanigunge.

L In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 16 seers, barley 22-8 seers, best rice from 9 to 12 seers, common rice from 10 to 13 seers, and gram 14 seers, per rupee.

M In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat 16 seers, common rice from 12 to 15 seers, and gram from 14 to 16 seers, per rupee.

N In the interior the prices range as follow:—Best rice from 11 to 12-8 seers, common rice from 12 to 13-12 seers, paddy from 22 to 30 seers, and gram 12 seers, per rupee.

O In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 11 to 13 seers, best rice from 10 to 11-6 seers, common rice from 11-13 to 14 seers, and gram from 8 to 16 seers, per rupee.

P In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 10-8 to 12-8 seers, and common rice from 12-8 to 15-8 seers, and gram from 13 to 14 seers, per rupee.

Q In the interior the price of best rice is 15 seers, and common rice from 16 to 17 seers, per rupee.

R In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 12 to 15 seers, and common rice from 13 to 18 seers, per rupee

PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in the undermentio

QUANTITIES PER RUPEE

	DISTRICTS.	WHEAT.			BARLEY.			RICE, BEST SORT			RICE, COMMON.			BULRUSH MILLET—CUMBOO, BAJRA			GREAT MILLET—CHOLUM, JOWAR.			LESSER MILLETS—RAGI OR MUNDUA AND CHEENA.		
		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return
	BEHAR.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
17	Patna	17 8 S	17 0	24 0	21 0	20 12	31 4	12 0	12 0	...	13 8	13 0	21 0	..	...	...	20 0 E	19 8	...	...	...	
18	Gya	11 8 T	11 4	14 0	15 8	15 0	23 0	8 0	8 0	12 0	10 0	10 0	15 0	...	...	...	13 0 to 14 4 B	13 0 to 14 8	20 0	15 to 17 E	15 to 17	
19	Shahabad	15 8	14 0	20 0	20 0	18 4	30 0	10 8	10 0	14 0	11 8	10 12	13 0	17 8	17 0	...	17 0 to 18 8	17 0 to 18 8	16 0	16 0	18 0	
20	Tirhoot.*																					
21	Saran	15 0	14 8	14 0	19 0	18 0	24 .0	7 0	7 0	12 8	12 8	12 8	16 8	...	...	...	19 0	19 0	20 0	16 8	16 0	
22	Chumparun.*																					
23	Monghyr	16 2	15 7	17 3	22 5	21 0	31 5	8 4	8 4	12 6	11 2	12 7	16 8	..	...	...	.. E	...	...	...	...	
24	Bhagulpore ...	14 8	14 8	16 6	18 15	18 15	30 4	10 11	10 1	15 2	11 6	11 6	16 6	...	...	...	15 0	...	...	...	...	
25	Purneah	13 0 U	12 0	14 0	... E	...	26 0	10 0	9 8	17 0	11 0	10 0	19 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	... E	...	
26	Sonthal Pergunnahs	10 0	10 0	14 0	18 to 20	18 to 20	30 0	9 0	9 0	14 0	10 8	11 0	16 0	13 0	13 0	40 0		...	...	17 0 to 20 0	17 0 to 20 0	
	ORISSA.																					
27	Cuttack ...	13 2	11 13	14 3	..	...		18 6	17 1	23 10	24 15	23 10	31 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	17 1	17 1	
28	Pooree ...	11 13	11 13	14 7	...	...	...	21 0	21 0	21 0	26 4	26 4	31 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
29	Balasore *																					
	CHOTA NAGPORE.																					
	South-West Frontier Agency																					
30	Hazareebagh ...	10 8	10 8	13 8	14 0	13 0	20 0	8 8	8 8	10 0	13 4	13 0	14 0	...	..	...	...	...	...	18 0	17 8	
31	Lohardugga ..	12 0	12 0	14 0	17 0	17 0	15 0	14 0	13 8	15 0	16 0	16 0	16 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	25 0	24 0	
32	Singbhoom† ...	12 0	12 0	18 0		...	24 0	19 0	12 0	20 0	20 0	20 0	32 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
33	Manbhoom ..	11 0 V	11 0	16 0	E 16 0 to 22 0	16 0 to 23 0	22 0 to 130 0	9 8	10 0	15 0	14 0	14 0	16 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

* Return not received

† Return for week ending 27th June received after publication of last *Gazette*.

S In the interior price range as follow:—Wheat from 12 to 13-10 seers, barley from 16 to 18 seers, best rice from 9 to 10 seers, common rice from 10 to 13 and gram from 15 to 17 seers, per rupee.

T In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 13-8 to 15-8 seers, barley from 17 to 20 seers, best rice from 7-8 to 9 seers, common rice from 10-4 to 13 bulrush millet 16-8 seers, maize 15 seers, and gram from 16-8 to 20 seers, per rupee.

CALCUTTA,
The 7th July 1874.

...ts of Bengal on the 4th July 1874.—(Continued.)

...ER OF 80 TOLAHS														AVERAGE WAGES PER MONTH.									
...R INDIAN-CORN.		GRAM.			FIRE-WOOD.			SALT.			ABLE-BODIED AGRICULTURAL LABOURER.			SYCE OR HORSE-KEEPER.			COMMON MASON, CARPENTER, OR BLACKSMITH.			DISTRICTS.
Next preceding return	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	
																				BEHAR.
Ch	S. Ch	S. Ch	S. Ch	S. Ch	S. Ch	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch	S. Ch	S. Ch	Rs A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs A.	Rs. A.	Rs A	Rs A	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	
0	34 8	21 0	21 8	34 8	160 0	160 0	...	7 8	7 8	8 0	3 0 to 4 0	3 0 to 4 0	...	4 0 to 5 0	4 0 to 5 0	...	5 10 to 7 8	5 0 to 7 8	...	Patna.
0 to 8	20 0 to 35 0	14 0	14 0	19 8	162 0	160 0	...	6 4	6 4	7 0	2 6 to 2 12	2 6 to 3 12	...	2 8 to 4 0	2 8 to 4 0	..	4 0 to 5 0	4 0 to 5 0	..	Gya.
8	28 0	19 0	18 8	30 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	7 12	7 8	8 0	4 0	4 0	...	5 & 6	5 & 6	...	7 to 9	7 to 9	...	Shahabad.
																				Tirhoot.*
0	22 0	19 0	18 0	24 0	160 0	160 0	...	7 0	7 4	7 4	2 8 to 3 12	2 8 to 3 12	...	4 0 to 4 8	4 0 to 4 8	...	6 0 to 10 0	6 0 to 10 0	...	Sarun.
																				Chumparun.*
2	28 3	19 9	18 3	26 1	168 0	147 0	...	7 8	7 8	7 5	3 0	3 0	...	3 0	3 0	...	5 10 to 7 8	5 10 to 7 8	...	Monghyr.
2	...	17 11	17 0	26 8	176 12	176 12	...	7 9	7 9	7 9	1 14 to 3 12	3 12	..	4 to 5	4 0	...	5 10 to 7 8	5 10 to 7 8	...	Bhagulpore.
...	...	15 0	13 8	28 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	6 12	6 12	6 8	3 12 to 4 12	4 0	...	5 0	5 0	...	6 to 8	7 to 11	...	Purneah.
0	28 0	18 0	13 0	23 0	320 0	320 0	320 0	7 0	7 0	8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Sonthal Pergunnahs.
																				ORISSA.
...		24 15	24 4	26 4	200 0	200 0	...	10 10	10 10	9 2	5 10	5 10		4 0	4 0	v	7 8 to 12 0	7 8 to 12 0	...	Cuttack.
...	...	22 5	22 5	24 15	100 0	100 0	...	12 0	10 8	9 0	3 0	3 0	...	4 to 5	5 0	...	8 0	6 8	...	Pooree.
																				Balasore.*
																				CHOTA NAGPORE.
																				South-West Frontier Agency.
0	30 4	13 0	13 0	14 0	240 0	240 0	240 0	6 4	6 0	6 2	4 0	4 0	...	5 0	5 0	...	8 0	8 0	...	Hazareebagh.
0	20 0	12 8	12 0	14 8	160 0	160 0	...	5 4	5 4	6 0	2 8	2 8	...	3 to 5	3 to 5	...	5 to 12	5 10 to 9 6	...	Lohardugga.
	...	13 0	13 0	18 0	320 0	320 0	...	5 8	5 8	6 0	3 0	3 12	...	4 8 to 5 0	4 8 to 6 0	..	6 to 8	6 to 8		Singbhoom.
0	75 0	11 0	11 0	20 0	280 0	280 0	280 0	6 12	6 12	7 0	3 12	3 12	.	3 0	3 0	...	9 6	9 6	...	Manbhoom.

U In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat from 10 to 15 seers, best rice from 7 to 12-4 seers, common rice from 8 to 13-12 seers, bulrush millet from 14 to 17 seers, maize from 10 to 17 seers, and gram from 10 to 17 seers, per rupee

V In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat from 10 to 12 seers, best rice from 10-8 to 16 seers, common rice 13 to 17 seers, and gram from 10 to 14 seers, per rupee

Published for general information.

L. C. ABBOTT,
Offg. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Rainfall, Weather and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending the 4th July 1874.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BENGAL.			
	Western Districts.		
Burdwan Division. 1	Burdwan, 6th* July 1874	3·82	The rainfall in the interior is reported to have been general, but not so heavy in the west of the district as elsewhere. The sowings of paddy are nearly finished. Fever as before.
2	Bankoora, 4th „ „	0·12	Slight showers everywhere, but sunshine has been the prevailing feature. Crops generally doing well. Sugarcane very well. Rain is required in the southern part of the district. Cholera again prevalent, and small-pox not extinct.
3	Beerbhoom, 4th „ „	2·47	Wet during the former, fine during the latter half of the week. Planting out of the seedling rice in progress. Prospects continue excellent Exportation of week ending 27th June, 1,739½ maunds, chiefly to Bhagulpore Division. Prices falling.
4	Midnapore, 4th „ „	2·98	Seasonable weather. In the north of the district, where the rainfall has exceeded 4 inches, the reports are most favorable, and a bumper aous or early rice crop is anticipated. In the south-east (Tumlook) less than half an inch has fallen, and more rain is needed. General result of the week, fair.
5	Hooghly, 4th „ „	·63	Rain on Sunday, cloudy and slight showers during the week. Rainfall at Serampore during the week, 2 17. Wind from south and south-east. Rice sowing completed. More rain is required as some of the rice is suffering from want of moisture.
	Howrah 4th „ „	1·38	There was more or less rain throughout the district during the week; weather sometimes clear and sometimes cloudy. Wind from south and east varying. Rain during the week has done good. The seedlings of amun or late rice are thriving. The aous or early rice and jute have been sown, and are doing well. Lands are being ploughed for transplanting the late rice; sugarcane plants look healthy. More rain is still wanted.
	Central Districts.		
Presidency Division. 6	24-Pergunnahs, 6th† July 1874.	1·28	Warm and showery. The early rice (aous) and jute are very promising. Transplantation of amun or late rice has not yet commenced, except to an inconsiderable extent in Diamond Harbour and Barrackpore, owing to there not having been sufficient rain. Public health generally good. Fever gradually dying out in Barripore.
7	Nuddea, 4th July 1874	0·54	There has been less rain than in the two or three preceding weeks. The weather continues to be most favorable to all the crops. The rivers have been rising somewhat suddenly, but measures are being taken to construct embankments, and it is hoped that damage may be prevented. There is a general tendency to a fall in the prices of rice, and in several thanas it is procurable for less than Rs. 3 per maund.
8	Jessore, 4th „ „	3·43	Occasionally bright, but mostly cloudy, with very seasonable showers. The crops are everywhere most luxuriant. The rain appears to fall just as it is wanted. The Collector reports to have seen considerable portions of the central and northern parts of the district during the last ten days, and says that he never saw more promising fields. In Nurrail and Magoorah the earliest rice is beginning to come into the markets. Generally, however, it will be about a month more before the aous or early rice will be ready. The tendency of prices throughout the district has been downwards.
Rajshahye Division. 9	Moorshedabad, 4th „ „	0·41	Less rainfall than last week throughout the district Weather close, damp, and cloudy. Very favorable reports are received from all parts regarding the progress of the crops. Transplantation of the late rice is going on. The rapid rise of the Bhagiruthee within the last few days has caused the inundation of some important crops lying on low lands in the Jungypore sub-division. A very early aous crop of some importance is being reaped in the Jellinghee thana. Indigo plant is excellent, and a good season may be expected, if the crops on the Dearah lands are not inundated before they can be cut. Mulberry is also in very good condition; but the prospects of the approaching "band" are still uncertain, and must depend greatly on the weather of the next fortnight. Prices are decidedly better: they are, however, still highest in Kallygunge and Gokarn. There has been a considerable fall in the eastern thanas owing to importation, to the cutting of the early aous crop mentioned above, and the promising state of the crops generally.
10	Dinagepore, 3rd „ „	4·06	Rain nearly every day throughout the district. Crops on the ground are all doing well, and a first-rate bhadoi or early crop is expected. Operations in respect of winter crops being pushed on.

* Telegram of the 6th July, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

† Report of the 6th July, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BENGAL.—(*Contd.*)			
	Central Districts.—(Contd.)		
RAJSHAHYE DIVN.—(*Contd.*) 11	Maldah, 4th July 1874	1·98	Rainy and cloudy. There has been good deal of rain in the north of the district during the last two weeks. The prospects of the bhadoi or early crops continue very good. The only fear now is that some of the crops may be lost by inundation. In Kaliachuck the Tagla has overflowed, and some jali rice on its banks damaged. Hymunto or winter rice cultivation is going on steadily.
12	Rajshahye, 4th „ „	0·24	There has been almost daily heavy rain throughout the interior, but less at head-quarters The rice crops are everywhere flourishing. In parts of the Bhurind, however, the excessive rain has done some little injury to the seedlings in the nurseries, and in the Nuttore thana jurisdiction the amun or late rice has to some extent been submerged; the river has risen very rapidly, and is 12 feet higher than it was this time last year. Prices have fallen everywhere.
13	Rungpore, 3rd „ „	4·09	Weather close, with many showers. Less rain to the south. Crops the same everywhere—progressing favorably. Prices have fallen, and range from 16, in the south and east, to 9 seers a rupee in the north and west of the district. Three inches of rainfall since 3rd telegraphed on the 6th instant.
14	Bogra, 4th „ „	·91	Seasonable. The state and prospects of the crops are excellent. An aous or early rice crop of almost unprecedented abundance is certain Everything is propitious for the sowing and planting of the amun or late rice crop.
15	Pubna, 4th „ „	1·15	Weather dry and hot, with slight rainfall during the week. The aous or early rice is in ear, and in some places is being cut. The crop everywhere looks well, and the prospect of the amun or late rice and sugarcane is promising. Harvest of kownee (millet) is not yet commenced. Health of the district good.
COOCH BEHAR DIVN. 16	Darjeeling, 3rd „ „	10·09	Heavy and almost incessant rain and fog. All the crops in both the hills and the plains are progressing very favorably Jamera paddy is already producing grain in the ear. Indian-corn, buck-wheat, and kownee (millet), are ripening in the hills.
17	Julpigoree, 3rd „ „	6 16	The steady daily rain has been most favorable for the crops. Nothing could promise better than the bhadoi or early and the jute crops. Jamera (a sort of early rice) paddy is being cut here and there, and is full crop. The bhadoi or early crops in the Dooars is also in some places being cut, and is very fine Hymunto or winter rice transplanting going on busily, and everything promising as well as the most ardent agriculturist could desire.
	Cooch Behar, 2nd „ „	8·67	Cloudy, with good deal of rain, chiefly at night. Most favorable. The early kinds of aous rice are being reaped, and the amun or late rice seedlings are being planted out.
	Eastern Districts.		
DACCA DIVISION. 18	Dacca, 6th* July 1874	·58	Seasonable weather; showers last three days. State of crops very good. Rivers rising fast.
19	Furreedpore, 4th „ „	·35	Alternate rain and sunshine; weather good for the ripening aous or early rice. The crops are in a flourishing condition. The rivers are rising very fast. The price of coarse rice has slightly fallen at Furreedpore, Bhanguh, and Gopalgunge, and is stationary at Goalundo and Madareepore.
20	Backergunge, 2nd „ „	6·71	Rainy. Prospects good The Collector has lately seen considerable portions of the Gournadi and Katwali thana, and the crops of aous or early and amun or late rice were everywhere in a thriving state. The reports from other parts of the district are favorable, and, if nothing untoward occurs, the aous crop will be much better than was anticipated a few weeks ago.
21	Mymensingh, 3rd „ „	4 42	The rainfall would appear to have been more heavy in the west and sudder station than in the east of the district. The reports of the aous or early rice are exceedingly favorable from every quarter. In the centre and east, the planting out of the late rice crop is somewhat delayed for want of more copious rainfall.
22	Sylhet, 30th June 1874	4 45	Very showery all through the week. More water wanted for the amun lands, otherwise prospects good. District healthy.
CHITTAGONG DIVN. 23	Chittagong, 2nd July 1874	3 52	Heavy rain every day till Sunday, 28th June. Since Monday the weather has cleared, and is now breezy and fine. 13·63 inches of rain reported from Cox's Bazar up to 30th ultimo. The aous or early paddy is being transplanted, and the sowings for the amun or late rice have commenced. Prospects continue favorable. Cholera abating.
24	Noakholly, 2nd „ „	7 5	Occasional showers; strong southerly wind. The aous or early rice is everywhere reported to be doing well. The amun or late rice has not all been sown yet.

* Telegram of the 6th July, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BENGAL.—(*Concld.*)			
	Eastern Districts—(Contd.)		
Chittagong Divn. 25	Tipperah, 2nd July 1874	2·89	Showery, with much heavy clouds about, but rain not so heavy as usual at this time of year. The prospects of the next rice crops are excellent. Price of rice is rising owing to large exportations.
Chittagong Divn. 26	Chittagong Hill Tracts, 30th June 1874.	3·19	Heavy showers throughout the week. The sowing of paddy and cotton in the jooms has been finished. The plough cultivators are tilling their lands Indian-corn has begun to ripen here and there in the jooms. The prospects of the crops are on the whole good.
Chittagong Divn.	Hill Tipperah, 1st July 1874.	2·50	The weather has been as good as could be wished for the crops in the plains and low lands; alternate showers and warm sun. More rain required for the sowings on the hills. Crops round head-quarters looking very well.
BEHAR.			
Patna Division. 27	Patna, 6th* July 1874	5·76	Too much rain has fallen. Some fine weather is wanted to allow the cultivators to get on to their fields. Floods to the south of the district said to have done some damage to the bhadoi or early crops Health of the district, good.
Patna Division. 28	Gya, 4th „ „	5·57	Rain daily. There has been a heavy flood, but owing to its short duration has not done much injury. The weather is all that can be desired. Bhadoi or early crops growing rapidly.
Patna Division. 29	Shahabad, 4th „ „	3·51	Constant rains, at times very heavy, and appears to have fallen all over the district. Crops are favorably reported on. A little bright and sunny weather would do much good. At the commencement of the week the floods of the Soane in the east, and of the Kudrakao and Durgwotee rivers in the south of the district, have caused some damage to the young crops. Inquiries are being made in regard to this. Health of the district, good. Only a few cases of small-pox.
Patna Division. 30	Tirhoot ...	.....	Return not received.
Patna Division. 31	Sarun, 4th „ „	1·88	Weather rainy and seasonable. East wind prevailing. The rain has been general. Agricultural operations progressing favorably. The bhadoi or early and other crops are all coming up well. Indigo prospects improved. A spell of dry weather is now much to be desired to admit of the fields being properly weeded: the weeding operations are in places somewhat obstructed owing to the continuous rain. The paddy seedlings in the nurseries are doing well. Prices of barley, wheat, gram, and cheena (millet), have slightly fallen.
Patna Division. 32	Chumparun, 3rd „ „	2·05	Seasonable ' Prospects continue to be very favorable. The bhadoi or early crops are coming up well, and some will be ready in a fortnight. Health generally good.
Bhagulpore Divn. 33	Monghyr, 4th „ „	8·54	Heavy and continuous rain; no day has passed without some rain; at most places muggy and hot The bhadoi or early crops are very promising. There was some fear of swamping in consequence of the rapid rise of the Ganges, but the river has begun to fall again.
Bhagulpore Divn. 34	Bhagulpore, 6th* „ „	3·67	Rain at Soopool 7·60, three inches fell in one day; Muddehpoora 7·70, five inches in one day; Banka 7·80 The unusually heavy rain has as yet in no way damaged the good prospects of any crops, but a few days' sunshine is very necessary, or the Indian-corn must suffer. General health, very good.
Bhagulpore Divn. 35	Purneah, 4th „ „	3·98	Weather same as last week. The cheena (millet) crop now ripe is being damaged by rain and floods. The weeding of the bhadoi or early crop is impeded by the heavy rains, and the young plant is in some places choked by weeds. The transplanting of the late rice progressing favorably. Indigo prospects are bad owing to heavy rain. Jamera or early rice is being brought into the markets. Prices falling.
Bhagulpore Divn. 36	Sonthal Pergunnahs, 4th July 1874.	1·55	Almost perfect everywhere. Heavy rain, followed by bright sunshine. Excellent everywhere. There was a fear that the heavy rain of the week before last might be too continuous; and in Deoghur the maize, which was well forward, was beginning to droop. The fine weather of the past week has restored everything. Maize and paddy are doing well. Transplanting has begun. The small crops are sown.
ORISSA.			
Orissa Division. 37	Cuttack, 6th* July 1874	·30	Sowing of principal rice crop nearly finished. Beali rice fields being reploughed Prospects continue encouraging. Public health, good.
Orissa Division. 38	Pooree, 2nd „ „	1·34	Weather hot, cloudy, and sultry. There has been slight rain during the week, and more rain is immediately expected. The seeds already sown have germinated, and the seedlings commenced to grow. Sowing operations are going on. The first floods have ceased, and the rivers have again risen. Prices are stationary. Public health is generally good.
Orissa Division. 39	Balasore, 3rd „ „	·08	Very little rain has fallen; during the last five days scarcely any has fallen anywhere. The young crops, however, have not suffered as yet. Severe cholera in the centre of the district.

* Telegrams of the 6th July, received on the same day, show rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date
	CHOTA NAGPORE.		
	South-West Frontier Agency.		
40	Hazareebagh, 3rd July 1874.	4 94	Continued and heavy rain until the 2nd instant. Two days of fine weather Reports from all sides excellent, except in a few places, where the rain is said to have prevented weeding. This, however, is a fault on the right side, and a few days of fine weather will set that straight. The people are eager to take advances, but nearly the whole average area is already under cultivation and sown. Small-pox is prevalent in a sporadic form as usual.
41	Lohardugga, 4th July 1874.	1 13	Light rain, with intervals of sunshine. The prospects continue most favorable, both in Chota Nagpore Proper and Palamow The crops are said to be doing splendidly everywhere There has been lately far more rain in Palamow than in Chota Nagpore. Upwards of 10½ inches having been registered at Daltongunge during the week ending 30th June. Several irrigation works are reported to have been damaged, but the crops have not suffered at all. Prices have fallen. General health very good, though small-pox has not yet disappeared
42	Singbhoom, 3rd July 1874.	1 07	Close and hot. Heavy clouds about, but rain holding off. More rain now required for the Gora paddy. In other respects state and prospects of the crops excellent. Nothing could be finer than the present appearance of the young rice Prices easier. Public health, generally good
43	Manbhoom, 4th July 1874	0 72	Seasonable and cool. Reports from all parts of the district continue very good, except from Raipore and the pergunnahs in that neighbourhood where the fall of rain had been deficient, and agricultural operations were somewhat delayed in consequence; the latter part of the week was dry, and rain is again wanted.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA, STATISTICAL DEPT.,
The 7th July 1874.

L C. ABBOTT,
Offg. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

Division.	District.	Station.	Rain from 14th to 20th June 1874.	Rain from 21st to 27th June 1874.	Rain from 1st January 1874. Inches.	Rain from 1st January 1874. Up to date.	Remarks
BENGAL.			Inches.	Inches.		1874.	
	Western Districts.						
Burdwan.	Burdwan ...	Burdwan	4·80	5·98	25·96	27th June.	
		Cutwa	2·47	5·44	23·59	ditto.	
		Culna	1·43	2·14	17·45	ditto.	
		Bood-bood	6·29	2·15	18·59	ditto.	
		Raneegunge	3·28	4·77	16·11	ditto	
		Jehanabad	1·80	3·40	17·42	ditto.	
	Bankoora ...	Bankoora	3·23	5·45	19·40	ditto	
	Beerbhoom ...	Sooree	2·65	5·05	20·18	ditto.	
	Midnapore ...	Midnapore	1·59	2·00	11·28	ditto.	
		Tumlook	2·30	2·48	18·82	ditto.	
		Gurbeta	4·89	4·72	20·19	ditto	
		Contai ... Dy. Collr.'s Office ..	3·45	0·58	19·90	ditto.	
		Contai ... Exe. Engr.'s Office...	3·77	0·28	20·42	ditto.	
	Hooghly ...	Hooghly	0·55	1·51	14·14	ditto.	
		Serampore	0·70	2·98	14·25	ditto.	
	Howrah ...	Howrah	0·79	0·74	10·62	ditto.	
	Central Districts.						
Presidency.	24-Pergunnahs ...	Saugor Island	5·60	1·70	22·15	ditto.	
		Calcutta	1·68	0·56	16·61	ditto.	
		Alipore . Dispensary ...	1·81	0·39	13·86	ditto.	
		Alipore . Jail ...	1·87	0·32	13·34	ditto	
		Busseerhat	1·22	1·70	11·36	ditto.	
		Baraset	0·71	1·23	13·83	ditto.	
		Diamond Harbour	3·26	4·11	14·84	ditto.	
		Barripore	3·15	2·23	14·21	ditto.	
		Satkhira	1·34	2·89	12·42	ditto.	
		Barrackpore	0·48	4·72	15·34	ditto.	
		Dum-Dum	0·69	2·20	14·01	ditto.	
	Nuddea ...	Kishnaghur	3·58	5·01	24·51	ditto.	
		Bongong	1·63	3·83	19·35	ditto.	
		Meherpore	2·60	4·56	22·07	ditto.	
		Chooadangah	2·59	4·03	25·05	ditto.	
		Kooshtea	1·26	4·47	24·48	ditto.	
		Ranaghat	2·38	2·80	20·11	ditto.	
	Jessore ...	Jessore	4·05	2·26	21·90	ditto.	
		Narail	1·71	5·61	23·32	ditto.	
		Khoolna	1·75	2·50	20·88	ditto.	
		Jhenidah	4·20	4·37	31·26	ditto.	
		Bagirhat	3·78	3·02	21·97	ditto.	
		Magoorah	1·69	3·19	22·53	ditto.	
	Moorshedabad ...	Berhampore	3·72	2·69	19·11	ditto.	
		Rampore Haut	5·05	3·06	17·60	ditto.	
		City Moorshedabad	4·11	7·15	21·68	ditto.	
		Jungipore	2·57	5·81	18·55	ditto.	
		Azimgunge	4·39	8·58	21·12	ditto.	
		Lalgolla	1·93	2·05	17·49	ditto.	
Rajshahye.	Dinagepore ...	Dinagepore	4·23	2·19	21·61	ditto.	
	Maldah ..	Maldah	2·92	3·09	16·20	ditto.	
	Rajshahye ...	Baulesh	2·56	1·75	18·78	ditto.	
		Nattore	3·83	6·11	31·09	ditto.	
	Rungpore ..	Rungpore	7·87	4·02	37·31	ditto.	
		Bhowanigunj	1·49	1·43	24·75	ditto.	
		Titalya	4·30	9·89	38·31	ditto	
	Bogra .	Bogra	4·34	5·06	38·71	ditto.	
	Pubna .	Pubna	2·26	4·80	28·37	ditto.	
		Serajgunj	Not rec.	3·20	24·65	ditto	Not rec. 14th to 20th June.
Cooch Behar.	Darjeeling ...	Darjeeling .. Telegraph Office ...	ditto	Not rec.	9·60	31st May.	
		Darjeeling .. Hospital ...	ditto	ditto	22·07	13th June.	
	Julpigoree .	Julpigoree	4·92	6·59	40·59	27th June.	
		Bodah	8·74	3·79	43·12	ditto.	
		Buxa Commissioner's Office..	12·01	12·92	60·54	ditto ...	From 12th April. Not rec. 31st May to 6th June.
		Buxa Civil Surgeon's „ ...	11·84	16·74	77·84	ditto.	
	Cooch Behar Tributary State ...	Cooch Behar	7·32	5·05	53·73	ditto.	

Division.	District.	Station.	Rain from 14th to 20th June 1874.	Rain from 21st to 27th June 1874.	Rain from 1st January 1874.		Remarks.
					Inches.	Up to date.	
BENGAL—(*Continued.*)			Inches.	Inches.		1874.	
	Eastern Districts.						
Dacca.	Dacca	Dacca ... {Telegraph Office ...	2·80	1·77	27·54	27th June.	
		Dacca ... {Hospital ..	3 24	2·10	28 78	ditto.	
		Moonsheegunge	4 22	0 78	29·99	ditto.	
		Manickgunge	1·72	1·82	25 74	ditto.	
	Fureedpore	Fureedpore	3·44	1·29	23·58	ditto.	
		Goalundo	1 19	2·33	23·56	ditto.	
		Madaripore	5 41	1·62	30·00	ditto.	
	Backergunge	Burrisal	6·14	4 55	23·09	ditto.	
		Perozepore	2·64	4·71	16·37	ditto.	
		Patoakhally	10·11	5·20	30·89	ditto.	
		Dowlatkhan	9 65	2·80	31·18	ditto.	
	Mymensingh	Mymensingh	2·76	3·84	35·79	ditto.	
		Jamalpore	0·97	5·46	28 56	ditto.	
		Atia	2·10	2·90	21·98	ditto.	
		Kishoregunge	1·97	2·70	33·81	ditto.	
	Sylhet	Sylhet	6 87	6·25	75 28	ditto.	
Chittagong.	Chittagong	Chittagong {Telegraph Office ..	3·30	6·50	34·69	ditto.	
		Chittagong {Jail	8 84	7·16	37 74	ditto.	
		Cox's Bazar	10·95	Not rec	26·39	20th June.	
	Noakholly	Noakholly	7·92	4·62	35·99	27th June.	
	Tipperah	Comillah	2·65	2·48	32·67	ditto.	
		Brahmunberiah	2·88	1·04	25·98	ditto.	
	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Rungamatee Hill	Not rec.	2·24	29·89	ditto	Not rec. 14th to 20th June.
	Hill Tipperah	Hill Tipperah	ditto	Not rec.	24·63	13th June.	
BEHAR.							
Patna.	Patna	Patna	4·17	4·75	12·24	27th June.	
		Behar	2 01	4·95	12 47	ditto.	
		Bath	1·08	2·83	9·87	ditto.	
		Dinapore .. {Jail	5·90	4 10	16·20	ditto.	
		Dinapore .. {Cantonment ...	6·60	3 30	14·07	ditto.	
	Gya	Gya	1·11	7·15	14 07	ditto.	
		Nowadah	3·15	9 51	21·93	ditto.	
		Arungabad	1·57	7 76	13·47	ditto.	
		Jehanabad	2 17	4 73	11·70	ditto.	
	Shahabad	Arrah	1 68	5 15	16 92	ditto.	
		Sasseram	0·54	10·86	15·38	ditto ...	Not rec. 24th to 30th May.
		Buxar	0·87	6·79	11·81	ditto.	
		Bhubooah	1·51	10·27	17·29	ditto.	
	Tirhoot	Mozufferpore	3·07	Not rec.	8·46	20th June.	
		Durbhunga	Not rec.	ditto	2 25	16th May ...	Not rec. 19th to 25th April and 3rd to 9th May.
		Hajeepore	3·84	ditto	6·38	20th June.	
		Mudhoobunnee	2·78	ditto	13 94	ditto.	
		Sestamurhee	4·26	ditto	10·42	ditto	
		Tajpore	4·72	0 85	11·82	27th June.	
	Sarun	Chuprah	1·55	4·74	10·61	ditto.	
		Sewan	1·87	6·90	15·71	ditto.	
	Chumparun	Motiharee	4·60	3·96	14·38	ditto.	
		Bettiah	2·00	2 54	7·24	ditto ..	Not rec. 31st May to 13th June.
Bhagulpore.	Monghyr	Monghyr	2·22	3 18	17 18	ditto.	
		Begoo Serai	1·92	2·08	10·81	ditto.	
		Jamooee	2·18	9 20	19·22	ditto.	
	Bhagulpore	Bhagulpore	5·67	2·92	18·76	ditto.	
		Soopool	3·15	1 78	18·74	ditto.	
		Muddehpoora	2·10	1·90	8·18	ditto.	
		Banka	3·54	6·34	17·54	ditto.	
		Sanborsa	3 63	2 49	18·09	ditto.	
	Purneah	Purneah	4 59	2 30	17·59	ditto.	
		Kissengunge	6·85	4 09	26 39	ditto.	
		Arrareah	5·30	5·96	27·97	ditto.	
	Southal Pergunnahs...	Deoghur	1·88	7 93	16·82	ditto.	
		Rajmehal	2·70	1 80	10 70	ditto.	
		Nya Doomka	3·10	3 77	12·59	ditto.	
		Godda	2·50	4·50	12·80	ditto ...	Not rec. 10th to 16th May.

Division.	District.	Station	Rain from 14th to 20th June 1874.	Rain from 21st to 27th June 1874.	Rain from 1st January 1874.		Remarks
					Inches.	Up to date.	
ORISSA			Inches.	Inches.		1874.	
Orissa.	Cuttack	Cuttack ... Telegraph Office ..	12 00	1 90	24 56	27th June.	
		Cuttack ... Hospital	11 96	2·37	25 13	ditto	
		Jajpore	Not rec.	Not rec	6 10	13th June.	
		Kendraparah ..	ditto	ditto	3·60	ditto.	
		Jugatsingpore	ditto	ditto	4·75	ditto.	
		False Point	2 70	0·25	9·41	27th June.	
	Pooree ...	Pooree					
		Khoordah	9 48	Not rec	12 40	20th June.	
			8·81	ditto	17·23	ditto	
	Balasore	Balasore ..	4 19	0 22	11·14	27th June.	
		Bhuddruck	2 80	1·00	16 95	ditto	
		Jellasore	4 35	1·37	15 72	ditto	
		Soorah	3 89	1 76	16 19	ditto.	
		Chandbally	5 67	1·67	13 20	ditto.	
	Cuttack Tributary Mehals	Sambalpore	8 07	Not rec	15 24	20th June.	
	CHOTA NAGPORE SOUTH-WESTERN FRONTIER AGENCY.						
	Hazareebagh .	Hazareebagh Jail ..	2 19	2·40	15 62	27th June.	
		Hazareebagh Dispensary ...	2 91	2·70	17 82	ditto.	
		Pachumba	3 82	3 21	19 49	ditto.	
	Lohardaggah ...	Ranchee	2·42	Not rec	13 68	20th June.	
		Palamow	1 90	ditto	10·97	ditto.	
	Singbhoom ...	Chybassa	2 31	1·17	15·90	27th June.	
	Manbhoom ..	Purulia	1·65	0 75	13 53	ditto.	
		Govindpore	5 17	3 40	19 65	ditto ...	Not rec 31st May to 6th June
	ASSAM & ADJACENT HILLS.						
	Cachar ..	Cachar	6 22	Not rec.	55·95	20th June.	
		Hylakandy	3 51	ditto	51 54	ditto.	
		Koyah	3 76	ditto	50 17	ditto.	
	Goalparah ...	Goalparah	4 19	ditto	38·51	ditto.	
		Dhoobree	6 20	ditto	60 28	ditto.	
	Kamroop ...	Gowhatty	2·35	ditto	45·70	ditto.	
		Burpettah	3 82	ditto	41 37	ditto.	
	Durrung ...	Tezpore	1·21	ditto	37·44	ditto.	
		Mungledye	1 41	ditto	35·46	ditto.	
	Nowgong ...	Nowgong	2·08	ditto	27·02	ditto.	
	Seebsaugor ..	Seebsaugor	8·80	ditto	69·17	ditto.	
		Golaghat	2 38	ditto	41·25	ditto.	
		Jorehaut	2 96	ditto	51 09	ditto.	
		Nazeerah	1·50	ditto	57 50	ditto.	
	Luckimpore	Debrooghur	Not rec.	ditto	44·95	23rd May.	
		North Luckimpore	ditto	ditto	51·32	13th June.	
		Suddya	ditto	ditto	47 61	23rd May...	Not rec. 5th to 11th April.
	Naga Hills ...	Samoogoodting .. .	ditto	ditto	16 40	13th June.	
	Khasi and Jynteah Hills ..	Shillong	ditto	ditto	11·10	16th May.	
		Jaowai	ditto	ditto	21·50	ditto.	
		Cherrapoonjee	ditto	ditto	183 03	23rd May	
	Garo Hills ...	Tura	4 58	1·96	34 49	27th June.	
		Benares ...	Not rec.	Not rec.	1 41	13th June	
		Akyab	13·70	15 80	40 20	27th June.	

CALCUTTA,
The 4th July 1874.

W. G. WILLSON,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period 28th June to 4th July 1874.

Station	Date.	Hour.	Barometer reduced to 32°.	Barometer reduced to sea level.	Thermometer. Dry.	Thermometer. Wet.	Humidity, Sat. =100.	Wind. Direction.	Wind. Velocity.	Rain	Clouds.	Weather initials
Calcutta.	June 28th	10	29·600	29·618	88·5	78 5	71	W	...	...	.....	o
		16	29·529	29 547	86·5	79·6	72	S	...	...	.....	o
	29th	10	29·650	29·668	84·0	80·2	83	S E	.	0·12	CK	
		16	29·580	29·598	86·3	82 0	82	E S E	...	.	.....	o
	30th	10	29·702	29·720	85 8	80 2	77	W S W	...	1·19	K, C	
		16	29·598	29·616	84 0	80 5	85	S	...		S	
	1st	10	29·725	29·743	88·2	83·0	76	S S E	...	...	K	
		16	29 631	29·649	87 0	81 5	77	E by S	...	0·04	.....	o
	2nd	10	29·724	29·742	86 8	81·2	77	S S E	3·4	0 08	K	
		16	29·609	29 627	91·3	82·6	67	S S E	7·0	...	K	
	3rd	10	29 703	29·721	83·3	80 5	87	S S E	4·9	...	K	
		16	29·589	29·607	88 4	81·5	72	S S W	7·3	...	C,K	
	4th	10	29 647	29 665	83·5	80·5	87	S W	4·3	0·04	.....	o
		16	29·531	29·549	90·5	82 5	69	W	6 5	...	KK	
Savoor Island.	28th	10	29 624	29 630	88	83	80	S W	17·3	...	N	m, o, scuds
		16	29·565	29·571	87	83	83	S S W	13 5	...	N	m, o
	29th	10	29·678	29 684	87	82	79	W S W	8·0	...	N	o
		16	29 606	29·612	86	82	83	S	6·0	...	N	m, scuds
	30th	10	29 698	29·704	83	77	75	S	5·8	2·70	N	b
		16	29·623	29 629	86	81	79	S S E	8·8	...	N	m, b
	1st	10	29 731	29·737	87	80	72	S S E	3·0	...	N	b, v
		16	29·652	29·658	88	81	72	S S E	12·7	...	N	b, v
	2nd	10	29·726	29·732	87	81	76	S S E	4·8	...	N	b, v
		16	29·641	29 647	87	81	76	S S E	11·1	..	N	
	3rd	10	29·715	29·721	87	82	79	S S W	12·7	...	N	b, v
		16	29·614	29·620	88	81	72	S S E	11·2	0·10	N	b, p
	4th	10	29·664	29 670	88	86	91	S W	9·4	0·10	N	b, v, p,
		16	29·561	29 567	88	81	72	S	12·1	...	N	b, v
Chittagong.	28th	10	29·636	29·728	84	80	83	E S E	6·3	0·10	KS	v
		16	29 576	29 668	83	79	83	E S E	8·7	...	KS	p
	29th	10	29 668	29·760	83	78	78	E	3·7	...	C K, K	b, v
		16	29·586	29·679	81	78	86	S	12·3	...	K, KS	p
	30th	10	29·688	29 780	85	79	75	E S E	4·5	...	C K, KS	b
		16	29·598	29 690	86	80	75	S W	11·2	...	K, C	b, v
	1st	10	29·720	29·812	86	80	75	E S E	4 8	.	K	b, v
		16	29 621	29 713	84	80	83	S S W	8·2	0·10	K, KS	v
	2nd	10	29·690	29·782	86	80	75	E S E	3·0	...	K	b, v
		16	29 628	29 720	85	80	79	S S E	9·7	...	K	b, v
	3rd	10	29 700	29 792	87	80	72	S S E	4·8	...	K	b, v
		16	29·610	29·702	86	79	72	S S W	13 6	...	KC	b, v
	4th	10	29 662	29 754	85	80	79	S W	6 6	...	K, KS	v
		16	29·361?	29·456?	85	80	79	S	15·2	..	K, KS	b, v
Madras.	27th	10	29 751	29·781	90	75	47	S W by W	15	...	... ..	c
		16	29·639	29·669	94	76	40	S W by S	12	...	.....	c
	28th	10	29 779	29·809	89	88	95	W S W	12	0·06	... ..	b
		16	29 690	29 720	81	76	79	N	4	0·21	.....	cloudy.
	29th	10	29·792	29 822	86	76	61	W S W	10	0·23	.....	cloudy.
		16	29 690	29 720	94	76	40	W N W	9	...	.....	c
	30th	10	29 761	29·791	85	75	60	W S W	12	...	.....	cloudy.
		16	29·690	29·720	90	74	44	W by S	4	.	.....	cloudy.
	1st	10	29 796	29 826	83	75	67	W S W	12	...	.....	o
		16	29·699	29 729	92	75	42	W by N	4	.	.....	cloudy.
	2nd	10	29·771	29 801	88	75	53	W by S	9	.	.....	hazy
		16	29·686	29 716	89	76	52	W	6	...	.....	hazy.
	3rd	10	29·787	29 817	87	76	58	W	7	...	. ...	cloudy.
		16	29 676	29·706	88	77	58	E by S	6	...	.....	cloudy
Cuttack.	28th	10	29 545	29·627	88	79	66	S W	4·0	...	CK, N, C	
		16	29·477	29 558	91	82	66	S	6·2	...	CK, N, C	
	29th	10	29 596	29 678	88	81	72	S W	3·0	...	C	b
		16	29 512	29·593	90	80	63	W S W	2·3	...	N, C	
	30th	10	29·606	29·688	85	78	71	N E	2·0	...	N, C	
		16	29 522	29·604	88	80	69	S E	2·7	...	K, CN, C	
	1st	10	29 646	29·728	87	79	68	E	1·8	...	C, CK, C	
		16	29 545	29·627	86	80	75	S E	3·5	...	CK, N,	d
	2nd	10	29·634	29·716	88	80	79	E N E	1·1	...	C, CK, K	
		16	29 539	29 620	90	81	66	S	4·1	.	CK, K, N	
	3rd	10	29·614	29·696	87	80	72	S S W	1·3	0·10	KS, C	
		16	29·497	29 579	83	79	83	S S W	4·6	...	KN, C	
	4th	10	29 574	29·656	87	80	72	S E	6·9	...	K, KS, C	
		16	29 459	29·541	89	81	69	S S W	6·6	...	CK, CK, C	
Akyab.	28th	10	29·755	29·777	80	78	91	S E	5·0	0·60	.....	d
		16	29·695	29·717	79	77	90	S	4 5	0 20	.....	p
	29th	10	29 757	29 778	83	79	83	S E	3 7	...	.....	b
		16	29·675	29·696	83	78	78	S	7·0	...	.....	b
	30th	10	29 771	29 792	86	80	75	S S E	4·7	...	.....	b
		16	29·679	29 700	86	80	75	S	7·5	..	.....	b
	1st	10	29 786	29·807	84	81	87	S E	2·6	0·50	.....	b
		16	29·679	29·700	85	79	75	S	6·5	...	.....	b
	2nd	10	29·782	29·804	80	79	95	S	4·2	0·60	K	
		16	29 703	29 725	79	78	95	S	4 8	0·50	.....	p
	3rd	10	29 769	29 791	82	79	87	S S E	3 3	0·20	... .	b
		16	29·689	29·710	85	80	79	S	6 C	...	...	b, g
	4th	10	29·740	29 770	85	81	83	S	2 2	...	.....	b
		16	29·672	29·693	84	80	83	S	6 6	...	.....	b

• Velocity of wind in miles per hour.

CALCUTTA,
The 4th July 1874.

W. G. WILLSON,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Government of Bengal.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, from 22nd to 30th June 1874.

Month.	Date.	Mean reduced barometer.	Thermometer. Highest reading.	Thermometer. Lowest reading.	Thermometer. Max solar radiation.	Mean dry bulb	Mean wet bulb.	Computed mean dew-point.	Mean degree of humidity.	Wind. Prevailing direction.	Wind. Max. pressure.	Wind. Daily velocity.	Rain.	Moon's phases.	General Remarks
		Inches	°	°	°	°	°	°			lb	Miles	In		
June	22nd	29·525	93·6	81·8	148·0	86·0	81·8	78·9	0·80	S by E & S	..	155·9		☽	Cirri, and cumuli Sheet lightning on W at midnight
	23rd	·458	91·9	81·5	146·2	85·1	81·5	79·0	83	S S S E & S S W		150·7	0·18		Clear, cirri, and cumuli, and overcast Thunder and lightning at 8 PM Slight rain between 11 and 12 AM, and 8 and 9 PM
	24th	·429	87·5	79·4	133·0	82·3	80·5	79·2	91	S by E & variable		104·6	0·21		Overcast, and stratoni Slight rain between midnight and 1 AM from 2 to 7 PM
	25th	·366	89·5	80·0	139·2	83·9	80·6	78·3	84	S by W, S S W & S		126·9	0·09		Overcast, cumuli and stratoni Slight rain at 4½ AM
	26th	·337	90·7	81·4	149·2	83·9	81·1	79·1	·86	S by W, S & S W		128·4			Overcast and cumuli Drizzled at 2½, 4, 8½, 9 and 11 PM
	27th	·431	83·5	72·5	111·7	81·0	78·4	76·6	87	S S W & S S W	2·0	165·6	0·08		Overcast and cirrostrati Light rain at 7, 9, 11 AM, 3½ and 4 PM
	28th	·530	90·0	79·5	147·0	83·6	79·7	77·0	81	S S W & S	0·3	177·7	0·03		Overcast cumuli Slight rain 9½ AM, 5 4½ and 9 PM
	29th	·623	90·3	78·0	144·7	82·1	79·2	77·2	86	S S E & variable		121·3	1·28		Overcast and cirrocumuli Thunder between mid night and 1 AM, and 4 and 5 PM Light ning between midnight and 1 AM, and at 9 PM Rain after in tervals
	30th	·661	89·5	80·2	143·5	83·5	80·1	77·7	83	S by E		127·0		○	Cirrostrati and stratoni Thunder between 2 and 4 PM Drizzled at 8 AM, 2½ and 8½ PM

The mean barometer, as likewise the dry and wet bulb thermometer means, are derived from the twenty-four hourly observations made during the day.

The dew-point is computed with the Greenwich constants. The figures in column 10 represent the humidity of the air, the complete saturation of which being taken at unity. The receiver of the lower rain gauge is 1½ feet, and that of the anemometer 70 feet 10 inches above the level of the ground. The velocity of wind, as indicated by Robinson's anemometer, is registered from noon to noon.

The extreme variation of temperature during the past nine days	..	15·6
The maximum temperature during the past nine days	...	93·6
The maximum temperature during the corresponding period of the past year	...	102·8
The mean humidity during the past nine days	...	0·85
The mean humidity during the corresponding period of the past year	...	0·73
		Inches.
The total fall of rain from 22nd to 30th ... by lower rain gauge	...	1·87
The total fall of rain from 22nd to 30th ... by anemometer gauge	..	1·69
Ditto ditto ditto, average of twenty previous years	...	3·77
Ditto ditto between the 1st January and the 30th June	.	15·90
Ditto ditto ditto, average of twenty previous years	...	24·12

GOPEENAUTH SEN,
In charge of the Observatory.

The 6th July 1874.

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 20th June 1874, on 158¼ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.			Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.			Total traffic receipts.
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.		Weight carried.	Receipts.		
		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week	29,405½	20,404 13 9	1,870 8 9	1,45,032 7	17,487 3 6	1,602 19 11	3,473 8 8
Or per mile of railway	186	128 15 1	11 16 5	917 0	110 8 0	10 2 7	21 19 0
For previous 24 weeks of half-year	744,579	5,27,693 12 6	48,371 17 4	34,64,300 6	11,81,765 8 8	109,914 17 9	158,286 15 1
Total for 25 weeks	773,948½	5,48,098 9 3	50,242 6 1	36,09,333 13	11,99,253 12 2	111,517 17 8	161,760 3 9
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	32,001	20,023 13 8	1,835 10 5	92,156 10	24,998 2 7	2,291 9 11	4,127 0 4
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year	204	127 15 3	11 14 7	589 0	159 11 8	14 12 10	26 7 5
Total to corresponding date of previous year	845,503	6,01,682 3 2	55,152 7 5	36,75,825 29	724,756 7 1	66,435 12 6	121,587 19 11

EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for Week ended 27th June 1874 on 158¼ miles open.

		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week ...	38,598½	18,338 11 6	1,691 5 0	115,345 3	22,453 7 4	2,058 4 8	3,739 9 8
Or per mile of railway	244	115 14 2	10 12 6	729 0	141 14 2	13 0 1	23 12 7
For previous 25 weeks of half-year...	744,579	527,693 12 6	48,371 17 4	34,64,300 6	11,81,765 8 8	109,914 17 9	158,286 15 1
Total for 26 weeks	783,177½	546,032 8 0	50,063 2 4	35,79,645 9	12,04,219 0 0	111,973 2 5	162,026 4 9
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	40,875	19,432 15 9	1,781 7 2	291,163 26	35,543 11 9	3,258 3 6	5,039 10 8
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year ..	261	124 2 9	11 7 8	1,860 0	227 1 10	20 16 4	32 4 6
Total to corresponding date of previous year	886,378	621,115 2 11	56,933 14 7	39,66,989 25	760,300 2 10	69,993 16 0	126,627 10 7

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY—MAIN LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 27th June 1874, on 1,280 miles open.

		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week	118,677	1,40,280 14 3	12,859 1 7	* 10,97,509 10	* 5,54,405 3 0	50,830 9 6	63,679 11 1
Or per mile of railway	.....	109 9 6	10 0 11	... ..	433 2 1	39 14 1	49 15 0
For previous 24 weeks of half-year...	2,764,495	39,29,864 0 8	360,237 10 9	3,66,55,117 0	1,37,50,658 7 11	14,43,810 7 8	1,804,047 18 0
Total for 25 weeks ...	2,883,172	40,70,144 14 11	373,096 12 4	3,77,52,626 10	1,43,06,063 10 11	14,94,630 16 9	1,867,727 9 1
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	108,887	1,29,208 11 5	11,849 9 0	6,78,813 0	2,66,971 11 5	24,472 8 2	30,321 17 2
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year	.....	100 15 10	9 5 3	....	208 9 2	19 2 4	28 7 6
Total to corresponding date of previous year . . ...* ...	2,980,838	41,12,636 14 6	377,010 1 0	1,99,73,237 10	96,79,359 10 1	8,87,274 12 8	1,264,284 13 8

* Rs. 72,529-1-6 added on account of estimated proportion of freight on food-grains due by Government in this week.
* Maunds 38,344-10 and Rs. 23,060 added, being short, included in previous weeks on account of freight on food-grains due by Government.
* Rs. 20,152 added on account of difference between approximate and audited returns of previous weeks.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY—JUBBULPORE LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 27th June 1874, on 223¼ miles open.

		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week ...	4,057	13,060 4 3	1,197 3 10	* 79,640 10	* 38,460 10 6	3,526 7 8	4,723 11 6
per mile of railway	... ..	58 6 11	5 7 1	..	172 3 0	15 15 7	21 3 8
For previous 24 weeks of half-year	116,374	3,89,564 3 8	35,710 1 1	33,63,167 30	9,41,931 7 0	86,343 14 4	122,053 15 5
Total for 25 weeks ...	120,631	4,02,624 7 11	36,907 4 11	34,42,808 0	9,80,401 1 6	89,870 2 0	126,777 6 11
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	3,020	9,545 3 3	874 19 7	78,535 0	19,250 8 7	1,764 12 8	2,639 12 3
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year	.....	42 11 4	3 18 3	... ..	86 2 1	7 17 11	11 16 2
Total to corresponding date of previous year	126,706	3,77,094 12 11	34,567 9 6	20,59,011 20	5,71,225 12 10	52,362 7 4	86,929 7 10

* Maunds 10,000-20 and Rs. 8,446-8 added being short included on account of food-grain traffic due by Government in previous weeks.
* Rs. 13,022-7-2 added on account of estimated proportion of freight on food-grains due by Government for this week.

CALCUTTA AND SOUTH-EASTERN STATE RAILWAY

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 27th June 1874, on 28 miles open

	Coaching Traffic			Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.			Total traffic receipts.
	Number of passengers	Coaching receipts.		Weight carried	Receipts		
		Rs. A. P	£ s d	Mds Srs.	Rs A P	£ s d	£ s d
Total traffic for the week ..	24,398	2,604 0 0	260 8 0	11,303 0	703 0 0	36 6 0	296 14 8
Or per mile of railway	871	93 0 0	9 6 0	404 0	13 0 0	1 1 8	10 12 8
For previous 25 weeks of half-year ...	203,657	29,905 0 0	2,990 10 0	4,52,685 0	15,288 0 0	1 528 16 0	4,519 6 0
Total for 26 weeks ..	228 055	32,509 0 0	3 250 18 0	4,63 988 0	15,651 0 0	1 565 2 0	4,816 0 8
COMPARISON							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	12,754	1,585 9 9	158 11 3	14 908 0	506 2 9	50 12 4	209 3 7
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year . ..	455	56 10 0	5 13 8	532 0	18 1 3	1 16 2	7 9 10
Total to corresponding date of previous year .	195,661	30 988 4 9	3,026 16 7	6,66,482 0	21,529 7 0	2,152 18 10	5 179 15 5

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[REGISTERED No. 29]

No. 28 of 1874.

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 15, 1874.

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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Lieut.-Governor of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, &c.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

REVENUE AND GENERAL DEPARTMENTS.

No. 1999C.S.

GENERAL.—*The 10th July* 1874.—In consequence of the departure of the Hon'ble Vernon Hugh Schalch, C.S.I., on leave, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased, in exercise of the power vested in him by Section II, Act V (B. C.) of 1870, to nominate the Hon'ble J. R. Bullen Smith to be Chairman of the Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta.

The 13th July 1874.—Mr. Edward Maxwell Reilly, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is vested with the powers of a Collector under Act X of 1870 for the purpose of acquiring land required for the site of a Post Office at the head-quarters of the Atia Sub-division, in Mymensingh.

Baboo Gouri Sunker Biswas, Acting Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, is vested with the powers of a Collector under Act X of 1870 for the purpose of acquiring lands required for public purposes in the district of Sarun.

Mr. John Revans Hallett, M.A., Acting Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Jessore, is allowed subsidiary leave for a period not exceeding thirty days to enable him to appear before the Standing Medical Committee at the Presidency.

The 14th July 1874.—The Hon'ble H. L. Dampier delivered over charge of the office of Secretary to the Government of Bengal to Mr. H. J. Reynolds on the afternoon of this date.

Mr. James Monro, on leave, is appointed to be a District and Sessions Judge of the Second Grade, *vice* Mr. A. Levien, removed from that office, and to be District and Sessions Judge of Rajshahye.

Mr. William Wavell is appointed to be Magistrate and Collector of the Second Grade, *vice* Mr. J. Monro, promoted.

Mr. Joseph Samuel Armstrong is appointed to be a Magistrate and Collector of the Third Grade, but to continue to Act as Magistrate and Collector of Pooree in the Second Grade.

Mr. Ebenezer Johnstone Barton is appointed to be a Joint-Magistrate and Collector of the First Grade, but to continue to Act as Magistrate and Collector of Bogra.

Mr. Robert Fullon Rampini is appointed to be a Joint-Magistrate and Collector of the Second Grade, but to continue to Act in the First Grade,

Mr. James Pratt, M.A., Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Tipperah, is transferred to Mymensingh.

POLICE.—*The 9th July* 1874.—Mr. Walter Fell Smith, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Gya, is allowed leave for three months, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code.

The 10th July 1874.—Mr. Charles Philip Crouch, Assistant Superintendent of Police, Chittagong Hill Tracts, is allowed leave for nine months, under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, together with the usual subsidiary leave from the 4th instant.

Mr. Charles Armstrong Fisher, Assistant Superintendent, in charge of the District Police of Mymensing, is transferred to the Chittagong Hill Tracts.

Captain Hardress Edmond Waller, District Superintendent of Police, Monghyr, is appointed to act in the Second Grade of District Superintendents of Police, with effect from the date on which Mr. O. S. Stack avails himself of his leave.

Mr. Arthur Blair, District Superintendent of Police, on special duty in Rungpore, is appointed to act in the Fourth Grade of District Superintendents of Police.

ECCLESIASTICAL.—*The 13th July* 1874.—The Revd. W. H. Bray is appointed to act as Second Chaplain of St. John's Church, Calcutta, and of the Medical College Hospital, during the absence on duty of the Revd. A. H. Etty, or until further orders, with effect from the 5th instant.

MEDICAL.—*The 13th July* 1874.—The services of Third Grade Assistant Surgeon Kali Krishna Ghose, Deputy Superintendent of Vaccination of the Sonthal Pergunnahs, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India in the Home Department for employment in the Central Provinces.

Third Grade Assistant Surgeon Sonatun Bysack, in charge of the Julpigoree Dispensary, is appointed to be Deputy Superintendent of Vaccination, Sonthal Pergunnahs.

Third Grade Assistant Surgeon Taruck Nath Gangoly, lately attached to the Darjeeling Circle of Vaccination, is appointed to have charge of the Julpigoree Dispensary.

OPIUM.—*The 13th July* 1874.—Mr. Alexander Francis Mackenzie, Assistant Sub-Deputy Opium Agent of Budaon, is allowed leave, without pay, for one year, under Section 9, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code.

The 14th July 1874.—Mr. T. E. D. Innes is appointed to be temporarily an Assistant Sub-Deputy Opium Agent in the Benares Agency.

The orders of the 14th April 1874, confirming the following officers in their appointments as acting Assistant Sub-Deputy Opium Agents, will have effect from the dates mentioned against the name of each, viz.—

Mr. Johannes Carapiet Sarkies, from the 13th August 1873.
" L. L. Parrott, from the 21st February 1874.

MUNICIPAL.—*The 13th July* 1874.—Mr. G. Thomas is appointed to be a Municipal Commissioner for the Town of Monghyr, *vice* Mr. R. Dwyer, deceased.

ROAD CESS.—*The 11th July* 1874.—The following persons are appointed, under Section 76, Act X (B.C.) of 1871, to be members of the Branch Road Cess Committee of Barrackpore, viz.—

Baboo Omesh Chundro Roy Chowdry, ryot, *vice* Baboo Bonomally Ghose, resigned.
" Joy Kristo Roy, ryot, *vice* Baboo Gopal Chunder Ghose, resigned.

LOCAL FUND.—*The 14th July* 1874.—Mr. Robert Hamilton Grant Irvine, Acting District Superintendent of Police, is appointed to be a Member of the District Road Committee of Bankoora, *vice* Mr. J. B. Birch, who has left the district.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Calcutta

ERRATUM.

The 11th July 1874.—In paragraph 2 of this Government resolution No. 2061, dated 22nd June 1874, published in Part I., page 1020 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 24th June 1874, for Licensed Pilot "Mr W. Thompson," *read* "Mr. W. Thomson."

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 27th June 1874.—The following candidates at the Native Civil Service Examination of 1874 having submitted the necessary certificates of character, health, and ability to ride or walk, have been examined and declared to have passed the tests necessary to qualify them to hold appointments.

Class I.—List of Candidates who have passed in the Higher Grade and are declared eligible to hold appointments on Rs. 100 and upwards.

1 Lolit Mohun Dhur.†
2 Manmatha Kumar Bose, B.A.
3 Bunga Naryan Roy, B.A.
4 P. T. Rebello, B.A., L.L.‡
5 Syama Churn Maitra, B.A.
6 Bhobotosh Banerjea.‡
7 Jogunath Barooah, B.A.
8 Hurry Mohun Sandyal.‡
9 Gogan Chundra Banerjea, B.A.‡
10 E. R T. Tiery, B A.
11 Gopal Chunder Mookerjea.‡
12 Jogendra Narayn Gupta (ii).‡
13 Shah Mahomed Azim.‡
14 Petambur Banerjea.
15 Nilambar Pal.‡
16 Siva Nundun Lal Roy, B.A.
17 Dwarkanath Mookerjea.
18 Saroda Persad Sirkar.‡
19 Kedarnath Ghose, B.A.‡
Abdoor Rohim Khan.*
21 Omullo Churn Mullick.†
22 Indressur Barooah.
23 Toolsi Pershad (*a*).
24 Khudiram Poddar.
25 Abdool Wahab.‡
26 Gopal Chunder Banerjea, B.A., B.L.
27 Abdul Khaleque, B.A.‡
28 Bepin Beharry Pramanick.
29 Dwarka Nath Bose.
30 Nundo Kishore Doss.*
31 Bhubun Mohun Banerjea, B.A., B.L.
32 Ram Naram Banerjea, B.L.
33 Kali Sankar Sen.
34 Mohendra Nauth Bhuttacharjee M.A., L.L.‡
35 George Dias.
36 C. Owen.‡
37 H. Bradbury.
38 Daby Pershad.‡

Class II.—Candidates who have passed the necessary tests for the Higher Grade of appointments, but who are not eligible for such appointments till after one year's service in the Lower Grade.

1 Siva Prosonno Sen.
2 Uma Churn Laha.‡
3 Iswar Chunder Mozoomdar.
4 Sukhomoy Banerjea.‡
5 Grish Chunder Sircar.
6 Rajonikant Mookerjea.
7 Shityatarun Mookerjea.
8 Anunda Prosad Chatterjee.
9 Peary Mohun Bose.
10 Imdad Ali.‡
11 Purna Chunder Guha.
12 Syed Mujibur Rohomun.
13 Braja Nauth Bhuttacharjea.‡
14 Banwarilal Ghose.
15 Mohendranath Seal.
Fatic Chunder Dass.
17 Nujimooddeen Ahmed.‡
18 Abdur Rohim Khan.‡
Sreenath Chatterjea.
20 Sachitananda Mookerjea.
21 Poorno Chunder Sen.
Doorga Nunda Doss.
23 Kamal Naryan Chuckerbutty.
24 Gobind Chunder Doss.
25 Beni Madhub Chatterjee.
26 Jogendro Naryan Seal.
27 Gossain Das Hazra.‡
28 Bhubun Mohun Gupta.
29 Nundo Lal Mookerjee.‡
30 Jogendra Nath Mookerjee.
31 Jogendra Nath Gupta (i).
32 Umachurn Chuckerbutty.
33 C. H. Swinden.
34 Shujut Ali Amed.‡
35 Miyee Uddeen Ahmad.‡
36 Kumad Nath Mookerjee.
37 HurryNarayn Banerjee.‡
38 Bhubendronath Roy.‡

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* Officers who were appointed to the Executive Service subject to passing the Native Civil Service Examination, and have now passed.

† Appointed to act as Deputy Magistrates.

‡ Appointed Sub-Deputies or Relief Superintendents.

(*a*) The name of this candidate, which was placed in the second class in the previous issues of this Notification, has now been transferred to the first class.

CLASS III(*a*).—*List of Candidates who have passed in the Lower Grade, who answered in English and are declared eligible to hold appointments below Rs.* 100.

1 Sreenath Sen.
2 Syed Ali.
3 Prosonno Kumar Chuckerbutty.
4 Sreenath Gupta.‡
5 Nobin Chunder Sen.
6 J. T. Babonau.
7 Denonath Ghose.
8 Annand Chunder Bose.
9 Prankrishen Ganguli.
10 Govinda Chundra Mookerjea.
J. C. Lloyd.
Mohin Chundra Dass.
13 Moti Lal.
14 Poteram Banerjea.
15 Golap Lal Dass.‡
16 Umesh Chundra Mookerjea.
17 Krishna Chundra Bose.
18 Amrita Lall Banerjea.
19 Gopi Krishna.
20 Kedar Nath Banerjea.‡
21 Sitykant Biswas.
22 Gourchurn Dass.
23 Nanilal Mookerjee.‡
Kaly Coomar Roy Chowdry.
Taranath Bose.
26 Juggurnath Doss.
27 Hury Poddo Ghose.
Sajibun Lall, B.A.
29 Abinash Chunder Sen.‡
30 Afzul Uddin Ahmed.
31 Kumad Chunder Mookerjea.
32 Jodoonath Dey.
Ram Nirunjun Pershad.
Ram Dyal Nag.
35 Nebarun Chunder Mookerjea.‡
36 Bidhoo Bhushun Mookerjea.
Mohima Chundra Roy Chowdry.‡
38 Chundra MohunMozoomdar, M.A., B.L.
39 Nundo Lal Pramanick.
40 Abdul Huq.‡
Jogendronath Chuckerbutty.
42 Romanath Mitter.
Umanath Mozoomdar.‡
44 Aughore Nath Chatterjea.‡
45 Raj Coomar Sen.
46 Hem Chunder Dutt.
Opendra Chunder Mozoomdar.
48 Kali Prosunno Dutt.‡
Ganoda Sunkur Bose.
50 Bissumber Doss.
51 Kali Coomar Doss.
Mahomed Mostanser Billah.
53 Sriram Googooly.
54 Rajoni Kant Bhuttacharjee.
Prosonno Coomar Moitra.
56 Rakhal Chundra Ghose.
57 Kashi Chundra Roy.
Bholanath Doss.
59 Golam Lillahi.
60 Kesub Lal Chatterjee.
61 Gopal Chundra Mookerjea.
Rai Vishnu Dutt.
Aghore Nath Roy.
64 Golokenath Mookerjee.
65 Doorga Doss Mookerjea.
Kanai Lall Nag.
67 Bikramajeet Lal.
68 Nowrungee Lall.
Sew Sunker Sing.
Huri Doss Roy.
Abinash Chundra Neogee.
72 Bansidhur Persad.
73 Prosonno Coomar Dutt.
Sashi Mohun Talookdar.
75 Mahomed Abdull Huq.
76 Kaleemuddin Ahmed.
77 Hemantha Coomar Roy.
78 Mahomed Kabeer.
79 Mahomed Madni.
80 Khadem Hossain.
81 Narain Chunder Naik.
82 Wudoy Chand Palit.
83 Mahomed Faruq.
Sreenath Banerjea ‡
85 Khoob Lall.
86 Bhugwan Chundra Bose.
87 Gosto Behary Koondoo.
88 Birchandra Doss.
89 Kally Prosonno Mookerjea.
90 Mahomed Hanif.
91 Buriar Singh.
92 Kalipada Chuckerbutty.
93 Berhameshwar Persad.
94 Pulin Behari Mutt.
95 Mochendranath Mullick.

CLASS III(*b*).—*List of Candidates who have passed in the Lower Grade, who answered in Hindustanee and are declared eligible to hold appointments below Rs.* 100.

1 Syed Fazeelut Hossein.
2 Emamoddin Khan.
3 Parmeshwar Dyal.
4 Malick Lateef Hossein.
5 Syed Muxood Hossein.
6 Syed Ahmed Hossein.
7 Sheik Ahmed Oollah.
8 Syed Koowat Ali.
9 Sheik Abdul Guni.
10 Syed Basharut Hossein.
11 Sheik Husmut Hossein.
Syed Warris Ali.
Mahomed Abdool Rohoman.‡
14 Syed Hasan Reza Khan.
15 Mahomed Waliullah.
16 Rewat Lall.
17 Sheik Abdul Rohoman.
18 Syed Mahomed Nazir.
19 Syed Golam Muhiooddeen.
20 Sheik Jowad Hossein.
21 Sheik Nizabut Ahmed.
22 Shumshool Huq.
Sheik Ali Hossein.
24 Gonesh Persad.
25 Rahmat Ali Khan.
26 Abdul Aziz.
27 Rameshur Sahoy.
28 Sheik Magfoorool Huq.
29 Kishoon Pershad.

‡ Appointed Sub-Deputies or Relief Superintendents.

IV.—The following officers of the Opium Department, who partially passed at previous examinations, have, at the Native Civil Service Examination of 1874, passed in the remaining subjects, viz.—

NAME.	Previously passed in	Now passed in
Mr. J. D. Sayce	Botany and Chemistry	Surveying.
„ N. T. Ryves	„ Surveying	Chemistry.
„ W. Cracroft	Surveying and Chemistry	Botany.
„ H. Hastings	Surveying ..	Botany and Chemistry.
„ E. F. J. Porcelli	Surveying and Chemistry	Botany.
„ A. Elliott	Ditto ...	Ditto.
„ J. L Fawcus	Ditto ...	Ditto.
„ A. Bryson	Surveying ...	Botany and Chemistry.

The following Assistants of the Opium Department are declared to have passed fully in the subjects in which they were liable to examination :—

NAME.	Previously passed in	Now passed in
Mr. C. H. V. Hathorne	Hindustanee, Opium Laws, English, and Arithmetic, and Surveying and Botany	Chemistry.
A. W. Osborne	English and Arithmetic. Hindustanee, Opium Laws, and Surveying.	Botany and Chemistry.

V.—Candidates declared qualified for appointments in the Opium Department, subject to examination in the branches mentioned :—

NAME.	Passed in	Liable to examination in
Mr. G. Paterson	Hindustanee, Opium Laws, and Surveying.	Botany and Chemistry.
„ T. E. D. Innes	Hindustanee and Opium Laws;	Botany, Chemistry, and Surveying
„ J. S. R. Innes	Hindustanee and Botany.	Surveying and Chemistry.
„ H. G. C. Clarke	Surveying, Opium Laws and Botany, Hindustanee.	Chemistry.

RIVERS THOMPSON
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

[Second Publication.]

Passed Candidates at the late Subordinate Civil Service Examination, who have not already furnished the undersigned with particulars of their antecedents, are requested to do so at once in the following form :—

NAME.	Age.	Where educated.	Length of Government service.	Previous employ.	Present employment under Government.

BOARD OF REVENUE, the 30th June 1874.

W. H. GRIMLEY,
Supdt. of Subordinate Civil Service Examination.

[Second Publication.]

RESOLUTION.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

MARINE

CALCUTTA PORT TRUST.

The 29th June 1874.

READ a letter, No. 630, dated 10th June 1874, from the Port Trust Commissioners, submitting a proposal for extending the Strand Bank Road with wharfage between Aheerectollah Ghât and the northern boundary of the port.

Read also letter No. 647, dated 11th June 1874, from the Port Commissioners, applying for a loan of Rs. 2,50,000 for the above purpose.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor probable that the loan of Rs. 2,50,000 applied for in these letters ought to be made—

It is ordered that a copy of the application be published in the *Government Gazette*, as required by the fifth of the rules made by the Governor-General in Council in respect of loans under the Public Works Loan Act of 1871, and published on the 15th of October 1873.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 647, dated 6, Commercial Buildings, the 11th June 1874.

From—The Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta,
To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, General Department.

WE, the undersigned Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta, do hereby apply to His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for a loan, to be granted us under the provisions of Act XXIV of 1871 (the Public Works Loan Act). The particulars to be set forth in accordance with the rules published under the aforesaid Act are annexed hereto :—

(1) The work for the construction or repair of which the loan is required,

The continuation of the river-side road and inland vessels' wharves between Aheerectollah Ghât and the northern boundary of the port.

and an estimate of the cost thereof

The estimated total cost of the work, including cost of the land, is 13¼ lakhs, of which 4,37,000 have been expended. The portion now proposed to be constructed is estimated to cost 2½ lakhs.

(2) The amount of loan applied for.

Rs. 2,50,000.

(3) The funds, cesses, rates, duties, or taxes and the property, if any, on the security of which it is proposed that the loan shall be made

The landing and shipping charges, wharf rents, and removal charges levied at the jetties and inland wharves; the jetties, quays, wharves, machinery, &c., &c., belonging to the Commissioners.

(4) The law or laws under which the said funds, cesses, rates, duties, taxes, levied or received, and the title on which the said property is held.

Act V (B.C.) of 1870.

(5) The period for which the loan is required—

30 years.

the number and amount of the instalments, if any, in which it is proposed the loan shall be made—

1 lakh.
1 ,,
½ ,,

dates proposed for receiving such instalments,

August 1st, 1874.
November ,, ,,
January ,, 1875.

and the instalments in which it is proposed to repay the loan.

In accordance with the provisions of Rule X of the rules published under the Act modified by clause (*d*) of the rule, the Commissioners will pay a fixed sum half-yearly on the 30th June and 31st December at the rate of Rs. 3,053-5 for each lakh of rupees borrowed. The table showing the proportion in which this half-yearly amount is divided between payment of interest and repayment of principal, which was forwarded with the Commissioners' letter No. 4785, dated 12th January 1874, will show that the terms of the rule above quoted are complied with, and that one-fifth of the amount borrowed will be repaid within ten years, one half within twenty years, and the whole within thirty years.

The ordinary income and expenditure of the Commissioners for 1871-72, 1872-73, and 1873-74, exclusive of repayment of loans :—

(6) The proceeds of each of the funds, cesses, rates, duties, or taxes and all other incomes received by the Port Commissioners for the purposes of the Act

	1871-72.	1872-73.	1873-74
Gross receipts derived from jetties ...	3,63,707	4,09,440	4,21,773
„ inland wharves ...	1,98,456	2 01,834	2,16,755
„ Strand bank lands	73,260	79,118	81,590
„ port charges	4,48,111	5,43,020	4,26,974
	10,83,534	12,33,412	11,47,092
Expenditure at jetties	2,04,779	2,43,911	2,68,412
„ inland wharves	46,013	68,381	65,646
„ on account of Strand bank lands	19,849	23.725	69,065
„ „ port establishments	2,80,939	3,95,168	3,85,477
	5,51,580	7,31,185	7,82,600

(7.) The value of the property, if any, offered as security.

Value of land south of Ahecreetollah Ghât, measuring about 2,404 cottahs, at Rs. 1,000 per cottah ...	24,04,000
Value of land already purchased for new wharves and road north of Ahecreetollah Ghât, about ...	3,00,000
Value of buildings, jetties, cranes, and other appliances	34,83,473
Value of floating property, moorings, &c., belonging to the port	18,90,146
Value of investment in Government paper ...	4,29,775
Total ...	85,07,394

All existing prior charges upon any source of income received for the purpose of Act V (B C.) of 1870, or of any property vested in the Commissioners.

Amount of loan sanctioned.	AUTHORITY. Government of India Sanction. No.	Date.	Amount drawn.	Amount repaid.	Date of repayment.	Balance due.
10,00,000	Sanctioned by the assent of G. G. to Act V of 1870.		10,00,000	1,00,000	Aug. 1st,1873...	9,00,000
6,00,000	374	19th Jan. 1873	6,00,000	9,750	June 30th and 31st Dec. 1873.	5,90,251
5,49,100	477	27th Jan. 1873	3,00,000	2,410	Dec. 31st 1873	2,97,590
3,00,000	983	15th Feb. 1873	2,50,000	803	Ditto	2,49,197
2,00,000	1,986	27th Feb 1873	2,00,000	803	Ditto	1,99,197
3,85,000	2,023	31st Mar. 1874	1,55,000	.....	....	1,55,000
Port debt not repayable.						
17,65,000	1,832	7th July 1871	.....	.....	.....	17,65,000

We have, &c.,

(Sd.) V. H. SCHALH, *Chairman.*
„ W. D. BRUCE, *Vice-Chairman.*
„ J. C. MURRAY.
„ T. B. RUSSEL.
„ J. R. BULLEN SMITH.
„ WM. SMITH.
„ DOORGA CHURN LAW.
„ S. HOGG.
„ T. B. LANE.
} *Commissioners.*

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION

The 7th July 1874.—The notification dated 16th June 1874, directing the levy of the road cess from the 1st October 1874, and fixing the month of August 1874 for the meeting of the committee to prepare estimates of income and expenditure in the districts therein named, is hereby cancelled with reference to the district of Mymensingh.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

BURDWAN DIVISION	Midnapore.
RAJSHAHYE „	Dinagepore Maldah. Rungpore. Bogra Pubna.

The 7th July 1874.—Under Section 1 of Act X (B.C.) of 1871 (the District Road Cess Act), the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to extend the aforesaid Act to the districts noted in the margin, and to provide that the Act shall commence and take effect in those districts from the 1st of August 1874.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 4th July 1874—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road from Naldaba to Meerah, pergunnah Plassy, zillah Nuddea, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land lying between Naldah and Meerah, passing through the villages Naldah, Chotachandghan, Barachandghan, Pach Kholla and Meerah to Meerah Bazar, measuring 31,184 feet in length and 56·31 feet in average breadth, amounting to 121 beeghas 19 kottahs 3¼ chittacks, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

J. F. K. HEWITT,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 10th July 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by the Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road from Sujanagar to Satbareea, *vid* Manikdi Chalua, Nischindpoor, Kandarpopur, in pergunnah Jahangirabad, in the district of Pubna, it is hereby declared that a strip of land 6 miles in length and 60 feet in breadth, more or less, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

J. F. K. HEWITT,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATIONS.

The 13th July 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repair of a road from Bodeshory to Jogol, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 8,600 feet, more or less, in length, 56 feet, more or less, in breadth, lying in the villages Bedoseree, Dhurmagur, and Jogdol, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repair of a road from Nekmurd to Ranisonkoil, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 28,500 feet, more or less, in length, 56 feet, more or less, in breadth, lying in the villages Monulbary, Sundabari, Moheshpore, Valapara, Korniet, Bhananundpore, and Nekmurd, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repair of a road from Haripore to Jamoon, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 42,280 feet, more or less, in length, 56 feet, more or less, in breadth, lying in the villages Jamoon, Amgaon, Khanki Durumdidi, Bonbary, Vangepara, Paijpookur, and Haripore, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repair of a road from Nekmurd to Peergunge, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 28,200 feet, more or less, in length, 56 feet, more or less, in breadth, lying in the villages Kajore, Katihar, Raghoopore, Bachoor, Biswaspore, Gurkotguon Oodeesha, Rajboxa, Peragpore, Raghupore Ghunasampore, Kornoit, and Bhobanondpore, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repair of a road from Ranisankoil to Peergunje, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 16,780 feet, more or less, in length, 56 feet, more or less, in breadth, lying in the villages Ranisonkoil thanna boundary, Gugargaon, Patgaon, Sudargaon, and Ranisonkoil, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repair of a road from Ranisankoil to Haripore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 46,891 feet, more or less, in length, 56 feet, more or less, in breadth, lying in the villages Bhabanipore, Haripore, Deyhatti, Beergur, Páhárgaon, Ronhatta, Puttledoba, Shiallore, Kamarpukhar, Niapara, Haria, Rampore, Buldore, Sindurpore, Bhastara, and Noinpore, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repair of a road from Sutteekata to Meerdangi, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 39,735 feet, more or less, in length, 56 feet, more or less, in breadth, lying in the villages Meerdangi, Bongaon, Bijulsá, Goojhat, Sindúrmooe, Gochia, Khairbarry, Bongaon, Medanisagor, Gadura, Pachgharia, and Shatikata, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repair of a road from Nekmurd to Huldibari, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 21,120 feet, more or less, in length, 56 feet, more or less, in breadth, lying in the villages Bhanúr, Karunda, Bhellatore, and Nekmurd, is repuired.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears tot he Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repair of a road from Itahar, pergunnah Kharra, station Kaliagunge, to Patiraj, pergunnah Dilalpore, station Kaliagunge, zillah Diagepore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 6 miles, more or less, in length, and 30 feet, more or less, in breadth, lying in villages Bhadrasilla, Dullabpore, Raneepore, Kulatoir, Dhamdoil, Gunarajpore, Kakna, Mohinagore, Bhelagatchi, and Khalelpore, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repair of a road from Bedoserec to Sutteegata, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 25,750 feet, more or less, in length, 56 feet, more or less, in breadth, lying in the villages Sutteegata, Panchguria, Gedura, and Dhurmgur, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repair of a road from Ranisankoil to Serajgunge, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 29,040 feet, more or less, in length, 56 feet, more

or less, in breadth, lying in the villages Ranisankoil, Puddompore, Utragaon, Kaotola, and Nathnagur, Serajgunge, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repair of a road from Nekmurd to Budessury, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 34,600 feet, more or less, in length, 56 feet, more or less, in breadth, lying in the villages Bhurnia, Kadiharhat, Bhurnia, Katirhat, Parkund Duluppoor, Bhabanipoor, and Nekmurd.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repair of a road from Sutteekata to Jamoon, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 14,000 feet, more or less, in length, 56 feet, more or less, in breadth, lying in the villages Jamoon, Pachghoria, and Sutikata, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repairs of a road from Haldibari to Lahiri, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 36,500 feet, more or less, in length, 56 feet, more or less, in breadth, lying in the villages Shingia, Javonia, Baliadanga, Dohashi, Mohishmary, Boalahar, and Bhanur, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz for a road starting from Patiram, pergunnah Shontosh, to Kumargunge, pergunnah Shontosh, zillah Dinagepore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring 7 miles, more or less, in length, and 40 feet in breadth, is required.

Roypore.	Debogram.
Barrong.	Barahur.
Bhabanipore.	Moheshpore.
Mohona.	

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from Pateram, pergunnah Shontosh, to Foolbari or Palsa, zillah Dinagepore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring 12 miles, more or less, in length, and 40 feet in breadth, is required.

Boal Nalkuri.	Doolposhanda.
Kakhilabari	Dangapara.
Mohona	Dhalchandaria.
Khord Mohana.	Nyan Sukhee.
Amrulbuti	Subail.
Ramchanderpore.	Rampore
Parpotiram.	Harshura.
Malikura.	Baisa.
Mulleckpur.	

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from Paglee to Khanpore, zillah Dinagepore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring 5 miles, more or less, in length, and 40 feet in breadth, is required.

Paglee.	Badul.
Fareedpore.	Nazirpore
Atoir.	Mohala.
Taragaj.	Khanpore

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from Patiram, pergunnah Shontosh, to Baloorghat, pergunnah Shontosh, zillah Dinagepore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring 7 miles 6 furlongs, more or less, in length, and 40 feet, more or less, in breadth, is required.

Roypore	Pallahpore.
Rohimapore.	Pagleegunge.
Luchmipore.	Atoir.
Prodhanpore.	Moynagur.
Monipore	Boldabari.
Rumbudhpore.	Baloorghat.
Gazeepore.	Hooshurpore

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from Kumargunge to Chuckgopal, zillah Dinagepore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring 7 miles, more or less, in length, and 40 feet in breadth, is required.

Kumargunge.	Kulahari.
Sajadpore	Kusumtara
Safanogore	Boaltara.
Chandgunge.	Chuckgopal.
Amulea.	Mohonpore

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from Balurghut to Shaphar, zillah Dinagepore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages as per margin, measuring 14 miles, more or less, in length, and 40 feet in breadth, is required.

Ramchanderpore	Kustorai
Anda	Alsapore
Dugalhat.	Gholadighee
Hajratpore	Debor
Abadpore.	Datsadhorhor.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from Balurghat to Farsipara, zillah Dinagepore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring 6 miles, more or less, in length, and 40 feet breadth, is required.

Bangee.	Chuck Nowan.
Shibpore.	Khorampore
Loksa.	Sendeerai.
Chuck Ram	Chuck Chandee.
Chuck Ismail.	Farsipara.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from Patiram, zillah Dinagepore, to Hilee, zillah Bograh, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring 18 miles, more or less, in length, and 40 feet, more or less, in breadth, is required.

Baikantapore	Kasidunga
Madafat Ramkrishna-pore.	Dangirai.
Kharal.	Kamaldangi
Bilaspore	Sitni
Dhanpara	Kalmugur.
Chakdapati.	Khanpore.
Sidail.	Mohana.
Nowcha	Paikpara.
Dabree.	Malakutpara
Chak Bazoo.	Khorail
Jote Gauri.	Harsura.
Barakil	Kadamithal
	Rohimapore.
	Hat Patiram.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas land is required to be taken up in the district of Bograh for a public purpose, viz. the construction of a road from Matidalle to Peergacha Hat: Notice is hereby given that a strip of land is required 5 miles long, more or less, and 25 feet wide, more or less, which passes through or near the following villages—viz. Matidalee, Gopalbaree, Sekrola, Navail, Khaji Narail, Jagahpoor, Chowmaoria, Lakhipoor, Peergacha.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas land is required to be taken up for a public purpose in the district of Bograh, viz. for the construction of a road from the Nattore road, near Gahail, to the Serajganj road, near Sheerpore: Notice is hereby given that a strip of land is required 5 miles long, more or less, and 25 feet broad, more or less, which passes through or near the following villages, viz.—Khudas Kuchnapara, Bayrapara, Phalgacha, Dawapara, Savaidigi, Jamoolla.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas land is required to be taken up in the district of Bograh for a public purpose, viz. the construction of a road from Sibganj to the Dinagepore road near Booreeganj, notice is hereby given that a strip of land is required 5 miles in length, more or less, and 25 feet broad, more or less, passing through or near the following villages, viz.—Sibganj, Dumahar, Jamair, Kalitalla, Doolua, Sulagaree, Magoon, Punchadas

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas land is required to be taken up for a public purpose in the district of Bograh, viz. for the construction of a road from Sakraj, on the Dinagepore road, to Sonamukhi, notice is hereby given that a strip of land is required 8 miles in length, more or less, and 25 feet in breadth, more or less, which passes through or near the following villages, namely Sakraj, Baskeela, Hussain Sahar, Hatsahar, Samandaha, Barroal Gopinathpur, Shashisti, Mokempoor, Sonamukhi.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas land is required to be taken up in the district of Bograh for a public purpose, viz. for the construction of a road from Noongolahat to Dargahat, notice is hereby given that a strip of land is required 5½ miles long, more or less, and 20 feet wide, more or less, passing through or near the following villages, viz. Kukran, Towapusal, Dagareea, Kowla, Paikur, Seekore, Dargarhat.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas land is required for a public purpose in the district of Bograh, viz. for the construction of a road from Etakhola Hât, on the Dinagepore road, near Khetthal, to Sirhattee Hât, notice is hereby given that a strip of land is required 10 miles long, more or less, and 30 feet wide, more or less, passing through or near the following villages, viz. Haranj, Moorail, Bamoonee, Haree, Toopshara, Hat Shahar, Nawateeka, Bahadoorpore, Kanchakool, Koytahar, Gorana, Jabekpoor, Sirhattee.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas land is required for a public purpose in the district of Bograh, viz for the construction of a road from Namja, on the Dinagepore road, to Dupchanchia, notice is hereby given that a strip of land is required 8 miles long, more or less, and 25 feet broad, more or less, passing through the following villages—Namja, Borhorai, Bugool, Sukhangaru, Damgaree, Kahoora, Bhadar, Kulai, Mohundpur, Mungulchandee.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas land is required for a public purpose in the district of Bograh, viz. for the construction of a road from Dupchanchia to Gopinathpur, notice is hereby given that a strip of land is required nine miles long, more or less, and 25 feet broad, more or less, passing through or near the following villages, viz. Dupchanchia, Kankael, Islampore, Pangsha, Borogaon, Alail, Julungee, Kanoopara, Kishmatbeesa, Gopinathpur, Gopalpur.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas land is required for a public purpose in the district of Bograh, viz. for the construction of a road from Badalgache to Nawabganj, notice is hereby given that a strip of land is required 8 miles long, more or less, and 30 feet wide, more or less, passing through or near the following villages, viz. Badalgachi, Kamalpur, Russulpur, Bistopur, Lakhikhola, Bandulpur, Keshan, Jogpara, Amatta, Bussuntapur, Nawabganj.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas land is required for a public purpose in the district of Bōgrah, viz. for the construction of a road from Sultanganj, on the Serajganj road, to Nisrutpore, notice is hereby given that a strip of land is required 20 miles long, more or less, and 25 feet broad, more or less, passing through or near the following villages, Sultanganj, Gandagram, Munsoorpore, Roghunathpur, Sahrool, Burchapore, Indrukpore, Amarmae, Maluncha, Gaorbusa, Narkailu, Durgapur, Deogaon, Patan Elahiganj, Kundgaon, Chachooa, Mothurapur, Garamara.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas land is required for a public purpose in the district of Bograh, viz. for the construction of a road from Sankranj, on the Dinagepore road, near Khettal, to Peerkapokoor, near Panitala, notice is hereby given that a strip of land is required 9 miles long, more or less, and 25 feet broad, more or less, passing through or near the following villages, viz. Kujail, Karimpore, Bagoongaan, Etta, Panchpaikar, Burail, Mamudpur, Buraigaree, Salagaree, Peerkapokoor.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas land is required to be taken up for a public purpose in the district of Bograh, viz. for the construction of a road from near Shibganj to Panitola, notice is hereby given that a strip of land is required 8 miles long, more or less, and 25 feet broad, more or less, passing through or near the following villages, viz.—Damahar, Jamair, Sonodeo Jahangirabad, Chandanpore, Daboor, Fenigaan, Chandnikeechuk, Keluit, Cheenal, Bhatal, Salagaree, Peerkapakur, Dawakandee.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas land is required for a public purpose in the district of Bograh, viz. for the construction of a tank at Shukhanpukuria, in pergunnah Protapbaju and thannah Bograh, notice is hereby given that for that purpose a piece of land is required at that place 500 feet long and 350 feet broad, more or less, adjoining the hât or market there.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

J. F. K. HEWITT,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 14th July 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from Kaliagunge to Pacoorah, zillah Dinagepore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring 54,064 feet, more or less, in length, and 60 feet, more or less, in breadth, is required.

Akhanogur	Dalimgong.
Rosidpore.	Kristochurnpore.
Horishurs	Gowripore
Dhonekole	Ramgunge.
Durgapore	Radhikapore.
Dowlutmaty	Gotegong
Lokhipore	Gotchoohar
Katchna.	Manickparah
Raghubpore.	Pacoorah.
Lohatarah.	

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

J. F. K. HEWITT,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATIONS.

The 14th July 1874.—Whereas land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, namely, for the construction of Northern Bengal (State) Railway officers' bungalow in the village of Halhaliya, pergunnah Futtehjungpoor, zillah Bograh, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 11 beeghas 13 chittacks 7 gondahs of standard measurement, bounded on the west by the river Toolseegunga, on the north by the site selected for the brick-field attached to the Railway line, on the east by the paddy-fields, and on the south by some jungle lands, is required within the aforesaid village of Halhaliya.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

WHEREAS land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, namely, for the construction of Assistant Engineer's bungalow in the village of Baloobhora, pergunnah Kasimpoor, zillah Rajshahye, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 10 beeghas 8 cottahs 8 chittacks of standard measurement, bounded on all sides by that village and 300 feet to the west of the centre line of the Railway passing through it, is required within the aforesaid village of Baloobhora.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

WHEREAS land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, namely, for the construction of the Northern Bengal (State) Railway officers' bungalow in the village of Chatingram, pergunnah Khatta, zillah Bograh, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 6 beeghas 5 cottahs of standard measurement, bounded on all sides by the lands of that village, is required within the aforesaid village of Chatingram.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

WHEREAS land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, namely, for the construction of a feeder road from Doopchanchia to Par Nowgaon, close to Sooltanpoor *viâ* Adamdighi, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land 72 feet wide, more or less, stretching from a point west of Doopchanchia hât and passing near or through the following villages, is required :—

Doopchanchia.	Nosrotpoor.
Sholtápárá.	Doomargaon.
Cheagá.	Seebpoor.
Kámárgáon.	Siyalsoin.
Shajapoor.	Talsoin
Madelebgoora.	Adamdighee.
Behel.	Rangkoiree.
Debkhandá.	Dalamba.
Kharail.	Indoil.
Badhaonee.	Oothrail.
Amshutia.	Chak Shábáz
Choudrodighee.	Sengra, 2nd.
Polimoheshpoor.	Taighoree.
Gobindopoor.	Moorareekoeree.
Morgaon.	Komol Dogachee.
Sherpoor.	Kalsha.
Koomargaon.	Sheetahar.
Mooroil.	Bagcha.
Koomayee.	Shahapoor.
Kothbawoor.	Dogáchee.
Rungpárá.	Pirijpoor
Kasladigha.	Chak Rampoor, east of Sooltanpoor,
Sengra.	in the district of Bograh.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

J. F. K HEWITT,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 26th June 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose viz. for a road between the villages of Chownagra, pergunnah Badore, and Bulrampore, pergunnah Tajpore, zillah Purneah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring, more or less, 10 miles long and 60 feet broad, is required between the aforesaid villages of Chownagra and Bulrampore.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern

J. F. K. HEWITT,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 26th June 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz for a road between the villages of Koomaree, pergunnah Kudba, and Chandpore, pergunnah Haveli, zillah Purneah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring, more or less, 3 miles and 19 chains long and 60 feet broad, is required between the aforesaid villages of Koomaree and Chandpore.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

J. F. K. HEWITT,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 30th June 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction of a road from Bankoora to Taldangra, *viâ* Kurpa, in the district of Bankoora, it is hereby declared that a strip of land 16 miles in length and 50 feet in breadth, measuring 341 beeghas and 8,836 square feet, is required.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

J. F. K. HEWITT,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 26th June 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz for a road starting from the village of Singhessur to that of Kootgawan, pergunnah Nursingpore Cusba, zillah Bhagulpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land running generally from west to east, passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring, more or less, 57,600 feet in length and 70 feet in breadth = 280 standard beeghas, equivalent to 106 local beeghas, more or less, is required.

Gouripur,	pergunnah Nursingpur	Cusba.
Patari,	ditto	ditto
Maheshoon,	ditto	ditto.
Chaura Honwo Mannoggor	ditto	ditto.
Belori	ditto	ditto.
Rani Patti,	ditto	ditto.
Korlahi,	ditto	ditto.
Kootgawan,	ditto	ditto.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

J. F. K. HEWITT,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The following orders issued by the Government of India in the Home Department are republished for general information:—

No. 446.—*Fort William, the 7th July* 1874.—*Notifications.—Public.*—Her Majesty has been pleased to appoint the Honourable George Gordon Morris, of the Bengal Civil Service, to be a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

No. 458.—*The 8th July* 1874.—With reference to Notification No. 128, dated the 8th April last, the following extract from a despatch from Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India is published for general information:—

From the Most Honourable the Marquis of Salisbury, Secretary of State for India, to His Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor General of India in Council,—No. 96 *(Public), dated India Office, London, the* 28*th May* 1874.

Para. 1.—In reply to the despatch of Your Excellency in Council, dated the 10th of April, No. 23 of 1874, I have to inform Your Lordship's Government that Her Majesty the Queen has been pleased to approve of the appointment of the Honourable Sir Richard Temple, K. C. S. I., an Ordinary Member of the Governor General's Council, to be Lieutenant-Governor of the Bengal Division of Fort William, in succession to the Honourable Sir George Campbell, K. C. S. I., resigned.

The following order issued by the Government of India in the Foreign Department is republished for general information:—

No. 1455*P*.—*Fort William, the 8th July* 1874.—*Notification.—Political.*—Subject to the confirmation of Her Majesty's Government, His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General in Council is pleased to recognize the appointment of Mr. S. E Voigt, as Acting Consul for Sweden and Norway at Calcutta, during the absence of Mr. H. Reinhold.

The following order issued by the Government of India in the Financial Department is republished for general information:—

SEPARATE REVENUE.—OPIUM.

No. 4313.—*Fort William, the 10th July* 1874.—Opium Revenue to date compared with the Estimate for the year 1874-75

PRESIDENCY.	LATEST MONTH.			FOUR SALES OF BENGAL OPIUM AND TWO MONTHS' DUTY ON MALWA OPIUM.		
	Estimate	Actual.	Better than estimate	Estimate.	Actual.	Better than estimate
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Bengal	421,875	440,573	18,698	1,687,500	1,774,223	86,723
Bombay	217,024	250,020	32,996	608,436	700,020	91,584
TOTAL ..	638,899	690,593	51,694	2,295,936	2,474,243	178,307

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Military Department, are republished for general information:—

No. 702.—*Fort William, the 7th July* 1874.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—

East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.

Ensign Arthur Benjamin Langham, to be Lieutenant, *vice* Lieutenant D. Bennie, promoted.

Color Sergeant Charles James Keene,* to be Ensign *vice* Ensign A. B. Langham promoted.

* Subject to passing an examination in drill.

No. 703.—Ensign William Stephen Whaley, of the East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps, is allowed leave of absence, to proceed to England, from the 5th July 1874 to the 4th March 1875.

No. 718.—*The* 10*th July* 1874.—The undermentioned Officers have reported their return from England :—

* * * * * * * *

Surgeon Major R. C. Chandra, of the Medical Department,—date of arrival at Bombay, 30th June 1874

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 2000C.S.

The 13*th July* 1874.—Baboo Nolin Chunder Roy, Sub-Deputy Collector at Serajgunge, in Pubna, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class.

The Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to accept the resignation tendered by the Revd. W. Drew of his appointment as an Honorary Magistrate in the 24-Pergunnahs.

The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to vest Colonel Shadwell Saunders Boulderson, in charge of the Shikerpore Relief Circle, in the Chumparun district, with the powers of a Magistrate of the First Class.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 9*th July* 1874.—It is hereby notified that under the provisions of Section 3, Act IV (B.C.) of 1865 (an Act for the prohibition of the practice of inoculation, &c.), the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to extend the said Act to the thanas of Sonamookhy and Kotulpore, which now form a part of the district of Burdwan, with effect from the 1st August next.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 14*th July* 1874.—Under Section 5 of the Indian Registration Act VIII of 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is pleased to create the following Registration sub-districts, having the head-quarters and local jurisdictions shown opposite their names. The Lieutenant-Governor is also pleased, under Section 7 of the Act, to appoint the persons named below to be Sub-Registrars of the said sub-districts :—

DISTRICTS	Names of new sub-districts	Head-quarters.	Thanas included in jurisdiction	Sub-Registrars appointed.
Moorshedabad	Baluchar ...	Baluchar ...	Manullah Bazar Bhadurihat ... Ashanpore ... Bhagwangola ...	Moulvie Anisur Rahman
Nuddea .	Chagdah ...	Kazipara ...	Chagdah ...	Kazi Mujibuddin Mahammad

These changes will take effect on and from the 1st of August 1874

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 6*th July* 1874.—Under Section 5 of the Indian Registration Act VIII of 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is pleased to create the following registration sub-districts, having the head-quarters and local jurisdiction shown opposite their names. The Lieutenant-Governor is also pleased, under Section 7 of the Act, to appoint the persons named below to be Sub-Registrars of the said sub-districts :—

DISTRICT	Name of new sub-district.	Head-quarters	Thanas included in jurisdiction	Sub-Registrars appointed.
Tirhoot	Dulsingh Serai ...	Dulsingh Serai ...	Dulsingh Serai .. . ,	Baboo Kalicharan
	Buhera	Buhera . ..	Buhera	Moulavi Fuzul Hakk.
Patna	Naubatpur	Naubatpur	Bikram and Masaurhi ...	Khwajah Ibrahim Ali

These changes will take effect on and from the 15th July 1874.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 30th June 1874.—Under Section 5 of the Indian Registration Act, VIII of 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is pleased to create the following Registration sub-district, having the head-quarters and local jurisdiction shown opposite the name. The Lieutenant-Governor is also pleased, under Section 7 of the Act, to appoint the person named below to be Sub-Registrar of the said sub-district :—

District.	Name of new sub-district.	Head-quarters.	Thanas included in jurisdiction.	Sub-Registrar appointed.
Hazareebagh	Chatra ...	Chatra ...	Chatra ... ... Hunteraganja ...	Baboo Harihar Charan, Extra Assistant Commissioner, *ex-officio*.

These changes will take effect on and from the 1st of July 1874.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 30th June 1874.—It is hereby notified that a warrant has been issued for the apprehension of Alfred Macdonald, East Indian, charged with aiding and abetting in a case of criminal breach of trust. The man having absconded, all District Superintendents and other Police officers are requested to endeavour to apprehended him.

His descriptive roll is as follows :—

Name, Alfred Macdonald, complexion light, eyes very large, capped ears, aquiline nose, dark hair, uneven jaw and teeth, wears short hair and moustache, age about 25 years; last year was employed in the Government Printing Office, Home Department, at Simla, discharged in June or July last, and from 1st March till the 17th employed in Messrs J. Black and Company's Printing Office, Calcutta, from which date he has disappeared.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 15th June 1874.—It is hereby notified that the provisions of Act XXXI of 1860 (relating to the manufacture, importation, and sale of arms and ammunition, and for regulating the right to keep and use the same, and to give power of disarming in certain cases) as continued in force and amended by Act VI (the Arms' Act Continuance Act), 1866, restricting (1) the possession of cannon, howitzers, and mortars; (2) the manufacture, repair, sale, or (3) importation of arms and ammunition; and (4) the carrying of arms, are in force throughout the territories subject to the control of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

(1.) Sections 2 to 4, Act XXXI, 1860.
(2.) Sections 5 to 16, Act XXXI, 1860.
(3.) Sections 17 to 19, Act XXXI, 1860.
(4.) Sections 26 to 30, Act XXXI, 1860.
(As modified by sections 2 and 3 of Act VI of 1866.)

2. The powers of seizure, search, and arrest in certain cases, defined in sections 20, 21, 25, and 31, Act XXXI, 1860, are still possessed by the several authorities in whom the law vests them.

The following are the revised rules laid down under the Act for the importation, transhipment, inland transport, and exportation of arms and ammunition, the grant of licenses for carrying arms, and for the manufacture and sale of arms and ammunition in Bengal :—

3. Under the provisions of sections 17 and 23 of Act XXXI of 1860, the importation, exportation, or transport of all arms of the descriptions mentioned in sections 4, 5, 6, and 25 of the aforesaid Act* into, from, or through the territories under the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, is prohibited unless covered by a license or pass. The transhipment of arms, &c., at ports to which Act VI of 1873 extends is prohibited in Bengal, except under license of the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta.

* *Viz.*, cannon, howitzers, or mortars, fire-arms, bayonets, swords, daggers, spears, spear-heads, lead, sulphur, percussion-caps, gunpowder, or other ammunition.

4. Licenses to import arms and ammunition into the Lower Provinces of Bengal by land may be granted by the Secretary to Government of India, Foreign Department, or by the Secretary to Government of Bengal, in the Judicial Department. Calcutta is the only port in the Lower Provinces where importation by sea is permitted. Persons desirous of importing arms, &c., by sea into any of the districts of Lower Bengal, must apply to the Commissioner of Police at Calcutta, who has also authority to grant licenses for importation through the Port of Calcutta into districts of British India under other local Governments and Administrations. Applications for a license to import arms must be made to the proper officer in writing, and must contain full information on the following points:—

1*st*.—Purpose for which required.
2*nd*.—Probable cost of each weapon.
3*rd*.—Place at which the goods will be imported.
4*th*.—District in which the arms and ammunition are to be used, kept, or sold.

5. The Commissioner of Police on receipt of applications in the prescribed form, is authorized to grant licenses according to form A, at his discretion, for the importation of arms and, in reasonable quantities, of ammunition. His proceedings will be subject to the general control and direction of the Government of Bengal.

6. Licenses for the importation of fire-arms will not be granted by the Commissioner of Police unless he is satisfied that the weapons are required for *bonâ fide* sporting purposes.

7. Any considerable importation of arms must need special explanation, and guarantee that their use is to be inoffensive, before a license is granted. The Commissioner of Police should not grant licenses for the importation of fire-arms in large quantities without reference to the Government of Bengal, in the Judicial Department. (*N.B.*—A fresh license must be taken out for each importation.)

8. The granting of a license must depend upon the facts of each case, or upon the general complexion of the explanations obtained. Cheap guns might be imported in moderate quantities to some wild districts, where they are wanted to keep down wild beasts or game; but in default of some such good and substantial motive for requiring a quantity of arms, the license would ordinarily be refused. Costly guns are much safer than cheap arms, for only the latter can be employed to any extent for military or aggressive purposes, while the former are nearly always used for sport. When arms are of a kind to raise suspicion that they may be possibly meant for warfare or for other illegal purposes, such as pistols, bayonets, or cheap guns, the Commissioner of Police must satisfy himself very carefully as to the object, reasons, and direction of import, before he admits them under license. He can do this by testing the references which the applicant will give, and by communicating with the Government of Bengal.

9. The Collector of Customs will not, except in the case of European gentlemen importing a reasonable quantity for their private use, deliver any arms or ammunition unless protected by a pass from the Commissioner of Police at Calcutta. When persons, other than European gentlemen, importing for their private use, desire to import fire-arms, they shall be referred to the Commissioner of Police, who, however, need not under the Act make out any license at all if the quantity of arms imported is reasonable, and if they are intended for the importer's own private use, but can pass them on.

10. A license need not be refused for all arms brought into the river, for the importation of which no previous permission was obtained. When such arms are themselves of an unobjectionable character, the Commissioner of Police may grant for them the license in form A and the Customs pass in form B together, provided he is satisfied that there is no intention to evade the rules.

11. No license or pass will be granted for rifles of a military pattern, or of patterns easily convertible into military weapons, unless the consignees produce specific orders from English gentlemen for the weapons.

12. The Collector of Customs shall be responsible for seeing that the arms imported answer to the description given in the pass; and, in case of doubt, shall detain the arms and refer the point for the orders of Government.

13. The consignee, on arrival of the arms and ammunition, must produce his license to the Commissioner of Police at Calcutta, upon which he will receive from the said officer a pass in form B for the delivery of such arms and ammunition as may be mentioned in the license.

14. If the arms and ammunition are to be transported from Calcutta to any of the districts under the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, the Commissioner of Police, at the time of granting the pass for delivery from the Custom House, will grant a pass in form C for the transmission of the said goods to the place to which the importation is sanctioned in the license, and he will forward a copy of the pass to the Magistrate of the district in which the said place is situated.

15. In case the arms, &c., are to be transported to districts in British India not within the Lower Provinces of Bengal, the Commissioner of Police may proceed in the same way. Before granting licenses for the transport of any considerable quantity of arms or ammunition to Assam, he must communicate with the Chief Commissioner of Assam. Before complying with applications for licenses in doubtful cases, he will make a similar reference.

16. No passes to export arms and ammunition from the Lower Provinces of Bengal, either by land or by sea, to any place out of British India, shall be granted except by the Secretary to the Government of India, in the Foreign Department. All such passes shall be granted subject, as far as may be, to the rules for the transport of arms within British India, and wherever there is a Political Agent, Cantonment Magistrate, or other British official at the place of destination, the pass shall be delivered to him within six days of the arrival there of the articles covered by it, with a view to his satisfying himself that there is no deficiency, in the same manner as a Magistrate of a British district is required to do by the Inland Transport Rules prescribed below.

17. Any person desirous of transporting any arms or ammunition of the description marginally noted into any portion of the territories under the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, or from one district or town in the said territories to another district or town, must apply for a pass to the Commissioner of the division, specifying the district or town into which he proposes to transport the goods.

Fire-arms, bayonets, swords, daggers, spears, spear-heads, lead, sulphur, gunpowder, or other ammunition

18. Any person desirous of transporting any of the above-mentioned articles (except in reasonable quantities for his own private use) from Calcutta into the interior of British India beyond the territorial jurisdiction of the Government of Bengal, must apply for a pass to the Commissioner of Police

19 When a person is desirous of transporting any such articles from any place in the Lower Provinces other than Calcutta, to any place in British India within the territories of another local Government or Administration, he must apply for a pass to the Secretary to the Government of India, in the Home Department, or to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal, or to such other officer as the Government of India may have authorized by notification to grant such a pass.

20. The application must in all these cases be in writing; it must specify the town, station, or other place into which the articles are intended to be transported, and must contain full information as to the quantity, quality, and description of the articles, and the purpose for which they are respectively designed. When the articles have been imported from abroad, the license under which they have been imported must be appended.

21. It will be within the discretion of the authorized officer to grant the pass if, from the information thus given and otherwise obtained, he considers that such pass may be safely granted. A register shall be kept of all passes so granted, and a copy of each pass shall be sent to the Magistrate of the district within which the place to which the articles are to be transported is situated.

22. The articles covered by such pass shall be taken direct to the place of destination mentioned in the pass without being sold or made use of at any intermediate place.

23. On the articles reaching their destination, the person in charge thereof must deliver the pass to the office of the Magistrate of the district within six days. It will be the duty of that officer to satisfy himself that the articles transported correspond with the entries in the pass, and to see that any deficiency that may exist is satisfactorily accounted for. The pass shall then be endorsed and returned to the holder, if he may lawfully keep in his possession the articles of which it covers the transport.

24. The following fees are to be charged for the issue of licenses and passes under the foregoing rules :—

	Rs.
For each license in form A for permission to import arms and ammunition	5
For each pass in form B for the delivery of arms and ammunition from the Custom House	1
For each transport pass in form C	5

The foregoing rules do not apply to arms and ammunition imported or transported by any person in small quantities for his own private use, but a license or pass may be granted for such arms or ammunition at the discretion of the officer to whom the application is preferred.

25. Section 32 of Act XXXI of 1860, prohibiting absolutely the possession of any arms or ammunition without a license, is not now in force in any district of Bengal, inasmuch as no district is at present disarmed under that section.

26. In districts and places not brought under the provisions of section 32, persons are not absolutely prohibited from carrying arms without a license, but any person not being exempted under the provisions of section 27 from so carrying arms is liable to be disarmed by any Magistrate or police officer under section 26, if, in the judgment of such Magistrate or police officer, it is dangerous to the public peace to allow such persons to go armed or to carry arms.

27. In the districts noted in the margin the Government has not insisted on the people taking out licenses to own or carry arms. In these districts the local officers will refrain from enforcing section 26 of Act XXXI of 1860, except in special cases, in which there is really ground for believing that such a measure is necessary for the preservation of the public peace.

All the districts of the Presidency, Burdwan, Cuttack, and Chota Nagpore Divisions
Chumparun, Sarun, and Tirhoot, in the Patna Division
Rajshahye, Maldah, and Pubna, in the Rajshahye Division

28. In the districts noted in the margin, the Magistrates are bound to insist on licenses being taken out before arms are carried. They must observe, however, that they are not authorized to interfere with the mere possession of arms, if the possessor does not carry them or go armed. The license must be in form D, annexed.

All districts in the Cooch Behar, Dacca, and Chittagong Divisions
Gya, Patna, and Shahabad, in the Patna Division
Bogra, Rungpore, Dinagepore, and Moorshedabad, in the Rajshahye Division

29. Any person in the districts named in Rule 28 who has not been exempted under section 27, and who is desirous of obtaining a license to carry arms, shall make an application in writing to the Magistrate in charge of the district or sub-division in which he may be residing. The application must be on an 8-anna stamp, and contain the following particulars :—

(1) Name and address of applicant.

(2) Period for which the license is required (in no case to extend one year from date).

(3) For what purpose the arms are required, and the place where the applicant proposes to reside during the currency of the license.

(4) Description of arms for which a license is sought.

(5) Whether the arms are to be carried only by the applicant or by his followers; if the latter, the number and description of arms to be carried by each follower.

30. Some of the districts named in Rule 28 being situated on the frontier, the unrestricted right of possessing and carrying arms would afford facilities for selling them to the hostile tribes on the border, out of whose hands it is of the greatest importance that arms and ammunition should be kept. In the other districts specified the people are turbulent and prone to engage in affrays and riots, and it is necessary, for this reason, to put a check on the possession of arms by them.

31. The license given should be renewed year by year. The registration of these licenses will enable each Magistrate to ascertain the number of arms kept by the people in his jurisdiction.

32. Licenses to carry arms on a journey may be given to *bonâ fide* travellers in form E by the Magistrate of the district or sub-division (and in Calcutta by the Commissioner of Police), provided that, save for special reasons, no such license shall be current for more than a fortnight beyond the time required for the ordinary course of post between the place at which the license is granted and that to which the applicant is travelling.

33. The Magistrates should use caution in the issue of licenses to carry arms on a journey, and give them only if satisfied, on inquiry, that they can be safely granted. A register must be kept of all passes so granted, and a copy of such pass shall be sent to the Magistrate of the district to which the traveller is proceeding, in order that he may insist upon a license being taken out there.

34. As to the manufacture and sale of arms, Magistrates have under the Act complete power to grant licenses and recall them, and can therefore executively impose any condition they desire, because, if the condition is not fulfilled, the Magistrate rescinds the license at the end of the year. In this way, a limit can be placed upon the quantity of arms and ammunition which a manufacturer might under license turn out; but it will be necessary for the police to keep themselves well informed as to his actual stock, and to take means for testing the correctness of the stock-book entries.

35. Licenses to sell arms are, in the districts of Purneah, Dinagepore, Rungpore, Tipperah, Chittagong, Dacca, Backergunge, Mymensingh, Sylhet, and the Cooch Behar Division, only to be given to those persons to whom a license to transport arms, &c., would be given by the Commissioner under Rule 18. Such licenses will be very charily given in those districts after reference to the Commissioner of the division, and nowhere save at sudder stations. The fee for a license to sell arms is ten rupees.

36. Under sections 14 and 15 of the Act the Lieutenant-Governor has authorized District and Assistant Superintendents of Police to enter the premises of persons licensed to manufacture or deal in arms and ammunition, and to inspect the books kept by them in the course of their trade. The proper maintenance and inspection of these books, which are essential at all times to effective control over the traffic in arms, have become very much more important now that the checks on importation are likely to stimulate home manufacture.

37. As manufacturers cannot sell without their customers bringing themselves under the rules of inland transport in the process of taking away their purchases, Magistrates have a further means of controlling their trade.

38. The licenses of all dealers in arms, &c., must contain a stipulation that they will abide by the rules above laid down, under penalty of forfeiting their license. They must also undertake to enter in their books, besides the purchaser's name, the name of his father (for native purchasers), his place of residence, and the police-station within the jurisdiction of which he resides. Licenses granted under section 7 of the Act to sell arms should bear a note drawing attention to the necessity of the dealer's procuring also an import or transit pass, or both, before he can import or transport arms for sale. The licenses of dealers in Calcutta should contain a stipulation that they will sell to dealers residing out of Calcutta only when they produce a pass in form C from the Commissioner of the division where they reside, and that they will enter in their registers the particulars of each such pass.

FORM A.

FEE FIVE RUPEES.

LICENSE for the Importation of Arms and Ammunition into the Port of granted by

Name and address of applicant	Description of arms.	Number.	Description of ammunition.	Quantity.	Purpose for which required.	Value.	Port in which to be landed.	District and place to which to be conveyed after importation.	REMARKS.

FORM B.

FEE ONE RUPEE.

PASS for the Delivery of Arms and Ammunition by the Collector of Customs.

Name of consignee.	Place of business.	Date of issue of pass.	Description of arms.	Number.	Description of ammunition.	Quantity.	Ship by which imported.	Arms, &c., by whom supplied.	License for importation by whom granted, and date thereof.	REMARKS.

FORM C.

FEE FIVE RUPEES.

PASS for the transit of Arms and Ammunition from to in the District of

Name of holder.	Place of business.	Description of arms.	Number.	Description of ammunition.	Quantity.	Mode of transit.	Up to what date pass is valid.	REMARKS

FORM D.

LICENSE to carry Arms, issued under Sections 28, 29, *and* 30 *of Act XXXI of* 1860.

License, by whom granted.	Name of person to whom granted, and father's name.	RESIDENCE OF GRANTEE.			From what date to what date license granted.	District, town, or places in which the license is to have operation.	Whether operation of license is limited to the grantee, or whether it extends to his followers, if the latter, number of followers licensed, and number and description of arms to be carried by each.	REMARKS.
		Village.	Police Station.	District.				

FORM E.

LICENSE to carry Arms on a Journey, issued under Clause 4, Section 32, of Act XXXI of 1860.

License, by whom granted.	Date of issue of license.	Name of person to whom granted, and father's name.	Residence of Grantee.			To what place proceeding.	Route by which proceeding and names of districts and chief towns through which the license is to have operation.	Probable time which journey is expected to occupy, and up to what date the license is valid.	Whether operation of license is limited to the grantee, or whether it extends to his followers, if the latter, number of followers licensed, and number and description of arms to be carried by each.	Remarks.
			Village.	Police Station.	District.					

N B—If the license is to have operation in any district or place disarmed under the provisions of section 32 of Act XXXI of 1860, the license must be countersigned by the Magistrate of the district for which the license is issued

FORM F.

Stock Book to be kept by all persons licensed to manufacture or deal in Arms, under Section 12, Act XXXI of 1860 (Arms Act).

Date	Stock book No	Article			Whether purchased or imported direct.	If imported direct, number and date of forms A and B and name of ship	If purchased, from whom, and date of purchase
		Nature	Description.	Quantity.			

FORM G.

Sale Book to be kept by all persons licensed to manufacture or deal in Arms, under Section 14, Act XXXI of 1860.

Date of sale	Stock book No	ARTICLES SOLD				Name of Purchaser	Residence of Purchaser
		Nature	Description.	Quantity	Price		
	Section Register No 1	Specification of arms or ammunition, whether gun, rifle, sword, caps, gunpowder, &c	Distinguishing marks, maker's name, &c, &c			Father's name also, if purchased by a native	If in a town, give street and number; if in district, name of village police thana, pergunnah, and zillah

(ON STAMP PAPER OF THE VALUE OF TEN RUPEES.)

FORM H.

License to manufacture or deal in arms and ammunition for one year from the date hereof.

Name of holder and place of residence.	Place of business, that is, manufactory or shop	Description of arms		Description of ammunition		Probable estimated outturn of each description of arms and ammunition per month	Estimate of probable purchase and sale of arms and ammunition per month.	Actual reported outturn of each description of arms and ammunition per month during the currency of the last preceding license, if any	Actual reported purchase and sale of each description of arms and ammunition per month during the currency of the last preceding license, if any.	REMARKS.
		To be manufactured	To be dealt in	To be manufactured.	To be dealt in					

Dated at

this day of 18 .

FORM I.

LICENSE is hereby granted under the authority of Act XXXI of 1860, Clause 3 of section 32, to

of

to have in his possession the arms and ammunition hereunder specified:

	Number and Quantity of each.	
Fire-arms		
Bayonets		
Swords		
Daggers		
Spears		
Spear-heads		
Percussion caps		
Gunpowder		
Sulphur		
Other ammunition...		

Dated at

this day of 18 .

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 23rd June 1874.—The Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is pleased to declare that the eastern boundary of Hill Tipperah shall be as follows:—

The eastern boundary of Hill Tipperah, from the triple junction on districts Sylhet and Chittagong, shall run south along the Lungai River (flowing between the Jampai and the Hachik-Chutterchoora ranges) to its source in the Betteing-Sib peak; and thence, following the watershed of the hills, across to the peak of Dolajuree, as defined on the map of that part of the country by Captain Badgley, Officiating Deputy Superintendent of Survey; then by a straight line to the Surdaing peak, and on by the boundary, as shown on the maps of Hill Tipperah and Chittagong by J. H. O'Donnel, Esq, Revenue Surveyor, to and along the Fenny River, as far as the village of Ramghur.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT,—BENGAL.

ESTABLISHMENT.

The 7th July 1874.

No. 234.—*Leave of absence.*—Mr. S. A. Stewart, Executive Engineer, Second Grade, attached to the Third Calcutta Division, is allowed privilege leave for three months, under Supplement F., Section 12 of the Civil Leave Code.

No 235.—*Appointment.*—Mr. A F. Watson, Executive Engineer, Third Grade, attached to the First Calcutta Division, to officiate as Executive Engineer of the Third Calcutta Division, during the absence of Mr. Stewart, Executive Engineer Second Grade, or until further orders.

No. 236.—Mr. B. Clark, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, attached to the Second Calcutta Division, is placed in charge of the Second Calcutta Division, as a temporary arrangement or until further orders.

The 8th July 1874.

No. 237.—*Notifications.*—Mr. J. F. Maxwell, Executive Engineer, Fourth Grade, Bengal, has been allowed extension of leave for three months, on medical certificate, by Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India

No. 238.—Baboo Kedarnath Sen, Sub-Engineer First Grade, attached to the Hazareebaugh District, availed himself of privilege leave* from the 29th June 1874, afternoon.

* Bengal Government Public Works Department, notification No. 187, of the 5th June 1874.

No. 239.—*Transfer*—Baboo Prosono Coomar Banerjee, Sub-Engineer, Third Grade, from the First to the Third Calcutta Division, which he joined on the 23rd June 1874, afternoon.

No. 240.—*Posting.*—Mr. L. L'Estive, Overseer, First Grade, is posted to the Darjeeling and Julpigoree District, which he joined on the 8th June 1874, before noon.

The 9th July 1874.

No. 241 —*Appointment.*—Mr E. James, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, attached to the West Chumparun District, is placed in charge of that district, which he joined on the 20th June 1874, afternoon.

The 13th July 1874.

No. 242.—*Notification.*—The Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased, as a temporary measure, to divide the Bhagulpore District into two executive charges, north and south of the Ganges River, to be designated the North Bhagulpore and South Bhagulpore Districts.

No. 243.—*Appointments.*—Mr. E. Sibold, Executive Engineer, Fourth Grade, is appointed to officiate as Executive Engineer of the North Bhagulpore District.

No. 244.—Mr. A. Atkinson, Executive Engineer, Fourth Grade, is appointed to officiate as Executive Engineer of the South Bhagulpore District.

No. 245.—*Posting.*—The undermentioned Officers of the Engineer Establishment, and Upper Subordinates attached to the Bhagulpore District are posted as follows :—

NORTH BHAGULPORE.

Lieutenant C. F. Cooke, R.E.	...	Assistant Engineer, Second Grade.
Baboo Madho Ram ...	...	Sub-Engineer, First Grade.
„ Mobendranath Banerjee	...	Supervisor, Second Grade.
„ Chunde Churn Dutt	...	Overseer, First Grade.
„ Kadarnath Roy	...	Ditto, Second Grade.

SOUTH BHAGULPORE.

Mr. W. McCullagh	...	Sub-Engineer, First Grade,
Haran Chunder Bose	...	Overseer, First Grade.
Bolai Chand Goopto	...	Ditto, ditto.
Serjeant J. Withey	...	Ditto, ditto.

No. 246.—*Leave of Absence*—Baboo Heeralall Banerjee, Overseer, First Grade, attached to the Rungpore District, for two months, on medical certificate, under Supplement F, Section 3, of the Civil Leave Code.

No. 247.—*Notification.*—Mr. Saligram, Overseer, Third Grade, joined the West Chumparun District on the 29th May 1874, before noon.

J. E. T. NICOLLS, *Colonel*, R.E.,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. D.

IRRIGATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.—ESTABLISHMENT.

The 10th July 1874.

No. 286.—*Leaves.*—Baboo Tarny Churn Sircar, Overseer, Second Grade, Eastern Sone Division, is granted sick leave for two months, under Section 3, Supplement F., of the Civil Leave Code, in extension of the sick leave granted him in the orders marginally noted.

No. 208, dated 18th May 1874.

No. 287.—The Subsidiary leave granted to Mr. E deGrousilliers, Executive Engineer, Third Grade, Upper Gunduck Embankment Division, in the orders marginally noted, was from 7th to 15th March 1874, to enable him to join his appointment in the Gunduck circle.

No. 288, dated 6th July 1874

2. The unexpired portion of the sick leave to Europe is hereby cancelled

The 11th July 1874.

No. 288.—Baboo Roodroprosonno Singhee, Overseer, First Grade, Northern Drainage and Embankment Division, is granted sick leave for one month under Section 3, Supplement F. of Civil Leave Code, in extension of the sick leave granted in the orders marginally noted.

No. 259, dated 23rd June 1874.

No. 289—*Notification.*—Mr. G. A. Barrett, Overseer, First Grade, joined the Brahminee Division on the 4th May 1874.

H. W. GULLIVER, *Col.*, R.E.,
Offg. Joint-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, in the P. W. D., Irrigation Branch.

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

Orders by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

The 8th July 1874.—Baboo Tarini Churn Mookerjee, Moonsif of Jahanabad, in the district of East Burdwan, is allowed leave of absence for one month on medical certificate, under Section 3, Supplement F, of the Civil Leave Code.

By order, &c.,
H. J. S. COTTON, *Offg. Registrar.*

Circular Orders and Memos. by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

No. 1655.

Dated Calcutta, the 17th June 1874.

From—H. J. S. COTTON, ESQ., Offg. Registrar of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

To—The Judge of 24-Pergunnahs.

HIGH COURT.
ENGLISH DEPARTMENT.
Civil.

I AM directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 442, dated 12th May 1874, applying for certain information in connection with Circular Order No. 12, dated 27th March 1874, on the subject of sheriff's fees.

2. In reply, I am to explain that "an ordinary return" is a return of service made under Section 49 of Act VIII of 1859. "A special return" is a return of service made otherwise than under that section. "A citation, or summons to appear," is a process issued by the Civil Courts in this country in the exercise of their testamentary and intestate jurisdiction.

3. The only processes issued by the High Court in its original jurisdiction which the sheriff's officers are required to serve or execute, are those specified in the scale of fees which accompanied the Court's Circular Order above alluded to, *viz.* :—

(1.) Summons to a defendant to appear and answer.
(2.) Citation.
(3.) Execution (this includes prohibitory orders).

4. In reply to your third paragraph, I am to point out that the inconvenience of which you complain from not knowing what fee will be required before the return is received may be obviated by your sending with the process the maximum amount of fees chargeable by the sheriff and his officers under respective table of fees. The sheriff will account to you for whatever excess may be thus entrusted to him.

5. The Court direct me to add for your information that, as a rule, processes are served in the case of a European by a European bailiff, and in the case of a Native by a Native bailiff. A Native bailiff is never employed when the person to be served or arrested is a European; a European bailiff may, however, at the request of the suitor, be employed when the person to be served or arrested is a Native. This practice should always be remembered when receiving an application for the service of process, as it bears upon the amount of fees to be sent for the service of process by the sheriff.

Circular No. 15.

Dated Calcutta, the 17th June 1874.

HIGH COURT.
ENGLISH DEPARTMENT.
Civil.

Copy of this letter forwarded to all District Judges and to the Judges of the Small Cause Courts of Sealdah and of Howrah, in continuation of the Court's Circular Order No. 12, dated 27th March 1874,

CIRCULAR No. 16.

Dated Calcutta, the 22nd June 1874.

HIGH COURT.
ENGLISH DEPARTMENT
Civil.

The Court are pleased to direct that all Small Cause Court Judges and Moonsifs should examine the certificates of the pleaders practising in their Courts during the last week of every quarter in the year (with a view to renewal at the proper date and on sufficient stamp), and submit a special report on the result of their inspection to the District Judges at the beginning of the ensuing quarter. It is expected that the District Judges will very carefully examine these reports and permit no irregularities to occur; and the subject should also receive attention in the District Annual Reports.

CIRCULAR No. 17.

Dated Calcutta, the 23rd June 1874.

HIGH COURT.
ENGLISH DEPARTMENT.
Civil.

The Court are pleased to direct that, in reporting to the Court the renewal of pleader's and mookhtear's certificates under Section 8 of Act XX of 1865, District Judges will, in all cases, state the name of the pleader's or mookhtear's father, in order that the pleader or mookhtear may be identified in the rolls in the Court's office.

No. 1675.

Dated Calcutta, the 20th June 1874.

From—H. J. S. COTTON, ESQ., Officiating Registrar of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal,

To—The Judge of Bhagulpore.

HIGH COURT.
ENGLISH DEPARTMENT.
Civil.

In reply to your letter No. $\frac{\text{C. D.}}{123}$, dated 15th June 1874, I am directed to say that the return called for in Circular Memorandum No. 9, dated 4th May 1874, should show the costs incurred in contested cases only.

CIRCULAR MEMO. No. 15.

Dated Calcutta, the 20th June 1874.

HIGH COURT.
ENGLISH DEPARTMENT.
Civil.

Forwarded to all District Judges and Judicial Commissioners, in continuation of Circular Memorandum No. 9, dated 4th May 1874.

No. 773.

Dated Calcutta, the 20th June 1874.

From—H. J. S. COTTON, ESQ., Offg. Registrar of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal,

To—The Offg. Sessions Judge of Chittagong.

HIGH COURT.
ENGLISH DEPARTMENT.
Criminal.

I AM directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 61S., dated 5th June 1874, forwarding a copy of correspondence between yourself and the Magistrate as to the language in which the evidence of witnesses should be recorded in warrant cases.

2. In reply, I am to say that your view of the case is correct. The Government notification dated 30th June 1864, and published at page 1462 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 27th July 1864, notified under Section 196 of the old Code of Criminal Procedure (Act XXV of 1861) "that in every district of the Lower Provinces the evidence of witnesses shall be taken down by the Magistrate with his own hand and in his own vernacular language, unless he be prevented by any sufficient reason from taking down the evidence of any witness, in which case he shall record the reason of his inability to do so and shall cause the evidence to be taken down in writing from his dictation in open Court." It was also notified "that if the vernacular language of any Magistrate be neither English nor the language of the district in which his Court is held, he may take down the evidence in English, or in the language of the district, instead of in his own vernacular."

3. Section 335 of the new Code of Criminal Procedure (Act X of 1872) reproduces Section 196 of the old Code, and under the concluding paragraph of Section 2 of the new Code, the Government Notification of the 30th June 1864 is as much in force as if it had been published and made under Section 335 of that Code.

CIRCULAR MEMO. No. 4.

Dated Calcutta, the 20th June 1874.

HIGH COURT.
ENGLISH DEPARTMENT.
Criminal.

Copy of this letter, with the usual number of spare copies, forwarded to all Sessions Judges and Magistrates for information.

By order of the High Court,

H. J. S. COTTON, *Offg. Registrar.*

Sheriff's Office, the 7th July 1874.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Seventh Criminal Sessions of the year 1874 of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William and the places subordinate thereto, will be holden at the Court-House, in the Town of Calcutta, on Monday, the third day of August next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and so on from day to day until the said Session be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who will prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said Session be then and there to prosecute.

M. RUSTOMJEE, *Sheriff.*

শরিফ আফিস সন ১৮৭৪ সাল ৭ জুলাই।

সকলকে সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে সুবে বাঙ্গালার কোর্ট উইলিয়ম দুর্গের অধীন শহর কলিকাতার ও অন্যান্য স্থানের ফৌজদারী বিচার নিষ্পত্তি জন্য আগামি সন ১৮৭৪ সালের ৩রা আগষ্ট সোমবার বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এবং যে পর্য্যন্ত সেশিয়ানের কার্য্য শেষ না হয় প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময়ে কলিকাতার হাই কোর্টের আপন আদালত ঘরে সন ১৮৭৪ সালের সপ্তম ক্রিমিনেল সেশিয়ান বসিবেক, এবং এতদ্দ্বারা প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে, যে সকল ব্যক্তি কোন কয়েদীর বিরুদ্ধে ফৌজদারী মিছিল করিবেক তাহারা উক্ত স্থানে উক্ত সময়ে হাজির থাকিয়া মোকদ্দমা করে ইতি।

M. RUSTOMJEE, *Sheriff.*

EDUCATIONAL NOTICES.

Orders by the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate of the Calcutta University.

THE undermentioned students have passed the examination for a licence in Civil Engineering:—

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

Bhutnath Chakravarti	... ...	Presidency College, C. E. Department.
Heramvanáth Dás	... ...	ditto ditto.

SENATE HOUSE, the 30th June 1874. J. SUTCLIFFE, *Registrar.*

Presidency College.

SURVEY TEACHERSHIP EXAMINATION.

THE half-yearly examination of candidates for employment as teachers of surveying will be held on Monday, the 3rd August, and following days.

Applications to appear at the examination, accompanied by the necessary fees, must reach the undersigned before the 20th July.

Candidates are required to be in attendance at 10 A.M. on the first day of the examination, and they are at liberty to present themselves for examination at Dacca, Patna, or Calcutta.

PRESIDENCY COLLEGE, the 2nd July 1874. J. SUTCLIFFE, *Principal.*

Presidency College.

DEPARTMENT PUBLIC WORKS EXAMINATION.

THE half-yearly examination of candidates for employment and promotion in the Department of Public Works will be held at the Presidency College on Monday, the 3rd August, and following days.

Applications from candidates desirous of appearing at the examination must be lodged with the undersigned not later than the 20th July, and each application must be accompanied by the necessary fee.

Candidates are required to be in attendance at 10 A.M. on the first day of the examination.

PRESIDENCY COLLEGE, the 2nd July 1874. J. SUTCLIFFE, *Principal.*

NOTICE.

By the Board for conducting the examination of candidates for admission as Pleaders and Mookhtars in Mofussil Courts subordinate to the High Court at Fort William.

The following is the result of the examination of candidates for admission as Pleaders of the Lower Grade held at Dacca.

Name.	Father's name.	District.
Adit, Goury Charan ...	Gonesh Ram ...	Sylhet.
Adhikari, Janoki Nath ...	Dwarka Nath ...	Mymensingh.
Bose, Durga Dass ...	Ganga Dass ...	Ditto.
„ Shama Charan ...	Madan Mohun ...	Tipperah.
„ Mohim Chunder ...	Surja Narain ...	Ditto.
Bhadra, Sharat Chunder ...	Ramgoti ...	Ditto.
Bhaduri, Prosunno Coomar ...	Shumbhoo Nath ...	Mymensingh.
Bhattacharji, Ridoy Nath ...	Raghoo Nath ...	Dacca.
„ Bharat Chunder ...	Joynarain ...	Ditto.
„ Krisna Kishore ...	Kala Chunder ...	Tipperah.
Biswas, Ram Nath ...	Ramgoti ...	Mymensingh.
„ Hari Mohun ...	Madhub Chunder ...	Furreedpore.
Bardan, Poorna Chunder ...	Ramdhun ...	Tipperah.
Bannerji, Adita Chunder ...	Boloram ...	Dacca.
„ Madun Mohun ...	Lukhi Kant ...	Ditto.
„ Behari Lall ...	Sarup Chunder ...	Ditto.
„ Dwarka Nath ...	Kasi Chunder ...	Ditto.
„ Ram Churn ...	Golock Chunder ...	Ditto.
„ Jogobundhoo ...	Ram Tonoo ...	Ditto.
Basu, Purna Chunder ...	Issur Chunder ...	Jessore.
Chatterji, Chunder Coomar ...	Kali Proshad ...	Dacca.
„ Dwarka Nath ...	Obhoy Churn ...	Jessore.
„ Mohim Chundra ...	Ram Coomar ...	Backergunge.
Chaudhuri, Anunda Nath ..	Shumbhoo Nath ...	Mymensingh.
„ Prokash Chunder Datta.	Roghoo Nath Roy ...	Sylhet.
Chackerbati, Ram Chunder ...	Bhoyrub Chunder ...	Dacca.
„ Raj Coomar ...	Ram Coomar ...	Ditto.
„ Grish Chundra ...	Oomakanta ...	Ditto.
„ Anunda Chunder ...	Kali Dass ...	Ditto.
„ Kali Prosunno ...	Boloram ...	Ditto.
„ Bishnu Churn ...	Ram Kanayi ...	Ditto.
„ Kali Dass ...	Buddi Nath ...	Ditto.
„ Adito Charan ...	Ram Kishore ...	Ditto.
„ Kamini Coomar ...	Gouri Proshad ...	Ditto.
„ Rajkishore ...	Ram Coomar ...	Mymensingh.
„ Hari Churn ...	Ram Coomar ...	Dacca.
Chander, Dino Nath ...	Ramruttun ...	Mymensingh.
Dass, Dwarka Nath ...	Chundi Proshad Roy Chowdry	Sylhet.
„ Mohendro Coomar ...	Jadoo Nath ...	Dacca.
„ Boycanto Nath ...	Gopal Krishto ...	Backergunge.
„ Ishan Chunder ...	Moni Chundra ...	Ditto.
„ Harish Chunder ...	Keba Krishna ...	Dacca.
„ Ram Churn ...	Kamola Kanth ...	Ditto.
„ Adi Nath ...	Pandub Chunder ...	Ditto.
Dey, Chunder Nath ...	Chand Ram ...	Ditto.
„ Ramruttan ...	Boidia Nath ...	Mymensingh.
„ Bhoyrub Chunder ...	Ram Lochun ...	Ditto.
„ Mohim Chunder ...	Shumbhoo Nath ...	Dacca.
Deb, Sharut Chunder ...	Krishna Bullub Roy Chowdry	Sylhet.
„ Chundra Mohun ...	Ganga Gobinda ...	Ditto.
„ Koonjo Gobinda ...	Joy Gobinda ...	Dacca.
„ Juggut Chunder ...	Subud Roy Chaudhiri ...	Sylhet.
Dhar, Baroda Kantha ...	Ram Soonder ...	Dacca.
„ Juggut Bhundhoo ...	Padma Lochun ...	Ditto.
„ Kali Sankar ...	Rammanik ...	Tipperah.
Datta, Har Coomar ...	Harish Chunder ...	Dacca.
„ Haro Charan ...	Nobin Chundra ...	Ditto.
„ Joy Nath ...	Kassi Nath ...	Tipperah.
„ Nobin Chundra ...	Sham Ram ...	Mymensingh.

Name.	Father's name	District.
Datta, Adi Nath ...	Bhoyrub Chundra ...	Sylhet.
„ Dyal Krishna ...	Rajkrishna Chowdry ...	Ditto.
„ Gooroo Charan ...	Krishna Charan ...	Mymensingh.
„ Krishna Coomar ...	Ram Chundra ...	Dacca.
Gangooli, Huri Hur ...	Shama Soonder ...	Ditto.
„ Tara Kantha ...	Ooma Kantha ...	Ditto.
„ Obinash Chundra ...	Pitamber ...	Ditto.
„ Bipin Chundra ...	Bhogoban Chundra ...	Ditto.
Ghosal, Dino Nath ...	Badan Chandra ...	Ditto.
Ghose, Tarack Chundra ...	Kala Chand ...	Backergunge.
„ Chundra Kishore ...	Kali Kishore ...	Dacca.
„ Ishan Chundra ...	Punchanun ...	Ditto.
„ Durga Churn ...	Goluck Chunder ...	Tipperah.
„ Koilash Chunder ...	Prankissen ...	Backergunge.
„ Kashi Nath ...	Sribullub ...	Sylhet.
„ Radha Nath ...	Komola Kantha ...	Mymensingh.
„ Gunga Charan ...	Raj Chunder ...	Fureedpore.
„ Hur Chundra ...	Fakir Chundra ...	Dacca.
„ Rohini Coomar ...	Raj Chundra ...	Ditto.
Guha, Baycunta Chundra ...	Ram Chundra ...	Backergunge.
„ Nilkomul ...	Ramdhun ...	Dacca.
Hazra, Mohima Chundra ...	Nobin Chundra ...	Ditto.
Lahoory, Dwarka Nath ...	Ooma Nath ...	Pubna (Rajshahye).
Mittra, Hori Kishore ...	Ram Lochun ...	Dacca.
„ Purna Chundra ...	Ram Chunder ...	Ditto.
„ Piari Mohun ...	Gunga Bissuna ...	Ditto.
Moitra Obhoy Charan ...	Ananda Nath ...	Fureedpore.
Mohala, Navis, Ananto Nath ...	Amar Chand ...	Dacca.
Mazumdar, Dinobundhoo ...	Madhub Chundra ...	Ditto.
„ Rojoni Kantha ...	Srikantha ...	Ditto.
Mookerji, Mohima Chundra ...	Gooroo Dass ...	Ditto.
„ Jagobundhoo ...	Gour Chundra ...	Ditto.
„ Chundra Kantha ...	Durga Charan ...	Ditto.
Mullick, Hurrish Chundra ...	Amar Chundra ...	Ditto.
Nundi, Nobokrishna ...	Hari Krishna ...	Mymensingh.
Pall, Jagat Chunder ...	Shambhoo Nath ...	Dacca.
Ray, Ambica Nath ...	Kali Nath ...	Mymensingh.
„ Rajcomar ...	Brojo Lall ..	Dacca.
„ Prosunno Comar Singh ...	Kali Dass Singh ..	Ditto.
„ Tarak Nath ..	Chundra Nath ..	Pubna, (Rajshahye.)
„ Gour Chundra ..	Pran Krishna ..	Dacca.
„ Mohan Kishore ..	Rajkishore ..	Mymensingh.
„ Futick Chundra ...	Ram Nidhi ..	Fureedpore.
„ Kali Kishore ..	Kungsa Narain ..	Mymensingh.
„ Ishan Chundra ..	Bisso Nath ..	Ditto.
„ Shib Nath Dutt ...	Shumbhoo Nath ..	Dacca.
Sen, Dwarka Nath ..	Haro Kantha ..	Mymensingh.
„ Kali Charan ..	Gopal Krishto ..	Fureedpore.
„ Piari Mohun ..	Ramkanaye ..	Backergunge.
„ Jugobundhoo ..	Nilamber ..	Dacca.
„ Amrito Lall ..	Kali Nath ..	Jessore.
Singh, Mohesh Chundra Mozumdar.	Kashi Nath ..	Mymensingh.
Shome, Raj Gobind .	Dole Gobind ..	Sylhet.
„ Ram Charan ..	Koroona Sunkar ..	Dacca.
„ Sumbhoo Nath ..	Shabit Narain Rao Chowdry ..	Sylhet.
Sarkar, Madan Mohun ..	Ramkishore ..	Dacca.
Shadhia, Nobin Chundra ..	Gour Kishore ...	Mymensingh.
Surma, Prokash Chunder ..	Prankrishto ..	Sylhet.
Sandial, Shama Churn ..	Durga Churn ..	Rajshahye.
Janab Ali ..	Mahomed Sahar ..	Dacca.
Abdul Aziz ..	Mahomed Mobarak Ali ..	Ditto.
Abdullah Bhuian ..	Mahomed Khazi Khan ..	Ditto.
Rahat Bux ..	Sonaollah ..	Ditto.
Abdool Kadir ..	Shara Gazee Bhuian ..	Tipperah (Noakholly).
Abdool Subban ..	Mahomod Azimuddin ..	Ditto.
Abdool Samad *alias* Samad Ali. .	Nana Mian Majumdar ..	Dacca.

The following are the names of seven persons accidentally omitted from the list of successful candidates in the examination for Pleaderships of the Lower Grade held at Patna.

Name.	Father's name.	District.
Abdool Rahman ..	Furzund Ali ..	Arrah.
Behary Lall ..	Ramkissen Lall ..	Gya.
Gonesh Proshad ..	Gunooa Lall ..	Shahabad.
Syed Abdool Wadood ..	Abdool Huq ..	Tirhoot.
Kooldeep Narain ..	Lalla Issurry Pershad ..	Ditto.
Lutful Huq ..	Hyder Bux ..	Ditto.
Bunshedhur ..	Mohooree Lall ..	Monghyr.

Certificates in accordance with the above lists will be sent immediately to the District Judges' Courts.

CALCUTTA,
July 13th, 1874.

CECIL JACKSON,
Secretary to the Board of Examiners.

OPIUM NOTIFICATION.

No. 691B.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Eighth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1872-73, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Wednesday, the 5th August 1874, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 3,750 chests, viz :—

	Chests.
Behar Opium	2,185
Benares „	1,565
Total	3,750

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual; they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 8th November 1873, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 10th and 20th August, respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other Public Securities, that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the Sale-room, will be received after 4 P.M. of Monday, the 10th August 1874, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P.M. of Thursday, the 20th August 1874.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertised for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Member in charge of the Opium Department, however, reserves to himself the right of altering these dates, should circumstances render it expedient to do so :—

Dates.	Behar, about Chests.	Benares, about Chests.	Total, about Chests.
On or about Monday, 7th Sept. 1874 ...	2,185	1,565	3,750
On or about Wednesday, 7th Oct. „ ...	2,185	1,565	3,750
On or about Friday, 6th Nov. „ ...	2,185	1,565	3,750
On or about Thursday, 3rd Dec. „ ...	2,185	1,565	3,750
Total ...	8,740	6,260	15,000

By order of the Member-in-Charge,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, FORT WILLIAM, the 30th June 1874.

Statement showing the importation of Salt (private property) in bond and afloat on the River Hooghly, subject to Customs Duty, on the 1st July 1874.

	Government Golahs.	Private Golahs.	Afloat.	Total.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Liverpool Pungah...	4,72,558	.....	46,866	5,19,424
Italian ditto	.....	.....	5,657	5,657
Ditto Kurkutch	30,900	.....	.....	30,900
Bombay „	87,568	.....	764	88,332
Madras „	58,434	... ..	59,392	1,17,826
Arabian and Persian Gulf, Kurkutch and Muscat Rock	2,65,561	.....	.. ...	2,65,561
Total ...	9,15,021	.....	1,12,679	10,27,700

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

T. B. LANE, *Offg. Collector of Customs.*

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE, the 9th July 1874.

DISTRICT RELIEF COMMITTEES.

District Famine Relief Committee, 24-Pergunnahs.

No.	Names of Members.	Position
1	The Commissioner, Presidency Division.	
2	„ Judge of 24-Pergunnahs.	
3	„ Magistrate and Collector, 24-Pergunnahs.	
4	„ Senior Joint-Magistrate, 24-Pergunnahs.	
5	„ Civil Surgeon, 24-Pergunnahs.	
6	W. H. Verner, Esq., C.S.	Joint Magistrate.
7	Colonel Wintle	Cantonment Magistrate, Dum Dum.
8	Major Eckford	Cantonment Magistrate, Barrackpore
9	C. B. Clerke, Esq.	Inspector of Schools.
10	E. J. Shuttleworth	District Superintendent of Police.
11	Robert Harvey, Esq.	Manager, Paikparah Estates.
12	Reverend George Kerry...	Clergyman.
13	R. C. Sterndale, Esq, ...	Vice-Chairman, Suburban Municipality.
14	Rajah Komal Krishna Deb	Zemindar.
15	„ Narandra Krishna Deb	Ditto.
16	Nowab Syud Asgarah, C.S.I.	Ditto.
17	„ „ Ahmedali	Ditto.
18	Rajah Harendra Krishna Bahadoor	Zemindar and Deputy Magistrate.
19	Kumar Grish Chundra Singh	Zemindar
20	Prince Halimuzzama	Son of the late Prince Golam Mahmud.
21	„ Mahomed Rohimaddin	Nephew of ditto.
22	„ „ Wajundin	Ditto of ditto.
23	Moulvie Abdul Latif Khan Bahadoor	Deputy Magistrate.
24	Baboo Digambur Mitra	Zemindar.
25	„ Radhika Prosad Mookerjye	Executive Engineer, 24-Pergunnahs.
26	„ Rakhaldas Mookerjye	Deputy Collector.
27	„ Taraknath Mullick	Ditto.
28	„ Cally Charan Ghose	Ditto
29	Cowasjee, Eduljee, Esq.	Superintendent, Port Canning Estates.
30	Baboo Raj Mohun Rai Chowdhuri	Zemindar.
31	„ Raj Kumar Rai Chowdhuri	Ditto.
32	„ Basanta Kumar Rai Chowdhuri	Ditto.
33	„ Peari Mohun Mookerjye	Ditto.
34	„ Dwarkanath Biswas	Ditto.
35	„ Jogendra Chundra Ghose	Ditto.
36	„ Kali Prasannu Biswas	Merchant.
37	„ Aunoda Prosad Banerjye	Senior Government Pleader, High Court.
38	„ Jagadanud Mookerjye	Junior ditto.
39	„ Ambika Charan Mookerjye	Landholder.
40	„ Protap Chundra Ghose	Zemindar.

Sub-Divisional Relief Committees, 24-Pergunnahs.

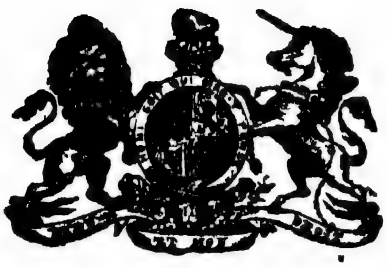
No.	Names of Members.	Position
	Bussirhat.	
1	The Sub-divisional Officer	Ex-officio.
2	Baboo Ramdoyal Ghose	Moonsif.
3	„ Joygopal Singh	Ditto
4	Police Inspector of the division	Ex-officio.

No.	Names of Members.	Position.
	Bussirhat.—(Continued.)	
5	Baboo Ganendro Kumar Rai Chowdhuri	Zemindar.
6	„ Harish Chandra Moitra	Ditto.
7	„ Nanda Kumar Bose	Ditto.
8	„ Bani Madhub Chatterjye	Ditto.
9	„ Sukriti Chunder Roy	Pleader, Moonsif's Court.
10	„ Kalibar Singh	Mookteer.
11	„ Faquir Chand Ghose	Pensioner.
12	„ Purna Chundra Roy	Native Doctor.
13	„ Sridhur Roy	Pensioner.
14	„ Iswar Chandra Sarkar	Pleader Moonsif's Court.
15	„ Priyanath Datta	Mookteer.
16	„ Priyanath Bose	Registry Head Clerk.
17	„ Sanyasi Charan Mookerjye	Gantidar.
18	Sub-Inspector of Police, Hasnabad	Ex-officio.
19	Baboo Prasanna Chandra Bhattacharjye	Lakhrajdar.
20	„ Trailakyanath Nag	Zemindar.
21	„ Ram Kumar Mandal	Gantidar and Mahajan.
22	„ Raj Krishna Haldar	Gantidar.
23	„ Kailas Chandra Bose	Zemindar.
24	„ Shama Charan Ghose	Ditto.
25	„ Sitanath Banerjye	Pleader, Moonsif's Court.
26	„ Upendra Nath Roy	Zemindar.
27	„ Gobardhan Ghosh	Gantidar.
28	„ Ramgati Ghosh	Ditto.
29	„ Baikant Nath Ghosh	Ditto.
30	„ Madhusudan Manna	Ditto.
31	„ Biswambhar Ghosh	Ditto.
32	„ Chandranath Chowdhuri	Zemindari Naib.
33	„ Munshee Irshad Mollah	Gantidar.
34	„ Dwarkanath Bose	Ditto.
35	Sub-Inspector of Police, Howrah	Ex-officio.
36	Baboo Ramkumar Ghosh	Zemindar.
37	„ Bhaguban Chunder Kerr	Ditto.
38	„ Sharoda Charan Chowdhuri	Ditto.
39	„ Juggeswar Bose	Pleader, Moonsif's Court
40	Jamir Mandal	Gantidar.
41	Baboo Parbutti Charan Mookerjye	Ditto.
42	„ Haran Chandra Ghose	Ditto.
43	„ Biswambhar Mitra	Ditto.
44	Bixoo Mandal	Ditto.
45	Baboo Dwarkanath Chakrabutti	Ditto.
46	Police Sub-Inspector, Bussirhat	Ex-officio.
47	Baboo Grish Chandra Bose	Manager, Goberdangah Estate.
48	„ Kesab Chandra Mookeriye	Medical Practitioner.
49	„ Ambika Charan Sirkar	Schoolmaster.
50	„ Tara Prosad Mitra	Naib.
51	„ Nil Komal Couch	Merchant.
52	„ Isan Chandra Misir	Ditto and Zemindar.
53	„ Lakhan Chandra Aush	Zemindar and Merchant.
54	„ Heri Mohun Ganguli	Gantidar.
55	„ Kuran Chandra Das	Native Physician.
56	„ Umesh Chandra Nag	Pensioner.
57	„ Punchanan Chakrobartti	Schoolmaster.
58	„ Priyanath Chakrabartti	Gantidar.
59	„ Umesh Chandra Chakrabartti	Ditto.
60	„ Lalit Mohun Rai Chowdhuri	Zemindar.
61	„ Kedernath Roy	Schoolmaster.
62	„ Bireswar Banerjye	Medical Practitioner.
63	„ Kalinaran Raha	Sub-Inspector of School.
64	Sub-Inspector of Police, Baduria	Ex-Officio.
	Baraset.	
1	The Sub-Divisional Officer,	
2	„ Sub-Deputy Collector.	
3	Baboo Sambhu Chandra Nag	Moonsif.
4	„ Kailash Chandra Chatterjya	Assistant Surgeon.
5	„ Kanti Chandra Chatterjya	Vice Chairman, Baraset Town Committee.
6	„ Beni Madhub Mitra	Vice Chairman, Branch Road Cess Committee
7	„ Ram Sundar Ghose	Superintendent of Vaccination.
8	„ Modhu Sudan Rai Chowdhuri	Member, Branch Road Cess Committee and Zemindar.
9	„ Madhub Chandra Banerjya	Member, Branch Road Cess Committee and Zemindar.
10	„ Gopal Chandra Ghose	Member and Gantidar.
11	Basiruddin Mandul	Ditto and ditto.
12	Haro Mandul	Ditto and ditto.
13	Baboo Isan Chandra Chatterjya	Ditto and Naib.
14	„ Madhu Suddan Bose	Zemindar.
15	„ Mohesh Chandra Mitra	Gantidar.
16	„ Dwarkanath Bhattachorjya	Gomasta.
17	„ Jadub Chandra Chatterjya	Vice Chairman, Nychati Town Committee.
18	„ Tarini Charan Sarkar	Member ditto.
19	„ Ram Lal Singh	Ditto and Zemindar.

No.	Names of Members.	Position
	Baraset.—(Continued.)	
20	Baboo Gopi Krishna Ghose ...	Member and Mahajan.
21	,, Jadub Chandra Ganguli ...	Ditto and Schoolmaster.
22	,, Gopal Chandra Banerjya ...	Ditto and ditto.
23	,, Sukmoy Chatterjya ...	Zemindari Naib.
24	,, Ram Kumar Banerjya ...	Zemindar.
25	,, Kailas Chandra Das ...	Ditto.
26	,, Gobinda Chandra Sen...	Ditto.
27	,, Satya Charan Bose ...	Zemindar
28	,, Kamikla Nauth Ghose ...	Gantidar.
29	,, Golak Chandra Biswas ...	Naib.
30	Bussiraddin Ahmed ...	Ditto.
31	Baboo Grish Chandra Mukherjya...	Gantidar.
32	,, Denonath Mandal ...	Ditto.
33	,, Ramanath Roy ...	Ditto.
34	Makim Mandul ...	Ditto.
35	Bholye Mandul...	Jotedar.
36	Kallashnath Chowdhuri ...	Mahajan.
37	Abdul Summed...	Zemindar
38	Baboo Gopal Chandra Gangooli ...	Gantidar.
39	,, Haran Chandra Jaguli ...	Ditto.
	Satkhira.	
1	The Sub-Divisional Officer.	
2	,, Sub-Deputy Collector.	
3	Baboo Hemango Chandra Bose ...	Moonsif.
4	,, Amrita Lall Paul ...	Ditto.
5	,, Jadunath Ghose ...	Assistant Surgeon.
6	,, Prasanna Kumar Ghose ...	Police Inspector.
7	Baboo Gopal Chandra Mukherjya ...	Pleader.
8	,, Krishna Nath Banerjya ...	Sub-Registrar, Satkhira.
9	,, Barada Kanth Banerjya ...	Gantidar
10	Munshi Ruhamatulla ...	Mookteer.
11	Baboo Raj Chandra Gupta ...	Sub-Registrar, Kularoa.
12	,, Sharoda Charan Gun ...	Ditto Kaligunge.
13	,, Kailash Chandra Chowdhuri ...	Zemindari Agent.
14	Akim Sardar ...	Gantidar.
15	Baboo Kailash Chandra Das ...	Naib, Dhuliapur.
16	,, Grish Chandra Banerjya ...	Dewan, Nakipur Zemindar.
17	Rajah Brajendranaran Roy ...	Zemindar.
18	Baboo Iswar Chandra Adhikari ...	Talookdar.
19	,, Isan Chandra Roy ...	Gantidar.
	Barrackpore.	
1	The Cantonment Magistrate.	
2	Baboo Umesh Chandra Rai Chowdhuri ...	Zemindar.
3	,, Hari Kissen Sircar ...	Ditto.
4	,, Bangshidhar Mandal ...	Ditto and Tradesman.
5	,, Ambika Charan Mookerjya ...	Head Assistant, Military Store Keeper's Office.
6	,, Raj Krishna Banerjya ...	Sub-Registrar.
7	,, Bunko Behari Chatterjya ...	Clerk, Bengal Secretariat
8	,, Lakhinaran Chatterjya ...	Gantidar.
9	,, Durga Charan Ganguli ...	Ditto.
10	,, Bireswar Bose ...	Attorney-at-Law.
11	,, Mrittanjoy Chakravartti ...	Clergyman.
12	,, Kyelash Chandra Rai Chowdhuri ...	Government Pensioner.
13	,, Brindaban Chandra Dey ...	Landholder.
	Dum-Dum.	
1	The Cantonment Magistrate.	
2	Baboo Purna Chandra Bhuttacharjya ...	Supervisor, Public Works Department.
3	,, Radha Madhub Sirkar ...	Contractor, Public Works Department
4	,, Ghaneshyam Banerjya ...	Landholder.
5	,, Uma Charan Mukherjya ...	Pleader
6	,, Beni Madhub Sen ...	Jute Merchant.
7	,, Baistab Charan Guha ...	General Merchant.
	Barripore.	
1	The Sub-Divisional Officer.	
2	Reverend W. Drew ...	Clergyman
3	,, Gopal Chandra Mitra ...	Ditto
4	Baboo Umesh Chandra Mitra ...	Manager, Port Canning Company's Estates.
5	,, Kalidas Mitra ...	Talookdar.
6	,, Krishna Mohun Mitra ...	Zemindar.
7	,, Gopaldas Datta ...	Zemindar.
8	,, Hari Das Datta ...	Ditto.
9	,, Jadunath Bose ...	Ditto.
10	,, Srinath Chowdhuri ...	Talookdar.
11	,, Biswambhar Rai Chowdhuri ...	Ditto.
12	,, Nyan Chand Bose ...	Ditto.
13	,, Ram Kumar Ghose ...	Ditto.
14	,, Lal Mohan Banerjya ...	Ditto.
15	,, Nobin Chand Ghose ...	Ditto.
16	,, Raj Kumar Rai Chowdhuri ...	Zemindar.
17	,, Basanto Kumar Rai Chowdhuri ...	Ditto.

No.	Names of Members.	Position.
	Barripore.—(Continued.)	
18	„ Mohesh Chandra Ghose	Medical Practioner.
19	„ Benode Behari Chowdhuri	Moonsif.
20	„ Debnath Bose	Police Inspector.
21	„ Prasanna Kumar Banerjya	Talookdar and Honorary Magistrate.
22	„ Debnaryan Datta...	Ditto ditto.
23	Cowasjee, Eduljee, Esq.	Superintendent, Port Canning Company's Works.
24	Sub-Inspector of Protapnugur	Ex-officio.
25	Baboo Chandra Nath Mitra	Naib.
26	„ Ram Chandra Banerjya	Ditto.
	Diamond Harbour.	
1	The Sub-Divisional Officer.	
2	Baboo Shama Charan Patitandar	Zemindar.
3	„ Mohendra Kumar Chowdhuri	Ditto.
4	„ Sambhu Chandra Ghose	Ditto.
5	„ Prasanna Chandra Bose	Naib and Member, Branch Road Cess Committee.
6	„ Digambur Mozumdar	Naib and Member, Branch Road Cess Committee.
7	„ Rupchand Sirkar	Naib.
8	„ Gopi Mohun Basu	Talukdar.
9	Nesarali Mollah	Naib.
10	The Sub-Deputy Collector.	

F. B. PEACOCK, *Collector.*



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 15, 1874.

PART II.

Advertisements.

[N.B.—Advertisements, Notices, &c., intended for insertion in this part of the Gazette, cannot be received after Noon on Monday.]

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of land, no longer required by the Government, situated in the district of Patna, will be put up to sale at the Collector's Office at Bankipore at 12 o'clock on Thursday, the 16th July 1874, corresponding with 1st Sarabun *B.S.*

The purchasers of these plots will be subject to the following conditions:—

1*st.*—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

2*nd.*—If the amount of purchase-money exceeds Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the estate to be again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

3*rd.*—The plots will be sold revenue-free to the highest bidders.

4*th.*—The purchasers shall be put in possession on receipt of the orders of the Collector confirming the sales. But such possession shall be liable to be disturbed in case the final sanction of the Member of the Board of Revenue in charge should not be accorded to the proceedings.

Consecutive Lot Number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which the land is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	Approximate area in Beeghas and Acres.		Land excluded from sale from each lot.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundaries of lot.
					B C. C.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
1	Patna ...	Pergunnahs Saleemabad, and Gyaspore, Mouzah Punchmahulla.	337	South ...	12 19 8	4 1 6	.....	... .	Commences on 2,980 feet of mile 337, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing South—By zemindaree land. East—By boundary of the Monghyr district. West—By end of mile 337, as per plan.
2	ditto .	ditto ...	337	North ...	13 8 0	4 1 29	.....	... ..	ditto	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By boundary of the Monghyr district. West—By end of mile 337, as per plan
3	ditto	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Punchmahulla.	338	South ..	9 9 12	3 0 22	.....	.. .	Commences at the end of mile 337, as per plan, and terminates on 1,310 feet of mile 338.	North—By railway fencing South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 337, as per plan West—By boundary of Mouzah Jalalpore.
4	ditto ...	ditto ...	338	North ..	10 2 0	3 1 14	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 337, as per plan. West—By boundary of Mouzah Jalalpore.
5	ditto ..	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Jalalpore.	338	South ...	22 13 8	7 2 0	.....	... ..	Commences on 1,310 feet of mile 338, and terminates on 4,250 feet of same, as per plan	North—By railway fencing South—By zemindaree land. East—By boundary of Mouzah Punchmahulla. West—By boundary of Mouzah Domrah.
6	ditto ...	ditto ...	338	North ..	21 7 8	7 0 11	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land South—By railway fencing East—By boundary of Mouzah Punchmahulla. West—By boundary of Mouzah Domrah.
7	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Domrah.	338	South ...	7 14 0	2 2 7	.....	.....	Commences on 4,250 feet of mile 338, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land East—By boundary of Mouzah Jalalpore. West—By end of mile 338, as per plan.
8	ditto ...	ditto ...	338	North ..	8 12 0	2 3 15	.....	.....	ditto	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By boundary of Mouzah Jalalpore. West—By end of mile 338, as per plan.

9	ditto ...	ditto ...	339	South ...	15	10	0	5	0	20	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 338, as per plan, and terminates on 2,000 feet of mile 339.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 338, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 11.
10	ditto ...	ditto ...	339	North ...	15	10	0	5	0	20	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 338, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 12.
11	ditto ...	ditto ...	339	South ...	24	11	0	8	0	19	.....	.....	Commences on 2,000 feet of mile 339, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 9. West—By end of mile 339, as per plan.
12	ditto ...	ditto ...	339	North ...	24	11	0	8	0	19	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 10. West—By end of mile 339, as per plan.
13	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Badpore.	340	South ...	14	10	8	4	3	8	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 339, as per plan, and terminates on 1,740 feet of mile 340.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 339, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 15.
14	ditto ...	ditto ...	340	North ...	14	10	8	4	3	8	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 339, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 16.
15	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Morachee.	340	South ...	15	11	4	5	0	23	.....	.....	Commences on 1,740 feet of mile 340, and terminates on 3,840 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 13. West—By village road.
16	ditto ...	ditto ...	340	North ...	15	11	4	5	0	23	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 14. West—By village road.
17	ditto ...	ditto ...	340	South ...	8	6	8	2	3	0	.....	.....	Commences on 3,880 feet of mile 340, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road West—By end of mile 340, as per plan.
18	ditto ...	ditto ...	340	North ...	8	6	8	2	3	0	Occupied by road common to lots 15, 16, 17, and 18.	0 0 14	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 340, as per plan.
19	ditto ...	ditto ...	341	South ...	14	3	8	4	2	30	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 340, as per plan, and terminates on 2,725 feet of mile 341.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 340, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
20	ditto ...	ditto ...	341	North ...	14	3	8	4	2	30	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 340, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
21	ditto ...	ditto ...	341	South ...	9	16	8	3	1	0	.....	.....	Commences on 2,750 feet of mile 341, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 341, as per plan.
22	ditto ...	ditto ...	341	North ...	9	16	8	3	1	0	Occupied by road common to lots 19, 20, 21, and 22.	0 0 5	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 341, as per plan.
23	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Morachee and Hatheedah.	342	South ...	6	1	8	2	0	1	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 341, as per plan, and terminates on 1,700 feet of mile 342.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 341, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 25.

Consecutive Lot Number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which the land is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	Approximate area in Beeghas and Acres		Land excluded from sale from each lot.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundaries of lot.
					B. C. C.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R P.		
24	Patna ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Morachee and Hatheedah.	342	North ...	6 1 8	2 0 1	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 341, as per plan, and terminates on 1,700 feet of mile 342.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 341, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 26.
25	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Hatheedah.	342	South ...	7 14 10	2 2 9	.....	.....	Commences on 1,700 feet of mile 342, and terminates on 3,450 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 23. West—By eastern boundary of lot 27.
26	ditto ...	ditto ...	342	North ...	7 14 10	2 2 9	.....	.....	ditto .	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 24. West—By eastern boundary of lot 28
27	ditto ...	ditto ...	342	South ...	7 18 0	2 2 18	Occupied by road ...	0 0 4	Commences on 3,450 feet of mile 342, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 25 West—By end of mile 342, as per plan.
28	ditto ...	ditto ...	342	North ...	7 18 0	2 2 18	ditto ...	0 0 4	ditto .	North—By zemindaree land South—By railway fencing East—By western boundary of lot 26. West—By end of mile 342 as per plan.
29	ditto ..	ditto ...	343	South ...	6 6 4	2 0 14	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 342, as per plan, and terminates on 630 feet of mile 343.	North—By railway fencing South—By zemindaree land East—By end of mile 342, as per plan. West—By zemindaree land.
30	ditto ...	ditto ..	343	South ..	5 6 4	1 3 1	.....	.....	Commences on 1,380 feet of mile 343, and terminates on 2,440 feet of same, as per plan	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land East—By ditto West—By village road.
31	ditto ..	ditto ...	343	North ...	11 5 8	3 2 37	... ..	.....	Commences at the end of mile 342, as per plan, and terminates on 2,440 feet of mile 343.	North—By zemindaree land South—By railway fencing East—By end of mile 342, as per plan. West—By village road.
32	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Dururpore and Duryapore.	343	South ...	15 18 8	5 1 2	.....	.....	Commences on 2,470 feet of mile 343, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing South—By zemindaree land East—By village road West—By end of mile 343, as per plan.
33	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Dururpore, Duryapore and Moorarpore.	343	North ...	15 18 10	6 1 3	Road common to lots 30, 31, 32, and 33.	0 0 10	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing East—By village road. West—By end of mile 343, as per plan.
34	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Duryapore and Moorarpore.	344	South ...	14 2 10	4 2 28	.....	... .	Commences at the end of mile 343, as per plan, and terminates on 1,830 feet of mile 344.	North—By railway fencing South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 343, as per plan West—By eastern boundary of lot 36.
35	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Moorarpore.	344	North ...	14 2 10	4 2 28	.....	.....	ditto .	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 343, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 37.
36	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Outah.	344	South ...	10 7 10	3 1 29	.....	.....	Commences on 1,830 feet of mile 344, and terminates on 3,100 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 34. West—By village road.

37	ditto	...	ditto	...	344	North	...	10 7 10	3 1 29	.....	.....	Commences on 1,830 feet of mile 344, and terminates on 3,100 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 36. West—By village road.
38	ditto	...	ditto	...	344	South	...	14 17 0	4 3 26	.....	.....	Commences on 3,130 feet of mile 344, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan	North—By railway fencing South—By zemindaree land East—By village road. West—By end of mile 344, as per plan.
39	ditto	...	ditto	...	344	North	...	14 17 0	4 3 26	Road common to lots 36, 37, 38, and 39.	0 0 10	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 344, as per plan.
40	ditto	..	ditto	...	345	South	...	3 4 0	1 0 9	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 344, as per plan, and terminates on 670 feet of mile 345.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 344, as per plan. West—By village road and boundary of Mouzah Muckeah.
41	ditto	...	ditto	...	345	North	...	3 3 0	1 0 7	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 344, as per plan West—By boundary of Mouzah Muckeah.
42	ditto	...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Muckeah.		345	South	...	10 16 0	3 2 11	.....	.....	Commences on 700 feet of mile 345, and terminates on 3,000 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road & boundary of Mouzah Outah. West—By eastern boundary of lot 44.
43	ditto	...	ditto	...	345	North	...	10 16 0	3 2 11	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By boundary of Mouzah Outah. West—By eastern boundary of lot 45.
44	ditto	...	ditto	...	345	South	...	10 9 8	3 1 34	Occupied by road ...	0 0 6	Commences on 3,000 feet of mile 345, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 43. West—By end of mile 345, as per plan.
45	ditto	...	ditto	...	345	North	...	10 9 8	3 1 34	ditto ...	0 0 6	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 43. West—By end of mile 345, as per plan.
46	ditto	...	ditto	...	346	South	...	7 14 10	2 2 9	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 345, as per plan, and terminates on 1,760 feet of mile 346.	North—By railway fencing South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 345, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 48.
47	ditto	...	ditto	...	346	North	...	7 14 10	2 2 9	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 345, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 49.
48	ditto	...	ditto	...	346	South	...	7 14 10	2 2 9	.....	.....	Commences on 1,760 feet of mile 346, and terminates on 3,520 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land East—By western boundary of lot 46. West—By eastern boundary of lot 50.
49	ditto	...	ditto	...	346	North	...	7 14 10	2 2 9	.....	.....	ditto ..	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 47. West—By eastern boundary of lot 51.
50	ditto	...	ditto	...	346	South	...	7 14 10	2 2 9	.....	.....	Commences on 3,520 feet of mile 346, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 48. West—By end of mile 346, as per plan.
51	ditto	...	ditto	...	346	North	...	7 6 8	2 1 28	Occupied by branch line to River Ganges.	0 0 28	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 49. West—By end of mile 346, as per plan.

Consecutive Lot Number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which the land is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	Approximate area in Beeghas and Acres.		Land excluded from sale from each lot.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundaries of lot.
					B. C. C.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
52	Patna ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Muckeah.	347	South ...	1 13 3	0 2 8	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 346, as per plan, and terminates on 315 feet of mile 347.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 346, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
53	ditto ...	ditto ...	347	North ...	1 13 3	0 2 8	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 346, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
54	ditto ...	ditto ...	347	South ...	8 3 8	2 2 33	Occupied by railway level crossing road.	0 0 6	Commences on 3,380 feet of mile 347, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree lands. East—By Mokameh station lands. West—By end of mile 347, as per plan.
55	ditto ...	ditto ...	347	North ...	8 13 14	2 3 20	ditto ...	0 0 6	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By Mokameh station lands. West—By end of mile 347, as per plan.
56	ditto ...	ditto ...	348	South ...	7 7 0	2 1 29	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 347, as per plan, and terminates on 1,760 feet of mile 348.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 347, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 58.
57	ditto ...	ditto ...	348	North ...	7 7 0	2 1 29	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 347, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 59.
58	ditto ...	ditto ...	348	South ...	7 7 0	2 1 29	.....	.....	Commences on 1,760 feet of mile 348, and terminates on 3,520 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 56. West—By eastern boundary of lot 60.
59	ditto ...	ditto ...	348	North ...	7 7 0	2 1 29	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 57. West—By eastern boundary of lot 61.
60	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Mokameh and Shonar.	348	South ...	7 9 0	2 1 34	Occupied by road ...	0 0 5	Commences on 3,520 feet of mile 348, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 58. West—By end of mile 348, as per plan.
61	ditto ...	ditto ...	348	North ...	7 9 0	2 1 34	ditto ...	0 0 5	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 59. West—By end of mile 348, as per plan.
62	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Shonar.	349	South ...	16 4 14	5 1 19	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 348, as per plan, and terminates on 2,930 feet of mile 349.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 348, as per plan. West—By village road.
63	ditto ...	ditto ...	349	North ...	16 4 14	5 1 19	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 348, as per plan. West—By village road.
64	ditto ...	ditto ...	349	South ...	8 17 8	2 3 30	.....	.....	Commences on 2,950 feet of mile 349, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 349, as per plan.

65	ditto ...	ditto ...	349	North ...	6 17 8	2 3 30	Occupied by road common to lots 62, 63, 64, and 65.	0 0 16	ditto	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 349, as per plan.
66	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Shonar and Barrackpore.	350	South ...	13 10 0	4 1 34	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 349, as per plan, and terminates on 2,950 feet of mile 350.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 349, as per plan. West—By village road
67	ditto ...	ditto ...	350	North ...	13 10 0	4 1 34	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 349 as per plan, and terminates on 2,950 feet of mile 350.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 349, as per plan. West—By village road.
68	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Barrackpore.	350	South ...	9 10 10	3 0 24	.....	.....	Commences on 2,970 feet of mile 350, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 350, as per plan.
69	ditto ...	ditto ...	350	North ...	9 10 10	3 0 24	Occupied by road common to lots 66, 67, 68, and 69.	0 0 6	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 350, as per plan.
70	ditto ...	ditto ...	351	South ...	9 6 8	3 0 13	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 350, as per plan, and terminates on 2,150 feet of mile 351.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 350, as per plan. West—By village road.
71	ditto ...	ditto ...	351	North ...	9 6 8	3 0 13	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 350, as per plan. West—By village road.
72	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Mere.	351	South ...	14 13 0	4 3 15	.....	.....	Commences on 2,180 feet of mile 351, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 351, as per plan.
73	ditto ...	ditto ...	351	North ...	13 0 0	4 1 8	Occupied by road common to lots 70, 71, 72, and 73.	0 0 8	Commences on 2,180 feet of mile 351, and terminates on 4,730 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By marshy land.
74	ditto ...	ditto ...	352	South ...	11 19 8	3 3 34	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 351, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 352.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 351, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 76.
75	ditto ..	ditto ...	352	North ...	11 19 8	3 3 34	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 351, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 77.
76	ditto ...	ditto ...	352	South ...	11 0 8	3 2 23	.....	.....	Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 352, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 74. West—By end of mile 352, as per plan.
77	ditto ...	ditto ...	352	North ...	11 0 8	3 2 23	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 75. West—By end of mile 352, as per plan.
78	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Sultanpore.	353	South ...	11 7 0	3 3 0	Occupied by road ...	0 0 5	Commences at the end of mile 352, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 353.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 352, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 80.
79	ditto ...	ditto ...	353	North ...	11 7 0	3 3 9	ditto ...	0 0 5	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 352, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 81.

Consecutive Lot Number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which the land is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	Approximate area in Beeghas and Acres. B. C. C.	A. R. P.	Land excluded from sale from each lot. Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.	Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundaries of lot.
80	Patna ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Sultanpore and Kanyepore.	353	South ...	11 14 5	3 3 20	.....	.....	Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 353, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 78. West—By end of mile 353, as per plan.
81	ditto ...	ditto ...	353	North ...	11 14 5	3 3 20	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 79. West—By end of mile 353, as per plan.
82	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Kanyepore and Meckra.	354	South ...	6 13 0	2 0 32	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 353, as per plan, and terminates on 1,520 feet of mile 354.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 353, as per plan. West—By village road.
83	ditto ...	ditto ...	354	North ...	6 13 0	2 0 32	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 353, as per plan. West—By village road.
84	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Meckra.	354	South ...	8 7 0	2 3 2	.....	.....	Commences on 1,550 feet of mile 354, and terminates on 3,400 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road. West—By eastern boundary of lot 86.
85	ditto ...	ditto ...	354	North ...	8 6 0	2 2 39	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By eastern boundary of lot 87.
86	ditto ...	ditto ...	354	South ...	8 14 0	2 3 20	Occupied by road ...	0 0 6	Commences on 3,400 feet of mile 354, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 84. West—By end of mile 354, as per plan.
87	ditto ...	ditto ...	354	North ...	8 9 0	2 3 7	ditto ... Road common to lots 82, 83, 84, and 85.	0 0 6 0 0 11	ditto ..	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 85. West—By end of mile 354, as per plan.
88	ditto ...	ditto ...	355	South ...	13 19 0	4 2 18	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 354, as per plan, and terminates on 2,430 feet of mile 355	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 354, as per plan. West—By village road.
89	ditto ..	ditto ...	355	North ...	13 19 0	4 2 18	.....	.....	ditto	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 354, as per plan. West—By village road.
90	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Punaruck.	355	South ...	14 8 0	4 3 2	.....	.....	Commences on 2,460 feet of mile 355, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 355, as per plan.
91	ditto ...	ditto ...	355	North ...	14 8 0	4 3 2	Occupied by road common to lots 88, 89, 90, and 91.	0 0 11	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 355, as per plan.
92	ditto ...	ditto ...	356	South ...	18 0 0	6 3 32	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 355, and terminates at the end of mile 356, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 355, as per plan. West—By end of mile 356, as per plan.

93	ditto	...	ditto	...	356	North	...	18	0	0	5	3 32	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 355, as per plan. West—By end of mile 356, as per plan.
94	ditto	...	ditto	...	357	South	...	12	16	12	4	0 39	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 356, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 357.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 356, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 96.
95	ditto	...	ditto	...	357	North	...	12	16	12	4	0 39	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 356, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 97.
96	ditto	...	ditto	...	357	South	...	14	1	0	4	2 23	Occupied by road	0	0 5	Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 357, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 94. West—By end of mile 357, as per plan.
97	ditto	...	ditto	...	357	North	...	14	1	0	4	2 23	ditto ...	0	0 5	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 95. West—By end of mile 357, as per plan.
98	ditto	...	ditto	...	358	South	...	10	8	8	3	1 32	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 357, as per plan, and terminates on 1,760 feet of mile 358.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 357, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 100.
99	ditto	...	ditto	...	358	North	...	10	8	8	3	1 32	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 357, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 101.
100	ditto	...	ditto	...	358	South	...	10	8	8	3	1 32	.....	.....	Commences on 1,760 feet of mile 358, and terminates on 3,520 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 98. West—By eastern boundary of lot 102.
101	ditto	...	ditto	...	358	North	...	10	8	8	3	1 32	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 99. West—By eastern boundary of lot 103.
102	ditto	...	ditto	...	358	South	...	10	9	14	3	1 35	.....	.....	Commences on 3,520 feet of mile 358, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 100. West—By end of mile 358, as per plan.
103	ditto	...	ditto	...	358	North	...	10	9	14	3	1 35	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 101. West—By end of mile 358, as per plan.
104	ditto	...	ditto	...	359	South	...	7	19	0	2	2 21	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 358, as per plan, and terminates on 1,125 feet of mile 359.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 358, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 106.
105	ditto	...	ditto	...	359	North	...	7	19	0	2	2 21	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 358, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 107.
106	ditto	...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Railee.		359	South	...	22	10	6	7	1 31	.....	.....	Commences on 1,125 feet of mile 359, and terminates on 4,345 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 104. West—By eastern boundary of lot 108.
107	ditto	...	ditto	...	359	North	...	22	10	6	7	1 31	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 105. West—By eastern boundary of lot 109.

Consecutive Lot Number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which the land is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	Approximate area in Beeghas and Acres.		Land excluded from sale from each lot.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundaries of lot.
					B. C. C.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R P.		
108	Patna ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Luchmeepore	359	South ...	6 3 10	2 0 7	.....	.....	Commences on 4,345 feet of mile 359, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 106. West—By end of mile 359, as per plan.
109	ditto ..	ditto .	359	North ...	6 3 10	2 0 7	.....	.....	ditto ..	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 107. West—By end of mile 359, as per plan.
110	ditto	ditto ...	360	South ...	10 17 0	3 2 14	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 359, and terminates on 1,570 feet of mile 360, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 359, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 112.
111	ditto ..	ditto ...	360	North ...	10 17 0	3 2 14	.....	.....	ditto .	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 359, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 113.
112	ditto .	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Burriarpore and Sanarah.	360	South ...	15 16 8	5 0 37	.....	.....	Commences on 1,570 feet of mile 360, and terminates on 3,900 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 110. West—By eastern boundary of lot No. 114
113	ditto ..	ditto ...	360	North ...	15 16 8	5 0 37	.....	.....	ditto .	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 111. West—By eastern boundary of lot 115.
114	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Dheebar	360	South ...	9 8 8	3 0 19	.....	.....	Commences on 3,900 feet of mile 360, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 112. West—By end of mile 360, as per plan.
115	ditto ...	ditto ..	360	North . .	9 8 8	3 0 19	.....	.....	ditto .	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 113. West—By end of mile 360, as per plan.
116	ditto ...	ditto ...	361	South ..	2 8 0	0 3 7	.....	.. ...	Commences at the end of mile 360, as per plan, and terminates on 400 feet of mile 361	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 360, as per plan. West—By nullah.
117	ditto .	ditto ...	361	North ...	2 5 4	0 3 0	.....	.... .	Commences at the end of mile 360, as per plan, and terminates on 350 feet of mile 360.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing East—By end of mile 360, as per plan. West—By nullah
118	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Parehpore and Nyamubpore.	361	South ...	14 6 12	4 2 39	.....	.....	Commences on 425 feet of mile 361, and terminates on 2 550 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By nullah. West—By eastern boundary of lot 120.
119	ditto . .	ditto ...	361	North .	14 8 12	4 3 4	.....	.....	Commences on 375 feet of mile 361, and terminates on 2,550 feet of same. as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By nullah. West—By eastern boundary of lot 121.
120	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Shuhorah.	361	South .	16 12 0	5 1 38	.....	.....	Commences on 2,550 feet of mile 361, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 118. West—By end of mile 361, as per plan.

121	ditto	...	ditto	...	361	North	..	16	12	0	5 1 38	Occupied by nullah common to lots 116, 117, 118, and 119	0	0 16	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 119. West—By end of mile 361, as per plan.
122	ditto	..	ditto	...	362	South	...	10	5	0	3 1 22	.....	..	...	Commences at the end of mile 361, as per plan, and terminates on 2,000 feet of mile 362.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 361, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 124.
123	ditto	...	ditto	..	362	North	..	10	5	0	3 1 22	.....	.....		ditto ..	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 361, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 125.
124	ditto	..	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Shuhoriah, Jumouiah, and Bandpore		362	South	..	14	0	0	4 2 20	.....	..	...	Commences on 2,000 feet of mile 362, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 122. West—By end of mile 362, as per plan.
125	ditto	.	ditto	...	362	North	...	14	0	0	4 2 20	.....	.....		ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 123. West—By end of mile 362, as per plan.
126	ditto	..	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Bandpore		363	South	...	2	2	8	0 2 33	.....	.....		Commences at the end of mile 362, as per plan, and terminates on 475 feet of mile 363	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 362, as per plan. West—By land retained by the railway company.
127	ditto	...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Burnaxahidpore and Burua.		363	South	..	5	5	8	1 2 39	.....	... ..		Commences on 4,080 feet of mile 363, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By land retained by railway company. West—By end of mile 363, as per plan.
128	ditto	..	ditto	...	363	North	...	5	5	8	1 2 39	Retained by the railway company. Abandoned, being occupied by branch line to the Ganges.	3 1 0 0 2 33		ditto ..	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By land retained by railway company. West—By end of mile 363, as per plan.
129	ditto	...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Burua and Dalumionchuck.		364	South	...	18	10	0	6 0 19	.....	.....		Commences at the end of mile 363, as per plan, and terminates on 3,550 feet of mile 364	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 363, as per plan. West—By zemindaree land
130	ditto	...	ditto	.	364	North	...	18	10	0	6 0 19	.....	.....		ditto .	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 363, as per plan. West—By zemindaree land.
131	ditto	...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Bhautgaon.		364	South	..	7	0	0	2 1 10	.....	.....		Commences on 4,000 feet of mile 364, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing South—By zemindaree land. East—By ditto. West—By end of mile 364, as per plan.
132	ditto	...	ditto	..	364	North	...	7	0	0	2 1 10	.....	.....		ditto ..	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By zemindaree land. West—By end of mile 364, as per plan.
133	ditto	...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Bhautpore, Shaikpore, and Ocherpore.		365	South	...	12	18	0	4 1 2	Occupied by nullah ..	0	0 3	Commences at the end of mile 364, as per plan, and terminates on 2,980 feet of mile 365.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 364, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
134	ditto	.	ditto	...	365	North	...	13	10	0	4 1 34	ditto	0	0 3	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 364, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing
135	ditto	...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Abrahimpore, Sulampore, Gobindpore, and Julgobind.		365	South	...	10	4	0	3 1 20	.....	.....		Commences on 2,980 feet of mile 365, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By railway level crossing West—By end of mile 365, as per plan

Consecutive Lot Number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which the land is situate	Situated on which side of the Railway	Approximate area in beeghas and acres			Land excluded from sale from each lot.			Commencement and termination of lot	Boundaries of lot.
					B. C. C.	A. R. P.		Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.			
136	Patna ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Abrahimpore, Sulampore, Gobindpore, and Julgobind	365	North ..	10 13 0	3 2 3		Occupied by road common to lots 134, 135, 136, and 137.	0 0 8		Commences on 2,980 feet of mile 365, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 365, as per plan
137	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Julgobind and Dahore.	366	South ...	13 0 0	4 1 8		Occupied by road and ditch.	0 0 26		Commences at the end of mile 365, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 366.	North—By railway fencing South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 365, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 140.
138	ditto ...	ditto	366	North ...	13 0 0	4 1 8		ditto ...	0 0 26		ditto	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing East—By end of mile 365, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 141.
139	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Dahore and Achooara.	366	South ..	10 10 0	3 1 36		.....	.....		Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 366, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 138. West—By end of mile 366, as per plan.
140	ditto ...	ditto ..	366	North ...	10 14 0	3 2 6		.....	.....		ditto	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 139. West—By end of mile 366, as per plan
141	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore Mouzahs Achooara, Rajpore, and Hossainchuck.	367	South	10 5 0	3 1 22		Occupied by road ...	0 0 3		Commences at the end of mile 366, as per plan, and terminates on 2,950 feet of mile 367	North—By railway fencing South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 366, as per plan West—By railway level crossing.
142	ditto ...	ditto ...	367	North	10 5 0	3 1 22		ditto ...	0 0 3		ditto	North—By zemindaree land South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 366, as per plan West—By railway level crossing
143	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Nazampore and Sarohurpore	367	South ..	6 2 12	2 0 5		.....	.....		Commences on 2,980 feet of mile 367, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By railway level crossing West—By end of mile 367, as per plan.
144	ditto ...	ditto ..	367	North	6 2 12	2 0 5		Road common to lots 142, 143, 144, and 145.	0 0 9		ditto	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 367, as per plan.
145	ditto ..	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Sarohurpore and Kullanpore.	368	South ..	6 0 0	1 3 38		.....	.....		Commences at the end of mile 367, as per plan, and terminates on 2 150 feet of mile 368	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 367, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 146.
146	ditto ...	ditto	368	North ...	6 0 0	1 3 38		.....	.....		ditto	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 367, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 149
147	ditto .	Pergunnah Gyaspore Mouzahs Kullanpore and Satookhord.	368	South	3 19 0	1 1 9		.....	.....		Commences on 2,150 feet of mile 368, and terminates on 3,565 feet of same, as per plan	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East.—By western boundary of lot 146 West—By railway level crossing.
148	ditto ...	ditto	368	North	4 8 8	1 1 34		.....	.....		ditto ..	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing East —By western boundary of lot 147. West—By railway level crossing

149	ditto	...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Satookhord and Bahadoorpore.	368	South	...	4	11	10	1	2	2	.....	.....	Commences on 3,590 feet of mile 368, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 368, as per plan.
150	ditto	...	ditto ...	368	North	...	5	14	10	1	3	23	Occupied by road common to lots, 148, 149, 150, and 151.	0	0 7	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 368, as per plan.
151	ditto	...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Bahadoorpore, Moortojapore, and Jamalpore.	369	South	...	7	3	0	2	1	18	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 368, as per plan, and terminates on 2,600 feet of mile 369.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 368, as per plan. West—By zemindaree land.
152	ditto	...	ditto ...	369	North	...	8	15	0	2	3	23	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 368, as per plan. West—By zemindaree land.
153	ditto	...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Jamalpore and Kullanpore.	369	South	...	6	1	0	2	0	0	Occupied by road ...	0	0 4	Commences on 3,180 feet of mile 369, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By ditto. West—By end of mile 369, as per plan.
154	ditto	...	ditto ..	369	North	...	6	3	0	2	0	5	Ditto ...	0	0 4	Commences on 3,200 feet of mile 369, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By zemindaree land. West—By end of mile 369, as per plan.
155	ditto	..	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Kullanpore and Dowlatpore.	370	South	...	9	9	0	3	0	20	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 369, as per plan, and terminates on 2,930 feet of mile 370.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land East—By end of mile 369, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
156	ditto	...	ditto ...	370	North	...	9	9	0	3	0	20	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 369, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
157	ditto	...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah, Poyragpore, Dowlatpore, Mohoolyasmanpore and Mukdumpore.	370	South	...	8	8	8	2	3	6	.....	.....	Commences on 2,960 feet omile 370, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 370, as per plan.
158	ditto	...	ditto ...	370	North	...	8	8	8	2	3	6	Road common to lots 156, 157, 158, and 159.	0	0 6	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 370, as per plan.
159	ditto	...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Mukdumpore, Mohoolyasmanpore and Durreapore.	371	South	...	17	18	0	5	3	27	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 370, as per plan, and terminates on 3,290 feet of mile 371.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 370, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
160	ditto	...	ditto ...	371	North	...	19	7	0	6	1	24	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 370, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
161	ditto	...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Boorrah Allypore.	371	South	...	10	4	3	3	1	20	.....	.....	Commences on 3,230 feet of mile 371, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 371, as per plan.
162	ditto	...	ditto ...	371	North	...	10	4	3	3	1	20	Road common to lots 160, 161, 162, 163.	0	0 9	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 371, as per plan.
163	ditto	...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Samneemah.	372	South	..	10	2	0	3	1	14	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 371, as per plan, and terminates on 1,950 feet of mile 372.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 371, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 166.

Consecutive Lot Number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which the land is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	Approximate area in Beeghas and Acres. B. C. C.	A. R. P.	Land excluded from sale from each lot. Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.	Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundaries of lot.
164	Patna ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Samneemah.	372	North ...	10 0 0	3 1 9	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 371, as per plan, and terminates on 1,950 feet of mile 372.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 371, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 167.
165	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Khardah.	372	South ...	3 0 0	0 3 39	.....	.....	Commences on 1,950 feet of mile 372, and terminates on 2,620 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 164. West—By eastern boundary of lot 168.
166	ditto ...	ditto ...	372	North ...	3 0 0	0 3 39	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 165. West—By eastern boundary of lot 169.
167	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Manickpore.	372	South ...	11 2 0	3 2 27	.....	.....	Commences on 2,620 feet of mile 372, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 166. West—By end of mile 372, as per plan.
168	ditto ...	ditto ...	372	North ...	11 6 0	3 2 38	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 167. West—By end of mile 372, as per plan.
169	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Manickpore, Boosrook, and Mahmudpore.	373	South ...	8 3 0	2 2 31	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 372, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 373.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 372, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 171.
170	ditto ...	ditto ...	373	North ...	8 12 0	2 3 15	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 372, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 172.
171	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Mahmudpore, Raneesurai, and Raghubpore.	373	South ...	8 13 0	2 3 18	.....	.....	Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 373, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 169. West—By end of mile 373, as per plan.
172	ditto ...	ditto ...	373	North ...	8 5 0	2 2 37	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 170. West—By end of mile 373, as per plan.
173	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Raghubpore.	374	South ...	6 15 0	2 0 37	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 373, as per plan, and terminates on 1,880 feet of mile 374.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 373, as per plan. West—By land retained by the railway company.
174	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Raghubpore and Mahmudpore.	374	North ...	9 8 0	3 0 17	Retained by railway company.	2 3 17	Commences at the end of mile 373, as per plan, and terminates on 3,100 feet of mile 374.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 373, as per plan. West—By Bukhtiarpore station lands.

BHAGULPORE, RAILWAY DEPUTY COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, the 29th May 1874.

W. HEYSHAM, *Offg. Railway Deputy Collector.*

اشتہار نامہ کچہري ريلوے ڈپوٹی کلکٹري اجلاس مسٹر وليم هيشم صاحب ريلوے ڈيپوٹي کلکٹر مقام بهاگلپور

اس تحرير کي روسے سبهونکو واقف کيا جاتا هي که ضلع پٹنه مين سرکار بهادر کے خريدهٔ لي کلاس زمين يعني جو زمين ريلوے کمپني کو رسته تيار کرنيکے وقت ديا گيا تها وهي سب زمين ريلوے کمپني کا اور درکار نهونيکے سبب سرکار بهادر واپس ليکر اس جانب کو فروخت کرنيکا اختيار دي هين اسواسطے بموجب اوس اختيار کے تفصيل کي لکهي هوئي لاٹهاے کي زمين بتاريخ ۱۶ جولائي سنه ۱۸۷۴ع مطابق ۱ ساون سنه ۱۲۸۱ بنگله روز پيچشسنه مقام باقي دور کا کلکٹر صاحب کے کچهري اس جانب کے احاطے مين نيلام پر چڑهائے جائينگے اون زمينون کے خريداروںکو نيچے کي لکهي هوئي شرطونکے پابند هونا پڑيگا فقط

پهلي شرط—اگر تعداد زر ثمن ايک سو روپيه سے زيادة نهو تو کل روپيه يکبارگي ادا کئے جائينگے فقط

دوسري شرط—اگر تعداد زر ثمن ايک سو روپيه سے زيادة هو تو حسقدر روپيه مين نيلام هو اوسکا ايک چوتهه في الفور داخل کرنا پڑيگا اور اگر باقي روپيه نيلام کے بعد نيلام کي تاريخ سے که وه تاريخ بهي ايک روز شمار کيا جائيگا پندرهوين دن کے دو پهر تک ادا نکئے جائين يا اگر وه روز تعطيل کا هو جس مين که دفتر بند رهے تو اوسکے بعد هي جس روز پهلے دفتر کهلے اوسکے دو پهر تک ادا نکيا جاے تو نيلام باطل هوجائيگا اور جسقدر روپيه داخل هوچکے هون وه سرکار مين ضبط هو جائينگے اور وه جايداد پهر مثل پهلے نيلام کے اشتهار جاري هوينکے بعد نيلام پر چڑهائے جائينگے اور اوسکا جوکسم خريدار ناقيدار کو اوٹهانا پڑيگا فقط

تيسري شرط—يهه هي که وه سب زمين سب سے زيادة قيمت کي بولي بولنے والون کو بطور لاخراج کے دئے جائينگے فقط

چوتهي شرط—صاحب کلکٹر کے احکام متضمن بحالي نيلام کے نهنچے پر خريدارون کو دخل دلايا جائيگا مگرجس صورت مين که وه صاحب ممبر بورڈ اف ريونيو جو اسکام کے متعهد هون ان کارروائيون کي نسبة منظوري ناطق يه نهشين تو اوس دخلکاري مين قصور آئيگا فقط

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنه و موضع	اون مملوکون کي تعداد جنکے واقع هي اندر زمين واقع هي	ريلوے کے کس طرف واقع هي	تخميني موازي لاٹ بحساب بيگهه ايکر — بيگهه	کٹهه	چهٹانک	ايکر	روڈ	بيگهه	وه زمين جو هرلات مين نيلام سے مستثنی کي گئي هي — خارج هونيکي وجوه	ايکر	روڈ	بيگهه	لات کي شروع اور انتها	لات کي چوحدي
۱	ضلع پٹنه	پرگنه سلمانادو غوثپور موضع پانچ محاله	۳۳۷	دکهن	۱۲	۱۹	۸	۴	۱	۶	....	....			۳۳۷ ميل کے ۲۹۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسيکے اخير تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ريلوي کا گهراو دکهن زميندارې زمين پورب مونگير صاع کا سيوانه پچهم ۳۳۷ ميل کے اخير مطابق نقشه
۲	ايضا	ايضا	۳۳۷	اوتر	۱۳	۸	۰	۴	۱	۲۹	....	....			۳۳۷ ميل کے ۲۹۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسيکے اخير تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر زميندارې زمين دکهن ريلوي کا گهراو پورب مونگير صاع کا سيوانه پچهم ۳۳۷ ميل کے اخير
۳	ايضا	پرگنه غوثپور موضع ايضا	۳۳۸	دکهن	۹	۹	۱۳	۳	۰	۲۲	....	....			۳۳۷ ميل کے اخير سے شروع اور ۳۳۸ ميل کے ۱۳۱۰ فٹ تک ختم	اوتر ريلوي کا گهراو دکهن زميندارې زمين پورب ۳۳۷ ميل کے اخير پچهم حلال دور موضع کے سيوانه

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنہ اور موضع	اون میلوںکی تعداد جنکے اندر زمین واقع ہی	ریلوںکے کسطرف واقع ہی	تخمیني موازي لاٹ بحساب بیگھہ اور ایکر					وہ زمین جو ہر لاٹ مین نیلام سے مستثنی کي گئي ہی			لاٹ کي شروع اور انتہا	لاٹ کي چوحدي
					بیگھہ	کٹھہ	چھٹانک	ایکر	رڈ	پرل	خارج ہونیکي وجوہ	ایکر رڈ پرل		
۴	ضلع پٹنہ	پرگنہ غوثپور موضع پانچ محلہ	۳۳۸	اوتر	۱۰	۲	۰	۳	۱	۱۴	.....	....	۳۳۷ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۳۸ میل کے ۱۳۱۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمیدارې زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۳۳۷ میل کے اخیر پچھم جلال پور موضع کے سیوانہ
۵	ایضا	برگنہ ایضا موضع جلال پور	۳۳۸	دکھن	۲۲	۱۳	۸	۷	۲	۰	.....	.....	۳۳۸ میل کے ۱۳۱۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۴۲۵۰ فٹ تک ختم	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمیدارې زمین پورب پانچ محلہ موضع کے سیوانہ پچھم ڈمرا موضع کے سیوانہ
۶	ایضا	ایضا	۳۳۸	اوتر	۲۱	۷	۸	۷	۰	۱۱	.....	.....	۳۳۸ میل کے ۱۳۱۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۴۲۵۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمیدارې زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب پانچ محلہ موضع کے سیوانہ پچھم ڈمرا موضع کے سیوانہ
۷	ایضا	ایضا	۳۳۸	دکھن	۷	۱۴	۰	۲	۲	۷	.....	.....	۳۳۸ میل کے ۴۲۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمیدا ی زمین پورب جلال پور موضع کے سیوانہ پچھم ۳۳۸ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۸	ایضا	ایضا	۳۳۸	اوتر	۸	۱۲	۰	۲	۲	۱۵	.....	.....	ایضا	اوتر زمیدارې زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب جلال پور موضع کے سیوانہ پچھم ۳۳۸ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۹	ایضا	ایضا	۳۳۹	دکھن	۱۵	۱۰	۰	۵	۰	۲۰	.....	.....	۳۳۸ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۳۹ میل کے ۲۰۰۰ فٹ تک مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمیداری زمین پورب ۳۳۸ میل کے اخیر پچھم ۱۱ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ

۱	۲	۳	۴	۵	۶	۷	۸	۹	۱۰	۱۱	۱۲	۱۳	۱۴	۱۵	۱۶	۱۷
ایضا	.....	.....	۲۰	۰	۵	۰	۱۰	۱۵	اوتر	۳۳۹	ایضا	۱۰	ایضا	۱۱	۴۰	
اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن زیلوے کا گھیراو پورب ۳۸ میل کے بخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۱۲ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ																
اوتر ریلوے کا گھیراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۹ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۳۹ میل کے بخیر مطابق نقشہ	.....	.....	۱۹۰	۰	۸	۰	۱۱	۲۴	دکھن	۳۳۹	ایضا	۱۱	ایضا	۱۲		
اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھیراو پورب ۱۰ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۳۹ میل کے بخیر مطابق نقشہ	ایضا	.....	۱۹	۰	۸	۰	۱۱	۲۴	اوتر	۳۳۹	ایضا	۱۲	ایضا	۱۳		
اوتر ریلوے کا گھیراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۹ میل کے بخیر پچھم ۱۵ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ	.....	.....	۸	۳	۴	۸	۱۰	۱۴	دکھن	۳۴۰	پرگنہ ایضا موضع داد پور	۱۴	ایضا	۱۴		
اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھیراو پورب ۳۳۹ میل کے بخیر پچھم ۱۶ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ	.....	.....	۸	۳	۴	۸	۱۰	۱۴	اوتر	۳۴۰	ایضا	۱۳	ایضا	۱۴		
اوتر ریلوے کا گھیراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۱۳ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم رسنہ	.....	.....	۲۳	۰	۵	۴	۱۱	۱۵	دکھن	۳۴۰	پرگنہ ایضا موضع مراچی	۱۵	ایضا	۱۵		
اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھیراو پورب ۱۴ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم رسنہ	.....	.....	۲۳	۰	۵	۴	۱۱	۱۵	اوتر	۳۴۰	ایضا	۱۴	ایضا	۱۶		
اوتر ریلوے کا گھیراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب رسنہ پچھم ۳۴۰ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ	.....	.....	۰	۳	۲	۸	۶	۸	دکھن	۳۴۰	ایضا	۱۵	ایضا	۱۷		
اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن زیلوے کا گھیراو پورب ۳۸ میل کے بخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۱۲ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ	ایضا	.....	۲۰	۰	۵	۰	۱۰	۱۵	اوتر	۳۳۹	ایضا	۱۰	ایضا	۱۱	۴۰	
اوتر ریلوے کا گھیراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۹ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۳۹ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ	.....	.....	۱۹۰	۰	۸	۰	۱۱	۲۴	دکھن	۳۳۹	ایضا	۱۱	ایضا	۱۲		
اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھیراو پورب ۱۰ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۳۹ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ	ایضا	.....	۱۹	۰	۸	۰	۱۱	۲۴	اوتر	۳۳۹	ایضا	۱۲	ایضا	۱۳		
اوتر ریلوے کا گھیراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۳۹ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۴۰ میل کے ۱۷۴۰ فٹ تک مط ق نقشہ	.....	.....	۸	۳	۴	۸	۱۰	۱۴	دکھن	۳۴۰	پرگنہ ایضا موضع داد پور	۱۴	ایضا	۱۴		
اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھیراو پورب ۳۳۹ میل کے اخیر پچھم ۱۶ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ	ایضا	.....	۸	۳	۴	۸	۱۰	۱۴	اوتر	۳۴۰	ایضا	۱۳	ایضا	۱۴		
اوتر ریلوے کا گھیراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۱۳ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم رسنہ	.....	.....	۲۳	۰	۵	۴	۱۱	۱۵	دکھن	۳۴۰	پرگنہ ایضا موضع مراچی	۱۵	ایضا	۱۵		
اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھیراو پورب ۱۴ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم رسنہ	.....	.....	۲۳	۰	۵	۴	۱۱	۱۵	اوتر	۳۴۰	ایضا	۱۴	ایضا	۱۶		
اوتر ریلوے کا گھیراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب رسنہ پچھم ۳۴۰ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ	.....	.....	۰	۳	۲	۸	۶	۸	دکھن	۳۴۰	ایضا	۱۵	ایضا	۱۷		
ایضا	.....	.....	۱۹۰	۰	۸	۰	۱۱	۲۴	دکھن	۳۳۹	ایضا	۱۱	ایضا	۱۲		
اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھیراو پورب ۳۸ میل کے بخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۱۲ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ	ایضا	.....	۲۰	۰	۵	۰	۱۰	۱۵	اوتر	۳۳۹	ایضا	۱۰	ایضا	۱۱	۴۰	
اوتر ریلوے کا گھیراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۹ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۳۹ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ	.....	.....	۱۹۰	۰	۸	۰	۱۱	۲۴	دکھن	۳۳۹	ایضا	۱۱	ایضا	۱۲		
اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھیراو پورب ۱۰ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۳۹ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ	ایضا	.....	۱۹	۰	۸	۰	۱۱	۲۴	اوتر	۳۳۹	ایضا	۱۲	ایضا	۱۳		
اوتر ریلوے کا گھیراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۳۹ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۴۰ میل کے ۱۷۴۰ فٹ تک مط ق نقشہ	.....	.....	۸	۳	۴	۸	۱۰	۱۴	دکھن	۳۴۰	پرگنہ ایضا موضع داد پور	۱۴	ایضا	۱۴		
اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھیراو پورب ۳۳۹ میل کے اخیر پچھم ۱۶ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ	ایضا	.....	۸	۳	۴	۸	۱۰	۱۴	اوتر	۳۴۰	ایضا	۱۳	ایضا	۱۴		
اوتر ریلوے کا گھیراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۱۳ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم رسنہ	.....	.....	۲۳	۰	۵	۴	۱۱	۱۵	دکھن	۳۴۰	پرگنہ ایضا موضع مراچی	۱۵	ایضا	۱۵		
اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھیراو پورب ۱۴ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم رسنہ	.....	.....	۲۳	۰	۵	۴	۱۱	۱۵	اوتر	۳۴۰	ایضا	۱۴	ایضا	۱۶		
اوتر ریلوے کا گھیراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب رسنہ پچھم ۳۴۰ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ	.....	.....	۰	۳	۲	۸	۶	۸	دکھن	۳۴۰	ایضا	۱۵	ایضا	۱۷		
ایضا	.....	۳۴۰ میل کے ۳۸۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ														

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنہ اور موضع	اون میلونکی تعداد جنکے اندر زمین واقع ہی	ریلونکے کسطرف واقع ہی	تخمینی مواری لاٹ بحساب بیگھہ اور ایکر: بیگھہ	کٹھہ	چھٹانک	ایکر	رود	پول	وہ زمین جو ہر لاٹ مین نیلام سے مستثنی کی گئی ہی: خارج ہونیکی وجوہ	ایکر	رود	پول	لاٹ کی شروع اور انتہا	لاٹ کی چوحدی
۱۸	ضلع نٹنہ	پرگنہ عوثپور موضع مراچی	۳۴۰	اوتر	۸	۶	۸	۲	۳	۰	۱۵ و ۱۶ و ۱۷ ۱۸ نمبر لاٹ کا درمیانی رستہ	۰	۰	۱۴	۳۴۰ میل کے ۳۸۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب رستہ پچھم ۳۴۰ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۹	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۱	دکھن	۱۴	۳	۸	۴	۲	۳۰	.....		.....		۳۴۰ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۴۲ میل کے ۲۷۲۵ فٹ تک مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۴۰ میل کے اخیر پچھم ریلوی لوالکراسنگ
۲۰	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۱	اوتر	۱۴	۳	۸	۴	۲	۳۰	.....		.....		ایضا	اوتر ریلوی زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۳۴۰ میل کے اخیر پچھم ریلوی لوالکراسنگ
۲۱	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۱	دکھن	۹	۱۶	۸	۳	۱	۰	.....		.....		۳۴۱ میل کے ۲۷۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ریلوی لوالکراسنگ پچھم ۳۴۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۲۲	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۱	اوتر	۹	۱۶	۸	۳	۱	۰	۱۹ و ۲۰ و ۲۱ و ۲۲ نمبر لاٹ کا درمیانی رستہ	۰	۰	۵	۳۴۱ میل کے ۲۷۵۱۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ریلوی لوالکراسنگ پچھم ۳۴۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۲۳	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع مراچی وہ تیدا	۳۴۲	دکھن	۶	۱	۸	۲	۰	۱	....		.....		۳۴۱ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۴۲ میل کے ۱۷۰۰ فٹ تک ختم	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۴۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۲۵ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ

۲۴	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۲	اوتر	۶	۱	۸	۲	۰	۱	......	......			ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۳۴۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۲۶ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۲۵	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع ھاتیدا	۳۴۲	دکھن	۷	۱۴	۱۰	۲	۲	۹	......	......			۳۴۲ میل کے ۱۷۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۳۴۵۰ فٹ تک ختم	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۲۳ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۲۷ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۲۶	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۲	اوتر	۷	۱۴	۱۰	۲	۲	۹	......	......			۳۴۲ میل کے ۱۷۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۳۴۵۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۲۴ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۲۸ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۲۷	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۲	دکھن	۷	۱۸	۰	۲	۲	۱۸	رستہ	۰	۰	۴	۳۴۲ میل کے ۳۴۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۲۵ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۴۲ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۲۸	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۲	اوتر	۷	۱۸	۰	۲	۲	۱۸	ایضا	۰	۰	۴	ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۲۶ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۴۲ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۲۹	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۳	دکھن	۶	۶	۴	۲	۰	۱۴	......	......			۳۴۲ میل کے خیر سے شروع اور ۳۴۳ میل کے ۶۳۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۴۲ میل کے خیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم زمینداري زمین
۳۰	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۳	دکھن	۵	۶	۴	۱	۳	۱	....	......			۳۴۳ میل کے ۱۳۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۲۴۴۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب زمینداري زمین پچھم رستہ
۳۱	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۳	اوتر	۱۱	۵	۸	۳	۲	۳۷	....	....			۳۴۳ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۴۳ میل کے ۲۴۴۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۳۴۲ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم رستہ

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنہ اور موضع	اون میلونکی تعداد جنکے اندر زمین واقع ہی	ریلوے کے کسطرف واقع ہی	تخمینی موازی لاٹ بحساب بیگھہ اور انکر: بیگھہ	کٹھہ	چھٹانک	ایکر	روڈ	پول	وہ زمین جو ہر لاٹ مین نیلام سے مستثنی کی گئی ہی: خارج ہونیکی وجوہ	ایکر	روڈ	پول	لاٹ کی شروع اور انتہا	لاٹ کی چوحدی
۳۲	ضلع پٹنہ	پرگنہ غوثپور موضع دھرم پور و دریا پور	۳۴۳	دکھن	۱۵	۱۸	۸	۵	۱	۲	.. ..		.. ..		۳۴۳ میل کے ۲۴۷۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب رستہ پچھم ۳۴۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۳۳	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع ایضا و مورار پور	۳۴۳	اوتر	۱۵	۱۸	۱۰	۵	۱	۳	۳۰، ۳۱، ۳۲، ۳۳ نمبر لاٹ کا درمیانی رستہ	۰	۰	۱۰	ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب رستہ پچھم ۳۴۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۳۴	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۴	دکھن	۱۴	۲	۱۰	۴	۲	۲۸	.. ...		.. ...		۳۴۳ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۴۴ میل کے ۱۸۳۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۴۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۳۶ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۳۵	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع مورار پور	۳۴۴	اوتر	۱۴	۲	۱۰	۴	۲	۲۸	.. ...		.....		ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۳۴۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۳۷ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۳۶	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع آوتا	۳۴۴	دکھن	۱۰	۷	۱۰	۳	۱	۲۹	.. ...		.. ...		۳۴۴ میل کے ۱۸۳۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۳۱۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۴ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم رستہ
۳۷	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۴	اوتر	۱۰	۷	۱۰	۳	۱	۲۹	.. ..		.....		ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۳۵ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم رستہ

۳۸	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۴	دکھن	۱۴	۱۷	۰	۴	۳	۲۶	.....	.....			اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب رستہ پچھم ۳۴۴ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۳۹	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۴	اوتر	۱۴	۱۷	۰	۴	۳	۲۶	۳۶, ۳۷, ۳۸, ۳۹ نمبر لاٹ کا درمیاني رستہ	۰	۰	۱۰	ایضا اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب رستہ پچھم ۳۴۴ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۴۰	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۵	دکھن	۳	۴	۰	۱	۰	۹	.....	.....			۳۴۴ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۴۵ میل کے ۹۷۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۴۴ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم رستہ و مکایہ موضع کے سیوانہ
۴۱	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۵	اوتر	۳	۳	۰	۱	۰	۷	.....	.....			ایضا اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۳۴۴ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم مکایہ موضع کے سیوانہ
۴۲	ایضا	پرگنہ غوث پور موضع مکایا	۳۴۵	دکھن	۱۰	۱۶	۰	۳	۲	۱۱	....	....			۳۴۵ میل کے ۷۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۳۰۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب رستہ و آوتا موضع کے سیوانہ پچھم ۴۴ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۴۳	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۵	اوتر	۱۰	۱۶	۰	۳	۲	۱۱	....	....			ایضا اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب آوتا موضع کے سیوانہ پچھم ۴۵ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۴۴	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۵	دکھن	۱۰	۹	۸	۳	۱	۲۴	رستہ	۰	۰	۶	۳۴۵ میل کے ۳۰۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسي کے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۴۳ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۴۵ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۴۵	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۵	اوتر	۱۰	۹	۸	۳	۱	۲۴	ایضا	۰	۰	۶	ایضا اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۴۳ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۴۵ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنہ اور موضع	اون میلونکی تعداد جنکے اندر زمین واقع ہی	ریلوی کے کسطرف واقع ہی	تخمینی موازی لاٹ بحساب بیگھہ اور ایکر: بیگھہ	کٹھہ	چھٹانک	ایکر	روڈ	پول	وہ زمین جو ہر لاٹ مین نیلام سے مستثنی کی گئی ہی: خارج ہونیکی وجوہ	ایکر	روڈ	پول	لاٹ کی شروع اور انتہا	لاٹ کی چوحدی
۴۶	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۶	دکھن	۷	۱۴	۱۰	۲	۲	۹	....		....		۳۴۵ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۴۶ میل کے ۱۷۶۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۴۵ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۴۸ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۴۷	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۶	اوتر	۷	۱۴	۱۰	۲	۲	۹	....		....		ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۳۴۵ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۴۹ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۴۸	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۶	دکھن	۷	۱۴	۱۰	۲	۲	۹	....		....		۳۴۶ میل کے ۱۷۶۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۳۵۲۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۴۶ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۵۰ نمبر لاٹ پورب سیوانہ
۴۹	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۶	اوتر	۷	۱۴	۱۰	۲	۲	۹	....		....		ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۴۷ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۵۱ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۵۰	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۶	دکھن	۷	۱۴	۱۰	۲	۲	۹	....		....		۳۴۶ میل کے ۳۵۲۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسی کے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۴۸ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۴۶ کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۵۱	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۶	اوتر	۷	۶	۸	۲	۱	۲۸	رستہ گنگا ندی جانیکا	۰	۰	۲۳	ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۴۹ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۴۰ میل کا اخیر مطابق نقشہ

۵۲	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۷	دکهن	۱	۱۳	۳	۰	۲	۸	....	....		۳۴۶ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۴۷ میل کے ۳۱۵ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوے کا گهراو دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۴۶ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچهم ریلوے لوالکراسنگ
۵۳	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۷	اوتر	۱	۱۳	۳	۰	۲	۸	....	....		ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکهن ریلوے کا گهراو پورب ۳۴۶ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچهم ریلوے لوالکراسنگ
۵۴	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۷	دکهن	۸	۳	۸	۲	۲	۳۳	ریلوي لوالکراسنگ رسته	.	۶	۳۴۷ میل کے ۳۳۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسي کے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوے کا گهراو دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب مکایا اسٹیشن کي زمین پچهم ۳۴۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
۵۵	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۷	اوتر	۸	۱۳	۱۴	۲	۳	۲۰	ریلوي لوالکراسنگ رسته	.	۶	۳۴۷ میل کے ۳۳۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکهن ریلوي کا گهراو پورب مکایا اسٹیشن کي زمین پچهم ۳۴۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
۵۶	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۸	دکهن	۷	۷	۰	۲	۱	۲۹	.....	.....		۳۴۷ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۴۸ میل کے ۱۷۶۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوي کا گهراو دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۴۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچهم ۵۸ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانه
۵۷	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۸	اوتر	۷	۷	۰	۲	۱	۲۹	....	.....		ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکهن ریلوي کا گهراو پورب ۳۴۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچهم ۵۹ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانه
۵۸	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۸	دکهن	۷	۷	۰	۲	۱	۲۹	.....	......		۳۴۸ میل کے ۱۸۶۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۳۵۲۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوي کا گهراو دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب ۵۶ نمبر لاٹ کا پچهم سیوانه پچهم ۶۰ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانه
۵۹	ایضا	ایضا	۳۴۸	اوتر	۷	۷	۰	۲	۱	۲۹	.....	....		۳۴۸ میل کے ۱۷۶۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۳۵۲۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکهن ریلوي کا گهراو پورب ۵۷ نمبر لاٹ کا پچهم سیوانه پچهم ۶۱ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانه

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنہ اور موضع	اون میلونکی تعداد جنکے اندر زمین واقع ہی	ریلوے کسطرف واقع ہی	تخمینی موازی لاٹ بحساب بیگھہ اور ایکر						وہ زمین جو ہر لاٹ مین نیلام سے مستثنی کی گئی ہی				لاٹ کی شروع اور انتہا	لاٹ کی چوحدی
					بیگھہ	کٹھہ	چھٹانک	ایکر	روڈ	پول	خارج ہونیکی وجوہ	ایکر	روڈ	پول		
٦٠	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع مکایا وسٹارا	٣٤٨	دکھن	٧	٩	٠	٢	١	٣٤	رستہ	٠	٠	٥	٣٤٨ میل کے ٣٥٢٠ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیرتک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھر او دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ٥٨ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ٣٤٨ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
٦١	ایضا	ایضا	٣٤٨	اوتر	٧	٩	٠	٢	١	٣٤	رستہ	٠	٠	٥	٣٤٨ میل کے ٣٥٢٠ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھر او پورب ٥٩ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ٣٤٨ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
٦٢	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع سوبار	٣٤٩	دکھن	١٦	٤	١٤	٥	١	١٩	....		.....		٣٤٨ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ٣٤٩ میل کے ٢٩٣٠ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھر او دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ٣٤٨ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم رستہ
٦٣	ایضا	ایضا	٣٤٩	اوتر	١٦	٤	١٤	٥	١	١٩	....		....		٣٤٨ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ٣٤٩ میل کے ٢٩٣٠ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھر او پورب ٣٤٨ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم رستہ
٦٤	ایضا	ایضا	٣٤٩	دکھن	٨	١٧	٨	٢	٣	٣٠	....		....		٣٤٩ میل کے ٢٩٥٠ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھر او دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب رستہ پچھم ٣٤٩ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
٦٥	ایضا	ایضا	٣٤٩	اوتر	٨	١٧	٨	٢	٣	٣٠	٦٢ و ٦٣ و ٦٤ و ٦٥ نمبر لاٹکا درمیانی رستہ	٠	٠	١٦	ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھر او پورب رستہ پچھم ٣٤٩ میل کے اخیر مطابق

٦٦	ایضا	پرگنه ایضا موضع ایضا و ترکپور	۳۵۰	دکھن	۱۳	۱۰	۰	۴	۱	۳۴	.....	....		۳۴۹ میل کے احیر سے شروع اور ۳۵۰ میل کے ۲۹۵۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن رمیندارې زمین پورب ۳۴۹ میل کے احیر مطابق نقشه پچھم رسته
٦٧	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۰	اوتر	۱۲۰	۱۰	۰	۴	۱	۳۴	.....	.....		۳۴۹ میل کے احیر سے شروع اور ۳۵۰ میل کے ۲۹۵۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر رمیندارې زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۳۴۹ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچھم رسته
٦٨	ایضا	پرگنه ایضا موضع ترکپور	۳۵۰	دکھن	۹	۱۰	۱۰	۳	۰	۲۴	....	....		۳۵۰ میل کے ۲۹۷۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسی کے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب رسته پچھم ۳۵۰ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
٦٩	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۰	اوتر	۹	۱۰	۱۰	۳	۰	۲۴	٦٦, ٦٧, ٦٨, ٦٩ نمبرلاٹ کا درمیاني رسته	۰	۰	۶	اوترر میندارې زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب رسته پچھم ۳۵۰ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
٧٠	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۱	دکھن	۹	۶	۸	۳	۰	۱۳	....	....		۳۵۰ میل کے احیر سے شروع اور ۳۵۱ میل کے ۲۱۵۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن رمیندارې زمین پورب ۳۵۰ میل کے اخیر پچھم رسته
٧١	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۱	اوتر	۹	۶	۸	۳	۰	۱۳	....	....		ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۳۵۰ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچھم رسته
٧٢	ایضا	پرگنه ایضا موضع مور	۳۵۱	دکھن	۱۴	۱۳	۰	۴	۳	۱۵	....	....		۳۵۱ میل کے ۲۱۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسي کے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن رمیداداري زمین پورب رسته پچھم ۳۵۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
٧٣	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۱	اوتر	۱۳	۰	۰	۴	۱	۸	۷۰, ۷۱, ۷۲, ۷۳ نمبرلاٹ کا درمیاني رسته	۰	۰	۸	اوتر رمیندارې زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب رسته پچھم عرقي زمین

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنہ اور موضع	اندر زمین واقع ہی اون میلوں کی تعداد جنکے	ریلوے کے کسطرف واقع ہی	خمیني موازی لات بحساب بیگھہ اور ایکر					وہ زمین جو ہر لات میں نیلام سے مستثنی کي گئي ہي			لات کي شروع اور انتہا	لات کي چوحدي
					بیگھہ	کٹھہ	چھٹانک	ایکر	روڈ	پرچ	خارج ہونیکي وجوہ	ایکر	روڈ	پرچ		
۱۴	ضلع پگنہ	پرگنہ غوٹپور موضع مور	۳۵۲	دکھن	۱۱	۱۹	۸	۳	۳	۳۴	....	....			۳۵۱ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۵۲ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گمراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۵۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۷۶ نمبر لات کا پورب سیوانہ
۷۵	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۲	اوتر	۱۱	۱۹	۸	۳	۳	۳۴	....	....			ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گمراو پورب ۳۵۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۷۷ نمبر لات کا پورب سیوانہ
۷۶	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۲	دکھن	۱۱	۰	۸	۳	۲	۲۳	....	....			۳۵۲ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسي کے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گمراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۷۴ نمبر لات کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۵۲ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۷۷	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۲	اوتر	۱۱	۰	۸	۳	۲	۲۳	....	....			ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گمراو پورب ۷۵ نمبر لات کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۵۲ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۷۸	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع سلطان پور	۳۵۳	دکھن	۱۱	۷	۰	۳	۳	۰	رسقہ	۰	۰	۵	۳۵۲ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۵۳ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گمراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۵۲ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۸۰ نمبر لات کا پورب سیوانہ
۷۹	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۳	اوتر	۱۱	۷	۰	۳	۳	۰	ایضا	۰	۰	۵	ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گمراو پورب ۳۵۲ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۸۱ نمبر لات کا پورب سیوانہ

۸۰	ایضا	پرگنه ایضا موضع ایضا وکنائي پور	۳۵۳	دکهن	۱۱	۱۴	۵	۳	۳	۲۰	.....		....		۳۵۳ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسي کے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوي کا گهراو دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب ۷۸ نمبر لاٹ کا پچهم سیوانه پچهم ۳۵۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
۸۱	ایضا	پرگنه عوثپور موضع سلطانپور وکنائي پور	۳۵۳	اوتر	۱۱	۱۴	۵	۳	۳	۲۰	....		....		۳۵۳ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکهن ریلوي کا گهراو پورب ۷۹ نمبر لاٹ کا پچهم سیوانه پچهم ۳۵۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
۸۲	ایضا	پرگنه ایضا موضع کنائي پور و مکرا	۳۵۴	دکهن	۶	۱۳	۰	۲	۰	۳۲	....		.....		۳۵۳ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۵۴ میل کے ۱۵۲۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوي کا گهراو دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۵۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچهم رسته
۸۳	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۴	اوتر	۶	۱۳	۰	۲	۰	۳۳	.....		.....		۳۵۳ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۵۴ میل کے ۱۵۲۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکهن ریلوي کا گهراو پورب ۳۵۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچهم رسته
۸۴	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۴	دکهن	۸	۷	۰	۲	۳	۲	.....		.....		۳۵۴ میل کے ۱۵۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۳۴۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوي کا گهراو دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب رسته پچهم ۸۶ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانه
۸۵	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۴	اوتر	۸	۶	۰	۲	۲	۳۹	....		....		۳۵۴ میل ۱۵۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۳۴۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکهن ریلوي کا گهراو پورب رسته پچهم ۸۷ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانه
۸۶	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۴	دکهن	۸	۱۴	۰	۲	۳	۲۰	رسته	۰	۰	۶	۳۵۴ میل کے ۳۴۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوی کا گهراو دکهن زمینداری زمین پورب ۸۴ نمبر لاٹ کا پچهم سیوانه پچهم ۳۵۴ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
۸۷	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۴	اوتر	۸	۹	۰	۲	۳	۷	ایضا ۸۲, ۸۳, ۸۴, ۸۵ نمبر لاٹ کا درمیاني رسته	۰ ۰	۰ ۰	۶ ۱۱	۳۵۴ میل کے ۳۴۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکهن ریلوي کا گهراو پورب ۸۵ نمبر لاٹ کا پچهم سیوانه پچهم ۳۵۴ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنہ اور موضع	اون میلونکی تعداد جنکے اندر زمین واقع ہی	ریلوے کسطرف واقع ہی	تخمینی موازی لاٹ بحساب بیگھہ اور ایکر: بیگھہ	کٹھہ	چھٹانک	ایکر	روڈ	پول	وہ زمین جو ہر لاٹ مین نیلام سے مستثنی کی گئی ہی: خارج ہونیکی وجوہ	ایکر	روڈ	پول	لاٹ کی شروع اور انتہا	لاٹ کی چوحدی
۸۸	ضلع پٹنہ	پرگنہ غوث پور موضع کنائی پور و مکرا	۳۵۵	دکھن	۱۳	۱۹	۰	۴	۲	۱۸	....		....		۳۵۴ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۵۵ میل کے ۲۴۳۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۵۴ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم رستہ
۸۹	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۵	اوتر	۱۳	۱۹	۰	۴	۲	۱۸	....		....		۳۵۴ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۵۵ میل کے ۲۴۳۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۳۵۴ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم رستہ
۹۰	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع پنارک	۳۵۵	دکھن	۱۴	۸	۰	۴	۳	۲	.....		.....		۳۵۵ میل کے ۲۴۶۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب رستہ پچھم ۳۵۵ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۹۱	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۵	اوتر	۱۴	۸	۰	۴	۳	۲	۸۸، ۸۹، ۹۰، ۹۱ نمبر لاٹ کا درمیانی رستہ	۰	۰	۱۱	۳۵۵ میل کے ۲۴۶۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب رستہ پچھم ۳۵۵ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۹۲	ایضا	ایضا	۲۵۶	دکھن	۱۸	۰	۰	۵	۳	۳۲	....		.....		۳۵۵ میل کے خیر سے شروع اور ۳۵۶ میل کے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۵۵ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۳۵۶ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۹۳	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۶	اوتر	۱۸	۰	۰	۵	۳	۳۲	....		....		۳۵۵ میل کے خیر سے شروع اور ۳۵۶ میل کے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھرو پورب ۳۵۵ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۳۵۶ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ

۹۴	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۷	دکھن	۱۲	۱۲	۱۶	۴	۰	۳۹	....	....		۳۵۶ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۵۷ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۵۶ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۹۶ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۹۵	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۷	اوتر	۱۲	۱۶	۱۲	۴	۰	۳۹	....	....		ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۳۵۶ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۹۷ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۹۶	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۷	دکھن	۱۴	۱	۰	۴	۲	۲۳	رسته	۰	۰	۵	۳۵۷ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسی کے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۹۴ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۵۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۹۷	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۷	اوتر	۱۴	۱	۰	۴	۲	۲۳	رسته	۹	۰	۰	ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۹۵ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۵۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۹۸	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۸	دکھن	۱۰	۸	۸	۳	۱	۳۲	....	....		۳۵۷ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۵۸ میل کے ۱۷۶۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۵۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۱۰۰ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۹۹	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۸	اوتر	۱۰	۸	۸	۳	۱	۳۲	....	....		ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۳۵۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۱۰۱ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۰۰	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۸	دکھن	۱۰	۸	۸	۳	۱	۳۲	....	....		۳۵۸ میل کے ۱۷۶۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسی کے ۳۵۲۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۹۸ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۱۰۲ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۰۱	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۸	اوتر	۱۰	۸	۸	۳	۱	۳۲	....	....		ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۹۹ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۱۰۳ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنہ اور موضع	اون میلونکی تعداد جنکے اندر زمین واقع ہی	ریلوے کسطرف واقع ہی	تخمینی موازی لاٹ بحساب بیگھہ اور ایکر						وہ زمین جو ہر لاٹ مین نیلام سے مستثنی کی گئی ہی				لاٹ کی شروع اور انتہا	لاٹ کی چوحدی
					بیگھہ	کٹھہ	چھٹانک	ایکر	روڈ	پول	خارج ہونیکی وجوہ	ایکر	روڈ	پول		
۱۰۲	ضلع پٹنہ	پرگنہ غوثپور موضع بنارک	۳۵۸	دکھن	۱۰	۹	۱۴	۳	۱	۳۵	....		....		۳۵۸ میل کے ۳۵۲۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسی کے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۱۰۰ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۵۸ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۰۳	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۸	اوتر	۱۰	۹	۱۴	۳	۱	۳۵	....		....		ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۱۰۱ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۵۸ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۰۴	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۹	دکھن	۷	۱۹	۰	۲	۲	۲۱	....		....		۳۵۸ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۵۹ میل کے ۱۱۲۵ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۵۸ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۱۰۶ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۰۵	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۹	اوتر	۷	۱۹	۰	۲	۲	۲۱	....		....		۳۵۸ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۵۹ میل کے ۱۱۲۵ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۳۵۸ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۱۰۷ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۰۶	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع ریلی	۳۵۹	دکھن	۲۲	۱۰	۶	۷	۱	۳۱	....		....		۳۵۹ میل کے ۱۱۲۵ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسی کے ۴۳۴۵ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۱۰۴ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۱۰۸ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۰۷	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۹	اوتر	۲۲	۱۰	۶	۷	۱	۳۱	....		....		ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۱۰۵ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۱۰۹ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ

۱۰۸	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع لچھمی پور	۳۵۹	دکھن	۶	۳	۱۰	۲	۰	۷	....	....	۳۵۹ میل کے ۴۳۴۵ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسی کے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۱۰۶ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۵۹ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۰۹	ایضا	ایضا	۳۵۹	اوتر	۶	۳	۱۰	۲	۰	۷	....	....	ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۱۰۷ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۵۹ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۱۰	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۰	دکھن	۱۰	۱۷	۰	۳	۲	۱۴	....	....	۳۵۹ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۶۰ میل کے ۱۵۷۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۵۹ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۱۱۲ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۱۱	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۰	اوتر	۱۰	۱۷	۰	۳	۲	۱۴	....	....	ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۳۵۹ میل کے اخیر پچھم ۱۱۳ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۱۲	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع نریار پور و سنورا	۳۶۰	دکھن	۱۵	۱۶	۸	۵	۰	۳۷	....	....	۳۶۰ میل کے ۱۵۷۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسی کے ۳۹۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۱۱۰ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۱۱۴ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۱۳	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۰	اوتر	۱۵	۱۶	۸	۵	۰	۳۷	....	....	ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۱۱۱ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۱۱۵ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۱۴	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع دھیبر	۳۶۰	دکھن	۹	۸	۸	۳	۰	۱۹	....	....	۳۶۰ میل کے ۳۹۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسی کے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۱۱۲ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۶۰ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۱۵	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۰	اوتر	۹	۸	۸	۳	۰	۱۹	....	....	ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۱۱۳ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۶۰ میل کے اخیر

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنہ اور موضع	اون میلوںکي تعداد جو کہ اندر زمین واقع ہی	ریلوںکے کسطرف واقع ہی	تخميني موازي لاٹ بحساب بیگھہ اور ایکڑ				وہ زمین جو ہر لاٹ مین نیلام سے مستثني کي گئي هي			لاٹ کي شروع اور انتها	لاٹ کي چوحدي
					بیگھہ	کٹھہ	چھٹانک	ایکڑ	رڈہ	پرچ	خارج هونيکي وجوہ		
۱۱۶	ضلع بگلہ	پرگنہ غوثپور موضع دهيبر	۳۶۱	دکھن	۲	۸	۰	۰	۳	۷	....	۳۶۰ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۶۱ میل کے ۴۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۶۰ میل کے اخیر پچھم نالا
۱۱۷	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۱	اوتر	۲	۵	۴	۰	۳	۰	....	۳۶۰ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۶۱ میل کے ۳۵۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۳۶۰ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم نالا
۱۱۸	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع پریپور نیمب پور	۳۶۱	دکھن	۱۴	۶	۱۲	۴	۲	۳۹	....	۳۶۱ میل کے ۴۲۵ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۲۵۵۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب نالا پچھم ۱۲۰ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۱۹	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۱	اوتر	۱۴	۸	۱۲	۴	۳	۴	.....	۳۶۱ میل کے ۳۷۵ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۲۵۵۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي گھراو پورب نالا پچھم ۱۲۱ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۲۰	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع شهوریا	۳۶۱	دکھن	۱۶	۱۲	۰	۵	۱	۳۸	....	۳۶۱ میل کے ۲۵۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۱۱۸ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۶۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۲۱	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۱	اوتر	۱۶	۱۲	۰	۵	۱	۳۸	و۱۱۶ و ۱۱۷ و۱۱۸ و ۱۱۹ نمبر لاٹ کا درمیاني نالا	۳۶۱ میل کے ۲۵۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۱۱۹ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۶۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ

۱۲۲	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۲	دکھن	۱۰	۵	۰	۳	۱	۳	.....	.....		۳۶۱ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۶۲ میل کے ۲۰۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۶۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۱۲۴ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۲۳	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۲	اوتر	۱۰	۵	۰	۳	۱	۲۲	.....	.....		۳۶۱ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۶۲ میل کے ۲۰۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۳۶۱ میل اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۱۲۵ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۲۴	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع شہوریا و جمونیا و بازید پور	۳۶۲	دکھن	۱۴	۰	۰	۴	۲	۲۰	.....	.....		۳۶۲ میل کے ۲۰۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۱۲۲ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۶۲ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۲۵	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۲	اوتر	۱۴	۰	۰	۴	۲	۲۰	.....	.....		۳۶۲ میل کے ۲۰۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۱۲۳ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۶۲ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۲۶	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع بازید پور	۳۶۳	دکھن	۲	۲	۸	۰	۲	۳۳	.....	.....		۳۶۲ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۶۳ میل کے ۴۷۵ فٹ تک ختم	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۶۲ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ریلوي کمپني کے رکھا ہوا زمین
۱۲۷	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع برنا زاھد پور و برنا	۳۶۳	دکھن	۵	۵	۸	۱	۲	۳۹	.....	.....		۳۶۳ میل کے ۴۰۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ریلوي کمپني کے رکھا ہوا زمین پچھم ۳۶۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۲۸	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۳	اوتر	۵	۵	۸	۱	۲	۳۹	ریلوي کمپني کي رکھا ہوا زمین گنگا ندي مین جانیکارستہ کے واسطے چھوڑا ہوا زمین	۳ ۱ ۰ ۰ ۲ ۳۳		۳۶۳ میل کے ۴۰۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ریلوي کمپني کے رکھا ہوا زمین پچھم ۳۶۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۲۹	ایضا	پرگنہ غوثپور موضع برنا و دلیسمن چک	۳۶۳	دکھن	۱۸	۱۰	۰	۶	۰	۱۹	.....	.....		۳۶۳ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۶۴ میل کے ۳۵۵۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۶۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم زمینداري زمین

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنہ اور موضع	ریلوے کے کسطرف اون صلوکی تعداد جملہ واقع ہی اندر زمین واقع ہی	تخمینی موزی لاٹ بحساب بیگھہ اور ایکر				وہ زمین جو ہر لاٹ مین نیلام سے مستثنی کی گئی ہی			لاٹ کی شروع اور انتہا	لاٹ کی چوحدی
				بیگھہ	کٹھہ	چھٹانک	ایکر	رود	پرچ	خارج ہونیکی وجوہ	ایکر	رود	پرچ	
۱۳۰	ضلع نڈیہ	پرگنہ عوثپور موضع نرنا و دلیسمن چک	۳۶۴ اوتر	۱۸	۱۰	۰	۶	۰	۱۹	....		....	۳۶۳ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۶۴ میل کے ۳۵۵۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۳۶۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم زمینداری زمین
۱۳۱	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع نہگوان	۳۶۴ دکھن	۷	۰	۰	۲	۱	۱۰	....		....	۳۶۴ میل کے ۴۰۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب زمینداری زمین پچھم ۳۶۴ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۳۲	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۴ اوتر	۷	۰	۰	۲	۱	۰	....		....	ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب زمینداری زمین پچھم ۳۶۴ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۳۳	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع ایضا شیخ پور و اکبر پور	۳۶۵ دکھن	۱۲	۱۸	۰	۴	۱	۲	نالا	۰	۰	۳	۳۶۴ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۶۵ میل کے ۲۹۵۰ فٹ تک مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۶۴ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ریلوی اوالکواسدگ
۱۳۴	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۵ اوتر	۱۳	۱۰	۰	۴	۱	۳۴	نالا	۰	۰	۳	ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۳۶۴ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ریلوی اوالکواسدگ
۱۳۵	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع ابراہیم پور و سلامپور و گوبندپور و چلگو ندپور	۳۶۵ دکھن	۱۰	۴	۰	۳	۱	۱۰	....		....	۳۶۵ میل ۲۹۷۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ریلوی اوالکواسدگ پچھم میل ۵۳۶ کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ

۴۳۶	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۵	اوتر	۱۰	۱۳	۰	۳	۲	۳	۱۳۴, ۱۳۵, ۱۳۶, ۱۳۷, نمبر لائکا رمیاپي بستہ	۰	۰	۸	ایضا	ارتر زمیںداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ریلوي لوالکواسنگ پچھم ۳۶۵ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۳۷	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع جلگوبند و کھور	۳۶۶	دکھن	۱۳	۰	۰	۴	۱	۸	رستہ و پیغار	۰	۰	۲۶	۳۶۵ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۶۶ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمیںداري زمین پورب ۳۶۵ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۱۴۰ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۳۸	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۶	اوتر	۱۳	۰	۰	۴	۱	۸	ایضا	۰	۰	۲۶	ایضا	ارتر زمیںداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۳۶۵ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۱۴۱ نمبر کا لاٹ پورب سیوانہ
۱۳۹	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع کھور و اچورا	۳۶۶	دکھن	۱۰	۱۰	۰	۳	۱	۳۶	....		....		۳۶۶ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمیںداري زمین پورب ۱۳۸ نمبر کا لاٹ پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۶۶ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۴۰	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۶	اوتر	۱۰	۱۴	۰	۳	۲	۶	....		....		ایضا	ارتر زمیںداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۱۳۹ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۶۶ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۴۱	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع اچورا و راج پور وحسین چک	۳۶۷	دکھن	۱۰	۵	۰	۳	۱	۲۲	رستہ	۰	۰	۳	۳۶۶ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۶۷ میل کے ۲۹۵۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمیںداري زمین پورب ۳۶۶ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ریلوي لوالکراسنگ
۱۴۲	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۷	اوتر	۱۰	۵	۰	۳	۱	۲۲	رستہ	۰	۰	۳	ایضا	ارتر زمیںداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۳۶۶ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ریلوي لوالکراسنگ
۱۴۳	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع نظام پور شروھر پور	۳۶۷	دکھن	۶	۲	۱۲	۲	۰	۵	.....		....		۳۶۷ میل کے ۲۹۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمیند ری زمین پورب ریلوي لوالکراسنگ پچھم ۳۶۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ

لات نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنه اور موضع	لات کے اندر زمین واقع هی والی میلوں کی تعداد جنکے قریب ریلوے کی سطح واقع هی	تخميني موازي لات بحساب بيگهه اور ايکر						وه زمين جو هر لات مين نيلام سے مستثني کي گئي هی			لات کي شروع اور انتها	لات کي چوحدي
				بيگهه	کٹهه	چهٹانک	ايکر	رڈ	پرل	خارج هونيکي وجوه	ايکر	رڈ	پرل	
۱۴۴	ضلع پگڈه	پرگنه غوثپور موضع نظام پور شروهر نور	۳۶۷	اوتر	۲	۲	۱۲	۲	۰	۵	۱۴۲, ۱۴۳, ۱۴۴, ۱۴۵ نمبر لاٹکا درمياني رسته	۰	۰	۹	۳۶۷ ميل کے ۲۹۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسيکے اخير تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر زميندارې زمين دکهن ريلوي کا گهراو پورب يلوي لوالکراسنگ پچهم ۳۶۷ ميل کے اخير مطابق نقشه
۱۴۵	ايضا	پرگنه ايضا موضع شروهر پور کلن پور	۳۶۸	دکهن	۲	۰	۰	۱	۳	۳۸	....	....			۳۶۷ ميل کے اخير سے شروع اور ۳۶۸ ميل کے ۲۱۵۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ريلوي کا گهراو دکهن زميندارې زمين پورب ۳۶ ميل کے اخير مطابق نقشه پچهم ۱۴۸ نمبر لات کا پورب سيوانه
۱۴۶	ايضا	ايضا	۳۶۸	اوتر	۲	۰	۰	۱	۳	۳۸	....	....			ايضا	اوتر زميندارې زمين دکهن ريلوي کا گهراو پورب ۳۶۷ ميل کے اخير مطابق نقشه پچهم ۱۴۹ نمبر لات کا پورب سيوانه
۱۴۷	ايضا	پرگنه ايضا موضع کليان پور و ساتو کهدّ	۳۶۸	دکهن	۳	۱۹	۰	۱	۱	۹	....	....			۳۶۸ ميل کے ۲۱۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اوراوسيکے ۳۵۶۵ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ريلوي کا گهراو دکهن زميندارې زمين پورب ۱۴۶ نمبر لات کا پچهم سيوانه پچهم ريلوي لوالکراسنگ
۱۴۸	ايضا	ايضا	۳۶۸	اوتر	۴	۸	۸	۱	۱	۳۴	....	....			۳۶۸ ميل کے ۲۱۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور ۳۵۶۵ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر زميندارې زمين دکهن ريلوي کا گهراو پورب ۱۲۷ نمبر لات کا پچهم سيوانه پچهم ريلوي لوالکراسنگ
۱۴۹	ايضا	پرگنه ايضا موضع ساتو خورد و بهادر پور	۳۶۸	دکهن	۴	۱۱	۱۰	۱	۲	۲	....	....			۳۶۸ ميل کے ۳۵۹۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسيکے اخير تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ريلوي کا گهراو دکهن زميندارې زمين پورب ريلوي لوالکراسنگ پچهم ۳۶۸ ميل کے اخير مطابق نقشه

۱۵۰	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۸	اوتر	۵	۱۴	۱۰	۱	۳	۲۳	۱۵۰، ۱۴۹، ۱۴۸ نمبر لائکا، ۱۵۱ درمیانی رسته	-	-	۷	ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ریلوي لوالکراسنگ پچھم ۳۶۸ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
۱۵۱	ایضا	برگنه ایضا موضع بهادر پور و مرتضا بور وجمال پور	۳۶۹	دکھن	۷	۳	۰	۲	۱	۱۸	.....		....		۳۶۸ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۶۹ میل کے ۲۶۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۶۸ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچھم زمینداري زمین
۱۵۲	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۹	اوتر	۸	۱۵	۰	۲	۳	۲۳	.....		....		ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۳۶۸ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچھم زمینداري زمین
۱۵۳	ایضا	برگنه ایضا موضع حمال پور و کلیان پور	۳۶۹	دکھن	۶	۱	۰	۲	۰	۰	رسته	۰	۰	۴	۳۶۹ میل کے ۳۱۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب زمینداري زمین پچھم ۳۶۹ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
۱۵۴	ایضا	ایضا	۳۶۹	اوتر	۶	۳	۰	۲	۰	۵	ایضا	۰	۰	۴	۳۶۹ میل کے ۳۲۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب زمینداري زمین پچھم ۳۶۹ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه
۱۵۵	ایضا	برگنه ایضا موضع ایضا و دولتپور	۳۷۰	دکھن	۹	۹	۰	۳	۰	۲۰	.....		.....		۳۶۹ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۷۰ میل کے ۲۹۳۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۶۹ میل کے اخیر پچھم ریلوی لوالکراسنگ
۱۵۶	ایضا	برگنه عوثپور موضع کلیان پور و دولتپور	۳۷۰	اوتر	۹	۹	۰	۳	۰	۲۰	.....		....		ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۳۶۹ میل کے اخیر پچھم ریلوي لوالکراسنگ
۱۵۷	ایضا	برگنه ایضا موضع پیراگپور دولتپور و مهولي اسمان نور و محدرم پور	۳۷۰	دکھن	۸	۸	۸	۲	۳	۶	.....		....		۳۷۰ میل کے ۲۹۶۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ریلوي لوالکراسنگ پچھم ۳۷۰ میل کے اخیر

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنہ اور موضع	اون میلونکی تعداد جنکے اندر زمین واقع ہی	ریلونکے کسطرف واقع ہی	تخمینی موازی لاٹ بحساب بیگھہ اور ایکر: بیگھہ	کٹھہ	چھٹانک	ایکر	روڈ	پول	وہ زمین جو ہر لاٹ مین نیلام سے مستثنی کی گئی ہی: خارج ہونیکی وجوہ	ایکر	روڈ	پول	لاٹ کی شروع اور انتہا	لاٹ کی چوحدی
۱۵۸	ضلع پٹنہ	پرگنہ عوثپور موضع بیراگپور و دولتپور و مہولی اسمانپو و مخدوم پور	۳۷۰	اوتر	۸	۸	۸	۲	۳	۶	۱۵۸, ۱۵۷, ۱۵۶ ۱۵۹ نمبر لاٹکا درمیانی رستہ	۰	۰	۶	۳۷۰ میل کے ۲۹۶۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ریلوی لوالکراسنگ پچھم ۳۷۰ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۵۹	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع مخدوم پور و مہولی اسمانپور و دریا پور	۳۷۱	[illegible]ن	۱۷	۱۸	۰	۵	۳	۲۷	....		....		۳۷۰ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۷۱ میل ۳۲۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۷۰ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ریلوی لوالکراسنگ
۱۶۰	ایضا	ایضا	۳۷۱	اوتر	۱۹	۷	۰	۶	۱	۲۴	....		....		ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۳۷۰ میل کے اخیر پچھم ریلوی لوالکراسنگ
۱۶۱	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع نوار علیپور	۳۷۱	دکھن	۱۰	۴	۳	۳	۱	۲۰	....		....		۳۷۱ میل کے ۳۲۳۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ریلوی لوالکراسنگ پچھم ۳۷۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۶۲	ایضا	ایضا	۳۷۱	اوتر	۱۰	۴	۳	۳	۱	۲۰	۱۶۲, ۱۶۱, ۱۶۰ ۱۶۳, نمبر لاٹکا درمیانی رستہ	۰	۰	۹	ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ریلوی لوالکراسنگ پچھم ۳۷۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۶۳	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع سمنیا	۳۷۲	دکھن	۱۰	۲	۰	۳	۱	۱۴	....		....		۳۷۱ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۷۲ میل کے ۱۹۵۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۳۷۱ میل کے اخیر پچھم ۱۶۶ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ

۱۶۴	ایضا	ایضا	۳۷۲	ارتر	۱۰	۰	۰	۳	۱	۹	....	....	ایضا	ارتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۳۷۱ میل کے اخیر پچھم ۱۶۷ نمبرلات کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۶۵	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع حوردا	۳۷۲	دکھن	۳	۰	۰	۰	۳	۳۹	....	....	۳۷۲ میل کے ۱۹۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۲۶۲۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	ارتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۱۶۴ نمبرلات کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۱۶۸ نمبرلات کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۶۶	ایضا	ایضا	۳۷۲	ارتر	۳	۰	۰	۰	۳	۳۹	....	....	۳۷۲ میل کے ۱۹۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور ایسیکے ۲۶۲۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	ارتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۱۶۵ نمبرلات کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۱۶۹ نمبرلات کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۶۷	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع صالکپور	۳۷۲	دکھن	۱۱	۲	۰	۳	۲	۲۷	....	....	۳۷۲ میل کے ۲۶۲۰ فٹ سے شروع اور ایسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	ارتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۱۶۶ نمبرلات کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۷۲ میل کے اخیر
۱۶۸	ایضا	ایضا	۳۷۲	ارتر	۱۱	۶	۰	۳	۲	۳۸	....	....	ایضا	ارتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۱۶۷ نمبرلات کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۷۲ میل کے اخیر
۱۶۹	ایضا	پرگنہ عوث پور موضع صالکپور و نزرک و محمد پور	۳۷۳	دکھن	۸	۳	۰	۲	۲	۳۱	....	....	۳۷۲ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۷۳ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	ارتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۷۲ میل کے اخیر پچھم ۱۷۱ نمبرلات کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۷۰	ایضا	ایضا	۳۷۳	ارتر	۸	۱۲	۰	۲	۳	۱۵	....	....	ایضا	اوتر زمیندا ي زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۳۷۲ میل کے اخیر پچھم ۱۷۲ نمبرلات کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۷۱	ایضا	پرگنہ عوث پور موضع و زاني سراے وراگھب پور	۳۷۳	دکھن	۸	۱۳	۰	۲	۳	۱۸	....	....	۳۷۳ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ سے شروع اور ایسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمیبداري زمین پورب ۱۶۹ نمبرلات کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۷۲ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنہ اور موضع	ریلوی کے کسطرف واقع ہی اون میلونکی تعداد جنکے اندر زمین واقع ہی	تخمینی موازی لاٹ بحساب بیگھہ اور ایکر: بیگھہ	کٹھہ	چھٹانک	ایکر	روڈ	پول	وہ زمین جو ہر لاٹ مین نیلام سے مستثنی کی گئی ہی: خارج ہونیکی وجوہ	ایکر	روڈ	پول	لاٹ کی شروع اور انتہا	لاٹ کی چوحدی
۱۷۲	ضلع پٹنہ	پرگنہ غوثپور موضع مانکپور و بزروگ محمد پور و رانی سرای و راگھب پور	۳۷۳	اوتر	۸	۵	۰	۲	۲	۳۷	....		....		۳۷۳ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۱۷۰ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سوانہ پچھم ۳۷۲ میل کے اخیر
۱۷۳	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع راگھب پور	۳۷۴	دکھن	۶	۱۵	۰	۲	۰	۳۷	....		....		۳۷۳ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۷۴ میل کے ۱۸۸۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۷۳ میل کے اخیر پچھم ریلوی کمپنی کی رکھا ہوا زمین
۱۷۴	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع ایضا و محمد پور	۳۷۴	اوتر	۹	۸	۰	۳	۰	۱۷	ریلوی کمپنی کے رکھا ہوا زمین	۲	۳	۱۷	۳۷۳ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۷۴ میل کے ۳۱۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۳۷۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم بختیار پور اسٹیشن کے زمین

۲۹ مي سنہ ۱۸۷۴ ع

W. HEYSHAM,
ریلوی ڈیپوٹی کلکٹر مقام بھاگلپور

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of class C land no longer required by the East Indian Railway Company, situated on the 74th, 105th and 106th A mile of the Main Line respectively in the Burdwan District, will be put up to sale at the Burdwan Collectorate on Tuesday, the 18th August 1874, corresponding with 3rd Bhadra 1281 B.S.

The purchasers of these plots will be subject to the following conditions:—

1*st.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

2*nd.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government and estates to be again put up for sale, at the risk of the defaulting purchasers after issue of advertisement as in the case of original sale.

The plots will be sold revenue free to the highest bidder above the upset price.

Number in statement in Government estate.	Number on the district roll.	Name of estate and pergunnah.	Approximate area in acres.	Upset price.	Remarks
				Rs. A. P.	
80	3	Mouzah Satnundee, pergunnah Gopebhoom.	25 3 5	974 0 0	
81	13	Mouzah Saggerbhanga, pergunnah Selampore.	3 2 39	2,835 0 0	
82	13	Mouzah Saggerbhanga, pergunnah Selampore.	0 1 2	310 0 0	

E. H. WHINFIELD, *Offg. Collector.*

BURDWAN COLLECTORATE, the 27th June 1874.

জিলা বর্দ্ধমান।

নিলামী ইস্তাহারনামা কাছারি কালেক্টরী জেলা বর্দ্ধমান।

এতদ্বারা সংবাদ দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে বর্দ্ধমান জেলার মধ্যবর্ত্তী নিম্নের লিখিত সি চিহ্নিত জমী ইষ্ট ইণ্ডিয়া রেইলওয়ে কোম্পানির আর আবশ্যক না থাকা প্রযুক্ত সরকারি খাস মহাল গণ্য হইয়া সন ১৮৭৪ সালের ১৮ আগষ্ট মোতাবেক সন ১২৮১ সালের ৩ ভাদ্র মঙ্গলবার অত্র বর্দ্ধমানের কালেক্টরী কাছারিতে নিষ্করূপে নীলামে বিক্রয় হইবেক ইতি সন ১৮৭৪ সাল তাং ২৪ জুন।

২। এই ভূমির খরিদার নিম্নলিখিত নিয়মাধীন হইবেক।

১। এক শত টাকার অনধিক পণ হইলে সেই সমুদয় টাকা তৎক্ষণাৎ দিতে হইবেক।

২। এক শত টাকার অধিক হইলে ডাকপণের চারি অংশের একাংশ তৎক্ষণাৎ দিতে হইবেক বিক্রয়ের দিবস এক দিন ধরিয়া গণনা করিলে বিক্রয়ান্তর পঞ্চদশ দিনের মধ্যাহ্ন কালে কিম্বা সেই দিবস বন্দের দিন হইলে তৎপরে প্রথমে যে দিন কাছারি খোলা যায় সেই দিবস মধ্যাহ্ন কালে যদি অবশিষ্ট দাখিল না হয় তবে বিক্রয় রহিত ও গচ্ছিত টাকা গবর্ণমেণ্টে জব্দ হইবেক ও প্রথম স্থলীয় বিক্রয়ের ন্যায় পুনর্ব্বার বিজ্ঞাপন প্রকাশ করণপূর্ব্বক ঐ ত্রুটিকারি ক্রেতার ঝুঁকিতে সেই মহাল পুনর্ব্বার বিক্রয় হইবেক।

৩। ঐ জমী সর্ব্বউচ্চ ডাককারিকে নিষ্কর বিক্রয় করা যাইবেক ইতি।

রাজকীয় মহালের কৈফিয়তের নম্বর।	তৌজির নম্বর।	মহালের নাম ও পরগণা।	একর হিসাবে জমির আন্দাজ পরিমাণ।	নীলামের প্রথম ডাক।	বক্তব্য।
৮০ নং	৩ নং	সাঁতী নন্দী পংগোপ ভূমি	২৫।৩।৫	৯৭৪৲	
৮১ নং	১৩ নং	সগড় ডাঙ্গা পং সীলামপুর	৩।২।৩৯	২৮৩৫৲	
৮২ নং	১৩ নং	সগড় ডাঙ্গা পং সিলামপুর	০।১।২	৩১০৲	

E. W. WHINFIELD, *Offg. Collector.*

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Cuttack will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's office of that district, on the 17th day of July 1874, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th day of April 1874.

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estates.

No. 1847.—Mehal Mouzah Ummer, Pergunnah Matkatungar; recorded proprietor, Sudanund Mahapatra; sudder jumma, Rs. 319-12-10; will be sold for arrears of Government revenue amounting to Rs. 159-14.

No. 2200.—Mehal Mouzah Barhapur, pergunnah Hariburpur. Recorded proprietors Nityanund Patnaik, Gourang Charan Dass, Sadanund Mahapatra, Srikrishna Mahapatra, Radhakrishna Mahapatra, Jagabundhu Pasait, Kunjabehari Pasait, and Parmanund Canoongo. Sudder jumma, Rs. 519-13-9½, of which Rs. 346-9-1½ to be deducted on account of the jumma of the share of Nityanund Patnaik, Gourang Charan Dass, Srikrishna Mahapatra, Radhakrishna Mahapatra, Kunjabehari Pasait, Jagabundhu Pasait, and Parmanund Canoongo, with whom separate acounts have been opened, as per Section 10, Act XI of 1859. The sudder jumma advertised for sale is Rs. 173-4-8, on account of the jumma of the share of Sadanund Mahapatra. This share will be sold for arrears of Government revenue.

CUTTACK COLLECTORATE, the 12th May 1874. JOHN BEAMES, *Collector.*

ଭୂମି ବନ୍ଦୋବସ୍ତ ଯୁଆହାର ।

ଜଲ୍ଲା କଟକ ।

ସନ ୧୮୫୯ ମସିହା ୧୧ ଆଇନ ୭ ଧାରାମତେ ସମ୍ବାଦ ଦିଆ ଯାଉଅଛୁ କି ଜଲ୍ଲା କଟକସ୍ଥ ତଲ ଲିଖିତ ମାହାଲଗୁଡ଼ ସନ ୧୮୭୪ ମସିହା ତା ୬୮ ରଖ ଅପ୍ରେଲ କସ୍ତିର ମାଲଗୁଜାରି ବାକି ବାବତ ୧୮୭୪ ମସିହା ତା ୧୭ ରଖ ଜୁଲାଇ ମୁତାବକ ଶ୍ରାବଣ ୪ ଦିନ ସନ ୧୨୮୧ ଫସଲି ରୋଜ ଶୁକ୍ରବାର ଉକ୍ତ ଜଲ୍ଲାର କଲେକ୍ଟରର କଚେରୀରେ ବନା ଓଜରରେ ନଲାମ କରା ଯିବ ।

ଦ୍ୱିତୀୟ ଶ୍ରେଣୀ ।

କଞ୍ଚହାଲ ଜମଗ୍ରେ ବଦବସ୍ତ ମାହାଲ ।

ନ ୧୮୪୭ ମୁର ମାହାଲ ମାହାଲ ମୌ ଉମର । ପ୍ର । ମାଉକତ ନଗର ସାଲକ ସଦାନନ୍ଦ ମହାପାତ୍ର ସଦର ଜମା ୫ ୩୧୪୩୧୦ ଏହି ମାହାଲ ସରକାର ବାକି ଖାଜାନା ୫ ୧୩୧୩୶୦ ପାଇ ନଲାମ ହେବ ।

ନ ୨୨୦୦ ମୁର ମାହାଲ । ମୌ । ବାରହପୁର । ପ୍ର । ହରହରପୁର ମାଲିକାନ ଜଗନ୍ନାନନ୍ଦ ପଟ୍ଟନାୟକ, ଗୌରଶଙ୍କରଣ ଦାସ, ସଦାନନ୍ଦ ମହାପାତ୍ର ଶ୍ରୀକୃଷ୍ଣ ମହାପାତ୍ର, ରାଧାକୃଷ୍ଣମହାପାତ୍ର, ଜଗବନ୍ଧୁ ପସାଇତ୍ କୁଞ୍ଜବିହାରି ପସାଇତ ଓ ପରମାନନ୍ଦ କାନଗୁଇ ସଦର ଜମା ୫୧୯୩/୫ । ସେଥିମଧ୍ୟରୁ ଜଗନ୍ନାନନ୍ଦ ପଟ୍ଟନାୟକ ଗୌରଶଙ୍କରଣ ଦାସ ଶ୍ରୀକୃଷ୍ଣମହାପାତ୍ର, ରାଧାକୃଷ୍ଣ ମହାପାତ୍ର କୁଞ୍ଜବିହାରି ପସାଇତ ଓ ଜଗବନ୍ଧୁ ପସାଇତ ଓ ପରମାନନ୍ଦ କାନଗୁଇ ଏହିମାନଙ୍କର ହସ୍ତବାକତ ଜମା ୫ ୩୪୭୩/୧ । ବାଦଯାଁଇ ବାକି ସଦାନନ୍ଦ ମହାପାତ୍ର ହସ୍ତବାକତ ୫ ୧୭୩ । ୮ ସଦର ଜମା ନଲାମ ସକାସେ ଯୁଆହାର ହୋଇ ଯାଉଅଛୁ ଏ ହସ୍ତ ସରକାର ବାକି ଖାଜାନା ପାଇ ନଲାମ କରାଯିବ ପ୍ରକାଶ ଥାଉ ବାକି ହସ୍ତଦାରମାନଙ୍କର ବାବତ ୧୮୫୯ ମସିହା ୧୧ ଆଇନ୍‌ର ଧା ୧୦ ର ମୁତାବକ ସତନ୍ତ୍ର ହସ୍ତବରୁଲ ଯାଇଅଛୁ ।

JOHN BEAMES, *Collector.*

କଟକ । ତା ୧୬ ରଖ ମାହେଲ୍ ୧୮୭୪ ।

NOTICE is hereby given, Section 11, Act VII (B C) of 1868, and under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Chittagong will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on the 21st day of August 1874, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 25th day of May 1874.

NOABAD.

Mouzah Mita Serra, Thana Ramoo.

No. 107.—Taluk Rustom Ali, Malik Rustom Ali, sudder jumma, Rs. 658-3. The entire taluk will be sold for arrears of Government revenue.

Mouzah Teknaaf, Thana Teknaaf.

No. 1401.—Taluk Khepong Chowdry, Ompoori Chowdry, Srimoti Nao, Chaimpuri Chowdry, Aungiree Chowdry, and Kassim Ali Chowdry, Malik Khod; sudder jumma, Rs. 692-3; road fund, Rs. 6-15; total, Rs. 699-2. The entire taluk will be sold for arrears of Government revenue.

A. L. CLAY, *Offg. Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Sarun will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on Friday, the 31st day of July 1874, corresponding with 2nd of Sawan 1281 F.S., for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 8th in lieu of the 7th of June 1874.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

Serial No.	Town No.	Name of Estate and Pergunnah.	Name of Proprietor	Government revenue of the entire estate.	Government revenue of the share which will be sold for arrears of revenue	Arrears of revenue due from the estate
				Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
1	35	Pathar, Pergunnah Ander	Gungaproshad, Narain Sing, Darao Sing, and others.	1,635 3 2	1,090 1 7	16 2 8½
2	58	Tiyan, Pergunnah Ander ..	Deopearam, Siri Rai, and others	1,661 11 8½	155 0 6	12 2 3½
3	130	Manpore Patheri, Pergunnah Ander	Azmuth Ally, Hidaetoollah, and others	618 7 4	618 7 4	4 4 7½
4	240	Eksar, Pergunnah Bal	Harproshad, Narain, and others	812 11 0	355 5 6	12 13 10½
5	340	Pithowri, Pergunnah Bal	Sothoorhun Sahee and others	639 12 9½	155 7 3½	16 4 6½
6	931	Chaup, Pergunnah Bara	Toofaeloolla, Gholam Sarwar, and others.	2,228 8 6½	146 11 3½	17 14 0½
7	997	Sewan, Pergunnah Bara ...	Mussamut Aleh Bandi, Oli Mahammud, and others.	504 12 0½	376 9 0½	7 1 3½
8	1165	Rampore Chaund, Pergunnah Bara	Ramsahoy Sing and others ...	671 6 10	581 6 10	19 6 8½
9	1215	Barkagaon, Pergunnah Barai.	Hikmuth Rai, Jadoo Nath Rai, and others.	926 12 2½	926 12 2½	11 15 11½
10	1587	Poonuck Gouri, Pergunnah Chowbara	Gopaul Sahee, Aodan Rai, and others	667 8 4	347 6 0	0 15 5½
11	1754	Chirand, PergunnahChirand	Gungadhur Sahoo and others	4,416 11 9½	1,142 4 8½	85 6 8½
12	2294	Bajraha, Pergunnah Goah	Ramanoogra Oopadhya, Devipandey, and others.	622 14 11½	171 15 11½	9 6 2½
13	2433	Chhap Soodersan, Pergunnah Goah.	Ritburn Sing, Sewsahoy Sing, and others.	821 5 4	344 11 1	16 10 7[illegible]
14	2459	Dharamraj, Pergunnah Goah	Meherban Sing, Ramsahoy Sing, and others.	663 7 5	295 5 6	2 4 3½
15	2487	Rusoolpore, Pergunnah Goah	Jhabboo Lall, uncle and guardian of Doorga Surun, minor, Ram Charn Sing, and others	1,435 4 3	332 11 10	1 11 8½
16	2520	Dhowsee, Pergunnah Goah	Gholam Hossen Khan, Nabeedad Khan, and others.	617 5 4	517 5 4	2 10 0
17	2521	Saronja, Pergunnah Goah ..	Baneseersahoy and others ...	2,013 2 1½	1,044 11 4½	35 1 5½
18	2521	Ditto ditto ..	Kandbehari Lall	2,013 2 1½	151 2 0	4 5 6
19	2523	Sagooni, Pergunnah Goah ..	Brijraj Kuer, Gundharb Kuer, and others	1,536 0 0	1,536 0 0	2 3 8
20	2592	Shaikhpoor Rowza, Pergunnah Goah	Joygopal Sahoo, Ramunoogra Sing, and others.	602 13 9½	194 6 8	11 9 11½
21	2613	Kerwakutea, Pergunnah Goah	Ramnarain Sing	3,146 10 8	685 6 8	1 1 8
22	2613	Ditto ditto	Sewtohul Sing .	3 146 10 8	7 1 0	0 12 0
23	2813	Aumour Mauder, Pergunnah Muckair	Moulvi Ather Hossen ...	12,485 1 3½	391 6 5 3k	0 14 5
24	2813	Ditto ditto ...	Joogessor Sahoy and others	12,485 1 3½	169 1 0	5 4 6
25	2895	Indai, Pergunnah Manjhi	Loha Rai, Goordial Sing, and others	633 9 7	546 15 8	3 2 8
26	2984	Yeahpore, Pergunnah Madhul	Baijoo Rai and others ...	648 9 6	264 10 9	12 15 5½
27	3041	Gumbhari, Pergunnah Madhul	Manogee Sing, Gunputh Sing, and others.	4,228 4 3½	2,782 12 8½	22 14 11½

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estate.

28	4397	Dearah Dhab, Pergunnah Madhul	Harsahoy Sing and others .	591 0 0	591 0 0	3 12 6

J. S. DRUMMOND, *Offg. Collector*

اشتہار نیلام بابت بقیۂ مالگذاري سرکار

واضح ہو کہ حسب دفعہ ۶ - ایکٹ ۱۱ سنہ ۱۸۵۹ع کے یہہ محالات مرقومۃ الذیل ضلع سارن مین بابت بقیہ مالگذاري سرکار و دیگر دعوي جو ازروے دستورات قوانین مجاریہ موافق باقي مالگذاري سرکار کے بتاریخ ۸ جون بجاے ۷ جون سنہ ۱۸۷۴ع واجب الوصول ہي بروز جمعہ تاریخ ۳۱ جولائي سنہ ۱۸۷۴ع مطابق ۲ ساون سنہ ۱۲۸۱ فصلي کچہري مین صاحب کلکٹر اس ضلع کے بلا عذر عام نیلام مین رکھا جایگا۔

قسم اول محالات بندوبستي استمراري

نمبر شماري	نمبر توزیع	نام محال و پرگنہ	نام مالک مندرجہ سررشتہ	صدر جمع مسلم محال			صدر جمع اُس حصہ کا جو نیلام کیا جایگا			باقي جسکے سے نیلام ہوگا			کیفیت
				پائي	آنہ	روپیہ	پائي	آنہ	روپیہ	پائي	آنہ	روپیہ	
۱	۳۵	پتار پرگنہ اندر	گنگا پرشاد نراین سنگہ دریاو سنگہ وغیرہ	۲	۳	۱۶۳۵	۷	۱	۱۰۹۰	۸¼	۲	۱۶	بعلتباقي مالگذاري سرکار نیلام ہوگا
۲	۵۸	تیائین پرگنہ اندر	دیب نراین سري راي وغیرہ	۸⅓	۱۱	۱۰۵۱	۶	۰	۱۵۵	۳¼	۲	۱۲	ایضا
۳	۱۳۰	مان پور بیجے پرگنہ اندر	عظمت علي و ہدایت اللہ وغیرہ	۴	۷	۶۱۸	۴	۷	۶۱۸	۷½	۴	۴	ایضا
۴	۲۴۰	انکسار پرگنہ بال	ہر پرشاد نراین وغیرہ	۰	۱۱	۸۱۲	۶	۵	۳۵۵	۱۰¼	۱۳	۱۲	ایضا
۵	۳۴۰	پٹھوري پرگنہ بال	سترھن سہاي وغیرہ	۹½	۱۲	۶۳۹	۳½	۷	۱۵۵	۶½	۴	۱۶	ایضا
۶	۹۳۱	جانب پرگنہ باڑہ	طفیل اللہ غلام سرور وغیرہ	۶⅓	۳	۱۱۲۲۸	۳⅓	۱۱	۱۴۶	½	۱۴	۱۷	ایضا
۷	۹۹۷	سنوان پرگنہ باڑہ	مسماۃ الہ باندي ولي محمد وغیرہ	¼	۱۲	۵۰۴	⅓	۹	۳۷۶	۳½	۱	۷	ایضا
۸	۱۱۶۵	رام پور چاند پرگنہ باڑہ	رم سہاي سنگہ وغیرہ	۱۰	۶	۶۱۱۰	۱۰	۶	۵۸۱	۸⅓	۶	۱۹	ایضا
۹	۱۲۱۵	بڈکا گانون پرگنہ بري	حکمت راي جدوناتھہ راي وغیرہ	۲¼	۱۲	۶۲۶	۲¼	۱۲	۶۲۶	۱۱½	۱۵	۱۱	ایضا
۱۰	۱۵۸۷	پرنک گوري پرگنہ چوبارہ	گوپال سہاي اودان راي وغیرہ	۴	۳	۵۸۷	۰	۶	۳۴۷	۵¼	۱۵	۰	ایضا
۱۱	۱۷۵۴	بچراند پرگنہ چراند	گنگا دھر ساہو وغیرہ	۹⅓	۱۱	۴۴۱۶	۸⅓	۶	۱۱۴۲	۸⅓	۶	۸۵	ایضا
۱۲	۲۲۹۴	بجراہا پرگنہ گووہ	رام اوگھرہ آوبدھیا دیبي پرندہ وغیرہ	۱½	۱۴	۶۲	۱۱½	۱۵	۱۷	۲⅓	۶	۹	ایضا
۱۳	۲۴۳۳	جہاب سوارس پرگنہ گووہ	ریت برن سنگہ شیو سہاي سنگہ وغیرہ	۴	۵	۸۲۱	۱	۱۱	۳۰۴۴	۷⅓	۱۰	۱۶	ایضا

نمبر شماري	نمبر توزيع	نام محال و پرگنه	نام مالك مندرجه سر رشته	صدر جمع مسلم محال	صدر جمع اُس حصه کا جو بيباقم کيا جائيگا	باقي جسکے سے بيباقم هوگا	کيفيت
				پائي آنه روپيه	پائي آنه روپيه	روپيه آنه پائي	
۱۴	۲۴۵۹	دهرمراج پرگنه گووه	مهربان سنگه ام سهاي سنگه وغيره	۵ ۷ ۶۶۳	۶ ۵ ۲۹۵	۲ ۴ ۳½	ايضا
۱۵	۲۴۸۷	رسولپور پرگنه گووه	جيتو لعل عم و ولي د گا سن نابالغ رام چرن سنگه وغيره	۳ ۴ ۱۴۳۵	۱۰ ۱۱ ۳۳۲	۱ ۱۱ ۸½	ايضا
۱۶	۲۵۲۰	دهوري پرگنه گووه	علام حسين خان نبي داد خان وغيره	۴ ۵ ۵۱۷	۴ ۵ ۵۱۷	۲ ۱۰ ۰	ايضا
۱۷	۲۵۲۱	سروبجا پرگنه گووه	نانيسر سهاي وغيره	۱½ ۲ ۱۱۱۳	۴½ ۱۱ ۲۰۴۴	۳۵ ۱ ۵½	ايضا
۱۸	۲۵۲۱	ايضا	گاندهاري لعل	۱½ ۲ ۱۱۳	۰ ۲ ۱۵۱	۴ ۵ ۶	ايضا
۱۹	۲۵۲۳	سگوني پرگنه گووه	نرج راج کنور گندهرپ کنور	۰ ۰ ۱۵۳۶	۰ ۰ ۱۵۳۶	۲ ۳ ۸	ايضا
۲۰	۲۵۹۲	شيخپور روصه پرگنه گووه	جيگوپال ساهو رام اگوره سنگه وغيره	۰۹½ ۱۳ ۶۰۲	۸ ۶ ۱۹۴	۱۱ ۹ ۱۱½	ايضا
۲۱	۲۶۱۳	کيروا کڈسا پرگنه گووه	رام نرائن سنگه	۸ ۱۰ ۳۱۴۶	۸ ۶ ۶۸۵	۱ ۱ ۸	ايضا
۲۲	۲۶۱۳	ايضا	شيو ٹهل سنگه وغيره	۸ ۱۰ ۳۱۴۶	۰ ۱ ۷	۰ ۱۲ ۰	ايضا
۲۳	۲۸۱۳	امنور نادر پرگنه مئير	مولوي اظهر حسين	۳½ ۱ ۱۲۴۸۵	۵۳ ۸ ۳۹۱	۰ ۱۴ ۵	ايضا
۲۴	۲۸۱۳	ايضا	جوگيشور سهاي وغيره	۳½ ۱ ۱۲۴۸۵	۰ ۱ ۱۹۹	۵ ۴ ۶	ايضا
۲۵	۲۸۹۵	ابدتي پرگنه مانجي	لوها راي گورديال سنگه وغيره	۷ ۹ ۶۳۳	۸ ۱۵ ۵۴۶	۳ ۲ ۸	ايضا
۲۶	۲۹۸۴	انجني نور پرگنه مدهل	بيجوراي وغيره ۴کو	۶ ۹ ۶۴۸	۹ ۱۰ ۲۶۴	۱۲ ۱۵ ۵½	ايضا
۲۷	۳۰۴۱	گيمهاري پرگنه مدهل	ماوگي سنگه گنپت سنگه وغيره	۳½ ۴ ۴۲۲۸	۸½ ۱۲ ۲۷۸۲	۲۲ ۱۴ ۱۱½	ايضا

قسم دويم محالات نددوسني ميعادي نا مالك

۲۸	۴۳۹۷	دناره دهات پرگنه مدهل	هرسهاي سنگه وغيره	۰ ۰ ۵۹۱	۰ ۰ ۵۹۱	۳ ۱۲ ۶	ايضا

تحرير في التاريخ ۲۲ جون سنه ۱۸۷۴ ع محمد رفيع محرر

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Chittagong will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on the 21st day of August 1874, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 26th day of May 1874.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 3880.—Taraf Obedullah Sheik, Mahomed Osi, and Sheik Mahomed Ali; recorded proprietors, Aimona Bibi, Ahmed Ali Bonnyan Bibi, Abdullah Khan, Mahomed Bashirullah Chowdry, and Romijaddeen; sudder jumma, Rs. 678-7-0. The entire estate will be sold for arrears of Government revenue.

A. L. CLAY, *Offg. Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Patna will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district, on the 14th day of August 1874, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 8th day of June 1874.

CLASS I.—*Permanently settled Estates.*

Number of Towjee.	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Sudder Jumma	Name of Proprietors.	REMARKS.
		Rs. A. P.		
6	Umnarkhas, Pergunnah Tilhara	2,240 0 0	Hurrukh Sing, Puraymun Muhto, Tekchand Garain, Mullick Uhmud Hosein, Gobardhun Chowbey, Mussamut Purma Cour, mother and guardian of Shayuck Muhto oorf, Gujadhur Pershad Muhto, minor Son, and Torul Muhto, an unrecorded proprietor.	Out of sudder jumma Rs. 2,240, Rs. 1,400 to be deducted on account share of Gobardhone Chowbey, Mussamut Purma Cour, mother and guardian of Shayuck Muhto oorf, Gujadhur Persad Muhto, minor son and Torul Muhto whose shares were brought under partition according to the provisions of Section 33, Regulation XIX of 1814. Sudder jumma advertized for sale is Rs. 840 on account of the share of Hurrukh Sing, Puraymun Muhto, Tekchand Gaarin, and Mullick Uhmud Hosein, non-applicants, which will be sold for arrears of Government revenue only
65	Chatee, &c., Pergunnah Tilhara.	2,346 10 8	Moulvie Ushruf Hossen, Mussamut Mujeedun, Syed Ally Hossen, and Syed Meer Ally, Malicks	The entire estate will be sold for arrears of Government revenue only.
210	Ranceepore, Pergunnah Biswuk.	2,507 11 9	Motee Begum, Syed Uhmed Hossen, and Mussamut Khanumjan, Malicks.	Ditto ditto.
295	Mirjapore Geelance, Pergunnah Tilhara	1,318 0 0	Mussamut Saedjan, Mussamut Payaroonnissa, Mussamut Sungeejan, Mussamut Fureedun, Shekh Fida Ali, Mussamut Wuzeeronnissa, Mussamut Baygoojaun, Mussamut Hossenulljan oorf Omrao Sahebay, Mussamut Seetara, Shekh Ameer Ally, Mussamut Bursatun, Mussamut Busharutoonnissa, herself and mother of Shekh Wahed Ally, minor son, Mussamut Shukulbaso, Mussamut Mun Cour, Mussamut Shukulbaso, mother and guardian of Gunouree Muhto, minor son, Gopal Muhto, and Sheopershad Chowdrie, Maliks.	Out of sudder jumma Rs. 1,318, Rs. 700-3 to be deducted on account shares of Mussamut Shukulbaso and Mussamut Mun Cour, &c., with whom separate accounts were opened under Section 10, Act XI of 1859, and share of Mussamut Mun Cour and Mussamut Shukulbaso, &c, non-applicants. Sudder jumma advertized for sale is Rs. 617-13 on account shares of Mussamut Saedjaun Payaroonnissa, Sungeejan, Mussamut Fureedun, Shekh Feda Ali, Mussamut Wuzeeroonnissa, Mussamut Baygoojan, Mussamut Hosseneejan oorf Omrao Shebay, Mussamut Seetara, Mussamut Busharutoonnissa, herself, mother, and guardian of Shekh Wahed Ally minor son, and Shekh Ameea Ally with whom separate accounts were opened under Section 10. Act XI of 1859, which will be sold for arrears of Government revenue only.
486	Panchectara, Pergunnah Behar.	1,160 9 0	Mussamut Omutoolzohra oorf Beebee Bunno, Mahomed Baker, father and guardian of Waheedal Huq, &c., Malks.	Out of sudder jumma Rs. 1,160-9, Rs. 1,132-0-5 to be deducted on account share of Mussamut Umutoolzohra oorf Beebee Bunno, &c., with whom separate accounts were opened under Section 10, Act XI of 1859, and whose shares were brought under partition according to the provisions of Section 33, Regulation XIX of 1814, and Syed Reza Ali, &c, non-applicants. Sudder jumma advertised for sale is Rs. 28-8-7 on account of 4 annas share of Syed Jumal Ali in mouzah Mobeeooddeenpore dodkulee khoord bozoorg appertaining to lot Panchectara, with whom separate account was opened under Section 10, Act XI of 1859, which will be sold for arrears of Government revenue only
746	Arazee Toufur Jahungurpore Mugurpul resumed mehal, Pergunnah Shahpore Munair.	7,928 0 0	Nundkishwur Mahi	The entire estate will be sold for arrears of Government revenue only.

PATNA COLLECTORATE, BANKIPORE, the 24th June 1874. A. C. MANGLES, *Collector.*

صاحب کلکٹر بہادر ضلع پٹنہ کے حکم سے

اشتہار نیلام مطابق دفعہ ۶ اکٹ ۱۱ سنہ ۱۸۵۹ عیسوي

سب کو جاننا چاهئے کہ یہہ محال جو نیچے لکھا هي بابت باقي مالگذاري سرکار و دوسري دعوي جو مطابق آئین و قانون جاري کے باقي مالگذاري سرکار کے طرح وصول هوني چاهئے و جو تاریخ ۸ ماہ جون سنہ ۱۸۷۴ ع کو پانے تهي تاریخ ۱۴ ماہ اگست سنہ ۱۸۷۴ عیسوي مطابق ۱۶ ماہ سانون سنہ ۱۲۸۱ فصلي دن جمعہ کو اس ضلع کے صاحب کلکٹر کے کچهري مین بلا عذر کے سب کے سامنے نیلام هوگا فقط

قسم محال بندوبست دائمي

توزیع نمبر	نام محال تعداد پرگنہ	صدر جمع	نام مالکوںکا	کیفیت
۶	اصفار خاص پرگنہ تیلاڈہ	۲۲۴۰	هرکهہ سنگهہ و پریمن مهتون و ٹیک چند گوائین و مالک احمد حسین وگوبردهن چوہہ رمساۃ پرما کنور مادر والیہ سیوک مهتون عرف گجادهر پرشاد مهتون پسر نابالغ و ٹورل مهتون غیر مندرجہ سر رشتہ مالکان مالگذاران	اسمین سے صدر جمع ۱۴۰۱ منهائی هوگا بابت حصہ گوبردهن چوہہ و مسماۃ پرما کنور صادر والیہ شیوک مهتون عرف گجادهر پرشاد مهتون پسر نابالغ وٹورل مهتون جسکا حصہ زیر بٹوارہ کیا گیا مطابق دفعہ ۳۳ قانون ۱۹ سنہ ۱۸۱۴ ع وصدر جمع جو نیلام هوگا ۸۴۰ بابت حصہ هرکهہ سنگهہ و پریمن مهتون و ٹیکچند گوائین و مالک احمد حسین غیر سائلان کا بعلت باقي مالگذاري کے نیلام هوگا
۶۵	چهاتي وغیرہ پرگنہ تیلاڈہ	۲۳۴۶-۱۰-۸	مولوي اشرف حسین و مسماۃ مجیدن و سید علي حسن وسید میر علي مالکان مالگذاران	بعلت باقي مالگذاري کے مسلم محال نیلام هوگا
۲۱۰	راني پور پرگنہ نسوت	۲۵-۷-۱۱-۹	مرتي بیگم و سید احمد حسین و مسماۃ خانم جان مالکان مالگذاران	ایضا
۲۹۵	مرزاپور گیلاني پرگنہ تیلاڈہ	۱۳۱۸	مسماۃ سید وجان و مسماۃ پیار النسا و مسماۃ سنگي جان و مسماۃ فریدن و شیخ فدا علي و مسماۃ وزیر لنسا و مسماۃ بیگو جان و مسماۃ حسیني جان عرف امراو صاحبہ و مسماۃ ستارا و شیخ امیر علي و مسماۃ برساتن و مسماۃ بشارت النسا اصل بفسہ مادر شیخ واحد علي پسر نابالغ و مسماۃ شکل بانو و مسماۃ مذکور و مسماۃ شکل بانو مادر والیہ گیندوري مهتون پسر نابالغ گوپال مهتون و سیو پرشاد چودهري مالکان مالگذاران	اسمین سے صدر جمع ۷۰۱.۳ منهائي هوگا بابت حصہ مسماۃ شکل بانو و مسماۃ مذکور و غیرہ جسکے ساتهہ حساب کهولا گیا بموجب دفعہ ۱۰ اکٹ ۱۱ سنہ ۱۸۵۹ ع و حصہ مذکور و مسماۃ شکل بانو و غیرہ غیر سایلان و صدر جمع جو نیلام هوگا ۶۱۷-۱۳ حصہ مسماۃ سیدوجان و پیار النسا و سنکي جان و مسماۃ فریدن و شیخ فدا علي و مسماۃ وزیر النسا و مسماۃ بیگو جان و مسماۃ حسیني خان عرف امراو صاحبہ و مسماۃ ستارہ و مسماۃ بشارت النسا اصل بفسها مادر والیہ و شیخ واحد علي پسر نابالغ و شیخ امیر علي جسکے ساتهہ حساب کهولا گیا بموجب دفعہ ۱۰ اکٹ ۱۱ ۱۸۵۹ ع بعلت باقي مالگذاري کے نیلام هوگا
۴۸۲	پانچي تارا پرگنہ بہار	۱۱۶۰-۹	مسماۃ امتہ الزهرا عرف بي بي بنو و محمد باقر پدروالي وحید الحق و غیرہ مالکان مالگذاران	اسمین سے صدر جمع ۱۱۳۲-۵ منهائي هوگا بابت حصہ مسماۃ امتہ الزهرا عرف بي بي بنو و غیرہ جسکے ساتهہ حساب کهولا گیا بمراد دفعہ ۱۰ اکٹ ۱۹ سنہ ۱۸۵۹ ع و زیر بٹوارہ کیا گیا بمراد دفعہ ۳۳ قانون ۱۹ ۱۸۱۲ ع و سید رضا علي و غیرہ غیر سایلان و صدر جمع جو نیلام هوگا ۲۸-۸-۷ بابت چهار آنہ حصہ سید جمال علي واقع موضع محی الدین پور دیوکلي خورد بزرگ متعلقہ ات پانچي تارا پرگنہ بہار جسکے ساتهہ حساب کهولا گیا بمراد دفعہ ۱۰ اکٹ ۱۱ ۱۸۵۹ ع بعلت باقي مالگذاري کے نیلام هوگا
۷۴۶	اراضي توفیر جهانگیر پور مدگر پال محال ضبطي پرگنہ شاہ پور منیر	۷۸۲۸-۲	ندکیسور مالک مال گذار	بعلت باقي مالگذاري کے مسلم محال نیلام هوگا

فی التاریخ ۲۴ ماہ جون سنہ ۱۸۷۴ ع

العبد رگهوبنس سہاے توزیع نویس

माहिब कलकटर बहादुर जिले पाटनाके हुकुम से

इश्तहार नीलाम मुताबिक दफा ६ एकट ११ सन १८५९

सब को जानना चाहिये के यह महाल जो नीचे लिखा है बाबत बाकी मालगुजारी सरकार ओ दूसरे दावे जो मुताबिक आईन ओ कानन जारी के बाकी मालगुजारी सरकार की तरह वसूल होने चाहिये ओ जो तारीख ८ महीना जुन सन १८७४ को पाने थे तारीख १४ महीना अगस्त सन १८७४ मुताबिक ता: १६ महीना सावन सन १२८१ फसली दिन जुमा को इस जिले के साहेब कलकटर की कचहरी मे बिला उजुर के सब के सामने नीलाम होगा

तोजी नम्बर	नाम महाल और परगना	सदरजमा	नाम मालिकोंका	कैफियत
६	अमनारम्बास परगने तेल-हाटा	२२४०	हरख सिंह ओ परेमन महतो ओ टेकचन्द गराई ओ मलिक अहमद होसेन ओ गोवर्धन चोबे ओ मो: परमाकुअर मादर वालिये सेवकमहती उरफ गजाधरपर्शाद महतो पेसर नाबालिग ओ टोरल महतो गैर मुन्दरजे सरिस्ते मालकान मालगुजारान	इसमे से सदरजमा १४ मिनहाई होगा बा: हि: गोवर्धन चौबे ओ मो. परमा कुअर मादर वालिये सेवक महतो उरफ गजाधर प्रशाद महतो पेसर नाबालिग ओ टोरल महतो जिसका हिसे जेर बटवारा किया गेया मोताबिक द: ३३ का १९ सन १८१४ ई: ओ सदरजमा जो निलाम होगा ८४० बा: हिसे हरख सिंह ओ प्रेमन महतो ओ टेकचन्द गराई ओ मलिक अहमद होसेन गैर सायलान का बइलत बाकी मालगुजारि के निलाम होगा
६५	छाति वगैरह परगने तेल-हाटा	२३४६॥=८	मवोलवि अशर्फ होसेन ओ मो: मजिदन ओ स्यद अलि हसन ओ स्यद मिर अलि मालकान मालगुजारान	बइलत बाकी मालगुजारि के मुसलम महाल निलाम होगा
२१०	रानिपुरपुर परगना बेसबक	२५०७॥=	मोतिबंगम ओ स्यद अहमद होसेन ओ मो: खानम जान मालकान मालगुजारान	बइलत बाकी मालगुजारि के मुसलम महाल निलाम होगा
२९५	मृजापुर गिलानि परगना तेलहाटा	१३१८	मो: स्यदो जान ओ मो. प्यारउलनिसा ओ मो. सगिजान ओ मो: फरिदन ओ शेख फेदा अलि ओ मो: वजिरउलनिसा ओ मो: वेगुजान ओ मो: होस्यनिजान उरफ उमराव साहिबे ओ मो. सितारा ओ शेख अमिर अलि ओ मो: वर्सातन ओ मो: वसारत उलनिसा असल विननफसहि मादर शेख वाहिद अलि पेसर नाबालिग ओ मो: शकल वासो ओ मो: मनकुअर ओ मो शकल वासो मादर वालिये गेंदौरि महतो पेसर नाबालिग गोपाल महतो ओ शिव प्रशाद चौधरि मालकान मालगुजारान	इसमे से सदरजमा ७००= मिनहाई होगा बाबत हिसे मो: शकवासो ओ मो: मनकुअर वगैरह जिसके साथ हिसाब खोला गेया बमौजिब द० १० एकट ११ सन १८५९ ई. ओ हिसे मनकुअर ओ मो: शकलवासो वगैरह गैर सायलान ओ सदरजमा जो निलाम होगा ६१७॥ – हिसे मो: स्यादोजान् ओ प्यारउलनिसा ओ संगिजान ओ मो: फरिदन ओ शेखफेदा अलि ओ मो: वजिरउल निसा ओ म: वेगुजान ओ मो: होस्यनि उरफ उमराव साहिबे ओ मो: सितारा ओ मो: वशारतउलनिसा असलविननफसहा मादर वालिये शेख वाहिद अलि पेशरनाबालिग ओ शेख अमिर अलि जिसके साथ हिसाब खोला गेया बमोराद द: १० एकट ११ सन् १८५९ ई: बइलत बाकी मालगुजारि के निलाम होगा

तौजी नम्बर	नाम महाल और परगना	सदरजमा	नाम मालिकों का	कैफियत
४८६	पांचितारा परगना बिहार	११६०॥ –	मीः उमतउल जोहरा उरफ बिबि बनो ओ मोहमद बाकर पेदर वालि वहिदउलहक वगैरह मालकान मालगुजारान	इसमे से सदरजमा ११३२९५ मिनहाई होगा बावत हिसे मोः उमतउल जोहरा उरफ बिबि बनो वगैरह जिसके साथ हिसाब खोला गेया बमोराद दः १० एकट ११ सन १८५९ ईः ओ जेर बटवारा किया गेया बमोराद दः ३३ कानुन १९ सन १८१४ ईः ओ स्वद रजा अलि वगैरह गैर सायलान ओ सदर जमा जो निलाम होगा २८।०७ बावत चारआने हिसे स्वद जमाल अलि वाके मौजे अः मोहिउदिनपुर देवकलि खरद बुजुर्ग मुतअलके लाट पांचितारा परगना बिहार जिसके साथ हिसाब खोला गेया बमोराद: दः १० एकट ११ सन् १८५९ ईः बईलत बाकी मालगुजारि निलाम होगा
७४६	एराजि तौफिर जहागिरपुर मगरपाल महाल जपति परगने शाहपुरमनेर	७८२८ –	नन्दकिशर मालिक मालगुजार	बइलत बाकी मालगुजारि के मुसलम महाल निलाम होगा

तारिख २४ महिना जुन सन १८७४ ईः

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, and under Section 3, Act VII of 1868, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Rungpore will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district, on Wednesday, the 29th July 1874, corresponding with 14th Sraban 1281, B.S., for arrears of revenue and other demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th March 1874.

CLASS I.—PERMANENTLY SETTLED ESTATE.

To be sold for arrears of revenue.

No. 7.—Mouzah Moubhasha, &c., chackla Futtehpore. The shares of the recorded proprietors, Essan Chundra, Bhoyrub Chunder, Tara Mohun Chouhdry, Brojokishori Dassia, Dhanessury Dassia, Boroda Soondery, Joyuntee Debea, Nilkant Sirmah, Moharaja Nrependra Narain Bhoop Bahadoor, minor, Mohamed Sadutullah, for himself and Sadutullah and Komaruddin, on behalf of Majohurullah, Faratullah, and Enaitullah (minors), Mutiullah, Kutubullah, Harasundery Debya, Bamasundery Gupta Choudhurani, Shona Bibi, Amirullah, minor, Jodunath Shaha Chowdhry, having been separated under Sections 10 & 11, Act XI of 1859, are excluded. The shares of Ishan Chundra, Bhoyrub Chundra Chowdhry, Hurchunder Gossami, Protap Mul Rakha, Abrannessa Khatoom, and Hurish Chunder Roy, the sudder jumma of which is Rs. 719-5-5, will be sold for arrears of Government revenue. The entire sudder jumma of the estate is Rs. 6,554-13-8.

To be sold for arrears of revenue.

No. 241.—Mouzah Naskurpore, &c., pergunnah Borobillah. The shares of the recorded proprietors, Omaruddin Mohamed Chowdhry, Dhanessury Dassea, and Khajey Enaitullah Chowdhry having been separated under Section 11, Act XI of 1859, are excluded. The share of Omaruddin Mohamed Chowdhry will be sold. The sudder jumma of the share put up for sale is Rs. 46-5-10. The sudder jumma of the entire estate is Rs. 966-12.

RUNGPORE COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, the 8th June 1874. E. G. GLAZIER, *Offg. Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Shahabad will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on the 8th day of August 1874, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 8th day of June 1874.

Class II.—Temporarily-settled estates.

No. 923.—Mehal Kurmi, pergunnah Chusa; sudder jumma, Rs. 935; recorded proprietors, Chubinath Kooner, for herself and as guardian of Baboo Jugduma Pershad Sing, minor son, Luchmepershad Sing, and Buxee Koonjbehary Lall, and others; will be sold for arrears of Government revenue amounting to Rs. 2-8-0.

Class I.—Permanently-settled estates.

No. 1686.—Mehal Mookraon, pergunnah Chynpore; sudder jumma of the entire mehal, Rs. 2,139-11-8; recorded proprietors, Ramjeawan Roy, Runjit Roy, Jaipal Roy, and others, non-applicants. The share of the above non-applicants alone, the sudder jumma of which is Rs. 1366, 2 *as.* 11 *p.* 0 *k.* 14 *m.* 6½ *d.* will be sold in satisfaction of Government revenue amounting to Rs. 4-10-6¾, excepting the shares of the proprietors (applicants) with whom separate accounts have been opened under Section 11, Act XI of 1859.

SHAHABAD COLLECTORATE, the 19th June 1874. H. W. ALEXANDER, *Collector.*

साहिब कलक्टर बहादुर जिले के हुक्म से

इश्तहार नीलाम मुताबिक दफा ६ एक्ट ११ सन १८५९ सब को आगाह चाहिये के यह महाल जो नीचे लिखा है बावत बाकी मालगुजारी सरकार व दूसरे दावे जो मुताबिक चार्टर्स व कानून जारी के बाकी मालगुजारी सरकार की तरह वसूल होने चाहिये व जो तारीख ८ महीना जून सन १८७४ को पाने थे तारीख ६ महीना अगस्त सन १८७४ मुताबिक ता: ८ महीना सावन सन १२८१ फसली दिन बीहस्पत् को इस जिले के साहेब कलक्टर की कचहरी में बिला उजुर के सब के सामने नीलाम होगा

नौजी नम्बर	नाम महाल और परगना	सदर जमा	नाम मालिकोंका	कैफियत
९२१	करमौपः चौसा	९५१	जगोनाथ कुमारचन्द बोली बाबु जगदम्बाप्रसाद सींघ पेदर नावालीग वो लछमी प्रसाद सींघ वो बछमी कुंजबीहारीलाल वो बाबु पद्मावन सींघ वो बाबु मोल सींघ वो अधमी सींघ वो बछग्रराम दयाद सींघ पेदर बला बाबु पंचानन्द नावालीग मोछमात देवकल कुमर मादर वो बालीग मोछमात राज पती कुमार वो मोछमात रामदेवाली कुमर वो बछग्रराम सींघ नरायन सींघ वो बछग्रर दखनप्रसाद सींघ वो बीजन सींघ वो राम नरायन सींघ वो राम कुमारी कुमार	बाकी ९॥० रुपाह महाल बाबत बीज आख दयतदार १ अपरेल सन १८९८ मंदोबस्त मे चादा है बरखत बाकी खास नीलाम होगा
१६८६	सुथरा बप्रः-थे मथुर	२१२९।८ ८ बोछतवारा	राम बीचावन राय वो रनजीत राय जैवाल राय बलवद राय देवी राय विशेश्वर राय वो मौदुथ चौबे श्रीबलभ राय प्रसाद राय जीतीराय सरीब प्रसन राय मथुरा राय मानीक राय वो बछराज राय वो रामरथराय गुदनी राय जैमङ्गल राय वो मोछमात अमरावती कुवार रामकुली कुवार वो चाबती राय रमेश्वर राय नैपालराय थु रामन चौबे वो राजमैन राय वो नन्हकु राय वो अंजुर राय वो चुरवाहर राय शोवरन राय बछराम राय वो तुलसी नोछम राय वो बीछेश्वर राय वो दिलजोर राय गुदी राय वो दखजीत राय वो शोना राय वो बीछनदेवाल राय वो कुलवंत तेवारी गैर आरखान तफरीक रोख	४।=९॥ ५।९ महाल चालाद्वाचा है बरखलिछमार विशेश्वरखान तफरीक रोख लिखका जमा बमौजीवदये ११ एक्ट ११ १८९८-९९ इसवी इकदे चाचाजाता है बाकीविसवे गैरखारखान तफरीक रोख व जमे १९५६—११ ५।१९५ मछात ९॥० जीसलीख नीलाम होगा

आ० १९ जून सन १८७४ मोताबीक मघ चाषाढ चाछोचाल अन१९ ८१ माह

NOTICE is hereby given under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the District of Gya will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 3rd day of August 1874, or 5th Sowan 1281 Fuslee, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 8th June 1874.

Towjih number	Name of the mehal and pergunnah	Sudder jumma	Arrears.	Name of the proprietors.	Remarks
		Rs A. P.	Rs. A P		
371	Mohun udpore Boodhoul, &c, Pergunnah Chutkawan	2,797 15 0	219 15 0	Ram Sahoy and Gouree Boyrath ..	In this estate the sudder jumma of Rs 1,398-15 has been separated under Act XI of 1859, which is paid up, The arrear is due from the jmalee portion of the estate which alone will be sold.
879	Jugdeespore, Pergunnah Goh	508 12 0	18 3 0	Chandee Singo, Kasee Singh	In this estate the accounts of Government revenue of Rs 37-12 have been separated under Act XI of 1859 The arrears Rs 18-3 have not been paid, for which this share alone will be sold.
879	Ditto ..	Including with the above	16 12 0	Doorga Singh Kishen Dharee Singh, Sheobarn Singh Petburn Singh, Imrit Singh, Khoob Lall Singh	The account of the share, the revenue of which is Rs. 68-4, has been separated under Act XI of 1859, and Rs. 16-12 on account of this share have not been paid, for which that share alone will be sold.
879	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	16 12 0	Ponest Singh, Bickun Singh	The account of this share Rs 34-2 has been separated under Act XI of 1859, the arrears of this instalment Rs. 16-12 have not been paid, hence this share alone will be sold.
879	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	153 15 0	Mussamut Wojdeh Begum, *alias* Waldeh Begum, Meer Kadir Alli, Rajah Khan Bahadoor, Ugur Singh, Bimdhoo Singh, Gungoo Singh, Ajeet Singh, Deodharree Singh, Mussamut Seeta Koour, Ram Lochun Singh, Deonaram Singh, Kashee Singh, Permeshur Singh, Syud Mehndee Hussein.	This is an jmalee share bearing a sudder jumma of Rs 383-10, the arrears of this instalment, Rs. 153-15, have not been paid, hence this jmalee share will be sold.
866	Durrawan, Pergunnah Goh.	1,226 12 0	32 13 0	Bundhoo Singh, Peetumber Singh, Gungoo Singh, Ugur Singh, Mussamut Seeta Koour, Ramlochun Singh.	In this estate the revenue of the shares which have been separated under Act XI of 1859, has been paid This balance of Rs 32-13 is due from the jmalee share, the sudder jumma of which is Rs 184, and hence this share alone will be sold
1171	Gowhurpoor, Sindhooaree, &c, Pergunnah Kubar.	6,105 12 0	800 0 0	Deenaut Roy, Moonshee Syud Ameer Alli, Mussamut Naseeran, Roopchund Sahoo, Kalee Dutt, Pran Singh, Sham Lall, himself and guardian of Chotoo Singh, consin brother, Bhekhdharee Singh, Boyjath Singh, Deep Singh.	In this estate the account of Government revenue of other shares has been separated under Act XI of 1859, but Rs. 800 appertaining to the jmalee share have not been paid, hence the above jmalee share alone will be sold.
3067	Pankerdeeh, Mulleeharee, Pergunnah Sherghotty	16,999 14 0	438 14 0	Hazaree Lall, Nadir Beebee, Imam Alli Khan, Uzmut Beebee, Heedast Beebee, Rumzan Khan, Remno Beebee, Lall Beebee, Kasim Alli Khan, Akhowree Chutterdharee Ram, Shank Lall, Kurn Lall, Sheodoyal Singh, Bholanauth, Syud Meer Khan, Ibrahim Alli Khan, Azis Khan, Mehur Khan, Bukut Khan, Raheem Khan, Jarbeharee Lall, Beharee Lall, Saheb Singh, Khadoo Lall, Wajid Alli, Syud Mohummud Hossein, Syud Fazul Hossein, Sheik Ohmadullah, Oomroow Beebee, Moharaj Singh, Mussamut Moonja Koour, mother and guardian of Sheobarn Singh, minor son, Suroop Narain Sheoraj, Bharthee Johul Singh, Jugurnath Singh, Goornarain Singh, Boolakee Singh, himself and guardian of Bhirgoonath Singh, and Hurdeosern Singh, minors, Busunt Singh, Needhanee Singh, Man Singh, Jedhee Singh,	In this estate the account of Government revenue of other shares has been separated under Act XI of 1859, has been paid, but Rs 438-14, appertaining to the jmalee share, the revenue of which is Rs. 2,674-15 have not been paid, hence the above jmalee share alone will be sold

Towjih number.	Name of the mehal and pergunnah.	Sudder jumma	Arrears.	Name of the proprietors	REMARKS
		Rs. A. P.	Rs A. P		
				Akhowree Hurbux Lall, Nurkoo Lall, Mussamut Mahumdoo Begum, Hunsraj Lall, Mussamut Jan Beebee, Mussamut Ameeron Beebee, Adam Khan, Ajodhya Singh, Jungee Singh, Seewan Singh, Sheocharn Singh, Lalloo Singh, Tasadook Alli Khan, Mussamut Fakarulnissa Beebee, *alias* Chumun Beebee, Mussamut Kaem Beebee, Fazul Hossein Khan, Abdool Hossein Khan, Ushruff Hossein Khan, Bahadoor Hossein Khan, Faizulla Khan, *alias* Furzool Khan, Mussamut Maneeran Beebee, Abdoolgafoor Khan, *alias* Bokharee Khan, Mussamut Fuzloo Beebee, Jungee Singh, Audit Singh, Chowdhree Tahal Singh, Dabee Singh, Doorga Singh, Chowdhree Nund Singh, Tahal Singh, Lakhoo Singh, Tahal Singh, Dabee Singh, Doorgo Singh, Sheosahoy Singh, Mussamut Roopkalee Koour.	
3190	Surawan Mehal consisting of 41 waste villages	6,110 1 0	1,909 7 0	Mrs E M. Hanney, leaseholder	This is not a permanently settled estate, but a temporary settlement for 20 years has been made from 1266 to 1285 Fuslee
3224	Koondul Talooka, Pergunnah Sherghotty	2,303 5 0	62 3 0	Ufzul Beebee, Baboo Seekunder Alli Khan, Roshun Beebee, Syud Alli Roza, Syud Habeebul Husnan, Daood Alli, Mussamut Fazilutulnissa, *alias* Chukoo, Goorsahay Sahoo, Mussamut Sauch Beebee, Sookhdeo Sahoy, Nainmanik Koour, Gunput Lall, Chunnun Sahoo, Chet Lall, Khirodhor Padhya, Abas Gemnoo Padhya, Abdool Alli Khan, Nazir Alli Khan, Mussamut Thakoora Koour, Luchmee Mahton, Saheb Alli Khan, Mussamut Fazilutulnissa, *alias* Chukoo, 2nd, wife of Habeebul Husnan, deceased	The revenue of other shares in this estate which have been separated under Act XI of 1859, has been paid, but Rs 62 3, appertaining to the ijmalee share, whose Government revenue is Rs 1,320 have not been paid, hence the ijmalee share will be sold
3265	Manee Chuck Talooka, Pergunnah Sherghotty	658 1 0	1 1 0	Ufzul Beebee, guardian of Sussun Beebee; Baboo Seekunder Alli Khan, Saheb Singh, Luckee Mahto, Bahadoor Alli Khan	In this estate the revenue of the shares which have been separated under Act XI of 1859, has been paid, but Re 1-1, appertaining to the ijmalee share, whose Government revenue is Rs. 209-13, is not paid in this instalment, hence this share alone will be sold

GYA COLLECTORATE,
The 8th July 1874.

A. V PALMER,
Collector.

کچہري کلکٹري ضلع گيا

اشتہار نامہ نيلام مطابق دفعہ ٦ - ايکٹ ١١ سنہ ١٨٥٩ع

واضح هو کہ يہہ محال جو نيچے لکھا هي بابت باقي مالگذاري سرکار و ديگر دعوي جو مطابق آئين و قانون مجاريہ کے باقي مالگذاري سرکار کے طرح وصول هوتا چ هئے اور جو تاريخ ٨ جون سنہ ١٨٧٤ع کو پايا تها رتاريخ ٣ - اگست سنہ ١٨٧٤ع مطابق ٥ ساون سنہ ١٢٨١ فصلي روز سوموار کو اس ضلع کے صاحب کلکٹر کے کچہري مين بلا عذر سب کے سامنے نيلام هوگا

نمبر	نمبر توزيع	نام محال و پرگنہ	جمع صدر	نام مالکان باقيداران	کيفيت	تعداد باقي
دائمي	٣٧١	محمد پور نودهول وغيرہ پرگنہ چر کانوان	٢٧٩٧-١	رام سهاے و گوري نيچدانهہ ...	محال هذا مين اور حصہ بموجب ايکٹ ١١ سنہ ١٨٥٩ع کے تحصيل وصول عليحدہ هوتا هي وہ بيباق هي باقي هذا حصہ احمال هي جسکا جمع صدر ١٥-١٢٩٨ هي باقي چاهئے	٢١٩-١٥
ايضا	٨٧٩	جگديش پور اردي پرگنہ گوہ	٥٠٣-١٢	چندي سنگہ کاشي سنگہ ...	يہہ حصہ بموجب ايکٹ ١١ سنہ ١٨٥٩ع کے تحصيل وصول عليحدہ هوتا هي وجمع صدر اوسکا ١٢-٣٧ هي باقي چاهئے	١٨-٣
ايضا	شامل ايضا	ايضا	شامل ايضا	درگا سنگہ وکشددهاري سنگہ و ايرن سنگہ و ايرن سنگہ و امرت سنگہ و خوب لعل سنگہ	يہہ حصہ بموجب ايکٹ ١١ سنہ ١٨٥٩ع کے عليحدہ تحصيل و وصول هوتا هي وجمع صدر اوسکا ٣-٦٨ هي باقي چاهئے	١٦ ١٢
ايضا	شامل ايضا	ايضا	شامل ايضا	سونيت سنگہ و نهيکن سنگہ ...	يہہ حصہ بموجب ايکٹ ١١ سنہ ١٨٥٩ع تحصيل ووصول عليحدہ هوتا هي و جمع صدر اوسکا ٢-٣٤ هي باقي چاهئے	١٩-١٢
ايضا	شامل ايضا	ايضا	شامل ايضا	مسماة و واجدہ بيگم عرف والدہ بيگم و مير قادر علي و راجہ خان بهادر و آگر سنگہ و نندهو سنگہ و گنگو سنگہ و رجيت سنگہ و ديودهاري سنگہ و مسماة سيتا کنور و رام لوچن سنگہ و ديو نراين سنگہ وکاشي سنگہ و پرميشر سنگہ و سيد مهدي حسين	يہہ حصہ بعد تقويتي رول ديگر حصہ کے بضيعہ اجمال هي جمع صدر اوسکا ١٠-٣٦٣ هي باقي چاهئے	١٥ ١٥٣
ايضا	٨٩٦	کندوان پرگنہ گوہ	١٢٢٦-١٢	نندهوسنگہ و پيتمبر سنگہ وگانگو سنگہ و آگر سنگہ و مسماة سيتا کنور و رام لوچن سنگہ	محال هذا مين اور حصہ بموجب ايکٹ ١١ سنہ ١٨٥٩ع کے تحصيل وصول عليحدہ هوتا هي وہ سب حصہ بيباق هي يہہ باقي بحصہ اجمال کہ جمع صدر اوسکا ١٨٤ هي باقي چاهئے	٣٢-١٣
ايضا	١١٧١	گوهر پور سندواري وغيرہ پرگنہ کانر	٦٠١٥ ١٢	بابت راے و ماشي سيد اميرعلي و مسماة نصيرن و روپچند ساهو و کالي دت و پران سنگہ و شام لعل خود والياں جهوٹو سنگہ برادر عموي حقيقي و جهيکہ دهاري سنگہ و نيچدانهہ سنگہ و دنب سنگہ	محال هذا مين اور حصہ بموجب ايکٹ ١١ سنہ ١٨٥٧ع کے تحصيل وصول عليحدہ هوتا هي وہ سب بيباق هي اور يہہ باقي بحصہ اجمال کہ جسکا جمع صدر ٨-٢ ٨٤١ هي چاهئے	٨٠١

نمبر	نمبر توزیع	نام محال و پرگنه	جمع صدر	نام مالکان باقیداران	کیفیت	تعداد باقي
ایضا	۳۰۶۷	پالکرة یهه تلهاري وغیرة تعلقه پرگنه شهرگهاتی	۱۵۴۹۹-۱۴	هزاری لال و نادر بي بي و امام علی خان و عصمت بي بي و هدایت بي بي و رمضان خان و بدون بي بي و لال بي بي و قاسم علي خان و اکهوري چهتر دهاري رام و شوق لال و کرن لال و سیو دیال سنگهه و بهولا ناتهه و سید میر خان و ابراهیم علي خان و عزیز خان و مهرجان و نجیب خان و رحم خان و جے بهاري لال و بهاري لال و صاحب سنگهه و گیندو لال دادار علي و سید محمد حسن و سید فضل حسن شیخ احمد الله و امراو بي بي و مهاراج سنگهه و مسماة مونجا کنور والدة والیه ا بیرن سنگهه پسر نابالغ و سروپ نراین و سیو راج بهاري و جهل سنگهه و جگر ناتهه سنگهه و گورنرین سنگهه و بلاقی سنگهه خودها والیان هرکو ناتهه سنگهه و هردیو سون سنگهه نابالغان و سیب سنگهه و نندهالي سنگهه و بالکه و جودهي سنگهه و اکهوري هربخش لال و هرکو لال و مسماة محمدو بیگم و هنسراج لال و مسماة جان بي بي و مسماة امیرن بي بي و آدم خان و اجودهیا سنگهه و جنکي سنگهه و سیون سنگهه و سیوچرن سنگهه و لالو سنگهه و تصدق علي خان و مسماة فخرالنسا بي بي عرف چمن بي بي و مسماة خانم بي بي و فضل حسین خان و عبد الحسین خان و اشرف حسین خان و بهادر حسین خان و فیض الله خان عرف مرادن خان و مسماة منیرن بي بي و عبد الغفور خان عرف بکهوري خان و مسماة فضلو بي بي و جنکي سنگهه و روپ سنگهه و چودهري سیتل سنگهه و دیبي سنگهه و درگا سنگهه و چودهري سیتل سنگهه و سیتل سنگهه و لکهن سنگهه و سیتل سنگهه و دیبي سنگهه و درگا سنگهه و سیوسهاے سنگهه و مسماة روپ کلي کنور	محال هذا مین اور حصه بموجب اکٹ ۱۱ سنه ۱۸۵۹ع کے علیحده تحصیل وصول هوا هي وه سب بیباق هي اور یهه باقي بحصه اجمال جسکا جمع صدر ۱۵-۲۶۷۴ هي چاهئے	۴۳۸-۱۴
مستاجري	۳۱۹۰	سرا دوان تعلقه محال ۴۱ قلم دیهات ویرانه پرگنه شهرگهاتي	۳۱۱۰-۱	مسٹر بس اي یم هلوي صاحبه یکي از مالکه بطور مستاجر	محال هذا بندوبست بست ساله ابتداي سنه ۱۲۶۶ لغایته سنه ۱۲۸۵ فصلي بجمع مختلف بر سنه حال لغایته سنه ۱۲۸۲ فصلي مبلغ ۳-۵۴۳۱ مال و مبلغ ۱۴-۶۷۸ مالکانه جمله مبلغ ۱-۶۱۱۰ واز ابتداي سنه ۱۲۸۳ لغایته سنه ۱۲۸۵ فصلي مبلغ ۳-۶۷۲۸ مال و مبلغ ۸۴۱ مالکانه جمله مبلغ ۳-۷۵۶۹ جمع هي	۱۰۴۹

نمبر وار	نمبر توزیع	نام محال و پرگنه	جمع صدر	نام مالکان ناپیداران	کیفیت	تعداد باقي
دائمي	۳۲۲۴	کوندل تعلقه پرگنه شهرگهاٹي	۲۳۰۳۰۵	افضل بي بي و بابو سکندر علي خان و روش بي بي و سيد علي رضا و سيد حبيب الحسين و داود علي و مسماة فضل النسا عرف جنکو و کور سهاے ساهو و مسماة سانچ بي بي و سکديو سهاے بين مالك کنور و گدپت لال و چمن ساهو و حب لال وگرودهر اپدهيا عرف کنو پدهيا و عبد الامي خان و نظر علي خان و مسماة تهکورو کنور و لچمي مهتون و صاحب علي خان و مسماة فضل النسا عرف مسماة جنگو زوجه ثانيه سيد حبيب الحسين مرحوم	اور حصه محال هذا مين بموجب اکٹ ۱۱ سنه ۱۸۵۹ مسيحه کے تحصيل وصول عليحده هوتا هي وه سب حصه بباق هي اور يهه باقي حصه اجمال جسکا صدر ۱۳۲۰۰۱ هي چاهئے	۶۲۳
۱ضا	۳۲۶۵	مشي چك تعلقه پرگنه شهرگهاٹي	۶۵۸۰۱	افضل بي بي والي حسن بي بي و بابو سکندر علي خان و صاحب سنگهه و لچمي مهتون و بهادر علي خان	محال هذا مين اور حصه بموجب اکٹ ۱۱ سنه ۱۸۵۹ مسيحه کے تحصيل وصول عليحده هوتا هي وه سب بباق هي اور يهه باقي حصه اجمال جسکا جمع صدر ۲۰۹۱۳ هي چاهئے	۱۰۱

العبد طالور سنگهه محرر مشي خانه کلکٹر بصلع گيا

تحرير في التاريخ ۲۵ جون سنه ۱۸۷۴ عيسوي

AZHUROL HUQ, *Deputy Collector.*

Notice

Is hereby given that the land specified in the schedule hereunto annexed, and of which the plan is open to inspection at the office of the Deputy-Commissioner of Nowgong, Assam, will be sold by public auction, at the office of the said Deputy-Commissioner, at 11 o'clock, on the 2nd October 1874, unless meantime the sale is stopped or postponed in consequence of claims or objections under Act XXIII of 1863 (to provide for the adjudication of claims to waste lands), or owing to any other cause.

For the conditions of sale see the detailed notice, copies of which may be obtained on application to the Deputy-Commissioner of Nowgong, Assam.

SCHEDULE.

A lot of waste land, consisting of about 317 acres, situated in Mouzah Telia Chapori, in the district of Nowgong, Assam, and bounded as follows:—

North.—A line drawn from pillar marked G, on the side of a road to pillar H, and a stream called Dijoo Nuddee on the north-east, at a distance of 400 yards.

South.—A line drawn from pillar O to pillar A, on the south-west, at a distance of 1,580 yards.

West.—A line drawn from pillar A to pillar B on the north-west, at a distance of 240 yards; from pillar B to pillar C on the north-west, at a distance of 200 yards; from pillar C to pillar D on the north-west, at a distance of 220 yards; from pillar D to pillar E on the north-west, at a distance of 1,320 yards; from pillar E to pillar F on the north-west, at a distance of 600 yards; from pillar F to pillar G on the north-east, at a distance of 940 yards.

East.—A line drawn from pillar H to pillar I on the south-east, along the edge of the above stream, at a distance of 400 yards; from pillar I to pillar J on the south-east, along the edge of the above stream, at a distance of 200 yards; from pillar J to pillar K on the south-east, along the edge of the above stream, at a distance of 120 yards; from pillar K to pillar L on the south-east, along the edge of the above stream, at a distance of 200 yards; from pillar L to pillar M on the south-east, at a distance of 500 yards; from pillar M to pillar N on the south, at a distance of 820 yards; from pillar N to pillar O on the south-west at a distance of 500 yards.

Note.—The pillars are marked A to O on the plan of the land filed in the office of the Deputy-Commissioner.

NOWGONG, ASSAM, the 1st May 1874. J. F. SHERER, *Deputy Commissioner.*

Notice

Is hereby given that the land specified in the schedule hereunto annexed, and of which the plan is open to inspection at the office of the Deputy Commissioner of Durrung, will be sold by public auction at the said Deputy Commissioner's office at Tezpore at 11 o'clock A. M., on the 3rd October 1874, unless in the meantime the sale is stopped, or postponed in consequence of claims or objections, under Act XXIII of 1863 (to provide for the adjudication of claims to waste lands) or owing to any other cause.

For the conditions of sale, see detailed notice, copies of which may be obtained on application to the Deputy Commissioner of Durrung.

SCHEDULE.

A lot of waste land consisting of 843·97 acres, situated in Mouzah Sakomatha in the district of Durrung, and bounded as follows :—

East.—By a line running from pillar B to C along the Majulighor, measuring 3,375 yards long.

South.—By a line from pillar B to pillar A and by Gorsunga Bheel, measuring 1,155 yards.

West.—By a line from pillar A to pillar D along the Khoraghor and the Dehingjhan, measuring 2,215 yards approximately.

North.—By Bengna Khawa Joory (stream), measuring approximately 2,665 yards.

The pillars are marked A B C D on the map filed in the office of the Deputy Commissioner of Durrung, Assam.

J. M. GRAHAM, *Deputy Commissioner.*

ZILLAH DURRUNG REVENUE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE, the 16th *May* 1874.

Notice

Is hereby given that the land specified in the schedule hereunto annexed, and of which the plan is open to inspection at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Durrung, will be sold by public auction, at the said Deputy Commissioner's Office, at Tezpore, at 11 A.M., on the 13th October 1874, unless in the meantime the sale is stopped or postponed in consequence of claims or objections under Act XXIII of 1863 (to provide for the adjudication of claims to Waste Lands), or owing to any other cause.

For the conditions of sale see detailed notice, copies of which may be obtained on application to the Deputy Commissioner of Durrung.

Tezpore, the 26th May 1874. J. M. GRAHAM, *Deputy Commissioner.*

SCHEDULE.

A lot of Waste Land, consisting of 399·75 acres situated in Mouzah Shakomatha, in the district of Durrung, and bounded as follows :—

West—By a line running from pillar A to pillar B through grass jungle, bearing 140°30″ east, and measuring 2610 feet approximately.

South—By a line running from pillar B to pillar D through grass jungle, bearing 66°5″ east, and measuring 6178 feet approximately.

East—By a line running from pillar D to pillar C through grass jungle, bearing 148° west, and measuring 3140 feet approximately.

North—By a line from pillar C to pillar A through grass jungle, bearing 60°45″ west, and measuring 6168 feet approximately.

The pillars are marked on the map filed in the office of the Deputy Commissioner of Durrung, Assam, and have been erected.

Wanted.

A SHERISTADAR for the Judge's Court, Jessore.

A thorough knowledge of English and of the duties of the office required. Salary Rs. 120.

Applications and copies of testimonials to be sent to the District Judge of Jessore before the 25th July.

JESSORE JUDGE'S COURT, the 4th July 1874. H. B. LAWFORD, *Judge.*

Notice.

The place of translator in the Court of the District and Sessions Judge of Gya being vacant, applications for the appointment will be received up to July 21st by the Judge.

Copies of testimonials (not originals) to be forwarded with each application. The age of the applicant should be given in the application. A knowledge of both Urdu and Persian is indispensable. The pay of the appointment is Rs. 100.

GYA CIVIL AND SESSIONS COURT, the 3rd July 1874. E. GREY, *Judge.*

Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta.

NOTICE.

UNDER SECTION 69 OF ACT V (B.C.) OF 1870.

THE following Packages, landed at the Jetties from the undermentioned ships, have been removed to the Commissioners' Import Warehouse, where they remain at the risk and expense of the owners. If not cleared within two months from the date stated against each item, they will be sold under Section 72 of the said Act.

Date of removal to Import Warehouse	No., Mark, and Description	Consignees	Ships.
1874.			
July 7th ..	1 Cask, B N L	... Bisso Nath Law & Co.	Saint Malo.
„ 7th ...	1 Case, B M B	... Order ..	Ditto.
„ 7th ...	4 Cases, C D. & Co.	.. Cally Dass Dhur & Co	Ditto.
„ 7th ...	1 Case, [H & E] C & B	... Order ...	Ditto.
„ 7th ...	1 „ H R	... „ ..	Ditto.
„ 7th ..	30 Casks, [J D] F. T. B. & Co.	... „ ..	Ditto.
„ 7th ..	1 Case, addressed	... J. L. Lyell, Esq, care of L. Rennie & Co.	Ditto.
„ 7th ...	1 Cask, no mark	... Order ...	Ditto.
„ 7th ...	1 „ „ or O. C. M. & Co.	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 7th ..	1 Case, no mark	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 7th ...	2 Casks, [R. M. & Co]	... Issur Chunder Shaw & Co.	Ditto.
„ 7th ...	50 Cases, S B. & C., H. S. K. & Co.	Order ...	Ditto.
„ 7th ..	1 Case, [40] S. D. & Co	... Shib Chun Dutt ..	Ditto.
„ 7th ...	1 Cask, S C D	... Surroop Chunder Dass	Ditto.
„ 7th ..	1 Case, [A F] G	.. Playfair Duncan & Co.	City of Cambridge.
„ 7th ...	3 Packages, [B D] F M	... Order ...	Ditto.
„ 7th ...	1 Case, P [C]	... P. Duncan & Co. ...	Ditto.
„ 7th ...	1 „ addressed	... M. Fox, Esq. ...	Ditto.
„ 7th ...	1 „ W C S K [G L S]	... Order ...	Ditto.
„ 7th ...	1 Bale, [G D C]	P. Duncan & Co. ...	Ditto.
„ 7th ...	1 Drain water pipe W	... Anderson Wallace ...	Ditto.
„ 7th ...	6 Pieces Machinery no mark	... Order ..	Ditto.
„ 7th ..	2 Cases, W C S K [L N R D]	... „ ..	Ditto.
„ 7th ...	1 „ [P D] C 2	... P Duncan & Co. ...	Ditto.
„ 7th ...	1 „ addressed	... A. Roberts, Esq. ...	Ditto.
„ 7th ...	3 „ S K C	... Order ..	Ditto.
„ 7th ..	11 „ [A T C L]	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 7th ...	1 Case, [W C M]	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 7th ...	6 Bales, [W. W & Co.]	... Graham & Co. ...	Ditto.
„ 7th ...	18 Truss, [S K M]	... Order ...	Ditto.
„ 7th ...	18 Parcel, [G S H]	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 7th ...	1 „ addressed	.. P Duncan & Co ...	Ditto.
„ 7th ..	1 „ „	.. J. Gordon ...	Ditto.
„ 7th ...	1 „ [C N] C	. Order ...	Ditto.
„ 6th ...	1 Case, [845] A. B. & Co	... „ ...	Balkamah.
„ 6th ...	2 Cases, 264	... „ ..	Ditto.
„ 6th ...	2 „ [1] A B C	.. „ ...	Ditto.
„ 6th ...	1 Case, [201] A. B & Co.	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 6th ...	100 Cases, [A. L. & Co.]	... „ ...	Ditto
„ 6th ...	2 „ [217] A, B & Co.	.. „ ...	Ditto.
„ 6th ...	2 „ 10	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 6th ..	2 „ 345	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 6th ...	2 „ [B N G P] A. B & Co.	„ ..	Ditto.
„ 6th ...	1 Cask, [10 B] A. B. & Co.	.. „ ...	Ditto.
„ 6th ...	2 Cases, [D C R] F. T. B & Co.	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 6th ...	1 Case, G. M. D. & Co.	... „ ...	Ditto.
„ 6th ...	1 „ [G D K]	.. „ ...	Ditto.
„ 6th ...	1 Cask, G. F. K. & Co.	... G. F. Kelner & Co.	Ditto.
„ 6th ...	4 Cases, [H B] A. B. & Co.	... Order ...	Ditto.
„ 6th ...	18 „ [H & E] C & B	... „ ...	Ditto.

Date of removal to Import Warehouse.	No., Mark, and Description.	Consignees.	Ships.
1874.			
July 6th ...	5 Packages, N C. & Co,	... Mohaboo Bux	... Balkamah.
„ 6th ...	2 Packages, no mark	... Order	... Ditto.
„ 6th ...	99 Cases, P M B	... „	... Ditto.
„ 6th ...	1 Case, [S. B. & Co.] C & B	... Seal Brothers	... Ditto.
„ 10th ...	4 Bales, B W W	... A. Wright & Co.	... City of Carthage.
„ 10th ...	10 „ C C C	... C. Nephew & Co.	... Ditto.
„ 10th ...	1 Bale, C W W	... A. Wright & Co.	... Ditto.
„ 10th ...	2 Bales, [D C B C]	... C. Nephew & Co.	... Ditto.
„ 10th ...	1 Bale, Queen C C	... Graham & Co.	... Ditto.
„ 10th ...	1 „ D D D	... C. Nephew & Co.	.. Ditto.
„ 10th ...	1 „ G B C	... Graham & Co.	... Ditto.
„ 10th ...	1 „ G D C Star	... Graham & Co.	... Ditto.
„ 10th ...	2 Bales, C G N T G	... Tamvaco & Co.	... Ditto.
„ 10th ...	1 Bale, J P C	.. Order	... Ditto.
„ 10th ...	50 Bales, S M [L W B]	... „	... Ditto.
„ 10th ...	21 „ [J N F C]	.. J. N. Fleming & Co.	Ditto.
„ 10th ...	1 Bale, J B C C W	... A Wright & Co.	... Ditto.
„ 10th ...	4 Bales, [L C P]	.. Order	... Ditto.
„ 10th ...	5 „ [L] B C	... A. Wright & Co.	... Ditto.
„ 10th ...	1 Bale, M S	... Order	... Ditto.
„ 10th ...	1 „ [N P] C	... P. Duncan & Co.	... Ditto.
„ 10th ...	3 Bales, P. T. & Co.	... Paul Tambaci & Co.	Ditto.
„ 10th ...	1 Bale, S K M	.. S. Kilburn & Co.	... Ditto.
„ 10th ...	6 Bales, [W. W. & Co.]	... Order	... Ditto.
„ 10th ...	5 „ G [74 W B]	... Williamson Brothers	Ditto.
„ 10th ...	2 „ [ ]	... Ede & Hobson	... Ditto.
„ 10th ...	1 Bale, D C [G]	... Ker Dods & Co	... Ditto.
„ 4th ...	200 Pieces, Iron Sheets no mark	... Order	... S. S Bertha.
„ 4th ...	2 Bundle Sheet Iron C & S	... „	.. Ditto.
„ 4th ...	119 Pieces, flat bars no mark	... „	.. Ditto.
„ 4th ..	13 Pieces Angle Iron, B. S. C. M. N. P. & Co.	„	... Ditto.
„ 4th ...	2 Bundles Flat Bars, no mark	... „	... Ditto.
„ 4th ...	1 Bundle Round Iron „	.. „	... Ditto.
„ 4th ...	1 „ Square Iron „	... „	... Ditto.
„ 4th ...	9 Pieces Round Bolt Iron no mark	„	... Ditto.
„ 4th ...	1 Piece Round Bar „	... „	... Ditto.
„ 4th ...	1 „ Square Rod Iron „	... „	... Ditto.
„ 10th ...	1 Case, [A L] P B	... „	... Steam Ship Timour.
„ 10th ...	1 Cask, B. L & Co	... „	.. Ditto.
„ 10th ...	1 Case, addressed	... Captain Harry M. Bartton, B S C, care of Grindlay & Co.	Ditto.
„ 10th ...	8 Cases, C C & H	... Order	... Ditto.
„ 10th ...	1 Case, addressed	... S. S. Le Fevre, care of Colburn, Rangoon.	Ditto.
„ 10th ..	2 Cases, G P & S	... C. Cowie & Co.	... Ditto.
„ 10th ...	1 Case, addressed	... Captain R. C. Gordon, R E	
„ 10th ...	118 Cases, H H J	... H. H. Joquet	... Ditto.
„ 10th ...	1 Case, H M M L	... Order	... Ditto.
„ 10th ...	1 „ addressed	... The Authorities Howrah Municipality.	Ditto.
„ 10th ...	1 „ W D	... Army Clothing Department.	Ditto.
„ 10th ...	2 Cases, J. M. & Co., C & B	... Order	... Ditto.
„ 10th ...	1 Case, [760], K D & B	... „	... Ditto.
„ 10th ...	7 Packages, K. M. & Co.	... „	... Ditto.
„ 10th ...	2 Cases, [C & M]	... „	... Ditto.
„ 10th ...	1 Case, C & B	.. „	... Ditto.
„ 10th ...	3 Cases, [C. P. & Co.]	... C. Palmer & Co.	... Ditto.
„ 10th ...	5 „ D L M	... Order	... Ditto.
„ 10th ...	2 „ A. B. & Co, [D N]	... „	... Ditto.

Date of removal to Import Warehouse 1874	No., Mark, and Description.	Consignees.	Ships.
July 10th ..	1 Keg, [G C D M] ...	Gocool Chunder Daw & Co.	...Steam Ship Timour.
„ 10th ...	3 Packages, G D K ...	Orders ...	Ditto.
„ 10th ...	1 Case, G M D C ...	Order ...	Ditto.
„ 10th ...	2 Cases, L G M [ ] ..	Lally Mohun Mitter	Ditto.
„ 10th ...	1 Cask, H N. M. H. S. K. & Co.	Order ..	Ditto.
„ 10th ...	1 Case, J. O. H. & Co., Akyab ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 10th ...	1 „ J S ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 10th ...	4 Cases, [M L C] ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 10th ...	2 „ [11] M. C. & Co. ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 10th ...	12 Packages, no mark ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 10th ...	1 Case, addressed ...	The Commanding Officer, 51st K. O. Light Infantry.	Ditto.
„ 10th ...	50 Cases, R. D. & C. ...	Delivered ...	Ditto.
„ 10th ...	2 Casks, R S & C ...	Order ...	Ditto.
„ 10th ...	1 Case, E R [R L P 371] ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 10th ...	10 Packages, [R G] F T B & C ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 10th ...	1 Case, S E C ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 10th ...	2 Cases, [S. C. & Co.] F T B ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 10th ...	1 Case, L S G M ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 10th ...	1 „ T S & L S ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 10th ...	1 „ addressed ...	Revd. Valens ...	Ditto.
„ 10th ...	1 „ W N & C ...	Order ...	Ditto.
„ 10th ...	255 Cases, [W. & Co.] Calcutta F. & Sons ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 10th ...	11 Cases, W L A ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 10th ...	2 „ [W & C.] S. L. & Co....	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 10th ...	1 Case, [W & C] N S ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 10th ...	6 Cases, D S ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 9th ...	1 „ J. O H. & Co., or N K...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 9th ...	4 Casks, A C M & C ...	„ ...	Chinsurah.
„ 9th ...	1 Case, [W] ...	„ ..	St Maldah.
„ 9th ...	5 Cases, [I S D] ...	Medical Store Department.	Ditto.
„ 9th ...	2 Drums, N B D ..	„ ...	City of Cashmere.
„ 10th ...	2 Cases, G M & C ...	„ ...	Queen Victoria.

CALCUTTA, the 11th July 1874. (275—1) W. DUFF BRUCE, *Offg. Vice-Chairman.*

Notice.

List of Unclaimed Packages on the Custom House Wharf.

Mark or Number of Packages.	Ships.
2 Casks, Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co.	... Burmah.
1 China dressing case, no mark	... Hindostan.
1 Packet of tins, no mark	... China.
2 Chairs, Miss Lowen	... Woosung.
1 Case, H. Graham, Esq., ...	... Navarino.
1 Bundle cooking pans, no mark	... China.
1 Jar preserves, no mark	... Ditto.
1 Spittoon, no mark	... Ditto.
1 Bag vegetables, no mark	... Statesman.
2 Sample bags, Robert & Charriol, Calcutta ...	... Statesman.
1 Parcel, N M	.. Meinam.
1 Case, [H. & Co.] 244 Calcutta	... Khiva.

N.B.—The above will be sold if not cleared within the 25th of July 1874.

1 Rod iron, no mark, supposed to be L S F ...	... Jane Porter.
1 Case, [G C S B] No. 146, Calcutta	... Star of Erin.

N.B.—The above, landed under the Act, will be sold if not cleared within the 31st of August 1874.

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS, the 11th July 1874. T. B. LANE, *Offg. Collector of Customs.*

LOST CURRENCY NOTES.

THE following Currency Notes of the Government of India, Calcutta Circle, are stated to have been lost, and payment of their value has been claimed by the persons whose names are placed against the numbers; any other person having these Notes in his possession, or claiming a right to them, is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned:—

Notes wholly lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value	Name of Claimant.
		Rs	
6859	A/11 42821	100	Sreehurry Sen.
6863	L/88 95460	100	Tariny Churn Bose & Co.
	,, 58556	100	
	,, 69201	100	
	,, 86288	100	
	,, 93225	100	
	,, 67653	100	
	L/19 97281	50	
6864	L/88 86128	100	Goordhun Das Roopram.
	,, 93237	100	
6871	L/5 24520	10	Sreekally Ghose.
	L/33 51346	10	
6872	A/18 39294	1,000	The Magistrate of Cuttack.
6873	A/88 34097	1,000	Ram Bhunjo Ram.
	A/89 55671	500	
6885	,, 40553	100	Sunjum Ram.
6886	,, 67764	100	Poorno Chunder Poladhy.
	,, 57178	100	
	,, 77294	100	
6887	,, 03351	100	Bhoyroram Ram Chund.
	,, 39515	100	
	,, 76208	100	
	,, 76207	100	
	,, 76206	100	
6888	L/14 28801	10	Mohendronath Mukerjee.
6913	L/88 04878	100	R. N. Mody.
6914	,, 75215	100	Abdolla Moosah.
6915	L/18 75700	10	Moheschunder Das.
6916	L/16 32804	50	The District Superintendent of Police Patna.
6919	A/91 16242	20	The Officer Commanding 5th Battery 13th Brigade Royal Artillery, Attack.
6920	L/5 11573	100	Kadernath Banerjee.
6922	L/38 89108	50	Nundololl Ghose.
6926	L/45 02892	50	W. L. Atkinson.
6929	L/14 64941	10	Gobind Chunder Bose.
6931	L/9 86644	50	The District Superintendent of Police, Dinageporre.
6932	L/19 97438	50	Deen Mahomed.

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

6843	L/16 19519	20	Radhagobind Ghose.
6847	L/18 37522	100	P. H. Durup deDombal.
6848	A/96 28443	10	The Honorary Secretary, Nurroa Club.
6851	L/2 80960	10	Premchund Sircar.
6852	L/19 72475	50	Prankissen Mookerjee.
6854	,, 72068	5	Doorgachurn Mookerjee.
	,, 72069	5	
	,, 72070	5	
	,, 72071	5	
6855	L/17 56182	20	Krishnakanta Pramanick.
	L/35 53181	10	
6856	L/27 46256	20	J. Beletty.
6857	A/24 36073	20	Troylukhonath Bose.
6860	L/38 01171	20	Abdool Hakim Khan and Abdool Gunny Khan & Co.
	,, 01172	20	
	L/37 65327	20	
	L/36 22857	10	
6865	L/35 51941	100	The Manager, Agra Bank, Limited.
	,, 51948	100	
	L/18 63401	50	

Notes partially lost or destroyed

Register No.	No. of Notes	Value. Rs.	Name of Claimant.
6866	L/14 59433	20	Hurry Ram Santloll.
6862	A/89 47327	500	Ramphul Ram.
	L/36 03134	100	
	,, 21784	100	
	A/92 85744	50	
	L/12 66049	20	
	L/36 08515	20	
	A/80 43659	10	
	L/1 28081	10	
	L/2 82120	10	
	,, 89500	10	
	L/3 62571	10	
	,, 97358	10	
	L/4 19751	10	
	,, 51759	10	Ramphul Ram.
	L/5 55814	10	
	,, 82473	10	
	L/6 08696	10	
	L/33 39990	10	
	,, 39991	10	
	,, 39992	10	
	,, 39993	10	
	L/9 12512	5	
	,, 12519	5	
	,, 97639	5	
	L/10 00883	5	
	,, 20883	5	
	,, 45507	5	
	L/11 49134	5	
	,, 89515	5	
6867	L/12 64091	20	Prosono Coomar Shome.
	L/11 05912	5	
6868	L/35 88099	10	Ramlol Dey.
6880	L/14 29244	20	Hurish Chunder Ghose.
	L/33 12694	10	
	L/10 27570	5	
	,, 27569	5	
6881	L/11 06797	5	Gopalkisto Daw.
6882	L/25 56866	20	Ajoodhia Pershad.
6883	L/16 14721	20	Shaik Umjeed Ally Khan.
	L/36 68221	20	
6890	L/16 22954	5	Gooroo Pershad Chatterjee.
6891	L/34 28108	10	Jalliram Bhurtia.
6892	A/89 54078	500	Sadooram Sodasook.
6893	,, 50057	500	Golab Chund.
6894	L/37 71689	20	Ramdas Banerjee.
	,, 71690	20	
6895	L/33 41990	10	Hem Chunder Mitter.
	A/95 63011	10	
	L/34 41991	10	
	L/18 20729	5	
6896	L/9 30318	5	Dwarka Nath Mookerjee.
6897	A/97 37021	10	Sambhu Narayan Sahye.
6898	L/38 64231	100	Madhub Chunder Banerjee.
	L/36 99459	20	
	L/45 45321	10	
6899	L/18 56772	20	Degindra Prosad Mookerjee.
	,, 56773	20	
6900	L/16 23165	5	Woomesh Chunder Sanyal.
6901	A/80 32605	10	Rakhal Chunder Ghose.
6902	L/14 73704	20	Goordhun Das Roopram.
	A/89 44055	500	
6903	L/37 65990	20	Capt. D. Spiller.

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

Registered No.	No. of Notes.	Value. Rs.	Name of Claimant.
6905	L/56 39264	@ Rs. 20 each	Kisar Sing.
	,, 39267		
	,, 39266		
	,, 39337		
	,, 39268		
	,, 39269		
	,, 39270		
	,, 39500		
	,, 39499		
	,, 39498		
6906	L/15 68912	50	Juggernath Shewpershad.
6907	L/14 78032	20	Ramlall Dutt.
	L/11 02292	5	
6909	A/55 54201	500	Mahomed Baker.
	L/16 86074	20	
6918	L/55 48938	100	Bunka Behary Biswas.
	L/5 56896	10	
6924	L/35 23468	10	Cally Churn Banerjee.
6925	L/16 05517	5	Chunder Nath Bhuttacharjee
6928	L/19 76695	50	T. F. Brown & Co.
	L/55 57304	100	
6930	L/5 62013	@ Rs. 10 each	Kahrooram.
	L/35 94553		
	,, 53093		
	L/55 73162		
	L/55 81197		
	L/16 43720		
	L/33 84057		
	L/55 93032		
	L/55 59628		
	L/5 77317		
	L/55 53138		
	,, 72294		
	L/5 64481		
	L/55 68329		
	L/33 91730		
	L/5 97215		
	L/55 97644		
	L/5 59906		
	L/55 08691		
	L/16 95140		
	L/13 69024		
	L/16 95609	@ Rs. 20 each	Kahrooram.
	L/18 28216		
	L/55 80529		
	L/16 83251		
	L/17 58578		
	L/55 69212		
	L/14 82290		
	L/55 51000		
	L/13 82474		
	L/57 38311		
	L/14 37160		
	L/57 50786		
	L/15 72828		
6931	L/55 40433	10	The District Superintendent of Police, Dinagepore.
6933	L/55 79900	100	Setaram Mohassoree.
	,, 79901	100	
6934	L/15 93937	50	Cally Churn Ghose.
	,, 93938	50	
	,, 93939	50	

Wrongly joined.

6845	L/15 52963	5	...	Mrs. Monteith.
	,, 52935			
6846	A/55 43689	20	...	R. Macallister & Co.
	,, 88300			

Wrongly joined.

Registered No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
6849 ...	$\frac{L}{16}$ 70526 ...	5 ...	Bathgate & Co.
	,, 70528 ...		
6850 ...	$\frac{L}{6}$ 60580 ..	5 ...	Juggeshur Addy.
	,, 60581 ...		
6853 ...	$\frac{L}{18}$ 07423 ...	5 ...	
	,, 07424 ...		
	,, 07422 ...	5 ...	Chundernath Roy.
	,, 07420 ...		
	,, 07419 ...	5 ...	
	,, 07426 ...		
6861 ...	$\frac{L}{18}$ 61895 ...	5 ...	Russicklall Bose.
	,, 61893 ...		
6876 ...	$\frac{L}{34}$ 25285 ...	10 ...	Gobind Lal.
	,, 25286 ...		
6877 ...	$\frac{L}{15}$ 92565 ...	5 ...	Mr. Jacob.
	,, 92567 ...		
6878 ...	$\frac{A}{98}$ 59904 ...	10 ...	Gopal Chunder Paul.
	,, 59905 ...		
6879 ...	$\frac{L}{19}$ 64746 ...	20 ...	Chuny Lall Johury.
	,, 64749 ...		
6895 ...	$\frac{L}{6}$ 23809 ...	10 ...	Hem Chunder Mitter.
	,, 23803 ...		
	$\frac{A}{98}$ 66992 ...	10 ...	
	,, 66991 ...		
6904 ...	$\frac{L}{4}$ 06407 ...	10 ...	Dinnobundhoo Mookerjee.
	,, 06406 ...		
6908 ...	$\frac{L}{33}$ 79324 ...	10 ..	Ramlall Dutt.
	,, 16959 ...		
	$\frac{L}{2}$ 75805 ...	10 ...	
	$\frac{L}{33}$ 69123 ...		
	$\frac{L}{16}$ 27133 ...	@ Rs. 5 each	Luckhun Chunder Mullick.
	,, 27132 ...		
	$\frac{L}{13}$ 17125 ...		
	,, 17124 ...		
	,, 70348 ...		
	,, 70342 ...		
	$\frac{L}{6}$ 21735 ...		
	,, 21737 ...		
	,, 85015 ...		
	,, 85012 ...		
	$\frac{L}{11}$ 06545 ...		
	,, 06544 ...		
6917 ...	$\frac{A}{98}$ 52963 ...	10 ...	Kasub Lall Sadkhan.
	$\frac{A}{97}$ 19619 ...		
6923 ...	$\frac{A}{98}$ 37717 ...	20 ...	R. N. Paruck.
	,, 37715 ...		

PAPER CURRENCY DEPARTMENT,
The 13th July 1874.

L. BERKELEY,
Asst. Commr. of Paper Currency

Bhagiruthee River.

Weekly Water Report showing the least depth of water in the Bhagiruthee River for the week ending Friday, the 10th July 1874.

Names of places, &c.	Least depth of water. Ft. In.	REMARKS.
Entrance below Chourasia	21 0	
Thence to Noorpore Junction, 6 miles	15 0	
Thence to Jungipore, 9 miles	14 0	
From Jungipore to Berhampore, 47 miles	16 7	
From Berhampore to Cutwa, 50 miles	19 6	
From Cutwa to Nuddea, 46 miles	20 3	

Height of water on guage at Berhampore on the 13th July 1874, above zero, 22'3".

T. BEATTY, C.E., *Offg. Exe. Engr., Nuddea Rivers Division.*

BERHAMPORE, the 13th July 1874.

Matabhangah River.

Weekly Water Report shewing the least depth of water in the Matabhangah River for the week ending Friday, the 10th July 1874.

Names of places, &c.	Least depth of water. Ft.	In.	Remarks.
Entrance from the Ganges	14	0	
Tatarparah	13	0	
From Tatarparah to Hât Bolia	14	0	
From Hât Bolia to Cut No. 1	21	0	
From Cut No. 1 to Boalmaree	13	6	
From Boalmaree to Alickdeah	13	6	
From Alickdeah to Kissengunge	14	0	

T. BEAUTTY, C.E., *Offg. Exe. Engr., Nuddea Rivers Division.*

BERHAMPORE, the 13th July 1874.

PURSUANT to a decree of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction, made in suit No. 324 of one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three (which Lewis Price Delves Broughton, Administrator-General of Bengal and administrator to the estate of Thomas Emerson Carter, deceased, is plaintiff, and William Spink, of No. 5, Government Place in the town of Calcutta, and George Parbury, of No. 87, Newgate Street, in the City of London, and William F. Allen, of No. 13, Waterloo Place, London, and Captain Engledue, of No. 3, Durham Villas, Kensington, London, and George Macnair, of No. 44, Hamilton Terrace, St. John's Wood, London, the liquidators of the Bank of Hindoostan, China, and Japan, are defendants), and dated the twenty-seventh day of January, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, the creditors of the said Thomas Emerson Carter, late of No. 34, Canning Street, in the Town of Calcutta, Merchant and Tea-planter, who died on or about the fourteenth day of August one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, are, on or before Monday, the twenty-third day of November, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, to come in and prove their debts and claims at the Chambers of the sitting Judge in the Court House, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said decree. Saturday, the fifth day of December one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at the said Chambers is appointed for hearing and adjudicating upon the said claims.

M. CAMELL, *Plaintiff's Attorney.* R. BELCHAMBERS, *Registrar.*

CALCUTTA HIGH COURT, ORIGINAL JURISDICTION, the 16th day of May 1874. (221—4)

TO BE peremptorily sold, pursuant to decree of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction, in suit No. 519 of 1871, (wherein Denonath Mitter, Assignee of Tarruck Chunder Sircar is plaintiff, and Mohendronarain Dey, Woodoynarain Dey, and Woopendronarain Dey, and Nogendronarain Dey and Guzendronarain Dey, both of whom are infants under the age of sixteen years, the sons, heirs, and legal representatives of Ramnarain Dey, deceased, all of Cornwallis Street, Simlah, in the Town of Calcutta, and Soorendronarain Dey of the same place, another infant son of the said Rajnarain Dey deceased, are defendants) dated the twenty-ninth day of January one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, by the Registrar of the said Court, at the Court House, on Saturday, the first day of August next, the undermentioned properties, that is to say:—

All that upper-roomed brick-built, messuage tenement or dwelling-house with the piece or parcel of land belonging thereto, and on part whereof the same is built, containing by estimation twelve cottahs, situate lying and being, No. 18, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta, and butted and bounded as follows, that is to say, on the North by Sibnarain Dass's Lane; on the East by the premises No. 1-2 which belonged to the late Premnarain Dey; on the West by Cornwallis Street, and on the South by the late Roopnarain Dey's dwelling-house.

For further particulars apply at the Registrar's Office or to Messieurs Gray, Sen and Farr, 4, Council House Street.

GRAY, SEN AND FARR, *Plaintiff's Attorneys.* R. BELCHAMBERS, *Registrar.*

CALCUTTA, HIGH COURT REGISTRAR'S OFFICE, *the 6th day of July* 1874. (272—2)

Eastern Bengal Indigo Company, "Limited."

NOTICE is hereby given that a Meeting of Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the registered office of the Company, No. 3, Church Lane, Calcutta, on Monday the 27th day of July instant, at noon precisely, to confirm the several resolutions passed at a meeting of the Shareholders held this day. Dated this 11th day of July 1874.

By order,

WILLIAM MORAN & Co.

Agents, Eastern Bengal Indigo Company "Limited."

Calcutta, 11th July 1874. (276—2)

Abstract Statement of the Uncovenanted Service Family Pension Fund for the half-year ending 31st October 1873, compared with the corresponding half-year of 1872.

PARTICULARS.	In the half-year ending 31st October 1873.	In the half-year ending 31st October 1872.	Increase.	Decrease.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Balance at credit of the Fund in the Government Books at the end of previous half-year	42,81,142 5 11	39,76,133 4 8	3,05,009 1 3	
ADD RECEIPTS.				
Subscriptions from May to October in the Widows' Fund	1,57,758 15 0	1,45,454 2 3	12,304 12 9	
Subscriptions from May to October in the Children's Fund	1,06,767 3 6	99,235 13 6	9,531 6 0	
Fees, &c., from May to October	1,152 1 0	1,605 15 6	0 0 0	453 14 6
Amount transferred from Widow's Fund to Reserve Fund (W. F.)...	1,08,346 0 0	1,08,848 0 0	0 0 0	502 0 0
Amount transferred from Widows' Fund to Interest Reserve Fund (C. F.)	51,594 0 0	47,973 4 0	3,620 12 0	
Amount transferred from Children's Fund to Interest Reserve Fund (C. F.)	31,244 0 0	25,826 0 0	5,418 0 0	
Amount transferred from Children's Fund to Reserve Fund (C. F.)	1,08,290 0 0	0 0 0	1,08,290 0 0	
Amount tranferred from Reserve Fund (W. F.) to Divisible Surplus (W. F.)	45,238 0 0	43,122 12 0	2,115 4 0	
Amount transferred from Reserve Fund (C. F.) to Divisible Surplus (C. F.) ...	19,810 0 0	18,031 8 0	1,778 8 0	
Amount transferred from Reserve Fund (C. F.) to Children's Fund	0 0 0	37,855 0 0	0 0 0	37,855 0 0
Total ...	6,32,200 3 6	5,27,952 7 3	1,43,058 10 9	38,810 14 6
Total Receipts ...	49,13,342 9 5	45,04,085 11 11	4,48,067 12 0*a*	38,810 14 6
DEDUCT PAYMENTS.				
Pensions paid to incumbents in the Widows' Fund ...	84,961 11 11	81,172 6 2	3,789 5 9	
Ditto ditto Children's Fund ...	58,501 8 0	55,005 9 4	3,495 14 8	
Cost of establishment, including house-rent and contingencies	20,614 3 0	19,156 6 10	1,457 12 2	
Interest on Reserve Fund passed to qualified subscribers over five years' standing in the Widows' Fund...	50,152 8 0	49,212 12 0	939 12 0	
Interest on Reserve Fund passed to qualified subscribers over five years' standing in the Children's Fund ...	32,586 0 0	23,908 6 9	8,677 10 0	
Amount of Divisible Surplus passed to qualified subscribers over five years' standing in the Widow's Fund	44,710 8 0	40,836 0 0	3,874 8 0	
Ditto ditto Children Fund	19,617 4 0	17,733 0 0	894 4 0	
Amount transferred from Window's Fund to Reserve Fund and Interest Reserve Fund (W. F.) ...	1,59,940 0 0	1,56,515 4 0	3,424 12 0	
Amount transferred from Children's Fund to reserve Fund and Interest Reserve Fund (C. F.) ..	1,39,534 0 0	25,826 0 0	1,13,708 0 0	
Amount transferred from Reserve Fund to Divisible Surplus (W. F.)	45,238 0 0	42,900 0 0	2,338 0 0	
Amount transferred from Reserve Fund to Divisible Surplus (C. F.)	19,810 0 0	18,000 0 0	1,810 0 0	
Amount re-transferred from Reserve Fund to Children's Fund	0 0 0	37,855 0 0	0 0 0	37,855 0 0
Total Payments ...	6,74,665 10 11	5,68,120 12 4	1,44,399 14 7	37,855 0 0
Net balance in favor of the Fund, exclusive of interest upon capital	42,38,676 14 6	39,35,964 15 7	3,03,667 13 5*b*	955 14 6
Proportion of interest on Reserve Fund payable to Subscribers over five years' standing	41,369 4 0	36,560 9 0	4,808 11 0	
Proportion of Divisible Surplus as per votes of Subscribers	31,668 14 0	29,284 8 0	2,379 6 0	
Total ...	73,033 2 0	65,845 1 0	7,189 1 0	

	Widows' Fund.	Children's Fund.	Widows' Fund.	Children's Fund.	Widows' Fund.	Children's Fund.	Widows' Fund.	Children's Fund.
Number of Subscribers	1,007	697	931	651	76	46	.....	...
Ditto Incumbents	225	337	216	315	9	22	.....	...
Ditto Subscribers sharing in interest on Reserve Fund	545	387	508	371	37	16	.....	...
Ditto ditto sharing in Divisible Surplus ...	679	469	635	443	..44	26	.....	...

	Rs	A.	P.
a.—Net increase	4,09,256	13	6
b.—Net increase	3,02,711	14	11

E. E.

H. ANDREWS,
Accountant and Collector.

E. W. HOLLINGBERY, } *Auditors,*
E. W. KELLNER, } *U. S. F. P. F.*

Published by order of the Directors,
W. H. RYLAND, *Secretary.*

FUND OFFICE,
The 16th June 1874.

(273—1)

Sale of Landed Property.

PURSUANT to an order of the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta, made in the matter of Bernhardt Howard, Robert Carr, and Robert Howard, Insolvents, dated the 14th day of April 1874, A. B. Miller, Esquire, Official Assignee and Assignee to the estate and effects of the said Insolvents, will sell by public auction at his office, No. 3, Old Post Office Street, at noon on Thursday, the sixteenth day of July 1874, with the concurrence of the mortgagee, the following valuable properties:—

Lot No. 1.—All those several pieces or parcels of land purchased and leased by the said firm of Messrs. Howard Brothers, comprising, more or less, 80 beeghas, situate in mouzahs Dunghur, Buthooa, and Baroundha, being near and about the railway-station at Mirzapore.

Lot No. 2.—All that pucka brick-built messuage or dwelling-house, with the land or ground attached thereto, containing, more or less, 4 beeghas 5 biswas and 10 dhoors, situate and being in the mouzah Baroundha, in Mirzapore, aforesaid, lying to the north-east of the railway-station yard, and bounded as follows, that is to say: on the north by fields and road leading from the railway to the Civil station; on the south by the road from the city of Mirzapore to Chunnar; on the east by open fields, and on the west by a field and the said road from the railway to the Civil station.

Lot No. 3.—All that brick-built messuage or dwelling-house with detached office, building, godowns, sheds, workshops, and cotton-screw building, with cotton-presses, and the land and ground attached thereto, containing, more or less, 4 acres, situate and being near the city of Jubbulpore, in the Central Provinces, and bounded in manner following, that is to say: on the north by the road leading from the Omtee bridge past the Government Dispensary, to the city of Jubbulpore; on the south by the road leading from the said Omtee bridge to Murha Tal, or lake; on the east by Moonshee Golam Nubbee Khan's bungalow; and on the west by the road leading from the city to the said Murha Tal.

Lot No. 4.—All that messuage or building erected for the purpose of a screw-house with the land attached thereto, containing, more or less, situate in Allahabad, and registered as No. 51 in the old Civil station, and bounded as follows: on the north by a tank; on the south by the River Jumna; on the east by the Government Hospital; and on the west by a portion of Kydgunge Bazar.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Mr. N. Paliologus, Solicitor, No. 2, Garstin's Place, Calcutta. (238—3)

Sale of Landed Property.

PURSUANT to an order of the Insolvent Court at Calcutta made in the matter of A. J. Sarkies and another, Insolvents, dated 14th April 1874, A. B. Miller, Esquire, Official Assignee and Assignee of the Estate of the said Insolvents, will sell by public auction at his office No. 3, Old Post Office Street, at noon, on Thursday, the 23rd day of July 1874 (with the concurrence of the mortgagee) the following valuable property—

A demi-upper-roomed, brick-built dwelling-house, with land belonging thereto, containing about 9 biggahs and 13 cattahs, and situate at No. 21-2, and 21-2-1, Ballygunge Circular Road, in the 24-Pergunnahs. For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Mr. M. Camell, No. 12, Old Post Office, Street Calcutta. (274—2)

Notice

Is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned in London under the style of Goolden, Smellie and Company, and in Calcutta of Smellie and Company, has been dissolved as from the 30th instant by mutual consent.

The London firm will henceforth be carried on by Mr. R. E. Goolden under the style of Goolden and Company, and the Calcutta firm by Mr. S. N. Smellie under the style of Smellie and Company.

Dated this 29th day of June 1874. R. E. GOOLDEN,
Witness, *By his Attorney*, S. N. SMELLIE,
W. H. GOOLDEN. (259—3) S. N. SMELLIE.

Notice.

FOUND AT PATTAMOONDI, CHUTTI.

Three Government Currency Notes for Rs. 10 each, bearing numbers $\frac{L}{32}$19768, $\frac{L}{4}$33440, $\frac{A}{27}$77221. The owner may have them by adducing proper proofs and rewarding the finder. If no claim is made within a month, the notes will be escheated to Government.

KENDRAPARAH, the 9th June 1874. (233—5) S. C. NAUTH, *Dy. Collector.*

Burnt by Fire.

THE 4 per cent. Government Promissory Notes No. 2766, of 1st May 1865, for Rs. 500, and 5 per cent. No. 65299, of 28th February 1856-57, for Rs. 500.

HOWRAH RAMKRISTOPORE, the 17th June 1874. (239—3) SARADA CHARAN BASU.

Stolen.

THE Government Promissory Note No. 037145 of the 4 per cent. loan of 1st May 1865 for Rs. 500, originally standing in the name of Okil Chunder Mookerjee, and last endorsed to Khetter Nath Mookerjee, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, and application is to be made for the issue of duplicates in favor of the proprietor.

(258—3) KHETTER NAUTH MOOKERJEE, *Panihatty.*

Stolen.

THE public are hereby cautioned not to receive or pay money in exchange for the Currency Note of Rs. 1,000, Calcutta Circle, bearing No. [illegible], as the same has been stolen with other notes of minor value and fifty rupees in cash from the shop of a tradesman of the Town of Cuttack. Payment has been already stopped at Government treasuries.

Any communication concerning the recovery of the missing note and the arrest of the thief should be addressed, bearing postage, to the Magistrate and Collector of Cuttack.

JOHN BEAMES, *Collector.*

CUTTACK MAGISTRATE AND COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, the 23rd June 1874. (265—3)

Lost.

THE upper half of Government Promissory Note No. 020899 of the 4 per cent. of 1st May 1865, for Rs. 500, originally standing in the name of Jibunkristo Mullick, and last endorsed to Doorga Churn Mullick, the proprietor by whom it was never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, and application is to be made for the issue of duplicates in favor of the proprietor.

(251—3) DOORGA CHURN MULLICK, *Calcutta, Shiboo Takoor's Lane, No.* 67.

LOST, the Government Promissory Note No. 027651 of the 4 per cent. of 1854-55 for Rs. 500, originally standing in the name of Mudooshudun Bachusputty, and never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the above Note, and the interest thereupon, have been stopped. (261—3) MUDOOSHUDUN BACHUSPUTTY.

LOST, the Government Promissory Note No. 005487 of 4½ per cent. of 1872 for Rs. 500, originally standing in the name of Wooma Nath Chatterjee, and never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the above Note, and the interest thereupon, have been stopped. (262—3) WOOMA NATH CHATTERJEE.

Publications for Sale at the Bengal Secretariat Press.

THE BENGAL ADMINISTRATION REPORT FOR 1872-73, *price*...	Rs.	7	8	0
MAP OF BENGAL, 1873, *price*, if taken with the Report	„	1	0	0
Ditto, separately	„	2	0	0

Rules for the Sale of Waste Lands, *price* 4 *annas.*

Act VII (B.C.) of 1873 (Labor Districts Emigration), the Government Resolution thereon, and the Rules and Forms under the Act, bound up together in pamphlet form 8 annas per copy, or, including postage ... ... Rs. 0 10 0

Papers Regarding the Tea Industry in Bengal, *price* Rs. 3.

Report on the Cultivation of, and Trade in, Jute in Bengal, and on Indian Fibres available for the Manufacture of Paper, with map. By HEM CHUNDER KERR, Deputy Magistrate on special duty. Price ... ... Rs. 8 0 0

A Report of the District of Jessore: its Antiquities, its History, and its Commerce. (Second Edition, Revised and Corrected). By J. WESTLAND, ESQ., C.S., late Magistrate and Collector of Jessore. Price ... ... Rs. 3 0 0

Selection of Papers regarding the Hill Tracts between Assam and Burmah, and on the Upper Brahmapooter. Price ... ... Rs. 5 0 0

Selections from Divisional and District Annual Administration Reports. 1872-73, with the Government Resolutions on them. Price ... ... Rs. 5 0 0

NOW READY

THE Quarterly Civil List for Bengal, corrected up to the 1st of July 1874, Price Rs. 3, postage 8 ans.

Apply to E. M. LEWIS, Bengal Secretariat Press, 28, Chowringhee Road, Calcutta.

☞ The following books may be had from the Office of Superintendent, Government Printing, No. 8, Hastings Street. No orders can be attended to, unless accompanied by a remittance. When postage stamps are forwarded, one anna additional should be sent for every Rupee's worth of stamp for discount in exchanging them for cash. Service labels are not received.

Books required on the public service are only supplied when authorized by the Department under whose orders they are published.

Just published.

Army List—New Number.

The Official Quarterly Army List of H. M.'s Forces in Bengal, to which is appended the Civil Service Gradation List, corrected up to 1st July 1874. *Price Rs. 4; packing and postage, 8 annas.*

Recently Published.

Rules for the Qualification, Admission, and Enrolment of Pleaders and Mooktears in Mofussil Courts. *Price 4 annas; by post, 5 annas.*

Recently Published.

Rules for Admission of Vakeels in the High Court. *Price 4 annas; by post 5 annas.*

New authorized edition corrected up to 1st December 1873; royal 8vo., limp covers, with every alternate page blank for entering notes and alterations.

The Civil Pension Code. *Price, Re. 1-4; packing and postage, 4 as.*
The Civil Leave Code. *Price, Re. 1; packing and postage, 3 as.*
The Acting Allowance Code. *Price, As. 8; packing and postage, 2 as.; or*
The Three Codes bound in one vol. *Price, Rs. 2-8; packing and postage 8 as.*

A Report on the Expedition to Western Yunan *viâ* Bhamo. By John Anderson, M.D., Medical Officer and Naturalist to the Expedition. *Price Rs. 8.*

Report of the Commissioners appointed by the Government of India to inquire into the Origin, Nature, &c., of Indian Cattle Plagues. With Appendices, Calcutta, 1871. Fol. pp. xxx and 999, with Maps. *Price Rs. 10; packing 4 annas.*

Selections from Unpublished Records of Government for the years 1748 to 1767 inclusive. Relating mainly to the social condition of Bengal. With a Map of Calcutta in 1784. By the Rev. J. Long, Member of the Government Record Commission. *Price Rs. 5; packing and postage 1 Re. extra.*

Selections from Calcutta Gazettes of the years 1816 to 1823 inclusive, showing the political and social condition of the English in India upwards of fifty years ago. By Hugh David Sandeman, C.S., Accountant-General, Bengal, and Member of the Record Commission. *Volume I, Rs. 3, and Volumes II, III, IV, and V, at Rs. 5 each; packing and postage Re. 1 extra.*

Revised (Indian) Army Regulations, Regulations and Orders for the Army of the Bengal Presidency. Published by authority. Royal 8vo., cloth boards. *Price, Rs. 4; packing and postage, Re. 1. Interleaved copy, Rs. 5; packing and postage, Re. 1-12.*

Book of Forms referred to in the above. Foolscap folio, enclosed in stiff covers. *Price, Rs. 2; packing and postage, Re. 1-8.*

Report on the Fresh Water Fish and Fisheries of India and Burma. By Surgeon-Major Francis Day, F.L.S. & F.Z.S., Inspector-General of Fisheries in India. *Price Rs. 2; packing and postage 10 annas extra.*

Public Works Department Classified List and Distribution Return of Establishment, corrected up to 1st October 1873. *Price Rs 2; packing and postage 4 annas.*

The Thanatophidia of India, being a description of the venomous snakes of the Indian Peninsula, with an account of the influence of their poison on life, and a series of experiments. By J. Fayrer, M.D., C.S.I., F.R.S.E., Honorary Physician to the Queen, Surgeon-Major, Her Majesty's Bengal Army, Professor of Surgery and Senior Surgeon in the Calcutta Medical College and its Hospital, Fellow of the University of Calcutta, and late President of the Asiatic Society of Bengal. *Price Rs. 80 per copy; packing and postage, Rs. 2-4.*

The older Statutes in force in India, edited, with Notes and an Index, by Whitley Stokes, Esq. *Price Rs. 5; packing and postage, 3 as.*

A collection of Statutes relating to India passed between the years 1855 and 1870, both inclusive, being a Supplement to the Law relating to India and the East India Company, fifth edition, edited, with an Index to the Statutes relating to India not expressly repealed in August 1867, by Whitley Stokes, Esq. *Price Rs. 10; packing and postage, 12 as.*

The Acts of the Government of India from 1854 to date, with Indexes and lists of titles, each separately available.

Vocabulary of Ordnance Stores, for adoption throughout British India: prepared, under the orders of the Government of India, by Ensign J. Tanner, Deputy Assistant Commissary, Bengal Ordnance Department, and rated in the Office of the Examiner of Ordnance Accounts, Fort William *Price Rs. 6; packing and postage, Re 1-8 extra.*

Rig-Veda, in the Samhita and Pada Text, by Professor F. Max Muller, M A, in two Volumes. *Price Rs 24, packing and postage Re 1-12*

New Criminal Procedure Code.

OFFICERS under the Bengal Government, who wish to have copies of the New Criminal Procedure Code, *for sale*, are requested to apply to the Superintendent of Government Printing, Calcutta.

Central Provinces' Gazetteer.

EDITION OF 1870 IN ONE VOL

A LIMITED number of the above work, strongly bound in cloth, octavo size, for sale at Rs 12 per vol., exclusive of postage charge. Apply to—

MESSRS. THACKER, VINING, *Bombay,*

MESSRS THACKER, SPINK & Co., *Calcutta,* or

SUPDT., CHIEF COMMR.'S OFFICE, *Nagpúr.*

For Sale.

AT the Meteorological Office, No. 22 Chowringhee, the following official publications:—

Meteorological Report of		1867	..	..	..	Rs.	0	12 per copy.
Ditto	ditto	1868	..	..	..	„	1	8 „
Ditto	ditto	1869	..	..	..	„	2	4 „
Ditto	ditto	1870	..	..	..	„	2	6 „
Ditto	ditto	1871	..	..	..	„	2	8 „
Ditto	ditto	1872	..	..	..	„	3	0 „
Administration Report of		1870-71	..	..	..	„	0	4 „
Ditto	ditto	1871-72	..	..	..	„	0	4 „
Ditto	ditto	1872-73	..	..	..	„	0	4 „
A table of the average monthly and annual rainfall at 98 Stations in Northern India			..	..	..	„	0	4 „

The above are also to be obtained at the same prices at Messrs. Thacker Spink and Company, No. 5, Government place.

HENRY F. BLANFORD, *Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.*

CALCUTTA, the 22nd September 1873.

Postal Notices.

SEA OVERLAND MAILS.

For	Box closes at	Date.	Per Steamer,
Straits, Hong-Kong, and United States of America.	7 P.M. ...	15th July 1874...	*Thales & China.*
Ceylon and the Australian Colonies ...	7 „ ...	15th „ „	*From Bombay.*
Akyab ...	7 „ ...	17th „ „	*Coconada.*
Rangoon and Moulmein ...	7 „ ...	17th „ „	*Dacca.*
Mauritius ..	7 „ ...	20th „ „	*Maldah.*

The next Overland Mail, *viâ* Bombay, will close at the General Post Office, on Tuesday, the 21st July 1874.

2 Book-post and pattern packets must be posted on the 20th idem.

N B.—The Letter-Box will close at 7 P.M precisely, after which hour Overland letters, fully prepaid and bearing extra postage stamp of two (2) annas on each cover, will be received up to 7-30 P M, or, bearing an extra postage stamp of four (4) annas on each cover, up to 8 P.M, and after 8 up to 9 P.M, by a Post Office Clerk at the East Indian Railway Station, Armenian Ghât

CALCUTTA, the 14th July 1874. M. PERCY, *Post-Master of Calcutta.*

List of Remaining and Unclaimed Letters received in the Calcutta Post Office up to 13th June 1874.

Abreo, Mrs. S.
Aire, B.
Antram, J. C.
Atkinson, Mrs. G. W.
Barton, Mrs.
Barlow, E.
Bein, Mrs.
Biggs, Mr. H.
Blanford, A.
Bonnaire, L., Madam.
Bridge, Mrs. A.
Brown, Dr. J R.
Bunness, J. J.
Caddy, D.
Campbell, Col.
Contarini, E.
Creasy, Mrs.
Creed, G.
Dawson, H.
DeCostra, P.
DeCruze, C.
Deids, D. C. S.
Durant, M. D.
Edwards, E. J
Elworthy, F.
Ferrie, W. A.
Fitzpatrick, A.
Frampton, G.
Fulsing, M. B.
Gill, G.
Gordon, Mrs.
Gunring, H.
Hall, Mrs. C.
Hedges, Mrs.
Henriques, Mrs. R.
Hickie, Borman & Co.
Johnson, E. K.
Kelloch, W.
King, Seymour, and Co.
Lee, Mrs.
Leicester and Co.
Lenahan, Mrs.
Lonides, C.
Lyall, J. E.
Martin, Anna.
Mathews, Mr.
Meyers, Mrs E. C.
Muller, Mrs
Paulson, Mrs. M.
Pepin, Mrs.
Pennington, J. W.
Pinto, R. T.
Potter, Miss.
Richardson, G.
Riddes, J. J.
Robinson and Co.
Rourke, W. J.
Sainter, J. D.
Saunders, Mr. M.
Saxton, J. W.
Senior, Mrs. C.
Sheriff, W
Shine, Miss A.
Smith, A.
Smyth, W S.
Stuart, E A.
Sarkies, P. J.
Thomas, Miss H.
Thomas, H., Mrs.
Thompson, A., Mrs.
Tonkin, Mrs J.
Vanquilin, E. E.
Ward, Miss E
Watson, Mrs. W. J.
Weskins, W. T
Wright, J

M. PERCY, *Post-Master of Calcutta.*

Postal Notice.

No. 9807.

CERTAIN sums of money have been deposited in Post Offices in the Bengal Circle as cash securities and are lying undisbursed standing in the names of the parties mentioned below.

The original depositors, or their heirs and representatives, are requested to submit their claims to the Postmaster General of Bengal, for adjustment within one month from date hereof, failing which they will forfeit all right and title thereto and the amounts be transferred to the credit of Government.

The 7th July 1874. T. W. GRIBBLE, *Offg. Postmaster General, Bengal.*

List of Security Deposits.

Office of deposit	Name and designation of depositors	Amount Rs.	A.	P.
Bankipore ..	Boolakee Lall, clerk, Patna City Receiving Office ..	21	0	9
Beerbhoom ..	Juggobundoo Mookerji, peon, Ahmedpore	29	11	0
Bhagulpore ..	Somshere, delivery peon	32	15	6
Burdwan ..	Koomeeroodeen, packerman, Travelling Post Office ..	29	2	0
Calcutta ..	Shaik Mahomed Bux, sorter, Calcutta Post Office ..	22	3	9
Ditto ..	Kassimoody, peon	29	10	3
Ditto ..	Kadim Hossein, ditto	29	10	3
Ditto ..	Monuruddy, ditto	29	10	3
Ditto ..	Golam Abdar, ditto	27	7	0
Ditto ..	Ameenooddeen, sorter	34	0	6
Ditto ..	Kally Lall, Omiedwar peon	28	14	3
Gya ..	Digbiga Churn Pal, Deputy Postmaster	41	6	3
Hooghly ..	Moonee Lall Sing, peon	117	2	9
Ditto ..	Shaik Essef, peon of Ghattal	102	4	3
Ditto ..	Juggut Chunder Mookerjee, clerk of Gowhatty ..	105	4	6
Howrah ..	Lalla Ramanund, delivery peon No. 3	29	7	3
Maldah ..	Guggut Chunder Ghose	20	11	0
Monghyr ..	Khoodiram Bhuttacharjee, Postmaster, Monghyr ..	70	15	9
Moteeharry ..	Bhurosee Roy, delivery peon, Segowlee	32	9	6
Mymensingh ..	Chuba Shaik, peon, Sharepore	48	3	0
Ditto ..	Nobocoomar Chatterjee, Deputy Postmaster, Mooktaghata..	164	2	3
Ditto ..	M. Catanoo, Deputy Postmaster, Pacoolah	35	1	9
Ditto ..	Anundo Chunder Ghose, Deputy Postmaster Sherepore ..	117	3	0
Nowgong ..	Bonowaree Lall Dey, head overseer	117	3	0
Purneah ..	Umrit peon, Bahadoorgunge	28	9	0
Ditto ..	Johyr Ally, Mohurrir, Purneah Post Office	205	14	6
Rungpore ..	Shurrufooddeen, overseer	29	3	3
Tirhoot ..	Peary Mohun Ghose, clerk, Durbhunga	117	3	0

Postal Notice.

No. 9216.

The 4th July.—It has been found necessary to reduce the weight at present conveyed by the passengers' carriages on the Darjeeling line. It is therefore notified that from the 1st proximo, only two adult passengers will be carried inside a carriage, whether ordinary or express, the outside seat remaining available as at present.

One passenger engaging on express will be allowed 4 maunds of baggage, two passengers 2 maunds, and 3 passengers 1¼ maund.

The mileage charge under clause (*e*) Rule (5) on page 74 will be reduced, for a seat in the ordinary, to eight annas a mile, and on the mail cart to 4 annas.

T. W. GRIBBLE, *Offg. Post Master General, Bengal.*

INSOLVENT NOTICES.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

IN the matter of BENJAMIN FRANCIS, an Insolvent.

On Monday, the 29th day of June last, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 1st day of September next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

H. B. Fink, *Attorney.*

In the matter of CATCHICK-JOHANNES LUCAS, an Insolvent.

ON Tuesday, the 5th day of May last, it was ordered that Tuesday the 4th day of August next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter, and that unless cause be shewn to the contrary on that day the said Insolvent be discharged personally as well as to his after acquired property from all liabilities for debts, claims and demands of and against the said Insolvent at the time of the filing of his petition for relief.

G. Gregory, *Attorney.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 7th July 1874.

IN the matter of WILLIAM TULLOH FRASER, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 7th day of July instant, an account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee from the 1st day of April 1869 to the 30th day of June last was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Tuesday, the 4th day of August next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a dividend

☞ *Any Creditor or other person interested who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the estate of the said Insolvent may attend and be heard, having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing.*

A. B. Miller, *Official Assignee.*

In the matter of ALEXANDER DONALD MACLEOD, an Insolvent.

ON Tuesday, the 1st day of July instant, an account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee from the 1st day of April 1869 to the 30th day of June last was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Tuesday, the 4th day of August next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a dividend.

☞ *Any Creditor or other person interested who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the estate of the said Insolvent may attend and be heard, having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing.*

A. B. Miller, *Official Assignee.*

IN the matter of WILLIAM PATRICK, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 7th day of July instant, an account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee from the 1st day of April 1869 to the 30th day of June last was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Tuesday, the 4th day of August next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a dividend.

☞ *Any Creditor or other person interested who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the estate of the said Insolvent may attend and be heard, having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing.*

A. B. Miller, *Official Assignee.*

IN the matter of RUSTOMJEE COWASJEE and MANICKJEE RUSTOMJEE, Insolvents.

On Tuesday, the 7th day of July instant, an account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee from the 1st day of April 1869 to the 30th day of June last was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Tuesday, the 4th day of August next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a dividend.

☞ *Any Creditor or other person interested who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the estate of the said Insolvents may attend and be heard, having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing.*

A. B. Miller, *Official Assignee.*

IN the matter of KONNOOLALL BANNYRAM and CHOTTEKLALL, Insolvents.

On Tuesday, the 7th day of July instant, an account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee from the 1st day of April 1869 to the 30th day of June last was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Tuesday, the 4th day of August next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a dividend.

☞ *Any Creditor or other person interested who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the estate of the said Insolvents may attend and be heard, having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing.*

A. B. Miller, *Official Assignee.*

IN the matter of WILLIAM WOODIN, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 7th day of July instant, an account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee from the 1st day of April 1869 to the 30th day of June last was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Tuesday, the 4th day of August next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a dividend.

☞ *Any Creditor or other person interested who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the estate of the said Insolvent may attend and be heard, having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing.*

A. B. Miller, *Official Assignee.*

IN the matter of RUSTOMJEE COWASJEE, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 7th day of July instant, an account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee from the 1st day of April 1869 to the 30th of June last was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Tuesday, the 4th day of August next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a dividend.

☞ *Any Creditor or other person interested who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the estate of the said Insolvent may attend and be heard, having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing.*

A. B. Miller, *Official Assignee.*

IN the matter of NILMONEY MOOKERJEE, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 7th day of July instant, an account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee from the 1st day of April 1869 to the 30th day of June last, was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Tuesday, the 4th day of August next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a dividend.

☞ *Any Creditor or other person interested who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the estate of the said Insolvent may attend and be heard, having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing.*

A. B. Miller, *Official Assignee.*

IN the matter of MOORALLYDHUR NEWGY, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 7th day of July instant, an account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee from the 1st day of April 1869 to the 30th day of June last was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Tuesday, the 4th day of August next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a dividend.

☞ *Any Creditor or other person interested who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the estate of the said Insolvent may attend and be heard, having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing.*

A. B. Miller, *Official Assignee.*

IN the matter of WILLIAM HOLLOWAY, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 7th day of July instant, an account of the receipts and disbursements of the Official Assignee from the 1st day of June 1869 to the 30th day of June last was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk, and it was ordered that Tuesday, the 4th day of August next, be appointed for the further hearing of this matter for the purpose of making a dividend.

☞ *Any Creditor or other person interested who may intend to establish or oppose any claim upon the estate of the said Insolvent may attend and be heard, having given notice to the Chief Clerk three clear days before the day of hearing.*

A. B. Miller, *Official Assignee.*

IN the matter of ANN LYDIA PARLEBEAN, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 7th day of July instant, it was ordered that the Assignee do pay and divide the sum of Rs. 1,632-2-1 to and amongst all the creditors upon the estate of said Insolvent, as a dividend at the rate of Rs. 23 per cent. upon such of the debts admitted in the schedule of the said insolvent and claims proved as have been duly substantiated in proportion to their several debts and upon the other debts admitted in the schedule when and so soon as such debts or any of them shall be duly substantiated upon affidavit filed in this Court from time to time for directions respecting any debts or any other matter or thing relating thereto.

A. B. Miller, *Official Assignee.*

IN the matter of EDWARD ALLAN D'CRUZ, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 7th day of July instant, it was ordered that the Assignee do pay and divide the sum of Rs. 912-6-6 to and amongst all the creditors upon the estate of the said Insolvent, as a dividend at the rate of Rs. 24 per cent. upon such of the debts admitted in the schedule of the said Insolvent and claims proved as have been duly substantiated in proportion to their several debts, and upon the other debts admitted in the schedule when and so soon as such debts or any of them shall be duly substantiated upon affidavit filed in this Court from time to time for directions respecting any debts or any other matter or thing relating thereto.

A. B. Miller, *Official Assignee.*

IN the matter of LEWIS BALFOUR, the ELDER, AND JAMES HAMILTON ROBINSON, Insolvents.

On Tuesday, the 7th day of July instant, it was ordered that the Assignee do pay and divide the sum of Rs. 11,741-11 to and amongst all the creditors upon the estate of the said Insolvents as a dividend at the rate of 14 annas per cent. upon such of the debts admitted in the schedule of the said Insolvents and claims proved as have been duly substantiated in proportion to their several debts and upon the debts admitted in the schedule when and so soon as such debts or any of them shall be duly substantiated upon affidavit filed in this Court from time to time for directions respecting any debts or any other matter or thing relating thereto.

A. B. Miller, *Official Assignee.*

In the Matter of WILFORD CLARENCE BOLST, an Insolvent.

Notice that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court on Tuesday, the 21st day of July instant, at the hour of 10 o clock in the forenoon.

☞ *Any Creditor of the said Insolvent desirous of opposing such application must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.*

M T. Pearson, *Attorney.*

IN the matter of JOHN RICHARD FRASER, an Insolvent.

Notice that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Comissioner of the Insolvent Court on Tuesday, the 21st day of July instant, at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

☞ *Any Creditor of the said Insolvent desirous of opposing such application must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.*

Insolvent in person.

Chief Clerk's Office, the 14th July 1874.

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 15, 1874.

PART VI.

Bills of the Legislative Council of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

[Second Publication.]

The following Bill was introduced into the Council of the Governor General of India for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations on the 2nd July 1874, and was referred to a Select Committee with instructions to make their report thereon in three months:—

No. 13 of 1874.

APPEALS (BENGAL) BILL, 1874.

CONTENTS.

PREAMBLE.

SECTION.

1. Short title.
   Local extent.
   Commencement
2. Bar of appeals:
   (*a*) when subject is less than Rs. 20 in value;
   (*b*) in case of consent-decrees or agreements not to appeal;
   (*c*) as to costs.
3. Bar of second appeals:
   (*a*) where subject does not exceed Rs. 200 in amount or value;
   (*b*) where Court of First Instance and Appellate Court concur.
4. Judge's power to allow appeals.
5. Statement of reasons for allowing appeal.
6. Superior Court's power to allow appeals.
7. Time for making applications for leave to appeal.
8. Power to impose terms as to costs.
9. Bar of second appeals in suits specified in section 2, clause (*a*).
10. Bar of special appeals not allowed by Act.
11. Appeals from decrees and orders of Munsifs and Subordinate and District Judges.

SECTION.

12. Rules of Civil Procedure Code and Limitation Act to apply.
13. Power to state case in lieu of allowing appeal.
14. Act not to apply to appeals from decrees of Judges of High Court.

A Bill to amend the Law relating to Civil Appeals in the Lower Provinces of the Presidency of Fort William.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the law relating to appeals in civil suits in the Lower Provinces of the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal; It is hereby enacted as follows:— Preamble.

1. This Act may be called, "The Appeals Act (Bengal), 1874:" Short title.

It extends only to the territories subject to the Lieutenant-Governor of the Lower Provinces of Bengal; Local extent.

And it shall come into force at once. Commencement.

2. No appeal shall lie against any decree or order— Bar of appeals:

(*a*) when the amount or value of the subject-matter of the suit in which such decree or order has been made is less than twenty rupees, and the suit is of the nature cognizable by Courts of Small Causes under Act XI of 1865; when subject is less than Rs. 20 in value;

(*b*) when the decree or order has been made by consent of the parties, or when the parties have agreed in writing registered under the Indian Registration Act, 1871, not to appeal against such decree or order; in cases of consent-decrees or agreements not to appeal;

(*c*) when the appeal, if it lay, would only affect costs which by law are left to the discretion of the Court. as to costs.

3. No appeal shall lie against any decree or order made by a Judge in the exercise of his appellate Bar of second appeals;

jurisdiction, in either of the following cases (namely)—

(*a*) When the amount or value of the subject-matter of the suit in which such decree or order has been made does not exceed two hundred rupees, or such less sum as the Local Government may from time to time, by notification in the local Gazette, direct in this behalf for the District in which the suit is brought:

where subject does not exceed Rs. 200 in amount or value;

(*b*) When such decree or order substantially affirms the decree or order appealed against.

where Court of First Instance and Appellate Court concur.

4. Notwithstanding anything contained in sections two and three, the Judge who personally made any decree or order, may, if he think fit, on the application of any of the parties to the suit allow an appeal therefrom to the Court to which an appeal would lie under section eleven.

Judge's power to allow appeals.

5. Whenever a Judge allows an appeal under section four, he shall stat in writing his reasons for s doing, and such statement shall form part of the record.

Statement of reasons for allowing appeal.

6. Notwithstanding anything contained in section two or section three, the Court to which an appeal would lie if it were not for the prohibitions contained in those sections may, if it think fit, on the application of any of the parties to the suit allow an appeal to itself

Superior Court's power to allow appeals.

(*a*) where it is not possible to estimate the subject-matter of the suit at a money-value;

(*b*) where any question raised in the suit is of such importance to the public as, in the opinion of the Court allowing the appeal, to render an appeal expedient; or

(*c*) where in the opinion of the same Court an appeal is necessary for the purposes of justice.

EXPLANATION I:—An appeal may be necessary for the purposes of justice where the case of one of the parties has, without the default of himself or his agents, not been properly brought before the Court below, or when the Court below has not given a fair and sufficient hearing to the case.

EXPLANATION II:—An appeal is not necessary for the purposes of justice because the Court above may think that the Court below has erred in its view of the law or the facts.

7. Applications under section four shall be made within ten days of the making of the decree or order sought to be appealed against.

Time for making applications for leave to appeal.

Applications under section six, if made to a District, Additional or Subordinate Judge, shall be made within twenty days and if made to the High Court within sixty days, of the making of the decree or order sought to be appealed against.

8. Whenever an appeal is allowed under section four, or under section six, the Court allowing the appeal may impose such terms as it thinks fit as to costs or otherwise on the party allowed to appeal.

Power to impose terms as to costs.

9. No appeal shall lie from any decree or order made on any appeal allowed in the suits specified in section two, clause (*a*).

Bar of second appeals in suits specified in section 2, clause (*a*).

10. No special appeal not being an appeal specially allowed under the provisions of this Act shall lie from any decree or order.

Bar of special appeals not allowed by Act.

11. Except when prohibited by this Act or by some other rule of law, and subject to the provisions contained in the Bengal Civil Courts Act, 1871, sections twenty-two, twenty-six and twenty-seven, appeals shall lie as follows:—

Appeals from decrees and orders of Munsifs and Subordinate and District Judges.

(*a*) from decrees and orders of Munsifs to the District Judge;

(*b*) from original decrees and orders of Subordinate Judges to the District Judge, except where the amount or value of the subject-matter of the suit exceeds five thousand rupees, in which case the appeal shall lie to the High Court;

(*c*) from appellate decrees and orders of Subordinate Judges to the High Court, and

(*d*) from all decrees and orders of District Judges and Additional Judges, to the High Court.

12. Except as hereinbefore otherwise provided, all appeals allowed under this Act shall be subject to the rules relating to appeals contained in the Code of Civil Procedure and by the Indian Limitation Act, 1871: provided that the time when the period of limitation prescribed for presenting an appeal begins to run shall be the date of the order allowing the appeal instead of the date of the decree or order appealed against.

Rules of Civil Procedure Code and Limitation Act to apply.

13. Any Subordinate Additional or District Judge to whom an application is made under section four, may, in lieu of allowing an appeal as hereinbefore provided, state a case or any point of law or question of fact arising in the suit, and refer the statement, with his own opinion thereon, for the consideration of the High Court.

Power to state case in lieu of allowing appeal.

The High Court, as the case may be, shall have power to hear and determine any case or point so stated, and shall fix an early day for such hearing and cause notice of such day to be placed in the Court house.

The parties to the suit may appear and be heard in person or by pleader in the High Court.

When the case has been heard and determined, the High Court shall send a copy of its judgment under the seal of the Court to the Court by which the statement was made, and such Court shall, on receipt of the copy, dispose of the case conformably to the decision of the Court referred to.

The costs, if any, consequent on any such reference shall be costs in the suit.

When a case is referred under this section the Court referred to may alter, cancel or set aside any order or decree which the Court making the reference may have made in the suit, and may make such order as the justice of the case may require.

14. This Act does not apply—

Act not to apply to appeals from decrees of Judges of High Court.

(*a*) to appeals from any decree or order by the High Court or any Judge thereof;

(*b*) to any appeals presented before the passing of this Act.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The Government of India have under consideration the question of revising the existing system of appeal in the Courts of Civil Judicature. It is generally agreed not only that the law relating to appeals is in an unsatisfactory state, but that it is, in Bengal at least, producing mischief which calls for speedy remedy. The Code of Civil Procedure is under revision, and in some important respects it would be desirable to handle the whole subject at once. But a work of such magnitude cannot receive its due amount of preparation, external criticism, discussion and revision, under two years at least, and it is likely to take a longer time. Therefore on the whole, it will be found convenient to deal separately with such a subject as the present, which can be isolated from other procedure without much legal difficulty, and which demands more prompt treatment.

2. The system of appeal, briefly stated, is as follows :—

Every Court of original jurisdiction is subject to an appeal on the whole case to a Court above it. The appeal is heard on the record of the case in the original Court, unless the Appellate Court requires more evidence. There is no second appeal on the whole case; but if the High Court is not itself the immediate Court of Appeal, a partial appeal confined to points of law may be presented to that Court. On this partial appeal the Court cannot itself alter any finding of the facts by the Court immediately below it. However clear it may be that the lower Court has erred, if the error is confined to mere treatment of facts, the higher Court is bound by the conclusions. If, however, it can trace the error to some erroneous legal principle, it may remand the case for a re-hearing, and this, it appears, is very frequently done.

3. The evils now complained of, at least in Bengal, are three :—*firstly*, the extremely unsatisfactory effect of partial appeals; *secondly*, the vast number of appeals which reach the High Court and consume the time of the Judges; and *thirdly*, the great and disproportionate expense to the public caused by appeals for very trifling sums of money.

4. A recent memorandum by Sir Richard Couch deals with the two former of these evils. He states that the decisions of the Munsifs are heard in appeal under great disadvantages, one of which obviously is that the Appellate Judge is not placed in contact with the witnesses. And yet he may reverse the Munsif's finding, while his own finding on the facts is absolutely irreversible except in the rare instances in which the case goes to the Privy Council. The results are, *firstly*, that a number of partial appeals are presented ostensibly on points of law, but really for the purpose of convincing the High Court that there has been a miscarriage of justice in the treatment of the facts; *secondly*, that the High Court Judges are placed under sore temptation to strain and refine on the law, in order to do justice in the particular case; *thirdly*, that they can only interfere with the finding of facts by the circuitous and uncertain process of a remand; and *fourthly*, they frequently find the rules of law too strong for them, and they and the parties who prevailed before the Munsif have the dissatisfaction of believing the Munsif to have been quite right, and that his judgment was erroneously reversed, while yet they find it impossible to restore the first decree.

5. The remedy proposed by the present Bill is as follows :—

To prohibit appeals (*a*) where the subject-matter is less than twenty rupees and the suit is one of the Small Cause type, (*b*) where the decree has been made by consent, or the parties have agreed not to appeal, and (*c*) where it relates to costs only which are left to the discretion of the Court.

To prohibit second appeals (*a*) where the subject-matter is less than two hundred rupees, or (*b*) where the first Court of appeal agrees with the Court of first instance.

These prohibitions may, however, be dispensed with in the following cases :—

(*a.*) By the Court that makes the decree, whenever it thinks fit.

(*b.*) By the Court above, where it is impossible to estimate the subject-matter at a money-value, or where any question raised in the suit is of such importance to the public as to render a second appeal expedient or where an appeal is necessary for the purposes of justice.

Power is given to the first Court of appeal to state a case instead of allowing a second appeal.

A. HOBHOUSE.

The 1st June 1874.

WHITLEY STOKES,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

[REGISTERED No 29]

No. 28 of 1874.

SUPPLEMENT TO
The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 15, 1874.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post*

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BENGAL FAMINE.

TWENTY-FIRST SPECIAL NARRATIVE OF THE DROUGHT IN BENGAL, FROM THE 26TH JUNE TO THE 9TH JULY 1874.

THE Lieutenant-Governor, Sir Richard Temple, writes from Monghyr, on the 7th July, the following remarks regarding the district of Tirhoot to be included in the present narrative:—

"During the fortnight I have visited Durbhunga, spending several days there, during which a conference was held with the principal relief officers of every part of the Tirhoot district. I also met some of the residents, European and native. The following account of the condition and prospects of this the most important district in the distressed country is collated from the evidence thus gathered together."

"As stated in my narrative of the 10th June, the month of June began very unfavorably for Tirhoot, and the general outlook was threatening. But before the first week of that month was ended showers began to fall copiously, and by the end of the second week a change in the aspect of affairs commenced, which change became complete as the rain continued with increasing force to the end of the month."

"The first days of June in two-thirds of Tirhoot were distinguished by a heated dust-laden atmosphere; by scanty ploughing and sowing; by anxiety for seed; by navigable streams reduced to lowest ebb; by empty tanks and dried up wells, to the distress of men and the detriment of cattle; by grain markets becoming tighter and tighter, prices hardening, and private stores locked up; by an intense demand for Government grain, both for wholesale and retail, as if all were anxious to lay in supplies at once for some time beforehand; by private trade stagnant and traders holding out no promise of importation; by laboring and agricultural classes coming in greater numbers than ever to relief works; by the lists of gratuitous and charitable relief much swollen; by the public health good all troubles notwithstanding; by ryots and cultivators clamorous for advances of food-grain; by a large proportion, in some places one-half in other places three-fourths, of the population receiving assistance from Government in some shape, or from charitable subscriptions; physically in good condition from extraneous aid, but morally depressed and fearful for the future; by relief establishments everywhere strained to the utmost to meet the demands upon them; by transport operations consisting of the final struggle towards the attainment of a long deferred object; by doubts as to whether even the largest allotments of Government grain would carry the people through the months that must be passed before the winter harvest."

"The last ten days of June were, on the contrary, distinguished by rain, by masses of cloud promising further downpour, even to excess; by saturated soil; by extensive ploughing and sowing of every crop of the season, and general sufficiency of seed; by tanks and wells filling fast, to the refreshment of man and beast; by grain-markets still tight, but with an inclination to become easier, no stores indeed produced by traders, but landholders and private persons evidently bringing their hoards into use; by a demand for Government grain diminished and limited more according to the needs of the present moment; by traders collecting their boats and promising importation as soon as the rising streams should afford the necessary means; by labourers and husbandmen all gone from the relief works to the busy fields, leaving only some of the women and children on the works; by the lists of gratuitous and charitable relief still swollen, and the public health still good, these being the only points of likeness between the beginning and end of the month; by ryots and cultivators obtaining advances of food-grains—those who could from their landlords, and those who could not, from the relief officers; by a diminution of the proportion of the people receiving assistance from Government; by a general manifestation of feeling that peril from drought was for the present stayed; by relief establishments partially freed from out-door avocations, and with more leisure to complete returns and accounts; by transport operations nearly over and granaries filled; by confidence that unless some new trouble should supervene, the allotments of Government grain will prove probably sufficient to the end."

"This fortunate change was caused by fourteen inches of rain falling in the course of twenty-four days in Eastern Tirhoot, and 7 to 10 inches in Western Tirhoot."

"Fears have been naturally entertained lest the wide-spreading system of relief—quite inevitable if famine and mortality were to be warded off—depending partly indeed on charitable subscriptions, but chiefly on State funds—embracing first the poorest, then all the labouring and a number of the agricultural and manufacturing classes, and extending latterly to the middle classes—should, in a certain sense, demoralize and pauperize the people, teaching them to forego self-help and to lean on the Government, rendering them unwilling to return to ordinary employment when the change of season should arrive. These fears have been dissipated by the recent conduct of the people."

"It is affirmed by the best witnesses from all parts of Tirhoot that in the first days of July the area sown for the early crops to come on during August is much larger than usual; that various grounds, sometimes high pieces, sometimes low, not ordinarily sown with such crops, have this year been used for these sowings, the circumstance being specially observable in the most distressed tracts of North-East Tirhoot. For instance, an intermediate crop of rice called 'sathee' in the Mudhoobunnee tract, which is ordinarily insignificant, and regarding which we were warned in February last that it could not be depended upon for intermediate food-supply, is now reported to have been sown to such an abnormal extent as to afford a substantial food-supply, provided that

it escapes submergence from the floods which must come if the heavy rains last. The "murwa" (coarse grain reaped towards end of August) crop is scantily grown in Mudhoobunnee, in ordinary years, much less than elsewhere, which circumstance aggravated the case in that quarter, and rendered necessary a proportionably larger provision of Government grain. But it is reported that this murwa has been sown to an extent quite beyond the average, and promises excellently well. When I visited Hattee, East-Tirhoot, in the last days of May, extensive hollows in the surface of the country, ordinarily yielding rice, were abandoned as beyond hope by reason of drought. Instantly after the first fall of rain these lands were for a last chance taken up, and now it is reported that at least half of them are saved from being unproductive. Again, in many places early coarse crops (cheena, moong, &c.,) are being raised as yet with good promise close to the margin of streams, though the cultivators must well know that this produce would be all swamped if the waters were to rise one or two feet more. Instances might be multiplied. It is not, however, that the people have tried anything new in their husbandry; it is rather that this year they have carried many things to a degree which they would not care to attempt in ordinary years. And this is specially observable in respect to the early (August and September) crops from which they can get the first return; their anxiety manifestly being to acquire some grain of their own as soon as possible. An equally good beginning has been made with the sowing for the amun or winter rice crop, the mainstay and staff of life. Much, however, remains to be done for this crop; and to our European eyes the preparations of the cultivators in this respect seem backward; they may perhaps be allowed the credit of being the best judges in this matter, as they have shown such strenuous industry for the other crops. In those parts again where maize and millet are the staples, the preparations are as forward and as extensive as they could be."

"This progress towards large agricultural results could not, of course, have been obtained without the use of the services of every able-bodied person of both sexes and of every age. Accordingly, all those who were congregated on the relief works (as was the case with the great majority of the petty cultivators and field labourers) went off from the 15th to 20th of June with the same rapidity as that with which they pressed on to the works from the 15th to the 20th March last. The outturn of their work in the fields, as now seen, is too great to have been done wholly since they left the relief works. They must have gone on preparing their fields all the time that they were on relief piece-work. The toil undergone during the long days of this fierce summer in order to keep up field husbandry, and yet to earn subsistence at the piece-work, must have been so extreme as to be hardly believed. Nevertheless, the fact is confirmed by much evidence to the effect that the workpeople were often seen at piece-work late in the evening, and during the early hours of the night—the very men who must have been in their fields in the early morning. But they are now devoting all their hours to the fields; and the question is, how are they to find food till the next crop comes in. Some obtain wages in kind; others procure advances in kind from their zemindars and landlords, whose stores are probably considerable; some borrow grain from petty bankers, whose stores are probably small; some live on their savings made while they were on relief works; and the rest receive advances of grain from the relief officers. One way and another, they have all emerged from the worst period in unimpaired condition and in good heart to work for themselves. The surest way of terminating the consequences of the last drought is to preserve the labor-power of the country intact, and to direct it to raising at next harvest the utmost produce which the ground can bear. It is evident that these people, though duly grateful to the Government for its past aid and trustful of aid still being extended while the peril lasts (I am convinced of their gratitude, notwithstanding whatever may be asserted by some to the contrary)—do yet prefer to trust to the work of their own hands. There has from the first been an expectation among the laboring classes that relief would ere long be stopped and that works would be closed. They breathe more freely now that they see a chance of emancipating themselves from dependence on relief operations. The principal relief officer in Tirhoot assured me that this was manifest from their changed demeanour. The trading classes have a similar expectation; traders have sometimes said that they would certainly resume their business as soon as the markets and rivers should permit, because they were sure that

Government would not, or could not, keep up the relief work on its present scale. From their own repeated declarations to me I am sure that they are not at all afraid of Government interference. From no persons have I heard stronger expressions of gratitude, or more distinct assertions that the State had saved the fortunes of the traders by saving the lives of their numerous constituency, than from the principal native traders of Behar."

"The only adverse statement which I have ever heard regarding the cultivators is to the effect, that during the drought of last autumn they often omitted to do what they might have done for petty irrigation. Their conduct in other respects seems to show that such omission must have proceeded from ignorance and not from apathy."

"It is not meant that this good conduct has been pursued by every one. In this large population many instances have been and may yet be found of behaviour the reverse of that above described; indeed at one time there sprung up a class of *mates* or gangmen who, for their own ends, tried to mislead the people and to foster idleness But if the points as above set forth are in the main correct, as I believe them to be, then what becomes of the argument about the demoralization or pauperization of the people? Is it not demonstrable that neither of these evils has happened or is happening in Tirhoot? In justice to the people of this great district it must be said that the crisis of 1874 has raised them in the estimation of Government, for their fortitude under suffering, their reluctance to come upon relief until driven by want, their diligence in retrieving the position they had temporarily lost, their quickness to seize the first opportunity of reverting to ordinary work. Nor should commendation be restricted to the cultivating and labouring classes The zemindars have, as a body, done much by executing relief works from funds either their own or borrowed by them from Government, by making advances to their tenantry both for food and for seed; and by becoming security for advances made to their tenantry for those purposes by the Government. The trading class has not indeed shown enterprise, but this is hardly a reproach if their conduct be fairly looked at, inasmuch as they never could have imported without loss. But the traders have shewn alacrity in promoting the distribution of the Government grain among the people, and theirs is the agency for most of what has been or may yet be done in this respect."

"To this review of the condition of Tirhoot at the beginning of July may be added a *resumé* of the allotment, expenditure, and balance of the Government grain in this particular district (the balance being exclusive of wastage and loss)."

Total allotment, including reserve last ordered	Expenditure to end of May, shewn in narrative of 10th June	Expenditure during June, chiefly actual, but estimated for the last week	Total to end of June	Estimated expenditure during July and August	Balance expected on 1st September
Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons	Tons.	Tons.
179,044	23,600	27,279	50,879	56,500	71,665

"With the balance on 1st September (whatever it may prove to be after losses and wastage) there will have to be carried on the relief operations to the end of December, that is, four months. If a comparison be made with the expenditure of Government grain during the earlier months of the year, (say February, March, and April,) that would be misleading, because relief was then given chiefly in money, whereas in the latter months it will be given chiefly in grain. Still, so far as can now be seen, the balance is considered sufficient for safety."

"The numbers of persons on the relief works in Tirhoot during some of the days of June amounted to 975,000, which figure represents the highest point. By the 1st July the numbers are believed to have fallen to 300,000. About the same time the numbers of recipients of charitable relief amounted to nearly 210,000. The largest number of all those receiving aid on any one date in Tirhoot, whether by relief wages, by gratuitous relief, by purchase, or by advances, is estimated to have been 1,774,000. This number much exceeds that originally estimated (one million), but it includes large numbers of Nepalese, who all through the hot season purchased at the British granaries near their frontier. The numbers of these latter receiving aid cannot be stated, but they must have been

considerable. After allowance for this, however, it must be admitted that the numbers in Tirhoot receiving assistance during the worst period did somewhat exceed even the high estimates which had been framed."

The Lieutenant-Governor, in continuation of his remarks regarding the Tirhoot district, sends the following general remarks to be included in the present narrative:—

"This narrative relates to the latter half of June, which period had been looked to previously with perhaps greater anxiety than any period since the distress began. I will endeavour to review briefly the main points in the situation, as it stood at the end of June and the beginning of July."

"The critical period of June then has begun and ended most favorably throughout the distressed districts. The rain began early, and has continued abundantly. The preparation of the fields for the early crops of August and September is found to be in a forward state. The sowings for those crops were done quickly and extensively. There was no want of seed for the most part. The area thus sown is believed to be larger than the average of ordinary years. The promise of the young crops to be reaped in August or September is excellent everywhere. The sowings for the later crop—rice to be reaped in December—are going on very well, though not completed. For these also there has been no considerable complaint of want of seed. The weather is very propitious; more sunshine is perhaps desired: if there be a fear at all, it is lest the rainfall should prove to be too much. The rainfall during June, in the distressed districts north of the Ganges, has averaged 11¼ inches."

"The demeanour of all classes connected with agriculture, under this happy change of circumstances, has been all, or nearly all that could be desired. The cultivators have attended to their fields with the utmost diligence. The landlords have promptly engaged all the labórers required for field-work, paying the wages in kind; and have made large advances of food-grain to their tenants, where they were able; and have, where they were not able to advance of themselves, co-operated with the relief officers by standing security for their ryots. The cultivators will have enough food to sustain themselves till the next harvest is gathered."

"The public health in the distressed districts has been, and is still remarkably good, excepting only Maunbhoom, and perhaps also Rungpore, and a few places in Central Bengal. The general death-rate is believed to be less than the average. Even the Burdwan fever has somewhat abated. The cattle, too, have been healthy, and no epidemics have broken out among them."

"As would be expected under these circumstances, the number on the relief works has fallen greatly. At the beginning of June the number was 1,770,732, and at the end 893,163. In the most distressed districts the proportion of decrease has been very much greater than that indicated, as in Tirhoot, Chumparun, Dinagepore, and Rungpore, where all able-bodied persons can get work in the fields. In some districts, however, there are many laboring families who cannot do this, and they have to stay on the works. In some places, too, the cultivators—occupants of lands—try to save expense by doing for themselves field-work for which they would in ordinary years employ paid labor. This circumstance would compel such laborers to remain on the works. Immediately on the first indication of the approach of the rains, instructions were telegraphed to every principal relief centre to facilitate and expedite the transfer of relief labourers to the fields or to private employment. In this respect, all, or nearly all, that could be wished has been accomplished. The expediency or otherwise of closing relief works altogether from the 15th July to 1st September has been considered. But after conference with the best authorities the proposal has been abandoned—partly because it might have the effect of unduly enlarging the lists of charitable relief, and partly because numbers may have to be re-admitted to the works after the harvesting of August shall cease to afford employment."

"On the other hand, the numbers on the lists for gratuitous and charitable relief have risen largely. At the end of June the number was 525,600 persons. The increase may have arisen partly from persons who had been on relief works applying for gratuitous relief after the closing or the reduction of the works. But the main cause is this, that as each week advances, distress spreads more and more over those of the lowest classes who cannot work. Though admission may sometimes have been granted without adequate enquiry, still, on the whole, the officers are strict to avoid admitting until the necessity is shown. Persons

who could not make out a case before, who had still some little means unexhausted, are able now to convince the authorities that admission is necessary. Or again, as the circle and sub-circle officers in the interior of the distressed districts go the round of the villages time after time, they find each time more and more persons who have a claim on that humane and merciful consideration which the subscribers to these charitable funds desire to see shown. That it is duly shown, according to the instructions reiterated by the Government to its officers, is to some extent proved by the increase of the numbers."

"In these numbers are included all those who from high caste, or delicate nurture, or social antecedents, or inaptitude for labour by reason of skilled occupation for which the demand is temporarily in abeyance, cannot come forward to ask for relief or to work, but are yet sorely straitened, though not reduced to the verge of danger. There are many varieties of degree among these persons, and it is not easy to classify them statistically, but endeavour will be made to separate approximately the number of them from the number of ordinary recipients of charitable relief."

"The relief being administered to a large extent by charitable funds, includes not only food but some extra articles of sustenance; also clothing in all the worst cases, and sometimes assistance is carrying on some skilled work or manufacture which is depressed from the prevailing scarcity."

"It is to be remembered that some proportion of the recipients of this relief consists of professional beggars, of the sick, and the miserable of all sorts, who have been in ordinary years supported by private charity without State intervention, but who cannot be thus sustained this year, because the donors who have heretofore fed them are now distressed themselves All these will revert to that private charity which is so extensive among the natives, immediately that returning plenty shall cheapen prices."

"The granting of advances of food-grain to ryots has been more and more recognised as one of the best means of ensuring such industrious cultivation as would help to secure a large yield for those coming harvests which will, we hope, put at end to the distress. If the cultivators, occupants of fields, after having long ago exhausted their previous supply, and having for weeks sustained themselves only by wages on relief works, are to leave the works and devote themselves to the fields until September, how are they to live in the mean time? They really must get an advance of food-grain from some quarter; otherwise their position would for the moment be worse than that of the field laborers who can earn wages."

"If they obtain such advances from the landlord, as they frequently can, or from the grain dealers, as they ordinarily can in good years, and as they can sometimes even in this year—well. If, as is often the case, they cannot obtain the advances from either of these two quarters, there is nothing for it but to avert the mischief by granting an advance from the Government stores. Many applications were made; and the matter was much agitated by the cultivators. As the cultivating season became urgent, it would not have been prudent to await the receipt of individual applications from numbers of ignorant persons who might not know how to apply, inasmuch as mischief might set in before the business could be settled. Therefore the relief organization in the circles and sub-circles was called into play for promptly ascertaining village by village, in the most distressed districts, the circumstances of all cultivators who really needed advances and who could not obtain them otherwise than from Government. Much progress has been made with this work, which from its nature was pressing, and which is probably near completion by this date. Sometimes the cultivator can give security. Sometimes the zemindar will stand security; sometimes the cultivators of a whole village will become joint security one for the other. In every case the officer is to make the best arrangement he can to ensure repayment of the advance. By the returns brought up to 10th June, 3,84,000 maunds of grain, equal to 14,000 tons, had been thus advanced to cultivators. The number of the recipients is not precisely known, but on a calculated average of 2 maunds to a cultivator we obtain a number of 192,000 cultivators, heads of families. If the numbers of the families be calculated (as they ought to be in order to see the total of the persons concerned) the aggregate, at an average of 4 persons per family, would be 768,000 persons. In other words, three-quarters of a million of persons of the class of cultivators occupying land were assisted by advances of Government grain to the 10th

June. The enquiries have been since going on actively, and before the end the total numbers must very greatly exceed those above stated."

"Besides these advances of grain there were many advances of cash from Government directly to the ryots or indirectly to them through the zemindars. These have now been discontinued."

"The sale of Government grain is going on actively at all those places which have been mentioned in previous narratives. It has not been recently extended to any additional places. The amount of grain sold up to the end of the third week in June is returned at 61,000 tons (this does not mean the total of grain expended, which is much more, as will be presently seen). But in this amount is included the grain sold to relief laborers who, having got cash wages, purchase Government grain."

"The selling price of Government rice has been reduced from 12 to 13 seers for the rupee in Behar, including the Patna and Bhagulpore Commissionerships, and the western part of the distressed districts; and to 14 seers for the rupee in the Rajshahye Commissionership or eastern part of these districts. This reduction was deemed necessary under the conditions of the rules regarding sale referred to in previous narratives."

"It is impossible to distinguish the labourers purchasing grain from other members of the public, or to state what proportion of the total purchases is represented by purchases made by them. It is believed, however, that at least half, perhaps more than half of the total, represents purchases by the public exclusive of relief laborers. Instructions have been reiterated to all officers to suspend the sales wherever and whenever private trade should bring in supplies, and to avoid interference or competition with such trade. It cannot indeed be affirmed that in no case has trade ever been directly or indirectly interfered with by the Government operations. But such interference has for the most part been successfully avoided. I have frequently received declarations from native traders to this effect. And that this is really the case in the main, is proved by the remarkable activity of private trade in the western part of the distressed area especially. During the period of scarcity nearly 148,000 tons of private grain have been carried by railway up to Behar (including the Commissionerships of Patna and Bhagulpore), and nearly 185,000 tons down; in all 333,000 tons brought by rail. It is more difficult to ascertain the statistics of the river trade in grain to the eastern part of the distressed districts, but it appears as yet to be inconsiderable. Perhaps its turn has yet to come."

"The private grain brought by rail to Behar is apparently not destined for the most distressed places in the north; it will probably be absorbed by the intermediate tracts in the basin of the Ganges. In all the most distressed districts there is no private rice whatever for sale in open market; it is universally declared by those in, and those out of the trade that there would be no rice at all purchaseable but for the Government supplies."

"Since the beginning of the rains the price of rice in Bengal has become cheaper by about 15 per cent. It is (as I learn) the opinion of the principal native grain merchants in the interior of Bengal (except those of Calcutta whom I have not met) that prices will not fall materially till September, when there will be some favorable difference; but that prices must remain dear as compared with ordinary years till the winter rice crop is secured, which cannot be till December. They have generally recommended us to continue selling Government grain freely until at least September. Their testimony to this effect is remarkable."

"The point which next in order suggests itself, is the total expenditure of Government grain. Returns brought up to the end of the third week of June shew a total expenditure of 115,000 tons, including everything, namely, that given in gratuitous relief, paid in kind to relief laborers, sold to the public inclusive of relief laborers, advanced to ryots, but not including anything for wastage or losses."

"In order to estimate the total number of persons receiving assistance of some sort during the first fortnight of June, we have the following data to form a basis:—

Total number of relief laborers as per paragraph 18 of the 20th narratives	1,770,732
Total number of persons on charitable relief as per paragraph 21 of ditto	401,959
Total grain expenditure, in maunds, of first half of June, as per district narratives	843,000

"Thus we have 2,172,691 persons receiving relief quite irrespective of those who are living on advances or purchases of Government grain. The amount of Government grain disposed of during the fortnight would give three-fourths of a seer a day to 3,401,900 persons for a fortnight. But among the people who consumed Government grain were all the persons on charitable relief, and a large portion of the laborers. The district narratives show that by the end of the first fortnight of June the practice of paying all laborers in grain, though largely introduced, had not been fully carried out. The Bhagulpore return is the one which best distinguishes between sales to the public and those to laborers; and that shows 98,228 maunds sold to the public, as against 25,628 maunds sold to laborers. All the district narratives show that the non-laboring public are the chief customers at our granaries."

"It would therefore be probably within the truth to take one-half of the persons supported by Government grain as being outside the relief labor and charitable relief lists. By this reckoning the total numbers receiving assistance in one shape or another would be—

Laborers and paupers as above	...	2,172,691
One-half the consumers of Government grain	...	1,700,950
Total	...	3,873,641

"This revised calculation corresponds closely with the calculation given in my narrative of the 11th June. It then seemed to be possibly too high, but is now seen not to be so. The best estimate that we can frame shows that the number at the worst period was 3,900,000 persons receiving assistance of some sort, which is somewhat above the estimate of 3,500,000 originally framed. The cause is this, that subsequently some tracts became distressed which were not included in the area of distress when the first estimate was made, and were not included in that inquiry."

"The foregoing statement leads directly to the consideration of the adequacy or otherwise of the quantities of Government grain stored in the distressed districts. The quantities allotted amount to close upon 400,000 tons; the quantities already shewn as expended up to the end of the third week in June amount to 115,000 tons; the balance remaining, therefore, would have amounted to 285,000 tons, less abatement for wastage and losses. These stores are under the Government of Bengal, besides which there is the reserve at the Presidency under the Government of India. It becomes important to arrive at a definite opinion as to whether the balance available in the interior of the distressed districts is sufficient for safety. The average monthly expenditure for the two past months from the third week of April to the third week of June, inclusive, has been 53,000 tons a month, or 13,000 tons a week. The best informed persons believe that a somewhat higher rate of expenditure will continue till the third week in August, that is, two months more from the period last named. If an average of 60,000 tons a month be maintained, there would be a further expenditure of 120,000 tons, making a total of 235,000 tons to the third week of August, inclusive; leaving a balance of 165,000 tons, less abatement for wastage and losses. From the end of August it is expected that the rate of expenditure will decrease, if the autumn crops shall prove good. Until the end of August it is probable that the sales will be large; the advances to ryots considerable; the expenditure on gratuitous and charitable relief high, and on relief works comparatively low, and becoming lower week by week. From the end of August the sales will, it is hoped, decrease greatly; the advances to ryots almost cease, while the expenditure on charitable relief will continue high and on relief works may rise again somewhat, though never to the height attained during the hot months. On the whole, it is expected that (if all goes well with the season and crops) the average expenditure during the two months, September and October, will be less than during the previous four months; and still further less during the next two months, November and December, after which the distress will, we trust, cease altogether. The entire duration of the distress must always be remembered; for, from the very first, the estimates of the Government have been based on the anticipation that this distress would last into December in most of the distressed districts, and especially in Tirhoot. It is not necessary to pursue these calculations further, because they partly depend on rainfall which may be vouchsafed or withheld, and on crops which may be gathered in more or less abundance. A general view of the case

certainly shows that (so far as can now be seen) the stores in the districts are sufficient for safety; but that they are not more than sufficient on the whole. It might indeed be doubted whether they would be enough in this sense, were it not that the reserve existed at the Presidency. It is already seen that some particular places have too much grain and other places too little, and every effort is made to transfer grain from the points of surplus to those of deficit. The foregoing remarks refer to the stores in the aggregate. Beyond reasonable doubt we have ample stores in the districts, as a whole, till September. If by that date any fresh danger should arise or threaten, there would be time to throw into the districts additional supplies which would be obtained from the reserve at the Presidency."

"The importance of protecting the Government stores from deterioration during the rains has been remembered All the numerous storehouses in the interior have recently been inspected by officers specially appointed for the purpose, and are for the most part reported to be efficient. A second inspection as the season advances may be necessary."

"The preparation of the special accounts of expenditure, both of grain and of cash, is being carried on under trained supervision."

"The land transport service, which at one time assumed such pressing importance, has now passed away. In Tirhoot the conclusion of this service was extraordinarily troublesome. The heavy rains falling so early in June, embarassed the lines of transit, distressed the beasts of draught and burden, causing many casualties among them, and damaged much of the grain. The brunt of this was borne by the reserve carriage (of various kinds) belonging to Government. The value of this carriage at that critical and crucial juncture proved that its presence was indispensable to the final success of the operations in Tirhoot. Many granaries now filled must have remained unfilled, many markets which will be supplied must have remained incompletely supplied, many mouths which will be fed must have remained unfed, but for the reserve carriage belonging to Government. The animals of all sorts are now being taken care of, so that they may recover from their fatigues and ailments—and be ready for more service if necessary, or for advantageous disposal, by sale or otherwise, hereafter."

"The preparation for water carriage as explained in previous narratives are made in case necessity should arise; but no operations in this line are as yet contemplated, except the despatch of a small quantity (about 10,000 tons) of reserve grain to north-eastern Tirhoot."

"The organization of relief circles and sub-circles, with their ramifications penetrating to every village, will still be fully maintained for some time to come in all the distressed districts. There have been casualties among our officers (from accidents on horseback, sunstroke, and the like) but as yet very little sickness. Among the officers and gentlemen engaged in the relief service there are included many Indigo Planters who manage circles or sub-circles with a diligence equal to that, and with a local knowledge greater than that, of any one else. All, Europeans and Natives, official and non-official, are alike animated by unflagging zeal under each change and variety of the ever shifting circumstances: the object aimed at by all to the very end of the distress being this, that of the hundreds of thousands of lives entrusted to their keeping, not one should be lost from preventible causes."

Weather and Rainfall.—The weather continues to be most satisfactory throughout the greater part of the country, and everywhere, except in the comparatively small tract immediately to the east of Calcutta, the rainfall is reported as ample for all requirements.

State of Crops.—The prospects of the crops continue most favorable, and almost everywhere a more than average yield is anticipated from the autumn crops. These latter have already begun to come into the market in some districts.

Prices.—Prices show a tendency to fall almost everywhere through the country. The only districts where a rise is reported are Burdwan, Calcutta, Pubna, the Sonthal Pergunnahs, and Monghyr. In the latter district, though the price of rice has risen, that of barley has fallen considerably. Prices have fallen in Hooghly, 24-Pergunnahs, Nuddea, Jessore, Moorshedabad, Dinagepore, Maldah, Rajshahye, Rungpore, Darjeeling, Dacca, Fureedpore, Sylhet, Chittagong Hill

Tracts, Tipperah, Patna, Gya, Shahabad, Tirhoot, Chumparun, Purneah, Cuttack, and Hazareebagh. In other districts they are stationary. The fall has been most conspicuous in Rungpore and Shahabad. In the former district the price of rice fell from 9-6 to 11-4 seers for the rupee, and in Shahabad rice fell from 10-12 to 11-8, and barley from 18-4 to 20 seers for the rupee.

Private trade to Behar.—The usual note on food-grains will be found in Appendix A. The private trade returns of grain carried by railway show a decrease of 5,077 tons in the up and down traffic; but this is more than compensated by the increase in the river-traffic, which shows an increase of 5,289 tons. Now that the rivers are open, it is probable that the larger share of the traffic will go by that route.

North Tirhoot.—The Lieutenant-Governor has given so full an account of the state of this district that any further remarks in this part of the report are unnecessary.

South Tirhoot.—Prices in this district are reported as easier, owing more to the improved prospects of the crops than to the activity of trade. Sowings have all been completed, and the laborers have left relief works in large numbers for the fields. The prospects of the crops are said to be excellent, and the people to be in very good condition.

Chumparun.—The prospects here are quite as good as in the adjoining district of South Tirhoot, and it is satisfactory to learn that the experience of the past year has had the result of inducing the people to cultivate a much larger breadth of land than usual, much land hitherto fallow having been this year broken up for crops. In Ramnuggur some difficulty in procuring seed has been felt by the poorer ryots, but elsewhere the supplies have been abundant.

Sarun.—There is little change in this district: supplies continue abundant; and prospects are very good; but the general poverty of the cultivators render considerable advances of grain necessary. These are being distributed with as much expedition as is consistent with an adequate inquiry into the circumstances of the borrowers.

South Behar.—The rains here have been as abundant as elsewhere; but while they have been of the greatest benefit to the crops, the unusually heavy rainfall has caused damage to some tracts, as the hill streams, which are numerous in that part of the country, have in several cases overflowed their banks. The most extensive flood seems to have been that caused by the overflow of the Soane near Arrah, but nowhere does it appear that any serious losses have been incurred, and there is still probably time to resow the crops which may have suffered.

Bhagulpore Division.—The reports from this division continue good, and the condition of the people in Bahadoorgunge in Purneah, where distress was reported last fortnight, has much improved. Some slight damage has been done by floods in Monghyr. The zemindars in Soopool, in the Bhagulpore district, are said to have been especially active in assisting their ryots.

Rajshahye Division.—In the Rungpore district this season's rice is said to have already made its appearance in the market, but it does not seem probable that it can have much effect upon the food-supply of the country till the end of August. By that time the whole crop will have been gathered and stored for a sufficient time to render it wholesome. The Collector of Dinagepore, who has written fully on the subject, seems to think that but little of the crop will be available for sale to the public, as most of it will be retained by the growers for their own consumption; but as many of these men are now subsisting on purchased rice, the withdrawal of so much demand will naturally tend to render prices easier for those who have still to buy, and will certainly diminish, though by no means put a stop to, the demand for the Government grain. Mr. Lowis seems to think that as the area under early rice is so much more extensive than usual, it will probably suffice to maintain the growers till the end of January, when the amun crop will be ready for use.

Burdwan Division.—Rain has not been so general or abundant in this division as in the rest of the country, and though there is no great anxiety felt with regard to any of the crops, yet more rain is reported as wanted in Hooghly, Howrah, and the north-east of Midnapore. Throughout the greater part of Midnapore a bumper aous crop is expected. Advances to ryots are being freely given in this division.

Cooch Behar Division, Julpigoree.—No special narrative has been received from this district, but the latest information shows that there is little present distress and every prospect of coming abundance.

Chota Nagpore.—The reports show a great improvement in the condition of the people. At present no part of this division can be considered to be distressed except parts of Maunbhoom, and it is hoped that the autumn crops will bring early relief to this district.

Transport of Grain.—Grain is still going to the Burdwan division, as the recent orders, rendering it imperative on all officers to make advances and pay relief laborers in grain, make it necessary to store grain in all the districts of the division.

Relief Works.—The following statement shows the average number of relief laborers during the fortnight under report as compared with that preceding it:—

	Last Fortnight.	This Fortnight.
Patna Division	1,368,087	597,962
Gunduk Embankment	27,574	19,848
Soane Canal	31,945	26,352
Bhagulpore Division	88,448	76,724
Rajshahye Division	155,466	107,633
Northern Bengal Railway	22,622	13,274
Burdwan and Chota Nagpore ...	72,849	51,370
Cooch Behar	3,741	Not received.
Total ..	1,770,732	893,163

These returns show a very large decrease over those submitted during the last three months, and as the numbers on the works on the last day of the fortnight were in almost all cases less than the average daily number for the whole period, we may hope for a still further diminution in the numbers during the next fortnight.

The following table shows the numbers employed in each district, with details as far as they are available of those employed on piece-work and daily wages:—

Divisions	Names of districts.	Laborers under Public Works Department	Laborers under Circle officers.	Total Laborers.	Task or piece-work	Daily wages.
Patna	Tirhoot (North)	44,639	143,422	188,061	146,188	41,873
	Tirhoot (South) . ..		131,731	131,731	No details.	
	Chumparun	42,644	....	42,644	Ditto.	
	Sarun	208,549	9,548	218,097	Ditto.	
	Patna	10,858		10,858	Ditto	
	Gya . ..	...	3,124	3,124	1,001	1,123
	Shahabad	3,613	794	4,447	4,274	173
	Total ..	310 343	287,619	597,963	151,463	43,169
	Gunduk Embankment ...	19,848	. ....	19,848	34,936	.....
	Soane Canal	26,352	... ..	26,352	26,352	.....
	Total ..	46,200	..	46,200	46,200	.....
	Total for Patna Division ...	356,543	287,619	644,162	212,751	43,169
Bhagulpore ..	Monghyr	3,130		3,130	2,807	323
	Bhagulpore	13,086	9,761	22,847	22,779	68
	Purneah ...	10,595	16,597	27,192	27,192	. ..
	Sonthal Pargunnahs ..	23,555	.. ..	23,555	Chiefly task-work.	
	Total ...	50,366	26,358	76,724	52,778	391
Rajshahye	Maldah	2,796	1,640	4,436	No details.	
	Dinagepore	32	40,513	40,545	9,405	25,781 Details imperfect.
	Rungpore	...	28,328	28,328	11,264	3,576 Imperfect.
	Bogra	16,520		16,520	No details.	
	Moorshedabad .	4,592		4,592	Ditto	
	Rajshahye	938	12,374	13,312	Ditto	
	Total ...	24,878	82,755	107,633	10,669	29,357
	Northern Bengal Railway	13,274		13,274	13,274	. ...
Chota Nagpore	Maunbhoom	12,082	3,992	16,074	8,191	3,909 Details imperfect
	Palamow	1,493		1,493	.....	1,493
	Hazareebagh ..		Not received			
	Total .	13,575	3,992	17,567	8,191	5,302
Burdwan...	Hooghly	4,026		4,026	...	.. ..
	Beerbhoom	13,146	.. ..	13,146	. ...	.. ...
	Bankoora	4,866		4,866	...	.. ..
	Burdwan	8,199	3,506	11,765	9,694	Details imperfect
	Total ...	30,237	3,506	33 803	9,694	.....
Cooch Behar ..	Julpigoree ..	.	Not received			
	Grand Total	488,873	404,290	893,163	307,357	78,219

Ganduk Embankment and Canal.—Work is progressing on the roads and on the canal. About five miles of the latter have been completed. About three miles of the Sarun canal have been put in hand, and labor is said to be much wanted.

Soane Canal.—Work has been much impeded by the heavy rains. About 34 lakhs of cubic feet of earth-work have been completed in the Kurrumnassa division during the fortnight.

Northern Bengal Railway.—The work has been much hindered by rain and floods, but notwithstanding 670,000 cubic feet of earth-work have been thrown up during the fortnight. The total work up to date amounts to 6,375,800 cubic feet, equal to 134 miles of 4 feet bank, besides 99 miles of feeder roads. Major Lindsay expects to be able to give employment during the rains to about the same number of work-people as are working now, as he has purposely left a part of the work on the higher ground untouched, so as to give employment to the people during the rainy season.

The following return shows the numbers in the receipt of charitable relief during this fortnight, as compared with that under review in the previous narrative:—

Divisions	Names of Districts	Number of centres	Number on Charitable Relief.	
			This fortnight.	Last fortnight
Patna	Tirhoot, North	681	187,106	162,294
	Tirhoot, South		21,568	13,647
	Chumparun	50	13,552*	15,364
	Sarun	18	26,955	7,122
	Patna	None.	None	None
	Gya	12	1,551	1,070
	Shahabad	15	2,266	846
	Total	776	252,998	200,643
Bhagulpore	Monghyr	16	1,984	1,090
	Bhagulpore	15	44,953	39,740
	Purneah	55	5,386	5,888
	Sonthal Pergunnahs	.....	.. ..	...
	Total	86	51,323	46,718
Rajshahye	Maldah	33	12,730	9,572
	Dinagepore	447	54,693	22,460
	Rungpore	33	27,720	23,124
	Bogra	30	19,092	13,705
	Moorshedabad	24	9,815	5,916
	Rajshahye	19	7,452	7,009
	Pubna	.....	1,400	10,966
	Total	586	132,902	102,269
Chota Nagpore	Maunbhoom	.....	11,226	10,490
Burdwan	Hooghly	....	3,923	4,043
	Beerbhoom		18,014	10,913
	Bankoora	.. ..	28,635	14,446
	Burdwan	.....	26,599	15,382
	Total	.	77,171	44,784
	Grand Total	1,448	525,620	404,903

* Returns incomplete

The returns show an increase in all districts except Chumparun, Purneah, Pubna, and Hooghly. In the first-named district the returns are imperfect, and the decrease is probably rather nominal than real; in the remaining districts it is insignificant, except in Pubna, where the inquiries made by the Collector have largely reduced the numbers. Though it can scarcely be expected that these numbers will be largely reduced for some months to come, yet probably they will decrease rather than otherwise, as the present returns show a considerable number of persons who have received a grant of grain on being removed on the relief works, and these will not appear again on the returns. On the other hand, there will be increasing numbers of old and infirm persons, who have hitherto done nominal work on relief works, who will be driven to accept charitable relief from their inability to maintain themselves otherwise.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

J. F. K. HEWITT,

Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

APPENDIX A. TO THE 21ST SPECIAL NARRATIVE.

Movement of Food-grains.

1. THE total exports of food-grains from the Bengal Presidency during June were 14,342 tons; the details are given in Schedule A.

The imports to Calcutta during the same month were 32,883 tons, of which 16,903 were on Government, and 5,980 on private account. The bulk of the latter were from ports on the Orissa and Madras coasts.

The total figures from the beginning of November 1873 to the end of June 1874 are:—

	Tons.
Exports from the Bengal Presidency	240,072
Imports to the port of Calcutta	436,273

2. The following figures show (in tons) the quantity of food-grains "sent up from stations *below* Rajmehal and Jamoooe and down from stations *above* Mirzapore, which was delivered at stations between Rajmehal and Buxar (inclusive)" between the 14th and 27th June, compared with the figures for the previous fortnight:—

	This fortnight	Last fortnight.	Decrease.
Up	5,518	6,764	1,246
Down	15,173	20,190	5,017

It will be observed from paragraph 4 that there has been a corresponding increase in the river traffic.

The totals to date (from the beginning of November) of the returns on which the above figures are based, and which are for Behar only, are given below. The "Up" figures are only approximately correct. Appendix B, however, shows in detail the destination of all the Government grain sent up from Howrah since the commencement of operations.

	Government grain.	Private grain.	Total.
Up	273,638	147,615	421,253
Down	39,250	184,807	224,057
Total ...	312,888	332,422	645,310

3. The importations of food-grains to Calcutta by the Eastern Canals, from the 20th June to 3rd July, were 2,264 tons (against 3,394 during the previous fortnight), making 194,690 tons in all since 1st October 1873.

4. The private traffic registered on the Ganges is as shown below:—

Stations	Date.	Direction.	Tons.	Up to date from 1st November 1873 Tons.
Sahebgunge ...	21st June to 4th July ...	Up the Ganges ...	3,725	38,796
Ditto ...	Ditto ditto ...	Down „ ...	1,668	13,905
Goalundo ...	14th to 27th June ...	Up „ ...	2,405	27,076
Kooshtea ...	Ditto ditto ...	Down „ ...	116	12,715

Compared with the fortnightly figures given in last narrative, the figures for the present fortnight show an increase of 3,956 tons in the "Up," and of 1,333 tons in the "Down" traffic.

CALCUTTA,
The 9th July 1874.

G. TOYNBEE, C S.,
On Special Duty.

SCHEDULE A.

Statement showing the Quantity of rice (distinguishing table and other kinds), paddy, wheat, gram, and other food-grains, exported from the Presidency of Bengal for the month of June in the present year, and last year respectively.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	1872-73.									1873-74.								
WHITHER EXPORTED	RICE.		Paddy.	Total of rice and paddy	OTHER FOOD-GRAINS.				Grand total of all food-grains, columns 5 and 9.	RICE		Paddy.	Total of rice and paddy.	OTHER FOOD-GRAINS.				Grand total of all food-grains, columns 5 and 9.
	Table	Other kinds			Wheat.	Gram	Other kinds	Total.		Table.	Other kinds			Wheat	Gram.	Other kinds.	Total.	
	Tons	Tons	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
1. To Ceylon	14	3,264	..	3,278	..	370	214	584	3,862	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	25	79	104	104
2. To Mauritius, Bourbon, and West India Islands.	110	4,633	..	4,743	494*	684	278	1,456	6,199	566	5,657	.....	6,223	1,666	497	468	2,051	8,274
3. To other Foreign Countries	1,616	1,490	..	3,106	2,529	28	21	2,578	5,684	454	1,067	.....	1,521	3,115	37	28	3,178	4,699
4. Total to Foreign Countries	1,740	9,387		11,127	3,023	1,082	513	4,618	15,745	1,020	6,724	.....	7,744	4,199	559	575	5,333	13,077
5. To other Presidencies (beyond Bengal) ..	5,964	1,550	..	7,514	10	145	269	424	7,938	408	609	.....	1,017	7	26	215	248	1,265
Grand Total .	7,704	10,937	...	18,641	3,033	1,227	782	5,042	23,683	1,428	7,333	.....	8,761	4,206	585	790	5,581	14,342

* Fifteen tons of wheat relanded at Calcutta during the second-half of the month from previous shipments, have not been taken into account owing to there having been no exports during that period from Calcutta.

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE,

The 8th July 1874.

T. B. LANE,

Offg. Collector of Customs.

APPENDIX B. TO THE 21ST SPECIAL NARRATIVE.

Return of Grain despatched from Calcutta up to Tuesday, the 7th July 1874.—(*Gross Railway weight.*)

Division in which to be used.	Station to which sent.	Up to date of last return.	During the fortnight.	Total to date.	Remarks.
		Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	
Patna	Arrah (for Sarun) ...	3,87,853	.....	3,87,853	
	,, (for Chumparun) ..	77,476	.....	77,476	
	Barh	16,04,383	.....	16,04,383	
	Bankipore	53,576	.....	53,576	
	Bihta	20,827	.....	20,827	
	Bukhtiarpore	23,235	.....	23,235	
	Buxar	8,026	.....	8,026	
	Dinapore	3,336	.....	3,336	
	Doomraon	9,022	.....	9,022	
	Futwah Ghât	(a)20,50,027	.....	20,50,627	(a) Of this 20,585 maunds was seed grain.
	Mokameh	1,03,880	.....	1,03,880	
	Monghyr	(b)4,92,567	61,413	5,53,980	(b) Of this 9,436 maunds was seed-grain.
	Patna Ghât	5,66,316	41,310	6,07,626	
	Sultangunge	(c)58,858	.....	58,858	(c) Of this 39,031 maunds was seed-grain.
	Zumanea	16,027	.....	16,027	
	Totals of Patna Division ...	54,76,009	1,02,723	55,78,732	
Soane Circle ...	Arrah	38,863	.....	38,863	
	Behcea	2,078	.....	2,078	
	Bihta	2,032	.....	2,032	
	Buxar	4,354	.....	4,354	
	Mogul Serai	33,521	.....	33,521	
	Totals of Soane Circle	80,848	.....	80,848	
	Grand totals, Patna Division and Soane Circle	55,56,857	1,02,723	56,59,580	
Bhagulpore ...	Bhagulpore	(d) 1,41,596	.....	1,41,596	(d) Besides this 28,351 maunds were sent *viâ* Bhagulpore and Colgong to Nepal.
	Burriarpore	2,275	.....	2,275	
	Burhea	3,744	.....	3,744	
	Caragolah	3,00,331	.....	3,00,331	
	Colgong	3,42,087	.....	3,42,087	
	Ghidhour	1,981	.....	1,981	
	Jamooee	26,810	.....	26,810	
	Kujrah	3,506	.....	3,506	
	Luckee Serai	79,941	.....	79,941	
	Monghyr	3,70,321	.....	3,70,321	
	Peerpointee	64,210	.....	64,210	
	Sahebgunge	15,483	.....	15,483	
	Sultangunge	2,77,349	.....	2,77,349	
	Bahawa	20,981	.....	20,981	
	Teenpahar	11,052	.....	11,052	
	Maharajpore	3,033	.....	3,033	
	Moorrarooee	20,449	.....	20,449	
	Rampore Hât	6,115	.....	6,115	
	Jamtarra	13,206	.....	13,206	
	Baidynath	1,102	.....	1,102	
	Synthea	5,073	.....	5,073	
	Nulhattee	2,705	.....	2,705	
	Jamtarra	.....	3,033	3,033	
	Totals of Bhagulpore Division	17,13,350	3,033	17,16,383	
Rajshahye ...	Goalundo	4,90,864	.....	4,90,864	
	Kaligunge	1,85,781	.....	1,85,781	
	Koushtea	11,73,836	.....	11,73,836	
	Rajmehal	(e)86,523	.....	86,523	(e) Includes 2,025 maunds sent to Dinagepore jail.
	Sahebgunge	1,02,315	.....	1,02,315	
	Shohajipara	75,646	.....	75,646	
	Azimgunge	10,763	.....	10,763	
	Synthea	2,077	.....	2,077	
	Moorrarooee	1,519	.....	1,519	
	Nawadi	549	.....	549	
	Nulhattee	1,100	.....	1,100	
	Rampore Hât	1,602	.....	1,602	
	Totals of Rajshahye Division...	21,32,575	.....	21,32,575	
Chota Nagpore ...	Burrakar	2,14,369	.....	2,14,369	
	Girhidee	29,649	3,101	32,750	
	Totals of Chota Nagpore Division ...	2,44,018	3,101	2,47,119	
Burdwan ...	Raneegunge	7,446	5,297	12,743	
	Burdwan	7,233	10,406	17,639	
	Bhulpore	6,174	2,115	8,289	
	Hooghly	2,402	3,195	5,597	
	Kanoo Junction	2,177	3,038	5,215	
	Mugrah	204	.....	204	
	Pandooah	204	.....	204	
	Serampore	1,364	.....	1,364	
	Synthea	1,040	3,605	4,645	
	Goshkhara	2,096	.....	2,096	
	Mancoor	4,147	10,503	14,650	
	Ahmoodpore	.....	2,062	2,062	
	Cutwa	.....	20,664	20,664	
	Mullarpore	.....	2,600	2,600	
	Totals of Burdwan Division ...	34,487	63,485	97,972	
	Grand totals of all Divisions	96,81,287	1,72,342	98,53,629	
	Or tons ...	358,565	6,383	364,948	

G. TOYNBEE, C.S., *On Special Duty.*

No. A, dated Bankipore, the 28th June 1874.

From—A. C. MANGLES, Esq., Collector of Patna,

To—The Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

I HAVE the honor to submit the following narrative for the fortnight ending Saturday, the 27th instant.

The narratives from the Behar and Barh sub-divisions not having as yet been received, I can only speak regarding the tracts of country comprised in them from information received from other sources, and from letters received from the sub-divisional officers themselves from time to time.

A.—STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

2. The several grain markets of the district continue to be well supplied with all sorts of grains, and no deficiency is reported from anywhere. The figures of private importations continued, up to the 20th instant, to be nearly as high as reported in the last narrative; it having been during the fortnight up to that date 3,49,091 against 3,88,512 maunds. But now, with the constant falls of rain we are having, and the consequent favorable prospects of the coming crops, we may expect the importation to fall off; in fact, I know that they are so falling off, but I trust without any detriment to the requirements of the country.

3. The new siding in the Patna city has not undergone much alteration since the time of my last writing. The kunker for the road has been certainly laid down, but it still remains unrolled. The platform itself is still an unshapely and uneven mass of new earth, and no steps have been taken towards the erection of sheds; at least I could not observe that any such had been taken at the time of my last visit, which was only yesterday. The drain to cross the road diagonally from the level crossing at the north-east corner of the siding and to run into the new cutting is in course of construction; but the work is greatly retarded by the constant and heavy showers of rain we are having at the Patna city station. I am glad to say that there has been a great clearance of the grain lying about; and when the new sheds have been constructed, the roofing for which I saw under preparation, I hope there will be room enough for affording shelter to any further consignments that may come in.

4. The following were the prices of grain prevailing in the principal markets of the district:—

Patna.

				s.	c.			
Rice, best	...	...	...	12	0			
Rice, common	...	...	...	13	0			
Wheat	...	...	...	17	0			
Maize	...	...	...	17	0			
Barley	...	...	...	20	12			
Gram	...	...	...	21	8			

Dinapore.

				s.	c.		s.	c.
Rice, best	...	...	...	9	12	to	10	0
Rice, common	...	...	...	10	8	to	11	12
Wheat	...	...	...	15	0	to	16	12
Maize	...	...	...	17	0			
Gram	...	...	...	18	0			

In the interior of the Sudder sub-division rice is selling at 10 to 11 seers, wheat 14 to 16, barley 19 to 21, and gram 18 to 20. In Barh and Behar I do not think that there has been any material change in prices since the submission of my last narrative, but that if anything prices have fallen a little.

5. At the head-quarters we had several heavy and light showers during the fortnight, amounting to 8·70 inches. In Dinapore the fall amounted to 7·75. No return has been received from Barh and Behar sub-divisions, but the fall in those divisions, was, I believe, as heavy as elsewhere.

The sowing of the bhadoi crop has been nearly completed, and the young plants of Indian-corn and maroa are now from 6 inches to a foot high. The broadcast sowing of rice is also nearly completed, and the rice seedlings in the nurseries are looking most flourishing. The weather hitherto has been all that could be desired, as, what with the continual showers, with glimpses of sunshine in between, it has been capital growing weather for the young plants, which look strong and well; but now the cultivators are beginning to call for a little fine weather, to allow of their getting on to their fields to weed them.

6. I may here mention that I have considered it advisable to close as a tentative measure the local fund and relief works on the roads throughout the districts, calling at the same time on the sub-divisonal officers, the police, and the zemindars to be doubly watchful, and to bring to my notice at once any village or tract of country in which distress should begin to show itself. My reason for stopping the works were twofold, firstly, because the zemindars and cultivators began to complain that the fields were being neglected, and that enough hands could not be obtained to do the necessary work with the favorable weather that we were having; and secondly, because the Executive Engineer reported that not only would the work on the roads be comparatively useless, but that it would be impossible to find work for the laborers with the side-cuts full of water, and that they would consequently have to sit idle or

nearly so, and become demoralised by getting wages for doing nothing. So great has been the demand for labor in some parts of the district that I have actually heard complaints against the recruiters for the colonies for inducing men to leave their villages and emigrate. Of course, the numbers so emigrating are comparatively very few when compared with the numbers employed on our roads; but I merely mention the fact here, to show that I have not stopped the works without due care and enquiry; and you may rest assured that I will commence them again should necessity arise, which I hope, however, will not be the case.

7. Most favorable reports have reached me as to the productiveness of the soil in those lands on which the new crops have been sown, the young plants being described as much stronger than in ordinary years. This is ascribed by the cultivators themselves to the long continued drought of last year, and to the consequent influence of the suns rays. This may have had something to do with it, but I should think it was much more likely to be attributable to the fact of the soil having had of necessity a year's rest.

8. No case of misery or starvation was brought to my notice during the fortnight, with the exception of the six cases of professional beggars in Dinapore, as reported in paragraph 6 of my last narrative, who still represent the whole number of those receiving gratuitous relief in this district, and they receive it from private charity. The people now have plenty of grain everywhere, and have no lack of employment.

9. 149 emigrants were recruited and registered in my office during the fortnight for Natal and the Mauritius colonies. They were mostly from Gya and this district, and besides these, I have recruited and sent 31 to Calcutta for British Burmah, I having been asked by Dr. Payne during the fortnight, to recommence the operations which I had previously closed.

10. There were nine cases of grain-thefts reported by the Bengal Police during the fortnight, but mostly of a petty nature and unworthy of notice here. No case of grain-robbery occurred.

B.—Relief Works.

11. The statement given below will show the number of laborers employed on our several relief works during the week ending the 20th instant, towards the close of which the works were stopped, with the exception of just retaining a sufficient number of men on them to render serviceable by dressing and levelling the work which had already been done.

	Average daily No.
Sudder sub-division.	
Road No. 23, from Ekunger Serai to Mussourhee	557
„ „ 9, from Mutopore to Mohabullypore	463
„ „ 11, from Nowbutpore to Mussourhee	126
„ „ 12, from Durveshpore to Bukrum	135
„ „ 22, from Dinapore to Nowbutpore	110
„ „ 24, from Rampore to Mohabullypore	76
Total ...	1,467
Barh sub-division.	
Road No. 15, Futwa to Burhea	884
„ „ 30, from Mokameh to Surmeyra	115
Total ...	999
Behar sub-division.	
Road No. 29, from Futwa to Behar	1,154
„ „ 31, „ Bucktearpore to Raneebagh	3,295
„ „ 36, „ Behar to Asthawan	1,466
„ „ 37, „ Raggur to Girrick	775
„ „ 38, „ Futwa to Raneebagh	1,425
Total ...	8,115
Dinapore.	
Road No. 10, from Phoolwaree to Surowdha	170
„ „ 13, „ Monair to Purco	52
„ „ 14, „ Monair to Bihta	55
Total ...	277

or a grand total of 10,858 (composed of 8,512 men, 5,782 women, and 1,564 children), against 16,846 reported in the last narrative.

12. In closing the above works I issued the following circular to my sub-divisional officers on the 20th instant:—

"The Executive Engineer having brought to my notice that the doing any more earth-work was simply throwing money away so far as the roads themselves were concerned, and that from the appearance of the work-people who come to them there was nothing to show any signs

of distress, I have requested him to issue orders on his overseers to stop all earth-work, except so much as is necessary for rendering serviceable work already done, such as dressing and levelling, and to confine themselves now to the construction of light, inexpensive bridges, over the pynes and water-courses which intersect many of our embanked roads, thus rendering them comparatively useless for wheeled or indeed any sort of traffic.

"2*nd*.—Should necessity arise, the work now to be abandoned, or some others in their vicinity can be taken in hand again at any time; but I sincerely trust that no such necessity will arise, as with the favorable weather we are now having, the laboring classes should find ample employment in the fields, which is their legitimate work, and from which we should be drawing them to the detriment of the farmer were we to keep our road works open unnecessarily long.

"3*rd*.—As, however, single and scattered cases of distress may arise, I need not impress upon you how doubly necessary it now is that you should keep yourself well informed of the condition of the people in all parts of your sub-division, and bringing to my notice at once any villages or tracts of country where distress is beginning to show itself, and whence in your opinion assistance should be rendered."

13. The relief works taken in hand by private individuals have been stopped owing to the agricultural operations.

C.—Transport of Grain.

14. The subjoined statement will show the amount of food-grains imported into this district during the fortnight ending the 20th instant.

	Rice.	Wheat, oat, and barley.	Jaurra.	Other grains.
By rail	1,13,322	1,41,949	22,069	1,37,021
By river	6,269	59	.....	2,198
Total ...	1,19,591	1,42,008	22,069	1,39,219

or a grand total of 4,22,887 maunds, whereof 73,796 maunds were Government grain and 3,49,091 belonging to private trade.

D.—Storage of Government Grain.

15. I have now got only 2,139 maunds of rice left in the Sudder sub-division, the rest having been forwarded to Tirhoot. Of the 9,000 maunds of grain now left in the Behar sub-division, I have directed the sub-divisional officer to send 5,000 to Tirhoot and to keep 4,000 for any unforeseen emergencies, and as a check on the bunneahs who, if they saw that they had it all their own way as far as Government was concerned, and with very little competition among themselves, might raise their prices unnecessarily high.

16. Acting under the recent Government orders, I am also despatching across the river the grain received from Gya, and have up to date sent some 13,000 maunds, but I regret to say that the weather is most unfavorable for such work. Notwithstanding every precaution, some of the bags got wet from the heavy and penetrating showers which, followed by strong and hot sunshine, causes a damp and steamy atmosphere among the closely packed bags, the consequence of which is that in some instances the grain ferments and becomes unfit for food, and in others it germinates and grows through the bags. Two of the consignments lately received from Gya have been found to be in this state, and it was only yesterday that I received a report from Behar to the effect that, taking advantage of a fine sun-shining day, he had despatched a large number of carts laden with urid and moong for the Sudder station; that the carts had not gone many miles when it clouded over, and that since then they had had almost incessant rain for three days; that the carts had been halted during that time on the banks of a river, which it was impossible for them to cross till th flood or flush caused by the rain had subsided, and that therefore he had sent for them back again, and was greatly afraid that he should find all the grain more or less damaged, though he had taken every care to cover it well over with mats and gunny. As I said before, though every precaution in our power is taken to keep the bags as dry as possible, in most instances the soaking rain finds out some weak point somewhere, and one bag damaged does much to damage all the rest. Unless, therefore, there is the most urgent necessity for the grain being sent at once, I would strongly recommend its despatch being put off for the present.

17. Major deKantzow, whilst deprecating most strongly the transport of grain in this weather, and whilst complaining of the inconvenience caused to himself and those working under him from the stench arising from it, urges us on to send it to him as quickly as possible whilst he has the carts still together, and before they are taken away for indigo manufacture, to say nothing of saving large payments in the way of demurrage, so that it is hard to know what to do, and at the same time most unsatisfactory; for whether one sends it fast or slowly one feels that one is incurring a great expense to Government.

E.—Advances to Private Parties.

18 None during the fortnight. All the agricultural improvement works for which advances were made have been concluded or brought to a standstill owing to the rain.

F.—Charitable Relief.

19.—None in this district.

G.—Financial Results.

		Rs.	As.	P.
20.	As per account already rendered ...	2,55,002	6	7

During the Fortnight.

	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.
Paid to Abkaree mohurir on account of transport of grain				51	14	0			
Paid to Abkaree mohurrir on account of contingent charges				8	10	9			
Paid to nazir of the collectorate on account of halting charges of carts employed by Government				757	8	0			
Paid to nazir on account of cost of telegram ...				15	0	0			
Paid to nazir on account of railway freight on gunny bags received for the Collector of Tirhoot				252	8	0			
Paid to nazir on account of contingent charges ...				7	15	0			
Paid to municipal secretary on account of railway freight of 655 bags of mixed grain ...				40	6	0			
Paid to overseer, Baboo Banee Madhub Sirkar, on account of transport of grain				200	0	0			
Paid to Moulvie Amir Hossen on account of levelling the ground and erecting coal shed at Maroofgunge				10	0	0			
Office contingencies				0	8	0			
Total ...				1,283	13	0			
Fodder Account.	Rs.	As.	P.						
Paid to Beharee Sing for 7,419 Mds. 10 S. of bhoosa and 4,387 bags ...	7,251	7	10	.....			.....		
Paid to Nowrung Beharee on account price of fodder	70	8	3	.....			.....		
Total ...	7,322	0	1	7,322	0	1	8,605	13	1
Grand total ...	.....			.....			2,63,608	3	8

No. 987F., dated Gya, the 28th June 1874.

From—F. H. Skrine, Esq., District Grain Officer, for Collector of Gya,

To—The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Dept.

I have the honor to submit my report on scarcity and relief in the Gya district for the fortnight ending 27th June.

A.—State of the Country.

2. The bazars continue to be fairly well supplied at prices which, in spite of the very favorable weather which has prevailed during the fortnight, do not show a marked improvement on those quoted in my last report.

3. The annexed statement will show the number of seers of the different varieties of grain procurable at the chief marts of this district:—

Bazars.	Wheat.		Barley.		Rice, best sort.		Rice, common.		Millet.		Maize.		Gram.	
	Week ending 27th June.	Week ending 13th June.	Week ending 27th June.	Week ending 13th June.	Week ending 27th June.	Week ending 13th June.	Week ending 27th June.	Week ending 13th June.	Week ending 27th June.	Week ending 13th June.	Week ending 27th June.	Week ending 13th June.	Week ending 27th June.	Week ending 13th June.
	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S.	S. C.	S. C.
Gya	11 4	11 12	16 0	16 0	8 0	8 4	10 0	9 0	.....	.....	13 0	14 0	14 0	15 0
Nowada	12 0	13 8	18 0	17 0	.. ..	.....	12 0	9 12	15 0	17 0	13 0	14 0	15 0	16 12
Jehanabad ...	13 8	13 0	16 4	16 0	9 0	9 0	9 12	9 8	.....	.....	15 0	15 0	15 8	15 8
Aurungabad ...	13 10	13 8	17 4	17 0	10 0	9 12	10 8	10 8	.....	.....	.....	... .	16 0	15 4
Daoodnuggur ...	12 4	13 0	17 0	18 0	9 8	10 0	10 0	10 8	.....	.....	.....	.....	15 0	15 8
Sherghotty ...	11 8	.....	15 0	.. ..	9 8	.. .	10 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	13 0	.....

Gya	4·29
Jehanabad	6·53
Aurungabad ...	4·31
Nowada	8·05

4. The rainfall has been heavy and general, as will appear from the marginal statement, which shows the number of inches recorded at the sub-divisional head-quarters. The average for the whole district is nearly 5·8 inches.

6 The consequence of the unusually early setting in of the rains has been most beneficial to all agricultural operations. Paddy sowings are being pushed on with vigor, and will soon be completed. The bhadoi crop may be expected to ripen at least a fortnight earlier than in ordinary years Murwa and mukai are flourishing, and have been sown over a much larger area than is usually the case.

7. This seasonable weather has produced a decided amelioration in the condition of the laboring classes. All able-bodied laborers may now find employment in the fields, and in Jehanabad several of the pauper inmates of the relief-house have been removed by their friends. The Nowada sub-divisional officer indeed reports an increase in the number of applications for relief under heading "B," and the same is more or less observable throughout the district; but this is probably due to the fact that information as to the terms and nature of the relief afforded is now more widely diffused throughout the district.

8. The reports received from the supervisors confirm the cheerful view I have taken of the situation. No cases of misery or starvation have been brought to light, and I am convinced that a few weeks more of favorable weather will remove all apprehension as to the future.

B.—Relief Work.

9. The rainfall, while it has diminished the necessity for relief works, has interfered with their progress. I append a statement showing the numbers employed on each work.

Fortnight ending 20th June 1874.

Name of Works.	On Piece-work.				On Daily Wages.			
	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women	Children.	Total.
Dacodnuggur road	65	15	7	87	.....	.....	....	.....
Surbahda road	.....	.....	.....	.....	238	331	15	584
Puraya road	1,063	563	266	1,892	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bela and Khizer Sera road ...	649	411	101	1,161	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sherghotty and Myapore road	152	222	121	495	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ditto and Imamgunge road	283	315	260	858	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pukree Barwan road*	581	376	355	1,312	200	202	64	466
Gobindpore road*	12	4	.....	16	17	8	.....	25
Bihar and Rujowlee road*	549	1,305	618	2,472	364	1,538	995	2,897
Warisbgunge road*	672	477	201	1,350	189	206	57	452
Jehanabad and Hoolasgunge road	1,364	1,826	126	3,316	977	2,996	.	3,973
Obra road	176	140	117	433	250	105	65	420
Myabgha and Ruffigunge road ..	804	592	230	1,626	177	482	48	707
Tank at Aurungabad*	.....	.. .	.. ..	.. .	44	213	13	270
Maharajgunge road ...	.. .	...	.....	.....	1,758	2,154	1,312	5,224
Kootoomba road	....	..	.. ...	.....	353	224	128	705
Total ..	.....	.....		14,018	.. ...		.	15,723

10. There has thus been a decrease of more than 20,000 in the number employed. This decrease is chiefly observable in works on the daily wage system, and is partly due to the cessation of those marked with an asterisk in the above statement. The following comparative statement will show the fluctuations noted:—

Numbers employed.	Fortnight ending		Decrease during past fortnight
	13th June.	27th June.	
(*a*) On piece-work	17,430	14,018	3,412
(*b*) On daily wage	32,049	15,723	16,326
(*c*) Total ...	49,479	29,741	19,738
Daily average ...	3,574	2,124	1,410

11. Cash payments for "piece-work" have been the rule during the past fortnight, but on all works in progress laborers have had the option of exchanging the whole or a part of their wage for Government grain. That this privilege has been largely exercised, will appear from the annexed statement showing the amount recouped by the sale of Government grain.

12. It was considered that by this system all grain required for consumption by laborers and their families would be taken from the Government stock, and that any surplus earnings would be in cash; thus enabling them to purchase a few condiments and luxuries, or to put by any surplus for their agricultural requirements.

Fortnight ending 20th June 1874.

Name of Work.	Number of laborers.	Amount paid in wages.	Amount recouped by sale of Government grain.	Remarks.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Surbahda road	584	43 6 8	25 1 6	
Puraya road, Katari end	638	62 7 8	77 11 11	
Ditto, Puraya „	1,254	127 6 0	30 8 6	
Bela and Khizer Serai road	1,161	50 15 5	.....	
Sherghotty and Myapore road	495	130 11 3	21 7 3	
Ditto and Imamgunge road	558			
Pukree Barwan road*	1,778	187 15 1		
Gobiadpore road*	41	2 2 0	171 14 7	
Behar and Rujowlee road	5,369	273 10 1		
Warishgunge road	1,503	207 6 11		
Jehanabad and Hoolasgunge	7,289	246 4 10		
Obra road	853	40 6 0		
Myabigha and Ruffigunge road	2,339	55 5 11	301 10 5	
Aurungabad tank	270	19 10 6		
Mahamdgunge road	5,224	402 3 3		
Kootoomba „	705	80 7 0		

18. A telegram from the Lieutenant-Governor absolutely prohibiting further cash payment has this day been received, and has been communicated to officers in charge of relief works.

C.—Transport of Food-Grain.

14. There has been a marked decrease in the amount of grain imported, as will appear from the annexed statement:—

Bazars.	Wheat.	Barley.	Rice, best.	Rice, common.	Millet.	Maize.	Gram.	Total.
Gya ...	219	24	5	590	...	.....	166	1,004
Nowada ...	.....	.....	.....	25	...	.....	.....	25
Jehanabad ...	275	45	125	170	175	45	225	1,060
Aurungabad ...	158	.....	13	340	...	.....	150	661
Daoodnuggur ...	250	65	40	325	...	.....	80	760
Total ...	902	134	183	1,450	175	45	621	3,510

15. The aggregate imports during the previous fortnight were 6,759 maunds. The present return therefore shows a decrease of 3,249 maunds, which is attributable to the fact that the cattle are all employed in agriculture and cannot be spared for transport.

16. The deficiency in the means of transport is a serious evil, and has undoubtedly artificially raised prices in the Sudder bazar. It has also interfered with my arrangements for transporting the 75,000 maunds ordered to Patna. The transport difficulty has been in a measure overcome by the expedient of arranging with traders at Gya and Jehanabad that they should receive a fixed amount of Government grain at Gya and Jehanabad on condition that an equivalent amount should be made over to the Collector of Patna by their agents at the latter place. The evil, however, cannot be fully coped with unless a supply of carts be sent from Patna or elsewhere.

D.—Storage of Government Grain.

17. I annex a list of the places selected for the storage of grain. Great care has been taken to keep the golahs in a state of thorough repair, and the stocks have consequently suffered but little from the recent heavy rains.

Golah.	Quantity originally stored.	Quantity issued.				Balance.
		By sale.	By advance to ryots.	By transfer to Patna.	Total.	
Gya	29,851	6,816	16	5,402	12,234	17,617
Bela	3,012	11 (Up to 18th June.)	.....	253	264	2,748
Sherghotty	4,279	70	.....	.....	70	4,209
Uttree	3,930	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,930
Bhelooa Chutti	991	.....	.....	.....	.....	991
Tuccaree	2,004	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,004
Futtehpore	991	.....	.....	.....	.....	991
Imamgunge	1,435	8	.....	.....	8	1,427
Jehanabad	14,907	952	.....	.....	952	13,955
Urwul	6,958	.....	.....	3,559	3,559	3,399
Gundhar	3,059	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,059
Kinjur	1,945	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,945
Hoolasgunge	2,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,000
Khazi Serai	998	.....	.....	.....	.....	998
Nowada	21,460	634	.....	.....	634	20,826
Kadirgunge	2,814	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,814
Pukree Barwan	5,182	20	.....	.....	20	5,162
Rujowlee	3,992	15	.....	.....	15	3,977
Warishgunge	2,002	28	.....	.....	28	1,974
Aurungabad	20,777	576	.....	.....	576	20,201
Ruffigunge	3,968	111	.....	.....	111	3,857
Kootoomba	2,997	47	.....	.....	47	2,950
War	4,556	92	.....	.....	92	4,464
Daoodnuggur	4,973	72	.....	.....	72	4,901
Total ...	1,49,076	9,452	16	9,214	18,682	1,30,394

18. The sub-divisional officer of Jehanabad has managed to despatch 3,559 maunds, 33 seers of rice from Urwul to Patna by boat. He animadverts on the impossibility of obtaining carts for land carriage, as most of the carts in his jurisdiction are already employed in famine transport.

19. I append a statement showing the consumption of Government grain during the past fortnight.

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the Gya District for the fortnight ending 27th June 1874.

Name of Circle.	Dates for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	Total quantity of Government grain consumed up to date.						Estimated grain receipts for the ensuing fortnight.	Estimated grain expenditure for the ensuing fortnight.
				By sale to the public and laborers.		By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advance to ryots.	By payment in kind.	Total.		
				Public.	Laborers.	Relief committees.					
Gya	15th to 27th June	51,000	40,853*	6,193	294	413	16	.....	6,921	.....	3,000
Nowada	11th to 25th „ ...	33,000	35,450	500	120	77	.....	.....	697	.....	500
Jehanabad	11th to 25th „ ...	30,000	26,303†	613	220	97	.....	33	963	.....	100
Aurungabad	11th to 25th „ ...	40,500	37,372	429	370	108	.....	.....	908	126	1,000
	Total ...	154,500	139,983	7,735	1,004	695	16	33	9,489	126	4,600

* Exclusive of 5,855 maunds transferred to Patna.
† Exclusive of 3,559 „ „ „

E.—Advances to Private Parties.

20. The season has, as might have been expected, put a stop to applications for advances under the Land Improvement Act, and none such were received during the fortnight under review. The total number of applications received up to date has been 204, all of which have now been disposed of, 102 having been granted and an equal number rejected.

21. 119 applications from ryots for grain advances have been received in the Sudder sub-division, and 16 of these have been complied with, 53 rejected, and the rest are pending. No precise information on this head has been received from the sub-divisional officers, but I may remark that the Deputy Collector of Jehanabad reports that the return of petitions from the zemindars' endorsement has resulted in the disappearance of 90 per cent. of the applicants.

F.—Charitable Relief.

22. The machinery for the administration of charitable relief has been fully detailed in previous report, and the past fortnight has been marked by no material alteration. The special officers deputed on famine duty are all actively engaged in a village-by-village visitation, which cannot fail to elicit all real cases of distress.

23. To the exertion of the supervisors and deputy supervisors in seeking out cases of distress I attribute the increase in the number of recipients of charitable relief, as shown in the annexed table:—

Sub-divisions	B.	C.	D.	Total.	Daily average.
Gya	5,530	514	61	6,105	436
Bela	1,887	.....	.....	1,887	269
Nowada	1,750	1,502	19	3,271	233
Jehanabad	1,697	6	.....	1,703	121
Aurungabad	5,374	1,545	14	6,933	492
Total ...	16,238	3,567	94	19,899	1,551

24. The above statement does not include the number relieved at Sherghotty, whence no return has been received; nor the numbers relieved at Bela from the 20th to 27th inclusive. Making allowance for these, the total number relieved will not have fallen short of 22,400, or the daily average of 1,724, as compared with 15,026 and 1,070 during the previous fortnight. The increase is surely observable in cases coming under heading C, and this is so far a matter for congratulation. The recipients of relief under heading C continues, as might be expected, few.

25. A noticeable feature in charitable relief during the past fortnight has been the issue, in accordance with instructions from the central committee, of blankets to the older and more infirm inmates of our poor-houses, and I am engaged in devising means for affording more extended relief to classes above the position of paupers, but who nevertheless feel the pressure induced by high prices.

G.—Financial Results.

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Total expenditure as shown in the last narrative dated 15th June	.....	1,13,780 5 3
Add expenditure during the past fortnight, viz.—		
(*a*) Final payments made—		
Establishment and contingencies	353 6 10	
Permanent advance to Mr. Clerk, C. S., of Sherghotty	50 0 0	
Transport of Government grain	446 0 9	
Storage of ditto	23 8 0	
		872 15 7
(*b*) Advances repayable—		
To traders for the purchase of grain	730 0 0	
To ryots for purchase of seed-grain ...	70 0 0	
		800 0 0
Total expenditure of fortnight ...	.....	1,672 15 7
Grand Total to 27th June 1874 ...	.....	1,15,453 4 10

The Collector, owing to indisposition, has been unable to draw up the report.

No. 442, dated Arrah, the 1st July 1874.

From—H. W. ALEXANDER, Esq., Collector of Shahabad,

To—The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

I HAVE the honor to submit my fifteenth narrative for the fortnight ending the 27th June.

A.—STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

Abundance or scarcity of supplies in the bazars.—The markets in all parts of the district are reported to be sufficiently stocked for all local requirements.

Kinds and prices of grain selling at one or more specified principal marts.—In appendix A, full particulars are given in regard to the kinds and prices of grain selling at the chief marts in the district.

In the Arrah sub-division, as compared with the last return, at Arrah, and Sabar, there has been a slight rise in prices; at Jugdispore and Bindowlia a fall.

In the Buxar sub-division prices have generally fallen.

In the Sasseram sub-division prices have risen slightly in Sasseram, more decidedly at Chennari, while at Akberpore they have remained nearly stationary.

In the Bhubboea sub-division prices have slightly risen at Bhubboea, Chynepore and Hatta, and have remained the same at Durganti.

Rainfall—At Arrah during the fortnight 7·53 inches of rain have fallen; rain is reported to have fallen in the head-quarters sub-division generally; in fact has been abundant, so much so that a little bright weather now would be an agreeable and a beneficial change.

From Buxar Mr. Armstrong reports: "The rain during the fortnight has been heavy, and we have had 9 inches registered at Buxar up to date (26th June)."

Mr. Eyre reports: "Since the night of the 24th the rain has been continuous, and the hill streams Kudra, Kao, and Durganti are in high flood. Ploughing and sowing is for the present impossible. The Durganti, on the bank of which I now am, is very high. The country is one sheet of water. I am informed that the same is the case in the Sasseram sub-division. Traffic, except along the Grand Trunk Road, is quite impossible. The Durganti and Zumaneah road is absolutely submerged."

State of the Crops.—In the Arrah sub-division ploughing and sowing have been carried on wherever possible. In many places the early sowings have germinated, namely rice, maroua, sawan, janera.

On Sunday, and again to a less extent yesterday (Monday), the Soane flooded the lands near Baheeara, and Akgaon (two to four miles south of Koolwar) neither flood was excessive; it is generally supposed that the young crops that have been subject to the immediate influence of the rapid stream of the overflow will be totally destroyed. Enquiries have been ordered in regard to the damage so caused, and this will be separately and more fully noticed hereafter.

From Buxar Mr. Armstrong reports, that although the rain has been heavy, there has been a good deal of sunny wheather between the falls, so that ploughing has gone on; and the rain having been sufficient for the rice sowings, everything is going on up to date as could be wished, and the people appear generally hopeful of a good season.

In the Sasseram and Bhubhoea sub-divisions, it is impossible to say now what the result will be of the flood previously noticed; the destruction, however, is feared of whatever bhadoi has been sown in low lands, namely, sawant, tangoon, and of nursery and broad-cast rice. Enquiries, however, are being instituted over both sub-divisions, and will be duly reported hereafter. The people say that so high a flood of the Durganti has not been known for the last 10 years.

Condition of the people.—The condition of the people remains unchanged. No cases of actual misery and starvation have been brought to light, and every step is taken to meet all cases of distress promptly. Small-pox has very considerably decreased, in fact may be considered to be dying out.

There has been no remarkable increase in the number of grain-thefts. In the Arrah sub-division two cases have occurred, in one eight maunds are reported to have been stolen and in the other, one maund.

In the Buxar sub-division one theft of grain occurred from an unprotected pit near Doomraon, the grain stolen amounting to 10 seers, and in another 20 maunds of barley are said to have been stolen.

In the Sasseram sub-division six grain burglaries are reported to have occurred during the fortnight, and one grain-theft of 3 maunds of barley. One burglary was of 10 maunds, and the other of 2 maunds 37 seers.

From the Bhubboea sub-division two petty grain thefts are reported, one of which was of some rice from the Chynepore depôt by some dhunias employed in cleaning cotton. The offenders were punished.

B.—RELIEF WORKS.

In Appendix B are given full particulars in regard to all relief works in progress, and the number of laborers employed on each. The quantity of Government grain sold to the laborers employed on these works is given in a separate statement.

No fresh relief works have been started during the fortnight.

The sub-divisional officer at Buxar reports: "The relief road across the sub-division has nearly reached Itaree, i.e., it is almost completed in the Chousah pergunnah, and the question arises whether it is necessary for us to start fresh relief work for this pergunnah beyond what is afforded by the canals. In my opinion, on the assumption that no applicant for labor will be turned out from the canals, which I am assured is the case, it is unnecessary to open further relief works in Chousah; the canals and the field cultivation now offering sufficient work to all requiring it, and able to do this kind of work."

C.—Transport of Food.

Private imports and exports by rail to the stations in the Arrah and Buxar sub-divisions are given in Appendix C.

The imports into the Sasseram sub-division during the fortnight are as follows:—

	Mds.
By rail	978
Interior	1,775
Exterior	1,425
	4,178

The imports into the Bhubhooa sub-division during the fortnight amounted to:—

	M.	S
By rail	30	
Interior	458	35
Exterior	1,001	30
	1,490	25

The decrease, as compared with the preceding fortnight, is due mainly to the difficulty of transport during the rains.

D.—Storage of Government Grain at Relief Works.

In regard to the grain intended for storage in the Sasseram and Bhubhooa sub-divisions, Mr. Eyre reports: "The entire consignment of 25,000 maunds has been received. But owing to the floods and the continued rain, I have not attempted to move much of it from the receiving stations where it is safely stored. I have ample in hand on relief works for present requirements. The grain at Zumaneah must be moved back to Mogul Serai and despatched thence The road between Zumaneah and Durganti is simply impassable for carts, and the transit of the Kurrumnassa a serious obstacle. The contractor's rates have been raised, and measures taken to protect the grain as much as possible from damage on the road To this end I shall spare no expense."

The mixed grain stored in different golahs in the district has been considerably attacked by weevils, more particularly the gram. Every endeavour has been and is being made to dispose of this grain to the relief laborers before the rice stored, and which is in good preservation, is brought into general consumption. It will take time, however, to get rid of all of this mixed grain, and during this time the insects will not remain idle. Moreover, it is not over-liked by the laborers I would therefore suggest that it be sold locally, i.e, wherever stored, to mahajuns, &c., in such quantity as they may choose to buy for retail sale. I do not think a fixed price can be put on it; it must be disposed of to the best advantage.

The public will benefit by this arrangement, as this grain where sold will become readily available in different parts of the district; and this is a matter for consideration and of importance at a season like the present, when, owing to heavy rains and floods, it becomes a matter of extreme difficulty and even impossibility to import grain from any distance.

E—Advances to Private Parties and their Results.

No advances of any kind have been made during the fortnight.

F.—Charitable Relief.

In the Arrah sub-division the relief operations are as follow:—

Heading B.

Cooked Food.

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Average.
Moulabag	295	264	677	1,236	82
Gurbanee	91	42	17	147	10
Total ..	386	306	694	1,383	92

HEADING C.

Rope-making.

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Average.
Moulabag ...	248	69	...	317	21

Spinning Relief.

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Average.
Moulabag ...	...	127	14	141	10

Road-making.

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Average.
Moulabag ...	133	133	117	383	26

In-door Relief.

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Average.
Moulabag ...	12	41	6	59	4
Arrah Town ...	150	900	150	1,200	80
Grand total under Heading C.	843	1,270	287	2,100	141

HEADING D.

Uncooked Food.

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Average.
Moulabag ...	638	1,227	104	1,969	131
Gurbanee ...	27	42	14	83	6
Total ...	665	1,269	118	2,052	137

Gratuitous Distribution of Money.

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Average.
Arrah ...	45	390	90	525	35
Grand total under Heading D.	710	1,659	208	2,577	172

	Men.	Women	Children.	Total.	Average
Grand total ...	1,639	2,235	1,189	6,060	405

The following is a statement showing the number of men, women, and children relieved under heading C. fortnight by fortnight from 30th April to 15th June 1874, in the Nonore relief centre:—

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total	Average.
For the fortnight ending 15th May ..	105	28	34	167	11
For the fortnight ending 30th May ..	56	....	....	56	4
Ditto for 15th June 1874 ..	51	1	....	52	4
Total ..	212	29	34	275	19

During the fortnight the three supervising relief officers and the canoongo have visited in the—

Arrah circle	19	villages.
Beheea „	0	„
Peroo „	37	„
Nonore „	16	„

In the Buxar sub-division the numbers that have been relieved are as follow:—

HEADING B.

Cooked Food.

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Average
Chousah ...	109	173	29	311	22½
Seraya ...	32	48	8	88	8

HEADING C.

Rope-making.

	Men	Women.	Children.	Total.	Average.
Chousah ...	78	...	...	78	5½

Spinning Relief.

Chousah		3	...	3
Saraya		1	...	1

HEADING D.

Uncooked Food.

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Daily average.
Chousah	150	360	60	570	40¾
Saraya	285	290	75	650	65
Buxar	104	305	...	409	28⅝
Berhampore	28	98	...	126	9

Mr. Armstrong further reports: "The three poor-houses at Chousah, Saraya, and Buxar for the Chousah, Doomraon, and Buxar thanas respectively, have now all been opened, and those at Chousah and Seraya have been working during the fortnight. Returns of the relief given in each thana are annexed. The Chousah relief inspector reports having visited 123 villages; the Doomraon relief inspector 85 villages, and the Buxar relief inspector 85 villages. They all assure me that things are going on well; that the rain has been just what is required, and that the people are cheerful about their prospects. I have also again addressed each member of the sub-committees separately, pointing out what their duties are, and with these, and the relief inspectors, and the police and the chowkidars all on the look-out, I think it improbable that distress will anywhere escape notice."

In the Sasseram and Bhubbooa sub-divisions the charitable relief operations are as follow:—

HEADING B.

Cooked Food at Poor-houses.

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Average.
Sasseram	310	375	132	58
Bhubbooa	322	493	328	81·6
Jehanabad	28	14	...	3
	660	882	460	142·6

Total number relieved under heading B, 2,002.

HEADING C.

Rope-making

	Men.	Women.	Total.	Average.
Sasseram	413	...	413	30
Bhubbooa	434	95	529	38
Chynepore	24*	...	24	1·8
	871	95	966	69·8

Spinning Relief.

Sasseram	376	persons.
Bhubbooa	243	„
Chynepore	176	„
Chand	18	„
Jehanabad	26	„
Mohunia	50	„
	889	

Weaving Relief.

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	
Sasseram ...	...	...	...	161	persons.
Bhubbooa ...	...	...	...	42	„
Chynepore ...	...	...	...	87	„
				290	„

Total number of persons relieved under heading C during the fortnight is 2,145.

HEADING D.

Uncooked Food.

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.
Sasseram	22	174	3	199
Bubnowl	5	6	...	11
Bhubbooa	5	2	...	7
Chynepore	2	3	...	5
Chand	54	94	19	167
Jehanabad	1	10	3	14
Mohunia	3	7	...	10
	92	296	25	413

The Sasseram supervisor has visited 178 villages and 115 persons. The Nakha supervisor had visited 64 villages and 39 persons, and the Dungaen supervisor 92 villages and 40 persons. In the Bhubbooa sub-division, the Bhubbooa supervisor visited 117 villages and 65 persons. The Durganti supervisor visited 86 villages and 15 persons, and the Ramghur supervisor 65 villages and 16 persons.

G.—Financial Results of the Fortnight.

Is given in a separate statement.

N.B.—My narrative has been delayed a day, owing to the non-receipt of the Bhubbooa narrative, which was delayed very probably by the rising of the Durganti.

G.—Financial Results of the Fortnight.

Particulars.	Amount. Rs. A. P.	Total Rs. A. P.
Total expenditure from the district and sub-treasuries, as shown in the last narrative, full details of which were therein given		33,670 15 0
Expenditure during the fortnight under report, in the Arrah sub-division—		
Cost of conveying scales and weights from the Arrah station to the Rajah's compound	0 6 0	
Cost of sending scales and weights to Powna golah ..	0 10 0	
Purchase of hemp twine for the Powna golah	0 5 0	
„ of 3 bullahs for scales of the Powna golah ..	0 12 0	
Cost of sending scales to Bihta golah	1 4 0	
Purchase of hemp for the above scales	0 5 0	
Cost of a tattee at the Oodwantnaggur golah	1 8 9	
„ of loading cart at Sundais by coolies	0 5 3	
„ of sending scales from Arrah to Sundais	0 12 0	
Cartage of 51 maunds from Sundais to Powna	4 0 0	
Loading of 22 bags on carts	0 2 0	
Wages of a cooly for cutting pagar	0 2 0	
Purchase of 4 mats for covering grain in transit to Bihta ..	0 3 9	
Weighing grain by coolies	0 1 6	
Stacking 40 bags of grain in Bihta golah	0 2 3	
Price of one lock for the Bihta golah	0 5 0	
Repairs of Ageean golah and dryage of bags	3 14 0	
Paid to Audit Sahai for removing white-ants from bags ..	6 0 0	
Cost of sending weights and scales to Ageean	0 10 0	
Hemp twine	0 5 0	
Repairs of Bihta golah	0 4 0	
„ of Oodwantnaggur	0 3 0	
Postage of one letter	0 1 0	
House-rent of Sahar golah, paid to Amjud Ali from March to May at Rs. 1-8, after deducting Rs. 1-8, as cost of repairs	3 0 0	
House-rent of Sahar golah paid to Ali Bukah from January to May after deducting cost of repairs Rs. 2, and Rs. 2 previously paid	3 8 0	
Conveying grain from Oodwantnuggar to Arrah 271 maunds on 17 carts at 9 annas per cart	9 9 0	
Conveying grain from Ageean to Arrah	0 10 0	
Conveying grain from Gurhanee, 51 maunds on 3 carts at Rs. 1-8 per cart	3 6 0	
Transport charges of grain from Sandais to Bihta ..	35 12 0	
Weighing of grain at Arrah golah	1 1 6	
Transport charges of grain to Kaunnaggar	0 14 0	
Purchase of four scales at 8 as. each	2 0 0	
Pair of two weights of 30 seers each	6 0 0	
Iron rings for scales 11½ seers	4 9 6	
Price of 4 sets of weights from 2½ seers to 2½ chittacks at Re. 1-1 each	4 4 0	
Price of 1 lock for Mulloor	0 5 0	
Re-weighing of 50 bags at Arrah golah	0 5 0	
		97 13 6

Particulars.	Amount.	Total.
In the Buxar sub-division,—*Nil.*		
In the Sasseram and Bhubbooa sub-divisions—	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Paid to Shunker Sahae, Kotegusht, for Sangan Lall, contractor, for transport of grain	200 0 0	
Paid to Ram Sarun Lal, Kotegusht, for Roghoonath Roy, contractor, for transport of grain	200 0 0	
Paid to Bani Madhub Dass, clerk at Zumaneah, for Bissesor Ram for transport of grain	200 0 0	
Paid to Rahmut Ali, clerk of Kurgurh, for miscellaneous expenses	25 0 0	
Paid to pound-keeper Nokha for the repairs of golah ..	25 0 0	
Paid to head constable Kochus for the repairs of bridge ..	10 0 0	
Paid to Mohurrir, Golah Doorgaotee, for the repairs of Doorgaotee depôt	20 0 0	
Paid to clerk Kudjura for the repairs of Doorgaotee depôt ..	20 0 0	
Paid to pound mohurrir Akberpoor do. do. ..	25 0 0	
Paid to Rughoo Roy, ryot of Sellari, for purchase of bullocks	40 0 0	
Purchase of service labels	20 0 0	
Paid to Imanoodeen for purchase of paper	2 0 0	
Paid to clerk Mohurria for making a (mâchan) flooring ..	25 0 0	
Purchase of service labels	10 0 0	
Carriage of carts from Sasseram to Akberpoor for the conveyance of Government grain	12 0 0	
Paid to nazir for purchase of foolscap paper	1 0 0	
Paid to Ram Sarun Lal, Kotegusht Buxar, for storage of grain	100 0 0	
Purchase of service stamps	5 0 0	
Paid to clerk, Kurgahur, for the repairs of Kurgahur depôt..	25 0 0	
Paid to clerk Kochus for the repairs of Kurgahur depôt ..	20 0 0	
Carriage of grain from Sasseram to Akberpore	1 0 0	
Paid to Bukshi, Jehanabad, for the carriage of Government grain for the use of work-people	50 0 0	
Paid to Rahmut Ali for carrying perwannahs to different depôts	1 2 8	
Paid to Hossain Ali for carrying perwannahs to different depôts	1 0 0	
Paid to nazir for the purchase of foolscap paper	0 6 0	
		1,038 8 8
Total expenditure during the fortnight		1,136 6 2
Grand total to end of the fortnight		34,807 5 2

APPENDIX A.

Prices-current at the principal Marts up to the fortnight ending the 27th June 1874.

Division.	Marts.	Wheat.	Rice.	Gram.	Peas.	Maize.	Barley.	Bajra.
		S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.
Arrah	1. Arrah	14 8	10 12	16 8	16 8	17 8	17 0	17 0
	2. Bindowlia	14 8	10 12	16 12	16 12	15 12	16 0	
	3. Sahar	14 0	10 8	16 0	16 0	18 0	18 0	..
	4. Jugdispore	15 0	11 0	19 0	18 0	19 0	19 0	...
Buxar ...	1. Buxar	15 0	12 0	19 0	17 8	15 0	19 0	16 0
	2. Doomraon	15 8	11 8	20 0	17 12	...	20 0	
	3. Rughoonathpore	15 0	11 8	20 0	17 0	...	21 0	16 0
	4. Chousah	15 8	12 0	20 0	18 0	20 0	21 0	16 0
Sasseram ...	1. Sasseram ...	14 8	11 4	16 8	16 8	...	17 0	...
	2. Chenaary	14 4	11 0	17 0	17 0	...	17 0	...
	3. Akberpore	15 0	11 4	15 0	15 0	...	20 0	...
Bhubbooa ...	1. Bhubbooa ...	14 0	10 8	17 0	17 0	...	17 0	...
	2. Durgawutti	15 0	12 0	18 0	19 0	...	18 0	16 0
	3. Chynepore	14 0	10 0	17 8	17 8	...	...	...
	4. Hatta	14 8	11 0	17 0	17 0	...	17 0	...

APPENDIX B.

List of Relief-works in the Shahabad District, and Laborers on them, during the fortnight ending the 27th June 1874.

Name of Works.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.
Arrah sub-division				
Raising Sahar and Arrah road	3,377	1,138	220	4,735
„ Peero and Arrah road	1,476	126	.....	1,602
„ Jugdispore and Arrah road	253	77	108	438
„ Gudhani and Bihta road	1,534	374	114	2,022
„ Clearing of Gangey tank	1,612	1,096	305	3,013
Total	8,252	2,811	742	11,805
Buxar sub-division.				
Raising Poorunda and Sarrya road	4,014	2,060	1,150	7,223
Repairs, Buxar road	139	53	.....	192
„ Doomraon and Roopsagur road	1,010	536	.....	1,546
Total	5,163	2,658	1,150	8,961
Bhubbooa sub-division.				
Raising Bhugwanpore and Chynepore road	2,152	2,783	132	5,067
„ Khiree and Jehanabad „	4,469	3,824	651	8,944
„ Doorgawutti and Chynepore road	1,894	1,502	291	3,687
„ Burraon and Jehanabad „	2,476	3,695	838	7,009
„ Bhubbooa and ditto „	2,510	3,209	184	5,903
„ Hatta to Durowli road	2,276	1,984	100	4,360
Total	15,777	16,997	2,196	34,970
Sasseram sub-division.				
Raising Khyra to Dehree road	1,207	517	..	1,724
„ Bickrum and Mohunia road	63	42	37	142
„ Ditto and Sasseram „	1,811	2,648	211	4,670
Total	3,081	3,207	248	6,536
Grand total	32,263	25,673	4,336	62,272
Under D. P. W. ... Arrah sub-division	5,106	1,341	323	6,770*
Buxar „	4,014	2,060	1,150	7,223
Bhubbooa „	13,501	15,013	2,096	30,610
Sasseram „	3,081	3,207	248	6,536
Total	25,702	21,620	3,817	51,140
Under District road. Arrah sub-division	3,146	1,470	419	5,036†
Buxar „	1,139	589	.....	1,728
Bhubbooa division	2,276	1,984	100	4,360
Sasseram „	.....	.....	.....	.. ..
Total	6,561	4,043	519	11,123
Grand total	32,263	25,673	4,336	62,272
a.—Number of laborers employed under D. P. W. On task-work	25,415	21,568	3,755	50,738
On daily wages	287	62	62	411
b.—Ditto under sub-districts officers. On task-work	5,027	3,669	405	9,101
On daily wages	1,534	374	114	2,022
c.—Ditto under Court of Wards		Nil.		
Total	32,263	25,673	4,336	62,272
Total on piece-work	30,442	25,237	4,160	59,839
Total on daily wages	1,821	436	176	2,433
Grand total	32,263	25,673	4,336	62,272

* Laborers paid in grain at an average rate of 52 per cent.

† Ditto ditto ditto of 54 „

APPENDIX C.

Statement shewing the Imports and Exports of Food-grain by Rail during the Fortnight ending the 27th June 1874.

OUTWARDS.

STATION.	RICE.			WHEAT, OATS AND BARLEY.			JOWAR.			DAL AND GRAM.			OTHER GRAIN AND PULSES.			TOTAL.		GRAND TOTAL.
	Up.	Down.	Total.	Up.	Down.	Total.	Up.	Down.	Total.	Up.	Down.	Total.	Up.	Down.	Total.	Up.	Down.	
Arrah	...	..	...	...	3,045	3,045	...	...	...	...	1,065	1,065	...	4,716	4,716	...	7,944	7,944
Behea	...	...	...	...	...	...	236	...	236	...	33	33	...	...	...	236	33	269
Ruxoonathpore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Doomraon ...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	33	33	...	...	...	...	33	33
Buxar	...	201	201	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	840	840	...	259	259	...	1,304	1,304
Total ...	...	201	201	...	3,045	3,045	236	...	236	...	2,039	2,039	...	4,975	4,975	236	9,316	9,552

INWARDS.

Arrah	1,777	...	1,777	...	6,144	6,144	...	1,933	1,933	...	2,050	2,050	...	20,204	20,204	1,777	30,331	32,108
Behea	26,522	139	26,661	...	5,463	5,463	...	1,393	1,393	184	928	1,112	...	217	217	26,706	8,139	34,845
Ruxoonathpore..	751	147	898	...	...	...	...	870	870	...	24	24	61	...	61	792	541	1,333
Doomraon ...	634	...	634	...	2,728	2,728	...	2,540	2,540	...	1,671	1,671	...	1,311	1,311	634	8,250	8,874
Buxar	...	359	359	...	506	506	...	163	163	...	...	...	...	24,413	24,413	...	25,441	25,441
Total ...	29,674	646	30,319	...	14,861	14,861	...	6,899	6,899	184	4,673	4,857	61	46,145	46,126	29,899	72,723	102,622

Statement shewing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the District of Shahabad for the Fortnight ending on the 27th June 1874.

NAME OF CIRCLE.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	TOTAL QUANTITY OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN CONSUMED UP TO DATE.					Estimated grain receipts of the ensuing fortnight.	Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.
				By sale to public or to laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.		
		Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Ms. S. C.	Ms. S. C.	Mds.	Ms. S. C.	Ms. S. C.	Mds.	Mds.
Arrah	27th June 1874	22,300 0 0	22,300 0 0	370 0 0	156 10 0	Nil.	40 16 0	566 26 0	Nil.	1,500
Buxar	Ditto ...	20,935 18 4	20,935 18 4	347 4 0	13 37 4	Nil.	Nil.	361 1 4	Nil.	1,000
Bhubboea and Sasseram.	Ditto ...	40,000 0 0	30,377 13 4	607 10 13	123 12 5	Nil.	Nil.	740 23 3	1,500	1,500
	Total ...	83,235 18 4	73,613 30 4	1,234 14 13	303 19 9	Nil.	40 16 0	1,568 10 6	1,500	4,000

ARRAH,
The 27th June 1874.

H. W. ALEXANDER,
Collector.

No. 1847F, dated Mozufferpore, the 30th June 1874.

From—C. F. WORSLEY, Esq., Collector of Tirhoot,

To—The Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

I HAVE the honor to submit my narrative of scarcity and relief in the Hajipore, Tajpore, and Sudder sub-divisions, for the fortnight ending the 27th June 1874.

A.—STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

2. In the Hajipore sub-division prices of food-grains have fallen during the last fortnight.

3. In the Tajpore sub-division prices have generally gone down, and especially in the southern markets of the sub-division. Rice and makai seem the only grains that are really scarce in the bazars; murwa has fallen in price more than any other kind of grain.

4. In the Sudder sub-division prices have generally fallen. In parts of the sub-division, the price of grain in the bazars had fallen below the rates at which Government grain was being sold. This fact must not be taken to indicate that there have been large private importations everywhere where this was observed, but that the prospects of the coming crops are becoming much brighter, and that small stockholders no longer think it expedient to keep back what they have. At the same time it must be remembered that bazar prices have not yet exhibited a decided tendency to a steady diminution. Falls have been spasmodic and have not hitherto continued in any locality long after Government sales have been opened in order to reduce prices below famine rates. The present fall, however, I believe, will not be so short-lived. The prices of Government rice in the town and the country have now been equalized.

5. The subjoined statement will show the price-current of different kinds of grain in some of the principal markets on the 27th instant:—

Names of Marts.	Wheat.	Barley.	Rice, 1st quality.	Rice, 2nd quality.	Indian-corn.	Gram.	Murwa.
Hajipore	13	19	9¾	...	16	19	...
Lalganj	15½	20½	10½	...	17	18	...
Mowhua	13	16½	8¾	...	14	16½	...
Tajpore	12½	18½	8	10½	...	17½	17
Mozufferpore	12	16	8	11	17	16	...

6. The rainfall during the fortnight was as follows:—

Hajipore	...	...	8·16
Tajpore	...	...	5·57
Mozufferpore	...	...	4·69

} from 18th to 27th inclusive.

The fall at Tajpore itself was less than in most other parts of the sub-division. Sun is wanted there now more than rain.

7. In Hajipore, the rainfall has much improved the prospects of the bhadoi crops, and the same satisfactory result is reported from Tajpore. In Mozufferpore prospects are no less favorable. The Rajkhund Circle Relief Superintendent reports as follows:—

"Throughout the circle, the sowing of rice and the planting of murwa is almost entirely completed, and most of the laborers formerly employed on the relief works are now engaged in planting out the young shoots of dhan on the higher ground. The Superintendent has not been able to discover a single instance of ground being left barren on account of the absence of seed-grain, and the ryots to whom advances have been granted have invariably preferred to receive rice in preference to the seed-grain with which they might have been provided at the same rate. The Sub-Deputy Superintendents have been ordered to report on every barren field in their several sub-circles with a view to investigation as to the cause of its not having been sown. Up to the present the only barren land discoverable is stated to have been left vacant for transplanting, since it appears that many ryots, under the impression that their land is unfit for sowing, are in the habit of waiting until they get the opportunity of buying the young shoots of dhan from other cultivators."

The Belsundh Circle Relief Superintendent writes as follows:—

"Makai, rice, murwa, and satti are everywhere looking well, and growing fast; the rains have been most beneficial, coming as they have in good soaking showers, yet not heavy enough to drown the young plant."

The Khatra Circle Relief Superintendent reports that the sowings are nearly over, and that the condition of the crops which have begun to appear is good. In short, the accounts that have been received from all parts of the sub-divison respecting the crop prospects are satisfactory.

8. The health of the population in Hajipore is good. The people, says Mr. Tute, have begun to take heart. Mr. Wace remarks on the freedom of the people in his sub-division from epidemic of any kind. "In the Bahlempore Circle," he writes, "where I have spent a good part of the fortnight, I saw a few emaciated babies, but the condition of the mothers of even these would hardly have struck me as abnormal for the class in an ordinary year. I have been over the majority of the relief works during the fortnight, and found the laborers in very fair case."

The condition of the people in Mozufferpore is good.

B.—Reliff Works.

9. The average daily number of persons employed on relief works is as follows:—

Hajeepore	...	...	...	...	4,453
Tajpore	...	...	...	...	10,680
Mozufferpore	...	...	...	...	116,598
			Total	...	131,731

In Hajipore, on many of the relief works the number of laborers has decreased considerably. The rain has withdrawn numbers to agricultural work, and the majority of those that remained were weakly people, who probably would not have found employment in the fields. At Chitwara, however, the number of persons employed on relief works had not been perceptibly reduced, and this was the case also at Chaptah. In Tajpore the number of relief laborers has not decreased much. "Men, however," says Mr. Wace, "number fewer, and if you strike out from the returns the Ganges Embankment, which was started not with a view to relief, but for protection of the railway, you will find that about 2,000 laborers, or a fourth of the whole number on actual relief, have gone off to field-work."

In Mozufferpore the numbers in nearly all circles have decreased considerably, and several tank-works have been closed. Large numbers of persons must, however, be shortly expected to return for Government work. It will shortly be necessary to close all the tanks, but the improvement of village roads, and the maintenance of proper communication between villages and relief centres, will give sufficient employment. In some parts of the sub-division it has been reported difficult to induce persons to leave the Government works for other employment. The Circle Relief Superintendent of Belsundh thus writes:—"In spite of paying more than three times the ordinary rates, Mr. Manners cannot get as many hands as he requires to weed his indigo." All Circle Officers have been properly instructed to take care that agricultural operations do not suffer from the employment we offer; and considering the small number of laborers employed in the Belsundh Circle, and that, as a rule, the smallest reductions have taken place in circles administered by planters, I think the Belsundh Superintendent cannot fairly attribute the scarcity of labor in his circle to the influence of the relief works. In the Rajkhund Circle, "relief works were gradually closed from the 14th to the 18th, and are now being reopened where it becomes necessary. The number at present employed does not, however, much exceed 2,000, of all ages and sexes, of which only 343 are able-bodied men." Mr. Swaine, of Athar Factory, in order to find out if relief works were still necessary in his circle, reduced the rate of his wages from one anna to two-thirds of an anna. All his men then struck in a body; after three days they returned, and he paid them at the reduced rate, but as the numbers began to increase and the rate paid was insufficient, he resumed payments at the previous rate. Payments of grain have been universally made in all the relief circles of the Sudder sub-division with one exception. Mr Smith, an indigo planter of Bhikanpore, had kindly undertaken the management of some relief works. It was impossible to send him grain from this, as all available carriage was wanted elsewhere, and he made noarrangements himself to supply his laborers with grain. It was necessary then to supply him with funds. No further cash payments will, however, be made to laborers even on his works.

In Hajipore grain payments seem to have been generally introduced, though Mr. Tute makes no direct assertion to that effect in his narrative. He has been asked to report on the matter. "In Tajpore," writes the Sub-Divisional Officer, "grain payments are everywhere in progress except in the Narhan Circle, and on the Narhan and Dulsingserai and Jitwarpore-Dulsingserai roads." The Sub-Divisional Officer has been asked to explain why grain payments are not made on those roads. On the subject of grain payments he thus writes—"If anything hampers the work (Ganges Embankments), it will be the system of grain payments. I was over the embankment a few days ago. The people grumbled at being paid in rice when they could get cheaper grain for money in the bazars, and those living at a distance (some have come from some miles across the river) implored to be paid in money at least every other day. They said they could not send the rice they earned to their families. If these men desert, as I think not improbable, and the river continues to rise as fast as it has lately, the work will not only not be finished, but much that has been done will be undone." In this one instance, which has been verbally represented to His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, it would, I think, be desirable to make cash payments to such laborers as come across the river to work.

C.—Transport of Food.

10. Under this head Mr. Wace suggests that the Transport Department be asked to take up all bridges not now required for use, as they block the river traffic. Now that the rivers are rising, waterway importations by this sub-division are increasing. Private importations by carts have not increased much.

D.—Storage of Grain.

11. The annexed table shows what grain had been stored:—

	Maunds.
Hajipore	5,129
Tajpore	21,660
Mozufferpore	3,70,610

Progress has been made in the storage of grain in the opium godown at Mozufferpore, but carts have not been coming in so quickly as they did at first. A good deal of grain arrived in a damaged condition. Good progress has been made in the storage of mofussil golahs.

E.—Advances.

12. Fair progress has been made in the matter of advances. I believe that the next narrative will show a further improvement. The liberal terms offered to zemindars should encourage many to come forward on behalf of their tenants; at the same time it is evident that many are averse to their ryots' receiving advances from Government. One gentleman, a European indigo planter, objects to taking advances for his ryots on the liberal terms recently offered by Government. He writes—"In giving out loans to my ryots, I agreed to stand their security, and did so, because I thought it only fair to both parties in my double capacity of Government agent and zemindar to make such an offer; but I would no more accept terms differing from those I myself give the ryot, than I would take pay for my services as Superintendent of a circle." This gentleman forgets that he can, if he likes, give his ryots the full benefit of the advantages offered by Government.

F.—Charitable Relief.

13. The subjoined table shows the number of persons in receipt of charitable relief. It will be seen they have increased during the fortnight:—

Hajipore	... 2,398
Tajpore	... 4,040
Mozufferpore	... 15,130

The expenditure under this head will probably be greater during the ensuing fortnight.

G.—Financial Results.

14. The annexed table shows our expenditure for Hajipore, Tajpore, and Mozufferpore for the fortnight under review:—

MOZUFFERPORE SUB-DIVISION.

Statement of Labor for the Fortnight ending the 27th June 1874.

Names of Circles.	Average daily number of laborers.	Number on last day.	Remarks.
Sudder	12,641	13,447	Statement up to 25th.
Bhikhunpore	5,345	3,959	Figures for one week, *i.e.*, 19th to 25th only.
Chajun	9,173	9,962	25th.
Kantee	14,402	10,063	25th.
Rejai outwork	6,405	7,281	25th.
Motipore	10,805	10,284	25th.
Sahebgunge	5,274	6,067	25th.
Dooriah	8,981	9,942	25th.
Serraya	5,964	4,938	25th.
Jaintpore	6,784	6,675	24th.
Toorki.	7,026	4,350	24th.
Belsundh	3,077	1,864	25th.
Rajkhund	5,895	1,389	25th.
Kuttra	378	378*	* 25th. Last day's figures not mentioned.
Gaighatty	1,536	1,536†	† The works were all closed temporarily. Figures given are for the 25th.
Othar			
Under Executive Engineer ...	10,084	10,171	26th.
	2,828	2,828‡	‡ 25th. Last day's figures not stated.
Total ...	116,598	105,134	

HAJIPORE SUB-DIVISION.—APPENDIX OF LABOR.

Name of Works.	Number on daily wages.			Number on piece-work.			Total number of laborers.			Average daily recipients of charitable relief.
	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	
SHAPORE CIRCLE.										
MR. J. SMITH—*Superintendent.*										
Ludhoorah Road	.....	.....	.....	770	.....	.....	770	.....	.....	
From Soomargunge to Jalalpore, D.	.....	.....	.....	982	.....	.....	982	.....	.....	
	.....	.....	.....	1,752	.....	.....	1,752	.....	.....	468
SINGHIA CIRCLE.										
MR. POPE—*Superintendent.*										
Ramlaniya Road	.....	.....	.....	109	45	17	109	45	17	
Arthouli ,, ...	.....	.....	.....	74	39	6	74	39	6	
Ramdoule ,, ...	.....	.....	.....	173	80	23	173	80	23	
Mowhua ,, ...	.....	.....	.....	70	6	1	70	6	1	
Rapoora ,, ...	.....	.....	.....	48	41	13	48	41	13	
Hararoo ,, ...	.....	.....	.....	65	16	1	65	16	1	
Shampore ,, ...	.....	.....	.....	36	9	2	36	9	2	
Poorkhowlee bridge	.....	.....	.....	10	1	1	10	1	1	
Gram gulah	.....	.....	.....	7	.....	.....	7	.....	.....	
	.....	.....	.....	587	235	63	587	235	63	564
CHATWARAH CIRCLE.										
MR. BLAKE—*Superintendent.*										
Lalgunge Road	.....	.....	.....	469	.....	.....	469	.....	.....	
Shapore ,, ...	.....	.....	.....	467	.....	.....	467	.....	.....	
Rarhari ,, ...	.....	.....	.....	40	.....	.....	40	.....	.....	
	.....	.....	.....	976	.....	.....	976	.....	.....	195
RARHARI CIRCLE.										
MR. CAMPBELL—*Superintendent.*										
Chitwarah Road	.....	.....	.....	87	14	21	87	14	21	
Rohosah ,, ...	.....	.....	.....	212	.....	.....	212	.....	.....	
Sadpoorah ,, ...	.....	.....	.....	100	.....	.....	100	.....	.....	
	.....	.....	.....	399	14	21	399	14	21	302
BHATOWLIA CIRCLE.										
MR. MACGREGOR—*Superintendent.*										
Bhatowlia Road	.....	.....	.....	75	18	25	75	18	25	297
SARSAYI CIRCLE.										
MR. PARK—*Superintendent.*										
Dhurompore Jungul, *alias* Sarsayi No. I ...	.....	.....	.....	25	.....	.....	25	.....	.....	
Ditto ditto No. II ...	.....	.....	.....	15	.....	.....	15	.....	.....	
Ditto ditto No. III ...	.....	.....	.....	8	.....	.....	8	.....	.....	
Ditto ditto No. IV ...	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	4	.....	.....	
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	52	.....	.....	52	.....	.....	96
HAJIPORE CIRCLE.										
Sub-Divisional Officer.										
Filling ditches at Hajipore	.....	.....	.....	63	105	68	63	105	68	576
Grand Total ...	.....	.....	.....	3,904	372	177	3,904	372	177	2,396

TAJPORE.—APPENDIX A—OF LABOR.

NAME OF CIRCLE.	Name of Work.	AVERAGE DAILY NUMBER OF PERSONS ON DAILY WAGES.			AVERAGE DAILY NUMBER ON TASK-WORK.			TOTAL.		
		Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.
Tajpore	3 Tanks	.....	.....	.....	247	.....	.....	247	.....	....
Poosah	1 Bachghât road	.....	.....	.....	30	.....	.....	30	.....	.....
	Miscellaneous work	25	15	.....	.....	.....	.....	25	15	.....
	7 Tanks	76	313	199	221	.....	.....	297	313	199
	1 Sasantputee road	19	80	17	12	.....	.....	31	80	17
	2 Balwa road	.....	.....	.....	68	.....	.....	68	.. ..	... .
	3 Bironsee road	89	117	52	..	.....	.....	89	117	52
	Hurpur-Poosah road	11	25	3	565	4	.....	576	29	3
Harsingpore ...	1 Tank	.....	.....	.....	67	.....	.....	67	.....	.....
	Village road	74	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	74	. ..
Dulsing Serai ...	2 Tanks	.....	.....	.....	61	.....	.....	61	. .	....
	Dulsing Serai and Pembarhanda road.	118	231	18	140	.....	... ..	258	231	18
	Dulsing Serai and Narhan road	66	49	20	41	.....	. .	107	49	20
	Ganges Embankment	920	28	58	2,320	65	76	3,240	93	134
Dhalee	1 Tank	.....	.....	.....	113	.....	.....	113	.. .	.. .
	1 Mozufferpore and Poosah road	76	120	73	.....	.....	.....	76	120	73
Jitwarpore . ..	Jitwarpore and Dulsing Serai road.	34	4	5	43	1	3	77	5	8
Bhahpore Undi ...	Mahna and Dulsing Serai road...	22	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	22	.....	.....
Bahlempore ...	1 Bawarah and Shapore road ...	37	11	.....	836	262	194	873	295	194
	2 Sunarwara and Lama road ...	40	6	.....	713	106	209	753	112	209
	1 Tank	43	26	12	30	10	9	73	36	21
	2 Roads	186	227	271	221	.....	.....	407	227	271
Narhan	Ghât road	... ..	.....	.. .	120	.....	.....	120	.....	.....
	Total ..	1,394	1,353	738	5,017	466	491	7,741	1,720	1,219

MOZUFFERPORE SUB-DIVISION.

Statement of Grain Allotted, Stored, and Consumed, for the Fortnight ending 27th June 1874.

Name of Circle.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	Total quantity of Government Grain consumed up to date.					Estimated grain receipt of the ensuing fortnight.	Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.	Remarks.
				By sales to the public or laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.			
		Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	
Kanhoulee golah ...	27th June 1874 ...	2,75,000 0 0	1,20,850 0 0	6,916 24 0	335 35 0	.	. . . .	9,254 19 0	1,50,000 0 0		
Opium godown golah ...	. .										
Sudder circle	25th ditto ...			1,727 15 0	477 36 0	415 21 0	14,355 19 0	16,976 11 0			
Chajun circle	25th ditto ...			. . . .	256 39 0	...	1,779 13 0	2,036 12 0			
Kuttrah	25th ditto ..	50,757 0 0	19,826 26 0	7,151 15 0	1,116 7 0	3,311 33 0	1,897 25 0	13,477 0 0	30,930 14 0		
Toorkee	25th ditto ...	20,431 0 0	24,457 15 0	1,739 25 0	88 19 0	101 21 0	3,753 7 0	5,682 32 0			
Belsund	2nd ditto ...	40,764 0 0	40,764 0 0	2,893 25 0	1,141 2 0	2,575 16 0	1,262 9 0	7,874 12 0			
Rajkhund	25th ditto ...	40,000 0 0	21,768 0 0	6,215 3 0	384 9 0	521 33 0	2,906 12 0	10,026 17 0	18,232 0 0		
Kantee	25th ditto ..	15,000 0 0	15,000 0 0	1,676 32 0	61 14 0	466 29 0	5,539 21 0	7,746 16 0		75,000 0 0	
Bighye out-work	25th ditto	10,000 0 0	10,000 0 0	1,114 23 0	74 1 0	153 5 0	921 18 0	2,263 7 0			
Motipore	.....	15,000 0 0	23,158 28 0	3,810 12 0	65 4 0	1,812 6 0	1,886 30 0	7,574 12 0			
Subebgunge	25th ditto	24,731 0 0	30,000 0 0	2,957 21 0	542 24 0	....	3,203 3 0	6,703 8 0			
Pooriah	25th ditto	15,000 0 0	14,763 34 0	2,362 24 0	677 19 0	97 6 0	3,275 23 0	6,412 32 0	217 6 0		
Serayu	25th ditto	15,000 0 0	24,214 0 0	2,791 33 0	709 11 0	1,138 23 0	3,759 37 0	8,489 24 0			
Jaintpore . ..	24th ditto	10,000 0 0	11,512 17 0	717 11 0	67 22 0	553 8 0	2,638 3 0	3,976 4 0			
Gaighatta	25th ditto ...	25,000 0 0	8,584 37 0	2,317 8 4	594 7 0	1,300 0 0	118 6 4	4,729 21 8	16,415 3 0		
Uttar ..	25th ditto ...	10,000 0 0	5,694 8 0	2,964 18 0	51 15 0	1,859 9 0	2,481 39 0	6,856 36 0	4,306 32 0		
	Total ...	5,67,682 0 0	3,70,611 5 0	49,760 6 4	6,733 24 0	14,208 10 0	49,377 25 4	1,20,079 25 8	2,20,100 15 0	75,000 0 0	

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the Golahs of the Hajipore Sub-Division for the Fortnight ending the 25th June 1874.

Names of Circles	Dates for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain	Total quantity grain stored, exclusive of transferred to other districts.	Total quantity of Government grain consumed up to date.		
				By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By payments in kind to laborers.	Total.
		Mds	Mds S C.	Mds S. C.	Mds S. C.	Mds S. C
Hajipore	25th June, 1874	66,000	*1,832 21 12	251 30 8		251 30 8
Mowhua		10,000	2,855 9 0	61 39 0	1,444 4 0	1,506 3 0
Lalgunge		2,000	209 0 0	72 13 0	.. ..	72 13 0
Shapore		150	...	.....		
Mersayi		.....	232 17 8	7 30 12	257 38 10	265 19 6
Bhatowlia		.....		29 22 0	..	29 22 0
Karhari		.....		37 5 8	.....	37 5 8
Total		.....	5,129 8 4	460 9 12	1,402 2 10	1,862 12 6

* Fifty thousand maunds of grain have been received during the fortnight into this sub-division; but as no returns have been received from the different golahs, the amount cannot be shown here

Tajpore.—Appendix B—of Grain.

Names of Circles.	Dates for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	Total quantity of Government grain to date				
				By sale to the public or laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advance to ryots.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total
		Mds	Mds S C	Mds. S. C.	Mds S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S C.	Mds S. C.
Tajpore	1st May 1874	10,000	*2,367 8 0	246 12 1	165 3 4	...	1,319 22 14	1,730 38 3
Poosah		8,500	†8,500 0 0	73 17 0	265 10 7	970 0 0	1,540 20 10½	2,849 8 1
Chandchaur		12,000	.....	... .		...	...	....
Arangar		8,000	2573 10 0	63 30 0	3 0 0	...	9 20 0 from Arangar. 13 13 0 from Jitwarpore.	89 23 0
Bahlempore		24,000	from Tajpore.	..		...	.....	.. ..
Shahpore Undi		10,000	from Chitwara.					
Tolehka	... .		200 0 0 from Dulsing Serai factory	.. ..	.... .	.....	...	
Ganges Embankment sub golahs	.....	.....	10,000 0 0		.....	...	375 14 7½	375 14 7½

* Difference between this and last fortnightly return is on account of grain sent to Bahlempore.

† There is actually stored at Poosah 17,575 maunds 24 seers; the difference between this and figures shown in column 4 is considered available for that part of the Sudder sub-division near Poosah.

	Mds.	Srs.	Ch.
‡ From Nagurbustee Station	73	10	0
From Nagurbustee Golah	500	0	0
Total ...	573	10	0

§ This includes all grain sent to site of work, whether spent or not.

Statement of Charitable Relief for the Mozufferpore Sub-division for the Fortnight ending 27th June 1874.

Name of Circle.	Number charitably relieved who are not capable to work, B.				Number charitably relieved who cannot work owing to their caste, described in Central Committee's Resolution, dated 11th March, as coming under head, D.				Number employed in cotton-spinning, rope, twisting, &c., &c., as per Central Committee's Resolution, dated 4th March, heading, C				Total number of persons relieved under heads B, C, and D of the Resolution.				Quantity of grain spent in charitable relief.		Price of grain spent on charitable relief at Government rate.		Total amount spent in charitable relief exclusive of price of grain, during the fortnight.	Total amount spent in charitable relief, inclusive of price of grain, up to end of the fortnight.
	Total up to date of return.		Daily average number for the fortnight.		Total up to date of return.		Daily average number for the fortnight.		Total up to date of return		Daily average number for the fortnight.		Up to date of return.		Daily average number for the fortnight.		During the fortnight.	Up to the end of the fortnight.	During the fortnight.	Up to the end of the fortnight.		
	Adults.	Children.	Adults.	Children.	Adults.	Children.	Adults.	Children.	Adults.	Children.	Adults.	Children.	Adults.	Children.	Adults.	Children.						
																	Mds. Srs.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
Mozufferpore town ...	26,228	1,274	304	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	26,228	1,274	304	12	54 2	325 35	162 2 0	1,007 10 0	.....	662 13 10
Sudder	15,411	4,067	221	53	86	.....	2	.....	4,371	.....	76	.....	19,868	4,067	299	53	121 1	142 1	361 15 6	483 0 9	372 15 1	2,810 1 6
Shikunpore factory	.....	.....	142	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	142	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	116 14 3	.....
Chajan circle... ...	.....	.....	454	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	117	.....	.....	.....	451	...	256 30	256 30	771 0 0	771 0 0	.....	.....
Toorkee	9,641	2,557	247	73	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,992	.....	58	.....	10,133	2,557	305	73	46 4	78 17	138 12 6	229 14 6	131 14 0	849 9 6
Belsund	21,393	14,504	1,536	1,028	140	.....	10	.....	195	.....	14	.....	21,726	14,504	1,562	1,028	406 5	1,141 2	1,422 14 3	1,491 2 5	171 11 10	2,735 15 4
Jaintpore	.....	.....	102	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	23	4	.....	.....	125	10	25 8	67 22	75 9 0	202 10 0	48 1 0	.....
Dooriah	.....	.....	306	289	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	14	.....	.....	.....	313	289	323 35	677 19	944 0 3	1,965 15 9	.....	.....
Sahebgunge	7,288	2,480	505	175	14	14	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	7,302	2,494	506	176	163 26	542 24	318 15 3	1,689 9 3	.....	.....
Kanti	.....	.....	307	51	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	307	51	61 14	61 14	196 4 6	196 4 6	51 1 4	257 6 4†
Reghy out-work ...	.....	.....	159	124	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	159	124	38 26	74 1	116 15 0	223 0 0	.....	.....
Rajkhund	19,261	10,167	663	51	5,698	1,824	290	90	5,395	.....	61	.....	33,468	11,991	994	121	301 3	334 9	613 7 10	870 3 8	796 7 4	2,637 5 9
Gaighattee	.....	.....	602	339	.....	.....	2	1	.....	.....	804	.....	.....	.....	1,406	340	294 7	594 7	1,407 14 6	1,407 14 6	.....	.....
Matipur	.....	.....	273	26	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	273	26	65 4	...	195 0 0	.....	45 3 9	.....
Kuttra	.....	.....	2,363	1,231	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,363	1,231	606 5	1,166 7	2,490 10 0	2,696 0 0	.....	.....
Ottar	7,694	2,461	Not stated		.....	.....	.....	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	7,694	2,461	.....	8	.....	51 15	.....	153 0 0	.....	272 14 4
Surrya	.....	.....	339	347	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	339	347	.....	799 11	.....	2,307 0 0	1,963 11 0	.....
	1,06,290	37,410	9,215	8,746	9,152	1,888	306	199	10,961	.....	1,157	4	1,26,353	39,548	11,280	3,850	3,290 19	6,372 22	9,206 8 7	16,515 15 11	3,671 15 7	9,696 21 6

* This account is incomplete, owing to the returns received not always having been correctly filled up.
† Up to 31st May 1874; later figures not received.

C.

Tajpore Sub-Division.—Statement of Charitable Relief for the Fortnight ending the 27th June 1874.

	Number of persons working.				Number of persons to whom money has been paid.	Average daily number of persons receiving food.	
	Cotton.	Potua.	Bamboo.	Cloth.		Cooked.	Uncooked.
Tajpore	569	.....	.....	29	.....	28	150
Poossah	111	52	.....	12	.....	15	95
Dhoolee	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	269
Jitwarpore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	206
Arangar	13	1	.....	.....	50	.....	18
Pokhera	116	20	.....	8	.....	.....	104
Jandaha	.....	12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Narhan	8	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	104
Shapore Nundi ..	27	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bahlempore ..	511	124	1	45	100	43	375
Dulsingserai ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	805
Chitwara	.....	.....	.....	.....	29	.....	.....
Total ..	1,356	210	1	94	179	76	2,126

E.

Statement showing Advances made from the Sudder, Hajipore, and Tajpore Sub-Divisions during the Fortnight ending the 27th June 1874.

Date of payments.	Names of persons taking advances.	Amount.
1874.		Rs.
June 16th (Sudder) ..	Babeo Rajkumar Mookerjee, zemindar, for support of ryots	5,000*
TAJPORE ... 20	Radha Sing, ditto ditto	200
23	Shoomon Jha, ditto ditto	100
23	Shonmon Lall Jha, ditto ditto ..	250
26	Mottabur Hossein, ditto ditto	500
25	Deepnarayan Singh, trustworthy resident, for purchase of grain	250
HAJIPORE 20	Suful Sahoo ditto ditto	500
	Total	6,800

G.

Statement showing the Financial Results of the Sudder, Hajipore, and Tajpore Sub-Divisions for the Fortnight ending the 27th June 1874.

	Details.	Amount. Rs.	A.	P.
1.	Transport of Government grain	3,32,580	5	3
2.	Relief works	18,000	0	0
3.	Salaries, establishments, and contingencies ...	3,655	0	2
4.	Charitable relief	5,629	2	7
5.	Storage	1,995	2	6
6.	Miscellaneous	1,561	14	8
7.	Advances to trustworthy residents for purchase of grain	750	0	0
8.	Advances to zemindars for support of ryots ...	6,050	0	0
	Total Rs. ...	3,70,221	9	2

MOZUFFERPORE,
The 1st July 1874.

T. E. COXHEAD,
District Relief Officer, for Collector.

* This amount was sanctioned in Commissioner's No. 114F, dated 11th May, 1874, before grain advances were ordered to be substituted for money advances.

No. 769, dated Durbhunga, the 29th June 1874.

From—C. T. METCALFE, ESQ., Additional Commissioner, Durbhunga,

To—The Offg. Secy. to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

I HAVE the honor to submit my narrative for the fortnight ending the 27th of June 1874. A pleasant fortnight of rains and cool eastern breezes. The whole aspect of the country has changed. The dry and parched fields, which in May were devoid of all signs of vegetable life, are now covered with rising crops of rice, murwa, sugarcane, and in the north with Indian-corn.

STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

2. Although the prospects of a good harvest are abundant, the whole cultivation of the country, when closely examined, is at present in a very backward state. It is customary for all fields at the first early fall to be turned with the spade. This has not been done, and in many villages the complaint is that field labor is not obtainable.

3. I have just returned from a tour in pergunnah Allapur, and I find the condition of the crops very different in different localities. About Bheya the Extra Assistant Commissioner informs me that many of the laborers are idling their time. At Bhat the villagers are entirely neglecting the preparation of their rice fields, on the ground that they had plenty of occupation in working for the sirkar, and would attend to their fields by-and-by. The occupation alluded to was in constructing stabling for a detachment of ponies. The country to the west of Narayah has been markedly neglected. I found laborers at work here under the Court of Wards, who admitted that they had not touched their fields. The reasons assigned by agriculturists for the present state of things, varying of course in different localities, are—

1*st*—that the laborer, released from the roads and tanks, has now gone to weed the indigo;

2*nd*—that the rice seedlings are very backward and unfit to be planted;

3*rd*—that the fields require more rain to moisten the ground before they can plant the rice;

4*th*—that the empty fields are held by those who have no seed; and

5*th*—that many of the cultivators were still absent with their carts on transport.

4. I do not desire to convey the meaning that the population at large wilfully intend to neglect agriculture altogether. It may be that matters will mend hereafter, but still the fact is that the land is not being tilled this year in the manner to which it is accustomed, and I conclude that, however excellent the harvest prospects may be, the want of culture must affect the produce.

5. The behaviour of the people seems, too, to have varied in different localities. In Durbhunga the Magistrate writes:—"The people, after the heavy rain, everywhere abandoned the relief works, and flocked of their own accord to the field; thus refuting the fears that were entertained of possible hindrance to agricultural operations by preference for relief works." Mr. Macdonell writes:—"The result of my late inspection of the country is that, up to the 20th, about 10 annas of the bhadoi crop had been sown, and the remainder was being sown. The seeds had everywhere germinated well, and gave promise in many places of a good harvest. Of the area devoted to boro dhan, *i.e.*, sown broadcast, about half has been sown; of the roopit, or planted dhan, only 6 annas have been sown.

6. In Poopree parts of the country are still to be seen unploughed. The chief reason of this is not the weakness or poverty of the cultivators, but is owing to the backwardness of the dhan seedlings, and is due to the lateness of the early rains. Were these lands ploughed in the rain, they might not retain sufficient moisture for the reception of the seedlings, but by postponing the ploughing until the seedlings are ready, the moisture remains undisturbed.

7. From Mudhoobunnee the report is that the weather during the fortnight has been eminently favorable for agricultural purposes. In Mudhoobunnee more than two-thirds of the bhadoi and one-half of the paddy lands have been sown. In Oomgaon most of the fields have been sown, and the young crops are reported to be in good condition. In Bukwar fields have been well ploughed, and the early crops bid fair to yield a more than average harvest.

8. From Motipore sowings are reported as going on freely, and the relief officer from Jhanjarpore reports a large extent of land sown. The raj sub-manager reports that in Motipore the cultivation is very backward, and that but little is being done to the fields.

9. In Jhanjarpore I was struck by the large extent of unprepared lands. The sub-divisional officer's remarks on this point are:—"The report* is based on insufficient grounds; I have visited the whole circle, and it is all in process of cultivation, except a grass tract. The fact of the matter is that the Brahmins are the complainants, as they cannot as heretofore get their ploughing done for nothing."

* From the Assistant Manager, Raj Durbhunga.

10. In the Kuchra circle the crops are reported as being very forward. Before I leave the subject of the state of cultivation, I would refer to a fact which strikes me very forcibly, viz., the preference shown for the cultivation of the coarser grains, such as murwa, in preference to Indian-corn. A large area of the country is admirably adapted for the latter crop, but is sparsely sown. I am told by the proprietor of a very large indigo concern that he has frequently offered part of his home-cultivation free of rent to his tenants to grow Indian-corn side by side with his own, but that they do not care to take the trouble. If questioned on this point, the ryot alleges as an excuse that the monkeys and jackals would

eat up the crop, and this deters him. About Kumtoul there are a few monkeys and many jackals, and there may be some truth that they are destructive. About Muddheypore the monkeys do abound in great numbers, and would no doubt do great damage to the crops, but over other large tracts there are no monkeys to be found; and the truth I believe lies in this, that in the villages inhabited by the higher castes, they do not devote that attention to crops which the lower castes do, and that as the murwa crop requires but little labor, they through laziness prefer to grow it. I find the Indian-corn grown in villages where the laborers are essentially of low caste. I enter into these particulars, for it seems to me that a very early bhadoi crop is wilfully neglected by large numbers of agriculturists. The earliest crop will be reaped in the Narayah circle, where murwa is already in some places in ear and promises well. Next will follow the sathee crop in September.

11. I would venture also to state that the murwa crop is a much more extensive crop than is generally known. Let it be remembered that since the last murwa crop, the whole population, till the Government stores were opened, were existing on this; and yet that after all this enormous consumption, there was still sufficient for seed, and I have no doubt but that many persons still live on it. The murwa crop may therefore be reckoned as one of the staple crops of the country. On this point a good deal at present turns, for if by the end of July a good murwa harvest is reaped, the Government need have no further apprehensions of scarcity, followed, as this crop will be, by the Assin rice.

12. *Rainfall.*—All over the Durbhunga sub-division rain has fallen plentifully; at the Sudder station 5 inches have been registered. In Bahera and Singhea the fall has averaged 10 inches. Mr. Macdonnell writes: "The fears of an indefinite prolongation of the present famine have been dispelled. The effect of the rainfall on the country has been marvellous. The ground, which at the time of last report was devoid of verdure and baked by four months' heat, now presents a rich verdant aspect." The centre, southern, and western parts of the Poopree sub-division have been visited with a very fair amount of rain; at Poopree itself the gauge shews over 14 inches to have fallen since the beginning of the month; something less than this—3 to 4 inches less—has fallen to the south-east and west of Poopree; towards the north, at Parihar, there have been about 8 inches; and in the Cherute circle a good shower—from 3 to 4 inches—fell on the 18th and 19th, which did an immense deal of good. Indeed, before this shower fell, I was very apprehensive regarding this circle, as the dhan seedlings were looking very stunted and thirsty, but the inhabitants are now as busy there as in all the other parts of the sub-division in transplanting their dhan and finishing their bhadoi sowings. Further falls of rain are still required, though the last few days of fine weather have been useful for crops which required weeding.

13. *Price-current for the fortnight under report.*

Name of place.	Wheat.	Barley.	Rice	Millet.	Indian-corn	Gram.
Durbhunga	13	17½	9½	15	16	1½
Bahera	13½	.....	12 to 13½	.....	.....	13
Rosera	13½ to 14	...	12 to 13½	17½	. ..	13½
Singhea	11½	. .	12 to 13½	12½	.....	13½
Mudhoobunnee	10	....	9 to 10	12	11	12½
Khojowlee	16	16	12 to 14	12	13	16
Lowkaha	11	13	11 to 13	13	13	13
Harlakhee	13	.....	10 to 11	... .	. .	13
Ladama	10	....	12 to 13½	11	. ...	.....
Banoeputee	14	16	12 to 14	15	.....	16
Seetamurhee	12½	15	10½ to 11½	15	13	16½
Shewhur	14	.. ..	12 to 13	15	13	16
Jalleh	14	16	12 to 13	13	.	16
Sunborsa	14	17	12 to 13	16	....	16

14. *Seed.*—On this important subject I make the following extracts from the sub-divisional reports.

Narayah.—"A few thousand maunds of dhan-seed were obtained in exchange for rice, but I soon found that there was no real necessity for these exchanges. What with the private stores and advances by the Court of Wards, a great part of this sub-division was well supplied. Muddheypore was worst supplied, but the deficiency has been made good from imported seed."

Mudhoobunnee.—"It has been ascertained that the amount of seed-grain is vastly greater than was believed to exist, and there is at present no apprehension that any very considerable portion of the land will remain unsown through want of seed. This is a fortunate circumstance, as little of the seed that was allotted has been received, and the season for sowing is too far advanced for the imported seed now to be of much good. The cultivators do not readily purchase seed from our golahs, as those who have money prefer to procure the seed they are accustomed to."

The seed disposed of has been chiefly distributed in the shape of gifts to cultivators.

In Durbhunga no lack of dhan-seed has been experienced, while of bhadoi ample has been forthcoming.

In many places the sowings have been very thin, and the outturn will necessarily be very small.

Relief Works.

15. During the fortnight payment in grain has been universally carried out, except on a contract road in Narayah, about a mile of which only remained to be completed. The Public Works Department at Bahera adopted a system which, till explained, led me to believe that grain payments were not enforced, viz., drawing cash from the treasury, and buying grain through bunniahs in place of indenting on the golahdars. I have written to desire that this arrangement may be altered. A sufficient number of tokens have now been received, and if Public Works officers find any difficulty in paying grain, these can now be used.

16. The following statement shews the expenditure under this head:—

Durbhunga	6,556
Hathee	12,147
Seetamurhee	13,257
Poopree	7,761
Mudhoobunnee	6,420
Narayah	7,131
Total ...	53,272

17. The statement in the appendix shows the average daily number of laborers.

In Bukwah there are now only 400 laborers on relief works, and in Umgaon not more than 1,300. In Motipore there has been a decrease of 700 on the tanks, but there are still 3,000 on works. In the Mudhoobunnee sub-division, including the above numbers, there has been a decrease of about 18,000.

In Durbhunga, on the works managed by the circle officers there was an average of 39,921, and in Public Works 9,280, figures which, compared with the last fortnight, show a great decrease.

Name of sub-division.	Daily average of laborers on relief-works.	Public Works.		Circle Officers.		Court of Wards.	
		Task-work.	Daily wages.	Task-work.	Daily wages.	Task-work.	Daily wages.
Mudhoobunnee ...	79,081	17,786	9,075	25,226	26,994	.....	.....
Durbhunga, including Hathee ...	49,201	9,280	.....	39,921	.....	.....	.....
Seetamurhee ...	15,757	5,778	935	7,405	1,639	.....	.....
Poopree ...	9,370	1,785	.....	7,685	.....	.....	.....
Narayah ...	34,652	.....	.....	19,236	2,854	12,186	376
Total ...	188,061	34,629	10,010	99,373	31,487	12,186	376

There has been a still further decrease in the Mudhoobunnee sub-division. On task-work there are now, under Public Work officers, 11,892, and 7,719 on daily wages; under circle officers, 5,372 on task-work and 8,984 on daily wages.

Storage of Government Grain.

Seetamurhee.

Name of store-house.	Amount of grain stored.	Name of store-house.	Amount of grain stored.
1. Seetamurhee ...	1,14,129	15. Nurkatiah ...	7,976
2. Dumra	2,592	16. Amoa ...	41,479
3. Shiohur	46,173	17. Nurya ...	19,434
4. Sursund	44,847	18. Bela Moeh Pakowory ...	21,056
5. Sunbursa	20,526	19. Kamtoul ...	20,668
6 Jalloh	65,348	20. Bhugwanpore ...	40,264
7. Cherout	63,960	21. Moorsund ...	20,046
8. Dynechuprah ...	29,971	22. Belahee	10,316
9. Dighee	4,792	23. Poopree	34,266
10. Majorgunge ...	2,000	24. Raipore	32,144
11. Bhoothee	36,361	25. Sibnagur	31,624
12. Ethurwah ...	34,976	26. Parihur	19,994
13. Narayah	33,898		
14. Bungaon ...	35,171	Total ...	8,34,011

19. STORAGE OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN.

Mudhoobunnee.

Sub-District.	Total grain allotted.	Number and names of store-houses.	Arrived at final destination.		
	Mds.		Mds.	S.	C.
MUDHOOBUNNEE	1,20,000	Mudhoobunnee	92,166	39	9
	75,000	Pundoul	65,433	30	0
	40,000	Kewan	39,605	20	0
	1,10,000	Beniputtee	1,08,460	0	0
	60,000	Palse	45,161	0	0
	10,000	Arer	12,862	0	0
	48,000	Hurlakee	30,536	0	0
	43,000	Deodha	30,252	0	0
	44,000	Rhet	30,350	0	0
	50,000	Korahya	28,952	30	0
	1,10,000	Khajowlee	92,039	30	0
	60,000	Ladma	46,667	20	0
	40,000	Nararh	29,261	0	0
		Sidhup Kalan...	11,020	0	0
	1,30,000	Jhanjharpore	1,00,525	0	0
	60,000	Sarso	56,615	0	0
	75,000	Rudhpur	61,742	17	1
	85,000	Basdeopur	46,873	0	0
Total ...	11,60,000	.....	9,28,523	25	10

Allotment for Durbhunga Sub-division.

NAMES OF GOLAHS.	Allotment.	Received.	DATES.
Durbhunga	1,10,000	95,957	21st June 1874.
Mahomedpore	84,000	67,160	
Bharwarah	44,000	53,738	
Barhtollah	44,000	26,057	
Sinuri	54,000	14,280	20th June 1874.
Chak Mahsi	24,000	22,234	Ditto.
Auar	44,000	48,883	Ditto.
Rasulpore	24,000	20,838	Ditto.
Warsnuggur	50,000	54,850	Ditto.
Nagarbasti	50,000	44,894	
Banhar	40,000	38,888	
Rosarah	45,000	17,103	Quarter-Master-General's Department removed over 21,000 maunds.
Leyrah	51,000	66,147	
Bahoyrah	1,50,000	1,16,378	20th June 1874.
Dasowtah	64,000	60,856	
Hathowrie	44,000	38,020	
Buyhowni	54,000	59,020	6th June 1874.
Sahu	34,000	34,948	
Rahar	34,000	41,000	
Hathi	1,40,000	1,03,000	Latest information not received.
Baoram	34,000	40,106	20th June 1874.
Hurui	64,000	64,596	17th ditto.
Singhia	84,000	86,663	20th ditto.
Hussenpore	34,000	32,934	17th ditto.
Total ...	14,03,000	12,49,000	

Statement showing the total Consumption of Grain and probable Requirements to the 1st of November.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
				Total consumption of grain.											
Name of Sub-Divisions.	Date for which figures are given.	Total quantity of Government grain stored.	Number of golahs opened.	By sale to laborers.	By payment in kind to laborers.	By sale to public.	By advance to ryots.	In gratuitous distribution.	Total.	Balance in store.	Average monthly expenditure since March.	Further calculated expenditure up to end of October.	Estimated balance on 1st November.	Deduct on account of wastage.	Balance actually available.
		Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Seetamurhee...	24th June	4,04,272	... ...	13,549	17,774	35,879	27,805	8,269	1,03,276	3,00,996	34,428	1,37,712	2,40,998	40,427	2,00,571
Poopree	24th "	4,16,079	58	7,396	12,018	64,151	19,111	6,287	1,08,963	3,07,116	21,792	87,668	1,10,985	41,607	69,378
Mudhoobunnee	30th "	9,28,523	.....	Included in column 7.	8,874	2,85,021	3,471	30,277	3,17,643	6,10,880	79,410	3,17,643	2,93,237	93,852	2,00,385
Narayah	23rd "	6,44,526	.....	ditto	7,267	1,34,028	7,939	25,244	1,74,478	4,70,048	43,619	1,74,478	2,95,570	64,453	2,31,118
Durbhunga	20th "	5,00,871	.....	ditto	13,847	1,08,906	36,796	39,534	1,99,083	3,01,785	49,771	1,99,086	1,42,699	50,087	92,512
Hathee	17th "	7,27,167	.....	ditto	26,195	68,814	30,249	77,601	2,02,859	3,39,452	50,214	2,67,812	2,58,396	72,716	1,85,680
	Total ...	36,21,458	.....	20,945	85,975	6,96,799	1,25,371	1,77,212	11,06,302	25,15,136	2,79,234	11,83,899	13,41,885	3,62,141	9,79,644

Grain Sales.

22. The following statement, given for the purposes of comparison, shows the sales up to the present and to the past fortnight:—

	Present.	Past.	Increase of mds.
Durbhunga	28,261	24,227	
Mahomedpore	47,166	38,944	
Hyaghat	19,229	22,755	
Warisnuggur	10,970	7,804	
Bundhar	3,283	2,247	
Dosowta	22,864	18,796	
Gungdah	11,106	9,214	
Singhea	12,057	8,865	
Rohur	10,186	11,518	
Hirnee	2,156	2,113	
Husunpore	7,460	5,062	
Lehra	3,035	2,500	
Total ...	1,77,723	1,54,045	23,678

If to this be added 13,847 paid in kind to labourers, advances to ryots, sales to the public, we have a total public demand of 70,076 maunds, excluding expenditure on charitable relief.

23. For the other sub-divisions the demand was as follows:—

Mudhoobunnee	7,790
Narayah	33,406
Poopree	32,157
Seetamurhee	42,580
Total ...	1,15,933

On the subject of stocks, Mr. Mosley reports the grain will more than hold out, except perhaps in Perozeghur, where there will be a deficiency if the present rate of relief is kept up. I expect to be able to supply any deficiencies by transfer from Narayah. Sales in this sub-division have decreased. The Magistrate of Mudhoobunnee reports the consumption of grain during this month has fallen considerably below the estimated amount. The quantity consumed in Umgaon was very small.

In Motipore and Jhanjharpore sales have steadily increased. Mr. Magrath is of opinion that the earlier sales were to those who, being possessed of means, laid in sufficient to last for a considerable time, anticipating that the Government stores would be exhausted, and that subsequently the sales become duller. The rain, too, has been a preventive cause of people conveying more than a small quantity at a time.

Private Importations.

24. Although private importations of pulse grain have commenced, no outside rice is coming into the market. Boats are reported as coming up the Koraie in twos and threes, and strings of pack-bullocks, too, may be seen importing private grain, wholly pulses.

The prospects of an early harvest have induced persons to be more open in their information regarding private grain stores. It has transpired that many persons have held large stocks which they have refused to sell, and that only would have been forthcoming had prices risen so high as 7 seers. This rate seems the *summum bonum* of the holders' expectation. The grain, I am told, is mostly buried, and is the accumulation of years. I am also informed that even in the most brisk periods of exportation the surplus stores are very large, and are hidden in regular pits under ground. Here they remain for years, till droughts happen, and are then sold sparingly at prices 7 to (for fine rice) 5 seers per rupee. In the hard times of 1865 the prices actually fell to 5 seers, and the same no doubt would have happened this year had not the Government poured grain into the country. The Government rates have thus kept the private grain at 9 seers. A seven-seer rate is virtually, as far as the poorer classes are concerned, equivalent to a total absence of grain, for they cannot afford to buy it, and therefore these hidden stores were, as far as the poorer classes were concerned, of no appreciable benefit; but for the Government grain and the Government pecuniary aid they must have perished. The pecuniary aid they received gave them at least the power to buy, and they purchased at first the cheapest of all grains, the murwa; subsequently they took more to cargo rice, but among the mysteries of this grain question we have the clearest evidence in one point, viz., that rice grain trade there was none. One firm, that of Baboo Bunwaree Lall, remitted two lakhs to Sherghotty to purchase grain, but the difficulty of procuring carriage has prevented it from being imported. The facts, then, are these, that rice raised from these private grain stores would never have reached either the poverty-stricken population or the poorer agriculturists. It might, and probably would have reached in June the agricultural classes, tenants of those who held the grain, but in the meantime death would have carried off a very large mass of the population.

25. I subjoin the names of persons at present known to hold stock.

Name of locality.	Name of stock-holders.	Estimated amount.
		Mds.
Durbhunga	Town stock-holders	25,000
Lowana	Cultivators	25,000
Dilawarpore	Chowdhry	60,000
Jalwara	Cultivators	25,000
Chuparee	Moharanee Sreemuttee	50,000*
Lehra	Ramdut Chowdhry	50,000
Patour	Baboo	50,000
Singhea	Dabeepersad	1,00,000
Pindarose	Mitter Lal	10,000
Mirzapore	Mohunt Luchmun Doss	1,00,000
Bhurgam	Thikadar under Court of Wards	20,000
Dhogam	Talabur Singh and others	50,000

* Chiefly seed.

26. These grain stores are, then, in the hands not of professional grain-dealers, but, if I may use the term, of the landed country gentry. The possession of these stores forms as much a title to respectability as a good balance at the bankers. The owners have apparently no desire to part with these stocks for the sake of gain only. It is not in their nature to sell cheap for philanthropy's sake, but they will sell a part for excessive gains, and a part they feel they must retain to feed the better class of their tenants during the months when, although agriculture must be attended to, they require grain advances to sustain them. It is therefore a mistake to argue that high prices alone will bring out the grain. It will do nothing of the kind, for the tendency is to wait, and wait till the highest price is reached, which in Indian agricultural life means till starvation and death have cleared the villages of many thousands.

I understand, then, that it is this knowledge amongst natives of the tenacious withholding of grain that prompts them to advocate such measures as the fixing of a 'nirick.' They argue, and with reason: "if these landed gentry once understand that they cannot sell beyond a certain price, they have no inducement to withold the grain from us now."

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in Seetamurhee Sub-division.

Name of Circle.	Date for which figures are given.	Total quantity of grain stored.	Total consumption of Government grain up to date.					
			By sale to laborers.	By sale to public.	By gratuitous distribution.	By advances to ryots.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.
		Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Sheohur	23rd June 1874 ...	55,791	2,508	5,405	2,726	2,997	4,803	13,439
Amoa	24th " ...	48,174	297	3,325	1,712	6,040	662	14,036
Bathuaha	24th " ...	3,668	244	359	115	1,753	769	3,240
Dumra	25th " ...	4,263	522	208	132	1,308	168	2,338
Garha	25th " ...	4,590	310	1,560	271	406	1,627	4,174
Rajoputty	28th " ...	2,601	152	248	105	703	118	1,326
Murpa	25th " ...	33,898	1,510	1,375	937	7,105	2,712	13,639
Belahi	25th " ...	10,316	580	3,057	465	704	645	5,481
Bhugwanpore	23rd " ...	40,264	467	3,557	238	858	1,637	6,757
Seetamurhee	26th May 1874 ..	1,14,129	2,043	5,642	253	2,619	2,285	12,842
Panchore	13th " ...	.. ...	767	534	56	5	711	2,073
Dynechupra	25th June 1874 .	29,971	1,895	1,682	500	322	.	4,469
Saidpore	23rd " ...	20,046	1,737	4,880	441	127	.....	7,285
Bhoothi	23rd " .	36,361	467	4,057	258	858	1,637	7,277
	Total	4,04,272	13,549	35,879	8,269	27,805	17,774	103,276

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in Poopree Sub-division.

NAME OF CIRCLE.	Date for which figures are given.	Total quantity of Government grain received.	Number of golahs opened.	TOTAL QUANTITY OF GRAIN CONSUMED.						Estimated grain expenditure for ensuing fortnight.
				By sale to laborers.	By payment in grain to laborers.	By sale to public.	By advance to ryots.	In gratuitous distribution.	Total.	
		Mds.	Mds.	Mds	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Poopree	24th June 1874.	31,920	5	3	1,071	6,080	877	230	8,260	3,000
Soorsund		75,364	6	2,247	3,552	5,883	2,944	730	15,355	5,000
Jaley		93,548	12	2,647	3,238	23,302	6,552	2,606	38,345	10,000
Bongong		35,171	6	... ..	278	3,849	1,132	248	5,507	1,500
Parthar		41,050	8	.....	325	6,921	666	325	8,937	2,500
Norunga		19,434	5	.....	292	2,631	609	205	3,736	850
Sionagore		30,105	7	... ..	1,354	9,563	2,395	514	13,825	4,000
Cherowle		32,787	9	2,500	1,408	59,24	3,937	1,229	14,998	6,000
Total ,,,	..	416,079		7,396	13,018	64,151	19,111	6,287	1,08,963	33,850

Statement showing the Storage, and Consumption of Government Grain in the Durbhunga Sub-division.

NAME OF CIRCLE.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other sub-divisions.	Total quantity of Government grain consumed up to date.					Estimated grain expenditure of ensuing fortnight.
				By sale to public or laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.	
		Mds	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds
Durbhunga	21st June 1874 ...	1,10,000	95,257	28,261	2,152	4,737	2,451	44,551	7,000
Mahomedpore	20th ,, ...	1,72,000	1,47,114	47,166	5,086	6,350	3,532	63,134	15,000
Hyaghat	,, ,, ...	1,40,000	1,04,929	19,229†	12,220	14,225	3,993	49,667	10,000
Warisnuggur	,, ,, ...	1,00,000	96,600	10,970	4,806	8,040	2,949	26,767	7,000
Bundhar	,, ,, ...	85,000	56,871	3,283	5,258	2,944	952	12,437	7,000
Total ...		6,13,000	5,00,971	1,08,909	30,554	36,706	13,947	1,99,056	46,000

† The entry in last return was 6,000 maund over the actual quantity sold. This quantity sold from Durbhunga to Hyaghat bunniahs was entered in the Durbhunga accounts. It is now expunged from the Hyaghat accounts.

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in Hathee Sub-division.

NAME OF CIRCLE.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other sub-divisions.	Total quantity of Government grain consumed up to date.					Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.	REMARKS.
				By sale to public or laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advance to ryots.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.		
		Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	
Dasowla	17th June 1874	2,14,000	1,73,343	22,864	14,606	9,354	2,860	49,686	10,000	
Gungdah	20th ,,	1,32,000	....	11,196	10,806	2,444	3,853	28,309	10,000	
Singhea	20th ,,	84,000	66,701	12,057	15,597	4,378	6,033	33,065	8,000	
Rohur	17th ,,	2,08,000	1,55,787	10,186	11,304	2,666	2,417	26,423	9,000	
Harnee	17th ,,	64,000	64,598	2,156	8,789	6,467	4,050	21,462	7,000	
Husunpore	17th ,,	84,000	82,984	7,460	10,232	884	1,788	20,364	6,000	
Leora	16th ,,	54,000	.....	3,035	6,385	4,050	3,194	16,660	5,000	
Total ..	....	7,90,000	5,40,511	68,314	77,661	30,249	24,195	2,00,359	55,000	

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in Mudhoobunnee Sub-division.

Name of circle.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	Total quantity of grain consumed up to date. By sale to public or to laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advance to ryots.	By payments in kind to laborers.	Loss and wastage.	Total.	Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.
		Mds.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds.
1. Mudhoobunnee...	21st June 1874.	2,35,000	1,97,206 8 9	84,684 0 5	2,002 12 10	115 20 12	1,627 34 9	.....	88,429 28 4	20,000*
2. Motipore ...	16th June 1874.	1,60,000	1,08,615 17 1	27,340 4 8½	2,888 2 10½	271 8 6½	620 22 8	.....	31,119 38 1½	12,000
3. Jhanjarpore ...	18th June 1874.	1,90,000	1,57,140 0 0	47,281 13 15½	2,177 0 2½	907 10 8½	1,238 27 9½	839 37 8½	52,444 9 12½	16,000
4. Bhakwa ...	18th June 1874.	2,60,000	2,07,941 0 0	60,229 13 0½	9,135 2 15½	13 20 13	380 21 6½	9,274 2 2½	79,041 20 5½	16,000
5. Umgaon ...	19th June 1874.	1,35,000	91,138 0 0	31,881 34 1	1,731 3 8	1,781 21 11	437 21 4	.....	35,832 0 8	12,000
6. Kachra ...	18th June 1874.	1,80,000	1,66,483 0 0	33,605 4 8	2,844 8 2	382 32 5	4,560 5 9	.....	40,898 10 8	15,000
Total ...	.....	11,60,000	9,28,523 25 10	2,85,021 30 6½	20,277 30 0½	3,471 34 8	8,874 12 14	10,113 39 10½	3,27,759 27 7½	91,000

* This is exclusive of seed-grain.

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the Narayah Sub-division.

Name of circle.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	Total quantity of Government Grain consumed up to date. By sale to public or laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advance to ryots.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.	Estimated grain receipts of the ensuing fortnight.	Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
		Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Narayah ...	23rd June 74	1,00,000	95,228	20,799	805	.....	136	21,740	.....	5,000	815
Mohadeomut ...		90,000	95,060	29,274	1,701	2,281	112	33,368	.....	7,000	Rice paid to laborers has evidently been included in column of sales.
East Patrahee ...		50,000	51,115	10,095	3,881	.....	.....	13,976	.....	5,000	
West Patrahee ...		1,60,000	1,53,638	25,866	9,317	1,085	.....	36,268	6,312	8,000	
Pèrozeghur ...		90,000	89,017	13,286	10,205	1,604	686	25,781	983	9,000	513
Modhepore ...		1,50,000	1,60,418	34,708	8,335	2,969	6,333	52,345	.....	13,000	1,337
	Total ...	6,40,000	6,44,526	1,34,028	34,244	7,939	7,267	1,83,478	7,295	47,000	

The following statement shews the advances made up to the period of this narrative.

Name of circles.	Total advance in money.	Total advance in grain.
	Rs.	Mds.
Durbhunga	2,058	4,737
Mahomedpore	1,402	6,850
Hyaghat	8,254	17,552
Warisnuggur	737	8,040
Bhandhar	50	2,944
Total for Durbhunga ...	1,2501	40,123
Dasowta	10,792	14,009
Gungdah	13,739	2,444
Rohar	4,502	2,666
Singhia	7,897	4,378
Hirnee	5,590	6,467
Hussunpore	749	814
Lehra	3,465	4,056
Total for Hathee ...	46,734	34,834

Name of circle.	Total advance in money.	Total advance in grain.
	Rs.	Mds.
Mudhoobunnee	7,219 ...	3,471
Narayah	... ...	7,939
Poopree	... ...	19,111
Seetamurhee	... ...	27,805
Grand Total ...	66,454 ...	1,33,283

CHARITABLE RELIEF.

27. In Durbhunga the returns shew a great increase over the numbers given in the last narrative. In the Singhea circle the figures have risen from 14,802 to 21,203, including 11,432 children. This is due to grain given to laborers leaving the works as sustenance during the time they may be employed on field-labor being debited to charitable relief. In the Hussanpore circle, the relief officer has used but little judgment in bringing persons on his lists, and in a great measure these details have to be revised Relief has been given to many persons to whom it should not have been extended.

The characteristics of villagers in this respect vary in different localities. In some places persons of all castes are averse to receiving relief, and indeed seem ashamed of it. In other places even well-to-do persons have no scruples in duping the group inspectors. In the Gungdar and Rohar circles, the increase arises from the number of Brahmins having taken relief.

28. *Relief to Tirhootea Brahmins.*—During the fortnight, relief officers and inspectors have devoted their attention to this class. In Hyaghât, where very careful enquiries have been made, this class are found to exist in considerable numbers only in 8 villages, and in inconsiderable numbers in 12 more. These families have received grain at the rate of half a maund a head. In the Mahomedpore circle similar action has been carefully taken. Here the majority of indigent Brahmins refuse to receive relief gratis. Rice will be sold to them at nominal rates. In the Warisnuggur circle, 696 Brahmins, 94 Rajputs, 1,213 weavers, 124 artizans, such as carpenters, oilmen, potters, are in the receipt of assistance.

In the Pergeghur circle of the Narayah relief division there are upwards of 19,000 shown as receiving relief. I have deputed two other officers, an European and native, to revise these lists, as I am not satisfied that the relief officer has exercised sufficient judgment in dispensing charity.

In Mudhoobunnee there have been no fluctuations in numbers. Printed tickets have been issued in place of slips of ordinary paper. In some cases the substitution of these tickets, the Magistrate reports, have produced an extraordinary effect; numbers of persons in the Kuchra circle requested that their names might be erased from the list.

An explanation of this will be shortly furnished; various surmises have been raised.

In Umgaon the relief officer writes:—"In one sub-circle, half of those receiving charitable relief ceased to apply for it after having received the new tickets."

29. The following statement shows the number of persons on charitable relief:—

Name of Circle.	Number on Charitable Relief.	
	Village relief.	Poor-houses.
Durbhunga	8,619	155
Mohamedpore	7,715	54
Hyaghat	8,283	..
Warisnuggur	6,396	33
Bandhar	6,178	...
Total for Durbhunga sub-division ...	37,191	242
Dasowta	14,147	83
Gungdar	12,537	50
Rohur	11,064	96
Singhia	21,203	229
Hirnee	10,275	...
Hussanpore	14,021	116
Lehara	4,211	...
Total for Hathee sub-division ...	87,458	574
Poopree	8,497	316
Mudhoobunnee	20,998	1,396
Seetamurhee	Not received.	
Narayah	30,434	Including poor-house relief.
Total ...	59,929	1,712
Grand Total ...	1,84,578	2,528

30. *Miscellaneous.*—The Magistrate of Durbhunga in his report refers to the liberality of Baboos Guneswar and Gopeswar Singh of the Durbhunga family, the former of whom has advanced upwards of Rs. 13,500 in cash and 4,403 maunds of grain to his tenantry, and has given Rs. 4,000 to the local fund. The latter has carried out several relief works, and has subscribed Rs. 4,000 to the local famine fund. To his ryots he has also made advances, and has rendered every assistance in his power to the relief officer of Rohar, placing Rs. 4,000 at his disposal to relieve such cases of distress amongst his tenants as might come to Mr. Harris's notice. I have much pleasure in bringing these two instances to the notice of Government. Both zemindars have acted in a praiseworthy, liberal spirit.

G.—Financial Results, Seetamurhee Sub-division.

Items.	Total expenditure as shown in the last narrative.	Total expenditure during the fortnight under report.	Total.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Salaries, establishments, and office contingencies	13,116 1 10	2,152 13 6	15,268 15 4
Package and incidentals ...	241 10 0	626 3 3	867 13 3
Storage, including buildings ...	15,048 14 6	.....	15,048 14 6
Charitable relief	53,395 13 1	155 9 9	53,551 6 10
Public works	3,32,115 9 2	.....	3,32,115 9 2
Miscellaneous	1,15,371 9 9	.....	1,15,371 9 9
Advances for transport of grain ...	86,653 7 4	18,366 2 0	1,05,019 9 4
Advances to trustworthy residents for purchase of grain ...	4,190 0 0	.....	4,190 0 0
Advances to traders do. do. ...	12,475 0 0	.....	12,475 0 0
„ to zemindars to help their ryots	33,725 0 0	.....	33,725 0 0
Advances for land improvements ...	18,260 0 0	.....	18,260 0 0
„ to ryots	1,100 0 0	.....	1,100 0 0
„ for purchase of bullocks ...	36,060 0 0	.....	36,060 0 0
Purchase of grain by Government ...	.....	1,599 1 6	1,599 1 6
Total ...	7,21,753 1 8	22,899 14 0	7,44,652 15 8

G.—Financial Results, Mudhoobunnee Sub-Division.

For the Fortnight ended 24th June 1874.

Heads of account chargeable.	Total expenditure up to last narrative.	Expenditure in the fortnight under report.	Total expenditure up to date.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Salaries, establishment, and office contingencies	22,666 12 7	8,842 5 8	31,509 2 3
Package and incidentals ...	2,705 7 6	.....	2,705 7 6
Storage, including building ...	10,152 3 1	.....	10,152 3 1
Grants-in-aid for charitable relief ...	3,845 9 0	.....	3,845 9 0
Miscellaneous	21,953 2 11	6,823 5 7	28,776 8 6
Purchase of grain by Government ...	.....	.....	.....
Transport of Government grain ...	500 0 0	.....	500 0 0
Advances to trustworthy residents for purchase of grain ...	20,335 0 0	400 0 0	20,735 0 0
Advances to traders for purchase of grain	.....	.....	.....
Permanent advance ...	11,241 14 0	6,196 9 9	17,488 7 9
Loans under the Land Improvement Act	8,92,184 1 11½	18,215 15 0½	9,10,400 1 0
Public Works or District Road Fund	8,63,508 5 0	1,14,201 9 1	9,77,709 14 1
Total ...	18,49,092 8 ½	1,54,679 13 1½	20,03,772 5 2

G.—THE FINANCIAL RESULT, DURBHUNGA SUB-DIVISION.

Heads of account chargeable.	Total expenditure up to last narrative.			Expenditure in the fortnight under report.			Total expenditure up to date.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Salaries, establishment, and office contingencies	56,979	1	4	14,010	4	10	70,989	6	2
Compensation to Railway Companies	....			....			....		
Package and incidentals ...	....			....			....		
Storage	20,218	11	9	300	0	0	20,518	11	9
Charitable relief	3,37,830	15	0½	314	0	0	3,38,144	15	0½
Public works	8,34,818	6	2	28,787	14	10	8,63,606	5	0
Miscellaneous	78,809	4	0	31,012	0	0	1,09,821	4	0
Purchase of grain by Government ...	3,225	5	6	....			3,225	5	6
Transport of Government grain ...	10,49,972	5	4	1,03,879	8	8	11,53,851	14	0
Advances to trustworthy residents for purchase of grain, support of ryots, and purchase of seed, &c.	62,300	0	0	....			62,300	0	0
Advances to traders for purchase of grain	2,350	0	0	.....			2,350	0	0
Loans to municipalities and townships	.....			.....			.....		
Loans under the Land Improvement Act	31,761	4	10	....			31,761	4	10
Total ..	24,78,265	5	11½	1,78,303	12	4	26,56,569	2	3½

C. T. METCALFE,
Additional Commissioner.

No. 3423—F, dated Sarun, the 3rd July 1874.

Memo. by—J. S. DRUMMOND, Esq., Offg. Magistrate and Collector of Sarun.

FORWARDED to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Statistical Department, Calcutta, for information, with reference to his circular No. 80 of the 17th November 1873.

Narrative of Scarcity and Relief in the Sarun District for the Fortnight ending the 27th June 1874.

A.—STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

Abundance or Scarcity of Supply in the Bazar.

It was thought that with the rising of the rivers importations would largely increase, but this anticipation has not been fulfilled, there being a still greater falling off in the grain imports during the present fortnight, mainly in the Sewan sub-division, where the imports had decreased by more than one-half. The markets, however, continue to be sufficiently supplied, the demand being considerably reduced by the large advances being made to the cultivators.

2. In the Sudder sub-division during the fortnight the imports were: at Revelgunge, 33,200 maunds—nearly all barley, wheat, and gram; at Dooreegunge, 5,048 maunds; at Maharajgunge, 922 maunds, and from Chumparun, 590 maunds. The exports to Tirhoot and Chumparun amounted to 1,694 and 1,346 maunds respectively.

3. Mr. Tonnerre, in charge of the Manjhee sub-division, writes:—

"The imports from Revelgunge and Maharajgunge are going on very slowly; most of the pack-bullocks passing through Ekmah take grain from Revelgunge to Maharajgunge, but do not stop in this sub-division."

4. Mr. Barry, in charge of the Pursa sub-division, writes concerning the prices in his sub-division, as follows:—

"It is worthy of note that the lowest quotations are from the bazar in the Digwara thana, and that the grains are dearest in the northern part of the Pursa thana."

And he adds as to supplies—

"There seems to be a fair supply of grain in the market, and I have constantly met strings of bullocks laden with grains: on the whole, the markets seem to be easier. I understand that 'chunna' is selling at 21 seers in Patna, and I met a number of cartmen returning home from the transport service in Tirhoot laden with this pulse. Such a cheap rate in Patna cannot but affect the rates in this sub-division. I also hear grain is cheap in Lalgunge bazar, in Tirhoot, just on the other side of the Gunduk, but I have not yet received details of the rates."

5. The following is Mr. Wright's report of the Sewan sub-division:—

"Private importation of grain has fallen off considerably during the past fortnight, but the bazars in the division continue to be fully supplied. The private importations at Darowlee, Sewan, Siswan, and Guthani, during the period under report, amounted only to 23,774 maunds."

6. Regarding the Hutwa sub-division, Mr. Hodgkinson writes thus:—

"Prices continue to be much lower than they were a month or six weeks ago. The drain upon existing stocks has been materially reduced by the large distribution of advances, and there can be little doubt that, supplemented by our supplies, they will prove to be more than sufficient to carry the population on to the autumn harvest, particularly if the present prospect of an early harvest is realised."

Kind and Price of Grain selling at the different Marts.

7 The kind and price of grain selling at the principal marts and at the thanas and outposts are given in the annexed statement.

8. With the exception of Gurkha, Bussuntpore, Bunniahpore, and Pursa in the Sudder sub-division, and Burhurria, Semmaria, Darowlee, Roghoonathpore, and Burowlee in the Sewan sub-division, where prices are either stationary or show an upward tendency, prices have fallen still further during the fortnight, owing to the continued favorable prospects for the next harvest, and the diminution of the demand on the markets by the distribution of grain advances to the cultivators.

Stock of Food in the hands of the People.

9. Under this head Major Jackson, in charge of the Chupra sub-division, writes thus:—

"This question remains as before, difficult to learn anything about, and only to be judged of approximately. I should say in the north-west of the sub-division some scarcity exists, and not so much in the east and north-east I judge by the result of advances now making. All want rice; those really in want do not refuse other kinds of grain which those in easier circumstances will not take, but clamour for rice only. I infer the scarcity or abundance of food-stocks accordingly."

10. For Manjhee, Mr. Tonnerre reports:—

"It is next to impossible to obtain any very definite information as to the stocks held by the people.

"Mahajuns' 'arhats' or golahs are certainly not more than half full. The ryots' stocks are very slender. As a rule, not more than seven or eight persons in each village possess grain enough for their own requirements. In very large villages the proportion of well-to-do ryots is greater, and even these will not be able to supply grain to the coolies who work for them.

"In lesser villages the stocks are well nigh exhausted. In the few cases where private grain-stores exist, the quantity would last for about one month only."

11. And regarding the Pursa sub-division, Mr. Barry writes as follows:—

"This is everywhere reported to be low or nearly exhausted, except in some instances in which I have heard it rumoured that men of substance have hoarded large stocks (from 100 to 500 maunds) against the famine with a view to realizing. It is probable that such hoards exist; but with a falling market, and the abundant rainfall and prospect of a good harvest, the owners will have to throw their stocks on the market, and this will tend to lower prices still further. I have made particular inquiries on this head in Dighwara thana, and there seems reason to believe that the people there have but small stocks on hand; but they are pretty well off, the opium crop and rubbee generally having put them in funds.

"There seems to be no scarcity of seed-grain.

"Mangoes are a fine crop, and form no inconsiderable source of food for a short time in a year like the present."

12. Mr. Hudson, in his narrative for the Musrukh sub-division, reports:—

"There is, I believe, no scarcity of supplies in the local bazars; none has ever been reported to me; and whatever there may have been, must have been pretty well supplemented by the late advances of grain. As these advances progress, all parties will have

stocks on hand, and will no longer be so dependent on the momentary supply at any particular mart."

The steadiness of prices in his sub-division, notwithstanding the large quantities of grain issued from the Government golahs, would however indicate considerable depletion of stocks, as has all along been anticipated.

13. Neither Mr. Wright nor Mr. Rattray makes any report on this point with respect to the state of the Sewan sub-division: stocks are probably low at the places in that sub-division noted in paragraph 8.

Rainfall.

14. There seems to have been abundant rain nearly every day all over the districts: here the rainfall during the fortnight has been 6·66, making, with the rainfall since, a total of 9·74 inches during the month of June. A spell of dry weather is now much to be desired.

15. From his head-quarters at Ekma, Mr. Tonnerre writes as follows regarding the Manjhee sub-division:—

"It rained a little on the 19th, 20th, 22nd, and 24th, and the rain was general. But on the 25th very heavy rain began: it rained without intermission throughout the afternoon, and nearly till morning. On the 26th the rain began afresh with increased force. I was out the whole of the forenoon, and visited the Chainpore and Ramgurh circles. Everywhere I saw sheets of water, and the country about Ramgurh was almost all under water. From the appearance of clouds, I think that we shall have very heavy rain to-day."

16. Regarding the Pursa sub-division, Mr. Barry makes the following report:—

"I have been out in camp a good part of the fortnight, and wherever I have been rain has fallen heavily every day, with two exceptions only. The rain has been abundant, but not out of the common course.

"The constant rain is interfering with the weeding of the bhadoi crops."

17. The Executive Engineer, Captain May, has just returned from a tour *vid* Chitowlee, Barhogah, Barowlee, and Ramcollah, and thence in here, and mentions that he found weeding operations everywhere going on along his route; but I have noticed that the weeding is somewhat backward here, and no doubt the continual rainy weather somewhat interferes with the weeding operations now so necessary for the crops.

18. Mr. Hudson writes thus of the Musrukh sub-division:—

"The fall of rain has been very heavy, and almost without intermission, during the past fortnight, and affords promise of an abundant harvest and speedy termination of the scarcity. As already observed, agricultural operations are now proceeding everywhere in a brisk and lively manner, and it remains only to be feared lest the rains should be so heavy as to interrupt them."

19. The following is Mr. Wright's report of the Sewan sub-division:—

"The rainfall during the fortnight, as measured at Sewan, was 8·77 inches. There has been ample rain for agricultural purposes throughout the division."

20. And concerning the Hutwa sub-division, the following figures are supplied by Mr. Hodgkinson:—

Up to 13th June	...	...	...	7·79
Since 13th June	...	...	...	4·29
			Total	12·08
19th June	...	...	...	·28
20th „	...	...	...	1·11
21st „	...	...	...	1·95
23rd „	...	...	...	·03
24th „	...	...	...	·19
25th „	...	...	...	·22
26th „	...	...	...	·29
27th „	...	...	...	·22
			Total	4·29

State of the Crops.

21. The bhadoi crops are everywhere unusually forward, and a considerable area of empty indigo lands has been devoted this year to the makai crop. Generally, indeed, it may

be said that an exceptional breadth of land has this season been occupied by the bhadoi crops.

22. Mr. Tonnerre reports of the Manjhee sub-division:—

"The crops are very promising, and their forward state is quite exceptional. The following crops—*makai*, *massuria*, *janera*, *kodo*, *sawan*, *arhur* or *rahar*, *cotton-plant*, *marua*, *kownee*, and *sathee*, have been or are being sown.

"*Dhan* is being sown broad-cast, and the transplanting of *marua* is rapidly progressing.

"Weeding operations have also begun, and are giving employment to numbers of women and children.

"Nearly all the cheena has been cut, and in a few days there will be none standing. Even the unripe cheena will be cut and kept for seed, and other crops will be sown in its stead.

"The mango season has not been very successful, and the mangoes are few. The indigo crop at Ramgurh, Mobarukpore, and Bunwar factories, is much below the average."

23. Regarding the Pursa sub-division, the following is Mr. Barry's report:—

23. "Everything is looking fresh and green, and no damage of any kind has been sustained by the young crops. Makai is sown largely in every village, and, in pergunnah Kusmer, occupies a very large percentage of the ground; it promises to be an excellent crop, and is already nine inches to one foot high in many fields. Weeding is going on; still very much remains to be done. The people do not seem to be pushing forward their work, though no doubt the rain has kept them back. Kodo, sawan, marua, tengooni, massuria, are much in the same condition, all requiring much labor to weed out the grass.

"Bhadoi rice promises well, but wants weeding much. Plots of rice for transplantation on to the low lands exist everywhere, but the fields for aghani rice (dhan) are, with a few exceptions, not yet being ploughed up and prepared. These fields are now covered with grass, but they will all be broken up within the next 15 or 20 days, and the aghani rice planted out when the fields are deep in water.

"In Kusmer pergunnah (which is not a rice-country) almost every field is sown down with makai, or some rain crop or other. Whereas from Kapasphorah to Makair the fields are chiefly rice-fields, lying green in grass, so the contrast is very striking. Of course around the villages and on the higher and drier bits of ground, makai, kodo, arhur, and such like have been sown to a considerable extent in the latter tract.

"Indigo promises to be a splendid crop and is growing luxuriantly; the latter sowings are doing well. The weeding gives employment to a large number of persons, and, with fine weather, will give employment to still more."

24. Beyond what is stated at paragraph 18, Mr. Hudson does not notice the state of crops in his sub-division.

25. The sub-divisional officer of Sewan reports as follows:—

"The heavy rains we have had have enabled the ryots to push on and complete the ploughing and preparation of their lands everywhere, and the bhadoi crops are now nearly all in the ground, and have germinated and sprung up well.

"During the first week of the fortnight, I made a tour round by the places named in the margin, and found the crops looking exceedingly well. Those sown early look healthy and strong, and as far as can at present be judged, give every promise of an early and good harvest. If things go on as they are at present doing, the marua crop should be reaped before the end of July, and Indian-corn in August. The dhan seedlings in nursery beds seem also to be getting on very well."

Pertabpore.
Sreepore.
Hutwa.
Gopalgunge.
Maniarah.
Manjhee and Kahala.

The Sub-Deputy Collector, Baboo Rajkishore Narain, writes as follows of the crops in thanas Sewan and Darowlee:—

"Kodo, rahar, &c., are already sown everywhere in these ilakas, and have grown up to three inches. Transplantation of marua is being carried on. Three-fourths of the makai in the ilaka of Sewan, and about half in the ilaka of Darowlee, is already sown, and the remainder is being sown. In some fields it has grown up to three inches; in others it is now germinating. Much of paddy-seed is sown. * * * * * The young plants of paddy also have grown up to four inches, and everything as yet promises well.

"Mr. Rattray in his report states: During the past fortnight, owing to the heavy and continuous fall of rain we have had, cultivation has been extensively carried on. * * * * * The millet crop is now being harvested, and the outturn has been a very fair one."

26. And regarding the Hutwa sub-division, Mr. Hodgkinson writes thus:—

"The autumn crops have been all sown and planted out, and are at present all that can be desired. Perhaps a day or two of sunny weather would improve the Indian-corn (makai)."

Condition of the People.

27. During the fortnight I visited the Chatowlee and Burhogah circles in the Bussuntpore thana. While elsewhere the physical condition of the people throughout the district appears to the casual observer generally good, I consider that their condition in the Bussuntpore thana can be seen at a glance to be much below what it would be in ordinary years. The people on the relief works are silent and dull, and the clothing of many is ragged and insufficient, and the look generally under-fed; while here and there among the children pitiable objects of leanness are to be seen. As there, as elsewhere, relief works have been continuously carried on for many months, the exceptionally destitute appearance of the people of those parts can only be accounted for by the fact that the wages received on the relief works are insufficient for full sustenance, and this is Mr. Murray's opinion. The apparent anomaly of the wages sufficing to keep the people elsewhere in fair condition may be due to the fact that where, as in the Bussuntpore thana, numbers of the higher castes are employed, whole families will not come on the works; while in other parts where the proportion of lower castes is greater and caste prejudices do not prevail, all of the family finding employment, the aggregate wages are found to be sufficient.

28. Regarding the Manjhee sub-division, Mr. Tonnerre reports as follows under this head:—

"The condition of the people is fairly good, but it is wonderful how the people of one village exhibit unmistakable signs of suffering, whereas their neighbours seem strong and stout.

"I have seen many ryots, in one village in particular, though in good health, much under-fed.

"They are, however, all reassured, and feel no anxiety now that grain advances are being pushed on.

"All cultivators are at work in their fields, encouraged by the prospect of unusually fine crops.

"Cultivation is general everywhere, except of course in paddy lands, which are *now* beginning to be rendered fit for agricultural operations by the late heavy rains.

"The land about Ramgurh is in great measure paddy land, so is not being cultivated as yet.

"I must here contradict a statement made by Baboo Taraprasad, relief superintendent, about Baboo Gugadhar Pershad of Chainpore. Chainpore is in my sub-division, and the reporting Baboo belongs to another. In Chainpore, Baboo Gugadhar Pershad is giving employment to some 250 men in the building or repairing of his residence, and not to 1,000 as stated by the relief superintendent. This I have ascertained from karpardazes and others who know the real state of things. Again, all those workmen are skilled workmen, and the affair is not, as will be seen, one of charitable relief. *Palman qui merut ferat:* so I am bound to state the real facts of the case.

"I shall allude to the conduct of the Chainpore Baboo further on."

29. The following is Mr. Barry's report of the Pursa sub-division:—

"Considering the famine rates at which food has been selling, the condition of the people generally must be considered matter for congratulation. The wonder is, that it is not far worse. In Kusmer pergunnah, which is supposed to be well off, I was struck with the appearance of the crowds of cultivators who surrounded my tent to apply for advances of grain. I scrutinised each applicant as he was called up, and I found the great majority of them lean, thin, and in bad condition, and decidedly below par. They are far from being so well nourished as in ordinary years, and doubtless this has been brought about by insufficiency of food. I have noticed, on more careful observation, the same thing in Pursa thana, and many of the applicants have apparently been in great want. Many of the higher class of ryots are in a much worse condition than those coolies who have been six months on relief works, the latter being generally plump and strong.

"With regard to the laborers on relief works, I have nothing new to say. The few who are in very bad condition are often those who have been a short time on the works, and who have been driven there as a last resort. I calculate about 5 per cent. are in this predicament."

30. Mr. Hudson, the Musrukh Sub-divisional Officer, has received bad reports of certain villages within his charge, which I refrain from quoting, as they have not as yet been confirmed. Mr. Hudson has been instructed to investigate them personally, and I shall proceed myself to his head-quarters at Gopalpore on the 4th.

31. The Sub-divisional Officer of Sewan makes the following report:—

"The condition of the people continues good. The agricultural classes are now busily engaged in their fields, and are already employing large numbers of the laboring classes."

Of the people in thanas Sewan and Darowlie, the Sub-Deputy Collector, Baboo Rajkishore Narain, writes as follows:—

"The condition of the people in both the elakas is good. Early and sufficient rains have contributed much to early agriculture, and have given agriculturists much hope of future

goodness. Government aid in different forms has made men even not to feel the common wants of this season."

The following is from Mr. Rattray's report under this head:—

"The condition of the people continues favorable, and reports from the relief circles show that no serious distress prevails. In a tour made by me during the fortnight through the northern part of the sub-division, I did not notice any distress or destitution except amongst the class of professional beggars, who however are being well provided for at the different relief circles. The poorer classes are still finding ample work on the public roads and tanks, and the demand for labor in the fields is gradually increasing as the time approaches for transplanting paddy and other crops."

32. Mr. Hodgkinson has apparently still nothing to add to his former reports under this head, as he does not notice the subject.

Known cases of Misery and Starvation.

33. No deaths by starvation, of which confirmatory evidence has been obtained, have been reported.

Grain-thefts or Robberies.

34. There have been fourteen cases of grain-thefts during the fortnight.

B.—Relief Works.

35. The annexed statements show the relief works in progress, and the number employed thereon. The mean daily number employed during the fortnight was 218,097, and the numbers on the last day was 156,326, showing a decrease of about 30 per cent. at the end of the fortnight.

Compared with the mean daily numbers of the previous fortnight, the number on the last day of the fortnight under review had decreased in the several sub divisions below named in the proportions given—

Sub-divisions.	Mean daily number of the previous fortnight.	Number on the last day of this fortnight.	Decrease per cent.
1. Chupra	70,492	31,335	55
2. Manjhee	34,849	12,849	63
3. Pursa	11,105	7,751	30
4. Sewan	31,888	16,390	48
5. Hutwa	14,196	7,222	49
Total ...	162,531	75,547	53

while the number in the Musrukh sub-division had increased by 19 per cent. The increase in the latter sub-division, concurrently with a large decrease in all other sub-divisions is due to more work being provided, and affords, in my opinion, evidence of increased distress Throughout the last fortnight, about one-third of the entire population of the Bussuntpore thana has been on the relief works. Notwithstanding this, the cultivation there, as elsewhere, is exceptionally forward. Now, however, that the weeding must be commencing, Mr. St. Joseph, the superintendent of works there, has been sent instructions to turn off the works all able-bodied persons, both adults and children of either sex, who may be required for this purpose. Though this precaution has been taken, I do not myself think that it will be needed, as the present rates of wages on the relief works are certainly lower than what could be earned in the fields. The rates of grain payment now everywhere in force are the following:—

	Cleaned rice.	Uncleaned rice.	Other kinds of grain.
	Chs.	Chs.	Chs.
Men	10	13	16
Women	7½	9	12
Boys and girls	5	6	8
Small children	2½	3	4

Being the equivalent of the money wages of 1 anna, 9 pies, 6 pies, and 3 pies, at the rate of 10, 13, and 16 seers for the rupee respectively. These rates, though undoubtedly only barely sufficient to sustain life, have been fixed with the view of enforcing resort to task or piece-work on the ordinary labor rates, and it remains to be seen whether the desired end will now be attained. At present the coolies in Bussuntpore are reported to prefer the one anna wages even to piece-work. It was not possible to effect this change until now, when ample means of agricultural employment for the people have at length rendered it safe to introduce it. All tank-works have been closed; and now that the last fortnight's returns have conclusively shown that our relief works do not keep the people from their fields, on further consideration I have decided to continue to maintain such road works as can still be carried on throughout the rains. There is undoubtedly some risk in closing the works altogether, even for a limited time, and it is as well not to incur it.

Sale of Grain to Laborers on the Works.

36. About 20,000 maunds of grain were sold during the fortnight to laborers; and since the issue, on the 18th, of orders from this office, prescribing for the future direct payments in grain for six out of seven days, about 8,000 maunds have been paid away. Since receipt of the Government orders directing grain payments on the seventh day also, directions have now been issued that none but grain payments are for the future to be made. With reference to Government letter No. 526—T.F. of the 26th June 1874, it is explained that the cash payments during this and the previous fortnight have been due to the adoption of the first alternative prescribed by Government order to 2853—S. R. of the 4th May last, under which cash payments, combined with sale of grain on the works, were allowed. Direct grain payments however having been found to be more convenient, as well as preferable on many other grounds, the change has now been effected, and the grain is brought from the golahs by bunneahs, who are paid in money at the rate of two pice per maund per mile as cost of carriage, besides an allowance of one anna for every maund served out on the works by them.

Collection and Despatch of Laborers to Soane Canal Works.

37. The scheme for despatching a body of laborers to the Soane Canal Works has for the present fallen through. Captain May thus explains this result:—

"With reference to your request, desiring to be informed why more coolies than those sent have not gone to Arrah, I have only to repeat what I have already several times told you verbally, that I, as well as the assistant engineers in charge of sub-divisions, and superintendents of works and overseers in charge of works, have used our utmost endeavours to persuade the men to go, explaining to them fully the favorable conditions under which they would go, and the advantages they would gain by doing so.

"They have been suspicious all along that they would be sent elsewhere beyond Arrah, and I personally assured them that such would not be the case with a single man, and offered them my life as their security, in the event of a single individual being sent beyond Arrah. They put forward the difficulty of sending remittances to their homes, and I informed them that this would be arranged for them all in a complete and safe manner, and that all remittances they send would reach their people quite safely, and from whom they would receive intimation of the arrival of their remittances.

"The few who have gone, 71 in number, have been there before, and are mostly men who have no lands to cultivate. A large number of men on the tramway road engaged to go, and asked to be paid up to date, which was done, and then they refused to go, saying that their time for cultivation had arrived, and that they preferred remaining here and doing the best they could for themselves.

"I was at first under the impression that their being able to obtain rice at 16 seers per rupee, and having to take their families with them, were causes which prevented their going, but the stoppage of sale of grain to them, and the cancelling of the order about their families, proved that the above were not the causes; and I can only attribute the cause of their not going, either to suspicion of being sent elsewhere or to their unwillingness to leave their houses."

38. Information was subsequently received from Captain Heywood at Arrah, that he could only provide for about 3,000 instead of 20,000 laborers. It remains to be seen whether this limited number can be obtained later on.

State Emigration to British Burmah.

39. None have presented themselves for emigration during the fortnight, and while the agricultural season lasts, it is not probable that any one will agree to go.

D.—Storage of Government Grain.

Distribution and expenditure of Government grain.

40. The usual statement accompanies.

Gradual expenditure from Government grain stores, and possibility of more grain being actually required.

41. The accompanying statement revised according to the latest data, shows the probable grain requirements of the district in the future, and still exhibits a deficit of two

lakhs of maunds. It is reported that the golahs at Amnour, Musrukh, Bussuntpore, Maharajgunge, and Syedpoorah will soon be exhausted. The grain payments to relief laborers throughout the Musrukh, Chuprah, Bussuntpore, and Manjhee thanas will then be dependent on the transport of supplies from the Pursu golah in the case of the two former thanas, and from the Sewan golah for the two latter. I confess that I do not look forward to the early exhaustion of the grain supplies in the Musrukh sub-division without anxiety; and with reference to the difficulties of transport, when the roads become more cut up, and the carts are all engaged in carting indigo, and also to the necessity of making the grain advances to the cultivator at once if any good is to be done, it seems urgently advisable that this district should be succoured at once, if the grain allotment is to be increased, or if not, the grain payments to relief laborers should be suspended where necessary. Mr. Murray of Burhogá informs me, that he now finds that his original advances to ryots will not suffice, and that more will have to be given to support them. He is already drawing on the Barrowlee golah for 7,000 maunds to make up the deficiency in his original requirements, and there will not be more than 7,000 or 8,000 maunds remaining there, which cannot be abstracted without still further reducing the supplies for the Sewan sub-division.

42. Mr. Tonnerre reports as follows under this head, regarding the Manjhee subdivision:—

"More grain will be required for this sub-division. The entire allotment consisted of 25,000 maunds, and I am of opinion that 10,000 extra maunds ought to be sent for this subdivision *as soon as possible*. More will hereafter be required, perhaps as much as 9,000 maunds. As is generally known, there has been a considerable deficiency in the reputed weight of each bag, *i.e.*, 2 maunds. I have calculated that in the 25,000 maunds allotted to this sub-division, there will be a deficiency of four to five seers per bag. The above average was drawn from weighment of 3,942 bags, some at Ekmah and some at Manjhee. This gives us, then, a deficit of 1,406 maunds 10 seers. This added on to the 19,000 maunds extra required, gives a total of 20,406 maunds 10 seers. This calculation does not, of course, include any grain that may be required for relief works."

E.—Advances to private parties and their results.

43. The statement accompanying, shows the advances of grain made up to date, except for Bussuntpore, the correct figures for which, owing to mismanagement of the previous golahdar who has been dismissed, have still not yet been received; and money advances are shown under head "Financial Results."

44. Major Jackson, in charge of the Chuprah thana relief sub-division, reports as follows under this head:—

"Village lists prepared by group superintendents keep daily coming in, but notwithstanding that the arrangement must now be pretty fully understood throughout the country, I find myself delayed with individual applications, all of which take a great deal of time in attending to and answering, many of them belonging to districts out of my sub-division. All applications for grain are at once acceded to, except when coming from parts where it is well known only rubbee crops are grown, such as the Dearah on the river bank &c., where there were excellent crops this last season. I find this does not prevent the application being made, feelings of delicacy not appearing to exist much amongst the general population. In fact the evidences of universal greediness make the position of an advancing officer very difficult. Time cannot be afforded for minute enquiries, and food must be thrown into the country. Very few lists are at the disposal of that officer to prevent his being deceived, and no doubt in many instances he is so; but I have reason to believe in the necessity for assistance to the people, many come in gladly taking whatever description of grain is offered them, whilst the well-to-do at once reject advances of any kind except rice. They of course receive nothing, but time is taken up in listening to their petitions, and I regret that the more deserving have to stand over till their wants have been enquired into. For one village list settled and disposed of, three, four, or five petitions of sorts have to be heard, and orders passed on them. As regards cash advances for seed-grain and bullocks, I confess myself to be in a difficulty. To a man, the villagers are eager to get the money, and merely, as a rule, I believe, to pay off their debts, and not for the purposes ostensibly set forth. The petitions are generally for an amount of cash equal to the grain requirements, and the only check I have is the report of the Group Superintendent, who again can hardly have time to make enquiries into the separate wants of each village. I have only made advances of Rs. 419 under this head, and have returned all others for further enquiry. The Group Superintendents are all new men, and have not as yet got into full working swing. As a rule, they do not realise the necessity for extra care in enquiry into such matters, but I hope next fortnight to obtain better information from them to enable me to act. In Arwa, Mr. MacRae has largely met the wants of his circle in grain, but has only given Rs. 25 for purchase of bullocks. From Gurkha, I regret to say, that again no returns have been received for this fortnight; large grain advances are, I know, being made, but I am ignorant to what extent now I am in possession of the village lists of the circle, or of their distribution to Group Superintendents."

45. I am confident that Major Jackson will not make advances where they are not needed, but as, if any good is to be done, no time is to be lost, I trust that he will press on advances in his sub-division as speedily as possible, consistently with care in their distribution.

46. The following is Mr. Tonnerre's report of the Munjhee sub-division :—

"I have now got all my circles into full working order, but they exhibit very different results.

"*Chainpore* circle, under my immediate superintendence, has been provided for with the exception of *three* villages only—Nyagawn, Atturhee and Jharhee. In all three, the maliks have succeeded in preventing the making up of the lists satisfactorily.

"I have stretched the point for the maliks as much as possible—so far even as to delay the advance of grain for the village of Tuswar for a whole week, owing to representation made by Baboo Gunga Persad Sahee, of Bugowrah. The latter promised to come and prove his assertion, but though about *three* weeks have elapsed, he has not come. I have, therefore, ordered the advance to be made at once. In one village where they are nearly *all* maliks, no advances are needed (Deopoorah). In *all* the other villages advances are *being* made, or *have* been made. All bonds have been filed in my office.

"*Pursah* circle, under Baboo Roopnarain Singh, has yet about thirty-seven villages left unprovided for, and in thirty-six others advances are in progress.

"*Bunwar* circle, under Moulvi Imainuddeen, factory manager, shows twenty-seven out of forty-two villages provided for.

"Ramgurh circle, under Oolait Hussen, manager of the factory, shows twenty-four villages provided for out of fifty-one.

"The returns of Jaintpore circle have not been received.

"Making advances is a most difficult task. The advances were assuming such gigantic proportions that I was obliged to return list after list for correction.

"The Pursah circle officer being asked to fix an average of *one* maund per ryot, sent me a list in which *each* man was to receive *one* maund, whether he wanted it or not.

"There is no remedy in such cases. Each list is certified as correct, and I am always told that every chittack asked for is *requisite*, absolutely so, and yet the demands seem exorbitant.

"If I cut down a list, numberless complaints are put in. In many cases, putwarees combine with ryots to obtain excessive advances.

"On the other hand maliks try to prevent the taking of advances at all by the ryots. Under these circumstances, I am forced to give according to verified lists. If any summary measures are resorted to to diminish advances, evil results may ensue, whereas it is the safest to trust to group superintendent, putwaree, and jeyth ryot.

"All lists before being passed are attested by the group superintendent, putwaree (where present), and in the latter's absence, by the jeyth ryot.

"In the bond, the value of the grain taken by each ryot is specified, so that he is perfectly aware of the debt owed by him to Government.

"In my last report, I hope to be able to state that *all* advances have been completed. If the advances are not given out at once, their good effects will be lost. It will be seen, therefore, how difficult it is to combine rapidity and accuracy in such undertakings."

47. Mr. Barry writes as follows regarding the Pursa sub-division :—

"The advances in the Tehtee, Jelalpore, Arwa and Nowada circles are approaching completion, and have been done in a most satisfactory manner. The advances in the Pursa and Seetalpore circle and in my own circles are going on, and now that the machinery of group superintendents is fairly set agoing, I hope to complete the work in a very short time. Six group superintendents have been appointed in Seetalpore circle, and Moulvie Sheikh Abdool Alli is entering with great zeal and spirit into the work. I have explained the rules of procedure to him, and he and his amla are fully alive as to the essential points to be attended to. I expect the work to be well and quickly done; and I hope to visit Seetalpore again next fortnight and to find it pretty well completed.

"In the Pursa circle in charge of the moonsif, 4 group superintendents have been appointed, and the moonsif tells me the work will now proceed rapidly. The moonsif takes a most intelligent interest in the work, and I am satisfied that it will be well done. He has a large number of cases ready for decision, and only awaited my return to head-quarters to have some doubts cleared up.

"For the villages in my own charge in Pursa thana, I have made arrangements for 7 groups with a superintendent to each, and an 8th group, consisting of large and important villages, I have allotted to the sudder canoongo.

"The group superintendents are sending in lists and their reports but slowly, so I cannot say that I have made much progress. The group superintendents complain that putwarees are often absent or absconding, and that zemindars often do all in their power to oppose them and impede the work. Now that I have got power to take up criminal cases, I intend to bring the Penal Code to bear against recalcitrant putwarees; but I hope this will seldom be required. In a good many villages along the banks of the Gunduk, the group superintendents report that the ryots do not need, and do not ask for advances; while, in regard to some villages, it is reported that the zemindars have given their ryots grain, and

thus placed them above want. In this way, the number of villages in the list requiring advances will be diminished.

"Under the system of visitation from village to village, each group superintendent carries with him a list of villages contained in his group, and signed blank perwanahs for the putwarees, and notices for the zemindars in each village in his circle. He has no more to do but to go into a village, serve an order on the putwaree to file his list, and send a notice to the maliks, asking them to become security, make a summary enquiry, and forward his report to me. This looks simple enough in theory, but many obstacles are met in practice; the putwaree is not to be found, or he raises objections and will consult the malik; or the malik forbids his ryots or refuses to take the notice, and so on. I should be happy if each group superintendent could do one village a day. The constant rain also impedes the work. Hitherto the maliks have generally refused to become security; and not seldom they refuse to return an answer to the notice. In these circumstances, I have instructed superintendents to take the best security they can get, and explain that if the security is good, the malik's refusal will not prevent the advance being made.

"As to the Kusmer pergunnah, I have been moving about in it for the last five days, and I find that the northern half of the pergunnah is in much the same condition as Pursa. The people are not quite so distressed as in Pursa, yet they are eager and willing to take advances of grain, and yesterday I had no less than upwards of forty petitions from this tract alone.

"I therefore propose to appoint two group superintendents to enquire into these cases, and to visit those villages which are reported as distressed. I hope this will meet with your approval. The southern portion of the pergunnah does not require assistance. The cultivators of this pergunnah were prevented from coming forward to ask for advances in consequence of the false reports circulated by zemindars, that advances would not be made by Government unless the maliks became security, and for four days I received few or no petitions. It was rumoured that the object of Government in making advances was, by inducing the malik to pledge his right in the soil, to get the ryots and malik into its own hands, and at the day of reckoning to sell up the malik, abolish the zemindars and zemindari system, become sole proprietor of the soil, and get the whole country into its grasp, like the Government of Nepaul; and that it was for this purpose solely that so many tehseeldars have been brought down from the North-Western Provinces. I did what I could to correct these delusions, and the consequence was a flood of petitions yesterday for advances. To sum up, there have been advanced up to date 22,986 maunds to about 8,478 persons (the number of persons is not stated in the Arwa return), and about 150 villages have been disposed of, leaving about 360 villages still on hand.

"Thus, in Tehtee circle only 3 villages remain for disposal.

in Jelalpore	„	7	„	„
in Arwa	„	16	„	„
in Nawada	„	6	„	„

In the other circles and groups the work is only beginning to get into full swing, and much remains to be done. I hope to proceed shortly to Ramcolah to consult with Mr. Hugh Llewhellin as regards the Marowra circle in which nothing has yet been done, and I have already written to him on the subject.

"There are many villages in which indigo planters have an interest at a distance from their factories, and which they have not included in their circles, or which it would have been inconvenient to include. In such cases I have taken precautions that no advances be made to the ryots without taking the opinion of the indigo planter concerned, who is generally the thiccadar, and has a strong interest in keeping the ryots in a solvent position. Thus the Tehtee factory has many villages in the Pursa circle, and the Ramcolla and Arwa factories have villages in my groups."

48. I have heard that such reports as are alluded to by Mr. Barry are elsewhere spread about, and they afford evidence of the obstructions thrown by zemindars in the way of advances for the support of their ryots, whom, at the same time, they very generally decline to assist themselves. Under the circumstances stated by Mr. Barry, his proposal to make advances in the northern portion of pergunnah Kusmer has been approved.

49. Mr. Hudson, in charge of the Musrukh sub-division reports thus:—

"It is well worthy of notice, however, the amount of delay which applicants for tuccavee themselves throw in the way of the speedy disposal of their claims; and how very dilatory even those who have had their applications granted are in coming forward for payment. I have by me now, some half-dozen cases completely finished, and with the certificates prepared, and waiting only the appearance of the parties, who might have been paid a week ago. In one notable instance, they refused at the last moment to take the advance, merely because the zemindars guaranteed repayment of the money, in case the applicants should fail. It is, indeed, absurd to ignore the fact that, as a general rule, ryots and zemindars are antagonistic classes; and that whereas the latter throw every obstacle in the way of their tenants applying for advances, the former regard every intervention on the part of the maliks as an act of direct hostility. Very few indeed of the zemindars have applied for grain advances to assist their ryots; and where they have done so, there is too much reason to fear

that they have been actuated by jealousy of some neighbouring factory, of which the manager has been appointed circle officer. This is especially noticeable in the case of Kalee Persad of Keoteah, whose application for Rs. 6,000 worth of grain has been lying before me, almost ready for payment for the past month, without any intention, I believe, on his part of ever receiving the advance; while he uses the circumstance of his being an applicant to try and establish some hold on certain villages in dispute between him and the factories of Bansghat and Rajaputty. The action of Thakoor Pershad of Dighwa, also, has been of the same character. This zemindar has never been near me but once when I was encamped close to his factory, and has never supported any of the applications of his tenants. But a few days since he sent a hundred of the Dighwa Assamees with petitions to me, that they did not want to take advances from Rajaputty, a proceeding which, considering that applications are *waited* for, and not *called* for, recalls to mind a certain old French proverb.

"The villages in the Bussuntpore and Musrukh thanas which remain, after deducting those included in the relief circles, number 225 in the former and 280 in the latter. These are now mapped out, the former into 24 and the latter into 28 group superintendentships, each group superintendent having, on an average, ten villages in his beat. These men are to send in a weekly report of the condition of affairs in their groups, and are, moreover, commissioned to test the lists filed by villages applying for advances, and the securities offered by applicants.

"There are now no less than 47 cases in the hands of the group superintendents of the Musrukh thana. Advances of grain to village communities are proceeding briskly. I have made 31 of these during the past fortnight, and also 58 advances of money to individual ryots, for the purchase of seed grain and cattle."

50. The following is the report of the Sewan sub-divisional officer:—

"No advances have been made by me during the fortnight; all applicants have been referred to Mr. Rattray. The following is his report under this head:—

"'The preparation of the village lists for grain advances is progressing fairly in spite of the opposition of land-holders and others. Lists of 597 villages have been prepared and sent in to me. These have been approved of, and grain is now in course of distribution in these villages. The grain allotted to these villages amounts to 76,185 maunds 8 seers 8 chittaks. Lists of over four hundred villages are still under preparation, but owing to the apathy of several of the circle officers, and their fear of responsibility, there is a likelihood of some delay in the completion of these lists.'

"In some of the relief circles those whose names have been entered in the lists for grain advances are being put to inconvenience by the circle officers delaying the distribution of the grain, arising from a fear of accepting any responsibility in the matter. I have personally urged upon them the necessity of their taking a more lively interest in their charge, and I hope I shall have no occasion to make a special report on the subject.

NOTE.—This shews, at all events, that care is being exercised in the distribution.
J. S. D.

"It will be seen that the allotment of grain made in accordance with the village lists, together with grain already given in advances to zemindars and others, amount to close upon the total quantity of Government grain in store in the sub-division, and on the completion of all the village lists now under preparation, the requirements will exceed the quantity in store. It is obvious that personally I cannot enquire into every individual application of grain. A very large number of the village lists were rejected by me owing to the quantity of grain allotted being excessive; very few, if any, of the circle officers personally enquire into the status of the people or the village lists. Judging from the condition of the people and the favorable progress in cultivation, I do not think there will be any necessity for the distribution of the total quantity of grain mentioned in the village lists, and I have, therefore, directed advances to be made in monthly instalments of one-fourth of the allotment of each village.

"Very few applications were made to me by zemindars for grain advances during the fortnight. The prices fixed by Government, the division of the allotments into instalments, and the fact of applicants being required to stand security for advances made to their tenants, are the reasons urged by applicants for their refusal. There were four applicants, and the quantity of grain advanced amounted to 591* maunds of the value of Rs. 1,726-0-5. Advances by circle officers to zemindars for their private consumption amounted to 1,218* maunds, value Rs. 3,434-13-0.

* Given partly in instalments.

"Grain advances, amounting to 962 maunds, were made by the circle officer at Hurpore, but particulars have not been received. The sum of Rs. 4,000 was paid to circle officers for advances for the purchase of seed-grain and cattle.

"The sum of Rs. 10 was paid for the completion of a well.

"The arrangement of giving the grain advances to the ryots whose names appear in the village lists, in four instalments, is the best that could be devised under the circumstances, as delay in giving the grain or a portion of it, at present, would do away with the benefit it is intended to confer on the ryots; but in accordance with the Commissioner's verbal orders

Mr. Rattray has been directed to make special enquiries, before the second instalments of grain are issued, regarding the status of the men taking the advances, as it is feared that many of them are men well-to-do, who do not require assistance, and others are taking advances far beyond their means ever to repay. The Commissioner wishes that grain advances should be made in proportion to the quantity of land that each ryot on the list cultivates. This can easily be ascertained by a reference to the zemindars, and from the putwarees' papers."

NOTE.—This is what is being done elsewhere, and what should have been done in Mr. Wright's sub-division; if it is not done, which I doubt—as this is the first thing that every circle officer naturally considers, where advances are needed and there is no adequate security—such advances are directed to be made from charitable relief funds.

J. S, D.

51. Mr. Hodgkinson reports under this head as follows, regarding the Hutwah Estate:—

"The first distribution of advances has just been concluded; and the second instalment is now being given out. Up to date of last reports, 52,712 maunds 15 seers 5 chittacks have been distributed.

52. It is thought by some that the ryots in this crisis should be left to the tender mercies of the mahajuns, and obtain advances at the cost of a life-long enslavement; but I have ground for supposing that this is not the intention of the Government, and I can conceive no more legitimate way of expending the Government grain than in advances for the support of the ryots under the pressure of these trying times.

F.—CHARITABLE RELIEF.

53. The number receiving this description of relief is shown in the annexed statement.

54. Mr. Tonnerre makes the following report under this head, regarding the Manjhee sub-division:—

"No returns have been received from Pursah, Ramgurh and Taintpore circles, and I really cannot account for the delay.

"In Chainpore circle, cotton is being given out to purdanasheens, &c., more strictly speaking, to any woman of a high caste who will not do coolie's work.

"A seer is given to each with 12 annas in money. This supply lasts them for a fortnight, at the end of which they bring back 14¼ chittacks of thread, and the process is repeated.

"The same system is in force all through the sub-division.

"I am trying to start a colony of distressed weavers to convert all the thread into cloth.

"I have given cotton to 35 women, and in Bunwar circle 227 have received cotton.

"I have settled the following rates for distribution of grain as charitable relief, no money being given at all:—

	Seers.	
Full grown man	26	cleaned grain.
Woman	20	„
Big child	15	„
Small child	10	„

The above quantity is given for a month in fortnightly instalments. The following is the system followed. A list of all lame, blind, &c., being drawn up for a village, they receive tickets for fortnightly supply of stores according to prescribed scale. The grain is given to the putwaree or jeyth ryot for distribution.

"Many attempts are made to obtain charity without need of it, but they are mostly detected.

"I append a statement of money spent in charitable relief. No return having been received from Jaintpore circle, its operations are not included in the return."

SUB-DIVISION OF MANJHEE.

Cash account for month of June 1874.

Receipt.

	Rs.	A.	P.
1. Opening balance	87	12	0
2. Remittances from District Relief Committee	3,400	0	0
3 Recoveries by sale of manufactures and otherwise, under heading C ...	.....		
4. Recoveries by sale of rice—see under heading D.	.....		
5. Local subscriptions	.....		
Total „	3,487	12	0

Disbursement.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Expenditure under heading B. ...	74	6	11
Ditto ditto C. ...	163	14	0
Ditto ditto D. ...	45	0	0
Miscellaneous	.....		
For orphans	.....		
Total ...	283	4	11
By balance ...	3,205	7	1
Grand Total ...	3,487	12	0

55. Concerning the Pursa sub-division, Mr. Barry writes as follows :—

"Under this head I have little to say. Things are much as they were last fortnight. Instead of money, grain is now being given out to the poor at Seetalpore, and I have made similar arrangements for Kusmer, Dighwara and Pursa circles. At Kusmer there were no complaints; at Dighwara a few, but matters have been put right. As to the other circles, the work is safe in the hands of the English circle officers.

"I have undertaken no charitable relief myself as I must be constantly on the move.

"As far as I can judge, the work is going on in a satisfactory manner, and very few people come to my tent asking for relief, which would seem to show that the wants of those in need are fairly met.

"In the villages as yet visited by group superintendents, very few persons in need have been found or reported as in want of assistance. The names of any such are sent to the charitable relief circle officers for disposal.

"During the fortnight in 7 circles (excluding Kusmer, returns from which have not arrived) there were no less than 5,568 persons on the registers as charitably relieved. The lower rates for spinning and weaving have been promulgated and accepted by the people."

56. The following from Mr. Hudson's narrative of the Musrukh sub-division, under this head, may be quoted. He writes :—

"I cannot refrain from taking this opportunity of informing you of the result of the action taken by me, for the saving of the lives of cattle during the excessive drought. You are aware that you sanctioned my permitting each putwaree to expend Rs. 100 on the part of Government in digging "baoolees" in empty tanks; and a purwanah was issued to each individual putwaree to that effect. The great majority of these purwanahs were received; for I have the reports of action taken on them now filed in my office. *Yet not one single "baolee" is reported dug.*"

57. As the zemindars would be likely to throw obstructions in the way of the putwarees carrying out the instructions received with the reservation I deemed it proper to enforce in the interests of Government, I somewhat anticipated this result. But in the absence of reports to the contrary, it is to be hoped that notwithstanding the undoubtedly great scarcity of water at one time, the people managed to tide over the difficulty without any great loss of life among the cattle, and without necessitating the expenditure of Government funds.

58. The following is Mr. Wright's report of the Sewan sub-division :—

"The accompanying statement shews the number of persons who have received gratuitous relief, and those who have received relief in the way of cotton spinning. Four hundred and twenty-six persons have received cooked food at the Sewan poor-house."

No reports have been received of any orphans being thrown on charity by the famine.

59. And Mr. Hodgkinson supplies the following figures for the Hutwah Estate :—

"The numbers in receipt of charitable relief is shewn in annexed table. 3,763 maunds 4 seers and 1 chittack of grain had been expended up to date of last reports from centres.

Serial number.	Name of Circle	Average number receiving cooked food.	Number receiving uncooked food.	Number receiving food in payment of wages for cotton spinning.	Number specially relieved by village officer under (D)	Total.
1	Hutwah	55	1,079	163	.....	1,297
2	Sreepore	217	722	101	.....	1,040
3	Mumrah	27	59	.....	199	285
4	Kahala	...	16	.....	.....	16
5	Jugdishpore	146	.....	51	.....	197
6	Chuckia	43	....	.....	... .	43
7	Bhorey					
8	Dhobowl					
9	Marun	453	1,085	308	105	1,951
10	Kattayah					
11	Chumookha					
12	Dhungurea	57	116	.. ..	.....	173
13	Sonowhala	60	194	.....	.....	254
14	Gopalgunge	52	.....	.....	.....	52
15	Umbicapore .. .	....	21	.....	.....	21
	Total ...	1,110	3,292	623	304	5,329

G.—The Financial Results of the Fortnight.

60. The financial results of relief operations are given below :—

			Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Total expenditure as previously shown		...				21,92,744	1	0½
1. Expenditure incurred by the Executive Engineer of Sarun for district relief works, *vide* statement of labor, from 14th to 27th June, 1874		...	1,23,770	12	8			
2. Expenditure incurred by the Executive Engineer of Sarun for protective works in the town of Chupra, from ditto ditto	...	...	744	12	9			
3. Expenditure incurred by the Executive Engineer, Lower Gunduk division, for relief works in connection with the Sarun embankment, for the fortnight ending 25th June, 1874	...	...	1,415	0	0			
4. Amount tuccavee advances made to the following persons for purchase of seed-grain and plough-cattle, viz. :—								
		Rs. A. P.						
Raghoonundun Ravot	...	45 0 0						
Sheo Nundun Singh, of Toleh Bahare Roy, pergunnah Baul	...	200 0 0						
Badhee Ram Tewaree, of Multolah, pergunnah Baul	... ...	15 0 0						
Deegpal Chowkedar, of Karihahee, pergunnah Baul	... ...	51 0 0						
Lal Kishoon Roy, of Rooshi, pergunnah Baul	... ...	353 0 0						
			664	0	0			
5. Amount advanced under Land Improvement Act for digging tanks and wells, &c.								
For Wells.								
Achacher Lall, of Pendowlee, pergunnah Bara	... ...	400 0 0						
Brijlall Singh, of Futtehpore, pergunnah Cheerand	...	92 0 0						
Ram Anoogreh Singh, of ditto ditto		120 0 0						
For Tanks.								
Moulvi Mahumed Taqy, manager of the Estates under Court of Wards, on behalf of Baboo Bissessur Nath Sahay	...	1,500 0 0						
Baboo Tergoonanund Opadha	...	2,000 0 0						
For Embankments.								
Mohabeer Prosad, of Makhdoomgunge, pergunnah Cheerand	...	400 0 0						
			4,512	0	0			
6. Amount advanced to District Superintendent of Police for constructing golahs and sheds for storage of Government grain		460 9 2						
			460	9	2			
7. Amount advanced to Wazeer Allee Khan, Assistant Surgeon, for constructing a hospital at Mushrukh	... ...	40 0 0						
			40	0	0			
8. Amount advanced to Collectorate Nazir for conveyance of Government grain to different places of storage in the interior of the district	... ...	6,850 0 0						
			6,850	0	0			

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
9. Amount advanced to Mr. Llewhellin, of Ramcollah Factory, for conveyance of Government grain from embankment golahs to ghâts on the Gunduk...	1,000 0 0	1,000 0 0	
10. Amount advanced to Moonshee Yar Allee, overseer, on account of expenses for the canoes received from the Oudh forest...	200 0 0	200 0 0	
Establishment.			
11. Pay of the famine establishment attached to the Sewan sub-division for May, 1874 ...	507 14 7		
12. Ditto ditto ditto ...	186 15 11		
13. Travelling allowance of the establishment under Mr. A. Rattray of Sewan for April, 1874	24 12 0		
14. Travelling allowance of the establishment under Mr. A. Rattray of Sewan for May, 1874	25 0 0		
15. Ditto of the establishment under Mr. W. Barry, on special duty at Pursa, for ditto ...	26 6 9		
16. Pay of the medical establishment attached to the Mushrukh Relief Sub-Division for ditto ...	164 3 0		
17. Contingent charges of ditto ditto	9 4 9		
18. Pay of the establishment under Major W. Jackson, on special duty at Chupra, for do.	29 10 6		
19. Pay of the office establishment entertained as per Commissioner's Circular No. 74, dated 27th December, 1873, for ditto	260 0 0		
20. Travelling allowance of Girdhareelall, Hospital Assistant, from Dinapore to Chupra ...	3 4 0		
21. Contingent charges of ditto...	5 7 0		
22. Travelling allowance of Saleemullah, Native Doctor at Bussuntpore Relief Dispensary, for April, 1874	27 12 0		
23. Ditto of Abul Rahim, compounder at do. do. do.	5 12 0		
24. Contingent charges of Debee Lall Tewaree, Native Doctor in charge of Revelgunge Relief Hospital, for May, 1874 ...	5 2 3		
25. Pay of the establishment under the Offg. Joint-Magistrate, Mr. W. H. Hudson, on special duty at Mushrukh, for May, 1874.	66 3 2		
26. Pay of the relief establishment under the Manager of Dhungurrah Factory for May, 1874...	14 7 8		
27. Pay of the famine establishment entertained in the transport duty at different golahs in the district for 1874 ...	342 14 6		

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
28. Pay of the relief establishment entertained in the Sarun district for May, 1874	359 14 6		
29. Travelling allowance of Wazeer Allee Khan, Assistant Surgeon at Mushrukh, for May, 1874 ...	59 12 0		
30. Pay of the famine establishment entertained in the transport duty at Singhaighât and Semaria for June, 1874 ...	148 0 6		
31. Travelling allowance of Mr. W. Barry, on special duty at Pursa, for May, 1874 ...	92 0 0		
Relief Fund.		2,364 13 1	
32. Amount advanced for charitable relief purposes, as follows:—			
To Major W. Jackson of Chupra for the Manager of Arwa Factory	1,000 0 0		
To Moulvie Dost Mohamed, Relief Superintendent of Chupra ...	400 0 0		
To Moonshee Ram Pershaud Singh, Municipal Overseer	500 0 0		
To Mr. C. F. Tonnerre, of Ekma...	2,000 0 0		
To Baboo Sheo Gobind Shah, of Goldingunge	150 0 0		
To Manager of Hurpore Factory...	500 0 0		
33. Amount advanced by the Sub-Divisional Officer of Sewan as follows, viz., for digging tanks		4,550 0 0	
Pay of the establishment under the Sub-Divisional Grain Officer for May, 1874	181 14 9		
Pay of the Sub-Deputy Collector Baboo Raj Kishore Narain, and of his establishment, for May, 1874	16 8 0		
Pay of Sheikh Nasir Ahmud, Native Doctor at Sewan, for May, 1874	165 0 0		
Tavelling allowance of Sheikh Nasir Ahmud, Native Doctor at Sewan, for April, 1874	25 0 0		
Pay of the circle mohurirs and Group Superintendents for May, 1874	17 0 0		
Travelling allowance of the clerk under Mr. A. Rattray of Sewan for March, 1874	215 11 4		
Do. of the Sub-Deputy Collector, Baboo Raj Kishen Narain, for March and April, 1874 ...	25 0 10		
Cost of mats purchased for the Government golah at Mairwa ...	75 0 0		
Amount advanced to Mr. A. Rattray of Sewan for making advances for the purchase of seed-grain and plough-cattle, &c. ...	1 10 0		
Amount advanced to Mr. A. Rattray of Sewan for payment to Circle Officer at Pertabpore for completion of a wall	3,600 0 0		
	10 0 0	4,332 12 11	
Total expenditure, Rs. ...			1,50,904 12 7
Grand Total, Rs. ...			23,43,648 13 7½

Statement showing the Kind and Price of Grain selling at the Principal Markets and different Thanas and Outposts of the District of Sarun for the Fortnight ending the 27th June, 1874.

No.	Names of principal marts.	Uncleaned rice, per rupee.	Indian-corn, per rupee.	Barley, per rupee.	Wheat, per rupee.	Gram, per rupee.
1	1. Chuprah	19½	16	18	14½	18
2	Revelgunge	11 8/8	.....	18	15½	18
3	Goldingunge	13	17	18	14½	18
4	Gurkha	9	... ...	.....	... ...	15
5	2. Manjhee	11½	16	18	14½	... ...
6	Ekma	13	15½	20	15½	17½
7	3. Busauntpore	10½	15	16	12½	15
8	Maharajgunge	13	16	18½	14½	17
9	4. Mushrukh	11	17	17	13	17
10	Baneshpore	10	16	15	13½	15
11	Maharanee	13½	... ...	.....	...	.....
12	5. Purea	10	15	15½	13½	15
13	Amnour	11	.....	.....	14½	16
14	Mirzapore	11	14	...	14	16
15	6. Dighwara	11	16½	18	17	19
16	Sonepore	13	15	20	13	18
17	7. Sewan	10½	.....	17½	13	.....
18	Burhurrea	11 3/16	15 1/16	16½	12 9/16	15 1/16
19	Semaria	10½	.....	17	12½	... ...
20	8. Durrowlee	11 5/16	.....	16½	13½	16½
21	Goothnee	10	.....	16½	13	13½
22	Siswan	13	.....	19	14	17½
23	Roghoonathpore	10½	.....	17	13½	13½
24	Mairwa	13	.....	17	14½	16
25	9. Burragaon	Return not yet received.				
26	Kattya	11½	.....	17	13 5/16	16 1/16
27	Bhorey	Return not yet received.				
28	Meergunge	11½	.....	17½	13	16½
29	10. Burrowlee	11	14	16	12½	13½
30	Gopalgunge	Return not yet received.				

Statement showing the Allotment, Expenditure, and Requirement of Grain in the District of Sarun.

1	2	3	4	5							6	7
				REQUIREMENT.								
				For advances to ryots.				For sale to laborers on relief works at ½ a seer per head per diem.		Total.		
Names of Sub-Divisions.	Total allotment of Government grain, exclusive of 60,000 maunds transferred from the embankment golahs to Tirhoot.	Expenditure up to date	Balance in store.	Number of villages.	Quantity of grain required.	Quantity of grain already distributed.	Quantity of grain to be distributed.	Number of laborers.	Quantity of grain required.		Amount of surplus.	Amount of deficiency.
	Mds.	Mds	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
1. Chuprah ...	31,756	9,107	22,649	370 at 113 mds. per village based on the data of 80 villages.	41,429	3,458	37,971	49,299 for 2 months.	36,960	74,931	.....	52,282
2 Manjhee	25,000	6,525	18,475	225 at 203 mds. per village based on the data of 44 villages.	45,457	2,562	42,895	27,650 for 2 months.	20,700	63,595	... .	45,120
3 Mushrukh and Bussuntpore	1,97,050	89,007	1,08,043	1,000 at 157 mds. per village based on the data of 303 villages.	1,57,000	41,683	1,15,317	76,274 for 2 months.	57,240	1,72,557	.....	64,514
4 Pursa and Dighwara ...	1,05,100	19,974	85,126	*506 at 157 mds. per village based on the data of 146 villages.	79,821	12,048	67,773	9,537 for 2 months.	7,140	74,913	10,213	.....
5. Sewan, including a portion of Burrowlee and the whole of Durrowlee	1,30,000	35,636	1,03,364	1,197 at 121 mds. per village based on the data of 597 villages.	1,32,685	25,353	1,07,332	27,700 for 2 months.	20,760	1,28,092	.....	24,793
Total	4,97,906	1,90,249	3,07,657	3,300	4,56,392	85,104	3,71,288	†1,90,460	1,42,800	5,14,088	10,213	1,86,644
Deduct probable wastage at 5 per cent .	24,821								Deduct surplus			10,213
Balance ...	4,73,085									Balance ...		1,76,431
										Add probable wastage ...		24,821
										Total deficit ...		2,01,252

* This number represents villages in the Pursa thana only No grain advances are intended to be made to the ryots of thana Dighwara.
† These are the average of mean daily numbers during last two fortnights, plus number on the last day of the last fortnight

SARUN MAGISTRACY,
The 2nd July, 1874.

J. S. DRUMMOND,
Offg. Magistrate and Collector.

Statement showing the Progress made in Grain Advances to Ryots and the Extent of Charitable Relief given in the District of Sarun for the Fortnight ending the 27th June, 1874.

1	2		3			4	5		6										
Names of Sub-Divisions.	Number of villages in the Sub-Division.		Number of villages in which grain has been distributed, or in which the amount of grain has been settled up to date as per para. 8 of Government Orders No. 48 T P, of the 25th April, 1874.			Number of villages in which collateral security of zemindars has been obtained, i.e., in which any mukhs have signed the general bond.	Number of villages remaining to be disposed of at the end of the fortnight.		Total number of persons receiving gratuitous or charitable relief in the shape of—									
	Thanas.	Villages.	Number of villages.	Quantity of grain distributed or required to last till beginning of September, 1874.			Number of villages.	Estimated requirements to last till beginning of September, 1874.	Particulars.				Money.	Grain.		Cooked food.	Cotton to purda-women.	Thread to weavers for cloth.	Cloths returned from thread spun by purda-women.
				Number of persons.	Quantity.				Number on the register as per last return.	Admitted during the fortnight.	Deduct discharged during the fortnight.	Number remaining on the register on the last day of the fortnight.		Gratuitously.	By way of recoverable advances to persons unable to give securities.				
					Mds. S. C.														
Chuprah	Chuprah	370	80	3,761	8,949 0 0	6	290	.....	6,685	2,240	1,425	7,700	362	3,727	.....	27	3,463	121	.....
Manjhee	Manjhee	225	44	.....	3,894 33 0	.....	181	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mushrukh	Mushrukh, Bussuntpore ...	1,000	303	15,807	47,633 0 0	63	697	.....	5,639	.....	.....	5,639	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pursah	Pursah	508	146	7,478	22,987 10 0	18	362	.....	5,298	.....	.....	5,298	240	5	2,092	.....	78	2,873	.....
	Dighwara	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	150	.....	.....	150	16	.....	.....	.....	28	115	.....
	Total ...	508	146	7,478	22,987 10 0	18	362	.....	5,447	.....	.....	5,447	256	5	2,092	.....	106	2,988	.....
Sewan ...	Sewan	551	263	10,686	37,271 16 8	6	288	.....	3,356	746	2,180	1,922	.....	1,505	.....	336	191	.....	.....
	Durrowlee	457	267	5,430	21,403 29 0	.....	190	.....	387	466	98	749	.....	291	.....	.....	458	.....	.....
	Burrowlee	99	67	4,451	13,420 13 0	.....	22	.....	166	30	20	185	.....	82	.....	.....	103	.....	.....
	Total ...	1,097	597	20,567	72,185 18 8	6	500	.....	3,909	1,245	2,298	2,856	.....	1,878	.....	426	752	.....	.....
	Grand Total ...	3,290	1,170	47,593	1,60,639 20 8	93	2,030	.....	21,880	3,483	3,723	21,642	618	5,410	2,092	453	4,321	3,109	.....
										Add for Hutwah ...		5,313							
										Total ...		26,955							

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Raj Grain in the Relief Sub-Division of Hutwah, District of Sarun, for the Fortnight ending the 26th June, 1874.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
						Total quantity of grain consumed up to date.					
District.	Thana.	Names of Golahs.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Raj grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	By sale to the public or non-laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.	Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.
				Mds.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Rs.
Sarun, Raj Hutwah.	Burragaon ...	Hutwah	Up to 26th June, 1874.	43,120	31,031 21 12	2,869 6 0	1,054 7 6	26,675 21 0	153 20 0	31,952 14 0	30,000
		Bhorey		2,000	587 21 0						
		Dhohowl		5,600	5,752 6 0	869 0 0	1,248 23 1	1,427 10 0	1,710 21 0	5,195 14 1	
		Chumookha		3,600	1,098 36 0						
		Marur		1,500	799 3 0						
		Kruttavah		6,000	5,673 31 12						
		Bunjaria		2,000	2,974 11 4	.....	87 0 0	44 10 0	24 0 0	155 10 0	
		Sonowrulia		4,000	3,697 10 0	.....	302 38 4	2,393 30 0	321 5 14	3,017 32 2	
		Hajeespore		800	801 20 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
		Kurriat (1)		600	971 12 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
		Kurriat (2)		600	636 4 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
		Bejoypore		2,000	2,000 32 12	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
		Wallipore		2,873	2,573 10 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
		Gopalgunge		5,000	25,000 0 0	.....	.....	.....	100 0 0	100 0 0	
		Burrowlee		5,040	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
		Munjharia		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
		Sreepore		30,000	23,239 31 0	916 25 8	622 2 0	11,594 23 13	200 27 0	13,712 37 5	
		Kahsia		4,000	2,731 14 7	.....	4 3 0	1,863 35 0	.....	1,867 38 0	
		Jagdishpore		3,000	2,267 12 0	.....	125 0 0	227 30 0	.....	352 30 0	
		Munsarah }		12,000	9,082 21 5	3 23 0	130 36 12	5,453 34 2	111 20 0	5,699 27 14	
		Sulpahia }									
		Shahpore		3,715	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
		Chuckia		3,000	3,176 23 6	3 23 13	171 0 0	696 20 0	105 12 15	978 16 12	
		Peribpore		1,500	1,971 10 12	.....	.....	1,929 17 0	.....	1,629 17 6	
		Burragaon		10,000	9,536 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
		Umbicapore		4,500	4,411 5 0	247 0 8	10 20 0	1,103 25 0	39 5 7	1,400 23 15	
		Total ...		1,53,344	1,55,751 35 15	5,851 9 13	3,763 4 1	53,712 15 5	3,155 23 4	66,482 22 7	

Hutwah,
The 1st July, 1874.

(Countersigned.)
J. S. Drummond,
Offg. Collector and Magistrate.

Bhubuneswor Dass,
Supdt., for Manager, Court of Wards, Raj Hutwah.

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the Sarun District for the Fortnight ending 27th June, 1874.

Names of Thanas.	Number and names of store-houses in each thana.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain received up to date, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	Total quantity of grain consumed up to date. By sale to the public or laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots.	By payments in kind to laborers.	Total.
		Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.
Chuprah ...	1. Chuprah ...	11,823 30 0	11,823 30 0	1,215 39 8	43 28 8	490 0 0	1,955 29 0	3,710 17 0
	2. Revelgunge ...	12,155 17 8	12,155 10 8	.....	70 0 0	115 0 0	200 0 0	385 0 0
	3. Gurkha ...	8,078 0 0	8,078 0 0	2,093 19 11	65 0 0	2,853 11 12	.....	5,011 31 7
	Total ...	31,756 7 8	31,756 0 8	3,309 19 3	183 28 8	3,458 11 12	2,155 29 0	9,107 8 7
Manjhee ...	1. Manjhee ...	15,000 0 0	15,000 25 0	450 0 0	.....	.....	423 7 15	873 7 15
	2. Ekma ...	10,000 0 0	10,000 15 0	2,966 35 9	49 38 4	2,562 27 4	67 28 6	5,647 9 7
	Total ...	25,000 0 0	25,001 0 0	3,416 35 9	49 38 4	2,562 27 4	495 36 5	6,525 17 6
Dighwarah ...	1. Dighwarah ...	10,000 0 0	10,000 7 12	775 8 0	44 33 4	4 0 0	144 8 0	968 9 4
	2. Sonepore, E ...	10,100 0 0	10,100 39 0	748 29 12	.....	.....	.....	748 29 12
	Total ...	20,100 0 0	20,101 6 12	1,523 37 12	44 33 4	4 0 0	144 8 0	1,716 39 0
Purua ...	1. Purua ...	40,000 0 0	40,000 29 4	2,130 39 3	0 30 0	974 35 0	.....	3,106 24 3
	2. Amnour ...	15,000 0 0	15,000 0 0	1,030 24 0	60 0 0	1,541 39 7	210 0 0	2,842 23 7
	3. Mirzapore, E ...	10,000 0 0	10,000 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	4. Mirzapore ...	20,000 0 0	20,000 0 0	1,505 0 0	310 0 0	9,527 16 0	370 0 0	12,112 16 0
	5. Bakerwa, E ...	10,000 0 0	9,999 23 15	195 13 3	.....	.....	.....	195 13 3
	Total ...	95,000 0 0	94,000 13 3	4,861 36 3	370 30 0	12,044 10 7	780 0 0	18,256 36 15
Mushrukh ...	1. Mushrukh ...	50,000 0 0	50,000 19 1	4,504 34 5	132 10 0	21,166 9 9	180 0 0	25,983 17 14
	2. Baniapore ...	10,000 0 0	11,352 0 0	1,200 0 0	33 0 0	980 6 0	.....	2,213 6 6
	3. Pangumberpore ...	10,000 0 0	8,650 31 2	2,620 16 0	50 4 8	1,815 0 4	.....	4,485 20 12
	4. Maharanee ...	20,000 0 0	20,000 18 1	359 31 12	25 9 0	5,162 24 8	150 9 0	5,697 23 4
	5. Sarwa, E ...	10,000 0 0	10,000 15 8	880 12 4	.....	.....	.....	880 12 4
	6. Banowlee, E ...	10,000 0 0	9,984 21 6	394 4 12	.....	.....	.....	394 4 12
	7. Sarungpore, E ...	10,000 0 0	9,999 26 0	1,444 30 4	.....	.....	.....	1,444 30 4
	Total ...	1,20,000 0 0	1,19,988 6 2	11,404 13 5	239 23 8	29,124 0 5	330 9 0	41,097 37 2
Bussuntpore ...	1. Bussuntpore ...	40,000 0 0	40,000 16 0	22,889 4 9	.....	72 3 0	.....	22,461 7 9
	2. Maharajgunge ...	20,000 0 0	20,000 29 12	5,386 8 14	50 0 0	2,620 30 0	275 0 0	8,331 38 14
	3. Syedpoora ...	11,940 0 0	11,944 33 8	4,073 3 5	.....	4 22 0	60 0 0	4,137 25 1
	4. Burhoga ...	10,000 0 0	10,000 0 0	650 2 0	.....	7,692 8 16	.....	8,342 11 5
	5. Bala ...	6,930 0 0	6,950 0 0	2,451 29 7	.....	855 24 0	.....	2,794 13 6
	6. Gopalpore ...	10,000 0 0	10,000 0 0	.....	27 26 4	1,813 29 7	.....	1,841 15 17
	7. Bagowra ...	8,280 0 0	8,284 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Total ...	1,07,050 0 0	1,07,059 29 8	34,937 8 11	77 26 4	12,339 7 5	335 0 0	47,909 2 4
Sewan ...	1. Sewan ...	45,000 0 0	44,927 33 10	3,362 28 7	179 29 6	7,802 29 7	3,360 36 13	14,706 2 1
	2. Burhurres ...	10,000 0 0	10,000 0 0	305 0 0	30 0 0	1,966 1 8	270 0 0	2,571 1 8
	3. Semaria ...	10,000 0 0	10,010 0 0	173 14 4	.....	1,823 35 0	.....	1,796 9 4
	Total ...	65,000 0 0	64,937 33 10	3,840 9 11	209 29 6	11,192 25 15	3,630 36 13	19,073 12 13
Durrowlee ...	1. Durrowlee ...	20,000 0 0	19,999 33 10	20 0 0	40 0 0	439 27 12	88 0 0	588 27 12
	2. Goothnee ...	5,000 0 0	4,999 20 0	308 17 2	.....	195 4 0	53 4 0	556 25 2
	3. Siawan ...	5,000 0 0	5,000 0 0	620 0 0	10 0 0	67 17 8	110 0 0	807 17 8
	4. Roghonathpore ...	4,000 0 0	4,005 29 9	125 0 0	60 0 0	1,091 32 0	20 0 0	1,296 32 0
	5. Malrwa ...	5,000 0 0	5,001 0 0	55 0 0	.....	1,273 10 0	80 0 0	1,407 10 0
	Total ...	39,000 0 0	39,006 3 3	1,128 17 2	110 0 0	3,017 21 4	351 4 0	4,607 2 2
Surrowlee ...	1. Burrowlee ...	25,000 0 0	25,000 29 10	70 0 0	60 0 0	10,811 6 9	175 0 0	11,116 6 9
	2. Gopalgunge ...	10,000 0 0	10,000 0 0	248 0 0	.....	303 10 0	36 0 0	586 10 0
	3. Gopalgunge, E ...	15,000 0 0	15,000 1 11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	4. Bijoypore, E ...	2,000 0 0	2,000 39 12	9 28 0	.....	.....	.....	9 28 0
	5. Olipore, E ...	3,000 0 0	3,001 10 9	243 30 0	.....	.....	.....	243 30 0
	Total ...	55,000 0 0	55,003 1 10	571 18 0	60 0 0	11,113 16 9	211 34 2	11,955 34 9
	Grand Total ...	5,57,906 7 8	5,57,853 14 6	64,993 26 13	1,546 9 2	85,106 0 13	8,903 34 2	1,60,349 30 14

Note.—E means embankment.

C.

Abstract Statement of Men, Women, and Children employed on Public Works in the District of Sarun during the 14 *days ending Saturday, the 27th June* 1874.

Map Number.	Serial number of work.	Name of Work.	Length of Road, &c.	Total number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Mean daily number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Number of persons employed on the last of the 14 days.				How long work is likely to give employment.	Remarks.
				Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.		
		Chuprah Sub-division.															
6	1	Chuprah to Rewaghat road	...	20,223	11,069	9,122	41,013	1,449	829	652	2,930	1,213	731	598	2,542	.....	About 45 per cent. belong to the non-labouring class or caste.
7	2	Chuprah to Sutterghat „	...	13,866	8,276	12,007	39,149	1,348	891	558	2,797	1,275	668	891	2,934		
23	3	Seetulpore to Suraghat „	...	1,796	1,154	879	3,829	128	83	64	274	86	72	83	191		
25	4	Telpa to Saura	...	28	.....	.....	28	2	.....	.....	2	2	.....	.....	2	.....	About 35 per cent. are giving a fair outturn of work.
12	5	Chuprah to Sonepore	...	12,901	13,412	6,865	33,668	921	958	488	2,347	777	844	340	1,959		
8	6	Mirzapore tank	...	425	376	178	981	33	29	14	76	23	10	6	41		
8	7	Mirchia „	...	425	540	390	1,357	75	78	40	193	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Average daily number employed on piece-work— Men. Women. Children.
2	8	Purna „	...	336	992	767	2,705	67	70	56	193	62	69	31	162		
21	9	Seetulpore to Mokair	...	4,457	2,844	3,253	11,554	321	275	233	828	240	169	142	551		Under Public Works Department Officers .. 1,281 494 190
4	10	Tank at Amsour	...	2,115	4,044	1,799	7,958	151	289	129	569	140	255	92	487		Under Circle Officers ... 353 248 ...
11	12	Chuprah to Sewan (portion)	...	354,326	148,157	110,234	621,767	25,171	10,583	7,874	44,410	5,414	4,258	2,222	11,888		
14	13	Manjhi to Ekma	...	14,365	13,533	10,527	38,425	1,026	966	752	2,743	929	829	736	2,494		Total ... 1,634 742 190
1	14	Chuprah to Goothnee	...	9,074	10,173	2,563	22,810	648	727	230	1,614	746	668	186	1,622		
19	15	Ekma to Tajpore viâ Purna	...	51,235	19,267	16,517	87,119	3,667	1,376	1,180	6,223	1,567	722	447	2,736		
23	19	Digwara to Gurkha	...	2,223	1,456	325	3,133	237	104	23	366	253	90	83	425	.....	All the rest are on daily wages.
1	21	Kapurfora tank	...	2,147	181	.....	2,328	153	13	.....	166	96	20	.....	116		
3	22	Anjanee tank	...	2,028	2,087	1,163	5,279	145	149	83	377	121	142	69	332		
9	27	Purna to Solimpore	...	2,135	1,808	999	4,934	153	113	65	331	102	119	51	342		
22	29	Durgunge to Gurkha	...	2,532	2,825	1,478	6,836	181	186	106	453	156	142	104	101		
11	31	Rajapuitty tank	...	8,745	7,294	5,132	19,171	624	521	224	1,369	543	110	89	732		
9	32	Murhowra „	...	861	2,843	1,014	4,718	62	203	72	337	43	135	37	215		
20	33	Bala „	...	12,720	11,810	14,008	38,538	908	829	1,043	2,780	1,106	865	1,030	3,000		
19	34	Ekma to Doomigurghat	...	8,610	5,918	4,503	19,021	615	415	323	1,353	430	305	171	906		
16	35	Tank at Sewree	...	4,553	76	55	4,683	323	55	4	382	520	5	5	530	.....	Rate of wages paid for full work— As. As.
41	36	Satoosh tank	...	1,639	4,293	1,727	7,659	116	306	123	545	45	167	46	260		Mate keeping Register ... 2 to 1-4
27	37	Hurpore „	...	1,906	2,779	1,138	5,823	107	198	81	383	43	80	32	115		To each man ... ... 1-4 to 1
42	40	Doomdooma „	...	109	188	27	297	33	51	9	93	.....	.....	.....	.....		„ „ woman ... ... 1 to 9 pie.
1	44	Repairing road at Hurpore	...	2,131	3,645	1,962	7,738	152	246	139	537	43	80	32	115		„ „ child ... ... 9p. to 3 „
15	45	Mackdoomgunge channel	...	1,617	679	516	3,068	119	65	37	219	164	113	37	254		Total amount disbursed in wages during the fortnight, Rs. 1,24,515-9-5.
37	49	Tramway road	...	1,340	99	24	1,461	96	8	2	100	.....	.....	.....	.....		
13	50	Purseolee tank	...	61,448	48,053	42,375	151,876	4,317	3,477	3,026	10,820	6,186	5,096	4,568	15,850		
42	51	Jellalpore to Bussuntpore	...	1,465	585	246	2,296	122	50	20	192	.....	.....	.....	.....		
13	52	Gorakpore to Panapore	...	3,715	2,330	2,214	8,259	265	166	208	639	250	187	1 0	597		
31	56	Digwara to Jellalpore	...	2,464	1,202	1,479	5,105	174	114	77	365	127	97	86	310		
	54	Repairing roads at Burrowlee ...	...	3,765	2,557	983	7,305	268	183	69	519	188	113	61	362		
18	55	Nagowa tank	...	1,131	529	147	1,807	161	74	21	256	223	97	21	323		
10	59	Tank at Pukra	...	4,198	5,880	5,482	15,560	296	420	403	1,118	349	144	461	1,354		
23	60	Repairing roads at Bala Factory	...	6,145	3,043	7,928	16,816	439	220	562	1,201	232	333	264	719		
	62	Beliwan tank	...	10,454	579	.....	11,033	747	41	.....	788	1,064	.....	.....	1,064		
	63	Manjhi „	...	225	96	129	450	16	7	9	32	13	9	10	32		
	66	Nugwa village road	...	661	661	215	1,277	66	40	22	128	.....	.....	.....	.....		
	70	Indal to Ajaebgunge road	...	735	345	598	1,678	53	22	42	119	83	50	53	186		
19	71	Tajpore to Purna	...	916	1,294	446	2,656	65	92	32	189	75	106	29	210		
				.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....		

Map Number.	Serial number of work.	Name of Work.	Length of Road, &c.	Total number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Mean daily number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Number of persons employed on the last of the 14 days.				How long work is likely to give employment.	Remarks.
				Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.		
		Chegrah Sub-division—(Continued).															
	72	Satorah village road ...	...	3,515	3,445	2,178	9,146	251	246	156	653	185	194	82	46		
	73	Pyrumbunpore road ...	...	6,831	7,185	4,456	18,582	444	515	347	1,504	320	335	184	839		
	74	Sulfabad factory ...	...	2,357	3	...	2,359	166	...	...	166	293	...	...	293		
	75	Village road ...	...	6,497	16,547	13,448	64,292	3,321	1,205	901	4,865	5,650	1,366	880	4,896		
	76	Samria to Rowlpoora ...	...	617	978	333	1,928	54	80	19	153	49	75	22	147		
	80	Tank at Tola Beeja Roy ...	...	1,561	...	...	1,561	150	...	...	150	...	...	...	...		
	81	Maharajrunee road ...	...	12,566	21,460	6,079	40,104	1,046	1,428	577	3,051	382	667	305	1,754		
	82	Bunsubee tank No. I. ...	...	791	111	89	996	79	7	7	93	...	...	...	...		
	83	Bussenpore road ...	...	7,449	1,811	9,706	19,966	590	121	774	1,485	445	88	356	889		
	84	Ramcolla tank ...	...	890	1,266	745	2,101	70	126	53	249	80	130	56	266		
	86	Tola Beeja Roy to Takurwash.	...	645	845	515	2,005	51	84	41	176	55	64	24	143		
	87	Manjhi to Norpolish road ...	...	1,898	3,088	722	5,708	135	206	58	399	135	226	45	406		
	88	Manjhi to Nundpore ...	...	1,397	1,547	790	3,734	100	110	63	273	141	155	49	345		
	89	Anoree tank ...	...	2,649	3,165	1,739	7,551	189	226	124	539	141	191	71	403		
	91	Surkulah tank ...	...	1,793	2,540	1,669	6,002	128	181	119	428	80	173	76	329		
	92	Village road at Gurkha Factory	...	16,141	2,982	2,754	21,877	1,153	207	197	1,156	781	191	141	1,113		
	93	Nuddeapore tank ...	...	6,476	4,905	3,321	15,702	734	347	244	1,125	473	263	104	840		
	94	Village road at Tabity Factory	...	1,727	441	80	2,253	123	31	6	161	142	32	7	181		
	95	Mutar tank No. I ...	...	35	14	...	49	2	1	...	3	...	...	...	...		
	101	Bansethat, Ditto ...	...	11,134	3,575	3,561	18,270	795	255	254	1,304	1,020	178	417	1,615		
	102	Mahun to Delipchuck road ...	...	725	560	491	1,776	52	40	35	127	57	46	44	147		
	103	Collection of road metal at Rowah	...	1,941	2,630	357	4,928	138	188	25	351	167	150	22	339		
	104	Bisedhpora tank ...	...	976	535	315	1,776	70	38	22	127	69	44	22	135		
	106	Tank at Natoobeeham ...	...	100	...	...	100	7	...	...	7	...	...	...	...		
	107	Tank at Mookeerur ...	...	492	354	51	846	35	25	4	64	...	...	...	...		
	108	Tank at Chayphul ...	...	541	229	83	843	39	16	6	61	50	18	6	74		
	109	Pumpore road ...	...	7,182	2,730	1,563	11,475	513	194	111	818	118	58	19	195		
	110	Mutar tank, No. II ...	...	1,279	354	...	1,633	107	30	...	137	...	...	...	...		
	111	Moreabee tank ...	...	1,211	216	1,449	2,876	180	27	144	351	180	33	22	235		
	112	Moreabee tank, No. II. ...	...	549	183	...	732	49	17	...	66	63	17	...	80		
	113	Dhurrumraj tank ...	...	676	204	...	880	75	25	...	100	75	25	...	100		
	114	Arua Factory village road ...	...	1,683	527	691	2,901	121	33	61	215	111	33	11	155		
	115	Jotepore tank ...	...	1,707	239	996	2,942	152	30	88	270	104	30	9	143		
	116	Nurhurpore Sirra tank ...	...	1,707	...	...	1,707	152	...	...	152	104	...	...	104		
	118	Rampore Factory village road	...	5,298	1,647	696	7,641	472	147	62	681	294	91	38	423		
	120	Bahrampore to Mookrara ...	...	744	1,129	614	2,487	66	100	54	220	41	62	34	137		
	121	Manjhi Aushrain to Gangsare ...	...	744	1,211	625	2,580	66	108	56	230	41	67	35	143		
	122	Semria to Gangsare ...	...	38	94	57	189	3	8	5	16	2	5	3	10		
	124	Mosaree tank ...	...	1,068	583	597	2,248	95	52	53	200	59	32	33	124		
	125	Mirchi tank, No. II. ...	...	1,783	1,776	993	4,552	159	158	88	405	99	98	55	252		
	126	Pallowria tank ...	...	764	448	132	1,344	68	40	12	120	42	25	7	74		
	127	Bahadurgunge tank ...	...	1,483	1,178	783	3,444	132	105	70	307	82	65	43	190		
	128	Bhimsen chund ...	...	2,046	854	2,089	4,989	182	76	186	444	113	47	116	276		
	129	Ghoosla tank ...	...	4,172	4,556	1,488	10,216	372	406	132	910	231	252	82	565		
	130	Dumri chund ...	...	1,743	1,846	...	3,589	155	164	...	319	96	102	...	198		
	131	Chamaria tank ...	...	1,561	1,261	...	2,822	139	112	...	251	87	70	...	157		
	132	Muarrakh tank ...	...	1,705	1,911	...	3,616	152	170	...	322	95	106	...	201		
	133	Doogeey tank ...	...	1,294	495	...	1,789	115	44	...	159	72	27	...	99		
	136	Tank at Bhaboolee ...	...	744	251	...	995	66	22	...	88	41	14	...	55		
	137	Goureechuprah to Sasra road ...	...	61	60	36	157	5	5	3	13	3	3	2	8		

	[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	1,611	[illegible]	356	173	550	761	442	190	250	882
	140	Nuzra to Tauffy road	..	643	740	285	1,689	49	57	22	128	56	60	23	138
	141	Murhowra to Amnour road ...	..	29	7	11	47	20	7	11	47				
	142	Tajpore tank ...	..	46	26	12	84	23	13	6	42	...	...	...	...
	143	Village road at Bamghat Factory ..	..	4,990	784	743	6,517	356	55	53	464	234	243	160	657
		Sewan Sub-division.													
11	1	Sewan to Chuprah ...	...	35,657	22,257	17,499	75,442	2,547	1,592	1,250	5,339	495	366	145	906
5	2	Sewan to Burrowlee	...	11,001	3,055	7,473	28,559	730	578	534	1,895	427	319	205	951
1	4	Tajpore to Goothnee	...	31,296	29,863	17,210	76,371	2,236	2,133	1,229	5,598	590	650	632	1,872
4	5	Sewan to Andor	...	14,650	15,495	87,73	38,718	1,032	1,107	687	2,764	394	447	289	1,130
34	6	Rasoolpore to Chainpore	...	1,309	1,057	2,391	4,847	99	78	171	347	15	...	...	15
14	8	Moharajgunge to Ekma	...	67,966	22,955	9,970	1,00,789	4,855	1,639	705	7,199	2,927	1,677	1,004	5,608
3	10	Durrowly to Myrwa	...	6,730	7,023	8,733	23,494	491	503	624	1,007	346	347	563	1,256
15	11	Andor to Durrowly	...	7,526	8,804	8,138	24,483	533	629	583	1,749	440	568	458	1,466
28	13	Sewan to Lukri	...	126	154	173	433	9	11	12	33	9	11	12	32
16	14	Sewan to Siswan	...	10,712	7,966	9,057	27,765	765	369	649	1,963	259	183	217	664
10	19	Maharajgunge to Gopalgunge ..	...	9,377	1,764	1,959	13,100	670	126	140	936	76	37	55	168
49	21	Bussuntpore to Sewan, new road (east)	...	1,02,049	43,849	26,146	172,944	7,289	3,132	1,863	12,289	8,965	3,420	1,950	14,335
34	22	Sewan tank	...	973	1,053	1,256	3,282	70	75	90	235	90	89	31	210
23	25	Chitowlee tank	...	1,301	1,362	734	3,419	93	99	52	244	68	95	43	205
22	27	Burhowa tank	...	3,011	3,978	5,192	12,179	216	234	371	870	169	119	503	791
24	28	Semai tank	...	10,140	4,633	1,418	16,191	721	331	101	1,156	634	259	65	963
44	40	Koreepokur tank	...	19,000	7,587	4,307	30,894	1,357	542	393	2,207	1,432	457	213	2,102
33	42	Sonapiper "	...	2,518	1,064	807	4,384	179	76	58	313	53	21	17	91
31	43	Bhimpore "	...	334	65	102	561	24	5	7	36	15	...	...	15
35	44	Gopalpore "	...	1,545	1,057	777	3,379	110	76	56	243	90	69	37	176
38	45	Jatour "	...	982	......	...	932	70			70	71	...	...	71
40	50	Bussuntpore to Sewan, new road (west)	...	31,991	21,655	27,395	81,041	2,283	1,347	1,937	5,789	1,451	1,278	1,340	4,069
19	51	Bussuntpore tank	...	13,305	7,497	3,409	24,211	950	536	243	1,729	932	506	192	1,633
45	52	Bunsohu ...	...	22,661	6,776	3,540	33,978	1,619	484	253	2,356	2,305	637	206	2,148
	55	Repairing roads at Portabpore Factory	...	243	117	11	371	17	8	1	26	6	2	...	9
	56	Repairing roads at Sudhowa Factory	...	3,994	3,507	243	7,744	293	251	17	553	14	...	11	25
2	59	Excavating drain, Matuar to Choorma	...	17,917	8,147	8,427	34,791	1,280	698	602	2,485	7,438	694	691	2,823
2	60	Ditto Choorma to Gunducka ...	...	27,351	8,859	5,340	41,560	1,964	633	384	2,971	391	49	40	480
37	61	Myrwa tank	...	1,536	...		1,536	110	....	...	110	124	......	....	124
46	63	Churrowa tank	...	983	2,473	2,769	6,175	67	177	198	443	15	......	......	15
6	65	Sewan to Moharajgunge...	...	3,243	1,594	2,644	7,880	239	135	199	563	23	2	2	27
36	66	Tetira tank	...	1,215	44	90	1,349	87	3	6	96	76	22	45	143
47	67	Jankinuggur tank	...	22,053	8,250	144	30,447	1,575	590	10	2,174	1,651	625	10	2,286
	68	Tank at Sonda	...	1,812	3,696	453	5,961	129	221	25	375	138	233	45	416
26	71	Chowmokha tank	...	1,405	1,874	2,094	5,373	100	134	149	383	14	...	......	14
52	74	Punchbunda "	...	545	351	978	1,874	39	25	70	134	73	31	23	127
	76	Burhoga village road	...	3,659	4,185	6,931	14,765	290	299	496	1,055	125	80	552	757
	80	Jugdispore tank	...	4,806	5,459	9,973	20,240	343	390	712	1,445	172	168	690	1,037
	84	Doomraher " "	...	1,445	373	475	2,293	103	37	34	164	193	102	98	393
	86	Jagapore village road	...	1,646	785	198	2,631	235	113	28	375	270	148	32	450
	[illegible]	Dubolia "	..	7,047	1,869	12,786	21,202	1,006	193	1,826	3,027	611	1,230	1,318	3,059
	87	Benthoo tank	...	1,351	501	521	2,373	97	36	37	170	..	-- --	....	..
	88	Samurdah to Choormah village ...	...	69,342	23,211	8,839	100,392	4,874	1,658	631	7,163	7,877	2,443	910	11,229
	89	Puckra road	...	21,612	6,191	3,159	30,962	1,544	443	225	2,211	553	142	146	841
	90	Durrowlee to Goothnee	...	2,712	6,232	3,479	12,423	194	445	249	888	64	125	106	295
	91	Goothnee to Myrwa	...	3,925	7,145	6,526	17,596	290	516	466	1,256	115	238	205	558
	92	Sewan to Myrwa	...	4,618	5,984	6,474	17,076	330	427	462	1,219	...	...	......	...
	93	Roghonathpore tank	...	1,127	1,016	1,055	3,201	81	73	76	230	57	84	80	221
	94	Bunshohee to Choorma village road ..	...	4,009	1,341	1,163	6,513	668	223	194	1,055	870	276	212	1,358
		Chuprah protective works	...	3,136	6,223	1,454	10,901	223	444	104	771	197	439	104	740
		Grand total ...	..	1,435,644	796,734	594,518	2,826,696	106,155	58,347	48,867	207,369	71,926	43,470	30,634	146,030

(Countersigned)
J. S. DRUMMOND,
Offg. Magte.-Collector of Sarun.

J. MAY, *Captain,*
Executive Engineer, Sarun District.

C.

Abstract Statement of Men, Women and Children employed on Public Works in the District of Sárun during the 14 days ending Friday, the 26th June 1874.

Serial number of work.	Name of work.	Length of road, &c.	Total number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Mean daily number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Number of persons employed on the last of the 14 days.				How long work is likely to give employment.	Rate of food-grain per rupee.					Remarks.
			Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.		Rice.	Dál.	Gram.	Maize.	At what distance obtainable from the work.	
																Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.		
	Raising 8½ miles Sarun Embkt. ...	.....	264	157	12	533	19	11	8	38	35	9	6	50	1 month.					.....	Work done chiefly by petty contract and task-work.
	Constructing retired bund on the 17th and 27th mile	.....	478	120	105	703	34	9	7	50	30	11	9	50	2 weeks.						
	Extension of main bund to Sonepore, and draining of the Hurdui jheel	.....	6,670	2,517	58	9,245	476	179	4	659	465	212	35	712	2 „						
	Sinking a masonry well in the compound of Doriapore bungalow ..	.....	37	46	11	96	2	3	1	6	1	1	...	2	1 week.	11 to 12	11½ to 13	14 to 19	14 to 16		
	Constructing tree spurs, Sonouth...	.....	130	.....	.....	130	9	...	...	9	10	...	...	10	.....						
	Ditto Sarun bank canal .	.....	2,449	81	642	3,594	175	6	4	185	500	50	24	574	.....						
	Annual repairs river protective works	.....	264	.....	.....	264	19	...	...	19	20	...	...	20	.....						
	Annual repairs to inspection houses	.....	189	19	13	214	13	...	...	13	14	1	1	16	.....						
	Constructing Sonouth retired bund	.....	2,322	271	219	2,812	165	19	15	199	332	9	20	361	.....						
	Annual repairs to Sarun Embkt. ...	.....	32	.....	.....	32	2	...	...	2	6	...	...	6	.....						
																					Rate of wages paid for full work— A. P. To each man ... 1 6 „ woman ... 1 0 „ child ... 0 6 Total amount disbursed in wages during the forthnight, Rs. 1,415.
	Total number employed ...	.....	12,935	3,206	563	16,623	914	227	39	1,180	1,415	293	98	1,806							

(Countersigned)

J. S. DRUMMOND,
Offg. Magistrate and Collector.

G. COTTON, C.E.,
Executive Engineer, L. G. Division.

C.

Abstract Statement of Men, Women, and Children employed on Public Works in the town of Chupra, employed under the Magistrate of Sarun during the 14 days ending Saturday, the 27th June 1874.

Serial No. of work.	Name of Work.	Length of road, &c.	Total number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Mean daily number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Number of persons employed on the last of the 14 days.				How long work is likely to give employment.	Rate of food-grain, per rupee.					Remarks.
			Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.		Rice.	Dál.	Gram.	Maize.	At what distance obtainable from the work.	
		C. Ft.														Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.		
1	Digging aeral, serpentine tank, &c..	126,000 : making bund, &c.	1,472	2,953	969	5,394	105	211	69	385	58	129	41	228	1 month ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Seven-eighths of the number employed belong to the ordinary laboring, and one-eighth to non-laboring classes.
2	Salempore tank	963,900	2,080	5,547	1,655	9,282	147	396	118	661	96	210	80	386	Ditto.						
22	Tank near library bungalow ..	300,000	373	451	190	914	20	32	14	66	...	...	...	...	Completed.						Memo.
23	Ditto in post-office compound ...	300,000	334	661	146	1,141	24	47	10	81	21	45	8	74	15 days.						Piece-work— Men ... ... 1,443 Woman ... ... 3,478 Children ... ... 1,051 — 5,972
26	Re-metalling Mission road ...	1½ miles...	240	484	48	772	17	35	3	55	...	...	...	...	Completed.						Daily work— Men ... ... 3,270 Women .. .. 7,130 Children ... ... 2,060 — 12,460
27	Ditto Telpa road... ...	Ditto ...	334	500	113	947	24	36	8	68	...	...	...	...	Ditto.						
	Total number employed ...	.....	4,713	10,606	3,111	18,432	337	757	223	1,316	177	384	129	690							Rate of wages paid for full work— As. P. To each man ... ... 1 0 „ woman ... ... 0 9 „ child ... ... 0 3 Total amount disbursed in wages during the fortnight, Rs. 1,264-5.

Sarun Collectorate,
The 29th June 1874.

J. S. DRUMMOND,
Offg. Magistrate and Collector.

C.

Abstract Statement of Men, Women, and Children employed on Public Works in the District of Sarun during the 14 *days ending Saturday, the* 13*th June* 1874.

Serial Number of Work.	Name of Work.	Length of road, &c.	Total number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Mean daily number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Number of persons employed on the last of the 14 days.				How long work is likely to give employment.	Rate of food-grain per rupee.					Remarks.
			Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.		Rice.	Dal.	Gram.	Maize.	At what distance obtainable from the work.	
	Nawa bazar tank	.....	163	259	164	586	12	18	12	42	...	...	...	...	10½	10½	11	16	...	.....	Rate of wages paid for full work—
	Khasari tank	.....	966	1,499	643	3,108	69	107	46	222	...	...	...	...							To each man ... ... } Paid in grain.
																					,, woman ... ...
																					,, child ... ...
																					Total amount disbursed in wages during the fortnight, Rs. 181-14-9.
																					Md. S. C.
																					Grain 14 17 12
	Total number employed...	.....	1,129	1,758	807	3,694	81	125	58	264	...	..	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	...	.....	

(Countersigned)

The 28th June 1874.

J. S. DRUMMOND,
Offg. Magte. and Collr., Sarun.

A. C. WRIGHT,
Sub-divisional officer of Sewan.

Abstract Statement of Men, Women, and Children employed on Relief Works undertaken by the Hutwa estate under the Court of Wards', in the district of Sarun, during the 14 days ending Wednesday, the 24th June 1874.

Serial number of work.	Name of work.	Total number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Mean daily number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Number of persons employed on the last of the 14 days.				Rate of food-grain per rupee.				Remarks.
		Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Rice.	Dál.	Grain.	Maize.	
														Seers.	Seers.	Seers.	Seers.	
1	8 Roads in Tuppas Bhorey, Marni, and Dhohnol.	9,377	17,355	13,859	40,591	670	1,239	990	2,899	879	1,637	1,354	3,870					
2	8 Tanks in ditto ditto																	
3	1 Road under Muniarah Factory	1,596	1,536	646	3,778	144	109	46	299	82	...	..	82					
4	1 Tank ditto ditto																	
5	3 Roads under Sereepore Factory	3,374	5,420	5,100	13,904	242	388	364	994	290	450	537	1,277					
6	4 Tanks ditto ditto																	
7	1 Ditto ditto Jogapore ditto	366	321	78	765	26	23	5	54	59	51	13	123	11¾	14 1/16	16¾	.....	
8	11 Ditto in Tuppa Afrad Tuhsildan ...	2,863	2,890	2,609	8,362	204	206	186	596	38	36	13	87					
9	3 Ditto in Dhuguree ditto	1,009	833	1,393	3,324	156	119	199	474	106	105	205	416					Rate of wages paid for full work.
10	6 Ditto by other Thikedars	3,770	3,329	4,110	11,209	277	278	377	932	318	300	407	1,025					To each Man ... 6 to 9 pice } In most cases they are paid by grain.
11	1 Excavating Juwna Fort Moat and line to Hutwah.	457	556	763	1,776	83	40	54	172	51	61	85	197					" " Woman... 4 to 6 "
12	1 Meergunge road	72	120	159	351	5	9	11	25	39	42	64	145					" " Child ... 2 to 4 "
																		Total amount disbursed in wages during the fortnight, Rs. 1,394-6-6.
	Total number employed ..	22,974	32,369	28,717	84,060	1,757	2,411	2,232	6,400	1,862	2,682	2,678	7,222					Amount of grain disbursed in wages during the fortnight, Mds. 1,750-24-4.

(Countersigned)

HUTWA,
The 27th June 1874.

J. S. DRUMMOND,
Offg. Magistrate and Collector.

G. J. HODGKINSON,
Manager, Court of Wards', Raj Hutwa.

C.

Abstract Statement of Men, Women, and Children employed on Public Works in the District of Sarun during the 14 *days ending Saturday, the* 27*th June* 1874.

Serial number of work.	Name of work.	Length of road, &c.	Total number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Mean daily number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Number of persons employed on the last of the 14 days.				How long work is likely to give employment.	Rate of food-grain, per rupee.				At what distance obtainable from the work.	Remarks.
			Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.		Rice.	Dál.	Gram.	Maize.		
	TRIGOONANUND OOPADRIAH.																				
1	Rewaree, pergunnah Bal, tank ...	...	6,063	1,209	60	7,273	429	56	4	419	432	88	6	526	.....	11 0	12 0	16 0	16 0	4 miles.	Every caste of laborers are employed on the works.
2	Ditto ditto, well ...	...	542	89	48	679	39	6	4	49	39	8	5	52	.....	... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	
3	Pokhurbhindah, ditto, tank ...	..	100	41	.....	141	7	3	.....	10	8	3	.....	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
4	Jokhoosh ditto, well ...	...	210	200	65	475	15	14	5	34	16	15	6	37	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5 miles.	
5	Ekaree ditto, tank ...	...	4,004	1,547	.....	5,551	286	111	.....	397	168	101	.....	289	.....	12 0	13 0	16 0	16 0	2 miles.	
6	Ditto ditto, well ...	...	422	.....	.....	422	30	.....	.....	33	16	.....	.....	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.. ...	
	CHUCKEE SURAN NARAIN SINGH.																				
7	Bal, Pergunnah Bal, tank ...	...	1,670	395	180	2,245	119	28	13	160	186	37	12	237	.....	11 12	13 0	17 0	17 0	1 mile.	
8	Siswun, pergh. Nurhun, ditto ..	...	194	315	176	685	14	23	12	49	14	23	11	47	.....	11 0	12 0	18 0	18 0	Siswan	
9	Belwar ditto ditto ..	...	265	159	176	600	19	11	12	42	15	9	13	34	.....	... ..	... ..	.....	.....	3 miles.	
	SHEWA SHUNKER PERSHAD SAO.																				
10	Tulmanpore, pergh. Barai, well ...	...	375	48	28	451	27	3	2	32	33	.....	.....	33	.....	11 0	13 0	16 0	16 0	4 miles.	
11	Bhada Khoord, ditto ditto ...	...	411	116	47	574	29	8	4	41	43	.....	.....	43	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	... ..	
	RAI BISHESUR NATH SAHAI.																				
12	Oodeypore, pergh. Chirand, tank .	...	599	912	552	2,063	43	65	39	147	42	68	42	152	.....	12 8	14 0	18 0	16 0	2 miles.	
	OUDH BEEHAREE SARAN MISIR.																				
13	Adumpore, pergunnah Ander, tank ...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.... .	.....	.....	Rate of wages paid for full work—
14	Ditto ditto, well ...	...	79	21	16	116	6	1	1	8	13	3	2	17	.....	11 0	13 0	16 0	16 0	2 miles.	To each Man .. 1 anna to 2 as.
15	Gointhee Bunapur, ditto, tank ...	...	125	152	112	389	9	11	8	28	18	19	16	53	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	... ..	,, Woman 1 anna.
16	Ditto ditto, well ...	...	81	39	31	151	6	3	2	11	11	6	6	23	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	,, Child ... 9 pies.
17	Phurchoos, pergunnah Puchlukh, well ...	...	102	28	23	153	7	2	2	11	14	4	3	21	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Total amount disbursed in wages during the fortnight, Rs. 1,901-9-9.
	Total number employed ...	...	15,182	5,271	1,514	21,967	1,084	376	108	1,568	1,067	383	121	1,591	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	

SARUN, MANAGER'S OFFICE,
The 30*th June* 1874.

(Countersigned)
J. S. DRUMMOND,
Offg. Magistrate and Collector.

SYUD MAHOMED FUZL,
Manager.

No. 2144F., dated Motiharee, the 29th June 1874.

From—H. KEAN, Esq., Collector of Champarun,

To—The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Dept.

I HAVE the honor to submit the fortnightly narrative of scarcity and relief, for the fortnight ending the 27th June 1874.

A.—STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

The weather during the past fortnight has been most favorable for agricultural operations, (heavy rains alternating with bright sunshine), and the prospect of the crops throughout the district are most promising.

In the Motiharee sub-division the very early rice is already over a foot high, and will be harvested in another five weeks. In the country north of the Shikrana river, cultivating operations are going on more briskly than in the south, and it is there that the greatest numbers have left the relief works. In July, however, the same state of things will take place probably in the southern tract, when weeding and transplanting will be carried on at the same time. There is still no deficiency, Mr. Oldham says, of seed-grain, on the contrary a larger area than usual has been sown this year. In the Dhaka sub-division also, Mr. Kilby reports that there is no want of seed-grain, and that he does not think that a single beegah will remain unsown, by far the greater portion having already been sown, and all lands are being got ready. These favorable prospects have necessarily affected the prices. The mahajuns, it is found, are unearthing their stores, and it is by no means an uncommon thing, Mr. Kilby says, for persons who had applied to him for grain loans, and into whose circumstances enquiries had been completed, to come forward and say that their mahajuns had consented to carry them on. This the mahajuns had steadily declined to do while prospects were gloomy. This fact has reduced the amount that would otherwise have been given out in loans, and may be said to apply to the whole district more or less. Large numbers are employed in weeding indigo, and almost all who can, and will work, are able to find employment in the fields. As a proof of the satisfactory manner in which the group officers are working, Mr. Kilby mentions that the factories are no longer besieged by beggars.

In the Gobindgunge sub-division the bazars are becoming better supplied, and here also the mahajuns are now opening out their stores, and endeavouring to sell before prices fall. The sudden change for the good in the prospects of the next crop, has no doubt been a great disappointment to these gentry.

The maize, kado, murwa, sawan, and rice are all said to give most excellent promise, and the condition of the people has improved; but laborers when not employed on the relief-works or in the fields, are said to be hard-up as the ryots cannot generally afford to give them labor. They say that they have enough to do to feed themselves without paying for hired labor.

If such is the case, the procedure enjoined in Circular No. 3667—S.R. of the 8th June should be followed.

In the Bettiah sub-division, Mr. Samuells reports that the bazars are well supplied, and that the mahajuns are bringing out their stores; coarse rice is selling at some places at 15 seers. Ten to twelve inches of rain have already fallen in this sub-division, and the early dhan will be ready for cutting in some places in another three weeks, and maize and kado are coming up vigorously. The cheena (millet) crop has been very plentiful towards the Gunduk, and seed-grain, so far from being deficient, is procurable at 20 seers the rupee (kutcha), and in Bettiah itself has been sold at 18 seers.

The condition of the people, Mr. Samuells reports, is excellent. The representation made by the high level canal Engineer that he had met with distress of a severe nature in certain villages, has been carefully enquired into, and found to be altogether incorrect. Mr. Brookes, it seems, referred to a state of affairs supposed to have existed a month ago; it is evident therefore, that had matters been as reported by him, a catastrophe must ere this have occurred, unless additional means of relief had been at once afforded. But as Mr. Brookes did not report the matter to the relief officers, no additional measures were of course taken, as the existing arrangements were considered by those who knew most about the condition of the people, sufficient to meet all requirements Work was easily obtainable at fair rates, the charitable relief scheme was in force, and grain had been largely advanced by private individuals; no catastrophe has occurred up to date, so that it is evident that Mr. Brookes must have been imposed upon. His conclusions, moreover, are not borne out by Mr. Fahie (his *locum tenens*), or by his subordinates.

The matter will form the subject of a separate report, and need not therefore be enlarged on here.

In the Ramnuggur sub-division Mr Howe reports that the weather has been very favorable for the cultivators. Heavy rain has fallen everywhere except in the east circle, where occasional and rather heavy showers prevailed with intervals of fine weather. At Bugaha 10¼ inches of rain have fallen since the 8th June. The bhadoi crops have been sown everywhere, but a considerable deficiency has occurred in the bhadoi paddy sowings. Mr. Fiddian (circle officer at Bugaha), writing of that circle says: "a good deal of bhadoi is already above ground, and the plants look very thriving; the sugarcane crop is also in a forward state; the principal difficulty however just now is about bhadoi paddy seed-grain. The cultivators are making every effort to obtain it, some of them bringing in small

quantities from a considerable distance, and bunniahs are selling it at 15 seers per rupee; but there is no doubt that the supply itself is deficient, and that the full amount of bhadoi seed will not be put into the ground this year.

"The Shohurya cultivators are backward both in ploughing and sowing, but a very seasonable supply of seed-grain has arrived on account of the Bettiah estate, which is rapidly being carted to Shohurya."

In the eastern portions of the sub-division they are better off in this respect. In tuppehs Deorar and Chagwan in the central portion, again, there is a deficiency, though a great deal of bhadoi paddy seed has been sown. Regarding the aghani crops, Mr. Howe writes:—

"The sowings have not as yet commenced on a large scale. About 1,000 maunds of Government seed-grain (aghani), out of the amount (25,000 maunds) promised, have arrived. This is being sold, and also advanced where the cultivators are so miserably poor that they cannot purchase it. At first the people showed considerable distrust, some idle rumours having been spread that it would not germinate, but I had a small quantity sown near the shop at which it was sold, and on its springing and appearing a fine vigorous plant, purchases have become more general."

The arrival of the remainder of the allotment (25,000 maunds) is anxiously looked for; steps have been taken to expedite its transmission. The deficiency in the aghani seed-grain is greater, Mr. Howe says, than in the bhadoi.

Regarding the state of the markets, Mr. Howe reports that, to a small extent, trade has revived in the eastern circle: "This is caused by monopolists being now compelled to bring their stores (which they have hitherto concealed) to market" Colonel Boulderson, who has been requested to watch the markets very carefully, and to be cautious that the Government sales do not interfere with private trade, writes: "I do not think that any large amount of private grain has been exposed for public sale, and perhaps with the exception of a few of the wealthier zemindars, private stores do not exist in this circle."

The Government sales therefore continue in the east, though both for this and other reasons (noted below, heading D), the sales have considerably diminished. Regarding private sales of rice in the Ramnuggur bazar, Mr. Howe states: "The quantity exposed for sale is so small, and the prices at which it is sold are still so high, that it can hardly be considered a revival of private trade. On the last bazar-day 3 rupees worth of private rice only was exposed; this rice I think has not been imported, but that holders of private stores are getting rid of their hitherto concealed grain, which, in the Ramnuggur circle, has been smaller than elsewhere. There has been, however, a brisk sale, and importation of gram from the west, which is now procurable at 14¾ seers in considerable quantities."

In the Bugaha circle, there are as yet no sales from private stocks of either rice, wheat, or cheena; but several kinds of dâl at 11, 12 and 13 seers, maize at 20, and suthoo at 11, are to be had in fair quantities. There is no probability that Government sales can be dispensed with for some time to come. Seed-grain paddy was selling at 15 and 16 seers.

The fact that holders of private stocks are now coming forward in the east of this sub-division is no doubt a satisfactory sign; but as Mr. Howe says the necessity for continuing and extending Government sales remains, and: "throughout the greater part of the sub-division, people still depend entirely on Government rice." Of the condition of the people Mr. Howe writes: "a considerable improvement has taken place in the condition of all classes, and this has been specially marked among the agricultural population, the majority of whom have been able to return to ordinary field-work. Tuccavee advances (which, as will be seen hereafter, have been very nearly completed), have done much to bring about the result of enabling cultivators to subsist while carrying on their field work. If the seed-grain difficulty can, as I trust, be settled satisfactorily during the next ten days, there need be no anxiety about the agricultural classes. There is one large section of this community whose condition, however, requires attention. I refer to those who in addition to the loss of their crops have, during the present season, lost nearly all or the whole of their personal property by fire; most of these have received tuccavee advances, and to some relief under rule *f* has been given, but I think a more general measure necessary, and have reported the matter specially." On the whole the condition of the people "has decidedly improved and prospects for the future are reassuring."

This account of the tract which has all along given most anxiety, is very encouraging.

Price-current.—The following statement will show the rates at which food-grains have been obtainable in the bazars:—

No. 1, *Motiharee sub-division.*

	Seers.
Rice (cheapest clean)	13
Wheat	12
Barley	17
Cheena (millet)	15
Maize	13
Gram	15
Oorid	13
Moong	14
Arhur	16
Seed-rice	19

No. 2, Dhaka sub-division.

	Seers.
Rice No. 1	10⅛ to 11¾
„ 2	12¼ to 13½
Maize	15⅛ to 17¾
Barley	15¾ to 17⅜
Wheat	11⅛ to 13½
Gram	16⅛ to 17½
Peas and karow	15 1/16 to 17 1/16
Arhur	16 to 17¾
Cheena	15 to 20
Kodo	25 to 30
Murwa	15 to 20
Mussoor	15 to 17½
Oorid	15 to 17

No. 3, Gobindgunge sub-division.

Best rice	11¾
Coarse rice	13½
Wheat...	13½
Maize	17
Gram	17
Arhur	17

No. 4, Bettiah sub-division.

Best rice	10
Rice common	13
Arhur	10½
Wheat	15
Maize	15
Barley	17
Gram	15
Seed-rice	18 to 20

No. 5, Ramnuggur sub-division.

Rice best	10½
„ 2nd	11
Arhur	10½
Maize	14
Gram	14¾
Wheat	12
Barley	16
Seed-rice	15

No. 6, Shibazpore.

Rice No. 1	13½
„ 2	14½
Arhar	15
Maize	13½
Wheat	13½
Gram	13½
Barley	17

B.—Relief Works.

The following is the list of relief works in progress and the number of persons employed thereon :—

Circle No. 1.

Name of work.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Daily average.
Motiharee to Katkenwa, sections Nos. 1 and 2	3,149	7,381	1,515	12,045	860
Lakhowra to Narkatya	1,899	4,093	942	7,023	501
Tanks at—					
Lakhowra	501	998	352	1,851	264
Patchgachia	319	666	305	1,288	183
Bungru	515	796	279	1,590	113
Jathur...	177	324	95	596	99
Jagirha	767	1,286	231	2,284	190
Hajeepore road	6,714	7,152	3,847	17,713	1,265
New road from Jadhari to Moduchupra ...	1,910	2,356	1,544	5,810	581
Motiharee station road	3,254	5,114	824	9,192	707
Motiharee to Segowlee road	2,693	5,253	1,591	9,537	681
Gobindgunge road	282	644	145	1,071	153
Tank at—					
Segowlee	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bungura	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chilmowta	539	1,321	423	2,283	254
Semrah	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Patchrooka	27	50	18	95	47
Adapore to Roxoul road	217	276	46	539	179
Road Segowlee to Roxoul	11,934	7,280	3,908	23,122	1,778
Ramgurwa to Adapur	8,047	3,540	3,036	14,623	1,125
Bhowra to Roxoul...	1,808	1,920	819	3,547	322
Sissonia road	1,543	1,078	628	3,249	812
Tank at—					
Seesowria, alias Ramgurwa	387	875	497	2,259	1,129
Sakhar	6,804	2,028	723	10,455	1,493
Luchmipore	1,486	1,247	711	3,424	285
Pushrampore	4,723	7,920	245	12,888	920
Sunkar Sarig	4,055	7,676	201	12,532	895
Segowlee Cantonment	1,796	10,074	3,765	15,635	1,116
Tank at—					
Narkatya	2,659	6,035	574	9,448	859
Purushtampore	1,396	3,068	312	4,796	342
Arraya	759	1,456	180	2,395	399
Korya or Moorthya	336	1,089	87	1,512	252
Chundermor	1,009	2,409	196	3,614	254
Katkenwa or Mohowwa	553	1,273	109	1,934	138
Shrepore or Murali	2,958	7,612	947	11,517	822
Joysinghur	4,859	5,066	1,047	10,972	914
Segolee to Turkolea road	9,449	11,784	4,473	25,706	1,977
Motiharee to Turkolia	26	22	3	51	25
Motharee town	6,063	4,758	391	11,212	862
Tanks at—					
Patwara	5,020	4,321	533	9,874	822
Total	.....	.....	.....	23,711	1,692

Circle No. 2.

Moteehary to Dhaka	11,048	7,541	3,181	21,770	1,555
Dhaka to Purneya	7,786	6,903	1,679	16,368	1,160
Pakree to Seeraha	1,061	1,016	272	2,369	169
Pareswa to Itwaghut	4,850	4,943	1,459	11,252	803
Chyta to Seeraha	1,646	2,049	165	3,859	275
Modhubunghat	107	115	26	248	17
Ghorahan to Kut Kenwa	10,712	6,217	620	17,549	1,253
Purneya to Tilhara	9,514	9,497	3,135	22,146	1,581
Dhaka to Pureywa &c.	11,789	8,505	2,849	23,143	1,653
Modhubun to Seeraha	974	700	205	1,879	134
Seeraha to Barrah	1,098	818	224	2,140	153
Modhubun to Pathai	43	47	.....	90	6
Pattahi to Modhubun	1,400	1,223	258	2,881	206
Pattahi to Puddum Kair	3,689	2,188	277	6,154	439
„ to Dhaka	3,483	3,423	784	7,690	549
Juman to Seeraha	3,307	2,003	210	5,520	394
Dhaka and Bhelwaghat	5,155	3,543	428	9,126	651
Chytaghat and Pattahi	785	886	270	1,940	138
Dhaka and Pudum Kair	10,634	4,805	1,110	20,549	1,469
Gunduck crossing	3,353	1,871	1,702	6,926	494
Dhaka short cut	522	784	328	1,634	116
„ to Lokun Bridge	405	.....	.....	405	29
„ to Pudum Kair Bridge	37	.....	.....	37	3
Lutchmepore tank...	8	3	16	27	3
Kurturree tank	15	256	128	399	21
Barramungeroo tank	423	748	370	1,541	110
Selimpore tank	1,590	1,990	2,143	5,723	406
Semri tank	347	103	36	486	34
Bhowanipore tank	853	32	8	893	63
Bhotonia tank	963	870	65	1,797	128
Munjerwah tank	1,749	273	361	2,384	170

Circle No. 2.—(Continued.)

Name of work.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Daily average.
Shaikhownah tank	4,460	3,886	645	8,991	642
Champapur tank	1,612	1,668	522	3,802	271
Seria Gopal tank	83	40	66	189	13
Situlpatty tank	211	93	72	376	27
Jehoolay tank	299	147	130	576	41
Hurnariana tank	194	126	54	304	21
Kooduria tank	218	12	.....	230	16
Mahomedpore road	29	10	.....	39	2
Tatsreah road	23	104	10	137	10
Rajapoor road	71	13	19	103	8
Nukurdeah road	493	439	195	1,127	80
Dholowah and Quargamah	376	122	124	622	44
Bara road	37	14	.....	51	4
Alladadpose road	45	.....	.....	45	3
Baila Baijoo	36	104	23	163	12
Mohomda Olee	30	78	36	144	10
Bukhree	65	90	39	194	14
Mirzapoor	27	108	61	196	14
Pursownee	60	170	31	261	18
Rampore Monoruth	46	189	31	266	19
Pattir	37	63	25	125	9
Sheik Poorwa	19	102	21	142	10
Bheelgurwa	28	48	20	96	7
Champapur	15	55	16	86	6
Nankur	22	54	8	84	6
Bulwah	23	61	18	102	7
Doomree Gobund	12	37	7	56	4
Doomree Baijoo	5	16	10	31	2
Seriagopal	49	77	11	137	9
Employed on Golah	747	.....	.....	747	53
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	216,598	15,471

Circle No. 3.

Sembhoo Chuk tank	1,330	39	59	1,418	101
Poorun Chupra road	1,706	2,548	1,501	5,755	411
Serungpore road	350	3	.....	353	25
Burhurwa tank	272	184	81	537	38
Kessorra tank	57	327	59	443	31
Gopee Chupra tank	378	268	169	815	58
Bettiah Basunt tank	312	285	144	741	53
Moorarpore tank	114	695	233	972	69
Ranneo Chupra tank	676	506	247	1,429	102
Pursowna tank	661	168	91	920	66
Road Sutterghat to Gobundgunge	3,117	4,640	3,731	11,488	820
Katuria road	473	902	826	2,201	157
Road Dilwapore	122	211	158	491	35
Road from Boiree	490	.....	.....	490	35
Katurea tank	191	.....	.....	191	13
Tapore tank	251	336	390	977	69
Gareha tank	1,023	476	286	1,785	127
Dapwa tank	892	532	278	1,702	121
Ahirowha tank	752	318	96	1,166	83
Kytholea ,, ...	150	449	145	744	53
Rampoorwa tank	490	2,334	903	3,727	266
Modunpore ,, ...	521	759	536	1,816	129
Jamoonaporo ,, ...	1,013	792	618	2,423	173
Jomoonah ,, ...	1,717	372	237	2,326	164
Domoo Birty ,, ...	617	1,473	243	2,333	166
Bungrah ,, ...	643	327	517	1,487	106
Paklira ,, ...	1,755	1,306	378	3,539	252
Khajoora ,, ...	1,070	879	197	2,146	153
Devesepure ,, ...	1,716	1,460	1,009	4,175	298
Subeya ,, ...	811	1,064	49	1,924	137
Khadorpoorah ,, ...	375	.....	.....	375	26
Bhutwaka ,, ...	1,134	4	7	1,145	81
Barrah ,, ...	1,379	331	193	1,833	130
Kooawah ,, ...	1,254	339	330	1,923	130
Shaik Remally	164	40	.....	204	14
Nagurgam tank	34	152	22	208	14
Bansghat	480	215	168	863	61
Siswah Asage	632	864	159	1,882	131
Putkhowha	1,495	1,780	1,117	4,342	310
Gownrah	51	50	24	125	9
Dhurne Chupra	80	138	.....	218	15
Burhurwa	871	1,130	955	2,956	211
Purree ,, ...	349	305	383	1,037	74
Burmundee ,, ...	2,589	714	1,201	4,504	321
Pursownee Kharee	900	662	187	1,749	124
Kooreah ,, ...	1,713	398	292	2,403	171
Purwaiapore ,, ...	1,063	100	180	1,343	96
Bukhre Mohase	287	694	611	1,592	113
Ahimon Chupra	79	237	133	449	32
Chund Purea	696	1,586	1,919	3,431	245
Runjeta tank	201	246	70	517	37
Bahowara Money tank	564	490	419	1,473	105

Circle No. 3.—(Continued.)

Name of work.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Daily average.
Beshoonpoora	252	238	168	658	47
Roghoonathpore	270	305	355	930	66
Bhooswoolwa tank	333	160	80	573	41
Serisa Gunnesh	534	260	154	948	67
Coergamma tank	1,011	47	58	1,116	79
Tajpore Dawon ,, ...	282	378	472	1,132	80
Tulwah tank	435	370	290	1,095	78
Doomra ,, ...	700	440	17	1,166	83
Jessow road	230	11	2	243	17
Sekunderpore tank	936	260	96	1,292	92
Walaha ,, ...	340	690	201	1,285	91
Nowton ,, ...	547	68	64	679	48
Muttea ,, ...	459	58	58	575	41
Sagur Choramun	338	182	79	599	42
Hajeepore tank	268	744	302	1,314	94
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	108,681	7,755

Circle No. 4.

Botteah to Tengrahee	16,219	20,772	6,361	43,352	3,096
,, to Chundputtea	2,188	4,188	457	6,783	484
,, to Bugaha	5,717	10,856	2,987	19,560	1,397
Lowria to Purea	4,178	7,556	1,194	12,928	923
,, to Shikerpore	3,413	7,150	1,411	11,974	855
Bettiah to Segowlee	516	1,191	159	1,866	133
Tank at Burwut	5,229	7,264	1,091	13,587	970
,, Bohoora in Segowlee road	219	937	232	1,388	99
Rajghat bridge	69	124	30	223	16
Bettiah road	238	96	.....	334	23
Lallgurh tank	316	374	46	736	52
Opadhya tolla tank	159	390	47	596	42
Bissoonpoora, Jumoonia, Dhoomnuggur, and Hurdypully.	10,505	19,348	5,140	34,993	2,499
Lallseeah road	1,694	2,389	779	4,862	347
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	153,182	10,941

Circle No. 5.

Lowrea road, section II	910	3,822	616	5,348	382
Shikerpore road	8,220	6,286	182	9,688	692
Bugaha ,, ...	8,848	7,802	2,240	18,890	1,335
Simra ,, ...	1,162	1,694	168	3,024	216
Mulpoorwa ,, ...	714	1,148	252	2,114	151
Rampoora ,, ...	1,120	2,880	714	4,214	301
Harnatar ,, ...	1,386	3,500	700	5,586	399
Muraroul tank	168	364	98	630	45
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	49,294	3,521

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Average.
Besides 45,668 persons employed under Colonel Boulderson				45,668	3,262
Lower Gunduk embankment ...	12,651	378	1,239	14,268	1,020
Upper ,, ,, ...	195,000	75,000	159,271	429,271	30,700
Grand total number of persons employed is				1,040,573	
And the daily average is					74,364

The numbers have therefore fallen more than half since the previous fortnight.

In the Motiharee sub-division, no works have been permanently closed. They are so scattered, and so comparatively few, that they cannot be closed till the scarcity has ceased, and there is, moreover, work to be finished on all of them. "Results," Mr. Oldham writes, "have shown that by giving the lowest rates of wages compatible with health, and at the same time exacting full task-work, the people leave the works as soon as ever they can find occupation elsewhere." At present nearly all the able-bodied men have deserted, and the women and children carry on the dressing, turfing, and patch-work which is now going on. Mr. Oldham's rates, which are also followed by the Public Works Department, are:

	Chuttacks.
I. Able-bodied men, with tools	12
II. All other adults	9
III. Children above six years	5

The fullest work is exacted at Segowlee, the gangs being supervised by Captain Knowles' troopers. Some of the works here were measured by the Executive Engineer, who found that they were being executed at the rate of Re. 1-8 per 1,000 cubic feet. At the former higher rates the terms given by agriculturists for their labor are much higher than this; and now that the rates have been lowered, while the same tasks are exacted, there is not the slightest anxiety on the subject of people being attracted to the works who could find occupation elsewhere, or of work being given to those who do not need it. "The fact that advantage has been taken of the large supply of labor available to bring a quantity of land hitherto fallow under cultivation, shows that our works are not competing with the cultivators' demand for laborers." Mr. Oldham proposes to permanently close any work on which the daily attendance sinks to 50 or thereabouts, making provision for the laborers who are attending it when closed; but to maintain the other works as a safeguard till September next, that is, such of them as were intended to afford relief till that period. Several minor works will be finished very much sooner.

The numbers employed on task-work (in the sub-division) is shown below:—

	On task-work.	Not on task-work.	Total.
Under Public Works Department ...	48,808	24,404	70,212
„ Circle officer	146,974	48,691	194,765

The numbers employed during the past fortnight have fallen from 36,823 to 23,711. In the Dhaka sub-division during the last week of the fortnight most of the works were closed, and the rates on the remainder reduced to mere subsistence wages. Mr. Kilby has arranged for conservancy works in many villages, and intends extending the scheme throughout the sub-division. Each group officer supervises the works in his village, and has a moonshee (paid in grain) to look after the coolies in each village. These small gangs are employed cleaning out drains, filling up holes, and improving village paths. The rates fixed are so low that there is no fear of our competing with the agriculturists; indeed for the present chiefly those persons only will be employed who would, if these works were not provided, require gratuitous assistance. This village machinery will, as Mr. Kilby says, be "ready in case we find people coming on our hands again when field-work slackens." The decrease in this sub-division in the numbers employed is shown in the margin.

Previous fortnight	41,989
Fortnight under review ...	16,837

In the Gobindgunge sub-division not many relief works have been closed altogether, but the numbers employed thereon have decreased from 40,989 (daily average) in the previous fortnight, to 14,458 in the fortnight under review. The condition of the laborers is said to be "fair, though many are still thin."

In the Bettiah sub-division, some of the works under the circle officer have been closed, in order that the laborers might resort to their fields, and the numbers employed on the remaining works have fallen from 9,000 to 7,000 under the Public Works Department and from 11,000 to 4,000 under the circle officer. A further decrease is expected during the present week. Payments in grain, as already reported, are universal, and the system of cash payments on the seventh day was dropped almost as soon as introduced, as it was not liked by the laborers In the Ramnuggur sub-division also, there has been a large decrease in the number of the laborers; they have fallen from 11,949 to 6,783 in the past fortnight. Payments have been made everywhere in kind except on the seventh day, and in accordance with recent orders grain payments have been ordered on this day also. Turfing has commenced, and task-work is introduced everywhere. The general rate (paid in kind but expressed in cash), is Re. 1-14, or Re. 1-12 per 1,000 cubic feet. Several works, chiefly tanks, have been closed.

Under this head I would mention that the Rs. 43,000 shown in my last narrative as paid in cash on relief works, consisted of Rs. 9,000 which belonged to a former fortnight, and omitted by an oversight from that fortnight's financial statement, and of Rs. 34,000 expended by the Public Works Department on bridges required for relief roads. The order to pay skilled laborers if possible in grain, has now been circulated to all the relief officers and Engineers, and will be attended to; as also the general order (also lately received) to pay grain on all seven days of the week. I would also notice that the total number of persons employed on relief works was by an oversight wrongly stated in my last narrative. The numbers on the Upper Gunduk Embankment should have been stated as 302,267, the grand total of laborers as 2,281,443 and the daily average 162,960.

C.—Transport of Grain.

No private importations have taken place in the Motiharee sub-division, and importations from a distance are said to have ceased in the Dhaka division, but continue to take place from Patna and Revelgunge into the Gobindgunge sub-division. In the Bettiah, and parts of the Ramnuggur sub-division (as stated under heading A), private trade is going on.

D. Storage of Grain.

The disbursement of Government grain is shown below, and a subjoined statement gives the information required by Circular No. 3369—S. R. of the 26th May.

No. 1, *Motiharee sub-division.*

Up to date of last return. Mds.	Srs.	Ch.			During the past Fortnight Mds.	Srs.	Ch.
29,101	5	0	...	To laborers	3,560	13	0
38,858	19	0	...	To the public	6,586	9	0
2,183	10	0	...	Charitable relief	233	21	0
7,539	16	0	...	Advances	9,480	14	0
77,682	12	0			19,850	18	0

No. 2, *Dhaka sub-division.*

19,874	28	0	...	To laborers	4,197	11	0
6,524	10	0*	...	To the public	443	20	0
731	34	0	...	Charitable relief	424	18	0
4,753	21	0†	...	Advances	2,856	24	0
31,884	16	0			7,921	34	0

No. 3, *Gobindgunge sub-division.*

20,581	3	0	...	To laborers	4,744	36	0
1,596	35	0	...	To the public	1,850	11	0
1,996	10	0	...	Charitable relief	1,216	34	0
838	21	0	...	Advances	6,437	31	0
25,012	0	0			14,249	32	0

No. 4, *Bettiah sub-division.*

				To laborers	3,910	17	0
58,811	7	0	...	To the public	8,471	15	0
				Charitable relief	1,478	12	0
				Advances	318	25	0
					14,248	29	0

No. 5, *Ramnuggur sub-division.*

5,393	5	0	...	To laborers	1,631	9	0
21,626	33	0	...	To the public	3,505	10	0
1,706	33	0	...	Charitable relief	523	26	0
21,207	18	0	...	Advances	4,596	14	0
49,934	10	0			10,256	19	0

				To laborers	18,044	6	0
				To the public	20,856	25	0
	Total		..	Charitable relief	3,876	31	0
				Advances	23,689	28	0
Upper Gunduk Embankment disposed of				.. ...	16,214	0	0
				Grand Total ..	82,681	10	0

In the Motiharee sub-division sales have slackened. Mr. Oldham has been instructed to sell at 12 seers, the rate hitherto obtaining being 11. More grain it will be seen has been disposed of in this than in any other sub-division, Mr. Oldham having very nearly disposed of a lakh of maunds. Much of the grain has found it way into the Dhaka and Gobindgunge sub-divisions, where sales of Government grain have not till very lately been extensive, in consequence of the existence of private trade.

In Bettiah the sales to the public have slightly decreased, but so slightly as to call for no remark; 8,470 maunds were sold in the past fortnight, against 9,500 in the previous fortnight. The ryots, Mr. Samuells says "do not exhibit much confidence in local resources, as is shown by their unwillingness to desert the Government stores" The sales, he anticipates however, will still further decrease the "nearer the certainty of a coming harvest is approached." If the present favorable prospects continue, there is no doubt that these expectations will be found correct. In Ramnuggur the decrease has already taken place, being largest in the east portion under Colonel Boulderson, who gives the following reasons for the falling off:—

1*st.*—The introduction of grain payments on all relief works.

2*nd*—The payment in kind by petty maliks to agricultural laborers engaged in field work.

3*rd.*—The opening of private stores. Besides which it is evident that sales must diminish as prospects improve; and the large tuccavee advances must also tell. The plan of storing small quantities of grain in the custody of respectable zemindars in the interior is being carried out.

* Includes amount sold to Bettiah Raj.

† Includes advances to Opium Department.

In the two golahs of Shikarpore and Chamardeeha, weevils are reported to have appeared, and some damage from dampness has taken place at Barh in the Gobindgunge sub-division.

E.—Advances to Private Persons.

In the Motiharee sub-division 17,019 maunds have been advanced to ryots up to date. Of this 7,250 maunds were given out through the agency of the Opium Department. Mr. Oldham reports that his advances are now nearly completed.

In the Dhaka sub-division 10,616 maunds have been advanced under this head, and 5,235 maunds were sanctioned lately. In fourteen or fifteen villages which were in farm to the Seeraha factory, inquiries were complete, but as the manager wished to make the advances, the papers were made over to him, and he has given out his own grain, and applied for a loan of 2,000 maunds of Government grain, which has been sanctioned. Another zemindar has only actually taken delivery of 461 maunds out of a sanctioned loan of 15,000 maunds. Messrs. Begg and Macqueen are both, Mr. Kilby reports, giving him much assistance; the former gentleman having, besides the 2,000 maunds referred to above, advanced Rs. 10,000 in cash, and Rs. 5,000 worth of grain to the ryots, and the latter Rs. 3,600 worth of grain. Much assistance has also been rendered by Mr. Cooper, sub-deputy opium agent.

In the Gobindgunge sub-division 13,136 maunds have been advanced.

The manager of the Hutwa raj has agreed to stand security for loans to the necessitous ryots in all the raj villages, and in the remaining portion of the sub-division, nearly all of which belongs to the Bettiah raj, the manager has agreed to advance for the present 5,000 maunds to the poorest of the ryots. To the rest Mr. Weekes is advancing grain on the collective security of the ryots of each village.

The manager of the Pipra factory has advanced a large sum of money, and has been authorized to make farther advances of Government grain.

The same may be said of another large concern (Barah). In the Bettiah sub-division the lists of ryots requiring advances have all been prepared except in one circle. They shew ryots who can give security and ryots who can give none. "The village community go bail for the whole amount. It seemed better to give the advances to the latter class of ryots in charity, but many of them refused to accept it except as an advance, and scorned the notion of charitable relief." The exact amount advanced cannot be given, but the loans are made only to the poorest class of ryots to enable them to employ labor in their fields.

In Ramnuggur the tuccavee advances are now nearly completed. Mr. Gibbon has come forward, and authorised Mr Howe to make advances in the southern and south-eastern tuppehs, and to send him bills for the amount. By this plan Mr. Howe says that nearly all the advances made under Circular No. 48T.F., will be changed into advances made under the zemindar's security and the account closed. The amount advanced during the fortnight was 4,596 maunds, and from the commencement 25,803 maunds have been advanced either on the security of the Rajas of Ramnuggur and Bettiah, or of petty but substantial maliks, and the direct system (except in a very few cases) abandoned.

F.—Charitable Relief.

The subjoined table will show the numbers who receive relief under this head. The numbers have generally increased, but this will probably be more marked in the ensuing fortnight. There are 14 orphans at Ramnuggur who are for the present being looked after at the poor-house.

G.—Financial Results of the Fortnight.

39. Total expenditure from the district and subordinate treasuries, as shewn in the last narrative, full details of which were therein given Rs. 23,17,137-2-2.

Expenditure during the fortnight under report:—

	Relief Works.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Executive Engineer, East Chumparun ...		592	0	0			
					592	0	0
Establishments—							
Under Mr. Howe		100	0	0			
„ „ Kilby		1,504	2	0			
					1,604	2	0
Transport of Government grain—							
Mr. Nicolay		4,413	2	0			
Nazir of Collectorate		172	7	6			
					4,585	9	6
Land improvement		...			105	0	0
	Total ...	...			6,886	11	0
Grand Total ...		...			23,24,023	13	2

Statement shewing the storage and consumption of Government grain in the District of Chumparun for the fortnight ending the 25th June 1874.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Name of sub-division.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	Total quantity of Government grain consumed up to date.					Estimated grain receipts of ensuing fortnight.	Estimated expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.	Remarks.
				By sale to public or laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots.	By payments in kind to laborers.	Total.			
		Mds.	Mds. S. C.	Mds S. C	Mds. S. C.	Mds.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds.	Mds.	
Sub-division Motiharee ...	25th June 1874 ...	1,55,000	1,48,722 0 0	45,444 29 12	2,496 33 4	17,019 30 13	32,661 18 7	97,533 31 4	Nil.	15,000	
Ditto Dhaka	„ „ ...	2,10,000	1,12,696 0 0	443 20 4½	424 18 8	2,856 24 4	4,197 11 3	7,921 34 3½	... ..	14,000	
Ditto Gobindgunge ..	27th „ „ ...	1,24,000	1,29,804 0 0	2,460 29 3	1,971 33 5	7,276 12 10	19,561 23 7	31,270 17 9	Nil.	32,000	
Ditto Bettiah	25th „ „ ...	1,11,000	1,18,264 8 0	33,357 39 0	5,244 10 0	383 5 0	12,422 16 0	51,407 30 0	Nil.	15,000	
Ditto Ramnuggur ...	26th „ „ ...	2,50,000	2,68,910 7 2	26,638 31 4	2,230 19 4	25,803 33 2	5,522 27 4	60,190 30 11	19,004 29 4	10,000	
Upper Gunduck embankment .	18th „ „ ..	1,50,000	1,49,000 0 0	16,214 0 0	.....	.....	.....	16,214 0 0	... ..	.....	
	Total ..	10,00,000	9,27,486 16 2	1,24,554 29 7½	12,277 33 5	53,339 25 13	74,365 15 5	3,48,495 37 14½	19,0 4 29 4	86,000	

CHUMPARUN,
The 29th June 1874.

H. KEAN,
Collector.

Statement showing the number of persons receiving charitable relief.

Where or by whom relieved.	Number of persons relieved.
Motiharee sub-division.	
Soogaun	135
Terkoulia	714
Motiharee factory	257
Relief inspector, northern division	38
„ southern division	48
The Dubusahu committee, northern division	36
„ „ southern division	.....
Motiharee town	1,852
„ poor-house	620
„ hospital	22
Ramgurwa hospital	41
Total ...	3,758
Dhaka division	1,909
Gobindgunge division.	
Kumoul	107
Rajpore	951
Buhurwa chutteea	103
Peepra	815
Buhurwa	488
Barah	300
Hossennee	61
Mukwa	112
Total ...	2,937
Bettiah sub-division.	
Bettiah	1,417
Dokraha	648
Lohurya	462
Laleraya	99
Paljurwa	296
Manpoor	360
Pursa	1,254
Bettiah poor-house	151
Total ...	4,687
Also widows	36
„ children	21
Ramnuggur sub-division.	
Ramnuggur poor-house	83
Bugaha „	107
Persons receiving charitable relief	14
Total ...	204

Shikerpore returns not received.

CHUMPARUN,
The 29th June 1874.

H. KEAN,
Collector.

Fortnightly Narrative of the District of Monghyr for the Fortnight ending the 27th June 1874.

A.—State of the Country.

There has been abundant rain all over the district. In the Bukhtiarpore circle there has been so much rain that some of the late sowings of murwa have been swamped; but, on the other hand, the greatest possible benefit has been caused to the bhadoi dhan, early murwa, and kiri. The numbers of the laborers on the village works have decreased, and the people are returning of their own accord to their usual avocations. In the Begoo Serai sub-division the state of the crops is most promising. Makai, the great stand-by of the lower orders in the way of food, has been sown over a much larger area than usual, and is coming up strong and healthy. There was a little local distress amongst the poorest class of agriculturists in a corner of pergunnah Naipore, but Mr. Wilkins the moment he heard of it proceeded thither, and by timely distribution of grain advances has entirely met the difficulty. Throughout the Jamooee sub-division there has been almost constant heavy rain, notwithstanding which Mr. Money and his staff have been moving about Chakai, Pertabpore, and Gidhour, as best they could upon elephants.

The general result of their investigations is most reassuring. The area of janera sown this year is much larger than in ordinary years, and the plant is strong and healthy. The nurseries of aghani dhan are most flourishing, and will be ready to transplant in a fortnight. Sathi dhan has been sown broadcast in nearly every village, and the murwa is being transplanted. This last-named operation is giving abundant employment even to the weak and old One village only—Katowna—Mr. Money found in a very backward state, and he promptly distributed relief tickets and grain advances.

The price of rice in the bazar has fallen to the Government rate of sale, and Mr. Money has therefore stopped the sales of Government rice. Both the janera and the sathi dhan will be ready by the beginning of September; and Mr. Money is moving down 10,000 maunds from the surplus golahs of the Lucki Serai triangle to meet any pressure that may be felt between this and then.

Khurruckpore continues flourishing, and in the Sudder sub-division there is no indication of any pressure existing.

B.

Three petty relief works have been opened during the fortnight for those who are not yet absorbed by the usual agricultural labor. On the other hand, six have been closed, either on completion, or because the laborers no longer present themselves, being employed in the fields instead.

In the Begoo Serai sub-division all the relief works have been closed in consequence of the heavy rain, except the large tank at Begoo Serai. Petty repairs of roads in the north-west of the sub-division afford sufficient labor for all who want it locally; whilst a large number who can work have flocked to the Ganges bund, which is being constructed by the Tirhoot authorities.

In Jamooee there is only one relief work going on—the abkaree tank, and there the laborers present themselves in such small numbers—30 to 50 a day—that it hardly seems necessary to keep even this one work open.

In the Sudder station the heavy work of excavation of dhobees' tank (a municipal work) has been finished, and now all the light labor gangs have been set to level the new earthwork and to turf the slopes.

C.

There is very little to report under this head. There is no movement of grain necessary in Bukhtiarpore. Mr. Money is a good deal hampered by the flooded state of the roads in his endeavours to move the 10,000 maunds granted him from the surplus golahs, but will, I have no doubt, overcome the difficulties. All the Begoo Serai golahs are in good condition. The transport of the 20,000 maunds from the Lucki Serai surplus golahs has been much delayed; *first*, by the breaking down of a ferry boat on a river between Sheikpoora and the railway; and *second*, by the fact that this fortnight has represented just the time when the roads become impassable to carts, and yet the little streams are not sufficiently full, nor the country sufficiently flooded, to render the water-carriage generally available. However, now the water has risen so very considerably that all despatches by cart are out of the question, and the remainder of the consignment is going by boat.

D.

Every thing is *in statu quo*. In the Bukhtiarpore golah the bags have been enumerated and sorted.

E.

Mr. Manson has advanced 475 maunds to nine zemindars, and 7,410 maunds to 3,384 ryots; Mr. Wilkins has advanced 7,614 maunds to ryots, and Mr. Money 1,270 maunds

to ryots; and I have given out 1,601 maunds and 30 seers to 12 zemindars. The above results take very little space on paper, and might perhaps be overlooked in consequence; but when it comes to be considered that it shows that about 20,000 maunds have been distributed in driblets, and ikrarnamas and securities taken, it reveals an amount of patient work which should not be overlooked because it can be recorded in a few lines.

F.

The numbers receiving gratuitous relief have increased in the Bukhtiarpore circle, and Mr. Manson expects no great reduction until the end of July. Rajah Leela Nund Singh has swelled the numbers by discontinuing all private relief since the group system was finished All the poor in his village are now supplied by Government.

At Jamooee the poor from the poor-house have been sent to their homes with tickets, so that at Jamooee itself there are only 29 inmates, and at Simultollah only six

The following information is in accordance with Government letter No. 125:—

Committees.

Monghyr, Jamooee, and Begoo Serai.

Sub-Committees.

Lucki Serai, Sheikpoora, and Bukhtiarpore.

(2). Special sub-division opened and officered.

Jamooee.

(3). Lucki Serai, Sheikpoora, and Bukhtiarpore.

(4). Jamalpore ... Native gentlemen connected with railway.
Chapran ... Mr. H. Christian.
Bassoni ... ,, J. Christian.
Gurpurrah ... Hooley.

(5). The annexed statement will give the information required.

Daily average number of persons relieved at the Relief-centres and Poor-houses in the District of Monghyr for the week ending the 27th June 1874.

Names of Poor-houses and Relief-centres	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.
Monghyr	131	424	89	644
Sondhi	15	20	49	84
Baro	....	3	...	3
Dowlatpore ...	9		8	17
Chourah	5	22	7	34
Sikandra	70	119	80	269
Lucki Serai	40	50	68	158
Sheikpoora	22	20	6	48
Begoo Serai	36	40	36	112
Tigrah	25	57	21	103
Birpore	26	43	53	123
Bukhtiarpore	1	1	6	8
Jamooee	15	9	3	27
Bassoni	38	71	79	188
Khagaria	38	76	38	152
Simultollah	3	6	5	14
Grand Total	... ...	... ..	.....	1,984

G.—Financial Results of the Fortnight.

				Rs.	As.	P.
Total expenditure as shown in last narrative				8,53,411	7	0
Details of the above.	Rs.	As.	P.			
Placed to credit of Public Works Department ..	1,16,175	0	0			
On disbursement to officers in charge of transport arrangements	35,649	7	2			
Advanced to Captain Grant for transport of Bhagulpore grain	2,707	14	6			
Advanced to Mr. Fletcher for Tirhoot grain ..	2,037	9	6			
Advanced to Captain Conolly	300	0	0			
Advanced to Mr. Thomas, contractor	4,98,014	13	7			
Construction of golahs	3,741	7	4			
Payment of golah establishment	3,538	13	8			
Miscellaneous charges	494	9	0			
Purchase of anchors	22	4	0			
Advances to trustworthy residents for purchase of grain	76,250	0	0			
Ditto to municipalities	5,000	0	0			
Ditto to zemindars for land improvement ..	44,740	0	0			
Tuccavee advances	64,539	8	3			
				8,53,411	7	0
During the Fortnight						
Placed to credit of Public Works Department ..	40,000	0	0*			
Advanced to Mr. Thomas, contractor	25,043	10	3			
Construction of golahs	1,237	8	0			
Miscellaneous charges	1,219	8	0			
Golah establishment	6,308	8	6			
Package charges	6	12	0			
Advanced to transport officer	527	8	0			
Transport charges	142	5	0			
				74,485	11	9
Grand Total ...				9,27,897	2	9
Final payments	Nil.					
Advances recoverable	1,90,529	8	3			

H. J. Newbery,
Officiating Collector.

Statement of Cases from 12th to 25th June 1874, and corresponding dates of 1873, 1872, and 1871.

		Number of cases reported, excluding cases declared by the Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Column IV of AI, minus column IXA.
Theft—			
Heading 43 of Crime Return AI, excluding cattle-theft ...	1874	20	4
	1873	16	5
	1872	16	7
	1871	25	11
House-breaking or house-trespass in order to commit theft	1874	35	12
	1873	13	5
	1872	16	7
	1871	50	19
Total ...	1874	55	16
	1873	29	10
	1872	32	14
	1871	75	30

Monghyr,
The 29th June 1874.

H. E. Waller, *Major,*
Dist. Supdt. of Police.

* This sum was credited in last fortnight, but not included in their return.

Return called for under Government Letter No. 3127, *dated the* 14*th May* 1874, *for the Fortnight ending* 27*th June* 1874.

	Up to date of last return.	During the fortnight.	Total to date.
(1) By sale to laborers	4,630	3,591	8,221
(2) By sale to public	35,516	4,078	39,594
(3) In charitable relief	4,035	5,809	9,844
(4) Advances to ryots	31,365	4,605	35,970
Total ...	75,546	18,083	93,629

Price-current of principal Food-grains in the District of Monghyr for the Fortnight ending 27*th June* 1874.

Name of Place.	Rice, common.	Wheat.	Grain	Indian-corn
	Seers.	Seers.	Seers.	Seers.
Monghyr	11½	15	17½	14½
Begoo Serai	11	14	18	....
Jamooee	11	13	17	17
Tegrah	11	13	17	....

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the District of Monghyr for the date nearest the 25th June 1874.

Name of Sub-Division	Name of Circle.	Date for which figures are given.	Allotment.	Total allotment.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of the grain transferred to other districts.	Total quantity of Government Grain consumed up to date.					Estimated grain receipt of the ensuing fortnight.	Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.
						By sale to public or to laborers.	By gratuitous distribution.	By advance to ryots and zemindars.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.		
			Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Sudder sub-division, excluding Bukhtiarpore		25th June 1874	11,336	1,00,326	11,336	1,874	876	2,229	1,439	6,418	...	..
	Bukhtiarpore	Ditto	59,000		58,900	11,924	6,204	5,549	882	24,559		11,000
Begoo Serai sub-division	There is no circle here.	Ditto ...	45,000	45,000	35,974	15,798	766	5,458	791	22,843	4,000	4,000
Jamooee sub-division, excluding three circles	....	Ditto .	10,490	1,21,781	10,490	4,590	70	1,478	569	6,707	... ..	... .
	Lucki Serai	Ditto ...	33,492		33,492	789	542	18,090	1,103	20,404	.....	
	Sikandra	Ditto	33,692		33,692	995	667	.....	1,491	3,153	.....	.....
	Sheikpoora	Ditto ..	44,107		33,107	3,624	719	3,166	1,946	9,455	.....	.. ..
		Total ...	2,67,107	2,67,107	2,38,071	39,594	9,844	35,970	8,221	93,629	..	.....

H. J. NEWBERY,
Officiating Collector.

Progress Report of Relief Works actually open during the Fortnight ending 27th June 1874.

Names of Roads.	Progress in marking out.	Progress in opening out relief work.	Number of Laborers during the Fortnight.				Supply of food thereat, or quantity of Government grain sold.	Condition of laborers.	Mode of payment.	Rate of wages.	Arrangement for tools.	Amount of disbursement during the fortnight.
			Class I.	Class IIA.	Class IIB.	Total.						
												Rs. A. P.
Monghyr sub-division—												
Patna road	2nd to 21st mile.	In 13 places ...	5,461	.....	53	5,514	Rice, mds. 78-13 for Rs. 261.	Good ...	Contract labor every second day, and daily labor daily.	Earth-work Rs. 1-9 per 1,000 cubic feet dressing and turfing slopes; 12 annas to Rs. 1-4 according to carriage of soils; coolies 1 anna 6 pie, women 1 anna, children 9 pie.	Supplied by Government.	518 7 6
Bhagulpore road	6 miles ...	In 1 place ...	1,501	1,576	1,102	3,979	Rice, mds. 106-12½ for Rs. 271-6-6.	Ditto ...	Daily labor daily, and contractors twice a week.	Earth-work Rs. 1-9 per 1,000 cubic feet, daily laborer 1 anna 6 pie, women 1 anna children 6 pie.	Ditto	715 14 3
Bukhtiarpore to Bhootia ...	8½ miles ...	Ditto ...	229	327	366	1,072	Nil	Most of the coolies are weak, and their constitutions are shattered.	Daily	At Rs. 1-9 per 1,000 cubic feet.	Ditto ...	214 1 0
Balkur to Rosrah ...	No works going on.		.....	....	65	65	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	47 11 6
Burrarpore road ...	1st to 3rd mile	In 4 places ...	86	157	77	320	Rice, mds. 19-28 for Rs. 67.	Good ...	Daily laborers daily, and contractors thrice a week.	Men 2 annas, women 1 anna, contractors Rs. 2-8 per 1,000 cubic feet.	Ditto	47 0 0
Kujrah road ...	Petty repairs being done only.		.....				.....	.....	.....	.....	....	3 9 3
Begoo Seral sub-division—												
Turhoot road ...	27 miles ...	In 9 places ...	6,428	.....	178	6,606	Rice, mds. 37 2-12 for Rs 92-10-9; Burma rice, mds. 140 for Rs. 350.	Good ...	Daily laborers daily, and contractors every second day.	Daily laborers 2 annas, and contractors 3 annas 6 pie, and somewhere more, according to distance to carry.	Ditto ..	623 15 0
Jamooee sub-division—												
Gyrick road, 1st section ..	8 miles ...	In 1 place ...	499	.....	.....	499	Burma rice, mds. 14 for Rs. 35.	Ditto ..	Daily laborers daily, and contractors thrice a week.	Daily laborers 2 annas, contractors at 1 anna 2 pie; turfing Rs. 1-8, sloping Rs 1-4 per 1,000 cubic feet.	Ditto ...	556 11 9
Ditto, 2nd ditto ...	9 miles ...	In 1 place ...	2,130	.....	373	2,503	Rice, mds. 49-1-13½ ...	Half of the number good.	Daily laborers daily, and contractors once a week.	Contractor, Rs. 2, men 1 anna 6 pie, women 1 anna, children 9 pie.	Ditto ...	
Sheikpoora to Secundra ..	8 miles ...	In 2 places ...	1,223	296	1,004	2,522	Rs. 106-12-0 Rice, mds 9-6 4 for Rs. 21-12.	Healthy .	Daily laborers daily, and contractors thrice a week.	Earth-work Rs. 2, dressing Re. 1 turfing Rs 1-4 per 1,000 cubic feet.	Ditto ..	327 6 0
Charecharee Ghát	No work going on		285	.....	.....	285	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	42 0 0

Names of Roads.	Progress in marking out.	Progress in opening out relief work.	Number of laborers during the fortnight. Class I	Class II A.	Class II B.	Total.	Supply of food thereat, or quantity of Government grain sold.	Condition of laborers.	Mode of payment.	Rate of wages.	Arrangement for tools.	Amount of disbursement during the fortnight.
Secundra to Jamoocee	12 miles ...	In 2 places ...	1,758	1,283	111	3,152	Nil	Good ...	Daily laborers daily, and contractors twice a week.	Earthwork, Rs. 2 per 1,000 cube feet.	Supplied by Government.	Rs. A. P. 400 8 0
Mullepore to ditto	2 miles ...	In 1 place ..	410	.....	2	412	.....					30 12 6
Ditto to Gungta	24 miles ...	In 3 places ...	1,216	.....	38	1,254	Orissa rice, mds. 87-22-8 for Rs. 177-1-16.					215 2 9
Jamoocee to Luckiserai ...	4 miles ..	In 1 place ...	855	.....	52	907	No grain	Do. ...	Ditto ditto thrice a week.	Daily men 3 annas, earthwork Rs. 1-7 per 1,000 cubic feet; dressing, Rs. 1-4, and turfing Rs 1-8.	Ditto ...	126 14 3
Secundra to ditto	9 miles ...	In 2 places ...	5,979	.....	577	6,556	Rice, mds. 69-16-15 for Rs. 176-13-6.	Do. ...	Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto ...		1,031 13 9
Nowada road	4 miles ...	In 1 place ...	4,534	.....	17	4,551	Rice, mds. 28-5 for Rs. 75-0-9.	Healthy ...	Ditto ditto twice a week.	Earth-work Rs. 2 per 1,000 cubic feet, dressing Re. 1 per chain, turfing Rs. 1-4 per 1,000 cubic feet.	Ditto ...	413 15 6
Transport roads	.....	.....	1,597	.....	571	2,168	Rice, mds. 14-3 for Rs. 1-2-11.	.....	.....	.. ..	.....	250 2 9
Bukhtiarpore to Chokley Ghât	.....	.....	1,998	28	.....	1,126	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Petty works	.....	.....	346	.....	....	346	Rs. As. P.	... .	... .	.....	.....	62 15 6
			35,429	3,866	4,529	43,823	1,595 12 9				Total ...	5,969 0 9
Add grain sold in 1st week ...	.....	.....	.. ...	.. ..	.....	... .	2,714 8 0				Establishment	1,950 8 6
							4,310 4 9				Tools and plant	3 6 0
											Contingencies	19 12 3
											Grand Total ...	7,942 11 6

N. B.—There are 69 brahmuns, 103 rajpoots, 1,379 weavers, 170 oilmen, 123 potters, 55 barbers, 8 haloways, 20 kalwars, 338 shoemakers, 77 washermen, 17 banealis.

	Rs. A. P.
Non laboring class is above 2 per cent.—	
Total expenditure in work	5,969 0 9
Deduct grain issued	4,310 4 9
Detail of cash payments during the fortnight	1,658 12 0

From this office—	Rs. A. P.	
Jamoocee road	43 6 3	
Patna road	31 13 0	
Repair to district road	15 8 0	
Transport road for price of jhowrah	124 15 9	
Bhagulpore road for metal	330 6 9	515 8 9
Total Rs. ...		1,114 8 3

This includes charges of all kinds in cash in accounts of cashier.

RAM RUTTUN MOJOOMDAR,
Assistant Engineer, in Executive charge,
Monghyr District.

No. 678—S.R., dated Bhagulpore, the 1st July 1874.

From—V. T. TAYLOR, Esq., Collector of Bhagulpore,

To—The Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

I HAVE the honor to submit the 16th fortnightly narrative for this district.

A.—STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

2. The past fortnight has been one of constant rain throughout the district, and a week of fine weather, of which at present, there appears but little prospect, is very desirable, especially for the Indian-corn, though up to date no harm has been done to that, or any other crop. Ploughing, sowing, and transplanting of paddy has been, and is being, most energetically carried on, and the general prospects could not possibly be brighter than they are at the present time.

3. The total rainfall of each sub-division from the commencement of the year to the 27th instant is given below; that for head-quarters is to the 30th June; the figures for Muddehpoora are, I think, a little under the mark, as the returns for a week or two are not forthcoming. The figures from the 1st January to 30th June 1873 are also given for comparison, and it may be mentioned that the total rainfall of the whole of 1873 was not much more than 28 inches.

	1874	1873 to 30th June.
Head-quarters	21·28	6·58
Banka	17·54	8·58
Muddehpoora	13·78	8·59
Soopool	18·27	7·37

4. There is but little to say regarding grain-supplies or prices generally. The supplies are unaltered, and the tendency of the prices is to fall, certainly not to rise.

5. The following statement will show the difference in prices this year and at the corresponding period of the year 1866; it will also be seen that common rice is cheaper now than when the last fortnightly was submitted:—

	Rice (common)		Pulses.		Indian-corn.		Wheat.	
	1866.	1874.	1866.	1874.	1866.	1874.	1866.	1874.
	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.
Soopool	..	9 14	...	...	...	12 10	...	11 0
Muddehpoora	...	14 0	...	...	...	15 0	...	11 0
Banka	..	11 4	...	...	...	13 8	...	12 8
Head-quarters	9 7½	11 6	10 1½	17 0	...	15 2	11 6	14 8

6. The general condition of the people throughout the district has improved, and is still daily improving. The Banka officer remarks, from his own personal knowledge and the reports he has received, his whole sub-division is in every respect in good condition, and there have been no cases of grain-theft during the fortnight. The Soopool officer writes—"Opinions differ as to any change in the general condition of the people, but the general opinion (in which I concur) appears to be that on the whole there has been a marked improvement, as indeed there well might be after the liberal relief of all kinds that has been afforded." Of this marked improvement I have no doubt, knowing what I personally saw when in the north at the beginning of June. In the diary of Mr. Fanshawe, an exceedingly promising officer, who has been working right well, the following remarks are entered:—"The condition of mature people below 50 is always better, but that of old persons and children by no means in every case shows improvement." And again, referring to the eastern portion of the Soopool circle, he says—"The condition of the people on this side is immensely improved;" and again "the condition of the people has improved in so marked a manner in all the villages, that I have not only struck off many names, but reduced the amounts given, and that while giving the full necessary relief to each person." Under date 23rd June, he says—"I visited the Soopool tank yesterday with Mr. King, some 600 people were at work on it, whose condition is of the best." Again, referring to Chandail, south-west of Soopool circle, he says—"I was immensely pleased to see the improved condition of the people generally." Mr. Dennys, relief superintendent of Narradigur, makes very similar remarks:—"I may say the state of the people is much improved, and their progress is now very steady for the better;" and again "the crowds of faces I see daily convince me that our relief measures are at present sufficient to meet the requirements of the circle;" and he also remarks "I think distress may be described as being now at the turning point." It is a matter for great thankfulness to think that the condition of the people is really so good. There is no doubt the spirits of the people generally have been greatly raised by the present good prospects of the crops. A few bright days would be invaluable for the bhadoi crops.

7. The statement of cases against property for June will be sent with the next fortnightly.

B.—Relief Works.

8. I annex the usual statement showing the progress of the relief works during the fortnight, and the work done by the Durbhunga Court of Wards, as also the information called for in Government Circular No. 144—F, dated the 5th May, as far as I have got the information.

9. The numbers show a considerable reduction. It is quite clear from the reports received that these works in no way interfere with the agricultural operations so far; cultivation is being carried on, notwithstanding, in a way rarely seen at this season of the year, and the time for transplanting the aghani rice crop has hardly yet arrived, by the time it does, road-work will be almost impossible.

C.—Transport of Grain.

10. The exports and imports at the Bhagulpore station were, during the fortnight, 9,795 maunds and 27,260 maunds, respectively; of the former, 15,691 were wheat and 7,600 gram for Howrah, 181 maunds wheat for Burdwan, and 323 maunds rice up for Benares; of the latter, 16,005 maunds were wheat, and 10,755 maunds were gram from all sorts of places far up-country, 440 maunds were jowar, also from up-country. There is but little traffic at the other stations.

11. There is no private importation of any kind to the north of the Ganges, as far as I can ascertain.

D.—Storage of Government Grain.

12. There is nothing further to remark upon under this head for the past fortnight.

E.—Advances to Private Parties.

13. Advances made to zemindars for the purpose of helping their ryots, under Government Circular No. 4020, dated 18th December 1873:—

Name of Applicant.	Profession.	Residence.	Amount.	Date of sanction.	By whom sanctioned.
Mr. A. Christian	Planter ..	Patterghat ...	Rs. 1,000 in rice ..	15th June 1874 ...	Collector.
Thakoor Mun Singh	Zemindar ...	Sookhpore ...	„ 4,000 in grain	No 5510-SR, dated 23rd June 1874.	Commissioner.
Heerungurb Narain Singh ...	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	„ 3,400 „ ...	No. 5509-SR, da ed 23rd June 1874.	Ditto.
Kirut Narain Singh	Ditto ...	Deshud ...	Mds. 200 of rice...	20th June 1874 ...	Collector.
Rajbullub Singh	Ditto ...	Tetree ...	„ 300 „ ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
Khub Lall Sahoo	Ditto ...	Kushur ...	Rs. 500 in grain ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
Gopal Chund Sahoo	Ditto ...	Shewanipore..	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.
Girdhari Singh ...	Ditto ..	Supha ...	Rs. 300 in grain...	3rd June 1874 ...	Ditto.
Tirlok Narain Singh ..	Ditto ...	Ryerbunna ...	„ 500 „ ..	Ditto ...	Ditto.
Baboonu Singh and Laljeet Singh	Ditto ...	Purnurma ...	„ 1,500 in rice .	Ditto ...	Ditto.
Balajeet Singh	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	„ 150 worth seed grain. „ 200 in rice ...	Ditto .	Ditto
Laljeet Singh	Ditto ...	Patchgachia	Mds. 500 of rice .. „ 50 seed-grain	Ditto ...	Ditto.
Ramgopal Singh	Ditto ..	Munganje ...	Rs. 2,100 in grain	No. 5531-SR, dated 24th June 1874.	Commissioner.
Mr. P. Duff	Ditto ...	Simra Factory	„ 3,500 „ ...	No. 5532-SR, dated 24th June 1874.	Ditto.

F.—Charitable Relief.

14. The statements annexed show what has been done towards disposal of the grain. Some few golahs, it will be seen, are behindhand with the information; for these 20,000 may be safely estimated. The statement shows a sale to the public in the Soopool sub-division up to the 24th June of 1,17,645 maunds, and a total disposal of some 2,09,832 maunds, out of an original allotment of 5,66,000, and of actual storage, not calculating loss of weight, of 5,40,512. The Muddehpoora return is complete up to the 20th June, and shows a total sale to the public of 25,741 maunds, out of a nominal allotment of 1,65,979, and of actual storage, not calculating loss of weight, of 1,68,980 maunds. I need only repeat that these sales have been of very great benefit to the people generally, and has proved one of the best forms of relief. The fortnightly estimate of grain expenditure has been slightly exceeded in both sub-divisions, and I have little doubt that 1½ lakhs more will be disposed of during the month of July; but, if the present prospects are not marred, the end of August will, I am certain, show a very material decrease in applications for assistance of any kind, and the sales will be next to nothing.

15. Up to the 20th June some 5,055 maunds of seed-grain have been given out as advances, and sales of it are going on at Ekar, Bongong, Nowabakur, and Soopool, and about 1,000 maunds have been thus disposed of. "Many bags (as mentioned by me in my last fortnightly)" Mr. Kirkwood writes "unfortunately contain several sorts of paddy indiscriminately mixed, and these are regarded with much disfavor." Mr. Dennys reports an increasing demand for seed in Narradigur, and additional supplies have been sent to him at Nowabakar.

16. Mr. Kirkwood also reports as follows, regarding advances generally:—"Up to the 20th June the figures were 7,133 ryots, for issue to whom orders for 24 934 maunds of grain had been given; up to the same date orders had been given to 57 zemindars for 26,589 maunds of grain for distribution to the ryots as advances, making a total of 51,553 maunds

of grain, *of* which 4,591 maunds were seed-grain. Since that date information has reached me, in some cases up to the 24th, in some to the 27th. During these few days orders for advances have been issued to 1,956 ryots for 349 maunds seed-grain and 6,309 maunds rice. During the same time orders for advances were issued to 4 zemindars for 115 maunds seed-grain and 1,050 maunds rice; this increases the total to 9,089 ryots receiving 31,622 maunds of grain, of which 1,039 maunds were seed-grain, and 61 zemindars receiving 27,754 maunds of grain, of which 4,016 maunds were seed-grain. Thus total grain advances were 59,376 maunds, of which 5,055 maunds were seed-grain." Mr. Kirkwood adds—"There are 14 villages in the Narradigur circle in which we shall have to make advances, and will be enquired into during the current week." The zemindars are said to be generally behaving very well to their ryots, and making large advances; the most notable exception, Mr. Kirkwood remarks, is Dhunput Singh, zemindar of pergunnah Harrawuth, who has done nothing whatever for his tenantry. But I believe nearly the whole of that gentleman's estates in this country are leased out in *putnees*.

17. In the matter of house-to-house relief, Mr. Kirkwood submits the following figures:—

	Maunds.
Ekar	6,679
Narradigur	16,225
Soopool	4,679
Bongong	1,446
Bhowanipore	635
Kamp	910
Bhulooa	1,000
Simrahi	4,000
	85,574, as against 33,330 the previous fortnight.

18. *Cooked food relief.*—The following figures are also given by Mr. Kirkwood:—

	Men.	Women.	Children.	
Soopool hospital	14	8	8	
Soopool poor-house	9	19	30	
Bongong ditto	23	16	12	
Patchgachia ditto	27	37	37	
Ekar	13	27	84	
Nowhatta (closed on 16th June)	8	12	20	
Simrahi hospital	19	9	12	
Simrahi poor-house	14	32	14	
Bhulooa	17	26	21	
Nathpore	6	9	13	
Muddehpoora	13	18	19	
Bhowanipore	24	42	7	
Kamp	3	10	2	
	190	265	229	Total 684.

as against 945 in the previous fortnight, a very satisfactory decrease.

The only "centres" now open are Bhaptiahi and Dighia, in Narradigur, though I think these will by this time have both been closed.

19. Fresh supplies of cotton have been received. The numbers on this relief are thus shown for the fortnight by Mr. Kirkwood:—

	Spinning.	Weaving.		Spinning.	Weaving.
Soopool	78	32	Burgaon ..	311	56
Hurdi	119	17	Semani	107	6
Rutowle	134	5	Bhulooa	408	212
Chundail	173	6	Kamp	182	42
Sookhpore ..	121	..	Bhowanipore ..	582	82
Bongong	462	36	Narradigur ..	600	40
Muheshi	10	..	Simrahi	300	50
Patchgachia ..	384	27		4,002	693
Ekar	31	44			
Nohotha	..	38			

as against 5,465 of the previous fortnight. The falling off is attributed by Mr. Kirkwood to short supply of cotton.

20. General abstract of relief for the fortnight:—

Private works	3,000	Spinning and weaving ..	4,695
Circle and light labor ..	9,761		
House-to-house relief ..	35,574		53,714
Cooked food	684		

as against 60,124 of last fortnight, the reduction being under the headings of private works, cooked-food, and spinning.

21. Mr. Smith expresses regret at not having been able to show figures in detail of expenditure in relief under the various headings, as he has been fully employed with the Special Accountant-General during the fortnight; but he is now engaged upon them, and I hope they will soon be ready in a complete form.

G.—FINANCIAL RESULTS OF THE FORTNIGHT.

				Rs.	A.	P.
Total expenditure from the district and sub-divisional treasury, as shown in the last narrative				6,83,443	0	2½
Detail of the above total.						
On disbursement to the District Engineer for relief works	1,88,000	0	0			
Deputy Collector of Muddehpoora ...	100	0	0			
On disbursement to officers in charge of transport arrangements	2,99,918	0	2½*			
On disbursement to Deputy Collector of Muddehpoora for construction of golah ...	6,000	0	0			
On account of advances made to trustworthy residents for purchase of food-grain ...	70,400	0	0			
Ditto to traders for purchase of grain ...	1,600	0	0			
To Bhagulpore Municipality	5,000	0	0			
Advances made to zemindars and others for land improvement	7,625	0	0			
Advances to ditto for helping their ryots ...	1,03,900	0	0			
				6,83,443	0	2½
On disbursement to officers in charge of transport arrangements	...			1,00,312	12	5
Through Nazir	20	0	0			
„ Deputy Collector of Muddehpoora ...	144	11	8			
„ Mr. Durand	148	0	9			
„ Deputy Collector of Soopool ...	1,00,000	0	0			
Total ...	1,00,312	12	5			
Grand total to end of fortnight ...	.....			7,83,755	12	7½

* Through Nazir	14,996	9	4
„ Deputy Collector of Banka	678	7	0
„ „ „ Muddehpoora	11,958	1	0
„ „ „ Soopool	17,900	0	0
„ Mr. Hennessy	5,665	15	6
„ „ „ as contractor...	1,89,127	0	1½
„ H. M. Durand, Esq.	18,150	0	0
„ „ „ for carters	177	2	6
„ Mr. Hensley	5,000	0	0
„ Baboo Puran Chunder Neogee, Deputy Collector	19,084	15	3
„ Major Gordon, District Superintendent of Police, for contractor, Baboo Radha Churn Gangooly	15,000	0	0
„ Captain Conolly	468	8	0
„ Mr. Meredith	109	10	0
„ „ Inman, Government grain officer, Jugdischuck	155	0	0
„ „ H. Bull, contractor	8,000	0	0
Paid railway freight for packages of weights and scales sent from Calcutta	37	11	0
Ditto for 28 bales of small bags sent from Alipore	70	2	0
Ditto of 100 bags of rice rebooked to Pointee	112	15	0
Cost of 50 tarpaulins purchased of Messrs. Gillanders, Arbuthnot & Co.	3,221	4	6
Total ...	2,99,918	0	2½

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the District of Bhagulpore on the dates nearest to the 27th June 1874 for which returns may be available.

1	2	3	4	5		6	7	8	9	10	11
				Total quantity of Government grain consumed up to date.							
NAME OF CIRCLE.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	By sale to the public or to laborers.		By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advance to ryots.	By payments in kind to laborers.	Total.	Estimated grain expenditure of ensuing fortnight.	REMARKS.
		Mds.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C. Public	Mds. S. C. Laborers.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds.	
SUDDER SUB-DIVISION.											
Peerpointee	27th June 1874 ...	.....	1,896 0 0	1,435 12 8	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,435 12 8	200	
Purmaskurpore	....	1,000	1,000 0 0	750 0 0	232 2 8	.....	.....	.....	982 2 8*	.....	* All sold, deficiency in weight.
		1,000	2,896 0 0	2,185 12 8	232 2 8	.....	.....	.....	2,417 15 0	200	
BANKA SUB-DIVISION.											
Kutoriah	27th June 1874 ...	4,727	4,727 0 0	2,408 35 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,408 35 0	1,000	
Dhorya	20th ditto ...	2,250	2,250 0 0	1,306 34 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,306 34 0	300	
		6,977	6,977 0 0	3,715 29 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,715 29 0	1,300	
MUDDEHPOORA SUB-DIVISION.											
Kamp Circle.											
Kamp	All up to 20th June 1874.	50,000	50,000 0 0	1,685 26 0	.....	521 10 0	36 6 30	376 0 0	6,189 26 0	3,000	
Sonebursa		13,365	13,365 10 0	1,360 18 12	.....	6 2 0	265 35 0	625 37 0	2,268 12 12	300	
Patturghaut		2,614	2,614 0 0	.....	.....	41 5 0	.....	169 19 0	210 24 0	100	
Byjnauthpore		15,000	15,000 0 0	1,546 35 0	.....	15 30 0	566 4 0	902 30 0	3,031 28 0	1,000	
		80,979	83,979 10 0	4,592 39 12	.....	584 16 0	4,468 29 0	2,074 6 0	11,690 10 12	4,400	
Bhowanipore Circle.											
Bhowanipore		25,000	25,000 20 0	3,039 25 4	.....	210 1 0	309 0 0	726 28 0	4,285 14 4	600	
Muddehpoora		50,000	50,000 30 0	7,799 23 0	.....	.....	99 0 0	389 1 0	8,287 24 0	1,500	
Lalpore		10,000	10,000 0 0	1,256 24 0	.....	28 18 0	.....	194 22 4	1,479 24 0	400	
Total	....	85,000	85,001 10 0	12,095 32 4	.....	238 19 0	408 0 0	1,310 11 0	14,053 22 4	2,500	
Grand Total	....	1,73,856	1,78,452 10 0	22,589 33 8	232 2 8	823 35 0	4,846 29 0	3,384 17 0	31,875 37 0	8,400	

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the District of Bhagulpore on the dates nearest to the 27th June 1874 for which returns may be available.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Name of Circle.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	Total quantity of Government grain consumed up to date. By sale to public or to laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots or to zemindars.	By payment in kind to laborers	Total.	Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight
		Maunds.	Maunds.	Maunds. Public.	Maunds. Laborers	Maunds.	Mds. Ryots. / Maunds. Zemindars.	Maunds.	Maunds.
Scopool Sub-Division.									
Scopool Circle.									
Scopool	June 24th	1,30,000	1,16,477	20,353	6,832	1,082	467 / 2,207	1,597	32,538
Chundail		10,000	10,219-10	3,068	2,094	464	150 / 341	654	6,766
Rotowlee		8,000	8,000	1,103	.....	365	... / 281	893	2,641
Hurdee		10,000	10,000	3,433	900	490	330 / 451	741	6,335
Total ...	... ...	1,58,000	1,44,689-10	27,952	9,826	2,391	947 / 2,280	3,884	48,280
Naradeegur Circle.									
Nowabakur	June 24th ...	30,000	30,000	12,456	1,193	3,580	... / 404	946	18,599
Dugmurrah	June 10th ...	30,000	30,000	5,199	.....	1,392	... /	626	7,417
Roshwar	June 17th ...	40,000	40,000	9,627	257	292	... /	1,206	11,381
Nurgo	June 24th ...	20,000	20,000	6,661	.....	919	... /	2,008	9,583
Total ...	... ...	1,20,000	1,20,000	33,943	1,450	6,183	... / 404	4,980	46,910
Simrahi and Bhaloea Circle.									
Peepra	June 24th	20,000	20,000	1,360	1,917	734	2,445 / 2,226	1,457	10,639
Partabgunge		30,000	30,000	7,048	130	317	2,795 / 1,142	869	12,301
Bhaloea		20,000	20,000-10	3,313	630	134	601 / 1,697	60	11,635
Simrahi		40,000	40,000	9,162	900	1,159	5,951 / 2,262	1,996	21,129
Nathpore		10,000	10,000	688	24	497	2,706 /	64	3,979
Bheemnuggur	June 17th ...	5,000	5,052	.....	.....	.....	84 / 38	241	363
Ryeli Dulgaon ...	June 24th ...	8,000	8,000	2	64	151	1,941 /	100	2,258
Total ...	... ...	1,33,000	1,33,052-10	27,063	3,865	2,992	16,523 / 7,365	4,486	62,294
Ekar and Bongaon Circle.									
Ekar	June 17th ..	60,000	51,086	10,964	4,575	931	313 /	936	17,739
Simani	June 24th	20,000	20,051-20	4,694	1,335	1,598	... / 75	216	7,906
Notha		10,000	10,250-10	1,240	3,100	624	6 /	165	5,135
Bongaon	June 10th ...	30,000	32,219	6,859	2,295	704	115 /	771	10,744
Burgaon	June 24th	20,000	14,379	3,366	735	163	... /	827	5,081
Patchgachia		5,000	4,789-10	.....	.....	616	32 /	537	1,185
Mohesh...		10,000	10,069-20	1,544	2,230	97	... /	5	4,566
Total ...	... ...	1,55,000	1,42,770-20	28,687	14,940	4,731	466 / 75	3,449	53,343
Court of Wards' Sub-Division.									
Naradigur Circle.									
Chandpeepur ...	... ...	12,000							
Bhuplihas	... ...	12,000	30,000	.....	.....	.....	... /	.....	.....
Burbura	... .	6,000							
Total ...	....	30,000	30,000	..	....	.....	... /	.....	.....
Grand Total ...	... ...	5,96,000	5,70,512	1,17,645	30,081	16,347	17,936 / 11,134	16,799	2,09,982 / 46,000

C.

Abstract Statement of Men, Women, and Children employed on Raj-Durbhunga works, in the District of Bhagulpore, during the 14 days ending Saturday, the 27th June 1874.

Name of Work.	Total number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Mean daily number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Number of persons employed on the last of the 14 days.				Remarks.
	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	
Moorley tank	477	603	127	1,207	68	86	18	172	71	89	23	183	
Kunowlee „	1,567	756	501	2,824	157	75	50	282	229	108	72	409	
Noorya road	1,450	710	111	2,271	242	118	18	378	75	23	.....	109	
Nosbakhur tank	401	225	113	739	134	75	37	246	249	95	64	399	Rate of wages paid for full work—
Bella road	150	50	.....	200	.....	.....	.....	.....	150	50	.....	200	To each man ... ... As. 1 P. 6 „ woman ... ... 1 0 „ child 0 9
Total number employed	4,045	2,344	852	7,241	601	354	123	1,078	765	367	159	1,291	

Progress Report of Famine Relief Works

Name of road and number on map	Progress in marking out relief works	Progress in opening relief works.	Number of Labourers employed						
			Class I.		Class II A.		Class II B.		Total.
			Average daily number.	Percentage.	Average daily number.	Percentage.	Average daily number.	Percentage.	
Scopool Sub-Division.									
Scopool to Bhoota, No 19 N .. .	16½ miles ..	Earth-work and dressing completed, turfing 5 miles in progress	485	100	.....	.....	.....	.....	485
Beila to Maiha, No. 20 N ..	10 miles ..	Earth-work 9 miles done; dressing in hand, turfing not commenced	185	93	... .	.	8	4	193
Nowhatta to Naharwar Ghât, No. 27 N	19 miles .. .	Earth-work 17½ miles done; dressing and turfing in hand.	433	100	.....		.. ..		433
Rujumpore bund, B	3½ miles ...	Completed and nearly all turfed.	207	100	...	. ..	..	..	207
Schingpore tank, No. 30 N	Being cleared and deepened	Completed ..	100	100	.....	..		.....	100
Nowhatta tank, No. 32 N	New tank, 1,000 × 500 feet	More than half finished	418	100	.....			.....	418
Ekar tank, No. 29 N . .	Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto ...	2,087	96	67	4	. ...		2,154
Imam tank, No. 33 N	Ditto ditto	700 × 500 × 6 done	773	100	.....	.....	...	... ..	773
Burmsur tank, No 28 N	Deepening and clearing and dressing bank.	Dressing bank in progress	356	100	.. .		. . ..	... ..	356
Scopool tank, No. 31 N	No information. ..		537	89	45	11	..	... ..	602
Chandail tank, No. 34 N . ..			1,965	100	...		....	.....	1,965
Rahoea tank	Work stopped by order of the Collector.								
Singhassur to Nathpore, 1st Sec., No. 10 N	The whole length marked out.	2,000 running feet turfing completed	234	84	43	16	.....	.....	277
Ditto ditto 2nd Sec.	.....	1,400 running feet turfing completed.	501	96	26	4	..	.....	617
Singhassur to Scopool, Nos. 16 and 17 N...	.....	2,000 running feet	656	93	55	8	.....	. ...	719
Peepra to Scopool, No. 15 N	... .	1,000 ditto ..	1,162	90	121	10	. ...	... .	1,283
Pertabgunge to Beerpore, No. 11 N ...	.....	1,000 ditto ...	423	85	73	15	.....	.....	496
Muddehpoora Sub-Division.									
Muddehpoora road, 3rd Section, No. 1 N	1 mile 2,537 running feet	22½ miles ...	133	100	... ..	... .	.....	.....	133
Muddehpoora to Shahpore	2,000 running fe t	3 miles × 100 feet ..	549	100	... ..	...	...	.....	549
Muddehpoora to Sookhassun, and Pathur Ghât.	No information received.								
Bongong to Phoolout	Not commenced.								
Sudder Sub-Division.									
Muddehpoora road, 1st Sec., No. 1 N	3½ miles ...	3½ miles	.....	.....	1	11	12	89	13
Milkee road, No. 8 N	6 miles ...	6 miles .	469	96	14	3	47	9	530

for the fortnight ending 27th June 1874.

Supply of Food thereat.			Condition of the laboring class and general features of the country.	Mode of payment.	Rate of wages.	Arrangement for tools.	Disbursement during the fortnight ending 27th June 1874.
From Bazar.	From Government moodie's shop.						
	Percentage.	Quantity. Mds. S. C.					
.....	98	161 22 10	Better than ordinary years. Grain of sorts available. Laborers come from an average distance of three miles, and then return to their homes for the night. Their general occupation, cultivation; piece-work system in force throughout on all the works; abundant rain-fall. Bhadoi crops sown, and laborers working in the fields in larger numbers than before.	Every 2nd or 3rd day.	Earth-work Re. 1-14 to Rs. 3-2-6 per 1,000 cubic feet. Turfing 12 annas to 14 annas per 1,000.	Government	467
10	90	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto	326
35	65	164 36 4	.....	.....	.....	Ditto	691
34	66	12 7 0	.....	.....	.....	Ditto	489
23	77	408 38 4	.....	.....	.....	Ditto	1,246
9	91	380 6 0	.....	.....	.....	Ditto	1,510
8	92	.....	.....	.....	.....	Ditto	993
7	93	124 6 3	.....	.....	.....	Ditto	353
6	94	135 7 0	Laborers in a very fair condition. Country well watered, and all available ground under cultivation.	Every evening	Rs. 2-13 to Rs. 4-1 per 1,000	Ditto	810
.....	All	628 30 8	Ditto ditto ...	Every 2nd day	Ditto ditto ...	Ditto	2,917
6	94	159 11 0	Condition same as last week but with better prospect. Abundant rain; less would be beneficial. Sub-Engineer remarks greater portion of laborers still adhered to the relief works as means of their support, and bettering their condition.	Every 2 or 3 days.	Earth-work Re. 1-4 to Rs. 2-4; dressing As. 9 to Re. 1-3 per 100 running feet; turfing Re. 1 per 1,000 superficial feet.	Ditto	465
7	93	268 38 11	Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ditto ...	Ditto	925
8	92	441 9 4	Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ditto ...	Ditto	1,194
4	96	559 28 9	Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ditto ...	Ditto	1,364
.....	All	261 5 0	Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ditto ...	Ditto	702
5	95	55 20 0	Good healthy, and strong: some of the laborers come from adjacent villages, others from long distances; cultivation in brisk progress; rain abundant. Bhadoi crops very promising.	Every other day.	Earth-work Re. 1-14 per 1,000.	Ditto	156 work closed.
.....	All	20 34 0	Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ditto ...	Ditto	467
All	Nil	Nil	Good generally: small-pox abated entirely; no Government rice available on this road; the matter was referred to Collector, who replied to obtain it from Lakemanpore store. The Overseer was instructed accordingly, and got all there was to have. The Collector was referred to again, who replied no grain available, and that it could be had cheaper in the bazar than Government could supply it.	From 2 to 4 times in the week.	Earth-work Re. 1-14 to Re. 2-4 per 1,000.	Greater portion from Government.	562
All	Nil	Nil	Ditto, ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ditto ...	Ditto	

Name of road and number on map	Progress in marking out relief works	Progress in opening relief works	Number of Laborers thereon.						
			Class I		Class IIA		Class IIB		Total
			Average daily number.	Percentage.	Average daily number.	Percentage	Average daily number.	Percentage.	
Peerpointee to Barahat, No 16 S .. .	3¼ miles laid out .	3¼ miles of the work and 2 miles surface dressing	121	63	72	37	Nil	Nil ...	193
Sultangunge road, first three miles, No 19 S	General repairs .		101	100	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil ..	101
Ghoosrad Mohima roads, No 135 ..	Work stopped until further orders								
Banka Sub-Division									
Bowsee road 1 S . .	Repairs completed								
Dhooria to Bowsee, No. 9 S ..	Completed .	14 miles	19	48	21	52	Nil	Nil ...	40
Dhooria to Mohima, No. 11 S ..	Ditto	4 miles ..	238	94	16	6	Nil ..	Nil ...	254
Katdoria to Simultollah, No 27 S	Ditto	Earth-work completed, and dressing 700 feet	117	98	1	1	1	1	119
Banka to Kutoora, No 26 S .. .	Ditto	Completed	219	99	1	1	Nil .	Nil ...	220
Bhagalpore to Umerpore, No. 2 S	Completed	Repairs 15 miles .	182	100	Nil .	Nil ..	Nil	Nil ..	182
Repairs to Bowsee roads	30 miles .	5 miles .	257	100	Nil	Nil .	Nil .	Nil ..	257
		Total	13,466	96	552	4	66	.....	13,084

BHAGULPORE,
The 2nd July 1874.

Supply of Food thereat.			Condition of the laboring class, and general features of the country.	Mode of payment.	Rate of wages.	Arrangement for tools.	Disbursement during the fortnight ending 27th June 1874.
From bazar.	From Government moodie's shop.						
	Percentage.	Quantity. Mds. S. C.					
All ...	Nil ...	Nil	Condition and prospect of country very good; daily labor is still much in force here. Strict orders again sent to be entirely stopped.	Twice a week...	Contract Rs. 1-12 to Rs. 2, per 1,000 cubic feet.	Partly Government ...	240
All ...	.....	.....	Good in every respect, work confined chiefly to repairs of bridges, and throwing in stones at foot of piles.	Petty contract	Contract Rs. 2-4, per 1,000 c. ft.	Government ...	99
30	70	.....	Good generally; abundant rainfall; cultivation in brisk progress.	Every other day.	Tank-work 8 annas per 1,000 cubic feet; dressing Re. 1-4 per 100 sq. feet.	Ditto ditto ...	45
30	70	.....	Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto ...	270
91	9	6 14 0	Good in every respect. Laborers now devote greater portion of the day to cultivation.	Thrice a week	Earthwork, Rs. 1-12 to 2-4 per 1000 c. feet.	Ditto ditto ...	178
97	3	Nil ...	Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ditto ...	Ditto ditto ...	226
All ...	Nil ...	Nil ...	Good in every respect. Work completed; no Government grain available, as no grain arrangement made here.	Petty contract	Earthwork, Rs. 2 per 1,000 c. ft.	Greater portion from Government.	211
.....	.....	.....	.....	Contract ...	.....	.....	300
13	87	4,364 34 5				Total ...	17,240

V. T. Taylor,
Collector.

No. 2200—F., dated the 1st July 1874.

From—W. KEMBLE, Esq., Magistrate and Collector of Purneah,
To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

I HAVE the honor to forward herewith my fortnightly narrative for the period ending the 27th June.

Fortnightly Report for the period ending 27th June 1874.

A.

The supply of grain in the bazar continues to improve.

The Deputy Collector of Arrareah reports that "the markets are now well supplied with grain, large quantities of which are brought from Purneah, coarse rice sells at 10 seers."

In Purneah bazar the price varies from 10 to 10½ seers the rupee, with a tendency to get cheaper; makai is coming into the market, and is selling at 20 seers for a rupee.

The market at Kissengunge is now supplied from the Purneah bazar, and from the advances of Government grain made to traders. Prices there have fallen to 10 seers for the rupee. Mr. Coles, who has taken the place of Mr. Meiklejohn at Bulrampore, reports that rice is there selling at 10 seers for a rupee.

Rainfall and state of the Country.

The rainfall during the week has been great, viz., 4·09 in Kissengunge, 5·96 in Arrareah, and 2·30 at the sudder station, making a total up to date of—

Sudder ...	17·87		Sudder ...	6·34	
Kissengunge ...	23·77	inches, being ...	Kissengunge ...	11·65	inches
Arrareah ...	26·29		Arrareah ...	16·29	

more than had been recorded on this date last year, when the recorded figures in the Gazette of July 2nd were—

Sudder ...	11·53	Arrareah ...	10·00
Kissengunge ...	12·12		

Last year between the 22nd and 28th June no rain at all fell in the Purneah or Bhagulpore districts. Complaints have been made that in some places the people have not been able to weed their fields, owing to the quantity of water in them; this, however, I look on merely as an ordinary farmer's grievance; no harm has yet been done.

Reports from all sides show that all the crops are excellent. Farming operations are in full swing everywhere. Mr. Carnac says—"There is at present a sixteen-anna crop everywhere in the sub-division, and the area of land under cultivation is, I hear, much larger than in ordinary years."

Mr. Gouldsbury says—"The crops promise not only a very abundant but also an early harvest,—in some places the dhan (bhadoi) being 3 feet high and proportionately thick."

In Dengra the early janeera is said to be ripe and fit to cut. In Arrareah in some villages they have had a bumper crop of cheena, which, it is said, will put them beyond want; and in pergunnah Sripore the murwa crop is good.

In Dhurrumpore, makai (Indian-corn) is coming on, Mr. McQueen says, by relays. The Indian-corn sent up by Government has been largely used for seed all over the district, and afforded much relief.

The condition of the people is improving; complaints have almost ceased. The strong and hearty find plenty of employment on the roads, or more generally in the fields, while the hospitals and relief-houses afford shelter and help to the sick and infirm.

There have been no more grain-robberies in the north, and the petty thefts reported, as shown in the annexed table, amount only to 31.

Concerning Bahadoorgunge, which in my last narrative I said was the worst part of the district, Mr. Carnac writes—"I have not been able to visit the south of Bahadoorgunge; in the north of Bahadoorgunge there is no great distress. I was at Bibigunge on a market-day, and there were some 3,000 people collected. I went through the throng of people, but could not pick out any case of particular distress.

Statement showing thefts of grain reported in the District of Purneah from 14th June to 27th June 1874.

Name of Station.	Number of cases reported	Worth of grain stolen. Rs.	A.	P.	
Bahadoorgunge ...	7	39	2	0	In one case value not given
Kalliagunge ..	10	122	15	0	In two cases value not given.
Gondwarah ...	1	56	0	0	
Muniharee ...	1	12	0	0	
Arrareah ...	3	6	0	0	
Bulrampore ...	2	1	11	5	
Kissengunge ...	1	2	0	0	
Raneegunge ...	2	6	13	0	
Motiharee ...	1	7	8	0	
Sudder ...	1	1	8	0	
Kudbah ...	1	10	0	0	
Dhumdaha ...	1	1	0	0	
Total ...	31	266	9	5	

B.

Mr. Cordner's return shows a great falling off in the number of laborers; the reduction is entirely owing to their being more profitably employed in their fields.

The total employed according to the return is 75,365, against 94,718 last fortnight; the daily average has fallen from 13,531 to 10,766. The reduction is general and uniform all over the district. Payments in grain have been instituted everywhere and still give satisfaction. The tokens have just arrived, and will be sent out immediately. On the relief officers' minor works the returns for the month show a daily average of 16,597 laborers. I have not fortnightly returns to compare with those of the last fortnight, when the returns showed 18,374. The reduction this fortnight must have been considerably more than 2,000. In Kissengunge sub-division the numbers of women and children on second-class works have decreased, while in Bahadoorgunge circle the number of works on which they are employed have increased; this is as it should be, as it is impossible for women and children in that circle, which is more subject to inundation than any other, to travel far for work.

As the demand for labor by cultivators is great, Mr. Carnac reports that in Kissengunge circle all able-bodied persons have been struck off from the works, and that some have been supplied with food, which, with advances of grain now given to employers of labor, will enable all able-bodied men to get employment in the fields. The same plan is also now adopted in Bahadoorgunge circle, where grain is now plentiful enough to allow of advances being made. In Kusba Amour Mr. Gouldsbury has reduced his works, and employs only women and children, whose condition is, he says, improving daily, as is also that of the people generally. Mr. Rattray reports that on his works principally women and children are employed; he has done good work on his roads, and could continue it on the high sandy land in his sub-division throughout the rainy season, if necessary; but measures similar to those adopted in Kissengunge will be enforced more strictly here.

C.

Transport work is now a matter of difficulty, especially in the Kissengunge sub-division, but I hope all the difficulties will be overcome by the sub-divisional and the circle officers.

Mr. Carnac reports:—"Every little nullah is now a serious obstacle; they (nullahs) are too broad to bridge quickly, and boats to be used as ferries cannot get up some of them. I have been trying to fill Bibigunge from Kulliagunge, but the difficulties are so great that the cartmen and owners of ponies can with difficulty be persuaded to go. Baboo Rojoninath has engaged 200 more ponies." He has made arrangements to send 500 ponies additional to Mr. Bertelsen to keep the supply in his Bahadoorgunge golahs. 2,000 maunds were, at the time of writing his last report, going to Khurkuri, and 2,000 maunds to Powakhali by boat. It has been found we must try and work boats up the Kankai River, which, owing to its strong current, was reported unnavigable by Lieutenant Gaselee. The route may be difficult, but it must be adopted.

The Dengrah golahs, from which all the despatches are now made, are reported in capital order, and the condition of the rice good. Mr. Bolst has left Dengrah, and is employed on the river as transport officer in charge of the Dinagepore allotment of 60,000 maunds, and also the additional 40,000 maunds ordered from Godagaree.

This extra 1,00,000 maunds will be allotted as follows:—

	Mds.
Kissengunge sub-division	50,000
Arrareah „	20,000
Bulrampore circle	10,000
Sudder „	10,000
Kusba Amour	10,000

In Arrareah Mr. Rattray has made contracts to bring up grain in boats from Dengrah, and is working 420 ponies, as well as carts, in distributing it. The extraordinarily heavy rain coming upon us just at the commencement of the rainy season was very trying. The arrangements are now, I hope, in working order, and boats are as plentiful at Dengrah as carts used to be at Caragolah.

The numbers of pack-ponies engaged and registered when Captain Anderson visited the circles, are as follow:—

	Working	Registered.	
Sudder	...	270	
Dengrah	350	..	
Kusba Amour	170	300	
Bulrampore	150	...	
Bahadoorgunge	510	250	
Kissengunge	540	400	
Arrareah	420	5	
Kudbah	600	400	
Total ...	2,740	1,625	
			4,365
Engaged since Captain Anderson's visit to Kissengunge ...		...	200
Grand Total ...		...	4,565

D.

I have nothing much to note under this head. The golahs are now in good repair; the first burst of the rains put them to a severe test, and did some damage, which has now been repaired. The minor golahs are all stocked; three new ones have been opened in Kulliagunge, at Dimptee, Bhatgaon, and Dhuntola.

E.

No advances were made during the fortnight.

F.

A copy of the district relief monthly return is herewith submitted. The last monthly return, with which it should be compared, is incorporated with my narrative for the week ending 30th May. It will be seen that the numbers relieved by cooked food have decreased, as have also the numbers on light-labor tickets, while the numbers receiving uncooked food and relief by village tickets have largely increased. The returns under these two heads have got mixed up; in fact, it is hard to make any difference, as all persons entitled to get relief have tickets, and the only difference between the two heads is whether one or more days' supply is given at a time.

The numbers relieved by spinning and weaving and other means, which includes basket-making, jungle-clearing, sewing up bags, making up nets, &c., continue much the same. Since Mr. Carnac joined as sub-divisional officer, the Kulleagunge thana has been put under Moulvie Abdul Majid, Sub-Deputy Collector, and made into a separate circle.

Sudder.—The sudder circle is now under Mr. Meiklejohn who, owing to ill-health, was obliged to leave Bulrampore, which has been made over to Lieutenant Coles. Here the numbers of women and children on the tank-work have been largely reduced. 15 days rations and a piece of cloth, generally that made by those who have received cotton and thread in advance from the relief officer, is given to the discharged persons, whose names and residences are noted.

Denarah.—Light-labour ticket-holders have almost disappeared, but the recipients of village relief have increased.

The minor golahs and sub-circles are here working well, and Lieutenant Thornton and Mr. Money are hard at work, sending supplies to more backward circles.

Kusba Amour.—Mr. Gouldsbury, I regret to say, has been laid up with bad fever. His monthly returns show a large number of persons on petty relief works who have now been discharged and otherwise relieved. Hauts and sales at minor golahs here work very well and smoothly.

Kudbah.—In this circle the work of relief is going on steadily, the numbers have increased during the month, but are, I hear, now falling.

Bulrampore.—Mr. Cole's 14 minor golahs are all stocked, and relief is distributed from them. Grain is brought up from the Mahanuddy by small boats to within about 1½ mile of Bulrampore, and from thence on ponies, more of which will be sent from Kudbah. The people here have good crops of vegetables and mangoes, and gladly buy and work for Government rice. All the persons in receipt of village tickets are entered in column 3 of the return.

Bahadoorgunge.—Mr. Bertelsen's great difficulty has been transport, but as the rivers fill this will disappear. He is very active in visiting his villages and in relieving all cases of urgent distress. In getting grain up the rivers by boats and across them on ponies, he has been working well.

Kissengunge.—Here there has been a large increase in the number of persons relieved by village tickets.

Arrareah.—The number of inmates of poor-houses have largely decreased, as have also the holders of light-labour tickets.

I submit a return of grain submitted by the relief officers, which shows a total allotment of 7,50,000 maunds. Up to date 2,93,902 maunds of grain have been disposed of. Besides this, according to last fortnight's figures, there were in the minor golahs 75,511 maunds, and 50,000 maunds have been sent to Julpigoree. This makes a total of 5,50,282 maunds. Out of the balance, amounting to 1,99,718 maunds, 1,00,000 maunds has not yet started, and more than 50,000 maunds are on the way between Maldah and Dengrah, and the rest is on its way from Dengrah to Government and minor golahs.

Taking the figures roughly, it may be said that our position as regards grain is this: 6,50,000 maunds have been sent to us, 1,00,000 maunds more is to come from Godagaree and South Dinagepore. We have sold one lakh, given away half a lakh, advanced to ryots one lakh, paid as wages half a lakh, sent to Julpigoree half a lakh, out of the balance of four lakhs; two lakhs could not till the recent rise of the rivers be pushed on to its destination, the other two lakhs is stored; this is sufficient to feed the (nearly) 670,000 persons for six weeks or two months, shown by the last returns to be on our hands, exclusive of the Department Public Works laborers, and to offer for sale to the public about 1,50,000 maunds; this they will take gladly, as in parts of Kissengunge and Bahadoorgunge, since supplies have ceased to come in from Julpigoree, the number of respectable people with money who seem dependent for their market-supplies on Government stores is enormous.

Statement showing the number of persons relieved by Roy Lutchmiput Singh, Bahadoor, at his Khas Zemindaries in the District of Purneah for the period ending Saturday, 27th June 1874.

Name of Relief Centre.	Relief by uncooked food.				Daily average.	Relief by cooked food.				Daily average.	Number of labourers employed.
	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.		Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.		
Hussunguge, including Khanoosh ..	114	1,595	155	1,864	133 14	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	321
Chowkie Nurgudda*	52	596	78	726	53	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Arrareah...	156	1,225	206	1,587	113·36	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Kudbah	105	457	106	668	46·28	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Purneah—											
Hindoos	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	304	109	124	537	38·36	237
Mahomedans	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	348	343	344	1,235	88 21	
Lutchmipore†	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	...	.....	... ..	.....		.....
Total ...	427	3,855	545	4,827	344·78	652	653	468	1,772	126·57	579
Total of Col. No. 3 ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	344·78	
										471·35	

* From the 1st of June to 27th June. | † Return not yet received.

Purneah,
The 29th June 1874.

Ram Chand Satiah,
Supdt., Agent for Roy Lutchmiput Singh, Bahadoor.

A Daily Register of Persons relieved each month in each Relief Circle for the month beginning 25th May and ending 24th June 1874, inclusive.

1	2		3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Name of Circle.	At Centres.		In poor-houses.	By village relief tickets.	By light-labor tickets.	By spinning.	By weaving.	By other means.	Total.
	By cooked food.	By uncooked food.							
Sudder	3,207	34,216	425	1,713	13,476	968	.....	.....	54,005
Dengrah	212	.....	170	3,904	2,077	227	269	1,092	7,951
Kusba Amour	.....	3,310	225	1,076	183,841	1,418	1,425	1,093	192,388
Kudbah	42	12,018	219	818	17,811	205	167	813	32,093
Bulrampore	2,307	25,163	...	.....	18,587	422	106	.....	46,585
Bahadoorgunge	.....	309	376	8,464	35,760	868	334	85	46,190
Kissengunge	.....	16,027	...	23,750	154,888	1,297	572	528	197,002
Arrareah	7,157	2,697	500	10,915	71,474	420	.....	128	93,291
Total ...	12,925	93,740	1,915	50,640	497,914	5,825	2,813	3,739	669,511

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the District of Purneah for the Fortnight ending Saturday, the 27th June 1874.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Name of Circle.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	Total quantity of grain consumed up to date.				
			By sale to the public or to D. P. W. laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots.	By payments in kind to laborers.	Total.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Sudder ... ... { As per last return	.....	.....	7,058	1,329	12,033	5,330	26,511
{ During the fortnight	71,000	10,091	1,383	884	.....	924	2,891
Dengrah ... ... { As per last return	.....	.....	7,944	772	10,288	885	19,889
{ During the fortnight	60,000	46,294	2,120	.....	5	457	2,582
Kusbah Amour ... { As per last return	.....	.....	3,923	1,750	7,460	4,890	22,507
{ During the fortnight	33,000	3,963	2,469	560	.....	1,141	4,170
Bulrampore ... { As per last return	.....	.....	14,488	1,430	30	849	30,347
{ During the fortnight	57,500	15,000	1,004	298	.....	431	1,733
Kudbah ... ... { As per last return	.....	.....	3,060	1,433	17,111	2,881	24,487
{ During the fortnight	62,000	21,529	455	103	...	813	1,333
Kissengunge ... { As per last return	.....	.....	9,336	1,124	1,319	5,944	17,714
{ During the fortnight	64,000	15,339	2,440	757	207	3,220	6,624
Bahadoorgunge .. { As per last return	.....	.....	14,911	3,317	2,263	7,343	28,834
{ During the fortnight	60,000	6,176	2,456	980	.....	3,467	6,903
Arrareah ... { As per last return	.....	.....	15,276	25,862	40,827	16,797	98,762
{ During the fortnight	86,300	7,869	1,925	2,733	2,044	804	6,806
(1) Kalliagunge During the fortnight	... ..	6,320	467	818	24	.....	600
Total ...	.....	.....	94,951	36,819	91,932	44,369	2,68,221
	5,09,600	1,50,849	14,709	7,195	2,280	11,427	35,611
Despatched for Maldah	1,50,000	.....	29,600	44,014	94,232	35,986	2,03,832
To be sent from Godagaree	1,00,000						
Total ...	7,59,600						

The figures in column 3 represent balance of stock in the Government golahs on the 13th June 1874, as per golahdars' returns.

Return of Sick and Infirm treated at the Poor-houses in the District of Purneah for the Fortnight ending 27th June 1874.

Names of Poor-houses.	Remained.	Admitted.	Total.	Cured.	Relieved.	Absconded.	Died.	Remaining.	
Kajanchi Hât	13	6	19	...	3	...	1	15	The deaths are due to—
Kadbah	10	51	61	53	...	...	...	8	
Bahadoorgunge	10	19	29	18	1	1	1	8	Ulcer . 3
Bulrampore	25	13	38	9	4	4	3	18	Fever ... 1
Dholbaja	19	28	47	31	...	...	1	15	Hæmorrhoids 1
Sunkurpore	30	83	113	84	...	...	...	29	Diarrhœa ... 1
Total	107	200	307	195	8	5	6	93	

G.—Financial Results of the Fortnight.

The expenditure reported last fortnight amounted to Rs. 7,58,981-11-4+18,024-7-11 =7,77,006-3-3:—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Village roads	10,468	0	0
District Engineer	1,80,000	0	0
Planters and others, for district road repairs ...	8,915	2	0
Purchase of tools and plant	5,351	2	6
Transport of grain	4,32,216	8	3
Construction of golahs	26,010	8	6
Advanced to residents for purchase of grain ...	70,225	0	0
Advanced to zemindars to assist their ryots ...	32,600	0	0
Advanced to Lieutenant W. Coles on account of pay ...	150	0	0
Office establishment	1,174	10	7
Office contingencies	2,363	6	9
Golah establishment	3,211	10	5
Advance for purchase of fodder	2,014	2	0
Advance for cart tracks	1,500	0	0
Deputation allowance of Mr. Baker	757	2	3
Construction of golahdar's house	48	14	0
Total ...	7,77,006	3	3

Expenditure during the Fortnight.

	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Transport of grain—						
Advanced to R. Money, Esq.	20,000	0	0			
„ H. Rattray, Esq.	2,000	0	0			
Payments to contractors on account of cart-hire for grain transport	1,698	1	10			
Purchase of iron-safe for use of transport officers	390	12	0			
				24,088	13	10
Construction of golahs—						
To the Superintendent of Jail, Purneah				69	13	3
Construction of golahdar's house				99	8	0
Office contingencies				157	2	6
Golah establishment				709	11	9
Golah contingencies				46	0	0
Total ...				25,171	1	4

W. Kemble,
Magistrate and Collector.

PURNEAH DISTRICT.

Progress Report of Famine Relief Works for the week ending Saturday, 20th June 1874.

Names of Roads.	Progress in marking out relief works.	Progress in opening works.	Number of laborers thereon.				Supply of food thereat.		Condition of laborers, and general feature of the country.	Mode of payment.	Rate of wages.	Arrangement of tools.	Disbursement during the week.
			Class I.	Class II A.	Class II B.	Total.	Amount of Government grain sold to laborers.	Proceeds of sale.					
							Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.					Rs. A. P.
No. 1, From Purneah to Kootgama.	The whole line of road, about 40 miles in length, has been fixed, and estimate in progress.	8 parties working.	4,659	.....	.....	4,659	283 12	707 8 0	Towards the close of the week the number of laborers on this road have decreased, owing to the heavy rain that has fallen, and many having left for work in the fields. The crops are everywhere looking excellent, and there is every prospect of a splendid harvest. The general condition of the people is good, and they appear more hopeful and contented than a few months ago.	The system of paying the laborers in grain in place of in cash has now been in force since the 23rd of May, and it is giving general satisfaction to the people on our works. In fact, I believe that if the option was now given to them to choose between grain and cash payments, the former would be almost universally preferred.	As there is a large quantity of Burmah rice in this district, we almost invariably indent for and use it; and in fixing the rates for day-labor and contract-work, one seer of rice is taken as equivalent to one anna, so that the rates remain the same as before, viz., earth-work according to the nature of the soil and height of bank, varies from 30 to 60 seers per 1,000 cubic feet, 30 to 40 seers are, however, the usual rates; anything above this being very exceptional. The rates for Class II A and B are as follows:— Seers. Class II A. Men ... ... 1½ Women ... ... 1 Class II B. Men ... ... 1 Women ... ... ¾ Child ... ... These rates are lower than the old cash rates, and have been reduced so as to correspond with those given on class works, in order that there may be no inducement for people to accept anything but contract work.	Every effort has been made to induce the laborers to bring their own tools, but it is to be regretted that this has not been attended with any very great success, and especially since we began to issue large quantities of Government tools to each of the works. When the works were first started, but very few Government tools were issued, and most of the laborers who came to our works brought their own. It was feared, however, that villagers were beginning to think that it was no use applying for work unless they brought kodals, so that, after a consultation with the Magistrate, tools were issued to each work; and now, as a rule, the laborers work with Government tools. These remarks only apply to the unprofessional laborers, as they and others, as a rule, have their own tools and bring them to the works.	707 8 0
No. 2, From Etwaree to Natapore.	The whole line, 26 miles in length, laid out and levelled, estimate in progress.	14 parties working.	29,283	1,827	.....	31,110	287 11	766 1 0	The number of laborers on this road have decreased considerably since last week, as many of them have been kept away by the heavy rain that has fallen, and others have left for the purpose of weeding in the fields. A few days' fine weather would be of advantage to admit of field-work being more rapidly carried on. The crops are looking well all over the north of the district, and there is every prospect of an abundant harvest.				766 1 0
No. 4, Kishengunge to Neakmurd.	The whole laid out and levelled, and estimate submitted for sanction.	2 parties working.	4,731	.....	.....	4,731	294 16	545 0 0	The heavy rain that has fallen, and the necessity of attending to their fields, have caused a considerable decrease in the number of laborers on this road. The crops are looking well in every direction, and the condition of the people is universally good.	The Sircar or Mohurir measures up the work done by each gang (our work being now universally carried on by contract), and gives a pay-order to the Duffadar for the amount of grain, according to the value of the work done. The Duffadar takes this pay-order to the nearest Government moodies' shop, and after receiving the grain distributes it to his gang.			545 0 0
No. 5, Dengra Ghât to Toorkelly.	The whole line has been laid out and levelled, and estimate submitted for sanction.	4 parties working.	4,831	.....	.....	4,831	511 22	1,364 2 1	There is a considerable decrease in the number of people at work on this road, as in some places the work was stopped for a few days in consequence of the heavy rain that fell during the week, and many of our laborers have given up road-work in order to attend to their fields. The crops look well, and there is every prospect of a good yield this year.				1,364 2 1

Names of Roads.	Progress in marking out relief works.	Progress in opening works.	Number of laborers thereon.				Supply of food thereat.		Condition of laborers, and general feature of the country.	Mode of payment.	Rate of wages.	Arrangement of tools.	Disbursement during the week.
			Class I.	Class II A.	Class II B.	Total.	Amount of Government grain sold to laborers.	Proceeds of sale.					
							Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.					Rs. A. P.
No. 6, Dangra Ghât to Bhopla Tajpore.	The whole line has been laid out and levelled, and estimate submitted for sanction.	4 parties working.	4,265	386	.....	4,651	299 24	798 15 9	The heavy rain that has lately fallen, and the necessity for the people to attend to their fields have caused a diminution in the number of laborers on this road, with the exception of a few employed in clearing jungle. All our laborers are on contract work. The crops are looking well, and the condition of the people is universally good.	.....	.....	.....	798 15 9
No. 7, Bulrampore to Tarapore.	The whole line has been laid out and levelled, and estimate submitted for sanction.	.....	12,138	860	.....	12,998	1,157 21	3,033 6 4	The number of laborers on this road have decreased since last report, owing to the heavy rain that has fallen. The crops are looking well. It is, however, reported that in some places the yield will not be plentiful in consequence of the fields not being properly weeded, as many of the poorer cultivators are not able to afford to pay a large number of laborers for this work.	.....	.....	.....	3,033 6 4
No. 8, Hurrinkhery to Maldah.	Line laid out, and estimate submitted for sanction.	Work can be taken in hand as soon as it is considered advisable to do so.											
No. 9, Kudbah to Barsoe.	The whole line has been laid out and levelled, and estimate submitted for sanction	2 parties at work.	2,204	.....	.....	2,204	367 19	979 12 9	During the last few weeks a great number of the laborers that were employed on this road have left for field-work. Most of the earth-work has been completed, and there only remains the dressing and grassing of the slopes. The crops are looking well in every direction, and the condition of the people in general is much improved.	.....	.....	.....	979 12 9
No. 16, Purneah to Kudbah.	The whole line has been laid out.	1 party	258	.....	.....	258	42 19	113 4 3	The laborers are rapidly leaving this road for work in the fields. The crops are looking well, and if they are properly weeded, there is almost a certainty of a good turn-out. The condition of the people is generally good.	.....	.....	.....	113 4 3
No. 23, Kishenganga to Bahadoorganga.	Line laid out and levelled, and estimate submitted for sanction.	1 party ...	1,572	.....	.....	1,572	36 28	97 13 10	The numbers at work on this road have slightly increased since last week. The earth-work is nearly completed, and in ten days more only the grassing and dressing will remain. The crops are looking well, and the condition of the people is generally good.	.....	.....	.....	97 13 10

No. 24. Titalya to Dinagepore frontier.	Repairs to the existing old road.	1 party ...	298	.....	.....	298	.....	.....	This work is simply repairing the old road, and is being carried on by a contractor.	.....	.....	.....	.....
No. 35. Maindernore to Saifgunge.	Repairs and embanking district roads.	1 party ...	174	.....	.....	174	10 36	29 1 0	This work is simply repairing the old district road.	.....	.....	.....	29 1 0
No. ½ Chowsagra to Bulrampore.	Line marked out, and estimate submitted for sanction.	2 parties...	3,300	.....	.....	3,300	125 30	335 6 0	Many of the laborers have left this road on account of the heavy rains, and in order to attend to the weeding of their fields. The crops are looking well, and there is every prospect of a good harvest.	.....	.....	.....	335 6 0
Bahadoorgunge to Tarabarry.	Line laid out, and estimate submitted for sanction.	1 party ...	4,579	.....	.....	4,579	91 35	245 0 0	The heavy rain that has fallen, and the necessity for the people to attend to their fields have caused a considerable diminution in the numbers on our works this week. The crops are looking well, and the general condition of the people is improved.	.....	.....	.....	245 0 0

R. A. CORDNER,
Executive Engineer, Purneah District.

No. 575—S.R., dated Doomka, the 1st July 1874.

From—J. Boxwell, Esq., Offg. Deputy Commissioner, Sonthal Pergunnahs,

To—The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Dept.

I have the honor to submit my narrative for the fortnight ending the 28th June.

2. My narrative is two days late. This time the sub-divisional officers are not in fault: but I only came back to Doomka yesterday, after a visit to meet the Commissioner at Jamtara yesterday week.

A.—State of the Country.

3. This fortnight is the first of the rains. It was critical in many ways, and the crisis has ended favorably.

The three dangers were absolute—want of food for the present season, want of water and food for cattle, and want of seed for next year's crops. The least of these dangers was bad enough to have been a great calamity if it fell heavily. Of the three, two have now absolutely passed away. The rain has come and has filled rivers and tanks. There is abundance of water and young grass everywhere; and cattle, though a little thinner, are in fair working condition, have not died in any unusual numbers, and have now plenty to eat and drink.

Farming operations are fairly advanced. Quite the usual quantity of janera and other bhadoi crops has been sown. A great deal of rice has been sown and some planted out. In fact it is now certain that there was no scarcity of seed in the district; that neither our relief works, nor want of cattle, nor want of food, nor any cause or combination of causes, has had any appreciable effect on cultivating, sowing, or planting, or any agricultural work in the district. Weather is perfect, and the prospects for next year are now as good as it is possible they could be.

The third danger, want of food for the present, it is not safe to say has been removed, although I don't believe in its existence. In six weeks we shall have the first of the new harvest; and every day for six weeks we shall be nearer to want than on the previous day. We don't know the quantity of grain in the country. We do know that store-keepers run up prices on every chance, and that the prices are very high in spite of all our imports. We also know that in most places even a small import of Government rice at once acts in bringing prices down two or three seers. It is impossible to believe that ample stores of seed-grain were in the country, and that there was little or nothing else. Therefore, though I cannot say that I know the third danger has been removed, I can say that I don't believe it exists. I now go on to particular heads.

No failure of food has been reported. Prices are still high, but, except in Rajmehal town, where the experiment has only been tried on a very small scale, they go down at once before an import of Government grain. I have just returned from a tour of about 20 miles radius with Phuljori mountain for the centre. I rode from Jarmundi to Deogarh, going slowly, and not keeping to the road.

The maize is from an inch to a foot high, and looks in excellent condition. Sowings were a little late because the rain was late in coming. The rains began about the usual time, the 15th of June, but the casual rain in May had not been enough to complete ploughing. Since the 15th we have had abundance of rain everywhere, alternating with odd hours of bright sunshine, most favorable for the young makai. Some people say a good deal more than the usual area has been sown with makai, and no one says less has been sown. A fair amount of dhan for transplanting has been sown, and a fair amount has been sown broadcast.

Ploughing was going on actively everywhere, as well as weeding and hoeing of makai.

This crop is further advanced in north-west Doomka and north-east Deogarh than anywhere else that I have seen.

The condition of the people is good everywhere; laborers are strong, both in the fields and on our works. I have visited Jamtara, Nala, and Kundahit in the last week, the three places where famine was supposed to have shewn itself at last. At Jamtara I had to transfer to piece-work a number of very fine, young women whose plea for *kaziri* was that they had no husbands. There were a few lepers and cripples hanging about, and one or two thin, old men and women, but no sign of general scarcity of food.

At Nala I saw about 80 miserable cripples getting fed. They would have been fit subjects for charity in any year.

At Kundahit people looked well, the town was full of women and children, and the golah surrounded by laborers coming to be paid as I rode in. There was no sign of want of food anywhere. I can understand why a great cry should have come up from Kundahit; and also why there should really be no famine in the country.

Kundahit is finely situated on high unbroken ground; it is largely inhabited by Bengalis, and the land all round the village is sown now with rice. There are a few tanks in and near

the town on the top of the hill; and now that we have cleaned and deepened them, they will hold a great deal of water; but last year many hundreds of beeghas of rice, depending altogether each field on its own rainfall, must have been lost from drought.

Generally the south-east of the district is extremely jungly, very much more so than I thought before I saw it. It is unusually well supplied with tanks and bunds, many old and many of this year's making. The cultivated land is almost always in hollows, which must retain a good deal of moisture down to a late period of even a very dry season. The small population has its pick and choice of a wide area for cultivation, and has the jungle to supplement tillage. Therefore I believe not only that there was no famine in Jamtara this year, but also that there could have been none.

But I believe that a great many cultivators in and about Kundahit suffered great loss; they did not choose their lands like the people farther west, but cleared a wide space of rather poor sandy soil and sowed it with dhan instead of janera. They had no way of watering it, and when the rain failed they were lost. It will be so again this and every year if the rain fails never so little.

From Jamtara to Doomka the makai has been sown. It is not so forward as between Jarmundi and Deogarh, but it is coming up well. Cultivators are a little nervous about the heavy rain. Young makai wants sunshine; and they think they have hardly had enough; but in eight days I counted up five which gave several hours each of hot sun. Three were either constantly wet or cloudy, and it rained heavily every night.

The sub-divisional reports are as satisfactory as my own observation. There is plenty of rain everywhere, with slight nervous anxiety that there may be a trifle too much. Every officer reports farming operations going on well. They might have said positively that the usual amount of seed had been sown up to date, but I take their reports to mean this. Mr. Grant says expressly that a larger area than usual is being sown with janera.

Mr. Wood says the alternate rain and sun is favorable for farming and growth, and that people who had kept no seed can get it by barter.

Mr. Stewart says crops are backward but good, and that there is nothing to complain of.

Mr. Wilmot says bhadoi crops are promising well; Indian-corn being hoed, and sathi dhan in first-rate condition. Crime is not unusually bad either in quantity or quality. The health of the people is excellent in Deogarh, and fair everywhere. Cholera is constantly breaking out on the borders, but it never spreads much or lasts long.

It is thus plain that our one anxiety is this. Is there enough grain in the country to feed the people for two months? Every day shews that there is more than was supposed previously. Mr. Wilmot and Mr. Hand have been very successful in making the mahajuns come to terms with their customers, as well as inducing landlords to make advances to their tenants. A considerable quantity of Government grain has been expended, most advantageously I think, in loans to zemindars and mustagirs. I myself believe that if we stopped all relief from to-day, a few old and weak people would die, and that every one would get hard terms from the mahajuns, but that there would not be anything like famine before the bhadoi crop is in. We have staved off distress in many places there is no doubt, and saved a good many lives possibly. From henceforth I have no fear of anything bad occurring beyond the spoiling of some rice in carrying it from places where it is not wanted to where it is.

B.—Relief Works.

4. Numbers of laborers are falling off everywhere; yesterday orders were passed to stop certain works, and no new works are being undertaken.

The tables give all required information about particular works.

The two questions which I need take up here are payment in grain, and piece-work *versus* daily labor. For some time the orders to pay in grain have been increasing in stringency and definiteness, and we have all been trying to obey them. Our works are spread much more generally over the district than our grain golahs. Our original grain allotment was not intended for payment of laborers. Quite lately I asked whether I was to indent for fresh grain to be able to pay all labour or not. The orders I got were "pay all labor in grain," and "indent for what you want." I have since seen the Commissioner, and still later had a letter from him. He gives me 3,000 maunds and directs me to take the rest from my Maldah contribution and my own stores. I am quite sure this arrangement will answer our purpose excellently; we shall have enough rice, and not too much, but it will be impossible to get it where it is wanted without a good deal of delay. If we had been ordered earlier to indent for grain for all works, or to stop all works when we had no grain, we could have obeyed implicitly; but I never got the latter order at all, and the former order only very lately, and with very great restrictions. I now go on to shew the results.

One of our greatest and best works is a bund near Katikund in the Daman. We never had any rice stored there. The crops in the neighbourhood were very good for the year. I started the work both because it was sure to be acceptable to the laborers, and because it was

sure to be so valuable in itself. But one of the results was a rise of price. I indented for 1,000 maunds for Katikund, and the Commissioner ordered me to find the 1,000 maunds in the district. This I can do quite easily, but Katikund is very far from any of my old golahs; and till the rice is landed there, I must either pay in coin or stop the work, which is nearly finished. I have never been ordered to stop it, and to do so would be simple madness.

Again, another of our best and most forward work is the road 40 miles long from Doomka to Jamtara, crossing the two largest rivers in the district, the More and the Ajay. This work has been going on for several months under the Executive Engineer. It was planned before we ever heard of a famine, and is indispensable. The line chosen for engineering reasons skirted the country we have lately been so anxious about—Kundahit, but did not run through it. The numbers of laborers was considerable, spread pretty evenly along the road. I have had rice at Jamtara since the middle of May; but not enough to spread over the road. I wanted it for Pabia, Nala, and Kundahit, and could only spare a little for the road. I had no rice at Doomka.

Another of our roads was from Doomka *viâ* Iarmundi to Deogarh, about 44 miles. I had no rice at either end of this road.

The great stores of rice were along the Godda and Barasat road, and in the Rajmehal Daman, and the sub-divisional officers have been paying for their works in grain for a considerable time. We have made a good many mistakes, and lost time in handing grain backwards and forwards between the civil officers and the Public Works Department, and have had some difficulties with moodees. These mistakes can't be excused. All we can do is to say they occurred, and that we are very sorry: but the great reason why payment in grain is not universal in the district is very simple, and has nothing to do with any mistake.

I chose most of my works early enough, and one or two were chosen for me. They were spread widely over the district.

My allotment of grain was made for me, not by me, and it was stored where the first signs of want appeared. Much of it was of course close alongside works, and all of it within reasonable distances; but many works were very far distant from any grain.

The district is well enclosed by railway. Seventeen stations are available for import of grain. Nearly all the worst parts of the district lay near railway stations; it is almost always much easier to get rice from Calcutta to any distressed part of the district than to move grain about in the district. This is the reason why I indented a few days ago for 33,000 maunds of rice and was quite satisfied with 18,000. It is all but certain that most of our relief works will have stopped before we can get the grain to them to pay laborers. As I have said before, early orders to indent for grain to pay all works, or late orders to stop all works where payment could not be made in grain, could have been implicitly obeyed.

A simple order to pay everywhere in grain must be interpreted *quam proxime*.

As to piece-work, it is all but universal; daily labor was lingering in Jamtara longer than anywhere else. The officers there now understand that they must put on piece-work every man and woman able to do it. Mr. Hand was inclined to let a very large number of stout young women, who said they had no husbands, work by the day. I made them take their choice between piece-work and none.

Mr. Wilmot has explained the rise of rates. He thought the long lead and hard cutting called for it.

I raised rates in two or three places in Nala and Kundahit this last week. One very high bund, even now holding a great quantity of water, wanted strengthening in the middle, where it is highest and weakest. I turned on a large gang to build a buttress bund and nearly doubled the rate. I am quite sure we understand the wishes of the Government, and are doing our best to carry them out. As I have said, agricultural operations are going on as well as if we had never had a man on relief works. We are letting workmen go every day, and are finishing off works that will spoil if simply stopped. Rates are raised only where the work is of such a kind that present rates are unfair.

From this day every effort will be made to curtail expenditure in every way.

C.—Transport of Grain.

5. We have had some trouble in getting grain across the country from both the loop and the chord line to Nala and Kundahit. Nala is only 16 miles from Jamtara; but the Adjai lies between. It is 45 from Saintia by Kundahit, Nagar and Soory. The 16 miles with the Adjai are about equal in difficulty to the 45, and some grain has been spoilt by wet. Carriage is also dearer, because men, cattle, and carts, have plenty of work in the fields.

I have just got 2,500 maunds from Saintia to Doomka with little loss.

D.—Storage.

6. I have nothing of importance to report.

E.—Advances of Money and Grain.

7. Rs. 1,350 have been advanced this fortnight. Mr. Wood has advanced about 9,000 maunds of grain to cultivators through their mustagirs in Sultanabad. Mr. Grant is advancing grain to villages in Godda. Mr. Hand has advanced the zemindar of Jamtara 2,000 maunds, and is prepared to make further advances.

F.—Charitable Relief.

8. Our charitable relief is of the smallest dimensions. There is little or nothing for any large committees. Messrs. Wood, Grant and Hand feed a few paupers every day; all that I have seen are lepers, blind, lame, and diseased. I should think the numbers will steadily increase for two months; after that we may throw them off.

G.—Financial Result.

9. Financial results are shown in tables.

List showing the Relief Works in the Sonthal Pergunnahs, and the average of daily laborers on each.

No.	Works.	Daily average.
	Rajmehal Sub-division.	
1	Sahebgunge to Burhait road	887·9
2	Madanshaye tank	25·9
3	Panchgurh bund	70·5
4	Balio or Jhamni bund	12·7
5	Simaljore bund	277·2
6	Hudduf road	421·4
7	Tinpahar „	326·8
8	Doodkhole bund	545·5
9	Shahabad „	90·6
10	Baromassia „	255·2
11	Khyrasole „	153·7
12	Futtehpore „	236·7
13	Kurunpore „	251·4
14	Soleband „	101·9
15	Bamundi „	127·2
16	Doodkhole road	110·2
17	Marapore bund	59·2
18	Burhait tank	187·6
19	Panjhi bund	60·
20	Bario tank	20·
21	Asgawan bund	125·
22	Pathra „	278·
23	Teyloi „	310·
24	Dumkeah bund	80·
25	Panchkatia „	170·
26	Daldali „	30·
27	Kadma „	65·
	Total ..	5,279·6
	Godda Sub-division.	
1	Godda and Barahat road	1,455·
2	Doi tank	39·4
3	Marrow tank	397·7
4	Hatbandha „	77·7
5	Godda „	914·2

GODDA SUB-DIVISION.—(*Contd.*)

No.	Works.	Daily average.
6	Ghutia tank	102·
7	Simra „	98·5
8	Kadua „	285·1
9	Lohandia	249·5
10	Pathorgama	316·7
11	Kobra bund	196·5
12	Dakatia „	33·5
13	Gumaria tank	20·
14	Lilatori bund	55·4
15	Babupore tank	246·7
16	Dhamsai „	72·2
17	Maheshpore „	144·1
18	Simra bund	57·1
19	Jamna „	115·
20	Belari „	132·2
21	Tilabad „	166·4
22	Mardia tank	115 2
23	Kasba tank	375·4
24	Pandaha „	131 2
25	Talberia „	132·7
26	Pathra bund	93·2
27	Bhora „	134·
28	Pathra village road	169·7
29	Gobra bund	31·2
30	Chiharbani	52·5
31	Gopalpur	73·
32	Amba bund	28·7
33	Haripur „	31·5
34	Banglia „	25·5
35	Bridge works	57·2
	Total ...	6,626·1

DEOGARH SUB-DIVISION.

1	Pathrol road	47·
2	Jessidi to Rohini road	81·4
3	Chihutia bund	29 2
4	Karankol „	34·5
5	Chotka „	38·8
6	Gopalpore „	86·8
7	Ratanpore „	24 3
8	Jamnia „	62 5
9	Piprapaje „	28·5
10	Ghidhni „	39·3
11	Jogia „	62·3
12	Panchrukhi „	26·5
13	Kutia „	30·
14	Anandpore „	3·
15	Baghor „	18·5
16	Rokti „	53·5
17	Gansaibady „	9·
18	Kusumba „	50·
19	Dharasigbad „	31·6
20	Modhudih „	21·1
21	Murgi „	30·3
	Total ...	808·1

FROM REVD. H. P. BOERRESON.

Works.	Daily average.
Tank in Benagaria	544
Tank in Thakruntola	378
Road from Benagarhia to Kalipator	650
Total ..	1,572
As per Executive Engineer's progress report	2,451

MEMORANDUM.

Doomka	1,572·
Deoghur	808·1
Godda	6,626·1
Rajmehal	5,279·6
As per Executive Engineer's progress report	2,451·
Total ..	16,736·8
Jamtara ..	6,819·
Grand Total ..	23,555·8

JAMTARA.

No.	Name of Circle.	Daily average.
Pubtia circle—		
1	Gaichand	80
2	Jamtara	85
3	Muchigurra	512
4	Dukinboheal	45
5	Kooruka	63
6	Lodna	151
7	Chakri	85
8	Majea	45
9	Panjonia	15
10	Kulpur	173
11	Sardal	47
12	Setalpur	51
13	Jealiore	89
14	Ektara	52
15	Kangoe	71
16	Upperbandha	155
17	Moorgatora	39
18	Ghate	12
19	Deojore	188
20	Nala	239
21	Dulheria	134
22	Patharghatta	117
23	Searkotta	214
24	Amlajori	133
25	Karya	77
26	Bindapather	71
27	Palajore	128
28	Paikuria	60
29	Goria	47
30	Mohanpore	79
	Total ..	3,257

No.	Name of Circle.	Daily average.
Kundahit circle—		
1	Kundahit	705
2	Bonkati	272
3	Khurian	448
4	Khajoori	270
5	Bagdohari	243
6	Road from Kundahit to Rajnagore	298
7	Amba	76
8	Afzulpore	120
	Total ..	2,432
Jamjoori circle—		
1	Jamjoori	249
2	Chowkandi	84
3	Jolai	240
4	Kalpokuria	169
5	Dhotona	168
6	Ashna	230
	Total ..	1,130
	Grand Total ..	6,819

Sonthal Pergunnahs District.

Price-current for the week ending 27th June 1874.

	Wheat.	Common rice	Bajra.	Maize.	Gram.
	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.
Doomka head-quarters	11	13	13	13	13
Jamtara	15	..	16	13	
Nonihât	12	9	..	14	12
Abjulpore	14	12½	..	14	14
Nulla	12	12	..	..	12
Deoghur sub-division ..	12	11	..	14	17
Kurron	12	13	..	10	13½
Rajmehal sub-division ..	14	9	..	..	15
Sahebgunge	14	13	17	17	16
Burhait	10	..	16	..	
Godda	8	..	12½	..	
Saronee	14	10	..	16	14

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the Sonthal Pergunnahs for the Fortnight ending 29th June 1874.

Name of Circle.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain in store, exclusive of grain transported to other districts.	Total quantity of grain consumed up to date.					Estimated grain receipts of the ensuing fortnight.	Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.	Remarks.
				By sale to laborers and the public.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advance to ryots.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.			
		Mds.	Mds. Srs. Chs	Mds. Srs. Chs	Mds. Srs. Chs.	Mds. Srs. Chs.	Mds. Srs. Chs.	Mds. Srs. Chs.	Mds.	Mds.	
Rajmehal	20th June ...	1,35,000	43,427 0 0	8,835 8 15½ (A)	... .	... .	697 7 12	9,532 16 11½	.....	2,900	
Godda	„		63,344 10 0	17,202 22 8	61 21 7½	.....	.....	17,264 3 15½	.. .	10,000	(A) includes payment in grain.
Mahespore	14th „		13,047 10 0	1,180 34 4	19 26 0	3,970 32 8	17 11 0	5,188 23 12	10,000	4 to 500	
Deoghur	26th „		1,095 4 12	.....	0 10 0	26 0 0	... ..	.....	... ..	.....	
Jamtara	12th „		13,200 0 0	2,068 0 0	68 8½ 12	1,841 0 0	.....	3,967 38½ 15½	.....	.....	Fresh accounts not received.

Grain disposed of up to date of submission.

		Mds.	Srs.	Ch.
(*a*)	By sale to laborers and payment in kind	24,754	9	10
(*b*)	By sale to the public	5,535	7	13½
(*c*)	In charitable relief	179	3½	15½
	Advance to ryots	9,832	15	0
		40,300	36½	7½
	Grain disposed of up to date of last report	25,290	2½	3
	Ditto during fortnight	15,010	34	4½
	Total ...	40,300	36½	7½

N. B.—Jamtara account has not been received.

G.—Financial Results of the Fortnight ending 29th June 1874.

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Expenditure from the district and sub-divisional treasuries up to the last narrative	.....	.....	1,12,403 10 10½
Expenditure during the Fortnight under report.			
Executive Engineer, S. P., as per progress report ending 20th June 1874, as follows:—			
No. 4, Hausdiah to Goddah road ...	77 10 6		
„ 10, Metalling of the Bhagulpore and Suri road ...	210 0 0		
„ 13, Repairs to Bhagulpore and Suri road	20 8 0		
„ 14, Repairs to Bahawa and Barhait road ...	271 9 6		
„ 16, Pakore and Hiranpore road ..	26 11 6		
„ 17, Doomka station road ...	10 12 0		
„ 29, Maheshpore and Doomka road	250 0 0		
„ 31, Constructing a bund at Katikund	69 1 8		
„ 50, Doomka to Mallarpore road..	8 0 0		
„ 55, Mahespore to Hiranpore road	38 0 0		
		982 4 9	982 4 9
Sub-divisional Officer, Rajmehal, for the period ending 10th June 1874.			
To Executive Engineer in charge Public Works Department ...	8,198 3 3		
„ Cashiers, civil department ...	5,546 1 10		
Cost of transport of rice at Bahawa	627 14 0		
On account of establishment and contingencies, &c., and storage of golahs	218 7 1		
		14,590 10 2	14,590 10 2

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Godda Sub-divisional Officer for the week ending 20th June 1874.			
Godda and Barahat road ...	1,152 9 11		
Dai tank	59 15 8		
Marroa tank	328 9 9		
Hatbanda tank	94 3 0		
Godda tank	678 13 9		
Ghutia „	71 10 9		
Simra „	51 15 0		
Kendua „	124 6 3		
Lohandia tank	216 5 3		
Pathargama tank	272 5 9		
Kobra bund	236 3 3		
Dakata „	15 9 0		
Gormaria tank	19 11 5		
Lilatori bund	58 3 0		
Babupore tank	133 8 6		
Dhamsai „	54 8 0		
Moheshpore tank	202 4 0		
Simra bund	37 0 6		
Jamua tank	99 8 6		
Belari „	45 1 6		
Tilabad „	101 0 10½		
Murdiha tank	168 9 6		
Kasba tank	167 14 6		
Pandaha bund	45 1 6		
Talberia „	61 10 0		
Pathro „	99 3 0		
Bhora „	71 12 6		
Pathra village road	173 5 6		
Ghora bund	47 14 6		
Chiharbona „	37 8 9		
Gopalpore „	53 12 0		
Amba „	5 4 0		
Haripore „	9 3 6		
Bunglia „	11 6 0		
Bridge works	46 13 6	5,052 15 11½	5,052 15 11½
Revd. H. P. Boerresen as per labor return for the week ending 20th June—			
For excavating tank No. 1 in Benaguria	349 0 0		
For excavating tank No. 3 in Thakurantala	248 0 0		
For opening about 3 to 4 miles roads from Benaguria to Kahpathar ...	416 0 0	1,013 0 0	1,013 0 0
By Mr. W. M. Smith, Sub-divisional Officer, Doomka, for the fortnight ending 27th June 1874—			
Jail bund		39 8 6	39 8 6
Sudder office contingencies ...		4 0 0	4 0 0
Grand Total		.....	1,34,086 2 3

Advances made during the fortnight—	Rs.	Rs.
Advances for excavating a tank in the jail compound ...	60	
Advance to Revd. H. P. Boerresen ...	1,000	
Advance to Extra Assistant Commissioner, Rajmehal ...	10,000	
		11,060

SONTHAL PERGUNNAHS,
The 29th June 1874.

J. ROWLAND,
for Offg. Deputy Commissioner.

SONTHAL PERGUNNAHS DISTRICT.

Progress Report of Famine Relief Works for the week ending Saturday, the 20th June 1874.

No.	Names of Works.	Progress in marking out relief works.	Progress in opening relief works.	Number of laborers thereon.				Quantity and value of rice received and issued to the laborers.					Supply of food thereat.	Condition of the laborers and the general features of the country.	Mode of payment.	Rate of wages.	Arrangement of tools.	Disbursement during the week.
				Class I.	Class IIA.	Class IIB.	Total.	Name of golah.	Quantity received.	Value of quantity received.	Quantity issued to the laborers.	Value of quantity issued.						
6	Hansdia to Godda road.	Nicking out 2 miles and laying out complete.	32 chains in 1st mile, 19 in 8th, 46 in 9th, 20 in 10th and 5 in 12th.	2,226, or cent per cent.	...	..	2,226	At Godda.	...	...	40 mds 14 srs and 15 ch ks. at 15 seers per rupee.	107 12 9	Rice in golah at Godda.	Condition of the laboring class is poor and miserable. General feature of the country is hilly and jungly.	Payments made every alternate day. 25 per cent. by sub-cashiers in cash, and 75 per cent. in rice.	PIECE-WORK. From 4 as. to 5 as. per 100 cubic feet.	Tools are mostly supplied by Government.	Rs. A. P. 77 10 6
10	Metalling Bhagulpore and Scory road.	Complete project	Completely opened	674 or 72 per cent.	262 or 28 per cent.	.	936	Nil ...	Nil ...	Nil...	Nil ...	Nil ...	Same as last week.		Daily to day laborers, and twice a week to laborers on piece-work by sub-cashiers.	PIECE-WORK. Digging kunkur from 4 as. to 5 as. per 100 c. ft., and carting ditto at 8 as. per 100 c. ft. DAILY LABOR. A. P. Men ... 2 0 to 1 9 Women ... 1 3 Children ... 0 9	Supplied by Government.	210 0 0
12	Repairs to Bhagulpore and Scory road.	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	73, or 63·49 per cent.	42, or 36·51 per cent.	.....	115	Nil ...	Nil	Nil	Nil ...	Nil ...	Same as last week.		Ditto ditto by overseer in charge and sircars.	PIECE-WORK. Digging kunkur at 4 as., and carting kunkur at 8 as. per 100 cubic feet. DAILY LABOR. Same as No. 10.	Ditto ...	20 8 0
14	Repairs to Behawra and Berhait road.	.....	3,121 cubic feet of earthwork. 200 superficial feet. Dressing 3,200 cubic feet natural ballast. Temporary bridges, &c.	1,383 or 77·7 per cent.	396 or 22·3 per cent.	.....	1,740	Nil ...	Nil ...	Nil ...	Nil ...	Nil ...	Two sciadars are appointed on this road, one on the 2nd mile and the other on the 13th. Three moodies are wanting, one for 5th mile, one for 7th, and one for 9th mile. Food-grains are not sufficiently obtainable in Hatias. Shop-keepers have stopped selling from 5th to 9th mile.	Coolies healthy. The condition of the laboring class is not in a miserable state.	Every 2nd day by sub-cashiers.	PIECE-WORK. Earthwork from 4 annas to 5 annas per 100 cubic feet. DAILY LABOR. Rates various, according to variety of works.	Supplied by Government.	271 9 6

36	Pakour to Heerapore road.	.....	Earthwork cubic feet.	7,462	446 or cent per cent.	.....	.....	446	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Food-grains are obtainable in Hatias and bazars.	The condition of the people is not in so miserable a state by which it can be deduced that distress will be soon felt. Most part of the laboring class is engaged in cultivation.	Ditto ...	PIECE-WORK. From 4 annas to 8 annas per 100 cubic feet of earth-work.	Ditto ...	26 11 6
37	Doomka station roads.	.....	.....		72 or 15·32 per cent.	46 or 40·86 per cent.	.....	118	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Same as last week.		Daily by sub-cashiers.	PIECE-WORK. Digging Kunkur, at 4 annas per hundred cubic feet. DAILY LABOR. Men ... As. 2-0 Women ... „ 1-3 Children ... „ 1-0 to 0-9	Ditto ...	10 12 0
39	Moheshpore and Doomka road.	13 miles of road marked out and centre line of 7 miles laid out; total 20 miles. Levels of 7 miles taken and level pegs put over 3 miles.	7 miles	...	502, or cent per cent.	...	...	502	Not known					Rice is supplied by the civil officers, who have been requested on the 14th to grant credit orders to the sub-cashiers, for food-grains on several golahs for the introduction of grain payments among the laborers. The proposed system is not introduced as yet.	The people are engaged in sowing jowaree crops and having had advance of rice from the civil officers are not in need of resorting to relief works. There are classes of people called the Koraha and Dhangars who come for work on the road. Very few Santhals now apply for work. The country between Arichoah and Saldoha is very hilly and that between Moheshpore and Arichoah about 14 miles in length is generally table-lands intersected with nullahs and rivulets, some of which are unfordable during the rains.	Daily by sub-cashiers in copper and silver.	PIECE-WORK. 3 as. and 4 as. per 100 c. ft. of earth-work on soft and hard ground over a lead of 50 ft.	No more tools were issued by the Department Public Works in addition to those issued by the civil officers, as reported before.	250 0 0
51	Constructing a bund at Katicoond.	.....	.....		730 or 93·76 per cent.	57 or 7·24 per cent.	.....	787	Nil ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil ...	Same as last week.		Ditto ...	PIECE-WORK. 4 annas to 8 annas per 100 c. ft. of earth work. DAILY LABOR. A. P. Men ... 2 0 Women ... 1 3 Children ... 1 0 to 0 9	Supplied by Government.	69 1 0

* The reduction in the number of laborers can be ascribed to incessant rains during the week, and to reasons stated in 7th column. It is believed that after 6 weeks or so, when the jowaree crops will be over, the people will be relieved of their distresses. At this period about ¼th of the population having no lands of their own, such as Koras and Dhangers, will feel the necessity of earning their livelihood by working in the wood.

No.	Names of Works.	Progress in marking out relief works.	Progress in opening relief works.	Number of laborers thereon.				Quantity and value of rice received and issued to the laborers.					Supply of food thereat.	Condition of the laborers and the general features of the country.	Mode of payment	Rate of wages.	Arrangement of tools.	Disbursement during the week.
				Class I.	Class IIA.	Class IIB.	Total.	Name of grain.	Quantity received.	Value of quantity received.	Quantity issued to the laborers.	Value of quantity issued.						
30	Doomka to Mallarpore road.	..	..	.. ...	64. or cent per cent.	..	64	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil ...	Same as last week.		Daily by sircar	DAILY LABOR. Men . 2 0	Ditto ...	Rs. A. P. 8 0 0*
35	Mohespope to Heeranpore road.	18 miles of road chained out, of which centre lines of 5½ miles marked.	4 miles .	353 or cent per cent.	...r.		353	Same as in No. 29.						The road is a mere improvement on cart-track and passes generaly over table-land. The country is hilly.	Daily by subcashiers in silver and copper.	Same as in No. 29.		38 0 0†
																		946 8 9

* Only marking out of centre line is going on in this road.
† Same as in No. 29.

N B.—No information received of the rest of the works Explanation called for as under:—
No. 1. Doomkah to Jamtarah road, in charge of Baboo Nilmony Banerjee, Superintendent.
No 3. Jwimoondi to Deoghur road, in charge of Baboo Nitro Gopal Roy, Overseer.
Nos. 6, 7, 26, and 32, in charge of Baboo Ghonesham Banerjee, Overseer.
No. 20. Godda to Burhait road, in charge of Mr. H Sleigh, Superintendent.

DENO NATH MOOKERJEE,
Accountant, for Offg. Executive Engineer, on tour.

No. 950—S.R., dated Berhampore, the 29th June 1874.

From—W. WAVELL, Esq., Offg. Magistrate and Collector of Moorshedabad,
To—The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Dept

I HAVE the honor to submit my narrative for the fortnight ending Saturday, the 27th June 1874.

During the last three days I have been over a considerable extent of country in thanas Gokurn, Bhurtpore, and Khurgaon, and was much pleased to see how very favorable the prospects of the winter rice crop are, and what good promise of an early and very abundant crop there is at present. The seed that was sown broad-cast has germinated freely, and the plants are strong and well advanced; the seedlings in the nurseries are plentiful and healthy; and in the lowlands, in which sufficient rain-water has collected, transplantation has been and is being actively carried on. Earlier in the week I saw a good deal of the aous country, and from what I saw and have heard from various parts of the district the crop will, if there be not too rapid a rise of the rivers, be early, abundant, and reaped from an unusually extensive area.

Narrative of Scarcity and Relief in the Moorshedabad District for the Fortnight ending Saturday, the 27th June 1874.

A.—STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

Abundance or scarcity of supply in the bazar.

1. The supply of food-grains in the bazars and hâts of the head-quarters sub-division is reported to be still sufficient for the daily wants of the people The rise of the river Bhagiruthee has helped the importation of rice and other commodities. In the Lalbag sub-division the supply of all sorts of food-grains in the city, Baluchur, and Azimgunge, is still abundant; but the supply in thana Bhadurihaut, where many villages have no shops and even existing shops are ill supplied, still continues deficient. In the Jungipore sub-division the bazar best supplied with rice is that of Dhulian. The Raghunathgunj bazar has lately received a good supply of purbi rice, the river being open for Dacca palwar boats. In the smaller bazars the supply continues to be as scanty as ever In the Rampore Hât sub-division the supply is still reported to be scarce in the principal markets of Nalhatee, Palsa, Khargram, and Rampore Hât.

Kind and price of grain selling at one or more principal marts.

2. The average price of common rice in the head-quarters sub-division has slightly risen during the fortnight; the average of 12 of the principal marts being 10¼ seers per rupee, whereas the last fortnight's showed 10¾ seers per rupee. It is dearest at Gokurn, Dowlutabad, and Hurhurpara, the rate at Gokurn being 8½, and at the other places 9 seers per rupee, and cheapest at Gorabazar, Gowas, Jellinghee, Nowadah, and Bhurtpore, where the rate is 11 seers per rupee. The dearness of rice at Gokurn is somewhat singular, and is, I believe, partly to be attributed to the fact of there being only one small shop at Gokurn itself, and to the absence of any large villages or marts in the interior of the thana; but still more to the proximity of the thana to head-quarters I know, from personal observation in November and December last, that the failure of the winter rice crop in this thana was not nearly so considerable as in other western thanas, Kalyangunge, Bhudrehat, Mirzapore, and Nalhuttee, for instance, in each sub-division, and that in the low lands of the Telkar Beel a good average crop was obtained, and yet the prices in those four thanas are lower than at Gokurn, from 1 at Kalyangunge to 3½ seers at Nalhuttee The reason I believe to be this, that the cultivators and others have been unable to resist the comparatively high prices offered by merchants of Berhampore, Moorshedabad, and other places, and that by the sale of stocks early in the season this part of the district has become depleted of supplies. One of the results of this is that at Gorabazar and Sujagunge (the head-quarters thanas) rice is selling at from 10¾ to 11 seers, though these places must of course draw their supplies from the interior, while in the supplying country prices are far less favorable. The dearness of rice at Dowlatabad and Hurihurpara, which border on the head-quarters thanas, is due partly to the same cause and partly to their distance from the Ganges, by which river imports are now being made into the east of the district. The average price of grain in the above-mentioned 12 marts is 14¼ seers for rupee, being dearest at Gokurn, where it is selling at 13 seers per rupee, and cheapest at Gowas, where the price is 18 seers per rupee, the price given in the last fortnight. In the Lalbag sub-division the prices of best, common, and purbi rice in the several marts vary from 8½ to 10, 9½ to 11, and 11 to 11½ seers per rupee respectively; those of wheat, barley, and gram, vary from 12 to 13½, 18 to 20½, and 16 to 18 seers per rupee respectively. The above shows a slight fall in the price of rice from what was mentioned in the last narrative. In the Jungipore sub-division, in the Roghoonathgunge bazar, the retail price of common rhari rice continues to be the same as last fortnight; whilst the retail price of purbi rice has decreased from 13 seers to 13⅛ seers per rupee. At Shumshergunge rice sells at 13½ seers for uncleaned and 12 seers for cleaned rice. At Sooty the latest quotation is 11½ seers per rupee. Rice is dearest at Mirzapore, where it sells at 11 seers per rupee. In the Rampore Hât sub-division the price of fine rice varies from 9½ to 10 seers; that of coarse rice from 11 to 12 seers per rupee; that of gram from 13 to 14½ seers per rupee. It is reported that fine rice is not procurable at Pulsa.

Any information obtained regarding the amount and kind of grain believed to be in stock in the hands of zemindars, traders, ryots, and others.

3. The stock in the hands of mahajuns, zemindars, and well-to-do ryots in the head-quarters sub-division is not known, but it is believed that many mahajuns and zemindars have sufficient to enable them to lend seed-grain to the poorer class of ryots. The Sub-Divisional Officer of Lalbag reports that there is every reason to believe that the stock in the hands of the merchants at Baluchur and Azimgunge is still considerable. The large amount of grain which was imported for sale at Patibona and Debidaspore golahs on the Ganges during the past fortnight is being removed to Bhugwan Golah, in consequence of the rise of the Ganges. The Sub-Divisional Officer of Rampore Hât says that the stock in the hands of mahajuns and zemindars is not accurately ascertained, but is supposed to be insufficient.

Rainfall, if any.

4. There has been very considerable rainfall during the fortnight throughout the district. The rain has been of the greatest benefit to the young crops. It has prepared lands for the transplantation of hoimonto dhan and the aous crops. Indigo, sugarcane, mulberry, jute, and til crop have been much benefited. Vegetation has greatly improved, and the general appearance of the country is verdant and hopeful.

State of the Crops.

5. The prospects of the crops, as before reported, are very favorable. In the head-quarters sub-division both aous and amun are reported to be doing well. Indigo is being cut in some places. The Sub-Divisional Officer of Lalbag reports that the rain has done an immense deal of good to both the aous and amun paddy. The plants are thriving well, and the cultivators are very busy preparing the lands for transplanting the amun paddy. Indigo, mulberry, sugarcane, and Indian-corn, are promising. The Sub-Divisional Officer of Jungipore speaks well of indigo and sugarcane; jute and bhadoi seedlings are promising. Shama and kooda, two different kinds of inferior food-grains, in thanah Sooty, are being cut. A good harvest of these is expected. Transplantation of hoimonto seedlings has commenced, and is being vigorously carried on in parts of the district. The Sub-Divisional Officer of Rampore Hât reports well of both aous and amun. The yield of boro paddy in thana Khurgram was 14-16 of an average crop, and has greatly assisted some of the poor and cultivating class of the people of nearly 50 villages in that thana. If there be no inundation, the prospects of the aous crop on the banks of the Bansloi in thana Pulsa are good. In thanas Roghoonathgunge, Dewanserai, Shumshergunge, and the eastern part of Sooty, the prospects are brightening. If the rise of the river be not too rapid, an abundant harvest of bhadoi dhan is likely to be reaped. The margin of bhadoi cultivation has been much extended, and the only fear is, lest a flood should destroy the growing crops on low lands. In Mirzapore and Western Sooty, where there is no bhadoi crop, the Sub-Divisional Officer states that the prospects continue gloomy. The prices, however, before given of rice in Mirzapore and Sooty, 11 and 11½ seers, cannot be considered as indicative of any very great or widespread distress. If the bhadoi harvest cheapens rice, the people of Mirzapore and Western Sooty will doubtless, the Sub-Divisional Officer remarks, be benefited by the cheapness; but it may well be doubted whether such cheapness will continue for more than a month or two.

Condition of the People.

6. The condition of the people remains much the same, and there is hardly any change to report. To a certain extent it will naturally depend very much on the prospect of the crops, and so long as the dearness of food continues it cannot change for the better. In the Lalbag sub-division, within the municipality, as well as in thana Bhugwan Golah, there does not appear to be more distress than would be naturally expected from the rise of the prices The blind, the lame, and others unable to help themselves, are the only classes which require charitable relief, as private charity has been stopped to a great extent. Labor is scarce and difficult to be procured within the municipality, and the laboring classes cannot be said to be suffering much. The case is, however, very different in Bhudrihaut thana, where the population is principally composed of the laboring classes and petty cultivators. Both these classes have been affected considerably by high prices and the shortness of their stores. The cultivating classes have now got work in their fields, and numbers have been and are applying for advances to carry on cultivation.

Actual facts as to any known cases of misery and starvation.

7. No such cases have come to light.

With reference to the case of a woman selling two of her children, reported in the last narrative, it appears that while the Relief Assistant attached to the special sub-division of Kandi was at Joyjan on the 5th of June, he heard that one Jatan Bewa, of Chand Singhati, in Khargram thana, not being able to support herself and her three children, sold two of them to one Bajlu Meah, of Joyjan, for a rupee. The Relief Assistant saw Bajlu, who told him that Jatan sold two of her children to him, but after two days she repaid the money and took them back. It appeared that Jatan's grandmother gave her the money to get back the children The Relief Assistant then went to Chand Singhati and found that Jatan was absent from her home with her three children. Jatan's grandmother, who said that her circumstances were not such as to enable her to support her granddaughter's family, corroborated the statement of the Joyjan people, and told the Assistant

privately that Jatan had gone to Kandi with her children in order that they might be fed at the cook-house started there. The Relief Assistant then took a chowkeedar with him from the village and went to Kandi cook-house, where he found that Jatan Bewa had refused to dine at the cook-house, but managed to feed the children privately. The Assistant thereupon gave her food for herself and her children for 15 days. The Special Sub-Divisional Officer of Kandi saw the woman and the children, and reports that her condition was bad, and that her three children had clearly suffered and were suffering from privation. He ordered an allowance of rice to be given to her, and intends to make her a small allowance for bazar expenses. Meanwhile he has requested the Assistant Surgeon to attend to the ailments of the youngest child. This is, he thinks, the worst case of distress he has as yet come across.

Grain-thefts or Robberies.

8. Eighteen cases of grain-theft of a petty nature have been reported during the fortnight in the head-quarters sub-division. In the Lalbag sub-division there was a grain-theft at Sagurdighee. The chaprassee attached to the golah was found guilty of having stolen 16 seers of Government rice, and one individual guilty of having received the same as stolen property, and each sentenced to receive twenty stripes. In the Jungipore sub-division, during the fortnight under report, two women were punished for committing grain-theft. A case of theft of a cup, due to scarcity, was also brought to notice. In the Rampore Hât sub-division four petty grain-thefts have been reported during the fortnight. A crime statement is annexed, from which it will be observed that there has been a considerable increase of crime during the present as compared with the past two years. This increase must certainly be attributed to the prevalent high prices acting on classes of men who, though work is available, prefer criminal courses. The number of these is, I fear, very considerable in this district, especially in the Bhurtpore thana, in which they belong chiefly to the low castes of Hindoos, who are numerous in that thana. Many of the dacoities which have been frequent in this thana are of anything but a serious character, being in fact only aggravated burglaries.

Condition of any Special Tracts.

9. Cholera and small-pox both appear to be on the decrease. The Sub-Divisional Officer of Jungipore contrasts as follows the condition of his thanas, Mirzapore and Shumsheregunge, as far as relief works are concerned. In the latter thana the relief works opened on the roads in the neighbourhood of the station have proved so unattractive, that the small sum of Rs. 100 sent to the Sub-Inspector upwards of a month ago has not yet been all spent. The fact is, Dhulian employs a large number of laborers who are paid at 3 annas 3 pie per diem, whilst a laborer on the roads can hardly make more than 2 annas 6 pie per diem. On the other hand, it might be doubted a fortnight ago, *i.e.*, before the regular setting in of the rains, whether the relief works in the Mirzapore thana were adequate enough. It must not, however, be imagined that there is no distress in Shumsheregunge. There is in this thana as in others a class of poor, infirm people who must be helped. Fortunately, this class in Shumsheregunge is small.

B.—Relief Works.

The average number of persons on the various relief works is 4,592. Increased difficulty in procuring supplies of food is reported at most of the works, but as by this time rice is generally given in lieu of cash payments for six days out of seven at the minor works of the Relief Committee, as well as at the Government works, there can be no difficulty on the part of the laborers in obtaining the chief article of their consumption. In some of the minor relief works under the Committee, it has not been found expedient to extend rice payments, but as a general rule payments have during the fortnight been made by means of Government grain according to the recent instructions. The rate of issue remains the same as last fortnight, viz., 12 seers per rupee for clean, 14 seers per rupee for Burmah, or other partly unhusked rice. In some cases the new system was very unwillingly accepted by the laborers, notably on the Badshahee road in thana Khurgaon, where there certainly is scarcity and a certain amount of distress, and where I should have least expected opposition. The difficulty has, however, been overcome, and the system is working well. The orders received yesterday to discontinue all cash payments will now be carried into effect, and instructions have been given to the Executive Engineer accordingly. From what I have seen lately I doubt whether the employment of laborers, a good many of whom on some works are females, has any injurious effect on the agricultural operations of the season. A statement showing the *money* expenditure on relief works during the fortnight is herewith submitted. The Executive Engineer informs me with regard to the expenditure on the Bhugwangolah road that only Rs. 27 were paid for labor, the remaining sum being on account of metal. With regard to the sum expended for the Jungipore and Khanna road, he states that Rs. 200 were paid on the 11th instant, but are shown in the account for this fortnight, as information of the payment was not received in time for the narrative of the preceding fortnight. Payments in rice are now going on for laborers on this as on other works.

C.—Transport of Food.

From a return of the Station-master at Azimgunge, it appears that 379 maunds were exported, and 12,776 maunds and 30 seers were imported into the Lalbagh sub-division. Of the latter 12,124 maunds and 20 seers were received from Howrah, and 652 maunds and

10 seers were imported from the Burdwan district. It appears that 1,591 maunds of food-grain have been exported from the Rampore Hât sub-division, and 2,689 maunds of food-grain imported into the same sub-division. During the fortnight under report purbi rice has been imported into the Jungipore sub-division. It is by no means easy to say what the extent of such imports is, but there is reason to believe that with the opening of the rains the imports from some of the eastern districts will considerably increase. The slight decrease in the price of rice in the eastern parts of the district near the Ganges has doubtless been caused by these imports.

D.—Storage of Government Grain at Relief Works.

The following places have been selected for the storage of grain, viz.—

Sudder Sub-Division.
Berhampore.
Panchgram.
Nobogram.
Beldanga.

Rampore Hât Sub-Division.
Rampore Hât.
Khargaon.
Nowadah.

Lalbagh Sub-Division.
Lalbagh.
Ranitalao.
Shahapore.

Kandi Sub-Division.
Laktipore.
Kandi.

Jungipore Sub-Division.
Jungipore.
Mirzapore.
Aurungabad.

At Lalbagh, Jungipore, and Rampore Hâut, storage accommodation has been found in the thanas; at all the other centres convenient houses have been procured in the villages, or small golahs of the ordinary native shape have been built. Each golah is provided with a golah-keeper, a chowkeedar, and two coolies,—the former on a salary of from Rs. 10 to 12 a month, according to the requirements of the place; the latter are paid in rice, at the rate of Rs. 4 a month. In a few places pound-keepers were appointed as golah-keepers, but I fear this arrangement will not answer in some cases, and that regular men will have to be appointed.

23,207 maunds of rice have been received into the district, of which 16,000 maunds have been sent to the various golahs in the district.

Only 200 bags have as yet been returned to head-quarters, owing to orders having been sent to the golah-keepers to send them on the 1st of each month. It is necessary to keep a stock of good bags at a golah to replace some of the bad ones received from Calcutta. There is an ample supply of Government grain for present requirements.

Under orders from Government, arrangements have been made to draw on the Maldah reserve as required; 7,000 of this has been already drawn from Godagari. A small steamer would be found most useful here, not only for keeping up regular supplies from Godagari as we require them, but also for internal distribution. It is really very difficult to get boats now at anything like reasonable rates from Godagari; and, as we cannot afford to stand out for low rates on account of the delay that would be caused thereby, it would be better to provide our own carriage, get our supplies regularly, guard effectually against the chance of running short, save considerable expenditure, and avoid the chance of the grain being plundered in transit,—a contingency which it is impossible to guard against with boats. Much of the relief work of this district is performed gratuitously by non-official members of sub-committees, and it is not an unfrequent experience to receive very urgent applications from these for immediate supplies of rice, owing to the consumption of former supplies. The necessity of giving timely notice of their wants has been impressed on the sub-committees, but with little effect, and stronger measures cannot be adopted. The head-quarters of many of these sub-committies are on or near the Bhagiruthee, and their wants could be speedily supplied if a steamer were available. One of the several small steamers that are, I believe, going as reserve to Maldah might conveniently work here, and could, if required, be sent to that place without delay.

I beg to annex a statement showing, on the materials available, the consumption of grain in the district for the past fortnight. This statement is, however, very incomplete, owing to the omission on the part of the sub-divisional officer of Lalbagh to furnish the required information, and the palpable incorrectness of the returns furnished by the sub-divisional officers of Rampore Haut and Jungipore. The former, for instance, gives the consumption by gratuitous relief at only 50 maunds, when, as a matter of fact, that amount at least is consumed at one place alone, and he has at least four places in his sub-division at which gratuitous relief is given. We may estimate his expenditure under the head of gratuitous relief at 200 maunds at the very least. I will, however, give his own figures in the return annexed. The statement received from the relief sub-divisional officer of Kandi is also incomplete, inasmuch as several of his sub-committees, whose expenditure under this head is very large, have been omitted altogether from his return. The same remarks apply to Jungipore. In the return also submitted by the Executive Engineer of grain issued to laborers in lieu of money-payments, there are omissions which affect the correctness of the return, as the statement of the expenditure of grain by two of his subordinates for the second week of the fortnight has not been given. At the rate of issues by these for the first week the consumption should be increased by more than 300 maunds. I consider the

expenditure of grain in the district may safely be put down at treble what is given in this return, and I very much doubt whether it would not be under-estimated even at that amount.

E.—Advances to Private Parties and their Results.

There were 16 cases pending at the close of the previous fortnight under the Land Improvement Act in the Sudder sub-division; only two fresh applications were received during the present fortnight. Out of the total 16, 9 cases are under investigation; in 2 cases order for payment has been made, and in the remaining 5 cases the securities tendered have been found to be insufficient. During the fortnight a sum of Rs. 965-8 has been advanced, of which Rs. 22-8 have been advanced in grain. No advances have been made in any of the sub-divisions.

F.—Charitable Relief.

The statement prescribed by Government No. 1251—S.R., dated the 5th March last, is annexed, as regards each sub-division separately.

There was a balance of Rs. 37,168-3-7 at the close of the last fortnight, the receipts during the fortnight amount to Rs. 75, making the amount of total receipts Rs. 37,243-3-7. The total actual expenditure during the fortnight amounts to Rs. 4,435-10, leaving a balance of Rs. 32,807-9-7 at the credit of the relief fund. A considerable amount of this balance will be diminished as soon as the price of Government rice, purchased by the relief committee on a very large scale, has been paid.

During the fortnight a small cook-house has been opened at Rungamuttee under the Gokurn relief sub-committee. The relief given in the shape of cooked and uncooked food has much increased of late, and continues to increase. A large majority of the recipients of relief belong to the professional beggar classes, and to those who from age, infirmity, disease, or great poverty, usually obtain charitable support in the villages. Some of the children, however, who come in great numbers to the poor-houses for cooked food, belong to the more respectable agricultural classes, who, though averse to resort to these for relief in person, do not object to send their children there. Enquiries have been, and are being, made to discover what persons are deserving of relief under heading (*d*) of the Central Committee's notification, which relief is usually given by the bestowal of a supply of rice for a month or so, and in some cases by an additional pecuniary allowance for other expenses.

In the Lalbag sub division, Nawab Mansur Ali Khan Bahadur has subscribed Rs. 600 to the sub-divisional relief fund, and the committee have resolved to start charitable relief within the city of Moorshedabad. In thana Bhudrihat, which appears to suffer most in this sub-division, work has been started on eight different roads. Road repairs have also to a certain extent been taken in hand by the committee in thana Assanpore, and it is contemplated to start other works in that thana. Out of the total number shown in the statement, 997 persons were in receipt of gratuitous relief, and the remaining 570 represent persons employed on relief works. The following is the financial state of the relief fund in this sub-division:—

	Rs.	As.	P.
Balance at the close of the last fortnight	1,659	4	8
Subscriptions realised during the fortnight under report ..	600	0	0
Government contribution received	4,905	11	6
Total ..	7,165	0	2
Expenditure during the fortnight	213	3	0
Balance ..	6,951	13	2

In the Jungipore sub-division, numbers have been at work on tanks and road-repairs. During the fortnight under report, one person received a dole of pice amounting to Re. 1; 32 persons who had their houses destroyed by the late great fire at Roghunathgunge were paid Re. 1 each; 23 persons were relieved under heading (*d*) of the Central Committee's notification dated the 4th March 1874, of whom 3 received doles of pice in amount Rs. 2-2, and 20 persons received doles of rice weighing 9 maunds; 162 persons received wages for jute-spinning, amounting to Rs. 60; 1 person received wages for spinning cotton amounting to 8 annas; and 9,257 persons, of whom some were fed in the annachatra started there on the 21st instant, and others assisted with doles of rice. The total receipts of the sub-divisional relief fund amount to Rs. 4,073-0-4, and the total expenditure Rs. 2,640-5-4, leaving a balance of Rs. 1,432-11-0.

Out of the number, 6, shown in column 5 of the statement annexed, 4 only are as yet in working order.

The following is the statement of receipts and disbursements on account of the Rampore Haut sub-divisional relief fund :—

	Rs.	As.	P.
Balance in hand at the end of the last fortnight ...	280	12	10½
Total receipts during the fortnight	1,051	4	3
Total ...	1,332	1	1½
Total amount disbursed during the fortnight	1,289	15	0
Balance ...	42	2	1½

Crime Return for the fortnight ending 27th June 1874.

	Dacoity.	Theft.	House-breaking.	1874.	1873.	1872
Head-quarters sub-division, from 13th to 26th June 1874	4	33	24	61	35	22
Lalbag sub-division, for the fortnight ending 27th June 1874	3	17	9	29	26	9
Jungypore sub-division, for the fortnight ending 25th June 1874	...	11	10	21	7	5
Rampore Haut sub-division, for the fortnight ending 27th June 1874	4	9	3	16	4	5
Total ...	11	70	46	127	72	41

Statement showing the Expenditure on Relief Works during the Fortnight ending 27th June 1874.

	Rs.	As.	P.
Expenditure up to the last fortnight	68,525	9	7
Expenditure during the fortnight under report:—			
Nowada road	75	0	9
Panchgaon road	156	1	9
Badshahi „	217	3	2
Kandhi „	33	0	0
Nulhatti „	23	6	3
Radhaghat „	59	2	3
Patkabarry „	195	14	6
Jungypore to Khumra road	215	0	0
Khumra road	10	0	6
Kishnaghur road	79	2	3
Caloutta „	113	8	0
Bhugwangolah road	221	11	6
Dewanserai	33	3	6
Total, Public Works Department ..	1,432	6	5
By Executive Engineer, Nuddea Rivers Division, for Gorabazar drain	242	15	9
Grand Total ..	1,675	6	2

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the district of Moorshedabad for the fortnight ending 29th June 1874.

Name of Circle.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	Total quantity of grain consumed up to date.					Estimated grain receipts of the ensuing fortnight.	Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.	Remarks.
				By sale to the public or to laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots.	By payments in kind to laborers.	Total.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
					Mds. S.	Mds. S.	Mds. S.	Mds. S.	Mds.	Mds.	
Kandi sub-division ...	May 29th.	3,363	3,363	Nil.	523 29	Nil.	Not given	523 29	2,000	2,000	This return is quite incomplete. Two of the principal relief centres omitted also the information for Column 8.
Lalbagh	„	906	906	...	11 23	.....	Not given	11 23	500	600	This return is entirely wrong; the consumption under heading 6 and 8 was much larger.
Rampore haut... ...	„	1,612	1,612	...	50 4	29 0	1,282 0	1,361 0	1,000	1,000	The figures under heading 10 are clearly wrong; they might be for one golah only.
Jungipore	„	1,953	1,953	...	294 34	.....	5 6	300 0	600	1,000	Figures only given for one centre out of 4.
Head-quarters	„	1,328	825 Stored in principal golah, and given as required.	...	311 5	4 35	52 14	368 9	2,000	2,000	This is incomplete; figures given for parts of fortnight only.
Pulic works	„	...	.....	...	...	.....	1,382 0	1,382 0	2,000	2,000	

1	2	3	4	5	6			
Number of committees and sub-committees as yet appointed.	Number of special relief sub-divisions opened and officered.	Number of regular relief circles opened and managed by special officers.	Number of relief circles opened and managed by planters, zemindars, and other residents.	Number of work-houses, or centres for the distribution of food and gratuitous relief.	Number of men, women and children (with total) in receipt of gratuitous relief in any shape through the charitable relief organisation *daily*.			
					Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.
Head-quarters sub-divn, 17	2	4	15	15	.....	.....	.....	5,616*
Lalbag sub-division 1	.....	3	.....	5	539	294	716	1,557
Jungypore „ ... 6	.....	3	.....	6	839	474	167	1,470
Rampore Haut sub-divn., 7	.....	2	.....	12	.....	.....	.....	1,162

* The figures for the Sudder sub-division are incomplete, as returns have not been received from several sub-committees.

G.—Financial Results of the Fortnight.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Total expenditure from the district and sub-divisional treasuries, as shown in the last narrative	37,505	3	11
Detail of the above total:—			
Establishment charges:—			
Travelling allowance .. .. Rs. 58 13 6			
Salary .. .. .. „ 848 12 10			
Contingencies .. .. „ 61 7 3			
	969	1	7
Amount credited to the district relief fund, being payable from Government	11,515	6	4
One-third of the cost paid by Government for a tank at Khoyramaree	200	0	0
Paid for construction of a furrash	83	0	0
Tuccavee advances	26,079	8	0
Advances for purchase of grain	2,025	0	0
Paid for digging wells	33	4	0
Paid to the district grain officer for transport of Government grain	600	0	0
			35

Advances during the fortnight under report:—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Tuccavee advance to Koylash Nath Roy	100	0	0
„ to Alahi Baksh and Mowla Buksh ..	334	0	0
„ to Syed Muzafur Hossein and Syed Tussidin	125	0	0
„ to Lall Shaikh	100	0	0
„ to Lakno Mundul	100	0	0
„ to Fakeer Chunder Sircar ..	134	0	0
„ Eshur Chunder Sircar	50	0	0
Paid to the grain officer on account of transport of grain	700	0	0
Salary of a relief assistant	85	5	4
Ditto of another „	80	0	0
Paid to the district grain officer	51	9	0*
Ditto to the sub-divisional officer of Jungypore ..	61	15	0*
Ditto to the Officiating Magistrate and Collector ..	9	0	0*
Total ..	1,930	13	4
Grand Total ..	89,434	1	3

* These items represent salary, establishment, and office contingencies.

W. WAVELL,
Offg. Magistrate and Collector of Moorshedabad.

No. 1375—S.R., dated Dinagepore, the 29th June 1874.

From—E. E. LOWIS, ESQ., Officiating Magistrate of Dinagepore,

To—The Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

I HAVE the honor to submit my narrative for the fortnight ending 29th June 1874.

A.—STATE OF COUNTRY.

The health of the people has been on the whole good. Cholera still lingers in a few localities, but has almost disappeared; a few cases of small-pox also have been reported, but the disease does not seem to spread. The weather for the past three weeks or a month has been all that could be desired. There has been a good fall of soaking rain, with alternations of bright sunshine, which has assured the prospects of the early rice, and given hope for the winter crop. It appears that, taking an average one place with another, about twice the usual area has been this season sown with bhadoi rice, and everywhere the crop is described as most flourishing, the villagers confidently counting on reaping a good return. Jute and sugarcane, too, have come up wonderfully during the last month, and will turn out well. The rain has also moistened the soil, and enabled the ploughing for the hemanta to be pushed on; while the moisture has caused the seed in the seed-beds to germinate freely, and covered the nurseries round the ryots' houses with vigorous rice-seedlings, which in some few places will soon be fit to transplant. The earliest sorts of bhadoi, of which there is a little in this district, will be fit to cut in a week or two, while a good deal more is in flower, and will be reaped by the end of July. The people themselves are no longer despondent. Assured of support till the bhadoi comes into the market, certain of a good early, and with a fair prospect for their winter crop, they feel that there is no further cause for anxiety. This seasonable weather has also had the good effect of loosening the mahajuns' purse-strings, and I learn that with good prospects for the future, money can now be obtained, which a month ago would not have been procurable. This feeling of confidence has further had the effect of slightly lowering rates in some of the markets, the few stocks in reserve having been thrown on the market: very little rice is to be had in any hât, but small quantities of old dhan are exposed for sale, which is taken and husked at home. There is still plenty of seed-grain procurable at prices varying from 14 to 18 seers per rupee: the supply of seed-grain is not limited, and all who wish to do so can obtain supplies. Boro rice in the Porsha circle, where it is extensively grown, is selling at 14 and 15 seers for the rupee, while common country rice sells at 11; there is therefore no demand for Government grain in that quarter, except to a certain extent in the way of advances. In other places the price varies from 8 to 9 seers per rupee; in some few places going up to 7 to 7½. Rice is now dearest in the Beergunge and Thakurgaon circles, where the villagers got in some places a pretty fair crop; but where tempted by the high prices, the villagers sold almost more than they could spare. There seems to be a great demand for Government grain in that quarter; the mahajuns' stores are completely exhausted; the villagers have no more to dispose of; and the rice we send in boats to the golahs in the Beergunge circle is brought off the boats, and carried off as soon as the vessels arrive. A great many of the villagers there have rice sufficient for their own needs in their houses; but those who have no such stocks, find it rather difficult to obtain supplies. It is generally reported that the Government operations and the past seasonable weather have so far restored confidence,

that holders of stocks are now parting with them, and that the slight fall in prices is due to this circumstance. It is gratifying to find that the panic, which undoubtedly existed during the earlier part of the year, has been allayed,—a panic which, but for Government interference, would have caused most disastrous effects. The very slight fall in prices, caused by the stocks of rice in the country being thrown on the market, proves that we were not far out in our estimate of the requirements of the country, or in our calculations that the amount of grain in hand was not nearly sufficient for the supply of the district,—a deficiency which could, under the circumstances, only be supplied by Government, as no private firm could or would undertake business of such magnitude. Favorable weather, and Government operations combined, have drawn out the stocks, so as to prevent prices rising above 7½ or 8 seers per rupee; but there is not the slightest doubt that, but for the above combination, prices would have gone up to 4 or 5 seers for the rupee, if it could have been got even at that price. More than 4,00,000 maunds of Government rice have been disposed of up to date, and yet prices continue very much as they were. A comparison, however, of the prices current this year with those ruling in 1866 or any other year is no test of the comparative severity of the want; for in the Orissa famine, prices rose through a panic which there was nothing to stay or mitigate, whereas this year they have risen steadily in spite of every effort to afford help and make the market easier. Nothing but importation on a scale at once costly and extensive sufficed for the emergency; private enterprise declined the task, and Government in taking it up and carrying it out has undoubtedly saved the district from a great disaster, and that this is a fact is admitted by all. With the prospects of the next crop assured, it becomes a question how far price of grain and the general condition of the people will be altered for the better, when such crop comes into the market. The experience of 1866 teaches us to expect that the appearance of the early crop will make very little, if any, amelioration in the condition of the people, and in that case we may calculate on the distress lasting, in a very slightly modified form, until the winter crop comes in. I do not, however, consider that this will be the case. It is true that in 1866 the coming in of the bhadoi or aous crop made very little difference in the rates throughout the district; but then in that year a larger area than usual of bhadoi was not sown; the crops in this district had not suffered to any extent, the prices having been raised by excessive exportation; and there was nothing therefore to induce the people to interest themselves in a crop which is kept for local consumption only. This year it is different; about twice the usual area has been sown with bhadoi, and twice the usual supply in the hands of the villagers, it seems to me, must tell on the market rates. Those who are fortunate enough to own lands suitable for this crop will keep enough to last themselves till the end of January, and it will only be the surplus stocks that will come into the market. The grain, too, is coarse and said to be unwholesome if eaten fresh. With all these reservations, however, I expect prices in the end of August or beginning of September, to fall to about 15 or 16 seers per rupee. I am not sure that they will hold at that figure however. I suspect after the first rush, prices will rise again to perhaps 12 seers per rupee during November and December. I do not expect the demand for Government grain entirely to cease after the 1st September; bhadoi is a coarse, and I believe, if fresh, an unwholesome grain; the sales from our golahs will, therefore, probably continue till the winter crop comes in. Some say that the bhadoi will make very little difference in prices, but the majority seem to think it will have the effect described above. There is, as I have said, plenty of seed-grain in the market, and the villagers, notwithstanding their complaints, have generally managed to supply themselves: in a few cases it is reported that cultivators are unable to procure funds: in such cases the circle officers will be prepared, if, just before the season is over, it is evident that help is really needed, to advance the necessary funds, charging it to charitable relief.

B.—Relief Works.

The work on the roads has now been almost stopped, the coolies having gone off in numbers, taking advantage of the rain to plough up their lands. There has been no necessity to disperse the coolies with a present of grain, for the system of task-work has never held out any inducement to any person to neglect cultivation: the relief works have from the beginning been a great boon to the people, enabling them to earn a livelihood, but as all had to earn their wages, they have never staid longer than was absolutely necessary. Many of those still at work manage to work in their fields one-half the day, devoting the other half, often till late at night, to digging chowkas on the road-side; cultivating, and earning enough to support themselves at the same time. Instructions were issued directing circle officers to disperse their coolies by the 1st July, giving a donation of a fortnight's supply of grain to those who could not otherwise leave: the grain will, however, be required in comparatively few instances, for the coolies are going off of their own accord, and the few who remain on 1st July, will be men who cannot otherwise obtain employment, and to such men, I presume, it is not the wish of Government that a fortnight's supply should be given. A certain small proportion of our laborers are men who do not engage at any time in agriculture; there are men who make mats and baskets; there are Haris who earn their living as musicians &c.: it would be inexpedient to give such persons a fortnight's supply, for at the end of that period they are sure to return on our hands: it would be better in every way to continue to employ these men, paying them in grain for work performed, rather than to let them idle for a fortnight on gratuitous assistance. I have always insisted on some return being given for help afforded, and do not see the good policy of doing otherwise now. There is yet another class that I do not consider should obtain the

fortnight's advance at once: a number of our laborers are men who follow agriculture, but who, having no land of their own obtain their livelihood by working for others: some of these men will certainly not obtain employment until the planting-out season comes on, and then only for a short time; others will not obtain employment at all, for many a ryot who used to employ three or four hands, doing no manual labor himself, has, in these hard times, been obliged to reduce the number of hands employed by him, making up for the deficiency in hired labor by working with his own hands. Men thus remaining unemployed also may be unobjectionably employed, it being distinctly understood that they are kept on such subsistence allowance, that they will be glad to obtain employment elsewhere if they can. Such of our women and children as require employment will be employed in repairing and turfing roads, or doing other light labor, coming under heading C of the Central Relief Committee's rules. The earth-work on nearly all the roads has now been completed; it only remains to make them passable by putting up temporary bamboo bridges. We have been enabled to open out some most important lines of road, placing the head-quarters in direct communication with localities that used to be almost, if not entirely inaccessible during the rainy season.

C.—Transport.

No Government rice is being now brought into the district from outside, though some little internal transport operations are going on, the recently established circles of Beergunge and Thakurgaon having to be supplied, where owing to the ryots having parted with their stocks somewhat indiscreetly, there is a demand. Very little is done in the way of importation, a few boat-loads of rice are sometimes brought up the Atrai river from Pubna, and are bought up at 9½ or 10 seers per rupee. The cost of carriage, I presume, hinders more being done in this way, for rice could be sold without the least difficulty at 10 seers per rupee alongside of our sales at 13, for we sell at present only Burmah rice, in order that all fear of competition may be removed. Supplies of country rice all over the district are scanty; but private enterprise, even now that the rivers are open and communication free, has not stepped in to supply the deficiency.

D.—Storage.

Our golahs are distributed conveniently all over the district, so as to place supplies within reach of all, the distribution of grain among the people being easily carried out through the agency of the local paikars; hundreds of these men, failing to obtain their supplies elsewhere, obtain grain from our golahs at wholesale rates, they undertaking to retail at a certain fixed rate in the markets they are in the habit of frequenting. These men are paid no salary, they merely obtain their supplies at a seer per rupee cheaper than they retail to the public. We have in fact created no new agency, but merely utilised the existing machinery whereby supplies reach the market in ordinary years. The amount of grain stored in the district will, I think, be sufficient for our wants. Allowing for wastage, and a quantity we are about to send to Purneah, there are about 10 lakhs of maunds stored in the district; up to the end of June we will have disposed of about 4,50,000 maunds; our consumption during July and August may amount to 3,00,000, or perhaps more, which leaves 2,00,000 or 2,50,000 for consumption during the time that intervenes between the coming in of the bhadoi and the ripening of the winter crop.

E.—Advances.

A considerable amount has been issued during the past fortnight in the shape of advances, the people are very eager for help in this shape, and though the zemindars have hitherto been very backward as a body in standing security for advances made to their ryots, I hope when the extremely liberal terms Government are prepared to give become known, more of them will come forward. The name of one zemindar has been particularly brought to my notice, he having not only set an example to others in the matter of of advances, but having been of great assistance to the circle officer in many ways. I allude to Babu Shamanath Rai, of Mohadebpore thana, Putnitolla. This gentleman, when we first began to import rice, offered us accommodation free of cost; he has since superintended charitable relief in his own neighbourhood, and has all along supplied the circle officer with all the information in his power; further, when the question of advances was mooted, he offered to become security for the grain advanced to his ryots. I have much pleasure in bringing the services of this gentleman, who is of an old and once powerful family, to the notice of Government. I may add that Mr. Payter also, a Government farmer, has done a great deal for his ryots, advancing money for their assistance in the most liberal manner. Zemindars as a rule have shewn a decided unwillingness to become security for their ryots; the headmen and respectable inhabitants however, have shown a better spirit, and have generally become security jointly with the other villagers. The circle officers take care that the security pledged, viz., the holdings and coming crop, are sufficient to cover the price of grain advanced, but as the produce of the land is, as the land at present stands, hypothecated for the rent, I fear the zemindar, for whose ultimate good these advances are made, will forestall our claim by distraining the crop for rent due. Considering that the land-owner is the ultimate gainer, I think the question is deserving of consideration whether some legislative interference is not called for. Where a cultivator has no security to offer, he gets grain, not as an advance to be repaid, but as a charitable dole. The circle officers have been at some pains, ascertaining

the real wants of the villagers in this respect, having to guard against the villagers asking for more than they actually required, and inquiring into the sufficiency of the security pledged. These advances have been a great boon to the villagers, enabling them to obtain means of subsistence during this slack period, when little or no work can be given them by Government officials, and when their cultivation demands their presence at home. Mr. Pollen, the circle officer of Durgapore, reports as follows:—"There can be no doubt that these advances have in many cases proved the salvation of the village. They could not have been delayed any longer with safety to the community, while they have been delayed quite long enough to enable the zemindars to assist their distressed, ryots, had they been so disposed. I confidently expect that the greater portion of these advances will be recovered without difficulty. I consider grain advances to village communities one of the most effective, and least objectionable ways of meeting a great calamity like the present scarcity."

F.—Charitable Relief.

The numbers on our lists are on the increase, and now that road work has stopped, they will probably go on increasing. Our organization, however, for meeting distress is now complete, and will, I feel sure, be equal to any strain put upon it. The group system sketched out in Sir George Campbell's minute, has been adopted with some slight modifications. Charitable committees we have none of; everything is managed direct by the circle officer, subject to the supervision of the Magistrate. It seemed to me very inexpedient that action should be hampered by reference to an irresponsible committee: while, therefore the circle officers were directed to avail themselves to the utmost of local experience and knowledge, each one was told that he was responsible for the management of the division put under him, and as a rule right well have they all performed what were often arduous duties. The village munduls are entrusted with the duty of distributing charitable relief, each within his own village, or if a neighbouring village is small, he perhaps has charge of that too: the mundul makes out lists of his paupers, obtains passes, and distributes grain obtained from Government stores among the poor, reports fresh cases of distress &c. All this the mundul generally does without reward; in some cases he gets a donation of rice for his trouble, in others he is content with the recognition of his status as headman by the sircar. It was suggested at first that picked munduls should be appointed over every eight or ten villages, thus forming the group superintendents alluded to by Sir George Campbell: it was found however that the scheme would not work: a mundul willing to look after his own villagers was seldom willing to give the time and trouble necessary to looking after others, so the idea was abandoned, and each mundul allowed to look after his own village only. To look after the munduls, there are, attached to each circle, a certain number of inspectors and assistant inspectors, who have circles of 30 or 40 villages put under them, of which they have charge, their duty being to look after any relief work going on in the portion of the country allotted to them; to inquire into and report about advances to villagers, and to supervise the proceedings of the munduls, calling up the persons whose names stand on the list as paupers, seeing that they are fit objects for relief, &c., &c. Each mundul being thus responsible for so limited an area, and his operations being supervised as above described, it is impossible that any distress should remain unalleviated. Many of the inspectors are military men, whose services His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief has very kindly placed at our disposal: these native gentlemen have been most useful; they are active and intelligent, doing their duty with a will; they are also so thoroughly open and honest that the circle officers feel they can depend upon them with the most complete confidence. The Commander-in-Chief will, I am sure, be glad to hear that the services of his nominees are so appreciated, and that they have succeeded so completely in winning the approbation and esteem of those under whom they are serving.

G.—Financial Results.

The total expenditure up to last fortnight was Rs. 17,68,697-6-11

Details of the above.	Rs.	A.	P.
For road-works	...11,26,061	7	6
„ construction of golahs	... 39,476	12	6
„ transport of rice	... 3,94,366	7	5
Hire of carts for conveying money to circle officers	... 1,200	0	0
For purchase of fodder	... 2,000	0	0
„ construction of bungalows ...	... 2,643	0	0
Pay of establishment, &c, ...	... 20,535	5	7
Miscellaneous	... 4,428	2	8
Salary and travelling allowances of native doctors	... 305	7	3
For tank-digging	... 82,150	0	0
Price of gunny bags	... 4	0	0
Office furniture	... 127	12	0
Placed at the credit of executive engineer for road-works	45,000	0	0
Placed at the credit of Major Lindsay, R.E., for road works	50,000	0	0
Railway freight for kodalies, &c.	399	0	0

The total expenditure during the fortnight under report has been Rs. 95,313 8 9.

Details of the above.

	Rs.	A.	P.
J. Pollen, Esq., for road-works	16,308	4	6*
Baboo Hari Mohan Chand for road-works	9,572	14	1
Circle officer of Ranisankoil for ditto	14,940	4	0
Baboo Jogodisnath Roy for ditto	4,120	13	9
Lieutenant A. W. Proudfoot for ditto	5,000	0	0
M. Finucane, Esq., for ditto	11,246	0	7
Baboo Purna Chundra Gupta for ditto	9,000	0	0
J. P. Sneyd, Esq., for ditto	5,000	0	0
Placed at the credit of the executive engineer, Dinagepore, for road-works	15,000	0	0
Baboo Prosonno Coomar Roy for transport of rice ..	2,000	0	0
T. W. Tweedie, Esq., for construction of golah ..	300	0	0
Rohimulla, darogah, for Kaliagunge golah establishment for May	54	0	0
Native doctor Jowadally, for his salary for May ..	25	0	0
Ditto ditto for his travelling allowance ..	13	13	4
Ditto ditto for contingencies for May ..	5	12	9
Hyder Bux compounder, for pay for April and May ..	20	0	0
ditto ditto for travelling allowance ..	26	8	1
Baboo Harokali Mookherjee for Pateraj golah establishment for April	42	0	0
Baboo Harokali Mookherjee for Chooramun golah establishment for March	62	0	0
Baboo Harokali Mookherjee for Chooramun golah establishment for April	62	0	0
Baboo Harokali Mookherjee for Itahar golah establishment for March	19	7	0
Baboo Harokali Mookherjee for Mirjadighi golah establishment for March	4	0	3
Baboo Harokali Mookherjee for Mirjadighi golah establishment for April	31	13	4
Bamon and Jhumak, syces, for feeding Goverment horses..	4	0	0
Sikoos, Syce, for feeding Government horses.. ..	2	0	0
A. W. Scanlan, Esq., for his pay for May	212	14	0
H. J. H. Fasson, Esq., for golah establishment for May..	174	2	6
M. Finucane, Esq., for pay of his office establishment for May	293	0	0
Baboo Jadub Chunder Gossami for Luskerhat golah establishment for May	46	0	0
Baboo Jadub Chunder Gossami for Ramchandrapore golah establishment for May	22	13	3
Baboo Jadub Chunder Gossami for Luskerhat golah establishment for April	22	14	1
Baboo Hari Churan Mozumdar, court inspector, for travelling allowance	174	0	0
Baboo Harokali Mookherjee for Mirjadighi golah establishment for May	41	0	6
Zemiruddeen, compounder, for his pay	6	4	0
Edar Mahamud, compounder, for his pay for April ..	10	0	0
Kumar Singh, relief inspector, for his pay for April ..	34	12	6
J. P. Sneyd, Esq., for golah establishment for May ..	1,303	6	6
J. P. Sneyd, Esq., for contingencies	39	9	9
Doctor W. H. Gregg for travelling allowance for visiting Porsha and other stations	71	0	0

* All these expenses have been more than covered by the receipts in the hands of the officers on account of rice sales. No money has been sent from head-quarters.

E. E. Lowis.

Statement shewing the Number of Persons receiving Charitable Relief.

No.	Name of circle.	No. receiving relief.		Increase.	Decrease.
		Shown in last report.	In this report.		
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Dinagepore	2,430	3,001	571	.....
2	Ranisonkoil, Thakurgaon ...	4,631	5,169	538	.....
3	Bindole	1,876	1,964	88	.....
4	Doorgapore	1,500	2,500	1,000	.....
5	Churamon	630	952	322	.....
6	Kaliagunge	705	8,534	7,829	.....
7	Tamboolee	1,280	4,866	3,586	.....
8	Gungarampore ...	2,363	8,633	6,270	.....
9	Luskerhat	1,129	2,613	1,484	.....
10	Porsha	622	1,379	757	.....
11	Putnitolla	965	1,264	299	.....
12	Patiram	1,557	2,038	481	.....
13	Bhadoorea	1,266	946	.....	320
14	Bochagunge	959	4,626	3,667	.....
15	Beergunge	4,689	4,902	213	.....
16	Habra	547	1,306	759	.....
	Total ...	27,149	54,693	27,864	320

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the District of Dinagepore during the fortnight ending 29th June 1874.

Name of Circle.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	Total quantity of grain consumed as per last report.	Total quantity of Government grain consumed up to date.				Estimated grain receipts of the ensuing fortnight.	Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.
					Sold to the laborers or to public. I.	Given for charitable relief. II.	By advances to ryots. III.	Amount paid in kind to laborers. IV.	Total.	
		Mds.	Mds.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds.
Dinagepore	27th June 1874	96,000	1,25,706	34,770 30 10	42,617 7 10	3,378 28 12	10,334 19 2	205 33 0	56,436 8 8	
Chooramon	23rd ditto	45,000	61,000	16,226 7 13½	3,498 37 5	602 19 5	12,391 15 0	3,343 23 4½	19,836 14 14½	
Bindoil	24th ditto	89,000	52,207	21,071 38 15½	19,447 30 4½	2,469 23 0	16,064 25 0	2,535 37 5	40,517 35 9½	
Ranisonkoil Thakurgaon	23rd ditto	80,000	1,37,080	23,355 31 5½	29,035 13 6	1,546 17 5	1,328 35 0	978 28 14½	32,889 14 9½	
Bochagunge	25th ditto	30,000	24,588	7,098 10 4	8,986 26 3	537 14 8	.....	2,909 26 15½	12,433 27 10½	
Kaliagunge	23rd ditto	40,000	36,017	12,910 36 13	10,585 33 10	1,263 27 12	7,337 0 0	1,365 24 11½	21,052 6 1½	
Tamboolee	25th ditto	1,00,000	1,02,101	17,934 5 12	7,444 0 12	1,499 31 8	8,242 32 12	3,364 7 2	20,550 32 2	
Gungarampore	20th ditto	60,000	64,059	26,806 0 0	22,274 0 0	1,261 0 0	890 0 0	5,444 0 0	33,869 0 0	
Luskerhat	24th ditto	40,000	34,082	4,743 15 8	3,392 8 4	1,906 33 4	2,191 30 0	1,907 19 0	9,400 10 8	.....
Porsha	23rd ditto	40,000	58,336	2,363 18 9½	275 14 11½	3,103 26 8	3,854 0 0	937 26 10	8,170 27 13½	
Putnitolla	23rd ditto	95,000	1,00,163	20,209 39 7	14,471 1 9	2,248 37 5	37,095 20 0	1,911 0 3	55,726 19 1	
Patiram	24th ditto	85,000	84,456	25,685 1 7	28,571 13 11	1,192 4 4	6,272 14 2	.....	36,035 32 1	
Bhaduria	24th ditto	50,000	42,445	10,463 2 8	11,274 27 12	964 28 0	1,688 0 0	.....	13,927 15 12	
Doorgapore	23rd ditto	1,50,000	1,40,558	18,657 20 9	16,472 15 3	2,153 26 2	23,666 35 13	3,927 3 0	46,220 0 2	
Parbuttypore	26th ditto	.....	8,067	1,375 19 8	4,318 34 4	191 13 6	61 0 0	.....	4,571 7 10	
Foolbarre					2,084 5 7	103 29 12	720 17 12	.....	2,908 12 15	
Beergunge	25th ditto	.....	18,916	.....	11,097 35 1½	318 17 8½	7 1 1½	.....	11,423 13 11½	
	Total	10,00,000	10,90,035	2,43,671 39 1½	2,35,747 25 1½	24,744 18 3½	1,26,146 5 10½	22,330 30 2½	3,25,968 39 1½	.....

Statement showing the daily average number of Persons employed on each work in the several Relief Circles in the District of Dinagepore.

Name of circle.	Name of each work.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	On piece-work.	On daily wages.	Remarks.
Dinagepore Sudder.	Beerole road	140	91	73	304	110	194	
	Bazeetpore "	17	.....	65	82	.....	82	
	Sumelia "	55	.....	53	109	50	59	
	Sahibgunge "	246	3	15	264	244	20	
	Noolabaree "	52	40	69	141	.....	141	
	Maharajpore "	52	26	53	131	.....	131	
	Raneegunge "	44	.....	65	109	30	79	
	Ramdubee "	44	68	73	185	35	150	
	Karimullapore "	60	45	50	173	57	116	
	Darail "	62	.....	13	75	60	15	
	Kantabaree "	487	292	102	881	471	410	
	Binnukuree "	494	51	78	603	470	133	
	Gopalgunge "	6	7	44	57	.....	57	
	Fooltalah bund	106	7	32	145	86	59	
	Kanchan Golah road	11	.....	2	13	11	2	
	Bhowanipore tank	4	1	8	13	.....	13	Finished.
	Dinagepore "	14	20	40	74	.....	74	
	Balarampore "	8	.....	1	9	.....	9	Ditto.
	Chougharia "	8	.....	7	15	.....	15	
	Hoolespore "	30	34	34	98	.....	98	
	Raneedighy "	13	34	55	102	.....	102	
	Shibpore "	14	.....	9	23	.....	23	
	Total	1,927	689	980	3,596	1,624	1,972	
Patiram.	Patiram to Hillee road	190	12	38	230	180	50	
	Paglee to Khanpore "	225	89	56	370	225	145	
	Balughat to Hillee "	653	104	124	881	653	228	
	Kumargunge to Sumdia "	88	115	46	246	83	163	
	Balughat to Palsa "	142	13	9	164	142	22	
	Total	1,253	333	275	1,891	1,283	608	
Beergunge.	Khanshama to Nasserpore road	1,625	1,013	359	2,997	54	2,943	
	" to Bhuree "	456	28	.....	484	.....	.....	
	" to Debeegunge "	125	.....	.....	125	.....	.....	
	" to Durwanee "	303	.....	.....	303	.....	.....	
	" to Beergunge "	461	114	100	675	.....	.....	
	Beergunge to Kaharal "	500	27	54	581	.....	.....	
	" to Pergunge "	700	80	20	800	.....	.....	
	" to Dariapore "	140	2	8	150	.....	.....	
	Total	4,310	1,264	541	6,115	54	2,943	
Kaliagunge.	Udgaon road	6	.....	.....	6	.....	.....	
	Kaliagunge "	57	.....	.....	57	.....	.....	
	Radhikapore "	15	.....	.....	15	.....	.....	
	Pakura "	38	.....	.....	38	.....	.....	
	Bhannool "	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	
	Meomtabad "	2	.....	.....	2	.....	.....	
	Koonoor "	200	.....	.....	200	.....	.....	
	Ramgunge "	3	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	
	Total	322	.....	.....	322	.....	.....	
Tamboolee.	Kalikamara road	24	.....	.....	24	22	2	
	Kusumundi "	15	1	.....	14	4	10	
	Jamaree "	17	.....	.....	17	16	1	
	Mohipal "	139	23	.....	148	.....	148	
	Baniatpore "	110	89	11	210	71	139	
	Dhowlutpore "	109	.....	.....	109	107	2	
	Harirampore "	16	.....	.....	16	8	8	
	Total	412	115	11	538	228	310	
	Under Public Works Department Subordinates.							
	Seralhat road	12	8	.....	20	...	20	
	Tamboolee "	2	.....	.....	2	.....	2	
	Mahipal "	10	.....	.....	10	.....	10	
	Total	24	8	.....	32	.....	32	
Gangarampore.	Kardaha road	2	.....	2	4	.....	.....	
	Lushkerhat "	30	45	32	107	.....	.....	
	Nowbasar "	27	.....	.....	27	.....	27	
	Foolbarry "	12	.....	.....	12	.....	.....	
	Gangarampore "	39	133	21	193	8	185	
	Darail "	211	129	4	344	.....	344	
	Katalhat bund	41	88	25	154	20	93	
	Kooroomuhal "	7	.....	.....	7	.....	.....	
	Ram Cani Acharjee's tank	191	12	.....	203	.....	203	
	Total	549	377	73	1,051	37	854	
Bindole.	Bindole to Serajgunge road	38	2	1	41	41	.....	
	Bindole to Moisarajhat "	238	215	260	711	.....	.....	
	Hemtabad to Bindole "	3	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	
	Hemtabad to Moharajhat "	171	306	216	693	171	522	
	Hemtabad to Maloom "	330	27	718	1,075	.....	.....	
	Hurripore to Moharajhat "	602	691	239	1,532	125	1,407	
	Dinagepore to Purnoah "	630	107	77	864	130	734	
	Torra to Hurripore "	111	.....	.....	111	111	.....	
	Hemtabad to Fakeergunge "	5	.....	1	6	.....	.....	
	Total	2,176	1,348	1,512	5,036	578	2,663	

Name of circle.	Name of each work.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	On piece-work.	On daily wages.	Remarks.
Doorgapore.	Maharajhat road	833	2,099	809	3,131	.....	3,131	
	Kumjorate „	117	573	170	860	.....	860	
	Gobra tank	13	75	32	119	.....	119	
	Mendigaon road	20	116	52	188	.....	188	
	Rupahar „	44	356	12	412	.....	412	
	Hemtabad „	427	317	102	846	447	399	
	On bridge works	76	.....	.....	76	.....	76	
	Koonoor road	40	177	.	217	40	177	
	Palibarre tank	13	150	12	175	.....	175	
	Total	1,576	3,863	889	6,024	487	5,537	
Ranisankole and Thakurganj.	Nekmurd to Ranisankole road	114	547	127	788	114	674	
	Satughatta to Jamoon „	65	.....	.....	65	60	5	
	Satughata to Mirdanga „	146	58	9	213	68	145	
	Ranisankole to Peergunge „	29	.....	.....	29	.....	29	
	Ranisankole to Bundole „	192	116	.....	308	.....	308	
	Ranisankole to Haripore „	337	19	19	375	.....	375	
	Haripore to Jamoon „	87	15	11	111	80	31	
	Bodesaari to Satughatta „	13	131	13	146	.....	146	
	Bodesaari to Jagodol „	14	38	16	68	.....	68	
	Palasbari tank	275	.....	.....	275	275	.....	
	Sumgunge „	20	.....	.....	20	20	.....	
	Total	291	910	195	2,396	617	1,779	
Lukkerhat	Bhakarpore road	5	.....		5	.....	5	
	Ram Chandpore road	48	.....	2	50	27	23	
	Lakhi Narayanpore tank	8	.....	.....	8	8	.....	
	Koorahar „	7	.....	.....	7	7	.....	
	Rai Chand „	3	.....	.....	3	.....	3	
	Lakhidanga „	7	.....	.....	7	7	.....	
	Sahares „	2	.....	.....	2	2	.....	
	Neempore „	2	.....	.....	2	2	.....	
	Sookdebpore „	8	.....	1	9	9	.....	
	Balukadaho „	25	.....	.....	25	25	.....	
	Balughat road	625	.....	.....	625	625	.....	
	Gangihar road	243	.....	.....	243	163	80	
	Pallah road	30	.....	.....	30	30	.....	
	Total	1,013	.....	3	1,016	905	111	
Choorakhon.	Itahar road	160	113	55	327	126	201	
	Potaraj road	340	814	94	1,248	227	1,021	
	Mirjadighy road	68	122	63	253	57	1,096	
	Etahar tank	96	15	9	120	33	87	
	Total	664	1,063	220	1,947	493	1,454	
Porsha.	Sapahar to Ghatnagar road	211	70	35	316	154	212	
	Mardanga tank	21	.....	4	25	21	4	
	Gopalpore „	38	.....	4	42	38	4	
	Kherenda „	55	.....	8	63	.....	63	
	Simuldanga „	35	34	37	106	35	71	
	Serabi „	70	101	173	344	70	274	
	Teina „	31	.....	43	74	31	43	
	Total	461	205	354	1,020	349	671	
Patkitola	Seebgunge to Sateerhaut road	62	.....	.....	62	.....	62	
	Modool to Sheebpore „	170	.....	5	175	.....	175	
	Mataseer to Farseepara „	227	.....	8	235	124	111	
	Mataseer to Hafaneer „	33	.....	.....	33	31	2	
	Farseepara to Harogouri „	18	.....	.....	18	.....	18	
	Debipore to Ranganatia „	230	.....	40	270	.....	270	
	Patneetollah embankment „	6	.....	.....	6	...	6	
	Total	746	.....	53	799	155	644	
Bhadooria.	Ghoraghat to Sontapur road	1,719	171	209	2,099	794	1,304	
	Bhadooria to Nawabgunge road	484	70	76	630	139	491	
	Bhadooria to Horokandi „	334	53	53	440	179	260	
	Ghuraghat to Kulanundopore „	398	170	128	696	322	374	
	Ghuraghat to Kamdia „	55	41	15	91	16	75	
	Ghuraghat to Govindogunge „	35	84	13	132	30	102	
	Seala tank	6	.....	.....	6	5	1	
	Total	2,941	588	494	4,023	1,415	2,608	
Bochagunge	Dhukurjhari road	125	33	127	300	16	284	
	Maloon „	334	43	54	430	68	412	
	Bochagunge „	320	98	182	600	106	494	
	Bonbaree „	551	276	91	899	200	499	
	Katihar „	183	50	73	304	49	255	
	Beergunge „	446	188	212	846	60	786	
	Aziabad „	101	9	13	123	48	75	
	Raneesankole „	654	83	273	959	139	820	
	Peergunge „	14	.....	.....	14	14	.....	
	Bonbaree „	29	.....	.....	29	29	.....	
	Bosbhanga „	16	.....	.....	16	16	.....	
	Jangaon „	223	.....	.....	223	223	.....	
	Chandpore „	65	.....	.....	65	65	.....	
	Joypore „	96	.....	.....	96	96	.....	
	Bhomradaha „	32	.....	.....	32	32	.....	
	Total	3,026	713	1,036	4,775	1,180	3,596	

Dinagepore Magistracy,
The 29th June 1874.

E. E. Lowis,
Officiating Magistrate.

No. 1450, dated Rajshahye, the 1st July 1874.

From—W. H. D'OYLY, Esq., Collector of Rajshahye,

To—The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Dept.

I HAVE the honor to submit my narrative for the fortnight ending 27th June.

A.—STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

The crops are progressing most favorably. In parts of Nattore the late sowings of amun rice in the lowest lands have suffered from the excessive rain, but not over any considerable extent of country. Rice and dhan are being imported in large quantities, and prices have everywhere fallen; though in a less degree in Godagaree, Tannore, and Manda, and in a portion of Singra, than elsewhere. In these thanas, prices still range from 9 seers, to 10 seers 8 chittacks per rupee. The numbers of persons seeking relief at the several poor-houses are increasing, although work is exacted from all who are capable of doing work; and I think we must not expect that the numbers will much diminish till the aous harvest commences, when there will be work enough in the fields.

As far as I have been able to ascertain, it would appear that in the year 1866 there was a larger area of aous cultivation than usual, but all seem to agree that this year aous has been more extensively cultivated than it was even in 1866. The scarcity in 1866 was caused chiefly by damage done in 1865 by *high floods*, not by drought. The Bhurind crops were excellent, but those in the low lands suffered, and it was chiefly where the lands are low that aous was extensively cultivated in 1866. In that year prices fell in June and July, but that I believe was, as in this year, owing to large importations as the rivers began to rise. The aous crop did not affect the market till August and September, when prices suddenly fell (about 2 seers), but they rose again in October in Beauleah. This year the aous crop being so much more extensive, should have a more lasting effect on the markets.

The condition of the people generally is good, and there have been no cases of starvation. Petty thefts and cases of house-trespass have increased in number, though not to an unusual extent.

B.—RELIEF WORKS.

The daily average on district works during the first week of the fortnight was 1,092$\frac{4}{7}$, while that during the last week was 938$\frac{1}{7}$. Grain has for some time past been given for six days in the week, and lately on all seven days of the week.

C.—TRANSPORT OF GRAIN.

See statements.

D.—STORAGE OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN.

See statement showing consumption of Government grain.

E.—ADVANCES TO PRIVATE PARTIES.

Advanced up to end of previous fortnight.

	Rs.	As.	P.
In money	1,27,532	12	0
In grain	292	8	0
Total ...	1,27,825	4	0

Advanced during fortnight.

In money	1,000	0	0
In grain	2,915	10	0
Total ...	1,31,740	14	0

F.—CHARITABLE RELIEF.

See statement.

G.—FINANCIAL RESULTS.

Total expenditure as shown in the last narrative ...	3,71,120	9	7

Detail of the above—

Advanced for the conveyance of Government grain ...	1,85,953	12	5
Advanced to Mr. Luff, &c., on cheques	1,29,117	3	1
Advanced for storage of Government grain	351	3	6
Grant-in-aid to charitable relief	8,926	13	0

	Rs.	As.	P.
Paid on account of contribution to district relief fund ...	465	0	0
Salary and deputation allowance	9,059	12	5
Advanced for purchase of golah materials	9,453	0	0
Advanced for relief work	1,873	12	0
Expended for relief work	3,005	0	0
Advanced for purchase of seed for free distribution ...	600	0	0
Tentage and travelling	229	1	8
Contingencies	687	5	0
Miscellaneous charges	95	5	3
Package	176	4	11
Permanent advance	50	0	0
Advanced to Executive Engineer, Northern Bengal State Railway No. 2, on his cheques	16,480	8	4
Paid to Mr. Luff, Burral, Northern Bengal State Railway on his cheques	4,596	8	0
Expended during the fortnight—			
Travelling expenses	18	0	0
Permanent advance	50	0	0
Contingencies	13	7	6
Miscellaneous	30	13	3
Storage of Government grain	119	1	0
For conveyance of Government grain	435	2	0
Total ...	666	7	9
Nattore Sub-division.			
Paid to Messrs. Luff and Anderson, Executive Engineers, Northern Bengal Railway, on their cheques ...	9,713	3	9
Total expenditure as shown in the last narrative ...	3,71,120	9	7
Grand Total ...	3,81,500	5	1

Statement showing the Cholera cases treated by the 3rd class Hospital Assistants and Compounders, from 1st to 8th June 1874, in the Rajshahye District.

Names of villages.	Disease.	Remaining.	Admitted.	Total.	Result. Cured.	Relieved.	Died.	Remaining.	Remarks.
Lallogore	Cholera	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	These cases of cholera treated by the 3rd class hospital assistant in charge of Saipara famine hospital.
Buthdai	Ditto	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
Chandreegram	Ditto	3	1	4	3	...	1	...	
Saipara	Ditto	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	
Doaroil	Ditto	8	3	11	9	...	1	1	
Casher	Ditto	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	
Singmara	Ditto	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
	Total ...	14	7	21	18	...	2	1	
Badeegram	Cholera	...	4	4	1	..	...	3	These cases treated at Bagmara station by 3rd class hospital assistant G. Manikuni.
Asrrown	Cholera	14	6	20	...	1	...	19	These cases treated by compounder at Nattore sub-division.
Jegoori	Ditto	4	...	4	...	...	...	4	
	Total ...	18	6	24	...	1	...	23	
Sreepore	Cholera	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	These cases treated by the compounder of Nowhatta outpost.
Gagonbarsah	Ditto	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	
Barapara	Ditto	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
Joynugger	Ditto	...	5	5	5	...	...	...	
	Total ...	2	6	8	8	...	...	...	
	Grand Total ...	34	23	57	27	1	2	27	

BEAULEAH,
The 13th June 1874.

R. H. CURRAN,
Offg. Civil Surgeon, Rajshahye.

No. 572.

B.—Statement showing the Number of Men, Women, and Children employed on Works in the District of Rajshahye under the Executive Engineer, Rajshahye District, during the week ending Saturday, the 20th June 1874.

Serial No. of work.	Name of Work.	Length of road, &c.	Number of Persons employed on each Work.																					How long work is likely to give employment.	Remarks showing proportion of work-people who are earning full rates and doing full work for their sex and age.	Grains.		
			Sunday, 14th June.			Monday, 15th June.			Tuesday, 16th June.			Wednesday, 17th June.			Thursday, 18th June.			Friday, 19th June.			Saturday, 20th June.			Total.								
			Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.			Rate of rice.	Bazar. Name.	Bazar. Distance.
10	Byah road	7	220	36	15	223	19	14	235	43	21	123	23	12	217	81	11	220	27	12	219	21	16	1,464	284	92	16th July ...	Metalling road	.....	Byahát ...	2 miles.
11	Nattore road	30	330	...	10	330	...	10	315	...	10	206	...	8	196	...	6	97	...	5	...	...	...	1,530	...	51	1st July ...	Three-fourths would not work on the road.	.....	Beruldah ...	2 ditto.
12	Road from Nattore to Bagaur	8	28	...	...	28	..	...	42	...	...	28	...	...	120	...	...	69	...	...	...	...	...	453	...	...	1st July ...	One-half of these men would not work.	Government rice 12 and 14 seers per rupee.	Dighapatea ...	2 ditto.
2	Dinagepore road	16	78	67	...	52	60	...	69	65	...	33	69	...	40	32	...	194	71	7	87	35	...	520	466	...	August ...	Laboring class (Boomas) ...	.....	Sooltangunge	1 mile.
1	Maldah road...	9	66	40	...	41	24	...	64	41	..	...	...	...	60	10	...	84	37	...	48	20	...	300	172	...	August ...	Three-fourths would not work in ordinary years.	.....	Ditto ...	2 miles.
5	Godagaree road	20	11	15	...	9	12	...	7	15	...	23	6	...	9	8	...	8	7	...	6	8	...	83	69	...	.....	Ditto ditto ...	.....	Premtolli ...	2 ditto.
13	Pubna road	23	10	...	...	8	...	...	11	...	...	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	39	..	...	15th July ...	Laboring class.	.....	—	
Minor works	Saipara road, 1st section	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	363	...	...	...	...	...	196	...	3	...	...	...	903	...	16	.....	.....			
	Saipara road, 2nd section	...	...	...	...	No reports received.						...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	Three-fourths of these men would not come on to the road.			
9	Feeder road	...	242	...	10	258	...	9	291	...	10	16	...	8	...	...	...	16	...	8	....	...	...	1,124	...	45	15th July ...	Three-fourths of these men are compelled to work this year, who in ordinary seasons would not come on to the road.			
16	Kathoom to Goolen Hát ...	...	...	...	...	No reports received.						...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
	Provincial works	...	18	...	4	10	...	4	16	...	5	15	...	5	11	...	7	11	...	6	17	...	5	98	...	36					
	Imperial works	...	5	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	2					
	District work	...	7	...	3	9	...	4	9	...	5	9	...	4	8	...	6	8	...	5	14	...	4	64	...	31					
	Total number employed ...	...	1,108	161	61	1,077	144	61	1,161	165	61	1,007	100	37	665	78	29	743	143	29	361	87	31	6,505	871	272		Rate of wages paid for full work to each man, 10 pice.			

J. J. O'FLAHERTY,
Executive Engineer.

No. 623.

B.—Statement showing the Number of Men, Women, and Children employed on Works in the District of Rajshahye under the Executive Engineer, Rajshahye District, during the week ending Saturday, the 27th June 1874.

Serial number of work.	Name of work.	Length of road, &c.	Number of Persons employed on each work daily.																					How long work is likely to give employment.	Remarks shewing proportion of work-people who are earning full rates, and doing full work for their sex and age.	Grains.		
			Sunday, 21st June.			Monday, 22nd June.			Tuesday, 23rd June.			Wednesday, 24th June.			Thursday, 25th June.			Friday, 26th June.			Saturday, 27th June.			Total.						Rate of rice.	Bazar.	
			Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.					Name.	Distance.
10	Ryah road	7	220	3	12	212	23	11	206	23	10	202	23	11	204	23	12	206	25	11	...	...	...	1,252	147	67	10th July ...	Metalling road.	Government rice 12 and 14 seers per rupee.	Bya Hát ...	2 miles.
11	Nattore road	30	162	...	6	127	...	7	79	...	...	48	...	2	146	...	5	83	...	...	150	...	5	795	...	25	1st July ...	Three-fourths would not work on the road.		Beroldah ...	Ditto.
12	Road from Nattore to Barsur.	8	98	...	...	91	...	...	53	...	...	51	...	...	92	...	...	89	...	...	70	...	...	479	...	...	1st July ...	One-half of these men would not work.		Dighapatea ...	1 mile.
2	Dinagepore road	10	61	51	...	113	93	...	123	92	...	128	111	...	147	103	...	119	91	...	...	...	...	709	522	...	August ...	Laboring class (Koonahs).		Sultangunge...	2 miles.
1	Maldah road	8	35	37	...	63	47	...	56	49	...	49	35	...	43	36	...	39	33	...	...	...	...	285	229	...	August ...	These men would not work in ordinary years.		Ditto ...	Ditto.
5	Godagaree road	20	12	21	...	12	20	...	11	16	...	8	12	...	21	22	...	11	22	...	...	...	...	75	113	...	.....	Ditto ditto.		Premtolli.	
13	Pubna road	22	18	...	...	36	...	...	24	...	...	20	...	...	...	...	...	50	...	...	...	...	...	148	...	...	18th July ...	Laboring class.			
Minor works	Saipara road 1st section ...	...	324	...	3	330	...	3	330	...	2	327	...	...	425	...	...	322	...	...	...	...	...	1,708	...	8		Three-fourths of these men would not come on to the road.			
	Saipara road, 2nd section	...	...	...	...	No reports received.																									
9	Feeder road (Tanmore) ...	...	14	...	...	18	...	...	...	...	...	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	49	...	...	18th July ...	Three-fourths of these men are compelled to work this year, who in ordinary seasons would not come on to the road.			
16	Kathoom to Gooles Hát ...	...	...	...	...	No reports received.																									
	Provincial Works	...	...	...	...	No reports received.																									
	Imperial works	...	...	...	...	No reports received.																						Rate of wages paid for full work to men, ten pice.	Payments have been made in grain. On some works for every day grain wage, on others, grain for six days and money on seventh day only. In future grain only will be given even on the 7th day.		
	District works	...	...	...	...	No reports received.																									
	Total number employed...	...	874	135	21	1,016	177	21	894	162	12	916	179	12	718	181	17	889	171	11	190	...	5	5,459	1,011	100	.....				

BEAULEAH;
The 29th June 1874.

J. J. O'FLAHERTY,
Executive Engineer.

GODAGAREE.

Receipts.—Nil.

Despatches.

Date of despatch.	To whom despatched.	Bags.	Maunds.
11th June 1874	Jadu Nath Sen, overseer ...	13	25
13th „ „	Ditto ditto ...	20	40
15th „ „	Ditto ditto ...	31	60
17th „ „	Ditto ditto ...	13	25
19th „ „	Mr. Dawson for Moorshedabad district.	850	1,700
20th „ „	Jadu Nath Sen, overseer ...	8	15
21st „ „	Mr. Dawson for Moorshedabad district.	825	1,650
22nd „ „	Jadu Nath Sen, overseer ...	5	100
23rd „ „	Mr. Dawson for Moorshedabad district.	1,550	3,100
24th „ „	Ditto ditto ...	180	360
25th „ „	Jadu Nath Sen, overseer ...	40	80
26th „ „	Mr. Dawson for Moorshedabad district.	200	400
27th „ „	Ditto ditto ...	129	257
27th „ „	Jadu Nath Sen, overseer ...	5	10

NOWGONG.

Receipts.

Date of receipt.	From whom received.	Bags.	Maunds.
12th June 1874	K. N. Chatterjea, store-keeper, Northern Bengal Railway.	212	324
13th „ „	Ditto ditto ...	87	174
14th „ „	Ditto ditto ...	105	210
15th „ „	Ditto ditto ...	60	119

NOWGONG.

Despatches.

Date of despatch.	To whom despatched.	Bags.	Maunds.
12th June 1874	Bogra district	212	324 0
13th „ „	Ditto	87	174 0
14th „ „	Ditto	105	210 0
15th „ „	Ditto	160	319 0
16th „ „	Ditto	613	938 0
17th „ „	Ditto	483	663 0
18th „ „	Ditto	150	300 0
19th „ „	Ditto	324	323 6
21st „ „	Srekisto Saha, mohurir in Bandakpore.	63	100 0
25th „ „	Girish Chandra Lahiri ...	207	200 0

NOWGONG (RAILWAY DEPÔT).

Despatches.

Date of despatch.	From whom despatched.	Bags.	Maunds.
4th June 1874	Not stated in the return ...	426	851
12th „ „		.....	.....
13th „ „		483	866
14th „ „		125	248
15th „ „		60	119
16th „ „		.....	.....
21st „ „		30	57
22nd „ „		.....	.....
25th „ „		.....	687

Statement showing operations of Charitable Relief in the Rajshahye District during fortnight ending 27th June 1874.

Name of Sub-Division.	Name of poor-house.	Number of persons relieved daily.		Remarks.
		Gratuitously.	Doing light work.	
Sudder sub-division...	Beauleah	250	169	
	Koosadanga ...	1,781	2,125	
	Pannanugger ...	688	2,057	
	Baragatchee... ...	314	48	
	Sarda	165	94	
	Tahirpore	1,403	3,171	
	Nowhatta	292	91	
	Aranî	105	.....	
	Galimpore	204	.....	
South Bhurind sub-division	Chowbeesnugger ...	1,014	2,372	
	Raneenugger ...			
	Mehrapore			
	Sarpara			
	Tannore			
	Dhooroil			
	Hattra			
North Bhurind sub-division	Nooroollabad ...	4	22	
	Salgore	125	74	
	Narupara	4	88	
	Bamiogram	33	91	
	Dasatina	15	30	
	Kusumba	20	17	
	Shabai	113	95	
	Chandunnugger ...	59	43	
	Sonadanga	21	44	
	Bandaikhara ...	5	8	
	Baksail	53	36	
	Bagmarah	69	129	
	Haludghur	86	62	
	Takurpara	.....	119	
	Palapara and Rokhitpore	.....	87	
	Tegatchee	.....	100	
	Banupore	.....	154	
	Kour	.....	170	
	Shainpara	.....	323	
	Mahamedpore ...	.....	143	
	Bhabanipore ...	.....	145	
	Baingache	.....	13	
	Shanjuria	.....	76	
	Shajanpulsa... ...	.....	31	
	Koalipara	.....	52	
Nattore sub-division.	Nattore	575	64	
	Anubagha	51	41	
	Singrah	1	.....	
	Kashimpore... ...	.....	8	
	Karachmaria ...	2	2	
	Total ...	7,452	12,274	

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the Rajshahye District during the fortnight ending 27th June 1874.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Name of Circle.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	Consumption of Government grain up to date. By sale to the public or to laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advance to ryots.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.	Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.
		Mds. Srs.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	
Sudder sub-division	27th June 1874.	19,500 0	19,461 4 0	30 0 0	9,117 36 8	736 0 0	680 24 0	10,564 20 8	9,800 mds.
South Bhurind sub-division ...		13,906 0	13,049 29 0	595 0 0	1,610 30 0	459 35 0	704 29 0	3,369 14 0	
*North Bhurind sub-division .		29,407 5	29,033 61 4	.....	100 0 0	356 0 0	119 5 0	575 5 0	
Nattore sub-division		37,226 35	37,226 35 0	548 26 8½	1,342 4 0	304 20 0	182 31 14	2,378 3 64	
Total ...		1,00,000 0	99,570 39 4	1,173 26 8½	13,170 30 8	1,845 15 0†	1,687 10 14	16,887 2 14½	

* No return has been received from this sub-division.

† These advances have been made through the zemindars.

W. H. D'Oyly,
Collector.

No. 671F., dated Maldah, the 29th June 1874.

From—F. Wyer, Esq., Offg. Magistrate-Collector of Maldah,
To—The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Dept.

I have the honor to forward my narrative for the fortnight ending 27th instant.

A.—State of the Country.

There has been a very plentiful rainfall during the fortnight over the whole district. The prospects of the bhadoi crop are very good indeed, and in all probability there will be a bumper harvest. In Kalliachak thana, where during the preceding fortnight, owing to the absence of rain, cultivation was nearly at a stand-still, the people are now busy sowing their lands; but judging from the number of people relieved there, distress must be still somewhat severe. In the Boriu, lands are being ploughed up and sown with the hymanti crop. Some of this is already growing, and so far the prospects of this all-important crop are fair. There are many complaints of want of seed-grain for this crop; but I am confident that the ryots either have it, or will be supplied with it by the mahajuns. Of course they would much prefer to get advances from Government free of interest, but I think that those advances are not necessary. During the past fortnight there have been large imports to English Bazar of rice and dhan, chiefly from Dacca; altogether 3,280 maunds of the former, and 3,546 maunds of the latter having been brought in by boats up the Mohanunda. During the last three days there has been a further importation of 2,920 maunds of rice and 1,191 maunds of dhan by the same route, so that the local markets are well supplied, and in no place in the district is rice higher than 10 seers for the rupee. I have stopped the sales of Government rice in Maldah. The sales in Chanchal have increased, 1,498 maunds having been sold during the past fortnight.

The following tables give the latest prices of paddy and common rice at the chief markets in the district, and the quantity of grain imported during the fortnight:—

	Paddy: number of seers per rupee (80 tolahs.)	Common rice: number of seers per rupee (80 tolahs.)
English Bazar		12
Old Maldah		12
Gazole	15	12
Nowabgunge	18	10½
Rohanpore	16½	10½
Chanchal, Toolsigunge, Samsi, and Abadpore ...	15	10
Kalliachuck	16	10½
Sheebgunge	17	10

Importation.

	Rice.	Paddy.
From Dacca	3,045	2,040
„ Sylhet	0	1,050
„ Burisal	150	0
„ Furreedpore	0	80
„ Nilpore	0	75
„ Rohonpore	65	250
„ Bulbulchandee	20	25
Total ...	3,280	3,520

Rainfall.

The following quantity of rainfall was recorded at the head-quarters, viz.—

Head-quarters	6·01
At Chanchal	13 44

Condition of special tracts.—Since the heavy rain in Chanchal, cholera has nearly entirely disappeared. There were a few cases in other parts of the district, as well as some cases of small-pox.

B.—Relief Works.

During the past fortnight there has been a large falling off in the number of people employed on relief works. The daily average of the number employed under the Department of Public Works has decreased from 2,567 to 1,640, and under the circle officers from 3,915 to 2,796. Thus there has been a decrease of 2,052 persons, or about one-third of the average number which was working during the preceding fortnight. This decrease is owing chiefly to the laborers having gone off to till their fields, and in a minor degree to the introduction of grain payments. The following table will show the number of persons employed in each circle, and under the Public Works Department:—

Name of Sub-division.		Number of Public Works Department laborers.			Number of laborers under Circle Officers.			
		Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.
Sudder Sub-Division	Sudder circle	1,474	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,576
	Gazole circle ...	3,778	1,408	946	.....	.....	.....	1,900
	Maldah circle ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,474
	Sheobgunge circle ...	5,270	1,660	806	.....	.....	.....	700
	Gomastapore circle ..	2,362	1,309	623	4,956	2,627	1,809	8,894
	Nawabgunge circle...	2,725	1,304	391	10,699	508	428	11,635
Chanchal Sub-division.	Chanchal circle ...	.....	.....	.....	6,502	1,674	492	8,668

Remarks.—The returns for Gazole and Sheobgunge have not been received, but the number is about 1,300. The figures given are very nearly correct.

Total number of laborers under Department Public Works...	Men ...	15,609
	Women ...	5,791
	Children ...	1,566
	Total ...	22,966
Total number of laborers under Sudder sub-division circle officers	...	30,479
Total number of laborers under Chanchal circle officer ...	...	8,668
	Grand Total ...	62,113

Daily average number of laborers employed in the Sudder sub-division—		
Under Department Public Works	...	1,640
„ circle officers		2,177
Total ...		3,817
Daily average number of laborers in the Chanchal sub-division—		...
Under Department Public Works		
„ Circle Officers		619
Total ...		619
Daily average for the whole district		4,436

Amount disbursed in wages by the Public Works Department during the fortnight was—

In cash.			In grain.		
Rs.	A.	P.	Mds.	S.	Ch.
763	1	6	4,086	0	0

The laborers at work in the Chanchal circle have now been given employment on village roads &c., near their own villages.

C.—Transport of Government Grain.

During the last fortnight 20,000 maunds more of the Purneah rice were sent to Dengra Ghât. This will make in all 74,000 sent direct from here to Dengra Ghât, to which add the 65,861 previously sent to Dumroil. Total, 1,39,871. The quantity received at Dengrah was, according to the last accounts, 95,000 maunds; 10,000 maunds from the Maldah supply were sent to Godagaree for the Moorshedabad district, and 1,600 maunds have been sent from Hyatpore to Rajmehal for the Sonthal Pergunnahs.

D.—Storage of Government Grain.

The following quantity of grain has been stored in the district, viz.:—

	Mds.
English Bazar golah	40,462
Old Maldah „	27,195
Gazole „	9,995
All the golahs of the Chanchal circle	44,910
Gomastapore	1,125
Nowabgunge golah	8,750
Jhelim „	1,000
Parbuttypore „	1,000
Sheebgunge „	1,500
Total ...	1,35,937

The following amounts of grain were sent to the undermentioned golahs for expense in those circles, viz.:—

	Mds.	Srs.
From English Bazar—		
To Sheebgunge	567	0
„ Bulbulchundi	487	10
„ Charitable circle	209	30
„ Kalliachuck	97	15
„ Executive Engineer	53	26
„ Maldah Jail	22	39
„ District Relief Officer	152	25
	1,590	25
From Old Maldah—		
To Nowabgunge	5,000	0
„ Gomastapore	500	0
„ English Bazar	200	0
„ Charitable circle, Malda	89	24
Grand total ...	5,789	24

The total quantity of Government grain disposed of up to date is 35,488 maunds 17 seers 13½ chittacks.

To this must be added 10,000 maunds sent to Godagaree for Moorshedabad, leaving a balance of 90,448 maunds 22 seers 2½ chittacks.

E.—Advances to Private Parties and their Results.

No advances of money have been made during the fortnight, either for purchase of grain or for land improvements. 2,908 maunds 33 seers 8 chittacks were advanced to ryots; the total quantity advanced up to date is 9,311 maunds.

F.—Charitable Relief.

The daily average of the number of people relieved during the past fortnight was 12,730, showing the large increase of 3,168 on the preceding fortnight. This increase has taken place in the Chanchal, the Sudder, and Maldah circles, where the total fortnightly increase was 14,358; 22,437; and 7,018 respectively. In the Sudder, the increase in the number of persons relieved was chiefly in Kalliachak thana. The number given under this head includes those who are relieved by spinning jute, cotton &c. There will not, I think, be any decrease in the

numbers until the end of July or middle of August, but on the contrary a small increase. The following shows the number relieved during the fortnight in each circle:—

Name of Circle.		Number of people relieved.	Rice distribution.	Remarks.
			Mds. Srs. Ch.	
Sudder Sub-division ...	Maldah	31,864	441 11 15	
	Gazole	5,700	.....	
	Sudder	38,570	426 18 13	
	Sheebgunge	2,400	75 23 12½	
	Nowabgunge	33,124	621 22 6½	
	Gomastapore	30,176	179 3 0	
Chanchal Sub-division ...	Chanchal	45,348	891 36 13	

To this must be added 5,700 as the number of people relieved in Gazole, and 2,400 as the number of people relieved in Sheebgunge. The actual figures have not been received for these circles, but the numbers given above are, I believe, nearly right. Thus the daily average number of people relieved was 12,730.

G.—Financial Results of the Fortnight.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Total expenditure from district treasury, as shown in the last fortnightly narrative	3,33,945	6	2
Detail of the above total, viz.:—			
Ordinary district roads and relief-works	1,06,062	15	0
Advances for purchase of grain	40,000	0	0
Advances for land improvements	17,800	0	0
Advances for helping ryots	1,650	0	0
Miscellaneous expenditure	1,68,432	7	2
Total ...	3,33,945	6	2
Financial Results of the Fortnight under report.			
Salaries, establishments, and office contingencies ...	388	4	4
Storage	23	6	2
Transport of Government grain	15,000	0	0
Miscellaneous	1,625	0	0
Total ...	17,035	10	6
(*a*) Final payments made	17,036	10	6
(*b*) Advances repayable	0	0	0
Total ...	17,036	10	6

P.S.—To-day coarse rice from Dacca is selling in English Bazar at 13½ seers per rupee.

Statements showing the progress of Charitable Relief in the Maldah District.

Number of committees and sub-committees as yet appointed ...	District committee	1
	Sub-divisional committees	7
	Relief centres	92
Number of special relief circles opened and manned by special officers / Number of regular relief circles opened and manned by special officers		7
Number of relief circles opened and managed by planters, zemindars, and other residents		*Nil.*
Number of work-houses or centres for the distribution of food and gratuitous relief		92
Number of men, women, and children in receipt of gratuitous relief in any shape through the charitable relief organization daily ...		12,730

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the Maldah District.

Name of Circles.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	Total Quantity of Government Grain consumed up to date.					Estimated grain receipts of the ensuing fortnight.	Estimated grain expenditure of ensuing fortnight.
				By sales to the public or to laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots.	By payments in kind to laborers.	Total.		
		Mds.	Mds.	M. S. C.	M. S. C.	M. S. C.	M. S. C.	M. S. C.		
Maldah ..	26th June 1874...	25,000	27,195	1,006 34 9	964 7 7	230 0 0	.....	2,211 2 0	Nil.	15,000 maunds.
Gasole*	.....	10,000	9,995	1,304 10 12	308 27 8	68 0 0	.....	1,726 5 4		
Chanchal ...	26th June 1874...	30,000	44,910	7,136 33 9	891 36 13	3,177 0 0	.....	13,606 16 7		
Sudder	„ „	25,000	40,462	693 21 14½	1,328 36 7	220 33 3	.....	2,242 11 12½		
Sheebgunge ...	20th „		1,500	2,219 22 12	614 0 3½	1,127 0 0	.....	3,962 22 14½		
Nowabgunge ...	„ „ ...	5,000	9,750	1,340 4 1	2,133 3 0½	1,163 33 0	1,427 4 10†	6,073 3 11½		
Gomastapore ...	„ „ ...	5,000	2,125	3,931 28 15	1,429 14 12	294 20 0	.....	5,655 23 11		
	Total ...	.....	.....	17,631 27 8½	9,304 26 3	7,094 20 3	1,427 4 10	35,488 17 13½		

* Returns for the last fortnight not received.
† Payments in kind to laborers are shown in the 5th column for the other circles.

F. Wyer,
Offg. Magistrate-Collector.

No. 16, dated Rungpore, the 27th June, 1874.

From—E. G. Glazier, Esq., Offg. Magistrate and Collector of Rungpore,
To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

Narrative of Scarcity and Relief in Rungpore District for the Fortnight ending Saturday, the 27th June, 1874.

A.—State of the Country.

During the fortnight the supplies in the market have been abundant and prices have fallen everywhere; new aous rice, old amun stores, this year's millet, are to be met with, all from local sources. Importation still remains active; the Rungpore market is largely supplied in this way *viâ* Sundergunge, and Govindgunge receives supplies liberally from the south; but the trade is breaking up; the large improvised markets on the banks of the Brahmapooter near Kallygunge, usually exporting stations, have dwindled to near nothing as new selling depôts became opened on the small rivers. In Sadullapore the coolies sell in the markets the Government grain which they receive in excess of what they need to consume, and it is surprising what a marked effect a little extraneous supply of the kind independent of the usual trade has in reducing prices all round. But the people show their marked preference for their own coarse rice, to which they are accustomed, to the Burmah rice, and buy the former even when it is one to two pice a seer dearer than the latter. In the southern division the sale of Government rice on passes has almost come to a stop, the trade returning to its old channels.

But still along the extreme west the red land of Molung, and all to the north of the district, prices continue comparatively high, and the Government rice is eagerly sought after. In Duwranee the sales have increased at a rapid rate. The Relief Officer has been selling lately over 500 maunds a day; the last two days' returns show each a total of 560 maunds, in addition to which he has, during these two days, given passes to traders in Chillakhal to the amount of 1,400 maunds.

In Sundergunge a large accession of local supply brought down the prices to 16 seers a rupee at the close of the fortnight; other quotations are as under:—

		Seers.	
Head-quarters,	per rupee	11¼,	of 80 tolahs weight.
Govindgunge	„	10	„
Pirgunge	„	10	„
Sadullapore	„	12	„
Sundergunge	„	16	„
Molung	„	11	„
Mahigunge	„	11¾	„
Koomargunge	„	12	„
Borobaree	„	13	„
Durwanee	„	10	„
Kallygunge	„	12	„

The rainfall has been copious; 9·99, or nearly 10 inches, is the return at head-quarters Everywhere it has been the same. A week ago I commenced a short tour southwards, and the country was swimming in quite a flood of water, which poured down almost incessantly. The crops could not be better. In Sundergunge 4 annas have been already cut of a crop which will yield ¼ more than the average. Elsewhere the harvest is expected to be a bumper one. It is described as a 20-anna crop, under the old common style of calling a full average a 16-anna crop; but according to the new instructions of counting an average crop as 12-anna, I should class this as promising a 16-anna crop. The later aous in Mahigunge and the western tracts is looking well. Amun is being transplanted everywhere, and in Govindgunge and other late parts the seed beds are fully prepared and look healthy.

The condition of the people has wonderfully improved. The famine has, so to speak, collapsed in some parts very suddenly. I quote on this subject some very pertinent remarks of Captain Brehen, the Sundergunge Relief Officer, as it deals with the question of the advances taken by zemindars in the early part of the operations,—a system which, in this district has been largely resorted to, and to which I attribute in a great measure the comparative mildness of the distress in some of the tracts that at the outset distinctly revealed the most serious symptoms of scarcity, and to which alone is owing the unprecedent cultivation of the aous crop, the benefit of which we have now begun to reap:

"The collapse, so to speak, of the famine in this circle has been so sudden and complete as possibly to betray even those who have had opportunities of watching its progress all along into forgetfulness of the state of things that prevailed three months ago, and to produce an impression that the danger tided over was not so great after all. I venture, therefore, in conclusion, to recall to notice a few facts connected with the earlier history of the famine and relief operations in this circle, which will serve to put the matter in a truer light In the middle of March last when the circle organization was first started in this district, Sundergunge was looked on as one of the worst parts It was known that the condition of some of the villages in the neighbourhood was exceedingly bad, so much so, that in one, named Sonarai, about two miles from here, a large number of the inhabitants, on the refusal of the zemindar to afford them help, left the village in a body and emigrated to the further side of the Teesta. When I took over charge of the circle, I found the great mass of the people in not a destitute but a very impoverished state, and the appearance both of themselves and their cattle bore witness that they were suffering in no ordinary degree. But as I rode along from village to village, the cry was not for food and work, but for seed and for money, to help to put it in the ground; that the zemindars did nothing to help them; and that if they could not sow their fields they must die. The lands around many of the villages, where acres and acres were left untilled, gave evidence that their representations were not made without cause. I accordingly lost no opportuntiy of pressing the subject of advances on the agents of the zemindars, who had property in the neighbourhood, and constantly brought the matter under the notice of the Magistrate of the district in my reports. The result of the action taken on these reports, and similar ones made by other Relief Officers, was that the zemindars were shamed out of their selfish and short-sighted line of action. In villages where the people had at first complained loudest, they began to acknowledge that they were receiving help, and by the beginning or middle of May almost every available acre had been put under cultivation. The result of this and of the favorable weather of the last two months is a splendid crop of aous rice, three-fourths of which has been actually cut, and which has brought the price of this grain down to Rs. 2-8 and Rs. 3 a maund. Thus the famine has been brought, I may say, to a close in this circle with a comparatively trifling expenditure. One result, however, of the line of action thus pursued was that the great body of the people were kept off relief works by having to work in their own fields, and thus what is generally looked for to prove great distress, viz., a large number on works, was wanting. Had a different course been adopted, had the people been driven by absolute want to crowd on to works to the neglect of their fields, there would have been less room to doubt the reality of the famine, but distress would not have been brought to an end so soon, or at so little cost to Government"

I visited the divisions of Molung and Pirgunge, and met the Govindgunge Relief Officer at Palashbaree, in the Govindgunge division. The condition of the people is everywhere bettering; all along the eastern side where the land is loamy operations will speedily close. On the red land distress is still keen, and will so continue for some time. Mr. Damant remarks on this head as follows:—

"Distress has not increased, and we have now begun gradually to close relief works; it is confidently expected that after three weeks more relief measures may be almost entirely closed in the part of the thana lying east of the Karatuya; in the neighbourhood of Kamdya relief measures will probably be necessary for two months more, as the aous crop there is much later than in the rest of the thana. It will probably, however, be neccesary to keep a few annochatras open for some time longer to provide for the few people who have no land of their own, and in an ordinary year would be dependent on the charity of others."

The group system is now fully inaugurated in these three thanas. In Molung 95 villages have been so dealt with, 56 on the red land, and 39 on the loamy; the latter will only need detailed inspection for a short time. In Pirgunge 131 villages have been grouped, and in Govindgunge, 153 on the Kamdya side and 150 on the east. The superintendents have been allowed 10 to 15 rupees a month; in some cases the assistant himself does all the work, and superintendents are dispensed with. The work is progressing as favorably as before; village

jungles have been cut, village paths have been widened and joined with the main roads. The people everywhere take a great interest in this endeavour to improve their village communications. In one village in Sadullapore they put on some able-bodied laborers at their own expense to direct and help the women and children in their labor. A good foundation has thus been laid to enlist the sympathies of the people in case it should be subsequently decided to lay on a cess for the improvement of village roads, and they will the better understand the object of Government in the matter.

But while distress has generally so remarkably decreased in some places, the opposite results are seen. And first: in Mahigunge division the numbers on charitable relief already large have become larger. This is owing to the close of many private annochatras prematurely. The thana is a nucleus of beggars; a larger number of poor who are not agriculturists is to be met with here than anywhere else So in Durwanee, applicants for relief are increasing; this is owing to the continued strain of high prices there. In fine, while pressure of the scarcity proper has been confined to the southern part of the district, its back stroke, as it were, is felt in the north now at about its close consequent on the constant drain of produce from those parts At the same time the gradual curtailment of relief operations has been kept in view, and I have given detailed instructions to the Circle Officers in this matter Those receiving cotton relief will get a short time allowed for doing their work, so as to strike off the bad workmen, who will revert to former occupations, or be put on charitable relief; and in all cases of relief fresh enquiries will be made with a view to relegate the recipients to their relatives or former mode of subsistence as quickly as possible.

I went to Molung with a view to look personally into the question of the need for advance of cash for seed-grain. I have received sanction to the Rs. 5,000 asked for, but instructed the Relief Officer not to give any money without my order in each case. There is no doubt that there is a certain want of seed, not in the supply but in the ability to buy it. A part of the khair land in Molung is owned by small putneedars, who cannot help their ryots in this crisis But I have now arranged that all ryots who want seed-grain must take advances of rice, and they can sell that rice readily enough in the market. I shall not now advance one pice in cash without special report to the Commissioner. I have instructed all other Circle Officers that they can give advances for seed-grain under the same principle These advances will be under the same rules as those for subsistence; there will be no difference; in fact, the ryots will get the rice and will eat it, or sell it, or do what they like with it. In some cases of course the state of the market and the reaction against the Burmah rice is such that its sale will be made at a loss; this will merely enhance the cost of the seed—a purely commercial result—and will at the same time act as a test that those who do not need it will not take it

Mr. Damant had special sanction of Government to advance cash for seed-grain to the amount of Rs. 10,000, and he had distributed Rs. 1,844 up to date; he expects to give only Rs. 300 to Rs. 400 more. He reports: "I was very much pleased to find that the people seldom asked for more than was barely sufficient, and showed great reluctance to burden themselves with debt; these advances have done a great amount of good."

Elsewhere I do not expect the ryots would have hesitated to take any amount of cash, but they certainly draw back from burdening themselves with more rice than they absolutely need, as they are well aware the value will have to be refunded in cash when their harvest is ripe and the price of rice is low.

I arranged with the different officers while on tour about completing these advances for subsistence This fortnight's return shows that 2,400 maunds have been given in Molung to 977 families. In Pirgunge a commencement has been made with 286 maunds. The Relief Officer may perhaps use 3,000 maunds in this way. In Govindgunge 490 persons, laborers on the roads, have received at the rate of 1½ seer a day, and more will be required. The majority of the people have, however, put by money. There has been no great demand as yet for advances, but in view of late orders of Government I have specially instructed the officer to give them liberally wherever required. In addition to the three circles above noted, advances to some extent will be made in Mahigunge and Sadullapore. The condition of the payment of these advances, as set forth in Circular No. 3966, do not seem to be applicable to this district yet, but I have applied to the Commissioner for the extension of the same here, and suggested that where clean rice is charged at 12 seers cargo rice should be 16, and where clean rice is 16 cargo rice should be 20. As soon as reply to this communication is received, further detailed directions will be issued, and I hope in next fortnight's return to be able to show that most of the advances have been given.

B.—Relief Works.

The return of laborers again shows a reduction of one-half, from 34,833 to 15,702. Govindgunge takes the lead in the decrease. The people on the khair lands, who before crowded in thousands, have now almost entirely left for their cultivation; and on the pali they are fast decreasing as the aous ripens. Sadullapore, too, shows a great improvement. The former Relief Officer, Sub-Deputy Behari Lall Mitra, proved worse than incompetent, and Mr. Damant, engaged in Govindgunge, could not exercise so close a supervision as was desirable. I removed him and placed in charge Sub-Deputy Upendra Lall Mozoomdar, who has worked the Borobaree Circle successfully; he has taken off the roads the large number of women and children, and set right other details of management. As I before reported, grain payments have been made for six days out of rice on all the roads, but in Sadullapore and

Molung divisions the officers have been careless in carrying out the rules, and have allowed the laborers to crowd to the works on the cash days in excessive number. On finding out that this was the case, I yesterday sent special orders to all circles that even on the seventh day rice instead of cash was to be given, as the coolies could sell the grain if necessary. To-day the Government telegram to the same effect has been received, and the orders have been reiterated.

Molung division shows a great decrease, as do the others noted. The majority of the laborers still at work are on the red land. On one special road there are still 1,161. The road (Bolua to Satibari) was opened very lately at the earnest request of the people. They had refused to take loans from their zemindars, preferring to work out their living instead of getting into debt, and they work half the day on the road, which passes through their villages, and half the day on their fields. Earlier in the season they had worked on distant roads, but made special application for the opening of the road now in progess, which connects two important markets, so that they might have work near their homes and not be driven by their necessities to load themselves with obligations they would find it difficult to meet.

Abstract Statement of the Relief Roads for the Fortnight under report.

Division.	Total number of coolies employed.				Number on piece-work.	Number on daily wage.	Remarks.
	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.			
A. Govindgunge ..	2,615	819	584	4,018	1,288	2,730	
B. Pirgunge ...	2,034	42	14	2,090	2,057	33	
C. Sadullapore ...	1,752	107	208	2,067	1,721	346	
D. Sundergunge ...	128	76	53	257	122	135	
E. Molung	5,878	33	28	5,939	5,673	266	
F. Mahigunge ...	436	16	17	469	403	66	
H. Borobaree ..	63	28	...	6 1	.....	.....	
Executive Engineer ...	668	1	102	771	.....	.....	
Total ...	13,574	1,122	1,006	15,702	11,264	3,576	Unenumerated 862

C.—Transport of Food.

Little remains to note. Transport is alone active in the Durwanee division to keep up the supply for sale from the railway golahs and from Chillakhal.

D.—Storage of Government Grain.

The sales to the public have been principally at Durwanee, Chillakhal, and Sankamari (Rungpore); by far the largest amount at the first-named place. The payments to laborers in kind now show a large amount, being over 11,000 maunds in the two principal divisions of Govindgunge and Molung. No returns have been received from Kumargunge for either headings B or D, and I must specify this officer, Mr. G. D. Khan, as very irregular in this respect.

Statement showing Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the District of Rungpore for the Fortnight ending 27th June, 1874.

Name of Circle.	Dates for which figures are given.	Total allotment.	Total stored.	Total quantity of grain consumed.					Balance.	Estimated grain receipts of the ensuing fortnight.	Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.
				By sale to the public and laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.			
		Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
A. Govindgunge	20th June, 1874	55,000	1,09,339	26,533	8,545	720	6,172	41,970	67,369	.....	...
B. Pirgunge	23rd " "	30,000									
C. Sadullapore	20th " "	20,000									
D Sundergunge	23rd " "	10,000	9,992	387	435	4	225	1,051	8,941		.
E. Molung .	22nd " "	40,000	38,821	11,419	3,214	1,986	5,154	21,753	17,068		.. .
F. Mahigunge ...	24th " "	30,000	23,515	1,452	2,215	.....	785	4,452	19,063	..	
G. Kumargunge .	24th " "	5,000	5,092	2,785	1,101	.... .	277	4,163	929	. ...	
H. Borabaree	24th " "	25,000	15,994	442	555	79	....	1,076	14,918		.
I Durwanee	24th " "	5,000	15,650	12,463	123	.....	222	12,808	2,842	.....	.....
Sankamari	25th " "	35,000	25,446	20,359	.....	.....	336	20,695	4,751	.	.
Chillakhal	25th " "	15,000	28,394	15,165	.....	.....	231	15,396	12,998	...	... ..
Kaliygunge	24th " "	30,000	13,409	6,274	.....	.....	....	6,274	7,135	.	
Kishoregunge	24th " "	.. .	5,032	2,769	.....	.....	.....	2,769	2,263	. ...	.
Total ...	.....	3,00,000	2,90,684	1,00,048	16,188	2,789	13,382	1,32,407	1,58,277	.....	50,000

E.—Advances to Private Parties.	Rs.	A.	P.
For purchase of food	7,500	0	0
To zemindars, for advances to their ryots	1,50,844	0	0
To jotedars, ditto ditto	27,106	0	0
Add advances sanctioned but not taken by the parties ..	20,300	0	0
Total ..	2,05,750	0	0

F.—Charitable Relief.

(Prepared by the District Relief Officer.)

The state of the country has become exceedingly prosperous, both as regards the present outturns of (aous) early rice and as to the prospect from the cultivation of the (amun) late rice. It is reported from all quarters that a considerable diminution of those requiring charitable relief may now be looked for. With the exception of Gobindgunge, Molung, and Mahigunge, no organised charitable relief will probably be found to be necessary in any part of the district after the close of July.

Everywhere discrimination is used in returning to their homes and to their relatives those who are unfit to be retained on the charitable relief registers.

Private charity continues as previously reported, and is every day becoming more general.

The closing of the Mahigunge private relief centres, where 1,749 people were being fed during the previous fortnight, naturally led to a temporary increase of the numbers at the Government annochatras in that division, which rose from 246 to 700 daily average. To guard against temporary suffering from the suddenness of the closing of these relief centres, it was arranged by the Secretary to the Central Relief Committee that each of the recently closed relief centres should be kept open by the zemindars on certain days of the week, so that cooked food should be every day obtainable by the habitual resorters to the kitchens of this neighbourhood, until the people can look about and betake themselves to their usual courses without inconvenience. Funds have been applied for, and care is being taken to provide for the wants of the helpless destitute in accordance with the generous instructions given regarding the distribution of charitable relief. While the general relief operations are being brought to a close, there will be many in want of assistance. People will not be able to recover their self-dependence for some time; for, owing to a still existing feeling from the panic caused by the dread of famine, alms will not, it is expected, be so freely given as they might easily be until the amun crop is assured. And for the same reason the husking of the jotedars' grain, which gave employment to many poor neighbours now mainly dependent upon publicly organized Government and private relief, will not be available for their support; and in ordinary times many poor women and children, who cannot go far from their homes to beg, will therefore continue to require such help as is afforded by gifts of food and clothing, with or without employment. Regular beggars who go their rounds or haunt particular spots can easily get their living now in their usual way. The distribution of relief is going on regularly. There has been no marked general increase of numbers. The apparent increase is due from transfers from roads to light village work.

G.—Financial Results.

The reason of the large expenditure in Molung is, as explained under B, the excessive number of coolies at work on the cash days, who worked hard to earn what they could. They averaged about 8,000 during the fortnight, and the Relief Officer informs me that they each gained more than a rupee by their concentrated labor in those days. At the same time it should be observed that in this division over 5,000 maunds of rice have been paid in kind to the laborers. In Govindgunge the cash payments were only Rs. 2,000, and the Relief Officer has a large balance of cash in hand which will be refunded to the treasury. The Durwanee payment is principally for transport, as relief works have been stopped there. The Sadullapore debit is an adjustment of previous drawings at the sub-divisional treasury. The outgoings during the last fortnight amounted only to Rs. 1,737 for road works.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Total expenditure as shown in the last narrative	7,46,288	12	2
Advance to Baboo Akhoy Coomar Sein, Relief Officer of Molung, for relief works	10,000	0	0
Advance to Baboo Kisto Kanta Dass, Sale Superintendent of Chillakhal Golah, for advance for transport of Government grain	550	0	0
Advance to Baboo Dino Nath Chuckerbutty, Relief Officer, Durwanee, advance for relief works	1,100	0	0
Advance to Baboo Beharee Lall Mitter, Relief Officer, advance for relief works	6,600	0	0
To Executive Engineer of Rungpore for adjustment of inefficient balance by refund of that amount which had been made over to Mr. Patten and Captain Brehen by the Executive Engineer of Rungpore ...	728	11	1
Advance to Upendra Chundra Mozoomdar, Relief Officer, for relief works ...	700	0	0
	19,678	11	1
Total ...	7,65,967	7	3

F.—Charitable Relief.

(*Mean.*)

Statement showing the Daily Progress for the Fortnight ending 27th June, 1874.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Division.	Government relief centres.	Private relief centres.	Number relieved at Government centres.	Number relieved at private centres.	Home relief on ticket system.	Home relief on cotton distribution.	Casually relieved by donations of food and money.	Other relief—weaving and husking.	Number employed on light village work.	Total.
A. Govindgunge ...	6	4	2,663	500	3,642	1,260	.....	286	10,160	18,781
B. Pirgunge ...	1									
C. Sadullapore ...	4									
D. Sundergunge ...	2	2	213	422	464	363	33	.....	.....	1,496
E. Molung ...	5	4	116	1,474	1,761	5,579	38	65	2,118	11,151
F. Mahigunge ...	8	...	700	.....	3,873	1,910	103	62	338	5,985
G. Kumargunge ...	5	...	784	.....	126	338	.....	.....	.....	1,198
H. Borobaree ...	5	...	180	.....	21	16	.....	.....	10	227
I. Durwanee ...	1	1	354	119	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	473
Head-quarters ...	1	1	20	200	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	220
Under Superintendent of Bahirbund ...	...	12	...	300	19	.....	.....	80	.....	499
Bhowanigunge ...	...	2	...	262	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	262
Ghoramarah ...	1	...	124	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	124
Total ...	34	26	5,104	3,368	9,095	9,486	174	493	12,626	40,346

No. 1268, dated Bogra, the 27th June 1874.

From—E. J. Barton, Esq., Offg. Magistrate and Collector, Bogra,

To—The Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

I have the honor to submit the fortnightly narrative of relief operations which is now due.

Condition of the Country and People.

2. Since the 26th of May last, the prospects of the country and the people, the supply of food, and the state of the crops have been steadily improving. During the last fortnight this improvement has perhaps been greater than in the preceding fortnights. Last fortnight I drew attention prominently to the cheapening of food-grains all over the district. There has been a further fall this fortnight. For the purposes of comparison, I append figures which show the prices of rice at all the relief circles of the district both this fortnight and last. The fall is very appreciable. Everywhere excellent country rice is procurable at these rates. The bazars all over the district are well supplied.

Name of relief circle.	Number of pukka seers of rice for one rupee.	
	Last fortnight.	This fortnight.
Shibgunge	9 to 9½	9½
Sherpore	10 to 12	13
Khetlal	9½ to 10	10½ to 11½
Bogra	11½	11½ to 12½
Panchbibi	9 to 10	13 to 14
Adamdighi	9½	12

3. The aous crop continues excellent. Many old ryots have admitted to me that for the last 30 years such an aous crop has not been seen in Bogra.

4. The weather continues most propitious. The rain falls very seasonably for the purposes of vegetation. From the 16th instant up to last night we have had a rainfall at Bogra itself of 9·64 inches, which was well distributed over each day of the fortnight. Every part of the district has had most propitious rain. The ryots could not have had a better seed time for the amun crop, which they are now putting into the ground.

5. The people physically are in their normal condition. Mr. Lyons, the civil medical officer of this station, was good enough to comply with my request to examine the laborers on two of the relief roads. These laborers are drawn exactly from those sections of the people which have all along been the worst pinched by the scarcity. The result of that examination is given in this table which I append.

	Dinagepore Road.					Dupchanchia Road.				
	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Percentage of total examined.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Percentage of total examined.
Normal condition	224	83	305	612	81·48	129	130	321	580	85·67
Under-fed	18	5	29	52	6·92	9	4	12	18	2·65
Aged	39	45	.....	84	11·18	25	39	.....	64	9.45
Sickly	.....	.....	3	3	·39	1	.....	8	9	1·32
Aged, blind and infirm	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	2	2	6	·88
Total	281	133	337	751	.....	169	175	343	677	.....

6. Mr. Lyons expresses thus his general inference from the inspection made by him—

"The general physical aspect of the masses in this district, as far as my personal observation goes, has not been appreciably to any extent affected by the scarcity.

There is always to be found in this district a floating class of people who look, and in reality are, under-fed."

7. With regard to the almost inappreciable difference which the scarcity has effected upon the general physical condition of the people, I hold one great cause of it to be due to the fact that a vast majority of the population are Mussalmans, and eat almost anything, while the Hindus of caste who have prejudices with regard to what they will use as an article of food, form an exceedingly small minority. The Mussalman ryot of this district is a well-nourished man in nine cases out of ten. The food-supply of the country has further been appreciably increased by a good fruit harvest, and especially by an abundant outturn of the *jack fruit* (*artocarpus intigrifolia*), which has been especially luxuriant this year, and which grows to an extent in Bogra almost unprecedented in other parts of Bengal.

Relief Works under the Executive Engineer.

8. There is little to record this fortnight with regard to them. The season is unfavorable to the prosecution of road-work and tank-digging. There has, therefore, been a very considerable falling off in the numbers who have recourse to these works. The figures in the margin shew this. This fortnight, out of a total of 16,520, only 4,209 are men, and of these men many are old and quite ineffective. Very few able-bodied persons remain on our works.

For what time.	Daily total average number employed.	No. of women and children in this total.
Last fortnight... ...	27,020	20,653
This fortnight... ...	16,520	12,311

9. As earth-work and tank-digging are impossible in the rainy season, which is now fairly upon us; and as coming to our works in the rain must be injurious to the young and the aged and the women, who are almost the sole occupants of our relief-works, I am of opinion that the time is now fully come for shutting them altogether. This will, however, be done only gradually and with caution. I have ordered work to cease on the eight roads noted on the margin, at once. It will be seen that very few laborers are engaged on these roads, and the people who are working on them will be duly provided for. When each road is shut up a relief officer will be present upon it, and will give to each person an order for a month's food upon the nearest golah. The names of these persons will also be entered in the registers, so that any distress into which they may subsequently fall will be relieved. I do not, however, from the present prospects of the country, anticipate that each of them will fail to earn for himself, independently of our aid, an adequate livelihood.

Name of road.	Daily average number employed on it during last fortnight.
Khetlal	132
Burogunj and Dupchanchia ...	635
Badalgachi	170
Badalgachi and Adamdighi ...	16
Dupchanchia	219
Shariakandi	167
Sultangunge	8
Madhupore	367

10. The closing of the works will enable us to dispense with the temporary road establishment, which is very inefficient, and cost, moreover, above Rs. 4,000 a month. The Executive Engineer will energetically hurry forward the settling of his accounts with each one of these subordinates, and then dispense with his services.

11. Grain payments to the laborers on the roads have continued to work smoothly and effectively during the fortnight, and have give satisfaction to all concerned.

12. The process of weeding out the very old and feeble was continued. Mr. Clay, C.S., sent off the works 1,240, and Mr. Collier, C.S., 1,200 during this fortnight. This makes a total of 7,958 of these old and feeble creatures who have, during the last five weeks, been taken off the roads and sent back into their villages with a month's supply of food each.

Transport and Storage of Government Grain.

13. Movements of grain from golah to golah, according as necessity arises, continues. We can use the rivers now, which greatly facilitate our operations. The transport and storage proper are completed.

Advances.

14. The advances in cash stand as follows:—

	Rs.
(*a.*)—Advances to traders and others for the purchase of grain, (paragraph 4, circular No. 80)	500
(*b.*)—Advances to zemindars for improving water-supply of a village (paragraph 21, circular No. 80)	3,150
(*c.*)—Advances to zemindars to help their ryots (see Government letter No. 403—S.R., dated 3rd February 1874) ...	50,870
Total ...	54,520

15. The advances in grain stand as follows:—

	Mds.
C. G. Ridge, Esq.	102
Tohurennesa Bibi	218
Piari Lal Mozumdar	115
Gour Rumani Dasya	18
Total ...	453

16. Only advances in grain are now given. Advances in cash have ceased for some time.

Sales of Government grain to the Public.

17. The bazar rates of rice, which I quoted in paragraph 2 of this narrative, will be sufficient to show the Government that, as our selling prices now stand, the sales of our rice out of our golahs must necessarily cease altogether in a very short time. In my last narrative I called prominent attention to this, and I suggested the only remedy, viz. cheapening our rates and giving the local officers a discretion to fix the sale price in accordance with the bazar rates ruling at each locality (see paragraphs 19 to 23 of my last narrative). I have not yet been favored with the orders of Government on these suggestions.

Name of circle.	Amount sold last fortnight.	Amount sold this fortnight.
	Mds. S.	Mds. S. C.
Shoebgunge	199 0	20 27 8
Sherpore	234 32	133 8 12
Khetlal	156 26	258 8 13
Bogra	676 0	309 20 0
Adamdighi	216 24	450 0 0
Panchbibi	1,165 35	934 28 13
Total ...	2,638 37	2,106 13 14

18. I give in the margin figures which show what sales have been effected in each relief circle, both last fortnight and this fortnight. As was to be expected, the sales have fallen off during this fortnight.

19. The money actually transmitted to the treasury as realised from the sale of Government grain amounted in the fortnight to Rs. 5,066-13.

20. I have done everything to foster these sales. The selling prices of the Government grain all over the district stand at the rates which are noted on the margin. I am actually selling in the Bogra circle one seer per rupee cheaper than the rates fixed by Government, and in all the other circles the Government grain is freely offered at the maximum rates prescribed. Bunniahs sell in the villages. Notwithstanding, the business done is very small, and as the markets get easier, it will become smaller still. The only remedy is to sell cheaper, and, as I have previously urged, I think the time has come when the Government rates might be safely lowered to 16 seers for clean and 20 seers for mixed rice, as recommended in paragraph 23 of my last fortnightly narrative.

Kind of rice.	Number of seers per rupee in Bogra circle.	Number of seers per rupee in other circles.
Best country atab rice (clean)	11	10
Country ushna (clean) ...	12	11
Burmah atab (ditto) ...	12	11
Red ushna (ditto) ...	13	12
Country ushna (mixed) ...	15	14
Burmah ushna (ditto) ...	16	15

Loans of grain to Cultivators.

21. As the amun crop had to be sown, such of the ryots as were in poor circumstances and had been earning money by extraneous labor had to leave these works and betake themselves to their fields. I, therefore, relaxed the restrictions which I had previously imposed on these loans, and urged the relief officers to work this form of relief vigorously, so as to see that in all proper cases the really necessitous, and only those, should be assisted with an advance of grain. I give on the margin figures contrasting the loans of this fortnight with those of last fortnight.

Name of relief circle.	Amount of grain lent to ryots last fortnight.	Amount of grain lent to ryots this fortnight.
	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.
Shibgunge	44 10 0	2,089 39 8
Sherpore	77 5 0	36 35 0
Khetlal	2 10 0	427 24 4
Bogra	313 12 0	404 10 0
Adamdighi	452 20 0	1,477 30 0
Panchbibi	180 0 0	1,009 10 1
Total ...	1,019 17 0	5,445 28 13

22. With the exception of the circles of Sherpore, Khetlal, and Bogra, where there seems to have been a want of energy, these loans have been very strenuously worked in all other parts of the district. I have called the attention of the relief officers of Sherpore, Kehtlal, and Bogra to this matter again.

Charitable and Gratuitous relief.

23. The figures in the statement below will enable the comparison to be made between the work under this head done this fortnight and last. The falling off in the numbers is attributable to the general improvement which has taken place in the condition of the country.

24. Nearly the whole of this gratuitous relief was given in grain, the expenditure of which I note in the 4th column of the table below. Very little was given in money, save in

the case of a few Brahmin families who were found in a state of privation, and who were relieved by cash.

Name of circle.	Total number relieved last fortnight.	Total number relieved this fortnight.	Expenditure of grain in gratuitous relief.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds. S. C.
Shibgunge	3,303	1 436	500 10 8
Sherpore	1,313	2,266	339 14 6
Khetlal	2,119	2,520	349 37 14
Bogra	5,367	1,114	777 29 0
Adamdighi	859	950	456 17 10
Panchbibi	742	1,166	611 21 4
Total ...	13,703	9,362	3,035 3 10

25. *Spinning and weaving relief in cotton and jute.*—The marginal figures give the numbers relieved under this head both this fortnight and the last. There is a marked falling off in the Bogra circle, also attributable to the improved condition of the inhabitants.

Name of circle.	No. relieved last fortnight.	No. relieved this fortnight.
Shibgunge	645	1,597
Sherpore	425	220
Khetlal...	2,277	2,313
Bogra	4,389	460
Adamdighi	1,092	1,547
Panchbibi...	591	509
Total ...	9,419	6,646

26. The new rates and the new mode of payment (five parts in grain and one part in money), work well. The manufactured material continues upon our hands. I have tried to sell it locally and failed. I have written to other districts where relief operations are going on, and offered to send it to be converted into cloth by the weavers whom they were relieving. The Collector of Burdwan only has offered to take a portion of the cotton yarn. The jute twine, or yarn, is in no way saleable here. I recommend that the jail department be ordered to take the cotton and jute yarn to be woven by the prisoners into cloth and gunny bags. Thus only do I see any chance of disposing of the Government yarn without incurring a heavy loss.

Village Visitation and Registration.

Name of circle.	Number of villages visited by relief officers during the fortnight.	Number of villages of which the registration has been completed during the fortnight.
Shibgunge	86	14
Sherpore	133	Not given.
Khetlal	126	48
Bogra	84	Not given.
Adamdighi	143	Ditto.
Panchbibi	89	73

27. This work has, in most of the circles, been actively prosecuted during the fortnight. These figures show that the relief officers have been moving within their circles to such an extent, that they must have become cognizant of any severe distress within them. Such village registration as is necessary has been almost completed. It is only necessary in three or four tracts, as the condition of the rest of the district does not require this special treatment.

Poor-houses or Annachatras.

Name of circle.	No. of poor-houses opened during the fortnight.	No. relieved at them.
Khetlal	2	1,334
Shibgunge	2	186
Bogra	1	31
Adamdighi	3	150
Sherpore	5	1,443
Total ...	13	3,144

28. In the margin I give the statistics of annachatras for the fortnight. Besides these, the Raja of Dighapathia has four relief kitchens, at which a daily average of about 977 persons are fed.

29. The absence of any distress of a really severe type was shewn when we opened the annachatra at Bogra. The daily average fed never exceeded six. The annachatra was, of course, closed, but it is ready should the necessity for it ever arise.

Financial results of the fortnight.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Total expenditure as shewn in the last narrative ...	4,50,624	9	8
Details of the above.			
Relief roads and works	2,59,426	7	8
Transport of Government grain	1,17,978	13	0
Establishment	5,762	14	0
Miscellaneous	1,086	15	0
Packages and incidentals	700	0	0
Construction and repairs of rice golas, &c.	6,116	8	3
Loans to zemindars	47,170	0	0
Advance to ryots	1,183	0	0
Construction of bungalow	1,200	0	0
Relief works under Railway officers	10,000	0	0
Total ...	4,50,624	9	8

Expenditure during the fortnight under report.

Relief roads and works	18,901	9	11
Salary and establishment	1,072	0	9
Transport of Government grain	468	10	9
Miscellaneous	191	0	0
Storage, including buildings and repairs	6	7	0
Total ...	20,689	12	5
Total of last fortnight ...	4,50,624	9	8
Grand total ...	4,71,264	6	1

No. 1269, dated Bogra, the 29th June 1874.

Memo. by E. J. BARTON, ESQ., Officiating Magistrate and Collector, Bogra.

COPY forwarded to the Relief Commissioner, Rajshahye Division, for information.

APPENDIX A.

Statement showing the Expenditure of Cash by the Circle Officers during the Fortnight.

Name of Circle.	Charitable relief	In payment for work.	Transport	Purchase of material.	Miscellaneous.	Total.	REMARKS.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs A. P	Rs A. P.	Rs A P	Rs A P.	Rs A P.	
Bogra	20 10 6			50 0 0	42 11 9	113 6 3	
Khetlal .	402 9 3	688 7 8½	58 15 9	..	39 14 10½	1,180 15 2	
Sharsakandi	864 13 9	97 1 7		106 3 1	20 7 9	1,089 10 2	
Shibgunge ..	21 4 6	117 4 6		519 9 3	30 0 0	698 2 3	
Panchbibi .. .	83 6 6	600 0 0	312 9 3		613 13 0	1,609 12 9	
Adamdighi	58 14 0	32 2 6	57 7 0	756 7 6	51 11 6	956 10 6	
Total	1,483 10 6	1,594 15 10½	429 0 0	1,434 3 10	798 10 10½	5,740 9 1	

APPENDIX B.

Table showing the expenditure of grain by the Relief Officers for purposes of relief during the fortnight.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Name of relief circle	Grain sold to public	Grain given away gratuitously	Expended in relief centres.	Grain given away in exchange for labor of all kinds.	Amount of grain given in loans to ryots	Other expenditure of grain.	Total expenditure.
	Mds S C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds S C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds S C	Mds. S. C	Md S C.
Bogra	309 20 0	777 22 0	24 19 0	566 0 0	404 10 0	..	2,081 31 0
Khetlal ..	248 8 13	349 77 14	..	647 0 9	427 24 4	..	2,892 31 8
Sharsakandi	138 8 12	339 14 6		105 27 6	36 25 0	..	618 5 6
Shibgunge	20 27 8	500 10 8		718 5 8	2,080 29 8		3,329 3 0
Panchbibi	934 28 13	611 21 4		382 4 11	1,099 10 1		2,927 24 19
Adamdighi	460 0 0	456 17 10	7 2 8	1,060 27 3	1,477 30 0	0 28 14	3,452 26 3
Total ..	2,106 13 14	3,035 3 10	31 21 8	3,679 25 5	5,445 28 15	0 28 14	14,299 2 0

APPENDIX C.

Table showing the work of the Relief Officers during the Fortnight under all the various heads of relief, and the number of People relieved by them.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
CIRCLE.	Date	At centres	In poor-houses.	By village relief tickets.	By light-labor tickets.	By loans of grain.	By spinning.	By weaving.	By other means	Total.
Bogra ...	.....	2,254	31			1,045	450	4	.	3,790
Adumdighi . . .	.. ..		893	1,419		5,199	1,481	185		9,108
Panchbibi ..	..	865	7	294	561	1,112	491	28		3,358
Sharsakandi	. . .	2,216	1,443	27	4	35	214	6	263	4,208
Sheebgunge ...	.....	1,347	186			2,591	1,490	20		5,435
Khetlal ...	... .	.	756				1,012	117	2,135	4,020
Total	.....	6,682	3,316	1,740	565	9,782	5,688	341	2,398	30,507

APPENDIX D.

Statement showing the storage and consumption of Government grain in the District of Bogra on the dates nearest to the 27th June 1874 for which returns may be available.

NAME OF CIRCLE.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, inclusive of grain transferred.	TOTAL QUANTITY OF GRAIN CONSUMED UP TO DATE.			
				By sale to the public or laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By payment in kind to laborers.	By advance to ryots.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
*Bogra circle.**		Mds.	Mds.	M. S. C.	M. S. C.	M. S. C.	M. S. C.
Sabrool			2,000				
Dargarhat		2,000	2,458				
Chundimua			700				
Bogra		1,00,000	38,012				
Chauchaitra			600				
Gohail		4,000	4,644				
Naruamala		2,000	1,908				
Noongola			610				
Malancha		2,000	510				
Durgapore			490				
Gokul		3,000	3,232				
Khetlal circle.†							
Khetlal		20,000	20,000				
Panchbibi and Budalgachi relief circle.							
Panchbibi		15,000	11,765				
Heelee		10,000	4,902				
Budalgachi		8,000	1,894				
				6,172 8 2	10,482 38 10	10,170 13 10½	19,956 34 12
Shebgunge circle.‡							
Mokamtola			440				
Sheebgunge		5,000	6,244				
Burigunge		5,000	5,998				
Adamdighi circle.							
Adamdighi		3,000	2,582				
Dupchanchea		15,000	15,214				
Elahigunge		2,000	402				
Shonaimookhi		5,000	2,179				
Shariakandi and Sherpore circle.							
Sherpore		5,000	5,000				
Dhunat		3,000	3,000				
Shariakandi		30,000	26,800				
Chandanbasia		3,000	3,000				
Madheepore		3,000	3,000				
Total			1,67,282				
Reserve at Chandanbasia			56,108				
Sent to Ghoraghat			26,194				
Total			2,49,584				
Railway rice			15,000				
Total			2,64,584				
Nowgong rice			20,000				
Grand total			2,84,584				

* The figures in column 4, represent all the grain that has been put into each golah from the beginning of operations. They are not yet absolutely correct, and I am trying to eliminate the inaccuracies which yet remain.

† The railway rice (15,000) maunds is all stored in the original railway golahs.

‡ The Nowgong rice has been transported into the interior but, as the returns and accounts of it are yet incomplete, it has not been credited at the golahs to which it has been taken.

APPENDIX E.

Statement showing the daily average of men, women, and children employed on relief works in the District of Bogra, for the fortnight ending the 6th June 1874, and the amount expended in money and grain upon the payment of the laborers.

Number of work.	NAME OF WORK.	Daily average number employed during the fortnight.				Amount expended in the payment of them.						REMARKS.
		Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Grain.			Money.			
						Mds.	Srs.	C.	Rs.	A.	P.	
1	Sultangunge road	219	456	448	1,123	372	12	12	262	8	0	
2	Matidali road	13	154	68	235	38	28	4	82	13	3	
3	Khetlal road	85	20	20	125	19	12	12	79	7	6	
4	Dupchanchia road	370	12	603	985	167	9	4	1,484	8	0	
5	Dinagepore road	2,209	2,052	2,885	7,146	926	28	6	3,093	10	3	
6	Nungola road	200	132	262	594	92	19	4	248	8	0	
7	Nashipore road	267	591	748	1,606	160	32	4	250	7	0	
8	Shonamukhi road	111	305	274	690	157	29	0	120	15	9	
9	Tank at	137	.....	6	148	.....			17	8	0	
10	Ditto at Sukhanpukhuria	35	2	2	39	48	31	3	56	6	9	
11	Mudhupore road	108	516	437	1,061	216	14	9	136	9	0	
12	Tank at Narhatta	18	.....	..	18		..		53	10	3	
13	Khetlal and Ghoraghat road ...	109	430	179	718	160	33	8	103	2	0	
14	Badalgachi and Adamdighi road ..	32	12	21	65	4	5	0	17	1	6	
15	Badalgachi and Nababgunge road	49	52	67	168	20	21	8	43	6	0	
16	Tank at Dhawapara	3	... ..	.....	3	.....			8	7	0	
17	Shariakandi road	134	478	526	1,138	264	9	6	158	7	6	
18	Buregunge and Dupchanchia road	67	37	41	145	59	18	0	189	11	0	
19	Shibgunge road	33	275	200	508	55	36	12	46	1	0	
20	Paneetola road	10	.....	....	10	93	15	12	..			
	Total ...	4,209	5,524	6,787	16,520	2,864	37	8	6,453	3	9	

E. J. BARTON,

Offg. Magistrate and Collector.

No. 1109, dated Pubna, the 30th June 1874.

Memo. by—W. V. G. TAYLER, ESQ., Magistrate of Pubna.

SUBMTITTED to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department, for information.

Narrative for the Sudder Sub-division for the fortnight ending the 29th June 1874.

A.—STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

THE improvement mentioned in last report still continues, There has been a marked and general fall in prices. There is a general belief that the worst is over. Teel and kaon have turned out well, and the aous crop is very forward and promising. Every endeavour is being made to reduce the already moderate number receiving gratuitous relief. The health of the district continues good.

B.—RELIEF WORKS.

The numbers employed on the several roads are as follows :—

Maligacha	... 157	Maldah ...	... 73
Ataikula	... 23	Sujanuggur	... 177
Chatmore	... 240	Dulai ...	... 150
Fureedpore	... 64		

D.—STORAGE OF GRAIN.

2,000 maunds of rice have been stored at Pubna, and is being used for advances and payment of coolies. We have not received the second 5,000 maunds indented for. There has been no difficulty about storage.

E.—ADVANCES TO PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS.

Rs. 4,600 have been advanced before rice was received; since then 526 maunds have been given.

F.—CHARITABLE RELIEF.

Charitable relief is given in the sub-committees to all persons who are found destitute and unfit for road work. Daily average number of recipients of charitable relief in the several sub-committees, 337.

G.—Financial Results.

No more subscriptions promised or realised in this fortnight. Expenditure as detailed below—

	Rs.	As.	P.
Paid for wages of coolies on the Sujanugger road	600	0	0
Ditto ditto Chatmore road	300	0	0
Ditto ditto Maligacha	300	0	0
Ditto ditto Dulai	200	0	0
Pay of a sircar of Malanchi road for May 1874	7	0	0
Sent to Pubna sub-committee for charitable relief	100	0	0
Charges for the transport and storage of 2,000 maunds of rice received from Dhapari depôt	116	3	0

Since the receipt of rice from Dhapari no cash payments are made. Rice is given to the coolies on the roads. Details given below:—

	Mds.	Sr.	Ct.
Given to the Maligacha road coolies	140	0	0
Advanced to Pubna sub-committee for charitable relief ...	75	0	0
Ditto Onumkola	100	0	0
Ditto Ataikula for ditto	65	0	0

Eleventh Fortnightly Narrative of Scarcity and Relief in the Serajgunge Sub-division from the 11th June to 24th June 1874.

A.—State of the Country.

There has, during the past fortnight, been a very marked improvement in the condition of the people. This is attributed to the fall in prices, the cutting of the kaon and til crops, and the promising appearance of the aous crop and jute fields.

The supply of rice in all the bazars has been sufficient. The following table shows the extent to which prices have fallen:—

Name of Market	Number of seers per rupee in last fortnight's return.	Number of seers per rupee according to last return.	Date of last return.
	Seers.	Seers.	
Serajgunge	11½	13	24th June 1874.
Shazadpore	....	12	22nd „
Ullapara	10½	15	Ditto.
Raigunge	10	11½	Ditto.
Pangasi	9¾	13⅓	21st „
Taras	9	9	Ditto.

The ryots have now in stock or in the fields a quantity of kaon sufficient to carry on most of them until the aous harvest. There are, however, many villages in which little or no kaon was sown. There is little rice in the district, except that required to meet the current demands of the retail trade.

All the shops are supplied by imports. There is now free water-communication between most of the markets and the eastern districts, whence we draw our supplies. The only exception is at Taras, where rice continues to sell at 9 seers the rupee, although 12 miles off, on the banks of the Phooljore, it is to be had steadily and in any quantity at 13 seers the rupee.

Although there has been so much improvement, it is not to be supposed that the distress is over. The class of women who live by husking rice, generally the widows of cultivators, will not get employment until the aous crop is cut. The ryots who have enough to eat have nothing to spend, and so there is no demand for commodities, and private charity is suspended. Moreover, in some places there has been but little kaon or til to cut, and the ryots of such villages are still living on insufficient food

One case of starvation is reported, but it has not ended fatally. A woman was found lying senseless in a field near Taras; she was taken to the annochatra and was there found to be starving. It turned out that her husband has refused to maintain her, and that she complained to the zemindar The zemindar had the parties before him, and directed the husband to give

her food. He, however, again deserted her, and in trying to follow him she became faint for want of food and fell down on the path where she was found.

The rainfall during the fortnight has been 5·61 inches.

About half the kaon crop is still uncut. It is doing remarkably well, and the outturn is most satisfactory. The aous crop looks exceedingly well towards Bogra, though not quite as good as it is in this district; it is more backward in the south-east; on the whole, it promises to be a twelve-anna crop, that is, a fair average yield.

There have been no grain-thefts, but many disputes as to cutting crops, some leading to fights. The number of reported cases of this nature is not so great, but I have found out while in the interior, that the owners of kaon fields find it hard to keep the produce from their hungry neighbours. Where the villagers are on good terms with each other and the pressure is severe, the produce of each field is divided among them as cut.

The condition of the people of Taras is getting worse. There has been no kaon and little aous, in that quarter.

B.—Relief Works.

The system of paying coolies in grain six days of the week has been introduced during the fortnight, and has had the effect of encouraging the villagers to come to the works when in distress, but it has driven away the professional workmen, who have hitherto been employed at Chunderkona. The total number of coolies now at work is 617. As I have visited most of the works during the fortnight, I may here make some notes as to their progress:—

The road at Chunderkona is a continuation of the high road from Bogra towards Serajgunge. It is to be about 21 miles long, of which 16 miles to 17 miles have been completed, as far as earthwork is concerned. The break of from four to five miles is from Pungashi towards Dhangora, where the road crosses the Phooljore. If we could complete it, our communication with Bogra would be excellent. Even in its present state it does much good. The kaon crop has been excellent along this route, and so local laborers are few. The coolies from other parts of the district left during the fortnight, and now only 30 are employed. I am instructing the superintendent to go to Taras and bring a detachment of the coolies working there, if possible.

The road from Chunderkona towards the Ranee's land has come to very little. As workmen did not come in sufficient numbers to do it and the Serajgunge-Bogra road, it has been neglected after the first mile and is now deserted.

The Hurnial track is meant to be a mere fair-weather cartway, as distinguished from the unbanked road at Chunderkona. It is designed to facilitate communication along the principal route from Pubna and the Ganges to Bogra, as far as the route passes through this sub-division. There were 232 workmen employed on it on the 20th June.

Recent rains have almost stopped the works. In the same neighbourhood 56 men are employed in cutting jungle on Government khas mehals.

The Gaita tract is to connect the bheel country south of Taras towards the Chalun bheel, with the Phooljore river at Ullapara. 80 coolies are employed on it.

68 coolies are working at two small tracts at Shahzadpore and Jhaul; the former on the Pubna-Serajgunge, the latter on the Serajgunge-Ullapara routes. About 40 are working at a similar tract, connecting Kaejury with the Oorasagur river. 143 coolies are working at opening up an old khall at the deserted Challa factory: distress is severely felt there. Some 30 men are working at a khall at Porjana, and nine at Dussika. The latter would be the most useful work of any, but distress having become less there, on account of the good kaon crop, workmen do not come to it.

All these minor works are calculated to improve the condition of the neighbourhood in which they are carried on.

C.—Transport of Food.

The storage of 1,700 maunds of rice at Taras, was completed during the fortnight. We will have to send more rice to that neighbourhood in July, when the bheel communications open out. The rice is primarily intended for the coolies on the Hurnial track, and the khas mehal laborers; charitable relief being given from Raigunge. But later on, when the scanty aous of the neighbourhood is exhausted, we may have to to make it a centre. Before that time distress elsewhere will have ceased.

D.—Storage of Grain.

During the fortnight no rice has been received. Our storage accommodation is everywhere sufficient.

E.—Advances to Private Parties and their Results.

During the fortnight 831-10-8 maunds of rice have been lent to private parties: 212 maunds 20 seers to khas ryots, and 618 maunds 10 seers to zemindars desirous of assisting ryots. This was done first at the rate of Rs. 3-5-4 a maund (12 seers the rupee), latterly at the rate of Rs. 3 for Burmah, and Rs. 3-8 for cleaned rice. If the new system of giving 18 seers Burmah rice is introduced quickly, very large loans could be made, but at present there is no great necessity for such a measure.

F.—Charitable Relief.

The only form of charitable relief given generally over the whole sub-division is supplied at annachatras, where cooked grain to persons in need of a meal and unable to work is given on the following scale :—

Morning Meal.

4. Chittacks of rice.
2. Ditto of dâl or potatoes, or kaon, or any cheap food.

Evening Meal.

2. Chittacks of rice.
2. Ditto of dâl or potatoes or kaon.
¼. Ditto of salt.
$\frac{1}{16}$. Ditto of long pepper.
$\frac{1}{128}$. Ditto of oil.

Until the middle of May there were but five annachatras, but the distress then becoming severe, they were increased to 14. I have now again reduced them to eight, namely one at each police station and outpost, except at Soobgacha in the north, where there has been a fine kaon crop; and one at each of the following places, Ichla, Chunderkona, and Koymy. The annachatras are managed by committees. I have returns showing the number relieved only from 10 of the 14; and these show 687 persons relieved on the last day, or 69 to each annachatra. If the four others have the same average, the total number in receipt of this form of relief will be 957. At the relief stations of Ullapara and Raigunge most of those fed are ticket-holders who have to wait half a day for their supply of rice, the work of weighing being great. The only other places where large numbers come to the annachatras are Belkuchi, Nraijuri. At Beleoochee, a quarter of the expenses is contributed by a zemindar who manages the institution, and who I fear is a little lax. At Kaijury there is a good deal of temporary distress, there having been little kaon, boro, or till in that neighbourhood, and even the aous being backward.

In Raigunge and Ullapara thanas, the system of house-to-house visitation, and the issue of the monthly doles to all found in distress and unable to do road-work has been adopted. Where the destitutes can work on cotton or jute, such work is exacted. During the past fortnight I have allowed the superintendents to give less time to inspection and more to accounts, and have personally helped them to check the issue of tickets by rejecting all persons sent in by the assistants who seemed able to work. In this way the number of tickets, which was previously increasing most rapidly, has been somewhat reduced. On the 17th June the number outstanding at Raigunge were :—

			Monthly allowance in rice according to scale.	
			Mds.	Srs.
Gratuitous ..	Full	724	9	25
	Half (for children) ..	3,701	24	30
	Total ..	4,425	34	15
Industrial (for cotton, and jute work) ..		1,723	23	3
	Grand total ..	6,148	57	18

The average consumption of rice issued on these tickets from 1st to 20th June was 51-12 maunds, so that it appears that some of the ticket-holders have ceased to attend.

The latest return from Ullapara, on this point, is only up to the 10th June.

It is as follows:—

Gratuitous tickets ..	Adults	844
	Children	3,470
	Total ..	4,314
Cotton		1,602
Jute		1,033
Thread		1
	Grand total ..	6,950

Since the 9th I have been twice to each station, and have myself cancelled many tickets, and I know that the superintendent is engaged in the same work. On the other hand, fresh tickets continue to be issued, particularly to distressed weavers and persons, other than those dependent on cultivators. These classes have been benefited by the fall in prices, but have no share in the relief derived from the actual reaping of the crops. In one weaving village tickets have been freely issued during the fortnight, though it is in Shazadpore thana, as the inhabitants were in a very reduced state, and were reported to be living on jute leaves and other such innutritious food.

The total number of persons receiving charitable relief in any form may be put down in round numbers at 1,400. In my report No. 87, dated 10th February 1874, I estimated for 10,000. It is certainly large when compared with the small number of coolies on road-works. But it so happens that the distress has been most severely felt in a part of the district

where labor for hire was almost unknown, and the people felt an antipathy to undertake it. Had they sought employment they could always have had it from private persons. Of course, they would rather have worked in any form than submit to starvation, but I found that they would not undertake it in order to maintain the beggars, the widows and children not immediately connected with them, the sick and infirm, and in fact the large pauper or semi-pauper population which is to be found, on enquiry, in most villages. The able-bodied ryots have derived no help from charitable relief. They have in great measure been supported by the money and rice advanced on loan to zemindars. It might have been supposed that the landlords would neglect them, on account of the rent disputes which have prevailed in the sub-division. But, in fact, they have been rather more free in taking and giving advances than in other districts, and nowhere more so than in the disturbed neighbourhoods.

(G.)—FINANCIAL RESULTS.

Purchase of grain—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Paid for 2,620 maunds of grain, ordered from Mr. Alexander, before Government grain arrived	11,091	4	9

Conveyance charge—

Paid for conveying 565-39-10 maunds of rice from Serajgunge to the annachatras and road works .	170	4	6
Paid for conveying one set of scales to Bogra ...	6	7	0
Erecting a mauchan in Serajgunge grain golah ...	87	12	0

Charitable Relief.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Paid to annachatras for purchase of dâl, fire-wood, and for contingencies	248	3	6
Paid to relief superintendent of Raigunge relief station for purchase of dâl, jute, cotton, &c.	500	0	0
Cotton purchased at Serajgunge for Raigunge relief station	185	0	0
Paid to superintendent of Ullapara relief station ...	496	6	6

Roads—

Purchase of Kodalees	31	15	9
Establishment	24	6	4
Paid on Executive Engineer's cheque on account of Chunderkona road	455	10	3
Paid for coolie labor, &c., on petty roads	225	0	0
Total ...	13,522	6	7

REMARKS BY MAGISTRATE.

THE improvement in Serajgunge still continues, except at Taras. This is to be accounted for by the fact that river communication is still closed, and land communication not easily available; but from our experience as regards other places, we may confidently expect that once the river is open matters will immediately improve. Mr. Nolan wishes to import Government rice there; I can scarcely think this will be necessary, and as I am reluctant to take any measure that has a tendency to interfere with private trade, Mr. Nolan has been called on for a further report. The case of starvation alluded to requires little comment; the same may have occurred in any year. It is satisfactory that there has been a decrease in the number receiving gratuitous relief.

W. V. G. TAYLER,
Magistrate.

The 30th June 1874.

No. 144—S.R., dated Burdwan, the 1st July 1874.

From—C. T. BUCKLAND, Esq., Commissioner of the Burdwan Division,
To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

1. I HAVE the honor to submit in original the District Fortnightly Narratives which have been received up to date, for the fortnight ending 29th June.

2. *Hooghly.*—I have little to add to the Collector's report. There is a tendency to a fall in the price of rice. There has been a sufficiency of rain, and the prospects of the season appear good.

3. The total daily number of laborers employed on relief works of every sort is given at 4,026 against 4,539 of the previous fortnight.

4. The exports of private rice are returned at 5,918 maunds. The amount of Government grain imported during the fortnight was 2,014 maunds. The Collector has applied for a further supply of 3,000 maunds, which has not yet reached him, but is much needed.

5. The return of persons receiving charitable relief during the fortnight has been duly classified under headings B., C., D., and shews a daily average of 3,923 against 4,048 of the preceding fortnight.

6. *Beerbhoom.*—The Collector submits a generally favorable account of the state of the district. There has been, and there is, considerable pressure and distress, but it has not been exaggerated, and the efforts which have been made to relieve it, have been judicious and sufficient. The first impressions of Mr. O. Donnell on his joining the district as Relief Officer, are described by him with much vivacity, and will be read with interest.

7. The average daily number of persons employed on public relief works, as shewn in Statement C., is 13,146 against 10,913 of the previous fortnight. But the actual number employed on the last day of the fortnight is shewn as 9,352. This is, however, apparently due to the omission of the laborers on the Kamra to Aundee road.

8. The exports of rice from the district were 5,514 maunds against 8,672½ maunds in the previous fortnight. The Collector is in much want of the further supplies of Government grain for which he has indented, and which had not arrived when he wrote his report; but I understand from a private note from the Relief Officer to my special Assistant that four or five thousand maunds reached Bhulpore yesterday (30th June.)

9. In Statement No. 4, the total daily number of persons receiving charitable relief is given as 18,014, out of which 13,088 are in receipt of purely gratuitous relief. The number shewn in the return of the previous fortnight was only 10,913. In the classified Statement under headings B., C., D., the total number of persons receiving relief on 20th June was 17,855. This shews a large increase of pressure on charitable relief, and I have applied for further Government agency to superintend it under the Relief Officer.

10. *Bankoora.*—The Collector gives a good account of the state and prospect of the crops, but he adds that distress has increased and is increasing, especially amongst the higher classes. "Relief, however, (he observes,) is within reach of all, and our difficulties lie not so much in giving, as in refusing to give."

11. The statement of labor shews a daily average of 4,866 persons against 3,823 during the previous fortnight. This is attributed to the completion of tank-works for private parties

12. The Collector's report is not so clear as could be wished, on the subject of Government grain. From the statement appended to his report, it appears that he had received 3,912 maunds, of which 1,947 maunds had been gratuitously distributed, and 1,740 maunds had been advanced to ryots. But in his 11th paragraph he states that out of a total amount of Rs. 18,756 of advances to private parties, he had been able to supply only 25 per cent. of grain, and 20 per cent. in cash, on account of the urgency of the case. His fortnightly estimate of expenditure is set down at 4,000 maunds, which is usually sent to Raneegunge, and thence forwarded by cart. I have asked for information as to the consignment which he is expecting from the Collector of Balasore, but I do not see that a sufficient case has been made out for the establishment of a Telegraph Office at Bankoora, although the wires run through the station.

13. The classified statement of charitable relief shews a large increase of numbers against the previous fortnight.

		Previous fortnight.	Present fortnight
Class	B. ...	... 9,972	17,670
,,	C. ...	... 3,609	4,683
,,	D. ...	... 865	2,282
	Total	.. 14,446	28,635

The increase is so large, and the pressure on the Collector is becoming so great, as he has no European Assistant or subordinate for relief purposes, that I would recommend that a special Relief Officer should be deputed to this district, if one can be spared.

14. *Burdwan.*—The report of the Collector is more than usually interesting. I am not able to ascertain from what remarks of mine the Collector infers that I disapproved of his practice of giving an abstract of the sub-divisional reports, but provided that the information required by Government is submitted, it is immaterial to me in what particular form it is given by the Collector.

15. The rainfall has been very abundant, and the prospects of the crops are good. It is to be noted that the seed grain sent to the Cutwa sub-division, was not wanted there.

16. The Collector has sent me a copy of a telegram addressed direct to him and other Collectors, by Government on the 27th ultimo, absolutely prohibiting cash payments to relief laborers, and holding Relief Officers personally responsible for cash expenditure on works or advances until explanation is given. The Collector has offered a full explanation shewing, in my opinion, sufficient reasons, why payments in grain had not been generally adopted in the district, and why they could not be adopted on certain roads, for which contracts had been given to public contractors. It will be seen that he reports that he has ordered all existing contracts to be set aside, with the exception of those on which funds not belonging to Government are being spent, or works in the Embankment Department. He does not state what is the amount of contracts thus cancelled; and the chief ground for hoping that the loss on this account may not be heavy, is to be found in the statement that but little work now remains

to be done. The application which the Collector is submitting for overseers, sirkars, and store-keepers to carry out the system of payments in grain, will be submitted as soon as received, for the orders of Government.

17. The receipt of Government grain amounted during the fortnight to 13,736 maunds, of which 9,366 maunds had been consumed in advances, and in feeding paupers The Statement No. 2 shews that 20,725 maunds had reached the district, of which 5,632 maunds had been gratuitously distributed, 5,770 maunds had been advanced to ryots, and 745 maunds had been used for payments in kind to laborers. The Statement No. 4 shews that 308 applications for advances had been granted, but the "Remarks" in that statement leave it doubtful, if all the advances were made in grain. I must call attention to paragraph 6 of the Collector's report, which forcibly represents the existing feeling of the people of Burdwan in their applications for Government advances.

18. The statements of charitable relief are imperfectly drawn up. Statement No. 6 gives the daily number of persons receiving relief at 26,599 against 13,651 in the previous fortnight. I understand that these figures include the 3,279 persons entered in Statement No. 7. But last week, I took a different view of these returns, and calculated the total number relieved daily as 15,382. The Collector will be requested to explain what is really meant, and to submit his returns more clearly and correctly in future. I request attention to the Collector's remarks regarding the food-depôt at Bheddiah, on which I submitted a special report last week, but have not yet received the orders of Government upon it. Even as a sensational relief station, inspected by philanthropic visitors animated with Sydney Smith's principles of vicarious charity, an assembly of only 1,800 candidates for relief could be collected out of the tens of thousands of the population of the district. I greatly regret that any such sensational movements should interfere with the operations of relief which are really needed in the district, and for which ample provision had been made, until a fictitious excitement on the subject was created. It will be seen from paragraph 6 of the Collector's Narrative, that in consequence of the telegram of 27th June, he has stopped all charitable relief in cash, for advances of different sorts, and even for expenditure on nutritious diet and milk for fever patients. I have submitted a special report to the Lieutenant-Governor on tour shewing that it is absolutely necessary that nutritious diet and milk should be supplied as usual to fever convalescents, on special medical authority, and that cash expenditure must continue for this purpose. To all other recipients of gatuitious charitable relief, or relief for light labor, the uncooked Government rice will be served out in future.

No. 190, dated Hooghly, the 29th June 1874.

From—F. H. Pellew, Esq., Officiating Collector of Hooghly,

To—The Commissioner of the Burdwan Division.

I have the honor to submit the narrative for the fortnight ending Saturday, the 27th June 1874.

A.—State of the Country.

2. There is no scarcity of food-grains in the bazars of the district.

3. Kind and price of grain selling at certain specified marts:—

1	2		3		4		5		6	
Names of principal marts.	Quantity per rupee by the seer of 80 tolahs.									
	Wheat.		Barley.		Rice, best.		Rice, common.		Gram.	
	Present return.	Past return.	Present return.	Past return.	Present return.	Past return.	Present return.	Past return.	Present return.	Past return.
	Seers.	Seers.	Seers.	Seers.	Seers.	Seers.	Seers.	Seers.	Seers.	Seers.
Baboosunge in Hooghly ...	13	13	...	...	9 to 9½	9 to 9½	12to 12½	11½to12	13 to 13½	13 to 13½
Chinsurah, Khurooa Bazar...	13	13	...	...	9 „ 9½	9 „ 9¼	12 „ 12½	11½„ 12	13 „ 13¼	13 „ 13½
Balore	...	...	...	...	...	9 „ 9½	12 „ 12½	11½„ 12	13 „ 13¼	13 „ 13½
Jinkrapottahgunge	13½	13½	...	...	9 to 9½	9 „ 9½	12½„ 13	12 „ 13	13½„ 14	13½„ 14
Serampore	13	13	16	16	8 „ 8½	8 „ 8½	12½„ 13	12 „ 13	13 „ 14	13 „ 14
Chunditallah	...	...	...	...	.....	10„ 0	10 „ 12	12 „ 0	10½„ 0	12 „ 0
Bydabatty	13	13	17½	17½	8 to 0	8 „ 0	12½„ 0	13 „ 0	13 „ 0	13 „ 0
Bhudreesur	12½	12	16½	15	...	.....	11½„ 13	11½„ 13	13½„ 0	13 „ 0

4. On the whole there appears to be a tendency to a fall in price.

5. *Information as to the kind and price of rice in the hands of zemindars, traders, &c.*—Same as previously reported.

6. *Rainfall, if any.*—It rained during the fortnight in almost all the thanas of the district.

At Hooghly the fall was as follows:—

17th June	...	·01
19th „	...	·45
20th „	...	·01
24th „	...	·87
25th „	...	·22
27th „	...	·50
29th „	...	·69
Total	...	2·75

At Serampore the fall was greater, being 3·75.

7. *Prospect of crops.*—The early rice is now growing in the high lands, and though planted rather late, promises a fair crop. The seedlings of the late rice have also been got in and are growing in the nursery beds; but the low ground is not yet sufficiently inundated to admit of the seedlings being planted out, nor are they generally sufficiently advanced yet to stand transplantation. Probably last night's fall of rain will enable the ryots to commence the transplantation. The rainy season appears to have set in on the 24th, when the barometer fell, and a damp south wind brought heavy clouds and continuous rain. If this weather continue, the rice crop will be unusually good.

8. *Condition of the people.*—I have to note no change in the condition of the people. The cultivators are busy with their labours; crime is light.

9. *Grain-thefts.*—Two cases occurred, one in the town of Chinsurah and another in the town of Hooghly; there was nothing remarkable about them.

10. *Condition of special tracts.*—There is no tract here which can as yet be said to be in a specially distressed condition.

B.—Relief Works.

Name of road.	Number of coolies.	Supply of food.	Condition of laborers.	Mode of payment and rate of wages.	Arrangement for tools.	Remarks.
Hooghly Sub-division.						
Dhunyakhally road, metalling...	310 Including carters.	Coolies purchase their own food from the nearest market.	Fair ...	Generally all works are done by task labor at fixed rates. The coolies get 2 annas daily as khoorakee, and the carters get 5 annas; accounts are settled weekly, or as soon as the contractors are able to do so.	Contractors supply	Nearly 66 men belong to the Pandooah thana and 30 are local. The rest are from Burdwan and Beerbhoom.
Shagunge and Tribany road ...	8	Ditto ...	Do. ...	At annas 3-3 per day.	Ditto ...	All local coolies.
Tribany to Gooptiparah... ...	15	To be had from the nearest market.	Do. ...	Paid at annas 3-3 per 100 cubic feet of earth-work, getting annas 2 as khoorakee, and accounts settled twice in the week.	Partly by contractors and partly by department.	The coolies are all local.
Pandooah to Culna road ...	120	Ditto ...	Good ...	Paid at annas 8 per 100 cubic feet of metal broken and stacked, but receiving annas 2 as khoorakee, and accounts settled twice within the week.	Ditto ...	About 45 are local.
Moolye to Jamgram ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Earth-work finished.
Koolayparah to Nischindeepore	25	To be had from the nearest market.	.....	At annas 3-3 per 100 cubic feet.	.....	Under Executive Engineer. All local.
Dakchara to Ballaghur ...	15	Ditto ...	Good ...	Ditto ...	.....	Ditto ditto.
Khonyan to Chapta	79	Ditto ...	Do. ...	Ditto ...	.....	Ditto ditto.
Chandpore to Bukooliah... ...	78	Ditto ...	Do. ...	Ditto ...	.....	Ditto ditto.
Baksagore to Chandra	106	Ditto ...	Do. ...	Ditto ...	.....	Ditto ditto.
Dhunyakhally to Khanpore ...	89	Ditto ...	Do. ...	Ditto ...	.....	Ditto ditto.
Nakaa to Digsui	65	Ditto ...	Do. ...	Ditto ...	.....	All local.
Tahirpore to Mamoodpore ...	18	Ditto ...	Do. ...	Ditto ...	.....	Ditto.
Pandooah to Cooltee ...	76	Ditto ...	Do. ...	Ditto ...	.....	Ditto.
Chapta to Sikra	25	Ditto ...	Do. ...	Ditto ...	.....	Ditto.
Mahanad to Gopikantpore ...	133	Ditto ...	Do. ...	Ditto ...	.....	Under Baboo Joggodissur Bhuttacharjee.

Name of road.	Number of coolies.	Supply of food.	Condition of laborers.	Mode of payment and rate of wages.	Arrangement for tools.	Remarks.
Bhastora to Gooroop	32	To be had from the nearest market.	Good ...	At annas 3-3 per 100 cubic feet.	.....	Under Baboo Joggessur Singh.
Mugrah to Nasarye	50	Ditto ...	Do. ...	Ditto ...	.....	Under Joint-Magistrate.
Bhastora to Dhunyakhally .	13	Ditto ...	Do. ...	Ditto ...	.....	Under Baboo Joggeshur Singh.
Dwarbasnee to Kamrye ...	18	Ditto ...	Do. ..	Ditto ...	.....	Under Baboo Joykissen Mookerjee.
Total ...	1,276					
Serampore Sub-division.						
Branch Grand Trunk Road ...	12	Coolies supply their own food from the nearest bazar.	Fair ...	Rs. 6-8 per month; receiving Re. 1 khorakee every week.	Partly by contractors and the rest by department.	All imported coolies; no local coolies can be had here for road work.
Sheakhalla road	103	Ditto ...	Do. ...	Coolies get 3 annas 3 pie per day; jhama-breaking at 10 annas per hundred cubic feet.	Contractors supply tools.	40 local.
Boidyabatty feeder-road ..	80 Including carters.	Ditto ..	Do. ...	Ditto .	Partly by contractors and the rest by department.	20 are local.
Old Benares road	88 Including carters.	Ditto ...	Fair, i.e. not so well off as in latter years.	Ditto	Ditto .	About 30 men are local.
Bhola to Nalicool and junction of old Benares road.	47	Coolies supply their own food from the nearest bazar.	Fair .	At as. 3-6 daily .	Contractors supply tools.	Out of this about half local and half imported.
Chundranuggore and Bhola road.	10	Ditto ...	Do. ...	Ditto ...	Partly by contractors and the rest by department.	These are local coolies employed in rectifying defects of slope cuttings.
Tarakeshur road	10	Ditto ...	Do. ...	Ditto	Contractor ...	Ditto Ditto.
Connuggore and Jonye road ...	12	Ditto .	Good .	Ditto	Ditto ...	Coolies are scarce; gone to cultivation.
Bora to Nusseelpur	36	Ditto ...	Do. ..	Ditto	Ditto	All local coolies work under Baboo Unoorup Chandra Mookerjee.
Jonye to Bora	63	Coolies supply from the nearest bazar.	Do. .	Ditto	Contractors supply.	All local coolies work under Baboo Annoorup Chundra Mookerjea.
Jonye to Baraset	18	Ditto ...	Do. ..	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	All local coolies work under Baboo Chundra Kant Mookerjee.
Harida to Baksa	55	Ditto	Do. .	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ditto.
Derghango to Dargurampore	34	Ditto ...	Do.	Ditto	Ditto	All local coolies work under Baboo Sarat Chundra Banerjee.
Bhudrepore to Nusubpore ...	31	Ditto ...	Do. ..	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Under Baboo Rajkristo Banerjee.
Serampore ...	578					
Hooghly ...	1,276					
Total ..	1,854					

12. The Collector of Howrah will give the Howrah works separately.

13. The following laborers were employed daily on tanks and works in the municipalities, towns, and unions :—

	Total.
Hooghly and Chinsurah	468
Serampore	169
Kotrung	25
Ballagurh	75
Total ...	737

14. Under the Executive Engineer, Northern Drainage and Embankment Division, the following work is in progress :—

Thana.	Name of work.	Daily average No. of coolies during the fortnight.	Condition.
Bydabatty ...	Kana nuddee and Surrosutty canal.	158	Good; no local laborers.
	Ordinary embankment repairs.	About 39	Good, local; the laborers occasionally leave for cultivation.

15. The returns of work on 32 tanks which are being dug or improved from tuccavee advances have been received. These show a daily average number of 1,238 coolies employed, of whom 391 are local. Almost all the tanks are nearly complete; dressing and turfing alone remain to be done at most. No return of coolies employed in the Ghea nuddee has been received.

16. I give here a comparative statement of the number of coolies employed on relief works, as shown in the last and present report :—

		Last report.	Present report.
Roads, &c., under the chairman of road cess.	Sudder sub-division ...	1,202	1,276
	Serampore sub-division ...	540	578
	Total ...	1,742	1,854
Municipalities, towns, and unions.	Hooghly and Chinsurah ...	570	468
	Serampore	203	169
	Towns and unions ...	528	100
Under the Executive Engineer, Northern Drainage and Embankment Division		135	197
Employed on works executed from tuccavee advance ...		1,361	1,238
	Grand Total ...	4,539	4,026

C.—Transport of Food.

17. The following is an abstract of the Railway traffic return for the fortnight ending 20th June 1874 :—

Up—Outward.

Station.	Under 150 miles.		Over 150 miles.		Over 300 miles.	Total.	
	Rice.	Other food-grains.	Rice.	Other food-grains.	Rice.	Rice.	Other food-grains.
Serampore	.....	.....	178	692	.....	178	692
Chandernagore	.....	1,280	2,637	105	1,262	3,899	1,385
Hooghly	560	106	451	.....	1	1,012	106
Muggrah	34	.....	791	5,504	.....	825	5,504
Pandooah	.....	.....	.....	.....	4	4	.....
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,918	7,687

Down—Inward.

Station.	Under 150 miles.		Over 150 miles.	Over 300 miles.	Total.	
	Rice.	Other food-grains.	Other food-grains.	Other food-grains.	Rice.	Other food-grains.
Serampore	172	.....	1,004	.....	172	1,004
Chandernagore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hooghly	69	147	188	218	69	553
Muggrah	10	.....	.....	.....	10	.....
Pandooah	.....	17	.....	.....	.....	17
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	241	1,574

Up—Inward.

Station.	Under 150 miles.		Over 150 miles.	Over 300 miles.	Total.	
	Rice.	Other food-grains.	Other food-grains.	Other food-grains.	Rice.	Other food-grains.
Serampore	517	.....	.....	.....	517	.....
Chandernagore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hooghly	1,519	.....	.....	.....	1,519	.....
Muggrah	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pandoosh	632	5	.....	.. ...	632	5
Total ...	.....	... ..	.....	.....	1,268*	5

* This is Government rice.

18. D.—Storage of Grain at Government Relief Works.

Amount of grain received.				Amount sent out.				
Station.	Quantity		Total.	Names of places for Storage.	Quantity.		Total.	Balance in hand.
	Up to date of last narrative.	During the fortnight.			Up to 15th June.	Up to 27th June.		
	Mds. S.	Mds.	Mds. S.		Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S
Hooghly	871 0	1,500	2,371 0	Ballagurh	.....	50 0 0	50 0 0	
Muggrah	201 10	.....	201 10	Goopluparah	383 20 0	.....	383 20 0	
Pandowah	201 10	.....	201 10	Chapta	9 0 0	100 0 0	109 0	
				Pandowah	137 10 0	.....	137 10 0	
			2,773 20	Sooltangacha	.....	98 0 0	98 0 0	
				Mahanad	401 0 0	.....	401 0 0	
Serampore	633 21	514	1,347 21	Dwarbasinee	100 0 0	.....	100 0 0	
				Boichee	27 0 0	100 0 0	127 0 0	
				Haral	15 0 0	100 0 0	115 0 0	
				Bhastarah	13 0 0	100 0 0	113 0 0	
				Goorup	.....	160 0 0	160 0 0	
				Makhalpore	.....	70 0 0	70 0 0	
				Basee	.....	100 0 0	100 0 0	
				Dhunyakhally	.....	100 0 0	100 0 0	
				Bhandarhatty	.....	100 0 0	100 0 0	
				Sahabazar	.....	96 0 0	96 0 0	
				Muggrah	.....	10 0 0	10 0 0	
				Bansberya	29 10 0	30 0 0	59 10 0	
				Executive Engineer, Hooghly.	.....	170 0 0	170 0 0	
				Police for Serais ...	16 20 0	.....	16 20 0	
				Municipality	144 0 0	116 0 0	260 0 0	None.
Total ...	.....	.....	4,121 1	Total ...	1,273 20 0	1,500 0 0	2,773 20 0	
				Serampore Sub-division (Mufussil details not yet given.)	370 12 8	476 27 8	847 0 0	500 21
					.....	.....	.....	

19. From this it is clear that all the rice which has been sent to Hooghly has been without any delay sent to different parts of the district. The Serampore sub-divisional officer has been ordered to despatch what is at Serampore at once to the mofussil

20. On the 18th June last I applied for 3,000 maunds more grain, and I expected to have received the amount on the 23rd or 24th at latest, and I sent out all the rice with me as fast as possible to the interior, except 170 maunds, which I have made over to the Executive Engineer for relief works, but the amount is not enough for fully supplying all store-houses arranged for, and I consequently have not been able to stop the issue of rice at those places for which I had no rice. I have to request that grain may be sent me at once, to enable me to comply with the Government orders to stop money relief.

21. As the orders of Government are very stringent, I beg here further to explain that from the moment the Government orders for sending rice to Hooghly, viz. on 8th May were received, I have been incessantly occupied in arranging proper accommodation for it, and for its safe transport in showery weather. In the prospect of the approach of the rainy season it was necessary to secure good pucca houses which are not easy to find; and as many roads are impassable in the rains, it was necessary to get considerable quantities out to the store-houses before the rainy season. Hence some of the nearer centres are still unsupplied with rice, and I am unable to supply them till Mr. Toynbee sends me more.

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the District of Hooghly for the fortnight ending 27th June 1874.

Name of circle—Shewn in the statement under heading D.
Date for which figures are given—For the fortnight ending 27th June 1874.

	Mds.	S.	C.
Total allotment of Government grain	4 121	0	0
Total quantity of grain stored, &c.	4,121	0	0
Total quantity of grain consumed up to date—			
By sale to the public or laborers	Nil.		
By gratuitous distribution in any shape	335	5	2
By advance to ryots	None.		
By payment in kind to laborers	46	8	8
Total	381	13	10
Estimated grain receipt of the ensuing fortnight ...	3,000	0	0*
Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight ...	3,000	0	0

Note.—Only five returns from the mofussil of expenditure of Government grain have as yet been received; the expenditure is considerably above what is shewn. The estimate in the last column is an estimate of the quantity I wish at once to store in the mofussil.

E.—Advances to Private Parties.

		Rs.
22.	Advances for grain as already reported	18,000
	Advance to municipalities	Nil.
	Advance under the Tuccavee Act up to date of last narrative...	37,561
	During the fortnight	Nil.

23. Some of the tanks, for the excavation of which advances under the Land Improvement Act have been granted, are reported as complete, and inquiries are being conducted by the Sub-Deputy Collector.

F.—Charitable Relief.

24. Number of committees as yet appointed :—

District committee	1
Sub-divisional committee	1
Sub-committees	62
	64

This is less than the number shewn in previous reports, as I have been obliged to supersede many of the old committees by bodies exercising supervision over an increased area, in consequence of the setting in of the rains and the orders to give relief in grain. Besides there are seven serais for the use of travellers.

25. Daily average number of persons relieved during the fortnight under the three heads is shewn below :—

B.	
Men	583
Women	1,866
Children	1,028
Total ...	3,477
C.	
Men	31
Women	80
Children	14
Total ...	125
D.	
Men	49
Women	175
Children	97
Total ...	321
Grand Total ...	3,923

* Only.

G.—Financial Result.

26. The disbursements to Executive Engineer and others during the fortnight were as follows:—

	Rs.
To Executive Engineer	20,000
To zemindars, road cess committees, &c.	1,600
For tuccavee advances	Nil.
Total ..	21,600

	Rs.	A.	P.
Local subscription to relief committee realised up to date of last fortnight	7,150	15	0
During the fortnight	95	0	0
Total ..	7,245	15	0
Government contribution for the month of May ..	951	0	0
Received from the central committee	3,000	0	0
The disbursements are as follows:—Up to date of last narrative	13,747	3	3
During the fortnight	2,269	6	9
Total ..	16,016	10	0

27. The decrease in expenditure on relief over that shown in last report is owing to the substitution in the middle of the fortnight of rice relief for money relief over almost the whole district.

No. 330, dated Soory, the 29th June 1874.

From—R. D. Hime, Esq., Offg. Collector of Beerbhoom,
To—The Commissioner of Revenue, Burdwan Division.

I have the honor to submit my district narrative for the fortnight ending 27th June 1874.

A.—State of the country.

There is again a large increase in the number of paupers, but, on the whole, I think the condition of the people is improving; agricultural operations are going on vigorously, the planting out of the seedling rice has commenced; and there is every promise of an early and abundant harvest; cholera and small-pox are gradually disappearing; epidemic fever seems slowly burning itself out; no death from starvation has been reported, and the relief agency continues to work successfully. The lower castes, the Haris, Bhowries, Dhangars, Domes, &c., are able to strengthen their curries with snails, which are now in season, and form an important adjunct to their food-supply. Frogs, crabs, shrimps, and other small fry, which can be caught in almost in every pool, and snakes, which many of the semi-aboriginal inhabitants of this district eat freely, are now abundant; the middle classes, however, to whom such things are unclean and an abomination, seem to feel the pressure unabated. I submit a copy of the report of the special relief officer, Mr. O'Donnell, which is both interesting in itself and as exhibiting the impressions of a fresh observer: there is, of course, some distress among the poorer members of the higher classes, as Mr. O'Donnell observes, but I do not think there is sufficient cause to warrant any general system of loans; sufficient aid can be given in individual cases by the charitable committee if on enquiry they appear to require relief. The Khamars of Itanda who waited on Mr. O'Donnell, met me at that village with a similar tale of misery some two months ago; and on my remarking on their excellent physical condition, said I should have seen them a month previously to judge how they had fallen off! It is satisfactory to learn that, though nothing has been done to relieve them, they are still alive and hearty: on the whole it is, I think, reassuring to find that an officer, whose special mission it is to search out distress has found so little actual privation. Full instructions for the conduct of the weekly food distributions, copy of which is submitted, were issued to the relief agents some days ago: two grain-robberies occurred during the fortnight; rice can be procured in all the principal marts at the prices given in Appendix I.

B.—Relief Works.

Two new relief works, the metalling of the Bulpore to Bangchatra road, and a road from Mahamed Bazai to Malarpore, Nos. 22 and 23, have been opened during the fortnight to give employment to laborers withdrawn from other works approaching completion; cash payments have been perforce continued during the fortnight, owing to the non-execution of my indent for Government grain, and the consequent deficiency of supply: the number of laborers on district works of all kinds is given in Appendix form C.

C.—Transport of Grain.

Exportation continues, 5,514 maunds of rice having been exported against 8,672½ maunds of the preceding fortnight; there has been no importation of Government grain during the week although an indent for 2,000 maunds was despatched on 15th instant, and the entire stock in hand has been expended in allotments to charitable centres, and to zemindars under concession G. Transport will now be a matter of extreme difficulty owing to the flooding of the rivers, and the country generally, which, except there where are good roads, has become almost impassable for the few carts the district can turn out, and the general employment of the draught cattle in ploughing. When I get grain for the laborers on the relief roads, I purpose organising some of them inro a transport service, which will serve the double purpose of carriage, and of relieving the pressure on the works and engineering staff. The rice shewn as in store in last report is now partly in process of transport to different centres and police stations to which it was allotted; partly actually stored at those destinations; partly actually consumed by paupers and chowkeydars, and partly awaiting removal by the zemindars to whom it has been allotted under concession G. There is not nearly enough in stock to meet the last mentioned allotments, and, if my order for this week* (5,000 maunds), is not quickly executed, I shall be forced to purchase rice locally for several of the relief centres, whose supplies are now running short.

* Despatched on 27th instant to the Bengal Secretariat direct.

D.—Storage of Grain.

This heading is blank, no supplies having been received during the fortnight.

E.—Advances to Private Parties.

Are shewn in Appendix tables II and III.

F.—Charitable Relief.

Vide appendix return IV and V.

G.—Financial Results.

Up to date Rs. 61,615 have been drawn from the treasury on certificates granted under Act XXVI of 1871; Rs. 79,635 have been placed to credit of the executive engineer for relief works; Rs. 7,000, have been advanced to Messrs Farquharson and Campbell of Ilambazar; Rs. 2,504-2 to Mr. Jones of Gonootia; Rs. 750 to Baboo Kishoree Mohan Roy of Naguri; and Rs. 105 to the Mundals of Kulliara, for the construction of roads chargeable to relief. Rs. 1,200 have been disbursed for the Rajah's tank, which is now nearly completed, Rs. 4979-8 placed to credit of the charitable fund on account of the Government subscription, and Rs. 591-8-7 drawn in advance to meet charitable expenditure.

From—C. J. O'Donnel, Esq., Special Relief Officer, Beerbhoom,

To—The Magistrate of Beerbhoom.

I have the honor to submit a report on the result of my tour through the parts of the district which may be considered the most important from a scarcity point of view. I have visited all the relief agencies from Ilambazar to Gonotia, and from Bungchatra to Batikar. This tract includes that part of the district which has been visited by the Burdwan fever, and also where the failure of the rice crop was most marked. The actual condition of the people naturally engaged my first attention. With this object, I seized every opportunity to make enquiries on which I could form an opinion. My ordinary procedure was this: when passing through a village, the people, who seemed to be wonderfully well-advised of the movements of the relief sahib, came to me with a petition. I then at once went to the house of the first signer of it, then to that of the fifth or tenth, then back to the second or fourth, and so on. There never seemed to be any preparations to receive me in the house, as I used to find the women working or cooking, and saw other signs of my being unexpected. The conclusion generally at which I arrived was that there was considerable distress; that there are not stores of rice in the houses of the peasantry, even of the higher castes; and that there is ample room for charity and assistance in the form of loans. As to stores of rice, I examined altogether, in different houses, a couple of thousand large earthen kolshis in which rice is ordinarily stored, and did not find a grain anywhere. Another point that struck me, was the alacrity with which even Brahmins showed me through their houses, some of which were pucka, regularly "up-stairs and down-stairs and in my lady's chamber," for I usually saw all the female members of the family. I took this, I think fairly, as a proof that they really were willing to yield some of their caste-prejudices to the present pressure. There was a great absence of ornaments and brass-vessels, which I found much more abundant in the houses of some of the laboring classes than in those of the humble members of the high castes. To be sure, I met with some most ridiculous instances of exaggeration, as at Etanda, where a body of as sturdy Kamars as we could see assured me they were fast dying. At Ramnagar a Brahmin came up to me with a similar assurance that he was not long for this world, if the State did not feed him: I went straight for his house, and was nearly regretting my hasty curiosity by being almost run over by half-a-dozen of his cows, which were at the instant coming out, perhaps driven out of his enclosure. However,

these occasional cases of folly, or worse, did not prevent me from being convinced that the scarcity falls heavily on two classes, viz., the lowest of the low castes, Haris, Domes, and Moochies, and on the poorer of the high castes. This pressure is to be met, in the former case, by charitable relief and relief works; in the latter by advances of grain, which I believe in nine instances out of ten would be recoverable.

As to the relief now being given, I can say that, so far as road-work goes, judging from the appearance of the laborers, men, women, and children seem sufficiently nourished on all the roads where I have come across them. The relief-houses for charitable distribution are in most cases working well, at least as far as the choosing of deserving objects goes. I was pleased to find that at the outlying villages of Etanda, Ramnagor, Ekhoodhara, and others, the fever-sick and real poor were in receipt of relief. I was present at the selecting of deserving relief-recipients at Ilambazar, Gonotia, Lahpore, and Bungchatra, and thought the selections made by the agents in charge were judicious. The great fault is crowding and crushing at the time of distribution. I have, therefore, in every agency pointed out to the agent how the crowd could be best dealt with, by means of bamboo barriers, behind which he could sit and relieve the paupers in small batches. The system would here be much improved if the tickets were made of substantial paper, if possible card-board. The present slips of Bengal paper rarely last a week without being torn or soiled so as to render them illegible. I have to mention the relief agent of Bungchatra as having his rice most carefully stored, and his books and papers in the best order.

Instructions to Relief Agent, Kusba.

(1.) The name, father's name, and residence of each pauper is to be entered in the register with serial number, and a ticket with corresponding name, number, and residence given to the pauper.

(2.) A strong bamboo enclosure is to be made with one gate for entrance, and another for egress.

(3.) On distribution day all the ticket-holders are to be served before the new-comers, the women and children being served first, the men afterwards: after all the ticket-holders are served, male and female, the new comers are to be attended to in the same order,—first the women and children, then the men.

(4.) Six ticket-holders only are to be admitted to the enclosure at one time, being admitted as they come without reference to their serial numbers in the register. As each ticket-holder receives the allowance, a mark is to be put after the corresponding name and number in the register, and the ticket returned to the pauper, who will pass out by the exit gate at once. When the first six have been disposed of, a second batch of six is to be admitted, and so on. All the ticket-holders having been disposed of, the new-comers will be disposed of in the same way.

(5.) The police are directed to employ the chowkeedars receiving weekly allowance from them in keeping order, and rendering any other assistance required by the relief agent.

(6.) Each adult is to receive four seers, and each child two seers per week.

C.

Abstract Statement of Men, Women, and Children, employed on Public Works in the District of Beerbhoom during the 14 *days ending Saturday, the* 20*th June* 1874.

Serial No. of Work.	Name of Work.	Length of road, &c.	Total number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Mean daily number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Number of persons employed on the last of the 14 days.				How long work is likely to give employment.	Remarks.
			Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.		
1	Scory to Cynthia	11	409	4	.....	413	29	.....	.....	29	37	.....	.....	37	½ month.	All doing full work and receiving full wages, except some 700 day-laborers on the Doobrajpore-Ilambazar road, paid at the rate of 1 anna for each adult and ½ anna for each child. The work-people are of the ordinary laboring classes, including under this term cultivators who work on their own fields, but not generally on public works; payment has been made altogether in cash during the fortnight, the indent for Government rice not having been complied with.
2	Scory to Nagore	14	177	53	.....	230	13	.....	.....	15	15	4	.....	19	1½ ditto.	
3	Scory to River Adjai	21	231	5	.....	236	16	.....	.....	16	17	.....	.....	17	ditto.	
4	Scory to Ahmadpore	13	98	36	.....	134	7	2	.....	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	ditto.	
5	Ahmadpore to Loghatta	8	2,785	509	.....	3,294	196	36	.....	234	190	35	.....	225	½ month.	
6	Monpore road	3	251	.....	.....	251	17	.....	.....	17	20	.....	.....	20	ditto.	
7	Dangal tank	.....	523	452	.....	975	37	32	.....	69	38	30	.....	68	ditto.	
8	Barwan to Panchthoopi	4	3,919	134	8	4,061	279	8	.....	287	200	.....	4	204	1 week.	
9	Bolepore to Sacoolipore	13	4,380	4,324	.....	8,704	312	306	.....	620	155	315	.....	470	ditto.	
10	Mullarpore to Mouressor	8	13,713	3,177	.....	16,890	979	226	.....	1,205	168	.....	.....	168	ditto.	
11	Kamra to Andi	13	24,138	2,603	.....	26,741	1,724	185	.....	1,909	.....	.....	.....	.....	1½ months.	
12	Bolepore to Bungochottra	10	10,696	7,106	4,381	22,183	764	507	312	1,583	751	462	180	1,393	3½ ditto.	
13	Labpore to Kalgram	10	13,764	.....	.....	13,764	983	.....	.....	983	812	.....	.....	812	ditto.	
14	Bolepore to Kasba	7	3,695	2,235	91	6,021	192	159	6	357	740	442	.....	1,182	1 week.	
15	Cynthia to Andi	9	7,237	1,153	.....	8,390	516	82	.....	598	80	8	.....	88	ditto.	
16	Poorandarpore to River Adjai	20	15,535	9,913	.....	25,448	1,109	708	.....	1,817	641	297	.....	938	ditto.	
17	Metalling road Bolepore to Soorool	5	2,315	511	269	3,095	165	37	19	241	138	77	52	267	½ month.	
18	Dubrajpore to Ilambazar	8	20,054	11,274	6,311	38,369	1,454	848	450	2,752	1,365	942	377	2,684	1½ month.	
19	Ganotia to Kotasar	4	2,397	1,571	1,139	4,997	163	112	81	356	285	212	151	648	1 ditto.	Rate of wages paid for full work— As. P. To each man ... ... 2 6 " woman ... ... 1 3 " child ... ... 0 6 Total amount disbursed in wages during the fortnight, Rs. 18,073-11-3.
20	Rajah's tank	.....	456	519	.....	975	32	37	.....	69	41	71	.....	112	1 week.	
	Total number employed ...	.....	125,696	46,471	13,199	184,366	8,966	3,310	868	13,146	5,695	2,695	764	9,353		

APPENDIX I.

Prices-current of Food-grains and Salt in the District of Beerbhoom for the week ending Saturday, the 27th June 1874.

1	2			3			4			5			6			7		
DISTRICT	QUANTITIES PER RUPEE BY THE SEER OF 80 TOLAHS.																	
	WHEAT.			BARLEY.			RICE, BEST SORT.			RICE, COMMON.			GRAM.			SALT.		
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
Soory (Sudder Station)	12 0	12 0	14 8	15 0	15 0	20 0	10 0	10 0	16 0	12 0	11 8	18 0	13 0	13 0	21 8	8 0	8 0	8 12
Cynthia	.....	15 0	15 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	11 4	18 0	.....	12 10	20 0	.....	16 0	22 0	.....	8 8	9 0
Purandarpore	12 0	12 0	16 0	15 0	.....	.....	10 0	10 0	20 0	12 0	12 0	22 0	13 0	13 0	25 0	8 0	8 8	9 0
Futtehpore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	20 0	12 12	12 12	23 4	14 0	14 0	28 0	8 8	8 8	8 6
Bolepore	12 0	12 0	16 0	.....	.....	.....	11 0	11 0	19 0	12 0	12 0	20 0	14 0	14 8	24 0	9 4	10 0	10 0
Doobrajpore	13 0	13 8	16 0	.....	.....	.....	11 0	12 0	18 0	12 8	12 8	20 0	12 0	13 0	24 0	9 0	9 0	8 8
Ahmadpore	10 0	10 0	22 0	.....	.....	.....	11 0	11 0	21 0	12 4	12 4	24 0	15 0	15 0	26 0	9 0	9 0	8 8
Krunahar	14 0	14 0	24 0	.....	.....	.....	12 0	13 0	22 0	13 0	13 0	26 0	16 0	18 0	28 0	8 12	8 12	8 8
Rajnagore	11 8	12 8	17 8	.....	.....	.....	12 0	11 4	17 8	13 8	13 8	20 0	13 0	13 12	28 12	8 2	8 0	8 12
Barwan	15 0	15 0	20 0	17 8	17 8	22 8	10 4	10 4	18 0	11 4	11 4	26 8	15 0	14 8	28 8	8 0	7 12	8 12
Average	12 9	13 0	18 0	16 13	16 4	21 4	10 14	11 0	19 0	12 6	12 4	23 0	14 4	14 7	25 0	8 5	8 8	8 12

APPENDIX RETURN II.

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the District of Beerbhoom, for the fortnight ending 27th June 1874.

1.—Name of circle, Beerbhoom.
2.—Date for which figures are given, from 13th to 27th instant.
3—Total allotment of Government grain, 1,000 maunds per week.
4.—Total quantity of grain stored exclusive of grain transferred to other districts, none during the fortnight.

Total quantity of grain consumed up to date.

5.—By sale to the public or to laborers, none.
6.—By gratuitous distribution in any shape, 1,550 maunds disposed of to charitable committee.
7.—By advances to ryots, none.
8.—By allotments to zemindars, 2,770 maunds.
9.—By payments in kind to laborers, none.
10.—Total, 4,320 maunds.
11.—Estimated grain receipts of the ensuing fortnight, 10,000 maunds.
12.—Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight, 10,000 maunds in charity, advances to proprietors under concession G, subsistence allowances of chowkedars under special orders of Government, and payment of laborers on relief works.

APPENDIX TABLE III.

Statement shewing the number of applications under the Land Improvement Act XXVI of 1871 *up to 27th June* 1874.

		Amount.
		Rs.
Number of applications registered... ...	683 ...	2,82,823
Ditto ditto disposed of ...	683 ...	2,82,823
Ditto ditto granted	232 ...	72,830
Ditto ditto refused	451 ...	2,09,993
Ditto ditto pending	... ...	...
Ditto of certificates drawn	181 ...	61,615

APPENDIX, STATEMENT IV.

Statement shewing the progress of charitable relief in the District of Beerbhoom, for the fortnight ending 27th June 1874.

Number of committees and sub-committees as yet appointed ...	10
Number of special relief sub-divisions opened and officered ...	20
Number of regular relief circles opened and manned by special officers	12
Number of relief circles opened and manned by planters, zemindars, and other residents	11
Number of work-houses, or centres for the distribution of food and gratuitous relief	21
Number of men, women and children (with total) in receipt of gratuitous relief in any shape through the charitable relief organization daily	18,014

Remarks.—Of the total number of recipients of charitable relief 3,926 are spinners and weavers, and 1,000 are employed in light labor on village-tanks and roads, leaving 13,088 in receipt of purely gratuitous relief.

APPENDIX STATEMENT V.

Statement shewing the number of persons relieved up to 20th June 1874, *submitted with reference to Government No.* 3216—*S.R., of the 19th May* 1874, *para* 5.

		No.	Rs.	A.	P.
B.—Total number of meals given up to 20th June, i.e., persons fed for one day		401,302			
Total number of persons receiving gratuitious relief in rice at present on the 20th June ...		12,929			
Total disbursement up to 27th June, including cost of out-door laborers ...	By cash for rice ...		13,957	11	8½
	By Government rice ...		2,675	0	0
	Miscellaneous „ ...		276	0	10½
			16,908	12	7

C.—Total number of weavers and spinners supplied with thread and cotton and advance on the 20th June, and laborers employed on light out-door work	4,926			
Total disbursement to 27th June, weavers and spinners only		...15,429	3	9
D.—Total number of families under heading D on the 20th June	12			
Total disbursement up to 27th June ...		... 34	15	6
Total number of persons in receipt of relief on the 20th June	17,855			
Total disbursement up to 27th June under all heads		...32,372	15	10

Vide Appendix return V of the fortnight ending 30th May. Of the laborers under heading C, 3,926 are spinners and weavers, and 1,000 out-door laborers engaged on village tanks and roads.

R. D. Hime,
Offg. Collector.

No. 576, dated Bankoora Collectorate, the 29th June 1874.

From—W. R. Larminie, Esq., Offg. Collector of Bankoora,
To—The Commissioner of the Burdwan Division.

I have the honor to submit my report for the fortnight ending 29th June 1874.

State of the Country.

2. Prices have remained nearly stationary. The prevailing rates are given below. Rice is to be had in sufficient quantities in the chief bazars, but some difficulty is experienced in procuring it in outlying places. This is probably due to the fact that those who have grain are now either advancing it to their ryots, or supporting their laborers therewith.

	Rice, best sort.	Rice, common.	Wheat.	Barley.	Gram.
	Sr. Ch.	Sr. Ch.	Sr. Ch.	Sr. Ch.	Sr. Ch.
Bankoora	10 10	12 8 coarse 14 6	12 12	21 0	13 4
Bishenpore	11 0	13 8	12 8	24 0	13 8
Chatna	12 8	13 0	13 8	17 8	13 8
Ondah	11 0	13 0	13 0	22 0	14 0
Gungajulghatty ...	11 0	12 0	13 0	17 0	14 0
Burjorah	11 8	12 8	15 0	.....	13 8

3. There has been heavy rain throughout the district during the last ten days, and even the small tract to which I referred in my last report has fared as well as the rest. Agricultural operations are progressing very favorably; sowings are nearly completed, and the rice seedlings are being planted out in all directions: sowings of other crops, such as Indian-corn, shakartil, cotton, and arhar have commenced, and the Sonthals are sowing their favorite kudu.

4. The giving of grain-advances is the great question just now, but as I am furnishing a special report on the subject, it is unnecessary for me to discuss the matter here. Figures are given below under the proper head.

5. Distress has increased, and is increasing, more especially amongst the middle classes, but relief is within reach of all, and our difficulties lie not so much in giving as in refusing to give.

6. No serious grain-thefts or robberies have been reported; in fact, crime is rather less than usual at this time of the year.

7. No cases of starvation have come to light.

Relief Works.

8. The accompanying table shows an increase of 1,000 in the number employed on roads since the date of my last report. This is partly due to the gradual completion of tanks by private parties. Our rates are too low to admit of the solution that coolies are unnecessarily attracted to road-work.

Transport of Food.

9. There is nothing particular to note under this head.

Storage of Government Grain.

10. The accompanying statement gives details. I may say that our stock is exhausted; the requirements for giving advances have been so great, that none was available for payment to laborers. I trust the supply will in future be more nearly equal to the demand.

As I have already reported, there is great difficulty in procuring carts at this time of the year, and the Joint-Magistrate of Raneegunge, who has done all in his power to help me, reports that the supply of cartage is not more easy in that sub-division. The Collector of Balasore has advised me of the prospective despatch of a consignment of rice, but has not stated the quantity thereof. In this matter of importing grain, a telegraph-station here would be of great advantage; I have already reported to you the facility with which one could be opened.

Advances to Private Parties.

11. Up to the 26th instant, 319 applications for advances were made; only 44 remained undisposed of. The total amount sanctioned was Rs. 18,756. I have only been able to supply hitherto 25 per cent. of the grain sanctioned to each of the applicants, and the last few days I have been obliged to allow a small sum, 20 per cent., of the total allowed in these cases in cash, as, in the present state of cultivation, if ryots do not get assistance now it will be useless to offer it afterwards.

Charitable Relief.

12. The accompanying statement shows a very considerable increase in the number receiving relief. The number under Class B ought to be much less, and that under Class C proportionately greater, but the increase in the number of the middle classes requiring relief is so great, that it is impossible at once to supply light work to those who cannot work at roads, tanks, &c.

13. The number getting relief under Class D is also increased, and it is exceedingly difficult for me to keep the number down. A very stringent certificate from some member of the district committee is required before a family is admitted; but still I am of opinion that all do not deserve the indulgence shown them. If, however, persons who have received certificates from members are subsequently refused, even by my orders, the members granting the certificates are offended, and they are the persons on whom I have chiefly to depend for information.

14. In short, in dealing with large numbers of applicants, a strength of character is required which can hardly be expected from native subordinates, and, being single-handed here, it is impossible for me to leave head-quarters. It is doubtless satisfactory to know that all distress is likely to be relieved, but I confess to dislike seeing able-bodied men receiving relief and doing nothing in return.

15. Previous to the issue of the liberal instructions by the Central Relief Committee, willingness to work on the part of an able-bodied applicant was a *sine qua non* to the getting of relief, but now everyone claims to be by social position exempted from even twisting a little hemp. The really respectable who are in want decline to take gratuitous relief, and ask for work, while the drones of the hive, who at all times subsist on the labors of others, take their stand upon their respectability, and decline to move a finger to help themselves.

16. The accompanying statement gives detailed information as to the nature and extent of relief given:—

Statement of Charitable Relief.

(1.) One central committee.
(2.) Twenty-nine sub-committees.
(3.) Thirty-three „
(4.) None.
(5.) Thirty-three „

Statement showing average daily number relieved during the fortnight.

Class B.

	Average.		Average.
Moheshra—			
Mejia	672	Konamari	415
Saltora	975	Godadihi	316
Kustholia... ...	585	Ondah	1,500
Pahra	626	Taldangra	271
Tiluri	420	Koorpa	322
Bakulia	681	Harmeshra	224
Gogra	535	Amdangra	143
Dhaleani	380	Makra	646
	4,874	Bishenpore	1,834
Bankoora	1,808	Joypore	470
Rajgram	674	Telishair	287
Chatua	394	Chooamosna	307
Arrara	532	Meliara	47
Teghorea	621	Susnia ... }	
Gungajulghatty ...	240	Ramsagar ... } Just opened.	
Burjora	662	Ladua ... }	
Dholeoni	1,083	Shaharjora ... }	
		Total ...	17,670

CLASS C.—LIGHT WORK.

Tank work	918
Husking	731
Weaving	2,473
Spinning	437
Shell-lac	64
Shankari	60
Total	4,683

CLASS D.—RESPECTABLE MEN IN DISTRESS OBTAINING RELIEF.

Men	623
Women	1,049
Children	610
Total	2,282

Financial Results of the Charitable Relief Fund.

	Heading B. Rs. A. P.	Heading C. Rs. A. P.	Heading D. Rs.	Total. Rs. As. P.
Amount expended up to the end of previous fortnight	9,108 4 4	11,401 7 0	150	20,659 11 4
Ditto this fortnight ...	2,327 0 0	6,275 10 0	369	8,971 10 0
Total ...	11,435 4 4	17,677 1 0	519	29,631 5 6

Account of Government Grain for the fortnight ending 29th June 1874.

1	2	3		4	5	6	7	8
NAME OF CIRCLE.	Date for which figures are given.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.		TOTAL QUANTITY OF GRAIN CONSUMED. By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advance to ryots.	Total.	Estimated grain receipts of the ensuing fortnight.	Estimated grain requisite for the ensuing fortnight.
			M. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.
Bankoora ...	From 14th to 27th June 1874.	Balance in hand ...	151 31 10					
		Received	1,179 25 8					
		Total ...	1,331 17 2	468 34 10	865 20 0	1,334 14 10	4,000 0 0	4,000 0 0
Gungajalghatty	Ditto ...	Balance in hand ...	.....					
		Received	830 15 8					
		Total ...	830 15 8	473 34 4	.....	473 34 4	.....	.....
Mejia	Ditto ...	Balance in hand ...	118 9 12					
		Received	323 20 12					
		Total ...	441 30 8	441 30 8	.....	441 30 8	.....	.....
Saltorah ...	Ditto ...	Balance in hand ...	142 26 5					
		Received	1,475 29 9					
		Total ...	1,618 25 14	573 12 0½	875 10 12	1,448 22 12½	.....	.....
Total ...	.....	Balance in hand ...	412 27 11					
		Received	3,499 9 5					
		Total ...	3,912 7 0	1,047 31 0½	1,740 30 12	3,688 22 2½	4,000 0 0	4,000 0 0

BANKOORA DISTRICT.

Statement of Labor.

No.	Name of Work.	Description of Labor.			Total
		Men.	Women.	Children	
1	Bankoora and Sonamookhy road	65	38	.. .	103
2	Ditto to Roghoonathpore	49	32	.....	81
3	Bishenpore to Namchura (Jeypore)	18	12	.....	30
4	Kolinpore to Joyrampore	15	7	.....	22
5	Raneegunge and Midnapore road (Provincial)	310	117	.....	427
6	Ondah and Taldangra road	71	50	15	136
7	Gungajulghatty to Saltora	276	255	45	576
8	Moraloo and Mijia road	312	208	57	577
9	Municipal work in Bishenpore	35	22	.....	57
10	Digging tank at Jeypore	75	80	3	158
11	Dolepore and Mohiana roads	280	99	15	394
12	Mejia and Malliarah	155	130	15	300
13	Dullavpore ditto	260	155	20	435
14	Burjorah ditto	205	287	23	515
15	Bankoora to Taldangra	370	210	25	605
16	Ditto Judpore	250	180	20	450
	Total	.....	.....	.....	4,866

Bankoora Collectorate, W. R. Larminie,
The 29th June 1874. *Offg. Collector*

No. 587—F.R., dated Burdwan, the 29th June 1874.

From—E H. Whinfield, Esq., Offg. Collector of Burdwan,
To—The Commissioner of the Burdwan Division.

I have the honor to submit the fortnightly narrative due to-day. As I gather from your remarks on my last narrative that you disapprove of the practice which I have hitherto followed of giving a separate summary of each of the six sub-divisional reports regarding the state of the country, I shall discontinue it, and in future give one general summary of all reports and information received regarding the whole district.

A.—State of the Country.

2. The supply of rice contin ues to be much the same as previously reported Prices are slightly higher. The prices of common rice in the several sub-divisions are as follows:—

	S.	Ch.	
Burdwan	13	2	a rupee
Raneegunge	11	12	„
Bood-bood	12	11	„
Cutwa	11	6	„
Culna	12	0	„
Jehanabad	12	8	„

The Cutwa Deputy Collector says that, in searching for storage for the grain to be sent to him, he found most of the golahs empty. The rainfall has been heavy almost everywhere. The number of inches recorded in each sub-division is as follows:—

Burdwan	11·16	inches.
Raneegunge	8·15	„
Bood-bood	8·25	„
Cutwa	7 11	„
Culna	3·15	„
Jehanabad	1·35	„

The sowings are everywhere reported to be progressing favorably, and seed-grain is reported to be abundant everywhere but in Bood-bood. Some seed-grain has been sent there for distribution. Some seed-grain was sent to Cutwa for distribution, but the Deputy Collector says it is not wanted. Distress is said to be increasing in Cutwa and Bood-bood, and relief measures have been extended to meet it. No deaths from starvation have come to light. 51 emigrants were registered at Bood-bood; and a case of theft there is reported in which the accused pleaded hunger.

B.—Relief Works.

3. These are shown as usual in Statement I. With reference to His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor's telegram of the 27th instant (copy whereof has been sent you under separate cover), I beg to report that the laborers on the roads in Cutwa under the immediate superintendence of the Deputy Magistrate of that sub-division have been paid in grain for some time, so far as the rice held out, but elsewhere in cash. The reasons why payments

in grain were not introduced everywhere immediately upon receipt of Government letter No. 3255—S.R., dated 20th ultimo, are as follows:—

With the exception of the Cutwa roads and one in Raneegunge, all the roads in charge of the Executive Engineer and other officers are being made or repaired by contractors, under formal contracts executed at various times antecedent to 20th May last.* At the time these contracts were executed, the total estimated cost of each work was (according to the usual practice) at once paid to credit of the Executive Engineer or other officer in charge, and, therefore, in order to introduce payments in grain it would have been necessary, in the first place, to break all these contracts (either paying compensation to the contractors or abiding the not doubtful result of suits by them in the civil court), to recover such advances made to them as had not been worked out, and to organise a complete establishment of ticca overseers and sircars on each road to measure up the work and issue cheques or tokens to the laborers for grain, and another establishment of storekeepers and mohurrirs on each road to keep the grain and the accounts, and serve it out to the laborers in exchange for the cheques or tokens given them by the overseers. In the second place, it was to be considered that on that date (20th May) the season for earth-work was very far advanced and would be still further advanced by the time the new system could be organized, establishments appointed, grain imported, and stores of grain formed on all the roads in hand. In the third place, the Government letter No. 3255—S.R., of 20th May (which was the first intimation of its being intended to send grain here), said that 2,000 maunds of grain would be sent to Burdwan for payment of laborers, &c., but that more might be *sent for advances* (not for payment of laborers) if required. Then, again, a very considerable number of the works in course of execution are paid for from chowkeedary union and town committee funds, to which it is presumed the orders of 20th May do not apply. Another set of works are the ordinary annual embankment repairs and the Kana Nuddee works, which, though shown in the narratives of this district, are in no way under my control. In view of the above considerations, and the great pecuniary loss which (it seemed to me) a sudden change at this advanced season of the year to the system of grain-payments would certainly entail on Goverment, I thought that I was consulting the interests of Government and at the same time not transgressing the spirit of the Government orders, by refraining from taking the very strong measure of cancelling existing contracts. As, however, I now find that I was mistaken, I can only say that I regret the misapprehension, and I have ordered all contracts be set aside and payments of grain at once introduced on all works with the exception of the chowkidary union, town committee, and embankment department works, to which I suppose the Government orders do not apply. If I am wrong in making this exception I solicit correction. As the season is now so far advanced, and so little work remains to be done, I am not without hopes that the contractors may *now* be induced to give up their claims to execute the small portions of work remaining to be executed under their contracts without demanding compensation for the breach of their contracts. A statement of the establishment of overseers, sircars, and storekeepers necessary to be entertained to carry out the system of payments in grain is in course of preparation, and will be submitted for sanction immediately.

* One or two have been executed since that date, but in these cases the work had been commenced, and had advanced a considerable way towards completion prior to that date.

C.—Transport of Food.

4. The imports by rail for the fortnight ending 20th June were 30,497 maunds, and the exports 13,998 maunds.

D.—Storage of Grain.

The Statement II required by Government letter No. 3369—S.R., dated 26th ultimo, gives the particulars of this. At the commencement of the fortnight, 4,000 maunds in all had been received, whereof 2,000 maunds were then stored at Khanoo Junction, 1,200 maunds had been sent to Cutwa, and the remaing 800 maunds had been distributed to various places in the sudder sub-division. During the fortnight under report, 13,736 maunds in all have been received from Calcutta, whereof 4,096 maunds have been stored at Boodbood, 2,000 maunds at Gooshkara, and 7,640 maunds at Burdwan. The consumption up to date amounts to 9,366½ maunds; it has been used mostly for advances and to feed the paupers at the food-depôts.

E.—Advances to Private Persons.

6. These are shown in Statements III & IV. The recent concession, allowing advances of grain to be made on the joint security of not less than six persons, has had the effect of making the people take these advances much more freely. In some, but not many, cases, previous to the receipt of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor's telegram of 27th instant, I availed myself of the permission granted in Government letter No. 3369—S.R., dated 26th ultimo, to make advances of cash for the purchase of seed-grain. The number of applicants for advances of grain is very large. Every day I have applications from 200, 300, and even more people *; the exact number cannot be given as many applicants join in one application. I examine these people, and after striking out the names of those who are evidently well-to-do, have local enquiries made by the sub-deputies and relief officers into the condition of the rest. In a few cases, so few that they might be almost counted on the fingers, I

* N. B.—It is only the sudder sub-division and a few Bood-bood people who apply at Burdwan

have found amongst these applicants persons who appeared to be in positive distress: but such cases are not frequent, even among the chowkeedars, who as a class are certainly badly off. The majority present no appearances of distress; their bodies are well oiled, and appear generally to be well nourished Moreover, in several, I may say in numerous cases this fortnight, when the investigating officer has gone to make local enquiry, the applicants have refused to take the advance or to give security, in some cases giving the reason that they are not distressed to such an extent that they need to eat Burmah rice. The question naturally suggests itself, why should the people apply for advances in such numbers if they do not really need them? There are several reasons, I think, for this: in the first place, the terms on which we are advancing rice (*i.e.*, without interest) are favorable to an extent hitherto unheard of. The mahajuns' usual terms for advances of grain (barhee) are, I believe, 25 per cent., and this year I have heard of as much as 50 per cent. being asked. To get an advance, therefore, without interest, is a *bargain* which tempts people, though they do not really want it. Secondly, there is a firm belief amongst the the poorer ryots that Government will not recover these advances, and that it could not do so, in many cases, even if it wished. When a ryot is well-to-do, and has lakhiraj land and garden, &c., he is very chary about signing one of these bonds, because he knows that if anybody had to pay, it would be he; but the mass of applicants have nothing but *jamai* lands held on tenancy-at-will, or, at most, under a right of occupancy, and they feel pretty safe in signing anything. Of course we inform and impress on them all that they will have to pay, but they think they know better. And, indeed, I myself think there will be great difficulty in recovering many of these advances, except in the few cases, where the talookdar has stood security. Thirdly, there is a set of *dalals* who go about inciting people to apply for advances, in order to get the job of writing the petition for a few annas. I annex a form of bond which I have had printed for use in these cases.

F.—Charitable Relief.

7. The particulars of this are shown in Statements V, VI, and VII, the last being the special statement of relief to respectable persons required by Government letter No. 3216—S.R., dated 19th ultimo. It will seen that there has been a very considerable increase in the attendance; this is in consequence of the opening of several new depôts, and of increased attendance at some of the old ones. The numbers have been swelled, partly on account of clothes having been distributed at some of the depôts. Wherever this is done, it is found to have the effect of causing a rush to the depôt. At Bhedia, in particular, the sub-committee appear to have become quite demoralised, so much so as to admit all comers without restriction. Dr. Gupta, one of the inspecting medical officers, reported on Friday that he had found the attendance swollen all at once to about 1,800. and that the whole was a scene of confusion and want of arrangement. I could not understand the reason of this at first, as when I was there about the 19th instant, the attendance was only about 500 (at which figure, or thereabouts, it has been for a long time) and the arrangements seemed fair and orderly. But at last, I found that the local relief inspector had reported the cause. It seems that a week or two back the "*Friend of India*" invited people to go up to Bhedia and see the state of things there, and apparently some gentleman from Calcutta, or elsewhere, acting on this invitation proceeded to Bhedia, and he walked about the place saying to the sub-committee (no doubt with the best intentions) "give!" 'give!" "give!" This, the inspector reports, was the tenor of his conversation, and the result is the state of confusion now reported by Dr. Gupta to exist there. I have taken measures to get the place in hand again. During the fortnight under report the central committee sent us a cheque for Rs. 5,000, to be applied to the special purpose of purchasing clothes for distribution to the poor. Accordingly, I have purchased that amount of the thans of cloth made by the weavers, who have received advances from this district committee, and am having the clothes distributed to the poor at the depôts. The proceeds of this cloth (Rs. 5,000), being a legitimate portion of the income of this committee, have been credited to the relief fund as such and afterwards disbursed and paid into the treasury to the credit of Government in part payment of the value of the Government grain supplied to the district committee for use in its depôts. The rate for cargo rice having been fixed at 14 seers per rupee, the district committee has consequently now paid for 1,750 maunds of Government grain. With reference to His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor's telegram of the 27th instant, I have, pending further orders, stopped all further relief in cash, viz., advances to weavers for the purpose of weaving cloth, advances to beparis to import seed-grain, purchase of seed-grain for gratuitous distribution or loan, permanent advances to relief officers for relief of urgent cases, expenditure on dâl, vegetables, and salt, used along with rice in the depôts, and expenditure on milk, &c., for fever patients. Cash expenditure for payment of relief establishments and contingencies, and for expenses of transport and storage of grain cannot, of course, be avoided.

I.

Statement showing progress of works in the Burdwan District for the fortnight ending 27th June 1874.

Name of Road.	Average daily number of laborers.	Rate of wages.	Price of rice.	Remarks.
		Rs. A. P.		
Culna road	11	0 2 0	Rs. 3-5 per maund ...	The work on all these roads has been executed by contractors under contracts. Arrangements have now been made under the recent orders for quashing the contracts in the cases of the roads marked with an asterisk and paying the laborers in Government grain. The other works are finished.
Buddipore ,, ...	200	0 2 6	3 ,, ...	
Old Benares ,, ...	250	0 2 0	3 ,, ...	
Burdwan to Jehanabad	440	0 2 0	3 ,, ...	
Kanoo Junction to Sahebgunge ...	371	0 2 0	16¼ seers per rupee ...	
Bood-bood to Sonamooky*	23	0 2 0	12 ,, ,, ...	
Undal to Wookrah*	223	0 2 0	Rs. 3-6 per maund ...	
Sittarampore to Samdi*	224	0 2 0	3-6 ,, ...	
Sowalia to Silla*	68	0 2 0	12 seers per rupee ...	
Doorgapore to Kooldea*	351	0 2 0	13 ,, ,, ...	
Rajbund to Gopalpore	138	0 2 0	13 ,, ,, ...	
Cutwa to Sooree ,, ...	616	0 2 0	17 ,, ,, ...	
Bhedia to Bosdah	1,129	0 2 0	17 ,, ,, ...	
Mungalcote to Sreekund	1,534	0 2 0	17 ,, ,, ...	
Dignuggur to Gulsa	143	0 2 0	13 ,, ,, ...	
Khundaghose to Indas	264	0 2 0	16 ,, ,, ...	
Burdwan to Bankoora	150	0 2 0	15 ,, ,, ...	
Mancoor to Shambazar	1,154	0 2 0		
In charge of Bood-bood sub-divisional officer.				
12 Tanks in Sonamooky and Pattrohire.	425	.....	13 seers	These works are executed from chowkedari union funds.
Gooskera to Anagram	1,107	2 0 0 per 1,000 cubic feet.	17 ,, kutcha per rupee	These works are being executed under contract. The same remarks apply as those made above with reference to the Executive Engineer's roads.
Gulsee to Russickpore	460	.....	13 ,, pucka ,, ...	
In charge of Culna sub-divisional officer.				
Drain in Culna town	.....	.....	12 ,, per rupee ...	This works is paid for from town fund, not from relief fund.
Village roads in Nowapara and Manikpore.	27	0 2 0	11¼ ,, ...	No Government grain yet available in Culna.
In charge of Raneegunge sub-divisional officer.				
Mungiapore road	50	.....	Rs. 3-6 per maund ...	No Government grain yet available in Raneegunge.
Excavation of Hattibund tank ...	157	0 6 0 per 100 cubic feet.	Rs. 3-6 ,,	This work is executed from the Raneegunge town committee's fund.
In charge of Jehanabad sub-divisional officer.				
8 roads and one tank in Jehanabad union.	55	0 4 0 per 100 cubic feet.	13 seers.	These works are paid for from chowkidari union funds, not from relief fund.
3 roads in Bali union	90	0 4 0 per 100 cubic feet.	13 ,,	
13 ,, and one tank in Shambazar...	110	0 4 0 per 100 cubic feet.	13 ,,	
4 ,, in Kotulpore	60	0 4 0 per 100 cubic feet.	13½ ,,	
1 Relief-Work Debkhundo to Santipore.	10	.....	.....	No Government grain available in Jehanabad.
In charge of Cutwa sub-divisional officer.				
Cutwa to Bhulpore *viâ* Bellesser ...	61	.....	Rs. 3-10 per maund ...	The laborers on these works have been paid in grain so far as the supply of grain at Cutwa held out, and partly in cash. 468 maunds, 5 seers grain paid to laborers.
Shambazar road	1	.....	3-10 ,, ...	
Katoogram ,, ...	210	.....	3-10 ,, ...	
Patooli to Bhowsing	36	.....	3-10 ,, ...	
Uddhanpore to Sitooree	7	.....	3-10 ,, ...	
Bijnagur road	30	.....	3-10 ,, ...	
Badahai ,, ...	125	.....	.....	
Balotia ,, ...	180	.....	3-10 ,, ...	
Collection of ghooting	335	.....	3-10 ,, ...	
In charge of Equitable Coal Company.				
Doobrajpore road	.....	.....	.....	This road is supposed to be completed. The repairs were entrusted to the Manager, Equitable Coal Company in February last.
In charge of Executive Engineer Northern Drainage and Embankment Division.				
Kanna Nuddy works	188	.....	13 seers	These works are in no way under the control of this office.
Irrigation works	247	.....	13 ,, ...	
Edilpore sub-division	78	.....	.....	
Embankment repairs	559	.....	14½ ,, ...	
Total* ...	11,766			

* The decrease in the number of laborers is owing to the completion of works and to the agricultural employment now offering.

BURDWAN,
The 29th June 1874.

E. H. WHINFIELD,
Chairman, District Relief Committee.

II.

Name of Circle.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored.	Total quantity of Grain consumed up to date. By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots.	By payment in kind to labourers.	Total.	Estimated grain receipts of the ensuing fortnight.	Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.	Remarks.
		Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	
Burdwan	29th May to 29th June 1874.	32,000 0 0	7,429 0 0	1,516 26 0	1,386 0 0	.....	2,902 26 0	12,000 0 0	10,000 0 0	Including 628 maunds stored at Mouglecote and 500 maunds stored at Kistonaggore.
Bood-bood		.....	6,000 0 0	914 0 0	3,850 6 8	.....	4,764 6 8	16,000 0 0	15,000 0 0	
Khanoo		50,000 0 0	2,000 0 0	1,296 0 0	.....	.....	1,296 0 0	2,000 0 0	1,500 0 0	
Gooskorrah		.....	2,000 0 0	900 0 0	.....	.....	900 0 0	2,000 0 0	1,500 0 0	Including 400 maunds stored at Dignaggore.
Cutwa		50,000 0 0	2,296 0 0	1,005 36 0	534 11 8	745 16 0	2,285 23 8	20,000 0 0	5,000 0 0	
Ranegunge		10,000 0 0	1,000 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Total ...		1,42,000 0 0	20,725 0 0	5,632 22 0	5,770 18 0	746 16 0	12,148 16 0	52,000 0 0	33,000 0 0	

Burdwan Collectorate,
The 29th June 1874.

E. H. Whinfield,
Offg. Collector.

III.

Statement showing the progress made in disposing of applications for advances under Act XXVI of 1871 *during the fortnight ending 29th June* 1874.

Name of District.	Applications received.						Applications rejected.						Applications granted.						Applications pending.		Advances during the fortnight.						Remarks.
	Up to the end of the fortnight, 15th June.		During the fortnight.		Total.		Up to the end of the fortnight, 15th June.		During the fortnight.		Total.		Up to the end of the fortnight 15th June.		During the fortnight.		Total.				Up to the end of the fortnight, 15th June.		During the fortnight.		Total.		
	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	
Burdwan	225	1,46,529	.....	.....	225	1,46,529	132	88,457	.....	.....	132	88,457	84	36,335	.....	.....	84	36,335	9	21,737	60	26,335	1	400	61	26,735	
Ranegunge	163	42,654	.....	.....	163	42,654	56	18,311	4	836	60	19,661	52	10,034	1	900	53	10,934	50	12,039	46	9,154	4	750	50	9,904	
Bood-bood	219	35,039	.....	.....	219	35,039	146	56,914	.....	.....	146	56,914	58	17,971	.....	.....	58	17,991	15	10,134	45	15,065	5	1,280	50	16,345	Bills to the amount of Rs. 69,259 have been enfaced and passed by this office up to the 27th June 1874.
Cutwa	105	41,640	.....	.....	105	41,640	79	35,115	.....	.....	79	35,115	26	6,525	.....	.....	26	6,535	.....	.....	10	1,775	.....	.....	10	1,775	
Culna	91	40,300	.....	.....	91	40,300	36	17,475	5	2,500	41	19,975	42	13,875	.....	.....	42	13,875	8	6,450	36	16,825	.....	.....	36	16,825	
Jehanabad	44	18,025	.....	.....	44	18,025	54	15,175	1	150	55	15,325	9	2,700	.....	.....	9	2,700	.....	.....	9	2,700	.....	.....	9	2,700	
Total ...	847	3,74,187	.....	.....	847	3,74,187	483	2,31,947	10	3,560	493	2,35,447	271	87,460	1	900	272	88,360	82	50,360	206	65,904	10	2,430	216	68,334	

Burdwan Collectorate,

The 29th June 1874.

E. H. Whinfield,

Offg. Collector.

STATEMENT No. IV.

Advances of Grain.

NAME OF SUB-DIVISION.	Number of applications made.	Amount.	Number of applications granted up to date.	Amount.	REMARKS.
				Mds. S. Ch.	
Sudder	356	This column cannot be filled up as many of the applications state no amount.	66	1,386 0 0	As the sub-divisional returns do not show the money and grain advances separately, the exact sum of money advanced cannot be given.
Raneegunge	50		.....	.....	
Bood-bood	310		229	3,850 6 8	
Cutwa	829		13	534 11 8	
Culna	14		.....	.....	
Jehanabad	21		.....	.....	
Total ...	1,580	.....	308	5,770 18 0	

V.

Statement of the Charitable Relief Fund up to the 13th June 1874.

Sub-Divisions.	Local amount of subscription.	Local subscription realised.	Amount realised, doubled by Government.	Remittance, Central or District Relief Committee.	Total of columns 4 and 5.	Expenditure.	Balance.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Burdwan ...	8,116 8 0	6,664 0 0	13,328 0 0	*45,000 0 0	.....	22,312 12 3	7,015 3 9	* Rs. 5,000 received for clothing.
Raneegunge ...	2,184 0 0	2,184 0 0	4,368 0 0	.....	.....	8,385 3 6	2,232 12 6	
Culna ...	5,900 0 0	4,317 0 0	8,634 0 0	.....	.....	3,969 4 3	5,664 11 9	
Jehanabad ...	1,941 0 0	1,649 0 0	3,298 0 0	.....	.....	2,669 8 7	2,128 7 5	
Bood-bood ...	1,096 5 0	1,096 5 0	2,192 10 0	.....	.....	14,175 1 8½	2,017 8 3½	
Cutwa ...	1,226 0 0	921 1 0	1,842 2 0	.....	.....	6,860 11 3	1,231 6 9	
Total ...	20,463 13 0	16,831 6 0	33,662 12 0	45,000 0 0	78,662 12 0	59,372 9 6½	20,290 2 5½	

Burdwan Collectorate,
The 29th June 1874.

E. H. Whinfield,
Offg. Collector.

VI.

Sub-divisions.	Number of Committees and Sub-Committees.	Number of relief circles opened and manned.	Number of relief circles opened and manned by planters.	Number of work-houses or centres for distribution of food and gratuitous relief.	Number of persons in receipt of gratuitous relief.				Number of weavers and others to whom advances have been made.	Amount spent in purchasing articles for advance or giving advance.	Remarks.
					Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.			
										Rs.	
Burdwan ...	District Committee, 1; Sub-Committees, 29.	1	.....	15, of which 6 fever food-depôts, and 1 of Maharajah	867	2,351	1,462	4,680 1,000	 58	 859	
Culna ...	Sub-divisional Committee, 1, Sub-Committees, 30.	.....	.....	4, of which 1 of Maharajah	286	404	371	1,055 1,000	....	....	4,337 men are working on four village tanks and three village roads.
Raneegunge ...	Sub-divisional Committee, 1; Sub-Committees, 26.	2	.....	3	233	593	314	1,140	.....	.....	703 men are working on village roads.
Cutwa ...	Sub-divisional Committee, 1; Sub-Committees, 34.	1	.....	13, relief houses ...	375	2,640	2,841	5,856	.....	.....	9,891 men employed on village roads and tanks.
Jehanabad ...	Sub-divisional Committee, 1; Sub-Committees, 42.	.....	.....	4, of which 2 fever food-depôts and 1 private food depots	107	250	169	526	70	101	Returns from the 2 fever food-depôts not received.
Bood-bood ...	Sub-divisional Committee, 1; Sub-Committees, 32. District Committee 1; Sub-divisional Committees 5; Sub-Committees 221.	1	.....	32, of which 1 of Maharajah	1,115	7,719 .. .	4,499 ..	13,333 1,000	....	....	
	Total ...	5	.. ...	76	2,977	13,966	9,656	26,509	128	960	

Burdwan Collectorate,

The 29th June 1874.

E. H. Whinfield,

Offg. Collector.

VII.

Statement of relief given to respectable persons, required by Government letter No. 3261—S.R., dated the 19th May 1874.

	Husking.	Spinning.	Gratuitously.	Total.	Remarks.
Pollasdanga	.....	40	100	140	
Tasoolee	.....	50	30	80	
Keshobnaggore ...	.....	100	150	250	
Pottashpore	.....	20	30	50	
Gulshee	.....	350	50	400	
Khanno	.....	250	50	300	
Joykissenpore ...	30	40	50	120	
Kolekole	.....	30	50	80	
Aral	.....	20	50	70	
Bhedia	.....	150	350	500	
Ramnaggore	.....	50	30	80	
Omerpore	.....	20	30	50	
Sonamookhi	.....	20	50	70	
Jearah	.....	20	50	70	
Hargram	.....	.. ...	70	70	
Shor	.....	30	60	90	
Shibbatee	125	30	50	205	
Ramchunderpore ...	25	20	20	65	
Mirzapore	.....	10	.....	10	
Chotekhondo	.....	15	.....	15	
Ryan	.....	12	... ..	12	
Koroi	.....	.....	122	122	
Cutwa	.....	...	100	100	
Ichapore	.....	20	... .	20	
Malloosharole... ...	.....	... ..	20	20	
Dignuggore	.....	50	100	150	
Bhatkoondoo	.....	30	20	50	
Debshallah	.....	.. ...	50	50	
Hittay	.....	15	.....	15	
Maharajah's food depôt at Bood-bood. ...	.....	....	25	25	
Total ...	180	1,392	1,707	3,279	

E. H. Whinfield,
Offg. Collector.

No. 1997, dated Chota Nagpore, the 25th June 1874.

From—Colonel E. T. Dalton, C.S.I., Commissioner of Chota Nagpore,

To—The Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

I have the honor to submit my half-monthly narrative for the fortnight ending 22nd instant.

2. The accounts from all the districts are now very favorable. The necessity for relief operations is subsiding in Hazareebagh, Palamow, and Singhbhoom; whilst in Manbhoom, where doubtless there would be still distress if they were prematurely discontinued, they fully attain their object, and all are relieved who are in need of assistance.

3. The weather since last report has been most propitious everywhere; there has been sufficient rain, and the early sowings of rice, Indian-corn, millet, &c., are well up, and so far promise an abundant yield; besides which, the area this year under such cultivation is unusually extensive.

4. Prices of common rice are in Manbhoom steady at the quotations of previous weeks, and those quotations were, on the whole, somewhat easier than the rates at the commencement of the month. In the other districts the quotations up to the 20th, compared with those which preceded them, show a downward tendency. The price in the Ranchee market had risen to 14 seers for the rupee on the 19th; it was 15½ on the 24th; yesterday 16. I see no reason for anticipating another rise, and in Singhbhoom common rice, which had risen to 16, is now steady at 20.

5. Health has improved. Dr. Wood informs me that cholera has almost ceased in Manbhoom; it is, however, reported to haveappeared in Dhulbhoom (Singbhoom), but I have no particulars.

6. *Hazareebagh.*—Since my last, the Deputy Commissioner of Hazareebagh has made a circuit through the northern part of his district. He found the relief works almost deserted, and the people all busily engaged in cultivation. The mahajuns were asking most exorbitant terms for the usual advances of seed-grain, but they more readily supplied it for cash. The ryots were taking loans of Government rice and selling it, and with the cash purchasing seed; by this they saved 200 per cent. The mahajuns demanded bonds for credit transactions, which would have given them a profit of 300 per cent!

7. Rice-payments to laborers have been adopted in all parts of the Hazareebagh district where Government rice was available. This is, I presume, in consonance with the orders on the subject. It would cost much in carriage to have it conveyed to the southern and south-western portions of the district, where no preparations had been made. With reference to the concluding clause of your letter No. 432T.F., of the 12th instant, to Mr. Beadon's address, I am confident that in his next monthly return that officer will show that he has done his best to carry out the orders of Government The effect of the measure, where it has been introduced, has been to clear the works of all who were not really in want, or who could get work elsewhere. I have not yet obtained statistics, but am informed that on the Dhunwar works the number of the people employed has dwindled down from 7,000 to 522.

8. *Lohardugga.—Palamow.*—The half monthly report* of the Officiating Assistant Commissioner for the fortnight ending 13th instant, is submitted herewith. Mr. Forbes writes that the table of prices of grain under Part A shows that there has been everywhere a rise in the price of the principal food-grains, but this is a mistake. The table given in his previous narrative shows that the price is now slightly lower at all the marts except Daltongunge. During the fortnight under review in Mr. Forbes' narrative, task-work and payment in kind, and within Mr. Forbes' circle, a small reduction to bring down the rates below those offered by the zemindars for agricultural labor, were rigorously introduced, but the work-people gave us but little opportunity of continuing the new system. Those of the ordinary laboring classes at once transferred their services to the farmers and proprietors, who had been for sometime begging for this reduction, and cultivators went off to work on their own jotes. The numbers fell from 25,040 1,493!

* No. 473, dated 19th June 1874.

9. There can be no doubt that, of the people who had been employed on relief works, many, since January, were fully prepared to leave them the moment the rains fell; since with the rubbee harvest, which was good, what there was of it, and with abundant mohwa crop, wild fruits, and jungle produce, the Palamow people could have pulled through without the employment given in May, but during the respite from field-work a large number of ryots deemed it wiser to work than to sit idle, and, with their families, flocked to the works, and, living for the most part on the cheap coarse food spontaneously produced, they saved what they earned to subsist on when enaged in their own farming operations.

10. The only persons now paid in money are masons constructing bridges and culverts; and the road coolies kept on are for the most part working with the masons.

11. Under the head of relief works, Mr. Forbes notices what has been done to improve Government villages by irrigation works. Some very extensive works of this nature were proposed by the Officiating Assistant Commissioner, but it was necessary to obtain the opinion on these of an Engineer of experience. This has lately been obtained, but as relief works are now virtually closed in Palamow, we cannot go on with them. I have, however, submitted some, and intend to submit others to Government through the Board of Revenue as I receive them It will be a great object to have such projects matured and ready to take in hand when funds are available, for there cannot be a doubt that they would be highly and rapidly remunerative, and reservoirs are much wanted in Government estates in Palamow.

12. The minor works included in Mr. Forbes' scheme were taken in hand during the season. They comprised new reservoirs in four villages, and repairs and improvements to the old embankments in twenty-nine villages; the work has been examined and measured up, and Mr. Forbes pronounces it to be good and cheap. Owing to the abandonment of the works by the laborers, we must find other means of disposing of the rice we had stored. There will be no difficulty, except in regard to the 10,000 maunds still at Dehree. This I asked for as a reserve only, but it was not removed because not required. The Government have directed its being removed to, and used in Palamow, and the Assistant Commissioner has been ordered to arrange for its transport, but this will now be difficult, and very expensive. If it can be utilised at Dehree, it would be a far more economical arrangement for the Government.

13. Mr. Forbes has informed me that some of the ryots of Government estates have applied to him for cash advances to buy seed. There is no scarcity of seed in Palamow, but the mahajuns are everywhere hard in the conditions on which they this year make advances. I have directed Mr. Forbes to give the ryots loans of Government rice, which, if they like, they can convert into cash and so purchase seed.

14. Some time ago I directed that the native gentlemen who had not completed the purchase of the rice they had agreed to supply should not be required to do so. The money in their hands will be refunded.

15. It appears from the statement under section E, that advances in cash are still made for land improvements; this should now be stopped. Baboo Gopal Chunder Mitter, 2nd special Commissioner, sent as relief officer to Palamow, has been deputed to measure up and report on the several works constructed from the land improvement loans.

16. The expenditure of relief committees in Palamow is now hardly worth noticing; all the money given by the central committee is to be refunded; they will find it difficult to expend the sums locally raised.

17. *Manbhoom.*—Colonel Rowlatt's report of the 17th instant for the fortnight ending the 13th is in the hands of Government. It shows that, at a considerable cost, all was going on well, but the transport of grain from golahs to depôts and sites of work becomes very difficult as we advance in the rains. The agricultural class who have hitherto supplied much of the carriage will no longer do so, as their cattle have now full work in ploughing. I have had some further correspondence on this subject with Colonel Rowlatt, and I am in hopes that he will be able to charter a sufficient number of carts for the conveyance of grain where there are roads, and for transport of rice to places inaccessible by carts. I have authorised him to employ gangs of coolies, and make that a relief work paying them in grain, and to have a pack-bullock train, (there are plenty of pack-bullocks not used in agriculture), and also to hire all the elephants he can get belonging to zemindars.*

* Since writing this, I have received a letter from Colonel Rowlatt showing how he is overcoming the difficulties of inland transport, which I submit as an appendix.

18. The difficulty of conveying Government rice to the different remote works, has somewhat retarded the adoption of payment in grain ordered by Government. In his narrative up to the 13th, Colonel Rowlatt only states that the system had been enforced in all the minor relief works; but in a letter dated the 21st, he informs me that he is extending it as rapidly as possible to roads, the construction of which is not in the hands of contractors, I have not heard that many coolies had left the work in consequence of the change, but Colonel Rowlatt remarks that the farmers are not this year giving employment to anything like the usual number of laborers, and I am inclined to attribute this, not so much to the poverty of the former, as to the superior attraction of relief work which is open to the latter.

19. This includes the employment of between three and four thousand persons in excavating tanks in villages, perhaps their own villages Colonel Rowlatt says: "as a rule only those resort to these tanks who are unable to obtain work as agricultural laborers." I infer from this that some who could get work elsewhere, prefer the local work. I have directed Colonel Rowlatt to ascertain the rate at which farm laborers are everywhere paid in his district, and to reduce the rates for local works if he finds that he is out-bidding the ordinary employers.

20. The whole allotment of Government rice, 2,12,211 maunds net, had been despatched from the Burrakur on the 14th instant. The Govindpore and Nirsha golahs had been stocked, and of the remainder only 11,000 maunds remained on the north bank of the Damoodur, which Captain Grant informs me will be crossed and pushed on in 3 or 4 days. The grain is being rapidly pushed on from Hidjellee on the south bank, where there were 20,000 maunds on the 14th. 25 maunds only were destroyed at Burrakur by sudden and heavy rain, but some bags have sustained injury in transit to Rughoonathpore and Purulia; more efficient protection is being given.

21. I have nothing this fortnight to report from Singhbhoom. Captain Garbett's narrative for May is in the hands of Government, and I have no later information, except that food-grain is much cheaper, rice having dropped from 16 to 20 seers at Chybassa.

No. 473, dated Daltongunge, the 19th June 1874.

From—L. R. FORBES, Esq., Offg. Assistant Commissioner of Palamow,
To—COLONEL E. T. DALTON, C.S.I., Commissioner of Chota Nagpore.

I HAVE the honor to submit herewith my ninth narrative of scarcity and relief in the Palamow sub-district, for the fortnight ending Saturday the 13th June 1874.

Ninth Narrative of Scarcity and Relief in the Palamow sub-district, for the fortnight ending Saturday, the 13th June 1874, *submitted in accordance with orders contained in Government Circular No.* 80, *of the 17th November* 1873.

A.

Abundance or scarcity of supply in the bazars.—All the bazars are well supplied.

Kind and prices of grain selling in one or more specified marts.—The table given below exhibits the kind and prices of grain selling at four principal marts It will be observed that everywhere the price of rice and wheat has risen; mowha, again, is considerably cheaper, while gram is somewhat dearer. I anticipate a considerable fall in the price of grain within the next fortinght, now that the Government golahs have been opened for advances to ryots and others:—

NAMES OF MARTS	QUANTITIES PER RUPEE BY THE SEER OF 80 TOLAHS.						
	Wheat.	Barley.	Rice.		Mowha.	Indian-corn.	Gram.
			Wholesale.	Retail.			
Daltongunge	12·6	18·	11·50	10·88	53		14·69
Garwah	12·25	18·50	12·36	11·24	54	16 67	14 75
Hussenabad	12·94		11·25	10	88 50	..	15·18
Satberwah			Not received.				
Manka	11·38		12 50	67	67	16·25	14 75

Information regarding the amount and kind of grain believed to be in stock.—I have nothing to add to what I have already reported under this head.

Rainfall.—The amount of rain registered during the fortnight was 5·09, making a total of 9·07 inches since the setting in of the monsoon.

State of the crops.—Up to date the rain has fallen most propitiously for the sowings. There has just been that amount of alternate rain and sunshine that is requisite for the production of a good bhadoi harvest. A large area of Indian-corn, kodo, sawan, and gondeli has already germinated, and in some places Indian-corn has advanced sufficiently for the first weeding and hoeing to take place.

Condition of the people.—The condition of the people throughout the sub-district is all that can be desired. With the exception of small-pox, there has been no sickness whatever to speak of.

Actual facts as to any known cases of misery and starvation.—No such cases have come to light.

Grain-thefts and robberies.—Nothing to report under this head.

Condition of any special tract.—No tract requiring special notice.

B.—Relief works.

The works in progress are—

No. 1. Daltongunge station roads.
„ 2. Chandwa road.
„ 3. Behar „
„ 4. Maharajgunge road.
„ 5. Garwah road (closed).
„ 6. Untari „
„ 7. Manjhiawan road (closed).
No. 8. Japla road (closed).
„ 9. Irrigation works in Government villages.
„ 10. Baloomath road.
„ 11. Naggar and Benares road (closed).
„ 12. „ and Shahabad road (not opened).

And the number of laborers on each according to latest information is as follows :—

No. 1	...	...	37	No. 7	...	...	...
„ 2	...	...	35	„ 8	...	...	...
„ 3	...	...	2	„ 9	...	...	822
„ 4	...	...	574	„ 10	...	...	23
„ 5	...	...	...	„ 11	...	...	...
„ 6	...	...	...	„ 12	...	...	...
				Grand total		...	1,493

The above shows an enormous falling off in the number of laborers. The decrease is due to the introduction of task-work, and the substitution of grain for money wages, and to the commencement of ploughing and sowing. A few days even before the rain fell, landlords and others were murmuring at the detention of their people on road work; and I was assured by many that the time had arrived when the employers of agricultural labor were prepared to give work in the fields, and to pay in kind at the rate of 1½ seers of rice, or 3 seers of coarse grain per diem. Under these circumstances as soon as it was determined to pay laborers on relief works in rice only, I decided to set off by offering a smaller quantity of rice than the people could get for field-labor. I fixed the low rate of 1 seer of rice (kutcha weight) for an adult man as a test. If he could get 1½ seers from his landlord he would naturally leave the work, and it would have been unfair to the landlord, and imposing an unnecessary burden on the Government, to retain him on the works. Had I offered wages equal to that which the landlords were willing to give, there cannot be a doubt that the decrease in numbers would not have been nearly as great as it has been. Palamow being a purely agricultural country, almost the only labor procurable is agricultural labor; and it was, I think, only proper that the people should have been dismissed to their homes as soon as there was employment open to them there. They had been employed by Government for several months, and a very large proportion of them had laid by a portion of their wages. It would have been unjust and impolitic to have tempted them on to the works by good wages. By far the greater portion of them were of the Kummaya class, i.e., they and their families were the bondmen and farm laborers of the landlords and wealtheir ryots, who, had the men remained on the works, would have been unable to cultivate their lands. I have no fear of the laborers returning to the works between this and the cutting of the bhadoi harvest in August. But should such happen, and their numbers will be very few, they will employed to assist the masons in completing bridge work. There will be no reason then why the rate of wages in rice should not be slightly increased.

Supply of food thereat.—There is now no necessity for remarks under this head.

Condition of the laborers.—I have nothing to report under this head. There is now no reason why the people should be in anything but good condition.

Mode of payment.—Though I have attributed decrease in the number of laborers to the introduction of piece-work, and payment in kind, I can hardly say that either change of system was fully proved, as the people did not give us a chance; they left the works in large numbers directly the change was attempted, and in some cases even before that, and I believe that even had the original rates of pice wages been adhered to a very large number would have left as soon as the rains began to fall; as it was it will be observed by reference to statement I. that we had only time to distribute about 80 maunds of rice when the whole of the laborers decamped.

Rates of wages.—I have already reported the entire stoppage of payment in pice and the introduction of grain payments; the only persons to whom wages in money is now being paid (exclusive of those working on irrigation works), are masons constructing bridges and culverts.

Irrigation works in Government farms.—I have not yet reported in any of my narratives on the progress made in carrying out the irrigation works in Government khas mehals. These works have been shewn in the narratives as relief work No. 9. The works have consisted of repaving existing embarkments, and the construction of a few minor new works.

The total amount estimated for irrigation works in 35 khalsa villages was for large new works Rs. 9,445; petty new works Rs. 4,701, and for repairs Rs, 8,645, total Rs. 22,791; and the amount sanctioned was in 27 villages for large works (subject to report by English officer) Rs. 10,225; for petty new works, Rs. 2,251, and for repairs Rs. 6,595, total Rs. 19,071. The sanction to the expenditure on large new works was subject to a report by an English officer. The item Rs. 10,225 included, first, a large work in village Dhawadih, estimated cost Rs. 3,035. This work being situated in a part of the sub-district where there was very little distress, I did not consider it expedient to undertake. It would undoubtedly be of immense advantage to the village, but its construction I thought should be deferred till some more convenient season, especially as a sum of Rs. 530 had been sanctioned for the repairs of the existing embankments of the village.

2nd.—Two large works in village Pokraha to cost Rs. 6,410. The sites of these were inspected by Mr. J B. Stoney, the Executive Engineer of Dehri, who took levels and prepared an estimate which, I believe, have been forwarded to Government. Though I was empowered to commence these works as relief works should I find any necessity for so doing, I did not do so, but the existing embankments were repaired, Rs. 580 having been sanctioned for the purpose.

I would also report, that I availed myself of the opportunity of Mr. Stoney's visit, by taking him to inspect the site of an irrigation scheme mentioned by me in a former letter, which I proposed to construct near Turhassi. The scheme included a weir across a small stream called the Nadowia, running into the Amanut river near the Government village of Jurhassi, with small irrigation canals to branch into a group of some twenty-six Government villages, and also to irrigate some private estates. Mr. Stoney expressed himself delighted with the site chosen; I was lucky enough to find a natural stone weir running all but a few feet right across the stream, and Mr. Stoney at a rough guess estimated the total cost of the weir at about Rs. 1,000. He has, I believe, drawn his plans and submitted an estimate of the cost. From a private letter received from him, he says he has planned some 20 miles of canals, the whole scheme to cost about Rs. 25,000 There can be no doubt that if sanctioned the scheme will prove most remunerative; for not only will the whole of the area be brought under irrigation, but the cultivated area will be very nearly doubled. The work done has consisted of petty new works in four villages, and repairs to existing embankments in twenty-four villages. The work has been executed by two of the canoongoes and their establishments, under the immediate supervision of the sub-deputy Collector. The accompanying statements will show the progress made up to the close of the fortnight. Some of the repairs have been completed and the remainder are still in progress. I have visited several of them myself, and have found the work good and cheap; in almost every instance the earth-work, which has been done on the contract system, has been below the estimated cost of Rs. 2 per 1,000 cubic feet. Fifty-one embankments have been put in a state of repair, and four petty new works are in course of construction. The total amount of earth-work thrown up is 29,47,000 cubic feet at a cost of Rs. 4,549-14. I propose to continue these works till completed, and I trust to be able to show next year by the improved state of these villages, the advantages of spending a little capital on them.

Arrangement for tools.—No remarks necessary.

C.—Transport of Food.

Approximate amount of private food supplies.—Nothing to add to what I stated previously under this head.

Sufficiency or otherwise of means of transport.—No difficulty under this head.

D.—Storage of Grain at Relief Works.

The accompanying statement No. 1 exhibits all necessary information under this head. My great anxiety now is to get rid of my rice as fast as possible and to the greatest advantage; we are not likely to require much for payment to relief laborers, at the very outside I should say not more than 100 maunds, and the remainder will have to be loaned to zemindars and ryots requiring assistance in kind, or sold to mahajuns. I am assured that there will be no difficulty in getting rid of the whole, but I am not myself very confident. The loans being given without interest, it will of course be of the greatest advantage to the people to take rice from us; but the grain dealers (both zemindars and mahajuns) who have stored largely for the purpose of giving such advances on profitable terms to themselves, will, I have no doubt, exert great pressure in keeping back the ryots from applying to us. I do not anticipate much difficulty in getting rid of Chota Nagpore rice but I have fears for the Dehri rice, and I

certainly would prefer, if possible, not having the other 10,000 maunds of Dehri rice in my hands.

		Mds.	S.	C.
The following exhibits the disposal of rice during the fortnight:—				
(1)	Grain disposed of up to date of last report ..	16	8	0
(2)	Grain disposed of during the fortnight:—			
	(*a*) by payment to laborers	80	38	1¼
	(*b*) by sale to the public	40	32	0
	(*c*) in charitable relief or in any other way ..		.....	
	Total ..	121	30	1¼

Condition of storage houses.—These are all in good condition except that at Morbey, where it is reported white-ants are causing some destruction; orders have been issued to the golah-keeper.

E.—Advances to Private Parties and their Results.

The results of advances to native gentlemen for the purchase of rice on the part of Government, will be found embodied in statement I. Those who have not completed their purchases have been called upon to refund the money in their hands.

Advances to municipalities.—There are no municipalities.

Advances to private parties for land improvements.—Statement II exhibits all requisite information under this head. Baboo Gopal Chunder Mitter, with one canongoe, is now engaged in making enquiries as to the amount of work done, and he has written to me to say that some persons whom he has found to have not yet commenced work, he has directed to refund the amount of the advance. On the whole, I believe the people taking these advances have acted honestly up to their engagements. I shall be able to write more fully on this subject when I get the Baboo's final report.

F.—Charitable Relief.

The following exhibits the amounts subscribed and realised during the fortnight:—

Subscribed.	Rs.	A.	P.	Realised.	Amount. Rs.	A.	P.
Amount subscribed up to preceding fortnight ...	7,303	12	0	Up to preceding fortnight ...	5,705	12	0
During the fortnight ..	220	8	0	During fortnight	420	8	0
Total ...	7,524	4	0	Total ...	6,126	4	0

From the above it will be seen that the wealthy of the sub-district have subscribed in the most liberal manner for the relief of the people; their subscriptions have in fact been far ahead of the actual requirements. The statement given below exhibits the total expenditure up to the end of May, to have been Rs. 1,224-4-5 only, and now the necessity for further relief has almost ceased, and I have asked permission to refund into the treasury the amount sent by the central committee. It was a mistake to have asked for this money at all, but the request was made at a time when we anticipated a far greater number of applicants for charitable relief. The people have, however, shewn a great reluctance to accept of charity in any shape; I mean the higher classes. I know of several families who would gladly have taken a tuccavee advance from Government, but they have shrunk from asking for charitable relief.

I am sorry to say that Lieutenant Grey, during a recent visit to Husainabad, found that the recipients of charitable relief had been guilty of dishonest practices, by delivering their bundles of spun-thread filled with stones and other substances, in order to increase the weight. Mr. Ryves is now in charge of this part of the circle, and has taken up his residence at Husainabad; he will doubtless prevent any repetition of such malpractices.

Memo.

The accounts of expenditure of relief committees from commencement up to 30th May 1874, were as under:—

		Rs.	A.	P.
Expenditure heading	A	.....		
Ditto	B	1,041	12	5
Ditto	C	96	0	0
Ditto	D	.....		
Miscellaneous	... ...	86	8	0
	Total ...	1,224	4	5

and the average daily number of persons relieved was—

Under heading B	...	155·10
Ditto C	...	39·30
Ditto D	...	.....
Total	...	194·40

G.—FINANCIAL RESULTS OF THE FORTNIGHT.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Total expenditure from sub-divisional treasure chest as per last narrative	2,04,977	13	9

Detail of above total.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Disbursement to out-officers in charge of relief work, No. 1 ...	11,977	4	0
Ditto ditto „ 2 ...	14,900	0	0
Ditto ditto „ 3 ...	20,200	0	0
Ditto ditto „ 4 ...	18,722	12	0
Ditto ditto „ 5 ...	11,025	0	0
Ditto ditto „ 6 ...	27,025	0	0
Ditto ditto „ 7 ...	9,850	0	0
Ditto ditto „ 8 ...	11,800	0	0
Ditto ditto „ 9 ...	4,500	0	0
Ditto ditto „ 10 ...	11,500	0	0
Ditto ditto „ 11 ...	5,000	0	0
Ditto ditto „ 12 ...	1,000	0	0
Total ...	1,47,500	0	0
Advances to trustworthy residents for purchase of grain ...	40,000	0	0
Amount given out in part payment of charges for conveyance of Government rice from Dehri as per contract	3,200	0	0
Charges for transport of Lohardugga rice from Daltongunge to Lesligunge	32	8	0
Payments on account of establishment at storage golahs ...	128	13	6
Charges for conveyance of tools from Dehri as per contract ...	126	8	3
To zemindars and others on account of land improvements ...	13,990	0	0

Expenditure during the fortnight under report.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Disbursement to out-officers in charge of relief work, No. 1 ...	.....		
Ditto ditto „ 2 ...	.....		
Ditto ditto „ 3 ...	.....		
Ditto ditto „ 4 ...	.....		
Ditto ditto „ 5 ...	.....		
Ditto ditto „ 6 ...	.....		
Ditto ditto „ 7 ...	.....		
Ditto ditto „ 8 ...	.....		
Ditto ditto „ 9 ...	1,000	0	0
Ditto ditto „ 10 ...	.....		
Ditto ditto „ 11 ...	.....		
Ditto ditto „ 12 ...	.....		
Total ...	1,000	0	0
Amount paid for conveyance of Government rice from Dehri as per contract	568	11	9
Charges for transport of Lohardugga rice from Daltongunge to Lesligunge	26	4	0
Payments on accounts of establishment at storage golahs ...	94	0	0
To zemindars and others on account of land improvements ...	125	0	0
Total for fortnight's expenditure—			
(*a*).—Final payments	1,688	15	9
(*b*).—Advances repayable	125	0	0
Total ...	1,813	15	9
Grand Total to end of fortnight ...	2,06,791	13	9

STATEMENT I.

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the sub-division of Palamow for the Fortnight ending 13th June 1874.

NAMES OF GOLAHS	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	TOTAL QUANTITY OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN CONSUMED UP TO DATE.			Estimated grain expenditure for ensuing fortnight.
				By sales to the public or to laborers.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.	
		Mds.	Ms. S. C.	Ms. S. C.	Ms. S. C.	Ms. S. C.	Mds.
1. Daltongunge ...	11th June 1874	From Dehri 20,000	7,971 33 2	53 33 0	40 33 1½	93 30 1½	
2. Parasia	28th May ,,	,, Lohardugga 1,200	1,499 12 14	.....	40 0 0	40 0 0	
3. Panki	11th June ,,	Rs. 40,000 advanced to trustworthy residents for purchase of rice for Government, representing about ... 10,000	1,573 0 0	4 8 0	.....	.....	
4. Nawa	1st May 1874	.....	773 15 0	.....	.....	.....	2,000
5. Morbey	31st May ,,	.....	1,582 0 12	.....	.....	.....	
6. Surki	Ditto ,,	.....	1,572 21 4	.....	.....	.....	
7. Nuggur ..	Ditto ,,	.....	3,052 25 9	.....	.....	.....	
8. Manjhiawan ...	Ditto ,,	.....	1,105 27 7	.....	.....	.....	
9. Hussenabad ...	Ditto ,,	.....	819 24 6	.....	.....	.....	
10. Kote	13th June ,,	.....	728 3 4	.....	.....	.....	
	Total ...	31,200	20,783 33 10	57 0 0	80 33 1½	137 30 1½	

REMARKS.—Last fortnight I estimated the probable expenditure as 3,694 maunds. This was the quantity estimated as likely to be expended, supposing two-thirds of the laborers exhibited had remained. Rice is now being given as tuccavee to landlords, and a fair demand is springing up for it, at least for the Chota Nagpore rice. I am afraid there will be considerable difficulty in getting rid of the Dehri rice The people here do not like it, and besides it is very dirty, and more than one-third consists of dhan.

L. R. FORBES,
Offg. Assistant Commissioner.

Dated 19th June 1874.

Statement showing the progress made in irrigation works in Government villages, conducted by Baboo ADIT PERSHAD, *Canoongoe.*

No	Name of Mouza.	Number of ahars and bunds.	Amount sanctioned	Amount expended up to 15th June 1874.	Balance in hand.	Quantity of work in cubic feet.
			Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
1	Mouza Nakti ..	1	150 0 0	139 0 0	11 0 0	88,960
2	,, Korain Patra	6	300 0 0	300 0 0	.....	1,92,000
3	,, Simri ..	1	200 0 0	112 0 0	88 0 0	71,680
4	,, Ghagri ..	2	100 0 0	96 0 0	4 0 0	61,440
5	,, Chaupi ..	1	150 0 0	107 0 0	43 0 0	68,480
6	,, Dhumkhar ..	1	100 0 0	53 0 0	47 0 0	33,920
7	,, Rangea ..	1	200 0 0	102 0 0	98 0 0	65,280
8	,, Masurea ..	1	150 0 0	65 0 0	85 0 0	41,600
9	,, Pekhraba ..	4	580 0 0	346 0 0	234 0 0	2,21,440
10	,, Dhawadih ..	5	530 0 0	506 14 0	23 2 0	3,24,480
11	,, Sinjo ..	5	810 0 0	478 0 0	332 0 0	3,50,920
12	,, Utaka ..	2	300 0 0	145 0 0	155 0 0	92,800
13	,, Sudua ..	2	575 0 0	236 0 0	339 0 0	1,51,040
	Total ..	32	4,145 0 0	2,685 14 0	1,459 2 0	17,44,040

Statement showing the progress made in irrigation work in Government villages, conducted by Akhaure Shambhanjan Lal, Canoongoe.

Serial No.	Name of Mouza.	Number of ahars and bunds.	Amount sanctioned.	Amount expended up to 15th June 1874.	Balance.	Quantity of work in cubic feet.
			Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	
1	Juruahar ...	4	500 0 0	335 0 0	165 0 0	2,14,400
2	Harnamand ...	1	200 0 0	87 0 0	113 0 0	55,680
3	Tougari ...	2	100 0 0	94 0 0	6 0 0	60,160
4	Harhey ...	3	600 0 0	395 0 0	205 0 0	2,52,800
5	Lat	1	100 0 0	90 0 0	10 0 0	57,600
6	Paudra	2	100 0 0	98 0 0	2 0 0	62,720
7	Ramandag ...	2	150 0 0	60 0 0	90 0 0	38,400
8	Lade	1	50 0 0	43 0 0	7 0 0	17,520
9	Kojram	3	502 0 0	297 0 0	205 0 0	1,90,080
10	Halhad	2	623 0 0	210 0 0	413 0 0	1,34,400
11	Baghechampa ...	2	768 0 0	155 0 0	613 0 0	99,200
	Total ...	23	3,693 0 0	1,864 0 0	1,829 0 0	11,82,960

STATEMENT II.

Progress of work under Act XXVI of 1871 *for the fortnight ending* 13*th June* 1874.

NUMBER OF APPLICATIONS AND VALUE.		Total value of advances applied for.	Number of applications withdrawn.	Number of applications inquired into.	Number of applications rejected after inquiry.	NUMBER OF CERTIFICATES ISSUED AND VALUE.				Number ready for issue of certificates.	Number of applications not yet inquired into.	Number of applications requiring further inquiry.	REMARKS.
						Up to last fortnight.	Value.	During the fortnight.	Value.				
		Rs.					Rs.		Rs.				
Rs. 50	3	150	.....	3	.....	2	100	1	50	.....	.....	.....	
Above Rs. 50 and not exceeding Rs. 100...	20	1,895	9	11	4	6	600	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	
Above Rs. 100 and not exceeding Rs. 150	9	1,325	4	5	2	2	300	1	150*	.....	.....	.....	* Advanced Rs. 75.
Above Rs. 150 and not exceeding Rs. 200	13	2,500	4	9	3	6	1,190	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Above Rs. 200 and not exceeding Rs. 300	22	5,800	8	14	.....	13	3,350	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	
Above Rs. 300 and not exceeding Rs. 400	2	800	.....	2	.....	2	800	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Above Rs. 400 and not exceeding Rs. 500	7	3,450	.....	7	2	5	2,450	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Above Rs. 500 and not exceeding Rs. 600	4	2,325	1	3	1	2	1,200	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Above Rs. 600 and not exceeding Rs. 700	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Above Rs. 700 and not exceeding Rs. 800	1	800	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	
Above Rs. 800 and not exceeding Rs. 900	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Above Rs. 900 and not exceeding Rs. 1,000	6	6,000	.....	6	2	4	4,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Total ...	87	25,135	26	61	14	42	13,990	2	200	3	.....	.....	

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE;
PALAMOW,
The 19*th June* 1874.

L. R. FORBES,
Offg. Assistant Commissioner.

No. 1372, dated Purulia, the 22nd June 1874.

From—Colonel E. A. Rowlatt, Deputy Commissioner of Manbhoom.
To—Colonel E. T. Dalton, c.s.i., Commissioner of Chota Nagpore.

In reply to the 1st paragraph of your letter No. 1879 of the 18th instant, I have the honor to state that we have at present about 150 carts and sagors running backwards and forwards between this and Rughoonathpore, which are sufficient to convey the Government rice required at this place as fast as we can receive it. A few thousand maunds only remain to be conveyed up to Rughoonathpore; the transport has hitherto been managed from Barrakur, but to-day I have heard from Captain Samuells that he will now arrange for the transport of what has been stored at Hijli, Captain Grant having closed his contract.

2. As yet we have been able to arrange for the despatch of rice from this place to the minor golahs and relief works, and the difficulties of procuring sufficient carriage at Rughoonathpore and Govindpore for the transport of rice into the interior, have also been got over, by employing carts, sagors, pack-bullocks and porters. I believe the removal of the rice from Govindpore, Rughoonathpore, and Purulia will be effected somehow or other, but there will be some delay in getting the full quantities stored at all the different places it is required at.

3. For the Manbazar circle the difficulties are much greater, as it is 30 miles from Rughoonathpore to Manbazar across a very rough, jungly country, with no roads, and very indifferent tracks, besides which, four large, and numerous small streams have to be crossed which are unfavorable in rainy weather. I am sure, however, that the relief officer of that circle will do his utmost to overcome all these difficulties, and at your suggestion, I will direct him to hire any zemindari elephants which may be procurable, of which, however, I know of only four serviceable ones in his circle.

4. I will address Capt, Samuells regarding his proposition of advancing money to those who are willing to serve in the transport of rice into the interior of his circle, for the purchase of bullocks, and direct him to carry out his proposal which I will extend to other circles if the scheme seems likely to succeed.

Dated Purulia, the July, 1874.

From—Colonel E. A. Rowlatt, Deputy Commissioner of Manbhoom.
To—The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

With reference to paragraph 3 of Government Circular No. 154—S.R., dated the 16th January last, I have the honor to submit my fortnightly narrative up to the 27th ultimo.

A.—State of the Country.

Now the rains have fairly set in, and the people are busily employed in ploughing and sowing their lands. All appearance of distress, which sat so heavily on the country during the months of April, May, and part of June, has, I rejoice to say, nearly, if not quite, disappeared. All who are not engaged in the cultivation of the land are being provided with work on the roads and village tanks, whilst those who are unable to work are being fed by the Relief Committees and Group Officers, who have been spread all over the district where distress has prevailed. The organization for providing relief is both ample and complete, and nothing now remains to be done but to keep it in its present efficient state until the early crops are harvested in August and September, when, if all goes well, the crisis through which this district has passed will happily have terminated; and the people, who have been saved from a dire calamity, will then be able to depend on themselves alone. Up to the present time nothing could be more promising than the state of the crops. The gora paddy, gundlee, kodo, marua, Indian-corn, and pulses, are all doing remarkably well, and the seed-paddy, which has been sown for transplanting, will soon be ready for being set out in the fields. The fall of rain has been ample though not heavy; the showers have alternated with sunshine, which has produced good growing weather, so that the crops are altogether rather forward for the time of the year, and promise to yield an ample harvest.

The rainfall during the fortnight has amounted to 2·14 inches.

The reports from the different parts of the district regarding the proceedings of the mahajuns are very conflicting; in some places they are said to be advancing paddy freely to the cultivators, whilst from others it is stated that they are still holding back. The fact is, very many of them have very little to dispose of, and all of them agree that they were totally unable to have carried the people through the last three or four months, and that if the loaning out of the Government rice was to cease, they could not even now provide the people with food until the early crops come in. Far from considering themselves injured by the measures taken by the Government, they, one and all, declare that the Government have saved them as well as the people; for that had not the Government aided the people, large numbers of their debtors must have died, and that being mahajuns, but unable to assist the people themselves, they would have been plundered and robbed by the famishing crowds of what little they did possess; and some of them have lost their lives also. The only part of the district where any land is likely to be left uncultivated is situated in the Manbazar Circle, which, from the want of roads, and the distance it lies from the railway at Burrakur, and Roghoonathpore from whence the supply of Government rice is to be drawn, could not be supplied with grain

for loaning it out to the cultivators as soon or as fully as in the Govindpore, Rogoonathpore, and Purulia Circles, which are nearer the rail, and with which the communications by road are good. The quantity of land left uncultivated there is, however, not likely to be large, and will be more than made up by an extra breadth of land being brought under crop elsewhere this year than usual. The quantity of Indian-corn put down is unusually large, and could not be looking better; and as this is one of the first crops to ripen, it is most fortunate that it promises to give a full return rather earlier than usual.

Cholera and small-pox, I regret to say, have not yet disappeared, but on the contrary, in some villages which had hitherto escaped, these diseases have carried off a large number of persons. Those villages which have resisted the introduction of vaccination have of course suffered the most from small-pox, which will, I hope, be a lesson to them, and induce them to receive vaccination in future. The vaccinators are all at work, and will now continue their operations throughout the remainder of the year

The persons who are the worst off just now are the purely laboring classes, who have no lands. In ordinary times at this season of the year, these persons get full employment from the landholders, but this year complain that their services are not asked for as usual. The fact is, the cultivators themselves have become so much impoverished, that they have not the means this year of employing laborers to anything like the same extent as formerly, and are, therefore, doing a great deal of their own work themselves. This will account for the very large numbers that are flocking to the roads and minor relief works, without which these classes would be reduced to great extremities. It cannot be that the relief works are attracting laborers who otherwise would be earning a livelihood by working in the fields, for the wages paid by the agriculturists are higher than what the Government are giving; and by an order lately received from the Commissioner, the rate of wages paid to the laborers on relief works has been reduced, so that with their wages converted into grain at 12 seers per rupee, they can now only earn just sufficient to keep body and soul together; and some who have large families of small children hardly that, and for them there is at present no work to be got elsewhere. As soon, however, as the transplanting season arrives, employment will be more abundant, and the condition of the laboring classes will, I hope, improve, as the cultivators cannot then do without largely availing themselves of their assistance. On this point Mr. Hore, the Relief Officer of the Purulia Circle, remarks that—"The laboring class is still largely dependent on our relief works for support. The comparative poverty of cultivators has forced them to do a great deal of work themselves this year, which is ordinarily performed by hired laborers regularly employed, while it is not till the commencement of the transplanting of the low land paddy that the laborers who live by odd jobs are able to get constant work in the fields." Mr. B. L. Gupta, the Relief Officer of the Roghoonathpore Eastern Circle, also states: "I apprehended at first that these relief works might keep away laborers from farm work, and thus tell against agricultural operations; but that impression has been removed from my mind since I visited nearly all these relief works;" and further on he says: "Most of the people employed are such as would have to be supported gratuitously by us, if they were not supplied with work; indeed, the number of people employed on these works has been considerably swelled by numbers turned out from the poor-houses, where cooked rice is gratuitously distributed." Had it not been for the relief afforded to this class by the works carried on by the Government, crime, I feel confident, would have greatly increased; whilst, as it is, the most pleasing feature to be remarked on is that offences against property have not risen at all above the average,—thus showing that the distress, which undoubtedly existed has been fully met, and large numbers preserved from the commission of crimes, which would have gone far to swell the numbers in our jails, or subjected others to the lash, who thus have been enabled to support themselves and families by honest labor.

The price of rice and pulses up to the 27th June, as reported by the police, with those of the previous fortnight, are given below:—

Name of Bazar.	Coarse Rice.		Fine Rice.		Pulses.	
	Last report.	Present report.	Last report.	Present report.	Last report.	Present report.
	Srs.	Srs	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.
Raipore	17	16	16	15	13	12
Manbazar	14	13	11	12	12	12
Burrabazar	14	14	11	11	11	12
Echagurh	18	18	16	16	12	12
Jhalda	13	13	12	12	11	12
Purulia	14	14	12	12	12	12
Govindpore	12	12	11	11	10	11
Roghoonathpore	13	13	12	11	10	12
Nirsha	12½	12	12	11	11	11
Gourandih	13	12	11	11	10	11

It appears from the above that prices are pretty stationary, but that coarse rice has risen in Raipore, Manbazar, and at Nirhsa. It is not expected that prices will rise any higher, but rather, on the contrary, that they will fall, in consequence of which some of the traders are

again exporting rice from this district to those where the prices are still higher than they are here.

B.—Relief Works.

The average number of persons employed on the 19 roads shown in the returns during the fortnight up to the 20th June amounted to 12,082, of which 2,725 were receiving daily wages, and 9,357 performing task-work. The numbers returned on the 6th instant amounted to 15,063, so that up to the 20th ultimo the numbers had fallen off by 2,981.

The number of village tanks taken up as Government minor relief works now amount to 62, and the number of persons employed on them, as by the returns made up to the 27th ultimo, to 3,992, as per. margin.

	Number of tanks.	Number of laborers.
Govindpore Circle ..	... 16	1,159
Roghoonathpore, W. Circle	... 7	260
Ditto, E. Circle ...	... 16	749
Purulia Circle ...	... 19	1,342
Manbazar	... 4	483
Total	... 62	3,993

The laborers at work on these tanks are persons who are unable to obtain employment elsewhere, and who, if they did not obtain work from the Government, would largely come on our hands as applicants for gratuitous relief. The numbers have greatly increased during the fortnight under report, but will most likely decrease again considerably by the 5th of July, when a large number of hands are required in transplanting the principal crops of rice.

In accordance with the orders of Government, just received, the laborers on the tanks will in future be paid in grain only, instead of rice, for 6 days, and rice on the 7th. This will be very much disliked by the laborers, as they now will have no means of procuring salt, condiments, and oil, which the one day's payment in cash enabled them to procure, though even then in insufficient quantities; but the orders are peremptory, and must be obeyed.

The quantity of Government grain paid to laborers on the minor relief works during the fortnight amounted to 570 maunds 26 seers 7 chittacks.

C.—Transport of Government Grain.

The transport of Government grain has proceeded during the fortnight as well as it could possibly be arranged in such rainy weather Whilst in transit, the rice has been protected by tarpaulins, mats, and the empty bags sown together, so that not much loss has occurred from its getting wet. At Roghoonathpore all that arrives damp or wet is spread out in a shed and dried, and at Purulia a large, spacious bungalow has been hired in which to dry all that arrives at all wetted, by which means large quantities that would otherwise have heated and mildewed, have been preserved in a state fit for use.

The carriage along the Burrakur and Purulia road has been sufficient, but greater difficulties have been found in procuring the means of transporting the rice across country to the minor golahs, and those places where there are no roads. To carry the grain to the places where carts can no longer go pack-bullocks and porters, both men and women, are being employed; but this means of transport is expensive. All the circles have now received their full supply or nearly so at their head-quarters, except Manbazar, where the carts are reported to have been delayed in reaching, by the floods in the rivers. The delay, however, would not be of so much consequence, were it not that during all that time the grain is exposed more or less to getting wet, which cannot entirely be avoided, and in that circle I fear the loss of grain is likely to be greater than in any other.

D.—Storage of Government Grain.

The whole of the allotment of Government grain for this district having been received at Burrakur, none is now in store at that place, and all that remained there at the end of the last fortnight and on the north bank of the Damoodah River has been transferred to the south bank, and safely stored in a golah at Hijli. From this golah the grain is now being carted to Roghoonathpore, and there stored, or sent on to Purulia.

The total quantities received and stored in the several circles up to the 27th ultimo is as follow:—

	Mds.	Srs.	Chs.
Govindpore Circle	68,182	5	0
Roghoonathpore, Western Circle	48,886	0	0
Ditto, Eastern „	32,150	0	0
Purulia	26,541	0	0
Manbazar	4,000	0	0

The rest was in store in the Hijli golah.

To show what work has to be done at the main golahs connected with the drying and storing of Government grain, I quote from the narrative of Captain Samuells dated the 28th ultimo:

"The work of storing, drying, measuring, and carrying from one golah to another is done here almost entirely by the Bauree and Bagdee women of the place, and if treated with proper tact, a more willing and hardworking lot of people could not be found. Speak to them harshly, and they will strike work at once; but chaff them when they are working slack, or amuse them in some way or other, and they will soon make up for any time they have lost. If treated thus, they will and can work as hard as men; and though often kept at it hard, from early morning till after dark without being allowed to leave the work at any time

during the day, they are always ready for a laugh or a lark. The two-maund bags they convey from one place to another either on hand barrows, or on carts, to which latter they yoke themselves, and run them along with a load of 8 or 10 maunds, shouting and laughing all the way." For this work these women are paid nearly all in grain.

E.—Advances to Private Parties and their Results.

Up to the 27th ultimo advances have been made to the following extent:—

	Rs.	A.	P.
1*st*.—Advances to zemindars and others for the purchase of grain, without interest	10,000	0	0
2*nd*.—To traders and others of a safe and respectable character, with interest	11,567	0	0
3*rd*.—To zemindars and talookdars to assist their ryots ..	9,950	0	0
4*th*.—To landholders for land improvements ..	69,000	0	0
5*th*.—To the Purulia Municipality	4,000	0	0

All the above advances were made previous to the last fortnight, but those made in the Gobindpore sub-divison are not included in the above, as the returns that have been called for have not yet been received.

The loaning out of the Government grain to the cultivators and others on security, and to chowkeedars and tahidars, up to the 27th ultimo, is as follows:—

	Md.	S.	C.
To cultivators—			
In the Govindpore Circle	42,283	28	10
„ Roghoonathpore, West Circle	25,228	29	1
„ Ditto East „	28,422	0	0
„ Purulia Circle	18,344	21	0
„ Manbazar „	4,000	0	0
To non-cultivators:—			
In the Govindpore Circle	1,805	0	0
„ Roghoonathpore, West Circle	573	28	8
„ Ditto, East „	316	0	0
„ Purulia Circle	76	0	0
„ Manbazar „	..	..	..
To chowkidars:—			
In the Govindpore Circle	222	0	0
„ Roghoonathpur, West Circle, ...	256	20	0
„ Ditto, East „	284	0	0
„ Purulia Circle	171	24	0
„ Manbazar „	..	..	..
To 24 tahidars, at twoseers each, whilst employed in guarding Government grain in transi, &c. ..	155	36	0
Total ..	1,22,141	27	3

A large number of cultivators who had taken small advances of grain in April and May, are now again coming forward for a second instalment, which is being given them. These advances will have to be continued during the whole of the transplating time, to enable those cultivators to subsist themselves, and pay their laborers, who are unable to obtain advances from the mahajans.

F.—(*a*) Charitable Relief by Government.

Supur.
Ambikanagor.
Bagda.
Raipore.

The grouping out of the distressed pergunnahs, which had been completed in all the other circles some time ago, has now also been finished in the Manbazar Circle, except in pergunnah Palma, which yet has to be sub-divided. The pergunnahs entered in the margin have now been divided into 50 groups, and officers appointed. The total number of groups now amount to 214. Those in the Govindpore, the two Roghoonathpore, and the Purulia Circles, have been supplied with Government rice, but as yet distribution has only commenced in the Govindpore and Purulia Circles; in the other three circles relief in the shape of uncooked food is still being afforded by the sub-committees, but will soon cease, as the Group Officers in the Roghoonathpore and Manbazar Circles will soon now be in a position to take over this description of relief from them. The average numbers getting relief from the Group Officers is given below:

	Men.	Women.	Children.
In the Govindpore Circle	262	850	504
„ Purulia „	1,851		1,289

It therefore appears that in these two circles alone uncooked rice is being given to no less than 4,756 persons, which is, I consider, a far larger number than it can possibly be necessary to relieve in this way. I have therefore addressed the officers concerned, pointing out the absolute necessity of reducing the numbers to the lowest possible extent, and

directed their attention to the orders of Government, which limit the relief by Group Officers to the preservation of life only, and nothing more can, I consider, be expected from the Government. It is, however, necessary to remark that in this district in particular there are a very large number of excessively poor people, who in all times of scarcity suffer extreme privation, and in many instances, I have no doubt, die from want of proper nourishment. They consist of the aged and infirm, the lame, blind, and diseased, all of whom are unable to work, and in ordinary times live on charity and what their relatives may choose to give them. On account of stores of Government grain having however now been placed in each group of villages, and the people having come to know that the Government have benevolently determined that no deaths from famine shall take place that can be prevented, the relatives of these people and the more wealthy villagers now refuse to support them as heretofore, so that all those incapable of work are now thrown on the hands of the Relief Officers, who are regularly besieged by applicants for relief when visiting the groups, and find it very difficult indeed to discriminate between those who are really in want of assistance, and those who might manage to support themselves.

The quantity of Government grain expended in the sub-circle during the fortnight amounts to 539 maunds 34 seers 8 chittachs.

F.—(*b*) Charitable Relief by Relief Committees.

The Relief Committees having been relieved of the charge of distributing uncooked food in the Purulia and Govindpoore Circles, the expenses incurred by these committees have been somewhat reduced, but still continue high.

Classified as directed in the notification of the Central Committee dated the 4th March last, the sums expended during the last fortnight according to the returns received up to the 27th ultimo are as follows:—

	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
In the Govindpore Circle	604	2	11	0	0	0
„ Roghoonathpore, W. Circle ...	1,388	7	9	521	8	9
„ Ditto, E. „	1,139	12	3	95	2	6
„ Purulia Circle	421	4	3	439	8	3
„ Manbazar „	Not given.					
Total ...	3,553	11	2	1,056	3	6

The numbers receiving relief in the above forms during the fortnight under report amounted to—

	B.	C.	D.
In the Govindpore, Circle	731	0	0
„ Roghoonathpore, W. Circle	343	77	0
„ Ditto, E. „	292	24	0
„ Purulia Circle	1,983	1,179	0
„ Manbazar „	1,841	0	0
Total ..	5,190	1,280	0

The grand total of persons relieved by the several Relief Committees in the fortnight ending the 13th ultimo was 10,496, against 6,470 in the fortnight ending the 27th ultimo; so that there has been a reduction in the numbers relieved by the Relief Committees, amounting to 4,026; but as 4,756 have received uncooked food from the Group Officers, there has really been an increase in the total numbers relieved of 730 persons.

Large numbers of women of respectable families are still applying for cotton being served out to them to spin into thread, and large numbers are being relieved in this manner in the Roghoonathpore and Purulia Circles; the thread is then given over to persons of the weaver caste, Tantis and Jolhas, and when made, the cloths are served out to those frequenting the poor-houses, who are destitute of clothing; three sets of people are therefore relieved in this manner with very little extra cost to the committees than the value of the cloth.

G.—Financial Results.

Total expenditure from the district and sub-divisional treasuries as shown in the last narrative, Rs. 1,85,224-11-10.

Expenditure during the last fortnight up to the 27th June, 1874—

On Relief Works.

			Rs.	A.	P.
No. 1.	1st Section, Chaybassa Road,	Purulia to Kantadi ...	334	5	0
No. 2.	Ditto ditto	Kantadi to Chota Urma ...	28	11	3
No. 3.	2nd ditto ditto	Chota Urma to Jojodi ...	157	0	0
No. 4.	3rd ditto ditto	Jojodi to Jamdi	293	0	0
No 5.	4th ditto ditto	Jamdi to Subarnarekha ...	181	0	0
No. 7.	1st ditto Bankoora Road,	Purulia to Singbazar ...	365	8	6
No. 8.	2nd ditto ditto	Singbazar to Ludhurka ...	131	0	0
No. 9.	3rd ditto ditto	Ludhurka to Hurah ...	115	0	0

		Rs.	A.	P.
No. 10.	4th Section, Bancoora Road, Hura to Chatna boundary ...	232	8	0
No. 11.	Chrura Junction	127	0	0
No. 12.	Road from Damda to Burrabazar	294	13	3
No. 13.	1st Section, Manbazar Road, Purulia to Chipida... ...	284	1	6
No. 23.	Road from Manbazar to Kasipore, Ledadi to Palgao ...	41	9	3
No. 24.	Purulia and Chas Road, Purulia to Artah	144	5	0
No. 25.	Road from Jhalda to Chandil	51	10	0
No. 17.	Hazareebagh Road, from Gowai River to Hazareebagh boundary	1,445	4	6
No. 23.	Manbazar and Kasipore Road	286	2	6
No. 13.	1st Section, Manbazar Road, Chipida to Kenda	488	9	0
No. 14.	2nd ditto ditto Kenda to Manbazar	344	13	9
No. 17.	Raneegunge Road, Rogoonathpore to Saltora ...	1,935	12	9
No. 17.	Hazareebagh Road, F to K.	1,840	2	0
No. 19.	Road from Telkupi to Chelliama	1,399	13	9
No. 21.	Ditto Dubra to Damoodah	784	15	0
No. 17.	Raneegunge Road, Saltora to Bankoora boundary ...	40	8	0
	Total ...	11,347	9	0

Advances made during the fortnight to trustworthy residents to purchase grain—

	Rs.	A.	P.
To zemindars to assist their ryots	0	0	0
To ditto and others for land improvements	630	0	0
Establishments and contingencies	438	14	8
Transport of Government grain	21,995	12	3
Storage of Government grain	0	0	0
Minor relief works	1,500	0	0
Grant-in-aid to charitable relief	297	0	0
Total ...	24,861	10	11
Grand Total up to end of fortnight ...	2,21,433	15	9

Disposal of Government grain—

	Mds	Srs.	Chs.
1*st*, Grain disposed of up to date of last report	98,482	31	4
2*nd*, Grain disposed of during the fortnight	0	0	0
a. By sale to laborers	0	0	0
b. Ditto to public	24	0	0
c. In charitable relief or in any other way	30,823	0	0¼
Total ...	1,29,329	31	4¼

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the District of Manbhoom on the dates nearest the 27th June, 1874, for which Returns may be available.

Name of Circle.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain	Total quantity of Government grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	Total quantity of Government Grain consumed up to date.					Estimated grain receipts of the ensuing fortnight.	Estimated expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.
				By sale to the public or to laborers on relief committees and road constructions.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape	By advances to ryots and others on security.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.		
		Mds.	Mds. S C.	Mds. S. C	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds S.	Mds S C.	Mds S C.	Mds.
Govindpore ..	23rd'June,'74	70,000	68,182 5 10	1,246 7 4	222 0 0	44,088 28 10	111 0	45,669 35 14	.....	1,920
Roghoonathpore, W.C	25th „	47,500	48,886 0 4	1,920 6 4	256 20 0	25,802 17 9	143 0	28,122 3 13	. ....	7,000
Ditto, E.C	25th „	47,500	32,065 36 7½	1,461 7 7½	284 0 0	28,738 0 0	273 29	30,756 36 7½	12,000 0 0	7,000
Purulia	27th „	25,000	26,793 0 0	.....	1,353 13 10	18,420 21 0	11,660 8	20,939 35 2	.....	3,000
Manbazar	13th „	20,000	3,843 0 0	... ..	.....	3,843 0 0	.... .	3,843 0 0	6,000 0 0	6,000

No return has been received from the Manbazar Circle later than the 13th June, 1874.

Purulia,
The 1st July, 1874

E. A. Rowlatt, *Colonel*,
Deputy Commissioner.

Statement of Relief Works, together with the Number of Persons employed on each Work, as required in Government Orders No. 144—T.F., of 5th May, 1874.

No.	Name of Work	Number of persons employed.						Total number of laborers on each work.	
		On daily wages			On piece-work.				
		Men	Women	Children	Men	Women.	Children.	On daily wages	On piece-work.
	Purulia Circle.								
1	1st section.—Chybassa road, from Purulia to Kantadihi.	12	16	...	26	5	...	28	31
2	1st section.—Chybassa road, Kantadihi to Chota Urma.	10	25	15	...	...	...	50	...
3	2nd section.—Chybassa road, Chota Urma to Jogodi.	15	10	7	42	10	9	32	61
4	3rd section.—Chybassa road, Jogodi to Jamdi.	...	...	...	47	18	8	...	73
5	4th section.—Chybassa road, Jamdi to Sooburnrekha.	11	..	...	...	...	...	11	...
6	1st section.—Bankoora road, from Purulia to Singbazar.	33	20	...	96	...	...	53	96
7	2nd section.—Bankoora road, Singbazar to Ludhurka.	20	8	...	62	15	...	28	77
8	3rd section.—Bankoora road, Ludhurka to Hurah.	16	14	...	5	7	...	30	12
9	4th section.—Bankoora road, Hurah to Chatna boundary.	12	3	...	54	7	...	15	61
10	Churra Junction	10	8	...	24	9	7	18	40
11	Road from Damdah to Burrabazar ...	9	6	...	97	10	...	15	107
12	1st section.—Manbazar road, from Purulia to Kenda (*A*, Purulia to Chipida).	15	21	...	102	...	...	36	102
13	Road from Ludhurka to Gourandi (Ludhurka to Lah).	1	...	...	5	3	...	1	8
14	Road from Purulia to Chass (Purulia to Artah).	...	16	...	108	...	...	16	108
15	Road from Manbazar to Kasipore (Ledadi to Palgaon).	26	...	1	...	...	...	27	...
16	Road from Jhalda to Chandil ...	69	100	6	...	...	...	175	...
17	Road from Gowai River to Hazareebagh boundary.	31	129	93	411	19	13	252	443
	Total P. W. D. laborers ...	290	376	121	1,079	103	37	787	1,219
	Roghoonathpore—West Circle.								
18	Raneegunge road—Roghoonathpore to Saltora	296	194	23	791	370	85	513	1,246
19	Bankoora ,, C. to D. ..	20	30	..	680	150	100	50	930
20	Hazareebagh road, F. to K.	12	...	...	423	60	21	12	504
21	17 M., road from Dubra to Damuda, near Kurgali.	12	...	...	288	52	...	12	340
22	Road from Telkupi Ghât to Chelama ...	23	50	...	538	122	28	73	688
	Total P. W. D. laborers ...	363	274	23	2,720	754	234	660	3,708
	Roghoonathpore—East Circle.								
23	Road from Manbazar to Gourandi, Gourandi to Lah.	7	54	8	8	—	...	69	8
24	Road from Manbazar to Kasipore, Kasipore to Palgaon.	3	...	...	40	20	...	3	60
25	Bankoora road, Gourandi to Bankoora boundary.	...	...	...	22	7	9	...	38
	Total P. W. D. laborers ...	10	54	8	70	27	9	72	106
	Govindpore Circle.								
26	Govindpore and Tundi road ...	33	41	3	90	49	13	77	152
27	Road from Poddardi to Kapasara ...	...	...	...	47	35	11	...	93
28	,, ,, Nirsha to Telkupi Ghât on the Damoodah.	5	3	...	70	13	9	8	92
29	,, ,, Govindpore to Dâmuda ...	76	61	18	163	127	35	155	325
	Total P. W. D. laborers ...	114	105	21	370	224	68	240	662

Statement of Relief Works, together with the Number of Persons employed on each Work, as required in Government Orders No. 144—T.F., of 5th May 1874.—(Continued.)

No.	Name of Work.	Number of persons employed.						Total number of laborers on each work.	
		On daily wages.			On piece-work.				
		Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	On daily wages.	On piece-work.
	Manbazar Circle.								
30	Road from Manbazar to the end of Manbhoom pergunnah.	...	...	...	63	39	14	...	116
31	Road from Manbhoom pergunnah to Judpore	11	...	...	195	136	48	11	379
32	Road from Manbazar to Kasipore, Manbazar to Lallpore.	...	...	...	77	18	15	...	110
33	Road from Lallpore to Ledadi ...	5	5	1	112	64	17	11	193
34	1st section—Manbazar road, Chipida to Kenda	31	217	31	89	83	...	279	172
35	2nd „ „ „ Kenda to Gopalnagore.	27	47	13	55	55	...	87	110
36	Ditto, Manbazar road, Gopalnagore to Manbazar.	7	4	3	45	13	7	14	65
	Total P. W. D. laborers ...	81	273	48	636	408	101	402	1,145
	(B.)—Minor Relief Works under Circle Officers.								
	Purulia Circle.								
	Siju tank ...	...	...	...	27	24	3	...	54
	Dimdiha „ ...	2	1	...	22	22	7	3	51
	Tetlo „ ...	7	22	6	9	6	...	35	15
	Jambald „ ...	15	47	11	9	20	8	73	37
	Pichasi „ ...	6	21	5	8	8	2	32	18
	Bhangra „ ...	9	40	9	10	9	...	58	19
	Ludhurka „ ...	7	8	1	2	2	...	16	4
	Kesurghur tank ...	8	12	2	...	...	...	22	...
	Aymundi „ ...	...	...	...	4	5	3	...	12
	Biralgora „ ...	6	26	4	8	4	...	36	12
	Heslah „ ...	44	138	52	13	...	...	234	13
	Mudali „ ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Jarah „ ...	6	22	9	5	...	...	37	5
	Urusaram „ ...	2	4	...	...	...	...	6	0
	Jhalda „ ...	3	5	...	5	8	...	8	13
	Hesla pergunnah tank ...	...	...	...	3	1	1	...	4
	Joytorah „ ..	2	2	1	...	...	...	5	...
	Pundra „ ..	...	...	...	23	12	...	...	35
	Budagamara „ ...	...	...	...	9	6	5	...	20
	Artah and Chandunkiari road ...	30	54	4	...	...	...	88	...
	Total ...	147	402	104	156	127	29	653	312
	Roghoonathpore—West Circle.								
	Anera tank ...	...	...	...	58	37	5	...	100
	Para „ ...	3	26	1	31	12	2	30	45
	Phusrabad „ ...	...	...	...	26	13	3	...	42
	Rowtorah „ .	.	...	...	3	3	...	...	6
	Mahal „	2	5	1	21	8	...	8	29
	Total ...	5	31	2	139	73	10	38	222
	Roghoonathpore—East Circle.								
	Bortorah tank .	5	21	3	2	1	1	29	4
	Juganpore „ . .	5	28	23	14	1	...	56	15
	Murardihi „ ...	15	63	11	1	4	...	89	5
	Mohoda „ ..	3	3	...	2	1	...	6	3
	Dhuluri „ ...	3	9	6	1	...	...	18	1
	Upadrah „ ...	10	49	16	...	...	...	75	...
	Sirjam „ ..	2	5	2	66	9	7	9	82
	Kalinkeari „ .	8	31	24	37	7	...	63	44
	Gourandihi „ ..	17	56	6	2	.	...	79	2
	Gopalpore „ ..	1	9	2	51	52	4	12	107
	Bhatin „ ...	8	24	10	10	1	1	42	12
	Sootabajee „	17	53	5	..	..	...	75	...
	Paurasole „ .	18	43	7	.	.	...	68	...
	Total ...	112	394	115	186	76	13	521	275

Statement of Relief Works, together with the Number of Persons employed on each Work, as required in Government Orders No. 144—T.F., of 5th May 1874.—(Concluded.)

No.	Name of Work.	Number of persons employed.						Total number of laborers on each work.	
		On daily wages.			On piece-work.				
		Men.	Women	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children	On daily wages.	On piece-work
	Govindpore Circle.								
	Subunpore tank	16	13	..	...	..	..	29	...
	Ghagra „	6	15	1	10	13	14	22	27
	Ubjheriah „	16	34	10	6	6	1	60	13
	Gorgoro „	2	4	3	3	3	2	9	8
	Paharpur „	...	..		13	3	2	.	18
	Murdmara „	11	12	4	15	14	5	27	34
	Moko „	4	...	...	8	6	2	4	16
	Macha Mahal „	3	4	7	10	4	1	14	15
	Mera „	2	2	1	15	9	2	5	26
	Chelogc „	3	2	2	10	3	..	7	13
	Bilijhurka „	...	...	...	34	12	2	...	48
	, Total ...	63	86	28	124	73	21	177	218
	Manbazar Circle.								
	Cholagoora tank	...	...	...	183	...	...	...	183
	Kajolkoora „	6	...	...	127	...	...	6	127
	Kaloo „	39	89	25	14	...	...	153	14
	Total ...	45	89	25	324	...	...	159	324
	(*C.*) Court of Wards	...			Not received.			...	...
	(*D.*) Grand total of laborers in Purulia Circle	437	778	225	1,235	230	66	1,440	1,531
	Grand total of laborers in Roghoonath-pore, W. Circle.	368	305	25	2,859	827	244	698	3,930
	Grand total of laborers in Roghoonath-pore, E. Circle.	122	448	123	256	103	22	693	381
	Grand total of laborers in Govindpore Circle.	177	191	49	494	297	89	417	880
	Grand total of laborers in Manbazar Circle.	126	362	73	960	408	101	561	1,469
		Men.		Women.		Children.		On daily wages.	On piece-work.
	Total number of laborers on all works in the district	7,034		3,949		1,017		3,809	8,191

Note.—This statement shows the number of laborers employed *on the last day* of the fortnight ending the 30th June, whilst in the body of the report under heading "Relief Works" the *average* number employed during the fortnight was given; hence the difference.

Purulia,
The 1st July, 1874.

E. A. Rowlatt, *Colonel*,
Deputy Commissioner.

No. 37M.A., dated Calcutta, the 30th June 1874.

From—Lord H. Ulick Browne, Commissioner of the Presidency Division,
To—The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Dept.

In continuation of my No. 31M.A., dated 18th June 1874, submitting the fortnightly narrative of the Collector of Nuddea for the fortnight ending 15th June 1874, I have now the honor to submit the Collector's report* for the fortnight ending 29th June 1874.

* No. 756—S.R., dated 29th June 1874.

2. The large area sown with aous rice has drawn away, for the first weeding, more able-bodied laborers from relief works than I had expected, but nevertheless distress is on the increase among the aged and helpless.

3. I am in demi-official communication with Government on the subject mentioned in the latter part of the Collector's paragraph 8.

No. 756—S.R., dated Kishnaghur, the 29th June 1874.

From—C. O. Stevens, Esq., Collector of Nuddea,
To—The Commissioner of the Presidency Division.

I have the honor to submit my narrative of distress for the fortnight ending this day.

State of the Country.

1. The bazars in different parts of the district still continue to receive supplies from dealers and importers. With the exception of the thanas of Kaligange and Nakasipara in the Sudder sub-division, portions of thanas Karimpur and Tehatta in Meherpur, thana Jaguli, and part of thana Ranaghat, in sub-division Ranaghat, the supply in the local markets, generally speaking, is adequate to meet local wants. It is reported, however (probably correctly), that the stocks in the hands of the mahajuns have fallen very low; private trade seems scarcely sufficient to provide food, if such provision be needed for a long time. Stores of grain in the hands of the well-to-do people have been nearly exhausted. Some of the mahajuns, I regret to say, are taking advantage of the high price of grain to sell out of the district, instead of looking after their *Khataks*.

The joli dhan crop is now being cut, and bhura and cheena will be fit for harvesting by the first week of July. These, however, are but small crops. It is the general opinion that the reaping of the present aous crop in certain portions of the district will commence within three weeks, and that the bulk of the new crop will have been reaped within two months from this date.

2. The following are the rates of common rice which have prevailed in the several markets:—

	Rs.	A.
Kishnaghur	3	6 per maund.
Santipore	3	8
Ranaghat	3	2
Chagda	3	2
Bongong	3	0
Kooshteah	3	8
Chooadanga	3	4
Alamdanga	3	2
Damurhuda	3	4
Dowlatgunge	3	4
Debagram	3	14—4 Rs.

A slight rise in the rice is generally observable. It is the highest at Debagram, and lowest in Bongong. This general rise in the price of rice was to be expected, and will probably continue in most places till the present aous crop is reaped. I hear, however, that at Kooshtea prices are falling a little.

3. There is no information which can be relied on as to the quantity of grain in stock, but from the reports received from the sub-divisional officers, it is indicated that in most parts of the district stocks are sufficient to carry the people through till the present aous crop is harvested. In Nakasipara, Kaligange, Karunpur, Tehatta, and Jaguli thanas, the stocks are very low.

4. *State of the crops.*—Joli dhan has nearly been harvested. Bhura and cheena are still on the fields, but they have reached maturity. The aous crop is doing very well. Opportune falls of rain have greatly benefited the crop. The young plants look very healthy, and if the weather continue to be propitious, we have every reason to hope for a splendid harvest. In consequence of the very early sowings, and of the favorable weather, some of the aous dhan is already in the ear, and it is not unlikely that by the end of July this portion of the crop will be harvested. The quantity of land under aous cultivation this year is said to be considerably larger than usual, probably about one-fourth more. Amun sowings have been going on for some time with much success. The sugarcane, arhar, and indigo, are all promising.

5. There has been sufficient rain in all parts of the district. The prospects of the next season are very cheering.

6. Distress has however decidedly increased, but no case of actual starvation or of extreme misery for want of food has yet been reported. I may mention that on the 29th May last, I received a petition from Debagram bearing some 1,500 signatures, to the effect that all the agriculturists there were "selling off their marketable possessions;" that able-bodied laborers with average families had been "reduced to skeletons" for want of food; that a large number of people were subsisting on food of a "revolting nature;" that a great many of the ryots were selling off their live stock, and that three persons had been reported by eye-witnesses to have died for want of food. I immediately made enquiries from both officials and non-officials, though some of the statements (*e.g.*, that regarding the laborers), were known to have little or no foundation. I am glad to say that the reports I have obtained entirely corroborated the information which I had before in my possession. Investigation showed that there was no ground whatever for the statement that three persons had died from starvation. Unfortunately the stir and agitation caused by the very ill-judged, though no doubt benevolently intended steps of the petitioners, did much harm. I had intended about the time to visit the locality, but I happened to hear that the petitioners had prepared the people to come to me in crowds. I therefore very reluctantly resolved to abandon my intention for the present, as I thought I

should do more harm than good. The agitation, I believe, has now subsided. The number of grain-thefts reported by the police during the fortnight was eight. They occurred in the following sub-divisions: Sudder 1, Kooshtea 1, Chooadanga 3, Bongong 1, and Ranaghat 2.

7. There has been a visible decrease in Abkaree revenue in sub-divisions Ranaghat and Kooshtea. The sub-divisional officers attribute this decrease to the increase in the price of food-grain. In all other sub-divisions the excise revenue may be said to have remained stationary, but I ought to mention that the distressed part of the district never brings in much.

8. *Condition of any special tract.*—Distress has overtaken the northern portion of thana Karimpore in Meherpore. The sub-divisional officer has been to the spot to enquire into the extent of distress there, and to ascertain the best mode of relief which may be given to the people. The population of this part of the thana amounts to 25,000 individuals. It is reported that the stock there is very low, and if grain be not imported severe distress may soon be felt. I have heard that Baboo Nafar Chundra Pal Chowdhuri is importing grain there. The crops will soon be ripe in Karimpore, and if there be no inundation the distress will here be of very short duration. The sub-divisional officer of Bongong reports that he has obtained intelligence of distress in certain tracts of thana Mohespore. He has promised to inspect that tract, and after enquiry to submit a report. I do not, however, expect that there is anything very wrong there. The Deputy Collector of Ranaghat reports: "there is some fear of distress in the eastern part of the thana Rangahat," *i.e.*, in the villages about Asmali, among the non-agricultural classes. Enquiries are being made to ascertain the extent of distress in that part; here again I do not anticipate anything very serious. In the more seriously distressed parts, the cultivators and persons of the middle classes are feeling the pressure greatly. I was about to give loans in money to some of the zemindars for these persons, but a telegram received yesterday from Government has forbidden me to advance anything but grain, and I have no Government grain to advance. I have, however, written demi-officially on the subject, and I hope that supplies may soon come. The general heath of the district is good.

9. The construction and repair of roads are generally going on as usual. The construction of kutcha roads in the Sudder has now been resumed. Most of the tuccavee tanks have been finished, or the work, except dressing and turfing, has been stopped by the rain. It seems probable that we shall not now have to execute all the works which I had projected. Paddy-husking, and jute and cotton-spinning, are going on, but it seems difficult to get enough of the raw materials. The number of sufferers unfit to work has increased of late, and the Debagram and Mooragatcha sub-committees have been authorised to open gratuitous relief operations, spending up to the limit of 100 maunds and 40 maunds, respectively, per diem. The number of laborers employed on Government tanks and roads on the last Saturday was about 1,500, and the total number of men employed may roughly be estimated at 7,000.

10. *Transport of food.*—I have scarcely anything to add to this head in this report; export and import business seems to be carried on as usual. The approximate quantity of rice imported to sub-division Ranaghat during the fortnight is 2,100 maunds. The quantity exported from Bongong and Ranaghat may be estimated at 3,500 maunds, and 560 maunds respectively.

Charitable Relief.

11. The distribution of charitable relief has been commenced, as above stated, by the Debagram and Mooragatcha sub-committees. My application for 5,000 maunds of Burmah rice has been sanctioned. This quantity of rice will be distributed for gratuitous relief in thanas Kaligunge and Nakasipara, where it is reported the stock of rice has fallen very low.

Financial Results.

		Rs.	A.	P.
12.	Total amount advanced under Land Improvement Act.	1,30,997	10	8
	Expenditure for relief works during the fortnight ..	5,300	0	0
	Expenditure for gratuitous relief	1,980	0	0
	Total ..	1,38,277	10	8

No. 1702—S.R., dated Berhampore, the 6th July 1874.

From—E. W. Molony, Esq., Commissioner of the Rajshahye Division,
To—The Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

In forwarding the usual fortnightly rice statement for the period ending the 4th of July, I have the honor to state that I have very few remarks to make in addition to what has been reported in detail by the several district officers.

2. The position has not materially changed during the week that has elapsed. The future prospects continue excellent. The Rajshahye staff has been strengthened by the addition of a sub-divisional officer (Mr. Clay) transferred from Bogra, and a sub-deputy Collector, Baboo Okhoy Coomar

Bose from Maldah, and by the appointment of two group superintendents in the North Burhind sub-division. The Magistrate has decided to introduce that system for the parts immediately adjoining Dinagepore, owing to the circle officers reporting that he had ascertained personally that the condition of the people there was such as to require closer watching and inspection. Two other superintendents will be selected as soon as the Magistrate can find fit men. Those already sent are head-constables.

3. The importations spoken of in my last narrative, with the improving prospects, have had a sensible effect in bringing down prices at all places accessible by the large rivers. This should tide over much of the interval of time that has to elapse before the aous crop begins to have an effect.

4. In connection with that subject I have to report with reference to the remarks contained in the 2nd paragraph of my narrative of the 7th of June, that on enquiry I find that all officers are of opinion that the effect of the aous crop on the market will be felt more decidedly and earlier than usual this year. The crop is earlier and much more extensive and promising than in 1866. There will be need of realising cash on the part of the cultivators, and whether the rice is brought to the market or not, the markets will be relieved of the demands of the great mass of the cultivators. I therefore anticipate that the effect of the aous crop will be very sensibly felt in the latter half of September, and that the effect it produces will last almost, if not quite up to the period of the winter crop being harvested, provided only that the prospects of the winter crop continue good to the end of September.

5. The other heads of the report, as I have stated above, do not seem this fortnight to call for any remarks from me.

LIBERALITY OF THE MAHARAJAH OF BETTIAH.

No. R.R, dated Durbhunga, the 2nd July 1874.

From—C. BERNARD, Esq., Officiating Secretary to the Government of Bengal,

To—The Commissioner of Patna.

THE Lieutenant-Governor has had an opportunity of seeing Mr. Howe's report, No. 245, dated 23rd June, to the effect that Mr. T. Gibbon had, in behalf of the Bettiah Raj, agreed to take over and be responsible for almost all the advances made from the Government treasury or Government golahs to ryots on the Bettiah estate.

2. I am directed to request that you will convey to the Maharajah of Bettiah, and also to Mr. T. Gibbon, an expression of the Lieutenant-Governor's entire satisfaction with the liberality towards their ryots and the loyalty towards the Government which they have displayed in this matter.

PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt

QUANTITIES PER RUPEE, BY THE

DISTRICTS.	WHEAT			BARLEY.			RICE, BEST SORT.			RICE, COMMON.			BULRUSH MILLET—CUMBOO, BAJRA.			GREAT MILLET—CHOLUM, JOWAR.			LESSER MILLET—RAGI OR MARUA AND CHENA.	
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.
BENGAL.																				
Western Districts.																				
Burdwan	S. Ch. A 13 4	S. Ch. 13 0	S. Ch. 13 8	S. Ch. 16 0	S. Ch. 17 0	S. Ch. 25 0	S. Ch. 12 4	S. Ch. 13 0	S. Ch. 16 0	S. Ch. 12 8	S. Ch. 13 4	S. Ch. 17 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bankoora	B 12 12	13 2	13 9	21 0	21 0	22 8	10 10	10 10	14 0	12 8	12 8	16 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Beerbhoom	C 12 0	12 0	14 12	15 0	15 0	20 0	10 0	10 0	12 0	12 0	12 0	18 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapore	12. 0	12 0	11 4	...	...	...	13 5	13 5	20 0	15 0 and 16 0	15 0 and 16 0	25 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hooghly	D 12 0	12 0	E 13 0	16 0 to 18 8	16 0 to 18 0	22 0 to 26 8	9 8 and 10 0	9 0 and 9 8	10 0	13 0 and 13 8	12 8 and 13 0	18 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Howrah	13 0	12 8	15 0	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	15 8	12 4	11 12	20 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Districts.																				
Calcutta	K 13 0	13 0	...	E 16 0	16 0	...	9 0	9 0	...	11 4	11 4	...	...	...	...	12 0	12 0	...	...	...
24-Pergunnahs ...	11 8 to 13 5	11 8	14 8	14 0	14 0	26 8	8 0	8 0	8 0	F 12 9	12 9	19 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nuddea	G 13 5	13 5	14 8	...	...	32 0	10 0	9 11	16 0	10 10½	10 10½	17 12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jessore	H 11 5	11 8	13 5	...	...	...	11 0	11 0	18 0	12 12	12 12	25 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moorshedabad ...	I 13 0	13 0	16 0	E 17& 18	17 &18	29to 32	9 8	9 0	15 0	11 8	11 8	19 0	E 14 0	14 0	29 0	...	...	...	...	...
Dinagepore	J 11 0	11 0	14 0	11 0	11 0	22 8	8 8	8 8	20 0	9 12	9 12	24 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maldah	14 0	13 8	17 0	17 0	17 0	35 0	10 0	9 12	19 0	13 8	13 0	20 0	14 0	14 0	20 0	...	...	...	...	...
Rajshahye ...	12 12 to 13 8	12 0 to 12 12	15 0	18 0	18 0	37 8	8 4	7 0	15 0	12 12 to 13 8	11 4 to 13 2	21 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rungpore	K 13 0	13 0	15 0	...	...	...	8 0	7 9	14 10	11 4	11 4	25 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bogra	12 0	12 0	15 12	...	...	...	6 12	6 12	15 12	12 0	12 0	26 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pubna	14 4	14 4	23 0	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	12 0	12 12	12 8	26 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Darjeeling* ...	6 0	6 0	6 0	7 0	7 0	7 0	6 8	7 0	12 0	7 0	8 0	14 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 0	6 0
Jalpigoree* ...	L 8 0	8 0	...	...	...	...	7 0	8 0	...	9 0	10 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cooch Behar.†																				
Eastern Districts.																				
Dacca	11 4	11 4	13 8	20 0	20 0	23 0	M 10 8 to 12 0	10.8	22 0	14 8	13 0	23 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Furreedpore	N 13 0	13 0	20 0	...	20 0	40 0	6 8	6 8	10 0	12 8	12 8	24 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Backergunge ...	...	..	...	...	...	...	O 11 8	11 0	13 0	13 8	13 0	26 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	E 15to16	18to20
Mymensingh ...	P 10 0	10 0	13 0	...	...	...	8 12	8 12	24 0	11 4	11 4	30 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sylhet*	Q 10 0	9 0	10 0	9 0	8 0	11 8	12 4	11 13	24 0	15 12	14 7	34 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chittagong* ...	12 0	12 0	11 0	..	...	...	R 12 0	12 0	16 0	15 0	13 0	24 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Noakholly	S ...	..	...	..	...	...	10 0	10 0	18 0	13 0	13 0	26 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tipperah	10 0	10 0	11 8	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	20 0	12 8	13 0	32 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chittagong Hill Tracts.	...	..	...	...	...	...	11 0	11 0	13 5	12 10	12 10	20 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hill Tipperah ...	8 8	10 0	10 6	...	...	...	12 4	10 0	20 0	15 10	14 0	26 6	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...

* Return for week ending 4th July received after publication of last *Gazette*.

† Return not received.

A Wheat a little cheaper in Sudder Sub-division and Culna, a little dearer in Ranegunge, and considerably dearer in Bood-bood. Rice somewhat dearer in Sudder Sub-division, a trifle cheaper in Culna and Bood-bood, and nearly a seer in the rupee cheaper in Ranegunge. Returns from Cutwa and Jehanabad not received.

B In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 12-8 to 13-8 seers, barley from 17 to 21 seers, best rice from 11 to 12-8 seers, common rice from 12 to 14-8 seers, maize from 12 to 20 seers, and gram from 13-8 to 14 seers, per rupee.

C In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 10 to 15 seers, barley from 15 to 17-8 seers, best rice from 10 to 13 seers, common rice from 11 to 14 seers, gram from 13 to 18 seers, per rupee.

D In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 12 to 13 seers, best rice from 8 to 10 seers, common rice from 10 to 13-8 seers, and gram from 12 to 14 per rupee.

E In the interior only.

F In the interior the price of common rice ranges from 10-8 to 13-12 seers per rupee.

G Coarse rice at 14-4 seers per rupee.

H In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 7 to 13 seers, best rice from 10 to 12-8 seers, common rice from 11-9 to 16 seers, and gram from 12 to 15 per rupee.

dermentioned Districts of Bengal on the 11th July 1874.

80 TOLAHS.

AVERAGE WAGES PER MONTH.

AIZE OR INDIAN-CORN.			GRAM.			FIRE-WOOD			SALT.			ABLE-BODIED AGRICULTURAL LABOURER.			SYCE OR HORSE-KEEPER.			COMMON MASON, CARPENTER, OR BLACKSMITH.			DISTRICTS.
Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	
																					BENGAL.
																					Western Districts
Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	R. A.	R. A.	R. A.	R. A.	R. A.	R. A.	R. A.	R. A.	R. A.	
	...	...	16 0	15 0	20 0	100 0	100 0	.	9 0	9 0	8 4	6 0	6 0	...	5 0	5 0	..	12to20	12to15	...	Burdwan.
0	16 0	34 0	18 12	18 4	21 0	440 0	480 0	...	7 12	7 12	7 12	4 0	4 0	...	4 0	4 0	...	7 0	7 0	...	Bankoora.
	...	...	13 0	13 0	21 0	240 0	240 0	240 0	8 0	8 0	8 12	4 0	4 0	...	5 0	5 0	..	7 8	8 5	...	Beerbhoom.
	...	...	12 0	12 0	18 0	180 0	180 0	180 0	8 0	8 0	9 0	4 0	4 0		5 0	5 0	...	7 8	7 8	...	Midnapore.
	...	...	13 8	13 8	20 0	120 0	120 0	...	8 0	8 0	9 0	6 0	6 0		5 0	5 0	...	7 8 to 12 0	7 8 to 12 0	...	Hooghly.
	...	...	14 0	13 4	20 0	120 0	120 0	..	8 8	8 8	0 0	7 0	7 0		7 0	7 0	...	12 0	12 0	...	Howrah.
																					Central Districts
0	12 0	..	15 0	15 8	...	100 0	100 0	..	8 0	8 0	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Calcutta.
	...	...	14 4	13 12	20 0	120 0	120 0	...	8 0	8 0	8 12	6 0	6 0	..	6 0	6 0	...	11 0	11to16	..	24-Pergunnahs.
	...	...	16 0	15 4	22 14	120 0	120 0	...	8 7	8 7	8 10½	6 0 to 7 8	5 0	...	6 0	5 0	..	7 8 to 10 0	8 0 to 12 0	...	Nuddea.
	...	...	13 5	13 5	20 0	120 0	120 0	.	7 2	7 2	8 0	5 11 to 7 8	7 8	..	5 0	5 0	.	10to15	8 to 12	...	Jessore.
	...	..	16 8	16 0	24 0	120 0	120 0	.	8 0	7 8	9 0	4 0	4 0		5 0	5 0	..	7 8	7 to 10	...	Moorshedabad.
	...	...	13 4	13 0	18 12	180 0	180 0	...	7 0	7 0	6 0	5 0	4 0		5 0	4 0	..	7 8 to 8 0	5 to 10	...	Dinagepore.
	16 0	18 0	16 0	16 0	24 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	7 8	7 4	7 4	4 12	5 0	..	5 0	5 0	...	6 0 to 12 0	6 0 to 12 0	...	Maldah.
	...	...	13 8 to 15 0	14 4	24 6	240 0	240 0	...	7 4	6 8½	7 8	2 8 to 3 13	3 12 to 7 8	...	5 0	4 0 to 5 0	..	4 0 to 12 0	4 8 to 7 0	...	Rajshahye.
	...	...	15 0	15 0	15 0	80 0	107 0	107 0	7 8	6 12	6 12	5 8 a.	5 0	..	6 0	6 0	...	7 8 to 10 0	7 8 to 10 0	...	Rungpore.
	...	...	12 0	12 0	15 0	67 8	67 8	60 0	7 4	7 4	6 12	5 0		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Bogra.
	...	...	15 0	15 0	26 4	200 0	200 0	..	7 10	7 8	8 0	..	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	Pubna.
	12 0	20 0	7 0	7 0	8 0	200 0	200 0	200 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	6 0	6 8	...	7 to 8	7 to 8		12to15	12to16		Darjeeling.*
	...	..	10 0	9 0	...	160 0	160 0	.	5 6	5 6	...	...	...	.	..			..	...	...	Julpigoree.*
																					Cooch Behar †
																					Eastern Districts
	..	...	13 8	13 8	20 0	80 0	80 0	...	8 0	6 0	8 0	6 0	6 0	...	5 to 7	4 to 6	...	7 to 20	10to20	...	Dacca.
	...	..	14 0	14 0	20 0	...	...	.	7 8	7 8	7 8	6 0	6 0	...	6 0	7 0	..	8 to 12	10to12	...	Furreedpore.
	...	...	13 0	13 0	...	120 0	120 0	...	8 0	8 0	8 4	7 8	7 8	...	6 0	6 0	...	8 to 14	8 to 15	...	Backergunge.
	...	..	12 8	12 8	18 0	..	...	...	7 8	7 8	7 8	5 8	7 8	...	6 0	6 0	...	10to20	10to15	...	Mymensingh.
	...	.	11 8	11 8	16 0	107 0	107 0	...	7 12	7 12	7 10	9 6	9 6	.	5 0	5 0	...	9 6 to 15 0	9 6 to 15 0	...	Sylhet.*
	...	..	11 0	11 0	11 0	120 0	120 0	120 0	7 4	7 4	7 8	10to11	10 0	...	6 0	6 0	.	8 to 10	8 to 10		Chittagong *
	...	..	11 0	11 0	16 0	280 0	280 0	.	6 0	5 12	7 8	7 8	7 8	..	5 0	5 0	...	7 8	7 8	..	Noakholly.
	..	...	12 0	12 0	16 0	..	...	...	7 12	7 12	8 0	6 0	5 8	...	6 0	6 0	...	8 to 15	8 to 15	..	Tipperah.
	...	...	..	..	...	320 0	320 0	320 0	6 4	6 4	6 4	10 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Chittagong Hill Tracts †
	.	...	10 8	10 8	11 4	..	..	...	7 2	7 2	8 0		..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Hill Tipperah.

I In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat from 12-4 to 13 seers, best rice from 9 to 10 seers, common rice from 11-8 to 13-8 seers, and gram from 14-8 to per rupee.

J In the interior price of best rice ranges from 9 to 12 seers, common rice from 10 to 15 seers, and gram from 11 to 14-8 seers, per rupee.

K Prices much easier in the Bhowanigunge sub-division

L In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 7 to 8 seers, common rice from 8 to 13 seers, and gram from 8 to 10 seers, per rupee.

M In the interior the price of best rice 11 seers, and common rice 13 seers, per rupee

N In the interior the prices range as follow :—Wheat 16 seers, common rice from 13 to 15-8 seers, and gram from 14 to 16 seers, per rupee.

O In the interior price of best rice ranges from 12 to 13 seers, common rice from 13 to 15 seers, paddy from 23 to 36 seers, and gram from 8 to 12 seers, per rupee.

P In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat from 11 to 13 seers, best rice from 9 to 11-8 seers, common rice from 11-13 to 14 seers, and gram from 13-8 to seers, per rupee

Q In the interior price of best rice ranges from 11 to 13 seers, common rice from 13 to 16-8 seers, and gram from 13 to 14 seers, per rupee.

R In the interior price of best rice ranges from 14 to 15 seers, and common rice from 15 to 17 seers, per rupee.

S In the interior price of best rice ranges from 12 to 14-8 seers, and common rice from 13 to 16 seers, per rupee.

T Unskilled labour.

PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in the undermenti

QUANTITIES PER RUPE

DISTRICTS.	WHEAT.			BARLEY.			RICE, BEST SORT.			RICE, COMMON.			BULRUSH MILLET—CUMBOO, BAJRA.			GREAT MILLET—CHOLUM, JOWAR.			LESSER MILLETS—RAGI OR MUR AND CHEENA	
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.
BEHAR.																				
Patna	S. Ch. 17 4	S. Ch. 17 8	S. Ch. 24 0	S. Ch. 20 0	S. Ch. 21 0	S. Ch. 31 4	S. Ch. 12 0	S. Ch. 12 0	S. Ch. ...	S. Ch. 13 8	S. Ch. 13 8	S. Ch. 21 0	S. Ch. ...	S. Ch. ...	S. Ch. ...	S. Ch. 20 0	S. Ch. 20 0	S. Ch. ...	S. Ch. ...	S. Ch. ...
Gya	T 11 12	11 8	14 0	16 0	15 8	22 8	8 8	8 0	12 0	10 0	10 0	15 0	...	...	...	E 13 0 to 14 8	13 0 to 14 4	20 0	E 15 0 to 17 0	15 0 to 17 0
Shahabad	U 15 0	15 8	20 0	20 0	20 0	28 0	10 8	10 8	14 0	11 8	11 8	18 0	17 4	17 8	...	E 19 0	18 8	16 0	E 16 0	16 0
Tirhoot*	V 12 0	12 0	13 0	16 0	16 0	25 0	6 8	6 8	17 0	12 0	11 0	19 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	E 11to20	11to20
Saran	15 8	15 0	14 0	23 0	19 0	28 0	7 4	7 0	12 8	14 0	12 8	16 8	...	...	...	20 0	19 0	20 0	19 0	16 8
Chumparun	W 12 8	13 0	16 0	16 0	17 0	33 0	8 0	7 0	12 0	11 0	11 0	18 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 0	18 0
Monghyr	16 8	16 2	17 3	23 1	22 5	31 5	8 4	8 4	12 6	12 6	11 2	16 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bhagulpore ...	15 2	14 8	16 6	18 15	18 15	30 4	10 1	10 11	15 2	12 0	11 6	16 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	E 15 0	15 0
Purneah	13 0	13 0	13 8	...	...	28 0	10 0	10 0	13 0	10 8	11 0	19 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sonthal Pergunnahs	X 10 0	10 0	15 0	E 14to20	12to20	30 0	9 0	9 0	14 0	11 8	10 8	16 0	12 0	13 0	40 0	E 13 8	...	...	E 13 8 to 24 0	17 0 to 20 0
ORISSA.																				
Cuttack†																				
Pooree ...	11 13	11 13	13 2	...	...	...	21 0	21 0	21 0	26 4	26 4	34 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Balasore ...	11 8	12 0	12 0	...	...	...	16 0	16 0	16 0	21 0	21 0	38 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
CHOTA NAGPORE.																				
South-West Frontier Agency.																				
Hazareebagh ...	11 0	10 8	13 8	10 0	14 0	20 0	9 0	8 8	10 0	Y 13 8	13 4	14 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	18 0	18 0
Lohardugga ...	11 8	12 0	14 0	17 0	17 0	15 0	14 0	14 0	15 0	16 8	16 0	18 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	26 0	25 0
Singbhoom† ...	12 0	12 0	18 0	...	...	24 0	12 0	12 0	18 0	20 0	20 0	24 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Manbhoom ...	Z 10 8	11 0	13 0	E 16 0 to 22 0	16 0 to 22 0	22 0 to 30 0	9 0	9 8	15 0	13 8	14 0	18 0	E 17 0	19 0	40 0	...	...	...	...	...

* Return for week ending 4th July received after publication of last *Gazette*.

† Return not received.

T In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 12 to 15 seers, barley from 16 to 20 seers, best rice from 8-12 to 10-4 seers, common rice from 10 to 12 and gram from 14-8 to 16-8 seers, per rupee.

U In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 13-8 to 15-8 seers, barley from 17 to 20 seers, best rice from 7-8 to 9 seers, common rice from 11 to 12 bulrush millet 16-8 seers, maize 15 seers, and gram from 16 to 20 seers, per rupee.

V In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 10 to 16 seers, barley from 13 to 20-8 seers, best rice from 7 to 13 seers, common rice from 9 to 1 maize from 12 to 18 seers, and gram from 12 to 19-8 seers, per rupee.

CALCUTTA,
The 14th July 1874.

tricts of Bengal on the 11th July 1874.—(Continued.)

SEER OF 80 TOLAHs																								
ICE OR INDIAN-CORN.			GRAM.			FIRE-WOOD.			SALT.			AVERAGE WAGES PER MONTH.									DISTRICTS
												ABLE-BODIED AGRICULTURAL LABOURER.			STOUT OR HORSE-KEEPER.			COMMON MASON, CARPENTER, OR BLACKSMITH.			
Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return	Next preceding return	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	
																					BEHAR.
S. Ch.	S. Ch		S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch	S. Ch.	S. Ch	S. Ch.	S. Ch	S Ch	Rs A	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A	Rs. A.	
17 0	34 8		20 0	21 0	34 8	160 0	150 0	.	7 8	7 8	8 0	3 0 to 4 0	3 0 to 4 0	...	4 0 to 5 0	4 0 to 5 0	...	5 10 to 7 8	5 0 to 7 8	...	Patna.
18 0 to 15 8	20 0 to 35 0		14 0	14 0	19 8	180 0	180 0	..	6 4	6 4	7 0	2 8 to 3 12	2 8 to 3 12	...	2 8 to 4 0	2 8 to 4 0	...	4 0 to 5 0	4 0 to 5 0	...	Gya.
18 0	28 0		19 8	19 0	23 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	7 12	7 12	8 0	4 0	4 0	...	5 & 6	5 & 6	...	7 to 9	7 to 9	...	Shahabad
17 0	23 0		15 0	15 0	22 0	130 0	130 0	...	6 8	6 0	7 4	4to5 12	18 to 4	...	5 to 5 8	18 to 4		4 to 6	4 to 6	...	Tirhoot
16 0	22 0		21 0	19 0	23 0	160 0	160 0	...	7 0	7 0	7 4	2 8 to 3 12	2 8 to 3 12	...	4 0 to 4 8	4 0 to 4 8	...	6 0 to 10 0	6 0 to 10 0	...	Sarun.
15 0	28 0		15 0	16 0	26 0	...	...	...	5 12	5 12	6 12		...	..		.	...	...	...	...	Champarun
17 8	28 8		19 4	19 9	26 1	147 0	168 0		7 8	7 8	7 5	3 0	3 0	...	3 0	3 0	...	5 10 to 7 8	5 10 to 7 8	...	Monghyr.
15 9	...		17 11	17 11	26 8	176 12	176 12	...	7 9	7 9	7 9	1 14 to 3 12	3 12		4 to 5	4 0	...	5 10 to 7 8	5 10 to 7 8	...	Bhagulpore.
...	...		15 0	15 0	23 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	6 12	6 12	6 8	3 12 to 4 12	4 0		5 0	5 0	..	6 to 8	7 to 11	...	Purneah
13 0	24 0		18 0	13 0	22 0	320 0	320 0	320 0	7 0	7 0	8 0	3 8	3 8	...	5 0	5 0	...	7 8	7 8	...	Southal Pergunnahs.
																					ORISSA.
																					Cuttack,†
...			21 0	22 5	21 0	100 0	100 0	..	12 0	12 0	9 0	3 0	3 0	.	4 to 5	5 0	...	8 0	6 8	..	Pooree.
...	...		11 0	11 0	10 0	280 0	280 0	...	8 0	7 8	7 0	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	Balasore.
																					CHOTA NAGPORE.
																					South-West Frontier Agency.
14 0	20 4		12 8	13 0	14 0	240 0	240 0	240 0	5 12	6 4	6 2	4 0	4 0	...	5 0	5 0	...	8 0	8 0	...	Hazareebagh.
17 0	20 0		14 0	12 8	14 8	160 0	160 0	...	5 0	5 4	6 0	2 8	2 8		3 to 5	3 to 5	...	5 to 12	5 10 to 9 6	...	Lohardugga.
...	...		13 0	13 0	18 0	320 0	320 0	...	5 8	5 8	6 0	3 0	3 12	...	4 8 to 5 0	4 8 to 6 0	...	6 to 8	6 to 8	...	Singbhoom.
20 0	75 0		11 0	11 0	20 0	280 0	280 0	280 0	6 12	6 12	7 0	3 12	3 12	...	3 0	3 0	..	9 6	9 6	...	Manbhoom.

W In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat from 12 to 16 seers, barley from 16 to 19 seers, best rice from 9-8 to 10-8 seers, common rice from 11 to 14 seers, lesser millet from 16 to 22 seers, Indian-corn from 14 to 18 seers, and gram from 14-12 to 18 seers per rupee.

X In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat from 10 to 14 seers, best rice from 8 to 12-8 seers, common rice from 9 to 14 seers, bulrush millet 17 seers, maize from 13-8 to 17 seers, and gram from 12 to 17-8 seers, per rupee.

Y In the interior common rice is sold from 15 to 22 seers, per rupee

Z In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat from 10 to 11-8 seers, best rice from 11 to 16 seers, common rice from 13 to 17 seers, and gram from 10 to 14 seers, per rupee.

Published for general information.

R. KNIGHT,

Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending the 11th July 1874.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
	BENGAL.		
	Western Districts.		
Burdwan Division. 1	Burdwan, 13th* July 1874	1·34	A little rain fell in the interior of the district. More rain wanted for transplanting the late rice and for the early rice crop. Fever as before; few cases of cholera in the Sudder and sub-divisions.
2	Bankoora, 11th „ „	1·75	Generally showery, but in a partial sort of way. Rain is required in the greater part of the district to allow of transplantation being carried on, but no actual damage has yet been caused. Sugarcane and indigo have, however, benefited by the sunshine. Cholera and small-pox still reported
3	Beerbhoom, 11th „ „	2·87	Showery and uncertain. Prospects continue excellent. Export for week ending 4th July, 1,499 maunds, chiefly to Bhagulpore Division. Prices almost stationary.
4	Midnapore, 11th „ „	0·17	A break has occurred in the rainy weather, which threatens to entail much damage. More rain urgently wanted, especially in the east and south-east. Canal irrigation is being much sought for. It is only on lands artificially irrigated that transplantation can take place. Rain is now much needed everywhere, but especially at Tumlook.
5	Hooghly, 11th „ „	1·03	Cloudy and clear alternately; heavy rain has fallen some short distance from the head-quarters, but in the station little over an inch. In Serampore the rainfall has been ·18 only. In many parts of the district the crops are suffering, in other parts they are doing well, but rain is wanted everywhere.
	Howrah, 11th „ „	·36	There was no rain in the district during the week, except a shower on Friday. Weather sultry and wind from south. The seedlings of the amun or late rice are growing. Aous or early rice and jute have been sown. More rain is wanted. The lands are being ploughed for transplanting late rice seedlings, for which rain is wanted. Sugarcane plants, good.
	Central Districts.		
Presidency Division. 6	24-Pergunnahs, 13th† July 1874.	1·10	Very sultry, with few showers of rain. The prospects of the early rice crop continue favorable, but more rain is much wanted everywhere. The transplantation of the late rice has only been commenced to an inconsiderable extent on the low lands of Diamond Harbour, Busseerhat, and Barrackpore sub-divisions. Public health generally good, but a few cases of fever reported at Busseerhat; malarious fever abating at Bhangore. Two fatal cases of cholera reported in thana Bhangore in the Sudder Sub-division.
7	Nuddea, 11th July 1874	0·46	Occasional showers, but no heavy rain More rain is required for transplanting the amun or late rice crop. The prospects of the aous or early rice crop are everywhere favorable. The harvest will probably be an early one. There is a marked decline of prices in most parts of the district.
8	Jessore, 11th „ „	·73	Cloudy days and clear nights and little rain. The prospects of the indigo and early rice are very luxuriant. The latter is beginning to come into the markets and prices have been falling in consequence. In the south of the Magoorah and the north and east of Nurrail sub-divisions, the sudden rise of the rivers, which are unusually high for the time of the year, has done a little damage to both paddy and indigo, but not much. More rain is generally wished for.
Rajshahye Division. 9	Moorshedabad, 11th „ „	2·74	General and tolerably abundant rain during the week. Cloudy and close. Prospects of crops continue excellent. Nothing further to report since last week. The recent fall in prices has been maintained. Cholera and small-pox have almost disappeared.
10	Dinagepore, 10th „ „	8·86	Rain more or less heavy throughout the district. Prospects of the coming crops most excellent. The earliest bhadoi or early rice is being cut in a few places. Everywhere a good yield is expected. Sugarcane and jute both doing well.
11	Maldah, 11th „ „	4·92	Very rainy and cloudy. During the week under review the state and prospects of the bhadoi or early crops continue to be favorable, and unless injured and destroyed by inundation, there is every prospect of a good return from it. A greater part of the hymuntee or late rice has been sown. In thana Gorgorlies, the early sown bhadoi and jali rice is being reaped with a good return.

* Telegram of the 13th July, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

† Report of the 13th July, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BENGAL.—(*Contd.*)			
	Central Districts.—(Contd.)		
Rajshahye Divn.—(*Contd.*) 12	Rajshahye, 11th July 1874	3·15	There has been almost daily rain throughout the district during the week. The next aous or early rice crop is reported to be in a most flourishing condition. The sowing of ropa paddy has been commenced; it is not yet transplanted. The amun or late rice crop looks well. Sugarcane and mulberry are thriving. Prices are same as reported last week. Public health generally good; reports of cholera and small-pox are being rare.
13	Rungpore, 10th „ „	13·91	Rain has fallen copiously almost every night. On the 9th more than 5 inches of rain fell during the 24 hours. Crop prospects are as favorable as could be wished. Early rice is being harvested. Late rice is being transplanted. Jute good.
14	Bogra, 11th „ „	7·18	Seasonable. Everything continues satisfactory. The rain falls seasonably. An aous or early rice crop of unprecedented excellence is certain. The planting of the late rice is progressing favorably. Jute very good. If the prospects of the season continue as they are now, the harvest of the great crop will be abundant. The year prosperous, and the condition of the country and people all that could be wished for.
15	Pubna, 11th „ „	0·99	Weather dry and hot, with slight rainfall on the 8th instant. The harvesting of the aous or early rice and of kawni and bhura (millets) has commenced, and the greater portion of the jali rice is cut. The outturn of all these crops is as good as was expected. Amun or late paddy, sugarcane, and arhur (pulse), promise well. Public health good.
Cooch Behar Divn. 16	Darjeeling, 10th „ „	3·69	Incessant rain almost every day, but not heavy. All the crops in both the hills and plains are progressing very favorably.
17	Julpigoree, 10th „ „	8·76	The steady rain has been most favorable, and prospects of coming crops could not be better. Janeera paddy is being cut, and is a full crop; there is, however, but little of it in the district. In some 20 days more bhadoi or early crops should be cut, the late rain having done much to bring it to maturity.
	Cooch Behar, 9th „ „	17·84	Very wet. Highest flood known for many years in town of Cooch Behar. The early rice will be damaged by the flood in some places. Prospects of the late rice are good at present.
	Eastern Districts.		
Dacca Division. 18	Dacca, 13th* July 1874	0·63	Showers continue. State of crops good. But a subsequent telegram from the Collector in camp reports great damage done to rice by sudden rise of the rivers.
19	Furreedpore, 11th „ „	·23	Only on the 5th and 7th instant there was a little rain, the rest of the week clear and sunny. The rivers have been rising very rapidly for some few days. The district officer has learnt that the water had made six inches during the night of the 10th, and that the aous or early rice has been injured in places subject to inundation. The District Superintendent is travelling in the south, and the effects of the sudden rise of the rivers on the late rice crops will be reported on his return. A good deal of the early rice will be cut in the next week or ten days and the crop not injured looks well. The height of the Ganges above zero is 20 feet 8 inches at Goalundo. The price of coarse rice has risen at Goalundo, but has fallen at Bhangah, Gopalgunge, and Madaripore, and is stationary at Furreedpore
20	Backergunge, 9th „ „	1·40	Rainy and cool. Prospects of crops good.
21	Mymensingh, 10th „ „	3·24	Cloudy, with heavy showers. An excellent aous or early rice crop. Transplanting of the later young rice progressing. The Brahmapootra and Jamoona unusually high, and some aous or early crop as well as jute destroyed. Reports also received of an inundation at Durgapore under the Garo Hills, but no details of damage.
22	Sylhet, 7th „ „	3·21	The rain, though not abundant, has been most favorable for the crops. On the 5th and 6th instant it blew a gale. On the 6th it rained all day, and the barometer fell; the wind was from south and south-east. Everywhere the crops promise well. The amun or late rice crops have been much improved last week, owing to the rain and the rise of the rivers. The ryots in the neighbourhood of Luskarpore have begun to manure their lands, a thing never attempted before. The price of rice has fallen owing to the new rice coming in for sale. A slight shock of earthquake was felt at 1-6 P.M. of the 6th instant.
Chittagong Divn. 23	Chittagong, 9th „ „	1·94	A fair amount of rain fell during the week; weather otherwise breezy and fine. From Cox's Bazar 1·53 inches only reported to 9th instant. Field work actively progressing. Nothing new since last report.
24	Noakholly, 9th „ „	3·05	Occasional showers of rain during the week, and strong southerly wind. The aous or early rice is doing well. The amun or late rice is being sown.
25	Tipperah, 10th „ „	2·22	Some heavy rain, with fine sunshine alternately. Prospects of all crops good. Prices of rice continue much the same.

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No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BENGAL.—(*Concld.*)			
	Eastern Districts.—(Contd.)		
CHITTAGONG DIVN. 26	Chittagong Hill Tracts, 7th July 1874.	·99	Constant rain throughout the whole week, weather seasonable. The paddy and cotton plants are thriving very well, owing to the constant falls of rain. Indian-corn is brought in small quantities for sale in the local markets. The plough cultivators are still employed in sowing paddy, for transplantation. The prospects on the whole are good.
	Hill Tipperah, 8th July 1874.	1·94	More rain is wanted in the northern part of the district, both for the aous or early and for the aman or late rice. The weather has been all that could be desired; in the west and south and about head-quarters alternate rain and sunshine. Paddy is looking very well, transplanting is going on briskly. Everywhere reports are favorable.
BEHAR.			
PATNA DIVISION. 27	Patna, 13th* July 1874	3·21	Weather all that could be wished for; a little too much rain was falling, but the last three days of sunshine have done much good. The floods to the south are said not to have done much harm. Health of the district continues good.
28	Gya	1·69	Seasonable weather Prospects of crops everything that could be desired.
29	Shahabad, 11th July 1874	2·85	Constant showers; rain heavier in the north than the south of the district. Prospects of crops so far good, but dry weather and sun are required. Damage done by the floods reported last week, slight and partial, and confined to the crops under influences of the water rush. Murwa (millet) being transplanted. Nursery rice being generally sown in the Sasseram sub-division. Sugarcane in good condition. Indigo promises to be an excellent crop. Health good; small-pox has disappeared, excepting a few cases here and there only.
30	Tirhoot, 11th and 12th July 1874.	6·74	Seetamurhee sub-division—4·71 inches of rain fell during the week; ryots are engaged in cultivating fields. Laborers well off No disease among men or cattle; great decrease in relief works from people resorting to field labor. Transplanting going on rapidly, and prospects fair. Tajpore sub-division—7 inches of rain fell; no change in the prospects of crops; a few days' sunny weather is required for the low-lying makai or Indian-corn fields. No real harm done yet to crops, which promise well, except indigo. Mudhoobunnee sub-division—5·18 inches of rain fell during the week. Rice and bhadoi or early crops doing well, except in Motipur, where damaged by excessive rain. Transplanting of both crops is going on in every part of the sub-division Murwa (millet) and makai (Indian-corn) have been more largely sown than last year. In Jhaphurpore double the area has been sown. Report from Hajeepore not received There is no material change in the prospects of the sudder sub division, great damage will be done to the bhadoi or early crop if the rain continues any longer to fall every day as it has hitherto done. Durbhunga sub-division—11 inches of rain since 1st instant. Bagmuttee and Kumlah rivers overflowed their banks, submerging about 20 square miles of country lying between them north and east of Durbhunga town. Inundations customary, but earlier than usual. More rain will seriously damage crops. 12th instant promised fair weather, but wind was still east. If inundation do not subside within a week, submerged young paddy will probably perish. Damage to bhadoi or early crops insignificant as yet.
31	Saran, 11th July 1874	8·47	Raining throughout the week; heavy showers on the 4th, 5th, 7th, and 8th instant. Too much rain has fallen; weeding operations are being impeded and the young makai (Indian-corn) plant is in many places choked by weeds; with a break of a few days of dry sunny weather the crops now choked with weeds may yet recover, but with a very few more days of rainy weather (such as at present) a large proportion of the makai or the main bhadoi or early crop will be lost. Owing to a flood in the Gunduk, the tract lying to the north of the embankment, covering an area of about thirty square miles, has been inundated and the bhadoi crops have been extensively destroyed. At Seepahea factory the water was flowing into the beating vats and the Mohai had to be stopped. Manufacture of indigo has commenced in some factories. Prices have fallen considerably owing to importations, and partly perhaps to the effect of the large advances of Government grain.
32	Chumparun, 10th and 12th July 1874.	5·02	Very rainy weather. Very heavy rain reported from Ramnuggur. The rivers have risen and flooded a large tract to the north of Soogowli, destroying indigo and maize crops. The rice crop is uninjured. In the rest of the district prospects continue good, but fair weather is required for the maize and kodo crops which will be injured should the incessant rain continue. Bettiah sub-division—Rainfall from 5th to 11th instant 8·87 inches.

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No.	District and date of return	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
	BEHAR.—(*Contd.*)		
Bhagulpore Div. 33	Monghyr, 11th July 1874	2·34	Heavy and continuous rain up to Wednesday (8th) night. Thursday (9th), Friday (10th), and Saturday (11th) fine, but occasionally cloudy. People on the low lands were beginning to complain of too much rain for the early crops. These few fine days will remove all that. The young paddy crop very promising.
Bhagulpore Div. 34	Bhagulpore, 13th* „ „	2 56	Rain heavier in the north. Some few crops have been damaged by Koosee inundation; there is apparently every prospect now of a little sunny weather, for which there is a general outcry. Crops on the whole, however, are still promising. General health very good, but cholera has again broken out in Kutoorya, in Banka Sub-division.
Bhagulpore Div. 35	Purneah, 11th „ „	6·37	Heavy rain in the first part of the week, with thunder and lightning. Present prospects of fine weather, which is wanted. Crops to the west of the district injured by the floods of the Koosee The rise is reported as high as in 1871; as the Ganges is falling it is hoped the water will soon subside. Arrareah and Kishengunge reports excellent, but fine weather is wanted both for weeding and transplanting.
Bhagulpore Div. 36	Sonthal Pergunnahs, 11th July 1874.	2 58	Heavy rain followed by bright sunshine The transplanting of paddy is briskly going on everywhere. Prospects of bhadoi or early crops promising everywhere. Janera (Indian-corn), goondli, and murwa (millets) are looking well Public health generally good.
	ORISSA.		
Orissa Division. 37	Cuttack, 13th* July 1874	1·45	Scanty rainfall in district; alternating sunshine and showers Excellent weather for crops. Prices slightly falling Public health good.
Orissa Division. 38	Pooree, 9th „ „	·22	There has been slight rain. The weather is hot and cloudy and more rain is expected. Sowing operations are going on rapidly, and the seedlings of previous sowings are growing well. More rain is wanted in Khoordah. Cotton has just begun to be gathered. Sugarcane plants are being earthed up. Prices are stationary. Export continues. Public health good.
Orissa Division. 39	Balasore, 10th „ „	·23	Sultry and hot. Very little rains have fallen in some places of the district. The young paddy plants are doing well, and have not suffered as yet from the want of sufficient rains.
	CHOTA NAGPORE.		
	South-West Frontier Agency.		
40	Hazareebagh, 10th July 1874.	4·32	Continuously heavy rain except on the 9th and 10th instant. The maize requires some fine weather. It is reported sickly and drenched in parts. The goondli and murwa (millets) are as good as possible. Small-pox in the district and a few cases in Hazareebagh. General health good.
41	Lohardugga, 11th July 1874.	1·47	Very little rain for this time of year, but the weather has been very favorable for the crops. All the reports from Chota Nagpore Proper continue to the effect that the prospects are at present very good, the crops are thriving splendidly. The Palamow sub-divisional report shows a rainfall of 6 75 inches during the week, and states that no harm has yet come to the bhadoi or early crops, but if this rain continues much longer the crops must suffer A week of fine weather is urgently required to give the young plants strength. The prospects of the rice harvest are excellent. General health good; small-pox diminishing.
42	Singbhoom, 10th July 1874.	1·01	Hot and dry. The rain promised in the beginning of the week still holding off. Reports beginning to come in, that more rain is required. The high land crops though nothing could be better than their present appearance, will suffer if the rains hold off much longer. Public health good, and condition of the people satisfactory.
43	Manbhoom, 11th July 1874	0 50	Partial and slight showers only. The want of rain is beginning to be severely felt, and more rain is anxiously looked for; in the northern part of the district where there had been too much rain, the dry weather has been beneficial, but in the rest of the district it has been injurious to the prospects of the crops. Transplanting is at a standstill, and the crops on the high lands are beginning to wither for want of moisture in the ground.

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Published for general information.

CALCUTTA, STATISTICAL DEPT.,
The 14th July 1874.

L. C. ABBOTT,
Offg. Under-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

Division.	District.	Station.	Rain from 21st to 27th June 1874.	Rain from 28th June to 4th July 1874.	Rain from 1st January 1874.		Remarks.
					Inches.	Up to date.	
BENGAL.						1874.	
	Western Districts.		Inches.	Inches.			
Burdwan	Burdwan	Burdwan	5·98	0·28	32·24	4th July	
		Cutwa	5·14	1·62	25·21	ditto.	
		Culna	2·14	1·30	18·84	ditto.	
		Bood-bood	2·15	1·44	20·03	ditto.	
		Raneegunge	4·77	0·65	10·76	ditto	
		Jehanabad	3·40	1·08	18·45	ditto.	
	Bankoora	Bankoora	5·45	0·12	19·52	ditto.	
	Beerbhoom	Sooree	5·65	2·40	22·53	ditto.	
	Midnapore	Midnapore	2·00	2·08	11·28	ditto.	
		Tumlook	2·48	Nil	18·82	ditto.	
		Gurbeta	4·72	1·00	20·19	ditto.	
		Contai — Dy. Collr.'s Office	0·53	3·43	19·90	ditto.	
		Contai — Exe. Engr.'s Office	0·28	Not rec.	20·42	27th June	
	Hooghly	Hooghly	1·51	0·63	14·77	4th July	
		Serampore	2·98	2·19	16·44	ditto.	
	Howrah	Howrah	0·74	1·35	11·97	ditto.	
	Central Districts.						
Presidency.	24-Pergunnahs	Saugor Island	1·70	2·90	25·05	ditto.	
		Calcutta	0·56	1·68	18·29	ditto.	
		Alipore — Dispensary	0·39	1·33	15·19	ditto.	
		Alipore — Jail	0·32	1·29	14·63	ditto.	
		Bussecrhat	1·70	1·44	12·80	ditto.	
		Baraset	1·23	2·41	16·24	ditto.	
		Diamond Harbour	4·11	1·47	18·31	ditto.	
		Barripore	2·23	0·87	15·08	ditto.	
		Satkhira	2·89	1·93	14·35	ditto.	
		Barrackpore	4·72	1·92	17·26	ditto.	
		Dum-Dum	2·20	0·54	14·55	ditto.	
	Nuddea	Kishnaghur	5·01	0·49	25·00	ditto.	
		Bongong	3·83	0·73	20·08	ditto.	
		Meherpore	4·56	1·56	24·23	ditto.	
		Chooadangah	4·03	0·35	25·40	ditto.	
		Kooshtea	4·47	0·45	24·03	ditto.	
		Ranaghat	2·80	0·95	21·06	ditto.	
	Jessore	Jessore	2·24	1·73	23·63	ditto.	
		Narail	5·61	3·56	26·88	ditto.	
		Khoolna	2·50	1·90	22·73	ditto.	
		Jhenidah	4·37	0·25	31·51	ditto.	
		Bagirhat	3·02	3·81	25·78	ditto.	
		Magoorah	3·19	2·02	24·55	ditto.	
Rajshahye.	Moorshedabad	Berhampore	2·09	0·26	19·37	ditto.	
		Rampore Haut	3·06	2·76	20·36	ditto.	
		City Moorshedabad	7·15	0·22	21·90	ditto.	
		Jungipore	5·18	1·04	19·59	ditto.	
		Azimgunge	8·58	0·65	21·77	ditto.	
		Lalgolla	2·65	1·75	19·24	ditto.	
	Dinagepore	Dinagepore	2·19	3·31	24·92	ditto.	
	Maldah	Maldah	3·09	1·98	18·18	ditto.	
	Rajshahye	Bauleah	1·75	0·24	19·02	ditto.	
		Nattore	6·17	0·58	31·67	ditto.	
	Rungpore	Rungpore	4·02	2·55	30·86	ditto.	
		Bhowanigunj	1·43	2·64	27·39	ditto.	
		Titalya	9·89	Not rec.	38·31	27th June.	
	Bogra	Bogra	5·06	0·93	39·64	4th July.	
	Pubna	Pubna	4·80	0·52	28·89	ditto.	
		Serajgunj	3·20	Nil	24·65	ditto	Not rec. 14th to 20th June.
Cooch Behar.	Darjeeling	Darjeeling — Telegraph Office	Not rec.	Not rec.	20·08	15th June.	
		Darjeeling — Hospital	4·41	9·41	43·65	4th July.	
	Julpigoree	Julpigoree	6·59	7·93	48·52	ditto.	
		Bodah	3·79	9·88	53·00	ditto.	
		Buxa — Commissioner's Office	12·92	17·13	83·17	ditto	From 12th April.
		Buxa — Civil Surgeon's „	10·74	18·80	96·74	ditto.	
	Cooch Behar Tributary State	Cooch Behar	5·05	16·25	69·98	ditto.	

Division.	District.	Station.	Rain from 21st to 27th June 1874.	Rain from 28th June to 4th July 1874.	Rain from 1st January 1874 — Inches.	Rain from 1st January 1874 — Up to date	Remarks.
BENGAL—(*Continued.*)							
	Eastern Districts.		Inches.	Inches.		1874.	
Dacca.	Dacca ...	Dacca (Telegraph Office)	1·77	1·05	28 59	4th July.	
		Dacca (Hospital)	2 10	0 91	29 69	ditto	
		Moonshegunge	0 78	1·48	31 47	ditto.	
		Manickgunge	1·82	0·36	26 10	ditto.	
	Furreedpore ...	Furreedpore	1 29	0·35	23 93	ditto.	
		Goalundo	2·33	0·96	24·82	ditto.	
		Madaripore	1·62	2 55	32·55	ditto.	
	Backergunge ...	Burrisal .	4 55	Not rec	23 09	27th June.	
		Perozepore ..	4 71	ditto	18 37	ditto.	
		Patooakhally ..	5·20	ditto	30 89	ditto.	
		Dowlatkhan .	2·80	ditto	31 18	ditto.	
	Mymensingh ...	Mymensingh	3·84	5 86	41 65	4th July.	
		Jamalpore .. .	5 16	0 79	29 35	ditto.	
		Atia . .	2 90	1 09	23 07	ditto.	
		Kishoregunge ...	2 70	1·75	35 56	ditto.	
	Sylhet ...	Sylhet	6·25	2 46	77 74	ditto.	
Chittagong.	Chittagong ..	Chittagong (Telegraph Office)	6 50	0 20	34 89	ditto.	
		Chittagong (Jail) ..	7 16	0 47	38 21	ditto.	
		Cox's Bazar	15 03	1·59	43 01	ditto	
	Noakholly	Noakholly	4 62	5 36	41 35	ditto	
	Tipperah .	Comillah	2·48	2 32	34 99	ditto.	
		Brahmunberiah	1·04	2 02	28·00	ditto.	
	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Rungamatee Hill	2·24	1·90	31·79	ditto	Not rec 14th to 20th June
	Hill Tipperah ...	Hill Tipperah ..	Not rec.	Not rec.	24·63	13th June.	
BEHAR							
Patna.	Patna	Patna	4 75	3 65	15·89	4th July.	
		Behar	4·95	4 02	16 49	ditto.	
		Barh	2 83	4 13	14 00	ditto.	
		Dinapore . (Jail ...) ..	4 10	2 60	18·70	ditto.	
		Dinapore . (Cantonment) ..	3 30	2·65	16 02	ditto.	
	Gya	Gya	7·15	1·37	15 44	ditto.	
		Nowadah	9 51	2 36	24·29	ditto.	
		Arungabad	7 76	1 41	14 98	ditto.	
		Jehanabad	4·73	3 99	15 89	ditto.	
	Shahabad	Arrah	5 15	3 16	20·06	ditto.	
		Sasseram	10 86	Not rec.	15 38	27th June...	Not rec. 24th to 30th May.
		Buxar	6 79	2 19	14·00	27th July.	
		Bhubooah	10 27	2 22	19 51	ditto.	
	Tirhoot	Monufferpore	1 ·0	4 40	14 56	ditto.	
		Durbhunga	Not rec.	Not rec.	2·25	16th May ...	Not rec. 19th to 25th April and 3rd to 9th May.
		Hajeepore	4·39	2 94	13·64	4th July.	
		Mudhoobunnee	0·87	4·97	19 78	ditto.	
		Seetamurhee	0 45	1 19	11 96	ditto.	
		Tajpore	0·85	4 60	16 42	ditto.	
	Saran	Chuprah	4 74	2 17	12·78	ditto.	
		Sewan	6 90	9 27	17 98	ditto.	
	Chumparun	Motiharee	3 96	3·93	18·31	ditto.	
		Bettiah	2·64	Not rec.	7 24	27th June.	Not rec. 31st May to 13th June
Bhagulpore.	Monghyr ..	Monghyr	3 16	8 55	25 73	4th July.	
		Begoo Serai	2·08	2·59	13 40	ditto.	
		Jamoose	9 20	Not rec	19 22	27th June.	
	Bhagulpore	Bhagulpore	2 92	2·31	21 06	4th July.	
		Soopool	1 78	8 11	26·85	ditto.	
		Muddehpoora .	1 90	8 70	16 88	ditto.	
		Banka	0 34	6·12	23·66	ditto.	
		Sanborsa	2·49	4·41	22 50	ditto.	
	Purneah	Purneah	2 30	3 72	21·31	ditto.	
		Kissengunge	4 09	2·67	26·06	ditto.	
		Arrareah . ..	5·90	10·73	38·70	ditto.	
	Sonthal Pergunnahs...	Deoghur	7·93	1 43	18·25	ditto	
		Rajmehal ...	1 80	1 (·)	12 30	ditto.	
		Nya Doomka ...	3 77	1·55	14·14	ditto.	
		Godda	4 50	3 85	16 65	ditto	

Division.	District.	Station.	Rain from 21st to 27th June 1874.	Rain from 28th June to 4th July 1874.	Rain from 1st January 1874. Inches.	Rain from 1st January 1874. Up to date.	Remarks.
ORISSA.			Inches.	Inches.		1874.	
Orissa.	Cuttack	Cuttack ... Telegraph Office ...	1·90	0·10	24·66	4th July.	
		Cuttack ... Hospital ...	2·37	0·30	25 43	ditto.	
		Jajpore	2·55	Not rec.	20·85	27th June.	
		Kendraparah	0·60	ditto	9·70	ditto.	
		Jugatsingpore	1·60	ditto	18·05	ditto.	
		False Point	0·25	4·20	13 61	4th July.	
	Pooree	Pooree	0·47	0·95	13·82	ditto.	
		Khoordah...	0·86	0·84	18·98	ditto.	
	Balasore	Balasore	0·22	Nil	11·14	ditto.	
		Bhuddruck	1·00	0·13	17·08	ditto.	
		Jellasore	1·37	1·17	16 80	ditto.	
		Sorah	1·76	0·90	17·09	ditto.	
		Chandbally	1·67	0·88	14·08	ditto.	
	Cuttack Tributary Mehals	Sambalpore	2·92	2·95	21·11	ditto.	
	CHOTA NAGPORE. SOUTH-WESTERN FRONTIER AGENCY.						
	Hazareebagh ...	Hazareebagh ... Jail ...	2·40	2·91	18·53	ditto.	
		Hazareebagh ... Dispensary ...	2·70	4·15	21·97	ditto.	
		Pachumba	3·21	1·59	21·08	ditto.	
	Lohardduggah ...	Ranchee	0·91	1·72	16·31	ditto.	
		Palamow	8·80	8·95	28·72	ditto.	
	Singbhoom ...	Chybassa	1·17	0·48	16·38	ditto.	
	Manbhoom ...	Purulia	0·75	1·34	14·87	ditto.	
		Govindpore	3·40	3·88	23·53	ditto ...	Not rec. 31st May to 6th June.
	ASSAM & ADJACENT HILLS.						
	Cachar ...	Cachar	2 95	6·54	65·44	ditto.	
		Hylakandy	3·02	Not rec.	54·56	27th June.	
		Koyah	2·95	ditto	53·12	ditto.	
	Goalparah ...	Goalparah	6·36	8·89	53·76	20th July.	
		Dhoobree	5 00	4·10	09·38	ditto.	
	Kamroop ...	Gowhatty	2·53	0·59	48·82	ditto.	
		Burpettah	2·69	5·11	49·17	ditto.	
	Durrung ...	Tezpore	Not rec.	Not rec.	37·46	20th June.	
		Mungledye	ditto	ditto	36 46	ditto.	
	Nowgong ...	Nowgong	2·71	ditto	29·73	27th June.	
	Seebsaugor ...	Seebsaugor	7·59	ditto	76·76	ditto.	
		Golaghat	2·81	ditto	44·06	ditto.	
		Jorehaut	5·16	ditto	56·25	ditto.	
		Nazerah	3·41	ditto	60·91	ditto.	
	Luckimpore ...	Debrooghur	Not rec.	ditto	44·95	23rd May.	
		North Luckimpore	ditto	ditto	51·32	13th June.	
		Suddya	ditto	ditto	47·61	23rd May ...	Not rec. 5th to 11th April.
	Naga Hills ...	Samoogoodting	2·01	ditto	20·19	20th June.	
	Khasi and Jynteah Hills ...	Shillong	Not rec.	ditto	11·10	16th May.	
		Jaowai	ditto	ditto	21·50	ditto.	
		Cherrapoonjee	ditto	ditto	133·03	23rd May	
	Garo Hills ...	Tura	1·96	1·97	30·46	4th July.	
		Benares	6·46	Not rec.	9·75	ditto.	
		Akyab	15·80	2·60	42 80	ditto.	

CALCUTTA,
The 11th July 1874.

W. G. WILLSON,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period 5th July to 11th July 1874.

Station.	Date.	Hour.	Barometer reduced to 32°.	Barometer reduced to sea level.	Thermometer. Dry.	Thermometer. Wet.	Humidity, Sat. =100.	Wind. Direction.	Wind. Velocity.	Rain.	Clouds.	Weather Initials
Calcutta.	July 5th	10	29·617	29·635	85·8	81·0	79	W	5·9	...	C, K	
		16	29·542	29·560	86·2	81·5	80	S	10·7	0·02	... ...	o
	6th	10	29·600	29·618	85·5	82·0	86	S W	8·2	...	K	scuds.
		16	29·513	29·531	87·4	81 8	77	S	13·6	...	S	
	7th	10	29·612	29·630	89·0	81·5	71	S S W	7·8	...	CK, K	scuds.
		16	29·541	29·559	90·8	82·0	68	S W	15·1	...	K, C	
	8th	10	29 676	29·694	87·5	80·5	72	S W	6·2	...	K	
		16	29 567	29·585	90 0	82 2	69	S by W	8·2	...	K	d
	9th	10	29·635	29·653	88 8	84·0	80	S by W	4·4	...	K	
		16	29·549	29 567	85·5	79·5	75	S by E	7·5	...	.....	o
	10th	10	29·623	29·641	83·6	82 0	93	W	5·4	0·28	.....	o
		16	29·515	29·533	86 6	81·9	80	S	5·2	0·03	S	
	11th	10	29 644	29 662	87·8	81·5	75	S by E	5·9	.	C, K	
		16	29·539	29·557	86·2	81·8	81	S E	9·5	0·36	C, CK	
Saugor Island.	5th	10	29 642	29 648	87	82	79	S S W	12·3		N	b, v, w
		16	29·567	29·573	87	82	79	S S W	16·9	0·10	N	w, scuds
	6th	10	29·626	29 632	84	82	91	S W	16·6	0·10	N	d, o
		16	29 541	29·547	87	83	83	S S W	17·4	...	N	w, scuds.
	7th	10	29·644	29·650	88	82	76	S S W	12·6	...	N	b, v
		16	29·586	29·592	88	82	76	S	16·1	...	N	b, v
	8th	10	29 702	29·709	88	83	80	S S W	13·1	...	N	b, v, scuds.
		16	29·607	29·613	88	82	76	S S E	12·3	...	N	b, v
	9th	10	29·665	29·669	88	81	72	S	8·1	...	KS	b, v
		16	29·591	29 597	89	81	69	S S W	14·4	...	KS	b, v
	10th	10	29·659	29·665	85	82	87	W S W	16·9	0·20	N	d, o, w, scuds.
		16	29·556	29·561	88	83	80	S	9·4	...	N	w, scuds.
	11th	10	29·645	29·651	88	82	76	S S E	9·4	...	No	b, w, v
		16	29·550	29 556	89	82	73	S E	15·8	...	N	b, v
Chittagong.	5th	10	29·651	29·743	86	81	79	S E	9·2	0·40	K, CK	b, v
		16	29 578	29 670	85	81	83	S	12·2	0·10	KS	p
	6th	10	29·633	29·725	84	81	87	S	10·0	0·30	K, KS	p
		16	29·542	29·634	85	80	79	S S E	15·7	0·20	KS	p, v
	7th	10	29·633	29 745	87	81	76	S W	9·2	0·60	K, KS	p
		16	29·565	29·657	87	81	76	S	11·5	...	C	b, v
	8th	10	29·680	29·772	86	80	75	S	6·7	0·10	K, KS	b, v
		16	29·588	29·680	88	80	75	S	12·9	...	KS, K	w
	9th	10	29·667	29·749	85	80	79	S E	6·6	0·20	K, KS	b, v
		16	29·555	29·647	85	80	79	S	14·0	...	KS, K	t
	10th	10	29·633	29·725	84	79	79	S E	6·9	1·10	K, KS	p
		16	29 542	29 634	86	81	79	S	13·4	...	CK, K, KS	p
	11th	10	29 650	29·742	85	78	71	E S E	6·5	...	K	b, v
		16	29·558	29·650	85	79	75	S S W	12·2	0·10	K, KS	p, w
Madras.	4th	10	29·754	29·764	89	76	52	W by N	7	...	.....	o
		16	29·649	29·679	86	77	64	E by S	8	...	.....	o
	5th	10	29 726	29·756	89	77	56	W N W	8	...	... ...	o
		16	29·608	29·638	85	77	68	E by S	7	...	.....	o
	6th	10	29·740	29·770	91	77	52	S W	5	0·45	... ...	o
		16	29·650	29·680	89	77	56	W S W	3	...	.....	cloudy.
	7th	10	29·735	29·765	87	76	58	W S W	9	...	.....	o
		16	29·622	29·652	94	78	46	S W by W	9	...	.....	o
	8th	10	29·789	29 819	87	75	55	S W	9	0·02	.....	cloudy.
		16	29·698	29·728	89	78	59	S	7	...	.....	cloudy.
	9th	10	29·818	29·848	85	77	68	S W by W	13	1·80	.....	cloudy.
		16	29·702	29·732	91	79	56	S S W	5	...	.....	o
	10th	10	29·781	29 811	88	75	55	W S W	12	...	.....	o
		16	29·644	29·674	94	77	43	W by N	7	...	.....	o
Cuttack.	5th	10	29·554	29·636	89	81	69	W S W	3·7	...	K, CK, C	
		16	29·472	29·554	87	81	76	S	4·7	...	C, K, N	
	6th	10	29·547	29·629	87	81	76	S	3·3	...	CK, C	
		16	29·465	29·547	87	80	72	S	5·7	...	K, N, C	
	7th	10	29·554	29·636	89	80	69	S W	2·7	...	C, K, N	
		16	29·472	29·554	89	81	69	S S E	4·6	...	C, K, N	
	8th	10	29·594	29·675	90	80	63	N N E	1·7	...	C, CK	b
		16	29·464	29·545	94	81	55	E N E	2·6	...	KS, N	w
	9th	10	29·590	29·681	85	79	75	S S W	3·7	2·00	C, CK	b
		16	29·499	29·580	91	81	63	W N W	5·7	...	C, CK	b
	10th	10	29·561	29·643	89	82	73	N W	3·3	...	CK, N, C	
		16	29·477	29·559	84	79	79	S E	2·9	...	K, N, C	
	11th	10	29·515	29·597	87	81	76	S E	1·3	...	K, N, C, S	
		16	29·420	29·503	82	79	87	N E	4·2	0·40	K, N	p
Akyab.	5th	10	29·752	29·773	84	80	83	S W	3·4	...	.....	b, g
		16	29·679	29·700	86	80	79	S S W	5·5	...	.....	g
	6th	10	29 719	29·740	86	80	75	S	3·6	...	.....	b
		16	29·627	29·648	86	81	79	S	6·1	...	.....	b
	7th	10	29 722	29·743	84	80	83	S	3·6	0·20	.....	b, g
		16	29·647	29·668	80	81	79	S	5·6	...	.....	b
	8th	10	29·786	29·807	83	80	87	S E	3·4	0·20	... ...	p
		16	29·695	29·717	82	80	91	S	7·1	...	.....	b
	9th	10	29·758	29·779	85	81	83	S	3·0	3 30	.....	b, g
		16	29·680	29·702	82	80	91	S S W	7·1	...	.....	d
	10th	10	29·747	29·769	82	79	87	S	4·1	0·40	.....	d
		16	29·643	29·665	80	78	91	E S E	2·8	0·90	.....	g, d
	11th	10	29·766	29 788	82	79	87	S E	4·6	1·00	.....	g
		16	29·675	29 697	84	80	83	S	7·8	...	.....	b

* Velocity of wind in miles per hour.

CALCUTTA,
The 11th July 1874.

W. G. WILLSON,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Government of Bengal.

Abstract of Observations as received in the Meteorological Office, Calcutta, during the month of May 1874.

N B.—The barometric data are reduced for temperatures and not for height above sea-level.

STATIONS	Height above sea-level.	BAROMETER. Mean of					Range	RADIATION. Solar. Mean	Solar. Max. Day.	Solar. Max. ⊖	Grass Nocturnal. Mean.	Grass Nocturnal. Min. Day.	Grass Nocturnal. Min. ⊖
		Mean	4 hours	10 hours	16 hours	22 hours							
Port Blair	61	29 732	.	29 775	29 680	...	·086	139 1	2nd	158·0	...	.....	...
Nicobar	134	29 672	.	29 714	29·630	...	·084	162 8	11th	178 0	...	.....	...
Madras	27	29 686	.	29 745	29 6·8	.	117	.	.	.	.	.....	...
Vizagapatam	31	29 6·8	29 636	29 705	29 606	29 668	·100	121 1	26th	126 0	..	..	..
Akyab	21	29 719	29·702	29 778	29 662	29 740	·110	149 6	11th	164 0	75 3	1st-2nd	70·0
False Point	18 7	29 64·	29·626	29·693	29·59·	29 66·	·094	.	.	.	.	.	.
Cuttack	80	29 561	29 556	29 606	29 490	29 592	·116	159 6	18th	171·0	76·4	30th	72·0
Sangor Island	6	29 644	29 631	29·6·2	29 594	29·649	·098	145 7	28th	152 7	80 3	1st	69 0
Chittagong	90	29 643	29 626	29 688	29 596	29 663	·092	146 4	10th	155 1	74 2	1st	69·1
Calcutta	18 11	29 609	29 593	29 664	29 55·	29·627	·112	144 1	19th	149·9	...	.....	...
Burdwan	102	29·4·9	.	29 564	29 425	.	·136	156 4	19-20th	165 0	..	..	..
Jessore	20	29 598	.	29 656	29 528	.	·128	151 0	20th	156 0	76·1	1st	67·0
Dacca	35	29 631	29 615	29·677	29 55·	21·031	·118	148 4	31st	158·0	74 6	2nd	67 3
Silchar	88 91	29 6·6	...	29 688	29 566	..	·122	136 9	7th	156 0	69·8	19th	65·0
Hazareebagh	1,994	27 640	...	27 691	27 ·83	..	·108	155·9	7th	167·0	62·8	1st	55 0
Berhampore	64	29 528	...	29 592	29 462	.	·140	155 5	18 19th	165·0	69 9	1st-3rd	60·0
Gya	347	29·189,	...	29·244	29 134	...	·110	141·5	10th	159 9	77 7	2nd	71·0
Patna	179	29 381	..	29 442	29 317	...	·125	159 6	1sth	167 4	76·9	3rd	69·9
Monghyr	160·4	.9 302	.	.9 467	29 329	.	·138	157 3	6th	167·0	75·1	24th	68·1
Darjeeling	6,913	23·305	23 287	23 327	23·287	23 320	·040	122 0	18th	133 0	44 9	1st	41·0
Seebsangor	P	29 378		29 437	29 32·	...	·117	129 8	31st	165 0	69·0	9th	66 3
Goalparah	386	29·370		29 333	29·199	..	·134	141 4	31st	153·4	70·6	10th	65·3
Benares	203 74	29 ·89	29 2·4	29 349	29·237	29·288	·112	159 1	24th	165 0	78·2	18th	60·0
Roorkee	879 7	28·663	28 643	28·725	28·620	28 663	·105	157 1	10th	167 6	69 3	3rd	59 6

STATIONS	TEMPERATURE OF AIR. Mean of max.	Mean daily range.	Mean of min.	Mean.	Mean of 4 hours.	Mean of 10 hours	Mean of 16 hours	Mean of 22 hours.	Highest Max. Day.	Highest Max. ⊖	Absolute range.	Lowest Min. Day.	Lowest Min. ⊖	HUMIDITY. Mean.	Mean of 4 hours	Mean of 10 hours	Mean of 16 hours.	Mean of 22 hours.	RAINFALL. In inches	Number of days.
Port Blair	87 5	10·3	77 2	81·2	...	84 4	85·2	...	2nd	94·0	21·0	19-21st	73 0	...	.	84	78	.	26·53	29
Nicobar	87·9	14 4	73 5	78 4	...	85 9	83·3	..	13th	90·1	17·2	31st	72 2	..	...	66	65	...	16·3	14
Madras				85 7	...	89 5	88 2	..	. ..	..	..	. ..	.			58	62	..	7 96	6
Vizagapatam	89 4	4·8	84 6	86 9	84·9	88·9	88 1	85·8	13-14th	92·0	9·5	8th	82·5	71	75	67	68	74	2 10	5
Akyab	92 9	15·3	77·6	85 3	80 7	88 0	88·8	83·9	1st	97·0	24·0	25-26th	73 0	79	90	72	72	83	8·08	11
False Point	...	...	...	85·4	83 5	86 3	87·2	84·7	. ..	..	..	...	...	83	85	82	81	85	2·00	2
Cuttack	103·9	23·1	80·8	89 1	82 0	93·4	96·6	84 4	21st	111·2	36 6	30th	74·6	65	82	54	46	77	4·09	7
Sangor Island	89 4	7 1	82 3	85 9	83 3	87·9	88 5	84·2	5 th	91 8	19 9	30th	71·9	82	86	78	77	86	3 65	4
Chittagong	90·8	15·4	75 4	83 5	77 8	86 4	87·5	82·3	8th	94 2	25 6	22nd	68 6	79	90	71	71	84	17 66	13
Calcutta	96·0	15 5	80 5	87 4	81 3	90·2	94 4	83 4	19th	101 5	28 6	1st	72 9	74	88	60	57	83	1 16	6
Burdwan	102 4	27 4	75·0	87 7	...	93 3	100·4	...	19th	112 0	51·0	1st	61·0	...	...	58	42	.	3 95	7
Jessore	91·8	15 5	76 3	84 8	78 5	86 9	89 6	80 4	3rd	101·9	34·9	1st	70 0	.	..	66	55	..	5 88	13
Dacca	87 5	15·6	72·0	79·5	...	86 6	84 7	...	6th	93 2	27·2	19th	66 6	84	...	80	73	...	19 21	23
Silchar	103 4	26 3	77 1	89·7	...	95 3	98·8	..	19 22nd	107·0	37·0	1st	70 0	28	..	22	17	..	1 18	4
Berhampore	104·1	22 5	81 6	91 3	...	91 8	102·2	...	18-19th	113 5	40 5	1st	73·0	..	.	77	62	...	3 97	7
Gya	110·0	25 9	84 1	97 3	...	103··	106 4	...	10th	114 2	36·0	26th	78·2	..	.	46	43	..	0·07	1
Patna	108 1	27 8	80 3	94 1	...	97 1	105··	...	18th	113 8	39·2	1st	74·6	34	.	34	15	..	Nil	.
Monghyr	110·0	23·8	78 2	89 7	...	92·7	101·4	.	9th	109·4	38 2	24th	71 2	.	.	44	30	.	1·76	3
Darjeeling	69·0	15 4	53 6	60·7	55 2	64·4	65·2	75·7	6th	74 0	23 6	26th	50 4	81	90	72	72	90	3·05	13
Seebsangor	79 6	9·0	70 6	74·3	...	74 0	78 5	..	31st	90·2	22 4	9th	67 8	89	...	91	82	...	29 75	26
Goalparah	84 9	14 5	70 4	77 9	...	78 1	83 6	..	8th	93 8	27 8	20th	66·0	83	.	87	75	...	20·60	25
Benares	111 0	30 6	80·4	95 4	83 6	101 7	107 7	89 6	27th	115·0	41·8	7th	73 2	29	41	23	16	37	Nil	
Roorkee	104 9	30 9	74 0	90 6	76·8	96 8	103·2	85 7	9th	110 6	45 9	3-4th	64 7	27	42	22	13	32	0·33	3

CALCUTTA—MAY 1874.

Mean barometric pressures of 16 years	29 656	Mean temperature of 16 years	86·0	Mean humidity of 16 years	73
Ditto ditto of 1874	29 649	Ditto ditto of 1874	87 4	Ditto ditto of 1874	74
Excess in 1874	·046	Excess in 1874	1 4	Excess in 1874	1
				Mean rainfall of 16 years	5 78
				Actual fall in 1874	1 16
				Defect in 1874	4 67

CALCUTTA,
The 11th July 1874.

W. G. WILSON,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt of Bengal.

Mean Pressures and Temperatures of the preceding Table reduced to Sea-level, with Anemometric Results and Observations of Sky Serenity.

STATIONS.	Mean barometric pressures reduced to sea-level.	Mean temperature reduced to sea-level.	WIND. North.	North-East.	East.	South-East.	South.	South-West.	West.	North-West.	Variable.	Calm.	Percentage and Resultant.	Mean velocity daily.	Mean serenity.
Port Blair ...	29·704	81·3	2	1	2	22	2	33	...	...	...	...	62 S, 8 W	250·9	4·49
Nancowry ...	29·611	78·7	...	...	...	2	6	34	19	...	...	...	86 S, 53 W	241·9	1·28
Madras ...	29·714	85·7	1	1	3	20	9	16	6	5	...	...	48 S, 6 W	261·9	...
Vizagapatam ...	29·680	86·9	...	3	14	14	33	19	38	3	...	...	48 S, 28 W	126·4	6·24
Akyab ...	29·740	85·3	4	6	8	10	19	42	31	4	...	...	51 S, 45 W	*96·3	4·93
False Point ...	29·663	85·4	...	1	...	5	20	36	5	...	1	6	84 S, 36 W	...	...
Cuttack ...	29·643	89·3	...	2	3	6	46	51	6	1	...	9	73 S, 29 E	165·2	6·42
Saugor Island ...	29·680	85·9	...	...	1	7	60	55	...	1	...	...	87 S, 18 W	439·1	3·72
Chittagong ...	29·736	93·7	4	8	14	32	27	31	7	...	...	1	51 S, 12 E	212·8	5·87
Calcutta ...	29·627	87·4	...	...	5	9	75	31	3	1	...	...	84 S, 8 W	256·5	...
Burdwan ...	29·598	88·0	1	...	4	2	21	18	13	1	...	3	63 S, 31 W	229·5	7·68
Jessore ...	29·618	87·5	...	...	...	8	29	22	2	1	...	...	89 S, 14 W	148·3	7·25
Dacca ...	29·656	83·8	1	10	2	19	62	18	...	1	...	11	64 S, 7 E	228·4	4·65
Silchar ...	29·718	79·7	8	6	14	11	5	2	5	9	...	2	22 N, 72 E	107·3	3·55
Hazareebagh ...	29·558	94·1	...	1	3	3	3	8	21	22	...	1	59 N, 81 W	204·6	7·65
Berhampore ...	29·593	91·4	3	2	6	8	13	20	5	4	...	1	44 S, 19 W	226·3	2·90
Gya ...	29·532	96·1	9	...	1	...	...	1	33	4	...	...	78 N, 73 W	119·9	9·68
Patna ...	29·559	94·5	1	2	16	8	2	6	24	3	...	...	17 S, 45 W	143·2	8·40
Monghyr ...	29·563	90·0	4	14	7	13	...	...	10	14	...	...	26 N, 23 E	97·8	8·29
Darjeeling ...	.....	.....	2	11	25	11	9	23	30	11	...	2	17 S, 41 W	...	3·42
Seebsaugor ...	.....	.....	30	11	3	1	3	4	2	4	...	4	55 N, 6 E	109·9	1·45
Gowalparah ...	29·664	78·8	5	15	26	5	1	1	1	4	...	4	61 N, 70 E	174·9	5·03
Benares ...	29·649	96·0	2	5	2	...	...	3	41	9	...	...	78 N, 77 W	197·3	...
Roorkee ...	29·525	92·6	...	5	...	1	1	3	...	64	...	49	51 N, 44 W	77·8	8·97

NOTE.

Barometric Pressure.—The pressures in column 2 of the above table for all stations below 500 feet are reduced from those given in column 3 of the table on the previous page by adding the weight of a column of air of the temperatures given in column 17. For stations above 500 feet elevation the reduction is made by Dippe's tables, as given in Guyot's "Meteorological and Physical Tables." The temperatures at the sea-level are taken from column 3 of the above table.

Temperature.—The temperatures in column 3 are reduced from those in column 17 on the preceding page by adding 1° Fahrenheit for every 450 feet.

Wind Resultant.—The resultant wind direction and its comparative predominance are calculated from the whole number of wind observations recorded during the month. The relative predominance in the direction of the resultant is given as a percentage of the whole number of observations. The direction is computed in the usual way by Lambert's formula.

Serenity.—This column gives the average proportion of unclouded sky; a cloudless sky being indicated by 10, and one completely overcast by 0.

The above, being all comparable, afford the data for constructing a meteorological chart for the month, which shall show the isobaric and isothermal lines and the resultant wind directions, which last may be represented by arrows of varying length, proportioned to the prevalence of the wind. To these may be added the rainfall from the previous tables.

CALCUTTA,
The 11th July 1874.

W. G. WILLSON,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, from 1st to 7th July 1874.

Month.	Date.	Mean reduced barometer.	Thermometer.			Mean dry bulb.	Mean wet bulb.	Computed mean dew-point.	Mean degree of humidity.	Wind.			Rain.	Moon's phases.	General Remarks.
			Highest reading.	Lowest reading.	Max. solar radiation.					Prevailing direction.	Max. pressure.	Daily velocity.			
		Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	°			lb	Miles	In.		
July ...	1st	29·685	90·0	80·0	137·8	83·8	80·4	78·0	0·83	S by E & S S E	...	116·6	0·04	...	Cirri, cumuli and overcast. Thunder between 1 and 2 P.M. Light rain at 12½ A.M., 1½ and 6 P.M.
	2nd	·677	92·0	80·0	151·0	84·9	80·4	77·2	·78	S S E & S	...	84·4	0·08	...	Cirrocumuli and cirri, cumuli & clear. Slight rain between 9 and 10 A.M.
	3rd	·657	88·4	80·0	134·0	83·6	79·9	77·3	·82	S by E.	...	153·3	0·21	...	Clear, cirri, and cumuli. Slight rain at 9 and 12 A.M.
	4th	·601	91·0	79·6	137·0	84·2	80·4	77·7	·81	S by E & S	...	137·2	0·04	...	Cirri and cirrostrati and cumuli. Sheet lightning on W between 9 and 10 P.M. Light rain at 7, 9½ and 10 A.M.
	5th	·586	87·8	81·0	120·0	84·1	80·7	78·3	·83	S & S S W	...	166·0	0·02	...	Cirri cumuli and overcast. Thunder at 10½ A.M. Sheet lightning on S W between 10 and 11 P.M. Light rain at 7½, 9½, 10¼ and 11 A.M.
	6th	·563	87·5	81·2	128·5	84·1	81·0	78·8	·85	S S W	0·6	223·4	...	☾	Cirri, cumuli & stratoni. Sheet lightning on S W from midnight to 2 A.M.,
	7th	·588	92·3	80·5	141·2	85·7	80·8	77·4	·77	S S W	1·2	240·3	...	...	Cirri and cumuli and stratoni Sheet lightning on N W between 7 and 8 P.M.

The mean barometer, as likewise the dry and wet bulb thermometer means, are derived from the twenty-four hourly observations made during the day.

The dew-point is computed with the Greenwich constants. The figures in column 10 represent the humidity of the air, the complete saturation of which being taken at unity. The receiver of the lower rain gauge is 1½ feet, and that of the anemometer 70 feet 10 inches above the level of the ground. The velocity of wind, as indicated by Robinson's anemometer, is registered from noon to noon.

		°
The extreme variation of temperature during the past seven days	...	12·7
The maximum temperature during the past seven days	...	92·3
The maximum temperature during the corresponding period of the past year	...	91·7
The mean humidity during the past seven days	...	0·81
The mean humidity during the corresponding period of the past year	...	0·87
		Inches.
The total fall of rain from 1st to 7th ... by lower rain gauge	...	0·39
The total fall of rain from 1st to 7th ... by anemometer gauge	...	0·29
Ditto ditto ditto, average of twenty previous years	...	3·17
Ditto ditto between the 1st January and the 7th July	...	16·29
Ditto ditto ditto, average of twenty previous years	...	27·28

GOPEENAUTH SEN,
In charge of the Observatory.

The 13th July 1874.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT,—BENGAL.

GENERAL ESTABLISHMENT.—No. 248.—*The 13th July* 1874.

Statement showing heights over mean sea-level and low water on Rivers Ganges, Bhagiruthee, and Brahmapooter during the month of June 1874.

Date.	Miles.	River Ganges.														River Bhagiruthee.				Brahmapooter.	
		Benares.		Buxar.		Dinapore.		Monghyr.		Sahebgunge.		Rampore Bauleah.		Goalundo.		Berhampore.		Kishnaghur.		Gowhatty.	
				90.		177.	87.	297.	110.	381.	94.	471.	90.	891.	120.			70.			
	Distance.			From Benares		From Benares	From Buxar	From Benares	From Dinapore	From Benares	From Monghyr	From Benares	From Sahebgunge	From Benares	From Rampore Bauleah			From Berhampore.			
		Height over low water.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height below low water.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over low water.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height below low water.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height below low water.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over low water.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over low water.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height below low water.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height below low water.	Height over mean sea-level.	Height over low water.	Height over mean sea-level.
1st		0'0"	166'66	1'34"	141'30	1'5"	100'44	0'11"	67'05	0'11"	42'91	13'10"	21'77	3"	33'71	2"	8'39	21'11"	139'36
2nd		0'0"	166'66	1'0"	141'30	1'4"	100'42	0'10"	67'16	0'11"	42'91	13'0"	21'89	3"	33'75	2"	8'39	20'0"	138'76
3rd		0'7"	166'74	1'74"	141'58	1'4"	100'53	0'11"	67'06	1'0"	43'00	13'0"	21'89	2"	33'58	2"	8'63	19'0"	137'76
4th		0'0"	166'23	1'11"	141'30	1'3"	100'30	0'9"	67'25	1'0"	42'00	13'6"	22'44	2"	33'56	1"	8'71	18'0"	136'76
5th		0'0"	166'91	1'11"	141'96	1'2"	100'99	0'1"	67'91	1'0"	43'00	13'2"	22'10	1"	33'52	1"	8'67	16'11"	135'66
								above.													
6th		0'5"	166'91	1'114"	141'96	1'0"	100'85	0'1"	68 06	1'4"	43'28	13'0"	21'94	1"	33'48	1"	8'67	16'6"	134'76
7th		0'5"	166'31	2'0"	142'00	0'9"	101'04	0'0"	68 04	1'0"	43'00	12'6"	21'44	0"	32'46	0"	8'34	15'21"	133'36
8th		0'5"	166'91	2'31"	142'27	0'8"	101'31	0'3"	68'35	2'1"	44'00	12'2"	21'10	0"	32'46	0"	8'34	15'0"	133'76
9th		0'5"	166'91	2'104"	142'85	0'4"	101'52	0'6"	68'50	2'5"	44'25	11'6"	20'44	1"	33'62	0"	8'29	14'5"	133'16
						above.															
10th		0'3"	166'07	3'34"	143 28	0'2"	102'01	0'11"	68'91	2'6"	44'41	11'5"	20'38	2"	33'62	0"	8'29	13'91"	132'46
		above.																			
11th		0'7"	166'99	3'113"	144'78	0'61"	102'39	1'7"	69'58	2'7"	44'58	11'5"	20'38	0"	33'80	0"	8'25	13'71"	132'36
12th		1'3"	170'48	4'114"	144'96	2'4"	104'18	2'3"	70'25	3'3"	45'16	11'5"	20'38	11"	33'31	0"	8'25	14'10"	132'36
13th		1'5"	170'73	5'104"	145'86	2'5"	105'36	2'6"	71'50	3'10"	45'83	11'8"	20'60	1'31"	33'89	0"	8'42	15'0"	134'26
14th		2'0"	173'02	6'61"	146'52	4'0"	105'85	3'1"	73'06	4'7"	46'58	11'91"	20'64	1'74"	34'00	0"	8'59	17'0"	135'76
15th		4'9"	173 87	6'104"	146'86	4'71"	106'45	3'3"	73'16	5'11"	47'01	12'01"	20'98	2'0"	34'20	0"	8'59	18'6"	137'26
16th		4'9"	174'07	7'0"	147'76	5'3"	107'01	3'6"	74'78	6'11"	48'01	12'0"	21'00	2'6"	35'73	0"	9'13	19'21"	138'06
17th		5'1"	174'44	7'114"	147'96	6'0"	107'62	7'3"	78'16	7'0"	48'50	12'6"	23'44	4'3"	36'65	0"	9'34	20'0"	138'76
18th		4'11"	174'23	7'91"	147'79	6'3"	108'29	9'3"	78'00	8'6"	50'00	14'2"	23'10	5'1"	37'48	0"	9'63	20'91"	139'65
19th		5'0"	174'23	7'91"	147'93	6'0"	108'35	9'10"	76'33	8'6"	50 80	14'10"	23'77	6'04"	38'44	0"	9'74	21'0"	170'26
20th		5'0"	174'23	7'91"	147'93	6'01"	108'39	9'2"	77'16	9'3"	51 25	15'3"	24'19	7'1"	39'48	0"	9'86	22'91"	170'96
21st		6'0"	175'23	8'9"	148'62	6'10"	108'68	9'7"	77'58	9'6"	51'50	15'6"	24'30	7'11"	40'31	1'0"	10'29	22'6"	171'26
22nd		7'11"	177 23	8'104"	148'85	7'4"	109'18	9'6"	77'80	9'9"	51'75	16'0"	24'91	8'4"	40'73	3'1"	11'37	23'71"	171'36
23rd		8'4"	178'55	9'114"	149'96	7'91"	109'64	9'6"	77'50	9'10"	51'83	16'31"	25'23	8'84"	40'94	3'4"	12'12	23'91"	171'56
24th		9'6"	178'82	10'91"	150'79	8'9"	110'60	10'0"	78'00	10'0"	53'00	16'6"	25'44	8'84"	41'16	3'8"	11'36	23'6"	172'16
25th		10'1"	179'40	11'54"	151'48	8'8"	111'51	10'10"	78'83	10'3"	52'25	16'8"	25'60	9'04"	41'44	3'0"	11'79	25'11"	172'66
26th		11'11"	181'33	11'11"	151'90	10'84"	112'55	11'10"	79 88	10'10"	53'83	16'104"	25'81	10'0"	42'40	3'0"	11'79	24'9"	173'26
27th		13'10"	183'18	12'11"	153'90	11'11"	113'76	13'3"	81'28	11'9"	53'75	17'21"	26'14	11'0"	43'40	5'0"	14'14	25'21"	173'86
28th		15'11"	186'23	17'0"	157'00	12'11"	114'76	14'7"	82'58	12'6"	54'50	17'51"	26'80	12'64"	44'46	5'10"	17'03	25'91"	174'46
29th		20'1"	189'40	19'11"	159'10	17'0"	115'85	16'3"	84'18	13'4"	55'25	17'10"	26'77	13'0"	45'20	9'0"	18'45	26'0"	174'76
30th		21'6"	190'82	20'10"	160'82	19'10"	121'66	19'0"	87'00	15'2"	57'41	18'3"	27'19	15'8"	46'06	9'8"	18'45	26'6"	175'26

J. E. T. NICOLLS, *Colonel*, R.E.,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. Department.

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

NALHATI STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 27th June 1874, on 27¼ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.			Merchandise and Mineral Traffic			Total traffic receipts
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.		Weight carried.	Receipts.		
		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	
Total traffic for the week	1,532	1,059 0 0	105 18 0	7,616 0	318 0 0	31 16 0	137 14 0
Or per mile of railway ...	56	39 0 0	3 18 0	279 0	19 0 0	1 18 0	5 16 0
For previous 25 weeks of half-year.	35,119	27,051 0 0	2,705 2 0	204,968 0	1,551 0 0	1,555 2 0	4,260 4 0
Total for 26 weeks ...	36,651	28,811 0 0	2,811 0 0	212,584 0	16,069 0 0	1,606 18 0	4,417 18 0
Comparison							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	1,510	1,074 7 11	107 8 11	7,248 30	473 3 5	47 6 5	154 15 4
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year ..	55	39 6 11	3 18 10	265 30	17 5 10	1 14 9	5 13 7
Total to corresponding date of previous year	41,807	31,341 6 9	3,134 3 3	180,256 15	14,158 9 2	1,415 17 1	4,550 0 4

CALCUTTA AND SOUTH-EASTERN STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for last 3 days of June ended 30th June 1874, on 28 miles open.

		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week	2,549	358 0 0	35 16 0	7,926 0	248 0 0	24 16 0	60 12 0
Or per mile of railwar ..	91	12 8 0	1 5 0	283 0	9 0 0	0 18 0	2 3 0
For previous 26 weeks of half-year	228,055	33,500 0 0	3,350 18 0	4,63,988 0	15,651 0 0	1,565 2 0	4,915 0 0
Total for 27 weeks	230,604	33,867 0 0	3,386 14 0	4,71,914 0	15,899 0 0	1,589 18 0	4,976 12 0
Comparison							
Total for corresponding week of previous year ..	1,382	358 5 3	35 16 8	4,495 0	409 9 9	40 19 3	76 15 11
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year	49	12 12 9	1 5 7	161 0	17 13 5	1 15 8	3 1 3
Total to corresponding date of previous year ..	197,043	30,620 10 0	3,062 13 3	6,76,977 0	22,029 0 9	2,202 18 3	5,265 11 6

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY—MAIN LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for last 3 days of June 1874, on 1,280 miles open

		Rs A P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs A P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the three days ...	46,418	75,686 14 0	6,898 3 0	387,869 30	*1,95,787 5 9	17,943 11 10	24,830 14 10
Or per mile of railwai		59 2 1	5 6 5		153 14 9	14 0 4	19 8 9
For previous 25¼ weeks of half-year	2,883,172	40,70,144 14 11	374,096 12 4	3,77,82,620 10	1,68,03,063 10 11	1,494,630 16 9	1,867,727 0 1
Total for 25¾ weeks ..	2,929,590	41,45,833 12 11	380,094 15 4	3,81,40,495 0	1,69,00,851 0 8	1,512,574 8 7	1,892,558 4 11
Comparison							
Total for corresponding 2 days of previous year	31,110	76,983 5 7	3,385 11 2	1,93,947 0	76,293 5 7	6,990 16 2	10,376 7 4
Per mile of railwai, corresponding 2 days of previous year ...		28 13 8	2 12 11	. .	59 9 4	5 9 3	8 2 2
Total to corresponding date of previous year .	3,011,948	41,42,770 4 1	380,396 12 2	2,01,67,184 10	97,55,822 15 8	8,94,235 8 10	1,274,631 1 0

* Rs 28,362-1-6 added on account of estimated proportion of freight on food-grains due by Government for this period
Rs 20,900 added on account of difference between approximate and audited returns of previous weeks

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY—JUBBULPORE LINE

Approximate Return of Traffic for last 3 days of June 1874, on 223½ miles open.

		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs	Rs. A P	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the 3 days ..	4,900	5,447 15 6	774 7 11	25 717 10	*13,300 4 6	1,327 10 6	2,011 18 5
Or per mile of railway . .		37 12 9	3 9 3		60 6 6	5 10 9	9 0 0
For previous 25¼ weeks of half-year	120,631	4,02,634 7 11	36,907 4 11	24,42,808 0	9,80,401 1 6	89,870 2 0	126,777 6 11
Total for 25¾ weeks ...	125,531	4,11,073 7 5	37,681 12 10	24,68,525 10	9,93,901 6 0	91,197 12 6	128,789 5 4
Comparison.							
Total for corresponding 2 days of previous year	1,120	2,737 3 3	249 19 10	22,439 0	5,500 3 3	504 3 7	745 3 5
Per mile of railway, corresponding 2 days of previous year	..	12 3 3	1 2 5		24 9 9	2 5 1	3 7 6
Total to corresponding date of previous year ..	127,826	3,70,824 0 2	34,317 0 4	20,81,450 20	5,70,725 15 3	56,966 10 11	87,683 11 3

* Rs. 5,301-2 added on account of estimated proportion of freight on food-grains due by Government for this period.

NALHATI STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the last 3 days of June 1874, on 27¼ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.			Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.			Total traffic receipts.
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.		Weight carried.	Receipts.		
		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the last 3 days	616	433 0 0	43 6 0	2,031 0	204 0 0	20 8 0	63 14 0
Or per mile of railway	23	16 0 0	1 12 0	75 0	7 0 0	0 14 0	2 6 0
For previous 26 weeks of half-year	30,651	28,110 0 0	2,811 0 0	212,584 0	16,069 0 0	1,606 18 0	4,417 18 0
Total for 26 weeks and 3 days	37,267	28,543 0 0	2,854 6 0	214,615 0	16,273 0 0	1,627 6 0	4,481 12 0
Comparison.							
Total for corresponding last 3 days previous year	483	395 2 2	39 10 3	100 0	224 13 4	22 9 6	61 19 11
Per mile of railway, corresponding last 3 days of previous year	17	14 8 0	1 9 0	3 27	8 4 0	0 16 6	2 5 6
Total to corresponding date of previous year	43,260	31,736 8 11	3,173 13 6	180,356 15	14,383 6 6	1,438 8 9	4,612 2 3

EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for last 3 days of June 1874, on 158¼ miles open.

		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week	10,435	7,344 10 0	673 5 2	70,743 20	12,222 13 10	11,20 3 7	1,793 13 9
Or per mile of railway	66	46 6 7	4 5 1	447 0	77 4 9	7 1 7	11 6 8
For previous 26 weeks of half-year	783,177½	5,46,032 8 0	50,053 2 4	35,70,645 9	12,04,219 0 0	111,973 3 5	162,026 4 9
Total for the half-year	793,613½	5,53,377 2 0	50,726 7 6	36,50,388 29	12,16,441 13 10	13,093 11 0	163,819 18 6
Comparison.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	8,732	5,741 12 9	526 6 8	37,750 0	44,214 15 5	4,033 0 10	4,579 7 6
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year	56	36 11 0	3 7 3	241 0	282 8 5	25 18 0	29 3 8
Total to corresponding date of previous year	926,110	6,26,856 15 8	57,460 1 3	40,04,739 25	804,515 2 3	73,746 16 10	131,206 18 1

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY—MAIN LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for first 4 days of July 1874, on 1,280 miles open.

		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for 4 days	67,615	90,160 8 0	7,346 0 11	5,48,318 10	*2,58,482 2 9	23,689 13 4	31,037 13 3
Or per mile of railway	.....	62 10 0	5 14 10	.....	201 14 5	18 10 2	24 5 6
For previous weeks of half-year	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for 4 days	67,615	90,160 8 0	7,346 0 11	5,48,318 10	2,58,482 2 9	23,689 13 4	31,037 13 3
Comparison.							
Total for corresponding 5 days of previous year	79,612	92,699 7 7	8,497 9 0	4,27,256 10	1,92,693 8 1	17,663 11 5	26,161 0 5
Per mile of railway, corresponding 5 days of previous year	.....	72 6 9	6 12 9	.....	150 8 8	13 16 0	20 3 8
Total to corresponding date of previous year	79,612	92,699 7 7	8,497 9 0	4,27,256 10	1,92,693 8 1	17,663 11 5	26,161 0 5

* Rs. 58,756-13-6 added on account of estimated proportion of freight on food-grains due by Government for this period.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY—JUBBULPORE LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for first 4 days of July 1874, on 223½ miles open.

		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for 4 days	2,318	7,463 2 0	684 2 5	34,787 30	*15,571 14 6	1,427 8 5	2,111 10 10
Or per mile of railway	.....	33 6 3	3 1 2	.....	69 19 9	6 7 9	9 9 11
For previous weeks of half-year	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for 4 days	2,318	7,463 2 0	684 2 5	34,787 30	15,571 14 6	1,427 8 5	2,111 10 10
Comparison.							
Total for corresponding 5 days of previous year	2,680	5,968 3 4	547 1 8	27,726 0	8,026 6 6	735 15 1	1,282 16 9
Per mile of railway, corresponding 5 days of previous year	.....	26 11 3	2 9 0	.....	35 14 7	3 5 10	5 14 10
Total to corresponding date of previous year	2,680	5,968 3 4	547 1 8	27,726 0	8,026 6 6	735 15 1	1,282 16 2

* Rs. 7,463-3 added on account of estimated proportion of freight on food-grains due by Govt. for this period.

EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for first 4 days of July 1874 on 158½ miles open.

	Coaching Traffic.			Merchandise and Mineral Traffic.			Total traffic receipts.
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.		Weight carried.	Receipts.		
		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week ...	15,747½	9,960 7 9	913 2 7	80,910 24	8,165 6 2	748 9 9	1,660 12 4
Or per mile of railway	100	63 14 1	5 15 8	511 0	51 9 4	4 14 7	10 9 10
For previous 26 weeks of half-year...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total for one week	15,747½	9,960 7 9	913 2 7	80,910 24	8,165 6 2	748 9 9	1,660 12 4
Comparison.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	24,064½	14,536 14 8	1,333 10 11	91,088 18	16,434 10 8	1,505 11 11	2,838 3 10
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year ..	154	92 14 2	8 10 8	582 0	104 15 2	9 12 5	18 2 8
Total to corresponding date of previous year	.....	.....	.....	... .	.....	.....	... ..

NALHATI STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the first ended 4 days of July 1874 on 27½ miles open.

		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the first 4 days	704	804 0 0	80 8 0	2,922 0	196 0 0	19 10 0	99 18 0
Or per mile of railway	26	18 0 0	1 16 0	106 0	7 0 0	0 14 0	3 10 0
For previous weeks of half-year...	.....	.....	.....	... .	.....	.....	.... .
Total for first 4 days	704	804 0 0	80 8 0	2,922 0	196 0 0	19 10 0	99 18 0
Comparison.							
Total for corresponding week of previous years.	956	644 0 1	64 8 0	2,562 0	185 8 6	18 11 1	82 19 1
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year.	35	23 10 2	2 7 8	94 0	6 12 11	0 13 7	3 0 16
Total to corresponding date of previous years.	956	644 0 1	64 8 0	2,562 0	185 8 6	0 11 1	82 19 1

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WEDNESDAY, JULY 22, 1874.

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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Lieut.-Governor of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, &c.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

REVENUE AND GENERAL DEPARTMENTS.

No. 2060C.S.

GENERAL.—*The 17th July* 1874.—Mr. Lancelot Hare, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Dacca, is transferred to Bankoora for employment on relief work.

The 18th July 1874.—Mr. Frederick John Rosslewin Walker, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Purneah, was absent on leave from the 14th February to the 26th April 1874, under Section 3, Supplement F, of the Civil Leave Code.

The leave for two months granted to Baboo Golock Chunder Roy, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Noakhally, recently transferred to Chittagong, under orders of the 25th May last, is cancelled at his own request.

The 20th July 1874.—Mr. Behary Lall Gupta, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, on special duty at Rughoonathpore, is transferred to the Sudder Station of Manbhoom.

The 21st July 1874.—Mr. John Revans Hallett, M.A., Acting Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Jessore, is allowed furlough for two years under Section 10(*a*), clause 2nd of the Civil Leave Code, together with the usual subsidiary leave for a period not exceeding thirty days.

Mr. Robert John Richardson, C.S., reported his departure from India on leave on the 17th July 1874.

The services of Mr. Henry Mortimer Durand, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Monghyr, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India in the Foreign Department.

Captain J. Johnstone was appointed to have charge of the Political Agency, Naga Hills, during the absence on special duty of Captain J. Butler, or until further orders, on the 19th December 1873.

POLICE.—*The 17th July* 1874.—Mr. Colman Patrick Louis Macaulay, M.A., C.S., acting District Superintendent of Police, Midnapore, is transferred to Bankoora for employment on relief work.

The 21st July 1874.—The following District Superintendents of Police are posted to the Districts mentioned against the name of each, viz.—

Mr. James Horatio Reily, to Howrah.
" William Parry Davis, to Hazareebagh.
Captain William Wheler Hume, to Bogra.
Mr. Marcus Burgh Rochfort, to Tipperah.
" William Dering Pratt, to Hooghly.
" Robert Hamilton Grant Irvine, to Bankoora.
" John Masters, to Maldah.
" George Morsely McMullen Ridsdale, to Rungpore.
" Charles Jennings, to Sylhet.
" Henry Neville Harris, to Jessore.

Mr. Colman Patrick Lowis Macaulay, M.A., C.S., District Superintendent of Police, is posted to Midnapore, but to continue temporarily to be employed on relief duty in Bankoora.

REGISTRATION.—*The 20th July* 1874.—Moulvie Ghulam Kibriya is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Comercolly in Nuddea, *vice* Baboo Tarini Churn Sanyal, resigned.

EDUCATION.—*The 18th July* 1874.—Mr. S. Lobb, M.A., Principal of the Kishnaghur College, reported his departure from India on leave on the 1st instant.

The 21st July 1874.—Mr. W. S. Atkinson, M.A., Director of Public Instruction, is allowed leave for 2 months and 5 days under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 10th August 1874.

Mr. James Sutcliffe, M.A., is appointed to act as Director of Public Instruction during the absence on leave of Mr. W. S. Atkinson, or until further orders.

Mr. C. H. Tawney, M.A., is appointed to act as Principal of the Presidency College and to act in the 1st class of the Bengal Educational Service, *vice* Mr. J. Sutcliffe.

Mr. J. W. McCrindle, M.A., Principal of the Patna College, is appointed to act in the 2nd class of the Bengal Educational Service, *vice* Mr. C. H. Tawney.

Mr. Alfred Ewbank, M.A., Professor, Patna College, is appointed to act in the 3rd class of the Bengal Educational Service, *vice* Mr. J. W. McCrindle.

MARINE.—*The 21st July* 1874.—Mr. F. Laycock, River Surveyor, Hooghly, is allowed leave for two months, under Section 21, chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 25th instant.

MEDICAL.—*The 18th July* 1874.—The members of the town committee of Nyehattee, in the 24-Pergunnahs, for the time being, are appointed to be ex-officio members of the committee for the management of the Charitable Dispensary established at that station.

The 14th July 1874.—The following gentlemen are appointed to be members of the Committee for the management of the Charitable Dispensary at Bundipore, in Hooghly, viz.—

Baboo Koilash Chunder Mookerjee, Talookdar.
" Prosunno Coomar Ghuttack, Banker.
" Chunder Nath Mookerjee, Medical Practitioner.
" Deno Nath Roy, Accountant and Clerk in the firm of Messrs. Bagrom and Company.
" Rammoy Roy, Landholder.
" Behari Lall Ghose, Proprietor of lakhiraj lands.
" Prio Gopal Mittre, Teacher.
" Kartick Kaomar Mittre, Salt Merchant, Banker, Landowner, &c.
" Essur Chunder Mookerjee, Landowner.
" Koilash Chunder Chuckerbutty, Banker.
" Kali Nath Chuckerbutty, Priest.
" Gogun Chunder Bhattacharjee, Tehsildar of the Zemindars of Bundipore.

The 18th July 1874.—Surgeon-Major Rajendro Chundra Chundra, M.D., is allowed one week's subsidiary leave to enable him to join his appointment on his return from furlough.

MUNICIPAL.—*The 18th July* 1874.—Baboo Boikunt Nath Koondoo is appointed to be a Municipal Commissioner for the town of Midnapore, *vice* Baboo Roma Nath Rokhit, deceased.

ROAD CESS.—*The 18th July* 1874.—Baboo Srinath Roy, Zemindar and Merchant, is appointed to be a member of the Dacca Road Cess Committee, under Section 49, Act X (B.C.) of 1871.

The 21st July 1874.—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to appoint, under Section 49, Act X (B.C.) of 1871, the following gentlemen to be members of the District Road Cess Committees of Bankoora and Beerbhoom, viz.—

Bankoora.

The Magistrate and Collector	.. .. ..	*Ex-officio.*
Mr. J. O. B. Sceales	.. ..	Manager, Indigo Factory, *Vice-Chairman.*
„ R. H.-G. Irvine	.. ..	District Superintendent of Police.
Baboo Kanti Chunder Chatterjee	..	Deputy Magistrate.
„ Ram Lall Misser	.. ..	Zemindar.
„ Bani Madhub Banerjee	..	Ditto.
„ Mohesh Chunder Banerjee	..	Ditto.
„ Radha Bullub Singh	.. ..	Ditto.
„ Nudear Chand Roy	.. ..	Landholder.
Mr. J. L. Reuss	.. ..	Proprietor of Stone Quarries, Susunia.

Beerbhoom.

The Magistrate and Collector „ Senior Covenanted Assistant to the Magistrate and Collector	.. .. ..	*Ex officio.*
Mr. W. Campbell	.. ..	District Superintendent of Police.
„ J. T. Simpson	..	Executive Engineer.
Baboo Mohini Mohun Chuckerbutty	..	Deputy Magistrate.
„ Koolada Prosad Sen	.. ..	Head Clerk and Deputy Collector.
Mr. N. J. Campbell	.. ..	Indigo Planter.
„ F. F. Reid	.. ..	Manager, Hitampore Estate.
„ G. V. Jones	.. ..	„ Silk Concern.
Baboo Gopessur Sen	.. ..	Zemindar.
„ Kenaram Ghose	.. ..	Ditto.
„ Ramkisto Dutt	.. ..	Ditto.
„ Preo Nath Ghose	.. ..	Ditto.
„ Ram Runjun Chuckerbutty	..	Ditto.
„ Protab Chunder Sing	.. ..	Ditto.
„ Dukhina Runjun Mookerjee	..	Ditto.
„ Poolin Behary Singh	.. ..	Ditto.
Meah Abdoosobhan	.. ..	Ditto.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 13th July 1874.—Baboo Shumboo Nath Ghose, Vernacular Licentiate Class Native Doctor, lately attached to the Dinagepore Jail, is dismissed from the service of Government on account of misconduct, and is declared unfit for future employment under Government in any capacity.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 24th June 1874.—In modification of the notification dated 5th May 1874, it is hereby declared that so much of the notification dated 15th November 1873 as declared, *1st*, that "all that portion of thana Chilmaree lying to the east of the Teesta and including the small tract on the east bank of the Brahmapooter, shall be detached from the Gyebanda sub-division and will be formed into an outpost with head-quarters at Chilmaree, and be attached to the Olipore thana; *2ndly*, that outpost Sundergunge, detached from Olipore thana, will be attached to the Gyebanda sub-division, and together with that portion of thana Chilmaree lying west of the Teesta will be formed into a thana with head-quarters at Sundergunge," will remain in force.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

BURDWAN DIVISION ..	Midnapore.	
RAJSHAHYE „	Dinagepore.	
	Maldah.	
	Rungpore.	
	Bogra.	
	Pubna.	

The 7th July 1874.—Under section 1 of Act X (B.C.) of 1871 (the District Road Cess Act), the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to extend the aforesaid Act to the districts noted in the margin, and to provide that the Act shall commence and take effect in those districts from the 1st of August 1874.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

RESOLUTION.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

MARINE.

CALCUTTA PORT TRUST.

The 29th June 1874.

READ a letter, No. 630, dated 10th June 1874, from the Port Trust Commissioners, submitting a proposal for extending the Strand Bank Road with wharfage between Aheereetollah Ghât and the northern boundary of the port.

Read also letter No. 647, dated 11th June 1874, from the Port Commissioners, applying for a loan of Rs. 2,50,000 for the above purpose.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor probable that the loan of Rs. 2,50,000 applied for in these letters ought to be made—

It is ordered that a copy of the application be published in the *Government Gazette*, as required by the fifth of the rules made by the Governor-General in Council in respect of loans under the Public Works Loan Act of 1871, and published on the 15th of October 1873.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 647, dated 6, Commercial Buildings, the 11th June 1874.

From—The Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta,
To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, General Department.

WE, the undersigned Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta, do hereby apply to His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for a loan, to be granted us under the provisions of Act XXIV of 1871 (the Public Works Loan Act). The particulars to be set forth in accordance with the rules published under the aforesaid Act are annexed hereto :—

(1.) The work for the construction or repair of which the loan is required,

and an estimate of the cost thereof.

The continuation of the river-side road and inland vessels' wharves between Aheereetollah Ghât and the northern boundary of the port.

The estimated total cost of the work, including cost of the land, is 13¼ lakhs, of which 4,37,000 have been expended. The portion now proposed to be constructed is estimated to cost 2½ lakhs.

(2.) The amount of loan applied for.

Rs. 2,50,000.

(3.) The funds, cesses, rates, duties, or taxes and the property, if any, on the security of which it is proposed that the loan shall be made.

The landing and shipping charges, wharf rents, and removal charges levied at the jetties and inland wharves; the jetties, quays, wharves, machinery, &c., &c., belonging to the Commissioners.

(4.) The law or laws under which the said funds, cesses, rates, duties, taxes, levied or received, and the title on which the said property is held.

Act V (B.C.) of 1870.

(5.) The period for which the loan is required—

30 years.

the number and amount of the instalments, if any, in which it is proposed the loan shall be made—

1 lakh.
1 „
½ „

dates proposed for receiving such instalments,

August 1st, 1874.
November „ „
January „ 1875.

and the instalments in which it is proposed to repay the loan.

In accordance with the provisions of Rule X of the rules published under the Act modified by clause (*d*) of the rule, the Commissioners will pay a fixed sum half-yearly on the 30th June and 31st December at the rate of Rs. 3,053-5 for each lakh of rupees borrowed. The table showing the proportion in which this half-yearly amount is divided between payment of interest and repayment of principal, which was forwarded with the Commissioners' letter No. 4785, dated 12th January 1874, will show that the terms of the rule above quoted are complied with, and that one-fifth of the amount borrowed will be repaid within ten years, one half within twenty years, and the whole within thirty years.

The ordinary income and expenditure of the Commissioners for 1871-72, 1872-73, and 1873-74, exclusive of repayment of loans :—

(6.) The proceeds of each of the funds, cesses, rates, duties, or taxes and all other incomes received by the Port Commissioners for the purposes of the Act.

	1871-72.	1872-73.	1873-74.
Gross receipts derived from jetties	3,63,707	4,09,440	4,21,773
„ inland wharves	1,98,456	2,01,834	2,10,755
„ Strand bank lands	73,260	79,118	81,590
„ port charges	4,49,111	5,43,020	4,26,974
	10,83,534	12,33,412	11,47,092
Expenditure at jetties	2,04,779	2,43,911	2,68 412
„ inland wharves ..	46,013	68,381	65,646
„ on account of Strand bank lands .	19,849	23,725	63,065
„ „ port establishments ..	2,80,939	3,95,168	3,85,477
	5,51,580	7,31,185	7,82,600

(7.) The value of the property, if any, offered as security.

Value of land south of Aheereetollah Ghât, measuring about 2,404 cottahs, at Rs 1,000 per cottah ...	24,04,000
Value of land already purchased for new wharves and road north of Aheereetollah Ghât, about ...	3 00,000
Value of buildings, jetties, cranes, and other appliances	34 83,473
Value of floating property, moorings, &c., belonging to the port	18,90,146
Value of investment in Government paper ...	4,29,775
Total ...	85,07,394

All existing prior charges on any source of income received for the purpose of Act V (B.C.) of 1870, or of any property vested in the Commissioners.

Amount of loan sanctioned.	AUTHORITY. Government of India Sanction. No.	Date.	Amount drawn.	Amount repaid.	Date of repayment.	Balance due.
10,00,000	Sanctioned by the assent of G. G. to Act V of 1870.		10,00,000	1,00,000	Aug. 1st, 1873...	9,00,000
6,00,000	374	18th Jan. 1873	6,00,000	9,750	June 30th and 31st Dec. 1873	5,90,251
5,49,100	477	27th Jan. 1873	3,00,000	2,410	Dec. 31st 1873	2,97,590
3,00,000	943	15th Feb. 1873	2,50,000	803	Ditto ..	2,49,197
2,00,000	1,386	27th Feb. 1873	2,00,000	803	Ditto ..	1,99,197
3,55,000	2,023	31st Mar. 1874	1,55,000	.....	.....	1,55,000
Port debt not repayable.						
17,65,000	1,832	7th July 1871	.....	.....	.....	17,65,000

We have, &c.,

(Sd.) V. H. SCHALH, *Chairman.*
„ W. D. BRUCE, *Vice-Chairman.*
„ J. C. MURRAY.
„ T. B RUSSEL.
„ J. R. BULLEN SMITH.
„ WM. SMITH.
„ DOORGA CHURN LAW.
„ S. HOGG.
„ T. B. LANE.
} *Commissioners.*

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 7th July 1874.—The notification dated 16th June 1874, directing the levy of the road cess from the 1st October 1874, and fixing the month of August 1874 for the meeting of the committee to prepare estimates of income and expenditure in the districts therein named, is hereby cancelled with reference to the district of Mymensingh.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 12th July 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction of a feeder road from Neetpore to Shátahár *vid* Mohadebpore and Nowgaon, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages Neetpore, Gopeenathpore, Sootroil, Shalapore, Kaleenogor Digheepara, Shoreegachee, Chak Gopal, Ilimpore, Ghatnogor, Namajoo, Ooporshisha, Meda, Khorpa, Gonopoteepore, Matendro, Kajeepore, Shookaldighee, Rampore, Oomamoheshpore, Seebpore Hât, Shinghandee, Kristopore, Gopalpore, Dokaree, Mohail, Bishwonathpore, Gafanogor, Bongaon, Debeepore, Khajoora Hât, Dakhinmoora, Joka, Mohadebpore, Kooloopara, Hashimpore, Akhara, Hateyora, Oottargaon Hât, Paddapokhor, Aadharkota Dashora, Shyampore, Soraswateepore, Chamoorsha, Chankooree, Khorda Narayon, Belghoriyá, Chakdoree Hât, Baganchra, and Bikram, in the district of Dinagepore; Koonjobon, Haponiya Hât, Pathorghata Lokheepore, Joforabad, Koomooriya, Chak Birahim, Chak Roshid, Chak Ramchondro, Chak Shobder, Chak Aheer, Chak Mooktyar, Chak Mithan, and Nowgaon Hât, in the district of Rajshahye; and Sooltanpore, Peerijpore, Dogachee, and Shâtúhar, in the district of Bogra, measuring 48 miles, more or less, in length, and 72 feet, more or less, in breadth, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

J. F. K. HEWITT,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATIONS.

The 17th July 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from Nowbazar to Luskurhat, zillah Dinagepore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring 123 beeghas, more or less, in length, and 45 feet, more or less, in breadth, is required.

Gopalpore,	Pergunnah Kardaha.	
Doorgapore,	,,	,,
Nirshanee,	,,	,,
Dookhline,	,,	,,
Shymunghura,	,,	,,
Bhoodhoch,	,,	,,
Karangara,	,,	,,
Chak Boliram,	,,	,,
,, Narian,	,,	,,
Korongara,	,,	,,
Palil,	,,	,,
Alipore,	,,	,,
Chak Bohram,	,,	,,
Salsa,	Pergunnah Kardaha.	
Kusba,	,,	,,
Topen,	,,	,,
Chundipore,	,,	,,
Jetpore,	,,	,,
Salsa,	,,	,,
Joshorail,	,,	,,
Swonderpore,	,,	,,
Magonpore,	,,	,,
Rangamatee, and Mohohar.	,,	,,

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a purpose, viz. for a road starting from Nowbazar to Shibbatee, zillah Dinagepore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring 43 beeghas, more or less, in length, and 45 feet, more or less, in breadth, is required.

Dompara,	Pergunnah Debecote.	
Doorgapore,	,,	,,
Belbaree	,,	,,
Indra Narayanpore,	,,	,,
Dum-Dum, and Shibbatee,	Pergunnah Debecote.	
	,,	,,

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from Daral Hât to Kurdah, zillah Dinagepore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring 148 beeghas, more or less, in length, and 45 feet, more or less, in breadth, is required.

Darail,	Pergunnah Kardaha.	
Doorgapore,	,,	,,
Chando Hât	,,	,,
Deepkhundo,	,,	,,
Khirta,	,,	,,
Bagat,	,,	,,
Salsa,	,,	,,
Ramnagore,	Pergunnah Kardaha.	
Schore,	,,	,,
Kajebhag,	,,	,,
Anator, and Dadpore,	,,	,,

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from Nowbazar to Bhat Cara, zillah Dinagepore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring 229 beeghas, more or less, in length, and 45 feet, more or less, in breadth, is required.

Nowbazar,	Pergunnah	Kardaha.
Gesidanga,	,,	,,
Mondalpore,	,,	,,
Hasara,	,,	Baishazari.
Jamalpore,	,,	Kardaha.
Kardaha,	,,	,,
Ranipore,	,,	,,
Katabari,	,,	,,
Nazirpore,	,,	,,
Shahapore,	,,	Baishazari.
Badalpore,	,,	Kardaha.
Bhicahar,	,,	Baishazari.
Mehor,	Pergunnah	Kardaha.
Gurrial,	,,	,,
Bhadroil	,,	,,
Gopalnagar,	,,	,,
Russoolpore,	,,	,,
Railéa,	,,	,,
Madool,	,,	Kantonagur.
Asrundah,	,,	,,
Makoorail,	,,	,,
Kullanpore, and	,,	,,
Pahariapookur,	,,	Kardaha.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from Dum-Dum to Tamboole, zillah Dinagepore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring 68 beeghas, more or less, in length, and 45 feet, more or less, in breadth, is required.

Maharajpore,	Pergunnah	Debecote.
Bel Babree,	,,	,,
Narainpore,	,,	,,
Paton,	,,	,,
Baishazari,	,,	,,
Khorail,	,,	,,
Batashcoori,	,,	,,
Bhoetipore,	Pergunnah	Debecote.
Sreerampore,	,,	,,
Borola,	,,	,,
Shaninda,	,,	,,
Dhilol, and	,,	,,
Shilepore,	,,	,,

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from Dum-Dum to Darail Hât, zillah Dinagepore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring 112½ beeghas, more or less, in length, and 45 feet, more or less, in breadth, is required.

Rajibpore,	Pergunnah	Debicote.
Naroye,	,,	,,
Gayahar,	,,	,,
Goetinary, Ashimpara,	,,	,,
Ramchunderpore,	,,	,,
Roghoonathpore,	,,	Kardaha.
Nasirpore,	,,	,,
Poolbari	,,	,,
Palsa,	,,	,,
Bhuktipore,	,,	,,
Chak Hase	Pergunnah	Kardaha.
Daoodhara,	,,	,,
Mamoodpore,	,,	,,
Patori	,,	,,
Jagadiabati	,,	,,
Sharail	,,	,,
Mohobar	,,	,,
Jogoonipara	,,	,,
Chaka Rajbullub	,,	,,
Jhagipore and Darail	,,	,,

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

J. F. K. HEWITT,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 4th July 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road from Naldaha to Meerah, pergunnah Plassy, zillah Nuddea, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land lying between Naldah and Meerah, passing through the villages Naldah, Chotachandghan, Barachandghan, Pach Kholla and Meerah to Meerah Bazar, measuring 31,184 feet in length and 50·31 feet in average breadth, amounting to 121 beeghas 19 kottahs 3¼ chittacks, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

J. F. K. HEWITT,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 10th July 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by the Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road from Sujanagar to Satbareea, *vid* Manikdi Chalna, Nischindpoor, Kandarpopur, in pergunnah Jahangirabad, in the district of Pubna, it is hereby declared that a strip of land 6 miles in length and 60 feet in breadth, more or less, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

J. F. K. HEWITT,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATIONS.

The 13th July 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repair of a road from Bodeshory to Jogol, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 8,600 feet, more or less, in length, 56 feet, more or less, in breadth, lying in the villages Bedoseree, Dhurmagur, and Jogdol, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repair of a road from Nekmurd to Ranisonkoil, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 28,500 feet, more or less, in length, 56 feet, more or less, in breadth, lying in the villages Monulbary, Sundabari, Moheshpore, Valapara, Korniet, Bhananundpore, and Nekmurd, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repair of a road from Haripore to Jamoon, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 42,280 feet, more or less, in length, 56 feet, more or less in breadth, lying in the villages Jamoon, Amgaon, Khanki Durumdidi, Bonbary, Vangepara, Paijpookur, and Haripore, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repair of a road from Nekmurd to Peergunge, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 28,200 feet, more or less, in length, 56 feet, more or less, in breadth, lying in the villages Kajore, Katihar, Raghoopore, Bachoor, Biswaspore, Gurkotguon Oodeesha, Rajboxa, Peragpore, Raghupore Ghunasampore, Kornoit, and Bhobanondpore, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repair of a road from Ranisankoil to Peergunje, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 16,780 feet, more or less, in length, 56 feet, more or less, in breadth, lying in the villages Ranisonkoil thana boundary, Gugargaon, Patgaon, Sudargaon, and Ranisonkoil, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repair of a road from Ranisankoil to Haripore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 46,891 feet, more or less, in length, 56 feet, more or less, in breadth, lying in the villages Bhabanipore, Haripore, Deyhatti, Beergur, Páhárgaon, Rouhatta, Puttledoba, Shialloro, Kamarpukhar, Niapara, Haria, Rampore, Buldore, Sindurpore, Bhastara, and Noinpore, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repair of a road from Sutteekata to Meerdangi, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 39,735 feet, more or less, in length, 56 feet, more or less, in breadth, lying in the villages Meerdangi, Bongaon, Bijulsá, Goojhat, Sindúrmooe, Gochia, Khairbarry, Bongaon, Medanisagor, Gadura, Pachgharia, and Shatikata, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repair of a road from Nekmurd to Huldibari, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 21,120 feet, more or less, in length, 56 feet, more or less, in breadth, lying in the villages Bhanúr, Karunda, Bhellatore, and Nekmurd, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repair of a road from Itahar, pergunnah Kharra, station Kaliagunge, to Patiraj, pergunnah Dilalpore, station Kaliagunge, zillah Dinagepore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 6 miles, more or less, in length, and 30 feet, more or less, in breadth, lying in villages Bhadrasilla, Dullabpore, Raneepore, Kulatoir, Dhamdoil, Gunarajpore, Kakna, Mohinagore, Bhelagatchi, and Khalelpore, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repair of a road from Bedoseree to Sutteegata, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring, 25,750 feet, more or less, in length, 56 feet, more or less, in breadth, lying in the villages Sutteegata, Panchguria, Gedura, and Dhurmgur, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repair of a road from Ranisankoil to Serajgunge, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 29,040 feet, more or less, in length, 56 feet, more or less, in breadth, lying in the villages Ranisankoil, Puddompore, Utragaon, Kaotola, and Nathnagur, Serajgunge, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repair of a road from Nekmurd to Budessury, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 34,600 feet, more or less, in length, 56 feet, more or less, in breadth, lying in the villages Bhurnia, Kadiharhat, Bhurnia, Katirhat, Parkund Duluppoor, Bhabanipoor, and Nekmurd.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repair of a road from Sutteekata to Jamoon, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 14,000 feet, more or less, in length, 56 feet, more or less, in breadth, lying in the villages Jamoon, Pachghoria, and Sutikata, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repairs of a road from Haldibari to Lahiri, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 36,500 feet, more or less, in length, 56 feet, more or less, in breadth, lying in the villages Shingia, Javonia, Baliadanga, Dohashi, Mohishmary, Boalahar, and Bhanur, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from Patiram, pergunnah Shontosh, to Kumargunge, pergunnah Shontosh zillah Dinagepore, it is hereby declared that for the

Hoypore.	Debogram.
Barrong.	Baraliur
Bhabanipore	Moheshpore
Mohona	

above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring 7 miles, more or less, in length and 40 feet in breadth, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from Pateram, pergunnah Shontosh, to Foolbari or Palsa, zillah Dinagepore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring 12 miles, more or less, in length and 40 feet in breadth, is required.

Boal Nalkuri.	Deelposhanda.
Kakhilabari	Dangapara.
Mohona.	Dhulchandaria.
Khord Mohana.	Nyan Sukhee.
Amrulbuti.	Subail.
Ramchanderpore.	Rampore.
Parpotiram.	Harshura.
Malikura.	Baisa.
Mulleckpur.	

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from Paglee to Khanpore, zillah Dinagepore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring 5 miles, more or less, in length and 40 feet in breadth, is required.

Paglee.	Badul.
Farcedpore.	Nazirpore.
Atoir.	Mohala.
Taragaj.	Khanpore.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from Patiram, pergunnah Shontosh, to Baloorghat, pergunnah Shontosh, zillah Dinagepore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring 7 miles 6 furlongs, more or less, in length, and 40 feet, more or less, in breadth, is required.

Roypore.	Pallahpore.
Rohimapore.	Pagleagunge.
Luchmipore.	Atoir.
Prodhanpore.	Moynugur.
Monipore.	Boldabari.
Rumbudhpore.	Baloorghat.
Gazeepore.	Hooshiarpore.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from Kumargunge to Chuckgopal, zillah Dinagepore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring 7 miles, more or less, in length and 40 feet in breadth, is required.

Kumargunge.	Kulahari.
Sajadpore.	Kusumtara.
Safanogore.	Boaltara.
Chandgunge.	Chuckgopal.
Amulea.	Mohonpore.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from Balurghut to Shaphar, zillah Dinagepore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages as per margin, measuring 14 miles, more or less, in length and 40 feet in breadth, is required.

Ramchanderpore.	Kustorai.
Anda.	Alsapore.
Dugalhat.	Gholadighee.
Hajratpore.	Debor.
Abadpore.	Datsadhorhor.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from Balurghat to Farsipara, zillah Dinagepore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring 6 miles, more or less, in length and 40 feet breadth, is required.

Bangee.	Chuck Nowan.
Shibpore.	Khorampore.
Lokea.	Sendecrai.
Chuck Ram.	Chuck Chaudee.
Chuck Ismail.	Farsipara.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from Patiram, zillah Dinagepore, to Hilee, zillah Bogra, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring 18 miles, more or less, in length, and 40 feet, more or less, in breadth, is required.

Baikantapore.	Kasidunga.
Madafat Ramkrishna-pore.	Dangirai.
Kharal.	Kamaldangi.
Bilaspore.	Sitni.
Dhanpara.	Kalinugur.
Chakdapati.	Khanpore.
Sidail.	Mohana.
Nowcha.	Paikpara.
Dabree.	Malakurpara.
Chak Baroo.	Khorail.
Jote Gauri.	Harsura.
Barakil.	Kadamithal.
	Rohimapore.
	Hat Patiram.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas land is required to be taken up in the district of Bogra for a public purpose, viz. the construction of a road from Matidalle to Peergacha Hat: notice is hereby given that a strip of land is required 5 miles long, more or less, and 25 feet wide, more or less, which passes through or near the following villages—viz. Matidalee, Gopalbaree, Sekrola, Navail, Khaji Narail, Jagahpoor, Chowmaoria, Lakhipoor, Peergacha.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas land is required to be taken up for a public purpose in the district of Bogra, viz. for the construction of a road from the Nattore road, near Gahail, to the Serajganj road, near Sheerpore: notice is hereby given that a strip of land is required 5 miles long, more or less, and 25 feet broad, more or less, which passes through or near the following villages, viz.—Khudas Kuchnapara, Bayrapara, Phalgacha, Dawapara, Savaidigi, Jamoolla.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas land is required to be taken up in the district of Bogra for a public purpose, viz. the construction of a road from Sibganj to the Dinagepore road near Booreeganj, notice is hereby given that a strip of land is required 5 miles in length, more or less, and 25 feet broad, more or less, passing through or near the following villages, viz.—Sibganj, Dumahar, Jamair, Kalitalla, Doolua, Sulagaree, Magoon, Punchadas.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas land is required to be taken up for a public purpose in the district of Bogra, viz. for the construction of a road from Sakraj, on the Dinagepore road, to Sonamukhi, notice is hereby given that a strip of land is required 8 miles in length, more or less, and 25 feet in breadth, more or less, which passes through or near the following villages, namely Sakraj, Baskeela, Hussain Sahar, Hatsahar, Samandaha, Barroal Gopinathpur, Shashisti, Mokempoor, Sonamukhi.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas land is required to be taken up in the district of Bogra for a public purpose, viz. for the construction of a road from Noongolahat to Dargahat, notice is hereby given that a strip of land is required 5½ miles long, more or less, and 20 feet wide, more or less, passing through or near the following villages, viz. Kukran, Towapusal, Dagareea, Kowla, Paikur, Seekore, Dargarhat.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas land is required for a public purpose in the district of Bogra, viz. for the construction of a road from Etakhola Hât, on the Dinagepore road, near Khetthal, to Sirhattee Hât, notice is hereby given that a strip of land is required 10 miles long, more or less, and 30 feet wide, more or less, passing through or near the following villages, viz. Haranj, Moorail, Bamoonee, Haree, Toopshara, Hât Shahar, Nawateeka, Bahadoorpore, Kanchakool, Koytahar, Gorana, Jabekpoor, Sirhattee.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas land is required for a public purpose in the district of Bogra, viz. for the construction of a road from Namja, on the Dinagepore road, to Dupchanchia, notice is hereby given that a strip of land is required 8 miles long, more or less, and 25 feet broad, more or less, passing through the following villages—Namja, Borhorai, Bugool, Sukhangaru, Damgaree, Kahoora, Bhadar, Kulai, Mohundpur, Mungulchandee.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas land is required for a public purpose in the district of Bogra, viz. for the construction of a road from Dupchanchia to Gopinathpur, notice is hereby given that a strip of land is required nine miles long, more or less, and 25 feet broad, more or less, passing through or near the following villages, viz. Dupchanchia, Kankael, Islampore, Pangsha, Borogaon, Alail, Julungee, Kanoopara, Kishmatheesa, Gopinathpur, Gopalpur.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas land is required for a public purpose in the district of Bogra, viz. for the construction of a road from Badalgachc to Nawabganj, notice is hereby given that a strip of land is required 8 miles long, more or less, and 30 feet wide, more or less, passing through or near the following villages, viz. Badalgachi, Kamalpur, Russulpur, Bistopur, Lakhikhola, Bandulpur, Keshan, Jogpara, Amatta, Bussuntapur, Nawabganj.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas land is required for a public purpose in the district of Bogra, viz. for the construction of a road from Sultanganj, on the Serajganj road, to Nisrutpore, notice is hereby given that a strip of land is required 20 miles long, more or less, and 25 feet broad, more or less, passing through or near the following villages, Sultanganj, Gandagram, Munsoorpore, Roghunathpur, Sahrool, Burchapore, Indrukpore, Amarmae, Maluncha, Gaorbusa, Narkailu, Durgapur, Deogaon, Patan Elahiganj, Kundgaon, Chachooa, Mothurapur, Garamara.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas land is required for a public purpose in the district of Bogra, viz. for the construction of a road from Sankranj, on the Dinagepore road, near Khettal, to Peerkapokoor, near Panitala, notice is hereby given that a strip of land is required 9 miles long, more or less, and 25 feet broad, more or less, passing through or near the following villages, viz. Kujail, Karimpore, Bagoongaon, Etta, Panchpaikar, Burail, Mamudpur, Buraigaree, Salagaree, Peerkapokoor.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas land is required to be taken up for a public purpose in the district of Bogra, viz. for the construction of a road from near Shibganj to Panitola, notice is hereby given that a strip of land is required 8 miles long, more or less, and 25 feet broad, more or less, passing through or near the following villages, viz.—Damahar, Jamair, Sonodeo Jahangirabad, Chandanpore, Daboor, Fenigaon, Chandnikeechuk, Keluit, Cheenal, Bhatal, Salagaree, Peerkapakur, Dawakandee.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas land is required for a public purpose in the district of Bogra, viz. for the construction of a tank at Shukhanpukuria, in pergunnah Protapbaju and thana Bogra, notice is hereby given that for that purpose a piece of land is required at that place 500 feet long and 350 feet broad, more or less, adjoining the hât or market there.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

J. F. K. HEWITT,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 14th July 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from Kalingunge to Pacoorah, zillah Dinagepore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring 54,064 feet, more or less, in length and 60 feet, more or less, in breadth, is required.

Akhanogur.	Dalimgong.
Rosidpore.	Kristoeburnpore.
Horishurs.	Gowripore.
Dhonekole.	Ramgunge.
Durgapore.	Radhikapore.
Dowlutmaty.	Gotegong.
Lokhipore.	Gotchoohar.
Katchna.	Manickparah.
Raghubpore.	Pacoorah.
Lohatarah.	

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

J. F. K. HEWITT,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATIONS.

The 14th July 1874.—Whereas land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, namely, for the construction of Northern Bengal (State) Railway officers' bungalow in the village of Halhaliya, pergunnah Futtehjungpoor, zillah Bogra, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 11 beeghas 13 chittacks 7 gondahs of standard measurement, bounded on the west by the river Toolseegunga, on the north by the site selected for the brickfield attached to the Railway line, on the east by the paddy fields, and on the south by some jungle lands, is required within the aforesaid village of Halhaliya.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

WHEREAS land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, namely, for the construction of Assistant Engineer's bungalow in the village of Baloobhora, pergunnah Kasimpoor, zillah Rajshahye, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 10 beeghas 8 cottahs 8 chittacks of standard measurement, bounded on all sides by that village and 300 feet to the west of the centre line of the Railway passing through it, is required within the aforesaid village of Baloobhora.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

WHEREAS land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, namely, for the construction of the Northern Bengal (State) Railway officers' bungalow in the village of Chatingram, pergunnah Khatta, zillah Bogra, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 6 beeghas 5 cottahs of standard measurement, bounded on all sides by the lands of that village, is required within the aforesaid village of Chatingram.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

WHEREAS land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, namely, for the construction of a feeder road from Doopchanchia to Par Nowgaon close to Sooltanpoor *viâ* Adumdighi, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land 72 feet wide, more or less, stretching from a point west of Doopchanchia hât and passing near or through the following villages, is required:—

Doopchanchia.	Nosrotpoor.
Sholtápárá.	Doomargaon.
Cheagá.	Seebpoor.
Kámárgáon.	Siyalsoin.
Shajapoor.	Talsoin.
Madelebgoora.	Adamdighee.
Behel.	Rangkoiree.
Debkhandá.	Dalamba.
Kharail.	Indoil.
Badhaonee.	Oothrail.
Amshutta.	Chak Shábáz.
Choudrodighee.	Sengra, 2nd.
Polimoheshpoor.	Taighoree.
Gobindopoor.	Moorareekoeree.
Morgaon.	Komol Dogachee.
Sherpoor.	Kalsha.
Koomargaon.	Sheetahar.
Mooroil.	Bagcha.
Koomayee.	Shahapoor.
Kothbawoor.	Dogáchee.
Rungpárá.	Pirijpoor.
Kasladigha.	Chak Rampoor, east of Sooltanpoor, in the district of Bogra.
Sengra.	

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

J. F. K. HEWITT,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The following orders issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, is republished for general information :—

No. 32.—*Fort William, the 17th July* 1874.—*Notification.*—*Public.*—Mr. W. H. M. Gun, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Jajpore, in Cuttack, having obtained a certificate of high proficiency in Oorya, has been presented with the authorized donation of Rs. 1,000.

The following order issued by the Government of India in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce, is republished for general information :—

No. 760.—*Fort William, the 14th July* 1874.—*Notification.*—*Forests.*—Captain C. W. Losack, Deputy Conservator of Forests, Bengal, is transferred to the Central Provinces from such date as his services can be dispensed with by the Government of Bengal.

The following order issued by the Government of India is republished for general information :—

No. 6.—*Fort William, the 16th July* 1874.—STAR OF INDIA.—*Notification.*—The following extract from the *London Gazette* of the 2nd June is published by order of the Grand Master of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India :—

"INDIA OFFICE,
May 30th, 1874.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to make the following promotions in, and appointments to, the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India :—

To be Knights Commanders.

Robert Henry Davies, Esquire, C.S.I., Bengal Civil Service, Licutenant-Governor of the Punjab.

Colonel Richard John Meade, C.S.I., Bengal Staff Corps, Chief Commissioner of Mysore and Coorg.

Colonel Lewis Pelly, C.S.I., Bombay Staff Corps, Agent to the Governor-General for the States of Rajpootana, and late Political Resident in the Persian Gulf.

To be Companions.

The Hon'ble Ashley Eden, Bengal Civil Service, Chief Commissioner of British Burmah.

Rajah Romanath Tagore, Member of the Council of the Governor-General of India for making Laws and Regulations.

Vernon Hugh Schalch, Esquire, Bengal Civil Service, Member of the Revenue Board and of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for making Laws and Regulations."

The following order issued by the Government of India in the Foreign Department, is republished for general information :—

No. 122*J.*—*Fort William the 17th July* 1874.—*Notification.*—*Judicial.*—Under the provisions of section 3 of Act II of 1869 ("The Justices of the Peace Act") His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General in Council is pleased to appoint Captain C. A. Baylay, Political Assistant of the 1st Class and Magistrate of Aboo, to be a Justice of the Peace for the whole of British India.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Military Department, are republished for general information :—

No. 724.—*Fort William, the 14th July* 1874.—The following extract from list No. 11, dated 19th June 1874, of Military Officers of the Bengal Establishment, permitted to return to duty and granted extensions of leave, received from the India Office, is published for general information :—

* * * * * * * *

Granted extension of leave.

Captain T. H. Lewin,—6 months, sick certificate.

* * * * * * * *

No. 732.—*The 16th July* 1874.—Under the authority of the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, it is hereby notified that although a certain period of regimental service is not required by the Royal Warrant published in G. G. O. No. 673 of the 1st July 1873 as a necessary qualification for promotion to the administrative grade of the Medical Department, it will still rest with the Governments in India to select for promotion to that grade officers possessing sufficient regimental experience to enable them to exercise supervision over Military Hospitals and Regimental Military Staff.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 2061C.S.

The 30th June 1874.—Baboo Raj Kishore Narain, Sub-Deputy Collector, Sarun, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Second Class.

The 16th July 1874.—Baboo Shyam Chand Roy, B.L., is appointed to act as Sudder Moonsif of Mymensingh during the absence on duty of Baboo Bhugwan Chunder Sen, or until further orders.

Baboo Behary Lall Mullick, B.L., is appointed to act as Moonsif of Narail in Jessore during the absence on duty of Baboo Poresh Nath Banerjee, or until further orders.

The 18th July 1874.—Mr. Edward Melian Showers, Superintendent of Lehra Relief Circle, in Durbhangah Sub-division, is temporarily vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Second Class.

The 20th July 1874.—Mr. Charles Walter Bolton, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Moorshedabad, is vested with powers under Sections 142, 157, 417, and 521 of the Criminal Procedure Code. Mr. Bolton is to exercise these powers only during the absence of the Magistrate of the District from head-quarters.

The following gentlemen are appointed, under Section 4, Act II of 1869, to act as Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta, viz.—

Mr. G. W. Barclay.	Mr. F. Jennings.
„ C. H. Wilson.	Sahibzadha Furrokh Shah.

The 21st July 1874.—Moulvi Khadem Hossein is appointed to be a Subordinate Judge of the Fourth Grade, and to be Subordinate Judge of Chittagong, *vice* Baboo Russik Lall Bose, retired. Moulvi Khadem Hossein will continue to act as Subordinate Judge in all the districts of the Chota Nagpore Division.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 17th July 1874.—It is hereby notified that, under the provisions of Section 3, Regulation VI of 1819, the ferry at the point where the Bhoyrub River is crossed by the Bedhampore and Patkabarry Road at the village of Mohamadpur, in the district of Moorshedabad, is declared a public ferry.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 9th July 1874.—It is hereby notified that under the provisions of Section 3, Act IV (B.C.) of 1865 (an Act for the prohibition of the practice of inoculation, &c.), the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to extend the said Act to the thanas of Sonamookhy and Kotulpore, which now form a part of the district of Burdwan, with effect from the 1st August next.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 14th July 1874.—Under section 5 of the Indian Registration Act VIII of 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is pleased to create the following Registration sub-districts, having the head-quarters and local jurisdictions shown opposite their names. The Lieutenant-Governor is also pleased, under section 7 of the Act, to appoint the persons named below to be Sub-Registrars of the said sub-districts :—

DISTRICTS.	Names of new sub-districts.	Head-quarters.	Thanas included in jurisdiction.	Sub-Registrars appointed.
Moorshedabad ...	Baluchar ...	Baluchar ...	Manullah Bazar Bhadurihat ... Ashanpore .. Bhagwangola ...	Moulvie Anisur Rahman.
Nuddea .	Chagdah .	Kazipara ...	Chagdah ...	Kazi Mujibuddin Mahammad.

These changes will take effect on and from the 1st of August 1874.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 6th July 1874.—Under section 5 of the Indian Registration Act VIII of 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is pleased to create the following registration sub-districts, having the head-quarters and local jurisdiction shown opposite their names. The Lieutenant-Governor is also pleased, under section 7 of the Act, to appoint the persons named below to be Sub-Registrars of the said sub-districts:—

DISTRICT.	Name of new sub-district.	Head-quarters.	Thanas included in jurisdiction.	Sub-Registrars appointed.
Tirhoot	Dulsingh Serai ...	Dulsingh Serai ...	Dulsingh Serai	Baboo Kalicharan.
	Buhera	Buhera	Buhera	Moulavi Fusul Hakk.
Patna	Naubatpur	Naubatpur	Bikram and Masaurhi ...	Khwajah Ibrahim Ali.

These changes will take effect on and from the 15th July 1874.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 15th July 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for widening Tindal Garden Road in the village of Howrah, pergunnah Boro, zillah Hooghly, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring, more or less, 5 cottahs 12 chittacks, and of standard measurement, bounded on the north by Tindal Garden Road, on the east by Howrah Road, on the south by lands of Monee Ram Paray, Moonshee Roshun Ally, Roma Nath Roy, Athobuddee, Grish Chunder Chatterjee, Eshur Chundor Chatterjee and of Mr. Bannerjee, and on the west by the land of Mr. Bannerjee, is required within the aforesaid village of Howrah.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 18th July 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government for a public purpose, viz. for a charitable dispensary in the village of Russapugla Taliganj, pergunnah Khaspoor, district 24-Pergunnahs, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 14 beeghas 8 cottahs and 8 chittacks of standard measure, bounded on the north by the property of Kuseemun Nissa Begum; east by the property of Shazada Alla Nawaz; west by the Government drain on the Russapugla Road; and south partly by the property of the late Shazada Pâk Ukhtur, and partly by that of Shazada Kamilodeen, is required within the aforesaid village of Russapugla Taliganj.

A plan of the said piece of land may be seen at the Office of the Collector, 24-Pergunnahs.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT,—BENGAL.

ESTABLISHMENT.

The 14th July 1874.

No. 249. *Notification.*—Baboo Kedernath Sen, Sub-Engineer, First Grade, attached to the Hazareebagh District, availed himself of privilege leave* from the 29th June 1874, afternoon.

* Bengal Government, Public Works Department, Notification No. 187, dated 5th June 1874.

No. 250. *Leave of Absence.*—Baboo Ootum Krishna Sircar, Overseer, First Grade, attached to the Burdwan District, for three months on Medical Certificate, under Supplement F., Section 3 of the Civil Leave Code.

The 18th July 1874.

No. 251. *Transfer.*—Captain A. Landon, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, from the Southern Tirhoot to the East Chumparun District.

No. 252. *Posting.*—Mr. E. Culliford, Supervisor, First Grade, is posted to the West Chumparun District, which he joined on the 4th July 1874, before noon.

The 20th July 1874.

No. 253.—The following orders issued by the Government of India, Public Works Department, are republished for information :—

No. 440 *of the 15th July* 1874.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to make the following promotions and transfers in, and appointments to, the Control Establishment of the Public Works Department, subject to confirmations hereafter.

PROMOTIONS.

From Deputy Controller to Controller, Third Class, Second Grade.

* * * *

Moore, Mr. F.

TRANSFERS AND APPOINTMENTS.

* * * *

Mr. F. Moore, Deputy Controller, Northern Bengal State Railway, to be Controller, Northern Bengal Sate Railway.

Captain F. G. Oldham, R.E., Officiating Deputy Controller of Accounts, Bengal, is confirmed in that appointment, with effect from the 10th March 1874.

No. 443 *of the 17th July* 1874.—The services of Lieutenant A. O. Green, R.E., Secretary to the Torpedo and Defence Committee, are replaced at the disposal of the Military Department.

J. E. T. NICOLLS, *Colonel*, R.E.,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. D.

IRRIGATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.—ESTABLISHMENT.

The 13th July 1874.

No. 290.—*Transfer.*—Mr. J. P. Scotland, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, from the Buxar to the Eastern Soane Survey Division, which he joined on the forenoon of the 1st July 1874.

The 16th July 1874.

No. 291.—*Notification.*—Baboo Rajendra Nath Biswas, Probationary Sub-Overseer, First Grade, joined the High Level Canal Division, on the forenoon of the 6th July 1874.

The 17th July 1874.

No. 292.—*Leave.*—Mr. H. Gearing, Supervisor, Second Grade, Byturni Division, is granted privilege leave for twenty days under Supplement F., Section 12 of the Civil Leave Code, from such date as he may avail himself of the same.

No. 293.—*Notification* —Lieutenant H. W. Allen, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, joined the High Level Canal Division, on the forenoon of the 6th July 1874.

No. 294 —*Transfer.*—Mr. B. Marshall, Overseer, Second Grade, from the Arrah to the Eastern Soane Division, which he joined on the forenoon of the 27th ultimo.

G. A. SEARLE, *Lt.-Col.*, S.C.,
for Offg. Joint-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, in the P. W. D., Irrigation Branch.

Statement of Receipts and Disbursements of the Balasore Port Fund from 1st April 1873 to 31st March 1874.

NAMES OF PORTS.	Port-dues.		Salvage.	Sale proceeds of unclaimed wrecked property.	Freight of Government schooner Orissa.	Light-dues.	Total receipts.	Establishment.	Contingent.	Total disbursements.	Balance of Port Fund after deducting the charges.
		Rs. A. P.				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Balasore	218	2,138 14 4	.....	.....	.....	114 14 10	2,253 13 2	.....	2,204 2 1	2,204 2 1	49 11 1
Channah	7	5 3 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	5 3 0	.....	.....	.....	5 3 0
Sartha	17	10 10 6	.....	.....	.....	.....	10 10 6	.....	.....	.....	10 10 6
Sooburnrekha	29	14 3 6	.....	.....	.....	.....	14 3 6	.....	.....	.....	14 3 6
Chooramian	21	33 3 10	.....	.....	.....	.....	33 3 10	.....	.....	.....	33 3 10
Lychunpore	19	21 9 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	21 9 0	.....	.....	.....	21 9 0
Dhamrah	40	140 12 9	.....	.....	.....	.....	140 12 9	.....	.....	.....	140 12 9
Chandbalee...	111	1,197 13 9	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,197 13 9	.....	.....	.....	1,197 13 9
Total ...	443	3,567 6 8	.....	.....	.....	114 14 10	3,682 5 6	.....	2,204 2 1	2,204 2 1	1,478 3 5

The balance of former years is Rs. 53,704-15-3 only.

The 20th July 1874.

T. E. RAVENSHAW, *Commissioner.*

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

Orders by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

The 15th July 1874.—Baboo Shoshee Bhusun Mookerjee, Moonsif of Pingnah, in the district of Mymensingh, is allowed leave of absence for the ensuing Dusserah vacation only, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code. The Moonsif's Sherishtadar will remain in charge of the current duties of the Office during the Moonsif's absence on leave.

The unexpired portion of the leave of absence for 2 months under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, granted under Court's letter No. 1368, dated the 13th May 1874, to Baboo Rampersaud, Moonsif of Mozufferpore, in the district of Tirhoot, who has returned to duty as Officiating Subordinate Judge of Bhaugulpore, on the 4th July current, is cancelled.

TRANSFERS OF MOONSIFS.

The 18th July 1874.—Baboo Bhugwan Chunder Chatterjee, B.L., additional Moonsif, in the district of Tipperah, is transferred to Jessore as an additional Moonsif.

Baboo Brijbeharee Shome, B.L., additional Moonsif, in the district of Tipperah, is transferred to Jessore as an additional Moonsif.

The 20th July 1874.—Baboo Prosunno Coomar Sen, Moonsif of Magoorah, in the district of Jessore, in transferred to Bagirhaut, in the same district.

Baboo Digamber Canoongo, Moonsif of Bagirhaut, in the district of Jessore, is transferred to Magoorah, in the same district.

By order, &c.,

HIGH COURT, the 20th July 1874. H. J. S. COTTON, *Offg. Registrar.*

Sheriff's Office, the 7th July 1874.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Seventh Criminal Sessions of the year 1874 of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William and the places subordinate thereto, will be holden at the Court-House, in the Town of Calcutta, on Monday, the third day of August next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and so on from day to day until the said Session be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who will prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said Session be then and there to prosecute.

M. RUSTOMJEE, *Sheriff.*

শরিফ আফিস সন ১৮৭৪ সাল ৭ জুলাই।

সকলকে সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে সুবে বাঙ্গালার কোর্ট উইলিয়ম দুর্গের অধীন শহর কলিকাতার ও অন্যান্য স্থানের ফৌজদারী বিচার নিষ্পত্তি জন্য আগামি সন ১৮৭৪ সালের ৩রা আগষ্ট সোমবার বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এবং যে পর্য্যন্ত সেশিয়ানের কার্য্য শেষ না হয় প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময়ে কলিকাতার হাই কোর্টের আপন আদালত ঘরে সন ১৮৭৪ সালের সপ্তম ক্রিমিনেল সেশিয়ান বসিবেক, এবং এতদ্দ্বারা প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে, যে সকল ব্যক্তি কোন কয়েদীর বিরুদ্ধে ফৌজদারী মিছিল করিবেক তাহারা উক্ত স্থানে উক্ত সময়ে হাজির থাকিয়া মোকদ্দমা করে ইতি।

M. RUSTOMJEE, *Sheriff.*

EDUCATIONAL NOTICES.

Presidency College.

SURVEY TEACHERSHIP EXAMINATION.

THE half-yearly examination of candidates for employment as teachers of surveying will be held on Monday, the 3rd August, and following days.

Applications to appear at the examination, accompanied by the necessary fees, must reach the undersigned before the 20th July.

Candidates are required to be in attendance at 10 A.M. on the first day of the examination, and they are at liberty to present themselves for examination at Dacca, Patna, or Calcutta.

PRESIDENCY COLLEGE, the 2nd July 1874. J. SUTCLIFFE, *Principal.*

Presidency College.

DEPARTMENT PUBLIC WORKS EXAMINATION.

THE half-yearly examination of candidates for employment and promotion in the Department of Public Works will be held at the Presidency College on Monday, the 3rd August, and following days.

Applications from candidates desirous of appearing at the examination must be lodged with the undersigned not later than the 20th July, and each application must be accompanied by the necessary fee.

Candidates are required to be in attendance at 10 A.M. on the first day of the examination.

PRESIDENCY COLLEGE, the 2nd July 1874. J. SUTCLIFFE, *Principal.*

NOTICE

BY the Board for conducting the examination of candidates for admission as Pleaders and Mookhtears in Mofussil Courts subordinate to the High Court at Fort William.

The following is the result of the examination of candidates for admission as Mookhtears held at Calcutta:—

Name.	Father's name.	District.
Bannerjee, Bateh Krishna ...	Sri Nath ...	Burdwan.
Basu, Rojoni Kantha ..	Komola Kantha ...	Dacca.
„ Gopal Chundra ...	Sastiber ...	Jessore.
„ Srinibash ...	Muddhoo Soodun ...	Hooghly.
Bhattacharjee, Punchanun ...	Isan Chundra ...	Burdwan.
„ Bissumbhur ...	Beernarain ...	Nuddea.
Bagchi, Joysunker ...	Tarnisunker ...	Ditto.
Biswas, Doorga Churn ...	Moothoora Mohun ...	Hooghly.
„ Chunder Mohun ...	Khoodiram ...	Nuddea.
Bhunjo, Umesh Chunder ...	Fakeer Chunder ...	Midnapore.
Chatterjee, Jogobundhoo ...	Uttum Charan ...	Nuddea.
„ Torendro Nath ...	Mohendro Nath ...	Calcutta.
Chowdhry, Roma Nath ...	Kassinath ...	Midnapore.
Das, Anadi Nath ...	Uma Charan ...	Rajshahye.
Gangooly, Nobin Chundra ...	Nilkomal ...	Nuddea.
Guha, Ishan Chundra ...	Brojo Nath ...	Fureedpore.
Mookerjee, Aghor Nath ...	Goury Proshad ...	Nuddea.
Nandi, Makhun Lall ...	Radha Gobinda ...	Burdwan.
Piply Chundro Nath ...	Gungahurry ...	Backergunge.
Roy, Gopal Chundra ...	Chunder Seekhur ...	Hooghly.
„ Srikantha ...	Kamola Kantha ...	Fureedpore.
Sarkar, Grish Chundra ...	Moorari Mohun ...	Burdwan.
„ Gunga Chundra ...	Haradhun ...	Pubna.
Sen, Harish Chundra ...	Surroop Chundra ...	Jessore.
Singha, Mohendro Narain ...	Kali Sunker ...	Burdwan.
Tarrufdar, Dwarka Nath ...	Haran Chundra ...	Pubna.
Shaikh Zamiruddin ...	Mohomed Sultan ...	Rajshahye.
Abdus Samed ...	Azeemooddeen Ahmed ...	Jessore.

Certificates, in accordance with the above list, will be sent immediately to the District Judges' Courts.

CALCUTTA,
The 20th July 1874.

CECIL JACKSON,
Secretary to the Board of Examiners.

OPIUM NOTIFICATION.

No. 691B.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Eighth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1872-73, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Wednesday, the 5th August 1874, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 3,750 chests, viz :—

		Chests.
Behar Opium	... ...	2,185
Benares „	... ...	1,565
Total	... ...	3,750

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual; they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 8th November 1873, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 10th and 20th August, respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other Public Securities, that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the Sale-room, will be received after 4 P.M. of Monday, the 10th August 1874, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P.M. of Thursday, the 20th August 1874.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertised for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Member in charge of the Opium Department, however, reserves to himself the right of altering these dates, should circumstances render it expedient to do so :—

Dates.	Behar, about Chests.	Benares, about Chests.	Total, about Chests.
On or about Monday, 7th Sept. 1874 ...	2,185	1,565	3,750
On or about Wednesday, 7th Oct. „ ...	2,185	1,565	3,750
On or about Friday, 6th Nov. „ ...	2,185	1,565	3,750
On or about Thursday, 3rd Dec. „ ...	2,185	1,565	3,750
Total ...	8,740	6,260	15,000

By order of the Member-in-Charge,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, FORT WILLIAM, the 30th June 1874.

District.	Ports.	Quantity.	REMARKS.
		Indian Mds.	
Ganjam ...	Bavanapadu, at the Nowpadah Salt Pans ...	50,000	
Godavery ...	Coconada ...	47,840	
Kistna ..	Nizampatam ...	37,073	
Chingleput ...	Madras ...	.....	
	Ennore ...	.....	
	Covelong ...	32,618	
Tanjore ...	Negapatam ...	.....	
	Katmavady ...	.....	
Tinnevelly ...	Tuticorin ...	120,000	
	Total ...	287,531	

C. A. GALTON, *Acting Sub-Secretary.*

REVENUE BOARD OFFICE, *Madras*, 18*th June* 1874.

PUBLISHED for general information.

By order of the Member-in-Charge,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, L.P., Fort William, the 18th July 1874.

DISTRICT RELIEF COMMITTEE.

AT a meeting of the Bankoora District Relief Committee, held on the 7th July 1874:—

PRESENT:

W. R. Larminie, Esq., C.S., *in the Chair.*

Members.

W. Cornell, Esq.
R. H. G. Irvine, Esq.
J. O. B. Sceales, Esq.
W. B. Christie, Esq.
Baboo Kanti Chunder Chatterjee.
„ Promotha Nath Banerjee.
„ Kunja Behari Chackravati.
„ Hurri Hur Mookerjee.
Baboo Siva Das Bhattacharjee.
„ Koomode Nath Dutt.
„ Koroona Proshad Chatterjee.
„ Shama Churn Banerjee.
„ Biressur Chatterjee.
„ Mohesh Chundra Banerjee.
„ Hem Nath Bose.
Moonshee Ali Jameen.

Baboo Hurry Sankar Dutta, *Member and Joint-Secretary.*
„ Krishna Gobindo Gossamee, *Member and Secretary.*

READ, a letter from Baboos Mohesh Chundra Banerjee and Beni Madhub Banerjee, zemindars of Ajudhya, offering to pay one-half of the expenses of a relief centre at Ajudhya, and resolved—

1. That the above offer be accepted and a relief centre be opened there.

As on the representations of the Bishenpore sub-committee it appeared necessary to the Chairman, during his recent visit to that locality, that a relief centre should be opened at Bhora to remove the difficulties likely to be experienced by the people of that place and its neighbourhood during the rains, it is resolved—

2. That a relief centre be opened there.

Read a report from Baboo Ram Taruck Mookerjee, stating after local inquiry that the allegations of the inhabitants of some villages in thannah Ondah, as to the maltreatment they receive at the hands of the Secretary to the sub-committee of that place are groundless, and resolved—

3. That it be recorded.

As it is found necessary to appoint a sub-committee to revise the list of "*d*" class paupers, resolved—

4. That Mr. Sceales, Baboos Siva Das Bhattacharjee and Koroona Proshad Chatterjee be requested to form a sub-committee for the purpose indicated above.

W. R. LARMINIE, *Chairman.*

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 22, 1874.

PART II.

Advertisements.

[N.B.—Advertisements, Notices, &c., intended for insertion in this part of the Gazette, cannot be received after Noon on Monday.]

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of land, no longer required by the Government, situated in the district of Patna, will be put up to sale at the Collector's Office at Bankipore at 12 o'clock on Monday, the 7th September 1874, corresponding with 23rd Bhadro 1281 *B.S.*

The purchasers of these plots will be subject to the following conditions:—

1*st.*—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

2*nd.*—If the amount of purchase-money exceeds Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the estate to be again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

3*rd.*—The plots will be sold revenue-free to the highest bidders.

4*th.*—The purchasers shall be put in possession on receipt of the orders of the Collector confirming the sales. But such possession shall be liable to be disturbed in case the final sanction of the Member of the Board of Revenue in charge should not be accorded to the proceedings.

Consecutive Lot Number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which the land is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	Approximate area in Beeghas and Acres.		Land excluded from sale from each lot.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundaries of lot.
					B. C. C.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
175	Patna ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Bukhtiarpore.	375	South ...	3 7 0	1 0 17	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 374 as per plan and terminates on 1,250 feet of mile 375.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 374, as per plan. West—By village road.
176	ditto ...	ditto ...	375	North ...	3 7 4	1 0 18	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 374, as per plan. West—By village road.
177	ditto .	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Rawoyan.	375	South ...	6 1 0	2 0 0	.....	.....	Commences on 1,300 feet of mile 375, and terminates on 3,100 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road. West—By nullah.
178	ditto ...	ditto ...	375	North ...	6 13 8	2 0 33	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By nullah.
179	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Seemree and Boreapore.	375	South ...	9 12 8	3 0 29	.....	.....	Commences on 3,130 feet of mile 375, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By nullah. West—By end of mile 375, as per plan.
180	ditto ...	ditto ..	375	North ...	9 13 4	3 0 31	Occupied by roads and nullahs.	0 0 19	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By nullah. West—By end of mile 375, as per plan.
181	ditto ...	Pergunnahs Gyaspore and Bhimpore, Mouzahs Boreapore, Dedour, and Champapore.	376	South ...	11 1 0	3 2 25	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 375, as per plan, and terminates on 3,040 feet of mile 376.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 375, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
182	ditto ...	ditto ...	376	North ...	11 12 4	3 3 14	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 375, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.

183	ditto	...	Pergunnahs Gyaspore and Bhimpore, Mouzahs Sheikh Mahomedpore, Champapore, and Ghosebaree.	376	South	...	4 9 0	2 1 36	.....	.....	Commences on 3,630 feet of mile 376, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 376, as per plan.
184	ditto	...	ditto ...	376	North	...	5 2 0	1 2 30	Occupied by road common to lots 181, 182, 183, and 184.	0 0 5	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 376, as per plan.
185	ditto	...	Pergunnah Bhimpore, Mouzahs Ghosebaree.	377	South	...	8 4 6	2 2 35	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 376, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 377.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 376, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 187.
186	ditto	...	ditto ...	377	North	...	8 8 0	2 3 4	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 376, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 188.
187	ditto	...	ditto ...	377	South	...	7 15 0	2 2 10	.....	.....	Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 377, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 185. West—By end of mile 377, as per plan.
188	ditto	...	ditto ...	377	North	...	7 18 0	2 2 16	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 186. West—By end of mile 377, as per plan.
189	ditto	...	Pergunnah Bhimpore, Mouzahs Mogulpore and Doma.	378	South	...	9 2 0	3 0 1	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 377, as per plan, and terminates on 3,000 feet of mile 378.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 377, as per plan. West—By boundary of village Salimpore.
190	ditto	...	ditto ...	378	North	...	9 3 0	3 0 4	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 377, as per plan. West—By boundary of village Salimpore.
191	ditto	...	Pergunnah Bhimpore, Mouzah Salimpore.	378	South	...	6 5 0	2 0 11	.....	.....	Commences on 3,000 feet of mile 378, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By boundary of village Doma. West—By end of mile 378, as per plan.
192	ditto	...	ditto ...	378	North	...	6 6 4	2 0 14	Occupied by level crossing.	0 0 5	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By boundary of village Doma. West—By end of mile 378, as per plan.
193	ditto	...	Pergunnah Bhimpore, Mouzahs Salimpore, Becheeta, and Beedheepore.	379	South	...	7 18 0	2 2 18	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 378, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 379.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 378, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 195.
194	ditto	...	Pergunnah Bhimpore, Mouzahs Salimpore, Becheeta and Beedheepore.	379	North	...	7 19 8	2 2 22	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 378, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 379.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 378, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 196.
195	ditto	...	Pergunnah Bhimpore, Mouzah Beedheepore.	379	South	...	8 18 12	2 3 33	.....	.....	Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 379, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 193. West—By end of mile 379 as per plan.
196	ditto	...	ditto ...	379	North	...	9 2 0	3 0 1	Occupied by level crossing.	0 0 6	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 194. West—By end of mile 379 as per plan.
197	ditto	...	Pergunnah Bhimpore, Mouzahs Beedheepore and Sherepore.	380	South	...	10 17 4	3 2 15	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 379, as per plan, and terminates on 2,450 feet of mile 380.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 379, as per plan. West—By village road.

Consecutive Lot Number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which the land is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	Approximate area in Beeghas and Acres.		Land excluded from sale from each lot.		Commencement and termination of lot	Boundaries of lot.
					B. C. C.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
198	Patna ...	Pergunnah Bhimpore, Mouzahs Beedheepore and Sharepore.	380	North ...	11 2 0	3 2 27	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 379, as per plan, and terminates on 2,450 feet of mile 380.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 379, as per plan. West—By village road.
199	ditto ...	Pergunnah Bhimpore, Mouzahs Rampore, Dureapore, Bahadoorpore, and Mahomed Syudpore.	380	South ...	13 6 0	4 1 24	.....	.....	Commences on 2,470 feet of mile 380, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 380, as per plan.
200	ditto ..	ditto ..	380	North ...	14 10 0	4 3 7	Occupied by road common to lots 197, 198, 199, and 200.	0 0 5	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 380, as per plan.
201	ditto ...	Pergunnah Bhimpore, Mouzahs Mahomed Syudpore and Chuckcheetoo.	381	South ...	9 16 0	3 0 39	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 380, as per plan, and terminates on 2,875 feet of mile 381.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 380, as per plan. West—By zemindaree land.
202	ditto ..	ditto ...	381	North ...	14 12 0	4 3 12	.....	....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 380, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
203	ditto ...	Pergunnah Bhimpore, Mouzahs Chukcheetoo, Hadyakpore, and Majhooly.	381	South ...	8 0 0	2 2 23	.....	.....	Commences on 2,820 feet of mile 381, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By ditto. West—By end of mile 381, as per plan.
204	ditto ...	Pergunnah Bhimpore, Mouzahs Hadyakpore and Majhooly.	381	North ...	7 0 0	2 1 10	Occupied by road ...	0 0 8	Commences on 2,925 feet of mile 381, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 381, as per plan.
205	ditto ...	Pergunnah Bhimpore, Mouzahs Majhooly and Gynapore.	382	South ..	4 3 0	1 1 20	...	.....	Commences at the end of mile 381, as per plan, and terminates on 1,275 feet of mile 382.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 381, as per plan. West—By village road.
206	ditto ...	ditto ...	382	North ...	4 5 0	1 1 26	.....	....	ditto	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 381, as per plan. West—By village road.
207	ditto ...	Pergunnah Bhimpore, Mouzahs Majhooly and Rocoonporah.	382	South ...	7 4 0	2 1 21	.....	.....	Commences on 1,330 feet of mile 382, and terminates on 3,205 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road. West—By ditto.
208	ditto ...	ditto ...	382	North ...	7 5 0	2 1 24	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By ditto.
209	ditto ...	Pergunnah Bhimpore, Mouzahs Rocoonporah and Shahpore Bahapore.	382	South ...	6 1 0	2 0 0	.....	.....	Commences on 3,250 feet of mile 382, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 382, as per plan.
210	ditto ...	ditto ...	382	North ...	6 0 0	1 3 37	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 382, as per plan.

212	ditto ...	Pergunnah Bhimpore, Mouzahs Shahpore Bahapore and Munsoorpore.	382	South ...	6 3 12	2 0 7	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 382, as per plan, and terminates on 2,250 feet of mile 383.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 382, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 213.
213	ditto ...	ditto ...	383	North ...	6 4 8	2 0 9	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 382, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 214.
214	ditto ...	Pergunnah Bhimpore, Mouzahs Monsoompore, Mirzapore, and Jahangirpore.	383	South ...	5 0 0	1 2 25	.....	.....	Commences on 2,250 feet of mile 383, and terminates on 4,000 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 211. West—By village road.
215	ditto ...	ditto ...	383	North ...	4 18 8	1 2 21	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 212. West—By village road.
216	ditto ...	Pergunnah Bhimpore, Mouzah Safeepore.	383	South ...	4 12 4	1 2 4	.....	.....	Commences on 4,025 feet of mile 383, and terminates at end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 383, as per plan.
217	ditto ...	ditto ...	383	North ...	4 12 8	1 2 5	Occupied by roads ...	0 0 8	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 383, as per plan.
218	ditto ...	Pergunnahs Bhimpore and Bycutpore, Mouzahs Safeepore, Jaheichuck, and Bykutpore.	384	South ...	7 15 0	2 2 10	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 383, as per plan, and terminates on 2,100 feet of mile 384.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 383, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 219.
219	ditto ...	ditto ...	384	North ...	7 15 0	2 2 10	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 383, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 220.
220	ditto ...	Pergunnahs Bhimpore and Bykutpore, Mouzahs Bykutpore, Puckneachuck, and Samdanychuk.	384	South ...	12 8 0	4 0 16	.....	.....	Commences on 2,100 feet of mile 384, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 217.
221	ditto ...	ditto ...	384	North ...	12 8 0	4 0 16	.....	.....	ditto ...	West—By end of mile 384, as per plan. North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 218.
222	ditto ...	Pergunnah Bykutpore, Mouzahs Samdanychuck, Ahmedpore, Nowada, and Chotanowada.	385	South ...	10 4 0	3 1 20	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 384, as per plan, and terminates on 2,850 feet of mile 385.	West—By end of mile 384, as per plan. North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 384, as per plan.
223	ditto ...	ditto ...	385	North ...	10 2 0	3 1 14	.....	.....	ditto ...	West—By eastern boundary of lot 223. North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 384, as per plan.
224	ditto ...	Pergunnah Bykutpore, Mouzahs Bykutpore, Chotanowada, and Kultoona.	385	South ...	9 7 0	3 0 15	.....	.....	Commences on 2,850 feet of mile 385, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	West—By eastern boundary of lot 224. North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 221.
225	ditto ...	ditto ...	385	North ...	9 7 0	3 0 15	.....	.....	ditto ...	West—By end of mile 385, as per plan. North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 222.
226	ditto ...	Pergunnah Bhimpore, Mouzahs Kultoona and Hurdaspore.	386	South ...	12 16 0	4 0 37	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 385, as per plan, and terminates on 2,800 feet of mile 386.	West—By end of mile 385, as per plan. North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 385, as per plan. West—By village road.

Consecutive Lot Number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which the land is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	Approximate area in Beeghas and Acres.		Land excluded from sale from each lot.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundaries of lot.
					B. C. C.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
226	Patna ...	Pergunnah Bhimpore, Mouzahs Kultonna and Hurdaspore.	386	North ...	12 16 0	0 0 37	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 385, as per plan, and terminates on 2,800 feet of mile 386.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 385, as per plan. West—By village road.
227	ditto ...	Pergunnah Bhimpore, Mouzahs Hurdaspore and Ensuffpore.	386	South ...	10 19 0	3 2 19	.....	.....	Commences on 2,830 feet of mile 386, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 386, as per plan.
228	ditto ...	ditto ...	386	North ...	10 19 0	3 2 19	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 386, as per plan.
229	ditto ...	Pergunnahs Bhimpore and Gyaspore, Mouzahs Ensuffpore, Khulcheepore, Koartan, and Momenpore.	387	South ...	14 1 0	4 2 23	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 386, as per plan, and terminates on 2,750 feet of mile 387.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 386, as per plan. West—By village road.
230	ditto ...	ditto ...	387	North ...	14 1 0	4 2 23	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 386, as per plan. West—By village road.
231	ditto ...	Pergunnahs Bhimpore and Gyaspore, Mouzahs Momenpore and Roypoora.	387	South ...	12 15 0	4 0 35	.....	.....	Commences on 2,760 feet of mile 387, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 387, as per plan.
232	ditto ...	ditto ...	387	North ...	12 15 0	4 0 35	Occupied by road ...	0 0 11	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 387, as per plan.
233	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Roypoora.	388	South ...	16 8 0	5 1 28	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 387, as per plan, and terminates on 3,100 feet of mile 388.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 387, as per plan. West—By village road.
234	ditto ...	ditto ...	388	North ...	16 8 0	5 1 28	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 387, as per plan. West—By village road.
235	ditto ...	ditto ...	388	South ...	10 0 0	3 1 9	.....	.....	Commences on 3,160 feet of mile 388, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 388, as per plan.
236	ditto ...	ditto ...	388	North ...	10 10 0	3 1 36	Retained by Railway Company. Occupied by roads ...	0 0 30 0 1 20	ditto ..	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 388 as per plan.
237	ditto ...	Pergunnahs Sandah and Azimabad, Mouzah Daryapore.	389	North ...	4 10 0	1 1 38	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 388, as per plan, and terminates on 900 feet of mile 389.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 388 as per plan. West—By land retained by the Railway Co.
238	ditto ...	Pergunnahs Sandah and Azimabad, Mouzahs Monscompore, Koortha, and Gobindpore.	389	South ...	9 15 0	3 0 36	.....	.....	Commences on 3,380 feet of mile 389, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By Futwah station land. West—By end of mile 389, as per plan.

239	ditto	...	ditto	...	389	North	...	3 9 0	1 0 23	Retained by Railway Company.	5 1 16	Commences on 4,500 feet of mile 389, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing.
										Occupied by road ...	0 0 27		East—By land retained by the Railway Co. West—By end of mile 389, as per plan.
240	ditto	...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzah Gobindpore.		390	South	...	9 12 4	3 0 29	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 389 as per plan, and terminates on 2,110 feet of mile 390.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 389 as per plan. West—By river Poonpoon.
241	ditto	...	ditto	...	390	North	...	9 12 4	3 0 29	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 389, as per plan. West—By river Poonpoon.
242	ditto	...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzahs Khodabukshpore & Khederpore.		390	South	...	9 18 8	3 1 5	Retained by the railway company for protection of bridge.	1 0 32	Commences on 2,420 feet of mile 390, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By river Poonpoon. West—By end of mile 390, as per plan.
243	ditto	...	ditto	...	390	North	...	13 11 0	4 1 37	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By river Poonpoon. West—By end of mile 390, as per plan.
244	ditto	...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzahs Khederpoor and Monjebpore.		391	South	...	10 15 2	3 2 9	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 390, as per plan, and terminates on 2,200 feet of mile 391.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 390, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 246.
245	ditto	...	ditto	...	391	North	...	11 16 4	3 3 25	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 390, as per plan, and terminates on 2,420 feet of mile 391.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 390, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 247.
246	ditto	...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzahs Monjebpoor and Jatooley.		391	South	...	11 0 6	3 2 23	Proposed to be retained by the railway company.	1 2 15	Commences on 2,470 feet of mile 391, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 244. West—By end of mile 391, as per plan.
247	ditto	...	ditto	...	391	North	...	14 15 12	4 3 22	Occupied by road ..	0 0 13	Commences on 2,420 feet of mile 391, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 245. West—By end of mile 391, as per plan.
248	ditto	..	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzah Jatooley.		392	South	...	11 12 0	3 3 14	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 391, as per plan, and terminates on 2,450 feet of mile 392.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 391, as per plan. West—By village road.
249	ditto	...	ditto	.	392	North	...	11 12 0	3 3 14	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 391, as per plan. West—By village road.
250	ditto	...	ditto	...	392	South	...	11 10 6	3 3 9	Proposed to be retained by the railway company.	0 2 25	Commences on 2,480 feet of mile 392, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 392 as per plan.
251	ditto	...	ditto	...	392	North	...	12 15 0	4 0 35	Occupied by branch line to river bank. Occupied by village roads.	0 0 37 0 0 6	Commences on 2,480 feet of mile 392, and terminates on 5,060 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road West—By land occupied by branch line to river Ganges.
252	ditto	...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzahs Jatooley and Mukdoompoor.		393	South	...	11 18 6	3 3 31	Proposed to be retained by railway company.	0 2 9	Commences at the end of mile 392, as per plan, and terminates on 3,500 feet of mile 393.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 392, as per plan. West—By village road.
253	ditto	...	ditto	...	393	North	...	12 14 0	4 0 32	.....	.....	Commences on 350 feet of mile 393, and terminates on 3,370 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By land occupied by branch line to river bank. West—By village road.

Consecutive Lot Number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which the land is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	Approximate area in Beeghas and Acres.		Land excluded from sale from each lot.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundaries of lot.
					B. C. C.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
254	Patna ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzah Mukdoompoor.	393	South ..	11 9 0	3 3 6	.....	.....	Commences on 3,475 feet of mile 393, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 393, as per plan.
255	ditto ...	ditto ...	393	North ..	7 6 0	2 1 26	Occupied by branch line to river bank.	0 1 24	Commences on 3,350 feet of mile 393, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 393, as per plan.
256	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzahs Mukdoompoor, Akburpoor, and Doulutpoor.	394	South ...	23 14 8	7 3 15	...	.....	Commences at the end of mile 393, as per plan, and terminates on 2,010 feet of mile 394.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 393, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 255.
257	ditto ...	ditto ...	394	North ...	9 9 0	3 0 20	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 393, as per plan, and terminates on 2,960 feet of mile 394.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 393, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 259.
258	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzahs Doulutpoor, Ashokpoor and Noseerpoor.	394	South ...	19 13 10	6 2 1	.....	.. .	Commences on 2,010 feet of mile 394, and terminates on 3,650 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 255. West—By eastern boundary of lot 260.
259	ditto ...	ditto ...	394	North ...	6 16 0	2 1 0	.....	.....	Commences on 2,960 feet of mile 394, and terminates on 3,700 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 257. West—By eastern boundary of lot 261.
260	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzah Noseerpoor.	394	South ...	16 3 4	5 1 15	.....	... ..	Commences on 3,650 feet of mile 394, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 258 West—By end of mile 394, as per plan.
261	ditto ...	ditto ...	394	North ...	6 10 0	2 0 24	Proposed to be retained by the railway company.	1 2 32	Commences on 3,700 feet of mile 394, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 259 West—By end of mile 394, as per plan.
262	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzahs Noseerpoor, Abdoor Ruhmanpoor.	395	South ...	15 4 14	5 0 6	Proposed to be retained by the railway company.	0 0 31	Commences at the end of mile 394 as per plan, and terminates on 2,450 feet of mile 395.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 394, as per plan. West—By village road.
263	ditto ...	ditto ...	395	North ...	11 7 12	3 3 2	.....	...	ditto	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 394, as per plan. West—By village road.

264	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzahs Sumby, Shahdara and Begumbagh.	395	South ...	7 5 4	2 1 24	.....	.....	Commences on 2,480 feet of mile 395, and terminates on 4,010 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road. West—By ditto.
265	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzahs Sumby, Shahdara, and Begumbagh.	395	North ...	7 3 4	2 1 19	.....	.....	Commences on 2,480 feet of mile 395, and terminates on 4,010 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By ditto.
266	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzahs Nowabbagh and Azumchuck.	395	South ...	4 12 0	1 2 3	.....	.....	Commences on 4,070 feet of mile 395, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—Partly by footpath along the outer boundary of Class A land, and partly by railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 395, as per plan.
267	ditto ...	ditto ...	395	North ..	9 17 0	3 1 1	.....	.....	Commences on 4,080 feet of mile 395, and terminates on 5,230 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By zemindaree land.
268	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzahs Azumchuck, Morarpoor, Nogra, and Saberchuck.	396	South ...	17 0 0	5 2 19	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 395, and terminates on 3,350 feet of mile 396.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 395, as per plan. West—By public road.
269	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzah Dabaychuck.	396	North ...	1 7 0	0 1 32	.....	.....	Commences on 140 feet of mile 396, and terminates on 450 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By zemindaree land. West—By ditto.
270	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzahs Nogra and Saberchuk.	396	North ...	12 3 0	4 0 3	.....	.....	Commences on 700 feet of mile 396, and terminates on 2,925 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By fencing of Patna branch line.
271	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzahs Saberchuck and Nakas.	396A.	East ...	5 17 4	1 3 30	.....	.....	Commences on 550 feet from junction to 2,300 feet from same.	North—By railway level crossing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By ditto. West—By railway fencing.
272	ditto, (Branch Line.)	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzah Nakas.	396A.	East ..	0 7 8	0 0 20	Previously transferred to A. Occupied by siding and proposed to be retained by the Railway Company.	2 0 4 1 3 16	A triangular plot of land situate on the east of the Good's Station.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By ditto. West—By railway fencing.
273	ditto, (Main Line.)	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzah Lodeskatra.	397	South ...	1 13 14	0 2 8	.....	.....	Commences on 1,260 feet of mile 397, and terminates on 1,840 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By Class A land. West—By zemindaree land.
274	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzah Hurnahatolah.	397	North ...	0 13 0	0 0 35	Occupied by road ...	0 0 2	Commences on 2,060 feet of mile 397, and terminates on 2,360 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By zemindaree land. West—By ditto.
275	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzah Mogulpoora.	398	North ...	0 10 0	0 0 27	.....	.....	Commences on 260 feet of mile 398, and terminates on 530 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By zemindaree land. West—By ditto.

Consecutive Lot Number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mousah	Number of mile on which the land is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	Approximate area in Beeghas and Acres.		Land excluded from sale from each lot.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundaries of lot.
					B. B. C.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
276	Patna ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mousah Mogulpoora.	398	South ...	0 5 0	0 0 18	.....	.....	Commences on 1,450 feet of mile 398, and terminates on 1,510 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By ditto. West—By ditto.
277	ditto ..	ditto	398	North ...	0 10 0	0 0 27	.....	.....	Commences on 1,990 feet of mile 398, and terminates on 2,170 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By zemindaree land. West—By ditto.
278	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mousah Pajawa.	398	South ...	1 10 0	0 2 0	.....	.....	Commences on 2,730 feet of mile 398, and terminates on 3,040 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By ditto. West—By ditto.
279	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mousahs Pajawa and Dadurnundy.	398	North .	8 12 0	2 3 15	.. ..	.. .	Commences on 2,240 feet of mile 398, and terminates on 3,040 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By zemindaree land. West—By ditto.
280	ditto ..	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mousah Toolsheenundy	398	South .	3 17 6	1 1 4	.....	.....	Commences on 4,830 feet of mile 398, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By ditto. West—By end of mile 398, as per plan.
281	ditto ..	ditto ...	398	North ...	1 13 0	0 2 7	Occupied by water courses and roads.	0 1 15	Commences on 4,815 feet of mile 398, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By zemindaree land. West—By end of mile 398, as per plan.
282	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mousahs Toolsheenundy and Sundalpore.	399	South ...	11 19 12	2 3 34	Occupied by road ..	0 0 6	Commences at the end of mile 398, as per plan, and terminates on 4,280 feet of mile 399.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 398, as per plan West—By zemindaree land.
283	ditto ..	ditto ...	399	North ...	36 18 0	12 0 32	Ditto	0 1 3	Commences on 100 feet of mile 399, and terminates on 4,350 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land South—By railway fencing. East—By zemindaree land. West—By railway level crossing.
284	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mousah Boolundypore.	399	South ...	3 8 0	1 0 20		... .	Commences on 4,800 feet of mile 399, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By ditto. West—By end of mile 399, as per plan.
285	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mousah Futehbang.	399	North ...	3 6 0	1 0 15	.....	.....	Commences on 4,400 feet of mile 399, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 399, as per plan.

286	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzahs Boolundypore and Coomar.	400	South ...	8 13 0	2 3 18	.....	.....	Commences on 200 feet of mile 400, and terminates on 2,640 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By ditto. West—By eastern boundary of lot 293.
287	ditto .	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzahs Boolundypore and Coomar.	400	North ...	9 8 0	3 0 17	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 399, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 400.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 399, as per plan. West—By Eastern boundary of lot 293.
288	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzahs Roscolpore, Bahadoorpore, Serputpore, and Jogypore.	400	South ...	9 2 0	3 0 1	.....	.....	Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 400, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 290. West—By end of mile 400, as per plan.
289	ditto ...	ditto ...	400	North ...	9 2 0	3 0 1	.....	.....	Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 400, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 291. West—By end of mile 400, as per plan.
290	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzahs Jogypore and Pertypore.	401	South ...	10 0 0	3 1 9	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 400, as per plan, and terminates on 3,070 feet of mile 401.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 400, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
291	ditto ...	ditto ...	401	North ...	10 0 0	3 1 9	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 400, as per plan, and terminates on 3,070 feet of mile 401.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 400, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
292	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzah Pertypoor.	401	South ...	7 10 0	2 1 37	.....	.....	Commences on 3,100 feet of mile 401, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 401, as per plan.
293	ditto ...	ditto ...	401	North ...	7 10 0	2 1 37	Occupied by roads and nullahs ...	0 3 0	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 401, as per plan.
294	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzahs Pertypoor, Lohanypoor, and Muhrampoor.	402	South ...	15 1 8	4 3 37	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 401, as per plan, and terminates on 4,880 feet of mile 402.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 401 as per plan. West—By railway fencing.
295	ditto ..	ditto ...	402	North ...	14 4 12	4 2 33	Occupied by level crossing roads ... B. land within fencing, proposed to be retained ...	0 0 26 5 2 10	dttio ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 401, as per plan. West—By railway fencing.

BHAGULPORE, RAILWAY DEPUTY COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, the 6th July 1874.

W. HEYSHAM, *Offg. Railway Deputy Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of class C land no longer required by the East Indian Railway Company, situated on the 74th, 105th and 106th A mile of the Main Line respectively in the Burdwan District, will be put up to sale at the Burdwan Collectorate on Tuesday, the 18th August 1874, corresponding with 3rd Bhadra 1281 B.S.

The purchasers of these plots will be subject to the following conditions:—

1*st.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

2*nd.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government and estates to be again put up for sale, at the risk of the defaulting purchasers after issue of advertisement as in the case of original sale.

The plots will be sold revenue free to the highest bidder above the upset price.

Number in statement in Government estate.	Number on the district roll.	Name of estate and pergunnah.	Approximate area in acres.	Upset price.	Remarks.
				Rs. A. P.	
80	3	Mouzah Satnundee, pergunnah Gopeebhoom.	25 3 5	974 0 0	
81	13	Mouzah Saggerbhanga, pergunnah Selampore.	3 2 39	2,835 0 0	
82	13	Mouzah Saggerbhanga, pergunnah Selampore.	0 1 2	310 0 0	

E. H. WHINFIELD, *Offg. Collector.*

BURDWAN COLLECTORATE, the 27th June 1874.

জিলা বর্দ্ধমান।

নিলামী ইস্তাহারনামা কাছারি কালেক্টরী জেলা বর্দ্ধমান।

এতদ্বারা সংবাদ দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে বর্দ্ধমান জেলার মধ্যবর্ত্তী নিম্নের লিখিত সি চিহ্নিত জমী ইষ্ট ইণ্ডিয়া রেইলওয়ে কোম্পানির আর আবশ্যক না থাকা প্রযুক্ত সরকারি খাস মহাল গণ্য হইয়া সন ১৮৭৪ সালের ১৮ আগষ্ট মোতাবেক সন ১২৮১ সালের ৩ ভাদ্র মঙ্গলবার অত্র বর্দ্ধমানের কালেক্টরী কাছারিতে নিষ্করূপে নীলামে বিক্রয় হইবেক ইতি সন ১৮৭৪ সাল তাং ২৪ জুন।

২। এই ভূমির খরিদার নিম্নলিখিত নিয়মাধীন হইবেক।

১। এক শত টাকার অনধিক পণ হইলে সেই সমুদয় টাকা তৎক্ষণাৎ দিতে হইবেক।

২। এক শত টাকার অধিক হইলে ডাকপণের চারি অংশের একাংশ তৎক্ষণাৎ দিতে হইবেক বিক্রয়ের দিবস এক দিন ধরিয়া গণনা করিলে বিক্রয়ান্তর পঞ্চদশ দিনের মধ্যাহ্ন কালে কিম্বা সেই দিবস বন্ধের দিন হইলে তৎপরে প্রথমে যে দিন কাছারি খোলা যায় সেই দিবস মধ্যাহ্ন কালে যদি অবশিষ্ট দাখিল না হয় তবে বিক্রয় রহিত ও গচ্ছিত টাকা গবর্ণমেণ্টে জব্দ হইবেক ও প্রথম স্থলীয় বিক্রয়ের ন্যায় পুনর্ব্বার বিজ্ঞাপন প্রকাশ করণপূর্ব্বক ঐ ত্রুটিকারি ক্রেতার ত্রুটিতে সেই মহাল পুনর্ব্বার বিক্রয় হইবেক।

৩। ঐ জমী সর্ব্বউচ্চ ডাককারিকে নিষ্কর বিক্রয় করা যাইবেক ইতি।

রাজস্বীয় মহালের কৈফিয়তের নম্বর।	তৌজির নম্বর।	মহালের নাম ও পরগণা	একর হিসাবে জমির আন্দাজ পরিমাণ।	নীলামের প্রথম ডাক।	মন্তব্য।
৮০ নং	৩ নং	সাঞ্জী নন্দী পংগোপ ভূমি	২৫।৩।৫	৯৭৪৲	
৮১ নং	১৩ নং	সগড় ডাঙ্গা পং সীলামপুর	৩।২।৩৯	২৮৩৫৲	
৮২ নং	১৩ নং	সগড় ডাঙ্গা পং সিলামপুর	০।১।২	৩১০৲	

E. W. WHINFIELD, *Offg. Collector.*

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, Section 11, Act VII (B.C.) of 1868, and under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Chittagong will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on the 21st day of August 1874, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 25th day of May 1874.

NOABAD.

Mouzah Mita Serra, Thana Ramoo.

No. 107.—Taluk Rustom Ali, Malik Rustom Ali; sudder jumma, Rs. 658-3. The entire taluk will be sold for arrears of Government revenue.

Mouzah Teknaaf, Thana Teknaaf.

No. 1401.—Taluk Khepong Chowdry, Ompoori Chowdry, Srimoti Nao, Chaimpuri Chowdry, Aungiree Chowdry, and Kassim Ali Chowdry, Malik Khod; sudder jumma, Rs. 692-3; road fund, Rs. 6-15; total, Rs. 699-2. The entire taluk will be sold for arrears of Government revenue.

A. L. CLAY, *Offg. Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Sarun will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on Friday, the 31st day of July 1874, corresponding with 2nd of Sawan 1281 F.S., for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 8th in lieu of the 7th of June 1874.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

Serial No.	Touji No.	Name of Estate and Pergunnah.	Name of Proprietor.	Government revenue of the entire estate.	Government revenue of the share which will be sold for arrears of revenue.	Arrears of revenue due from the estate.
				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1	35	Pathar, Pergunnah Ander	Gungaproshad, Narain Sing, Dariao Sing, and others.	1,635 3 2	1,090 1 7	16 2 8½
2	58	Tiyan, Pergunnah Ander ...	Deepnarain, Siri Rai, and others.	1,051 11 8½	155 0 6	12 2 3½
3	180	Manpore Patheji, Pergunnah Ander.	Azmuth Ally, Hidastoollah, and others.	618 7 4	618 7 4	4 4 7½
4	240	Ekar, Pergunnah Bal ...	Harproshad, Narain, and others.	812 11 0	355 5 6	12 13 10½
5	340	Pithowri, Pergunnah Bal ...	Sothoorbun Sahee and others	639 12 9½	155 7 8½	16 4 6½
6	931	Chapp, Pergunnah Bara ..	Toofazeoolla, Gholam Sarwar, and others.	2,228 3 6½	146 11 3½	17 14 0½
7	997	Sewan, Pergunnah Bara ...	Mussamut Alah Randi, Oli Mahammud, and others.	504 12 0½	376 9 0½	7 1 3½
8	1166	Rampore Chanud, Pergunnah Bara.	Ramsahoy Sing and others ...	671 6 10	551 6 10	19 6 8½
9	1215	Barkagaon, Pergunnah Barai.	Hikmuth Rai, Jadoo Nath Rai, and others.	926 12 2½	926 12 2½	11 15 11½
10	1587	Poonuck Gouri, Pergunnah Chowbara.	Gopaul Sahee, Aodan Rai, and others.	587 3 4	347 6 0	0 15 5½
11	1754	Chirand, PergunnahChirand	Gungadhur Saheo and others	4,416 11 9½	1,142 4 8½	85 6 8½
12	2294	Bajraha, Pergunnah Goah .	Ramanoogra Oopadhya, Devipandey, and others.	632 14 11½	171 15 11½	9 6 2½
13	2453	Chhap Sooderan, Pergunnah Goah.	Ritburn Sing, Sewsahoy Sing, and others.	821 5 4	344 11 1	16 10 7½
14	2459	Dhurumraj, Pergunnah Goah.	Meherban Sing, Ramsahoy Sing, and others.	663 7 5	295 5 6	2 4 3½
15	2487	Rasoolpore, Pergunnah Goah.	Jhabboo Lall, uncle and guardian of Doorga Surun, minor.	1,435 4 3	332 11 10	1 11 8½
16	2530	Dhowree, Pergunnah Goah	Ram Charn Sing, and others	517 5 4	517 5 4	2 10 0
17	2521	Saronja, Pergunnah Goah ..	Gholam Hossen Khan, Nabeedad Khan, and others.	2,013 2 1½	1,014 11 4½	35 1 5½
18	2521	Ditto ditto ..	Baneesersahoy and others ...	2,013 2 1½	151 2 0	4 5 8
19	2523	Sagooni, Pergunnah Goah...	Kandbehari Lall	1,536 0 0	1,536 0 0	2 3 8
20	2592	Shaikhpoor Rowza, Pergunnah Goah.	Brijraj Kuer, Gundharb Kuer, and others.	602 13 9½	194 6 8	11 9 11½
21	2613	Kerwakutea, Pergunnah Goah.	Jugopal Saheo, Ramunoogra Sing, and others.	3,146 10 8	685 6 8	1 1 8
22	2613	Ditto ditto .	Ramnarain Sing	3,146 10 8	7 1 0	0 12 9
23	2813	Amnour Mander, Pergunnah Muckair.	Sewtohul Sing ...	12,485 1 3½	391 8 5 3k.	0 14 5
24	2813	Ditto ditto ..	Moulvi Ather Hossen ...	12,485 1 3½	169 1 0	5 4 6
25	2895	Iadai, Pergunnah Manjhi .	Joogessar Sahoy and others .	633 9 7	546 15 8	3 2 8
26	2984	Yeahpore, Pergunnah Madhul	Loha Rai, Goordial Sing, and others.	648 9 6	284 10 9	12 15 5½
27	3041	Gumbhari, Pergunnah Madhul.	Baijoo Rai and others ..	4,298 4 3½	2,782 19 8½	22 14 11½
			Manogee Sing, Gusputh Sing, and others.			

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estate.

28	4397	Dearah Dhab, Pergunnah Madhul.	Harsahoy Sing and others	591 0 0	591 0 0	3 12 6

J. S. DRUMMOND, *Offg. Collector.*

اشتہار نیلام بابت بقیۂ مالگذاري سرکار

واضح هوکہ حسب دفعہ ٦ - ایکٹ ١١ سنہ ١٨٥٩ع کے یہہ محالات مرقومۂ الذیل ضلع ساران مین بابت بقیہ مالگذاري سرکار و دیگر دعوي جو ازروے دستورات قوانین مجاریہ مرافق باقي مالگذاري سرکار کے بتاریخ ٨ جون بجاے ٧ جون سنہ ١٨٧٤ع واجب الوصول هي بروز جمعہ تاریخ ٣١ جولائي سنہ ١٨٧٤ع مطابق ٢٠ ساون سنہ ١٢٨١ فصلي کچہري مین صاحب کلکٹر اس ضلع کے بلا عذر عام نیلام مین رکھا جایگا

قسم اول محالات بندوبستي استمراري

نمبر شماري	نام محال و پرگنہ	نمبر توزیع	نام مالک مندرجہ سررشتہ	صدر جمع مسلم محال	صدر جمع اس حصہ کا جو نیلام کیا جایگا	باقي جسکے سے نیلام هوگا	کیفیت
				پائي آنہ روپیہ	پائي آنہ روپیہ	پائي آنہ روپیہ	
١	پٹار پرگنہ اندر	٣٥	گنگا پرشاد نراین سنگھ دریاو سدگھ و غیرہ	٢ ٣ ١٦٣٥	٧ ١ ١٠٩٠	١٦ ٢ ٨½	بعلتباقي مالگذاري سرکار نیلام هوگا
٢	تیائین پرگنہ اندر	٥٨	دیب نراین سري راي وغیرہ	٨½ ٢١ ١٠٥١	٦ ٠ ١٥٥	١٢ ٢ ٣½	ایضا
٣	مان پور نیچے پرگنہ اندر	١٣٠	عظمت علي و هدایت الله و غیرہ	٤ ٧ ٦١٨	٤ ٧ ٦١٨	٤ ٤ ٧½	ایضا
٤	ایکسار پرگنہ بال	٢٤٠	هر پرشاد نراین وغیرہ	٠ ١١ ٨١٢	٦ ٥ ٣٥٥	١٢ ١٣ ١٠½	ایضا
٥	پٹھوري پرگنہ بال	٣٤٠	سترهن سهاي وغیرہ	٩½ ١٢ ٦٣٩	٣½ ٧ ١٥٥	١٦ ٤ ٦½	ایضا
٦	جانب پرگنہ بارہ	٩٣١	طفیل الله غلام سرور وغیرہ	٦½ ٣ ١١٢٢٨	٣½ ١١ ١٤٦	١٧ ١٤ ½	ایضا
٧	سیوان پرگنہ بارہ	٩٩٧	مسماة الله باندي ولي محمد وغیرہ	½ ١٢ ٥٠٤	½ ٩ ٣٧٦	٧ ١ ٣½	ایضا
٨	رام پور چاند پرگنہ بارہ	١١٦٥	رام سهاي سنگھ وغیرہ	١٠ ٦ ٦٧١	١٠ ٦ ٨٨١	١٩ ٦ ٨½	ایضا
٩	بڈکا گانوں پرگنہ بري	١٢١٥	حکمت راي جدوناتھ راي وغیرہ	٢½ ١٢ ٦٢٦	٢½ ١٢ ٦٢٦	١١ ١٥ ١١½	ایضا
١٠	پونك گوري پرگنہ چوبارہ	١٥٨٧	گوپال سهاي اودان راي وغیرہ	٤ ٣ ٥٨٧	٠ ٦ ٣٤٧	٠ ١٥ ٥½	ایضا
١١	چراند پرگنہ چراند	١٧٥٣	گنگا دهر ساهو وغیرہ	٩½ ١١ ٣٤١٦	٨½ ٦ ١٠٣٢	٨٥ ٦ ٨½	ایضا
١٢	بچراها پرگنہ گورہ	٢٢٩٣	رام انوگهرہ آوپدهیا دیبي پانڈہ وغیرہ	١½ ١٤ ٦٢	١١½ ١٥ ١٧	٩ ٦ ٢½	ایضا
١٣	جهاب سوارس پرگنہ گورہ	٢٤٣٣	ریت نرن سنگھ شیر سهاي سنگھ وغیرہ	٤ ٥ ٨٢١	١ ١١ ٣٠٣٤	١٦ ١٠ ٧½	ایضا

نمبر شماري	نمبر توزيع	نام محال و پرگنه	نام مالک مندرجه سررشته	صدر جمع مسلم محال	صدر جمع اُس حصه کا جو نیلام کیا جائیگا	باقي جسکے سے نیلام هوگا	کیفیت
				پائي آنه روپیه	پائي آنه روپیه	روپیه آنه پائي	
۱۴	۲۴۵۹	دهرمراج پرگنه گوره	مهربان‌سنگه رام سهاي سنگه وغیره	۵ ۷ ۶۶۳	۶ ۵ ۲۹۵	۲ ۴ ۳½	ایضا
۱۵	۲۴۸۷	رسولپور پرگنه گوره	جیتو لعل عم و ولي درگا سرن نابالغ رام چرن سنگه وغیره	۳ ۴ ۱۴۳۵	۱۰ ۱۱ ۳۳۲	۱ ۱۱ ۸½	ایضا
۱۶	۲۵۲۰	دهوري پرگنه گوره	غلام حسین خان نبي داد خان وغیره	۴ ۵ ۵۱۷	۴ ۵ ۵۱۷	۲ ۱۰ ۰	ایضا
۱۷	۲۵۲۱	سرونجا پرگنه گوره	نایسر سهاي وغیره	۱½ ۲ ۱۱۱۳	۴½ ۱۱ ۲۰۳۶	۳۵ ۱ ۵½	ایضا
۱۸	۲۵۲۱	ایضا	کاندهاري لعل	۱½ ۲ ۱۱۱۳	۱ ۰ ۱۵۱	۴ ۵ ۶	ایضا
۱۹	۲۵۲۳	سگوني پرگنه گوره	نرج راج کنور گندهرپ کنور	۰ ۰ ۱۵۳۶	۰ ۰ ۱۵۳۶	۲ ۳ ۸	ایضا
۲۰	۲۵۹۲	شیخپور روضه پرگنه گوره	جیگوپال ساهو رام اگورة سنگه وغیره	۹½ ۱۳ ۶۰۲	۸ ۶ ۱۹۴	۱۱ ۹ ۱۱½	ایضا
۲۱	۲۶۱۳	کیورا کلّسا پرگنه گوره	رام نرائن سنگه	۸ ۱۰ ۳۱۴۶	۸ ۶ ۶۸۵	۱ ۱ ۸	ایضا
۲۲	۲۶۱۳	ایضا	شیو ٹهل سنگه وغیره	۸ ۱۰ ۳۱۴۶	۰ ۱ ۷	۰ ۱۲ ۰	ایضا
۲۳	۲۸۱۳	اصنور باندر پرگنه صاگیر	مولوي اظهر حسین	۳½ ۱ ۱۲۴۸۵	۸ ۵۳ ۳۹۱	۰ ۱۴ ۵	ایضا
۲۴	۲۸۱۳	ایضا	جوگیشور سهاي وغیره	۳½ ۱ ۱۲۴۸۵	۰ ۱ ۱۹۹	۵ ۴ ۶	ایضا
۲۵	۲۸۹۵	ایندي پرگنه مانجي	لوها راي‌گوردیال سنگه وغیره	۷ ۹ ۶۴۳	۸ ۱۵ ۵۴۶	۳ ۲ ۸	ایضا
۲۶	۲۹۸۳	ایجي‌پور پرگنه مدّهل	بیچوراي وغیره ۴کس	۶ ۹ ۶۴۸	۹ ۱۰ ۲۶۴	۱۲ ۱۵ ۵½	ایضا
۲۷	۳۰۴۱	کیمهاري پرگنه مدّهل	مانوگي سنگه گنپت سنگه وغیره	۳½ ۴ ۴۲۲۸	۸½ ۱۲ ۲۷۸۲	۲۲ ۱۴ ۱۱½	ایضا
		قسم دویم محالات نددوسني میعادي نا مالک					
۲۸	۴۳۹۷	دبارة دهات پرگنه مدّهل	هرسهاي سنهگه وغیرة	۰ ۰ ۵۹۱	۰ ۰ ۵۹۱	۳ ۱۲ ۹	ایضا

تحریر في التاریخ ۲۲ جون سنة ۱۸۷۴ع محمد رفیع محرر

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Chittagong will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on the 21st day of August 1874, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 26th day of May 1874.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 3880.—Taraf Obedullah Sheik, Mahomed Osi, and Sheik Mahomed Ali; recorded proprietors, Aimona Bibi, Ahmed Ali Bonnijan Bibi, Abdullah Khan, Mahomed Bashirullah Chowdry, and Romijaddeen; sudder jumma, Rs. 678-7-0. The entire estate will be sold for arrears of Government revenue.

A. L. CLAY, *Offg. Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Patna will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district, on the 14th day of August 1874, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 8th day of June 1874.

CLASS I.—*Permanently settled Estates.*

Number of Towjee.	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Sudder Jumma.	Name of Proprietors.	REMARKS.
		Rs. A. P.		
6	Umnarkhas, Pergunnah Tilhara.	2,240 0 0	Hurrukh Sing, Puraymun Muhto, Tekchand Garain, Mullick Uhmud Hosein, Goburdhun Chowbey, Mussamut Purma Cour, mother and guardian of Shayuck Muhto oorf, Gujadhur Pershad Muhto, minor Son, and Torul Muhto, an unrecorded proprietor.	Out of sudder jumma Rs. 2,240, Rs. 1,400 to be deducted on account share of Goburdhone Chowbey, Mussamut Purma Cour, mother and guardian of Shayuck Muhto oorf, Gujadhur Persad Muhto, minor son and Torul Muhto whose shares were brought under partition according to the provisions of Section 38, Regulation XIX of 1814. Sudder jumma advertised for sale is Rs. 840 on account of the share of Hurrukh Sing Puraymun Muhto, Tekchand Gaarin, and Mullick Uhmud Hosein, non-applicants, which will be sold for arrears of Government revenue only.
65	Chatee, &c., Pergunnah Tilhara.	2,346 10 8	Moulvie Ushruf Hossen, Mussamut Mujeedun, Syed Ally Hossen, and Syed Meer Ally, Malicks.	The entire estate will be sold for arrears of Government revenue only.
210	Raneepore, Pergunnah Biswuk.	2,507 11 9	Motee Begum, Syed Uhmed Hossen, and Mussamut Khanumjan, Malicks.	Ditto ditto.
295	Mirjapore Geelanee, Pergunnah Tilhara.	1,318 0 0	Mussamut Saedjan, Mussamut Payaroonnissa, Mussamut Sungeejan, Mussamut Fureedun, Shekh Fida Ali, Mussamut Wuzeeronnissa, Mussamut Baygoojaun, Mussamut Hossenulljan oorf Omrao Sahebay, Mussamut Seetara, Shekh Ameer Ally, Mussamut Bursatun, Mussamut Busharutoonnissa, herself and mother of Shekh Wahed Ally, minor son, Mussamut Shukulbaso, Mussamut Mun Cour, Mussamut Shukulbaso, mother and guardian of Gunouree Muhto, minor son, Gopal Muhto, and Sheopershad Chowdrie, Maliks.	Out of sudder jumma Rs. 1,318, Rs. 700-3 to be deducted on account shares of Mussamut Shukulbaso and Mussamut Mun Cour, &c., with whom separate accounts were opened under Section 10, Act XI of 1859, and share of Mussamut Mun Cour and Mussamut Shukulbaso, &c., non-applicants. Sudder jumma advertised for sale is Rs. 617-13 on account shares of Mussamut Saedjaun Payaroonnissa, Sungeejan, Mussamut Fureedun, Shekh Feda Ali, Mussamut Wuzeeroonnissa, Mussamut Baygoojan, Mussamut Hosseneejan oorf Omrao Shebay, Mussamut Seetara, Mussamut Busharutoonnissa, herself, mother, and guardian of Shekh Wahed Ally minor son, and Shekh Ameea Ally with whom separate accounts were opened under Section 10, Act XI of 1859, which will be sold for arrears of Government revenue only.
486	Pancheetara, Pergunnah Behar.	1,160 9 0	Mussamut Omutoolzohra oorf Beebee Bunno, Mahomed Baker, father and guardian of Waheedal Huq, &c., Maliks.	Out of sudder jumma Rs. 1,160-9, Rs. 1,138-0-5 to be deducted on account share of Mussamut Umutoolzohra oorf Beebee Bunno, &c., with whom separate accounts were opened under Section 10, Act XI of 1859, and whose shares were brought under partition according to the provisions of Section 38, Regulation XIX of 1814, and Syed Reza Ali, &c., non-applicants. Sudder jumma advertised for sale is Rs. 38-8-7 on account of 4 annas share of Syed Jumal Ali in mouzah Moheeooddeenpore dedkolee khoord bozoorg appertaining to lot Pancheetara, with whom separate account was opened under Section 10, Act XI of 1859, which will be sold for arrears of Government revenue only.
746	Arazee Toufur Jahungurpore Mugurpul resumed mehal, Pergunnah Shahpore Munair.	7,828 0 0	Nundkishwur Malik	The entire estate will be sold for arrears of Government revenue only.

PATNA COLLECTORATE, BANKIPORE, the 24th June 1874. A. C. MANGLES, *Collector.*

صاحب کلکٹر بہادر ضلع پٹنہ کے حکم سے

اشتہار نیلام مطابق دفعہ ۶ اکٹ ۱۱ سنہ ۱۸۵۹ عیسوی

سب کو جاننا چاہئے کہ یہہ محال جو نیچے لکھا ہی بابت باقی مالگذاری سرکار و دوسری دعوی جو مطابق آئین و قانون جاری کے باقی مالگذاری سرکار کے طرح وصول ہونی چاہئے وجو تاریخ ۸ ماہ جون سنہ ۱۸۷۴ع کو پانے تھی تاریخ ۱۴ ماہ اگست سنہ ۱۸۷۴ عیسوی مطابق ۱۶ ماہ ساون سنہ ۱۲۸۱ فصلی دن جمعہ کو اس ضلع کے صاحب کلکٹر کے کچہری مین بلا عذر کے سب کے سامنے نیلام ہوگا فقط

قسم محال بندوبست دائمی

توزیع نمبر	نام محال تعداد پرگنہ	صدر جمع	نام مالکونکا	کیفیت
۶	امنار خاص پرگنہ تیلاڈہ	۲۲۴۰	ہرکہہ سنگہہ و پریمن مہتون و ٹیک چند گرائین و ملک احمد حسین وگوبردھن چوبہ و مسماۃ پرما کنور مادر والیہ سیوک مہتون عرف گجادھر پرشاد مہتون پسر نابالغ و ٹورل مہتون غیر مندرجہ سررشتہ مالکان مالگذاران	اسمین سے صدر جمع ۱۴۰۱ منہائی ہوگا بابت حصہ گوبردھن چوبہ و مسماۃ پرما کنور مادر والیہ شیوک مہتون عرف گجادھر پرشاد مہتون پسر نابالغ و ٹورل مہتون جسکا حصہ زیر بٹوارہ کیا گیا مطابق دفعہ ۳۳ قانون ۱۹ سنہ ۱۸۱۴ع وصدر جمع جو نیلام ہوگا ۸۴۰ بابت حصہ ہرکہہ سنگہ و پریمن مہتون و ٹیکچند گرائین و ملک احمد حسین غیر سائلان کا بعلت باقی مالگذاری کے نیلام ہوگا
۶۵	چھاتی وغیرہ پرگنہ تیلاڈہ	۲۳۴۶-۱۰ ۸	مولوی اشرف حسین و مسماۃ مجیدن و سید علی حسن وسید میر علی مالکان مالگذاران	بعلت باقی مالگذاری کے مسلم محال نیلام ہوگا
۲۱۰	رانی پور پرگنہ بسوک	۲۵-۷-۱۱-۹	موتی بیگم و سید احمد حسین و مسماۃ خانم جان مالکان مالگذاران	ایضا
۲۹۵	مرزاپور گیلانی پرگنہ تیلاڈہ	۱۳۱۸	مسماۃ سید وجان و مسماۃ پیار النسا و مسماۃ سنگی جان و مسماۃ فریدن و شیخ فدا علی و مسماۃ وزیر النسا و مسماۃ بیگو جان و مسماۃ حسینی جان عرف امراو صاحبہ و مسماۃ ستارا و شیخ امیر علی و مسماۃ برساتن و مسماۃ بشارت النسا اصل بنفسہ مادر شیخ واحد علی پسر نابالغ و مسماۃ شکل بانو و مسماۃ منکور و مسماۃ شکل بانو مادر والیہ گیندوری مہتون پسر نابالغ گوپال مہتون و سیو پرشاد چودھری مالکان مالگذاران	اسمین سے صدر جمع ۷۰۱-۳ منہائی ہوگا بابت حصہ مسماۃ شکل بانو و مسماۃ منکور وغیرہ جسکے ساتھہ حساب کھولا گیا بموجب دفعہ ۱۰ اکٹ ۱۱ سنہ ۱۸۵۹ع و حصہ منکور و مسماۃ شکل بانو وغیرہ غیر سایلان و صدر جمع جو نیلام ہوگا ۶۱۷-۱۳ حصہ مسماۃ سیدوجان و پیار النسا و سنگی جان و مسماۃ فریدن و شیخ فدا علی و مسماۃ وزیر النسا و مسماۃ بیگو جان و مسماۃ حسینی جان عرف امراو صاحبہ و مسماۃ ستارہ و مسماۃ بشارت النسا اصل بنفسہا مادر ولیہ و شیخ واحد علی پسر نابالغ و شیخ امیر علی جسکے ساتھہ حساب کھولا گیا بمواد دفعہ ۱۰ اکٹ ۱۱ ۱۸۵۹ع بعلت باقی مالگذاری کے نیلام ہوگا
۴۸۲	پانچی تارا پرگنہ بہار	۱۱۶۰-۹	مسماۃ امتہ الزہرا عرف بی بی بنو و محمد باقر پدر والی وحید الحق و غیرہ مالکان مالگذاران	اسمین سے صدر جمع ۱۱۳۲-۵ منہائی ہوگا بابت حصہ مسماۃ امتہ الزہرا عرف بی بی بنو وغیرہ جسکے ساتھہ حساب کھولا گیا بمواد دفعہ ۱۰ اکٹ ۱۱ سنہ ۱۸۵۹ع و زیر بٹوارہ کیا گیا بمواد دفعہ ۳۳ قانون ۱۹ ۱۸۱۲ع و سید رضا علی و غیرہ غیر سایلان و صدر جمع جو نیلام ہوگا ۲۸-۸-۷ بابت چہار آنہ حصہ سید جمال علی واقع موضع محی الدین پور دیوکلی خورد بزرگ متعلقہ لاٹ پانچی تارا پرگنہ بہار جسکے ساتھہ حساب کھولا گیا بمواد دفعہ ۱۰ اکٹ ۱۱ ۱۸۵۹ع بعلت باقی مالگذاری کے نیلام ہوگا
۷۴۹	اراضی توفیر جہانگیر پور منگر پال محال ضبطی پرگنہ شاہ پور منیر	۷۸۲۸-۲	بند کیسور مالک مالگذار	بعلت باقی مالگذاری کے مسلم محال نیلام ہوگا

فی التاریخ ۲۴ ماہ جون سنہ ۱۸۷۲ع

العبد رگھوبنس سہاے توزیع نویس

जिला बलरामपुर बहादुर जिले पाटनावे हुकुम से

इश्तहार नीलाम मुताबिक दफा ६ रुबकार ११ सन १८७९

सब को जानना चाहिये के सब मवाल जो नीचे लिखा है बावत बाकी मालगुजारी सरकार को दूसरे दावे जो मुताबिक दफा ६ कानून जारी के बाकी मालगुजारी सरकार की तरफ वसूल होने चाहिये को जो तारीख २८ महीना जून सन १८७४ को पाने से तारीख १४ महीना अगस्त सन १८७४ मुताबिक ता: १६ महीना सावन सन १२८१ फसली दिन जुमा को इस जिले के साहेब कलक्टर की कचहरी से लिखा उजुर है सब के सामने नीलाम होगा

नीलामी नम्बर	नाम मवाल और परगना	सदरजमा	नाम आसामियों का	कैफियत
६	बलभारलाल परगने तेज-पाटा	११४०	परख सिंह को परेमन मवतो को डेकचन्द मरार को मलिक चकमद चोखेन को गोवर्धन चौबे को सो: परसादकुवर साहर बाजिबे खेवक मवतो उरफ मजाधरप्रसाद मवतो पेशर मावालिम को ठोरक मवतो जैर सुन्दरजे परिवे मालकान मालगुजारान	इसमे से सदरजमा १४ मिनहाई होगा ता: सिं: गोवर्धन चौबे को सो: परसा कुवर साहर बाजिबे खेवक मवतो उरफ मजाधर प्रसाद मवतो पेशर मावालिम को ठोरक मवतो जिसका जिसे जेर बटवारा किया गेया मोताबिक दः ११ ता: १८ सन १८७४ ई: को सदरजमा को जिलाम होगा ८४० ता: जिसे परख सिंह को परेमन मवतो को डेकचन्द मरार को मलिक चकमद चोखेन जैर मावकान का बरखत बाकी मालगुजारि के जिलाम होगा
६१	खानि बसैरच परगने तेज-पाटा	११४६।=	मवोखनि चकमद चोखेन को सो: मजिदन को खद खलि परख को खद सिर खलि मालकान मालगुजारान	बरखत बाकी मालगुजारि के मुवलम मवाल जिलाम होगा
११०	रानिपुरपुर परगना तेज-पाटा	२६०७।=	सोनिमेगम को खद चकमद चोखेन को सो: खानम खान मालकान मालगुजारान	बरखत बाकी मालगुजारि के मुवलम मवाल जिलाम होगा
१८५	मजापुर जि-खानि परगना तेजपाटा	१११=	सो: खदो खान को सो: खारु-उल्लजिखा को सो: खजिखान को सो: खरिदन को शेख फेदा खलि को सो: बजिरउल्लजिखा को सो: पेशुखान को सो: चोखलिखान उरफ खसराव खाजिबे को सो: सिमारा को शेख खमिर खलि को सो: बसैरच को सो: बसारत उल्लजिखा उरफ सिमनकवलि साहर शेख खाजिद खलि पेशर मावालिम को सो: मवस बाबो को सो: मनकुवर को सो: मवस बाबो साहर बाजिबे मंदौरि मवतो पेशर मावालिम मोपाल मवतो को शिव प्रसाद चौधरि मालकान मालगुजारान	इसमे से सदरजमा ७०० = मिनहाई होगा बावत सिंह सो: मवसबाबो को सो: मनकुवर बसैरच जिसके साथ सिधाव होगा गेया बसौ-जिब द: १० रुबकार ११ सन १८७९ ई: को सिंह मनकुवर को सो: मवसबाबो बसैरच जैर मावकान को सदरजमा को जिलाम होगा ६१७।= सिंह सो: खादोखान को खारउल्ल-जिखा को खजिखान को सो: खरिदन को शेख-फेदा खलि को सो: बजिरउल्ल जिखा को स, पेशुखान को सो: चोखलि उरफ खसराव खाजिबे को सो: सिमारा को सो: बसारतउल्लजिखा खउल्लजिमनकवखा साहर बाजिबे शेख खाजिद खलि पेशरमावालिम को शेख खमिर खलि जिसके साथ सिधाव होगा गेया बसोदाह द: १० रुबकार ११ सन १८७९ ई: बरखत बाकी मालगुजारि के जिलाम होगा

तौजी नम्बर	नाम महाल और परगना	सदरजमा	नाम मालिकों का	कैफियत
४८६	पांचितारा परगना बिहार	११६०॥ –	मीः उमतउल जोहरा उरफ बिबि बनो ओ मोहमद बाकर पेदर बालि बहिदउलहक वगैरह मालकान मालगुजारान	इसमें से सदरजमा ११३२९५ मिनहाई होगा बाबत हिसे मोः उमतउल जोहरा उरफ बिबि बनो वगैरह जिसके साथ हिसाब खोला गेया बमोराद दः १० एकट ११ सन १८५९ ईः ओ जेर बटवारा किया गेया बमोराद दः ३३ कानुन १९ सन १८१४ ईः ओ स्यद रजा अलि वगैरह गैर सायलान ओ सदर जमा जो निलाम होगा २८॥०७ बाबत चारआने हिसे स्यद जमाल अलि वाके मौजे अः मोहिउदिनपुर देवकलि खरद बुजुर्ग मुतअलके लाट पांचितारा परगना बिहार जिसके साथ हिसाब खोला गेया बमोराद: दः १० एकट ११ सन् १८५९ ईः बईलत बाकी मालगुजारि निलाम होगा
७४६	रराजि तौफिर जहांगिरपुर मगरपाल महाल जपति परगने शाहपुरभनेर	७८२८ –	नन्दकिशर मालिक मालगुजार	बइलत बाकी मालगुजारि के मुसलम महाल निलाम होगा

तारिख २४ महिना जुन सन १८७४ ईः

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, and under Section 3, Act VII of 1868, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Rungpore will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district, on Wednesday, the 29th July 1874, corresponding with 14th Sraban 1281, B.S., for arrears of revenue and other demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th March 1874.

CLASS I.—PERMANENTLY SETTLED ESTATE.

To be sold for arrears of revenue.

No. 7.—Mouzah Moubhasha, &c., chackla Futtehpore. The shares of the recorded proprietors, Essan Chundra, Bhoyrub Chunder, Tara Mohun Chouhdry, Brojokishori Dassia, Dhanessury Dassia, Boroda Soondery, Joyuntee Debea, Nilkant Sirmah, Moharaja Nrependra Narain Bhoop Bahadoor, minor, Mohamed Sadutullah, for himself and Sadutullah and Komaruddin, on behalf of Mojohurullah, Faratullah, and Enaitullah (minors), Mutiullah, Kutubullah, Harasundery Debya, Bamasundery Gupta Choudhurani, Shona Bibi, Amirullah, minor, Jodunath Shaha Chowdhry, having been separated under Sections 10 & 11, Act XI of 1859, are excluded. The shares of Ishan Chundra, Bhoyrub Chundra Chowdhry, Hurchunder Gossami, Protap Mul Rakha, Abrannessa Khatoom, and Hurish Chunder Roy, the sudder jumma of which is Rs. 719-5-5, will be sold for arrears of Government revenue. The entire sudder jumma of the estate is Rs. 6,554-13-8.

To be sold for arrears of revenue.

No. 241.—Mouzah Naskurpore, &c., pergunnah Borobillah. The shares of the recorded proprietors, Omaruddin Mohamed Chowdhry, Dhanessury Dassea, and Khajey Enaitullah Chowdhry having been separated under Section 11, Act XI of 1859, are excluded. The share of Omaruddin Mohamed Chowdhry will be sold. The sudder jumma of the share put up for sale is Rs. 46-5-10. The sudder jumma of the entire estate is Rs. 966-12.

RUNGPORE COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, the 8th June 1874. E. G. GLAZIER, *Offg. Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Shahabad will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on the 6th day of August 1874, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 8th day of June 1874.

Class II.—Temporarily-settled estates.

No. 923.—Mehal Kurmi, pergunnah Chusa; sudder jumma, Rs. 935; recorded proprietors, Chubinath Kooner, for herself and as guardian of Baboo Jugduma Pershad Sing, minor son, Luchmepershad Sing, and Buxee Koonjbehary Lall, and others; will be sold for arrears of Government revenue amounting to Rs. 2-8-0.

Class I.—Permanently-settled estates.

No. 1686.—Mehal Mookraon, pergunnah Chynpore; sudder jumma of the entire mehal, Rs. 2,139-11-8; recorded proprietors, Ramjeawan Roy, Runjit Roy, Jaipal Roy, and others, non-applicants. The share of the above non-applicants alone, the sudder jumma of which is Rs. 1366, 2 *as.* 11 *p.* 0 *k.* 14 *m.* 6¼ *d.* will be sold in satisfaction of Government revenue amounting to Rs. 4-10-6¼, excepting the shares of the proprietors (applicants) with whom separate accounts have been opened under Section 11, Act XI of 1859.

SHAHABAD COLLECTORATE, the 19th June 1874. H. W. ALEXANDER, *Collector.*

साहिब कलक्टर बहादुर जिले के हुक्म से

इश्तहार नीलाम मुताबिक दफा ६ रुबरु ११ सन १८५९ सब को आगाह चाहिये के यह मेहाल जो नीचे लिखा है बाबत बाकी मालगुजारी सरकार जो दूसरे दावे जो मुताबिक चार्टर जो कानून जारी के बाकी मालगुजारी सरकार की तरह वसूल होने चाहिये जो जो तारीख ८

महीना जून सन १८७४ को पाने के तारीख ६ महीना अगस्त सन १८७४ मुताबिक ता: ८ महीना भादों सन ११८१ फसली दिन बीरवार को इस जिले के साहेब कलक्टर की कचहरी में बिक्री उजुर के वक्त के सामने नीलाम होगा

तौजी नम्बर	नाम महाल और परगना	सदर जमा	नाम शाखिकोंका	बकिफत
८२३	करमीप्र: चैनपुरा	८५२	छबीलाथ कुमारबुद्द बोली बाबु अमदप्रसाद सींघ मेहर नाबालीग बो लक्ष्मी प्रसाद सींघ बो बखशी कुंजबीहारीलाल बो बाबु प्रभावन सींघ बो बाबु जोख सींघ बो बखशी सींघ बो बखशराम इयाद सींघ मेहर बला बाबु पंचानंद नाबालीग मोअस्सात देवकल कुमर आदर बो बाखीर मोअस्सात राज पती कुमार बो मोअस्सात रामदेचाली कुमर बो बखशरन सींघ नरायन सींघ बो बखशर दखनप्रसाद सींघ बो बीजन सींघ बो राम नरायन सींघ बो राम कुमारी कुमार	बाकी २॥० रुबाब महाल बाबत बीज आल इश्तहार १ अपरैल सन १८५८ बंदोबस्त से चाहा है बरखत बाकी आल बीलाम चोला
१६८४	सुधरा बप्र:- थैनपुर	२११८।= ८ मोअस्सवारा	राम बीचाबन राय बो रनजीत राय जैपाल राय बखशद राय देवी राय बिशेशर राय बो बीरुध चौबे श्रीबखन राय प्रसाद राय जीतीराय हरीच प्रसन राय मथुरा राय लालीक राय बो बखराज राय बो रामरथराय सुदनी राय जैमङ्गल राय बो मोअस्सात जगराजी कुवार रामकुली कुवार बो चाबली राय रजेशर राय नैपालराय बुराखन चौबे बो राजनैन राय बो नन्दकु राय बो अंजुर राय बो बुरबाचर राय बीरबल राय बखराज राय बो तुलसी लोअन राय बो बीरभर राय बो दिलजोर राय सुदी राय बो रनजीत राय बो जोगा राय बी बीरमदेचाल राय बो कुलवंत तेवारी नैर आरखान तहरीक रोख	४॥=६॥ ६।१ महाल चालादवाचा है बरखतिरजाए बिशेशरलाल तहरीक रोख जिसका जमा बमौजीवदचे ११ रुबाब ११ १।९।१८५९ इसबी इलचदे लाचालाता है बाकीबिसबे नैरखारखाल तहरीक रोख व अमे १२६६=११ ६।१।१ महाल ६॥० बीसबीस बीलाम चोला

ता० १९ जून सन १८७४ मोताबीक मच चावाद चांचोचाल अम१२ ८१ साल

NOTICE is hereby given under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the District of Gya will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 3rd day of August 1874, or 5th Sowan 1281 Fuslee, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 8th June 1874.

Towjih number.	Name of the mehal and pergunnah.	Sudder jumma.	Arrears.	Name of the proprietors.	REMARKS.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		
371	Mohumudpore Boodhoul, &c., Pergunnah Churkawan.	2,797 15 0	219 15 0	Ram Sahoy and Gouree Boyrath ...	In this estate the sudder jumma of Rs. 1,398-15 has been separated under Act XI of 1859, which is paid up. The arrear is due from the ijmalee portion of the estate which alone will be sold.
879	Jugdeespore, Pergunnah Goh.	503 12 0	18 3 0	Chandee Singh, Kasee Singh ...	In this estate the accounts of Government revenue of Rs. 37-12 have been separated under Act XI of 1859. The arrears Rs. 18-3 have not been paid, for which this share alone will be sold.
879	Ditto ...	Including with the above.	16 12 0	Doorga Singh, Kishen Dharee Singh, Sheharn Singh, Retburn Singh, Imrit Singh, Khoob Lall Singh.	The account of the share, the revenue of which is Rs. 68-4, has been separated under Act XI of 1859, and Rs. 16-12 on account of this share have not been paid, for which that share alone will be sold.
879	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	16 12 0	Ponoet Singh, Bickun Singh ...	The account of this share Rs. 34-2 has been separated under Act XI of 1859, the arrears of this instalment Rs. 16-12 have not been paid, hence this share alone will be sold.
879	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	153 15 0	Mussamut Wojdeh Begum, *alias* Waldeh Begum, Meer Kadir Alli, Rajah Khan Bahadoor, Ugur Singh, Bundhoo Singh, Gungoo Singh, Ajeet Singh, Deodharree Singh, Mussamut Seeta Koour, Ram Lochun Singh, Deonarain Singh, Kashee Singh, Permeshur Singh, Syud Mehudee Hussein.	This is an ijmalee share bearing a sudder jumma of Rs. 363-10, the arrears of this instalment, Rs. 153-15, have not been paid, hence this ijmalee share will be sold.
860	Durrawan, Pergunnah Goh.	1,236 12 0	32 13 0	Bundhoo Singh, Peetumber Singh, Gungoo Singh, Ugur Singh, Mussamut Seeta Koour, Ramlochun Singh.	In this estate the revenue of the shares which have been separated under Act XI of 1859, has been paid. The balance of Rs. 32-13 is due from the ijmalee share, the sudder jumma of which is Rs. 184, and hence this share alone will be sold.
1171	Gowhurpoor, Sindhooaree, &c., Pergunnah Kubar.	6,106 12 0	800 0 0	Deeanut Roy, Moonshee Syud Ameer Alli, Mussamut Naseeran, Roopchund Sahoo, Kalee Dutt, Pran Singh, Sham Lall, himself and guardian of Chotoo Singh, cousin brother; Bhekhdharee Singh, Boijnath Singh, Deep Singh.	In this estate the account of Government revenue of other shares has been separated under Act XI of 1859, but Rs. 800 appertaining to the ijmalee share have not been paid, hence the above ijmalee share alone will be sold.
3067	Pankaideeh, Mullesharee, Pergunnah Sherghotty.	15,999 14 0	438 14 0	Hazaree Lall, Nadir Beebee, Imam Alli Khan, Usmut Beebee, Heedaet Beebee, Rumzan Khan, Hemno Beebee, Lall Beebee, Kasim Alli Khan, Akhowree Chutterdharee Ram, Shank Lall, Kurn Lall, Sheodoyal Singh, Bholanauth, Syud Meer Khan, Ibrahim Alli Khan, Amir Khan, Mehur Khan, Bukut Khan, Raheem Khan, Jarbeharee Lall, Beharee Lall, Saheb Singh, Khadoo Lall, Wajid Alli, Syud Mohummud Hossein, Syud Fazul Hossein, Sheik Ohmadullah, Oomroow Beebee, Moharaj Singh, Mussamut Moonja Koour, mother and guardian of Sheharn Singh, minor son; Seroop Narain Sheoraj, Bharthee Johul Singh, Jugurnath Singh, Goornarain Singh, Boolakee Singh, himself and guardian of Bhergoonath Singh, and Hurdeseorn Singh, minors, Basnut Singh, Neodhanee Singh, Mau Singh, Jodhee Singh,	In this estate the account of Government revenue of other shares has been separated under Act XI of 1859, has been paid, but Rs. 438-14, appertainning to the ijmalee share, the revenue of which is Rs. 2,674-15 have not been paid, hence the above ijmalee share alone will be sold.

Towjih number.	Name of the mehal and pergunnah.	Sudder jumma.	Arrears.	Name of the proprietors.	REMARKS
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P		
				Akhowree Hurbux Lall, Nunkoo Lall, Mussamut Mahumdoo Begum, Hunsraj Lall, Mussamut Jan Beebee, Mussamut Ameeroo Beebee, Adam Khan, Ajodhya Singh, Jungee Singh, Seewan Singh, Sheocharn Singh, Lallo Singh, Tasadook Alli Khan, Mussamut Fakarulnissa Beebee, *alias* Chumun Beebee, Mussamut Kasm Beebee, Fazul Hossein Khan Abdool Hossein Khan, Ushruff Hossein Khan, Bahadoor Hossein Khan, Faizulla Khan, *alias* Furzool Khan, Mussamut Manseran Beebee, Abdoolgafoor Khan, *alias* Bokharee Khan, Mussamut Fuzloo Beebee, Jungee Singh, Audit Singh, Chowdhree Tahal Singh, Dabee Singh, Doorga Singh, Chowdhree Nund Singh Tahal Singh, Lakhoo Singh, Tahal Singh, Dabee Singh, Doorga Singh, Sheosahoy Singh, Mussamut Roopkalee Koour.	
3190	Surawan Mehal consisting of 41 waste villages.	6,110 1 0	1,909 7 0	Mrs. E. M. Hanney, leaseholder	This is not a permanently settled estate, but a temporary settlement for 20 years has been made from 1266 to 1285 Fuslee.
3324	Koondul Talooka, Pergunnah Sherghotty.	2,303 5 0	62 3 0	Ufzul Beebee, Baboo Seekunder Alli Khan, Roshun Beebee. Syud Alli Roza, Syud Habeebul Husnan, Daood Alli, Mussamut Fazilutulnissa, *alias* Chukoo, Goorsahay Sahoo, Mussamut Sanch Beebee Sookhdeo Sahoy, Nainmanik Koour, Gunput Lall, Chinnun Sahoo, Chet Lall, Khirodhor Padhya, Absa Gemnoo Padhya, Abdool Alli Khan, Nasir Alli Khan, Mussamut Thakoora Koour, Luchmee Mahton, Saheb Alli Khan, Mussamut Fazilutulnissa, *alias* Chukoo, 2nd, wife of Habeebul Husnan, deceased.	The revenue of other shares in this estate which have been separated under Act XI of 1859, has been paid, but Rs 62 3, appertaining to the ijmalee share, whose Government revenue is Rs 1,330 have not been paid, hence the ijmalee share will be sold.
3265	Manee Chuck Talooka, Pergunnah Sherghotty.	658 1 0	1 1 0	Ufzul Beebee, guardian of Sussun Beebee; Baboo Seekunder Alli Khan, Saheb Singh, Luckee Mahto, Bahadoor Alli Khan	In this estate the revenue of the shares which have been separated under Act XI of 1859, has been paid, but Re. 1-1, appertaining to the ijmalee share, whose Government revenue is Rs. 209-13, is not paid in this instalment, hence this share alone will be sold.

GYA COLLECTORATE,
The 8th July 1874.

A. V. PALMER,
Collector.

کچہري کلکٹري ضلع گيا

اشتہار نامہ نيلام مطابق دفعہ ٦ - ايکٹ ١١ سنہ ١٨٥٩ع

واضح ہو کہ يہہ محال جو نيچے لکھا ہي بابت باقي مالگذاري سرکار و ديگر دعوي جو مطابق آئين و قانون مجاريہ کے باقي مالگذاري سرکار کے طرح وصول ہونا چاہئے اور جو تاريخ ٨ جون سنہ سنہ ١٨٧٤ع کو پانا تہا بتاريخ ٣ - اگست سنہ ١٨٧٤ع مطابق ٥ ساون سنہ ١٢٨١ فصلي روز سومبار کو اس ضلع کے صاحب کلکٹر کے کچہري مين بلا عذر سب کے سامنے نيلام ہوگا

قسم محال	نمبر توزيع	نام محال و پرگنہ	جمع صدر	نام مالکان باقيداران	کيفيت	تعداد باقي
دائمي	٣٧١	محمد پور بودہول وغيرہ پرگنہ چر کانوان	٢٧٩٧-١	رام سہاے و گوري بيچناتہہ ...	محال ہذا مين اور حصہ بموجب ايکٹ ١١ سنہ ١٨٥٩ع کے تحصيل وصول عليحدہ ہوتاہي وہ بيباق ہي باقي ہذا بحصہ اجمال ہي جسکا جمع صدر ١٢٩٨-١٥ ہي باقيچاہئے	٢١٩-١٥
ايضا	٨٧٩	جگديش پور ارندي پرگنہ گوہ	٥٠٣-١٢	چندي سنگہ کاشي سنگہ ...	يہہ حصہ بموجب ايکٹ ١١ سنہ ١٨٥٩ع کے تحصيل وصول عليحدہ ہوتا ہي وجمع صدر اوسکا ٣٧-١٢ ہي باقي چاہئے	١٨-٣
ايضا	شامل ايضا	ايضا	شامل ايضا	درگا سنگہ وکشندہاري سنگہ و ابيرن سنگہ و ابيرن سنگہ و امرت سنگہ و خوب لعل سنگہ	يہہ حصہ بموجب ايکٹ ١١ سنہ ١٨٥٩ع کے عليحدہ تحصيل و وصول ہوتا ہي وجمع صدر اوسکا ٦٨-٤ ہي باقي چاہئے	١٦-١٢
ايضا	شامل ايضا	ايضا	شامل ايضا	سونيت سنگہ و بہيکن سنگہ ...	يہہ حصہ بموجب ايکٹ ١١ سنہ ١٨٥٩ع تحصيل ووصول عليحدہ ہوتا ہي و جمع صدر اوسکا ٣٤-٢ ہي باقيچاہئے	١٦-١٢
ايضا	شامل يضا	ايضا	شامل ايضا	مسماۃ و واجدہ بيگم عرف والدہ بيگم و مير قادر علي و راجہ خان بہادر و آگر سنگہ و بندہو سنگہ و گنگو سنگہ و رجيت سنگہ و ديودہاري سنگہ و مسماۃ سيتا کنور و رام لوچن سنگہ و ديو نراين سنگہ وکاشي سنگہ و پرميشر سنگہ و سيد مہدي حسين	يہہ حصہ بعد تفريق رول ديگر حصہ کے بصيغہ اجمال ہي جمع صدر اوسکا ٣٦٣-١٠ ہي باقي چاہئے	١٥٣-١٥
ايضا	٨٩٦	ڈ ند انوان پرگنہ گوہ	١٢٢٦-١٢	بندہو سنگہ و پيتمبر سنگہ وگانگو سنگہ و آگر سنگہ و مسماۃ سيتا کنور و رام لوچن سنگہ	محال ہذا مين اور حصہ بموجب ايکٹ ١١ سنہ ١٨٥٩ع کے تحصيل وصول عليحدہ ہوتا ہي وہ سب حصہ بيباق ہي يہہ باقي بحصہ اجمال کہ جمع صدر اوسکا ١٨٤ ہي باقي چاہئے	٣٢-١٣
ايضا	١١٧١	گوہر پور سندواري وغيرہ پرگنہ کابر	٦-١٥ ١٢	ديانت راے و منشي سيد امير علي و مسماۃ نصيرن و روپچند ساہو و کالي دت و پران سنگہ و شام لعل خود واليان جہوٹو سنگہ برادر عموي حقيقي و بہيکہ دہاري سنگہ و بيچناتہہ سنگہ و ديب سنگہ	محال ہذا مين اور حصہ بموجب ايکٹ ١١ سنہ ١٨٥٧ع کے تحصيل وصول عليحدہ ہوتاہي وہ سب بيباق ہي اور يہہ باقي بحصہ اجمال کہ جسکا جمع صدر ٨٤١٢-٨ ہي چاہئے	٨٠١

کیفیت	نام مالکان ناقیداران	جمع صدر	نام محال و پرگنه	نمبر توزیع	ایضا
تعداد باقي					
محال هذا مین اور حصه بموجب اگست ۱۱ سنه ۱۸۵۹ع علیحده تحصیل وصول هوا هي وه سب بیباق هي اور یه باقي بحصه اجمال جسکا جمع صدر ۲۶۷۴-۱۵ هي چاهئے ۴۳۸-۱۴	هزاری لال و نادر بي بي و امام علی خان و عصمت بي بي و هدایت بي بي و رمضان خان و دون بي بي و لال بي بي و قاسم علي خان و اکهوري چهتر دهاري رام و شوق لال و کرن لال و سیو دیال سنگهه و بهولا ناتهه و سید میر خان و ابراهیم علي خان و عزیز خان و مهرجان و نجیب خان و رحم خان و جے بهاري لال و بهاري لال و صاحب سنگهه و گیندو لال دادار علي و سید محمد حسن و سید فضل حسن شیخ احمد الله و امراو بي بي و مهاراج سنگهه و مسماة مونجا کنور والده والیه ا نیرن سنگهه پسر نابالغ و سروپ نراین و سیو راج بهاري و جهل سنگهه و جگر ناتهه سنگهه و گورنرین سنگهه و نلاقی سنگهه خودها والیان هرکو ناتهه سنگهه و هریو سون سنگهه نابالغان و سیب سنگهه و نندهالي سنگهه و نالکه و جودهي سنگهه و اکهوري هربخش لال و هرکو لال و مسماة محمدو بیگم و هنسراج لال و مسماة جان بي بي و مسماة امیرن بي بي و آدم خان و اجودهیا سنگهه و جنکي سنگهه و سیون سنگهه و سیوچرن سنگهه و لالو سنگهه و تصدق علي خان و مسماة فخرالنسا بي بي عرف چمن بي بي و مسماة خانم بي بي و فضل حسین خان و عبد الحسین خان و اشرف حسین خان و نهادر حسین خان و فیض الله خان عرف مرادن خان و مسماة منیرن بي بي و عبد الغفور خان عرف بکهوري خان و مسماة فضلو بي بي و جنکي سنگهه و روپ سنگهه و چودهري سیتل سنگهه و دیبي سنگهه و درگا سنگهه و چودهري سیتل سنگهه و سهتل سنگهه و لکهن سنگهه و سیتل سنگهه و دیبي سنگهه و درگا سنگهه و سیوسهاے سنگهه و مسماة روپ کلي کنور	۱۵۴۹۹-۱۴	پانکوة یهه بلهاري وغیرة تعلقه پرگنه شهرگهاٹي	۳۰۶۷	
محال هذا بندوبست نست ساله ابتداي سنه ۱۲۶۶ لغایته سنه ۱۲۸۵ فصلي بجمع مختلف بر سنه حال لغایته سنه ۱۲۸۲ فصلي مبلغ ۵۴۳۱-۳ حال و مبلغ و مبلغ ۶۷۸-۱۴ مالکانه جمله مبلغ ۶۱۱۰۰۱ وازانقداي سنه ۱۲۸۳ لغایته سنه ۱۲۸۵ فصلي مبلغ ۶۷۲۸-۳ حال و مبلغ ۸۴۱ مالکانه جمله مبلغ ۷۵۶۹-۳ جمع هي ۱۰۴۹	مسٹر بس اي یم هلوي صاحبه یکي از مالکه نطور مستاجر	۳۱۱۰۰۱	سرا دوان تعلقه محال ۱۴ قلم دیهات ویرانه پرگنه شهرگهاٹي	۳۱۹۰	مستاجري

نمبر وار	نمبر توزیع	نام محال و پرگنه	جمع صدر	نام مالکان باقیداران	کیفیت	تعداد باقي
دائمي	۳۲۲۳	کوندل تعلقه پرگنه شهرگهاتي	۲۳۰۳-۵	افضل بي بي و بابو سکندر علي خان وورش بي بي و سيد علي رضا و سيد حبيب الحسين و داود علي و مسماة فضل النسا عرف جنکو و کور سهاے ساهو و مسماة سانچ بي بي و سکديو سهاے بين مانك کنور و گنپت لال و چمن ساهو و حب لال وگرودهر اپدهيا عرف کنو پدهيا و عبد العي خان و نظر علي خان و مسماة ٹهکورو کنور و لچهمي مهتون و صاحب علي خان و مسماة فضل النسا عرف مسماة جنگو زوجه ثانيه سيد حبيب الحسين مرحوم	اور حصة محال هذا مين بموجب اکٹ ۱۱ سنه ۱۸۵۹ مسيحه کے تحصيل وصول عليحده هوتا هي وه سب حصه بيباق هي اور يهه باقي بحصه اجمال جسکا صدر ۱۳۲۰-۱ هي چاهئے	۶۲۰۳
ايضا	۳۲۲۵	منشي چك تعلقه پرگنه شهرگهاتي	۶۵۸-۱	افضل بي بي والي حسن بي بي و بابو سکندر علي خان و صاحب سنگهه و لچهمي مهتون و بهادر علي خان	محال هذا مين اور حصه بموجب اکٹ ۱۱ سنه ۱۸۵۹ مسيحه کے تحصيل وصول عليحده هوتا هي وه سب بيباق هي اور يهه باقي بحصه اجمال جسکا جمع صدر ۲۰۹-۱۳ هي چاهئے	۱۰۱

العبد طالور سنگهه محرر منشي خانه کلکٹر يصلع گيا

تحرير في التاريخ ۲۵ جون سنه ۱۸۷۴ عيسوي

AZHUROL HUQ, *Deputy Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estate in the district of Beerbhoom will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on Saturday, the 15th August 1874, corresponding with 31st Srabon 1281 *B.S.*, for arrears of revenue, Rs. 133-11-8, and other demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th day of June 1874.

Number on the rent-roll.	Class.	Name of mahal and pergunnah.	The nature of the demand for which the estate is to be sold.	Proprietors.	Government revenue.		Remarks.
						Rs. A. P.	
154	1st class.	Let Saukbaha, pergunnah Barbook Singha.	Arrears of revenue... 133 11 8	Bejoy Gopal Chatterjee, Ram Lall Chatterjee, Pran Chand Chatterjee, Behary Lall Mukergee, Ram Lall Mukergee, Janoki Nath Mukergee, in person, and guardian of minor Hurry Dassi Debya, and Boidnath Mukergee.	Sudder jumma for the entire mehal	2,745 9 0	The rights and interests of the proprietors in the estate, except those of the person mentioned in the foregoing column, will be sold.
					That exclusive of the separate share of Behary Lall Mukergee..	686 6 0	
					Total ...	2,059 3 0	

BEERBHOOM COLLECTORATE, the 9th July 1874. R. D. HIME, *Offg. Collector.*

Notice

Is hereby given that the land specified in the schedule hereunto annexed, and of which the plan is open to inspection at the office of the Deputy Commissioner of Durrung, will be sold by public auction at the said Deputy Commissioner's office at Tezpore at 11 o'clock A. M., on the 3rd October 1874, unless in the meantime the sale is stopped, or postponed in consequence of claims or objections, under Act XXIII of 1863 (to provide for the adjudication of claims to waste lands) or owing to any other cause.

For the conditions of sale, see detailed notice, copies of which may be obtained on application to the Deputy Commissioner of Durrung.

SCHEDULE.

A lot of waste land consisting of 843·97 acres, situated in Mouzah Sakomatha in the district of Durrung, and bounded as follows:—

East.—By a line running from pillar B to C along the Majulighor, measuring 3,375 yards long.

South.—By a line from pillar B to pillar A and by Gorsunga Bheel, measuring 1,155 yards.

West.—By a line from pillar A to pillar D along the Khoraghor and the Dehingijhan, measuring 2,215 yards approximately.

North.—By Bengna Khawa Joory (stream), measuring approximately 2,665 yards.

The pillars are marked A B C D on the map filed in the office of the Deputy Commissioner of Durrung, Assam.

J. M. GRAHAM, *Deputy Commissioner.*

ZILLAH DURRUNG REVENUE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE, the 16th *May* 1874.

Notice

Is hereby given that the land specified in the schedule hereunto annexed, and of which the plan is open to inspection at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Durrung, will be sold by public auction, at the said Deputy Commissioner's Office, at Tezpore, at 11 A.M., on the 13th October 1874, unless in the meantime the sale is stopped or postponed in consequence of claims or objections under Act XXIII of 1863 (to provide for the adjudication of claims to Waste Lands), or owing to any other cause.

For the conditions of sale see detailed notice, copies of which may be obtained on application to the Deputy Commissioner of Durrung.

SCHEDULE.

A lot of Waste Land, consisting of 399·75 acres situated in Mouzah Shakomatha, in the district of Durrung, and bounded as follows:—

West—By a line running from pillar A to pillar B through grass jungle, bearing 140°30″ east, and measuring 2610 feet approximately.

South—By a line running from pillar B to pillar D through grass jungle, bearing 66°5″ east, and measuring 6178 feet approximately.

East—By a line running from pillar D to pillar C through grass jungle, bearing 148° west, and measuring 3140 feet approximately.

North—By a line from pillar C to pillar A through grass jungle, bearing 60°45″ west, and measuring 6168 feet approximately.

The pillars are marked on the map filed in the office of the Deputy Commissioner of Durrung, Assam, and have been erected.

Tezpore, the 26th May 1874. J. M. GRAHAM, *Deputy Commissioner.*

Notice

Is hereby given that the land specified in the schedule hereunto annexed, and of which the plan is open to inspection at the office of the Deputy-Commissioner of Nowgong, Assam, will be sold by public auction, at the office of the said Deputy-Commissioner, at 11 o'clock, on the 2nd October 1874, unless meantime the sale is stopped or postponed in consequence of claims or objections under Act XXIII of 1863 (to provide for the adjudication of claims to waste lands), or owing to any other cause.

For the conditions of sale see the detailed notice, copies of which may be obtained on application to the Deputy-Commissioner of Nowgong, Assam.

SCHEDULE.

A lot of waste land, consisting of about 317 acres, situated in Mouzah Telia Chapori, in the district of Nowgong, Assam, and bounded as follows:—

North.—A line drawn from pillar marked G, on the side of a road to pillar H, and a stream called Dijoo Nuddee on the north-east, at a distance of 400 yards.

South.—A line drawn from pillar O to pillar A, on the south-west, at a distance of 1,580 yards.

West.—A line drawn from pillar A to pillar B on the north-west, at a distance of 240 yards; from pillar B to pillar C on the north-west, at a distance of 200 yards; from pillar C to pillar D on the north-west, at a distance of 220 yards; from pillar D to pillar E on the north-west, at a distance of 1,320 yards; from pillar E to pillar F on the north-west, at a distance of 600 yards; from pillar F to pillar G on the north-east, at a distance of 940 yards.

East.—A line drawn from pillar H to pillar I on the south-east, along the edge of the above stream, at a distance of 400 yards; from pillar I to pillar J on the south-east, along the edge of the above stream, at a distance of 200 yards; from pillar J to pillar K on the south-east, along the edge of the above stream, at a distance of 120 yards; from pillar K to pillar L on the south-east, along the edge of the above stream, at a distance of 200 yards; from pillar L to pillar M on the south-east, at a distance of 500 yards; from pillar M to pillar N on the south, at a distance of 820 yards; from pillar N to pillar O on the south-west at a distance of 500 yards.

Note.—The pillars are marked A to O on the plan of the land filed in the office of the Deputy-Commissioner.

NOWGONG, ASSAM, the 1st May 1874. J. F. SHERER, *Deputy Commissioner.*

Notice

Is hereby given that the land specified in the schedule hereunto annexed, and of which the plan is open to inspection at the office of the Deputy Commissioner of Cachar, will be sold by public auction at the said Deputy Commissioner's office at 12 o'clock on the 12th day of October 1874, unless meantime the sale is stopped or postponed in consequence of claims or objections under Act XXIII of 1863 (*to provide for the adjudication of claims to waste lands*) or owing to any other cause.

For the conditions of sale see the detailed notice, copies of which may be obtained on application to the Deputy Commissioner of Cachar.

SCHEDULE.

A lot of waste land, consisting of about 1,030 acres 2 roods and 26 poles, situated in mouzah Bengalpore, pergunna Serispore, in the district of Cachar, and bounded as follows—

North—A line commencing from pillar No. 1, on Koya Khal, close to which is a pucca pillar on the other side of the said Khal, to pillar from 2 to 7 at a distance of 2,748 yards, in bearing 290.

West—A line from pillar 7 to pillar No. 12 at a distance of 1,832 yards, in bearing 188.

South—A line from pillar 12 to pillar No. 20, at a distance of 2,748 yards, in bearings 107 and 108.

East—A line from pillar 20 to pillar 32, along the bank of Serispore Khal, thence to pillar No. 1, along the bank of Koya Khal.

W. METCALFE, *for Offg. Dy. Commr.*

Wanted.

A DRAFTSMAN for Executive Engineer's Office, Bhagulpore, District, salary Rs. 35, with prospect of increase. Apply to Executive Engineer, Bhagulpore or Executive Engineer, 1st Calcutta Division.

A. ATKINSON, C.E., *Exe. Engineer.*

Wanted.

A HEAD Master for the Second Grade Normal School, at Hazareebagh. Salary Rs. 70 a month. One who has passed the B.A. degree examination and possesses a knowledge of the Hindi language will be preferred. No one need apply who cannot file with his application an original letter of recommendation as to his qualifications and character signed by an Inspector of Schools or Principal of a College, and written expressly with reference to this advertisement.

H. S. BEADON, *Offg. Dy. Commr., Hazareebagh.*

Wanted.

A SHERISTADAR for the Judge's Court, Jessore.

A thorough knowledge of English and of the duties of the office required. Salary Rs. 120.

Applications and copies of testimonials to be sent to the District Judge of Jessore before the 25th July.

JESSORE JUDGE'S COURT, the 4th July 1874. H. B. LAWFORD, *Judge.*

Notice.

List of Unclaimed Packages on the Custom House Wharf.

Mark or Number of Packages.	Ships.
1 China dressing case, no mark	... Hindostan.
1 Packet of tins, no mark	... China.
2 Chairs, Miss Lowen	... Woosung.
1 Case, H. Graham, Esq., Passenger to Rangoon ..	... Navarino.
1 Bundle cooking pans, no mark	... China.
1 Jar preserves, no mark	... Ditto.
1 Spittoon, no mark	... Ditto.
1 Bag vegetables, no mark	... Statesman.
2 Bags, Robert & Charriol, Calcutta	... Ditto.
1 Parcel, N M	... Meinam.

N.B.—The above will be sold if not cleared within the 25th of July 1874.

1 Rod iron, no mark, supposed to be L S F ...	... Jane Porter.

N.B.—The above, landed under the Act, will be sold if not cleared within the 31st of August 1874.

CALCUTTA CUSTOMS, the 18th July 1874. T. B. LANE, *Offg. Collector of Customs.*

Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta.

NOTICE.

UNDER SECTION 69 OF ACT V (B.C.) OF 1870.

THE following Packages, landed at the Jetties from the undermentioned ships, have been removed to the Commissioners' Import Warehouse, where they remain at the risk and expense of the owners. If not cleared within two months from the date stated against each item they will be sold under Section 72 of the said Act.

Date of removal to Import Warehouse.	No., Mark, and Description.	Consignees.	Ships.
1874.			
July 10th ..	1 Case, G M D C	... Order	... Bertha S. S.
„ 15th ...	1 Case, [220] A. B. & Co.	... „	... City of Cashmere.
„ 15th ...	4 Cases, =225=	... „	... Ditto.
„ 15th ...	100 Cases, B H A	.. „	... Ditto.
„ 15th ...	6 Cases, D & T I W	... M. Lyall & Co.	... Ditto.
„ 15th ...	5 Cases, E & A	... Mohomed Enawoola..	Ditto.
„ 15th ...	1 Case, [17] E D J	... Order	... Ditto.
„ 15th ...	4 Casks, G C B	.. „	... Ditto.
„ 15th ...	1 Cask, L S & G S	... „	... Ditto.
„ 15th ...	2 Casks, Cement, no mark	... „	... Ditto.
„ 15th ...	26 Iron weights, no mark or D. C. M. & Co.	„	... Ditto.
„ 15th ...	50 Cases, [S] S. D. & Co.	... „	... Ditto.
„ 15th ...	45 Cases, State Railway	... „	... Ditto.
„ 16th ...	124 Cases, [A. L. & Co.]	... C. D Lahurry	... Peter Stewart.
„ 16th ...	1 Case, [A & M B] C & B	... Order	... Ditto.
„ 16th ...	13 Cases, [D C R] F. T. B. & Co...	Rockhit & Co.	... Ditto.
„ 16th ...	10 Cases, [E I J] P B Rangoon ...	Order	... Ditto.
„ 16th ...	15 Cases, [H & E] C & B	... „	... Ditto.
„ 16th ...	17 Flat Bar Iron, no mark	... „	... Ditto.
„ 16th ...	1 Round Rod Iron, no mark	... „	.. Ditto.
„ 16th ...	23 Small pieces of Flat Bar, no mark.	„	... Ditto.
„ 16th ...	A quantity of small pieces of Nail Rod Iron.	„	... Ditto.
„ 16th ...	2 Cases, [K L D C]	... Kissory Lall Dhur	... Ditto.
„ 16th ...	2 Cases, [K C D] C	... Order	... Ditto.
„ 16th ...	12 Packages, [50] M C C. & Co.	„	.. Ditto.
„ 16th ...	470 Broken pieces of Fire Bricks, Ramsay.	„	. Ditto.
„ 16th ...	20 Casks, S K S	... „	... Ditto.
„ 16th ...	1 Case, [S K S] C & B	...	... Ditto.
„ 16th ...	3 Cases, [S. D. & Co.] C & B ..	Shib Chunder Dutt ...	Ditto.
„ 16th ...	12 Cases, [S K B] C & B	... Order	... Ditto.
„ 16th ...	1 Case, [S & F 50]	... „	... Ditto.
„ 16th ...	50 Cases, [S]	... Shib Chunder Dutt. .	Ditto.
„ 16th ...	4 Cases, [T. T. & Co.] F. T. B. & Co.	Order ...	Ditto.
„ 6th ...	8 Iron Bars, no mark, delivered ...	„	... S. S. Historian.
„ 6th ...	2 Small Plates of Iron, no mark ...	„	... Ditto.
„ 6th ...	2 Bundles of Iron, no mark	... „	... Ditto.
„ 6th ...	1 Casting Roll, no mark	„	... Ditto.
„ 11th ...	8 Cases, [A. L. & Co.)	... „	... S. S. Malda.
„ 11th ...	2 Cases, [C]	... Rockhit & Co.	... Ditto.
„ 11th ...	4 Cases, [FB] A. B. & Co.	... Order	... Ditto.
„ 11th ...	1 Case, H H J	... H. H. Joguet	... Ditto.
„ 11th ...	2 Case, [K] P B A L	... Order	... Ditto.
„ 11th ...	2 Cases, K. B. & Co.	... Kettlewell, B. & Co.	Ditto.
„ 11th ...	3 Cases, L & C P B B	... Order	... Ditto.
„ 11th ...	2 Cases, R C & C	... Robert Campbell & Co	Ditto.
„ 13th ...	1 Case, [C]	... Rockhit & Co	Ditto.
„ 13th ...	1 Small Cask, no mark	... Order	... Ditto.
„ 14th ...	180 Cases, [A. L. & Co.]	... „	... Ditto.
„ 14th ...	1 Case, [220] A. B. & Co.	... „	.. Ditto.
„ 14th ...	3 Cases, =16=	... „	... Ditto.
„ 14th ...	4 Cases, =65=	... „	... Ditto.
„ 14th ...	6 Cases, =45=	... „	... Ditto.

Date of removal to Import Warehouse.	No., Mark, and Description.	Consignees.	Ships.
1874.			
July 14th ...	1 Case, addressed ...	F. Beavor, Esq., A. Battery, 11th Brigade, Royal Artillery, Grindlay & Co.	S. S. Malda.
„ 14th ...	1 Case, addressed ...	British India Steam Navigation Company.	Ditto.
„ 14th ...	1 Case, C C M ...	Order ...	Ditto.
„ 14th ...	1 Case, [G B] ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 14th ...	115 Cases, [FB] A. B. & Co ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 14th ...	3 Packages, [102] H. M. H. W. H. & Co. ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 14th ...	1 Case, [HB] ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 14th ...	3 Cases, S D, Medical Department,	Medical Store Keeper	Ditto.
„ 11th ...	48 Cases, [K] P B A L ...	Order ...	Ditto.
„ 11th ...	47 Cases, L & Co., P B B ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 11th ...	3 Casks, L N S ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 11th ...	2 Cases, [M] P B O C ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 11th ...	3 Cases, [140] M. C. & Co. ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 11th ...	1 Case, addressed ...	For Officer Commanding F. Battery, A. Brigade, Royal Horse Artillery.	Ditto.
„ 11th ...	1 Case, addressed ...	President Officers' Mess, 4th Hussars, Rawul Pindee.	Ditto.
„ 11th ...	99 Casks, [R J] ...	Order ...	Ditto.
„ 11th ...	1 Case, addressed ...	Mr. S. Robinson, Messrs. Lloyds & Co., No. 6, Fancy Lane.	Ditto.
„ 11th ...	1 Case, addressed ...	G. Turnage, B.I.S.N.C. Deno Nath Dutt.	Ditto.
„ 11th ...	6 Cases, [U. S. & Co.] L R C...	Order ...	Ditto.
„ 11th ...	1 Sample parcel ...	Alston, Hamilton, & Co., Mr. Fredk. L. Garbett.	Ditto.
„ 11th ...	1 Sample Case, addressed ...	Cowasje Dinshaw ...	Ditto.
„ 15th ...	1 Package Iron, E C C ...	Order ...	City of Cambridge.
„ 15th ...	7 Cases, H. M. & Co. ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 16th ...	3 Cases, A A ...	„ ...	City of Carthage.
„ 16th ...	11 Packages, [B D] F M ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 16th ...	35 Packages, [C] S C or no mark	T. E. Thomson & Co.	Ditto.
„ 16th ...	2 Cases, [C] T 74 ...	Order ...	Ditto.
„ 16th ...	1 Case, addressed ...	Cohen Brothers ...	Ditto.
„ 16th ...	1 Cask, [F S S] or J S ...	Order ...	Ditto.
„ 16th ...	3 Cases, [F R C] W C ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 16th ...	3 Bales, L & C, G M S ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 16th ...	9 Cases, H M & Co. ...	H. Miller & Co. ...	Ditto.
„ 16th ...	2 Cases, [H U B P] P S H H J	F. Muir & Co. ...	Ditto.
„ 16th ...	250 Bales, [J W B] S W ...	Order ...	Ditto.
„ 16th ...	1 Case, [J. M. & Co.] ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 16th ...	4 Casks, [J M S] ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 16th ...	4 Cases, [L N R D] ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 16th ...	6 Cases, [L P J S] W C S K ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 16th ...	2 Pieces Fire Bars, no mark ...	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 16th ...	5 Packages, [S. F. & Co.] or no mark.	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 16th ...	2 Packages, [K C A] T K or no mark.	„ ...	Ditto.
„ 16th ...	1 Case, P E N ...	F. Muir & Co. ...	Ditto.
„ 16th ...	1 Case, [R S S] ...	Anglo-Indian Carrying Co.	Ditto.
„ 16th ...	25 Packages, [S. F. & Co.] ...	Order ...	Ditto.
„ 16th ...	1 Bale, S H & H J ...	F. Muir & Co. ...	Ditto.
„ 16th ...	1 Case, addressed ...	Dr. J. Sommerville, care of M. Clark & Co.	Ditto.

Date of removal to Import Warehouse.	No., Mark, and Description.	Consignees.	Ships.
1874			
July 16th ...	1 Case, [S K M]	... S. Kilburn & Co.	... City of Carthage.
„ 16th ...	4 Frames, [S. F. & Co.]	... Order	... Ditto.
„ 16th ...	14 Packages, [H V L T]	... „	... Ditto.
„ 16th ...	1 Case, [H V E T]	... „	... Ditto.
„ 16th ...	1 Bar Copper, V or A	... Kerr, Tarruck & Co	Ditto.
„ 16th ...	2 Cases, V W M, G D S	... Order	... Ditto.
„ 16th ...	2 Cases, [W C M]	... „	... Ditto.
„ 16th ...	5 Cases, [W. W. & Co.]	... „	... Ditto.
„ 16th ...	1 Case, [W J J]	... „	... Ditto.
„ 16th ...	7 Bales, [W. W. & Co.]	... „	... Ditto.
„ 16th ...	1 Sample Parcels, [G S H] [G G V]	„	... Ditto.
„ 16th ...	1 Parcel, addressed	... P. Duncan & Co.	... Ditto.
„ 16th ...	1 Parcel, addressed	... A. Wright & Co.	... Ditto.
„ 16th ...	1 Parcel, [C N] C	... Order	... Ditto.
„ 16th ...	2 Sample Trusses, S [J W R] M K.	„	... Ditto.
„ 16th ...	1 Parcel, addressed	... K. Bullen & Co.	... Ditto.
„ 16th ...	1 Case, [H V T E]	... Order	... Ditto.
„ 15th ...	1 Case, [S] M	... Stewart M., & Co.	... City of Cashmere.
„ 18th ...	1 Drum, B C	... Order	... Peter Stuart.
„ 18th ...	3 Drum, [C] S C	... „	... Str. Malda.
„ 18th ...	1 Cask, [J M S] or no mark	... „	... City of Carthage.

CALCUTTA, the 18th July 1874.

W. DUFF BRUCE, *Offg. Vice-Chairman.*

(284—1)

Bhagiruthee River.

Weekly Water Report showing the least depth of water in the Bhagiruthee River for the week ending Friday, the 17th July 1874.

Names of places, &c.	Least depth of water		Remarks.
	Ft.	In.	
Entrance below Chourasia	22	0	
Thence to Noorpore Junction, 6 miles	16	0	
Thence to Jungipore, 9 miles	15	0	
From Jungipore to Berhampore, 47 miles	23	3	
From Berhampore to Cutwa, 50 miles	20	3	
From Cutwa to Nuddea, 46 miles	22	6	

Height of water on guage at Berhampore on the 20th July 1874, above zero, 23'4".

T. BEATTY, C.E., *Offg. Exe. Engr., Nuddea Rivers Division.*

BERHAMPORE, the 20th July 1874.

Matabhangah River.

Weekly Water Report shewing the least depth of water in the Matabhangah River for the week ending Friday, the 17th July 1874.

Names of places, &c.	Least depth of water		Remarks.
	Ft.	In.	
Entrance from the Ganges	16	0	
Tatarparah	15	6	
From Tatarparah to Hât Bolia	16	0	
From Hât Bolia to Cut No. 1	23	4	
From Cut No. 1 to Boalinaree	15	6	
From Boalinaree to Alickdeah	15	6	
From Alickdeah to Kissengunge	15	3	

T. BEATTY, C.E., *Offg. Exe. Engr., Nuddea Rivers Division.*

BERHAMPORE, the 20th July 1874.

LOST CURRENCY NOTES.

THE following Currency Notes of the Government of India, Calcutta Circle, are stated to have been lost, and payment of their value has been claimed by the persons whose names are placed against the numbers; any other person having these Notes in his possession, or claiming a right to them, is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned:—

Notes wholly lost or destroyed.

Register No.		No. of Notes.		Value.		Name of Claimant.
				Rs		
6885	...	„ 40553	...	100	...	Sunjum Ram.
6886	...	„ 67764	...	100	...	Poorno Chunder Poladhy.
		„ 57178	...	100	...	
		„ 77294	...	100	...	
6887	...	„ 03351	...	100	...	Bhoyroram Ram Chund.
		„ 39515	...	100	...	
		„ 76208	...	100	...	
		„ 76207	...	100	...	
		„ 76206	...	100	...	
6888	...	L/15 28801	...	10	...	Mohendronath Mukerjee.
6913	..	L/55 04818	...	100	...	R. N. Mody.
6914	...	„ 75215	...	100	...	Abdolla Moosah.
6915	...	L/15 75700	...	10	...	Moheschunder Das.
6916	...	L/15 32804	...	50	...	The District Superintendent of Police Patna.
6919	...	A/54 16242	...	20	...	The Officer Commanding 5th Battery 13th Brigade Royal Artillery, Attack.
6920	...	I 11573	...	100	...	Kadernath Banerjee.
6922	...	L/55 89108	...	50	...	Nundololl Ghose.
6926	...	L/15 02892	...	50	...	W. L. Atkinson.
6929	...	L/15 64941	...	10	...	Gobind Chunder Bose.
6931	...	L/9 86644	...	50	...	The District Superintendent of Police, Dinageporre.
6932	...	L/15 97438	...	50	...	Deen Mahomed.
6937	...	L/15 00924	...	20	...	Woopendro Chunder Mullick.
6938	...	L/15 94030	...	50	...	Messrs. W. H. Gilbert, & Co.
		L/55 74476	...	100	...	
6957	...	A/55 32450	...	1,000	...	Radanath Bose.
6969	...	L/15 27702	...	20	...	Poorno Chunder Roy.
		L/15 95078	...	10	...	
		L/15 53176	...	10	...	
6970	...	L/55 05240	...	50	...	William Maunix.
		„ 06828	...	50	...	

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

6880	...	L/15 29244	...	20	...	Hurish Chunder Ghose.
		L/55 12694	...	10	...	
		L/15 27570	...	5	...	
		„ 27569	...	5	...	
6881	...	L/55 06797	...	5	...	Gopalkisto Daw.
6882	...	L/55 56866	...	20	...	Ajoodhia Pershad.
6883	...	L/15 14721	...	20	...	Shaik Umjeed Ally Khan.
		L/15 68221	...	20	...	
6890	...	L/15 22954	...	5	...	Gooroo Pershad Chatterjee.
6891	...	L/55 28108	...	10	...	Jalliram Bhurtia.
6892	...	A/55 54078	...	500	...	Sadooram Sodasook.
6893	...	„ 50057	...	500	...	Golab Chund.
6894	...	L/55 71689	...	20	...	Ramdas Banerjee.
		„ 71690	...	20	...	
6895	...	L/55 41990	...	10	...	Hem Chunder Mitter.
		A/55 63011	...	10	...	
		L/15 41991	...	10	...	
		L/15 20729	...	5	...	
6896	...	L/9 30318	...	5	...	Dwarka Nath Mookerjee.
6897	...	A/55 37021	...	10	...	Sambhu Narayan Sahye.
6898	...	L/15 64231	...	100	...	Madhub Chunder Banerjee.
		L/55 99459	...	20	...	
		L/55 45321	...	10	...	
6899	...	L/15 56772	...	20	...	Degindra Prosad Mookerjee.
		„ 56773	...	20	...	
6900	...	L/15 23165	...	5	...	Woomesh Chunder Sanyal.

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

Registered No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
6901 ...	A/16 32605 ...	10	... Rakhal Chunder Ghose.
6902 ...	L/14 73704 ...	20	... Goordhun Das Roopram.
	A/18 44055 ...	500	...
6903 ...	L/17 65990 ...	20	... Capt. D. Spiller.
6905 ...	L/16 39264 ...	@ Rs. 20 each	Kisar Sing.
	„ 39267 ...		
	„ 39266 ...		
	„ 39337 ...		
	„ 39268 ...		
	„ 39269 ...		
	„ 39270 ...		
	„ 39500 ...		
	„ 39499 ...		
	„ 39498 ...		
6906 ...	L/19 68912 ...	50	... Juggernath Shewpershad.
6907 ...	L/14 78032 ...	20	... Ramlall Dutt.
	L/11 02292 ...	5	...
6909 ...	A/18 54201 ...	500	... Mahomed Baker.
	L/16 86074 ...	20	...
6918 ...	L/18 48988 ...	100	... Bunka Behary Biswas.
	L/ 56896 ...	10	...
6924 ...	L/16 28468 ...	10	... Cally Churn Banerjee.
6925 ...	L/16 05517 ...	5	... Chunder Nath Bhuttacharjee.
6928 ...	L/19 76695 ...	50	... T. F. Brown & Co.
	L/18 57304 ...	100	...
6930 ...	L/ 62013 ...	@ Rs. 10 each	*Kahrooram.
	L/19 94553 ...		
	„ 53093 ...		
	L/ 73162 ...		
	L/17 81197 ...		
	L/16 43720 ...		
	L/15 84057 ...		
	L/17 93032 ...		
	L/17 59628 ...		
	L/ 77317 ...		
	L/ 53138 ...		
	„ 72294 ...		
	L/ 64481 ...		
	L/ 68329 ...		
	L/17 91730 ...		
	L/ 97215 ...		
	L/17 97644 ...		
	L/ 59906 ...		
	L/ 08691 ...		
	L/15 95140 ...		
	L/17 69024 ...		
	L/ 95609 ...	@ Rs. 20 each	Kahrooram.
	L/18 28216 ...		
	L/18 80529 ...		
	L/ 83251 ...		
	L/15 58578 ...		
	L/17 69212 ...		
	L/18 82290 ...		
	L/ 51009 ...		
	L/18 82474 ...		
	L/17 88311 ...		
	L/17 87160 ...		
	L/ 50786 ...		
	L/17 72828 ...		
6931 ...	L/18 40483 ...	10	... The District Superintendent of Police, Dinagepore.
6933 ...	L/18 79900 ...	100	... Setaram Mohassoree.
	„ 79991 ...	100	...
6934 ...	L/18 93937 ...	50	... Cally Churn Ghose.
	„ 93938 ...	50	...
	„ 93939 ...	50	..

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
6942 ...	L/1 50789 ...	10	... Charles Hurst.
6944 ...	L/1 97544 ...	100	... Fuqeer Oollah and Abdool Azuz.
6945 ...	A/11 45181 ...	100	... Rajendrolol Coondoo.
	L/11 27838 ...	100	...
	A/11 80086 ...	50	...
6946 ...	L/15 48486 ...	50	... George P. O. Sherman.
	„ 49550 ...	50	...
	„ 51218 ...	50	...
	„ 72268 ...	50	...
6947 ..	L/1 48340 ...	10	... Kalikristo Sircar.
6952 ...	L/15 21175 ...	50	... Messrs. Bonomally Naun & Co.
6953 ...	L/11 59303 ...	100	... Mehir Lol Paray.
6954 ...	L/1 01157 ...	5	... Nobo Chandra Chokroverty.
6955 ...	L/16 82121 ...	20	... Gopikristo Gosai.
6956 ...	A/16 10393 ...	10	... Ishad Ali.
6960 ...	L/1 03646 ...	10	... Sharodachurn Guha.
6961 ...	L/1 84040 ...	20	... Kadernath Mozoomdar.
6962 ...	L/1 85901 ...	10	... Rajendra Lol Sonyab.
6965 ...	L/1 67202 ...	10	... Obhoychurn Banerjee.
6967 ...	L/11 82339 ...	10	... Mohendro Narayan Bose.
	„ 82343 ...	10	...
	„ 82344 ...		
6968 ...	L/16 77879 ...	10	... Dwarkanath Bose.

Wrongly joined.

6876 ...	L/16 25285 ...	10	... Gobind Lal.
	„ 25286 ...		
6877 ...	L/15 92565 ...	5	... Mr. Jacob.
	„ 92567 ...		
6878 ...	A/16 59904 ...	10	... Gopal Chunder Paul.
	„ 59905 ...		
6879 ...	L/15 64746 ...	20	... Chuny Lall Johury.
	„ 64749 ...		
6895 ...	L/1 23809 ...	10	... Hem Chunder Mitter.
	„ 23803 ...		
	A/16 66992 ...	10	...
	„ 66991 ...		
6904 ...	L/1 06407 ...	10	... Dinnobundhoo Mookerjee.
	„ 06406 ...		
6908 ...	L/15 79324 ...	10	.. Ramlall Dutt.
	„ 16959 ...		
	L/1 75805 ...	10	...
	L/15 69123 ...		
	L/10 27133 ...	@ Rs. 5 each	Luckhun Chunder Mullick.
	„ 27132 ...		
	L/11 17125 ...		
	„ 17124 ...		
	„ 70343 ...		
	„ 70342 ...		
	L/1 21735 ...		
	„ 21737 ...		
	„ 85015 ...		
	„ 85012 ...		
	L/11 06545 ...		
	„ 06544 ...		
6917 ...	A/10 52963 ...	10	... Kasub Lall Sadkhan.
	A/17 19619 ...		
6923 ...	A/15 87717 ...	20	... R. N. Paruck.
	„ 87715 ...		
6935 ...	L/15 42531 ...	20	... A. Younan.
	L/15 38537 ...		
6940 ...	L/1 63218 ...	10	... Euly Byranjee.
	„ 49582 ...		
6941 ...	L/1 03938 ...	10	... The Assistant Superintendent in charge Telegraph Office, Calcutta.
	„ 03937 ...		

Wrongly joined.

Registered No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
6943 ...	$\frac{A}{69}$ 81859 ...	20	... Rev. J. K. Baldwin.
	,, 81860 ...		
6949 ...	$\frac{L}{J}$ 32652 ..	10	... Nobinchunder Mukerjee.
	$\frac{L}{L}$ 13923 ...		
6950 ...	$\frac{L}{BB}$ 00954 ...	10	... Mungaram.
	,, 00979 ...		
6951 ...	$\frac{L}{BB}$ 14449 ...	10	... Roopchund Paul.
	,, 14446 ...		
6959 ...	$\frac{L}{JB}$ 21435 ...	20	... Gooroochurn Shaw.
	,, 11434 ...		
6963 ...	$\frac{L}{BT}$ 48631 ...	20	... Lakshmee Narayan Nandih.
	,, 48632 ..		
6964 ...	$\frac{L}{BB}$ 02646 ...	10	... Lokenath Mukerjee.
	,, 02653 ...		
6966 ...	$\frac{L}{TT}$ 54073 ...	5	... Bishumber Dutt.
	,, 54072 ...	10	... Mohendro Narayan Bose.

PAPER CURRENCY DEPARTMENT,
The 20th July 1874.

L. BERKELEY,
Asst. Commr. of Paper Currency

PURSUANT to a decree of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction, made in suit No. 744 of 1873 (wherein Boodh Sing and Bissen Chund, both residing at Azeemgunge in the district of Moorshedabad, in the Province of Bengal, and carrying on business in copartnership at Cross Street, Burra Bazar, in the town of Calcutta, under the style and firm of Mool Chund, Hurreck Chund, and at Serajgunj under the style and firm of Neem Chund, Hurreck Chund, on behalf of themselves and the other creditors of the estate of Radhagobind Shaw, deceased, are plaintiffs, and Sreenibash Shaw and Hurrydhone Shaw, the infant sons of one Radhagobind Shaw, deceased, and Sreemutty Kooboja Dassee, widow of the said Radhagobind Shaw, and mother and guardian of the said infants, all residing at Shoba Bazar Street, Hatkhollah, in the town of Calcutta, are defendants), and dated the ninth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, all creditors of the said Radhagobind Shaw, deceased, are, on or before the first day of August, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, to come in and prove their respective debts and claims before the Honorable Arthur George Macpherson, one of the Judges of the said Court, at the Court House, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said decree.

The eighth day of August one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at the said High Court, is appointed for hearing and adjudicating upon the said claims.

ORR AND HARRISS, *Plaintiffs' Attornies.* R. BELCHAMBERS, *Registrar.*

CALCUTTA HIGH COURT, ORIGINAL JURISDICTION, the 2nd day of June 1874. (224—5)

TO BE peremptorily sold, pursuant to decree of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction, in suit No. 519 of 1871, (wherein Denonath Mitter, Assignee of Tarruck Chunder Sircar is plaintiff, and Mohendronarain Dey, Woodoynarain Dey, and Woopendronarain Dey, and Nogendronarain Dey and Guzendronarain Dey, both of whom are infants under the age of sixteen years, the sons, heirs, and legal representatives of Ramnarain Dey, deceased, all of Cornwallis Street, Simlah, in the Town of Calcutta, and Soorendronarain Dey of the same place, another infant son of the said Rajnarain Dey deceased, are defendants) dated the twenty-ninth day of January one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, by the Registrar of the said Court, at the Court House, on Saturday, the first day of August next, the undermentioned properties, that is to say:—

All that upper-roomed brick-built, messuage tenement or dwelling-house with the piece or parcel of land belonging thereto, and on part whereof the same is built, containing by estimation twelve cottahs, situate lying and being, No. 18, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta, and butted and bounded as follows, that is to say, on the North by Sibnarain Dass's Lane; on the East by the premises No. 1-2 which belonged to the late Premnarain Dey; on the West by Cornwallis Street, and on the South by the late Roopnarain Dey's dwelling-house.

For further particulars apply at the Registrar's Office or to Messieurs Gray, Sen and Farr, 4, Council House Street.

GRAY, SEN AND FARR, *Plaintiff's Attorneys.* R. BELCHAMBERS, *Registrar.*

CALCUTTA, HIGH COURT REGISTRAR'S OFFICE, *the 6th day of July* 1874. (272—2)

STATEMENT of Government Promissory Notes enfaced for payment of interest in London, under deduction of amount re-transferred to India, and outstanding in the books of the Bank of Bengal on the 15th July 1874.

PARTICULARS.	3½ per cent. loan of 1853-54.	4 PER CENT. LOANS							4½ PER CENT. LOANS				5 per cent. loan of 1859-60.	5 PER CENT. DEBENTURES FOR		Total amount.
		of 1824-25.	of 1828-29.	of 1832-33.	of 1835 36	of 1842-43.	of 1854-55.	Transfer of 1865.	of 1856-57.	of 1870	of 1871	of 1872.		10 years. Repayable June 1877.	15 years. Repayable June 1882.	
Balance of 30th June 1874	53,600	33,173	2,346	16,86,506	33,22,200	1,39,46,900	1,12,96,600	1,26,64,700	...	39,10,500	2,50,000	3,25,97,500	4,54,99,600	35,25,000	29,81,000	13,17,69,625
ADD—																
Amount enfaced at Madras between 1st and 15th July 1874	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,600	6,000	13,000	...	.....	.....	22,500	.....	.....	.....	47,100
Amount enfaced at Bombay between 1st and 15th July 1874	...	... .	.....	.....	.....	.....	55,000	1,00,000	...	.....	.....	8,000	1,88,500	.....	.....	3,51,500
Amount enfaced at Calcutta between 1st and 15th July 1874	...	.....	... ..	.....	27,500	15,900	6,600	3,300	...	.....	.....	4,55,900	1,76,800	.... .	...	6,86,000
TOTAL ...	53,600	33,173	2,346	16,86,506	33,49,700	1,39,68,400	1,13,64,200	1,27,81,000	...	39,10,500	2,50,000	3,30,83,900	4,58,64,900	35,25,000	29,81,000	13,28,54,225
DEDUCT—																
Amount written off in the London Registers ...	..	.. .	.....	..	.....	47,100	27,000	14,700	...	.....	.....	83,100	4,29,000	.....	...	6,00,900
Balance on 15th July 1874	53,600	33,173	2,346	16,86,506	33,49,700	1,39,21,300	1,13 37,200	1,27,66,300	..	39,10,500	2,50,000	3,30,00,800	4,54,35,900	35,25,000	29,81,000	13,22,53,325

NOTE.—From 9th June 1867 to 15th May 1874—Enfaced from India 1,881 lakhs, re-transferred from London 1,892 lakhs.

,,	16th May 1874	to	31st	,,	,,	,,	,,	3	,,	,,	,,	13 ,,
,,	1st June	,,	to	15th	June	,,	,,	,,	17	,,	,,	,,	13 ,,
,,	16th ,,	,,	to	30th	,,	,,	,,	,,	16	,,	,,	,,	12 ,,
,,	1st July	,,	to	15th	July	,,	,,	,,	11	,,	,,	,,	6 ,,
									1,928				1,936 ,,
													1,928 ,,
								Balance against London					8 ,,

PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE, BANK OF BENGAL,
Calcutta, the 20th July 1874.

R. HARDIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

(268—1)

Assam Company.

NOTICE is hereby given that a final dividend at the rate of 17½ per cent., equal to Rs. 35 per share, has been declared in London. The said dividend will be paid by the undersigned on or after 23rd instant, to all shareholders whose names stood on the Indian Register on 30th June.

SCHOENE, KILLBURN & Co., *Agents.*

4 FAIRLIE PLACE, the 18th July 1874. (283—1)

Fort Gloster Jute Manufacturing Company, Limited.

THE Second Half-yearly Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 4, Bankshall Street, on Wednesday, the 12th of August next, at 12-30 P.M., to receive the report of the Directors, pass the accounts for the half-year ending 31st May 1874, declare a dividend, and transact any other business that may be brought forward.—By order of the Directors,

CALCUTTA, the 17th July 1874. R. MACALLISTER & Co., *Managing Agents.*

The Register Books of the Company will be closed from the 30th instant to the 12th August 1874 both days inclusive. (281—*f.n.*)

New Beerbhoom Coal Company, Limited.

A SPECIAL General Meeting of the Shareholders, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 14, Old Court House Street, at noon, on Saturday, 1st August 1874, for the purpose of confirming the Special Resolutions passed at the Extraordinary Meeting held on 18th July 1874.

(285—2) STEEL, MACINTOSH & Co., *Managing Agents.*

New Beerbhoom Coal Company, Limited.

THE Second Half-yearly Meeting of the Shareholders of the New Beerbhoom Coal Company, Limited, was held at noon, on the 18th July 1874, at office of the Company, No. 14, Old Court House Street.

PRESENT.—J. E. MacLachlan, Esq., in the chair.

" W. Smith, Esq., C.E.
" S. H. Robinson, Esq.
" S. Bird, Esq.
" E. N. Grace, Esq.
" O. Steel, Esq.
" A. R. MacIntosh, Esq.
" J. C. Marillier, Esq., by his attorney, A. R. McIntosh, Esq.
" H. Vacher, Esq.
" Col. J. B. Harrison. } By their attorney, O. Steel, Esq.
" H. A. Harrison, Esq.
" Dr. James Fairweather.
" R. Cornish, Esq. } By their proxy, S. H. Robinson, Esq.
" Walter Bourne, Esq., C.E. By his proxy, A. R. McIntosh, Esq.

The report of the Directors, with audited accounts for the half-year ending 30th April 1874 was submitted. Agreed that it be taken as read.

Proposed by William Smith, Esq.,

Seconded, by S. Bird, Esq., and carried—

That the Directors report and the accounts for the half-year ending 30th April 1874, which have been printed and circulated among the Shareholders, be adopted and approved as correct.

Proposed by S. H. Robinson, Esq.,

Seconded by Octavius Steel, Esq., and carried—

That in accordance with the recomendations of the Directors a dividend be declared payable on and after 30th August 1874, on the capital of the Company, at the rate of Rs. 5 per share, equal to 10 per cent. per annum, that a sum of Rs. 10,000 be written of to Wear and Tear account, and that the balance of profit Rs. 3,748-9-6, be carried to credit of Reserve Fund.

Proposed by S. Bird, Esq.,

Seconded by William Smith, Esq., and carried—

That Messrs. R. Blechynden and E. J. Stanley be re-elected as auditors of the Company for the ensuing year.

After a vote of thanks to the chair, the meeting separated.

J. E. MACLACHLAN, *Chairman.*

New Beerbhoom Coal Company, Limited.

THE Extraordinary Meeting of the Shareholders of the New Beerbhoom Coal Company, Limited, held at half-past 12 o'clock, on 18th July 1874, at the office of the Company, No. 14, Old Court House Street.

PRESENT.—J. E. MacLachlan, Esq., in the chair.

" W. Smith, Esq., C.E.
" S. H. Robinson, Esq.
" S. Bird, Esq.
" E. N. Grace, Esq.
" O. Steel, Esq.
" A. R. McIntosh, Esq.
" J. C. Marillier, Esq. by his attorney, A. R. McIntosh, Esq.
" H. Vacher, Esq.
" Col. J. B. Harrison, } By their attorney, O. Steel, Esq.
" H. A. Harrison, Esq. }
" Dr. James Fairweather, } By their proxy, S. H. Robinson, Esq.
" R. Cornish, Esq. }
" Walter Bourne Esq., C.E. by his attorney, A. R. McIntosh, Esq.
" A. Strand, Esq.

Proposed by A. Strand, Esq.,
Seconded by William Smith, Esq., and carried—

That in accordance with the recommendations of the Directors in their report, pages 15 and 16, they be authorized to issue 1,200 new shares of Rs. 100 each, making a total sum of Rs. 1,20,000 as additional capital.

Proposed by S. Bird, Esq,
Seconded by S. H. Robinson, Esq.—

That the new shares be issued on the 20th August next, and that the full amount of Rs. 100 per share be payable on that date.

Proposed by A. R. McIntosh, Esq.,
Seconded by A. Strand, Esq., and carried.—

That the 1,200 new shares be offered at par to the shareholders now on the Register, *pro rata*, the holder of every 5 shares and multiples of that number being entitled to one of the new issue, and any shares not accepted be disposed of as the Directors deem most advantageous to the interests of the Company.

After a vote of thanks to the chair, the meeting separated.

(286—1) J. A. MACLACHLAN, *Chairman.*

Eastern Bengal Indigo Company, "Limited."

NOTICE is hereby given that a General Meeting of Shareholders of this Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 3, Church Lane, Calcutta, on Wednesday, the 22nd July 1874, at 3½ P.M., to confirm such resolution or resolutions as may have been passed at the General Meeting of Shareholders convened for the 1st July 1874.

By order of the Directors,

3, CHURCH LANE, 16th April 1874. (152—4) WILLIAM MORAN & Co., *Agents.*

Eastern Bengal Indigo Company, "Limited."

NOTICE is hereby given that a Meeting of Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the registered office of the Company, No. 3, Church Lane, Calcutta, on Monday the 27th day of July instant, at noon precisely, to confirm the several resolutions passed at a meeting of the Shareholders held this day. Dated this 11th day of July 1874.

By order,

WILLIAM MORAN & Co.
Agents, Eastern Bengal Indigo Company "Limited."

Calcutta, 11th July 1874. (276—2)

Eastern Bengal Indigo Company, "Limited."

NOTICE is hereby given that a meeting of Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 3, Church Lane, Calcutta, on Saturday, the 8th day of August next, at 12 o'clock precisely, for the purpose of receiving and considering any tenders that may have been made for the purchase of the Company's properties, or any of them. WILLIAM MORAN, & Co., *Agent, Eastern Bengal Indigo Co., Limited.*

3 CHURCH LANE, CALCUTTA, the 16th July 1874. (250—2)

North-Western Watson's Patent Press Company, "Limited."

NOTICE

Is hereby given that the following Special Resolutions were passed at an Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of this Company held on the 27th day of June 1874, and were confirmed at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting held on the 15th July 1874.

1st.—That this Company be wound up voluntarily.

2nd.—That Mr. R. Howard be appointed Liquidator of this Company for the purpose of winding up the affairs thereof, and that the said Mr. R. Howard, as such Liquidator, be, and he is hereby, empowered and authorized to make over and transfer the License granted to this Company by Mr. James Watson for the use of this Patent, and to convey, assign, and transfer all the movable and immovable property, cash, outstanding credits, and effects belonging to this Company, subject to all the liabilities of the Company, including the remuneration of the Liquidator and expenses of Liquidation, to a new Company, to be formed for purchasing and taking over the same, and to be styled 'The Strand Bank Press Company (Watson's Patent), Limited' and to receive from the said 'Strand Bank Press Company (Watson's Patent), Limited,' on behalf of the Shareholders of this Company, 2,123 fully paid-up shares of the said 'Strand Bank Press Company (Watson's Patent), Limited,' of the par value of Rupees one hundred each, to be distributed to and among the Shareholders of this Company in accordance with the number of shares held by each of them in this Company; and that such Liquidator be authorized, for the purpose aforesaid, to make, execute, and register all necessary conveyances, assignments, transfers, and other deeds and assurances whatsoever, and to exercise all or any of the powers conferred by Section 116 of the 'Indian Companies' Act, 1866,' on Official Liquidators as shall or may be necessary in the premises.

R. HOWARD, *Liqudator.*

8, NEW CHINA BAZAR STREET, CALCUTTA, the 16th July 1874. (282—3)

Notice.

CERTAIN effects belonging to the estate of the late Mr. Thomas Jones, a British subject residing at Sylhet, (and formerly a missionary employed by the Welsh Presbyterian Mission at Cherrapoonje, in Assam), who demised at this station on the 9th instant, are under the charge of this Court, and will be delivered to any party legally authorized to receive the same.

H. MUSPRATT, *District Judge.*

SYLHET JUDGE'S COURT, the 14th July 1874. (287—1)

Sale of Landed Property.

PURSUANT to an order of the Insolvent Court at Calcutta made in the matter of A. J. Sarkies and another, Insolvents, dated 14th April 1874, A. B. Miller, Esquire, Official Assignee and Assignee of the Estate of the said Insolvents, will sell by public auction at his office No. 3, Old Post Office Street, at noon, on Thursday, the 23rd day of July 1874 (with the concurrence of the mortgagee) the following valuable property—

A demi-upper-roomed, brick-built dwelling-house, with land belonging thereto, containing about 9 biggahs and 13 cattahs, and situate at No. 21-2, and 21-2-1, Ballygunge Circular Road, in the 24-Pergunnahs. For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Mr. M. Camell, No. 12, Old Post Office, Street Calcutta. (274—2)

Stolen.

THE public are hereby cautioned not to receive or pay money in exchange for the Currency Note of Rs. 1,000, Calcutta Circle, bearing No. [illegible], as the same has been stolen with other notes of minor value and fifty rupees in cash from the shop of a tradesman of the Town of Cuttack. Payment has been already stopped at Government treasuries.

Any communication concerning the recovery of the missing note and the arrest of the thief should be addressed, bearing postage, to the Magistrate and Collector of Cuttack.

JOHN BEAMES, *Collector.*

CUTTACK MAGISTRATE AND COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, the 23rd June 1874. (265—3)

LOST, the Government Promissory Note No. 027651 of the 4 per cent. of 1854-55 for Rs. 500, originally standing in the name of Mudooshudun Bachusputty, and never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the above Note, and the interest thereupon, have been stopped. (261—3) MUDOOSHUDUN BACHUSPUTTY.

LOST, the Government Promissory Note No. 005487 of 4½ per cent. of 1872 for Rs. 500, originally standing in the name of Wooma Nath Chatterjee, and never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the above Note, and the interest thereupon, have been stopped. (262—3) WOOMA NATH CHATTERJEE.

FOUR per cent. Government Promissory Note, No. 015740, of 1842-43, for Rs. 500, is lost. (277—3) R. K. DASS.

Bank of Bengal.

NOTICE is hereby given that in conformity with Section XXXIII of the Charter Act IV of 1862, the annual General Meeting of the Proprietors of the Bank of Bengal will be held at the Bank on Monday, the 3rd August, at 11 o'clock A.M.

By order of the Directors,

R. HARDIE, *Secretary & Treasurer.*

CALCUTTA, the 21st July 1874. (290—1)

Notice.

To be sold by Auction by Messrs. Mackenzie, Lyall, & Co., under instructions from the Collector of Customs at 1 P.M., on Monday next the 27th instant, in the Exchange Hall, *ex Eriminta*:—

1 Case, [25] B K 8, 20 pieces Bookbinder's Cloth, taken over under Section 27 of Act VI 1863.

For Sale.

AT the Meteorological Office, No. 22 Chowringhee, the following official publications:—

Meteorological Report of	1867	..	..	..	Rs.	0	12 per copy.
Ditto	ditto	1868	..	..	..	„	1	8	„
Ditto	ditto	1869	..	..	..	„	2	4	„
Ditto	ditto	1870	..	..	..	„	2	6	„
Ditto	ditto	1871	..	..	..	„	2	8	„
Ditto	ditto	1872	..	..	..	„	3	0	„
Administration Report of		1870-71	..	..	..	„	0	4	„
Ditto	ditto	1871-72	..	..	..	„	0	4	„
Ditto	ditto	1872-73	..	..	..	„	0	4	„
A table of the average monthly and annual rainfall at 98 Stations in Northern India			..	..	..	„	0	4	„

The above are also to be obtained at the same prices at Messrs. Thacker Spink and Company, No. 5, Government place.

HENRY F. BLANFORD, *Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.*

CALCUTTA, the 22nd September 1873.

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Selections from Divisional and District Annual Administration Reports. 1872-73, with the Government Resolutions on them. Price ... ... Rs. 5 0 0

NOW READY.

THE Quarterly Civil List for Bengal, corrected up to the 1st of July 1874, Price Rs. 3, postage 8 ans.

Apply to E. M. LEWIS, Bengal Secretariat Press, 28, Chowringhee Road, Calcutta.

☞ The following books may be had from the Office of Superintendent, Government Printing, No. 8, Hastings Street. No orders can be attended to, unless accompanied by a remittance. When postage stamps are forwarded, one anna additional should be sent for every Rupee's worth of stamp for discount in exchanging them for cash. Service labels are not received.

Books required on the public service are only supplied when authorized by the Department under whose orders they are published.

Just published.

Army List—New Number.

The Official Quarterly Army List of H. M.'s Forces in Bengal, to which is appended the Civil Service Gradation List, corrected up to 1st July 1874. *Price Re. 4; packing and postage, 8 annas.*

Recently Published.

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Report of the Commissioners appointed by the Government of India to inquire into the Origin, Nature, &c., of Indian Cattle Plagues. With Appendices, Calcutta, 1871. Fol. pp. xxx and 999, with Maps. *Price Rs. 10; packing 4 annas.*

Selections from Unpublished Records of Government for the years 1748 to 1767 inclusive. Relating mainly to the social condition of Bengal. With a Map of Calcutta in 1784. By the Rev. J. Long, Member of the Government Record Commission. *Price Rs. 5; packing and postage 1 Re. extra.*

Selections from Calcutta Gazettes of the years 1816 to 1823 inclusive, showing the political and social condition of the English in India upwards of fifty years ago. By Hugh David Sandeman, C.S., Accountant-General, Bengal, and Member of the Record Commission. *Volume I, Rs. 3, and Volumes II, III, IV, and V, at Rs. 5 each; packing and postage Re 1 extra*

Revised (Indian) Army Regulations, Regulations and Orders for the Army of the Bengal Presidency. Published by authority. Royal 8vo., cloth boards. *Price, Rs. 4; packing and postage, Re. 1. Interleaved copy, Rs. 5; packing and postage, Re. 1-12.*

Book of Forms referred to in the above. Foolscap folio, enclosed in stiff covers. *Price, Rs. 2; packing and postage, Re. 1-8.*

Report on the Fresh Water Fish and Fisheries of India and Burma. By Surgeon-Major Francis Day, F.L.S. & F.Z.S., Inspector-General of Fisheries in India. *Price Rs. 2; packing and postage 10 annas extra.*

Public Works Department Classified List and Distribution Return of Establishment, corrected up to 1st October 1873. *Price Re 2; packing and postage 4 annas.*

The Thanatophidia of India, being a description of the venomous snakes of the Indian Peninsula, with an account of the influence of their poison on life, and a series of experiments. By J. Fayrer, M.D., C.S.I., F.R.S.E., Honorary Physician to the Queen, Surgeon-Major, Her Majesty's Bengal Army, Professor of Surgery and Senior Surgeon in the Calcutta Medical College and its Hospital, Fellow of the University of Calcutta, and late President of the Asiatic Society of Bengal. *Price Rs. 80 per copy; packing and postage, Re. 2-4.*

The older Statutes in force in India, edited, with Notes and an Index, by Whitley Stokes, Esq. *Price Rs. 5; packing and postage, 3 as.*

A collection of Statutes relating to India passed between the years 1855 and 1870, both inclusive, being a Supplement to the Law relating to India and the East India Company, fifth edition, edited, with an Index to the Statutes relating to India not expressly repealed in August 1867, by Whitley Stokes, Esq. *Price Rs. 10; packing and postage, 12 as.*

The Acts of the Government of India from 1854 to date, with Indexes and lists of titles, each separately available.

Vocabulary of Ordnance Stores, for adoption throughout British India: prepared, under the orders of the Government of India, by Ensign J. Tanner, Deputy Assistant Commissary, Bengal Ordnance Department, and rated in the Office of the Examiner of Ordnance Accounts, Fort William. *Price Rs. 6; packing and postage, Re. 1-8 extra.*

Rig-Veda, in the Samhita and Pada Text, by Professor F. Max Müller, M.A., in two Volumes. *Price Rs. 24; packing and postage Re. 1-12.*

The Hymns of the Rig-Veda, in the Samhita and Pada Text, by Professor F. Max Müller, M.A., in two Volumes. *Price Rs. 24; packing and postage, Re. 1-12.*

*** The Rig-Veda, the oldest book of Indian literature, has very properly been made one of the principal class-books for those who study Sanskrit in the schools and colleges in India, and though at present a scholar-like knowlege of the Vedic hymns is in the examinations required of the more advanced students only, yet, as soon as editions, translations, grammars, and dictionaries shall have rendered the study of these ancient documents more accessible, I doubt not that the time will come when no one in India will call himself a Sanskrit sholar, who cannot construe the hymns of the ancient Rishis of his country.—*Extract from Preface.*

Office of the Superintendent Government Printing, No. 8, Hastings Street.

New Criminal Procedure Code.

OFFICERS under the Bengal Government, who wish to have copies of the New Criminal Procedure Code, *for sale*, are requested to apply to the Superintendent of Government Printing, Calcutta.

Postal Notice.

No. 9807.

CERTAIN sums of money have been deposited in Post Offices in the Bengal Circle as cash securities and are lying undisbursed standing, in the names of the parties mentioned below.

The original depositors, or their heirs and representatives, are requested to submit their claims to the Postmaster General of Bengal, for adjustment within one month from date hereof, failing which they will forfeit all right and title thereto and the amounts be transferred to the credit of Government.

The 7th July 1874. T. W. GRIBBLE, *Offg. Postmaster General, Bengal.*

List of Security Deposits.

Office of deposit.	Name and designation of depositors.	Amount. Rs.	A.	P.
Bankipore ..	Boolakee Lall, clerk, Patna City Receiving Office ..	21	0	9
Beerbhoom ..	Juggobundoo Mookerji, peon, Ahmedpore	29	11	0
Bhagulpore ..	Somshere, delivery peon	32	15	6
Burdwan ..	Koomeeroodeen, packerman, Travelling Post Office ..	29	2	0
Calcutta ..	Shaik Mahomed Bux, sorter, Calcutta Post Office ..	22	8	9
Ditto ..	Kassimoody, peon	29	10	3
Ditto ..	Kadim Hossein, ditto	29	10	3
Ditto ..	Monuruddy, ditto	29	10	3
Ditto ..	Golam Abdar, ditto	27	7	0
Ditto ..	Ameenooddeen, sorter	34	0	6
Ditto ..	Kally Lall, Omiedwar peon	28	14	3
Gya ..	Digbiga Churn Pal, Deputy Postmaster	41	6	3
Hooghly ..	Moonee Lall Sing, peon	117	2	9
Ditto ..	Shaik Essef, peon of Ghattal	102	4	3
Ditto ..	Juggut Chunder Mookerjee, clerk of Gowhatty ..	105	4	6
Howrah ..	Lalla Ramanund, delivery peon No. 3	29	7	3
Maldah ..	Guggut Chunder Ghose	20	11	0
Monghyr ..	Khoodiram Bhuttacharjee, Postmaster, Monghyr ..	70	15	9
Moteeharry ..	Bhurosee Roy, delivery peon, Segowlee	32	9	6
Mymensingh ..	Chuba Shaik, peon, Sharepore	48	3	0
Ditto ..	Nobocoomar Chatterjee, Deputy Postmaster, Mooktaghata..	164	2	3
Ditto ..	M. Catanoo, Deputy Postmaster, Pacoolah	35	1	9
Ditto ..	Anundo Chunder Ghose, Deputy Postmaster Sherepore ..	117	3	0
Nowgong ..	Bonowaree Lall Dey, head overseer	117	3	0
Purneah ..	Umrit peon, Bahadoorgunge	28	9	0
Ditto ..	Johyr Ally, Mohurrir, Purneah Post Office	205	14	6
Rungpore ..	Shurrufooddeen, overseer	29	3	3
Tirhoot ..	Peary Mohun Ghose, clerk, Durbhunga	117	3	0

Postal Notice.

No. 9216.

The 4th July.—It has been found necessary to reduce the weight at present conveyed by the passengers' carriages on the Darjeeling line. It is therefore notified that from the 1st proximo, only two adult passengers will be carried inside a carriage, whether ordinary or express, the outside seat remaining available as at present.

One passenger engaging on express will be allowed 4 maunds of baggage, two passengers 2 maunds, and 3 passengers 1¼ maund.

The mileage charge under clause (*e*) Rule (5) on page 74 will be reduced, for a seat in the ordinary, to eight annas a mile, and on the mail cart to 4 annas.

T. W. GRIBBLE, *Offg. Post Master General, Bengal.*

Postal Notices.

SEA OVERLAND MAILS.

For	Box closes at	Date.	Per Steamer.
Ceylon and the Australian Colonies ...	7 P.M. ...	22nd July 1874...	*From Bombay.*
Rangoon and Moulmein ...	7 „ ...	24th „ „	*Abyssinia.*
Ceylon, Straits, Hong-Kong, United States of America, and the Colonies of Queensland and Victoria *vid* Torres' Straits, letters &c., for latter Coloney must be specially subscribed.	7 „ ...	24th „ „	*From Bombay.*
Chittagong, Akyab, and Kyouk Phyoo ...	7 „ ...	24th „ „	*Madras.*
Persian Gulf ...	7 „ ...	26th „ „	*From Bombay.*
Madras and Ceylon ...	7 „ ...	27th „ „	*Peshwar.*
Madras, Ceylon, and Coast Ports ...	7 „ ...	27th „ „	*Scotia.*

The next Overland Mail, *vid* Bombay, will close at the General Post Office, on Tuesday, the 28th July 1874, by which mails for Mauritius, St. Denis, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Delagoa Bay, Natal, Cape of Good Hope, Comoro Islands, and Madagascar can be forwarded.

2. Book-post and pattern packets must be posted on the 27th idem.

N.B.—The Letter-Box will close at 7 P.M. precisely, after which hour Overland letters, fully prepaid and bearing extra postage stamp of two (2) annas on each cover, will be received up to 7-30 P.M., or, bearing an extra postage stamp of four (4) annas on each cover, up to 8 P.M., and after 8 up to 9 P.M., by a Post Office Clerk at the East Indian Railway Station, Armenian Ghât.

CALCUTTA, the 21st July 1874. M. PERCY, *Post-Master of Calcutta.*

List of Remaining and Unclaimed Letters received in the Calcutta Post Office up to 13th July 1874.

Abreo, Mrs. S.
Agabeg, P.
Aire, B.
Barton, Mrs.
Barlow, E.
Bein, Mrs.
Blanford, A.
Bridge, Mrs. A.
Brookes, G.
Brown, Dr. J. R.
Bunness, J. J.
Campbell, Col.
Contarini, E.
Crammond, J.
Creed, G.
Daniel, D. J.
DeCruze, C.
Deids, D. C. S.
Durant, M. D.
Edwards, E. J.
Elman, S.
Elworthy, F.
Esnouf, E. M.
Ferrie, W. A.
Fulsing, M. B.
Gill, G.
Gordon, Mrs.
Gunrirg, H.
Hall, Mrs. C.
Hamilton, J.
Hedges, Mrs.
Ivol, W.
Kelloch, W.
King, Seymour and Co.
Leeming, J.
Leicester and Co.
Lonides, C.
Lyall, J. E.
Mathews, Mr.
Meyers, Mrs. E. C.
Pepin, Mrs.
Pennington, J. W.
Pinto, R. T.
Potter, Miss.
Robinson and Co.
Rourke, W. J.
Sainter, J. D.
Saxton, J. W.
Sheriff, W.
Smith, A.
Sterling, Mr.
Stuart, E. A.
Thomas, Miss H.
Thomas, H., Mrs.
Thomas, R.
Tonkin, Mrs. J.
Vanquilin, E. E.
Watson, Mrs. W. J.

M. PERCY, *Post-Master of Calcutta.*

In the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Bhoom Sing and Jett Mull, of Burra Bazar, in Calcutta, who lately carried on the trade or business of woollen goods' dealers in co-partnership at Burra Bazar aforesaid, insolvents.

NOTICE is hereby given that by an order of this Court made in the above matter on and bearing date the seventh day of July one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, it was ordered that a meeting for proof of claims in this matter should be held on the first Court day in November one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, and that the creditors of the above-named insolvents should on or before the said first Court day in November one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, file in the Office of the Chief Clerk of this Court a statement of the amount of their respective claims against the estate of the said insolvents duly verified by affidavit, and that, thereupon, the said Chief Clerk should form a schedule from the claims so to be filed. (278—1) A. B. MILLER, *Official Assignee.*

In the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Chunder Mull, carrying on business with Gopee Nauth, as cloth merchants at Puggyaputty, in Burra Bazar, in the Town of Calcutta, under the style of Gopee Nauth Chunder Mull, an insolvent.

NOTICE is hereby given that by an order of this Court made in the above matter on and bearing date the 7th day of July 1874, it was ordered that a meeting for proof of claims in this matter should be held on the first Court day in November 1874, and that the creditors of the above-named Insolvent should on or before the said first court day in November 1874 file in the Office of the Chief Clerk of this Court a statement of the amount of their respective claims against the estate of the said insolvent, duly verified by affidavit, and thereupon the said Chief Clerk should form a schedule from the claims so to be filed.

CALCUTTA, the 16th July 1874. (279—1) A. B. MILLER, *Official Assignee.*

In the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Alfred Horton Pritchard, an Insolvent.

NOTICE is hereby given that on Tuesday, the 4th day of August 1874, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, an application will be made to this Court by the above-named Insolvent for an order that he may be at liberty to withdraw his petition of insolvency filed in this matter on the 8th September 1873, or that the said petition be dismissed on the ground that the said Insolvent has effected a settlement with all his creditors.

Any creditor proposing to oppose such application, is required to file notice of his opposition in the Chief Clerk's Office three clear days prior to the Court day above mentioned.

CALCUTTA, the 21st July 1874. (289—1) A. H. PRITCHARD, *Insolvent in person.*

INSOLVENT NOTICES.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

IN the several matters of JOHN ARMSTRONG CURRIE, LUCKEYNARAIN PYNE, HUGHES and TEMPLER, NICHOLAS MALCOLM GASPER, DOORGAPERSAUD, GOOLZURYMULL, MANICKCHUND, PERTAUBCHUNDER ROY, FREDERICK PETER LINDEMAN, and CARRAPIET POGOSE CARRAPIET, Insolvents.

On Tuesday the 7th day of July instant, it was ordered that accounts of unclaimed dividends be received and filed.

A. B. Miller, *Official Assignee.*

IN the matter of WILFORD CLARENCE BOLST, of No. 6, Zigzag Lane, in the Town of Calcutta, a Clerk in the Bengal Secretariat Office, an Insolvent.

Notice that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act XI. Vic., Chap. XXI., was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on Monday, the 13th day of July instant, and by an order of the same date the estate and effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

M. T. Pearson, *Attorney.*

IN the matter of WILFORD CLARENCE BOLST, an Insolvent.

On Monday, the 13th day of July instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 1st day of September next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

M. T. Pearson, *Attorney.*

[REGISTERED No. 29.]

No. 30 of 1874.

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 29, 1874.

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PART I.

Orders and Notifications by the Lieut.-Governor of Bengal, the High Court, Government Treasury, &c.

NOTICE.

The following order, issued by the Government of India, in the Military Secretary's Office, is republished for general information:—

Fort William, the 22nd July 1874.—*Notification.*—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General will leave Calcutta on Tuesday, the 4th August 1874, for Assam.

His Excellency will visit Dacca, Cachar, and Sylhet *en route*, and will arrive at Shillong on the 15th August 1874.

The Viceroy will return to Calcutta about the end of August.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTICE.

THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR will leave Monghyr for the Eastern Districts on the 30th July; after that date the Lieutenant-Governor's address will be "*Care of Post-Master, Calcutta,*" until further orders.

C. E. BUCKLAND,
Private Secretary.

The 27th July 1874.

ORDERS BY THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL.

REVENUE AND GENERAL DEPARTMENTS.

No. 2114.

GENERAL.—*The 24th July* 1874.—Mr. Christopher Henry Vowell, Acting Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Shahabad, having returned to duty on the forenoon of the 8th July 1874, the unexpired portion of the leave granted to him under orders of the 23rd June 1874, is cancelled.

The 27th July 1874.—Mr. James Austin Bourdillon, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, in charge of the sub-division of Jehanabad, in Gya, is appointed to have charge of the sub-division of Sewan, in Saran.

Mr. Arthur Charles Wright, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in charge of the sub-division of Sewan, in Saran, is appointed to have charge of the sub-division of Jehanabad, in Gya.

Mr. Augustus John Elliot, District and Sessions Judge of Shahabad, having returned to duty on the forenoon of the 22nd July 1874 the unexpired portion of the leave granted to him under orders of the 27th June 1874 is cancelled.

The 28th July 1874.—Baboo Chunder Narain Singh, M.A., Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in charge of the sub-division of Khoolna, in Jessore, is allowed leave for three months under Section 3, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code.

Baboo Nobin Krishna Sircar, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Jessore, is appointed to have temporary charge of the Khoolna sub-division.

Baboo Mohim Chunder Ghose, Sub-Deputy Collector, is appointed to act as a Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, and is posted to the Sudder Station of Jessore.

Mr. Henry Fitzmaurice John Kean, Magistrate and Collector, Chumparun, is appointed to act in the First Grade of Magistrates and Collectors with effect from the date on which Mr. H. J. Reynolds received charge of his duties in the Bengal Secretariat.

POLICE.—*The 23rd July* 1874.—Mr. Charles Philip Crouch, of the Bengal Police, reported his departure from India on leave on the 14th instant.

The 27th July 1874.—Baboo Denobundhu Sen, Acting Assistant Superintendent of Police, Hazareebagh, is allowed leave for one month under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 5th August 1874.

ECCLESIASTICAL.—*The 27th July* 1874.—The Lord Bishop has granted to the Reverend Peter John Jarbo, Chaplain of St. James' Church, Calcutta, six weeks' leave under Section 12, Supplement E of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 15th August 1874.

REGISTRATION.—*The 18th July* 1874.—Baboo Modho Soodun Rantary is appointed to be Sub-Registrar of Khurdah, in the district of Pooree, with effect from the 1st August 1874.

EDUCATION.—*The 27th July* 1874.—Dr. George Watt, Professor of Botany and Chemistry, Hooghly College, is allowed leave for one month under Section 11 (*a*), Clause 2 of Explanation under Section 12 (*a*) of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 20th June 1874.

Mr. David Josiah Poole, Assistant Superintendent in charge of the District Police, is appointed to be a member of the District School Committee of Poorce, *vice* Mr. W. R. Green, who has left the station.

MEDICAL.—*The 23rd July* 1874.—Second Grade Assistant Surgeon Ram Chunder Gupta is appointed temporarily to the medical charge of the sub-division of Sewan, in Sarun, and of the dispensary at that place, with effect from the 23rd June 1874.

The 28th July 1874.—Assistant Surgeon Dhurma Das Bose, House Surgeon to the First Surgeon's Wards, Medical College Hospital, is allowed leave for two years without pay, under Section 9, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the date on which he avails himself of it.

JAILS.—*The 23rd July* 1874.—Dr. Clement Sconce, Superintendent of Jails, Midnapore, is allowed 30 days' leave under Section 10, Supplement F, and under Section 20-1 of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 15th September 1874.

MUNICIPAL.—*The 24th July* 1874.—The following gentlemen are appointed to be Municipal Commissioners for the Suburbs of the Town of Calcutta, viz.—

Dr. Robert Moir, M.D.	Roy Jadub Chunder Ghose, Bahadoor.
Mr. Charles Henry Ogbourne.	Baboo Shama Churn Laha.
„ J. Blackburne.	„ Grish Chunder Ghose.
„ H. A. Firth.	„ Umbica Churn Roy.

LOCAL FUND.—*The 23rd July* 1874.—The Reverend W. Wilkinson is appointed to be a Member of the District Road Committee of Shahabad.

ROAD CESS.—*The 24th July* 1874.—The following gentlemen are appointed to be Members of the Branch Road Cess Committee at Jhenidah, in Jessore, under Section 76, Act X (B.C.) of 1871, viz.—

Mr. James Sheriff, Indigo Planter.
Baboo Benode Behary Dey Chowdry, Assistant Manager, Narail Estate.
„ Nil Madhub Sigdar, Zemindar.
„ Chunder Kant Roy, Zemindar.
„ Bonomally Roy, Zemindar.
„ Keshub Chunder Banerjee, Pleader.
„ Becharam Roy, Sub-Inspector of Schools.

ERRATA.—*The 22nd July* 1874.—In the orders of the 21st instant, posting certain, District Superintendents of Police to certain districts—

For "Mr. Charles Jennings to Sylhet," *read* "Mr. Charles Jennins to Sylhet."

The 25th July 1874.—In the orders of the 14th July 1874, published at page 1112 of the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 15th idem—

For "Mr. Robert Fullon Rampini," *read* "Mr. Robert Fulton Rampini."

In the notification regarding the candidates who passed the late Native Civil Service Examination published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 1st and 8th July 1874—

For "Anunda Prosad Chatterjie," *read* "Annada Prosad Chatterjie."

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

The 28th July 1874.—Under the Resolution of this Govt. 1874, the following officers are declared to have passed completely by Standard, in April 1874, viz.—

Mr. Ernest Montagu Money, c.s. Mr. George Henry Atkins.

2. The names of the following gentlemen, who, under the orders laid Resolution dated the 18th May 1874, are entitled to be considered as passed by Standard, *subject to their fully qualifying and passing in the languages opposite thei respectively, within one year from their release from famine duty*, have been noted, viz.—

Mr. Cecil Ansdell Wilkins, c.s.	..	Bengali by Higher Standard.
,, Arthur Clifford Tute, c.s.	..	Ditto ditto.
,, Henry Mortimer Durand, c.s.	..	Bengali and Hindustani by Higher Stand
,, John Nugent, c.s.	..	Hindustani by Higher Standard.
,, Frank Robert Stanley Collier, c.s.		Bengali and Hindustani by Higher Sta
,, Charles Randall Marindin, c.s.	..	Hindustani by Higher Standard.
,, Krishna Gobind Gupta, c.s.	..	Bengali and Hindustani by Higher Sta
,, Herman Michael Kisch, c.s.	..	Ditto ditto.
,, George Abraham Grierson, c.s.	..	Ditto ditto.
,, Andrew Wallace Mackie, c.s.	..	Ditto ditto.
,, Edward Richard Henry, c.s.	..	Ditto ditto.
,, George Elden Manisty, c.s.	..	Ditto ditto.
,, David Bird Allen, c.s.	..	Ditto ditto.
Lieut. Leopold James Henry Grey	..	Bengali by Higher Standard.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

RESOLUTION.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

MARINE.

CALCUTTA PORT TRUST.

The 27th July 1874.

READ—

A letter No. 748, dated 23rd June 1874, from the Port Trust Commissioners, submitting a proposal for the extension of the pitching on the slope of the Inland Vessels Wharf between Juggernath Ghât and Aheeretollah Ghât.

READ ALSO—

Letter No. 920, dated 8th July 1874, from the Port Commissioners, applying for a loan of Rs. 2,50,000 for the above purpose, and for the pitching of the slope in front of the Export Sheds, and for metalling the Jetty enclosure.

Whereas it appears probable to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that the loan of Rs. 2,50,000 applied for in the abovementioned letters ought to be granted:

It is hereby ordered that the application be published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, as required by the fifth of the rules made by the Governor-General in Council under the Public Works Loan Act of 1871, and published on the 15th of October 1873.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

H. REYNOLDS,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 920, dated Calcutta, the 8th July 1874.

From—The HON'BLE V. H. SCHALCH, Chairman; W. D. BRUCE, ESQ., Vice-Chairman; and eight other Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta,

To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, General Department.

WE, the undersigned, Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta, do hereby apply to His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for a loan to be granted us under the provisions of Act XXIV of 1871 (the Public Works Loan Act). The particulars to be set forth in accordance with the rules published under the aforesaid Act, are annexed hereto:—

(1) The work for the construction or repair of which the loan is required.

1. Pi ing slope of Inland Vessels Wharf from Juggernath Ghât to Ah eetollah Ghât.

2. P ing river bank with brick on edge in front of new Export Sh metalling Jetty enclosure.

All existing prior charges upon any source of income received for the purpose of Act V (B C) of 1870, or of any property vested in the Commissioners.

Amount of loan sanctioned.	Authority. Government of India's sanction. No.	Date.	Amount drawn.	Amount repaid	Date of repayment.	Balance due.
Rs. 10,00,000	Sanctioned by the assent of G.-G. to Act V of 1870.		Rs 10,00,000	Rs 1,00,000	1st August 1873	Rs. 9,00,000
6,00,000	874	16th January 1873	6,00,000	9,750	30th June and 31st December 1873.	5,90,000
5,49,100	477	27th " "	3,00,000	2,410	31st December 1873	2,97,590
3,00,000	983	15th February "	2,50,000	803	31st " "	2,49,197
2,00,000	1336	27th " "	2,00,000	803	31st " "	1,99,197
3,35,000	2021	31st March 1874	1,55,000	.....	....	1,55,000
Port debt, not repayable, 17,65,000. Loan applied for, but not yet sanctioned, 2,50,000	1532	7th July 1871	.....	.....	....	17,65,000
	For extension of new road.					

We have, &c.,

(Sd.) V. H. SCHALCH, *Chairman.*
W. D. BRUCE, *Vice-Chairman.*
T. B. LANE,
T. M. RUSSELL,
DOORGA CHURN LAW,
THOS. A. APCAR,
J. C. MURRAY,
WM. SMITH,
J. R. BULLEN-SMITH,
STUART HOGG,
} *Commissioners.*

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 18th June 1874.—Whereas it is deemed necessary to re-arrange the thanas of the Sylhet District, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that the following shall be the thanas of the district:—

Abidabad,	Dhurmpasha,	Rajnuggur,	Jynteahpore,
Nubbeegunge,	Sonamgunge,	Tajpore,	Molagool,
Hubbeegunge,	Chuttack,	Parcool,	Hingajeeah,
Sunkerpasha,	Noakholly,	Gwine Ghat,	Kurreemgunge;

and that their boundaries and the boundaries of the District of Sylhet shall be as specified below:—

The common boundary between zillahs Sylhet and Tipperah shall be, as defined by the Revenue Survey maps of seasons 1860-61, from Rampore masonry pillar on the west to the Iktiarpore masonry pillar on the east.

The common boundary between Sylhet and Hill Tipperah shall be, as defined by the Revenue Survey maps of seasons 1860-65, and defined in the field by pucca pillars ordered by Government letter No. 1265, dated 31st March 1865, from Secretary to the Government of Bengal, to the Surveyor-General of India, from Iktiarpore masonry pillar on the west to Chatterchoora or Koylalyon hill station on the east.

The common boundary between zillahs Sylhet and Cachar shall be a direct line from Chatterchoora hill station on the south to the Rooptang (Hachicktang) hill station on the north; thence it shall be the watershed of the Seeddeshur Lorishpore hills as far as Budderpore masonry pillar on the north; thence along the Barrack (or Bogleea) or Kooseeara rivers to the junction of the Soorma river at the village of Kandeegaon, and thence along the Soorma river to the village of Karraballah, as defined by the Revenue Survey maps of 1864-65.

The common boundary between Sylhet and Jynteeah Hills shall be, as defined in the Revenue Survey maps by Lieutenant H. L. Thuillier of seasons 1837 to 1839, from the village of Karaballah on the east to Bowkee bazar on the west; thence the northern boundary along the Burhill river, and under the foot of the hills along the northern limits of the following villages and hanhars, viz.:—Cooree, Tokeehanhar, Bisnakandy, Bogye, Allaidah lands, Toroong, Lamagaum, Beejoopurnah, Balen Hanhar and Kalyrang, and then the Doopree nuddee on to the Terriaghat pucca pillar; thence it shall be, as defined on the Revenue Survey maps (by N. T. Davey, Esq.) of seasons 1861 to 1863, to Panchgaon masonry pillar on the west.

The common boundary between zillahs Sylhet and Mymensingh shall be, as defined on the Revenue Survey maps of seasons 1861-62, from Panchgaon masonry pillar on the north to Rampore masonry pillar on the south.

Thana Boundaries.

ABIDABAD.

On the north-east, north, and north-west, by Beebeeana or Beebeesona, Kalnee, and Soorma rivers.

On the west, by the boundary of the zillah.

On the south, the Barak river from the village of Bade Bajooka on the west, to the village of Moorerabda on the east.

On the east, the Barak river from the village of Moorerabda on the south, to the village of Nowagaon on the north, thence the following villages, viz:—Nowagaon, Kodoopore, Omurpore, Googoorapore, Secunderpore, Mokha, Gurshoula, Makhalkandee, Makhalkandee Chuk, and Dumargaon on the Bebeeana or Bebeesona river.

NUBBEEGUNGE.

On the north, by Beebeeana or Beebesona rivers, from the village of Galimpore on the east, to the village of Chowka on the west.

On the west, by thana Abidabad.

On the south, the following villages, viz.—Kholilpore, Ekteearpore, Khorsha, Sunkerpore, Aleepore, Bhurgaon, Booreenao, Rookoonpore, Burachur, Sookchur, and thence a line due east to the Dinarpore hills.

On the east, by a line nearly due north, passes through the Sathgaon Dinarpore hills up to the village of Ooheeshonka; thence the following villages, viz.:—Shotok, Kamargaon Chuk, Kastogaon, Leegaon Chuk, Bhoraree, Boitakhal, Holimpore, Shatia, Minazhoor, Julalpore, Syedpore, Oomurpore, Juggonathpore, Tajpore; and then the Beebeesona river up to the village of Galimpore.

HUBBEEGUNGE.

On the north and north-west, by thanas Nubbeegunge and Abidabad.

On the west and south-west, by the following villages, viz.—Isakaree, Bamkandee, Dhunnoobadee, Bhatpara, Bekitika, Akootpore, Doomoorea, Shanaray, Sreepore, Bajoo Chuk, Baleekandee, Hidatullapore, Mothoorapore, Razeeoora, Goyepore, Nowabad, Soiljura, Panchhat, Soiljora, Nazirpore, Alipore, Chandpore, Surabohee, Dullubhnath, Pooraoonda, Ladcea Chuk, Lallchandjoar, Kamalpore, Punchas, Haroonpore, Hulhulia, Kotalbaree, Hulhulia, Gazeepore, Burra, Dhullia, Dowlatkhan, Chandpore, Enatabad, Shatpaika, Gazeenuggur-Gadceshal, and Dholna.

On the south, the zillah boundary; thence—

On the east, by a line nearly due north, passes through the Sathgaon and Dinapore hills.

SUNKERPASHA.

On the north, by thana Abidabad.

On the east, by thana Hubbeegunge.

On the south and west, by the boundary of the zillah.

DHURMPASHA.

On the north-west and south-west, the boundary of the zillah.

On the south, by thana Abidabad.

On the east, the Soorma river northward to the village of Gunneenuggur; thence the ollowing villages, viz.;—Nagore, Magoorah, Ramessurpore, Lallpore, Rangamatcah, Rangamatee, Sunkerpore, Noyamutpore, Amedabad, Echear Chur, and Taheirpore,; thence—

On the north-east, the villages of Tarhirpore and Noyamutpore, the Pein river to the village of Kookoorapashee; thence the following villages, viz.—Rampore, Shachna, Alipore, Hurreenakandee, Bowola, Asanpore, Amedpore, Hijla, Moholia, Manik, Patbooka, Shanundpore, Jugodispore, Moikootolla, Moikootoo, Rongahoora, and Nowagaon.

SONAMGUNGE.

On the north, by the boundary of the zillah.

On the west by thana Dhurmpasha.

On the south, by the following villages, viz.—Thalee, Doorgapore, Paeekpara, Hasampore, Boorumpore, Beerkolash, Aleeejanee, and Kesharpey.

On the east, the following villages, viz.:—Kesharpey, Elashpore, Baooshee Chuk, Echapasha, Soyara, Rampore, Ghoradoombur, Busheerpore, Peetaboee, Luckoonchoon, Munbeg, Rajapore, Noagaon, Roushee Chuk, Peetaboee Chuk, Alumpore Chuk, Chikarkandee, Dekhar Haor, Jafurpore Chuk, Futypore, Sreenathpore Chuk, Jafurpore Chuk, Rameshurpore Chuk, Sreenathpore Chuk, Hureepore, Alumpore Chuk, Kaer, Munoohurpore, and Bramungaon; then the river Soorma, and the villages of Bhoojsha, Jinaree, Baleejooree, Mahomedpore, Andaeer Chuk, Burrakiejar, Choonachoora, Alumkhalee, and Feshkhargaon, on the zillah boundary, at the pucca pillar Feshkhargaon.

CHUTTACK.

On the north, by the boundary of the zillah.

On the west, by thanas Sonamgunge, Dhurmpasha, and Abidabad.

On the south, by thana Nubbeegunge.

On the east, the following villages, viz.:—Diggulbak, Dasharahee, Oihakoona, Sreenidheepore, Shashan Joshada, Bogatekee, Joyda, Mitabharung Chuk, Gooramareea, Tookampore, Kothalkaier, Paikpara, Ekaneedhur, Hureepore Chuk, Kogboil, Sreekrishtopore, Moshajan, Kadipore, Sreeramshee, Kitladoree, Holeearpara, Mongulpore, Atghor, Pooshparakhyapore, Lahory, Gorgoria, Krishtopore Chuk, Khaghata, Krishtopore, Krishtopore Chuk, Boorya Kismut, Cheechraoolee, Nakeshur, Shudurpore, Bramunjooliya, Kalabun, Bareegaon, Khidoorpore, Radhanuggur, Sheikhpore, Singoon, Kandeedashpara, Rampore; thence it shall follow the general course of the Soorma and Penni rivers, and the Dhoopree nuddee to the Terriaghat pucca pillar.

NOAKHOLLY.

On the north, the Beebeesona river.

On the west, by thanas Nubbeegunge and Hubbeegunge.

On the south, by the zillah boundary.

On the east, by a line, nearly due north, passes through the Baleesira Hills to the village of Nakaskur; then along the eastern limits of villages Nakaskur and Shiarpore; and thence the Munnoo river up to the village of Shoonarhai.

RAJNUGGUR.

On the north, by the Kooseeara river.

On the east, by the following villages, viz.—Kamalpore, Ghazeepore, Dhorum, Kaistgaon, and Otah hills to the village of Kasecpore; thence the Munnoo river southward to Dutgram pucca pillar; and then by the zillah boundary.

On the south, by the zillah boundary.

On the west, by thana Noakholly.

TAJPORE.

On the north, by the Soorma river.

On the west, by thanas Chuttack and Nubbeegunge.

On the south, by thanas Noakholly and Rajnuggur.

On the east, the following villages, viz.—Moeshahee, Koorkooraly, Goishpore, Oojailpore, Ebrainpore, Noshierpore, Khagdior, Hooshunnamkee, Chuk Rohinee, Chilnamonee, Kishorepore, Daookormohol, Dhormoda, Tajmohorompore, Tengra, Ghoorun, Chitakara, Madhubpore, Jasoobhoga, Faradpore, Baleeapoonjee, Talibpore Bhaga, Talibpore, Hydhurpore, Krishenpore, Luckheebasha, Roghoopore, Dursha, Bade Alle, and Rajeeabaree.

PARCOOL.

On the north, the following villages, viz.—Companygunj, Patna or Doolaergaon, Bhadehpore or Oomargaon, and Angarooa; then the Chengarkhal nuddee to the village Feringoora; and then the following villages, viz.—Feringoora, Sylhet, and Cachar Tea Company, Cherragong Tea Plantation, Mr. C. B. Jenning's grant, Butteshur, Chooabohar, Butteshur, and Golabnuggur; then the Soorma river to the village of Sheyrpore.

On the east, by the following villages, viz.—Sheyrpore, Chuttria, Chundunbhag, and Amrooa; then the Kooseeara river to village of Sooltanpore.

On the south, by the Kooseeara river.

On the south-west and west by thanas Tajpore and Chuttack.

GWINE GHAT.

On the north, by the boundary of the zillah.

On the west and south, by thanas Chuttack and Parcool.

On the east, by the eastern boundary of pergunnahs Paunchbaug, Durgaun, and Jafflung.

JYNTEAHPORE.

On the north, by the boundary of the zillah

On the west, by thanas Gwini Ghat and Parcool.

On the south, by thanas Parcool and Soorma river

On the east, by the eastern boundary of pergunnahs Baorbaug, Chotool, Churcutta, and Jynteah Pooraj.

MOLAGOOL.

On the north and east, by the boundary of the zillah.

On the south, by the Soorma river westward to the village of Coorormutty; and then the villages of Coorormutty, Rajpore, Shapore, Thakoormutty, Captainpore, Mowmuggur, Mutteejarah, Sathparry, July, and Rampore; and again by the Soorma river down to the village of Kydgaum

On the west, by thana Jyntcahpore.

HINGAJEEAH.

On the north, by the following villages, viz.—Gramtollah, Ghoalshar, Koolaoora, Jamkundee, Aditmohal, Duttmohal, Russogram, Shooreekandee, Maijgaom, Buromoydan, Goghra, Mochabhadkoora, Haor-Hakalookee, Oottur, Deotara, Makuroora, Shooreekandee, Deolee, and Khatkhal.

On the west, by thana Rajnuggur.

On the south, by the boundary of the zillah.

On the east, by a line passes through the Pathureah range of hills, nearly due north; from that post to the Great Trigonometrical Survey station of Kulerai; and then along the limits of the villages of Burkhola, Dukhingool, Kechreegool, and Gramtollah, up to the northern boundary of the thana.

KURREEMGUNGE.

On the north, by thanas Jyntcahpore and Molagool, and the zillah boundary to Budderpore masonry pucca pillar.

On the east and south, by the boundary of the zillah.

On the west, by the zillah boundary up to that post; and then by thanas Hingajeeah and Parcool.

NOTE.—The Pathureah range of hills, along which the boundary runs, has not been surveyed, and cannot be more clearly defined. It is represented to be uninhabited, covered with mixed forests and jungle, and that it was impossible to find either guides or tracks.

NOTE.—In the above description, all villages named as situated on the boundary lines of thanas are included in the limits of the thanas to which reference is being made

H. REYNOLDS,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

The following order, issued by the Government of India, in the Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce, is republished for general information :—

NOTIFICATION.—STATISTICS.

Fort William, the 3rd July 1874.

No. 183.—It is hereby notified for general information and guidance that the spelling of the names of the more important places in Mysore has been fixed by the Chief Commissioner and approved by the Government of India as shown in the list given below, and should be strictly adhered to in future.

A. O. HUME,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

I.—RIVERS, LAKES, BAYS, MOUNTAINS OR HILLS.

Rivers.

Arkavati.	Kadamba.	Shankhatirtha.
Badari.	Kapila or Kapini.	Sharmanavati.
Bávali.	Káveri.	Shamsha.
Bhadra.	Kundar.	Suvarnavati.
Bhrigu.	Kumudvati.	Suvarnamukhi.
Chakratirtha.	Kushavati.	Somavati.
Chitravati.	Lakshmantirtha.	Taruka
Dandavati.	Lokapávani.	Tungabhadra.
Southern Pinákini or Pennar.	Nandini.	Tunga.
Gundlu-hole.	Nalini.	Varada.
Haridravati.	Netravati.	Vedavati.
Hemavati.	Papaghni.	Northern Pinákini or Pennar.
Honnu-hole.	Palar or Kashira.	Yenne-hole.
Jayamangali.	Sharavati.	
Jinagi-halla.	Shita.	

Lakes and Tanks.

Ayyankere.	Madagadkere.	Sulekere.
Joga.	Moti-talab.	Vishnusamudrakere.

Mountains, Hills, and Ghâts.

Ambájidurga.	Gersoppa.	Mangala-betta.
Agumbe-ghat.	Haribareshvara-betta.	Maddagiri.
Avani-betta.	Himadgopal-betta.	Mahakalidurga.
Basavan-betta.	Hulikardurga.	Málekal Tirupati.
Byátarayan-betta.	Huliyurdurga.	Mavinkere-betta.
Belredurga.	Hulaganmoradi-betta.	Midageshi-betta.
Bairandurga.	Hutridurga	Mudimadaga-betta.
Biligiriranga-betta.	Hemadervara-betta.	Murugamale.
Bramhagiri.	Hyderghar.	Mulbagal-betta.
Belli-betta.	Kapáldurga.	Mulaingiri.
Bhasmángi.	Karigatta.	Meruti.
Bababudan.	Kabbaldurga.	Melkote-betta.
Chandragutti.	Karekalgudda.	Nundydroog.
Channakeshavan-betta.	Kalavara-betta or Skandagiri.	Pávagada.
Channaraydurga.	Kalasa-parvata.	Rangaswami-betta.
Chamundi-betta.	Kuduremukha or Himse-parvata.	Savandurga.
Chitaldroog.	Kurudamale.	Sunnakal-betta.
Dibbagiri.	Kodashadri.	Shivaganga-betta.
Devaraydurga.	Kolar-betta or Shatashringa-parvata.	Shravanbelgola-betta.
Dokkalkonda.	Kollur-ghat.	Tyakal-betta.
Doregudda.		Uttanhalli-betta.
Gangamula.		Vakkaleri-betta.

II.—STATES, PROVINCES, DISTRICTS, SUB-DIVISIONS, AND OTHER GEOGRAPHICAL DIVISIONS.

States and Provinces.

Mysore.

Divisions.

Nundydroog.	Ashtagram.	Nagar.

Districts.

Bangalore.	Mysore.	Chitaldroog.
Kolar.	Hassan.	Kadur.
Túmkúr.	Shimoga.	

Taluks of Bangalore District.

Anekal.	Devanhalli.	Kengeri.
Bangalore.	Dodballapur.	Magadi.
Channapatna.	Hoskote.	Nelamangala.
Closepet.	Kankanhalli.	Sarjapur.

Taluks of Kolar District.

Ambajidurga.	Gudibanda.	Mulbagal.
Betmangala.	Gumnayakanpalya.	Sidlagatta.
Chikballapur.	Kolar.	Shrinivaspur.
Goribidnur.	Malur.	

Taluks of Túmkúr District.

Chiknayakanhalli.	Koratagere.	Túmkúr.
Honnavalli.	Kunigal.	Turuvekere.
Huliyurdurga.	Maddagiri.	
Kadaba.	Sira.	

Taluks of Mysore District.

Ashtagram.	Muddur.	Nanjangúd.
Chamrajnagar.	Malvalli.	Periyapatna.
Gundlupet.	Mandya	Talkad.
Heggaddevankote.	Mysore.	Yedatore.

Taluks of Hassan District.

Arkalgúd.	Harnhalli.	Nagamangala.
Attikuppa.	Hassan.	Narsipur.
Belur.	Maharajdurga.	
Channaraypatna.	Manjarabad.	

Taluks of Shimoga District.

Anantapur.	Kavaledurga.	Shikarpur.
Channagiri.	Nagar.	Shimoga.
Honnali.	Ságar.	Sorab.

Taluks of Kodar District.

Banavar.	Koppa.	Vastara.
Chikmagalur.	Lakvalli.	
Kadur.	Tarikere.	

Taluks of Chitaldroog District.

Budihal.	Harihar.	Molkálmuru.
Chitaldroog.	Hiriyur.	Pavagada.
Davangere.	Hosdurga.	
Dodéri.	Kankuppa.	

(a) *Civil and Military Stations and Outposts.*

Bangalore. | Hiród (French Rocks).

(b) *Places at which there is any Public Office, e. g., Police, Revenue, Post, Telegraph, Customs, &c.*

Ajjampur.	Channaraypatna.	Hiriyur.
Anantapur.	Chiknayakanhalli.	Huliyurdurga.
Arkalgúd.	Chikballapur.	Húnsúr.
Attikuppa.	Chikmagalur.	Humcha.
Agumbe.	Chintamani.	Huliyar.
Anekal.	Davangere.	Honnali.
Bowringpet or Maramutlu.	Devanhalli.	Hoskote.
Bagenhalli.	Dodballapur.	Hosdurga.
Banavara.	Gánjam.	Jagalur.
Balur.	Gudibanda.	Kadur.
Birur.	Gundlupet.	Kalashi.
Bangalore.	Gubbi.	Kabbinad.
Bettadpur.	Goribidnur.	Kankanhalli.
Belur.	Harihar.	Kunigal.
Chalakere.	Hariharpur.	Kengeri.
Chamrajnagar.	Harnhalli.	Kolar.
Channagiri.	Hassan.	Koppa.
Channapatna.	Heggaddevankote.	Koratagere.

(b) *Places at which there is any Public Office, e. g., Police, Revenue, Post, Telegraph, Customs, &c.*—(Continued.)

Closepet.
Maharajdurga.
Maddagiri.
Maddur.
Malvalli.
Manjarabad.
Mandya.
Magadi.
Malur.
Mysore.
Molkálmuru.
Mulbagal.
Nagar.
Nanjangúd.
Narsipur.
Nagamangala.
Nyamati.
Namti.
Nelamangala.
Palhalli.
Pavagada.
Periyapatna.
Sakkarepatna.
Sarjapur.
Santaveri.
Saragur.
Ságar.
Shimoga.
Shikarpur.
Sidlagatta.
Sira.
Siralkoppa.
Shrinivaspur.
Sorab.
Shringeri.
Seringapatam.
Talkad.
Tarikere.
Tiptur.
Túmkúr.
Turuvekere.
Vastara.
Yedeballi.
Yedatore.
Yelandur.
Yelwal.

(c) *Railway Stations.*

Bangalore.
Kadgodi.
Malur.
Maramutlu, Bowringpet, or Kolar Road Station.

(d) *Places of Pilgrimage, or where great Fairs are held.*

Avani.
Bannirgatta.
Bellavi.
Biligiriranga-betta.
Boppagaudanpur.
Chamundi-betta.
Chandragutti.
Chunchangiri.
Chunchankatte.
Devanhalli.
Devarayadurga.
Gubbi.
Ghati-Subrahmanya.
Harihar.
Hiriyur.
Hindiganalu.
Holalugunda.
Holalu.
Hulaganmoradi-betta.
Kalhalli:
Kalagatta.
Karigatta.
Kudli.
Madalpur.
Manchenhalli.
Mangala-betta.
Melur.
Melkote-betta.
Mudakudore.
Mugur.
Nallur.
Nundydroog.
Náyakanhatti.
Santekasalagere.
Santemarahalli.
Shravanbelgola-betta.
Shringeri.
Shibi.
Togarshi.
Tiptur.
Tirumale.
Uttanhalli-betta.
Vanavasi.
Vasantapur.
Yedabetta.
Yediyur.

(e) *Places of historical interest, or where remarkable works of nature or art exist.*

Avati.
Bangalore.
Basavankote.
Bhasmangi.
Belagavi.
Belli-betta.
Belur.
Chamrajnagar.
Chamundi-betta.
Chiknayakanhalli.
Chitaldroog.
Devaraydurga.
Gubbi.
Hoskote.
Hulikal.
Hassan.
Harnhalli.
Halebid.
Hebbur.
Holavanhalli.
Javagal.
Joga.
Kabbaldurga.
Kaidala.
Keladi.
Kolar.
Maddagiri.
Maddur.
Manjarabad.
Maharajdurga.
Mugur.
Mysore.
Narsapur.
Saragur.
Sharavati.
Sira.
Somnathpur.
Shravanbelgola.
Seringapatam.
Talkad.
Turuvekere.
Yelahanka.
Yelwal.

III.—TOWNS AND CITIES THE POPULATION OF WHICH AMOUNTS TO 5,000.

Anekal.
Bangalore.
Chikballapur.
Chikmagalur.
Closepet.
Devanhalli.
Dodballapur.
Harihar.
Kolar.
Maddagiri.
Melvalli.
Sidlagatta.
Shimoga.
Tarikere.
Túmkúr.

H. REYNOLDS,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 24th June 1874.—In modification of the notification dated 5th May 1874, it is hereby declared that so much of the notification dated 15th November 1873 as declared, 1*st*, that "all that portion of thana Chilmaree lying to the east of the Teesta and including the small tract on the east bank of the Brahmapooter, shall be detached from the Gyebanda sub-division and will be formed into an outpost with head-quarters at Chilmaree, and be attached to the Olipore thana; 2*ndly*, that outpost Sundergunge, detached from Olipore thana, will be attached to the Gyebanda sub-division, and together with that portion of thana Chilmaree lying west of the Teesta, will be formed into a thana with head quarters at Sundergunge," will remain in force.

H. L. DAMPIER,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATIONS.

The 12th July 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction of a feeder road from Neetpore to Shátahár *vid* Mohadebpore and Nowgaon, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages Neetpore, Gopeenathpore, Sootroil, Shalapore, Kaleenogor Digheepara, Shoreegachee, Chak Gopal, Ilimpore, Ghatnogor, Namajoo, Ooporshisha, Meda, Khorpa, Gonopoteepore, Matendro, Kajeepore, Shookaldighee, Rampore, Oomamoheshpore, Seebpore Hât, Shinghandee, Kristopore, Gopalpore, Dokaree, Mohail, Bishwonathpore, Gafanogor, Bongaon, Debeepore, Khajoora Hât, Dakhinmoora, Joka, Mohadebpore, Kooloopara, Hashimpore, Akhara, Hateyora, Oottargaon Hât, Paddapokhor, Aadharkota Dashora, Shyampore, Soraswateepore, Chamoorsha, Chankooree, Khorda Narayon, Belghoriya, Chakdoree Hât, Raganchra, and Bikram, in the district of Dinagepore; Koonjobon, Haponiya Hât, Pathorghata Lokheepore, Joforabad, Koomooriya, Chak Birahim, Chak Roshid, Chak Ramchondro, Chak Shobder, Chak Aheer, Chak Mooktyar, Chak Mithan, and Nowgaon Hât, in the district of Rajshahye; and Sooltanpore, Peerijpore, Dogachee, and Shâtúhar, in the district of Bogra, measuring 48 miles, more or less, in length, and 72 feet, more or less, in breadth, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

J. F. K. HEWITT,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The 17th July 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from Nowbazar to Luskurhat, zillah Dinagepore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring 123 beeghas, more or less, in length, and 45 feet, more or less, in breadth, is required.

Gopalpore,	Pergunnah Kardaha.	
Doorgapore,	"	"
Nirahanee,	"	"
Dookhline,	"	"
Shymunghura,	"	"
Bhoodhooh,	"	"
Karangara,	"	"
Chak Boliram,	"	"
" Narian,	"	"
Korongara,	"	"
Palil,	"	"
Alipore,	"	"
Chak Bobram,	"	"

Salas,	Pergunnah Kardaha.	
Kusba,	"	"
Topen,	"	"
Chundipore,	"	"
Jetpore,	"	"
Salas,	"	"
Joshorail,	"	"
Soonderpore,	"	"
Magonpore,	"	"
Rangamatee, and Monohar.	"	"

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from Nowbazar to Shibbatee, zillah Dinagepore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring 43 beeghas, more or less, in length, and 45 feet, more or less, in breadth, is required.

Dompara,	Pergunnah Debecote.	
Doorgapore,	"	"
Belbaree	"	"
Indra Narayanpore,	"	"

Dum-Dum, and Shibbatee,	Pergunnah Debecote.	
	"	"

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from Daral Hât to Kurdah, zillah Dinagepore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring 148 beeghas, more or less, in length, and 45 feet, more or less, in breadth, is required.

Darail,	Pergunnah	Kardaha.	Ramnagore,	Pergunnah	Kardaha.
Doorgapore,	,,	,,	Sehora,	,,	,,
Chando Hât	,,	,,	Kajebhag,	,,	,,
Deepkhundo,	,,	,,	Anator, and	,,	,,
Khirta,	,,	,,	Dadpore,	,,	,,
Bagat,	,,	,,			
Salas,	,,	,,			

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from Nowbazar to Bhat Cara, zillah Dinagepore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring 229 beeghas, more or less, in length, and 45 feet, more or less, in breadth, is required.

Nowbazar,	Pergunnah	Kardaha.	Mehor,	Pergunnah	Kardaha.
Gosidanga,	,,	,,	Gurrial,	,,	,,
Moudalpore,	,,	,,	Bhadroil	,,	,,
Basara,	,,	Baishazari.	Gopalnager,	,,	,,
Jamalpore,	,,	Kardaha.	Rusoolpore,	,,	,,
Kardaha,	,,	,,	Raiés,	,,	,,
Banipore,	,,	,,	Madool,	,,	Kantonagur.
Katabari,	,,	,,	Asrundah,	,,	,,
Nazirpore,	,,	,,	Makoorail,	,,	,,
Shahapore,	,,	Baishazari.	Kullanpore, and	,,	,,
Badalpore,	,,	Kardaha.	Pahariapookur,	,,	Kardaha.
Bhitahar,	,,	Baishazari.			

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from Dum-Dum to Tamboole, zillah Dinagepore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring 68 beeghas, more or less, in length, and 45 feet, more or less, in breadth, is required.

Maharajpore,	Pergunnah	Debecote.	Bhoetipore,	Pergunnah	Debecote.
Bel Babree,	,,	,,	Sreerampore,	,,	,,
Narainpore,	,,	,,	Borola,	,,	,,
Paton,	,,	,,	Shaninda,	,,	,,
Baishazari,	,,	,,	Dhilol, and	,,	,,
Khorail,	,,	,,	Shilepore,	,,	,,
Batashcoori,	,,	,,			

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from Dum-Dum to Darail Hât, zillah Dinagepore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring 112½ beeghas, more or less, in length, and 45 feet, more or less, in breadth, is required.

Rajibpore,	Pergunnah	Debcote.	Chak Hasa,	Pergunnah	Kardaha.
Naroyo,	,,	,,	Daoodhara,	,,	,,
Gayahar,	,,	,,	Mamoodpore,	,,	,,
Goshnary, Ashimpara,	,,	,,	Patori	,,	,,
Ramchunderpore,	,,	,,	Jagodisbati	,,	,,
Roghoonathpore,	,,	Kardaha.	Sharail	,,	,,
Nazirpore,	,,	,,	Mohohar	,,	,,
Foolbari,	,,	,,	Jogoonipara	,,	,,
Palsa,	,,	,,	Chaka Rajbullub	,,	,,
Bhuktipore,	,,	,,	Jhagipore, and Darail	,,	,,

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6, Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

J. F. K. HEWITT,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 4th July 1874—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road from Naldaba to Meerah, pergunnah Plassy, zillah Nuddea, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land lying between Naldah and Meerah, passing through the villages Naldah, Chotachandghan, Barachandghan, Pach Kholla and Meerah to Meerah Bazar, measuring 31,184 feet in length and 56·31 feet in average breadth, amounting to 121 beeghas 19 kottahs 3¼ chittacks, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

J. F. K. HEWITT,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATIONS.

The 13th July 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repair of a road from Bodeshory to Jogol, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 8,600 feet, more or less, in length, 56 feet, more or less, in breadth, lying in the villages Bedoseree, Dhurmagur, and Jogdol, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repair of a road from Nekmurd to Ranisonkoil, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 28,500 feet, more or less, in length, 56 feet, more or less, in breadth, lying in the villages Monulbary, Sundabari, Moheshpore, Valapara, Korniet, Bhananundpore, and Nekmurd, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repair of a road from Haripore to Jamoon, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 42,280 feet, more or less, in length, 56 feet, more or less in breadth, lying in the villages Jamoon, Amgaon, Khanki Durumdidi, Bonbary, Vangepara, Paijpookur, and Haripore, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repair of a road from Nekmurd to Peergunge, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 28,200 feet, more or less, in length, 56 feet, more or less, in breadth, lying in the villages Kajore, Katihar, Raghoopore, Bachoor, Biswaspore, Gurkotguon Oodeesha, Rajboxa, Peragpore, Raghupore Ghunasampore, Kornoit, and Bhobanondpore, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repair of a road from Ranisankoil to Peergunje, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 16,780 feet, more or less, in length, 56 feet, more or less, in breadth, lying in the villages Ranisonkoil thana boundary, Gugargaon, Patgaon, Sudargaon, and Ranisonkoil, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repair of a road from Ranisankoil to Haripore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 46,891 feet, more or less, in length, 56 feet, more or less, in breadth, lying in the villages Bhabanipore, Haripore, Deyhatti, Beergur, Páhárgaon, Ronhatta, Puttledoba, Shiallore, Kamarpukhar, Niapara, Haria, Rampore, Buldore, Sindurpore, Bhastare, and Noinpore, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repair of a road from Sutteekata to Meerdangi, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 39,735 feet, more or less, in length, 56 feet, more or less, in breadth, lying in the villages Meerdangi, Bongaon, Bijulsá, Goojhat, Sindúrmooe, Gochia, Khairbarry, Bongaon, Medanisagor, Gadura, Pachgharia, and Shatikata, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repair of a road from Nekmurd to Huldibari, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 21,120 feet, more or less, in length, 56 feet, more or less, in breadth, lying in the villages Bhanúr, Karunda, Bhellatore, and Nekmurd, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repair of a road from Itahar, pergunnah Kharra, station Kaliagunge, to Patiraj, pergunnah Dilalpore, station Kaliagunge, zillah Dinagepore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 6 miles, more or less, in length, and 30 feet, more or less, in breadth, lying in villages Bhadrasilla, Dullabpore, Raneepore, Kulatoir, Dhamdoil, Gunarajpore, Kakna, Mohinagore, Bhelagatchi, and Khalelpore, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repair of a road from Bedosree to Sutteegata; it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 25,750 feet, more or less, in length, 56 feet, more or less, in breadth, lying in the villages Sutteegata, Panchguria, Gedura, and Dhurmgur, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repair of a road from Ranisankoil to Serajgunge, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 29,040 feet, more or less, in length, 56 feet, more or less, in breadth, lying in the villages Ranisankoil, Puddompore, Utragaon, Kaotola, and Nathnagur, Serajgunge, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repair of a road from Nekmurd to Budessury, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 34,600 feet, more or less, in length, 56 feet, more or less, in breadth, lying in the villages Bhurnia, Kadiharhat, Bhurnia, Katirhat, Parkund Duluppoor, Bhabanipoor, and Nekmurd.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repair of a road from Sutteekata to Jamoon, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 14,000 feet, more or less, in length, 56 feet, more or less, in breadth, lying in the villages Jamoon, Pachghoria, and Sutikata, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction and repairs of a road from Haldibari to Lahiri, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring 36,500 feet, more or less, in length, 56 feet, more or less, in breadth, lying in the villages Shingia, Javonia, Baliadanga, Dohashi, Mohishmary, Boalabar, and Bhanur, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from Patiram, pergunnah Shontosh, to Kumargunge, pergunnah Shontosh, zillah Dinagepore, it is hereby declared that for the

Roypore.	Debogram.
Barrong.	Barahur.
Bhabanipore.	Mohashpore.
Mubeea.	

above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring 7 miles, more or less, in length, and 40 feet in breadth, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from Pateram, pergunnah Shontosh, to Foolbari or Palsa, zillah Dinagepore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring 12 miles, more or less, in length and 40 feet in breadth, is required.

Rosl Nalkuri.	Deelpoolhandu.
Kakhilabari	Dangapara.
Mohona.	Dhalchandaria.
Khord Mohana.	Nyan Sukhee.
Amrulbuti.	Subail.
Ramchanderpore.	Rampore.
Parpotiram.	Harahura.
Malikura.	Baisa.
Mullickpur.	

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from Paglee to Khanpore, zillah Dinagepore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring 5 miles, more or less, in length and 40 feet in breadth, is required.

Paglee.	Badul.
Farseedpore.	Nazirpore.
Atoir.	Mohala.
Taragaj.	Khanpore.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from Patiram, pergunnah Shontosh, to Baloorghat, pergunnah Shontosh, zillah Dinagepore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring 7 miles 6 furlongs, more or less, in length, and 40 feet, more or less, in breadth, is required.

Roypore.	Pallahpore.
Rohimapore.	Pagleegunge.
Luchmipore.	Atoir.
Prodhaupore.	Moynugur.
Monipore.	Boldabari.
Rumbudhpore.	Baloorghat.
Gazeepore.	Hooshiarpore.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from Kumargunge to Chuckgopal, zillah Dinagepore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring 7 miles, more or less, in length and 40 feet in breadth, is required.

Kumargunge.	Kulahari.
Sajadpore.	Kusumtara.
Safanogore.	Boaltara.
Chandgunge.	Chuckgopal.
Amulea.	Mohonpore.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from Balurghut to Shaphar, zillah Dinagepore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages as per margin, measuring 14 miles, more or less, in length and 40 feet in breadth, is required.

Ramchanderpore.	Kustorai.
Anda.	Alsapore.
Dugalhat.	Gholadighee.
Hajratpore.	Debor.
Abadpore.	Datsadhorhor.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from Balurghat to Farsipara, zillah Dinagepore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring 6 miles, more or less, in length and 40 feet breadth, is required.

Rangee.	Chuck Nowan.
Shibpore.	Khorampore.
Lokea.	Soudeerai.
Chuck Ram.	Chuck Chandee.
Chuck Ismail.	Farsipara.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from Patiram, zillah Dinagepore, to Hilee, zillah Bogra, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring 18 miles, more or less, in length, and 40 feet, more or less, in breadth, is required.

Baikantapore.	Kasidunga.
Madafat Ramkrishna-pore.	Dangirai.
Kharal.	Kamaldangi.
Blaspore.	Sitni.
Dhanpara.	Kalinugur.
Chakdapati.	Khanpore.
Sidal.	Mohana.
Nowcha.	Paikpara.
Dabree.	Malakurpara.
Chak Bazoo.	Khorail.
Jota Gauri.	Harsura.
Barakil'	Kadamithal.
	Rohimapore.
	Hat Patiram.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas land is required to be taken up in the district of Bogra for a public purpose, viz. the construction of a road from Matidalle to Peergacha Hat: notice is hereby given that a strip of land is required 5 miles long, more or less, and 25 feet wide, more or less, which passes through or near the following villages—viz. Matidalee, Gopalbaree, Sekrola, Navail, Khaji Narail, Jagahpoor, Chowmaoria, Lakhipoor, Peergacha.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas land is required to be taken up for a public purpose in the district of Bogra, viz. for the construction of a road from the Nattore road, near Gahail, to the Serajganj road, near Shoerpore: notice is hereby given that a strip of land is required 5 miles long, more or less, and 25 feet broad, more or less, which passes through or near the following villages, viz.—Khudas Kuchnapara, Bayrapara, Phalgacha, Dawapara, Savaidigi, Jamoolla.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas land is required to be taken up in the district of Bogra for a public purpose, viz. the construction of a road from Sibganj to the Dinagepore road near Booreeganj, notice is hereby given that a strip of land is required 5 miles in length, more or less, and 25 feet broad, more or less, passing through or near the following villages, viz.—Sibganj, Dumahar, Jamair, Kalitalla, Doolua, Sulagaree, Magoon, Punchadas.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas land is required to be taken up for a public purpose in the district of Bogra, viz. for the construction of a road from Sakraj, on the Dinagepore road, to Sonamukhi, notice is hereby given that a strip of land is required 8 miles in length, more or less, and 25 feet in breadth, more or less, which passes through or near the following villages, namely Sakraj, Baskeela, Hussain Sahar, Hatsahar, Samandaha, Barroal Gopinathpur, Shashisti, Mokempoor, Sonamukhi.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas land is required to be taken up in the district of Bogra for a public purpose, viz. for the construction of a road from Noongolahat to Dargahat, notice is hereby given that a strip of land is required 5½ miles long, more or less, and 20 feet wide, more or less, passing through or near the following villages, viz. Kukrau, Towapusal, Dagareea, Kowla, Paikur, Seekore, Dargarhat.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas land is required for a public purpose in the district of Bogra, viz. for the construction of a road from Etakhola Hât, on the Dinagepore road, near Khetthal, to Sirhattee Hât, notice is hereby given that a strip of land is required 10 miles long, more or less, and 30 feet wide, more or less, passing through or near the following villages, viz. Haranj, Moorail, Bamoonee, Haree, Toopshara, Hât Shahar, Nawatecka, Bahadoorpore, Kauchakool, Koytahar, Gorana, Jabekpoor, Sirhattee.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas land is required for a public purpose in the district of Bogra, viz. for the construction of a road from Namja, on the Dinagepore road, to Dupchanchia, notice is hereby given that a strip of land is required 8 miles long, more or less, and 25 feet broad, more or less, passing through the following villages—Namja, Borhorai, Bugool, Sukhangaru, Damgaree, Kahoora, Bhadar, Kulai, Mohundpur, Mungulchandee.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas land is required for a public purpose in the district of Bogra, viz. for the construction of a road from Dupchanchia to Gopinathpur, notice is hereby given that a strip of land is required nine miles long, more or less, and 25 feet broad, more or less, passing through or near the following villages, viz. Dupchanchia, Kankael, Islampore, Pangsha, Borogaon, Alail, Julungee, Kanoopara, Kishmatbeesa, Gopinathpur, Gopalpur.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas land is required for a public purpose in the district of Bogra, viz. for the construction of a road from Badalgache to Nawabganj, notice is hereby given that a strip of land is required 8 miles long, more or less, and 30 feet wide, more or less, passing through or near the following villages, viz. Badalgachi, Kamalpur, Russulpur, Bistopur, Lakhikhola, Bandulpur, Keshan, Jogpara, Amatta, Bussuntapur, Nawabganj.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas land is required for a public purpose in the district of Bogra, viz. for the construction of a road from Sultanganj, on the Serajganj road, to Nisrutpore, notice is hereby given that a strip of land is required 20 miles long, more or less, and 25 feet broad, more or less, passing through or near the following villages, Sultanganj, Gandagram, Munsoorpore, Roghûnathpur, Sahrool, Burchapore, Indrukpore, Amarmae, Maluncha, Gaorbusa, Narkailu, Durgapur, Deogaon, Patan Elahiganj, Kundgaon, Chachooa, Mothurapur, Garamara.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas land is required for a public purpose in the district of Bogra, viz. for the construction of a road from Sankranj, on the Dinagepore road, near Khettal, to Peerkapokoor, near Panitala, notice is hereby given that a strip of land is required 9 miles long, more or less, and 25 feet broad, more or less, passing through or near the following villages, viz. Kujail, Karimpore, Bagoongaon, Etta, Panchpaikar, Burail, Mamudpur, Buraigaree, Salagaree, Peerkapokoor.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas land is required to be taken up for a public purpose in the district of Bogra, viz. for the construction of a road from near Shibganj to Panitola, notice is hereby given that a strip of land is required 8 miles long, more or less, and 25 feet broad, more or less, passing through or near the following villages, viz.—Damahar, Jamair, Sonodeo Jahangirabad, Chandanpore, Daboor, Fenigaon, Chandnikeechuk, Kelqit, Cheenal, Bhatal, Salagaree, Peerkapakur, Dawakandee.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas land is required for a public purpose in the district of Bogra, viz. for the construction of a tank at Shukhanpukuria, in pergunnah Protapbaju and thana Bogra, notice is hereby given that for that purpose a piece of land is required at that place 500 feet long and 350 feet broad, more or less, adjoining the hât or market there.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

J. F. K. HEWITT,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 14th July 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from Kaliagunge to Pacoorah, zillah Dinagepore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring 54,064 feet, more or less, in length and 60 feet, more or less, in breadth, is required.

Akhanogur.	Dalimgong.
Rosidpore.	Kristochurnpore.
Horishurs.	Gowripore.
Dhonekole.	Ramgunge.
Durgapore.	Radhikapore.
Dowlutmaty.	Gotegong.
Lokhipore.	Gotchoobar.
Katchua.	Manickparah.
Raghubpore.	Pacoorah.
Lohatarah.	

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

J. F. K. HEWITT,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATIONS.

The 14th July 1874.—Whereas land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, namely, for the construction of Northern Bengal (State) Railway officers' bungalow in the village of Halhaliya, pergunnah Futtehjungpoor, zillah Bogra, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 11 beeghas 13 chittacks 7 gondahs of standard measurement, bounded on the west by the river Toolseegunga, on the north by the site selected for the brickfield attached to the Railway line, on the east by the paddy fields, and on the south by some jungle lands, is required within the aforesaid village of Halhaliya.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

WHEREAS land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, namely, for the construction of Assistant Engineer's bungalow in the village of Baloobhora, pergunnah Kasimpoor, zillah Rajshahye, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 10 beeghas 8 cottahs 8 chittacks of standard measurement, bounded on all sides by that village and 300 feet to the west of the centre line of the Railway passing through it, is required within the aforesaid village of Baloobhora.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

WHEREAS land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, namely, for the construction of the Northern Bengal (State) Railway officers' bungalow in the village of Chatingram, pergunnah Khatta, zillah Bogra, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 6 beeghas 5 cottahs of standard measurement, bounded on all sides by the lands of that village, is required within the aforesaid village of Chatingram.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

WHEREAS land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, namely, for the construction of a feeder road from Doopchanchia to Par Nowgaon close to Sooltanpoor *viâ* Adumdighi, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land 72 feet wide, more or less, stretching from a point west of Doopchanchia hât and passing near or through the following villages, is required:—

Doopchanchia.	Nosrotpoor.
Sholtápárá.	Doomargaon.
Cheagá.	Seebpoor.
Kámárgáon.	Siyalsoin.
Shajapoor.	Talsoin.
Madelehgoora.	Adamdighee.
Behel.	Rangkoiree.
Debkhandá.	Dalamba.
Kharail.	Indoil.
Badhaonee.	Oothrail.
Amshutta.	Chak Shábáz.
Choudrodighee.	Sengra, 2nd.
Polimoheshpoor.	Taighoree.
Gobindopoor.	Moorareekoeree.
Morgaon.	Komol Dogachee.
Sherpoor.	Kalsha.
Koomargaon.	Sheetahar.
Mooroil.	Bagcha.
Koomayee.	Shahapoor.
Kothbawoor.	Dogáchee.
Rungpárá.	Pirijpoor.
Kasladigha.	Chak Rampoor, east of Sooltanpoor, in the district of Bogra.
Sengra.	

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

J. F. K. HEWITT,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 10th July 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by the Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road from Sujanagar to Satbarea, *vid* Manikdi Chalna, Nischindpoor, Kandarpopur, in pergunnah Jahangirabad, in the district of Pubna, it is hereby declared that a strip of land 6 miles in length and 60 feet in breadth, more or less, is required.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

J. F. K. HEWITT,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The following orders issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, are republished for general information :—

No. 2010.—*Fort William, the 24th July* 1874.—*Notifications.—Public.*—It is hereby notified that the Secretary of State for India has, by Resolution in Council, declared the provisions of the 1st Section of an Act passed in the 33rd year of Her Majesty's reign, Chapter 3, entitled "an Act to make better provision for making Laws and Regulations for certain parts of India, and for certain other purposes relating thereto," to be applicable to the District of Sylhet from the 1st day of August 1874.

No. 497.—The undermentioned Officers of the Bengal Civil Service have been granted by Her Majesty's Secretary of State extensions of leave on medical certificate for the periods specified opposite their names :—

Mr. F. G. Millett	..	..	.. 6 months.
„ F. H. McLaughlin	..	..	.. 2 „
„ D. W. M. Testro	..	..	.. 3 „

The following orders issued by the Government of India in the Financial Department, are republished for general information :—

No. 4521.—*Fort William, the 23rd July* 1874.—*Notifications.—Accounts.*—The services of Messrs. W. H. Dobbie and F. J. Atkinson, attached to the Office of the Comptroller General, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal for employment on special duty connected with the famine.

No. 4535.—*The 24th July* 1874.—*Pensions and Gratuities.*—The Governor-General in Council directs that the following be inserted as Rule I, under Section 70 of the Civil Pension Code :—

1. An Officer may submit his application for pension or gratuity even though he has not ceased to be borne on the establishment; but the application must be supported by a certificate, from the authority whose duty it would be to fill up his appointment if vacant, that the Officer is likely to retire within six months from Government service. The certificate is to be forwarded to the Account Department, when that Department is required to verify the services in accordance with the rules under Section 71. This provision is intended to obviate the delays which take place in verifying service, and it is not to be understood as justifying the preparation of the regular application in Form A prescribed in Section 72 before the Officer has actually retired.

His Excellency in Council also directs that the following note be inserted under Rule I of Section 78 of the said Code :—

(NOTE.—This rule does not prohibit the submission of an application for pension or gratuity while an Officer is still in employ.—*See Rule I, under Section* 70.)

No. 4572.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to rule that a pension is payable to the day of the pensioner's death, inclusive.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Military Department, are republished for general information :—

No. 752.—*Fort William, the 24th July* 1874.—The undermentioned Officers have reported their return from England :—

* * * * * *

Surgeon Major T. Mathew, M.B., of the Medical Department,—date of arrival at Fort William, 23rd July 1874.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 2115.

The 16th July 1874.—The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to accept the resignation tendered by Baboo Ajudhya Dass of his appointment as an Honorary Magistrate of Tirhoot.

The 17th July 1874.—Mr. William Henry Verner, Acting Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, 24-Pergunnahs, is vested temporarily with the powers of a Magistrate of the First Class in Dacca and Fureedpore.

The 23rd July 1874.—Baboo Huri Mohun Sanyal, Relief Superintendent in the Sonthal Pergunnahs, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class.

The 25th July 1874.—Moulvie Eradut Ali, First Subordinate Judge of Backergunge, is allowed leave for three months under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the 1st July 1874.

The 27th July 1874.—Mr. George Stevenson, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, in charge of Bhudruck sub-division, in Balasore, is appointed, under the provisions of Section 8, Act II of 1869, to act as a Justice of the Peace within the territories under the Lieutenant-Governor's control.

The 28th July 1874.—Baboo Bolack Chand is appointed to act as Subordinate Judge of Bhagulpore during the absence on leave of Baboo Mothoora Nath Goopta, from the date on which he may relieve Baboo Rampersaud.

Baboo Rampersaud is appointed to be a Subordinate Judge of the Fourth Grade from the date on which Baboo Nobo Koomar Bannerjee's retirement from the service may take effect. Baboo Rampersaud is posted to the district of Patna as Second Subordinate Judge.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 24th July 1874.—Under Section 69 of the Indian Registration Act, 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that the last 18 words of Rule 39, which under administrative arrangements have become inapplicable, be cancelled.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 28th July 1874.—Under Section 5 of the Indian Registration Act, VIII of 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is pleased to create the following registration sub-districts, having the head-quarters and local jurisdiction shown opposite their names. The Lieutenant-Governor is also pleased, under section 7 of the Act, to appoint the persons named below to be Sub-Registrars of the said sub-districts:—

District.	Name of new sub-district.	Head-quarters.	Thanas included in jurisdiction.	Sub-Registrars appointed.
Howrah	Jagatballabhpore ...	Jagatballabhpore ..	Jagatballabhpore ...	Charu Chandra Ghose.
Hooghly	Chanditala	Baksa	Chanditala ... ... Kristonagar	Baboo Uma Charan Mittra.

These changes will take effect on and from the 1st August 1874.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 17th July 1874.—It is hereby notified that, under the provisions of Section 3, Regulation VI of 1819, the ferry at the point where the Bhoyrub River is crossed by the Bedhampore and Patkabarry Road at the village of Mohamadpur, in the district of Moorshedabad, is declared a public ferry.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 9th July 1874.—It is hereby notified that under the provisions of Section 3, Act IV (B.C.) of 1865 (an Act for the prohibition of the practice of inoculation, &c.), the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to extend the said Act to the thanas of Sonamookhy and Kotulpore, which now form a part of the district of Burdwan, with effect from the 1st August next.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 14th July 1874.—Under section 5 of the Indian Registration Act VIII of 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is pleased to create the following Registration sub-districts, having the head-quarters and local jurisdictions shown opposite their names. The Lieutenant-Governor is also pleased, under section 7 of the Act, to appoint the persons named below to be Sub-Registrars of the said sub-districts :—

DISTRICTS.	Names of new sub-districts.	Head-quarters.	Thanas included in jurisdiction.	Sub-Registrars appointed.
Moorshedabad ...	Baluchar ...	Baluchar ...	Manullah Bazar Bhadurihat ... Ashanpore .. Bhagwangola ...	Moulvie Anisur Rahman.
Nuddea ...	Chagdah ...	Kazipara ...	Chagdah ...	Kazi Mujibuddin Mahammad.

These changes will take effect on and from the 1st of August 1874.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 15th July 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for widening Tindal Garden Road in the village of Howrah, pergunnah Boro, zillah Hooghly, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring, more or less, 5 cottahs 12 chittacks, and of standard measurement, bounded on the north by Tindal Garden Road, on the east by Howrah Road, on the south by lands of Monee Ram Paray, Moonshee Roshun Ally, Roma Nath Roy, Athobuddee, Grish Chunder Chatterjee, Eshur Chunder Chatterjee, and of Mr. Bannerjee, and on the west by the land of Mr. Bannerjee, is required within the aforesaid village of Howrah.

This declaration is made, under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870, to all whom it may concern.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 18th July 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up by Government for a public purpose, viz. for a charitable dispensary in the village of Russapugla Taliganj, pergunnah Khaspoor, district 24-Pergunnahs, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 14 beeghas 8 cottahs and 8 chittacks of standard measure, bounded on the north by the property of Kuseemun Nissa Begum; east by the property of Shazada Alla Nawaz; west by the Government drain on the Russapugla Road; and south, partly by the property of the late Shazada Pâk Ukhtur, and partly by that of Shazada Kamilodeen, is required within the aforesaid village of Russapugla Taliganj.

A plan of the said piece of land may be seen at the Office of the Collector, 24-Pergunnahs.

This declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

RIVERS THOMPSON,
Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT,—BENGAL.

ESTABLISHMENT.

The 21st July 1874.

No. 254.—*Notifications.*—Mr. A. F. Watson, Executive Engineer, Third Grade, assumed charge of the Third Calcutta Division on the 10th July 1874, afternoon.

No. 255.—Mr. S. A. Stewart, Executive Engineer, Third Grade, attached to the Third Calcutta Division, availed himself of privilege leave* from the 14th July 1874, beforenoon.

* Bengal Government, Public Works Department, Notification No. 234, of the 7th July 1874.

No. 256.—Mr. J. A. Price, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, attached to the First Calcutta Division availed himself of privilege leave† from the 29th June 1874, afternoon.

† Bengal Government, Public Works Department, Notification No. 217, of the 27th June 1874.

No. 257.—*Transfers.*—Mr. J. Purdie, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, from the Sonthal Pergunnahs to the North Bhaugulpore District.

No. 258.—Baboo Mohendronath Banerjee, Supervisor, Second Grade, from the North Bhagulpore to the Sonthal Pergunnahs District.

No. 259.—*Notifications.*—Mr. R. B. Claudius, Overseer, First Grade, joined the Bogra District on the 10th July 1874, beforenoon.

The 25th July 1874.

No. 260.—In continuation of this Office, notification No. 140, of the 4th May 1874, the following officers have assumed charge of the temporary districts specified on the dates mentioned :—

Names.	Grade.	District.	Date of Assuming Charge.
Anderson, Mr. R. G. ...	Exe.-Engr. 4th grade.	Southern Tirhoot ...	14th Mar. 1874, before noon.
Joll, Mr. H. ...	ditto 2nd grade.	Eastern Tirhoot ...	4th April „ „
Wright, Lieut. J. T., R.E. ...	Asst.-Engr. 1st grade.	North Eastern Tirhoot ...	24th Feb. „ „

No. 261.—In continuation of this Office, Notification No. 144, dated 4th May 1874, the following officers of the Engineer establishment and Upper Subordinates are posted as follows, and joined the districts specified on the dates mentioned :—

Names.	Grade.	District.	Date of joining.
Therold, Major, R. G., R.E.	Exe.-Engr, 3rd grade	Julpigoree.	
Eckslein, Mr. W. ...	Asst. Engr., 1st grade	East Chumparun ...	22nd Dec. 1873, before noon.
Landon, Captain, A. G. L....	Ditto ..	Southern Tirhoot ...	5th Feb. 1874, „
Ghose, Baboo Rajchunder ...	Ditto, 2nd grade	Eastern Tirhoot ...	4th April „ „
	UPPER SUBORDINATE ESTABLISHMENT.		
Gatehouse, Mr. W. ...	Supervisor, 2nd grade	North-Eastern Tirhoot ...	20th Mar. „ „
Wickens, Serjt. C. ...	Ditto ...	Eastern Tirhoot ...	7th May „ „
Berril, Mr. C. D., Temporary	Ditto ...	North-Eastern Tirhoot ...	8th Mar. „ „
Dunlop, Serjt. R. ...	Overseer, 1st grade ...	Ditto ...	14th Mar. „ „
McKay, Mr. W. R. ...	Ditto ...	North-Western Tirhoot..	23rd Mar. „ „
Mozumdar, Kally Prosono..	Ditto ...	North-Eastern Tirhoot...	17th Mar. „ „
Pal, Hurrischunder ...	Ditto ...	Sarun ...	14th April „ „
Straughan, Serjt. R. ...	Ditto ...	Eastern Tirhoot ...	12th Mar. „ „
Law, Mr. G., Temporary ...	Ditto ...	Dinagepore ...	13th May „ „
Chunder, Narain Ram „	Overseer, 2nd grade...	Sarun ...	15th April „ „
Drogah, Ardasur Hurmisjee	Ditto ...	Eastern Tirhoot ...	29th April „ „
Hormazshaw, Dinshaw ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	31st Mar. „ „
Lal, Jowahir ...	Ditto ...	West Chumparun ...	8th May „ „
Nizamooddeen, Moonshee...	Ditto ...	East Chumparun ...	29th April „ „

No. 262.—In continuation of this Office Notification, No. 145, dated 4th May 1874, the following officers of the Engineer Establishment and Upper Subordinates appointed and transferred to the Provincial Establishment of this Province, are posted to the districts mentioned opposite to their names, which they joined on the dates specified :—

Names.	Grade.	District.	Date of joining.
Mackenzie, Mr. J. F. ...	Asst. Engr., 2nd grade	Eastern Tirhoot ...	5th Mar. 1874, before noon.
Reid, Lieut. A. J. F. ...	Ditto ...	North-Eastern Tirhoot...	14th May „ „
Doyal, Shiva, B.A. ...	Apprentice ...	Ditto ...	25th Mar. „ „
Guyther, Mr. R. T. ...	Ditto ...	Eastern Tirhoot ...	21st Mar. „ „
Jarman, Mr. S. ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	21st Mar. „ „
Mull, Baboo ...	Ditto ...	Ditto.	
Mookerjee, Mohendro Nath	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	21st Mar. „ „
Paterson, Mr. J. B. ...	Ditto ...	North-Eastern Tirhoot...	30th Mar. „ „
Smith, Mr. H. G. F. ...	Ditto ...	Eastern Tirhoot. ...	21st Mar. „ „

No. 263.—*Corrigenda.*—In Notification No. 144, dated 4th May 1874, opposite the name of Landon, Captain, for "Eastern" read "Southern."

In Notification No. 144, dated 4th May 1874, opposite the name of Macpherson, Mr. T., for "25 March" read "5 March."

In Notification No. 145, dated 4th May 1874, opposite the names of Mookerjee, Mohendronath and Paterson, Mr. J. B., for "North-Western and Eastern Tirhoot" read "Eastern and North-Eastern Tirhoot."

J. E. T. NICOLLS, *Colonel*, R.E.,
Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. D.

IRRIGATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.—ESTABLISHMENT.

The 24th July 1874.

No. 295.—*Posting.*—Baboo Grish Chunder Banerjee, Probationary Sub-Overseer, First Grade, to the High Level Canal Division, which he joined on the forenoon of the 11th July 1874.

The 23rd July 1874.

No. 296.—*Declarations.*—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a line of embankment along the left bank of the river Gunduck, extending from the Byah Nullah to the village of Bugahie, Tuppeh Mando, in the district of Chumparun, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose, a strip of land measuring, more or less, 14 miles long and 130 feet broad, is required for the Lower Gunduck Embankment.

This Declaration is made under the provision of Section 6, Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

No. 297.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, that land is required to be taken up by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz for a line of embankment along the left bank of the River Gunduk extending from the village of Rutunmala, Tuppeh Chigwan Butsura, to the village of Bugahie, in Tuppeh Mando, district Chumparun, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land, passing through the villages named in the margin and measuring, more or less, 72½ miles long and 130 feet broad, is required.

Chankee.	Telwa.
Roopwulees.	Byrees.
Bhutwulees.	Muhurees.
Burhurwa.	Burhurwa.
Golaghat.	Nuwada.
Putjurwa.	Ijrah.
Poojalia.	Benwatola.
Kurmynee.	Sungrampoor.
Bissumberpoor.	Gopalpoor.
Goodaree.	

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6, Act of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

G. A. SEARLE, *Lt.-Col.*, s.c.,
for Offg. Joint-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, in the P. W. D., Irrigation Branch.

JAIL DEPARTMENT.

The 22nd July 1874.—Mr. F. H. Barrow, c.s., received charge of the Bhagulpore District Jail from Surgeon A. S. Lethbridge on the morning of the 14th instant.

Mr. F. W. Badcock, c.s., received charge of the Bhagulpore Central Jail from Surgeon A. S. Lethbridge on the morning of the 14th instant.

W. L. HEELEY,
Inspector-General of Jails.

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

Orders by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

The 27th July 1874.—Baboo Gocool Chand, Second Moonsif of Patna, is allowed sick leave for a week under Section 3, Supplement F, of the Civil Leave Code. The Moonsil's Sheristadar to be placed in charge of the current duties of the office.

Baboo Aghorenath Ghose, Moonsif of Begumgunge, in the District of Tipperah, is allowed 2 month's privilege leave from the 10th September 1874, under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code.

By order, &c.,

HIGH COURT, the 27th July 1874. H. J. S. COTTON, *Offg. Registrar.*

Circular Orders and Memos. by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

Circular Order No. 18.

Dated Calcutta, the 10th July 1874.

HIGH COURT.
ENGLISH DEPARTMENT.
(Civil.)

THE Court having observed that irregularities are committed in the execution of decrees in rent suits, are pleased to direct the attention of District Judges to the positive rule laid down in Section 58 of Act VIII of 1869 (B.C.), as to judgments for amounts not exceeding Rs. 500, and to intimate that the same process of execution cannot be executed more than once, and the Court accordingly direct that the reception of supplementary lists of property to be attached, or other devices by which the provisions of this Section are evaded, may be at once put a stop to.

Circular Memo. No. 16.

Dated Calcutta, the 10th July 1874.

HIGH COURT.
ENGLISH DEPARTMENT.
(Civil.)

District Judges and Judicial Commissioners are requested to submit, on as early a date as practicable, a return for the year 1873, containing the information indicated in the form given below.

2. The return in question is very urgently required by Government, and the Court trust that no delay will be permitted to occur in its preparation and submission.

Statement of suits and appeals of the Small Cause Court type (Section 27, Act XXIII of 1861) not exceeding Rs. 20 in value, decided in 1873.

1	2	3	4	5	6
MOONSIFFEES.	Number of original suits of the Small Cause Court type, under Rs. 20, decided.	The proportion they bear to other suits of the same class.	Number of appeals presented in cases of the kind entered in column 2.	The proportion borne by appeals in such cases to appeals in other cases of the Small Cause Court class.	REMARKS.
Moonsiffee of					

No. 1867.

Dated Calcutta, the 14th July 1874.

From—H. J. S. COTTON, ESQ., Offg. Registrar of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William, in Bengal,

To—The Superintendent of Stationery.

HIGH COURT.
ENGLISH DEPARTMENT.
(Civil.)
(Quarterly Statements A, B, C).

The Court having been pleased to direct that the last column of High Court Civil Forms 11, 12, and 13, should be headed "Explanations and Remarks" instead of "Remarks" only, as heretofore, I have the honor to request that this alteration may be carried out in future reprints of these forms.

Circular Memo. No. 17.

Dated Calcutta, the 14th July 1874.

HIGH COURT.
ENGLISH DEPARTMENT.
(Civil.)

Copy forwarded to all Judicial Commissioners and District Judges, who are requested to alter existing copies by hand accordingly.

By order, &c.,

H. J. S. COTTON, *Offg. Registrar.*

Sheriff's Office, the 7th July 1874.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Seventh Criminal Sessions of the year 1874 of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, for the Town of Calcutta and Factory of Fort William and the places subordinate thereto, will be holden at the Court-House, in the Town of Calcutta, on Monday, the third day of August next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and so on from day to day until the said Session be over. And it is hereby proclaimed that all persons who will prosecute any of the prisoners to be brought up for trial at the said Session be then and there to prosecute.

M. RUSTOMJEE, *Sheriff.*

শরিফ আফিস সন ১৮৭৪ সাল ৭ জুলাই।

সকলকে সমাচার দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে সুবে বাঙ্গালার কোর্ট উইলিয়ম দুর্গের অধীন শহর কলিকাতার ও অন্যান্য স্থানের ফৌজদারী বিচার নিষ্পত্তি জন্য আগামি সন ১৮৭৪ সালের ৩রা আগষ্ট সোমবার বেলা ১১ ঘটিকার সময় এবং যে পর্য্যন্ত সেশিয়ানের কার্য্য শেষ না হয় প্রতিদিন উক্ত সময়ে কলিকাতার হাই কোর্টের আপন আদালত ঘরে সন ১৮৭৪ সালের সপ্তম ক্রিমিনেল সেশিয়ান বসিবেক, এবং এতদ্দ্বারা প্রচার করা যাইতেছে যে, যে সকল ব্যক্তি কোন কয়েদীর বিরুদ্ধে ফৌজদারী মিছিল করিবেক তাহারা উক্ত স্থানে উক্ত সময়ে হাজির থাকিয়া মোকদ্দমা করে ইতি।

M. RUSTOMJEE, *Sheriff.*

NOTIFICATION.

UNDER Section XIV, Act XI of 1865, notice is hereby given that, subject to the orders of Government, the Judge of the Small Cause Courts of Dacca and Moonsheegunge, will sit at the Moonsheegunge Court on the 30th and 31st July 1874.

PORESH NATH BANERJEE, *Offg. Judge.*

DACCA SMALL CAUSE COURT, the 20th July 1874.

EDUCATIONAL NOTICES.

Presidency College.

SURVEY TEACHERSHIP EXAMINATION.

THE half-yearly examination of candidates for employment as teachers of surveying will be held on Monday, the 3rd August, and following days.

Applications to appear at the examination, accompanied by the necessary fees, must reach the undersigned before the 20th July.

Candidates are required to be in attendance at 10 A.M. on the first day of the examination, and they are at liberty to present themselves for examination at Dacca, Patna, or Calcutta.

PRESIDENCY COLLEGE, the 2nd July 1874. J. SUTCLIFFE, *Principal.*

Presidency College.

DEPARTMENT PUBLIC WORKS EXAMINATION.

THE half-yearly examination of candidates for employment and promotion in the Department of Public Works will be held at the Presidency College on Monday, the 3rd August, and following days.

Applications from candidates desirous of appearing at the examination must be lodged with the undersigned not later than the 20th July, and each application must be accompanied by the necessary fee.

Candidates are required to be in attendance at 10 A.M. on the first day of the examination.

PRESIDENCY COLLEGE, the 2nd July 1874. J. SUTCLIFFE, *Principal.*

NOTICE

BY the Board for conducting the examination of candidates for admission as Pleaders and Mookhtears in Mofussil Courts subordinate to the High Court at Fort William.

The following is the result of the examination of candidates for admission as Mookhtears held at Patna :—

Name.	Father's name.	District.
Sheikh Ashrufuddin ..	Sheikh Jan Ali ...	Bhagulpore.
Ashruf Ali Khan ...	Imdad Ali Khan ...	Tirhoot.
Adit Proshad ...	Moonshee Purmanund ...	Patna.
Ajudhia Lal ...	Sheo Buksh Lal ...	Ditto.
Mahomed Abdul Aziz ...	Sheikh Nasir Ali ...	Arrah.
Bissen Dyal ...	Chacowri Lall ...	Purneah.
Fáteh Bahadoor ...	Baboo Lal ...	Bhagulpore.
Gobind Prosad ...	Thacoor Proshad ...	Shahabad.
Gujadhur Proshad ...	Hari Proshad ...	Bhagulpore.
Syed Imdad Hossein ...	Syed Imam Bux ...	Patna.
Lalla Gour Shahai ...	Suman Lall ...	Ditto.
Mohbub Hossein ...	Sakhawat Hossein ...	Ditto.
Sheik Mahomed Jan ...	S. Pygumber Bux ...	Tirhoot.
Syed Mahomed Ismail ...	Syed Qurban Ali ...	Gya.
Syed Mahomed Jamal ...	Ulfat Hossein ...	Patna.
Sheikh Mahomed Hamid ...	Sheikh Tajummal Hossein ...	Ditto.
Mahomed Abdool Latif ...	„ Lall Mahomed ...	Ditto.
Sheikh Mahomed Sadiq ...	„ Mahomed Karim ...	Bhagulpore.
„ Rahim Bux ...	„ Peer Bux ...	Ditto.
Ram Prokash Lal *alias* Sala Jan	Imrit Lall ...	Arrah.
Sheikh Omed Ali ...	Sheikh Imam Bux ...	Patna.
„ Tassadduq Hossein ...	„ Sakhawat Ali ...	Ditto.
„ Tassadduq Hossein ...	„ Elahi Bux ...	Ditto.
„ Wahed Ali ...	„ Jan Ali ...	Bhagulpore.

CALCUTTA,
The 27th July 1874.

CECIL JACKSON,
Secretary to the Board of Examiners.

OPIUM NOTIFICATION.

No. 691B.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Eighth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1872-73, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Wednesday, the 5th August 1874, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 3,750 chests, viz :—

	Chests.
Behar Opium	2,185
Benares „	1,565
Total	3,750

2. The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual; they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 8th November 1873, and published in the *Government* and *Exchange Gazettes*, or on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.

3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 10th and 20th August, respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other Public Securities, that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the Sale-room, will be received after 4 P.M. of Monday, the 10th August 1874, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P.M. of Thursday, the 20th August 1874.

4. In addition to the quantity above advertised for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the

dates specified below. The Member in charge of the Opium Department, however, reserves to himself the right of altering these dates, should circumstances render it expedient to do so :—

Dates.	Behar, about Chests.	Benares, about Chests.	Total, about Chests.
On or about Monday, 7th Sept. 1874 ...	2,185	1,565	3,750
On or about Wednesday, 7th Oct. „ ...	2,185	1,565	3,750
On or about Friday, 6th Nov. „ ...	2,185	1,565	3,750
On or about Thursday, 3rd Dec. „ ...	2,185	1,565	3,750
Total ...	8,740	6,260	15,000

By order of the Member-in-Charge,

W. H. GRIMLEY, *Offg. Secretary.*

BOARD OF REVENUE, FORT WILLIAM, the 30th June 1874.

Statement showing the importation of Salt (private property) in bond and afloat on the River Hooghly, subject to Customs Duty, on the 16th July 1874.

	Government Golas.	Private Golas.	Afloat.	Total.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Liverpool Pungah...	4,11,493	.....	2,22,545	6,34,038
Italian Kurkutch	22,355	.....	.....	22,355
Bombay „	74,418	.....	.....	74,418
Madras „	91,615	.....	5,200	96,815
Arabian and Persian Gulf, Kurkutch and Muscat Rock	2,01,003	.....	.....	2,01,003
Total ...	8,00,879	.....	2,27,745	10,28,624

By order of the Board of Revenue, L. P.,

T. B. LANE, *Offg. Collector of Customs.*

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE, the 22nd July 1874.

DISTRICT RELIEF COMMITTEES.

THE following gentlemen have consented to act as members of the Sub-committee of Relief at Balceya :—

Radhica Prosad Sing, *Secretary.*
Protab Chunder Sing.
Mohendro Narayan Sing.
Brojolal Sing.
Sree Mohendro Narayan Sing.
Sree Narayan Sing.

W. WAVELL,
Offg. Magte. and Collr. of Moorshedabad.

The 22nd July 1874.

THE following gentlemen have consented to act as members of Sub-committees formed in the Rampore Hât Sub-division :—

Nalhatti Sub-committee.

The Police Sub-Inspector for the time being.
Protab Chunder Choudhuri, Zemindar.
Mohendra Narayan Chowdhuri, ditto.
Ram Jadub Mandal, Zemindar.
Robi Mandal, ditto.
Modon Mohun Singh, ditto.
Hera Lal Singh, Abkari Daroga.
Bansi Badun Hajra, Zemindar.
Banwari Prosad Ghosh, ditto.
Bepin Ram Mull, Shopkeeper.
Nanda Lal Owl, ditto.
Ram Ratan Singh, Well-to-do ryot.
Sheikh Kasim Ali, ditto.
Pitamber Ghosh, ditto.
Didar Hossein Sheikh ditto.

Purulia Sub-committee.

Gya Nath Kobiraj,	Well-to-do ryot.	Dina Bundhu Chand,	Well-to-do ryot.
Benodi Lal Kobiraj,	ditto.	Khetter Nath Das,	ditto.
Shayam Sunder Gupta,	ditto.	Poresh Nath Mandal,	ditto.
Josoda Nandan Datta,	ditto.	Hurish Chandra Chowdhuri,	ditto.

Additional Members for the Margram Sub-committee.

Issur Chandra Sarkar.	Dina Bandhu Shaba.
Manick Chandra Shaba.	Giridhar Das.
Bhickakar Kobiraj.	

Additional Members for the Narainpore Sub-committee.

Wooday Chandra Biswas.	Chundi Prosad Das.
Urjoon Haldar.	Kangali Prosad Shaha.

C. W. BOLTON,

BULRAMPORE, *the* 23*rd July* 1874. *For Offg. Magte. and Collr. of Moorshedabad.*

NOTIFICATION.

SURVEYOR GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Calcutta, 4th May 1874.

With the view of facilitating the speedy publication of miscellaneous Maps, Plans and Drawings, which are constantly forwarded by local authorities to this Department for immediate reproduction, and in order to prevent the disappointment and expense which ensues when highly colored and brush-shaded subjects are furnished, the following memorandum of instructions for the proper preparation of all Drawings, intended to be dealt with by the Photozincographic process, is re-published for general information.

H. L. THUILLIER, *Colonel,*
Surveyor General of India.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE PREPARATION OF DRAWINGS FOR REPRODUCTION BY PHOTOZINCOGRAPHY.

As the great value of the Photozincographic process for reproducing accurate fac-similes of Manuscript plans and drawings of all kinds, either on the same or on a reduced scale, is rapidly becoming appreciated by officials in all departments of the State, the Photographic Branch of the Surveyor General's Office is constantly being called upon to reproduce drawings which on inspection prove to be totally unfit for Photographic reproduction. As the requirements of the process may not be generally known, I have at the suggestion of the Surveyor General drawn up the following brief instructions, embodying all the necessary conditions, and I would strongly impress upon those interested in the subject, that success in the after processes depends entirely upon the perfection of the original drawing, and that a satisfactory result can only be obtained by strict observance of the following rules, which may be summed up in a few words—WHITE PAPER, BLACK INK, FIRM OPEN DRAWING. Neglect of these essentials will entail failure and disappointment.

I. The paper on which the drawing is made, should be white and smooth, and kept clean and free from creases or wrinkles.

II. The drawing should be executed in Indian ink, freshly rubbed down, *quite black*, and free from grit or glaze.

III. The lines should be firm and clean, not too fine or too close together. They must all be perfectly black, and *pale* ink must on no account be used. Thick lines in the printing and borders should be well filled in. Pencil marks must be well rubbed out.

IV. *Washes* of any colour except *very pale* blue, are inadmissible, but if necessary, *outlines* of buildings or *lines* of roads &c., may be drawn in with *strong* burnt sienna, burnt umber, carmine, crimson lake, gamboge and similar colors which will reproduce black. Any detail required to be shewn in the original, but not in the copy, may be drawn in with pale cobalt blue.

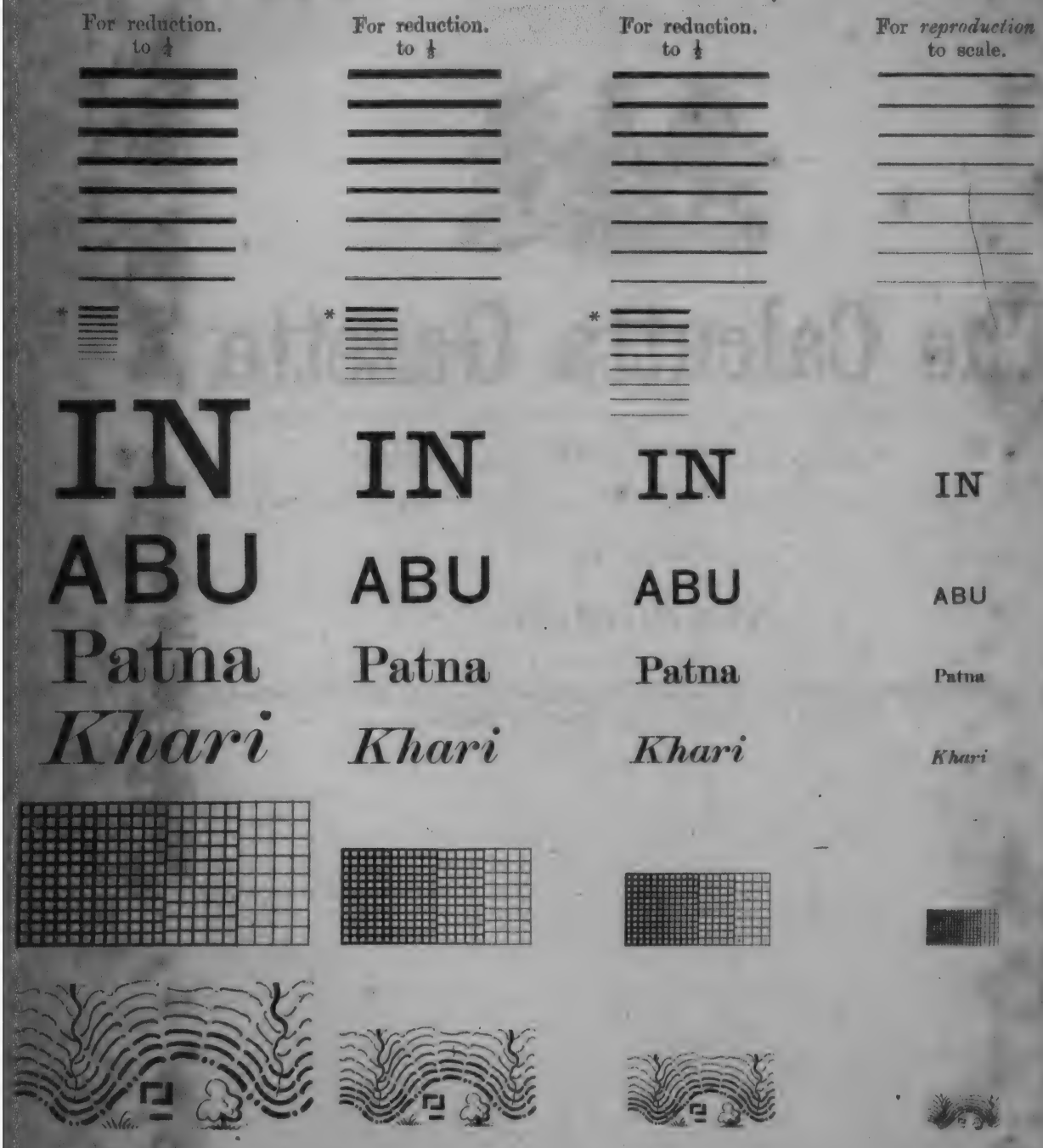
V. If cross hatching or shading is required, the lines composing it must be kept as open and distinct as possible, and they should not be too fine but firm enough to reproduce well. Intensity of shade should be shown by an increase in the thickness of the lines rather than by their being placed close together, as it must be borne in mind, that throughout the process there is a tendency for the lines to thicken, so that, if they are too close, they are liable to block up in the printing, and the work will appear heavy and unsightly. This rule also applies to hill shading, the darker portions of which should be drawn in thick distinct lines, but not crossed and recrossed with fine lines.

VI. River courses, lakes and tanks should be left *blank*, and not filled in with fine lines. They may be indicated by a pale wash of blue without detriment to their reproduction.

VII. As the process produces a perfect fac-simile of the original, it is essential that the latter should be complete in every respect, and the drawing, printing and writing should all be done in as neat a style as possible, so that the result may be fit for immediate publication, and not required to be altered or touched up. The hair strokes of the printing should not be too fine.

VIII. When plans or drawings are intended for *reduction*, care must be taken to draw the lines of the proper thickness relatively to the scale of reduction, thus, supposing it is required to reduce a drawing to one-fourth the scale of the original, it will be necessary to draw every line four times as thick as it should appear in the reduced copy. The printing and detail must also be relatively large in proportion. This rule is often neglected, and the result is the loss of all the finer lines. When drawing for *reduction*, care must be taken to leave sufficient space between the lines in hill-shading or cross-hatching, so that they may be well separated when reduced, and may not block up in the printing.

IX. When possible, it will be better to draw the original on a larger scale than is required for the copy, as a photographic *reduction* is always much sharper and clearer than a *reproduction*. The scale given below will serve as a guide to shew the necessary average thickness of the lines in drawings intended for reduction or reproduction.



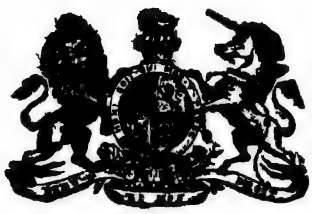
* Effect when reduced.

X. It is immaterial how the scales on maps for *reproduction* to the same scale are shewn, but in all cases when the copy is to be on a different scale from the original, the scale should be stated merely as a scale of feet, yards or miles, and not as a scale of so many feet, yards, miles, &c. to an inch.

XI. Drawings or tracings intended for photographic reproduction should not be folded.

SURVEYOR GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Calcutta, 4th May 1874.

J. WATERHOUSE, *Captain*,
Asst. Surveyor General.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 29, 1874.

PART II.

Advertisements.

[N.B.—Advertisements, Notices, &c., intended for insertion in this part of the Gazette, cannot be received after Noon on Monday.]

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of land, no longer required by the Government, situated in the district of Patna, will be put up to sale at the Collector's Office at Bankipore at 12 o'clock on Monday, the 7th September 1874, corresponding with 23rd Bhadro 1281 *B.S.*

The purchasers of these plots will be subject to the following conditions:—

1*st.*—If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

2*nd.*—If the amount of purchase-money exceeds Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the estate to be again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

3*rd.*—The plots will be sold revenue-free to the highest bidders.

4*th.*—The purchasers shall be put in possession on receipt of the orders of the Collector confirming the sales. But such possession shall be liable to be disturbed in case the final sanction of the Member of the Board of Revenue in charge should not be accorded to the proceedings.

Consecutive Lot Number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which the land is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	Approximate area in Beeghas and Acres.		Land excluded from sale from each lot.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundaries of lot.
					B. C. C.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
175	Patna ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Bukhtiarpore.	375	South ...	3 7 0	1 0 17	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 374 as per plan and terminates on 1,250 feet of mile 375.	North—By railway fencing South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 374, as per plan. West—By village road.
176	ditto ...	ditto ...	375	North ...	3 7 4	1 0 18	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 374, as per plan. West—By village road.
177	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Rawoyas.	375	South ...	6 1 0	2 0 0	.....	.....	Commences on 1,300 feet of mile 375, and terminates on 3,100 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road. West—By nullah.
178	ditto ...	ditto ...	375	North ...	6 13 8	2 0 33	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By nullah.
179	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Seemree and Boresarpore.	375	South ...	9 13 8	3 0 29	.....	.....	Commences on 3,130 feet of mile 375, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By nullah. West—By end of mile 375, as per plan.
180	ditto ...	ditto ...	375	North ...	9 13 4	3 0 31	Occupied by roads and nullahs.	0 0 19	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By nullah. West—By end of mile 375, as per plan.
181	ditto ...	Pergunnahs Gyaspore and Bhimpore, Mouzahs Boresarpore, Dedour, and Chumpapore.	376	South ...	11 1 0	3 2 25	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 375, as per plan, and terminates on 3,640 feet of mile 376.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 375, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
182	ditto ...	ditto ...	376	North ...	11 12 4	3 3 14	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 375, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.

183	ditto	...	Pergunnahs Gyaspore and Bhimpore, Mouzahs Shaikh Mahomedpore, Chumpapore, and Ghosebaree.	376	South	...	4 9 0	1 1 36	.....	.....	Commences on 3,680 feet of mile 376, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 376, as per plan.
184	ditto	...	ditto ...	376	North	...	5 2 0	1 2 30	Occupied by road common to lots 181, 182, 183, and 184.	0 0 5	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 376, as per plan.
185	ditto	...	Pergunnah Bhimpore, Mouzahs Ghosebaree.	377	South	...	3 4 6	2 2 35	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 376, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 377.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 376, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 187.
186	ditto	...	ditto ...	377	North	...	3 6 0	2 3 4	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 376, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 188.
187	ditto	...	ditto ...	377	South	...	7 15 0	2 2 10	.....	.....	Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 377, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 185. West—By end of mile 377, as per plan.
188	ditto	...	ditto ...	377	North	...	7 18 0	2 2 18	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 186. West—By end of mile 377, as per plan.
189	ditto	...	Pergunnah Bhimpore, Mouzahs Mogulpore and Doma.	378	South	...	9 2 0	3 0 1	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 377, as per plan, and terminates on 3,000 feet of mile 378.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 377, as per plan. West—By boundary of village Salimpore.
190	ditto	...	ditto ...	378	North	...	9 3 0	3 0 4	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 377, as per plan. West—By boundary of village Salimpore.
191	ditto	...	Pergunnah Bhimpore, Mouzah Salimpore.	378	South	...	6 5 0	2 0 11	.....	.....	Commences on 3,000 feet of mile 378, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By boundary of village Doma. West—By end of mile 378, as per plan.
192	ditto	...	ditto ...	378	North	...	6 6 4	2 0 14	Occupied by level crossing.	0 0 5	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By boundary of village Doma. West—By end of mile 378, as per plan.
193	ditto	...	Pergunnah Bhimpore, Mouzahs Salimpore, Beeheeta, and Beedheepore.	379	South	...	7 18 0	2 2 18	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 378, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 379.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 376, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 195.
194	ditto	...	Pergunnah Bhimpore, Mouzahs Salimpore, Beeheeta and Beedheepore.	379	North	...	7 19 8	2 2 22	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 378, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 379.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 378, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 196.
195	ditto	...	Pergunnah Bhimpore, Mouzah Beedheepore.	379	South	...	8 18 12	2 3 33	.....	.....	Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 379, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 193. West—By end of mile 379 as per plan.
196	ditto	...	ditto ...	379	North	...	9 2 0	3 0 1	Occupied by level crossing.	0 0 6	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 194. West—By end of mile 379 as per plan.
197	ditto	...	Pergunnah Bhimpore, Mouzahs Beedheepore and Sherepore.	380	South	...	10 17 4	3 2 15	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 379, as per plan, and terminates on 2,450 feet of mile 380.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 379, as per plan. West—By village road.

Consecutive Lot Number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which the land is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	Approximate area in Beeghas and Acres.		Land excluded from sale from each lot.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundaries of lot.
					B. C. C.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
198	Patna ...	Pergunnah Bhimpore, Mouzahs Beedheepore and Sharepore.	380	North ...	11 2 0	3 2 27	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 379, as per plan, and terminates on 2,450 feet of mile 380.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 379, as per plan. West—By village road.
199	ditto ...	Pergunnah Bhimpore, Mouzahs Rampore, Dureapore, Bahadoorpore, and Mahomed Syudpore.	380	South ...	13 6 0	4 1 24	.....	.....	Commences on 2,470 feet of mile 380, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 380, as per plan.
200	ditto ...	ditto ...	380	North ...	14 10 0	4 3 7	Occupied by road common to lots 197, 198, 199, and 200.	0 0 5	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 380, as per plan.
201	ditto ...	Pergunnah Bhimpore, Mouzahs Mahomed Syudpore and Chuckcheetoo.	381	South ...	9 16 0	3 0 39	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 380, as per plan, and terminates on 2,875 feet of mile 381.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 380, as per plan. West—By zemindaree land.
202	ditto ...	ditto ...	381	North ...	14 12 0	4 3 12	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 380, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
203	ditto ...	Pergunnah Bhimpore, Mouzahs Chukcheetoo, Hadyahpore, and Majhooly.	381	South ...	8 0 0	2 2 23	.....	.....	Commences on 2,820 feet of mile 381, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By ditto.
204	ditto ...	Pergunnah Bhimpore, Mouzahs Hadyahpore and Majhooly.	381	North ...	7 0 0	2 1 10	Occupied by road ...	0 0 8	Commences on 2,925 feet of mile 381, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	West—By end of mile 381, as per plan. North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing.
205	ditto ..	Pergunnah Bhimpore, Mouzahs Majhooly and Gyaspore.	382	South ...	4 3 0	1 1 20	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 381, as per plan, and terminates on 1,275 feet of mile 382.	West—By end of mile 381, as per plan. North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 381, as per plan.
206	ditto ...	ditto ...	382	North ...	4 5 0	1 1 25	.....	.....	ditto ...	West—By village road. North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 381, as per plan.
207	ditto ...	Pergunnah Bhimpore, Mouzahs Majhooly and Rocoonporah.	382	South ...	7 4 0	2 1 21	.....	.....	Commences on 1,330 feet of mile 382, and terminates on 3,205 feet of same, as per plan.	West—By village road. North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road.
208	ditto ...	ditto ...	382	North ...	7 5 0	2 1 24	.....	.....	ditto ...	West—By ditto. North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road.
209	ditto ...	Pergunnah Bhimpore, Mouzahs Rocoonporah and Shahpore Bahapore.	382	South ...	6 1 0	2 0 0	.....	.....	Commences on 3,250 feet of mile 382, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	West—By ditto. North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road.
210	ditto ...	ditto ...	382	North ...	6 0 0	1 3 37	.....	.....	ditto ...	West—By end of mile 382, as per plan. North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 382, as per plan.

211	ditto	...	Pergunnah Bhimpore, Mouzahs Shahpore Bahapore and Munsoorpore.	383	South	...	6 3 12	2 0 7	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 382, as per plan, and terminates on 2,250 feet of mile 383.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 382, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 213.
212	ditto	...	ditto ..	383	North	...	6 4 8	2 0 9	.....	.....	ditto ..	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 382, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 214.
213	ditto	...	Pergunnah Bhimpore, Mouzahs Monsoompore, Mirzapore, and Jahangirpore.	383	South	...	5 0 0	1 2 25	.....	.....	Commences on 2,250 feet of mile 383, and terminates on 4,000 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 211. West—By village road.
214	ditto	...	ditto ..	383	North	...	4 18 8	1 2 21	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 212. West—By village road.
215	ditto	...	Pergunnah Bhimpore, Mouzah Safeepore.	383	South	...	4 12 4	1 2 4	.....	.....	Commences on 4,025 feet of mile 383, and terminates at end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 383, as per plan.
216	ditto	...	ditto ...	383	North	...	4 12 8	1 2 5	Occupied by roads ...	0 0 8	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 383, as per plan.
217	ditto	...	Pergunnahs Bhimpore and Bycutpore, Mouzahs Safeepore, Jahelchuck, and Bykutpore.	384	South	...	7 15 0	2 2 10	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 383, as per plan, and terminates on 2,100 feet of mile 384.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 383, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 219.
218	ditto	...	ditto ...	384	North	...	7 15 0	2 2 10	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 383, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 220.
219	ditto	...	Pergunnahs Bhimpore and Bykutpore, Mouzahs Bykutpore, Puckuaechuck, and Samdanychuk.	384	South	...	12 8 0	4 0 16	.....	.....	Commences on 2,100 feet of mile 384, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 217. West—By end of mile 384, as per plan.
220	ditto	...	ditto ...	384	North	...	12 8 0	4 0 16	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 218. West—By end of mile 384, as per plan.
221	ditto	...	Pergunnah Bykutpore, Mouzahs Samdanychuck, Ahmedpore, Nowada, and Chotanowada.	385	South	...	10 4 0	3 1 20	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 384, as per plan, and terminates on 2,850 feet of mile 385.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 384, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 223.
222	ditto	...	ditto ...	385	North	...	10 2 0	3 1 14	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 384, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 224.
223	ditto	...	Pergunnah Bykutpore, Mouzahs Bykutpore, Chotanowada, and Kultonna.	385	South	...	9 7 0	3 0 15	.....	.....	Commences on 2,850 feet of mile 385, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 221. West—By end of mile 385, as per plan.
224	ditto	...	ditto ...	385	North	...	9 7 0	3 0 15	.....	.....	ditto ..	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 222. West—By end of mile 385, as per plan.
225	ditto	...	Pergunnah Bhimpore, Mouzahs Kultonna and Burdaspore.	386	South	...	12 16 0	4 0 37	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 385, as per plan, and terminates on 2,800 feet of mile 386.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 385, as per plan. West—By village road.

Consecutive Lot Number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which the land is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	Approximate area in Beeghas and Acres. B. C. C.	A. R. P.	Land excluded from sale from each lot. Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.	Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundaries of lot.
226	Patna ...	Pergunnah Bhimpore, Mouzahs Kultonna and Hurdaspore.	386	North ...	12 16 0	0 0 37	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 385, as per plan, and terminates on 2,900 feet of mile 386.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 385, as per plan. West—By village road.
227	ditto ...	Pergunnah Bhimpore, Mouzahs Hurdaspore and Ensuffpore.	386	South ...	10 19 0	3 2 19	.....	.....	Commences on 2,930 feet of mile 386, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 386, as per plan.
228	ditto ...	ditto ...	386	North ...	10 19 0	3 2 19	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 386, as per plan.
229	ditto ...	Pergunnahs Bhimpore and Gyaspore, Mouzahs Ensuffpore, Khulchespore, Koartan, and Momenpore.	387	South ...	14 1 0	4 2 23	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 386, as per plan, and terminates on 2,730 feet of mile 387.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 386, as per plan. West—By village road.
230	ditto ...	ditto ...	387	North ...	14 1 0	4 2 23	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 386, as per plan. West—By village road.
231	ditto ...	Pergunnahs Bhimpore and Gyaspore, Mouzahs Momenpore and Roypoora.	387	South ...	12 15 0	4 0 35	.....	.....	Commences on 2,760 feet of mile 387, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 387, as per plan.
232	ditto ...	ditto ...	387	North ...	12 15 0	4 0 35	Occupied by road ...	0 0 11	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 387, as per plan.
233	ditto ...	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Roypoora.	388	South ...	16 8 0	5 1 28	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 387, as per plan, and terminates on 3,100 feet of mile 388.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 387, as per plan. West—By village road.
234	ditto ...	ditto ...	388	North ...	16 8 0	5 1 28	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 387, as per plan. West—By village road.
235	ditto ...	ditto ...	388	South ...	10 0 0	3 1 9	.....	.....	Commences on 3,160 feet of mile 388, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 388, as per plan.
236	ditto ...	ditto ...	388	North ...	10 10 0	3 1 36	Retained by Railway Company. Occupied by roads ...	0 0 30 0 1 20	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 388 as per plan.
237	ditto ...	Pergunnahs Sandah and Azimabad, Mouzah Daryapore.	389	North ...	4 10 0	1 1 38	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 388, as per plan, and terminates on 900 feet of mile 389.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 388 as per plan. West—By land retained by the Railway Co.
238	ditto ...	Pergunnahs Sandah and Azimabad, Mouzahs Monsoompore, Koortha, and Gobindpore.	389	South ...	9 15 0	3 0 36	.....	.....	Commences on 3,360 feet of mile 389, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By Futwah station land. West—By end of mile 389, as per plan.

239	ditto ...	ditto ...	389	North ...	3 9 9	1 0 23	Retained by Railway Company.	5 1 16	Commences on 4,500 feet of mile 389, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land.
							Occupied by road ...	0 0 27		South—By railway fencing.
										East—By land retained by the Railway Co.
										West—By end of mile 389, as per plan.
240	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzah Gobindpore.	390	South ...	9 12 4	3 0 29	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 389 as per plan, and terminates on 2,110 feet of mile 390.	North—By railway fencing.
										South—By zemindaree land.
										East—By end of mile 389 as per plan.
										West—By river Poonpoon.
241	ditto ...	ditto ...	390	North ...	9 12 4	3 0 29	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land.
										South—By railway fencing.
										East—By end of mile 389, as per plan.
										West—By river Poonpoon.
242	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzahs Khodabukshpore & Khederpore.	390	South ...	9 18 8	3 1 5	Retained by the railway company for protection of bridge.	1 0 33	Commences on 2,420 feet of mile 390, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing.
										South—By zemindaree land.
										East—By river Poonpoon.
										West—By end of mile 390, as per plan.
243	ditto ...	ditto ...	390	North ...	18 11 0	4 1 37	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land.
										South—By railway fencing.
										East—By river Poonpoon.
										West—By end of mile 390, as per plan.
244	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzahs Khederpoor and Monjebpore.	391	South ...	10 15 2	3 2 9	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 390, as per plan, and terminates on 2,200 feet of mile 391.	North—By railway fencing.
										South—By zemindaree land.
										East—By end of mile 390, as per plan.
										West—By eastern boundary of lot 246.
245	ditto ...	ditto ...	391	North ...	11 16 4	3 3 25	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 390, as per plan, and terminates on 2,430 feet of mile 391.	North—By zemindaree land.
										South—By railway fencing.
										East—By end of mile 390, as per plan.
										West—By eastern boundary of lot 247.
246	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzahs Monjebpoor and Jatooley.	391	South ...	11 0 6	3 2 23	Proposed to be retained by the railway company.	1 2 15	Commences on 2,470 feet of mile 391, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing.
										South—By zemindaree land.
										East—By western boundary of lot 244.
										West—By end of mile 391, as per plan.
247	ditto ...	ditto ...	391	North ...	14 15 12	4 3 22	Occupied by road ...	0 0 18	Commences on 2,420 feet of mile 391, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land.
										South—By railway fencing.
										East—By western boundary of lot 245.
										West—By end of mile 391, as per plan.
248	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzah Jatooley.	392	South ...	11 12 0	3 3 14	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 391, as per plan, and terminates on 2,450 feet of mile 392.	North—By railway fencing.
										South—By zemindaree land.
										East—By end of mile 391, as per plan.
										West—By village road.
249	ditto ...	ditto ...	392	North ...	11 12 0	3 3 14	.....	.....	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land.
										South—By railway fencing.
										East—By end of mile 391, as per plan.
										West—By village road.
250	ditto ...	ditto ...	392	South ...	11 10 6	3 3 9	Proposed to be retained by the railway company.	0 2 25	Commences on 2,480 feet of mile 392, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing.
										South—By zemindaree land.
										East—By village road.
										West—By end of mile 392 as per plan.
251	ditto ...	ditto ...	392	North ...	12 15 0	4 0 35	Occupied by branch line to river bank.	0 0 37	Commences on 2,480 feet of mile 392, and terminates on 5,080 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land.
							Occupied by village roads.	0 0 6		South—By railway fencing.
										East—By village road.
										West—By land occupied by branch line to river Ganges.
252	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzahs Jatooley and Mukdoompoor.	393	South ...	11 18 6	3 3 31	Proposed to be retained by railway company.	0 2 9	Commences at the end of mile 392, as per plan, and terminates on 3,500 feet of mile 393.	North—By railway fencing.
										South—By zemindaree land.
										East—By end of mile 392, as per plan.
										West—By village road.
253	ditto ...	ditto ...	393	North ...	12 14 0	4 0 32	.....	.....	Commences on 350 feet of mile 393, and terminates on 3,370 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land.
										South—By railway fencing.
										East—By land occupied by branch line to river bank.
										West—By village road.

Consecutive Lot Number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which the land is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	Approximate Area in Beeghas and Acres.		Land excluded from sale from each lot.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundaries of lot.
					B. C. C.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
254	Patna ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzah Mukdoompoor.	393	South	11 9 0	3 3 6	.....	.....	Commences on 3,475 feet of mile 393, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 393, as per plan.
255	ditto ...	ditto ...	393	North ...	7 6 0	2 1 26	Occupied by branch line to river bank.	0 1 24	Commences on 3,350 feet of mile 393, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 393, as per plan.
256	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzahs Mukdoompoor, Akburpoor, and Doulutpoor.	394	South ...	23 14 8	7 3 15	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 393, as per plan, and terminates on 2,010 feet of mile 394.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 393, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 258.
257	ditto ...	ditto ..	394	North ...	9 9 0	3 0 20	.....	.	Commences at the end of mile 393, as per plan, and terminates on 2,060 feet of mile 394.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 393, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 259.
258	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzahs Doulutpoor, Ashekpoor and Noseerpoor.	394	South ...	19 13 10	6 2 1	.....	.....	Commences on 2,010 feet of mile 394, and terminates on 3,650 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 256. West—By eastern boundary of lot 260.
259	ditto ...	ditto ..	394	North ...	6 16 0	2 1 0	.....	.....	Commences on 2,060 feet of mile 394, and terminates on 3,700 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 257. West—By eastern boundary of lot 261.
260	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzah Noseerpoor.	394	South ...	16 3 4	5 1 15	.....	.....	Commences on 3,650 feet of mile 394, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 258. West—By end of mile 394, as per plan.
261	ditto ...	ditto ..	394	North ...	6 10 0	2 0 24	Proposed to be retained by the railway company.	1 2 32	Commences on 3,700 feet of mile 394, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 259 West—By end of mile 394, as per plan.
262	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzahs Noseerpoor, Abdoor Ruhmanpoor.	395	South ...	15 4 14	5 0 6	Proposed to be retained by the railway company.	0 0 31	Commences at the end of mile 394 as per plan, and terminates on 2,450 feet of mile 395.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 394, as per plan. West—By village road.
263	ditto ...	ditto ...	395	North ..	11 7 12	3 3 2	.....	.	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 395, as per plan. West—By village road.

264	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzahs Sumby, Shahdara and Begumbagh.	395	South ...	7 5 4	2 1 24	.....	.....	Commences on 2,480 feet of mile 395, and terminates on 4,010 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road. West—By ditto.
265	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzahs Sumby, Shahdara, and Begambagh.	395	North ...	7 3 4	3 1 19	.....	.....	Commences on 2,480 feet of mile 395, and terminates on 4,010 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By ditto.
266	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzahs Nowabbagh and Azumchuck.	395	South ...	4 12 0	1 2 3	.....	.....	Commences on 4,070 feet of mile 395, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—Partly by footpath along the outer boundary of Class A land, and partly by railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By village road. West—By end of mile 395, as per plan.
267	ditto ...	ditto ...	395	North ...	9 17 0	3 1 1	.....	.....	Commences on 4,080 feet of mile 395, and terminates on 5,250 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By zemindaree land.
268	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzahs Azumchuck, Morarpoor, Nogra, and Saberchuck.	396	South ...	17 0 0	5 2 19	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 395, and terminates on 3,350 feet of mile 396.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 395, as per plan. West—By public road.
269	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzah Dabaychuck.	396	North ...	1 7 0	0 1 32	.....	.....	Commences on 140 feet of mile 396, and terminates on 450 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By zemindaree land. West—By ditto.
270	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzahs Nogra and Saberchuk.	396	North ...	12 3 0	4 0 3	.....	.....	Commences on 700 feet of mile 396, and terminates on 2,925 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road. West—By fencing of Patna branch line.
271	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzahs Saberchuck and Nakas.	396A.	East ...	5 17 4	1 3 30	.....	.....	Commences on 550 feet from junction to 2,300 feet from same.	North—By railway level crossing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By ditto. West—By railway fencing.
272	ditto, (Branch Line.)	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzah Nakas.	396A.	East ...	0 7 8	0 0 20	Previously transferred to A. Occupied by siding and proposed to be retained by the Railway Company.	2 0 4 1 3 16	A triangular plot of land situate on the east of the Good's Station.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By ditto. West—By railway fencing.
273	ditto, (Main Line.)	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzah Lodeskatra.	397	South ...	1 13 14	0 2 8	.....	.....	Commences on 1,960 feet of mile 397, and terminates on 1,640 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By Class A land. West—By zemindaree land.
274	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzah Hurnahatolah.	397	North ...	0 13 0	0 0 35	Occupied by road ...	0 0 2	Commences on 2,060 feet of mile 397, and terminates on 2,360 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By zemindaree land. West—By ditto.
275	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzah Mogulpoora.	398	North ...	0 10 0	0 0 27	.....	.....	Commences on 260 feet of mile 398, and terminates on 320 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By zemindaree land. West—By ditto.

Consecutive Lot Number.	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzah.	Number of mile on which the land is situate.	Situated on which side of the Railway.	Approximate area in Beeghas and Acres.		Land excluded from sale from each lot.		Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundaries of lot.
					B. B. C.	A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		
276	Patna ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzah Mogulpoora.	398	South ...	0 5 0	0 0 13	.....	.....	Commences on 1,450 feet of mile 398, and terminates on 1,510 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By ditto. West—By ditto.
277	ditto ...	ditto ...	398	North ...	0 10 0	0 0 27	.....	.....	Commences on 1,990 feet of mile 398, and terminates on 2,170 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By zemindaree land. West—By ditto.
278	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzah Pajawa.	398	South ...	1 10 0	0 2 0	.....	.....	Commences on 2,730 feet of mile 398, and terminates on 3,040 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By ditto. West—By ditto.
279	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzahs Pajawa and Dadurnundy.	398	North ...	8 12 0	2 3 15	.....	.....	Commences on 2,240 feet of mile 398, and terminates on 3,040 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By zemindaree land. West—By ditto.
280	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzah Toolsheenundy.	398	South ...	3 17 6	1 1 4	.....	.....	Commences on 4,830 feet of mile 398, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By ditto. West—By end of mile 398, as per plan.
281	ditto ...	ditto ...	398	North ...	1 13 0	0 2 7	Occupied by water courses and roads.	0 1 15	Commences on 4,815 feet of mile 398, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By zemindaree land. West—By end of mile 398, as per plan.
282	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzahs Toolsheenundy and Sundalpore.	399	South ...	11 19 12	3 3 34	Occupied by road ...	0 0 6	Commences at the end of mile 398, as per plan, and terminates on 4,280 feet of mile 399.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 398, as per plan. West—By zemindaree land.
283	ditto, ...	ditto ...	399	North ...	36 18 0	13 0 32	Ditto ...	0 1 3	Commences on 100 feet of mile 399, and terminates on 4,350 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land South—By railway fencing. East—By zemindaree land. West—By railway level crossing.
284	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzah Boolundypore.	399	South ...	3 8 0	1 0 20	.....	.....	Commences on 4,800 feet of mile 399, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By ditto. West—By end of mile 399, as per plan.
285	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzah Futehbaug.	399	North ...	3 6 0	1 0 15	.....	.....	Commences on 4,400 feet of mile 399, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 399, as per plan.

286	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzahs Boolundypore and Coomar.	400	South ...	8 18 0	2 3 16	.....	.....	Commences on 200 feet of mile 400, and terminates on 2,640 feet of same, as per plan	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By ditto. West—By eastern boundary of lot 292.
287	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzahs Boolundypore and Coomar.	400	North ...	9 8 0	3 0 17	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 399, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 400.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 399, as per plan. West—By Eastern boundary of lot 293.
288	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzahs Rosoolpore, Bahadoorpore, Serputpore, and Jogypore.	400	South ...	9 2 0	3 0 1	.....	.....	Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 400, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 290. West—By end of mile 400, as per plan.
289	ditto ...	ditto ...	400	North ...	9 2 0	3 0 1	.....	.....	Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 400, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 291. West—By end of mile 400, as per plan.
290	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzahs Jogypore and Pertypore.	401	South ...	10 0 0	3 1 9	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 400, as per plan, and terminates on 3,070 feet of mile 401.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 400, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
291	ditto ...	ditto ...	401	North ...	10 0 0	3 1 9	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 400, as per plan, and terminates on 3,070 feet of mile 401.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 400, as per plan. West—By railway level crossing.
292	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzah Pertypoor.	401	South ...	7 10 0	2 1 37	.....	.....	Commences on 3,100 feet of mile 401, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 401, as per plan.
293	ditto ...	ditto ...	401	North ...	7 10 0	2 1 37	Occupied by roads and nullahs ...	0 3 0	ditto ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 401, as per plan.
294	ditto ...	Pergunnah Azimabad, Mouzahs Pertypoor, Lohaypoor, and Muhrampoor.	402	South ...	15 1 8	4 3 37	.....	.....	Commences at the end of mile 401, as per plan, and terminates on 4,360 feet of mile 402.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 401 as per plan. West—By railway fencing.
295	ditto ...	ditto ...	402	North ...	14 4 12	4 2 33	Occupied by level crossing roads ... B. land within feucing, proposed to be retained ...	0 0 26 5 2 10	dttio ...	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 401, as per plan. West—By railway fencing.

BHAGULPORE, RAILWAY DEPUTY COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, the 6th July 1874.

W. HEYSHAM, *Offg. Railway Deputy Collector.*

اشتہارنامہ کچہري ريلوے ڈيپوٹي کلکٹري اجلاس مسٹر وليم هيشم صاحب ريلوے ڈيپوٹي کلکٹر مقام بهاگلپور

اس تحريرکي روسے سبهونکو واقف کيا جاتا هي که ضلع پٹنه کے علاقه مين سرکار بهادر کے خريده ڈي کلاس زمين يعني جو زمين ريلوے کمپني کو رسته تيارکرنيکے وقت ديا گيا تها وهي سب زمين ريلوے کمپني کا اور درکار نهونيکے سبب سرکار بهادر واپس ليکر اس جانب کو فروخت کرنيکا اختيار دي هين اسواسطے بموجب اوس اختيار کے تفصيل کي لکهي هوئي لاٹهاے کي زمين بتاريخ ۷ سپٹمبر سنه ۱۸۷۴ع مطابق ۲۳ بهادون سنه ۱۲۸۱ بنگله روز دوشنبه بارة بجے کے وقت مقام باقي پور کا کلکٹر صاحب کے کچهري اس جانب کے اجلاس مين نيلام پر چڑهائے جائينگے

اون زمينون کے خريدارونکو نيچے کي لکهي هوئي شرطونکے پابند هونا پڑيگا فقط

پهلي شرط—اگر تعداد زر ثمن ايک سو روپيه سے زيادة نهو تو کل روپيه يکبارگي ادا کئے جائينگے فقط

دوسري شرط—اگر تعداد زر ثمن ايک سو روپيه سے زيادة هو تو جسقدر روپيه مين نيلام هو اوسکا ايک چوتهه في الفور داخل کرنا پڑيگا اور اگر باقي روپيه نيلام کے بعد نيلام کي تاريخ سے که وة تاريخ بهي ايک روز شمار کيا جاويگا پندرهوين دن کے دو پهر تک ادا نکئے جائين يا اگر وة روز تعطيل کا هو جس مين که دفتر بند رهے تو اوسکے بعد هي جس روز پهلے دفتر کهلے اوسکے دو پهر تک ادا نکيا جاے تو نيلام باطل هوجاويگا اور جسقدر روپيه داخل هوچکے هون وة سرکار مين ضبط هو جائينگے اور وة جايداد پهر مثل پهلے نيلام کے اشتهار جاري هونيکے بعد نيلام پر چڑهائے جائينگے اور اوسکا جوکهم خريدار باقيدار کو اوٹهانا پڑيگا فقط

تيسري شرط—وة سب زمين سب سے زيادة قيمت کي بولي بولنے والون کو بطور لاخراج کے دئے جائينگے فقط

چوتهي شرط—صاحب کلکٹر کے احکام متضمن بحالي نيلام کے پهنچنے پر خريدارون کو دخل دلايا جاويگا مگر جس صورت مين که وة صاحب ممبر بورڈ اف ريونيو جو اسکام کے متعهد هون ان کارروائيون کي نسبة منظوري ناطق نه بخشين تو اوس دخيلکاري مين فتور آئيگا فقط

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنه و موضع	اون ميلون کي تعداد جنکے اندر زمين واقع هي	ريلوے کے کس طرف واقع هي	تخميني موازي لات بحساب بيگهه اور ايکر				وة زمين جو هراج مين نيلام سے مستثنى کي گئي هي			لات کي شروع اور انتها	لات کي چوحدي
					بيگهه	کٹهه	چهٹانک	ايکر	خارج هونيکي وجوة	ايکر	ڈنڈه	بيگهه	
۱۷۵	ضلع پٹنه	پرگنه غوثپور موضع بختيار پور	۳۷۵	دکهن	۳	۷	۰	۱	....	....		۱۷	۳۷۴ ميل کے اخير سے شروع اور ۳۷۵ ميل کے ۱۲۵۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه ا	اوتر ريلوي کا گهراو دکهن زميندارې زمين پورب ۳۷۴ ميل کے اخير مطابق نقشه پچهم رسته
۱۷۶	ايضا	ايضا	۳۷۵	اوتر	۳	۷	۴	۱	....	....		۱۸	ايضا	اوتر زميندارې زمين دکهن ريلوي کا گهراو پورب ۳۷۴ ميل کے اخير مطابق نقشه پچهم رسته
۱۷۷	ايضا	پرگنه ايضا موضع ريوس	۳۷۵	دکهن	۶	۱	۰	۰	....	....		۰	۳۷۵ ميل کے ۱۳۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسيکے ۳۱۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ريلوي کا گهراو دکهن زميندارې زمين پورب رسته پچهم نالا

۱۷۸	ایضا	ایضا	۳۷۵	اوتر	۶	۱۳	۸	۲	۰	۳۳	.....	.....		ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب رستہ پچھم نالا
۱۷۹	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع سمري و نریار پور	۳۷۵	دکھن	۹	۱۲	۸	۳	۰	۲۹	.....	.....		۳۷۵ میل کے ۳۱۳۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب نالا پچھم ۳۷۵ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۸۰	ایضا	ایضا	۳۱۵	اوتر	۹	۱۳	۴	۳	۰	۳۱	رستہ و نالا	۰	۰	۱۹	ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب نالا پچھم ۳۷۵ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۸۱	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا وسیم پور موضع دیدور وچمپا پور	۳۷۶	دکھن	۱۱	۱	۰	۳	۲	۲۵	.....	.....		۳۷۵ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۷۶ میل کے ۳۶۴۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۷۵ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ریلوي لوالکرا سنگ
۱۸۲	ایضا	ایضا	۳۷۶	اوتر	۱۱	۱۲	۴	۳	۳	۱۴	.....	.....		ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۳۷۵ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ریلوي لوالکراسنگ
۱۸۳	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع شیخ محمد پور چمپا پور و گھوس بلڑي	۳۷۶	دکھن	۴	۹	۰	۱	۱	۳۶	.....	.....		۳۷۶ میل کے ۳۶۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ریلوي لوالکراسنگ پچھم ۳۷۶ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۸۴	ایضا	ایضا	۳۷۶	اوتر	۵	۲	۰	۱	۲	۳۰	۱۸۱ و ۱۸۲ و ۱۸۳ و ۱۸۴ نمبر لاٹ کا درمیانی رستہ	۰	۰	۵	ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ریلوي لوالکراسنگ پچھم ۳۷۶ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۸۵	ایضا	پرگنہ نہیم پور موضع گھوس بلڑي	۳۷۷	دکھن	۸	۴	۸	۲	۲	۳۵	.....	.....		۳۷۶ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۷۷ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۷۶ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۱۸۷ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنہ اور موضع	اون میلونکی تعداد جنکے اندر زمین واقع ہی	ریلوے کسطرف واقع ہی	تخمینی موازی لاٹ بحساب بیگھہ اور ایکر: بیگھہ	کٹھہ	چھٹانک	ایکر	رود	پول	وہ زمین جو ہر لاٹ مین نیلام سے مستثنی کی گئی ہی: خارج ہونیکی وجوہ	ایکر	رود	پول	لاٹ کی شروع اور انتہا	لاٹ کی چوحدی
۱۸۶	ضلع پٹنہ	پرگنہ نعیم پور موضع گھوس ناڑی	۳۷۷	اوتر	۸	۸	۰	۲	۳	۴	.....			.....	۳۷۶ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۷۷ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھر او پورب ۳۷۶ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۱۸۸ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۸۷	ایضا	ایضا	۳۷۷	دکھن	۷	۱۵	۰	۲	۲	۱۰	.....			.....	۳۷۷ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھر او دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۱۸۵ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۷۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۸۸	ایضا	ایضا	۳۷۷	اوتر	۸	۱۸	۰	۲	۲	۱۸	.....			.....	ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھر او پورب ۱۸۶ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۷۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۸۹	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع مغلپورہ	۳۷۸	دکھن	۹	۲	۰	۳	۰	۱	.....			.....	۳۷۷ میل کے اخیر سے شروع ۳۷۸ میل کے ۳۰۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھر او دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۷۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم سلیم پور موضع کے سیوانہ
۱۹۰	ایضا	ایضا	۳۷۸	اوتر	۹	۳	۰	۳	۰	۴	....			....	ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھر او پورب ۳۷۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم سلیم پور موضع کے سیوانہ
۱۹۱	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع سلیمپور	۳۷۸	دکھن	۶	۵	۰	۲	۰	۱۱	....			.....	۳۷۸ میل کے ۳۰۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھر او دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ڈوما موضع کے سیوانہ پچھم ۳۷۸ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ

۱۹۲	ایضا	ایضا	۳۷۸	اوتر	۶	۶	۴	۲	۰	۱۴	لوالکراسنگ	۰	۰	۵	ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ڈوما موضع کے سیوانہ پچھم ۳۷۸ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۹۳	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع سلیم پور بہیتا بیدھي پور	۳۷۹	دکھن	۷	۱۸	۰	۲	۲	۱۸	.....		.....		۳۷۸ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۷۹ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۷۸ میل اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۱۹۵ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۹۴	ایضا	ایضا	۳۷۹	اوتر	۷	۱۹	۸	۲	۲	۲۲	.....		.....		ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۳۷۸ میل کے اخیر پچھم ۱۹۶ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۱۹۵	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع بیدھي پور	۳۷۹	دکھن	۸	۱۸	۱۲	۲	۳	۳۳	....		....		۳۷۹ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۱۹۳ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۷۹ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۹۶	ایضا	ایضا	۳۷۹	اوتر	۹	۲	۰	۳	۰	۱	لوالکراسنگ	۰	۰	۲	ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۱۹۴ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۷۹ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۹۷	ایضا	پرگنہ نعیم پور موضع بیدھي پور شیري پور	۳۸۰	دکھن	۱۰	۱۷	۴	۳	۲	۱۵	.....		.....		۳۷۹ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۸۰ میل کے ۲۴۵۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۷۹ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم رستہ
۱۹۸	ایضا	ایضا	۳۸۰	اوتر	۱۱	۲	۰	۳	۲	۲۷	....		.....		ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۳۷۹ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم رستہ
۱۹۹	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع رام پور و دریا پور و بہادر پور و محمد شاہد پور	۳۸۰	دکھن	۱۳	۶	۰	۴	۱	۲۴	....		....		۳۸۰ میل کے ۲۴۷۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۷۹ رستہ پچھم ۳۸۰ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنہ اور موضع	لون میلونکی تعداد جنکے اندر زمین واقع ہی	ریلوے کے کسطرف واقع ہی	تخمینی موازی لاٹ بحساب بیگھہ اور ایکر: بیگھہ	کٹھہ	چھٹانک	ایکر	روڈ	پول	وہ زمین جو ہر لاٹ مین نیلام سے مستثنی کی گئی ہی: خارج ہونیکی وجوہ	ایکر	روڈ	پول	لاٹ کی شروع اور انتہا	لاٹ کی چوحدی
۲۰۰	ضلع پٹنہ	پرگنہ ایضا موضع ایضا	۳۸۰	اوتر	۱۴	۱۰	۰	۴	۳	۷	۱۹۷, ۱۹۸, ۱۹۹, ۲۰۰, نمبر لاٹ کا درمیانی رستہ	۰	۰	۵	۳۸۰ میل کے ۲۴۷۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب رستہ پچھم ۳۸۰ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۲۰۱	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع سید محمد پور و چک چیٹو	۳۸۱	دکھن	۹	۱۶	۰	۳	۰	۳۹	... ..		.....		۳۸۰ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۸۱ میل کے ۲۱۷۵ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۸۰ میل کے اخیر پچھم زمینداری زمین
۲۰۲	ایضا	ایضا	۳۸۱	اوتر	۱۴	۱۲	۰	۴	۳	۱۲	.....		.....		۳۸۰ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۸۱ میل کے ۲۸۷۵ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۳۸۰ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ریلوی لوالکراسنگ
۲۰۳	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع چکچیٹو و ہدایت پور و مجہولی	۳۸۱	دکھن	۸	۰	۰	۲	۲	۲۳	.....		.....		۳۸۱ میل کے ۲۸۲۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ایضا پچھم ۳۸۱ میل کے اخیر
۲۰۴	ایضا	ایضا	۳۸۱	اوتر	۷	۰	۰	۲	۱	۱۰	رستہ	۰	۰	۸	۳۸۱ میل کے ۲۹۲۵ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ریلوی لوالکراسنگ پچھم ۳۸۰ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۲۰۵	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع مجہولی و غیاثپور	۳۷۲	دکھن	۴	۳	۰	۱	۱	۲۰	.....		.....		۳۸۱ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۸۲ میل کے ۱۲۱۵ فٹ تک مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۸۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم رستہ

۲۰۶	ایضا	ایضا	۳۸۲	اوتر	۴	۵	۰	۱	۱	۲۵	......	......	۳۸۱ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۸۲ میل کے ۱۲۷۵ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکهن ریلوے کا گهراو پورب ۳۸۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچهم رستہ
۲۰۷	ایضا	ایضا رکنپورہ	۳۸۲	دکهن	۷	۴	۰	۲	۱	۲۱	......	......	۳۸۲ میل کے ۱۳۳۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۲۲۰۵ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گهراو دکهن زمینداری زمین پورب رستہ پچهم رستہ
۲۰۸	ایضا	ایضا	۳۸۲	اوتر	۷	۵	۰	۲	۱	۲۴	......	......	ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکهن ریلوے کا گهراو پورب رستہ پچهم رستہ
۲۰۹	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع رکنپورہ وشاہ پور و نہا پور	۳۸۲	دکهن	۹	۱	۰	۲	۰	۰	......	....	۳۸۲ میل کے ۲۲۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گهراو دکهن زمینداری زمین پورب رستہ پچهم ۳۸۲ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۲۱۰	ایضا	ایضا	۳۸۲	اوتر	۹	۰	۰	۱	۳	۳۷	....	....	ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکهن ریلوے کا گهراو پورب رستہ پچهم ۳۸۲ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۲۱۱	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع ایضا و منصور پور	۳۸۳	دکهن	۳	۱۲	۲	۲	۰	۷	....	....	۳۸۲ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۸۳ میل کے ۲۲۵۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گهراو دکهن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۸۲ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچهم ۲۱۳ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۲۱۲	ایضا	ایضا	۳۸۳	اوتر	۹	۴	۸	۲	۰	۹	....	....	ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکهن ریلوے کا گهراو پورب ۳۸۲ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچهم ۲۱۴ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۲۱۳	ایضا	ایضا پرگنہ موضع ایضا و مرجاپور و جہانگیر پور	۳۸۳	دکهن	۵	۰	۰	۱	۲	۲۵	....	....	۳۸۳ میل کے ۲۲۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۴۰۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گهراو دکهن زمینداری زمین پورب ۲۱۱ نمبر لاٹ کا پچهم سیوانہ پچهم رستہ

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنہ اور موضع	اون میلونکی تعداد جنکے اندر زمین واقع ہی	ریلوے کسطرف واقع ہی	تخمینی موازی لاٹ بحساب بیگھہ اور ایکر: بیگھہ	کٹھہ	چھٹانک	ایکر	روڈ	پول	وہ زمین جو ہر لاٹ مین نیلام سے مستثنی کی گئی ہی: خارج ہونیکی وجوہ	ایکر	روڈ	پول	لاٹ کی شروع اور انتہا	لاٹ کی چوحدی
۲۱۴	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا مرحبابور و جہانگیر پور	۳۸۳	اوتر	۴	۱۸	۸	۱	۲	۲۱	.....		....		۳۸۳ میل کے ۲۲۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۴۰۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھر او پورب ۲۱۲ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم رستہ
۲۱۵	ایضا	پرگنہ نہم پو موضع صفی پور	۳۸۳	دکھن	۴	۱۲	۴	۱	۲	۴	....		.....		۳۸۳ میل کے ۴۰۲۵ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب رستہ پچھم ۳۸۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۲۱۶	ایضا	ایضا	۳۸۳	اوتر	۴	۱۲	۸	۱	۱	۵	رستہ	۰	۰	۸	ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھر او پورب رستہ پچھم ۳۸۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۲۱۷	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا و بیکٹپور موضع سفیپور و جبل چک و بیکٹپور	۳۸۴	دکھن	۷	۱۵	۰	۲	۲	۱۰	....		....		۳۸۳ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۸۴ میل کے ۲۱۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھر او دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۸۳ میل کے اخیر پچھم ۲۱۹ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۲۱۸	ایضا	ایضا	۳۸۴	اوتر	۷	۱۵	۰	۲	۲	۱۰	....		....		ایضا	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھر او پورب ۳۸۳ میل کے اخیر پچھم ۲۲۰ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۲۱۹	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع ایضا و پگریا چک وسمدانی چک	۳۸۴	دکھن	۱۲	۸	۰	۴	۰	۱۶	....		.....		۳۸۴ میل کے ۲۱۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھر او دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۲۱۷ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۸۴ میل کے اخیر مطابق

۲۲۰	ایضا	ایضا	۳۸۴	اوتر	۱۲	۸	۰	۴	۰	۱۹	....	....	۳۴۸ میل کے ۲۱۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکهن ریلوي کا گهراو پورب ۲۱۸ نمبر لاٹ کا پچهم سیوانہ پچهم ۳۸۴ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۱۲۱	ایضا	پرگنہ بیکٹپور موضع سمدانی چلک و احمد پورنوادہ چهوٹا نوادہ	۳۸۵	دکهن	۱۰	۴	۰	۳	۱	۲۰	....	....	۳۸۴ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۸۵ میل کے ۲۸۵۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گهراو دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۸۴ میل کے اخیر پچهم ۲۲۳ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۲۲۲	ایضا	ایضا	۳۸۵	اوتر	۱۰	۲	۰	۳	۱	۱۴	....	....	ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکهن ریلوي کا گهراو پورب ۳۸۴ میل کے اخیر پچهم ۲۲۴ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۲۲۳	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع بیکٹپور و چهوٹا نوادہ و کٹنا	۳۸۵	دکهن	۹	۷	۰	۳	۰	۱۵	....	....	۳۸۵ میل کے ۲۸۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گهراو دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب ۲۲۱ نمبر لاٹ کا پچهم سیوانہ پچهم ۳۸۵ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۲۲۴	ایضا	پرگنہ بهیم پور موضع ایضا	۳۸۵	اوتر	۹	۷	۰	۳	۰	۱۵	....	....	۳۸۵ میل کے ۲۸۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکهن ریلوي کا گهراو پورب ۲۲۲ نمبر لاٹ کا پچهم سیوانہ پچهم ۳۸۵ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۲۲۵	ایضا	پرگنہ بهیمپور موضع بیکٹپور و چهوٹا نوادہ کٹنا و هرداسپور	۳۸۶	دکهن	۱۲	۱۶	۰	۴	۰	۳۷	....	....	۳۸۵ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۸۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گهراو دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۸۵ میل کے اخیر پچهم رستہ
۲۲۶	ایضا	ایضا	۳۸۶	اوتر	۱۲	۱۹	۰	۴	۰	۳۷	....	....	ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکهن ریلوي کا گهراو پورب ۳۸۵ میل کے اخیر پچهم رستہ
۲۲۷	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع هرداسپور و یوسف پور	۳۸۶	دکهن	۱۰	۱۹	۰	۳	۲	۱۹	....	....	۳۸۶ میل کے ۲۸۳۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گهراو دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب رستہ پچهم ۳۸۶ میل کے اخیر

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنہ اور موضع	اون ملونکی تعداد جنکے اندر زمین واقع ہی	ریلونکے کسطرف واقع ہی	تخمینی موازی لاٹ بحساب بیگھہ اور ایکر: بیگھہ	کٹھہ	چھٹانک	ایکر	روڈ	پول	وہ زمین جو ہر لاٹ مین نیلام سے مستثنی کی گئی ہی: خارج ہونیکی وجوہ	ایکر	روڈ	پول	لاٹ کی شروع اور انتہا	لاٹ کی چوحدی
۲۲۸	ضلع پٹنہ	پرگنہ ایضا موضع ایضا	۳۸۶	ارتر	۱۰	۱۹	۰	۳	۲	۱۹	....		....		۳۸۶ میل کے ۲۸۳۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب رستہ پچھم ۳۸۶ میل کے اخیر
۲۲۹	ایضا	پرگنہ عیاثپور موضع یوسفپور و کھلچیپور کورتان ومومن پور	۳۸۷	دکھن	۱۴	۱	۰	۴	۲	۲۳	....		....		۳۸۶ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۸۷ میل کے ۲۷۳۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	ارتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۸۶ میل کے اخیر پچھم رستہ
۲۳۰	ایضا	ایضا	۳۸۷	ارتر	۱۴	۱	۰	۴	۲	۲۳	....		....		ایضا	ارتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۳۸۶ میل کے اخیر پچھم رستہ
۲۳۱	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع مومنپور و رایپورہ	۳۸۷	دکھن	۱۲	۱۵	۰	۴	۰	۲۵	....		.....		۳۸۷ میل کے ۲۷۶۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	ارتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب رستہ پچھم ۳۸۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۲۳۲	ایضا	ایضا	۳۸۷	ارتر	۱۲	۱۵	۰	۴	۰	۳۵	رستہ	۰	۰	۱۱	ایضا	ارتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب رستہ پچھم ۳۸۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۲۳۳	ایضا	پرگنہ عیاثپور موضع رایپور	۳۸۸	دکھن	۱۶	۸	۰	۵	۱	۲۸	....		....		۳۸۷ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۸۸ میل کے ۳۱۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	ارتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۳۸۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم رستہ

۲۳۴	ایضا	ایضا	۳۸۸	اوتر	۱۶	۸	۰	۵	۱	۲۸	....		....		ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب ۳۸۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم رستہ
۲۳۵	ایضا	ایضا	۳۸۸	دکھن	۱۰	۰	۰	۳	۱	۹	....		....		۳۸۸ میل کے ۳۱۶۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسي کے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب رستہ پچھم ۳۸۸ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۲۳۶	ایضا	ایضا	۳۸۸	اوتر	۱۰	۱۰	۰	۳-	۱	۳۶	ریلوي کمپني کي رکھاهوا زمین رستہ	۰ ۰ ۰	۰ ۱ ۲	۳۰ ۲۰ ۱۰	ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو پورب رستہ پچھم ۳۸۸ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۲۳۷	ایضا	پرگنہ سندہ و عظیم آباد وموضع دریاپور	۳۸۹	اوتر	۴	۱۰	۰	۱	۱	۳۸	....		.....		۳۸۸ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۸۹ میل کے ۹۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۳۸۸ میل کے اخیر پچھم ریلوي کمپني کے رکھا هوا زمین
۲۳۸	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع مقصود پور کورتہا و گوبند پور	۳۸۹	دکھن	۹	۱۵	۰	۳	۰	۳۶	....		.....		۳۸۹ میل کے ۳۳۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب فتوها اسٹیشن کي زمین پچھم ۳۸۹ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۲۳۹	ایضا	ایضا	۳۸۹	اوتر	۳	۹	۰	۱	۰	۲۳	ریلوي کمپني کي رکھا هوا زمین رستہ	۵ ۰ ۵	۱ ۰ ۲	۱۶ ۲۷ ۳	۳۸۹ میل کے ۰ ۴۵ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ریلوي کمپني کے رکھا هوا زمین پچھم ۳۸۹ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۲۴۰	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع گوبندپور	۳۹۰	دکھن	۹	۱۲	۴	۳	۰	۲۹	.....		.....		۳۸۹ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۹۰ میل کے ۲۱۱۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۸۹ میل کے اخیر پچھم پون پونہ ندي
۲۴۱	ایضا	ایضا	۳۹۰	اوتر	۹	۱۲	۴	۳	۰	۲۹	.....		....		ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۳۸۱ میل کے اخیر پچھم پون یونہ ندي

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنہ اور موضع	ریلوے کے کسطرف واقع ہی	اون میلونکی تعداد جنکے اندر زمین واقع ہی	تخمیني موازي لاٹ بحساب بیگھہ اور ایکر				وہ زمین جو ہر لاٹ مین نیلام سے مستثنی کي گئي ہی			لاٹ کي شروع اور انتہا	لاٹ کي چوحدي
					بیگھہ	کٹھہ	چھٹانک	ایکر	خارج ہونیکي وجوہ	ایکر	رود	بیگھہ	
۲۴۲	ایضا	پرگنہ عظیم آباد موضع خدابخشپور و حیدر پور	دکھن	۳۹۰	۹	۱۸	۸	۳	ریلوي کمپني کے رکھا ہوا زمین واسطے حفاظت پل	۱	۰	۲۳	۳۹۰ میل کے ۲۴۲۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گمراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب پون بوہ ندي پچھم ۳۹۰ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۲۴۳	ایضا	ایضا	اوتر	۳۹۰	۱۳	۱۱	۰	۴	....		....	۳۷	۳۹۰ میل کے ۲۴۲۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوترزمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گمراو پورب پون بوہ ندي پچھم ۳۹۰ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۲۴۴	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا حیدر پور وصفترپور	دکھن	۳۹۱	۱۰	۱۵	۲	۳	....		....	۹	۳۹۰ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۹۱ میل کے ۲۲۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گمراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۹۰ میل اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۲۴۶ نمبر لاٹ پورب سیوانہ
۲۴۵	ایضا	ایضا	اوتر	۳۹۱	۱۱	۱۶	۴	۳	....		.....	۲۵	۳۹۰ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۹۱ میل کے ۲۴۲۰ فٹ تک مطابق نقشہ	اوترزمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گمراو پورب ۳۹۰ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۲۴۷ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۲۴۶	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا صدیپوچڈولي	دکھن	۳۹۱	۱۱	۰	۶	۳	جسکو ریلوي کمپني خود رکھنے چاہتا ہي	۲	....	۲۳	۳۹۱ میل کے ۲۴۷۷ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسي کے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گمراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۲۴۴ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۹۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۲۴۷	ایضا	ایضا	اوتر	۳۹۱	۱۴	۱۵	۱۲	۴	رستہ	۰	۰	۱۳	۳۹۱ میل کے ۲۴۲۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوترزمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گمراو پورب ۲۴۵ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۹۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ

۲۴۸	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع چھنّوي	۳۹۲	دکھن	۱۱	۱۲	۰	۳	۳	۱۴	.....	.....	۳۹۱ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۹۲ میل کے ۲۴۵۰ فٹ تک مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۹۱ میل کے اخیر پچھم رستہ
۲۴۹	ایضا	ایضا	۳۹۲	اوتر	۱۱	۱۲	۰	۳	۳	۱۴	....	....	۳۹۱ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۹۲ میل کے ۲۴۵۰ فٹ تک مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۳۹۰ میل کے اخیر پچھم رستہ
۲۵۰	ایضا	ایضا	۳۹۲	دکھن	۱۱	۱۰	۶	۳۰	۳	۹	جسکو ریلوے کمپني واسطے خود رکھنے چاھتاھے	۰	۲	۲۵	۳۹۲ میل کے ۲۴۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسکے اخیر تک مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب رستہ پچھم ۳۹۲ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۲۵۱	ایضا	ایضا	۳۹۲	اوتر	۱۲	۱۵	۰	۴	۰	۳۵	جسمین شاخ راہ ندي لغایت کنارۂ دریا واقع ہے	۰	۰	۳۷	۳۹۲ میل کے ۲۴۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۵۰۸۰ فٹ تک	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب رستہ
											رستہ	۰	۰	۶		پچھم گنگا ندي جانیکا رستہ کے شامل زمین
۲۵۲	ایضا	ایضا مخدوم پور	۳۹۳	دکھن	۱۱	۱۸	۶	۳	۳	۳۱	جسکو ریلوے کمپني واسطے خود رکھني چاھتا ہے	۰	۲.	۹	۳۹۲ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۹۳ میل کے ۳۵۰۰ فٹ تک	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۹۲ میل کے اخیر پچھم رستہ
۲۵۳	ایضا	ایضا	۳۹۳	اوتر	۱۲	۱۴	۰	۴	۰	۳۲	....	....			۳۹۳ میل کے ۳۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۳۲۷۰ فٹ تک مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ندي کنارے جانیکا رستہ کے شامل زمین پچھم رستہ
۲۵۴	ایضا	ایضا	۳۹۳	دکھن	۱۱	۹	۰	۳	۳	۶	جسمین شاہ راہ ندي لغایت کنارۂ دریا واقع ہے		....		۳۹۳ میل کے ۳۴۷۵ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب رستہ پچھم ۳۹۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۲۵۵	ایضا	ایضا	۳۹۳	اوتر	۷	۶	۰	۳	۱۰	۲۶	....		۱	۲۴	۳۹۳ میل کے ۳۳۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور وسیکے اخیر تک مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب رستہ پچھم ۳۹۳ میل کے اخیر

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنہ اور موضع	ریلوے کے قریب واقع ہی اور ملٹری تعداد جنکی اندر زمین واقع ہی	تخمینی موزی لاٹ بحساب بیگھہ اور ایکر						وہ زمین جو ہر لاٹ میں نیلام سے مستثنی کی گئی ہی			لاٹ کی شروع اور انتہا	لاٹ کی چوحدی
				بیگھہ	کٹھہ	چھٹانک	ایکر	رڈ	پرچ	خارج ہونیکی وجوہ	ایکر	رڈ	پرچ	
۲۵۶	ضلع پٹنہ	پرگنہ ایضا موضع ایضا اکبر پور و دراقپور	۳۹۴ دکھن	۲۳	۱۴	۸	۷	۳	۱۵	....	....			۳۹۳ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۹۴ میل کے ۲۰۱۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گہراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۹۳ میل کے اخیر پچھم ۲۵۸ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۲۵۷	ایضا	ایضا	۳۹۴ اوتر	۹	۹	۰	۳	۰	۲۰	....	....			۳۹۳ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۹۴ میل کے ۲۰۶۰ فٹ تک	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گہراو پورب ۳۹۳ میل کے اخیر پچھم ۲۵۹ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۲۵۸	ایضا	پرگہ ایضا دراقپور شقپو ونصیر پور	۳۹۴ دکھن	۱۹	۱۳	۱۷	۶	۲	۱	....	....			۳۹۴ میل کے ۲۰۱۰ فٹ سے شروع اور ایسیکے ۳۶۵ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گہراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۲۵۶ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۲۶۰ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۲۵۹	ایضا	ایضا	۳۹۴ اوتر	۶	۱۶	۰	۲	۱	۰	....	....			۳۹۴ میل کے ۲۰۶۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۳۷۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گہراو پورب ۲۵۷ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۲۶۱ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب سیوانہ
۲۶۰	ایضا	ایضا	۳۹۴ دکھن	۱۶	۱۰	۴	۵	۱	۱۵	....	....			۳۹۴ میل ۳۶۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گہراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۲۵۸ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۳۹۴ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۲۶۱	ایضا	ایضا	۳۹۴ اوتر	۶	۱۰	۰	۲	۰	۲۴	جسکو ریلوي کمپني واسطے خود رکھنے چاهتا هي	۳۲	۲	۱	۳۹۴ میل کے ۳۷۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور ایسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گہراو پورب ۲۵۹ نمبر لاٹ پچھم سوانہ پچھم ۳۹۴ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ

۲۶۲	ایضا	پرگنه ایضا موضع ایضا عبدالرحمن-نو	۳۹۵	دکهن	۱۵	۴	۱۴	۵	۰	۶	.....	۰	۰	۳۱	۳۹۴ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۹۵ میل کے ۲۴۵۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوي کا گهراو دکهن زمیداري زمین پورب ۳۹۴ میل کے اخیر پچهم رسته	
۲۶۳	ایضا	ایضا	۳۹۵	اوتر	۱۱	۷	۱۲	۳	۳	۲	....		....		۳۹۴ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۳۹۵ میل کے ۱۲۴۵۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر زمیداري زمین دکهن ریلوي کا گهراو پورب ۳۹۴ میل کے اخیر پچهم رسته	
۲۶۴	ایضا	پرگنه ایضا موضع شیملي و شاهوا و دیگم باغ	۳۹۵	دکهن	۷	۵	۴	۲	۱	۲۴	....		.....		۳۹۵ میل کے ۲۴۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اسیکے ۴۰۱۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوي کا گهراو دکهن زمیداري زمین پورب رسته پچهم رسته	
۲۶۵	ایضا	ایضا	۳۹۵	اوتر	۷	۳	۴	۲	۱	۱۹	.....		.....		۳۹۵ میل کے ۲۴۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۴۰۱۰ فٹ تک حتم مطابق نقشه	اوتر زمیدا ي زمین دکهن ریلوي کا گهراو پورب رسته پچهم رسته	
۲۶۶	ایضا	پرگنه ایضا موضع نواب باغ و اعظم چك	۳۹۵	دکهن	۴	۱۲	۰	۱	۲	۳	.....		.....		۳۹۵ میل کے ۴۰۱۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے احیر تک ختم مطابق نقشه	وتر ي کلاس زمیں کي لگاو چهوٹا رسته ریلوي کا گهراو دکهن زمیداري زمین پورب رسته پچهم ۳۹۵ میل کے احیر	
۲۶۷	ایضا	ایضا	۳۹۵	اوتر	۹	۱۷	۰	۳	۱	۱	....		....		۳۹۵ میل ۴۰۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۵۲۳۰ فٹ تک حتم مطابق نقشه	اوتر زمیداري زمین دکهن ریلوي کا گهراو پورب رسته پچهم زمیند اري رسته	
۲۶۸	ایضا	پرگنه ایضا موضع اعظم چك و سورار پور و نگرا وصبیر چك	۳۹۶	دکهن	۱۷	۰	۰	۵	۲	۱۹	....		.....		۳۹۵ میل کے حیر سے شروع اور ۳۹۶ میل کے ۳۳۵۰ فٹ تک مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوی کا گهراو دکهن زمیند ری زمین پورب ۳۹۵ میل کے اخیر پچهم سرکاري رسته	
۲۶۹	ایضا	پرگنه عظیم آباد موضع دوشپهك	۳۹۶	اوتر	۱	۷	۰	۰	۱	۳۲	....		....		۳۹۶ میل کے ۱۴۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۴۵۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	زمیداري زمین ریلوي کا گهراو پورب زمینداري پچهم زمینداري	

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنہ اور موضع	اون مینونکی تعداد جنکے اندر زمین واقع ہی	ریلویکے کسطرف واقع ہی	تخمینی موازی لاٹ بحساب بیگھہ اور ایکر: بیگھہ	کٹھہ	چھٹانک	ایکر	روڈ	پول	وہ زمین جو ہر لاٹ مین نیلام سے مستثنی کی گئی ہی: خارج ہونیکی وجوہ	ایکر	روڈ	پول	لاٹ کی شروع اور انتہا	لاٹ کی چوحدی
۲۷۰	ضلع پٹنہ	پرگنہ ایضا موضع صبیر چکنگرا	۳۹۶	اوتر	۱۲	۳	۰	۴	۰	۳	....		....		۳۹۶ میل کے ۷۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۲۹۲۵ فٹ تک مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب رستہ پچھم برنچ لئین کے گھراو
۲۷۱	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع نیکس وصبیر چک	۳۹۶ ی	پورب	۵	۱۷	۴۰	۱	۳	۳۰	....		....			اوتر ریلوی لوالکراسنگ دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ایضا پچھم ریلوی کا گھرا
۲۷۲	ایضا برنچ لئین	پرگنہ ایضا موضع نیکس	۳۹۶ ی	پورب	۰	۷	۸	۰	۰	۲۰	اے کلاس مین پہلے داخل ہوچکا ہی واقع کنارہ راہ ہی اور ریلوی کمپنی بعلاقہ خود رکھا چاہتی ہین	۲ ۱	۰ ۳	۴ ۱۶	اراضی مثلث جو مال گدام کے پورب واقع ہی	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب زمینداری زمین پچھم ریلوی کا گھراو
۲۷۳	ایضا میل لئین	ایضا موضع اودیکٹرہ	۳۹۷	دکھن	۱	۱۲	۴	۰	۲	۸	.....		.....		۳۹۷ میل کے ۱۲۶۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۱۸۴۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب بی کلاس زمین پچھم زمینداری زمین
۲۷۴	ایضا	ایضا موضع ہرناہا ٹولا	۳۹۷	اوتر	۰	۱۳	۰	۰	۰	۳۵	رستہ	۰	۰	۲	۳۹۷ میل کے ۲۳۶۷ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۲۳۶۰ فٹ تک مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب زمینداری زمین پچھم زمینداری زمین
۲۷۵	ایضا	ایضا موضع مغلپورہ	۳۹۸	اوتر	۰	۱۰	۰	۰	۰	۲۷	....		....		۳۹۸ میل کے ۲۶۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۳۲۰ فٹ تک مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھرو پورب زمینداری زمین پچھم زمینداری زمین

۲۷۶	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع معلپورہ	۳۹۸	دکھن	۰	۵	۰	۰	۰	۱۳	.....		....	۳۹۸ میل کے ۱۴۵۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۱۵۱۰ فٹ تک مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب زمینداري زمین پچھم ایضا
۲۷۷	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع ایضا	۳۹۸	اوتر	۰	۱۰	۰	۰	۰	۲۷	.....		.....	۳۹۸ میل کے ۱۹۹۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۲۱۷۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب زمینداري زمین پچھم زمینداري زمین
۲۷۸	ایضا	پرگنہ عظیم اباد موضع بچارا	۳۹۸	دکھن	۱	۱۰	۰	۰	۲۰	۰	....		....	۳۹۸ میل کے ۲۷۳۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسی کے ۳۰۴۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ایضا پچھم ایضا
۲۷۹	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع ایضا و داوربندي	۳۹۸	اوتر	۸	۱۲	۰	۲	۳	۱۵	....	۰	۰	۳۹۸ میل کے ۲۲۴۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۳۰۴۰ فٹ تک ختم	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب زمینداري زمین پچھم زمینداري زمین
۲۸۰	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع نوسي مندي	۳۹۸	دکھن	۳	۱۱	۶	۱	۱	۴	....		....	۳۹۸ میل کے ۴۸۳۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب زمینداري زمین پچھم ۳۹۸ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۲۸۱	ایضا	ایضا	۳۹۸	اوتر	۱	۱۳	۰	۰	۲	۷	بالا و رستہ	۰	۱	۱۵	۳۹۸ میل کے ۴۸۱۵ فٹ سے شروع اور اسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب زمینداري زمین پچھم ۳۹۸ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۲۸۲	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع ایضا و سندلپور	۳۹۹	دکھن	۱۱	۱۹	۱۲	۳	۳	۳۴	رستہ	۰	۰	۶	۳۹۸ میل کے خیر سے شروع اور ۳۹۹ میل کے ۴۲۸۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۳۹۸ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم زمینداري زمین
۲۸۳	ایضا	ایضا	۳۹۹	اوتر	۳۶	۱۸	۰	۱۲	۰	۳۲	ایضا	۰	۱	۳	۳۹۹ میل کے ۱۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۴۳۵۰ فٹ تک ختم	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب زمینداري زمین پچھم ریلوي لوالگراسنگ

لاٹ نمبر	نام ضلع	نام پرگنہ اور موضع	اون میلوں کی تعداد جو اندر زمین واقع ہی	ریلوے کے کسطرف واقع ہی	تخمیني موازی لات بحساب بیگھہ اور ایکر					وہ زمین جو ہر لات مین نیلام سے مستثنی کي گئي هي			لات کي شروع اور انتها	لات کي چوحدي
					بیگھہ	کٹھہ	چھٹانک	ایکر	رڈہ	پیل	خارج هونیکي وجوہ	ایکر رڈہ پیل		
۲۸۴	ضلع بگلہ	پرگنہ عظیم آباد موضع بلندي بور	۳۹۹	دکھن	۳	۸	۰	۱	۰	۲۰	....	....	۳۹۹ میل کے ۴۸۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب زمینداري زمین پچھم ۳۹۹ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۲۸۵	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع فتحباغ	۳۹۹	اوتر	۳	۹	۰	۱	۰	۱۵	....	....	۳۹۹ میل کے ۴۴۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ریلوي لوالکراسنگ پچھم ۳۹۹ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۲۸۶	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع جاید پور و اربوار	۴۰۰	دکھن	۸	۱۳	۰	۲	۳	۱۸	....	....	۴۰۰ میل کے ۲۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسي کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ایضا پچھم ۳۹۹ نمبر لات کا پورب سیوانہ
۲۸۷	ایضا	ایضا	۴۰۰	اوتر	۹	۸	۰	۳	۰	۱۷	....	....	۳۹۹ میل کے اخیر مے شروع اور ۴۰۰ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۳۹۹ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۲۹۳ نمبر لات کا پورب سیوانہ
۲۸۸	ایضا	پرگنہ ایضا موضع رسولپور و بہادر پور و سریت پور و جوگی پور	۴۰۰	دکھن	۹	۲	۰	۳	۰	۱	....	....	۴۰۰ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ سے شروع او اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۲۹۰ نمبر لات کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۴۰۰ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۲۸۹	ایضا	ایضا	۴۰۰	اوتر	۹	۲	۰	۳	۰	۱	....	....	۴۰۰ میل کے ۲۶۴۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۲۹۱ نمبر لات کا پچھم سیوانہ پچھم ۴۰۰ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ

۲۹۰	ایضا	ایضا	۴۰۱	دکھن	۱۰	۰	۰	۳	۱	۹	....		....	۴۰۰ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۴۰۱ میل کے ۳۰۷۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۴۰۰ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ریلوي لوالکراسنگ
۲۹۱	ایضا	ایضا	۴۰۱	اوتر	۱۰	۰	۰	۳	۱	۹	....		....	ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۴۰۰ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ریلوي لوالکراسنگ
۲۹۲	ایضا	ایضا موضع پرتي پور	۴۰۱	دکھن	۷	۱۰	۰	۲	۱	۳۷	....		....	۴۰۱ میل کے ۳۱۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ریلوي لوالکراسنگ پچھم ۴۰۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۲۹۳	ایضا	ایضا	۴۰۱	اوتر	۷	۱۷	۰	۲	۱	۲۷	رستہ و بالا	۰	۳	۰	ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ریلوی لولکراسنگ پچھم ۴۰۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ
۲۹۴	ایضا	ایضا موضع ایضا ولوهاني پور و مرتم پور	۴۰۲	دکھن	۱۵	۱	۸	۴	۳	۳۷	....		....	۴۰۱ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۴۰۲ میل کے ۴۳۶۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورب ۴۰۱ میل کے اخیر پچھم ریلوی کا گھراو
۲۹۵	ایضا	ایضا	۴۰۲	اوتر	۱۴	۴	۱۲	۴	۲	۳۳	لوالکراسنگ رستہ ریل کا گھراو کا درمیاني بے زمین جسکو ریلوے کمپني رکھنے چاهتا هی	۰ ۵	۰ ۲	۲۶ ۱۰	ایضا	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۴۰۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ریلوي کا گھراو

W. HEYSHAM,
ریلوي ڈیپوٹي کلکٹر ضلع بهاگلپور

تحریر تاریخ سنہ ۱۸۷۴ ع

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of class C land no longer required by the East Indian Railway Company, situated on the 74th, 105th and 106th A mile of the Main Line respectively in the Burdwan District, will be put up to sale at the Burdwan Collectorate on Tuesday, the 18th August 1874, corresponding with 3rd Bhadra 1281 B.S.

The purchasers of these plots will be subject to the following conditions:—

1*st.*—If the amount of purchase money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

2*nd.*—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government and estates to be again put up for sale, at the risk of the defaulting purchasers after issue of advertisement as in the case of original sale.

The plots will be sold revenue free to the highest bidder above the upset price.

Number in statement in Government estate.	Number on the district roll.	Name of estate and pergunnah.	Approximate area in acres.	Upset price.	Remarks.
				Rs. A. P.	
80	3	Mouzah Satnundee, pergunnah Gopeebhoom.	25 3 5	974 0 0	
81	13	Mouzah Saggerbhanga, pergunnah Selampore.	3 2 39	2,885 0 0	
82	13	Mouzah Saggerbhanga, pergunnah Selampore.	0 1 2	310 0 0	

E. H. WHINFIELD, *Offg. Collector.*

BURDWAN COLLECTORATE, the 27th June 1874.

জিলা বর্দ্ধমান।

নিলামী ইস্তাহারনামা কাহারি কালেক্টরী জেলা বর্দ্ধমান।

এতদ্বারা সংবাদ দেওয়া যাইতেছে যে বর্দ্ধমান জেলার মধ্যবর্ত্তী নিম্নের লিখিত সি চিহ্নিত জমী ইষ্ট ইণ্ডিয়া রেইলওয়ে কোম্পানির আর আবশ্যক না থাকা প্রযুক্ত সরকারি খাস মহাল গণ্য হইয়া সন ১৮৭৪ সালের ১৮ আগষ্ট মোতাবেক সন ১২৮১ সালের ৩ ভাদ্র মঙ্গলবার অত্র বর্দ্ধমানের কালেক্টরী কাহারিতে নিষ্করূপে নীলামে বিক্রয় হইবেক ইতি সন ১৮৭৪ সাল তাং ২৪ জুন।

২। এই ভূমির খরিদার নিম্নলিখিত নিয়মাধীন হইবেক।

১। এক শত টাকার অনধিক পণ হইলে সেই সমুদয় টাকা তৎক্ষণাৎ দিতে হইবেক।

২। এক শত টাকার অধিক হইলে ডাকপণের চারি অংশের একাংশ তৎক্ষণাৎ দিতে হইবেক বিক্রয়ের দিবস এক দিন ধরিয়া গণনা করিলে বিক্রয়ান্তর পঞ্চদশ দিনের মধ্যাহ্ন কালে কিম্বা সেই দিবস বন্ধের দিন হইলে তৎপরে প্রথমে যে দিন কাছারি খোলা যায় সেই দিবস মধ্যাহ্ন কালে যদি অবশিষ্ট দাখিল না হয় তবে বিক্রয় রহিত ও গচ্ছিত টাকা গবর্ণমেণ্টে জব্দ হইবেক ও প্রথম স্থলীয় বিক্রয়ের ন্যায় পুনর্ব্বার বিজ্ঞাপন প্রকাশ করণপূর্ব্বক ঐ ত্রুটিকারি ক্রেতার ঝুঁকিতে সেই মহাল পুনর্ব্বার বিক্রয় হইবেক।

৩। ঐ জমী সর্ব্বউচ্চ ডাককারিকে নিষ্কর বিক্রয় করা যাইবেক ইতি।

রাজকীয় মহালের কৈফিয়তের নম্বর।	তৌজির নম্বর।	মহালের নাম ও পরগণা।	একর হিসাবে জমির আন্দাজ পরিমাণ।	নীলামের প্রথম ডাক।	মন্তব্য।
৮০ নং	৩ নং	সাতী নন্দী পংগোপ ভূমি	২৫।৩।৫	৯৭৪৲	
৮১ নং	১৩ নং	সগড় ডাঙ্গা পং সীলামপুর	৩।২।৩৯	২৮৩৫৲	
৮২ নং	১৩ নং	সগড় ডাঙ্গা পং সিলামপুর	০।১।২	৩১০৲	

E. W. WHINFIELD, *Offg. Collector.*

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, Section 11, Act VII (B.C.) of 1868, and under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Chittagong will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on the 21st day of August 1874, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 25th day of May 1874.

NOABAD.

Mouzah Mita Serra, Thana Ramoo.

No. 107.—Taluk Rustom Ali, Malik Rustom Ali; sudder jumma, Rs. 658-3. The entire taluk will be sold for arrears of Government revenue.

Mouzah Teknaaf, Thana Teknaaf.

No. 1401.—Taluk Khepong Chowdry, Ompoori Chowdry, Srimoti Nao, Chaimpuri Chowdry, Aungiree Chowdry, and Kassim Ali Chowdry, Malik Khod; sudder jumma, Rs. 692-3; road fund, Rs. 6-15; total, Rs. 699-2. The entire taluk will be sold for arrears of Government revenue.

A. L. CLAY, *Offg. Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Sarun will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on Friday, the 31st day of July 1874, corresponding with 2nd of Sawan 1281 F.S., for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force, are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 8th in lieu of the 7th of June 1874.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

Serial No.	Towji No.	Name of Estate and Pergunnah.	Name of Proprietor.	Government revenue of the entire estate.	Government revenue of the share which will be sold for arrears of revenue.	Arrears of revenue due from the estate.
				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1	35	Pathar, Pergunnah Ander	Gungaproshad, Narain Sing, Dariao Sing, and others.	1,635 3 2	1,090 1 7	16 2 8½
2	58	Tiyan, Pergunnah Ander ...	Deepnarain, Siri Rai, and others.	1,051 11 8½	155 0 6	12 2 3½
3	130	Manpore Patheji, Pergunnah Ander.	Azmuth Ally, Hidaetoollah, and others.	618 7 4	618 7 4	4 4 7½
4	240	Eksar, Pergunnah Bal ...	Harproshad, Narain, and others.	812 11 0	355 5 6	12 13 10½
5	240	Pithowri, Pergunnah Bal ...	Sotheorhun Sahoo and others	639 12 9½	155 7 3½	16 4 6½
6	931	Chaup, Pergunnah Bara .	Toofaeloolla, Gholam Sarwar, and others.	2,238 3 6½	146 11 3½	17 14 0½
7	997	Sewan, Pergunnah Bara ...	Mussamut Aleh Bandi, Oli Mahammud, and others.	504 13 0½	376 9 0½	7 1 8½
8	1165	Rampore Chaund, Pergunnah Bara.	Ramsahoy Sing and others ...	971 6 10	581 6 10	19 6 8½
9	1215	Barkagaon, Pergunnah Barai.	Hikmuth Rai, Jadoo Nath Rai, and others.	926 12 2½	926 12 2½	11 15 11½
10	1587	Poonuck Gouri, Pergunnah Chowbara.	Gopaul Sahoo, Aodan Rai, and others.	587 3 4	347 6 0	0 15 5½
11	1754	Chirand, PergunnahChirand	Gungadhur Sahoo and others	4,416 11 9½	1,142 4 8½	85 6 8½
12	2294	Bajraha, Pergunnah Goah...	Ramanoogra Oopadhya, Devipandey, and others.	622 14 11½	171 15 11½	9 6 2½
13	2433	Chhap Soodersan, Pergunnah Goah.	Ritburn Sing, Sewsahoy Sing, and others.	821 5 4	344 11 1	16 10 7½
14	2459	Dharamraj, Pergunnah Goah.	Meherban Sing, Ramsahoy Sing, and others.	603 7 5	295 5 6	2 4 3½
15	2467	Rusoolpore, Pergunnah Goah.	Jhabboo Lall, uncle and guardian of Doorga Surun, minor, Ram Charn Sing, and others	1,435 4 3	333 11 10	1 11 8½
16	2530	Dhowree, Pergunnah Goah	Gholam Hossen Khan, Nabeedad Khan, and others.	517 5 4	517 5 4	2 10 0
17	2521	Saronja, Pergunnah Goah...	Baneswarahoy and others ...	2,013 2 1½	1,044 11 4½	35 1 5½
18	2521	Ditto ditto ...	Kandbehari Lall ...	2,013 2 1½	161 2 0	4 5 6
19	2538	Sagooni, Pergunnah Goah...	Brijraj Kuer, Gutdharb Kuer, and others.	1,536 0 0	1,536 0 0	2 3 8
20	2592	Shaikhpoor Rewra, Pergunnah Goah.	Joygopal Sahoo, Ramunoogra Sing, and others.	802 13 9½	194 6 8	11 9 11½
21	2613	Kerwakutea, Pergunnah Goah.	Ramnarain Sing ...	3,146 10 8	686 6 8	1 1 8
22	2613	Ditto ditto ...	Sewtohul Sing ...	3,146 10 8	7 1 0	0 12 0
23	2813	Amnour Mauder, Pergunnah Muckair.	Moulvi Ather Hossen ...	12,485 1 3½	391 8 5 8k.	0 14 5
24	2813	Ditto ditto ...	Joogeswar Sahoy and others ...	12,485 1 3½	169 1 0	5 4 6
25	2895	Indal, Pergunnah Manjhi...	Loha Rai, Goordial Sing, and others.	633 9 7	546 15 8	3 2 8
26	2984	Yeahpore, Pergunnah Madhul.	Baijoo Rai and others ...	648 9 6	984 10 9	12 15 5½
27	3041	Gumbhari, Pergunnah Madhul.	Manogee Sing, Gunputh Sing, and others.	4,198 4 3½	2,782 12 8½	23 14 11½

Class II.—Temporarily-settled Estate.

28	4397	Dearah Dhab, Pergunnah Madhul.	Harsahoy Sing and others ...	591 0 0	591 0 0	3 13 6

J. S. DRUMMOND, *Offg. Collector.*

اشتہار نیلام بابت بقیۂ مالگذاري سرکار

واضح ہوکہ حسب دفعہ ۶ - ایکٹ ۱۱ سنہ ۱۸۵۹ع کے یہہ محالات موقومۃ الذیل ضلع سارن مین بابت بقیہ مالگذاري سرکار و دیگر دعوي جو ازروے دستورات قوانین مجاریہ موافق باقي مالگذاري سرکار کے بتاریخ ۸ جون بجاے ۷ جون سنہ ۱۸۷۴ع واجب الوصول هي بروز جمعہ تاریخ ۳۱ جولائي سنہ ۱۸۷۴ع مطابق ۲ ساون سنہ ۱۲۸۱ فصلي کچہري مین صاحب کلکٹر اس ضلع کے بلا عذر عام نیلام مین رکها جایگا۔

قسم اول محالات بندوبستي استمراري

نمبر شماري	نمبر توزیع	نام محال و پرگنہ	نام مالک مندرجہ سررشتہ	مدر جمع مسلم محال	مدر جمع اُس حصہ کا جو نیلام کیا جایگا	باقي جسکے سے نیلام هوگا	کیفیت
				روپیہ آنہ پائي	روپیہ آنہ پائي	روپیہ آنہ پائي	
۱	۳۱	پٹار پرگنہ اندر	گنگا پرشاد نرائن سنگھ درپار سدگھ و غیرہ	۱۶۳۵ ۳ ۲	۱۰۹۰ ۱ ۷	۱۶ ۲ ۸½	بعلتباقي مالگذاري سرکار نیلام هوگا
۲	۵۸	تیائین پرگنہ اندر	دیپ نرائن سري راي وغیرہ	۱۰۵۱ ۱۱ ۸½	۱۵۵ ۰ ۶	۱۲ ۲ ۳¾	ایضا
۳	۱۳۰	مان پور نیچے پرگنہ اندر	عظمت علي و هدایت الله و غیرہ	۶۱۸ ۷ ۴	۶۱۸ ۷ ۴	۴ ۴ ۷½	ایضا
۴	۲۳۰	ایکسار پرگنہ بال	هرپرشاد نرائن وغیرہ	۸۱۲ ۱۱ ۰	۳۵۵ ۵ ۶	۱۲ ۱۳ ۱۰½	ایضا
۵	۳۳۰	پگهوري پرگنہ بال	سترهن سهاي وغیرہ	۶۳۹ ۱۲ ۹½	۱۵۵ ۷ ۳½	۱۶ ۴ ۶½	ایضا
۶	۹۳۱	جانب پرگنہ بارہ	طفیل الله غلام سرور وغیرہ	۲۲۲۸ ۳ ۶۳¾	۱۴۶ ۱۱ ۳۴¾	۱۷ ۱۴ ½	ایضا
۷	۹۹۷	سیوان پرگنہ بارہ	مسماۃ اله باندي ولي محمد وغیرہ	۵۰۴ ۱۲ ½	۳۷۶ ۹ ½	۷ ۱ ۳½	ایضا
۸	۱۱۶۵	رام پور چاند پرگنہ بارہ	رم سهاي سنگھ وغیرہ	۶۷۱ ۶ ۱۰	۵۸۱ ۶ ۱۰	۱۹ ۶ ۸۳¾	ایضا
۹	۱۲۱۵	بڈکا گانون پرگنہ بري	حکمت راي جدوناتهه راي وغیرہ	۶۲۶ ۱۲ ۲½	۶۲۶ ۱۲ ۲½	۱۱ ۱۵ ۱۱½	ایضا
۱۰	۱۵۸۷	پورنک گوري پرگنہ چوبارہ	گوپال سهاي اودان راي وغیرہ	۵۸۷ ۳ ۴	۳۴۷ ۶ ۰	۰ ۱۵ ۵½	ایضا
۱۲	۱۷۵۳	چراند پرگنہ چراند	گنگا دهر ساهو وغیرہ	۴۴۱۶ ۱۱ ۹½	۱۱۴۲ ۶ ۸½	۸۵ ۶ ۸۴¾	ایضا
۱۲	۲۲۹۳	بچراها پرگنہ گووہ	رام انوگهرہ اوپدهیا دیبي پاندہ وغیرہ	۶۲ ۱۴ ۱½	۱۷ ۱۵ ۱۱½	۹ ۶ ۲¾	ایضا
۱۳	۲۴۳۳	جهاب سوارس پرگنہ گووہ	ریت نرین سنگھ شیو سهاي سنگھ وغیرہ	۸۲۱ ۵ ۴	۳۰۴۴ ۱۱ ۱	۱۹ ۱۰ ۷۴¾	ایضا

نمبر شماري	نمبر توزيع	نام محال و پرگنه	نام مالك مندرجه سر رشته	مدرجمع مسلم محال	صدر جمع اُس حصه كا جو ميلام كيا جايگا	باقي جسكے سے نيلام هوگا	كيفيت
				پائي آنه روپيه	پائي آنه روپيه	روپيه آنه پائي	
۱۴	۲۴۵۹	دهرمراج پرگنه گوره	مهربان سنگه رام سهاي سنگه وغيره	۵ ۷ ۶۶۳	۶ ۵ ۲۹۵	۲ ۴ ۳½	ايضا
۱۵	۲۴۸۷	رسولپور پرگنه گوره	جيتو لعل عم و ولي درگا سرن نابالغ رام چرن سنگه وغيره	۳ ۴ ۱۴۳۵	۱۰ ۱۱ ۳۳۲	۱ ۱۱ ۸۳ ا	ايضا
۱۶	۲۵۲۰	دهوري پرگنه گوره	علام حسدن خان نبي داد خان وغيره	۴ ۵ ۵۱۷	۴ ۵ ۵۱۷	۲ ۱۰ ۰	ايضا
۱۷	۲۵۲۱	سرونجا پرگنه گوره	نايسر سهاي وغيره	۱½ ۲ ۱۱۱۳	۴½ ۱۱ ۲۰۴۴	۳۵ ۱ ۵½	ايضا
۱۸	۲۵۲۱	ايضا	كاندهاري لعل	۱½ ۲ ۱۱۳	۰ ۲ ۱۵۱	۴ ۵ ۶	ايضا
۱۹	۲۵۲۳	سگوري پرگنه گوره	نرج راج كنور گندهرپ كنور	۰ ۰ ۱۵۳۶	۰ ۰ ۱۵۳۶	۲ ۳ ۸	ايضا
۲۰	۲۵۹۲	شيخپور روضه پرگنه گوره	جيگرپال ساهو رام اگوره سنگه وغيره	۹½ ۱۳ ۶۰۲	۸ ۶ ۱۹۴	۱۱ ۹ ۱۱½	ايضا
۲۱	۲۶۱۳	كيروا كتّها پرگنه گوره	رام نرائن سنگه	۸ ۱۰ ۳۱۴۶	۸ ۶ ۶۸۵	۱ ۱ ۸	ايضا
۲۲	۲۶۱۳	ايضا	شيو ٹهل سنگه وغيره	۸ ۱۰ ۳۱۴۶	۰ ۱ ۷	۰ ۱۲ ۰	ايضا
۲۳	۲۸۱۳	امنور باندر پرگنه مئير	مولوي اظهر حسين	۳۳ ۱ ۱۲۴۸۵ ۴	۳ ۵ ۸ ۳۹۱	۰ ۱۴ ۵	ايضا
۲۴	۲۸۱۳	ايضا	جوگيشور سهاي وغيره	۳۳ ۱ ۱۲۴۸۵ ۴	۰ ۱ ۱۹۹	۵ ۴ ۶	ايضا
۲۵	۲۸۹۵	انڈي پرگنه مانجي	لوها راي گوردیال سنگه وغيره	۷ ۹ ۶۳۳	۸ ۱۵ ۵۴۶	۳ ۲ ۸	ايضا
۲۶	۲۹۸۴	انجني پور پرگنه مدّهل	بيجوراي وغيره ۴كو	۶ ۹ ۶۴۸	۹ ۱۰ ۲۶۴	۱۲ ۱۵ ۵½	ايضا
۲۷	۳۰۴۱	گيمهاري پرگنه مدّهل	مانوگي سنگه گاپت سنگه وغيره	۳½ ۴ ۴۲۲۸	۸½ ۱۲ ۲۷۸۲	۲۲ ۱۴ ۱۱½	ايضا
		قسم دويم محالات ددوسني ميعادي نا مالك					
۲۸	۴۳۹۷	دبارة دهات پرگنه مدّهل	هرسهاي سنگه وغيره	۰ ۰ ۵۹۱	۰ ۰ ۵۹۱	۳ ۱۲ ۹	ايضا

تحرير في التاريخ ۲۲ جون سنه ۱۸۷۴ ع محمد رفيع محرر

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Chittagong will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on the 21st day of August 1874, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 26th day of May 1874.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 3880.—Taraf Obedullah Sheik, Mahomed Osi, and Sheik Mahomed Ali; recorded proprietors, Aimona Bibi, Ahmed Ali Bonnijan Bibi, Abdullah Khan, Mahomed Bashirullah Chowdry, and Romijaddeen; sudder jumma, Rs. 678-7-0. The entire estate will be sold for arrears of Government revenue.

A. L. CLAY, *Offg. Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Patna will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district, on the 14th day of August 1874, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which, by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 8th day of June 1874.

CLASS I.—*Permanently settled Estates.*

Number of Towjee.	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Sudder Jumma.	Name of Proprietors.	REMARKS.
		Rs. A. P.		
8	Unmarkhas, Pergunnah Tilhara.	2,240 0 0	Hurrukh Sing, Puraymun Muhto, Tekchand Garain, Mullick Uhmud Hosein, Goburdhun Chowbey, Mussamut Purma Cour, mother and guardian of Shayuck Muhto oorf, Gujadhur Pershad Muhto, minor Son, and Torul Muhto, an unrecorded proprietor.	Out of sudder jumma Rs. 2,240, Rs. 1,400 to be deducted on account share of Goburdhone Chowbey, Mussamut Purma Cour, mother and guardian of Shayuck Muhto oorf, Gujadhur Persad Muhto, minor son and Torul Muhto whose shares were brought under partition according to the provisions of Section 33, Regulation XIX of 1814. Sudder jumma advertized for sale is Rs. 840 on account of the share of Hurrukh Sing Puraymun Muhto, Tekchand Gaarin, and Mullick Uhmud Hosein, non-applicants, which will be sold for arrears of Government revenue only.
65	Chatee, &c, Pergunnah Tilhara.	2,346 10 8	Moulvie Ushruf Hossen, Mussamut Mujeedun, Syed Ally Hossen, and Syed Meer Ally, Malicks.	The entire estate will be sold for arrears of Government revenue only.
210	Ranepore, Pergunnah Biswuk.	2,507 11 9	Motee Begum, Syed Uhmed Hossen, and Mussamut Khanumjan, Malicks.	Ditto ditto.
295	Mirjapore Geelanee, Pergunnah Tilhara.	1,318 0 0	Mussamut Saedjan, Mussamut Payaroonnissa, Mussamut Sungeejan, Mussamut Fureedun, Shekh Fida Ali, Mussamut Wuzeeroonnissa, Mussamut Baygoojaun, Mussamut Hossenulljan oorf Omrao Sahebay, Mussamut Seetara, Shekh Ameer Ally, Mussamut Bursatun, Mussamut Busharutoonnissa, herself and mother of Shekh Wahed Ally, minor son, Mussamut Shukulbaso, Mussamut Mun Cour, Mussamut Shukulbaso, mother and guardian of Gunouree Muhto, minor son, Gopal Muhto, and Shoopershad Chowdrie, Maliks.	Out of sudder jumma Rs. 1,318, Rs. 700-3 to be deducted on account shares of Mussamut Shukulbaso and Mussamut Mun Cour, &c., with whom separate accounts were opened under Section 10, Act XI of 1859, and share of Mussamut Mun Cour and Mussamut Shukulbaso, &c., non-applicants. Sudder jumma advertized for sale is Rs. 617-13 on account shares of Mussamut Saedjaun Payaroonnissa, Sungeejan, Mussamut Fureedun, Shekh Feda Ali, Mussamut Wuzeeroonnissa, Mussamut Baygoojan, Mussamut Hossenoejan oorf Omrao Shebay, Mussamut Seetara, Mussamut Busharutoonnissa, herself, mother, and guardian of Shekh Wahed Ally minor son, and Shekh Ameea Ally with whom separate accounts were opened under Section 10. Act XI of 1859, which will be sold for arrears of Government revenue only.
486	Pancheetara, Pergunnah Behar.	1,160 9 0	Mussamut Omutoolzohra oorf Beebee Bunno, Mahomed Baker, father and guardian of Waheedal Huq, &c., Maliks.	Out of sudder jumma Rs. 1,160-9, Rs. 1,132-0-5 to be deducted on account share of Mussamut Umutoolzohra oorf Beebee Bunno, &c., with whom separate accounts were opened under Section 10, Act XI of 1859, and whose shares were brought under partition according to the provisions of Section 33, Regulation XIX of 1814, and Syed Reza Ali, &c., non-applicants. Sudder jumma advertised for sale is Rs. 28-8-7 on account of 4 annas share of Syed Jumal Ali in mouzah Moheeooddeenpore dedkolee khoord bozoorg appertaining to lot Pancheetara, with whom separate account was opened under Section 10, Act XI of 1859, which will be sold for arrears of Government revenue only.
746	Arazee Toufur Jahungurpore Mugurpul resumed mehal, Pergunnah Shahpore Munair.	7,828 0 0	Nundkishwur Malik ...	The entire estate will be sold for arrears of Government revenue only.

PATNA COLLECTORATE, BANKIPORE, the 24th June 1874. A. C. MANGLES, *Collector.*

صاحب کلکٹر بہادر ضلع پٹنہ کے حکم سے

اشتہار نیلام مطابق دفعہ ۶ اکٹ ۱۱ سنہ ۱۸۵۹ عیسوی

سب کو جاننا چاہئے کہ بہ محال جو نیچے لکھا ہی بابت باقی مالگذاری سرکار و درسری دعوی جو مطابق آئین و قانون جاری کے باقی مالگذاری سرکار کے عارح وصول ہونی چاہئے و جو تاریخ ۸ ماہ جون سنہ ۱۸۷۴ ع کو پانے تھی تاریخ ۱۴ ماہ اگست سنہ ۱۸۷۴ عیسوی مطابق ۱۶ ماہ ساون سنہ ۱۲۸۱ فصلی دن جمعہ کو اس ضلع کے صاحب کلکٹر کے کچہری میں بلا عذر کے سب کے سامنے نیلام ہوگا فقط

قسم محال بندوبست دائمی

توزیع نمبر	نام محال تعداد پرگنہ	صدرجمع	نام مالکوں کا	کیفیت
۶	امنار خاص پرگنہ نیلاڈیہ	۲۲۴۰	ہرکھہ سنگھہ و پریمن مہتون و ٹیک چند گوائین و ملک احمد حسین وگوبردھن چوبہ و مسماۃ پرما کنور صادر والیہ شیوک مہتون عرف گجادھر پرشاد مہتون پسر نابالغ و ٹورل مہتون غیر مندرجہ سررشتہ مالکان مالگذاران	اسمیں سے صدرجمع ۱۴۰۱ منہائی ہوگا بابت حصہ گوبردھن چوبہ و مسماۃ پرما کنور صادر والیہ شیوک مہتون عرف گجادھر پرشاد مہتون پسر نابالغ و ٹورل مہتون جسکا حصہ زبر بلوارہ کیا گیا مطابق دفعہ ۳۳ قانون ۱۹ سنہ ۱۸۱۴ ع وصدر جمع بعد نیلام ہوگا ۸۴۰ بابت حصہ ہرکھہ سنگھہ و پریمن مہتون و ٹیکچند گوائین و ملک احمد حسین غیر مالکان کا بعلت باقی مالگذاری کے نیلام ہوگا
۶۵	چھاتی وغیرہ پرگنہ نیلاڈیہ	۲۳۴۶۰۱۰ ۸	مولوی اشرف حسین و مسماۃ مجیدن و سید علی حسن وسید میر علی مالکان مالگذاران	بعلت باقی مالگذاری کے مسلم محال نیلام ہوگا
۲۱۰	رانی پور پرگنہ نسوک	۲۵۰۷-۱۱-۹	مرتضی بیگم و سید احمد حسین و مسماۃ خانم جان مالکان مالگذاران	ایضا
۲۹۵	مرزاپور گیلاڈی پرگنہ نیلاڈیہ	۱۳۱۸	مسماۃ سید وجان و مسماۃ پیار النسا و مسماۃ سنگی جان و مسماۃ فریدن و شیخ فدا علی و مسماۃ وزیر لنسا و مسماۃ بیگو جان و مسماۃ حسینی جان عرف امراو صاحبہ و مسماۃ ستارا و شیخ امیر علی و مسماۃ نرسائن و مسماۃ اشارت النسا اصل بقسمہ مادر شیخ راحد علی پسر نابالغ و مسماۃ شکل بانو و مسماۃ مکور و مسماۃ شکل بانو مادر والیہ گیدوری مہتون پسر نابالغ گوپال مہتون و میر پرشاد چودھری مالکان مالگذاران	اسمیں سے صدر جمع ۷۰۱۰۳ منہائی ہوگا بابت حصہ مسماۃ شکل بانو و مسماۃ مکور وغیرہ جسکے ساتھہ حساب کھولا گیا بموجب دفعہ ۱۰ اکٹ ۱۱ سنہ ۱۸۵۹ ع و حصہ مکور و مسماۃ شکل بانو وغیرہ غیر سایلان و صدر جمع جو نیلام ہوگا ۶۱۷۰۱۳ حصہ مسماۃ سیدوجان و پیار النسا و سکی جان و مسماۃ فریدن و شیخ فدا علی و مسماۃ وزیر النسا و مسماۃ بیگو جان و مسماۃ حسینی جان عرف امراو صاحبہ و مسماۃ ستارہ و مسماۃ اشارت النسا اصل بقسمہا مادر والیہ و شیخ راحد علی بسر نابالغ و شیخ امیر علی جسکے ساتھہ حساب کھولا گیا بمراد دفعہ ۱۰ اکٹ ۱۱ ۱۸۵۹ ع بعلت باقی مالگذاری کے نیلام ہوگا
۳۸۲	پانچی ڈارا پرگنہ بہار	۱۱۶۰۹	مسماۃ امنۃ الزہرا عرف بی بی بنو و محمد باقر پدروالی وحید الحق و غیرہ مالکان مالگذاران	اسمیں سے صدر جمع ۱۱۳۲۰۵ منہائی ہوگا بابت حصہ مسماۃ امنۃ الزہرا عرف بی بی بنو وغیرہ جسکے ساتھہ حساب کھولا گیا بمراد دفعہ ۱۰ اکٹ ۱۱ سنہ ۱۸۵۹ ع وزبر بلوارہ کیا گیا بمراد دفعہ ۳۳ قانون ۱۹ ۱۸۱۲ ع و سید رضا علی وغیرہ غیر سایلان و صدر جمع جو نیلام ہوگا ۲۸۰۸۰۷ بابت چہار آنہ حصہ سید جمال علی واقع مرضع محی الدین پور دیوکای خورد نزرگ متعلقہ لاٹ پانچی ڈارا پرگنہ بہار جسکے ساتھہ حساب کھولا گیا بمراد دفعہ ۱۰ اکٹ ۱۱ ۱۸۵۹ ع بعلت باقی مالگذاری کے نیلام ہوگا
۷۳۶	اراضی توفیر جہانگیر پور صگر پال محال ضبطی پرگنہ شاہ پور منیر	۷۸۲۸۰۲	ندد کیصور مالک مال گدار	بعلت باقی مالگذاری کے مسلم محال نیلام ہوگا

فی التاریخ ۲۴ ماہ جون سنہ ۱۸۷۴ ع

العبد رگھوبنس سہائے توزیع نویس

माहिब कलकटर बहादुर जिले पाटनाके हुकुम से

इश्तहार नीलाम मुताबिक दफा ६ एकट ११ सन १८५९

सब को जानना चाहिये के यह महाल जो नीचे लिखा है बाबत बाकी मालगुजारी सरकार ओ दूसरे दावे जो मुताबिक आईन ओ कानन जारी के बाकी मालगुजारी सरकार की तरह वसूल होने चाहिये ओ जो तारीख ८ महीना जून सन १८७४ को पाने थे तारीख ६ १४ महीना अगस्त सन १८७४ मुताबिक ताः १६ महीना सावन सन १२८१ फसली दिन जुमा को इस जिले के साहेब कलकटर की कचहरी मे बिला उजुर के सब के सामने नीलाम होगा

तोजी नम्बर	नाम महाल और परगना	सदरजमा	नाम मालिकोंका	कैफियत
६	अमनारखास परगने तेलहाटा	२२४०	हरख सिंह ओ परेमन महतो ओ टेकचन्द गराई ओ मलिक अहमद होसेन ओ गोवर्धन चोबे ओ मोः परमाकुअर मादर वालिये सेवक महतो उरफ गजाधरपर्शाद महतो पेसर नाबालिग ओ टोरल महतो गैर मुन्दरजे सरिके मालकान मालगुजारान	इसमे से सदरजमा १४ मिनहाई होगा बाः हिः गोवर्धन चोबे ओ मोः परमा कुअर मादर वालिये सेवक महतो उरफ गजाधर प्रशाद महतो पेसर नाबालिग ओ टोरल महतो जिसका हिसे जेर बटवारा किया गेया मोताबिक दः ३३ काः १९ सन १८१४ ईः ओ सदरजमा जो निलाम होगा ८४० बाः हिसे हरख सिंह ओ प्रेमन महतो ओ टेकचन्द गराई ओ मलिक अहमद होसेन गैर सायलान का बइलत बाकी मालगुजारि के निलाम होगा
६५	छाति वगैरह परगने तेलहाटा	२३४६।=८	मवोलवि अशर्फ होसेन ओ मोः मजिदन ओ स्यद अलि हसन ओ स्यद मिर अलि मालकान मालगुजारान	बइलत बाकी मालगुजारि के मुसलम महाल निलाम होगा
२१०	रानिपुर परगने बेसबक	२५०७।=९	मोतिबेगम ओ स्यद अहमद होसेन ओ मोः खानम जान मालकान मालगुजारान	बइलत बाकी मालगुजारि के मुसलम महाल निलाम होगा
२९५	मजापुर गिलानि परगने तेलहाटा	१११८	मोः स्यदो जान ओ मोः प्यारउलनिसा ओ मोः संगिजान ओ मोः फरिदन ओ शेख फेदा अलि ओ मोः बजिरउलनिसा ओ मोः बेगुजान ओ मोः होस्यनिजान उरफ उमराव साहिबे ओ मोः सितारा ओ शेख अमिर अलि ओ मोः बर्सातन ओ मोः बसारत उलनिसा असल बिननफसहि मादर शेख वाहिद अलि पेसर नाबालिग ओ मोः शकल बासो ओ मोः मनकुअर ओ मोः शकल बासो मादर वालिये गंदौरि महतो पेसर नाबालिग गोपाल महतो ओ शिव प्रशाद चौधरि मालकान मालगुजारान	इसमे से सदरजमा ७००= मिनहाई होगा बाबत हिसे मोः शकबासो ओ मोः मनकुअर वगैरह जिसके साथ हिसाब खोला गेया बमौजिब द० १० एकट ११ सन १८५९ ईः ओ हिसे मनकुअर ओ मोः शकलबासो वगैरह गैर सायलान ओ सदरजमा जो निलाम होगा ६१७॥ – हिसे मोः स्यादोजान ओ प्यारउलनिसा ओ संगिजान ओ मोः फरिदन ओ शेखफेदा अलि ओ मोः बजिरउल निसा ओ मः बेगुजान ओ मोः होस्यनि उरफ उमराव साहिबे ओ मोः सितारा ओ मीः बशारतउलनिसा असलबिननफसहा मादर वालिये शेख वाहिद अलि पेसरनाबालिग ओ शेख अमिर अलि जिसके साथ हिसाब खोला गेया बमोराद दः १० एकट ११ सन् १८५९ ईः बइलत बाकी मालगुजारि के निलाम होगा

नीलामी नम्बर	नाम मदाल और परगना	सदरजमा	नाम मालिकों का	वैफियत
४८६	पांचितारा परगना बिहार	११९०॥ –	मौः उमतउल्ल जोहरा वरफ बिबि वगो बी मोहम्मद बाकर बेदर बालि वगैरह मालकान मालगुजारान	इसमें से सदरजमा ११९२॥ सिवाय चौना बाबत जिसे मौः उमतउल्ल जोहरा वरफ बिबि वगो वगैरह जिसके साथ हिसाब चौना लेना बमोराद द: १० रबउ ११ सन १८५९ ई: को और बटवारा किया लेना बमोराद द: २१ फागुन १९ सन १८१४ ई: को सदर रजा थलि वगैरह गैर सायलान को सदर जमा जो निलाम होना २८॥०० बाबत चारचाने जिसे सदर जमाल थलि बाकी मौजे चः मोछिबदिजपुर देवखलि वरद वजगं सुलचलके लाट पांचितारा परगना बिहार जिसके साथ हिसाब चौना लेना बगो राद: द: १० रबउ ११ सन् १८५९ ई: बदसत बाकी मालगुजारि निलाम होना
७४९	चारानि मौ-छिर अछानिर पुर मजरपाल मदाल जपति परगने माद-पुरमजेर	७८२८ –	अन्यिसर मालिक मालगुजार	बदसत बाकी मालगुजारि के सुसलम मदाल निलाम होना

तारिख २४ महिना जून सन १८७४ ई:

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, and under Section 3, Act VII of 1868, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Rungpore will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district, on Wednesday, the 29th July 1874, corresponding with 14th Sraban 1281, B.S., for arrears of revenue and other demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th March 1874.

CLASS I.—PERMANENTLY-SETTLED ESTATE.

To be sold for arrears of revenue.

No. 7.—Mouzah Moubhasha, &c., chackla Futtehpore. The shares of the recorded proprietors, Essan Chundra, Bhoyrub Chunder, Tara Mohun Chouhdry, Brojokishori Dassia, Dhanessury Dassia, Boroda Soondery, Joyuntee Debea, Nilkant Sirmah, Moharaja Nrependra Narain Bhoop Bahadoor, minor, Mohamed Sadutullah, for himself and Sadutullah and Komaruddin, on behalf of Majohurullah, Faratullah, and Enaitullah (minors), Mutiullah, Kutubullah, Harasundery Debya, Bamasundery Gupta Choudhurani, Shona Bibi, Amirullah, minor, Jodunath Shaha Chowdhry, having been separated under Sections 10 & 11, Act XI of 1859, are excluded. The shares of Ishan Chundra, Bhoyrub Chundra Chowdhry, Hurchunder Gossami, Protap Mul Rakha, Abrannessa Khatoom, and Hurish Chunder Roy, the sudder jumma of which is Rs. 719-5-5, will be sold for arrears of Government revenue. The entire sudder jumma of the estate is Rs. 6,554-13-8.

To be sold for arrears of revenue.

No. 241.—Mouzah Naskurpore, &c., pergunnah Borobillah. The shares of the recorded proprietors, Omaruddin Mohamed Chowdhry, Dhanessury Dassea, and Khajey Enaitullah Chowdhry having been separated under Section 11, Act XI of 1859, are excluded. The share of Omaruddin Mohamed Chowdhry will be sold. The sudder jumma of the share put up for sale is Rs. 46-5-10. The sudder jumma of the entire estate is Rs. 966-12.

RUNGPORE COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, the 8th June 1874. E. G. GLAZIER, *Offg. Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Shahabad will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on the 6th day of August 1874, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 8th day of June 1874.

Class II.—Temporarily-settled estates.

No. 923.—Mehal Kurmi, pergunnah Chusa; sudder jumma, Rs. 935; recorded proprietors, Chubinath Kooner, for herself and as guardian of Baboo Jugduma Pershad Sing, minor son, Luchmeepershad Sing, and Buxee Koonjbehary Lall, and others; will be sold for arrears of Government revenue amounting to Rs. 2-8-0.

Class I.—Permanently-settled estates.

No. 1686.—Mehal Mookraon, pergunnah Chynpore; sudder jumma of the entire mehal, Rs. 2,139-11-8; recorded proprietors, Ramjeawan Roy, Runjit Roy, Jaipal Roy, and others, non-applicants. The share of the above non-applicants alone, the sudder jumma of which is Rs. 1366, 2 *as.* 11 *p.* 0 *k.* 14 *m.* 6½ *d.* will be sold in satisfaction of Government revenue amounting to Rs. 4-10-6½, excepting the shares of the proprietors (applicants) with whom separate accounts have been opened under Section 11, Act XI of 1859.

SHAHABAD COLLECTORATE, the 19th June 1874. H. W. ALEXANDER, *Collector.*

साहिब कलक्टर बहादुर जिले के हुक्म से

इश्तहार नीलाम मुताबिक दफा ६ एक्ट ११ सन १८५९ सब को आगाह चाहिये के यह महाल जो नीचे लिखा है बाबत बाकी मालगुजारी सरकार की दूसरे दावे जो मुताबिक चार्टर की कानून जारी के बाकी मालगुजारी सरकार की तरफ वसूल होने चाहिये जो जो तारीख ८

महीना जून सन १८७४ को पाने से तारीख ६ महीना जनवरी सन १८७५ मुताबिक ता: ८ महीना आषन सन १२८१ फसली दिन मीरासपत् को इस जिले के साहेब कलक्टर की कचहरी में बिक्री उनके सब के सामने नीलाम होगा

तौजी नम्बर	नाम महाल और परगना	सदर जमा	नाम मालिकोंका	कैफियत
९२१	करमीपः चौरा	९५१	जवीलाल कुमारचन्द बोली बाबु जगदम्बाप्रसाद सींघ पेशर नाबालीग बो लछमी प्रसाद सींघ बो बख्शी कुंजबीहारीलाल बो बाबु पवावन सींघ बो बाबु मोल सींघ बो चखभी सींघ बो बखशराम इलाद सींघ पेदर बला बाबु पंचानन्द नाबालीग मोअम्मात देवकल कुमर मादर बो बालीर मोअम्मात राज पती कुमार बो मोअम्मात रामदेचाली कुमर बो बखशरन सींघ नराबन सींघ बो बखशर दखनप्रसाद सींघ बो बीजन सींघ बो राम नरायन सींघ बो राम कुमारी कुमार	बाकी १॥० एवाज महाल बाबत बीज ग्राम इलाहार ·१ चयरेक सन १८५८ बंदोबस्त से जादा है बरखत बाकी काबिल नीलाम होगा
११८६	खुबरा चप्रः-बैलपुर	२११८।= ८ मोअम्मबारा	राम बीचावन राय बो रनजीत राय जैबाल राय बखशद राय देवी राय विशेशर राय बो जोदुख चौबे जीवमल राय प्रसाद राय जीतीराय खरीद प्रसन राय मथुरा राय मानीक राय बो बखराज राय बो रामरबराय गुदनी राय जैमङ्गल राय बो मोअम्मात जमरानी कुवार रामकुली कुवार बो चाखबी राय रमेशर राय जैपालराय व रामन चौबे बो राजनैन राय बो नन्धकु राय बो अंजुर राय बो धुरबाधर राय मोबरन राय बखराम राय बो तुलसी मोअन राय बो बीरेश्वर राय बो दिखजोर राय बुदी राय बो दखजीत राय बो मोजा राय बो बीरजदेचाल राय बो कुलबंत तेवारी गैर मारखान तफरीक रोख	४।=।१।। ४।१ महाल चाजादबाचा है बरखतिश्रसार विशेशरखान तफरीक रोख जिसका जमा बमौजीवदफे ११ एक्ट ११ १।८१८५८ इसवी इलाहदे लाबाजाता है बाकीखिसी गैरमारखान तफरीक रोख व जमे ११५६=११ ४।१२।४ मशास्त ६।० जीसलीख नीलाम होगा

ता० १८ जून सन १८७४ मोताबीक मह चाषाढ चाबोचाल जल१२ ८१ शाख

NOTICE is hereby given under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the District of Gya will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 3rd day of August 1874, or 5th Sowan 1281 Fuslee, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 8th June 1874.

Towjih number.	Name of the mehal, and pergunnah.	Sudder jumma.	Arrears.	Name of the proprietors.	Remarks.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		
371	Mohummdpore Boodhoul, &c., Pergunnah Churkawan.	2,797 15 0	219 15 0	Ram Sahoy and Gouree Boyrath ...	In this estate the sudder jumma of Rs. 1,398-15 has been separated under Act XI of 1859, which is paid up. The arrear is due from the ijmalee portion of the estate which alone will be sold.
879	Jugdeospore, Pergunnah Goh.	603 12 0	18 3 0	Chandee Singh, Kusee Singh ...	In this estate the accounts of Government revenue of Rs. 37-12 have been separated under Act XI of 1859. The arrears Rs. 18-3 have not been paid, for which this share alone will be sold.
879	Ditto ...	Including with the above.	16 12 0	Doorga Singh, Kishen Dharee Singh, Sheoburn Singh, Retburn Singh, Imrit Singh, Khoob Lall Singh.	The account of the share, the revenue of which is Rs. 68-4, has been separated under Act XI of 1859, and Rs. 16-12 on account of this share have not been paid, for which that share alone will be sold.
879	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	16 12 0	Ponsot Singh, Bickun Singh ...	The account of this share Rs. 34-2 has been separated under Act XI of 1859, the arrears of this instalment Rs. 16-12 have not been paid, hence this share alone will be sold.
879	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	153 15 0	Mussamut Wojdeh Begum, *alias* Waldeh Begum, Meer Kadir Alli, Rajah Khan Bahadoor, Ugur Singh, Bindhoo Singh, Gungoo Singh, Ajeet Singh, Deodharree Singh, Mussamut Seeta Koour, Ram Lochun Singh, Deonarain Singh, Kashee Singh, Permeshur Singh, Syud Mehndee Hussein.	This is an ijmalee share bearing a sudder jumma of Rs. 363-10, the arrears of this instalment, Rs. 153-15, have not been paid, hence this ijmalee share will be sold.
866	Durrawan, Pergunnah Goh.	1,296 12 0	32 13 0	Bundhoo Singh, Peetumber Singh, Gangoo Singh, Ugur Singh, Mussamut Seeta Koour, Ramlochun Singh.	In this estate the revenue of the shares which have been separated under Act XI of 1859, has been paid. This balance of Rs. 32-13 is due from the ijmalee share, the sudder jumma of which is Rs. 184, and hence this share alone will be sold.
1171	Gowhurpoor, Sindhooaree, &c., Pergunnah Kubar.	6,105 12 0	800 0 0	Deeanut Roy, Moonshee Syud Ameer Alli, Mussamut Naseeran, Roopchund Sahoo, Kalee Dutt, Pran Singh, Sham Lall, himself and guardian of Chotoo Singh, cousin brother; Bhekhdharee Singh, Boijnath Singh, Deep Singh.	In this estate the account of Government revenue of other shares has been separated under Act XI of 1859, but Rs. 800 appertaining to the ijmalee share have not been paid, hence the above ijmalee share alone will be sold.
3067	Pankerdeeh, Mulleeharee, Pergunnah Sherghotty.	15,999 14 0	438 14 0	Hazaree Lall, Nadir Beebee, Imam Alli Khan, Usmut Beebee, Heedaet Beebee, Rumzan Khan, Beemo Beebee, Lall Beebee, Kazim Alli Khad, Akhowree Chutterdharee Ram, Shauk Lall, Kurn Lall, Sheodoyal Singh, Bholanauth, Syud Meer Khan, Ibrahim Alli Khan, Anis Khan, Mehur Khan, Bukut Khan, Raheem Khan, Jarbeharee Lall, Beharee Lall, Saheb Singh, Khadoo Lall, Wajid Alli, Syud Mohummud Hossein, Syud Fazul Hossein, Sheik Ohmadullah, Oomroow Beebee, Moharaj Singh, Mussamut Moonja Koour, mother and guardian of Sheburn Singh, minor son; Suroop Narain Shooraj, Bhartbee Johul Singh, Jugurnath Singh, Goornarain Singh, Boolakee Singh, himself and guardian of Bhergoonath Singh, and Hurdeosorn Singh, minors, Basunt Singh, Noodhance Singh, Man Singh, Jodhee Singh,	In this estate the account of Government revenue of other shares has been separated under Act XI of 1859, has been paid, but Rs. 438-14, appertainining to the ijmalee share, the revenue of which is Rs. 2,674-15 have not been paid, hence the above ijmalee share alone will be sold.

Towjih number.	Name of the mehal and pergunnah.	Sudder jumma.	Arrears.	Name of the proprietors.	REMARKS.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.		
				Akhowree Hurbur Lall, Nurkoo Lall, Mussamut Mahumdoo Begum, Hunsraj Lall, Mussamut Jan Beebee, Mussamut Ameeroo Beebee, Adam Khan, Ajodhya Singh, Jungee Singh, Seewan Singh, Sheocharn Singh, Lalloo Singh, Tasadook Alli Khan, Mussamut Fakarulnissa Beebee, *alias* Chumun Beebee, Mussamut Kasm Beebee, Fazul Hossein Khan, Abdool Hossein Khan, Ushruff Hossein Khan, Bahadoor Hossein Khan, Faizulla Khan, *alias* Furzool Khan, Mussamut Maneeran Beebee, Abdoolgafoor Khan, *alias* Bokharee Khan, Mussamut Fuzloo Beebee, Jungee Singh, Audit Singh, Chowdhree Tahal Singh, Dabee Singh, Doorga Singh, Chowdhree Nund Singh, Tahal Singh, Lakhoo Singh, Tahal Singh, Dabee Singh, Doorgo Singh, Sheosahoy Singh, Mussamut Roopkalee Koour.	
3190	Surawan Mehal consisting of 41 waste villages.	6,110 1 0	1,909 7 0	Mrs. E. M. Hanney, leaseholder	This is not a permanently settled estate, but a temporary settlement for 20 years has been made from 1260 to 1285 Fuslee.
3224	Koondul Talooka, Pergunnah Sherghotty.	2,303 5 0	62 3 0	Ufzul Beebee, Baboo Seekunder Alli Khan, Roshun Beebee, Syud Alli Roza, Syud Habeebul Husnan, Daood Alli, Mussamut Fazilutulnissa, *alias* Chukoo, Goorsahay Sahoo, Mussamut Sauch Beebee, Sookhdeo Sahoy, Nainmanik Koour, Gunput Lall, Chinnun Sahoo, Chet Lall, Khirodhor Padhya, Abas Gemnoo Padhya, Abdool Alli Khan, Nasir Alli Khan, Mussamut Thakoora Koour, Luchmee Mahton, Saheb Alli Khan, Mussamut Fazilutulnissa, *alias* Chukoo, 2nd, wife of Habeebul Husnan, deceased.	The revenue of other shares in this estate which have been separated under Act XI of 1859, has been paid, but Rs. 62-3, appertaining to the ijmalee share, whose Government revenue is Rs. 1,390 have not been paid, hence the ijmalee share will be sold.
3265	Manee Chuck Talooka, Pergunnah Sherghotty.	658 1 0	1 1 0	Ufzul Beebee, guardian of Susun Beebee; Baboo Seekunder Alli Khan, Sahib Singh, Luckee Mahto, Bahadoor Alli Khan.	In this estate the revenue of the shares which have been separated under Act XI of 1859, has been paid, but Re. 1-1, appertaining to the ijmalee share, whose Government revenue is Rs. 209-13, is not paid in this instalment, hence this share alone will be sold.

GYA COLLECTORATE, the 8th July 1874. A. V. PALMER, *Collector.*

کچہري کلکٹري ضلع گيا

اشتہار نامہ نيلام مطابق دفعہ ٦ - ايکٹ ١١ سنہ ١٨٥٩ع

واضح هو کہ يہہ محال جو نيچے لکها هي بابت باقي مالگذاري سرکار و ديگر دعوي جو مطابق آئين و قانون مجاريہ کے باقي مالگذاري سرکار کے طرح وصول هونا چاهئے اور جو تاريخ ٨ جون سنہ سنہ ١٨٧٤ع کو پايا تها تاريخ ٣ - اگست سنہ ١٨٧٤ع مطابق ٥ ساون سنہ ١٢٨١ فصلي روز سوموار کو اس ضلع کے صاحب کلکٹر کے کچہري مين نلا عذر سب کے سامنے نيلام هوگا۔

نمبر	نمبر توزيع	نام محال و پرگنہ	جمع صدر	نام مالکان باقيداران	کيفيت	تعداد باقي
دائمي	٣٧١	محمد پور بودهول وغيرہ پرگنہ چر کانوان	٢٧٩٧-١	رام سہاے و گوري بيچناتهہ ...	محال هذا مين اور حصہ بموجب ايکٹ ١١ سنہ ١٨٥٩ع کے تحصيل وصول عليحدہ هوتا هي وہ بيباق هي باقي هذا بحصہ اجمال هي جسکا جمع صدر ١٢٩٨-١٥ هي باقي چاهئے	٢١٩٠١٥
ايضا	٨٧٩	جگديش پور ارندي پرگنہ گوہ	٥٠٣-١٢	چندي سنگہ کاشي سنگہ ...	يہہ حصہ بموجب ايکٹ ١١ سنہ ١٨٥٩ع کے تحصيل وصول عليحدہ هوتا هي وجمع صدر اوسکا ٣٧-١٢ هي باقي چاهئے	١٨٠٣
ايضا	شامل ايضا	ايضا	شامل ايضا	درگا سنگہ وکشددهاري سنگہ و ايرن سنگہ و ايرن سنگہ و امرت سنگہ و خوب لعل سنگہ	يہہ حصہ بموجب ايکٹ ١١ سنہ ١٨٥٩ع کے عليحدہ تحصيل و وصول هوتا هي وجمع صدر اوسکا ٦٨٠٤ هي باقي چاهئے	١٦٠١٢
ايضا	شامل ايضا	ايضا	شامل ايضا	سونيت سنگہ و نهيکن سنگہ ...	يہہ حصہ بموجب ايکٹ ١١ سنہ ١٨٥٩ع تحصيل ووصول عليحدہ هوتا هي وجمع صدر اوسکا ٣٤٠٢ هي باقيچاهئے	١٦٠١٢
ايضا	شامل يضا	ايضا	شامل ايضا	مسماة واجدہ بيگم عرف والدہ بيگم و مير قادر علي و راجہ خان بهادر و آگر سنگہ و نندهو سنگہ و گنگو سنگہ و رجيت سنگہ و ديودهاري سنگہ و مسماة سينا کنور و رام لوچن سنگہ و ديو نرابن سنگہ وکاشي سنگہ و پرميشر سنگہ و سيد مهدي حسين	يہہ حصہ بعد تفريق رول ديگر حصہ کے بصيغہ اجمال هي جمع صدر اوسکا ٣٦٣-١٠ هي باقي چاهئے	١٥٣٠١٥
ايضا	٨٩٦	کندوان پرگنہ کوہ	١٢٢٦-١٢	بندهوسنگہ و پيتمبر سنگہ وگانگو سنگہ و آگر سنگہ و مسماة سينا کنور و رام لوچن سنگہ	محال هذا مين اور حصہ بموجب ايکٹ ١١ سنہ ١٨٥٩ع کے تحصيل وصول عليحدہ هوتا هي وہ سب حصہ بيباق هي يہہ باقي بحصہ اجمال کہ جمع صدر اوسکا ١٨٤ هي باقي چاهئے	٣٢٠١٣
ايضا	١١٧١	گوهر پور سندواري وغيرہ پرگنہ کانر	٦٠١٥ ١٢	ديانت راے و ماشي سيد اميرعلي و مسماة نصيرن و روپچند ساهو و کالي دت و پران سنگہ و شام لعل خون والياں جهوٹو سنگہ برادرعموي حقيقي و بهيکہ دهاري سنگہ و بيچناتهہ سنگہ و ديب سنگہ	محال هذا مين اور حصہ بموجب ايکٹ ١١ سنہ ١٨٥٧ع کے تحصيل وصول عليحدہ هوتاهي وہ سب بيباق هي اور يہہ باقي بحصہ اجمال کہ جسکا جمع صدر ٨٤١٢-٨ هي چاهئے	٨٠١

قسم محال	نمبر توزیع	نام محال و پرگنه	جمع صدر	نام مالکان باقیداران	کیفیت	تعداد باقي
ایضا	۳۰۶۷	پانکرڈ یہہ تلہاري وغیرہ تعلقہ پرگنہ شہر گھاٹی	۱۵۴۹۹-۱۴	هزاری لال و نادر بي بي و امام علی خان و عصمت بي بي و هدایت بي بي و رمضان خان و بدون بی بي و لال بي بي و قاسم علي خان و اکهوري چهتر دهاري رام و شوق لال و کرن لال و سیو دیال سنگهه و بهولا ناتهه و سید میرخان و ابراهیم علي خان و عزیز خان و مهرجان و نجیب خان و رحم خان و جے بهاري لال و بهاري لال و صاحب سنگهه و گیندو لال دادار علي و سید محمد حسن و سید فضل حسن شیخ احمد الله و امراو بي بي و مهاراج سنگهه و مسماة مونجا کنور والده والیه ا بیرن سنگهه پسر نابالغ و سروپ نراین و سیو راج بهاري و جهل سنگهه و جگر ناتهه سنگهه و گورنرین سنگهه و بلاقی سنگهه خودها والیان هرکو ناتهه سنگهه و هردیو سون سنگهه نابالغان و سیب سنگهه و نندهالي سنگهه و بالکه و جودهي سنگهه و اکهوري هربخش لال و هرکو لال و مسماة محمدو بیگم و هنسراج لال و مسماة جان بي بي و مسماة امیرن بي بي و آدم خان و اجودهیا سنگهه و جنکي سنگهه و سیون سنگهه و سیوچرن سنگهه و لالو سنگهه و تصدق علي خان و مسماة فخرالنسا بي بي عرف چمن بي بي و مسماة خانم بي بي و فضل حسین خان و عبد الحسین خان و اشرف حسین خان و بهادر حسین خان و فیض الله خان عرف مرادن خان و مسماة منیرن بي بي و عبد الغفور خان عرف بکهوري خان و مسماة فضلو بي بي و جنکي سنگهه و روپ سنگهه و چودهري سیتل سنگهه و دیبي سنگهه و درگا سنگهه و چودهری سیتل سنکهه و سیتل سنگهه و لکهن سنگهه و سیتل سنگهه و دیبي سنگهه و درگا سنگهه و سیوسهاے سنگهه و مسماة روپ کلي کنور	محال هذا مین اور حصه بموجب اکٹ ۱۱ سنه ۱۸۵۹ع کے علیحده تحصیل وصول هوا هي وه سب بیباق هي اور یهه باقي بحصه اجمال جسکا جمع صدر ۲۶۷۴-۱۵ هي چاهئے	۴۳۸-۱۴
مستاجري	۳۱۹۰	سرا نوان تعلقه محال ۴۱ قلم دیهات ویرانه پرگنه شهرگهاٹي	۳۱۱۰۰۱	مسٹریس اي یم هلوي صاحبه یکي از مالکه بطور مستاجر	محال هذ بندوبست بست ساله ابتداي سنه ۱۲۶۶ لغایته سنه ۱۲۸۵ فصلي بجمع مختلف بر سنه حال لغایته سنه ۱۲۸۲ فصلي مبلغ ۵۴۳۱-۳ مال و مبلغ و مبلغ ۶۷۸-۱۴ مالکانه جمله مبلغ ۶۱۱۰-۱ وازابتداي سنه ۱۲۸۳ لغایته سنه ۱۲۸۵ فصلي مبلغ ۶۷۲۸-۳ مال و مبلغ ۸۴۱ مالکانه جمله مبلغ ۷۵۶۹-۳ جمع هي	۱۰۴۹

قسم محال	نمبر توزيع	نام محال و پرگنه	جمع صدر	نام مالکان باقيداران	کيفيت	تعداد باقي
دائمي	٣٢٢٤	کوندل تعلقه پرگنه شهرگهاٹي	٢٣٠٣٠٥	افضل بي بي و بابو سکندر علي خان و روش بي بي و سيد علي رضا و سيد حبيب الحسين و داود علي و مسماة فضل النسا عرف جنکو و کور سهاے ساهو و مسماة سانج بي بي و سکديو سهاے بين مانک کنور و گنپت لال و چمن ساهو و حب لال وگرودهر اپدهيا عرف کنو پدهيا و عبد العي خان و نظر علي خان و مسماة ٹهکورو کنور و لچمي مهتون و صاحب علي خان و مسماة فضل النسا عرف مسماة جنگو زوجه ثانيه سيد حبيب الحسين مرحوم	اور حصه محال هذا مين بموجب اکٹ ١١ سنه ١٨٥٩ مسيحه کے تحصيل وصول عليحده هوتا هي وه سب حصه بيباق هي اور يهه باقي بحصه اجمال جسکا صدر ١٣٢٠٠١ هي چاهئے	٦٢٠٣
ايضا	٣٢٦٥	منشي چک تعلقه پرگنه شهرگهاٹي	٦٥٨٠١	افضل بي بي والي حسن بي بي و بابو سکندر علي خان و صاحب سنگهه و لچمي مهتون و بهادر علي خان	محال هذا مين اور حصه بموجب اکٹ ١١ سنه ١٨٥٩ مسيحه کے تحصيل وصول عليحده هوتا هي وه سب بيباق هي اور يهه باقي بحصه اجمال جسکا جمع صدر ٢٠٩١٣ هي چاهئے	١٠١

العبد طالور سنگهه محرر منشي خانه کلکٹر يصلع گيا

تحرير في التاريخ ٢٥ جون سنه ١٨٧٤ عيسوي

AZHUROL HUQ, *Deputy Collector.*

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates in the district of Jessore will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on the 29th day of August 1874, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by the regulations and acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due, on the 29th day of June 1874.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 99.—Turuf Hurihurpore, Pergunnah Shahjehon Nuggur; recorded proprietors, Joydoorga Debia, Ruttunmony and Chittra Soondure Dassia, Mr. Thomas Oman, and others. Sudder Jumma of the entire estate Rs. 1,058-0-8. The estate will be sold for arrears of Government revenue amounting to Rs. 7-12-3, after deducting the second share of the proprietors, Mr. Thomas Oman and others. Sudder Jumma Rs. 623-14-0.

No. 4575.—Pergunnah Bhotla, recorded proprietor, Rajah Burda Kant Roy Bahadoor, Sudder Jumma Rs. 5,087-1-7¾, will be sold for arrears of Government revenue As. 12-2½.

No. 4585.—Abadkari right of Soondurbuns Mehal Kathalia, recorded proprietor Soodha Sindhoo Bundopadhya. Sudder Jumma Rs. 710-8-0, will be sold for arrears of Government revenue, Rs. 101-8-0.

No. 4821.—Dehi Kanarail, Pergunnah Moolghur, recorded proprietors, Mudhoodur Moonjur, Doorga Churn and Sib Churn Chowdhury, Tarini Churn Bose, Meerbunda Ali Nukiza, and Luteefa Bebi, Jugo Mohun Chatterjee, Gholam Hadem, Dwarka Nath Bose, Kisto Mohun Dass, Ram Churun Chuckerbutty, Gowre Mohun Sircar, Issur. Chunder Bose, Meer Hubeebuss Subhan, Bungshi Mohun Bose, Bindabun Chunder Sircar and others. Sudder Jumma of the entire estate, including Police, Rs. 5,254-0-4. The estate will be sold for arrears of Government revenue amounting to Rs. 1-1-6, after deducting the second and third shares of the proprietors, Bindabun Chunder Sircar and others and Ramdhun Biswas. Sudder Jumma Rs. 574-10-6, and Rs. 2,062-9-7 respectively.

A. SMITH, *Collector.*

JESSORE COLLECTORATE, the 25th July 1874.

NOTICE is hereby given under Section VI, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates in the district of Moorshedad will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district, on the 7th day of September 1874, for arrears of revenue due on the 5th day of June 1874.

Serial number.	Class.	Number of Towjib.	Names of mehal and pergunnah.	Name of proprietor.	Government Revenue.	Remarks.
					Rs. A. P.	
1	1st	2790	Turuf Koomarapore, Pergunnah Asadunggar.	Moonshee Shahamutally ...	2,080 8 9	Whole mehal.

W. WAVELL, *Collector.*

MOORSHADABAD COLLECTORATE, the 21st July 1874.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section VI, Act XI of 1859, and Section 5 of Act VII of 1868, that the undermentioned Estates in the district of Moorshedabad will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district, on the 7th day of September 1874, for arrears of revenue due on the 28th day of June 1874.

Number in the rent roll.	Class.	Names of Mehals and Pergunnahs.	Proprietors.	Government Revenue.	Remarks.
274	1st class	Kismut, Pergunnah Behorole. Pergunnah Behorole.	Puddolochun, Rajkoomar, Shamasunkur, Oomashankur, Doorgashankur Chowdry, Ram Gopall, Gour Chunder Mundle, Sokhesoondery, and Roop Mundle.	Sudder Jumma of the entire Mehal is Rs. 1,149-15-9.	Entire mehal will be sold.
439	Ditto ...	Kismut, Pergunnah Shomuskhanee, Pergunnah Shomuskhanee.	Nobokishore, Radhakristo, Haroprosbad Roy, Madhubkisore, Loharam, Gopal Das, Mohamed Shome, Koonj Beharee Chowdry, Wooma Soondery Burmunnia, mother and guardian of Nuffur Das and Soorjnarain Roy, minors, Endro Chunder and Nobin Chunder Chattoorjea and Sreekant Biswas.	Sudder Jumma of the entire mehal is Rs. 1,860-11-4. That, exclusive of the shares of Wooma Soondery, Burmunnia, mother and guardian of Nuffer Das and Soorj Narain Roy, minors ... 386 6 7 Koonj Beharee Chowdry ... 100 0 0 Endro Chandro Chuttopaddhia 123 15 0 Total ... 610 5 7 Is ... 1,270 5 9	The rights and interest of the proprietors in the separate estate except those of the persons mentioned in the foregoing column will be sold.
479	Ditto ...	Turuf Sorsha, Pergunnah Barhueing.	Syud Shahushah, Bebee Mokorumuta Nessa, and Hobibun Nessa Bebee.	Sudder Jumma of the entire mehal Rs. 945-9-6.	Entire mehal will be sold.

W. WAVELL, *Collector.*

MOORSHEDABAD COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, the 22nd July 1874.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates in the District of 24-Pergunnahs, will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that District, on the 25th day of August 1874, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue, due on the 29th day of June 1874.

CLASS II.—TEMPORARILY-SETTLED ESTATES.

For arrears of Government Revenue.

No. 1392.—Lot No. 163.—Tamush Hillgunge, recorded Proprietor, Syud Ajgur Ali, present Sudder Jumma Rs. 493-12, progressing to Rs. 1,975 in 1358, *B. S.* A case is pending for resumption of the Estate under the Soonderbun rules.

24-PERGUNNAHS' COLLECTORATE, the 23rd July 1874. T. REES, *Dy. Collr. in charge.*

NOTICE is hereby given that under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned Estates, in the district of Tirhoot, will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on Monday, the 31st August 1874, corresponding with 4th Bhodo 1281 Fusly, for arrears of revenue due on the 8th day of June 1874 :—

Serial No.	Number on towjih.	Name of Mehal and Pergunnah.	Name of proprietor.	Government revenue of entire estate.	Government revenue of the share to be sold.	Amount of arrears for which the estate is to be sold.	REMARKS.
				Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
1	35	Jowaspurendar, Pergunnah Balagurh.	Dwarka Nath Singh ...	2,891 5 7	180 13 7	17 3 4	
2	.....	Ditto ...	Rambuxah Rana, &c. ...		23 7 10	13 6 10	
		Ditto ...	Ramdoyal Chowdhery, &c. ...		415 6 10½	27 1 9½	
2	39	Ditto ...	Musst. Janki Kuor, mother and guardian of Azurlall.	843 8 6	838 14 8	2 7 4	
3	55	Malkalipur Busroog, Pergunnah Balagurh.	Raj Koomar Singh, &c. ...	3,457 5 4	341 11 2	8 15 11	
4	146	Chandpura, Pergunnah Bissarah.	Sumrun Takur, &c. ...	600 6 5	19 15 10	4 2 2	
5	587	Bhagwanpur, Pergunnah Dhurowe.	Musst. Bidyaputti Kuor ...	1,411 7 3	349 9 9	87 6 4	
		Ditto ...	Dhurmnarain Singh, &c. ...		1,061 13 6	300 9 3	
6	710	Bithowli, Pergunnah Bissarah.	Kehriral, &c. ...	1,201 12 10	1,201 12 10	39 4 9	The entire estate will be sold.
7	746	Lodipur, Pergunnah Bissarah.	Chiun Lall, &c. ...	763 5 7	331 9 6	77 2 11	
8	773	Razhunathpur, Pergunnah Bissarah.	Baniram, &c. ...	2,145 4 3	2,145 4 3	133 1 1	The entire estate will be sold.
9	820	Mujhowli, Pergunnah Bissarah.	Domi Khan, &c. ...	3,163 11 2	3,163 11 2	29 0 7	Ditto.
10	821	Makundpur Sugara, Pergunnah Bissarah.	Bamperaad Singh, &c. ...	1,974 0 9	491 6 0	49 13 10	
11	1,190	Beerpur Ilmaspur, Pergunnah Hajipur.	Mukhumar Singh, &c. ...	1,565 5 4	269 15 6	47 5 10	
12	1,238	Shahpur Kuatpore, Pergunnah Hajipur.	Kuor Singh, &c. ...	506 10 8	506 10 8	9 6 4	The entire estate will be sold.
13	1,240	Gobindpur Gokhulu, Pergunnah Hajipur.	Sree Narain Singh, &c. ...	836 6 11	102 5 3	9 13 4	
14	1,243	Gobindpur, Pergunnah Hajipur,	Chowdhery Asit Narain Singh, &c.	1,303 0 9	903 0 4	96 9 6	
15	1,264	Rampur Karari and Barari, Pergunnah Hajipur.	Lalljee Muhton, &c. ...	856 0 0	107 0 0	26 12 0	
16	1,509	Aktara, Pergunnah Jarail.	Khugput Mowar, &c. ...	747 11 3	747 11 3	184 15 7	The entire estate will be sold.
17	24,42	Bihata, Pergunnah Piudaruch.	Shaik Ghoolamnabi, &c. ...	648 10 10	7 15 6	4 4 4	
18	2,445	Bahadurpur, Pergunnah Pindaruch.	Musst. Ulfut, &c. ...	705 6 3	476 12 7	69 3 8	
19	2,648	Burmhpur Katahi. Pergunnah Rutti.	Shewgopal Rai, &c. ...	1,085 15 9	339 1 1	9 10 4	
20	3,004	Shahmahamadpur, appertaining to Husanipur, Pergunnah Suresa.	Bhola Chowdhery, &c. ...	545 1 1	23 0 0	9 9 0	
21	3,097	Moriyaro, Pergunnah Suresa.	Mohur Khan, &c. ...	675 11 9	490 1 10	117 5 10	
22	3,103	Muhathi, Pergunnah Suresa.	Bahadur Singh, &c. ...	2,133 10 2	2,133 10 2	65 11 7	The entire mehal will be sold.
23	3,106	Mostafapurlihat, Pergunnah Suresa.	Khugput Maout, &c. ...	1,387 11 9	1,387 11 9	40 13 7	Ditto.
24	3,121	Hurpurlodol, Pergunnah Suresa.	Hira Rai, &c. ...	683 11 10	604 7 10	93 14 10	
25	5,353	Arasi Gunghurar Jurwonpur, Pergunnah Hajipur.	Shewraj Singh, &c. ...	1,517 2 3	1,517 2 3	943 4 10	The entire mehal will be sold.
26	7,296	Deodha Usrahi, Pergunnah Bhulla.	Shaik Hydurally ...	712 8 1	712 8 1	146 7 10	Ditto.
27	7,447	Tengraha Gobhaipur, Pergunnah Mowa Kollan.	Musst. Parbati Kuor, &c. ...	993 8 10	993 8 10	248 6 6	Ditto.

G. J. B. T. DALTON,
Covenanted Deputy Collector, for Collector.

TIRHOOT COLLECTORATE, the 20th July 1874.

اشتہار

اس تحریر کے روسے خاص و عام کو دفعہ ۶-ایکٹ ۱۱ سنہ۱۸۵۹ع کے مطابق اطلاع دي جاتي هي که علاقجات موسومه ذیل موقوعه ضلعه ترهت بعلت زر باقي وغیرہ مطالبه جنکو قوانین اور یکڈن متمشیه کے روسے وصول کرنا جائز هي اور اس زر باقي اور مطالبه کو تا تاریخ ۸ جون سنه۱۸۷۴ع غایت اداے مالگذاري سرکار اداے کرنا واجب تها بالضرور بتاریخ ۳۱ اگست سنه ۱۸۷۴ع مطابق ۴ بهادون سنه ۱۲۸۱ فصلي روز دو شنبه کچهري کلکٹري ضلعه ترهت مین نیلام هوگا

محالات بندوبستي استمراري

نمبر شمار	نمبر توزیع	نام محال و پرگنه	نام مالک	صدر جمع محال مسلم	صدر جمع اوس حصه کا جو نیلام کیا جائیگا	باقي جسکے بالغ نیلام هوگا	کیفیت
۱	۳۵	جونان پور رودر پرگنه بالاگنج	بابو دوارکا ناتهه سنگه	۷ ۰ ۲۸۹۱	۱۸۰ ۷ ۱۲	۱۷ ۳ ۴	
			رام بخش رامان و غیرہ	ایضا	۲۳ ۷ ۱۰	۱۳	۱۰۰
			رام دیال چودهوري وغیرہ	ایضا	۴۱۵ ۶ ۱۰	۲۷	۹۱
۲	۳۹	جونان پور پرگنه بالا گنج	مسماة جانکي کنور صادر والیه وزیر لعل پسر نابالغ	۸۴۳ ۸ ۸	۸۲۸ ۱۴ ۳	۲ ۷ ۳	
۳	۵۵	ملکیت علي دوربزرگ پرگنه بالاگنج	راجکمار سنگه وغیرہ	۳۴۳۷ ۵ ۴	۲۴۱ ۱۱ ۲	۳ ۱۵ ۱۱	
۴	۱۴۶	جاند پوره ڈیه بهت سله پرگنه سارن	بابو سمرن ٹهاکر وغیرہ	۶۶۰ ۶ ۵	۱۹ ۱۵ ۱۰	۴ ۲ ۲	
۵	۵۸۷	بهگوان پور پرگنه دهرور	مسماة بهدیا پتي کنور	۱۴۱۱ ۷ ۳	۳۴۹ ۹ ۹	۸۷ ۶ ۴	
			دهرم نرائن سنگه وغیرہ	ایضا	۱۰۶۱ ۱۳ ۶	۳ ۹ ۲	
۶	۷۱۰	بهگواي چکله گرجول پرگنه سارن	کهگري راي وغیرہ	۱۰۲۱ ۲ ۱۰	۱۲۰۱ ۱۲ ۱۰	۳۹ ۴ ۹	
۷	۷۴۸	بردي پور چکله گرهول پرگنه سارن	جیتن لعل وغیرہ	۷۶۳ ۵ ۷	۳۸۱ ۹ ۶	۷۷ ۲ ۱۱	
۸	۷۷۲	رگهوناتهه پور چکله رجول پورگنه سارن	دشي رام وغیرہ	۲۱۴۵ ۴ ۳	۲۱۴۵ ۴ ۳	۳۱۲ ۱ ۱	
۹	۸۲۰	مچهولي چکله گرجول پرگنه سارن	ڈومي جان وغیرہ	۳۱۶۳ ۱۱ ۲	۳۱۶۳ ۱۱ ۲	۲۹	۷
۱۰	۸۲۱	مکنه پور سنگسار چکله گرجول پرگنه سارن	رام پرشاد سنگه وغیرہ	۱۹۷۴ ۹	۴۹۱ ۶	۴۹ ۱۳	۱۰
۱۱	۱۱۹۰	صهر پور الماس پور پرگنه حاجي پور	صنکهوار سنگه وغیرہ	۱۵۶۵ ۵ ۴	۲۶۹ ۱۵ ۶	۷۴ ۵	۱۰
۱۲	۱۲۲۸	ساه پور قوت پور پرگنه حاجي پور	کنور سنگه وغیرہ	۵۰۶ ۱۰ ۸	۵۰۶ ۱۰ ۸	۹ ۶	۴

نمبر شمار	نمبر توزیع	نام محال و پرگنه	نام مالك	صدز جمع محال مسلم	صدز جمع اوس حصه کا جو نیلام کیا جائیگا	باقي جسکے لئے نیلام هوگا	کیفیت
۱۳	۱۲۴۰	گوبند پور گوکیلا پرگنه حاجي پور	سري نراین سنگه وغیره	۸۳۶ ۶ ۱۱	۱۰۲ ۵ ۳	۹ ۱۳ ۴	
۱۴	۱۲۴۲	گوبند پور پرگنه حاجي پرر	جودهري اجیت نراین سنگه وغیره	۱۲۹۳ ۹	۹۰۳ ۴	۹۶ ۹ ۶	
۱۵	۱۲۶۴	رام پور قرا ري براري پرگنه حاجي پور	لعلجي مهتون وغیره ..	۸۵۶	۱۰۷	۲۶ ۱۲	
۱۶	۱۵۶۹	بکسارا پرگنه جربل	کهکت موار وغیره ..	۷۷۴ ۱۱ ۳	۷۴۷ ۱۱ ۳	۱۸۴ ۱۵ ۷	
۱۷	۲۲۴۲	بهٹا پرگنه نندراج	شیخ غلام نبي وغیره ..	۶۴۸ ۰۱ ۰۱	۷ ۵۱ ۶	۴ ۴ ۴	
۱۸	۲۴۴۵	بهادر پور پرگنه تدارج	مسماة الفت وغیره .	۷۰۵ ۶ ۳	۴۷۶ ۱۲ ۷	۶۹ ۳ ۸	
۱۹	۲۹۴۸	برهمه پوز کٹویای پرگنه ري	سیوکوپال زاي وغیره .	۱۰۸۵ ۱۵ ۹	۳۳۹ ۱ ۱	۹ ۱۰ ۴	
۲۰	۳۰۰۴	شاه محمد پور متعلقه حسیني پور پرگنه سرسا	بهولا جودهزي و غیره	۵۴۵ ۱ ۱	۲۳	۹ ۹	
۲۱	۳۰۹۷	مورمارو پرگنه سرسا	موهرخان و غیره ..	۶۷۵۳ ۱۱	۴۹۰ ۱ ۱۰	۱۱۷ ۵ ۱۰	
۲۲	۳۱۰۳	مني پرگنه سرسا	بهادر سنگه وغیره ..	۳۱۳۳ ۱۰ ۲	۲۱۳۳ ۱۰ ۲	۶۵ ۱۱ ۷	
۲۳	۳۱۰۸	مصطفي پور بهانهه پرگنه سرسا	گهکن راوت و غیره ..	۱۳۸۷ ۱۱ ۹	۱۳۸۷ ۱۱ ۹	۴۰ ۱۵ ۷	
۲۴	۳۱۲۱	هر پور لاورا پرگنه سرسا	هیرا راے وغیره ..	۶۸ ۱۱ ۱۰۹	۶۰۴ ۷ ۱۰	۹۵ ۱۴ ۲۰	
۲۵	۵۳۵۳	اراضي گتك برار جوڈاون پوز پرگنه حاجي پوز	سیوراج سنگه و غیره ..	۱۵۱۷ ۲ ۳	۱۵۱۷ ۲ ۳	۵۴۳ ۴ ۱۰	
۲۶	۷۲۹۶	دیودها اوسرا هي پرگنه بهار	شیخ حیدر علي ..	۹۱۲ ۸ ۱	۹۱۲ ۸ ۱	۱۴۶ ۷ ۱۰	
۲۷	۷۴۴۷	بنگراها گوسائین پوز پرگنه تیوزوازه گلان	مسماة پار بتي گنور وغیره ..	۹۹۲ ۸ ۱۰	۹۱۲ ۸ ۱۰	۲۴۶ ۶ ۶	

G. J. B. T. DALTON,
Covd. Deputy Collector for Collector

المرقوم ۶ جولائي سنه ۱۸۷۴ ع .

NOTICE is hereby given under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estate in the district of Beerbhoom will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on Saturday, the 15th August 1874, corresponding with 31st Srabon 1281 *B.S.*, for arrears of revenue, Rs. 133-11-8, and other demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th day of June 1874.

Number on the rent-roll.	Class.	Name of mehal and pergunnah.	The nature of the demand for which the estate is to be sold.	Proprietors.	Government revenue.	Remarks.
			Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.	
154	1st class...	Lat Saukbaha, pergunnah Barbock Singhe.	Arrears of revenue... 133 11 8	Bejoy Gopal Chatterjee, Ram Lall Chatterjee, Pran Chand Chatterjee, Behary Lall Mukergee, Ram Lall Mukergee, Janoki Nath Mukergee, in person, and guardian of minor Hurry Dassi Dehya, and Boidnath Mukergee.	Suddur jumma for the entire mehal ... .. 2,745 9 0 That exclusive of the separate share of Behary Lall Mukergee.. 686 6 0 Total ... 2,059 3 0	The rights and interests of the proprietors in the estate, except those of the person mentioned in the foregoing column, will be sold.

BEERBHOOM COLLECTORATE, the 9th July 1874. R. D. HIME, *Offg. Collector.*

Notice

Is hereby given that the land specified in the schedule hereunto annexed, and of which the plan is open to inspection at the office of the Deputy Commissioner of Durrung, will be sold by public auction at the said Deputy Commissioner's office at Tezpore at 11 o'clock A. M., on the 3rd October 1874, unless in the meantime the sale is stopped, or postponed in consequence of claims or objections, under Act XXIII of 1863 (to provide for the adjudication of claims to waste lands) or owing to any other cause.

For the conditions of sale, see detailed notice, copies of which may be obtained on application to the Deputy Commissioner of Durrung.

SCHEDULE.

A lot of waste land consisting of 843·97 acres, situated in Mouzah Sakomatha in the district of Durrung, and bounded as follows :—

East.—By a line running from pillar B to C along the Majulighor, measuring 3,375 yards long.

South.—By a line from pillar B to pillar A and by Gorsunga Bheel, measuring 1,155 yards.

West.—By a line from pillar A to pillar D along the Khoraghor and the Dehingijhan, measuring 2,215 yards approximately.

North.—By Bengna Khawa Joory (stream), measuring approximately 2,665 yards.

The pillars are marked A B C D on the map filed in the office of the Deputy Commissioner of Durrung, Assam.

J. M. GRAHAM, *Deputy Commissioner.*

ZILLAH DURRUNG REVENUE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE, the 16th *May* 1874.

Notice

Is hereby given that the land specified in the schedule hereunto annexed, and of which the plan is open to inspection at the office of the Deputy Commissioner of Cachar, will be sold by public auction at the said Deputy Commissioner's office at 12 o'clock on the 12th day of October 1874, unless meantime the sale is stopped or postponed in consequence of claims or objections under Act XXIII of 1863 (*to provide for the adjudication of claims to waste lands*) or owing to any other cause.

For the conditions of sale see the detailed notice, copies of which may be obtained on application to the Deputy Commissioner of Cachar.

SCHEDULE.

A lot of waste land, consisting of about 1,030 acres 2 roods and 26 poles, situated in mouzah Bengalpore, pergunna Serispore, in the district of Cachar, and bounded as follows—

North—A line commencing from pillar No. 1, on Koya Khal, close to which is a pucca pillar on the other side of the said Khal, to pillar from 2 to 7 at a distance of 2,748 yards, in bearing 290.

West—A line from pillar 7 to pillar No. 12 at a distance of 1,832 yards, in bearing 188.

South—A line from pillar 12 to pillar No. 20, at a distance of 2,748 yards, in bearings 107 and 108.

East—A line from pillar 20 to pillar 32, along the bank of Serispore Khal, thence to pillar No. 1, along the bank of Koya Khal.

W. METCALFE, *for Offg. Dy. Commr.*

Notice

Is hereby given that the land specified in the schedule hereunto annexed, and of which the plan is open to inspection at the Office of the Deputy Commissioner of Durrung, will be sold by public auction, at the said Deputy Commissioner's Office, at Tezpore, at 11 A.M., on the 13th October 1874, unless in the meantime the sale is stopped or postponed in consequence of claims or objections under Act XXIII of 1863 (to provide for the adjudication of claims to Waste Lands), or owing to any other cause.

For the conditions of sale see detailed notice, copies of which may be obtained on application to the Deputy Commissioner of Durrung.

SCHEDULE.

A lot of Waste Land, consisting of 399·75 acres situated in Mouzah Shakomatha, in the district of Durrung, and bounded as follows :—

West—By a line running from pillar A to pillar B through grass jungle, bearing 140°30″ east, and measuring 2610 feet approximately.

South—By a line running from pillar B to pillar D through grass jungle, bearing 66°5″ east, and measuring 6178 feet approximately.

East—By a line running from pillar D to pillar C through grass jungle, bearing 148° west, and measuring 3140 feet approximately.

North—By a line from pillar C to pillar A through grass jungle, bearing 60°45″ west, and measuring 6168 feet approximately.

The pillars are marked on the map filed in the office of the Deputy Commissioner of Durrung, Assam, and have been erected.

TEZPORE, the 26th May 1874. J. M. GRAHAM, *Deputy Commissioner.*

Notice

Is hereby given that the land specified in the schedule hereunto annexed, and of which the plan is open to inspection at the office of the Deputy-Commissioner of Nowgong, Assam, will be sold by public auction, at the office of the said Deputy-Commissioner, at 11 o'clock, on the 2nd October 1874, unless meantime the sale is stopped or postponed in consequence of claims or objections under Act XXIII of 1863 (to provide for the adjudication of claims to waste lands), or owing to any other cause.

For the conditions of sale see the detailed notice, copies of which may be obtained on application to the Deputy-Commissioner of Nowgong, Assam.

SCHEDULE.

A lot of waste land, consisting of about 317 acres, situated in Mouzah Telia Chapori, in the district of Nowgong, Assam, and bounded as follows :—

North.—A line drawn from pillar marked G, on the side of a road to pillar H, and a stream called Dijoo Nuddee on the north-east, at a distance of 400 yards.

South.—A line drawn from pillar O to pillar A, on the south-west, at a distance of 1,580 yards.

West.—A line drawn from pillar A to pillar B on the north-west, at a distance of 240 yards; from pillar B to pillar C on the north-west, at a distance of 200 yards; from pillar C to pillar D on the north-west, at a distance of 220 yards; from pillar D to pillar E on the north-west, at a distance of 1,320 yards; from pillar E to pillar F on the north-west, at a distance of 600 yards; from pillar F to pillar G on the north-east, at a distance of 940 yards.

East.—A line drawn from pillar H to pillar I on the south-east, along the edge of the above stream, at a distance of 400 yards; from pillar I to pillar J on the south-east, along the edge of the above stream, at a distance of 200 yards; from pillar J to pillar K on the south-east, along the edge of the above stream, at a distance of 120 yards; from pillar K to pillar L on the south-east, along the edge of the above stream, at a distance of 200 yards; from pillar L to pillar M on the south-east, at a distance of 500 yards; from pillar M to pillar N on the south, at a distance of 820 yards; from pillar N to pillar O on the south-west at a distance of 500 yards.

Note.—The pillars are marked A to O on the plan of the land filed in the office of the Deputy-Commissioner.

NOWGONG, ASSAM, the 1st May 1874. J. F. SHERER, *Deputy Commissioner.*

Wanted.

A DRAFTSMAN for Executive Engineer's Office, Bhagulpore, District, salary Rs. 35, with prospect of increase. Apply to Executive Engineer, Bhagulpore or Executive Engineer, 1st Calcutta Division. A. ATKINSON, C.E., *Exe. Engineer.*

LOST CURRENCY NOTES.

THE following Currency Notes of the Government of India, Calcutta Circle, are stated to have been lost, and payment of their value has been claimed by the persons whose names are placed against the numbers; any other person having these Notes in his possession, or claiming a right to them, is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned :—

Notes wholly lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
6913	L/55 04818	100	R. N. Mody.
6914	,, 75215	100	Abdolla Moosah.
6915	L/55 76700	10	Moheschunder Das.
6916	L/15 82804	50	The District Superintendent of Police Patna.
6919	A/24 16242	20	The Officer Commanding 5th Battery 13th Brigade Royal Artillery, Attack.
6920	I/L 11573	100	Kadernath Banerjee.
6922	L/55 89108	50	Nundololl Ghose.
6926	L/55 02892	50	W. L. Atkinson.
6929	L/55 64941	10	Gobind Chunder Bose.
6931	L/5 86644	50	The District Superintendent of Police, Dinageporre.
6932	L/15 97438	50	Deen Mahomed.
6937	L/25 00924	20	Woopendro Chunder Mullick.
6938	L/5 94030	50	Messrs. W. H. Gilbert, & Co.
	L/55 74476	100	
6957	A/55 32450	1,000	Radanath Bose.
6969	L/55 27702	20	Poorno Chunder Roy.
	L/55 95078	10	
	L/5 53176	10	
6970	L/25 05240	50	Wlliiam Maunix.
	,, 06828	50	
6973	L/5 70939	50	Rampershad.
	,, 79478	50	
	L/7 39389	20	
	L/17 65133	20	
	L/5 09792	10	
	L/15 82981	10	
	L/10 08772	5	
6974	L/10 88213	100	Messrs. Ashburner and Co.
6987	L/15 72317	5	Shushty Das Banerjee.

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

6905	L/55 39264	@ Rs. 20 each	Kisar Sing.
	,, 39267		
	,, 39266		
	,, 39337		
	,, 39268		
	,, 39269		
	,, 39270		
	,, 39500		
	,, 39499		
	,, 39498		
6906	L/10 68912	50	Juggernath Shewpershad.
6907	L/14 78032	20	Ramlall Dutt.
	L/11 02292	5	
6909	A/55 54201	500	Mahomed Baker.
	L/15 86074	20	
6918	L/55 48938	100	Bunka Behary Biswas.
	L/5 56896	10	
6924	L/35 23468	10	Cally Churn Banerjee.
6925	L/10 05517	5	Chunder Nath Bhutthacharjee.
6928	L/10 76695	50	T. F. Brown & Co.
	L/55 57304	100	

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

Registered No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
6930 ...	L/F 62013 ...		
	L/15 94553 ...		
	,, 53093 ...		
	L/F 73162 ...		
	L/15 81197 ...		
	L/15 43720 ...		
	L/25 84057 ...		
	L/10 93032 ...		
	L/15 59628 ...		
	L/F 77317 ...		
	L/15 53138 ...	@ Rs. 10 each	Kahrooram.
	,, 72294 ...		
	L/F 64481 ...		
	L/15 68329 ...		
	L/25 91730 ...		
	L/F 97215 ...		
	L/15 97644 ...		
	L/F 59906 ...		
	L/F 08691 ...		
	L/15 95140 ...		
	L/15 69024 ...		
	L/15 95809 ...		
	L/15 28216 ...		
	L/15 80529 ...		
	L/15 83251 ...		
	L/15 58578 ...		
	L/17 69212 ...		
	L/15 82290 ...	@ Rs. 20 each	Kahrooram.
	L/15 51000 ...		
	L/15 82474 ...		
	L/17 38811 ...		
	L/15 37160 ...		
	L/17 50786 ...		
	L/15 72828 ...		
6931 ...	L/15 40433 ...	10 ...	The District Superinten dent of Police, Dinagepore.
6933 ...	L/15 79900 ...	100 ...	Setaram Mohassoree.
	,, 79991 ...	100 ...	
6934 ...	L/15 93937 ...	50 ...	Cally Churn Ghose.
	,, 93938 ...	50 ...	
	,, 93939 ...	50 ..	
6942 ...	L/F 50789 ...	10 ...	Charles Hurst.
6944 ...	L/F 97544 ...	100 ...	Fuqeer Oollah and Abdool Azuz.
6945 ...	A/15 45181 ...	100 ...	Rajendrolol Coondoo.
	L/15 27838 ...	100 ...	
	A/15 80086 ...	50 ...	
6946 ...	L/15 48486 ...	50 ...	George P. O. Sherman.
	,, 49550 ...	50 ...	
	,, 51218 ...	50 ...	
	,, 72268 ...	50 ...	
6947 ..	L/F 48340 ...	10 ...	Kalikristo Sircar.
6952 ...	L/15 21175 ...	50 ...	Messrs. Bonomally Naun & Co.
6953 ...	L/15 59303 ...	100 ...	Mehir Lol Paray.
6954 ...	L/17 01157 ...	5 ...	Nobo Chandra Chokroverty.
6955 ...	L/15 82121 ...	20 ...	Gopikristo Gosai.
6956 ...	A/15 10393 ...	10 ...	Ishad Ali.
6960 ...	L/F 03646 ...	10 ...	Sharoduchurn Guha.
6961 ...	L/F 84040 ...	20 ...	Kadernath Mozoomdar.
6962 ...	L/F 85901 ...	10 ...	Rajendra Lol Sonyab.
6965 ...	L/F 67202 ...	10 ...	Obhoychurn Banerjee.
6967 ...	L/15 82339 ...	10 ...	Mohendro Narayan Bose.
	,, 82343 ...	10 ...	
	,, 82344 ...		
6968 ...	L/15 77879 ...	10 ...	Dwarkanath Bose.
6977 ...	L/15 25567 ...	20 ...	Brojololl Khettree.
6979 ...	L/15 24450 ...	10 ...	Jadub Chunder Moitro.

Notes partially lost or destroyed.

Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	Name of Claimant.
		Rs.	
6980 ...	L/36 00980 ...	100 ...	A. H. Wallis.
	L/17 88745 ...	20 ...	
6981 ...	L/18 98952 ...	5 ...	P. Shuttleworth.
6982 ...	L/19 67797 ...	20 ...	Mohima Chundra Goshanyal.
	,, 95384 ...	20 ...	
6986 ...	L/28 88883 ...	5 ...	Shaik Torub Ali.
6987 ...	,, 72317 ...	5 ...	Shushty Das Banerjee.
6991 ...	L/18 83724 ...	10 ...	Roli Lochun Chakravity.
6992 ...	L/14 06369 ...	20 ...	Obeydul Rahman.

Wrongly joined.

6895 ...	L/9 23809 ...	10	...	Hem Chunder Mitter.
	,, 23803 ...			
	A/95 66992 ...	10	...	
	,, 66991 ...			
6904 ...	L/9 06407 ...	10	...	Dinnobundhoo Mookerjee.
	,, 06406 ...			
6908 ...	L/33 79324 ...	10	..	Ramlall Dutt.
	,, 16959 ...			
	L/5 75805 ...	10	...	
	L/19 69123 ...			
	L/16 27133 ...	@ Rs. 5 each		Luckhun Chunder Mullick.
	,, 27132 ...			
	L/13 17125 ...			
	,, 17124 ...			
	,, 70343 ...			
	,, 70342 ...			
	L/9 21735 ...			
	,, 21737 ...			
	,, 85015 ...			
	,, 85012 ...			
	L/11 06545 ...			
	,, 06544 ...			
6917 ...	A/96 52963 ...	10	...	Kasub Lall Sadkhan.
	A/17 19619 ...			
6923 ...	A/99 37717 ...	20	...	R. N. Paruck.
	,, 37715 ...			
6935 ...	L/16 42531 ...	20	...	A. Younan.
	L/6 38537 ...			
6940 ...	L/5 63218 ...	10	...	Euly Byranjee.
	,, 49582 ...			
6941 ...	L/9 03938 ...	10	...	The Assistant Superintendent in charge Telegraph Office, Calcutta.
	,, 03937 ...			
6943 ...	A/99 81859 ...	20	...	Rev. J. K. Baldwin.
	,, 81860 ...			
6949 ...	L/5 32652 ...	10	...	Nobinchunder Mukerjee.
	L/18 13923 ...			
6950 ...	L/19 00954 ...	10	...	Mungaram.
	,, 00979 ...			
6951 ...	L/16 14449 ...	10	...	Roopchund Paul.
	,, 14446 ...			
6959 ...	L/18 21435 ...	20	...	Gooroochurn Shaw.
	,, 11434 ...			
6963 ...	L/17 48631 ...	20	...	Lakshmee Narayan Nandih.
	,, 48632 ...			
6964 ...	L/11 02646 ...	10	...	Lokenath Mukerjee.
	,, 02653 ...			
6966 ...	L/11 54073 ...	5	...	Bishumber Dutt.
	,, 54072 ...	10	...	Mohendro Narayan Bose.
6972 ...	L/9 86412 ...	5	...	Sreenath Ghose.
	,, 86407 ...			
6976 ...	A/18 78013 ...	20	...	Elias Ezekil Gubbay.
	,, 78012 ...			
6978 ...	L/13 37824 ...	5	...	The Assistant Superintendent, Government Telegraph Department, Calcutta.
	,, 37833 ...			

Wrongly joined.

Registered No.	No. of Notes.	Value. Rs.	Name of Claimant.
6983 ...	L/J 09591 ... / L/33 24052 ..	10	... Captain G. F. J. Marshall.
6984 ...	L/37 03386 ... / „ 03389 ...	20	... Shamachurn Roy.
6985 ...	L/33 63606 ... / „ 63604 ...	10	... Trilochun Chuckerbutty.
6990 ...	A/73 36207 ... / „ 36204 ...	10	... Messrs. Broad and McKinnell.
6993 ...	L/J 40074 ... / A/98 92461 ...	10	... Abdool Guffure.

PAPER CURRENCY DEPARTMENT,
The 27th July 1874.

L. BERKELEY,
Asst. Commr. of Paper Currency.

Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta.

NOTICE.

UNDER SECTION 69 OF ACT V (B.C.) OF 1870.

THE following Packages, landed at the Jetties from the undermentioned ships, have been removed to the Commissioners' Import Warehouse, where they remain at the risk and expense of the owners. If not cleared within two months from the date stated against each item they will be sold under Section 72 of the said Act.

Date of removal to Import Warehouse.	No., Mark, and Description.	Consignees.	Ships.
1874.			
July 15th ...	5 Cases, [S. S. & Co.]	... Order	... S. S. Quanjee.
„ 15th ...	1 Case, addressed	... P. M. Shircore	... Str. Fenella.
„ 15th ...	4 Cases, M H G [ ]	... Order	... Ditto.

CALCUTTA, the 25th July 1874. (294—1) W. DUFF BRUCE, *Offg. Vice-Chairman.*

Bhagiruthee River.

Weekly Water Report showing the least depth of water in the Bhagiruthee River for the week ending Friday, the 24th July 1874.

Names of places, &c.	Least depth of water. Ft.	In.	REMARKS.
Entrance below Chourasia	22	0	
Thence to Noorpore Junction, 6 miles	16	0	
„ to Jungipore, 9 miles	15	0	
From Jungipore to Berhampore, 47 miles	21	9	
„ Berhampore to Cutwa, 50 miles	17	0	
„ Cutwa to Nuddea, 46 miles	22	0	

Height of water on gauge at Berhampore on the 27th July 1874, above zero, 21' 6¾".

T. BEATTY, C.E., *Offg. Ex. Engr., Nuddea Rivers Division.*

BERHAMPORE, the 27th July 1874.

Matabhangah River.

Weekly Water Report shewing the least depth of water in the Matabhangah River for the week ending Friday, the 24th July 1874.

Names of places, &c.	Least depth of water. Ft.	In.	REMARKS.
Entrance from the Ganges	15	9	
Tatarparah	15	0	
From Tatarparah to Hât Bolia	16	0	
From Hât Bolia to Cut No. 1	23	0	
From Cut No. 1 to Boalmaree	15	2	
From Boalmaree to Alickdeah	15	0	
From Alickdeah to Kissengunge	16	1	

T. BEATTY, C.E., *Offg. Exe. Engr., Nuddea Rivers Division.*

BERHAMPORE, the 27th July 1874.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal on the 30th June 1874.

LIABILITIES	Rs.	A.	P.	ASSETS.	Rs.	A.	P.
Proprietors' Capital, paid-up ...	2,20,00,000	0	0	Government Securities	1,37,19,871	4	0
Reserve Fund	16,10,004	8	9	Loans on Government Securities, &c., at Head Office and Branches . .	53,08,511	7	8
General Treasury Balance at Head Office .. Rs. 1,09,03,052 12 5	2,97,73,544	7	10	Accounts of Credit on Government Securities, &c., at Head Office and Branches	11,98,218	4	7
General Treasury Balance at Branches ... „ 1,88,70,491 11 5				Mercantile Bills discounted at Head Office and Branches	1,63,04,276	6	9
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	2,92,31,268	3	8	Dead Stock	10,75,508	5	1
Bank Post Bills, &c.	3,78,201	9	10	Stamps	12,081	13	9
Sundries	16,38,259	7	8	Balances with other Banks	6,35,386	15	0
				Sundries	4,21,861	3	5
				Bullion	40,735	10	8
					3,87,16,511	6	11
				Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office .. Rs. 2,23,64,327 8 9	4,59,14,766	14	5
				Cash and Currency Notes at Branches . „ 2,35,50,439 5 8			
Total ...	6,46,31,278	5	4	Total ...	6,46,31,278	5	4

By order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL, *Calcutta, the 20th July 1874.*

F. A. GILLAM, *Offg. Chief Accountant & Deputy Secretary.*

R. HARDIE, *Secretary and Treasurer.*

(291—1)

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal up to the 21st July 1874

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	A.	P.	ASSETS.	Rs.	A.	P
Proprietors' Capital, paid-up	2,20,00,000	0	0	Government Securities	1,06,94,801	4	0
Reserve Fund	16,09,889	8	9	Loans on Government Securities, &c, at Head Office and Branches . ..	55,82,296	7	10
General Treasury Balance at Head Office Rs. 1,40,39,575 6 0	3,16,97,303	3	5	Accounts of Credit on Government Securities, &c., at Head Office and Branches	23,11,447	11	4
General Treasury Balance at Branches „ 1,76,57,727 13 5				Mercantile Bills discounted at Head Office and Branches	1,63,58,495	8	1
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	2,62,61,758	0	7	Dead Stock	10,78,034	10	2
Bank Post Bills, &c.	3,82,451	4	11	Stamps	11,935	3	9
Sundries	5,47,009	10	6	Balances with other Banks	2,72,995	6	6
				Sundries	4,17,070	13	1
				Bullion	68,534	15	1
					3,67,90,411	15	10
				Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office ... Rs. 2,32,29,681 5 7	4,57,27,799	12	4
				Cash and Currency Notes at Branches .. „ 2,24,98,118 6 9			
Total ...	8,25,18,211	12	2	Total ...	8,25,18,211	12	2

By order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL, *Calcutta, the 23rd July 1874.*

F. A. GILLAM, *Offg. Chief Accountant & Deputy Secretary.*

R. HARDIE, *Secretary & Treasurer.*

(292—1)

TO BE SOLD by the Receiver of the High Court in pursuance of the order of the said Court, dated 13th June 1874, made in the suit Charlotte Boileau *versus* William O'Brien Smith, &c., on Saturday, the 15th day of August 1874, at the hour of one o'clock in the afternoon, at his Office in the High Court premises, the undermentioned properties belonging to the estate of Simeon Henry Boileau, *viz.*:—

Lot No. 1.—All that piece or parcel of land or ground occupied by tenants, containing by estimation ten cottahs eight chittacks and eleven square feet, more or less, situate, lying, and being at No. 119, formerly 95-2, Jaunbazar Street, in Calcutta.

Lot No. 2.—And also all that piece or parcel of land or ground containing by estimation 2 beeghas 15 cottahs and 3½ chittacks, more or less, situate, lying, and being at Gotra, in Holding No. 129, of Division IX and Sub-Division I, in Dhee Punchannogram, in the Zillah of 24-Pergunnahs.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply at the Receiver's Office.

HIGH COURT RECEIVER'S OFFICE, 25th July 1874. (293—3)

TO BE PEREMPTORILY SOLD by the Registrar of the High Court in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction, pursuant to a Decretal order of the said Court bearing date the thirty-first day of July one thousand eight hundred and seventy three, made in the suit No. 391, of one thousand eight hundred and seventy three, wherein Seth Arratoon Apcar, Thomas Arratoon Apcar, and Alexander Arratoon Apcar, all of Calcutta, are the Plaintiffs, and Anund Lall Dass and Nundo Lall Dass, both of Soba Bazar, in the Town of Calcutta, are the Defendants, at the Registrar's Sale Room in the Court House, on Saturday the twenty-ninth day of August next, at the hour of 3 o'clock in the afternoon, the following property, viz.—

Lot 1.—All that three storied brick built messuage, tenement or dwelling house, together with the piece or parcel of land or ground thereunto belonging and upon part whereof the same is erected and built, containing by estimation eight cottahs, situate in and being No. 58, formerly No. 59, Burtollah Street, in the Town of Calcutta, and bounded on the north by the tenanted house of Munno Baboo, on the south by the public road called the Burtollah Street, on the east by the dwelling house of Joogul Baboo, and on the west partly by the tenanted house of Gooroo Churn Sein, and partly by the tenanted house of Bungseedhur Mullick.

Lot 2.—All that recently erected upper-roomed brick built messuage tenement or dwelling house, together with the piece or parcel of land or ground thereunto belonging and upon part whereof the same is erected and built, containing by estimation sixteen cottahs, situate in and being No. 54, Soba Bazar Street or Durmahatta, in the Town of Calcutta, and bounded on the north by the tenanted house of the late Ram Kistoo Dass, on the east by the tenanted land of Hurro Chunder Mullick, on the south by the public road called the Soba Bazar Street, and on the west by the tenanted land of Buddun Chunder Mitter.

Lot 3.—All that three storied brick built messuage, tenement or dwelling house, together with the piece or parcel of land or ground thereunto belonging and upon part whereof the same is erected and built, containing by estimation ten cottahs, situate in and being No. 114, formerly No. 83-1, Durmahatta Street, in the Town of Calcutta, and now 142, Coondoo Parrah in Durmahatta Street, and bounded on the north by the tenanted land of Khettermoney Dossee, on the south by the dwelling house of Myaram Shaha, on the east by the tenanted land of late Anundo Mohun Mullick, and on the west by the tenanted house of Bipprodass Dey.

A. CARAPIET, *Plaintiffs' Attorney.* (297—3.) R. BELCHAMBERS, *Registrar.*

Fort Gloster Jute Manufacturing Company, Limited.

THE Second Half-yearly Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of this Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 4, Bankshall Street, on Wednesday, the 12th of August next, at 12-30 P.M., to receive the report of the Directors, pass the accounts for the half-year ending 31st May 1874, declare a dividend, and transact any other business that may be brought forward.—By order of the Directors,

CALCUTTA, the 17th July 1874. R. MACALLISTER & Co., *Managing Agents.*

The Register Books of the Company will be closed from the 30th instant to the 12th August 1874 both days inclusive. (281—*f.n.*)

North-Western Watson's Patent Press Company, "Limited."

NOTICE

Is hereby given that the following Special Resolutions were passed at an Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of this Company held on the 27th day of June 1874, and were confirmed at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting held on the 15th July 1874.

1*st.*—That this Company be wound up voluntarily.

2*nd.*—That Mr. R. Howard be appointed Liquidator of this Company for the purpose of winding up the affairs thereof, and that the said Mr. R. Howard, as such Liquidator, be, and he is hereby, empowered and authorized to make over and transfer the License granted to this Company by Mr. James Watson for the use of this Patent, and to convey, assign, and transfer all the movable and immovable property, cash, outstanding credits, and effects belonging to this Company, subject to all the liabilities of the Company, including the remuneration of the Liquidator and expenses of Liquidation, to a new Company, to be formed for purchasing and taking over the same, and to be styled 'The Strand Bank Press Company (Watson's Patent), Limited' and to receive from the said 'Strand Bank Press Company (Watson's Patent), Limited,' on behalf of the Shareholders of this Company, 2,123 fully paid-up shares of the said 'Strand Bank Press Company (Watson's Patent), Limited,' of the par value of Rupees one hundred each, to be distributed to and among the Shareholders of this Company in accordance with the number of shares held by each of them in this Company; and that such Liquidator be authorized, for the purpose aforesaid, to make, execute, and register all necessary conveyances, assignments, transfers, and other deeds and assurances whatsoever, and to exercise all or any of the powers conferred by Section 116 of the 'Indian Companies' Act, 1866,' on Official Liquidators as shall or may be necessary in the premises.

R. HOWARD, *Liquidator.*

8, NEW CHINA BAZAR STREET, CALCUTTA, the 16th July 1874. (282—3)

New Beerbhoom Coal Company, Limited.

A SPECIAL General Meeting of the Shareholders, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 14, Old Court House Street, at noon, on Saturday, 1st August 1874, for the purpose of confirming the Special Resolutions passed at the Extraordinary Meeting held on 18th July 1874.

(285—2) STEEL, MACINTOSH & Co., *Managing Agents.*

Eastern Bengal Indigo Company, "Limited."

Proceedings of a General Meeting of Shareholders, held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 3, Church Lane, Calcutta, on Monday, the 27th day of July 1874, *at noon precisely.*

Present:

E. C. Morgan, Esq.,
J. G. Meugens, Esq.,
W. C. Nosworthy, Esq.,
M. Meugens, Esq.,
J. Bruce, Esq.,
A. Bretton, Esq.,
W. H. Kraal, Esq.,
F. G. Davison, Esq.,
and
C. A. Stewart, Esq.

E. C. Morgan, Esq., *in the Chair.*

The advertisement convening the Meeting having been read, the following Resolution was unanimously agreed to:—

Proposed by James Bruce, Esq.,

Seconded by M. Meugens, Esq.

That the several Resolutions passed at an adjourned General Meeting of shareholders, held on the 11th day of July 1874, viz:—

1.—"That this Company be wound up voluntarily."

2.—"That Mr. F. G. Davison be appointed Liquidator thereof, and that his remuneration be fixed at one per cent."

3.—"That such Liquidator be, and he hereby is, authorised and empowered to advertise for tenders, either in whole or part, of the Company's properties, and to submit the same at a meeting of shareholders, to be held on the 8th August 1874, at noon—"

be, and they are hereby, confirmed.

Thanks were voted to the chair, and the meeting separated.

WILLIAM MORAN & Co., *Agents.* (296—1) E. C. MORGAN, *Chairman.*

Notice.

AN Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of the Arcuttipore Tea Company, Limited, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 7, Church Lane, on Saturday, the 8th of August 1874, at 10 o'clock A.M., for purpose of declaring an *ad interim* Dividend.

J. MACKILLICAN,
R. R. SAUNDERS,
Secretaries and Agents.

CALCUTTA, the 27th July 1874. (295—1)

Notice.

A Special Meeting of the Justices of the Peace for Calcutta will be held at the Town Hall, on Tuesday, 11th August 1874, at the close of the Ordinary Meeting, to consider applications for Jute Licenses, and letter from Government applying for a supply of 50,000 gallons of water daily for the Cantonment of Barrackpore and 1,172 for the troops at Alipore.

The 28th July 1874 (298—1) R. TURNBULL, *Secy. to the Justices of the Peace.*

FOUR per cent. Government Promissory Note, No. 015740, of 1842-43, for Rs. 500, is lost.

(277—3) R. K. DASS.

Central Provinces' Gazetteer.

EDITION OF 1870 in one VOL.

A LIMITED number of the above work, strongly bound in cloth, octavo size, for sale at Rs. 12 per vol., exclusive of postage charge. Apply to—

MESSRS. THACKER, VINING, *Bombay,*

MESSRS. THACKER, SPINK & Co., *Calcutta,* or

SUPDT., CHIEF COMMR.'S OFFICE, *Nagpúr.*

☞ The following books may be had from the Office of Superintendent, Government Printing, No. 8, Hastings Street. No orders can be attended to, unless accompanied by a remittance. When postage stamps are forwarded, one anna additional should be sent for every Rupee's worth of stamp for discount in exchanging them for cash. Service labels are not received.

Books required on the public service are only supplied when authorized by the Department under whose orders they are published.

Just published.

Army List—New Number.

The Official Quarterly Army List of H. M.'s Forces in Bengal, to which is appended the Civil Service Gradation List, corrected up to 1st July 1874. *Price Rs. 4; packing and postage, 8 annas.*

Recently Published.

Rules for the Qualification, Admission, and Enrolment of Pleaders and Mooktears in Mofussil Courts. *Price 4 annas; by post, 5 annas.*

Recently Published

Rules for Admission of Vakeels in the High Court. *Price 4 annas; by post 5 annas.*

New authorized edition corrected up to 1st December 1873; royal 8vo., limp covers, with every alternate page blank for entering notes and alterations.

The Civil Pension Code. *Price, Re. 1-4; packing and postage, 4 as.*
The Civil Leave Code. *Price, Re. 1; packing and postage, 3 as.*
The Acting Allowance Code. *Price, As. 8; packing and postage, 2 as.; or*
The Three Codes bound in one vol. *Price, Rs. 2-8; packing and postage 8 as.*

A Report on the Expedition to Western Yunan *viâ* Bhamo. By John Anderson, M D, Medical Officer and Naturalist to the Expedition. *Price Rs. 8.*

Report of the Commissioners appointed by the Government of India to inquire into the Origin, Nature, &c., of Indian Cattle Plagues. With Appendices, Calcutta, 1871. Fol. pp XXX and 999, with Maps. *Price Rs. 10; packing 4 annas*

Selections from Unpublished Records of Government for the years 1748 to 1767 inclusive. Relating mainly to the social condition of Bengal With a Map of Calcutta in 1784 By the Rev. J. Long, Member of the Government Record Commission. *Price Rs. 5; packing and postage 1 Re. extra.*

Selections from Calcutta Gazettes of the years 1816 to 1823 inclusive, showing the political and social condition of the English in India upwards of fifty years ago. By Hugh David Sandeman, C.S., Accountant-General, Bengal, and Member of the Record Commission. *Volume I, Rs. 3, and Volumes II, III, IV, and V, at Rs. 5 each; packing and postage Re. 1 extra*

Revised (Indian) Army Regulations, Regulations and Orders for the Army of the Bengal Presidency. Published by authority. Royal 8vo, cloth boards. *Price, Rs. 4; packing and postage, Re. 1. Interleaved copy, Rs 5; packing and postage, Re. 1-12.*

Book of Forms referred to in the above. Foolscap folio, enclosed in stiff covers. *Price, Rs. 2; packing and postage, Re. 1-8*

Report on the Fresh Water Fish and Fisheries of India and Burma. By Surgeon-Major Francis Day, F.L.S. & F.Z.S., Inspector-General of Fisheries in India. *Price Rs. 2; packing and postage 10 annas extra.*

Public Works Department Classified List and Distribution Return of Establishment, corrected up to 1st October 1873. *Price Rs 2, packing and postage 4 annas*

The Thanatophidia of India, being a description of the venomous snakes of the Indian Peninsula, with an account of the influence of their poison on life, and a series of experiments. By J Fayrer, M D., C.S.I., F R S E., Honorary Physician to the Queen, Surgeon-Major, Her Majesty's Bengal Army, Professor of Surgery and Senior Surgeon in the Calcutta Medical College and its Hospital, Fellow of the University of Calcutta, and late President of the Asiatic Society of Bengal. *Price Rs. 80 per copy; packing and postage, Rs. 3-4.*

The older Statutes in force in India, edited, with Notes and an Index, by Whitley Stokes, Esq. *Price Rs. 5, packing and postage, 3 as*

A collection of Statutes relating to India passed between the years 1855 and 1870, both inclusive, being a Supplement to the Law relating to India and the East India Company, fifth edition, edited, with an Index to the Statutes relating to India not expressly repealed in August 1867, by Whitley Stokes, Esq. *Price Rs. 10, packing and postage, 12 as.*

The Acts of the Government of India from 1854 to date, with Indexes and lists of titles, each separately available.

Vocabulary of Ordnance Stores, for adoption throughout British India: prepared, under the orders of the Government of India, by Ensign J. Tanner, Deputy Assistant Commissary, Bengal Ordnance Department, and rated in the Office of the Examiner of Ordnance Accounts, Fort William. *Price Rs. 6; packing and postage, Re. 1-8 extra.*

Rig-Veda, in the Samhita and Pada Text, by Professor F. Max Müller, M.A., in two Volumes. *Price Rs. 24; packing and postage Re. 1-12.*

The Hymns of the Rig-Veda, in the Samhita and Pada Text, by Professor F. Max Müller, M.A., in two Volumes. *Price Rs. 24; packing and postage, Re. 1-12.*

*** The Rig-Veda, the oldest book of Indian literature, has very properly been made one of the principal class-books for those who study Sanskrit in the schools and colleges in India, and though at present a scholar-like knowlege of the Vedic hymns is in the examinations required of the more advanced students only, yet, as soon as editions, translations, grammars, and dictionaries shall have rendered the study of these ancient documents more accessible, I doubt not that the time will come when no one in India will call himself a Sanskrit scholar, who cannot construe the hymns of the ancient Rishis of his country.—*Extract from Preface.*

Office of the Superintendent Government Printing, No. 8, Hastings Street.

New Criminal Procedure Code.

OFFICERS under the Bengal Government, who wish to have copies of the New Criminal Procedure Code, *for sale*, are requested to apply to the Superintendent of Government Printing, Calcutta.

For Sale.

AT the Meteorological Office, No. 22 Chowringhee, the following official publications:—

Meteorological Report of 1867	Rs.	0	12 per copy.
Ditto ditto 1868	„	1	8 „
Ditto ditto 1869	„	2	4 „
Ditto ditto 1870	„	2	6 „
Ditto ditto 1871	„	2	8 „
Ditto ditto 1872	„	3	0 „
Administration Report of 1870-71	„	0	4 „
Ditto ditto 1871-72	„	0	4 „
Ditto ditto 1872-73	„	0	4 „
A table of the average monthly and annual rainfall at 98 Stations in Northern India	„	0	4 „

The above are also to be obtained at the same prices at Messrs. Thacker Spink and Company, No. 5, Government place.

HENRY F. BLANFORD, *Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.*

CALCUTTA, the 22nd September 1873.

Publications for Sale at the Bengal Secretariat Press.

THE BENGAL ADMINISTRATION REPORT FOR 1872-73, *price*... Rs. 7 8 0

MAP OF BENGAL, 1873, *price*, if taken with the Report ... ... „ 1 0 0

Ditto, separately .. .. „ 2 0 0

Rules for the Sale of Waste Lands, *price* 4 *annas*.

Act VII (B.C.) of 1873 (Labor Districts Emigration), the Government Resolution thereon, and the Rules and Forms under the Act, bound up together in pamphlet form 8 annas per copy, or, including postage .. .. Rs. 0 10 0

Papers Regarding the Tea Industry in Bengal, *price* Rs. 3.

Report on the Cultivation of, and Trade in, Jute in Bengal, and on Indian Fibres available for the Manufacture of Paper, with map. By HEM CHUNDER KERR, Deputy Magistrate on special duty. Price ... ... Rs. 8 0 0

A Report of the District of Jessore: its Antiquities, its History, and its Commerce. (Second Edition, Revised and Corrected). By J. WESTLAND, ESQ., C.S., late Magistrate and Collector of Jessore. Price ... ... Rs. 3 0 0

Selection of Papers regarding the Hill Tracts between Assam and Burmah, and on the Upper Brahmapooter. Price ... ... Rs. 5 0 0

Selections from Divisional and District Annual Administration Reports, 1872-73, with the Government Resolutions on them. Price ... ... Rs. 5 0 0

NOW READY.

THE Quarterly Civil List for Bengal, corrected up to the 1st of July 1874, Price Rs. 3, postage 8 ans.

Apply to E. M. LEWIS, Bengal Secretariat Press, 28, Chowringhee Road, Calcutta.

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Postal Notice.

No. 9807.

CERTAIN sums of money have been deposited in Post Offices in the Bengal Circle as cash securities and are lying undisbursed standing in the names of the parties mentioned below.

The original depositors, or their heirs and representatives, are requested to submit their claims to the Postmaster General of Bengal, for adjustment within one month from date hereof, failing which they will forfeit all right and title thereto and the amounts be transferred to the credit of Government.

The 7th July 1874. T. W. GRIBBLE, *Offg. Postmaster General, Bengal.*

List of Security Deposits.

Office of Deposit.	Name and designation of depositors.	Amount. Rs.	A.	P.
Bankipore ..	Boolakee Lall, clerk, Patna City Receiving Office ..	21	0	9
Beerbhoom ..	Juggobundoo Mookerji, peon, Ahmedpore	29	11	0
Bhagulpore ..	Somshere, delivery peon	32	15	6
Burdwan ..	Koomeeroodeen, packerman, Travelling Post Office ..	29	2	0
Calcutta ..	Shaik Mahomed Bux, sorter, Calcutta Post Office ..	22	3	9
Ditto ..	Kassimoody, peon	29	10	3
Ditto ..	Kadim Hossein, ditto	29	10	3
Ditto ..	Monuruddy, ditto	29	10	3
Ditto ..	Golam Abdar, ditto	27	7	0
Ditto ..	Ameenooddeen, sorter	34	0	6
Ditto ..	Kally Lall, Omiedwar peon	28	14	3
Gya ..	Digbiga Churn Pal, Deputy Postmaster	41	6	3
Hooghly ..	Moonee Lall Sing, peon	117	2	9
Ditto ..	Shaik Essef, peon of Ghattal	102	4	3
Ditto ..	Juggut Chunder Mookerjee, clerk of Gowhatty ..	105	4	6
Howrah ..	Lalla Ramanund, delivery peon No. 3	29	7	3
Maldah ..	Guggut Chunder Ghose	20	11	0
Monghyr ..	Khoodiram Bhuttacharjee, Postmaster, Monghyr ..	70	15	9
Moteeharry ..	Bhurosee Roy, delivery peon, Segowlee	32	9	6
Mymensingh ..	Chuba Shaik, peon, Sharepore	48	3	0
Ditto ..	Nobocoomar Chatterjee, Deputy Postmaster, Mooktaghata ..	164	2	3
Ditto ..	M. Catanoo, Deputy Postmaster, Pacoolah	35	1	9
Ditto ..	Anundo Chunder Ghose, Deputy Postmaster Sherepore ..	117	3	0
Nowgong ..	Bonowaree Lall Dey, head overseer	117	3	0
Purneah ..	Umrit peon, Bahadoorgunge	28	9	0
Ditto ..	Johyr Ally, Mohurrir, Purneah Post Office	205	14	6
Rungpore ..	Shurrufooddeen, overseer	29	3	9
Tirhoot ..	Peary Mohun Ghose, clerk, Durbhunga	117	3	0

Postal Notices.

SEA OVERLAND MAILS.

For	Box closes at	Date.	Per Steamer.
Rangoon, Moulmein, and Straits ...	7 P.M. ...	29th July 1874 ...	*Bagdad.*
Akyab ...	7 „ ...	31st „ „ ..	*Himalaya.*
Rangoon and Moulmein ...	7 „ ...	31st „ „ ..	*Jara.*
Port Blair and Camorta ...	7 „ ...	31st „ „ ...	*Scotia.*
Mails for France, Foreign Europe, *vid* France, the intermediate Ports, Mauritius, and China.	7 „ ...	1st August „ ...	*Meinam.*

The next Overland Mail, *vid* Bombay, will close at the General Post Office, on Tuesday the 4th August 1874.

2. Book-post and pattern packets must be posted on the 3rd instant.

N.B.—The Letter-Box will close at 7 P.M. precisely, after which hour Overland letters, fully prepaid, and bearing extra postage stamp of two (2) annas on each cover, will be received up to 7-30 P.M., or, bearing an extra postage stamp of four (4) annas on each cover, up to 8 P.M., and after 8 up to 9 P.M., by a Post Office Clerk at the East Indian Railway Station, Armenian Ghât.

CALCUTTA, the 28th July 1874. M. PERCY, *Post-Master of Calcutta.*

List of Remaining and Unclaimed Letters received in the Calcutta Post Office up to 26th July 1874.

Abreo, Mrs. S.	Esnouf, E. M.	Pepin, Mrs.
Agabeg, P.	Ferrie, W. A.	Pinto, R. T.
Aire, B.	Gill, G.	Potter, Miss.
Bridge, Mrs. A.	Gilmore, I.	Robinson and Co.
Brookes, G.	Gordon, Mrs.	Sainter, J. D.
Brown, Dr. J. R.	Gunrirg, H.	Saxton, J. W.
Campbell, Col.	Hamilton, J.	Seymour, F. S.
Contarini, E.	Hodge G. A.	Smith, A.
Crammond, J.	Hourigan, Mrs. T. C.	Sterling, Mr.
Creed, G.	Ivol, W.	Stuart, E. A.
Clarke, L.	Kierman, Mrs.	Thomas, Miss H.
Daniel, D. J.	Leeming, J.	Thomas, H., Mrs.
Deids, D. C. S.	Leicester and Co.	Thomas, R.
Dennis, Mrs.	Lonides, C.	Tonkin, Mrs. J.
Edwards, E. J.	Lyall, J. E.	Vanquilin, E. E.
Elman, S.	Mathews, Mr.	Watson, Mrs. W. J.
Elworthy, F.	Meyers, Mrs. E. C.	

M. PERCY, *Post-Master of Calcutta.*

Postal Notice.

No. 9216.

The 4th July.—It has been found necessary to reduce the weight at present conveyed by the passengers' carriages on the Darjeeling line. It is therefore notified that from the 1st proximo, only two adult passengers will be carried inside a carriage, whether ordinary or express, the outside seat remaining available as at present.

One passenger engaging on express will be allowed 4 maunds of baggage, two passengers 2 maunds, and 3 passengers 1½ maund.

The mileage charge under clause (*e*) Rule (5) on page 74 will be reduced, for a seat in the ordinary, to eight annas a mile, and on the mail cart to 4 annas.

T. W. GRIBBLE, *Offg. Post Master General, Bengal.*

INSOLVENT NOTICES.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta.

IN the matter of WILFORD CLARENCE BOLST, an Insolvent.

On Monday, the 13th day of July instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 1st day of September next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

M. T. Pearson, *Attorney.*

IN the matter of NITTANUNDO DOSS, an Insolvent.

On Wednesday, the 15th day of July instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 1st day of September next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

A. St. John Carruthers, *Attorney.*

Chief Clerk's Office, the 21st day of July 1874.

IN the matter of FRANCIS ADOLPHUS REBELLO, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 7th day of July instant, it was orderd that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned until the first Court-day in July 1875, and this Court doth hereby make this *ad interim* protection order for the protection of the said Insolvent from arrest to take effect from the date hereof in respect of all the debts and liabilities mentioned in the schedule of the said Insolvent filed in this Court, which protection shall continue in force until the said first Court-day in July 1875, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

IN the matter of NUSSEERUDEEN HYDER, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 7th day of July instant, it was ordered that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned until Tuesday, the 1st day of September next, and this Court doth hereby make this *ad interim* protection order for the protection of the said Insolvent from arrest to take effect from the date hereof in respect of all the debts and liabilities mentioned in the schedule of the said Insolvent filed in this Court, which protection shall continue in force until the said 1st day of September next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Insolvent in person.

IN the matter of BUDDREEDOSS and BUNGSEEDHUR, Insolvents.

On Tuesday, the 7th day of July instant, it was ordered that the petition of the said Insolvents seeking for relief under the Act XI Vic., Chap. 21, be withdrawn, and the vesting order made thereon be discharged, and also ordered that Albert Birmingham Miller, Esq., the Official Assignee of this Court, and the Assignee of the estate and effects of the said Insolvents, do deliver over to the said Insolvents all the estate and effects, monies, goods, books, and papers now remaining in the hands of the said Assignee belonging to the estate and effects of the said Insolvents, after deducting therefrom his commission and all lawful charges incurred by him.

M. Camell, *Attorney*.

IN the matrer of DANIEL RODRIGUES, of No. 20, Chandney 2nd Lane, in Calcutta, a Clerk in the Foreign Office, an Insolvent.

Notice that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act XI Vic., Chap. 21, was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on Friday, the 24th day of July instant, and by an order of the same date the estate and effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

H. R. Fink, *Attorney*.

IN the matter of DANIEL RODRIGUES, an Insolvent.

Notice that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court on Tuesday, the 4th day of August next, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon.

☞ *Any Creditor of the said Insolvent desirous of opposing such application must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.*

H. R. Fink, *Attorney*.

IN the matter of DANIEL RODRIGUES, an Insolvent.

On Friday, the 24th day of July instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 6th day of October next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

H. R. Fink, *Attorney*.

IN the matter of DONALD MACLEOD, of No. 259, Bow Bazar Street, in Calcutta, a Clerk in the Foreign Office, an Insolvent.

Notice that the petition of the said Insolvent seeking the benefit of the Act XI Vic., Chap. 21, was filed in the Office of the Chief Clerk on Tuesday, the 21st day of July instant, and by an order of the same date the estate and effects of the said Insolvent were vested in the Official Assignee.

H. R. Fink, *Attorney*.

IN the matter of BABOOLOLL SING, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 7th day of July instant, it was ordered that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned until the first Court-day in July 1875, and that the order made in this matter for the *ad interim* protection of the said Insolvent from arrest be enlarged to the said first Court-day in July 1875, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Robertson & Co., *Attorneys*.

IN the matter of GEORGE ANTONY LEWIS, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 7th day of July instant, it was ordered that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned until the first Court-day in January next, and that the order made in this matter for the *ad interim* protection of the said Insolvent from arrest be enlarged to the said first Court-day in January next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Kally Nauth Mitter, *Attorney*.

IN the matter of JAMES HECTOR BULL, an Insolvent.

Notice that an application for an *ad interim* protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court on Tuesday, the 4th day of August next, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon.

☞ *Any Creditor of the said Insolvent desirous of opposing such application must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.*

M. Camell, *Attorney*.

Chief Clerk's Office, the 28th day of July 1874.

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 29, 1874.

PART VI.

Bill of the Legislative Council of India.

Government of India.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

[First Publication.]

The following Bill and Statement of Objects and Reasons are published for general information, by order of His Excellency the Governor-General, under the 22nd of the Rules for the Conduct of the Legislative Business of the Council of the Governor-General.

No. 15 of 1874.

A Bill to provide for the exercise, in Sylhet, of the powers of the Lieutenant-Governor and Board of Revenue of Bengal.

Preamble.

WHEREAS the District of Sylhet is about to be transferred from the Lieutenant-Governorship of Bengal to the Chief Commissionership of Assam, and it is therefore necessary to provide for the exercise, within the said District, of the powers now vested in, or exercisable by, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal and the Board of Revenue for the Lower Provinces of the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, respectively; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Powers of Lieutenant-Governor and Board in Sylhet transferred to Governor-General in Council.

1. All powers over the whole or any portion of the said District, which at the time of the said transfer are, under or by virtue of any law or regulation, vested in, or exercisable by, the said Lieutenant-Governor or Board of Revenue, shall, on the said transfer, become vested in the Governor-General in Council.

Delegation of such powers.

2. The Governor-General in Council may, from time to time, delegate to the Chief Commissioner of Assam all or any of the said powers and withdraw any powers, so delegated.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

Sylhet being about to be transferred to the Chief Commissionership of Assam, it is necessary to provide for the exercise in that district, of the powers now exerciseable by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal and the Board of Revenue for the Lower Provinces. This, briefly, is the object of the present Bill, which in form closely resembles Act VIII. of 1874.

A. HOBHOUSE.

CALCUTTA,
The 16th June 1874.

WHITLEY STOKES,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

[REGISTERED No. 29]

No. 30 of 1874.

SUPPLEMENT TO
The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 29, 1874.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

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BENGAL FAMINE.

TWENTY-SECOND SPECIAL NARRATIVE OF THE DROUGHT IN BENGAL FROM THE 10TH JULY TO THE 23RD JULY 1874.

THE Lieutenant-Governor, Sir Richard Temple, writes from Hajeepore on the 21st July the following remarks for inclusion in the present narrative:—

"Since the preparation of the last narrative on the 9th July, there has not occurred any marked change in the general situation as therein described. My remarks, therefore, on the present occasion may be brief."

"During the fortnight under review the rains have continued to fall abundantly throughout the distressed districts north of the Ganges. In some parts the rainfall has been measured by as much as from 20 to 30 inches since May. There have been, in consequence, violent floods; swollen streams; inundations, with submergence of broad tracts of country; some devastation of cultivated fields; and deposits of sand over the young crops after subsidence of the water. Whether the injuries thus caused are sufficient to materially affect the promise of the autumnal harvest can hardly yet be known. The early occurrence of the floods this year causes anxiety for the safety of the *amun* or winter rice recently sown, or springing up to a moderate height above the ground. The hope is that if the tender plant can only rear its head above the water, then its inherent strength and vitality will cause its stem to grow as fast as the water rises, till the plant in its maturity attains an astonishing growth beneath the water. On the whole, though alarm is sometimes expressed for both the early and the later crops in some places, there is no ground as yet for any fear as regards the country generally; while there is, on the other hand, much ground for hopefulness."

"But in the south of Bengal, near Calcutta, the rain has been very scanty, especially in the 24-Pergunnahs, and in the districts of Midnapore, Hooghly, Burdwan, and Bankoora. It is too early to express any apprehension, inasmuch as rain may yet come in time to bring the harvests forward. In Bankoora and in Midnapore fear certainly has to some extent prevailed."

"In the last narrative the very satisfactory position of the autumn crops was explained; and from that a favorable anticipation was formed regarding the sowings of the winter crops. It was known indeed at that time that a great part of these sowings had been successfully made. I stated, however, that they seemed to be backward. This remark was intended to apply especially to the north-east corner of Tirhoot. The backwardness there had been officially reported some days previously, but further inquiry had shown that some progress had already been made even with these sowings. And subsequent reports up to the present date show this progress to have continued, until the sowings are now satisfactorily complete. If fear has been entertained by any one that the sowings there were retarded by the relief works, that fear would be dissipated by the actual state of this very crop, and by the reported fact that all able-bodied labour was transferred from the relief works to the fields. No doubt in that quarter especially the people clung to the relief works as long as they safely could. I believe, however, that this did not arise from idleness or from any improper motive, but because the drought of May rendered the soil unfit for operations till good rains should have fallen; and because they naturally wished to earn as much as they could against the months that must intervene between the closing of the works and the reaping of the first crops. It was expected that the people, having shown so much promptitude and skill in respect to the other crops, would choose the right time to sow this crop too, and the event proves that they have so chosen."

"As to the conduct of the people of the districts during the crisis through which they have passed or are yet passing, opinions will naturally vary much. Among so large a population, even though the conduct of the majority be good, there must inevitably be large exceptions, and many instances to the very contrary. I trust, however, that the apprehension that the *morale* and industrial energy of the people would suffer from State relief on a large scale is finally and satisfactorily disposed of by the visible extent and condition of the cultivation of both the early and the later crops throughout the distressed districts."

"In most, but not in all, of the distressed districts the attendance at relief works is dwindling away, but in some districts is expected to increase again as soon as employment in the fields shall become slack for a time. The list of recipients of gratuitous relief slowly increases; the advances to cultivators are going on, but are drawing nearer towards a conclusion; the sales of grain to the public are proceeding in the manner described in previous narratives. The inquiries which are made into the cases of cultivators needing advances show that in many places the zemindars generally, and the large zemindars especially, have given, or are giving, much assistance in this way to their tenantry."

"But distress has developed, and is still developing itself in several districts not heretofore counted as severely distressed by scarcity. I allude to the districts of Burdwan, Beerbhoom, Bankoora, and part of Moorshedabad. In Bankoora especially it has been found necessary to augment the supply of Government grain and to strengthen the relief staff. In these districts relief takes the form of charitable relief and of advances to ryots, but hardly at all of employment on works. The opinion gains ground that in Central Bengal, comprising the districts of Nuddea, Fureedpore, Moorshedabad, and Hooghly, the stocks of private grain must be falling very low, and that the trade is ill supplied; and that any of the accidents which in some way or other befall the crops in every season, but which pass almost unheeded when the country is strong in resources, might this year cause trouble. As an example: Recently a flood of the Ganges devastated lands to the north of the well-known stations of Kooshtea and Goalundo (on the Eastern Bengal Railway); immediately the cultivators came to ask for grain—not to be given to them, but to be purchased by them, or to be advanced and to be repayable at next harvest."

"The order for selling grain to the public has been extended (under the same rules as those cited in my narrative of the 14th May) to the Sonthal Pergunnahs, to the districts of Manbhoom and Bankoora, and to part of Moorshedabad."

"Private grain trade by the navigable rivers is increasing, but not in any marked degree. The importation of grain by railway to the distressed districts for some days declined, but has begun to rise again."

"The relief works, especially the roads, being almost all closed, as already explained, in the very distressed districts, advantage is being taken of the recess to have the condition of all the new relief roads examined by the engineer officers and their professional establishments, with a view to each line of road being advanced hereafter, if not to a complete state, yet to a state that shall prove permanently useful to the traffic of the country. The total length of new roads operated upon and partially constructed, so far as the stage of earth-work by the relief laborers, is reported to amount to 3,100 miles in the districts of Chumparun, Tirhoot, Bhagulpore, Monghyr, Sonthalia, Purneah, Dinagepore, Rungpore, and Bogra; besides which there would be the mileage of the roads undertaken in the other distressed districts. Besides these, there are a number of tanks excavated in all parts of the distressed districts, regarding which a report will be made hereafter."

Weather and Rainfall.—While throughout two-thirds of Bengal the continual and excessive rain and consequent floods have caused considerable anxiety as to the crops, throughout the other third the rain has proved barely sufficient; and unless a heavy fall comes within the next ten days, there will be great danger of a scanty harvest in most of the districts of the Presidency and Burdwan divisions, and in Balasore and Manbhoom, belonging to those of Cuttack and Chota Nagpore. The bright weather which has prevailed during the last few days in Calcutta seems to have been universal; and this break has been of the greatest possible benefit to the autumn crops in Behar, Bhagulpore, and Rajshahye, which were beginning to suffer from the incessant rainfall of the last month.

State of crops.—The crops are generally reported to promise well, but a considerable area has suffered from floods, especially in North Tirhoot, Chumparun, Purneah, Fureedpore, and Jessore. It seems, however, to have been generally ascertained that the damage has not been so great as it was at first feared. Throughout Tirhoot, Chumparun, and Purneah indigo has suffered severely, and the outturn of the coming crop will consequently be very poor. On the other hand, the prospects of indigo in South Behar, Nuddea, and Midnapore, are reported to be remarkably good.

Prices.—Prices have generally fallen throughout the fortnight. The only districts where there has been a rise are Burdwan, Darjeeling, Pooree, Purneah, and Manbhoom, and in the two latter districts the rise has been insignificant. In Bankoora, Midnapore, the 24-Pergunnahs, Julpigoree, Gya, Chumparun, Balasore, and Singbhoom, prices have been stationary; while in all other districts they have fallen, the fall being most conspicuous in Dinagepore and Sarun. In the former district rice has fallen from 9 seers 12 chittacks to 11 seers, while in the latter rice has fallen from 12 seers 8 chittacks to 14 seers, and barley from 19 to 22 seers. In the districts of the Chota Nagpore division, with the exception of Manbhoom, prices have very nearly reached their ordinary level.

Private trade to Behar.—The usual note on the movement of food-grains will be found in appendix A. The returns show a great diminution of the traffic both by rail and river. The former was naturally to be expected, and the latter may probably be accounted for to some extent by the flooded state of the rivers, which have prevented boats moving up-stream. But the chief cause is probably to be found in the general equalisation of prices, which prevents traders realising a profit by transporting grain from one part of the country to another.

North Tirhoot.—There has been an almost general exodus of the people in this district from relief work to field labor. The condition of the people continues good; and though some damage has been done to the crops, especially in Seetamurhee, by the floods, the break in the rains during last week will probably have allowed the water to subside, so that there will be little permanent damage done.

South Tirhoot.—A great improvement is reported from this district, and the prospects may be said to be excellent. Private trade is brisk, but not sufficiently active to supply all the requirements of the people; and sales of Government rice are still found to be necessary in the Sudder Sub-division and in the town of Mozufferpore.

Chumparun.—The flood in the north of this district is said to have been the highest that has been known for the last 30 years; but the permanent damage inflicted by it appears to have been small, especially as the greater part of the area flooded was devoted to late rice crops.

Sarun.—Private trade is active in this district, and it has suffered little from floods, with the exception of a tract of about 30 square miles lying to the north of the embankment. The giving out of advances still occupies the greater part of the time of the relief officers.

South Behar.—The prospects of these districts continue to be everything that could be wished. The floods that were reported in the last narrative had subsided without doing any serious injury, and the present hot, bright weather is just what was wanted to bring on the crops.

Bhagulpore Division.—With the exception of the damage done in the Gondwara pergunnah, in the west of Purneah, which has suffered much from the flooding of the Koosy, there has been little harm done by excessive rain or by floods in this division. The condition of the people is generally improving, and the prospects are excellent.

Rajshahye Division.—All the reports from the districts of this division are unanimous in stating that the prospects of the coming crops are all that could be desired, while the floods which have caused losses elsewhere have been less destructive in these districts than in the rest of the country. In Bogra and Rungpore the early rice is being cut, and the yield has proved, as was anticipated, unusually large. In the latter district the pressure of distress seems to have been greatly diminished. This result must be in a great degree attributed to the good conduct of the zemindars, who appear to have given exceptionally large advances to their ryots. In the other districts equally good crops are looked for, and only in the west of Moorshedabad is there any unfavorable symptom reported, and there more rain is said to be wanted.

Cooch Behar.—Here, as in the adjoining districts of the Rajshahye Division, the prospects are daily brightening, and an unusually large crop of food-grains is looked for. Jute, however, appears in some cases to have suffered from excessive rain.

Burdwan Division.—Full information as to the state of the districts of this division will be found in that portion of the narrative written by the Lieutenant-Governor. In none of the districts except in Beerbhoom has the weather been such as to relieve the minds of the people of anxiety for the future, and hence probably the great increase of distress in this part of the country.

Chota Nagpore Division.—Distress continues to be confined to the Manbhoom district of this division; but should there be a seasonable fall of rain in the next ten days, it is probable that the pressure will be very shortly entirely relieved. In this district, as well as those of Lohardugga and Singbhoom, anxiety for the future has been caused by the absence of rain, which has fallen in large quantities nowhere in these districts except in Palamow.

Relief Works.—The following return shows the numbers on relief works during the fortnight under report as compared with that preceding it:—

	Last fortnight.	This fortnight.
Patna Division	597,962	376,560
Gunduk Embankment	19,848	11,052
Soane Canal	26,352	28,530
Bhagulpore Division	76,724	58,647
Rajshahye Division	107,633	103,356
Northern Bengal Railway	13,274	8,578
Chota Nagpore and Burdwan Divisions ...	51,370	49,561
Cooch Behar	4,157	2,478
Total ...	897,320	638,762

These returns continue to show a large decrease in the number of laborers, which will now probably remain nearly stationary for some time to come, though, as relief works have been only gradually closed during the last fortnight, the next returns will probably show a still further diminution. All work is now paid for in grain, so that the heavy demands upon the treasuries which these works entailed during the first six months of the year have now almost entirely ceased.

The following table shows the numbers employed in each district, with details, as far as they are available, of those employed on piece-work and daily wages:—

Divisions.	Names of districts.	Laborers under Public Works Department.	Laborers under circle officers.	Total laborers.	Task or piece-work	Daily wages.
PATNA	Tirhoot (North)	52,827	52,911	85,808	58,790	27,018
	Tirhoot (South)	.....	100,112	100,112	9,105	Details imperfect.
	Chumparun	52,126	.....	52,126	No details.	
	Sarun (including Hutwa)	148,093	5,689	154,382	Ditto	
	Patna	Nil	Nil	Nil	.....	.....
	Gya	Nil	989	989	568	421
	Shahabad	2,845	298	3,143	2,768	375
	Total	216,561	159,999	376,560	.....	....
	Gunduk Embankment	11,052	.....	11,052	11,052	.....
	Soane Canal	28,530	.....	28,530	28,530	.....
	Total	39,582	.....	39,582	.....	.....
	Total for Patna Division	256,143	159,999	416,142	.....	.....
BHAGULPORE	Monghyr	3,618	.....	3,618	No details.	
	Bhagulpore	No figures.	9,787	9,787	Ditto.	
	Purneah	9,492	20,845	30,337	Ditto.	
	Sonthal Pergunnahs	2,666	13,239	15,905	Details imperfect.	
	Total	14,776	43,871	58,647	.....	.....
RAJSHAHYE	Maldah	1,220	2,908	4,128	No details.	
	Dinagepore	24,838	11,592	36,430	6,189	30,184
						Details imperfect.
	Rungpore	438	13,280	13,718	Details imperfect.	
	Bogra	21,357	.....	21,357	No details.	
	Moorshedabad	5,672	.....	5,672	Ditto.	
	Rajshahye	6,396	14,465	20,860	Ditto.	
	Pubna	1,191	.....	1,191	Ditto.	
	Total	61,111	42,245	103,356	.....	.....
	Northern Bengal Railway	8,578	.....	8,578	8,578	.....
CHOTA NAGPORE	Manbhoom	6,583	3,243	9,826	6,426	3,199
	Palamow	1,067	.....	1,067	No details.	
	Hazareebagh	7,001	.....	7,001	.....	.....
	Total	15,050	3,243	18,293	.....	.....
BURDWAN	Hooghly	3,855	.....	3,855	No details.	
	Beerbhoom	8,683	1,464	10,147	9,245	902
	Hankoora	4,308	5,552	9,860	No details.	
	Burdwan	7,711	.....	7,711	Ditto.	
	Total	24,255	7,016	31,269	.....	.....
COOCH BEHAR	Julpigoree	2,478	.....	2,478	.....	No details.
	Grand Totals	382,388	256,374	638,762	.....	.....

Gunduk Embankment and Canal.—But little work has been done during the fortnight, owing to the constant rain and almost total cessation of any demand for labor.

Soane Canal.—Work has been much hindered by the heavy rains at the beginning of the fortnight. About 37 lakhs of cubic feet of earth-work have been completed in the Buxar division during the period under report.

Northern Bengal Railway.—The amount of earth-work up to date is 67,348,000 cubic feet, equal to 141 miles of 4-feet bank, with a top width of

15 feet. During the fortnight about 36 lakhs of cubic feet were thrown up, and 101 miles of feeder roads have been made up to date.

Charitable relief.—The following return shows the numbers in the receipt of charitable relief during the present fortnight as compared with that reviewed in the preceding narrative.

Divisions.	Name of Districts.	Number of centres	Number on Charitable Relief.	
			This fortnight.	Last fortnight.
Patna	Tirhoot, North	681	197,536	187,106
	Tirhoot, South		27,592	21,568
	Chumparun (a)	50	18,162	13,552
	Sarun	18	32,000	26,955
	Patna	None.	None.	None.
	Gya	12	1,760	1,551
	Shahabad	15	3,193	2,266
	Total	776	280,243	252,998
Bhagulpore	Monghyr	16	2,242	1,984
	Bhagulpore	15	46,172	43,963
	Purneah	55	15,092	5,386
	Sonthal Pergunnahs	.....	246	None.
	Total	86	63,752	51,323
Rajshahye	Maldah	33	11,411	12,780
	Dinagepore	447	80,096	54,693
	Rungpore	33	19,518	27,720
	Bogra	30	22,373	19,092
	Moorshedabad	24	13,353	9,815
	Rajshahye	19	18,181	7,452
	Pubna	.....	734	1,400
	Total	586	166,166	132,902
Chota Nagpore	Manbhoom	.....	20,065	11,226
	Palamow	.....	337	None.
		.....	20,402	11,226
Burdwan	Hooghly	.....	6,061	3,923
	Beerbhoom	.....	18,690	18,014
	Bankoora	.....	31,347	28,635
	Burdwan	.....	56,746	26,599
Cooch Behar	Julpigoree	.....	1,117	None.
	Total	.....	111,844	77,171
	Grand total	1,448	643,524	525,620

(a) Incomplete.

The returns still continue to show an increase in numbers in almost all districts, Rungpore and Maldah being the only districts in which a decrease is shown. In the Burdwan Division the increase is especially conspicuous. It has been found necessary to increase the staff at the disposal of the Collectors of Bankoora and Burdwan, which are the two worst districts.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

J. F. K. HEWITT,

Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

APPENDIX A. TO THE 22ND SPECIAL NARRATIVE.

Movement of Food-grains.

1. The latest figures available for the month of July, show the exports from the Bengal Presidency up to the middle of the month to have been 4,837 tons; and the imports to the port of Calcutta during the same period 2,225 tons (of which 1,099 tons were on Government, and 1,126 tons on private account).

The total figures from the beginning of November 1873, to the middle of July 1874, are :—

	Tons.
Exports from the Bengal Presidency	244,909
Imports to the port of Calcutta	438,498

2. The following figures show (in tons) the quantity of food-grains "sent up from stations *below* Rajmehal and Jamoose, and down from stations above Mirzapore, which was delivered at stations between Rajmehal and Buxar (inclusive)" between the 28th June and 11th July, compared with the figures for the previous fortnight :—

	This fortnight.	Last fortnight.	Increase.	Decrease.
Up ...	5,554	5,518	36	.....
Down ...	6,785	15,173	.....	8,388

The totals to date (from the beginning of November), of the returns on which the above figures are based, and which are for Behar only, are given below. The "Up" figures are only approximately correct. Appendix B, however, shows in detail the destination of all the Government grain sent up from Howrah since the commencement of operations.

	Government grain.	Private grain.	Total.
Up	277,537	149,270	426,807
Down	39,330	191,512	230,842
Total ...	316,867	340,782	657,649

3. The importations of food-grains by the Eastern Canals, from the 4th to the 17th July, were 3,810 tons (against 2,264 tons during the previous fortnight), making 198,500 in all since 1st October 1873.

4. The private traffic registered on the Ganges is as shown below :—

Stations.	Date.	Direction.	Tons.	Up to date from 1st November 1873. Tons.
Sahebgunge ...	5th to 18th July ...	Up the Ganges ...	1,150	39,946
Ditto ...	Ditto ditto ...	Down „ ...	3,937	17,892
Goalundo ...	28th June to 11th July ...	Up „ ...	1,043	28,119
Kooshtea ...	Ditto ditto ...	Down „ ...	124	12,839

Compared with the figures given in the last fortnightly narrative, there is a falling off of 3,937 tons in the up, and an increase of 2,277 tons in the down traffic. This is accounted for by the flooded state of the river, which would facilitate the down traffic (chiefly wheat and gram for Calcutta), while rendering it very difficult for country-boats to make their way upwards.

CALCUTTA,
The 22nd July 1874.

G. TOYNBEE, C.S.,
On Special Duty.

APPENDIX B. TO THE 22ND SPECIAL NARRATIVE.

Return of Grain despatched from Calcutta up to Monday, the 20th July 1874.—(*Gross Railway weight.*)

Division in which to be used.	Station to which sent.	Up to date of last return.	During the fortnight.	Total to date.	Remarks.
		Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	
Patna	Arrah (for Sarun)	3,87,853	8,863	3,96,716	
	„ (for Chumparun) ...	77,476	.....	77,476	
	Barh	16,04,383	.....	16,04,383	
	Bankipore	53,576	.....	53,576	
	Bihta	20,827	.....	20,827	
	Bukhtiarpore	23,235	.....	23,235	
	Buxar	8,026	.....	8,026	
	Dinapore	3,336	.....	3,336	
	Doomraon	9,022	.....	9,022	
	Futwah Ghât	(a)20,50,627	.....	20,50,627	(a) Of this 20,585 maunds was seed-grain.
	Mokameh	1,03,880	.....	1,03,880	
	Monghyr	(b)5,53,030	1,44,193	6,08,173	(b) Of this 9,436 maunds was seed-grain.
	Patna Ghât	6,07,626	.....	6,07,626	
	Sultangunge	(c)58,858	.....	58,858	(c) Of this 39,031 maunds was seed-grain.
	Zumanea	16,027	.....	16,027	
	Totals of Patna Division ...	55,78,732	1,53,056	57,31,788	

Return of Grain despatched from Calcutta up to Monday, the 20th July 1874.—(*Gross Railway weight*).—Continued.

Division in which to be used.	Station to which sent.	Up to date of last return.	During the fortnight.	Total to date.	Remarks.
		Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	
Soane Circle ...	Arrah	38,863	... ..	38,863	
	Behea	2,078	.....	2,078	
	Bihta	2,032	.....	2,032	
	Buxar	4,354	.....	4,354	
	Mogul Serai	33,521	... .	33,521	
	Totals of Soane Circle ...	80,848	.....	80,848	
	Grand totals, Patna Division and Soane Circle	56,59,580	1,53,056	58,12,636	
Bhagulpore ...	Bhagulpore	(d) 1,41,596	... ..	1,41,596	(d) Besides this 28,351 maunds were sent *viâ* Bhagulpore and Colgong to Nepal.
	Burriarpore	2,275	.....	2,275	
	Burhea	3,744	.....	3,744	
	Caragolah	3,00,331	.....	3,00,331	
	Colgong	3,42,087	.....	3,42,087	
	Ghidhour	1,981	.....	1,981	
	Jamoose	26,810	.....	26,810	
	Kujrah	3,506	.....	3,506	
	Luckee Serai	79,941	.....	79,941	
	Monghyr	3,70,321	... ..	3,70,321	
	Peerpointee	64,210	.....	64,210	
	Sahebgunge	15,483	.....	15,483	
	Sultangunge	2,77,349	.....	2,77,349	
	Bahawa	20,981	.....	20,981	
	Teenpahar	11,052	.....	11,052	
	Maharajpore	3,033	... ...	3,033	
	Moorrarooee	20,449	.....	20,449	
	Rampore Hât	6,115	.....	6,115	
	Jamtarra	16,239	.....	16,239	
	Baidynath	1,102	.....	1,102	
	Synthea	5,073	... .	5,073	
	Nulhattee	2,705	.....	2,705	
	Rajmehal	.....	2,025	2,025	
	Totals of Bhagulpore Division	17,16,383	2,025	17,18,408	
Rajshahye ...	Goalundo	4,90,864	1,006	4,91,870	
	Kaligunge	1,85,781	.....	1,85,781	
	Koushtea	11,73,836	.....	11,73,836	
	Rajmehal	(e)86,523	.....	86,523	(e) Includes 2,025 maunds sent to Dinagepore jail.
	Sahebgunge	1,02,315	.....	1,02,315	
	Shohajpara	75,648	.....	75,648	
	Azimgunge	10,763	.....	10,763	
	Synthea	2,077	.....	2,077	
	Moorrarooee	1,519	2,046	3,565	
	Nawadi	549	1,519	2,068	
	Nulhattee	1,100	.....	1,100	
	Rampore Hât	1,602	4,311	5,913	
	Totals of Rajshahye Division...	21,32,575	8,882	21,41,457	
Chota Nagpore ..	Burrakar	2,14,369	.....	2,14,369	
	Girhidee	32,750	2,111	34,861	
	Totals of Chota Nagpore Division	2,47,119	2,111	2,49,230	
Burdwan ..	Ranegunge	12,743	7,266	20,009	
	Burdwan	17,639	6,089	23,728	
	Bhulpore	8,299	2,084	10,383	
	Hooghly	5,597	9,000	15,208	
	Kanoo Junction	5,215	.. ...	5,215	
	Mugrah	204	.....	204	
	Pandooah	204	526	730	
	Serampore	1,364	3,200	4,564	
	Synthea	4,645	1,019	5,664	
	Goshkhara	2,096	1,928	4,024	
	Mancoor	14,650	4,218	18,868	
	Ahmoodpore	2,062	1,584	3,646	
	Cutwa	20,664	13,148	33,812	
	Mullarpore	2,600	1,049	3,649	
	Asensole	.....	166	166	
	Bhedia	.....	1,106	1,106	
	Burrakar	.....	122	122	
	Culna	.....	7,087	7,087	
	Doorgapore	.....	152	152	
	Mymaree	.....	1,952	1,952	
	Panceghur	.....	519	519	
	Seturampore	.....	354	354	
	Totals of Burdwan Division ...	97,972	63,188	1,61,160	
	Grand totals of all Divisions	98,53,029	2,29,362	100,82,391	
	Or tons ...	364,948	8,491	373,440	

G. Toynbee, C.S.,

On Special Duty.

Dated Bankipore, the 12th July 1874.

From—A. C. MANGLES, ESQ., Collector of Patna,

To—The Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

I HAVE the honor to submit the following narrative for the fortnight ending Saturday, the 11th instant.

A.—STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

2. The supply of food-grain of all descriptions continues to be abundant in the several markets of this district, and no deficiency is reported from anywhere. As was expected, the private importations during the fortnight ending the 4th instant have considerably fallen; the figure being 2,92,632 maunds, against 3,49,091 reported in the last narrative. This decrease is partly attributed to the favorable prospects of the coming crops, and partly to the heavy and continuous falls of rain. It is satisfactory, however, to observe that the prices of food-grain, which had fallen immediately after the first setting in of the monsoon, have remained steady, or nearly so, these six weeks, and are likely to remain so until we may look for a still further fall.

3. The new siding in the Patna City is being got on with, and sheds have been erected; but from what I saw at the time of my last visit, if our prospects continue to be as favorable as they now are, they are not likely to be required, as the quantity of grain coming in can be easily disposed of between the City and Ghât stations.

4. The following were the prices of food-grains obtaining in the principal markets of the district:—

		Srs.	C.
	Patna.		
Rice, best		12	0
Rice, common		13	8
Wheat		17	4
Barley		20	0
Janera		17	0
Gram		20	0
	Behar.		
Rice, best		10	4
Rice, common		10	12
Wheat		13	12
Barley		20	0
Janera		16	0
Gram		16	8

		Srs.	C.		Srs.	C.
	Dinapore.					
Rice, best		9	12	to	10	0
Rice, common		10	4	to	11	12
Wheat		17	0			
Barley		.....				
Janera		16	0			
Gram		19	0			

The Barrh report has not been received as yet.

5. We had 8·97 inches of rain at the sudder station during the fortnight, 9·85 in Behar, and 9·15 in Dinapore. These figures, which are somewhat high when compared with those of the corresponding fortnight in previous years, were not made up by any particularly heavy falls of rain on any particular days, but by constant showers falling nearly every day, and with very short intervals between them; the consequences of which have been that the labourers have been prevented getting on to their lands to clean them, and great fear has been entertained of the weeds choking the young plants. But I am glad to say that for the last two days we have had comparatively fine weather, and I now hope we may have a little break. During the early part of the fortnight floods were reported in the south of the district, the three rivers intersecting that part of the country having overflowed their banks, and much fear was entertained for the safety of the young rice and Indian-corn crops; but I am glad to be able to report that they subsided again almost as quickly as they had risen, and it is hoped that not much damage will have been caused.

5½. On this subject the Behar sub-divisional officer writes as follows:—

"The state of the bhadoi crops is all that can be wished. I have lately been out and seen a good deal of the country. I am happy to report that all kinds of bhadoi crops are flourishing well. Marua is in many places a cubit high; makai and broadcast paddy have equally grown well. If Providence sends no blight, the produce will be more than plenty, and meet all the requirements of the people. It really gladdens one's heart to see the broad foliage of makai and the strong stalks of marua spread over miles of land. The prospect is indeed very bright up to this time. We sanguinely hope there will not be an excess of rain."

The Dinapore sub-divisional officer reports the state of crops in his sub-division as "very promising."

6. No case of misery or starvation was reported during the fortnight. The people are busily engaged in their agricultural pursuits, and the stoppage of our relief works has not, as I anticipated would be the case, affected them in the least.

7. 109 emigrants were registered in my office for Demerara and Mauritius, and 80 were despatched to Calcutta for British Burma during the fortnight. Of these 61 belonged to this

district, 71 to Gya, 10 to Tirhoot, 6 to Shahabad, 5 to Sarun, and the rest to the North-Western Provinces, &c.

8. No case of grain-robbery was reported during the fortnight. There were 9 cases of theft, mostly of a petty nature.

9. The statement of crime prescribed by the Government order of the 20th December last has not yet been received from the police-office. It will be submitted as soon as it is received.

B.—Relief Works.

10. None in progress in this district, all having been stopped.

C.—Transport of Grain.

11. The following are the figures showing the amount of grain imported to this district during the fortnight ending the 4th instant:—

	Rice.	Wheat, oat, and barley.	Jawara.	Other grains.
By rail ...	74,623	1,14,081	53 384	52,097
,, river ...	14,766	.....	100	2,799
Total ...	89,389	1,14,081	53,484	54,896

or a grand total of 3,11,850 maunds, whereof some 19,218 maunds were Government grain and the remaining 2,92,632 private importations.

D.—Storage of Government Grain.

12. In spite of the constant fall of rain, I have done my best to push on the Patna and Gya grains across the river. Nearly all the grain I had to send from the Sudder and Dinagepore sub-divisions has gone. The difficulty experienced by the sub-divisional officer of Behar in despatching his grain for Tirhoot was reported on in my last narrative. I have since found a grain-merchant in the city who is willing to receive the grain stored at the several golahs of that division on the spot, and give us in exchange a similar quantity at Patna. I hope to conclude the arrangement with him to-morrow.

13. Mr. Palmer, the Collector of Gya, has made a similar arrangement with the Gya grain-dealers, and has thereby been able to push on his despatches. We have up to this time despatched to Hajeepore upwards of 30 000 out of the 40,000 maunds of the Gya grain ordered by Government to be sent for the Mozufferpore golahs, and were in hopes of being able to finish off the work in a few more days, but unfortunately yesterday received a letter from Major DeKantzow, informing that as he was sending no more grain by road, I was therefore to stop my despatches and to store what grain I had left till such time as the contractors could send their own boats to take it away. For this purpose I have hired a golah at Maroofgunje, close to the ghât station, and on the river-banks, where the Gya contractors have to deliver it, and from whence the Tirhoot contractors can remove it without any difficulty; so that there will be no extra expense to Government except the hire of the godown, which is only Rs. 35 a month. I am glad to be able to report that very little or no damage was done to the grain in transit during the fortnight.

E.—Advances to Private Parties.

14. None during the fortnight. The advance-holders have begun to pay back the money they had received for the purchase of grain and also for agricultural improvement. During the fortnight I thus received back Rs. 10,500, and Rs. 1,250 had been previously returned of his own accord by a zemindar who had received Rs. 5,000 for agricultural improvement on the condition that it was to be made good in December next.

F.—Charitable Relief.

15. None.

G.—Financial Result.

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
16. As per account already rendered ...	.....	2,63,608 3 8
During the Fortnight.		
To the Nazir on account of the halting charges of the Government carts	555 8 0	
To the Nazir on account of contingent charges ...	3 4 0	
To the Nazir on account of railway freight of tarpaulins	107 1 0	
Office contingencies	1 7 6	
To the Municipal Overseer on account of transport of grain to Tirhoot	124 13 9	
To the contractor, Baboo Gobind Chunder Banerjee, for conveying 7,288 maunds of coal received from the Master Attendant from the station tothe shed	72 0 0	
To Deputy Collector of Dinapore on account of transport charges	161 0 0	
		1,025 2 3
Grand Total ...	.....	2,64,633 5 11

No. 1085F, dated Gya, the 13th July 1874.

From—A. V. PALMER, Esq., Collector of Gya,

To—The Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

I HAVE the honor to submit my narrative of scarcity and relief in the Gya district for the fortnight ending 11th July 1874.

A.—STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

2. There is a sufficient supply of food-grains throughout the district. The accompanying table will show the prices at which grains ordinarily consumed are to be obtained at the leading marts:—

BAZARS.	WHEAT.		BARLEY.		RICE, BEST.		RICE, COMMON.		MILLET.		MAIZE.		GRAM.	
	Week ending 11th July.	Week ending 27th June.	Week ending 11th July.	Week ending 27th June.	Week ending 11th July.	Week ending 27th June.	Week ending 11th July.	Week ending 27th June.	Week ending 11th July.	Week ending 27th June.	Week ending 11th July.	Week ending 27th June.	Week ending 11th July.	Week ending 27th June.
	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.
Gya ...	11 12	11 4	16 0	15 0	8 8	8 0	10 0	10 0	.....	.....	.....	13 0	14 0	15 0
Nowada	13 0	13 0	18 0	18 0	.....	.....	13 0	13 0	15 0	13 0	13 0	13 0	15 0	16 12
Jehanabad ...	13 0	13 8	16 0	16 4	8 12	9 0	10 0	9 12	.....	.....	14 8	13 0	15 0	15 8
Aurungabad ...	13 8	13 10	17 0	17 4	10 4	10 0	11 0	10 8	....	....	.....	.....	14 8	13 8
Imoodnuggur ...	13 0	13 4	18 0	17 0	10 0	9 8	10 8	10 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	15 0	15 8
Sherghotty ...	13 0	11 8	14 0	15 0	9 8	9 8	11 0	10 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	13 0	.....

3. There are but few large stocks of grain now hoarded, and these are with wealthy zemindars. Those who withheld small stocks till the nature of the rainy season was apparent, are now bringing them through the trade into consumption.

4. I annex in the margin a statement of the rainfall during the fortnight. It will be seen that the rain has been general and sufficient for agricultural purposes. At the commencement of the fortnight the very large rush of water down from the hills, filling the mountain streams and inundating a considerable portion of the district, more especially in the vicinity of Ticaree and Jehanabad.

Gya	7·26
Nowada	7·39
Jehanabad	8·81
Aurungabad	8·58

5. The flood, though higher than any experienced for some years past, fortunately disappeared almost as quickly as it came, and although some damage was thus done to the early rain crops, it was not considerable, and this damage was recouped by the advantage the entire country derived from having ample moisture imparted to the lands that will be sown down in winter crops.

6. Since the 1st June not a day has passed without some rain. It would be impossible to conceive weather more suitable or advantageous to agricultural operations.

7. This district may be said to be an almost purely agricultural district, and the desertion of the relief works, and the employment of all classes in agricultural pursuits, is indicative of future agricultural prosperity.

8. Under this favorable state of things it is but natural that the crops, as far as they have gone, would be in excellent condition, and such is the case.

The people are in good spirits, and all apprehensions of future scarcity are fast disappearing from their minds.

9. The supervisors and deputy supervisors are each in charge of a selected division of each sub-division, and they concur in reporting the people as contented and satisfied, and possessing no apprehensions for the future.

10. No case of misery or starvation has been reported. The supervisors from time to time have sent in to the relief-houses objects of charity, but in many cases they leave the relief house as soon as they can.

11. I append a statement of robberies and grain-thefts for the month of June.

Statement showing the number of true cases of Dacoity, Robbery, Theft and House-breaking, in the Gya District, for the month of June 1874, *as compared with the number of such cases in the corresponding month of June* 1873 *and* 1872.

	Dacoity.			Robbery.			Theft.			House-breaking.						Total of all crimes.		
	Heading Nos. 30 and 31 of crime return A.I.			Heading Nos. 32 and 33 of crime return A. I.			Heading No. 43 of crime return A I, including cattle-theft.			Heading Nos. 35 and 42, crime return A. I.								
										1874.		1873.		1872.				
	June 1874.	June 1873.	June 1872.	June 1874.	June 1873.	June 1872.	June 1874.	June 1873.	June 1872.	With theft.	Without theft.	With theft.	Without theft.	With theft.	Without theft.	June 1874.	June 1873.	June 1872.
Number of cases reported, excluding cases declared by Magistrate to be false.																		
Gya	...	...	2	...	...	...	37	20	13	40	101	36	65	35	44	137	121	92
Jehanabad	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	8	7	14	51	8	38	13	25	69	84	45
Nowada	...	...	...	...	3	..	11	2	5	19	73	16	26	5	13	103	47	25
Aurungabad	...	...	...	...	1	...	9	11	7	24	39	15	30	8	18	71	57	39
Total ...	...	...	2	...	4	...	61	41	32	106	263	75	159	60	100	430	279	196

Comparative Statement in which Grain was stolen in the Gya District for the month of June 1874, *as compared with those of corresponding month of June* 1873 *and* 1872.

	Theft, in which grain was stolen, sections 379 and 380.						House-breaking, in which grain was stolen, section 457.						Total of all crimes.					
	Up to Rs. 10.			Above 10 and below Rs. 30.			Above Rs. 30.			Up to Rs. 10.			Above 10 and below Rs. 30.			Above Rs. 30.		
	June 1874.	June 1873.	June 1872.	June 1874.	June 1873.	June 1872.	June 1874.	June 1873.	June 1872.	June 1874.	June 1873.	June 1872.	June 1874.	June 1873.	June 1872.	June 1874.	June 1873.	June 1872.
Number of Cases reported, excluding Cases declared by Magistrate to be false.																		
Gya	4			. .	...	.	.	.	4	3	1	1	1		2	.	8	3	1	1	1	..	2	...	.
Jehanabad	...	2	...	..	...	..	.	.	2	.	...	.	.	1			2	2			1		...	...	
Nowada	2	..	1	1	.		..	..	1	4	1	1	1	..	...		3	4	2	2	1	...	..	.	
Aurungabad	1	...	..	1	...	...	...	...	2	..	...	...	...	.	..		3	.	.	1	..	..	..	...	...
Total ...	7	2	1	2	.	...	...	.	9	6	2	2	2	1	2		16	6	3	4	2	1	2	...	...

12. Considering the dearness of all articles of food during the past month, and the fact that the greater portion of the people of this district are in the habit of producing and not purchasing the food they require for the consumption of their families, it is extraordinary that the number of grain-thefts reported should be so few.

13. On the other hand, there has been a general increase of reported crime against property. In Gya and Nowada the offences of theft and house-breaking without theft have been most prevalent. In Jehanabad and Aurungabad house-breakings with theft have chiefly increased. It is impossible to give any really sound or sufficient reason for this increase. These classes of offences are seldom uniform in number throughout the year, and the increase, though considerable, is not alarming, or such as to call for any special action.

14. From all parts of the district the condition of the people is reported to be good and their prospects everything they could desire.

B.—Relief Works.

15. The subjoined statement will show the works in hand and the numbers employed on each.

Fortnight ending 4th July 1874.

Name of Works.	On Piece-work.				On Daily Wages.			
	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.
Daodnuggur road	.....	.....	.....	.....	No work.			
Surbahda road	.....	.....	.....	.....	72	70	9	151
Purya road	470	266	103	839	.....	.....	.....	.....
Behar and Khizer Serai road ...	2,054	1,410	207	3,571	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sherghotty and Myapore road ...	203	139	68	410	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ditto and Imamgunge road	122	119	75	316	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pukree Barwan road	336	149	179	664	.....	.....	.....	.....
Warisgunge road	207	168	78	543	.....	.....	.....	.....
Gobindpore road	22	39	3	64	.....	.....	.....	.....
Behar and Rujowlee road. Collection of soorkee	197	115	46	258	.....	.....	.....	.....
Jehanabad and Hoolasgunge road...	382	477	24	883	.....	.....	.....	.....
Obra road	56	20	.....	76	221	140	87	448
Myabigha and Ruffigunge road ...	166	93	77	336	57	139	31	227
Maharajgunge road	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,255	1,656	1,102	4,013
Kootoomba road	.....	.....	.....	.....	341	175	105	621
Deo road	.....	.....	.....	.....	107	204	114	425
Total ...	4,105	2,995	860	7,960	2,053	2,384	1,448	5,885

16. The numbers employed as reported in last narrative were 29,741; in the fortnight under review, 13,845, showing a decrease of about 16,000. This is as it should be. I have everywhere encouraged laborers to leave the relief works for agricultural labor.

17. The Surbaida road is said to be completed. I have not yet, however, received the Executive Engineer's official report after inspecting the work.

18. Food is provided within easy reach of each work, and since the receipt of Sir Richard Temple's telegram, payment to laborers has been made exclusively in food-grain.

19. The subjoined table will show what proportion of the coin paid in wages prior to the receipt of Sir Richard Temple's telegram has been recouped by sale of grain.

Fortnight ending 4th July 1874.

Name of Work.	Number of laborers.	Amount paid in wages.	Value recouped by sale of Government grain.	Remarks.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Surbaida road	151	9 0 5	12 11 0	
Purya road	839	101 11 2	87 5 3	
Bela and Khizer Serai road	3,571	147 0 2	116 4 8	
Sherghotty and Myapore road	410	47 10 0	37 5 9	Payments made in grain since 1st July.
Ditto and Imamgunge road	316	29 15 9		Ditto 2nd July 1874.
Pukree Barowan road	664	56 3 5	*Nil* ...	Ditto 30th June 1874.
Warisgunge road	543	54 2 11	*Nil* ...	
Gobindpore road	64	2 9 1	*Nil.*	
Behar and Rojowli road	258	11 6 3	18 5 0	
Jehanabad and Hoolasgunge road	883	128 12 7	3 0 8	
Obra road	448	40 5 8		Taking this and the previous fortnight's transactions together it will be seen that Rs. 918-4-4 was paid to laborers, and the value of grain sold to them up to 9th July was Rs. 1,000-1-2.
Myabighat and Ruffigunge road	227	16 3 9		
Moharajgunge road	4,013	208 9 9	698 6 9	
Kootoomba ,, ...	621	50 4 9		
Deo road	425	24 11 9		
Total	13,433	928 11 5		

All relief laborers are, since receipt of Government telegram, being paid in grain.

C.—Transport of Food-grain.

20. The quantity of private food supplies during the past fortnight is much the same as that of the preceding fortnight, the figures being 3,135 maunds during the present fortnight, against 3,510 in the preceding.

Bazars.	Wheat.	Barley.	Rice, best.	Rice, common.	Millet.	Maize.	Gram.	Total.
Gya ...	365	71	18	468	...	.....	216	1,138
Nowada ...	20	.....	.....	40	...	.....	40	100
Jehanabad ...	300	28	117	150	...	27	250	872
Aurungabad ...	143	.....	27	365	...	.....	110	645
Daoodnuggur ...	90	90	70	60	...	.....	70	380
Sherghotty ...	In the return 400 maunds is stated as importation, but the description of grain is not given.							
Total ...	918	189	232	1,083	...	27	686	3,135

21. This decrease in importation is a necessary consequence of the setting in of the rainy season. The difficulty in obtaining carts, and the exchange here to traders of food-grains delivered by them at Patna for consumption in Tirhoot, all tend to lessen the importation.

22. Moreover, small stores from within the district hitherto hoarded till the bhadoi and khureef crops are assured are now being brought out.

D.—Storage of Government Grain.

23. The accompanying statement will show the present disposition of the Government grain in this district.

Statement showing storage and disposal of Government Grain in Gya District up to 11th July 1874.

Golah.	Quantity originally stored.	Quantity issued.				Balance.
		By sale.	By advance to ryots.	By transfer to Patna.	Total.	
Sudder Sub-division.						
Gya	29,851	10,798	65	9,778	20,641	9,210
Bela	3,012	157	.....	253	410	2,601
Sherghotty	4,279	119	.....	.....	119	4,160
Uttree	3,930	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,930
Bheloea Chutti	991	.....	.....	.....	.....	991
Tuccaree	2,004	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,004
Futtehpore	991	.....	.....	.....	.....	991
Imamgunge	1,435	15	.....	.....	15	1,420
	46,493	11,089	65	10,031	21,185	25,308
Jehanabad Sub-division.						
Jehanabad	14,907	1,008	4	.....	1,012	13,895
Urwul	6,958	.....	.....	6,958	6,958	.....
Gundhar	3,059	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,059
Kinjur	1,945	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,945
Hoolasgunge	2,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,000
Khazi Serai	993	.....	.....	.....	.....	993
	29,862	1,008	4	6,958	7,970	21,892
Nowada Sub-division.						
Nowada	21,460	807	.....	.....	807	20,653
Kadirgunge	2,814	14	.....	.....	14	2,800
Pukree Barwan	5,182	32	.....	.....	32	5,150
Rujowlee	3,992	26	.....	.....	26	3,966
Warisbgunge	2,002	28	.....	.....	28	1,974
	35,450	907	.....	.....	907	34,543
Aurungabad Sub-division.						
Aurungabad	20,904	834	.....	.....	834	20,070
Ruffigunge	2,997	150	.....	.....	150	2,847
Kootoomba	3,967	75	.....	.....	75	3,892
War	4,556	151	.....	.....	151	4,405
Daoodnuggur	4,973	124	.....	.....	124	4,849
Total ...	37,397	1,334	....	....	1,334	3,663

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the Gya District for the fortnight ending 11th July 1874.

Name of Circle.	Dates for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	Total Quantity of Government grain consumed.						Estimated grain receipts for the ensuing fortnight.	Estimated grain expenditure for the ensuing fortnight.
				By sale to the public.	By sale to labourers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advance to ryots.	By payment in kind.	Total.		
Gya	28th June to 9th July.	51,000	36,462*	9,542	406	740	65	100	11,153	.....	3,000
Nowada	30th June to 9th July.	38,000	35,450	596	133	114	.....	64	907	.....	1,000
Jehanabad	25th June to 9th July.	30,000	23,161†	613	.....	173	4	.....	790	.....	100
Aurungabad	26th June to 9th July.	40,500	37,398	474	469	193	.....	198	1,334	.....	500
	Total ...	1,59,500	1,32,471	1,11,525	1,008	1,220	69	362	14,184	.....	4,600

* Exclusive of 5,655 maunds transferred to Patna.
4,376 „ issued to merchants in exchange for the grain delivered by them at Patna.
10,031

† Exclusive of 6,958 „ transferred to Patna from Arwul.

	Mds.
At gola	5,000
From Bihta	1,346
„ Bukhtiarpore	4,674
„ Gya	5,655
„ Urwul	6,958
By transfer to Gya merchants	4,376
Total ...	28,009

24. Of the 75,000 maunds ordered to Patna, I have already delivered as per margin, and I expect during the ensuing fortnight to complete delivery of the greater part that remains.

25. The golas have stood the rain well, and very little damage has hitherto been ascertained to have happened.

E.—Advances to Private Parties.

26. All applications for advances under the Land Improvement Act, or to deal in grain, have, as notified in my last narrative, ceased.

27. There have been a few applications for seed-grain and grain for subsistence.

28. These applications are being dealt with and disposed of as rapidly as possible, but in cases where the zemindar objects to stand security, enquiries have to be made as to the real position and requirements of the applicants, and this necessarily causes some delay.

29. The following table will show how matters stand:—

Statement of the Number of Applications received for advances in Seed-grain.

Sub-divisions.	Number of applications received.	Rejected.	Granted.			Pending.	Remarks.
			Number.	Cash.	Grain.		
Gya	72	13	24*	1,995	1,200	35	* Under enquiry.
Nowada	73	58	.....	.....	.....	15†	† Of these 9 have been reported for sanction and are pending here.
Jehanabad	3	.....	1	.....	122	2	
Aurungabad	198	.....	.....	.....	.....	198	The applicants have been informed that the zemindar's guarantee is necessary.
Total ...	346	71	25	1,995	1,322	250	

30. It is much to be regretted that these applications were not made when first invited, and before agricultural operations had commenced.

F.—Charitable Relief.

31. In my former narratives I have stated the machinery adopted in this very important matter.

32. It will, I presume, suffice to submit a statement showing the number relieved under each of the three headings prescribed by the central committee.

Charitable Relief Statement.

Sub-divisions.	B.	C.	D.	Total.	Daily average.
Gya	5,698	696	75	6,469	462
Bela centre	2,760	.....	.....	2,760	197
Sherghotty centre	210	52	.....	262	18
Nowada	1,414	2,394	20	3,828	273
Jehanabad	1,622	923	.....	2,545	181
Aurungabad	5,449	3,356	14	8,819	629
Total ...	17,153	7,421	109	24,683	1,760

33. There has been an increase chiefly under heading C. This is in consequence of the extension of the invalid gang's system, by which those who are able to give some work, though not full work, receive relief.

34. It is satisfactory to find that notwithstanding the very close search made by the supervisors and deputy supervisors, only 109 persons have required assistance under heading D. All these persons are fed with Government grain purchased by the relief committee. Cloth and blankets have been freely issued to those requiring them. Of those receiving relief under heading B, I find about two-sevenths are lepers and professional beggars and five-sevenths reduced by poverty and high prices of food.

G.—Financial Results.

35. Total expenditure shown in last narrative, Rs. 1,15,453-4-10.

Add expenditure during current fortnight, viz.—

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
(*a*) Final payments made—		
Paid by Deputy Collector, Aurungabad, on account of pay of gola establishment for May	.....	52 8 1
Paid salary of famine clerk for June	.....	60 0 0
Paid Mr. Elliot on account of salary for June ...	180 0 0	
Deduct advance	100 0 0	
		80 0 0
Paid Baboo Oojagur Mall, tehsildar, on account of railway fare of a horse		81 4 0
Paid salary of gola establishment of Aurungabad sub-division for June		79 0 0
Paid salary of deputy supervisor of Aurungabad and peon under him for May		45 0 0
Paid by Baboo Dhonesh Chunder Ray, Deputy Collector, on account of pay of gola establishment of Sudder sub-division for June		83 4 6
Paid by Assistant Collector of Jehanabad on account of transport of Government grain		500 0 0
Paid by Deputy Collector of Aurungabad on account of grain purchased by Government		803 7 2
Total ...		1,784 7 9
(*b*) Advance repayable—		
Paid to Maharajah of Deo on account of land improvement		4,000 0 0
Paid by Baboo Dhonesh Chunder Rai, Deputy Collector, on account of advances for purchasing seed-grain ...		491 0 0
Ditto ditto ditto ...		540 0 0
Total ...		5,031 0 0
Total expenditure for fortnight ...		6,815 7 9
Grand total up to 11th July ...		1,22,268 12 7

No. 610F, dated Arrah, the 14th July 1874.

From—H. W. ALEXANDER, Esq., Collector of Shahabad,

To—The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Statistical Department.

I HAVE the honor to submit my 16 narrative for the fortnight ending the 11th July.

A.—STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

Abundance or scarcity of supplies in the bazars.—The report received from different parts of the district show that the bazars are sufficiently stocked to meet all local requirements.

Kinds and prices of grain selling at one or more specified principal marts.—The kinds and prices of grain selling at the chief marts in the district are shown in Appendix A.

In the Arrah and Buxar sub-divisions prices have fallen in a marked manner.

There has been a sensible fall of prices in all the markets of the Sasseram sub-division. In the Bhubhooa sub-division there has been a slight rise in prices in Bhubhooa and Hatta, a more decided rise in Chynepore, while prices in Mohaniah and Durgauti have, on the other hand, fallen. In regard to this Mr. Eyre remarks:—"The two latter markets being on the Grand Trunk Road, and the other marts in the interior on unmetalled roads now difficult to carry along, accounts to some extent for the rise and fall in prices. At the same time the figures for Mohaniah and Durgauti are in my opinion too high to be reliable. The marts are seven miles apart only and on the same metalled road; there should not be therefore such a marked difference as 2½ seers in the prices of rice and two seers in the prices of gram, peas, and barley. I was at Durgauti and Mohaniah on the 1st of July, the prices then were as follows":—

	Wheat.	Rice.	Grain.
	Srs.	Sr. Ch.	Srs.
Durgauti	14	9 8	15
Mohaniah	14	10 0	15

Rainfall.—At Arrah during the fortnight 6·16 inches of rain have fallen.

In the Buxar sub-division the rain has been heavy. A fall of 5·59 inches at Sasseram and of 12·13 at Bhubhooa has been reported during the fortnight. The general cry is for dry weather and sun-shine for a short time.

State of the crops.—Favorable reports are received from all parts in regard to the condition of the bhadoi crops, but a little dry weather is much required to permit of these being properly weeded. The flood of the Soane alluded to in my last narrative did not do any material damage to the crops, the flood lasted a very short time, and was not very severe in its rush.

In regard to the Sasseram and Bhubhooa sub-divisions, Mr. Eyre reports:—"The floods reported in my last narrative do not appear to have done much damage. They came at the time when the cultivator was just beginning to sow. Their only results will have been to throw back the sowings for a few days. I am in possession of information from Pergunnah Rohtas, the vicinity of Bhubhooa, east Dunwar, and west Sasseram. In Rohtas only has there been noteworthy damage. Several dams have been breached, one or two entirely carried away. Ninety beeghas of transplanted marooa have been destroyed, 12 beeghas of maize, and nearly 100 beegahs of seed rice. This portion of the country being under the direct influence of mountain torrents, accounts for this proportionately large damage done."

Condition of the people.—The condition of the people remains much the same. No cases of actual starvation and misery have been brought to light.

Smallpox has disappeared with the exception of one or two cases here and there. A slight outbreak of cattle disease, most unfortunate at this particular period, is reported from Rohtas.

In regard to grain thefts and robberies, two thefts occurred in the Arrah sub-division of five maunds six seers, and three maunds ten seers in the Buxar sub-division, one case in which two maunds were stolen. Two in the Sasseram sub-division of 20 maunds and two half seers each, and in the Bhubhooa sub-division two cases in which 23 and 30 seers were stolen.

The comparative statement of crime called for in Government Circular No. 4081, of the 20 December 1873, is submitted in a separate statement (Appendix B). There has been a large increase in the total of crimes, more especially in regard to cases of cattle theft and lurking house trespass and house breaking with intent to commit theft.

B.—RELIEF WORKS.

Full particulars in regard to all relief works in progress and the number of laborers employed on each are furnished in Appendix C.

The quantity of Government grain sold to the laborers employed on these works is given in a separate statement, as well as the amount of grain advanced to ryots.

No fresh relief works have been started during the fortnight.

C.—Transport of Food.

Private imports and exports by rail to the stations in the Arrah and Buxar sub-divisions are given in Appendix D.

The imports into the Sasseram sub-division are :—

	Mds.
By rail	869
Interior	990
Exterior	762
Total ..	2,626.

Into Bhubooa.

	Mds.	Srs.
By rail	27	..
Interior	644	20
Exterior	287	30
Total ..	959	10

In both sub-divisions the decrease is very marked.

D.—Storage of Government Grain.

7,000 maunds of Government grain have been despatched to Chupra in accordance with recent orders. More grain is being transported from golas and being placed on the boats, which will be despatched as soon as they are laden. During the ensuing fortnight it is hoped that the best part of the entire surplus stock will be despatched. No delay that can be avoided will be allowed to occur. The season is, however, very unfavorable for transport arrangements.

E.—Advances to Private Parties.

In the Arrah sub-division during the fortnight, 124 maunds 34 seers have been advanced to ryots from the Government stores on the security of their zemindars. On this subject Mr. Eyre reports "during the fortnight 532 maunds of grain have been advanced to ryots from the Government stores, on security. These advances will be repayable thus :—

Tow-fifths 31st March 1875.

One-fifth 30th September 1875.

Two-fifths 31st March 1876.

Rs. 463 have been advanced on security for the purchase of seed-grain from Charitable Relief Funds.

In regard to the circular telegram, dated 1st July, I have to intimate that the intentions of Government have been made public. The measure has created the greatest satisfaction, especially among the zemindars, who will thus be enabled to employ more field-labor and pay it better than would have been the case had they purchased in the regular markets. Applications amounting to 1,000 maunds are now being complied with.

F.—Charitable Relief.

In the Arrah sub-division the relief operations are as follows :—

Heading B.—*Cooked Food.*

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Average.
Moulabag	295	314	871	1,480	99
Gurbanee	94	44	17	155	10
Total ...	389	358	888	1,635	109

Heading C.—*Rope-making.*

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Average.
Moulabag	50	...	...	50	3
Nonore	Not received.				

Spinning Relief.

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Average.
Moulabag		137	14	151	10

Road-making.

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Average.
Moulabag	766	843	243	1,852	124

In-door Relief.

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Average.
Arrah Town	30	1,920	45	1,995	133
Grand total under Heading C. ...	846	2,900	302	4,048	270

HEADING D.—*Uncooked Food.*

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Average.
Moulabag	934	1,723	228	2,885	192
Gurbance	30	48	110	188	13
Total	964	1,771	338	3,073	205

Gratuitous Distribution of Money.

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Average.
Arrah	45	450	75	570	38
Grand total under Heading D.	1,009	2,221	413	3,643	243
Grand Total ...	2,244	5,479	1,603	9,326	622

During the fortnight the three supervising relief officers and the canoongo have visited in the—

Arrah circle	23	villages.
Behea „	30	„
Peroo „	19	„
Nonore „	41	„

In the Buxar sub-division charitable relief operations are as follow:—

HEADING B.—*Cooked Food.*

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Average.
Chousah ...	112	165	40	317	22¾
Buxar ...	189	407	100	696	53½
Seraya ...	86	77	17	180	12¾

HEADING C.—*Rope-making.*

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Average.
Chousah ...	56	...	...	56	...
Buxar ...	38	...	...	38	...
Saraya ...	6	...	...	6	...

Spinning.

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Average.
Chousah		5	...	5	...
Buxar		1	...	1	...
Saraya		5	...	5	...

HEADING D.—*Uncooked Food.*

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Average.
Chousah ...	120	100	100	420	30
Buxar ...	300	1,020	80	1,400	107½
Saraya ...	310	260	20	590	42

The sub-divisional officer of Buxar further reports—"The Chousah relief inspector reports having visited 102 villages, the Doomraon relief inspector 80 villages, and the Buxar relief inspector 82 villages. This is, I think, fair work considering the great difficulty of locomotion at present, and all three report favorably on the agricultural prospects and condition of the people. Each poor-house has been supplied with twenty-five blankets. I have also raised a shed for the sick poor at the Buxar dispensary, the accommodation of which was too limited to admit of the persons sent being taken in as house patients without this addition. I may mention that of the 62 persons receiving cooked food at the Buxar poor-house, 16 belong to the Ghazipore district, and one to the Sasseram sub-division."

In the Sasseram and Bhubhooa sub-divisions the relief operations are as follows :—

HEADING B.

Cooked Food.

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Daily average.
Sasseram	415	518	209	81·5
Bhubhooa	386	542	335	90·2
Jehanabad	8	8	...	1·1
	809	1,068	544	172·8

Total number relieved under Heading B, 2,421.

The Jehanabad poor-house has been closed, and the recipients sent to the Bhubhooa poorhouse :—

HEADING C.

Rope-making.

	Men.	Women.	Total.	Average.
Sasseram	338	...	338	26
Bhubhooa	680	131	811	50·5
Chynepore	20	...	20	1·4
	1,038	131	1,169	77·9

Spinning Relief.

Sasseram	365	persons.
Nasrigunge	29	„
Bhubhooa	257	„
Chynepore	187	„
Jehanabad	26	„
Chand	69	„
	933	

Weaving Relief.

Sasseram	365	persons.
Bhubhooa	57	„
Chynepore	150	„
Jehanabad	7	„
Chand	4	„
	583	„

Total number of persons relieved under heading C.—2,685.

HEADING D.

Uncooked Food.

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.
Sasseram	31	193	6	230
Buhnowl	28	49	10	87
Chennari	...	9	...	9
Bhubhooa	3	7	...	10
Chynepore	2	8	...	10
Jehanabad	1	10	3	14
Chand	22	26	4	52
	87	302	23	412

Advances for seed-grain—Sasseram 16 persons, Rs. 463.

Total relieved under heading D—428 persons.

Grand total under all headings—5,534 „

During the fortnight the following work has been done by the supervisors—

Sasseram	59 villages.	136 persons.
Nokha	47 „	65 „
Dungair	33 „	56 „
Bhubhooa	57 „	20 „
Durgauti	54 „	75 „
Ramgurh	42 „	10 „

G.—Financial Results of the fortnight.

Particulars.	Amount. Rs. A. P.	Total. Rs. A. P.
Total expenditure from the district and sub-treasuries, as shown in the last narrative, full details of which were therein given ..		34,807 5 2
Expenditure during the fortnight under report, in the Arrah sub-division—		
Cartage of 520 bags from the Arrah gola to the Ganges ..	13 0 0	
„ „ 169 ditto ditto ditto ..	3 2 8	
Weighing of 571 bags at the Arrah gola at annas 8 per 100 bags	6 11 1	
Loading of 689 bags on carts for Sarun at annas 8 per 100 bags	3 7 1	
Cost of unloading the above at the Ganges	3 7 1	
Purchase of sootlee for repairs of bags	0 1 1	
Four coolies for repairing bags at 2 annas per day ..	0 8 0	
Transport expenses of 827 bags from Oodwantnuggur gola to Arrah, at anna 1-9 per bag	90 7 3	
Weighing 722 bags at Oodwanuggur	5 6 7	
Pay of hutwa for seven days	1 1 6	
Loading 722 bags on carts at 6 pie 100 bags	2 11 4	
Cost of conveying 70 bullahs from Oodwantnuggur to Arrah on 4 carts at 10 annas per cart	2 8 0	
Cost of conveying weights and scales	0 7 0	
Purchase of 20 mats to cover grain in transit	1 12 0	
Cost of storing 700 bags in the Arrah gola	2 10 0	
		137 4 8
In the Buxar sub-division—		
Paid to Dusruth Lal, gola-keeper of Seraya gola, for repairing the gola	25 3 0	
Advanced to Rughoonath Pershad, gola-keeper of Itari, for current expenses	10 0 0	
		35 3 0
In the Sasseram and Bhubhooa sub-division—		
Advance to goladar Ramghur	20 0 0	
Ditto ditto of Chand	20 0 0	
Ditto ditto of Kochus	10 0 0	
Ditto ditto ditto	10 0 0	
Purchase of service stamps	20 0 0	
„ of foolscap paper	2 0 0	
Paid to station-master of Doomraon	223 11 0	
Advance to goladar of Tilathoo	20 0 0	
Paid to a coolie for going to Kochus	0 8 0	
ditto ditto ditto	0 10 8	
Purchase of service stamps	15 0 0	
Paid to Executive Engineer, Dehree workshop, price of two iron padlocks and of two brass padlocks	11 0 0	
Paid to goladars of Chennari for storing bags	7 8 0	
Purchase of foolscap paper	1 0 0	
„ „ cloth for busta	0 7 6	
		361 16 2
Total expenditure during the fortnight		534 4 10
Grand total to end of fortnight		35,342 10 0

APPENDIX A.

Prices current at the principal Marts up to the Fortnight ending the 11th July 1874.

Sub-Division.	Marts.	Wheat.	Rice.	Gram.	Peas.	Maize.	Barley.	Bajra.
		S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.
Arrah ...	1. Arrah...	15 0	11 8	19 8	18 0	18 0	20 0	18 0
	2. Rindowlia	15 0	11 8	18 8	18 0	16 8	16 8	...
	3. Sahar	16 0	12 0	16 0	15 0	...	18 0	...
	4. Jugdispore	15 0	11 8	19 8	18 0	19 0	20 0	...
Buxar ...	1. Buxar	15 8	12 8	20 0	18 0	15 0	20 0	16 8
	2. Doomraon	15 12	12 0	20 8	18 0	...	20 8	16 0
	3. Rughoonathpore ...	16 0	12 0	21 0	18 0	...	21 0	...
	4. Chousah	15 8	11 8	21 0	18 0	...	21 0	...
Sasseram ...	1. Sasseram	14 12	12 0	18 0	18 0	...	18 0	...
	2. Chennary	14 12	11 12	17 8	17 8	...	...	...
	3. Akberpore	15 0	12 0	16 0	16 0	...	20 0	...
Bhubbooa ...	1. Bhubbooa	13 8	11 0	16 0	16 8	...	17 0	...
	2. Mohuma	13 12	10 0	17 0	17 0	...	17 0	...
	3. Durgawutti	15 0	12 8	19 0	19 0	...	19 0	16 0
	4. Chynspore	13 8	10 0	16 8	16 8	...	...	...
	5. Hatta	14 0	12 0	16 0	16 8	...	17 0	...

APPENDIX B.

Comparative Statement of Crimes as per Government Circular No. 4081, dated 20th December 1873, Shahabad District.

Dacoity—				
Heading Nos. 30 and 31 of Crime Return, AI.	Month of June	1872	...	2
	Corresponding month of June	1873	...	...
	Ditto ditto	1874	...	3
Robbery—				
Heading Nos. 32 & 33 of Crime Return, AI.	Month of June	1872	...	...
	Corresponding month of June	1873	...	1
	Ditto ditto	1874	...	6
Theft—				
Heading No. 43 of Crime Return, AI, excluding cattle theft.	Month of June	1872	...	41
	Corresponding month of June	1873	...	41
	Ditto ditto	1874	...	60
Heading No. 35 of Crime Return AI, lurking house trespass or house breaking with intent to commit theft.	Month of June	1872	...	60
	Corresponding month of June	1873	...	57
	Ditto ditto	1874	...	137
Heading No. 36 of Crime Return AI, house trespass with a view to commit theft.	Month of June	1872	...	...
	Corresponding month of June	1873	...	2
	Ditto ditto	1874	...	...
Total of all three columns.	Month of June	1872	...	103
	Corresponding month of June	1873	...	101
	Ditto ditto	1874	...	206

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the District of Shahabad for the Fortnight ending on the 11th July 1874.

Name of Circle.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	Total quantity of Government grain consumed up to date.					Estimated grain receipts of the ensuing fortnight.	Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.
				By sale to public or to laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.		
		Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Ms. S. C.	Ms. S. C.	Ms. S. C.	Ms. S. C.	Ms. S. C.	Mds.	Mds.
Arrah	27th July 1874	22,300 0 0	22,300 0 0	370 0 0	706 10 0	134 10 0	284 38 0	1,495 18 0	Nil.	2,000
Buxar	Ditto ...	20,935 0 0	20,935 0 0	313 16 13	46 23 0	Nil.	Nil.	361 39 13	Nil.	500
Bhubbooa and Sasseram ...	Ditto ...	33,365 0 0	33,365 0 0	607 10 3	191 10 11	532 0 0	375 0 0	1,705 4 14	Nil.	5,000
	Total ...	76,600 0 0	76,600 0 0	1,292 26 15	944 3 11	666 10 0	659 38 0	3,553 38 10	Nil.	7,500

APPENDIX C.

List of Relief Works in the Shahabad District, and Laborers on them, during the Fortnight ending 11th July 1874.

Name of Works.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.
Arrah sub-division.				
Raising Sahar and Arrah road	2,161	539	114	2,814*
„ Peero and Arrah road	.....	.....	.....	.....
„ Jugdispore and Arrah road	2,913	570	248	3,731*
„ Gudhani and Bihta road	555	281	.....	836*
Clearing of Gangey tank and repairs road	479	115	212	806*
Total ...	6,108	1,505	574	8,187
Buxar sub-division.				
Raising Poorunda and Sarrya road	5,661	2,757	1,293	9,711*
Metalling Buxar Town road	424	384	154	966*
Total ...	6,089	3,141	1,447	10,677
Bhubhooa sub-division.				
Raising Bhugwanpore and Chynepore road	1,166	879	58	2,103*
„ Pursuthooah to Khyra road	1,255	1,074	140	2,469*
„ Durgauti and Chynepore road	1,089	1,120	195	2,404*
„ Burraon and Jehanabad „	1,356	1,350	269	2,975*
„ Hatta and Durowli road...	665	816	90	1,571†
„ Jehanabad to Burroan road	2,417	3,602	12,34	7,253*
„ Bickram to Soosuah road	1,073	1,[illegible]	19	2,603*
Total ...	9,020	10,[illegible]53	2,005	21,378
Sasseram sub-division.				
Raising Khyra and Dehree road	1,001	507	.....	1,508*
„ Bickram and Mohaniah road	1,[illegible]68	776	415	22,59*
Total ...	2,069	1,283	415	3,767
Grand total ...	23,286	16,282	4,441	44,009*
Under D. P. W. ... Arrah sub-division	5,074	1,109	362	6,545
Buxar „	5,661	2,757	1,293	9,711
Bhubhooa „	83,55	9,537	1,915	19,807
Sasseram „	2,069	1,283	415	3,767
Total ...	21,159	14,686	3,985	39,830
Under District Roads. Arrah sub-division	1,084	396	212	1,642
Buxar „	428	384	154	966
Bhubhooa division	665	816	90	1,571
Sasseram „	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total ...	2,127	1,596	456	4,179
Grand total ...	23,286	16,282	4,441	44,009
a.—Number of laborers employed under D. P. W. { On task-work	20,591	14,319	3,823	38,733
{ On daily wages	568	367	162	1,097
b.—Ditto under sub-divisional officers. { On task-work	.....	.....	.....	.....
{ On daily wages	2,127	1,596	456	4,179
c.—Ditto under Court of Wards		Nil.		
Total ...	23,286	16,282	4,441	44,009
Total on task-work	20,591	14,319	3 823	38,733
Total on daily wages	2,[illegible]95	1,963	618	5,276
Grand Total ...	23,286	16,282	4,441	44,009

* Paid in Grain.

† Statement not received.

H. W. Alexander,

Collector.

APPENDIX D.

Statement of Food-grain Imported by Rail during the Fortnight ending the 11th July 1874.

Outwards.

Station.	Rice.			Wheat, Oats and Barley.			Jowar.		Dal and Gram.			Other grain and Pulses.			Total.		Grand Total.
	Up.	Down.	Total.	Up.	Down.	Total.	Down.	Total.	Up.	Down.	Total.	Up.	Down.	Total.	Up.	Down.	
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds. Srs	Mds. Srs.	Mds.	Mds. Srs.	Mds. Srs.
Arrah ...	...	...	...	...	3,852	3,852	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,889 0	5,889 0	...	9,741 0	9,741 0
Behia ...	4	200	204	...	134	134	...	...	...	333	333	13	53 0	66 0	17	719 0	736 0
Rugoonath-pore.	131	452	583	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	131	452 0	583 0
Doomraon	58	...	58	...	...	...	...	...	149	...	149	2,405	2,873 0	5,373 0	2,702	2,873 0	5,580 0
Buxar ...	58	167	225	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,041 0	1,041 0	58	1,208 0	1,266 0
Total ...	251	819	1,070	...	3,986	3,986	...	...	149	333	482	2,508	9,860 0	12,368 0	2,908	14,993 0	17,908 0

Inwards.

Arrah ...	802	709	1,511	270	7,611	7,881	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,201 0	5,201 0	1,072	13,521 0	14,593 0
Behia ...	788	305	1,043	...	1,478	1,478	1,592	1,592	169	1,368	1,537	...	407 30	407 30	907	5,150 30	6,057 30
Rugoonath-pore.	12	105	117	...	271	271	250	250	...	...	...	13	74 0	87 0	25	700 0	725 0
Doomraon	201	...	201	...	2,262	2,262	266	266	...	1,795	1,795	...	1,621 0	1,621 0	201	5,944 0	6,145 0
Buxar ...	396	1,144	1,540	...	193	193	...	...	...	...	...	1,697	28,025 0	29,722 0	2,093	29,362 0	31,455 0
Total ...	2,149	2,263	4,412	270	11,815	12,085	2,108	2,108	169	3,163	3,332	1,710	35,328 30	37,038 30	4,298	54,677 30	58,975 30

H. W. Alexander,
Collector.

No. 1961F, dated Mozufferpore, the 14th July 1874.

From—C. F. Worsley, Esq., Offg. Collector of Tirhoot,

To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

I have the honor to submit my narrative of scarcity and relief in the Hajeepore, Tajpore, and sudder sub-divisions for the fortnight ending the 11th July 1874.

A.—State of the Country.

2. In the Hajeepore sub-division prices have remained almost stationary during the fortnight.

3. In the Tajpore sub-division the prices of wheat, barley, and gram have fallen, but at the Tajpore and Poosah marts rice has become very dear. The falls in prices wherever they have occurred, are attributed to increased importations by the Boor Gunduk.

4. In the Mozufferpore sub-division Government prices rule everywhere, and these have been fixed with due reference to the wants of the people. It may be said, no doubt, that prices in this sub-division are now more favorable than they are in certain districts where famine has not appeared; but no useful results can be obtained by comparing the existing state of the districts whose supplies, originally ample, have been simply reduced by vast exportations, with the circumstances of others which have suffered throughout the year from a general failure of crops, and whose present improved condition is wholly due to the action of Government. In the one case the agricultural population—the most important section of the people—will have retained sufficient stocks for their own consumption, and are therefore in no way affected by high prices in the bazars; in the other, the same classes feel directly and acutely each rise of price, not only because they have to *purchase* their food, but because (without the aid of Government) they have little money of their own with which to buy it. It is only in their effects on the non-agricultural or town population that the two forms of scarcity at all resemble each other; but even here the resemblance is only apparent, being merely the result of the beneficial action of Government. I have it on the best authority, namely, that of the Mozufferpore bunneahs themselves, that wheat and rice would have long ago been sold at 5 and 6 seers per rupee, but for the existence of Government stocks, and the knowledge that they would be freely thrown into the market on the first appearance of such rates. At the present time every grain of common rice in the Mozufferpore shops has been purchased from the Government golas, and the bunneahs assure me that they must depend on our rice till the end of the year.

5. This result, *i.e.*, the total and sudden exhaustion of local rice, is so precisely what I predicted in the beginning of March, that I venture to reproduce what I then wrote. In paragraph 8 of my narrative No. 108, dated 7th March 1874, I remarked as follows: "I can only account for the stationary conditon of the market by the supposition that the bunneahs are now well aware of the immense quantity of grain that Government has determined to import, and are anxious to sell all they can at the highest possible rate, *i.e.*, at a slightly lower rate than that of Government grain. Holding this belief, I must express my firm conviction that prices can no longer be regarded as any index whatever of the amount of private stocks, and that grain will continue to be sold at nearly the existing rate until it is wholly exhausted. There will thus be a sudden, general, and complete failure of grain. How to make the failure more gradual is a very difficult question."

6. Before arranging the terms of sale with the town bunneahs, I questioned them minutely regarding the extent of private stocks and the possibility of larger importations being made by road or river. With respect to the first point they admitted that there were still a few large holders of rice, but that the grain was practically non-existent, as it would never be brought to market; to the second question they replied that rice would certainly not be imported, and that though mixed grains might come up by river, they would not be brought in anything like sufficient quantities to meet the demands of the people. After all the expense and trouble incurred by Government in bringing food into this sub-division, it is most satisfactory to find the very class which its policy was supposed by some to injure, so ready to assist in distributing its supplies. For a commission of about Rs. 7 per cent. the dealers not only cart the grain from our golas to their own shops, but save us the expense of keeping up large establishments to conduct the sales. When to these advantages are added the considerations that the dealers themselves are enabled by our assistance to carry on their business, and that by no other agency could our supplies be so effectively distributed, the arrangement, I trust, will meet with His Honor's approval. I believe I am within the mark when I say that one-third of the population of this enormous sub-division, or at least 300,000 persons, are entirely supported by Government grain.

7. The subjoined statement shows the kinds and prices of grain selling at some of the principal marts on the 11th instant:—

Names of Marts.	Wheat.	Barley.	Common Rice.	Indian-corn.	Gram.	Marwa.
Hajeepore	13½	18½	10	16½	18	.....
Lalgunge	15	20	10	17	18½	.....
Mhoweh	12½	18	9	14	17½	19
Tajpore	13½	17	10	.....	17	17
Mozufferpore	12	17	13	16	16	.....

8. I may mention that though common rice is selling in the Mozufferpore and Durbhunga sub-divisions at 13 seers per rupee, the price of this grain has been scarcely affected in the Hajeepore and Tajpore sub-divisions.

9. In the latter sub-division importations have slightly increased, but in all circles of the Mozufferpore sub-division they have nearly ceased. The Superintendent of the Dooriah circle writes that "private trade is almost at a standstill, and the demand for Government grain is as great as ever."

In the Rajkhand circle "no grain other than the Government grain is offered for sale in the bi-weekly fairs, and the small importations of barley and gram have now entirely stopped." The reports of other Superintendents are to much the same effect.

10. The rainfall during the fortnight was as follows:—

Hajeepore	10·86
Tajpore	10·49
Mozufferpore	10·10

The highest fall during the fortnight occurred at Rajkhund, where 17$\frac{5}{10}$ inches were registered.

11. In the northern circles of the sudder sub-division, it is feared that much damage has been done to the crops by excessive rain and very heavy inundations.

The Toorkee Superintendent writes:—"The Bhagmatti has risen and swamped all the country between the bund and the river, and also the country north of the river. At Saghan, a village about six miles west of Toorkee, on the borders of Chumparun, where the bund commences, the water has come round the bund, and the whole country about there is under water; and also at Chupra, a village about seven miles east of Toorkee, the bund has broken in several places, and consequently the whole country for miles is completely flooded; the new bund across the Tajpore chour has also been washed away in several places, and nearly the whole of it is under water. All the people of the villages on the north of the river are bringing their cattle and property over on this side and putting up wherever they can. The people say that they have never seen the river rise so high before; yesterday morning the water being on a level with the top of the bund. *Great damage* has been done to all the crops where the land is flooded."

The Belsund Superintendent reports that in many parts of his circle "the crops will be drowned," and that in consequence of the inundations "nothing but boats (of which there is not a sufficient supply at present) can be worked."

The Rajkhund Superintendent reports that the Bhagmatti has flooded three of his sub-circles, "stopping all field operations and rendering communication from one village to another possible only by means of canoes." He fears that "nearly all the crops are ruined" in the submerged tract.

The Kuttrah Superintendent reports that the lands of many villages in his circle are inundated, and that "the fields are become navigable for miles together."

12. In an ordinary year heavy inundations usually cause a good deal of temporary distress, but coming now in the rear of a famine they may be expected to bring severe misery and want to many families. I have therefore directed the Superintendents to provide liberally for all families that have suffered heavily from these inundations, and I hope in the course of two days to visit their circles and to superintend measures of relief.

13. In the south and west of the sudder sub-division and in the Hajeepore and Tajpore sub-divisions the prospects of the crops are excellent. During the last five days I have ridden with Mr. Wace over 150 miles of the Tajpore sub-division and have found the crops extraordinarily good. The young plants, however, are in many places injured by rank crops of weeds, which, under the influence of the late heavy rains, spring up very rapidly, while wages for weeding in this sub-division are so high that few cultivators can afford to employ the necessary amount of labor. Three seers of murwa and two murwa cakes are the ordinary daily wages at this season in the Tajpore sub-division. In parts of the sudder sub-division more labor might be beneficially employed in the fields, but the agricultural classes cannot afford to pay all the laborers they require.

14. The condition of the people is generally good, but in some circles of the sudder sub-division, notably in Rajkhund, the number of recipients of charitable relief has increased considerably.

15. There have been no cases of death from starvation.

B.—Relief Works.

16. The number of laborers employed daily in the three sub-divisions is as follows:—

Sudder sub-division	82,632
Tajpore	10,457
Hajeepore	7,023
Total ...	100,112

17. In the sudder circle of the Mozufferpore sub-division numbers are again rising very high, having been on an average 14,839 daily during the fortnight, and no less than 18,291 on the last day. Of this latter number 8,420 were women and 2,384 children.

In the Motipore, Toorkee, and Kantee circles, a large preponderance of women and children is also observable. On this subject the Superintendent of the sudder circle thus writes— "The current fortnight's returns show that there are more women than men on the works. Formerly this was not the case, and I am therefore inclined to think that the falling off in the number of men is owing to many of the latter working at their fields, while their wives are earning at our works. At the same time the decrease has been small, and there is no doubt that many more male laborers *should* leave the works in order to their fields being weeded and attended to. It is difficult, however, to determine how this 'desideratum' can be effected. The fact of there being still a great rush to the works shows, I think, that the laborers are really in a destitute condition, and cannot support themselves yet. This being the case, it would not be wise to turn them off the works, the consequence of which would be that they would eventually have to be charitably relieved; and therefore the only alternative that we can adopt to induce the male laborers to leave the works is to increase the wages of their wives and children, so as to enable the heads of families to subsist on the earnings of their families, while they themselves attend to the cultivation of their crops. This view of the question was, I think, taken by you some time since, but I trust I may be excused for expressing my opinion, now as I have done so simply because I was *not* of this opinion at first, and it is only after carefully considering the matter that I have arrived at the present conclusion."

18. In paragraph 9 of my narrative No. 1685F, dated 17th June 1874, I expressed my conviction that "many cultivators work in their fields, while their women and children are employed in earning subsistence for all;" and what I have since seen quite confirms me in that view. It is a common thing now to see women working on the roads with kodalies like men, and, considering that they as well as their children could always have obtained employment on the relief works previous to the commencement of the rains, and that they were never at that time very numerous, I think the present returns afford conclusive evidence of severe pressure. I should therefore be glad of permission to raise the wages of women and children by one-half. I may mention that I have spoken on the subject with planters in charge of circles, and that they concur in my view. I may also add that in several circles wages were for many weeks kept below the subsistence rates sanctioned by Government, and that relief laborers in this sub-division have never had any opportunity of saving part of their wages.

C.—Transport of Food.

19. Owing to the unusually heavy rains and inundations, distribution of grain in the interior has proved far more difficult than was anticipated, and I have been obliged to telegraph to Colonel Macgregor for 200 mules for the use of the sudder circle. I think it very probable that I shall require many more of these animals, as now that local supplies are running short, all available carriage should be left for the bunnealis, and Government cattle should be employed as much as possible to carry grain to our relief works. I shall know fully the extent of my requirements in the course of a few days.

D.—Storage of Grain.

20. The amount of Government grain that has been stored is as follows:—

	Mds.
Hajeepore	5,129
Tajpore	34,251
Mozufferpore	4,28,734

E.—Advances.

21. This work is now going on as rapidly as could be wished. A good deal of opposition is shown by certain classes of zemindars, but on the whole matters have worked very smoothly. In the sudder circle of Mozufferpore sub-division, Mr. Drake, Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, has taken charge of this department.

F.—Charitable Relief.

22. The subjoined table shows the number of persons in receipt of charitable relief. It will be seen that they have increased during the fortnight:—

Hajeepore	2,964 persons.
Tajpore	5,726 „
Mozufferpore	18,902 „

G.—Financial Results.

23. The annexed table shows our expenditure for Hajeepore, Tajpore and Mozufferpore for the fortnight under review.

MOZUFFERPORE SUB-DIVISION.

Appendix of Labor for the Fortnight ending the 11th July 1874.

Names of Circles.	Average daily number of laborers.	Number on last day.	Remarks.
Sudder	14,839	18,291	Figures up to 9th July.
Works under Becumpore Factory	858	40	Ditto ditto.
Chajun	4,532	2,901	Ditto ditto.
Kantee	11,717	9,091	Ditto ditto.
Rejai outwork	6,902	5,789	Ditto ditto.
Motipore	6,931	6,843	Ditto ditto.
Sahebgunge	4,362	3,547	Ditto ditto.
Dooriah	8,516	9,588	Ditto ditto.
Seraya	2,979	3,929	Ditto ditto.
Jaintpore	3,884	4,920	Ditto 8th.
Toorkee	5,377	6,543	Ditto ditto.
Belsund	705	229	Ditto 9th.
Rajkhund	641	658	Ditto ditto.
Kuttra	883	189	Ditto ditto.
Gaighattee	162	190	There was no work during first week; figures are from 3rd to 10th July only.
Othar	7,386	5,610	Up to 10th July.
Under Executive Engineer ...	1,958	1,666	Up to 11th July.
Total ...	82,632	80,024	

HAJEEPORE SUB-DIVISION.—APPENDIX OF LABOR.

Name of Works.	Number on daily wages.			Number on piece-work.			Total number of laborers.			Average daily recipients of charitable relief.
	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	
CHATWARAH CIRCLE.										
MR. G. W. BLAKE—*Superintendent.*										
Karhari Road	.....	.....	.....	645	.....	.....	645	.....	.....	
Lalgunge ,, ...	.....	.....	.....	528	.....	.....	528	.....	.....	
Bunkut ,, ...	.....	.....	.....	87	.....	.....	87	.....	.....	
Mahnar ,, ...	.....	.....	.....	473	.....	.....	473	.....	.....	
Shapore ,, ...	.....	.....	.....	9	.....	.....	9	.....	.....	
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	1,742	.....	.....	1,742	.....	.....	311
SHAPORE CIRCLE.										
MR. J. SMITH—*Superintendent.*										
Jalalpore road	.....	.....	.....	690	.....	.....	690	.....	.....	
Baghi, Gopinath, Gopalpore road	.....	.....	.....	789	.....	.....	789	.....	.....	
Making platform of Shapore tank	.....	.....	.....	25	31	31	25	31	31	
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	1,504	31	31	1,504	31	31	538
CHUPTAH CIRCLE.										
MR. R. PARK—*Superintendent.*										
Dharumpore Road No. I	.....	.....	.....	37	33	5	37	33	5	
Ditto ,, No. II	.....	.....	.....	45	32	7	45	32	7	
Ditto ,, No. III	.....	.....	.....	29	43	8	29	43	8	
Saray ,, ...	.....	.....	.....	35	32	2	35	32	2	
Kallianpore ,, ...	.....	.....	.....	32	37	5	32	37	5	
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	178	176	27	178	176	27	146
KARHARI CIRCLE.										
MR. CAMPBELL—*Superintendent.*										
Chitowrah Road	.....	.....	.....	77	22	29	77	22	29	
Rohooah ,, ...	.....	.....	.....	78	.....	.....	78	.....	.....	
Sadpoorah ,, ...	.....	.....	.....	124	.....	.....	124	.....	.....	
	.....	.....	.....	279	22	29	279	22	29	450
HAJEEPORE CIRCLE.										
Sub-Divisional Officer.										
Filling ditches at Hajeepore	.....	.....	.....	12	65	27	12	65	27	
Repairing road at ,, ...	.....	.....	.....	24	118	50	24	24	50	
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	36	183	77	36	89	77	677
BHATOWLIA CIRCLE.										
MR. MACGREGOR—*Superintendent.*										
Nil	.....	.....	.....	.....	Nil	.....	.....	.....	.....	293
SINGHIYA CIRCLE.										
MR. POPE—*Superintendent.*										
Kamlootiah Road	.....	.....	.....	223	155	60	223	155	60	.....
Arthonly ,, ...	.....	.....	.....	195	109	41	195	109	41	.....
Mahuah ,, ...	.....	.....	.....	206	166	61	206	166	61	.....
Ropoorah ,, ...	.....	.....	.....	513	199	130	513	199	130	.....
Kartaha ,, ...	.....	.....	.....	71	45	10	71	43	10	.....
Sullapore ,, ...	.....	.....	.....	43	13	2	43	13	2	.....
Ramdowli ,, ...	.....	.....	.....	173	124	53	173	124	53	.....
Munneepore ,, ...	.....	.....	.....	119	53	.....	119	53	.....	.....
Ramdowli Bridge	.....	.....	.....	27	16	10	27	16	10	.....
Putchdameah ,, ...	.....	.....	.....	19	14	.....	19	14	.....	.....
Somaspoorah ,, ...	.....	.....	.....	18	10	.....	18	10	.....	.....
Kamulpore ,, ...	.....	.....	.....	18	10	6	13	10	6	.....
Havaro ,, ...	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....
Gram Gola	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	1,424	892	372	1,424	892	372	546
Grand Total ...	.....	.....	.....	5,163	1,304	556	5,163	1,304	556	2,904

TAJPORE.—APPENDIX A—OF LABOR.

NAME OF CIRCLE.	Name of Work.	AVERAGE DAILY NUMBER OF PERSONS ON DAILY WAGES.			AVERAGE NUMBER OF PERSONS ON TASK-WORK.			TOTAL.		
		Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.
Bahlempore ...	Balwarah and Shapore road ...	53	23	6	364	155	217	417	178	223
	Simarwara and Loma road ...	63	57	6	337	79	142	400	136	148
	1 Tank	5	.....	.....	5	4	3	10	4	3
	Bahlempore road	.....	.....	.....	250	124	250	250	124	250
	Bachchât road	.....	.....	.....	160	.....	.....	160	.....	.....
	Kasturi Seri road	.....	.....	.....	187	.....	.....	187	.....	.....
	Bordiha road	.....	.....	.....	77	.....	.....	77	.....	.....
	Simarwara road	.....	.....	.....	205	380	380	205	380	380
Dhober	Miscellaneous work	140	63	16	.....	.....	.....	140	63	16
Poosah	7 Tanks	18	125	33	77	.....	.....	95	125	33
	1 Balwa Bund	.....	.....	.....	28	.....	.....	28	.....	.....
	2 Basantputtee road	17	91	13	.....	.....	.....	17	91	13
	3 Nowa Chak road	1	8	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	8	.....
	4 Birowleeghat road	90	136	51	.....	.....	.....	90	136	51
	Hanpur-Poosah road	9	8	25	294	.....	.....	303	8	25
	Pokhrera road	.....	.....	.....	14	.....	.....	14	.....	.....
Jitwarpore	Jitwarpore and Dulsing Serai road.	11	4	4	14	1	2	25	5	6
Dulsing Serai ...	Dulsing Serai and Pembarhanda road.	65	170	196	.....	.....	.....	65	170	196
	Dulsing Serai and Narhan road	70	55	19	3	.....	.....	73	55	19
	Ganges Embankment	2,038	136	73	1,322	540	284	3,360	687	357
Narhan	Narhanghât road	296	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	296	.....	.....
Shahpore Undi ...	Mahna and Dulsing Serai road...	23	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	23	.....	.....
Tajpore	1 Tank	.....	.....	.....	234	.....	.....	234	.....	.....
	Miscellaneous works	7	20	50	.....	.....	.....	7	20	50
	Total ...	2,906	918	492	3,571	1,292	1,278	6,477	2,210	1,770

MOZUFFERPORE SUB-DIVISION.

Statement of Grain allotted, stored, and consumed, for the Fortnight ending 11th July 1874.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Names of Circles.	Dates for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	Total quantity of Grain consumed up to date.					Estimated grain receipt of the ensuing fortnight.	Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.	Remarks.
				By sales to the public or laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.			
		Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	
Kanhowli gola	11th July 1874 ...		89,778 0 0	11,471 37 0	392 2 0	.....	942 37 0‖	12,806 36 0			* 30,000 mds. were originally stored in this gola, out of which 15,500 mds. were sent to this circle. † Returns from two golas not received. ‡ Figures for the fortnight not received. § By Bhcumpore Factory. ‖ By the Executive Engineer.
Opium godown gola	13th ditto ...		74,008 0 0	8,091 0 0	.....	.....	.....	8,091 0 0			
Russulpore gola	9th ditto ...	2,94,978 0 0	3,400 0 0	... ..	12 22 0§	... ..	... .	12 22 0	1,26,792 0 0		
Sudder circle	9th ditto .		. ...	4,884 33 0	584 37 0	5,010 19 0	18,857 26 0	29,337 35 0			
Chajun circle	9th ditto ..	57,514 0 0	..	364 24 0	998 28 0	4,382 29 0	2,440 7 0	8,186 8 0			
Kuttrah	9th ditto ...	30,852 0 0	21,842 8 0	9,225 22 0	1,676 6 0	5,230 36 0	2,429 27 0	18,562 11 0	35,000 0 0		
Toorkee	9th ditto ...	43,508 0 0	24,457 15 0	2,094 4 0	134 12 0	543 26 0	5,028 24 0	7,800 26 0	6,000 0 0		
Belsund	9th ditto ...	40,000 0 0	50,625 36 0	2,971 18 0	1,396 34 0	9,175 21 0	1,563 29 0	15,107 22 0	.....		
Rajkhund	9th ditto ...	15,000 0 0	21,748 0 0	6,895 19 0	1,097 22 0	2,121 29 0	3,152 4 0	13,196 34 0	18,000 0 0		
Kantee	9th ditto ...	10,000 0 0	17,476 0 0	3,790 14 0	131 1 0	1,549 39 0	7,250 2 0	12,721 16 0	.. ..	80,000 0 0	
Righye outwork	9th ditto ..	15,000 0 0	10,000 0 0	1,114 23 0	109 12 0	1,024 38 0	2,799 24 0	5,046 17 0	.. ...		
Motipore	9th ditto ..	44,462 0 0	23,158 28 0	4,034 16 0	156 0 0	6,260 8 0	3,167 31 0	13,618 15 0	.. ....		
Sahebgunge	9th ditto ...	44,462 0 0	14,500 0 0*	3,018 11 0	595 4 0	.....	4,605 22 0	8,218 37 0	15,000 0 0		
Dooriah	9th ditto ..	15,000 0 0	14,782 34 0	2,362 24 0‡	1,017 17 0	97 6 0	5,636 34 0	9,114 1 0	.....		
Serayа	9th ditto ...	15,000 0 0	24,214 0 0	5,646 35 0	1,396 11 0	2,798 6 0	2,759 37 0	13,601 9 0	.....		
Jaintpore	8th ditto ...	10,000 0 0	18,459 0 0	907 . 6 0	115 8 0	2,384 5 0	3,909 25 0	7,316 4 0	.....		
Gaighattee	9th ditto ...	25,000 0 0	8,799 36 0†	3,534 39 0	1,190 23 0	2,062 20 0	169 1 0	6,957 3 0	16,000 0 0		
Othar	8th ditto ...	10,000 0 0	12,489 0 0	3,165 21 0	186 13 0	4,332 26 0	4,466 21 0	12,151 1 0	... .		
	Total ..	6,26,324 0 0	4,28,743 30 0	73,573 26 0	11,120 12 0	46,974 28 0	70,179 37 0	2,01,846 17 0	2,18,792 0 0	80,000 0 0	

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the Golas of the Hajeepore Sub-Division for the Fortnight ending the 11th July 1874.

Names of Circles.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	Total quantity of Government grain consumed up to date.				
				By sales to public or to laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots.	By payments in kind to laborers.	Total.
		Mds.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.
Hajeepore ...	11th July 1874.	66,000	1,832 21 13	44 28 0	369 2 8	.....	76 27 8	490 28 0
Mowhua ..		.....	2,856 9 0	.....	157 38 0	.....	2,839 26 7½	12,997 24 7½
Lalgunge ...		.....	209 0 0	.....	140 16 0	.....	.....	140 16 0
Shapore ..		.....	.....	.....	142 38 0	.....	75 27 8	218 25 8
Sarsayi ..		.....	233 17 8	62 39 8	31 11 4	.....	434 18 3	528 28 9
Bhatowlia ...		.....	.....	.....	129 8 0	.....	..	129 8 0
Karhari ...		.....	.....	.....	117 25 8	254 31 0	.....	373 16 8
Total ...		.....	5,129 8 4	107 27 8	1,088 14 4	254 31 0	3,426 29 9½	4,877 22 0½

TAJPORE.—APPENDIX B—OF GRAIN.

NAMES OF CIRCLES.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred other districts.	TOTAL QUANTITY OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN TO DATE.				
				By sale to the public or to laborers	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advance to ryots.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.
		Mds.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.
Tajpore	1st May 1874.	10,000	2,814 8 0	246 12 1	475 4 10	.....	1,448 1 3	2,169 17 14
Poosah		.....	17,148 24 0	123 17 0	368 25 6	1,490 20 0	2,884 23 0	4,885 5 6
Chandchowr		13,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Arangar		8,000	573 10 0	67 2 8	145 26 3	.....	26 6 8	238 35 3
Bahlempore		24,000	From Tajpore 515 0 0 From Chitwara 2,999 38 8 = 3,514 38 8	.....	884 25 6	.....	2,997 30 0	2,982 5 6
Shahpore Undi		10,000	200 0 0	.....	16 35 12	.....	.....	16 35 12
Tobhka sub-gola	.....	.....	200 0 0	.....	.....	.....	1 24 12	1 24 12
Narhan ditto	.....	.....	500 0 0	16 0 0	92 23 0	.....	66 16 0	169 0 0
Ganges Embankment sub-golas	.....	.....	2,200 0 0	.....	3 6 0	.....	3,840 28 10	3,843 34 10
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	446 31 9	1,684 25 7	1,490 20 0	10,665 8 1	14,286 30 1

Statement of Charitable Relief for the Mozufferpore Sub-Division for the Fortnight ending 11th July 1874.

NAMES OF CIRCLES.	Number charitably relieved who are not capable to work, B.				Number charitably relieved who cannot work owing to their caste, &c., described in Central Committee's Resolution dated 11th March, as coming under head D.				Number employed in cotton-spinning, rope-twisting, &c., &c., as per Central Committee's Resolution dated 4th March, heading C.				Total number of persons relieved under heads B, C, and D of the Resolution.				Quantity of grain spent in charitable relief.		Price of grain spent on charitable relief at Government rate.		Total amount spent in charitable relief, exclusive of price of grain, during the fortnight.	Total amount spent in charitable relief, exclusive of price of grain, up to end of the fortnight.*
	Total up to date of return.		Daily average number for the fortnight.		Total up to date of return.		Daily average number for the fortnight.		Total up to date of return.		Daily average number for the fortnight.		Total up to date of return.		Daily average number for the fortnight.		During the fortnight.	Up to the end of the fortnight.	During the fortnight.	Up to the end of the fortnight.		
	Adults.	Children.	Adults.	Children.	Adults.	Children.	Adults.	Children.	Adults.	Children.	Adults.	Children.	Adults.	Children.	Adults.	Children.						
																	Mds. Srs.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Mozufferpore town ...	20,633	1,461	314	13	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	20,633	1,461	314	13	56 7	392 2	168 10 0	1,176 2 0	.....	662 12 10
Sudder circle... ...	21,744	4,676	482	59	86	.....	.....	.....	6,897	.....	180	.....	28,727	4,676	662	59	342 36	584 37	1,219 12 6	1,851 12 9	37 6 2	2,547 7 10
Sudder Bhikunapore..	.....	.....	105	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	105	...	12 22	13 22	41 14 3	41 14 3	45 10 10	45 10 10
Chajun	.....	.....	1,139	354	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	13	.....	.....	.....	1,151	354	741 28	998 28	1,616 6 6	2,287 6 6	.....	.....
Othar	10,486	4,683	243	163	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10	.....	10,486	4,683	243	163	85 31	186 13	201 8 6	745 10 4	37 5 2	310 3 6
Belsund	23,114	15,816	1,643	1,133	280	42	20	3	139	.....	10	.....	23,533	15,858	1,673	1,135	225 32	1,396 24	1,326 4 0	2,727 6 6	2 13 9	2,733 13 1
Jaintpore	.....	.....	127	29	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	29	.....	.....	.....	156	29	47 28	118 8	142 15 0	345 9 0	.....	.....
Doorish	.....	.....	1,040	816	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	14	.....	.....	.....	1,054	816	339 33	1,017 17	1,092 14 9	3,058 11 6	.....	.....
Sahe'gunge	.....	.....	623	257	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	623	257	134 8	395 4	402 9 0	721 8 3	.....	.....
Kanti	.....	.....	254	58	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	254	58	69 27	131 1	216 1 3	408 5 9	.....	227 0 4
Righye outwork ...	.....	.....	140	105	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	140	105	33 11	109 12	105 12 0	327 12 0	.....	.....
Rajkhund	34,195	16,416	1,209	589	17,662	2,963	628	155	5,696	.....	28	.....	59,573	22,379	1,865	742	643 13	1,027 23	1,722 9 1	2,562 12 1	35 1 0	1,902 2 0
Gaighattee	.....	.....	674	300	.....	.....	19	1	.....	.....	277	.....	.....	.....	1,670	301	396 16	1,190 23	1,609 5 1	3,077 3 7	.....	.....
Motipur	.....	.....	433	38	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	433	38	90 36	156 0	283 2 3	478 2 3	.....	.....
Kutira	.....	.....	1,843	1,164	.....	.....	.....	30	.....	.....	444	95	.....	.....	2,287	1,289	559 39	1,676 6	1,679 15 0	5,028 7 0	.....	3,607 15 0
Toorkee	11,711	3,540	190	56	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,398	.....	21	.....	13,109	3,540	211	56	55 35	134 12	170 10 0	400 6 6	7 10 0	904 10 0
Serayu	60,577	37,811	510	280	.....	.....	.....	.....	701	.....	9	.....	61,278	37,811	519	280	574 8	1,586 11	1,575 0 0	4,652 2 3	.....	.....
Total ...	194,460	86,403	11,383	4,946	18,028	4,015	667	187	14,831	.....	1,724	95	227,339	90,408	13,674	5,228	4,712 13	11,190 12	13,539 5 4	29,921 4 10	163 14 11	12,744 12 5

N.B.—Return from the Madopoor circle not received.

* This account is incomplete, owing to the returns received not always having been correctly filled up.

C.

Tajpore Sub-Division.—Statement of Charitable Relief for the Fortnight ending the 11th July 1874.

	Number of persons working.				Number of persons to whom money has been paid.	Average daily number of persons receiving food.	
	Cotton.	Patua.	Bamboo.	Cloth.		Cooked.	Uncooked.
Tajpore	725	.....	.....	65	.....	23	209
Poosah	140	30	.....	23	.....	18	74
Dhoolee	19	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	239
Jitwarpore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	179
Arangar	11	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	72
Pokhera	76	.....	.....	5	.....	.....	115
Jandahá	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	112
Narhan	110	40	4	.....	.....	27	212
Bahlempore ..	902	127	.....	50	.....	54	518
Shapore Undi ..	17	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	92
Dulsing Serai ..	454	.....	.....	57	26	.....	365
Harsingpur ..	9	1	.....	.....	54	.....	471
Total ..	2,463	199	4	200	80	122.	2,658

Statement showing the Number of Dacoities, &c., perpetrated in the District of Tirhoot, Sudder Sub-Division, during the Month of June 1872-73, *and the corresponding Month of* 1874.

		No. of cases reported.	
		Sudder sub-division.	Hajeepore.
House-breaking with or without theft—			
Heading No. 35 of Statement A, part I	June 1872	29	...
	June 1873	26	...
	June 1874	46	...
Theft—			
Heading No. 43 of Statement A, part I	June 1872	17	8
	June 1873	21	3
	June 1874	37	20
Total ...	June 1872	46	8
	June 1873	47	3
	June 1874	83	20

G.—Financial Results.

Expenditure for Hajeepore, Tajpore, and Mozufferpore, for the Fortnight under review.

		Amount. Rs.	A.	P.
1.	Transport of Government grain	1,45,228	13	10
2.	Salaries, establishments, and office contingencies ...	9,975	9	4
3.	Charitable relief	*900	0	0
4.	Storage	1,480	0	0
5.	Miscellaneous	324	4	5
6.	Relief works	†1,000	0	0
	Total ...	1,58,903	11	7

* Paid from the Tajpore sub-treasury. | † Paid from the Hajeepore sub-treasury.

Mozufferpore,
The 15th July 1874.

C. F. Worsley,
Collector.

No. 878, dated Durbhunga, the 13th July 1874.

From—C. T. Metcalfe, Esq., Additional Commissioner of the Patna Division,

To—The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

I have the honor to submit my narrative report of scarcity and relief for the three sub-divisions of Seetamurhee, Mudhoobunnee and Durbhunga, for the fortnight ending Saturday, the 11th July 1874.

1. From the drought of May we have passed into the season of inundations. The excessive rainfall is now the topic of conversation.

The rainfall of Tirhoot is said to vary from 50 to 56 inches, although the average of 3 years gives it over 70 inches. Last year the fall did not exceed 23 to 24 inches, whilst in some localities up to date we have already had 30 inches.

This heavy fall is not confined to the plains alone, for I hear of the Terai rivers being very full.

2. Within our own territory large tracts of country have been inundated, and in many places the precious rice-seedlings and the very promising maize crops have been submerged and destroyed. In Sectamurhee, the whole country to the east of Madhurisa has been flooded, and so far as internal resources of food in this large tract are concerned, we are once more drawn back into the position we occupied in May. The rice land of Irecolean and Suphanel present the appearance of a wild lagoon with a depth of ten feet of water. The crops of a large area have been submerged and covered with sand. All communication for several days was stopped with many villages, the water working down south like a mill-race. The Odwara and Lakundaie rivers have also flooded their banks, and part of the Sombursa road has been carried away. The gola was nearly swamped, the whole village of Sombursa was inundated, and makai, murwa, and kodo crops have been totally destroyed. The Belsund and Bugwanpore road is also 3 feet under water.

3. The Durbhunga report deals only with the state of the country up to the 3rd of July, antecedent to the present inundations; as I write the waters are still rising. The rise in one night has been upwards of eight feet. How far the damage extends I have no positive information, but the last reports from Warrisnuggur, Bhandhar, Durbhunga, Leyra, Dosowta, Singhia, and Mahomedpur, all represent the crops as excellent. The higher lands have this year been widely cultivated in murwa—a wise provision on the part of the cultivators in case of inundation. In Durbhunga, the bhadoi is more backward than elsewhere, and no crop can be expected till the middle of September.

4. Cultivation is everywhere progressing slowly, but steadily. I have had occasion to notice the apathy of the cultivators in Burgureah village—the property of one Bunwallee Baboo. The lands are purely rice-lands, and the proprietor himself is well-to-do, but the fields are lying fallow and without an attempt at cultivation; generally, the whole population is busy, transplanting either murwa or dhan. The former work is nearly completed, and I hope the laborers, thus set free, will go on with their rice, which is still backward. For ploughing and transplanting, the season during the fortnight has been most favorable. The constant downpour reducing the soil into a puddle of the necessary consistency to receive the seedling plants.

5. In addition to the causes of backward cultivation given in my last narrative, I may add that it is stated, and I believe with truth, that a far greater area has been cultivated with murwa this year than ordinarily. In Mudhoobunnee 50 per cent. increase is spoken of, and this extra cultivation has kept the laborers from their rice-fields.

In Naraya, there still remains a good deal to be done to the rice. Since writing the above I learn, near Sombursa, that one chukla of 3,000 beeghas of cheena ready for cutting has been entirely destroyed. The indigo crops of Belsund, Amoa, and Dynechuprah have, I fear, been materially damaged.

6. *Rainfall.*—The rainfall at Mudhoobunnee, during the fortnight, has been 8·16 inches; at Moteepur, during the three days ending 2nd of July, nearly 10 inches fell. At Rudpur the fall was heavier. The total rainfall at Moteepur has been 30 inches, the heaviest on record in the factory books. Last year it was only 23 inches at Durbhunga, early this month 6 inches fell in 48 hours. Between the 3rd and 10th there have been 8½ inches. At Naraya during the past fortnight there have been 13¼ inches.

Prices-current for the Fortnight under Report.

Name of Place.	Wheat.	Barley.	Rice.	Millet.	Indian-corn.	Gram.
	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.
Seetamurhee	14	16⅔	13 —16	17½	17½	16
Sunbursa	14	17	12 —13	16	...	16
Soorsund	14	...	13 —15	16	...	16
Majorgunge	11½	...	11½—12	20	...	...
Mudhoobunnee	20	14	10 —10½	15	12	17
Lowkaha	11	14	11 —13	14	12	13
Khojqleah	15	16	12 —14	12	13	20
Andhramut	13	...	11 —12	14	...	...
Drodha	19	...	11 —12	13	...	...
Baneeputty	14	16	12 —14 G.	...	...	16 G.
Durbhunga	12½—13½	15½	12 —13½ G.	18	...	18
Buhera	13¼	...	12 —13½	13½	...	13¾
Rosera	14	19—20	11	19—20	...	18½—20
Singhea	11¾	14⅔	12 —13½	12½	...	12¾

Quotations marked G are Government grain prices. These prices are extracted from Superintendent's Reports, which give not the Sudder Bazar rates, but those generally prevalent.

8. *Condition of the people.*—Public health is excellent, and from the appearance of the people there is not an evidence of the hard times they have past through. Dr. Coates, the Sanitary Commissioner, however, finds from 7 to 20 per cent. of the villagers anæmic in the Motecpore Relief Circle. He is of opinion that the people here are worse than elsewhere, as regards their condition; not that they show signs of starvation, but that the condition of their blood is far inferior to villagers in other parts of these 3 sub-divisions. The water of this circle is notoriously bad, and it is possible that this supply may widely affect the public health. In the hospitals at Mudhoobunnee, out of 33 chronic cases of disease 20 were, in Dr. Coates' opinion, due to former want of food. Admitting that the inferior water is the probable cause of ill health in the circle, there are other conditions peculiar to this circle which seem to me to require mention. I still find laborers working on the roads for whom the Magistrate reports full employment cannot be found in the fields, and within a mile or so I find a village complaining that they can get no labor. The Magistrate and Relief Officer are both in favor of reopening works. Mr. Williams writes—"The rapid change for the worse, which has taken place in many cases since the stoppage of the works, is already causing me anxiety. The inhabitants of Bejaie and Hardurpore, although they are on the Motcepore and Mudhoobunnee road, and have had work for 4 months at their door, appear to be worse since the works were stopped." I have lately visited Bejaie, and saw nothing in the appearance of the people to give cause for anxiety, but I was struck with the fact that the people did not seem to be inclined to cultivate their lands. The Court of Wards have charged the Relief Officer with delaying cultivation in this circle by keeping up the works; the Relief Officer, on the other hand, attributes the dilatory cultivation to the want of seed advances on the part of the Court of Wards. The truth appears to be midway. This subject the more properly falls under the heading where I have further considered it.

9. Both Jhunjharpore and Motcepore undoubtedly hold a very dense and a very poor population, who were in great straits in the earlier months of the year. I would propose, with the sanction of the Deputy Commissioner, to take a census of these two circles to ascertain what proportion of the population have no land, and what the proportion of laborers to cultivated area there may be.

10. I hope to be able to furnish to Government shortly authentic data of the number of persons, recipients of charitable relief, who may have died since March. Dr. Macdonell has completed his circle inspections of the whole tract under his charge. He writes:—

"During my tour all relief works were suspended in consequence of large rainfalls having rendered such operations quite impracticable, and those lately employed on such were then chiefly engaged in agricultural pursuits. I had no facilities for determining their condition, but may approximately estimate it by assuming it similar to that of the ordinary villagers, of whom I must have seen some thousands in each circle, exclusive of those in receipt of relief. If this assumption be correct, which I have good ground to believe from the results of a previous inspection, I can with confidence affirm that ninety per cent. are well nourished, and fairly well clothed, the remaining ten per cent. being anæmic from causes perhaps other than defective nourishment.

"Of the condition of those on gratuitous relief I can speak with more certainty, having inspected from three to four hundred in each circle, taken from villages at considerable distances apart. The figures recorded below are the result of this inspection, and tell the degree of improvement that recently has taken place in the condition of this class of people. If these percentages be contrasted with those of former inspections, the amount of improvement will be more obvious and striking; undoubtedly there is still a large percentage of under-fed and emaciated persons amongst those on relief." Dr. Macdonell attributes this to the diet being deficient in quantity and nutritive material. Regarding the deficiency in quantity, I cannot agree in the opinion expressed, as actual testing in the poor-house at Durbhunga has shown that but few of the inmates can eat 6 chittacks at a sitting, and two meals of 12 chittacks per diem is probably as much as the system can digest. Wild vegetables are within the reach of all classes, and a sufficient supply for a day's meal can be gathered in a few minutes. Salt, I have no doubt the poorer classes, except Nooniahs, experience difficulty in obtaining, and to meet this one pice per head was sanctioned.

Writing of diseases, Dr. Macdonell represents—"On minute inquiry of the Circle Officers, Native Doctors, and villagers, I found a complete absence of those diseases which are known to accompany scarcity and famine, but I observed a very considerable prevalence of purulent ophthalmia almost amounting to an epidemic. The sufferers were chiefly children under eight years of age." The report also touches on the want of sanitary arrangements in the villages, and the existence of life under the condition of ill-ventilated houses surrounded by decomposed vegetable matter.

Hyolghat Circle.		Warisnuggur Circle.		Bandhai Circle.	
Normal	... 60	Normal	... 62	Normal	... 61
Under-fed	... 28	Under-fed	... 28	Under-fed	... 24
Emaciated	... 12	Emaciated	... 10	Emaciated	... 15

Gongdah Circle.		Dosoota Circle.		Seharah Circle.	
Normal	... 63	Normal	... 72	Normal	... 74
Under-fed	... 28	Under-fed	... 22	Under-fed	... 20
Emaciated	... 9	Emaciated	... 6	Emaciated	... 6

Rohar Circle.		Herni Circle.		Hassonpur Circle.	
Normal	... 74	Normal	... 89	Normal	... 65
Under-fed	... 16	Under-fed	... 6	Under-fed	... 27
Emaciated	... 10	Emaciated	... 5	Emaciated	... 8

Singhya Circle.		Mohamedpur Circle.		Durbhunga Circle.	
Normal	... 87	Normal	... 66	Normal	... 67
Under-fed	... 11	Under-fed	... 25	Under-fed	... 25
Emaciated	... 2	Emaciated	... 9	Emaciated	... 8

11. *Seed.*—The demand for the Government seed varies greatly. In Moteepore and Jhunjharpore the seed is in demand, and three-fourths has germinated. The seed obtained in exchange for grain was very bad—only half of that exchanged at one gola, and less than one-fourth at another germinated. Up to date 1,884 maunds in the former, and 1,085 in the latter circle, have been disposed of.

12. *Relief works.*—Most of the relief works in Seetamurhee have been stopped, and complaints were made against the Public Works Department for keeping workmen on the Manick Chuck road. The point has been mooted whether the engineering establishment of this sub-division should not now be reduced. I am of opinion that it may. There are—

Assistant engineers ...	...	...	2
European overseer .	...	...	1
Clerk of work, European	...	...	1
Apprentice engineer ...	...	...	2

13. In Durbhunga generally the people have deserted their works for the fields, but in one or two other circles the Relief Officers still cling to keeping up the labor on relief works. Mr. Macdonell has proposed, and I have approved of his reducing his rates to less than a half of what they were before, as laborers are wanted in the fields. I quite approve of workmen being employed in repairing the new earth-work on roads, but not to fritter their time on smoothing the slopes of tanks when the most important point, *viz.*, to obtain a crop, is still unaccomplished.

13. In Mudhoobunnee, the number on the works has fallen still lower from 30,000 to 14,499 on public works, and on village relief work from 56,160 to 23,216. The latter numbers have further fallen to 6,000. Mr. Magrath reports, in all but the Jhunjharpore and Moteepore Circles able-bodied laborers are most difficult to obtain for any description of works, the demand for agricultural labor is so great. In the Kutchra Circle the laborers refuse to work for one seer per diem, and as soon as this rate was enforced the relief works were everywhere deserted.

14. I have reported (*vide* paragraph 8) that in Moteepore labor for relief works is still reported as easily obtainable, although cultivation is in places very backward, and the Relief Officer does not believe that the works have kept men from field-labor. In Jhunjharpore, which is the adjoining circle, it is reported that the relief works were not willingly abandoned, and orders had to be issued to close the works previously to which rates had been lowered. Here again in this circle, a question has arisen as to whether relief works should not again be reopened in Royna and Meghnathpore. It seems to me that the relief works for men should be of the character of field-labor, and that if their lands are ready the surplus laborers should be sent to other villages, and employed in preparing lands still unprepared; that able-bodied women and children should be sent to do weeding, and that advances of grain for this purpose might be given to those in need of employing labor. I am averse to any further expenditure on unremunerative work, such as smoothing the banks of village tanks.

15. In Durbhunga the average daily number of laborers under the Public Works Department and Circle Officers amounted during the fortnight to 18,078. The total quantity of grain expended was 17,516 maunds in payment, being an average of 2½ seers per head per diem. On the subject of payment in grain and the amount a man can earn at the present rates, I take the following extract from Mr. Macdonell's report:—

"I have been at much trouble to determine the quantity of grain a laborer in each circle can earn per day. The maximum is from 3 to 4 seers, the average being something over two.

"In Hathi, there is a decrease of 20,000 on relief works. There are, however, still some 10,000 laborers.

"In Poopree, the numbers have dwindled down to 3,000, whilst upwards of 10,000 have been engaged in spinning and weaving."

Statement shewing the number of relief laborers.

Name of Sub-division.	Daily average of laborers on relief works.	Public Works.		Circle Officers.		Court of Wards—Task-work.
		Task-work.	Daily wages.	Task-work.	Daily wages.	
Mudhoobunnee ...	45,740	15,032	7,503	7,855	15,850	....
Seetamurhee ...	11,092	3,323	1,107	5,037	1,625	....
Durbhunga, including Hathi...	18,078	5,055	...	13,023	...	....
Poopree ...	3,581	432	...	3,149	...	....
Naraya ...	7,317	...	445	5,534	488	850
Total ...	85,808	23,842	9,055	34,098	17,963	850

16. *Private grain stores.*—Mr. Baillie, the Relief Officer, reports the existence of 11,000 maunds of grain in one of his villages, of which the zemindar refuses to advance a seer, referring his ryots to Government; and Chowdhry Rooder Pershad now comes forward to complain that he has 5,000 maunds of grain in stock, but that his ryots do not come to him to take loans as heretofore.

17. *Grain transfers.*—It has been found necessary to transfer grain from one gola to another; Arer has been supplied from Bancepore, which again is to be replenished from Palee and Remgaon, and Arodha will receive further stocks from either Cherout or from the south.

18. *Importations.*—I can hear of no change as regards outside food-supplies in Mudhoobunnee. The coarser pulses are coming in in driblets, and here and there a little salt, but no rice down south. I hear of Dacca boats importing rice. During the last week some 400 maunds of private rice have arrived at Durbhunga in boats, and a few pack-loads of rice from Seetamurhee have found purchasers at 8 to 9 seers in face of the Government cargo rice at 14.

19. *Grain sale and consumption.*—In Mudhoobunnee the consumption has fallen below the estimate. Nepaulese are purchasing Government grain at the northern golas.

The large advances which are being everywhere made are diminishing the amount of sales. During the fortnight 21,876 maunds were sold in Durbhunga, and 8,479 maunds in Hathee; the figures for the preceding fortnight were 18,932, and for Hathee 10,745. This shows an increase of sales during the present fortnight of 2,944 maunds in Durbhunga, and a decrease of 2,266 in Hathee.

The figures given below are up to the 3rd of July.

The total expenditure between the 21st of June and the 3rd has been: in Durbhunga 48,437, and Hathee 51,100; total 99,537 within the fortnight. The grain expenditure previously estimated by Mr. Macdonell was given at a little over a lakh, a very close result. At Murpa the sales average 4,000 maunds weekly, and there are now only 10,000 maunds in store.

From Shewhur to Jhunjharpur 12,000 maunds of grain have already been sent by boat, and 8,000 are being sent by the Bagmutty. At Kunhowlie, Sombursa, Byranea, on the frontier the sales are good; at Bootahee, Amwa, Bhagwanpur, Seetamurhee, sales are dull.

Storage of grain in the Durbhunga Sub-division.

Name of circle.	Total quantity of grain stored.
Durbhunga	97,670
Mahomedpore	1,47,117
Hyaghat	1,08,132
Warisnuggur	97,168
Bundhar	56,871
Dosowta	1,77,523
Gangdah	1,41,184
Rohar	1,83,864
Singhia	85,702
Harri	64,597
Hussunpore	32,934
Lehra	54,000
Total ...	12,46,761

Allotment 14,00,000.

Grain Statement No. II, shewing the amount of grain received up to date.

SEETAMURHEE SUB-DIVISION.

Amount of grain allotted, 8½ lakhs.

Number and name of Store-houses.		Arrived at final destination.	Number and name of store-houses.		Arrived at final destination.
1. Seetamurhee	...	1,14,129	15. Naekutya	...	7,976
2. Dumra ...	...	2,592	16. Axwah ...	...	41,479
3. Sheahur ...	...	46,173	17. Nuigah ...	...	19,434
4. Sonsaud ...	...	44,847	18. Bela Mich Pukury	...	21,056
5. Sinburrah ...	...	20,526	19. Kumtowl ...	...	20,668
6. Jaluh ...	...	65,348	20. Bhugwanpore	...	40,264
7. Chenut ...	...	63,960	21. Moorsund	...	20,046
8. Dynechupra	...	29,971	22. Belahi ...	...	10,316
9. Diggu ..	..	4,792	23. Poopree	...	34,266
10. Majorgunge	...	2,000	24. Raipore ...	...	32,144
11. Bhuthee ...	...	36,361	25. Sibnagore	...	31,624
12. Ethurwah ...	...	34,976	26. Panhar ...	...	19,994
13. Murpah ...	...	33,898			
14. Bangaon ...	...	35,171	Total	...	8,34,011

Statement shewing the Allotment, Receipt, and Progress in delivery of Food-grains in the Sub-Districts of Mudhoobunnee, also shewing the several Store-houses and the carriage actually available.

District.	Total grain allotted. Mds.	Number and names of Store-houses.		Arrived at final destination. Mds.	Srs.	Ch.
Mudhoobunnee Sub-Division.	1,20,000	Mudhoobunnee	...	1,06,629	28	9
	75,000	Pundowl ...	...	70,333	30	0
	40,000	Kewan ...	...	40,043	20	0
	75,000	Rudhpore ...	...	73,641	25	1
	85,000	Basdeopore ...	...	53,389	0	0
	1,30,000	Jhunjharpore ...	...	1,00,525	0	0
	60,000	Sarso ...	...	56,615	0	0
	1,10,000	Khojowh ...	...	99,477	10	0
	50,000	Korahyas ...	...	34,489	10	0
	60,000	Laduia ...	...	47,288	0	0
	40,000	Naradh ...	...	41,058	20	0
	.....	Sidhupkalan ...	...	11,020	0	0
	48,000	Harlakhi ...	...	30,536	0	0
	43,000	Shets ...	...	30,350	0	0
	44,000	Deodhas ...	...	30,252	0	0
	1,10,000	Benipatti ...	...	1,08,460	0	0
	60,000	Palee ...	...	45,161	0	0
	10,000	Arer ...	...	13,636	0	0
Total ...	11,60,000			9,92,905	23	10

Statement shewing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the Naraya Sub-Division.

Name of Circle.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	Total quantity of Government grain consumed up to date. By sale to the public or labourers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots.	By payment in kind to labourers.	Total.	Estimated grain expenditure of the coming fortnight.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	11
Naraya	7th July	1,00,000	95,278	23,056	1,279	6,116	160	29,611	6,000
Mohadeomut	Ditto	90,000	95,000	31,339	1,890	2,281	274	35,784	4,000
East Patrahi	Ditto	50,000	51,115	11,674	4,209	157	.....	16,040	5,000
West Patrahi	Ditto	1,60,000	1,58,688	28,166	9,629	4,813	355	42,463	6,000
Peroghur...	Ditto	90,000	91,670	14,846	13,342	2,176	794	29,658	9,000
Madheypur	Ditto	1,50,000	1,60,418	37,358	11,690	4,883	7,810	61,741	9,000
	Total ...	6,40,000	6,47,229	1,44,939	41,039	19,926	9,393	2,15,297	39,000

Statements showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in Mudhoobunnee Sub-Division for the Fortnight ending 8th day of July 1874.

Name of Circle.	Dates for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	Total quantity of grain consumed up to date: By sale to public or to laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advance to ryots.	By payment in kind to laborers.	By exchange for seed.	By loss or wastage.	Total.	Estimated quantity of grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.
		Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.
Mudhoobunee	5th July ...	2,85,000 0 0	2,17,006 38 9	94,594 15 7½	2,563 22 13	795 19 14	3,198 38 6½	.....	.....	1,01,152 13 9	20,000 0 0
Motepore	30th June ...	1,60,000 0 0	1,27,030 25 1	32,198 16 4½	3,785 29 2½	473 38 14½	4,732 22 10½	.....	.....	41,190 26 15½	12,000 0 0
Jhanjharpore	2nd July ...	1,90,000 0 0	1,57,140 0 0	53,027 11 14½	2,850 30 12½	1,152 34 2½	3,395 18 5½	211 16 8	923 34 8½	61,541 26 4	12,000 0 0
Bhakma	Ditto ...	2,60,000 0 0	2,33,333 0 0	70,500 37 11½	9,949 12 0½	190 6 7	2,638 11 0	439 24 9	9,274 2 2½	92,992 13 14½	15,000 0 0
Umgaon	3rd July ...	1,35,000 0 0	91,128 0 0	38,988 20 1	1,948 23 6	2,813 12 14	1,980 32 10	.....	.....	45,731 8 15	10,000 0 0
Kachar	2nd July ...	1,80,000 0 0	1,67,287 0 0	37,809 13 12	3,152 35 5	1,756 4 8	8,889 30 8	.....	.....	51,608 4 1	12,000 0 0
Total ...	.....	11,60,000 0 0	9,92,905 23 10	3,27,118 32 3½	24,250 33 7½	7,131 36 12	24,835 33 8½	651 1 1	10,197 36 11	3,94,236 13 11½	

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Grain in the Sub-Division of Durbhunga.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	11
Names of Circles.	Dates for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other sub-divisions.	TOTAL QUANTITY OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN CONSUMED UP TO DATE.					Estimated grain expenditure of ensuing fortnight.
				By sale to the public or to laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advance to ryots.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.	
		Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Durbhunga	3rd July, 1874 ...	1,10,000	97,670	34,615	11,212	6,913	3,327	56,072	10,000
Mohomudpore	Ditto ...	1,72,000	1,47,117	35,691	9,881	14,523	3,964	82,059	10,000
Habaya Ghát	Ditto ...	1,44,000	1,08,132	24,540	14,258	16,913	5,185	59,996	10,000
Warisnagur	Ditto ...	1,06,000	97,168	13,573	6,319	8,493	3,286	31,670	6,000
Bandhar	Ditto ...	85,000	86,871	4,506	6,867	4,211	2,279	17,723	6,000
Total of Durbhunga ...	.....	6,13,000	5,06,958	1,30,785	48,532	50,162	18,041	2,47,520	42,000
Dassota	1st July, 1874 ...	2,14,000	1,77,523	25,471	19,235	13,210	4,949	63,565	14,000
Gangdah	3rd Ditto ...	1,33,000	1,41,184	11,838	16,756	3,859	6,765	39,218	11,000
Rohar	Ditto ...	2,06,000	1,83,864	12,399	14,985	3,267	5,219	35,961	11,000
Singhya	Ditto ...	84,000	85,702	12,363	19,499	4,636	7,584	44,082	6,000
Hirri	Ditto ...	64,000	64,596	2,864	11,787	8,399	5,314	28,364	7,000
Hossanpur	Ditto ...	34,000	32,934	8,592	11,831	1,774	2,796	24,993	4,000
Lebura.	Ditto ...	54,000	54,000	3,766	7,534	4,807	1,639	17,786	5,000
Total of Hathee ...	.....	7,90,000	7,39,803	77,293	1,02,817	40,022	34,327	2,53,959	58,000
Grand Total ...	.....	14,03,000	12,46,761	2,88,078	1,50,149	90,184	52,368	5,01,479	1,00,000

Statement showing the Consumption of Grain for the Fortnight ending 11th July 1874.

SEETAMURHEE DIVISION.

NAME OF CIRCLE.	Date for which figures are given.	TOTAL QUANTITY OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN CONSUMED UP TO DATE.						Estimated grain expenditure for the ending fortnight.
		By sale to laborers.	By sale to public.	By advance to ryots.	By gratuitous distribution.	By payment in kind.	Total.	
		Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Garraha	July 6th ...	312	1,732	1,317	616	926	4,923	3,000
Sheohur	„ 7th ...	2,508	6,187	3,973	3,890	5,141	21,699	4,000
Bhootho	„ 6th ...	916	5,347	9,470	1,115	2,714	19,562	3,000
Bhugwanpur	„ 8th ...	340	3,941	2,791	1,229	2,367	10,668	3,000
Belahi	„ 9th ...	590	3,973	2,040	698	788	8,079	3,000
Murpa	„ 7th „	2,066	4,913	0,381	1,205	3,562	21,129	3,000
Amoea	„ 7th ...	297	4,814	10,071	2,522	2,166	19,708	6,000
Saidpur	„ 6th ...	1,787	5,700	2,785	963	40	10,882	4,000
Dynechapra	„ 9th ...	1,948	1,906	1,398	670	... ..	5,922	5,000
Rajputty	„ 8th ...	152	324	1,083	154	134	1,847	5,000
Jhoomra	„ 8th ...	522	248	1,928	190	282	3,190	1,000
Bathuaha	„ 9th ...	245	385	2,443	221	883	4,177	2,000
Seetamurhee	„ 9th ...	2,043	6,380	11,910	565	2,712	23,610	10,000
Panchore	„ 9th ...	813	641	207	91	1,008	2,760	500
Total ...		15,051	46,511	13,829	61,395	22,682	1,58,448	.....

Return for Poopree Sub-Division for the Fortnight ending 8th July 1874.

NAMES OF CIRCLES.	Sold to laborers.	Payments in grain.			Sold to Public.			Advances.			Charitable.			Total.		
		Up to last return.	During week.	Total.	Up to last return.	During week.	Total.	Up to last return.	During week.	Total.	Up to last return.	During week.	Total.	Up to last return.	During week.	Total.
		Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Norunga	Not received			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,136	...	4,136
Parihar	Nil	948	163	1,111	7,342	646	7,956	713	296	1,009	537	196	733	9,561	1,307	10,868
Scorsund	2,347	3,712	201	3,913	6,544	695	7,039	4,192	523	4,715	910	274	1,184	17,405	1,693	19,098
Cherowtie	3,500	1,963	200	2,152	6,618	397	7,015	3,363	2,049	10,412	1,389	299	1,688	20,732	2,945	23,677
Poopree	3	1,341	249	1,590	5,242	312	6,554	1,858	530	2,388	240	60	300	9,780	1,151	10,931
Nil	Nil	249	57	306	4,173	236	4,409	1,200	370	1,570	323	77	339	6,696	740	7,433
Bonggong	Nil	1,633	91	1,716	9,330	308	10,138	4,294	2,431	6,725	364	35	399	16,568	2,865	19,222
Baonagar	2,647	4,552	848	5,350	24,963	1,177	25,870	9,961	1,831	11,813	2,610	393	3,003	44,313	4,251	48,564
Jaley																
Total ...	7,396	14,809	1,809	16,111	66,362	5,768	69,160	31,226	8,630	39,819	6,463	1,335	7,767	1,28,973	14,942	1,43,915

Statement showing Consumption of Grain at each Sub-Division within the Fortnight.

Name of Sub-Division.	Total consumption to date.	Consumption within the fortnight.
	Mds.	Mds.
Seetamurhee	1,58,448	55,172
Poopree	1,43,915	34,952
Mudhoobunnee	3,94,236	66,477
Narsya	2,15,297	31,819
Durbhunga, including Hathee ..	5,01,479	1,01,534
Total ..	14,13,375	2,89,954

21. *Advances.*—The Magistrate of Mudhoobunnee is pushing on his advances vigorously, and reports my advances have been as follows:—

	Rs.
Cash advances—	
Advances to zemindars for relief of ryots	17,175
Advances to cultivators	4,386
Total of cash advances ...	21,561
Value of grain advanced—	
To ryots	26,094
To zemindars for ryots	6,285
Total money value of advances ...	32,379

In addition to this the Raj has advanced Rs. 45,000. This gives for my relief sub-divisions a total of Rs. 77,379 for a population of 45,000.

In Durbhunga the figures are—

Advanced in cash	66,714
Advanced in grain, in maunds	90,184

The Leyra establishment has been strengthened by an extra native officer to complete the advances as early as possible.

In the other sub-division the figures have been—

Naraya	19,926
Seetamurhee	13,829
Poopree	6,452

22.—CHARITABLE RELIEF.

In Mudhoobunnee the numbers have slightly increased. A large proportion of the numbers consist of Brahmins and Rajpoots. In the sudder circle out of a total of 3,893, 1,130 persons belong to the higher caste. In Jhunjharpore out of 3,880 persons, 1,092 were Brahmins, 46 Rajpoots, 2 Kaisthas, *i.e.*, nearly one-third belong to the higher castes. In Buckwa, as elsewhere, gifts of clothing have been found necessary. In Katchra the numbers on relief are diminishing; this is attributed partly to intimidation on the part of their fellow caste-men. The figures for Durbhunga are as follow:—

	Village relief.	Number on poor-houses.
Durbhunga	8,521	162
Mahomedpore	4,908	184
Hyaghaut	8,174	.....
Warisnuggur	6,552	26
Bundhar	4,913	...
Dasowta	22,685	103
Gungdhar	21,777	47
Rohar	13,203	69
Singhea	15,729	165
Hirnee	12,085	.....
Husseinpore	10,005	122
Leyra	4,511	.....
Total ...	1,33,063	878

In Mudhoobunnee the figures are—

Tickets	22,038
Cooked food	1,280

I learn that the Nepaulese officials have forbidden the poorer classes of their subjects from seeking relief at our golas or accepting charitable tickets, as their doing so casts a slur on the Government of Nepaul.

In Seetamurhee, there are	13,259
In Poopree, village relief	7,615
Poor-houses	382
In Naraya, the figures are	19,021

Financial Result in the Seetamurhee Sub-Division.

ITEMS.	Expenditure shown in the last narrative.	Expenditure during the fortnight under report.	Total.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Salaries, establishment, &c., &c. ...	15,268 15 4	591 7 11	15,860 7 3
Package and incidentals ...	867 13 3	460 0 0	1,327 13 3
Storage, including building ...	15,048 14 6	....	15,048 14 6
Charitable relief	53,551 6 10	32 4 6	53,583 11 4
Public works	3,32,115 9 2	....	3,32,115 9 2
Miscellaneous	1,15,371 9 9	*2,584 1 0	1,17,955 10 9
Transport of Government grain ..	1,05,019 9 4	2,412 15 0	1,07,432 8 4
Advances to trustworthy residents to purchase grain ...	4,190 0 0	....	4,190 0 0
Ditto traders ditto ...	12,475 0 0	....	12,475 0 0
Ditto to zemindars to help their ryots	33,725 0 0	....	33,725 0 0
Loans for land improvement ...	18,260 0 0	....	18,260 0 0
Loans to ryots	1,100 0 0	....	1,100 0 0
Purchase of bullocks ...	36,060 0 0	....	36,060 0 0
Purchase of Government grain ...	1,599 1 6	....	1,599 1 6
Total ...	7,44,652 15 8	6,080 12 5	7,50,733 12 1

* This amount is balance due to Mr. Carlisle on account of old account.

G.—FINANCIAL RESULT IN THE MUDHOOSUNNEE SUB-DIVISION.

Heads of accounts chargeable.	Total expenditure up to last narrative.	Expenditure in the fortnight under report.	Total expenditure up to date.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Salaries, establishment, and office contingences	31,509 4 3	9,931 4 8	41,440 6 6
Storage, including building and repairs	10,152 3 1	121 10 0	10,273 13 1
Package and incidental	2,705 7 6	....	2,705 7 6
Grant-in-aid for charitable relief..	3,845 9 0	....	3,845 9 0
Miscellaneous	28,776 8 6	186 5 8	28,962 14 2
Purchase of grain by Government	....	....	....
Transport of Government grain..	500 0 0	150 0 0	650 0 0
Advances to trustworthy residents for purchase of grain	20,735 0 0	....	20,735 0 0
Advances to traders for purchase of grain	....	....	....
Permanent advance	17,438 7 9	1,127 1 0	18,565 8 9
Loan under the Land Improvement Act	9,10,400 1 0	24,932 2 4	93,35,332 3 4
Public Works District Road Fund	9,77,709 14 1	2,894 8 5	9,80,604 6 6
Total ..	20,03,772 5 2	39,342 15 8	20,43,115 4 10

No. 15.

G.—FINANCIAL RESULT IN THE DURBUNGAH SUB-DIVISION.

Heads of accounts chargeable.	Total expenditure up to last narrative.	Expenditure in the fortnight under report.	Total expenditure.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Salaries—establishment and office contingencies	70,989 6 2	19,280 1 4	90,269 7 6
Compensation to Railway Co. ..	....	....	....
Package and incidental ..	....	....	....
Storage	20,518 11 9	2,150 0 0	22,668 11 9
Charitable relief	3,38,144 15 0	3,599 6 6	3,41,744 5 6
Public works	8,63,606 5 0	17,068 12 3	8,80,675 1 3
Miscellaneous	1,09,821 4 0	....	1,09,821 4 0
Purchase of grain by Government	3,225 5 6	2,597 0 9	5,822 6 3
Transport of Government grain..	11,53,851 14 0	82,420 6 1	12,36,272 4 1
Advances to trustworthy residents for purchase of grain, support of ryots, and purchase of seeds, &c.	62,300 0 0	....	62,300 0 0
Advances to traders for purchase of grain..	2,350 0 0	....	2,350 0 0.
Loans to Municipalities and Towns	....	....	....
Loans under the Land Improvement Act	31,761 4 10	....	31,761 4 10
Total ..	26,56,569 2 3	1,27,115 10 11	27,83,684 13 2

C. T. METCALFE, *Additional Commissioner.*

No. 3657F, dated Sarun, the 17th July 1874.

Memo. by—J. S. DRUMMOND, Esq., Officiating Magistrate and Collector of Sarun.

FORWARDED to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal, in the Statistical Department, Calcutta, for information, with reference to his circular No. 80 of the 17th November 1873.

2. It is solicited that 10 printed copies of this narrative be sent for distribution.

Narrative of Scarcity and Relief in Sarun District for the Fortnight ending 11th July 1874.

A.—STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

Abundance or Scarcity of supply in the Bazar.—While importations have increased in the Sudder Sub-division during the fortnight, they have been steadily falling off in the Sewan

Sub-division, the imports having decreased from 68,183 maunds in the fortnight ending 30th May, and 23,774 maunds in the fortnight ending 27th June, to 7,749 maunds only in the fortnight under review. The markets continue to be sufficiently supplied.

2. In the Sudder Sub-division the imports were: at Chupra, 4,500 maunds; at Revelgunge, 39,200 maunds, of which 5,400 maunds were rice; at Dooreegunge, 11,400 maunds, of which 4,775 maunds were rice; at Surfra, 135 maunds; and at Panapore, 114 maunds. The exports to Tirhoot and Chumparun amounted to 1,669 and 1,251 maunds respectively.

3. Of the Chupra Sub-division Major Jackson writes—

"There is no scarcity of grain in the large bazars. There is, however, a falling off in the supply of the outlying markets held from time to time in various villages. My reports tell me that these are still supplied, but to a less extent than before the rains set in. The falling off is due principally to the difficulties of carriage. The demand, however, seems to be fully met, even with the diminished supply. At least I have no complaints to the contrary."

4. Mr. Tonnerre, in charge of the Manjhee Sub-division, reports as follows:—

"The imports into this sub-division are very limited. Pack-bullocks are not often seen, but I think that water transport will in a great measure be used instead of them.

"Grain has been taken from Mobarakpore to Chainpore in boats going up the *Daha* Nuddee. This river, with its two branches, can be used to carry grain into three of my circles, and the *Soondee* Nuddee is available for the other two. Both these rivers are now navigable.

"Grain is generally available in the bazars, but to a much less degree, of course, than last year, and the prices have fallen during the fortnight under review owing to the advances which are rapidly being made."

5. Regarding the Musrakh Sub-division Mr. Hudson reports—

"The bazars everywhere maintain a fair supply of grain, nor has any special scarcity been brought to notice."

6. Concerning the Pursa Sub-division Mr. Barry writes—

"I have received reports from fifteen of the largest bazars in this sub-division, and I find that in no case has the supply fallen short of the demand, the bunneahs in every instance having brought more grain to market than they could sell. With the most distressed classes, it is not the absence of grain in the market, but the want of money to buy that grain, which is the cause of all the misery. The rates rule from 10 to 13 seers per rupee for rice:

17	to 21	„	„	„ chunna.
15	to 18	„	„	„ wheat.
15½	to 18	„	„	„ makai.
18	to 21	„	„	„ barley.
18	to 20	„	„	„ urhar.
18		„	„	„ dâl kerao.
20		„	„	„ matar kerao.

"The Government advances have hardly yet been sufficiently extensive and uniform over the sub-division to affect the market materially.

"It is still noticeable that the rates are easier along the southern portion of the sub-division; rice, for instance, selling at 13 seers in Dighwara, while it is at 10 seers in Makair, 16 miles further north. The heavy rain during the last fortnight must have seriously impeded importations, yet there has been a general downward tendency, most of the food-grain being quoted a seer to two seers cheaper in the rupee.

"The abundant rain we have had, and the prospect of a splendid bhadoi crop, taken together with the fact that Government grain is being advanced freely in almost every village, can only conduce to a further fall in prices."

7. The following is Mr. Wright's report of the Sewan Sub-division:—

"There is no falling off in the supplies in the bazars. The demand is fully met by them. Private importation from other districts has, however, gone down to an exceedingly small amount. During the fortnight the returns received show only 7,749 maunds as having been imported. Private trade, however, is quite capable of meeting the demand, and the great falling off in the imports during the period under report is, I understand, due to the large quantities of grain that are being given out in advances to the public from the Government golas. Private traders will not, under these circumstances, bring grain into the market in large quantities, as they would be certain to suffer loss by doing so."

8. The above explanation of the cause of the diminution in the imports into the Sewan Sub-division seems to be refuted by the fact that importations have here *increased*, notwithstanding that advances of Government grain are being largely made in the Sudder Sub-division also. It is more probable that the decrease in Sewan is due to the greater facilities of communication now existing with this portion of the district.

9. Of the Hutwa Sub-division Mr. Hodgkinson reports thus:—

"Supplies sufficient. Importation nominal. No material change in prices."

10. *Kind and price of grain selling at the different marts.*—The kind and price of grain selling at the principal marts and at the thanas and outposts are given in the annexed statement.

11. Prices have fallen considerably, except in the Manjhee and Bussuntpore thanas, and at Gurkha, Maharanee, Amnour, Sewan, Rughoonathpore, Burragaon, and Barowlee.

12. *Stock of Food in the hands of the People.*—Under this head, regarding the Manjhee Sub-division, Mr. Tonnerre writes—

"There are but few who have any considerable stocks of food, and these belong to the class of petty zemindars and not to the ryot class, properly speaking, for which we have to provide.

Of the latter, a small proportion have stocks to last them one month only, that is food for the family itself, without any to spare, wherewith to pay the coolies hired by the ryot to work in his fields.

"I have received detailed statements regarding two circles—*Ramgurh* and *Chainpore*. From them it appears that *half* the people have nothing at all to support themselves with. From my personal experience I am convinced of the correctness of the above statement.

"It must not be inferred from it that the remaining half are in no want at all. As I said, in the few cases that supplies exist they will last at the most for a month."

13. And for the Pursa Sub-division Mr. Barry reports as follows:—

"There can be little doubt that the stocks of grain, as a general rule among the smaller cultivators (and they are by far the most numerous), are pretty well exhausted; the consequence is that cultivators are now coming in, literally in hundreds, to ask for Government advances. Where they have not yet got Government advances, they are living from hand-to-mouth on grain purchased in the bazars. It is only men of substance, important zemindars and cultivators with extensive holdings, who have any stocks left.

"The coolies complain that ryots will not give them employment, as the ryots themselves have no grain to pay them with. This shows that there is very little grain, if any, left in the ordinary cultivators' hands; so it is obvious that without Government advances for the cultivators, and relief works for the coolies, these classes could not pull through till next crop is ready."

14. These and similar reports from other quarters show the pressing need for advances of Government grain, if only to admit of the ordinary employment of field labor; and apart from the objection to leaving the mahajuns to take advantage of the necessities of the ryots in a season like the present, I much doubt whether the petty village mahajuns generally would have had the grain to advance, if the Government had not intervened. It is probably that such advances are also necessary for the actual support of many of the ryots themselves. It was only the other day that two Rajpoot ryots presented themselves before me in an apparently starving condition, who, on examination by the Civil Surgeon himself, were at once pronounced to have been, in truth, reduced to that state by *want of food*. They belonged to a village near Nipanneah, on the borders of the Pursa thana; and I was informed by the planter within whose circle the village was that this was one of his *best villages where the rubbee crops had been very fine, and the people were better off than elsewhere*. These ryots had come in to complain regarding some hitch in their village advance, and were of course promptly relieved. I mention the circumstance as indicating the general need for advances to the cultivating class in most villages throughout the district, as if such be the condition of individual ryots even in the *best* villages, who can say that advances are not everywhere necessary, though the need may be more pressing in one quarter than in another.

15. *Rainfall.*—The rainfall here has been 10·35 inches during the fortnight, of which 8·47 fell in the last week, making a total of 18·85 since the commencement of the rains. The rain has no doubt been excessive, and has greatly interfered with the weeding operations necessary for the growth of the crops. On the question whether we have dry or wet weather during the next few days, the fate of the bhadoi crops may now, in fact, be said to depend.

16. The following is Mr. Tonnerre's report of the Manjhee Sub-division:—

"Rain is now a matter of daily occurrence, but its quantity and persistence is quite unusual. It is interfering with weeding; and should the rains continue during another week with the same force, *janera*, *marua*, *kodo*, *sathi*, *sawan*, and *tangoonee*, which constitute the bhadoi crop, will be entirely destroyed. This I learnt from the ryots themselves, who evince great alarm at the prospects of another famine."

17. From Pursa Mr. Barry writes regarding the rainfall—

"This has been abundant,—more than abundant; rain having fallen heavily, without exception, every day in the fortnight. Still we have had many blinks of the hot sun; and to-day (Sunday) not a drop has fallen, and the sky is clear and the sun hot; so I look forward to having a short break of hot weather, which will now be most acceptable.

"The rain has been so constant that I have been able to move about very little in camp. Still I have seen the country from Barwey Ghât to Ramcollah, and from Amnour to Rewa Ghât."

18. For Sewan the sub-divisional officer gives the rainfall during the fortnight as under:—

	Inches.		Inches.
28th June ..	.. ·06	5th July ..	.. 1·59
29th „ ..	.. ..	6th „ ..	.. ..
30th „ ..	.. 1·08	7th „ ..	.. 1·17
1st July ..	.. 1·06	8th „ ..	.. ·54
2nd „ ..	.. ..	9th „ ..	.. ..
3rd „ ..	.. ..	10th „ ..	.. ·25
4th „ ..	.. ·07	11th „ ..	.. ·24
Total ..	2·27	Total ..	3·79

19. And for Hutwa also the following figures are supplied by Mr. Hodgkinson :—

Rainfall.

28th June	..	·7
29th „	..	·28
30th „	..	·33
1st July	..	·52
2nd „	..	·20
4th „	..	1·46
5th „	..	2·32
6th „	..	·27
7th „	..	·81
8th „	..	·15
9th „	..	·04
10th „	..	1·06
11th „	..	·07
Total	..	7·58

20. *State of the Crops.*—Though some damage has been done in parts by the incessant rain, prospects are still generally favorable, and the crops give promise of an abundant harvest if only the rain would hold off. An inundation of the Gunduk in the tract to the north of the embankment, which, if the entire area had been submerged, could not be much under 30 square miles, was reported to have entirely destroyed the crops, but I have since learnt that the inundation was confined to a limited portion of this tract; and Mr. Reid of Suddowah writes that even there, owing to the waters having speedily receded, not one-tenth of the damage had been inflicted that he had previously supposed. Still many ryots were washed out of house and home, and have lost their crops and will have to be provided for. The Sewan sub-divisional officer has proceeded to the spot.

21. Major Jackson reports as follows regarding the Chupra Sub-division :—

"The rains have been universal during the past fortnight; more than the average of former years has fallen, and perhaps in many parts of the district more than is good for the young crops coming on. For the first week these promised a bumper season, but the excessive down-pour of the last week has, it is feared, drowned much of the Indian-corn and similar grains before they could acquire head to overcome the influence of the waters. It has also much interfered with the weeding operations of the season, the supersaturation of the soil preventing the eradication of the under-growth without damage to the young shoots. A little dry weather is indeed at present much wanted."

22. Of the Manjhee Sub-division Mr. Tonnere writes—

"The entire bhadoi crop is very promising indeed; it has had quite enough rain, and the next few days will decide whether it is to be a grand success or an entire failure owing to excess of rain.

"*Sugarcane* is thriving and will yield a fine crop; it is strong and vigorous. *Tukhmerezee dhan* (that which requires to be transplanted) is also in a very forward state, and is being transplanted everywhere.

"*Bawug dhan* (sown broadcast) is now being sown in the low lands. It is very coarse, and only the poorest of the people eat it.

"The rain so fatal to the bhadoi crop, if in excess, is doing a great deal of good to these dhans and to the sugarcane. In some *chowrs*, where the sugarcane has had a good deal of moisture, it is very high and strong."

23. Mr. Barry's report of the Pursa Sub-division is the following :—

"From the abundant rainfall the prospects of the bhadoi crop may fairly be considered assured. This crop is everywhere looking well, and has suffered no injury from the rain, but it has not grown so fast as it would have done in warmer weather, and the harvest will be later in consequence; but everywhere the makai, kodo, sawan, marua, sathi rice, cotton plant, &c., are looking healthy.

"The prospect of an unusually early bhadoi harvest is gone, as during the last fortnight the plant generally has grown very little owing to the constant rain; and as far as I can judge, the harvest may be retarded by eight or ten days, and thus the period of distress lengthened. But again, with a good spell of sunny weather, the crops will quickly recover what they have apparently lost.

"Weeding has been carried on diligently wherever the cessation of rain gave the people a chance; but I must say the weeds have grown apace, and have thriven more than the crops. In short, weeding has been greatly retarded by the rain, and very much remains to be done.

"Ploughing of the "chowmasa" or high lands for the rubbee crop has gone on to some extent, while ploughing of the low lands for the aghani rice has hardly commenced yet, only a few fields having been broken up and planted out. It is hardly time yet, and the weather has almost rendered the work impossible on any large scale. Indigo is admitted by the planters to be an 8 or 10-anna crop; in this quarter it is looking very well, and I do not think it will be very much below the average. Still the later sowings have not thriven, being choked with weeds and the rank grass which flourishes everywhere so irrepressibly in the rains. Coolies have literally been driven in great numbers from field work to relief work on the roads by the rain; for while ryots pay them for work done, Government, like an indulgent

master, pays them whether work is done or not, and however much it may rain. This is unavoidable in times like the present, for if Government did not support these coolies, when unable to obtain work elsewhere, I believe many of them would be in danger of starvation."

24. Concerning the Musrakh Sub-division Mr. Hudson writes—

"The rain has been almost incessant throughout the sub-division, and the country is a good deal under water, but there is no apprehension yet, as far as I can learn, of damage to the crops, unless it be to the makai, which here and there is turning yellow. However, we have had a break during the last two or three days, and if this holds out for a day or two, no serious damage will have been done. The great rice crop cannot be injured, except by flooding, or failure of the rains, during the latter half of August and September. The people are all busy with their cultivation—at least the ryot class; but these in the Bussuntpore thana are too poor to employ many laborers, and *this* year especially they are trusting much to nature, and leaving their fields under cultivated, rather than hire assistance, a circumstance which renders the continuation of relief works exceptional in this division.

25. I believe that it is more to the constant rain and the wet state of the country, than to the inability to hire labor, that the interruption of agricultural operations in Bussuntpore, as in many other parts, must at present be ascribed, as during a brief tour *via* Barowlee, Gopalpore, and Rampore circles, I noticed particularly that, owing to the excessive rain, the country was really not generally in a state to admit of any work being carried on in the fields. Still the inability alluded to by Mr. Hudson no doubt largely exists, and it was to supply the means of meeting this want, as well as to support the ryots themselves, that the advances of Government grain to the cultivators were undertaken. Through a mistaken, though zealous, attempt on the part of Mr. Hudson to see to everything himself, and the failure to adopt adequately the principle of division of labor, I fear that the advances are somewhat backward in Bussuntpore, but by a recent re-constitution of the circles it is hoped that these advances may now be rapidly completed. Meanwhile, wherever advances have not been completed, Mr. Hudson, as well as all other sub-divisional officers, with the object of preventing the weeding operations now so necessary being retarded by the inability of the ryot to hire assistance, have instructions to turn the relief coolies into the fields, where requisite, charging the cost of their labor to the village concerned, and adjusting the account at the time of making the village advance, either by cutting down the quantity of grain issued, or by adding to the amount of the village bond, according to the desire of the parties. Where the security is not adequate, and the amount of the advance cannot be reduced, the execution of a separate bond, under clause *d* of the charitable relief rules, is directed.

26. The sub-divisional officer of Sewan makes the following report:—

"The crops continue to thrive and promise well up to date, but the great quantity of rain we have had is beginning to tell on the Indian-corn, which, in places, shows a slightly yellow tinge. A week of good hot sun-shining weather is wanted now to enable the ryots to clear their lands of weeds, which are choking the young crops. Marua, in places, is getting into ear, and tangoonee is nearly as far advanced. I have to-day heard that close to the Gunduk bund the land has been flooded, and that about fifteen thousand beeghas of the crops have been destroyed. I intend proceeding there at once to inquire into the matter."

Under this head Mr. Rattray reports as follows:—

"The rains were heavy during the first week of the past fortnight, putting a stop to weeding, and preventing in some degree agricultural operations, but the weather has been comparatively clear for the last few days, and a considerable impetus has been given to labor in the fields.

"Ploughing and sowing are being carried on with great activity. Transplanting of dhan will not begin to any great extent till about the end of this month, but the transplanting of murwa is now close upon completion."

The Sub-Deputy Collector, Baboo Rajkishore Narain, writes of thanas Sewan and Darowlee as follows:—

"More than three-fourths of the bhadoi crop area is sown by this time, and the sowing of the remainder is postponed up to the present time on account of the continued rains. The fields are all wet, and would not admit of sowing makai in their present condition.

"Transplantation of murwa, however, is still being prosperously carried on. This crop, in some early sown fields, is getting into ear, and will reach maturity within three or four weeks. The present appearance of makai plants in up-land fields is very good; but in low fields where water has lodged, the plants look meagre and pale; paddy plants for transplantation look well and thriving, except in the few fields that have gone under water. Incessant rain is however doing good to the paddy crop in general, as success of this crop always depends on the sufficiency of water in the fields, but it (the rain) has, since my last crop report, proved somewhat injurious to the bhadoi crop, as it had delayed the weeding of makai, murwa, and kodo fields, and consequently retarded the growth of the plants.

"These crops prosper when it rains once or twice in 10 or 12 days, which is not the case now-a-days. Still if the rains keep off for a week, it will be all right; but if it continues to rain, it will no doubt do great mischief."

Mr. Tytler, the Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, has been kind enough to furnish me with the following information of the crops:—

"The murwa that was sown in the poppy lands and irrigated is now in ear, or all but so: but this portion of the crop does not exceed two annas of the amount of murwa sown. The sawan and Tangoonee, where sown under the same advantages long ago, are about in the same

state. The Indian-corn in the northern portion of the district is more advanced than down here, as the land being moister, permitted of earlier sowing. This crop is about waist high in some parts of the north; it is backward towards Katea and on the other side of the Jherali generally. Fourteen annas of the murwa is only lately transplanted, and will not ripen before the 20th of August; portions may be earlier, especially if we have heat, but in such weather as we are having, not before the date noted. Rain is doing great harm, the fields are choked with weeds, and I think caterpillars are commencing to show themselves. Paddy prospects are very good, and December (aghani) paddy is being transplanted."

27. Regarding the Hutwa sub-division, Mr. Hodgkinson writes:—

"The want of sunshine has begun to be severely felt; the crops have been kept back in consequence, particularly in localities where opportunity has not been found to weed them. The makai in Bhoney zillah has been a good deal injured by the wet, and an insect induced by it, which has made its appearance; but there is time to repair the mischief if fine weather would only supervene; elsewhere the makai is a very fair crop, but wants sunshine. The early rice crops are very fine, and the kodo and murwa are good. Thus the prospects of the crops are altogether very favorable. The crops on a very limited tract outside the Gunduk embankment have been greatly injured, if not destroyed by the rising of the river."

28. *Condition of the People.*—I cannot say that I believe the condition of the people to be improving. Until resort to piece-work becomes general, they can earn but a scanty meal on the relief works; and however good the prospect of the coming harvest may be, the people cannot live on hope, while I fear that notwithstanding the advances being made to cultivators, field-labor is far from being as extensively employed as in ordinary years. As the season advances, and until the next crops are harvested, the pressure on the people could hardly indeed be expected to become less. At Rampore, as elsewhere in that neighbourhood, I noticed that the relief coolies were much in want of clothing, and had a generally distressed appearance.

29. Under this head, Mr. Tonnerre reports thus of the Manjhee sub-division:—

"Having nearly completed my advances, I have had somewhat more leisure to go about the country and visit the distant circles. I find that people about Ramgurh, and in some parts of the Chainpore circle, show by their appearance that they have been under-fed for a long time. They will receive immediate relief now that advances have been made, but I do not know how they could have existed but for the advances. The country about there is to a great extent dhan growing. For the last two years the rice crop was not successful, and from inquiries made, I find that during those years they had suffered from want. They would have been finished off this year but for the timely measures taken.

"The people are better off in Bunwar circle, but in Pursa again they are very badly off.

"A putwaree came to me and said that he could not leave his house without having the ryots round him clamouring for grain. I have had inquiries instituted, and find that this is really the case. Again, numbers of ryots from one village will assemble at the gola, and wait for days till their turn comes to have their grain weighed out. This proves their want, else it is not likely that they would waste their time instead of looking after their fields.

"In my rides I have been followed from village to village for a whole morning, by people asking for grain.

"There is no doubt about it, that ryots are approaching the total consumption of their own little stocks."

30. Regarding the Pursa sub-division, Mr. Barry writes:—

"To a careful observer, there cannot be any doubt that many people are in great distress and cannot get sufficient food to eat. Many of these are on the roads, and are in a sufficiently wretched condition, both from insufficient food and from want of decent clothing. Many of the women particularly are in a ragged condition, and I propose to undertake the distribution of cloth to them myself, as I have peculiar facilities of observing them, being so much on the roads, and the circle officers are perhaps somewhat chary in giving cloth to those who are strangers to them and who come from a distance.

"Again, many of the ryots are in poor condition, and in distress for want of a meal, who would lose caste by going on the relief works and working as coolies. These can only be relieved by advances of Government grain, which are proceeding with all possible despatch. Beggars and the poorer ryots have suffered most, while bunneahs and mahajuns have gained by the famine.

"On the whole, I do not consider that the condition of the people is improving, but rather the reverse. I am beseiged daily by crowds of people for advances of grain, and therefore have good opportunities of forming an opinion; and I find, with few exceptions, that those who ask for help, are, judging from their personal appearance really in need of it.

"Again looking at those working on the roads, one might be led to infer that they had greatly deteriorated in condition; but perhaps this is because many of the weakest and most wretched have been unable to find better terms elsewhere than the Government subsistence wages, while the able-bodied have left in considerable numbers, either having put by something, or being able to earn more in other ways."

31. Mr. Hudson thus explains the bad reports alluded to in the previous narrative:—

"Some very bad reports were made to me of the condition of the people during the fortnight anterior to this; but I am glad to say that personal investigation has established the falsity of the alleged facts, and the incompetence or rascality of those who reported them. The said reports related to two villages at opposite ends of the sub-division.

1. "In Dowlee, in the north, eleven persons were reported by name as starving. I sent out a bag of rice, in charge of a group superintendent, with a garry and peons to bring them in. Half of them turned out to be of the usual type of mendicants now on the circle registers, the blind, maimed, or leprous, and people so aged and decrepit as to have almost outlived consciousness. But none of these were absolutely without support; in proof of which they all returned to their villages, rather than remain away from home to be fed at Government expense."

2. "Pokhra, in the south-west. It was reported that persons had died, and that others would die of starvation, if notice were not taken of the condition of the village.

"I found on visiting the spot, that the village was within 2 miles of the Dhubowlie relief centre, where the officer in charge never refuses any case of real distress which presents itself. Moreover, a relief work, a Government road, is being constructed within 100 yards of the village; so that no persons capable of work, could want the means of self-support. I succeeded in calling before me the members of the families of the two men said to have died of hunger. One of these, Tagroop Chamar, son of Gopal, deceased, deposed that his father was of extreme age when he died; that he, Tagroop, always supported his parent, and that the latter died a natural death.

"The widow of the other deceased, deposed that her husband had been ill for a year before his decease, and that he was over 50 years of age. The widow and children appeared well-cared for. The group superintendent of this circle was not to be found when I visited this village, nor have I been able since to get hold of him, although I have instituted a strict search. It is certain that he has absconded. I collected all the alleged starving persons whom the village could produce, 10 in number, and sent for the native doctor from Bussuntpore, to report upon their physical condition. Half of them were declared well able to earn their own living by their own labor; two others, though feeble, admitted earning a livelihood, and the remaining three were found to be supported by members of their own family. The report in fact, turned out to be a purely malicious one, got up out of enmity to the large land-holder Nug Narain, by certain Assamees of the village, and specially by a certain "Attiah," who is head of a convent in the neighbourhood. I call to mind the three principal men who acted as spokesmen for the village in describing the alleged distress. They came to me, if I recollect rightly, when I was in camp in the cold season, and I gathered from them, that some quarrel was going on between them and their maliks. One of them, Sheo Ghulam Pari, turned out to be the uncle of the Zilâdâr of Dhubowlie factory, and he came forward to *guarantee his uncle's future good conduct if the matter was not pressed further against him.*"

32. Mr. Hudson has been instructed to see that such persons in need of relief as are unable to attend at centres, are provided for in their villages.

33. The following is Mr. Wright's report of the Sewan sub-division:—

"There is no material change to report in the condition of the people. They are, generally speaking, in as good condition now as ever they were. There is no great distress prevalent amongst them. Those who are unable from disease or other cause to work and gain a livelihood, can get assistance at the numerous relief centres throughout the division, and there is no fear of their starving. Government grain is also being freely distributed in the shape of advances amongst the ryots for the support of themselves and their laborers till the next harvest. Relief works on tanks have been closed, or nearly so; but those on roads are still open, and are to be kept open as long as possible, so that ample measures have been taken to ward off distress from every one likely to suffer."

The Sub-Deputy Collector, Baboo Rajkishore Narain, reports as follows of the people in thanas Darowlee and Sewan:—

"Condition of the people is very good. The number of laborers on relief works still does not appear to decrease considerably, because the continued rain does not allow the farmers to work freely in the fields. Grain advances by circle officers are relieving the recipients, especially the Chowhar people, of all the anxieties and wants of the season."

The following is taken from Mr. Rattray's report under this head:—

"The condition of the people still keeps hopeful. Circle officers report that distress does not prevail. People are sanguine of a good harvest, and in this expectation much land is being brought under cultivation. Labor is to be had, and by the end of the month the demand will be very great. Work on the road is still kept up, and gives employment principally to women and children, whilst other members of the family are employed in field labor. The distress, which was so generally feared at this time of the year, has not shown itself, and the future does not give any reason for alarm."

34. Mr. Wright has all along taken a very sanguine view of the situation of the people, and would almost seem to think that their circumstances are the same in a season like the present one as in ordinary years. Latterly, Mr. Rattray too has much fallen in with these views, which are not however supported by his earlier reports. But considering the poverty of the people there as elsewhere in ordinary years, and the condition of many when they first came on the relief works, it is difficult to believe that "distress does not prevail," and I could not sufficiently trust to Mr. Wright's judgment in the matter to be induced to accede to his proposal to close the relief works altogether. That even any summary proceedings for turning off fixed percentages of relief laborers on particular dates with a view to the eventual closing of the works, as also recommended by him, might have had dangerous effects, may be gathered from the reports of his Sub-Deputy Collector.

35. Of the Hutwa sub-division, Mr. Hodgkinson reports that "no change is observable in the condition of the people."

36. *Known cases of misery and starvation.*—Though there have been, and must continue to be cases of misery, there have been none of starvation.

37. *Grain-thefts, or robberies.*—There have been four cases of grain-thefts during the fortnight.

38. The accompanying comparative statement shows the number of cases involving an element of theft committed during the month of June in the years 1872, 1873, and 1874 respectively, as required by Government circular No. 4081, of the 20th December last.

B.—Relief Works.

29. The annexed statements show the relief works in progress, and the number employed thereon. The mean daily number employed during the fortnight was 155,498, and the number on the last day was 138,284. The mean daily numbers both of the previous and of this fortnight, and the number on the last day of this fortnight, are shown below for each sub-division :—

Sub-divisions.	Mean daily number of the previous fortnight.	Mean daily number of the present fortnight.	Remarks.
1. Chupra	46,069	22,801	These figures do not include the number employed on works under the general Warda' manager, and hence the totals do not tally with the numbers given in the body of the above para.
2. Maughee	35,251	17,272	
3. Musrukh	84,303	79,365	
4. Pursa	9,756	4,980	
5. Sewan	34,821	25,722	
6. Hutwa	6,906	4,206	
Total ..	217,106	154,346	

The numbers on piece-work are gradually increasing, and it is hoped that resort to piece-work may become general now that the daily wage rates are so low.

40. *State emigration to British Burmah.*—None have presented themselves for emigration during the fortnight.

D.—Storage of Government Grain.

41. *Distribution and expenditure of Government grain.*—The usual statement accompanies.

42. *Gradual expenditure from Government stores, and possibility of more grain being required.*—The accompanying statement, revised according to the latest data, shows the probable grain requirements of the district in the future, including the fresh assignment of 2 lakhs, exhibits still a deficit of some 60,000 maunds. In addition to the above, with reference to demands now beginning to be made by zemindars upon Mr. Reid of the Suddowah circle for distribution of grain to the ryots, on the security of such zemindars; and with reference also to the losses occasioned by the recent inundation of the Gunduk, it may be necessary to replenish the now nearly exhausted golas of Burrowlee and Gopalgunge also. On the whole, it may be calculated that not less than another lakh of maunds will be needed for this district up to the beginning of September only, and without reference to possible subsequent demands.

43. The statement accompanying shows the advances of grain made up to date. They have progressed fairly, and now the great want is grain to distribute to the villages for which such advances have been settled. Notwithstanding some delay in the receipt of the fresh allotment, it is hoped that the grain may still be received in time to prevent any general necessity for stopping the advances or reverting to cash payments to the relief laborers by reason of the rapid exhaustion of the Government stores.

44. Under this head Major Jackson reports as follows for the Chupra sub-division :—

"Advances in grain have been made very largely during the past fortnight. Mr. MacRae at Arowa has completed his advances to 22 villages, and Mr. Becher at Gurkha to 49. In the Chupra circle I have settled with 94 villages, and I have the complete papers of nearly 30 more ready for disposal. These will more than exhaust the golas at my disposal before another week passes, and until more grain reaches this part of the district, I will have to postpone advances and await its arrival. Mr. MacRae has no more grain to draw against for Arowa, but he will very shortly receive between 5,000 and 6,000 maunds just arrived at Revelgunge, which he has been requested to arrange to cart away. The gola at Gurkha is also empty, but Mr. Becher has, I understand, made arrangements for the purchase of grain to meet his requirements."

45. This refers to some grain which Mr. Becher had contracted to have supplied to him with money advanced by Government for purchase of grain with a view to sale. This grain has now most opportunely arrived, and will be utilized in continuing Mr. Becher's advances to the ryots until the Government gola can be refilled.

46. The following is Mr. Tonnerre's report of the Manjhee sub-division :—

"I gave an estimate of 20,406 extra maunds as required in this sub-division. I hope that a portion at least of that quantity will be sent as soon as possible, because all stores are

nearly exhausted, and in a few days operations will have to be suspended if further supplies are not received.

"As the ryots themselves say, one month for which advances were required has elapsed, and further delay occasions distress."

47. Thanks to the energy with which the work has been prosecuted in his sub-division and partly also to his charge being a lighter one. Mr. Tonnerre has so nearly completed the advances in his sub-division, that in order to relieve Mr. Hudson, who is not so forward, I have placed the adjoining Bugowrah circle (in charge of a native zemindar) also under his superintendence, and have no doubt that he will succeed in getting the work as rapidly done there too as he has elsewhere.

48. Mr. Barry reports as follows regarding the Pursa sub-division:—

"I am very glad to say that the grain advances are now being made with great rapidity; yet much remains to be done, and petitions are coming in thick upon us. Yesterday I had no less than 80 petitions, and when it is remembered that each petition represents a village or a hamlet, with from 10 to 80 households, it will be seen that these 80 petitions represent many hundreds of people, and so it is more or less every day."

"All the applications from one village or from one tolah or hamlet are strung together, and the requirements of each applicant, with the security offered, are inquired into and the signature of the putwaree obtained, and from these a list of the whole village is prepared. This is easily done, as the applications and village lists drawn up by putwarees are all made in the following form, which I have found very useful, viz:—

Number.	Name of householder and his residence.	Name of zemindar and his residence, also putwaree's name.	Number of persons in household.	Number of maunds applied for for two months.	Security offered, number of beeghas, trees, &c.
Total ...					

"The totals of this list give the totals for the whole village, so at a glance I can tell whether the demand is excessive or whether the security is sufficient. This list must invariably be signed by the putwaree before it is passed by me. Where there are many different applications from a large village, these are either treated by hamlets where they exist, or as many of the applications are included in one general list as can conveniently be done, or as far as the people can be brought to agree to accept the joint responsibility.

"In many cases I have found that the putwaree, though called upon, does not prepare the required list; so to avoid further delay (which has been too great already) I have directed all group superintendents to hold an inquiry and prepare the lists themselves. They now do so, and the putwaree generally turns up and signs the sheet, but if he does not appear, I have to summon him to sign the bond before I give a cheque for the grain. There are often some names left out of the list through obscure or other causes, and these necessitate a second inquiry which delays the work. I have now 12 group superintendents at work, and I find 10 to 15 villages quite enough for one man. The rain no doubt has retarded the work, yet I expected them to do more than they have done. However, now that I have intimated to them that I propose paying them according to the rapidity and excellence of their work, I hope the lists will come in more freely, as I can pass final orders on them far more quickly than they come in.

"The Sudder canoongo, Damree Lall, has conducted many of the more important inquiries, and I am sorry I am losing his services just in the middle of the work when he could be of most use. He has worked well and ably. With regard to the security tendered for these grain advances, I think it ample, being at the average rate of one beegha for two maunds. When it is less (which is rare) I cut down the advance, so that it does not exceed 2 maunds per beegha. Even this gives each household from 4 to 5 maunds at the very least, which is enough for two months. In only a few cases have the zemindars backed up the ryots.

"On the 5th instant I went to Ramcollah and arranged with Mr. Hugh Llewhellin regarding the 13 villages of the Maraura circle, of which I found that a good number had already been settled. Details regarding these may be looked for in Ramcollah circle returns rendered by Mr. Llewhellin to Mr. Hudson. Mr. Llewhellin expected the whole of the advances to be disposed of in a very short time, as everything was in train."

"I have also arranged with Mr. John MacRae regarding some 20 villages lying south and east of Tehtee, to be included in his Arwa circle. The 500 villages in Pursa thana have thus been finally disposed of, *viz* :—

		...	500
Less unoccupied		...	25
			475

	Villages.	
To Arwa circle	... 20	
„ Maraura circle	... 13	
„ Tehtee „	... 52	
„ Telalpore „	... 36	
„ Arwa „	... 38	
„ Nawada „	... 34	
„ Moonsiff of Pursa circle	... 58	
„ Setalpore* „	... 85	
Total	... 336	336
		139
Add villages in Cusmen in which applications have been made	...	42
Total of villages in general circle	...	181
Deduct disposed of by me up to date	...	84
		97
Less villages in which no advances were required ...	...	8
Total of villages to be disposed of by me	...	89

"Thus I have but got half through the villages which have fallen to my charge, and have not been included in any special circle. But I expect many more to crop up.

"During the fortnight I have advanced 6,592 maunds in 76 villages, making the total advanced by me in 84 villages up to date, amount to 8,756 maunds.

"The Tehtee, Telalpore, Nawada, and Arwa circles have virtually been disposed of; only a few claims remain to be settled of persons who had not been included in the general village lists. I regret to observe that only 257 maunds in 5 villages have been advanced in Setalpore. I must go there as soon as I can find time.

"The moonsif of Pursa is working well, having disposed of 23 villages, advancing 1,190 maunds in the fortnight."

49. Mr. Barry seems to be pushing forward the work as rapidly as possible in his sub-division, and I have confidence in his judgment. He has omitted, however, to furnish his returns, a circumstance which renders the present narrative defective.

50. As previously noticed, Mr. Hudson's arrangements in the matter of advances in the Musrukh sub-division are somewhat backward, but though working hard, he has had a heavy charge; and I trust that under the recent reconstitution of circles, lost time may now be made up for.

51. The following is the Sewan sub-divisional report:—

The following is Mr. Rattray's report under this head:—

"The preparation of the village lists is close upon completion, up to this date lists of 940 villages have been completed and approved of. The allotment of grain for these villages amounts to 93,366 maunds 20 seers, and is now in course of distribution. There are about 176 villages remaining, in which the lists are under preparation. The recipients of the allotments already made number 32,497 heads of families.

"I have still innumerable difficulties to contend against in the preparation of the village lists and the distribution of the grain. The determined opposition on the part of the zemindars, and the fear of responsibility on the part of the circle officers, the majority of whom are land-holders themselves, and all, except one, irresponsible members, will, I fear, cause considerable delay before the relief measures are completed.

"The quantity of grain actually distributed during the past fortnight does not amount to much, but opposition on the part of the circle officers must be taken into consideration. I trust, however, that by the close of the month the bulk of the allotment made will be disposed of.

"A sum of Rs. 3,100 has been paid to the circle officers for the purposes of making advances for the purchase of plough-cattle. No applications were made before me during the past fortnight for grain advances by land-holders for private consumption, but as far as returns received show, 726 maunds 26 seers 12 chittacks of grain was advanced by the circle officers on this account."

* A few villages have been added to Setalpore.

52. Under many difficulties Mr. Rattray has worked well, and it is creditable to him and to his circle officers that the preparation of the village lists should now be close on completion.

53. Under the head of advances to ryots, Mr. Hodgkinson writes:—

"Up to date 79,309 maunds 39 seers 9 chittacks have been advanced. It is from the advances lately made that field-labor is being paid as a rule."

54. The rapidity with which these important advances have been made in the Hutwa estate reflects credit on him and all concerned. As noticed by him, it is to these advances that the ryots generally have to look for the payment of field-labor.

55. The Commissioner has urged that for greater safety it would have been better to make these advances on the specific security of each ryot; but this course, besides being likely to prove fatal to the rapidity essential for relief to be at all general, was, it was thought, open to objection, as calculated to raise throughout the district the question of the nature of the rights possessed by the ryots,—rights which are very generally denied by the whole proprietary body, and by placing landlord and tenant in antagonism, to lead to general disputes and litigation, which, in the interests of the ryots themselves, it was very desirable to avoid. It was deemed on all grounds therefore preferable to adopt the principle of collective security in making these advances; and as all ryots are jointly and severally liable in respect of all property they may now or hereafter possess, it is not thought that the omission to record specific security well render the village bonds any the less safe. Each ryot is a check on his fellow, and the joint bond is at once a guarantee that none take more than they can repay, and also an assurance that each will be made to pay up his share of the general advance.

F.—Charitable Relief.

56. The number receiving this description of relief is shown in the annexed statement. Including the Pursa sub-division, the last fortnightly returns of which have not been received, there are now about 32,000 persons obtaining charitable relief.

57. The following is Major Jackson's report under this head for the Chupra sub-division:—

"This goes on without much fluctuation, with the exception of cloth-weaving. The weavers will not accept the Government rates which they appear well enough off not to require. The poor-house in Chupra has dwindled down to very small proportions, the professional beggars not caring to abide by the rule which requires their residence there. Cotton-spinning relief obtains more favor in the Goldengunge circle, and the superintendent reports the numbers to be increasing. I have also had an application from a resident of that quarter to be supplied with cotton for distribution to distant villages which he will undertake to look after. He will be supplied through the Goldengunge relief officer, and the results brought forward in the next report."

58. Regarding the Manjhee sub-division, Mr. Tonnerre writes:—

"I have advanced, under clause *d* of charitable relief rules, Rs. 72 for the purchase of bullocks and seed-grain. Before making such advances, I ascertain whether the lands are actually left uncultivated; if such be the case, necessity of the advance becomes apparent, because, whenever it is possible, the ryot will hire or borrow bullocks to do his work.

"Cotton has been given to 324 women, and Rs. 200 have been expended under this head.

"Grain is given for charitable relief in all other cases save where a destitute tradesman requires funds to enable him to carry on his business, when an advance is made under clause *d*.

"Lists for village charitable relief are in preparation, and until they are ready, help is given individually to all the poor who go to their respective circle officers. Once the lists are ready, all these will be entered therein, and supplied with grain by the putwaree from the monthly allotment made to the village.

"A special care is given in searching for and finding out cases of people of good family too proud to beg, and who would prefer dying quietly in their houses to making their wants known.

"Old pensioners, sepoys, and others, are also being provided for. Many a time have I seen men who had done good service in the army, obliged to ask for relief, as their pensions, though sufficient in ordinary years, could not suffice for their requirements in such a time as this."

59. Mr. Barry, in charge of the Pursa sub-division, reports:—

"Everything appears to have gone on satisfactorily, but as returns have not been received from 3 out of 9 circles; I cannot pass in review what has been done.

"It appears that some of the circle officers have begun to restrict slightly their operations, which I consider as yet premature.

"While I was in camp in Amnour and Makair, I was constantly being interrupted by poor people asking for charitable relief. I have recommended that a relief centre be opened at Amnour, and in future I intend to carry a small supply of grain with me to relieve the immediate wants of the starving poor.

"In most villages 2 or 3 subjects fit for charitable relief are found by the group superintendents; their names are sent to the relief circle officer in whose circle the village lies, and who, it is hoped, attends to their wants."

60. Mr. Hudson writes regarding the Musrukh sub-division:—

"Distribution of cotton continues on a large scale; and thread is now generally given to weavers, and the cloth disposed of in clothing the destitute."

61. Under this head, the following may be quoted from the report of the Sewan subdivisional officer:—

"A report has been received from the police of the Murwa outpost of three little children having been found straying, and no clue to their parents or guardians can be obtained. The head-constable asked that they might be made over to him, and said he was willing to take charge of and support them. Orders have been issued to make them over to him. Another child about 3 years old was found in the same manner by the Maharajgunge police at Sarungpore. It is at present in charge of the chowkeedar of that village, and inquiries are being made about its parents."

62. The following statement, showing the number on charitable relief in the several circles of the Hutwa sub-division, is furnished by Mr. Hodgkinson:—

Serial number.	Names of Circles.	Average number receiving cooked food.	Number receiving uncooked food.	Number receiving food in payment of wages for cotton-spun (spinning Relief).	Number specially relieved by village officer under D.	Total.
1	Hutwa	56	945	238	.....	1,239
2	Sreepore	141	897	102	.....	1,140
3	Muniarah	111	71	.....	354	536
4	Kahala	.....	18	.....	.....	18
5	Jugdishpore	100	.....	51	.....	151
6	Chuckia	50	.....	.....	.....	50
7	Bhorey					
8	Dhobowl					
9	Marur	436	1,257	308	136	2,137
10	Kattayah					
11	Chumookha					
12	Dhungaree	57	116	.....	.....	173
13	Sonowhala...	40	194	.....	.....	234
14	Gopalgunge	.....	43	.....	.....	43
15	Umbicapore	.....	189	.....	.....	189
	Total	991	3,730	699	490	5,910

G.—Financial results of the Fortnight.

63. The financial results of relief operations are given below:—

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Total expenditure as previously shown	.....	.....	23,43,648 13 7½
1. Expenditure incurred by the Executive Engineer of Sarun for district relief works, *vide* statement of labor from 28th June to 11th July 1874 ...	.....	507 3 6	
2. Expenditure incurred by the Executive Engineer, Lower Gunduk Division, for relief works in connection with Sarun embankment for the fortnight ending 9th July 1874	.....	.....	
3. Amount advanced to Moulvie Mohamed Tukee, manager of the estates under Court of Wards, for digging a tank on behalf of Baboo Tirgoonanund Opadhea, a minor, under the Land Improvement Act	2,000 0 0	2,000 0 0	
4. Amount advanced to collectorate nazir for miscellaneous contingencies ...	500 0 0		
Amount advanced to Mr. A. Murray, of Barowlee factory, for conveyance of Government grain to different places in the interior of the district	3,000 0 0		
Amount advanced to collectorate nazir for conveyance of Government grain from Shahabad	3,642 0 0		

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Amount advanced to Mr. Steer, of Hurpore factory, for conveyance of Government grain from Maharanee to Hurpore	1,000 0 0		
		8,142 0 0	
5. Amount advanced to Moonshee Yar Ally, overseer, for making advances to boatmen engaged for two canoes received from the Oudh forest	700 0 0		
		700 0 0	
6. Amount advanced to Moonshee Cheranghee Lall for payment to the moonshees and chupprassees who came with the canoes from the Oudh forest ...	100 0 0		
		100 0 0	
7. Value of 12,872 gunny bags purchased from Choonee Lall, Marwary, at Rs. 35 per 100...	4,505 14 0		
		4,505 14 0	
8. Refund of advance made from the district road fund for transport of grain...	1,718 13 8		
		1,718 13 8	
9. Value of stamps supplied to Mr. C. F. Tonnerre, on special duty, at Ekma	20 0 0		
		20 0 0	
Establishment.			
10. Pay of Mr. G. Grant, on special duty at Musrakh, and of his establishment, for June 1874	348 0 0		
Pay of Mr. C. F. Tonnerre, on special duty at Ekma, for June 1874 ...	300 0 0		
Pay of the gazetted officers, on special duties as follow, for June 1874:—			
Rs. A. P.			
Mr. W. H. Hudson ... 1,133 0 0			
Mr. W. Barry ... 1,133 5 4			
Pundit Debi Persad ... 250 0 0			
	2,516 5 4		
Pay of Relief Superintendents for June 1874	265 0 0		
Deputation allowance of Mr. W. Barry, on special duty at Pursa, for April 1874...	27 1 3		
Pay of Girdharee, hospital assistant, and of a compounder attached to the poor-house at the Serai, for June 1874 ...	30 0 0		
Pay of Major W. Jackson, on special duty at Chupra, for June 1874 ...	892 0 0		
Pay of Debi Lall, third class hospital assistant, attached to the Revelgunge dispensary, for June 1874	37 6 3		
Pay of Baboo Ram Chunder Goopta, Assistant Surgeon at Bussuntpore relief dispensary, for June 1874	110 0 0		
Pay of Moulvie Mohamed Sadiq Ahmud and of Mohamed Abdul Huq, tehsildars on special duties, for June 1874 ...	274 0 0		
Pay of the establishment under the district grain officer at Chupra for June 1874	156 0 0		
Contingent charges of ditto ditto ...	1,050 4 6		
Pay of Baboo Ram Chunder Goopta, Assistant Surgeon at Bussuntpore, for May 1874	150 0 0		
Pay of compounders, &c., at Bussuntpore and Sonepore relief dispensaries, for May 1874	45 0 0		
Contingent charges of ditto ditto ...	6 5 3		
Pay of the relief establishment under Mr. Llewhellin of Arna factory, from March to May 1874	173 0 0		

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Pay of the extra constables entertained in the transport of grain for June 1874...	349 10 8		
Pay of the office establishment entertained as per Commissioner's circular No. 74, dated 27th December 1874, for June 1874	434 0 0		
Travelling allowance of Mr. G. Grant, on special duty, from Chupra to Gopalpore	18 13 0		
Travelling allowance of Moonshee Augud Ray, naib tehsildar, on special duty at Sewan, for April 1874 ...	32 8 0		
		7,215 6 3	
11. Expenses incurred by the sub-divisional officer of Sewan are as follow viz.—			
Pay and special allowance of Mr. A. Rattray of Sewan for June 1874 ...	600 0 0		
Contingent charges of ditto ditto ...	21 6 9		
Travelling allowance of the junior canoongo for April and May 1874 ...	54 0 0		
Travelling of Syud Ameer Ahmud, relief superintendent, for May 1874 ...	45 8 0		
Pay of the relief establishment for June 1874...	1,814 11 10		
Pay of Mobaruk Ali, relief work moonshee, for June 1874 ...	15 0 0		
Amount advanced to Mobaruk Ali for carting bricks for tank No. 2 ...	25 0 0		
		2,575 10 7	
Total expenditure of the fortnight...		.....	27,485 0 0
		Grand Total ...	23,71,133 13 7½

Statement showing the kind and price of grain selling at the principal markets and different thanas and outposts of the District of Sarun, for the fortnight ending the 11th July, 1874.

No.	Names of principal marts.	Uncleaned rice, per rupee.	Indian corn, per rupee.	Barley, per rupee.	Wheat, per rupee.	Gram, per rupee.
1	1. Chupra	14	17	23	15½	21
2	Revelgunge	12½	.....	23	17	21
3	Goldengunge...	13	16	20	15½	20
4	Gurkha	9	.....	.....	.....	15
5	2. Maujhee	11½	16	.....	14½	.....
6	Ekma	12	15½	.....	15½	17
7	3. Busuntpore	11	14	16½	13½	16
8	Maharajgunge	12	16½	18½	14	17
9	4. Mushrukh	11½	17	18	14	18½
10	Rancahpore	13½	.....	21	16½	19½
11	Maharanee	11	.....	16	13	.....
12	5. Pursa	12	16	19	15	19
13	Amnour	11	.....	.....	14	16
14	Mirzapore	11	.....	19	15	18
15	6. Dighwara	13	16½	18	17	19
16	Sonepore	13	17	....	17	19
17	7. Sewan	10½	.....	17½	13	.....
18	Burhurrea	12	14½	18	14½	16½
19	Semaria	10½	.....	18	13½	.....
20	8. Durrowlee	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
21	Goothnee	11½	.....	17½	13	15½
22	Siswan	12½	20	20	.....	18
23	Roghoonathpore	10½	15½	17	14½	15½
24	Murwa	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
25	9. Burragaon	10 3/4	.....	16 1/2	12 1/2	15
26	Kattya	11½	.....	16½	15	17½
27	Bhorey	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
28	Meergunge	12 5/16	16 5/16	17 1/16	13 3/16	16 3/16
29	10. Burrowlee	12	14	16	13	13½
30	Gopalgunge	13	17	.....	10	18

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the Sarun District for the Fortnight ending 11th July 1874.

NAME OF THANA.	Number and name of store-houses in each thana.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain daily stored up to date, including grain transferred to other districts.	TOTAL QUANTITY OF GRAIN CONSUMED UP TO DATE.				
				By sale to the public or labourers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots.	By payments in kind to labourers.	Total.
		Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.
Chuprah ...	1. Chuprah ...	41,522 30 0	11,522 30 0	1,215 39 9	55 38 8	2,685 20 0	8,471 16 4	7,328 34 4
	2. Revelgunge ...	37,155 17 8	12,155 10 8	.....	90 0 0	1,361 20 0	200 0 0	1,651 20 0
	3. Gurkha ...	18,078 0 0	8,078 0 0	2,098 19 11	85 0 0	5,489 30 12	.....	7,603 10 7
	4. Arwa ...	10,000 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	Total ...	1,06,756 7 8	31,756 0 8	3,309 19 3	230 38 8	9,436 30 12	3,671 16 4	16,648 24 11
Manjhee ...	1. Manjhee ...	30,000 0 0	15,000 25 0	450 0 0	443 14 12	1,849 8 12	1,367 29 15	4,110 13 7
	2. Ekma ...	20,000 0 0	10,000 15 0	2,966 35 9	91 14 4	5,785 17 14	68 25 6	8,912 13 1
	Total ...	50,000 0 0	25,001 0 0	3,416 35 9	534 29 0	7,634 26 10	1,436 15 5	13,022 26 8
Dighwarah ...	1. Dighwarah ...	10,000 0 0	10,000 7 12	775 8 0	94 33 4	83 37 0	1,536 34 8	2,490 32 12
	2. Sonepore E ...	10,100 0 0	10,100 39 0	3,412 25 8	.....	.....	.....	3,412 25 8
	Total ...	20,100 0 0	20,101 6 12	4,187 33 8	94 33 4	83 37 0	1,536 34 8	5,903 18 4
Pursa ...	1. Pursa ...	40,000 0 0	40,000 29 4	2,180 9 8	32 36 0	3,480 5 0	1,304 18 7	6,947 28 15
	2. Amnour ..	15,000 0 0	15,000 0 0	1,080 24 0	85 0 0	7,423 0 2	699 0 0	9,287 24 2
	3. Mirzapore ...	20,000 0 0	20,000 0 0	.....	510 0 0	15,407 11 0	1,240 0 0	18,382 11 0
	4. Amnour E ...	10,000 0 0	10,000 0 0	1,586 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....
	5. Bankerwa E ...	10,000 0 0	9,999 23 15	597 14 7	.....	.....	.....	597 14 7
	Total ...	95,000 0 0	95,000 13 3	5,223 7 15	627 36 0	26,310 16 2	3,243 18 7	35,644 28 8
Mushrukh ...	1. Masrak ...	70,000 0 0	50,000 19 1	4,504 38 5	205 10 0	20,614 35 15	1,991 38 12	33,317 3 0
	2. Ranispore ...	20,000 0 0	11,252 0 0	1,200 0 0	42 0 0	4,404 1 0	2,698 10 0	8,344 11 0
	3. Paigumberpore ...	10,000 0 0	8,630 31 2	2,620 16 0	70 4 8	2,988 30 3	334 38 0	5,894 8 11
	4. Maharani ...	20,000 0 0	20,000 13 1	517 19 12	35 9 0	7,192 19 0	730 19 0	8,495 26 12
	5. Sareya E ..	10,000 0 0	10,000 15 8	1,765 3 0	.....	.....	... ..	1,765 3 0
	6. Banowlee E ...	10,000 0 0	9,964 21 6	799 11 12	.....	.....	.....	799 11 12
	7. Sarungpore E	10,000 0 0	9,999 26 0	2,900 7 12	.....	.....	.....	2,900 7 12
	Total ...	1,50,000 0 0	1,19,988 6 2	14,307 16 9	342 23 8	41,080 6 2	5,785 25 12	61,515 31 15
Bassuntpore ...	1. Bassuntpore ...	80,000 0 0	40,000 16 0	39,075 9 9	.....	6,882 5 8	5,280 6 12	51,246 21 13
	2. Maharajgunge ..	40,000 0 0	20,000 29 12	5,386 8 14	100 0 0	6,784 24 0	5,188 22 0	17,459 14 14
	3. Syedpoora ...	21,840 0 0	11,844 32 9	4,073 3 5	.....	1,750 15 4	2,210 0 0	8,042 18 9
	4. Barhuga ...	10,000 0 0	10,000 0 0	650 2 8	.....	13,355 24 16	125 0 4	14,130 27 10
	5. Baja ...	6,980 0 0	6,980 0 0	2,438 29 7	.....	786 30 4	894 25 8	4,120 5 3
	6. Gopalpore ...	10,000 0 0	10,000 0 0	.....	87 3 4	5,319 35 3	.....	5,406 38 7
	7. Bagaura ...	8,280 0 0	8,284 0 0	.....	70 0 0	1,752 10 0	.....	1,822 10 1
	Total ...	1,37,050 0 0	1,07,059 29 5	51,623 13 11	257 3 4	36,540 25 1	13,707 14 8	1,02,128 16 8
Sewan	1. Sewan ...	65,000 0 0	44,927 33 10	3,362 26 7	344 29 6	13,618 6 15	6,570 8 2	23,795 30 14
	2. Burhurria ...	10,000 0 0	10,000 0 0	305 0 0	30 0 0	4,476 25 4	520 0 0	5,331 25 4
	3. Sunaria ...	10,000 0 0	10,010 0 0	172 14 4	.....	3,338 0 0	.....	3,510 14 0
	Total ...	85,000 0 0	64,937 33 10	3,840 0 11	374 29 6	21,432 31 3	7,090 8 2	32,637 30 6
Durrowlee ...	1. Durrowlee ...	20,000 0 0	19,999 33 10	20 0 0	60 0 0	1,036 17 12	1,368 0 0	2,484 17 12
	2. Goothnee ..	5,000 0 0	4,999 20 0	302 17 2	8 0 0	301 7 12	360 8 0	977 24 14
	3. Siswan ...	5,000 0 0	5,000 0 0	620 0 0	20 0 0	1,259 18 12	1,186 10 0	3,085 28 12
	4. Roghonathpore ...	4,000 0 0	4,005 20 9	125 0 0	60 0 0	1,101 32 0	635 0 0	1,921 32 0
	5. Mairwa ...	5,000 0 0	5,001 0 0	55 0 0	18 33 0	1,691 0 0	520 0 0	2,284 33 0
	Total ...	39,000 0 0	39,006 3 3	1,122 17 2	166 33 0	5,369 36 4	4,069 10 0	10,734 16 6
Burrowlee ...	1. Burrowlee ...	25,000 0 0	25,000 29 10	70 0 0	70 0 0	20,457 13 9	211 0 0	20,808 13 9
	2. Gopalgunge ...	10,000 0 0	10,000 0 0	248 0 0	.....	1,980 20 0	116 0 0	2,344 20 0
	3. Gopalgunge E	18,000 0 0	15,000 1 11	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	4. Bijoypore E ...	2,000 0 0	2,000 39 12	19 16 0	.....	.....	.....	19 16 0
	5. Olipore E ...	3,000 0 0	3,001 10 9	487 20 0	.....	.....	.....	487 20 0
	Total ...	58,000 0 0	55,003 1 10	824 36 0	70 0 0	22,447 33 9	327 0 0	23,659 29 9
	Grand Total ...	7,57,906 7 8	5,57,853 14 5	87,901 20 4	2,899 25 14	1,70,537 3 11	40,877 22 14	3,01,906 32 11

Estimated grain receipt of the ensuing fortnight.—One lakh.

Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.—One lakh and forty thousand.

Note.—E means embankment.

Statement showing the true number of cases of Dacoity, Robbery, Theft and House-breaking, which occurred in the District of Saran during the month of June 1872 1873 and 1874.

DACOITY—		
Headings 30 and 31 of crime return AI ..	Month of June 1874	1
	Corresponding month of June 1873	2
	Ditto ditto of June 1872	1
ROBBERY—		
Headings 32 and 33 of crime return I ..	Month of June 1874	1
	Corresponding month of June 1873	
	Ditto ditto of June 1872	
THEFT—		
Heading 43 of crime return No. I, excluding cattle-theft	Month of June 1874	54
	Corresponding month of June 1873	39
	Ditto ditto of June 1872	67
HOUSE-BREAKING—		
Heading 35 of crime return AI	Month of June 1874	172
	Corresponding month of June 1873	122
	Ditto ditto of June 1872	150
Total of all four crimes	Month of June 1874	228
	Corresponding month of June 1873	163
	Ditto ditto of June 1872	218

Statement showing the Progress made in Grain Advances to Ryots, and the extent of Charitable Relief given in the District of Sarun, for the fortnight ending the 11*th July* 1874.

1	2		3			4	5		6										
Names of Sub-Divisions.	Number of villages in the sub-division.		Number of villages in which grain has been distributed, or in which the amount of grain has been settled up to date, as per para. 8 of Government order No. 48T.F., of the 25th April 1874.			Number of villages in which collateral security of sureties has been obtained, i.e., in which any mahiks have signed the general bond.	Number of villages remaining to be disposed of at the end of the fortnight.		Total number of persons receiving gratuitous or charitable relief in the shape of—									
	Thanas.	Villages.	Number of villages.	Quantity of grain distributed, or required to last till beginning of September 1874.			Number of villages.	Estimated requirements to last till beginning of September 1874.	Particulars.				Money.	Grain.		Cooked food.	Cotton to purda-women.	Thread to weavers for cloth.	Cloth returned from thread spuñ by purda-women.
				Number of persons.	Quantity.				Number on the register as per last return.	Admitted during the fortnight.	Deduct discharged during the fortnight.	Number remaining on the register as per last return.		Gratuitously.	By way of recoverable advances to persons unable to give security.				
Chupra	Chupra	870	116	4,788	19,764	12	354	.....	7,871	1,179	1,255	7,795	106	3,856	.....	27	3,706	100	.....
Manjhee	Manjhee	321	211	.....	51,978	.....	110	.....	.....	1,602	... ..	1,602	.....	1,253	.....	.....	319	.....	.....
Mushrukh	Mushrukh... ... ... Busauntpore	1,074	501	23,072	86,999	54	573	.....	6,507	1,109	408	7,208	1,389	2,252	.....	.....	2,553	466	148
Purna	Purna ... ... Dighwara	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sewan	Sewan ... ... Durrowlee ... ... Burrowlee...	1,116	940	32,497	95,566	6	176	.....	2,856	1,867	456	4,067	.....	2,318	.....	358	1,411	.....	.....
	Total ...	2,981	1,768	65,357	2,44,727	72	1,113	.....	17,234	5,557	2,099	20,672	2,095	9,679	.....	385	7,819	566	148

SARUN MAGISTRACY,
The 16*th July* 1874.

J. S. DRUMMOND,
Offg. Magte. and Collr. of Sarun.

Statement showing the Allotment, Expenditure, and Requirement of Grain in the District of Sarun.

Names of Sub-Divisions.	Total allotment of Government grain, exclusive of 60,000 maunds transferred from the embankment gohas to Tirhoot.	Additional allotment of 2 lakhs recently assigned from Chumparun and Shahabad.	Total column 1 + 2.	Expenditure up to date.	Balance in store of original allotment, column 1—4.	REQUIREMENT.						Total column 9 + 11.	Amount of surplus, column 5—12.	Amount of deficiency, column 5—12.
						For advances to ryots.				For sale to laborers on relief works at ½ a seer per head per diem.				
						Number of villages.	Quantity of grain required.	Quantity of grain already distributed.	Quantity of grain to be distributed.	Number of laborers.	Quantity of grain required.			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.		Mds.	Mds.	Mds.		Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
1. Chupra	31,756	75,000	1,06,756	16,648	15,108	370 at 93 mds. per village, based on the data of 116 villages.	34,406	9,437	24,969	34,435 for 1½ months.	19,350	44,319	.....	29,211
2. Manjhee	25,000	25,000	50,000	13,023	11,977	321 at 244 mds. per village, based on the data of 211 villages.	78,418	7,635	70,783	26,261 for 1½ months.	14,760	85,543	.. ..	73,566
3. Mushrukh and Bussuntpore	1,97,050	80,000	2,77,050	1,63,644	33,406	1,074 at 173 mds. per village, based on the data of 501 villages.	186,128	77,621†	1,08,507	61,834 for 1½ months.	46,035	1,54,342	.....	1,21,136
4. Pursa and Dighwara ...	1,05,100	.....	1,05,100	41,548	63,552	508* at 157 mds. per village, based on the data of 146 villages.	79,821†	26,594	53,227	7,368 for 1½ months.	4,140	57,367	6,185	.....
5. Sewan, including a portion of Burrowlee and the whole of Durrowlee.	1,39,000	20,000	1,59,000	67,042	71,958	1,116 at 101 mds. per village, based on the data of 940 villages.	1,13,142	49,251	63,891	30,271 for 1½ months.	17,010	80,901	.....	8,943
Total ...	4,97,906	2,00,000	6,97,906	3,01,905	1,96,001	3,389	4,91,915	1,70,538	3,21,377	160,169	1,01,295	4,22,672	6,185	2,33,856
Deduct probable wastage at 5 per cent.	24,821	10,000	34,821								Deduct surplus		6,185	206,185
Balance	4,73,085	1,90,000	6,63,085								Do. additional allotment ..		2,00,000	
												Balance ..		26,671
												Add probable wastage ..		34,821
												Total deficit ...		61,492

* This number represents villages in the Pursa thana only, but some grain advances may also need to be made in thana Dighwara.
† The average of the last two fortnights.
Figures of the last return, new not having been received.

Sarun Magistracy,
The 16th *July* 1874

J. S. Drummond,
Offg. Magistrate and Collector.

C.

Abstract Statement of Men, Women, and Children employed on Public Works in the District of Sarun during the 14 *days ending Saturday, the* 11*th July* 1874.

Number in map.	Serial number of work.	Name of Work.	Length of road, &c.	Total number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Mean daily number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Number of persons employed on the last of the 14 days.				How long work is likely to give employment.	Remarks.
				Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.		
		Chuprah Sub-division.															
8	1	Chuprah to Rewaghat	...	8,368	7,413	5,570	21,350	598	529	398	1,525	500	515	501	1,516	.....	About 45 per cent. belong to the non-laboring class or caste.
7	2	Chuprah to Sutterghat	...	16,127	8,314	9,624	34,065	1,152	594	687	2,433	1,107	607	690	2,404	.....	
22	3	Seetulpore to Suraghat...	...	934	778	456	2,146	67	56	31	154	51	16	11	78		
25	4	Selpa to Sanra	...	28	.....	.....	28	2	.....	.....	2	2	... ..	.....	2	.....	About 35 per cent. are giving a fair outturn of work.
12	5	Chuprah to Sonepore	...	7,989	709	3,104	11,881	570	565	223	1,357	303	290	100	693		
6	6	Tank at Mirsapore	...	454	491	225	1,170	33	41	19	93	33	14	50	96		
21	9	Seetulpore to Mokair	...	3,895	3,130	1,727	8,743	277	224	133	634	317	206	50	572	.....	Average daily number employed on piece-work—
4	10	Tank at Amnour	...	83	123	56	262	9	14	6	29	5	14	7	26		Men. Women. Children.
11	12	Chuprah to Sewan (portion) ...	...	108,000	83,021	56,933	247,954	7,714	5,929	4,066	17,709	8,271	6,083	3,398	17,751		Under Public Works Department officers ... 3,346 1,951 1,338
14	13	Manjhi to Ekma	...	12,552	11,250	7,854	31,656	993	804	561	2347	1,139	595	571	2,305		Under circle officers ... 990 421 446
1	14	Chuprah to Goothnee	...	8,489	10,482	2,965	21,936	606	749	212	1,567	754	952	268	1,974		
19	16	Ekma to Tajpore viâ Pursa	...	8,865	6,609	5,315	20,819	633	472	382	1,487	751	641	553	1,945		Total ... 4,336 2,372 1,784
23	18	Digwara to Gurkha	...	2,548	850	183	3,581	182	61	13	256	250	19	15	284		
1	21	Kapurfora tank	...	195	34	28	257	14	2	3	19	13	9	11	33		
3	22	Anjanee tank	...	180	91	2	273	9	6	.....	15	9	7	.....	16		All the rest are on daily wages.
9	27	Pursa to Solimpore	...	910	698	313	1,921	65	50	22	137	9	11	5	25		
22	28	Durigunge to Gurkha	...	1,909	2,178	1,180	5,267	136	155	84	375	94	114	63	271		
11	31	Rajaputty tank	...	1,815	676	178	2,669	259	97	25	381	81	95	18	194		
9	33	Murhowra ,, ...	...	3,695	804	1,047	5,456	257	57	75	389	132	30	47	209		
20	33	Bala ,, ...	...	20,560	11,168	21,781	53,507	1,476	797	1,556	3,829	1,992	934	1,864	4,790		
19	34	Ekma to Doomigurghat...	...	5,099	5,470	5,521	16,590	378	390	251	1,019	690	457	247	1,394		
16	35	Tank at Sewree	...	4,823	55	51	4,929	344	3	3	350	125	3	3	129	Completed.	
41	36	Satcoah tank	...	450	1,233	417	2,140	64	183	59	306	... ..	.....	.....	.....		
27	37	Hurpore ,, ...	...	465	516	273	1,254	68	74	39	179	.....	.....	.....	.....		
42	40	Doomdooma ,, ...	...	455	242	.....	694	90	48	.....	138	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Rate of wages paid for full work—
	43	Repairing roads at Hurpore	...	294	563	388	1,245	42	80	55	177	... ..	.....	.....	.....		As. P.
1	44	Muckdoomgunge chanpel	...	1,238	1,125	440	2,803	88	80	31	199	47	77	31	155		To each man ... .
57	49	Tramway road	...	27,153	21,746	20,192	69,071	1,938	1,553	1,442	4,933	2,351	1,862	1,759	5,952		,, ,, woman ... ...
13	50	Pursolee tank	...	259	100	17	376	24	10	4	38	.....	.....	...	.....		,, ,, child ... ...
42	51	Jellalpore to Bussuntpore	...	1,695	1,305	1,443	4,443	121	93	103	317	106	57	91	256		Total amount disbursed in wages during the fortnight, Rs. 907 3 6 in cash.
13	52	Goralpore to Panapore	...	1,450	546	993	2,990	103	60	49	212	79	46	29	154		90,521 3 8 value of grain.
51	53	Digwara to Jellalpore	...	1,999	1,316	675	3,990	143	94	49	286	170	100	15	285		
	54	Repairing roads at Burrowlee Factory	...	2,956	3,382	1,970	7,408	211	242	76	529	279	509	144	1,032		Total ... 91,028 7 2
18	56	Nagowa tank	...	10,610	16,027	13,451	40,088	758	1,145	959	2,862	833	1,048	979	2,859		
10	59	Tank at Pukree	...	5,913	2,425	2,027	10,366	845	347	289	1,481	745	336	364	1,445		
	60	Repairing roads at Bala Factory ...	...	15,024	7,172	12,446	34,642	1,073	512	889	2,474	1,486	592	1,038	3,116		
62	62	Selswan tank	...	141	63	70	274	10	4	5	19	15	4	3	23		
	66	Nugwa village road	...	5,364	8,539	9,533	23,436	383	610	681	1,674	690	624	690	1,904		
	70	Indai to Ajaebgunge road	...	1,034	1,384	324	2,742	79	107	22	208	81	106	21	209		
	72	Satcoah village road	...	580	464	272	1,096	51	66	39	155	.....	.....	.....	.....		
	73	Pyzumberpore road	...	2,268	2,561	1,619	6,448	324	366	231	921	... ..	.....	... ..	.....		
	74	Sufflabad factory village road ...	...	3,490	334	304	3,938	243	24	14	281	282	13	11	315		
	75	Village road	...	39,857	10,407	5,991	56,245	2,846	749	427	4,023	4,123	1,030	573	5,726		
	78	Semaria to Roghopore	...	440	890	221	1,551	34	68	17	119	38	70	16	124		

Number in map.	Serial number of work.	NAME OF WORK.	Length of road, &c.	TOTAL NUMBER OF PERSONS EMPLOYED DURING THE 14 DAYS.				MEAN DAILY NUMBER OF PERSONS EMPLOYED DURING THE 14 DAYS.				NUMBER OF PERSONS EMPLOYED ON THE LAST OF THE 14 DAYS.				How long work is likely to give employment.	REMARKS.
				Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.		
		Chupruk Sub-division.—(Continued.)															
44	88	Tank at Tola Beeja Roy	...	4,994	6,190	2,586	13,770	600	894	369	1,863	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
45	89	Maharajrunge road	...	475	515	324	1,314	79	43	175	297	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	90	Brunobee tank No. I	...	2,544	1,388	2,458	6,390	188	98	43	329	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	91	Ramcolla tank	...	1,091	897	457	2,445	143	100	57	300	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	92	Tola Beeja Roy to Taknuwash	...	705	1,867	577	3,149	94	63	42	199	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	93	Manjhi to Nurpoliah road	...	2,109	2,867	597	5,573	281	295	79	655	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	94	Manjhi to Nundpore	...	1,483	.....	.....	1,483	198	.....	.....	198	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	95	Asanboo tank	...	776	.....	.....	776	116	.....	.....	116	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	96	Sarkurdah tank	...	1,117	.....	.....	1,117	111	.....	.....	111	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	97	Village road at Gurkha Factory	...	2,117	963	579	3,659	151	157	54	362	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	98	Nurkurpore tank	...	11,339	643	450	12,432	810	46	39	895	108	71	50	229	.....	.....
	99	Maderpore tank	...	4,311	2,862	1,703	8,876	451	213	139	803	106	199	126	431	1,211	.....
	100	Village road at Teddy Factory	...	1,199	106	51	1,356	171	15	13	199	101	240	53	394	966	.....
	101	Magur tank No. I	...	661	206	.....	867	94	29	.....	123	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	102	Chand Baroah tank	...	5,625	295	.....	5,920	804	42	.....	846	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	103	Hossainpoora tank	...	3,259	182	.....	3,441	466	26	.....	492	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	104	Bongtee ...	...	3,805	346	.....	4,151	544	49	.....	593	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	105	Majhia to Dalpehuck road	...	674	244	197	1,115	96	35	28	159	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	106	Collection of road metal at Kowrah	...	558	510	650	1,718	80	73	93	246	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	107	Pamapore road	...	8,467	1,130	175	9,772	1,210	161	25	1,396	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	108	Magur tank, No. II	...	455	1,060	1,974	3,489	65	151	282	498	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	109	Jajowly tank	...	459	214	.....	673	65	30	.....	95	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	110	Moreches tank	...	3,677	561	.....	4,238	525	80	.....	605	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	111	Bunnobee tank No. II	...	625	256	67	948	89	37	10	136	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	112	Dhurmajee tank	...	511	363	.....	874	73	52	.....	125	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	113	Area for village road	...	327	251	.....	578	47	36	.....	83	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	114	Jobepore tank	...	1,254	196	67	1,517	179	28	10	217	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	115	Nurkurpore bica tank	...	3,254	.....	.....	3,254	465	.....	.....	465	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	116	Rampore village roads	...	3,756	4,397	5,421	13,574	537	628	774	1,939	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	117	Bahrumpore to Monkrara	...	467	2,160	574	3,201	67	309	82	458	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	118	Manjhi to Gungagee	...	647	788	326	1,761	92	113	47	252	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	119	Nugrah Thom tank	...	3,154	3,121	4,507	10,782	451	446	644	1,541	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	120	Monaree tank	...	154	57	61	272	22	8	9	39	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	121	Mirchia tank, No. II	...	1,251	570	4	1,825	179	81	1	261	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	122	Kallowrie tank	...	113	73	15	201	16	10	2	28	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	123	Ramnuggur tank	...	1,123	81	1,096	2,300	160	11	156	327	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	124	Dauri chund	...	3,975	3,799	.....	7,774	568	543	.....	1,111	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	125	Ghogra tank	...	2,575	2,778	.....	5,353	368	397	.....	765	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	126	Chamaria tank	...	410	1,752	.....	2,162	59	251	.....	310	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	127	Musrucka tank	...	450	1,131	.....	1,581	64	162	.....	226	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	128	Doogawly tank	...	420	1,180	.....	1,600	60	169	.....	229	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	129	Uma tank	...	344	673	.....	1,017	49	96	.....	145	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	130	Gouree Chupruk to Samria road	...	3,665	3,825	144	7,634	524	547	21	1,092	28	36	2	66	.....	.....
	131	Lowa tank	...	9,000	3,224	1,800	14,024	1,286	461	257	2,004	343	280	54	677	.....	.....
	132	Jobepore Village road	...	5,000	3,224	4,053	12,277	714	461	579	1,754	67	54	14	135	1,150	.....
	133	Village road at Bungwa Factory	...	730	282	295	1,307	104	40	42	186	11	14	6	31	919	.....
	134	Sahebgunge road	...	4,473	4,778	2,963	12,214	639	683	423	1,745	67	355	223	645	.....	.....
	135	Mohurrah tank	...	717	539	251	1,507	102	77	36	215	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
	136																
	137																
	138																
	139																
	140																
	141																
	142																
	143																
	144																
	145																

		Sewan Sub-division.															
11	1	Sewan to Chuprah	...	41,146	24,921	17,579	83,646	2,939	1,773	1,236	5,968	2,661	1,523	673	4,857		
5	2	Sewan to Burrowlee	...	4,657	3,843	2,567	11,067	333	275	183	791	263	221	147	631		
1	4	Tajpore to Goothnee	...	20,252	12,641	10,952	43,845	1,447	903	763	3,132	1,195	1,155	481	2,831		
4	5	Sewan to Andor	...	9,696	11,917	5,873	27,286	686	861	420	1,967	501	537	209	1,267		
34	6	Rasoolpore to Chainpore	...	2,612	2,276	5,112	10,000	197	163	365	715	101	96	122	339		
14	8	Moharajgunge to Ekma...	...	17,154	8,361	6,345	31,838	1,224	897	453	2,574	991	752	353	2,096		
3	10	Durrowly to Myrwa	...	6,713	7,518	10,305	24,531	623	544	756	1,923	763	706	345	2,819		
13	11	Andor to Durrowly	...	6,780	7,364	5,979	20,103	463	526	427	1,436	363	344	265	972		
4	12	Do. to Nurhun	...	3,448	2,978	2,290	8,722	246	213	164	623	231	221	195	807		
28	13	Sewan to Lukri	...	75	94	145	314	5	7	10	22	4	6	10	20		
16	14	Sewan to Siswan	...	9,819	7,114	6,726	23,659	701	506	480	1,689	232	153	138	523		
10	19	Maharajgunge to Gopalgunge ...	...	1,468	1,209	879	3,556	105	86	63	254	149	91	73	313		
40	21	Bussuntpore to Sewan, new road (east)	...	1,52,718	80,167	24,011	206,894	9,480	5,883	1,715	14,778	10,579	3,906	1,634	16,420		
34	22	Sewan tank	...	767	648	212	1,627	55	46	15	116	.....	.....	.....	.....		
24	23	Seisai tank	...	5,875	2,280	490	8,635	420	165	34	617	64	21	14	122		
40	40	Koreepokur tank	...	13,351	3,930	1,161	18,432	954	250	83	1,317	342	100	.....	442		
33	42	Sonapiper ,, ...	...	586	261	193	1,020	40	19	14	73	.....	.....	.....	.....		
31	43	Bhimpore ,, ...	...	94	4	5	103	7	.....	.....	7	.....	.....	.....	.....		
35	44	Gopalpore ,, ...	...	556	313	316	1,185	40	22	23	85	.....	... ...	.....	.....		
38	45	Jatour ,, ...	...	1,204	603	714	2,521	86	43	51	180	107	90	76	273		
40	50	Bussuntpore to Sewan, new road (west)	...	22,778	19,377	22,812	65,067	1,627	1,284	1,637	4,548	1,548	1,192	1,734	4,074		
19	51	Bussuntpore tank...	...	9,571	4,421	1,299	15,291	653	316	93	1,092	365	98	.....	463		
45	52	Bunsohu ,, ...	...	19,350	5,879	2,097	27,326	1,383	429	193	1,995	313	79	10	401		
	55	Repairing roads at Portabpore Factory	...	152	70	72	294	22	10	10	42	.....	.....	.....	.....		
	56	Repairing roads at Sudhowa Factory	...	1,442	843	.....	1,785	103	24	.....	127	112	55	.....	167		
2	59	Matuar to Choorma drain	...	13,730	5,680	5,375	24,785	981	404	384	1,769	245	82	57	384		
2	60	Choorma to Gunducka drain	...	2,705	992	400	4,097	541	198	80	819	.....	.....	.....	.....		
37	61	Myrwa tank	...	800	245	263	1,310	57	18	19	94	.....	.....	.....	.....		
46	62	Charrowa tank	...	64	.....	.....	64	5	.....	.....	5	.....	.....	.....	.....		
6	65	Sewan to Moharajgunge...	...	704	418	423	1,545	50	30	30	110	9	.....	.....	9		
36	66	Tetira tank	...	574	445	343	1,362	41	25	20	126	.....	.....	.....	479		
47	67	Jankinuggur tank	...	15,585	5,618	77	21,280	1,009	401	6	1,506	338	146	.....	.....		
26	68	Tank at Sonda	...	712	398	256	1,366	101	57	51	209	.....	.....	.....	.....		
	71	Chowmokha tank	...	65	13	26	106	5	1	2	8	.....	.....	.....	.....		
52	74	Punchbinda ,, ...	...	121	49	48	218	9	4	4	17	.....	.....	.....	536		
	75	Sadhowa road	...	1,936	3,073	4,239	9,248	138	219	303	660	152	359	315	606		
	76	Burhoga village road	...	2,779	3,370	6,423	12,572	214	259	494	967	189	259	178	821		
	81	Pairu ,, ...	...	4,588	1,282	420	6,290	349	92	30	471	695	193	53	231	Completed	
30	83	Bahadoorpore tank	...	2,907	1,916	1,193	6,016	206	157	88	450	153	75	84	.....		
	84	Doomraher ,, ...	...	533	369	297	1,199	38	26	21	85	.....	.....	.....	489		
	85	Jarapore village road	...	3,161	1,211	534	5,450	231	108	60	399	271	132	86	.....		
	86	Dubolia ,, ...	...	5,909	12,532	7,414	29,035	641	896	536	2,073	510	297	213	1,010		
	87	Senthoo tank	...	1,183	706	524	2,413	85	50	37	172	.....	.....	.....	.....		
	88	Sanpurdah to Choormah village ...	...	133,083	84,128	12,954	160,300	8,076	2,438	927	11,443	7,255	1,953	723	9,912		
	89	Puckra road	...	7,246	3,590	3,014	13,850	518	256	215	989	305	262	167	734		
	90	Durrowlee to Goothnee	...	3,418	5,605	2,970	11,993	244	400	212	856	377	405	253	1,035		
	91	Goothnee to Myrwa	...	3,884	5,245	3,742	12,871	277	375	267	919	294	401	215	910		
	92	Sewan to Myrwa	...	5,888	6,996	6,618	19,102	406	465	473	1,364	448	577	499	1,524		
	93	Roghonathpore tank	...	705	1,207	837	2,749	50	56	63	169	.....	.....	.....	.....		
	94	Bunshobee to Choorma village road...	...	14,863	4,995	3,979	23,742	1,052	350	234	1,636	695	337	85	1,067		
	95	Rokindapore tank	...	4,901	988	451	6,340	700	140	65	905	859	167	92	1,118		
		Chuprah protective works	...	1,919	4,253	859	7,030	137	304	61	502	133	301	56	492		
		Grand Total ...	...	977,489	576,896	426,686	1,981,064	73,259	43,975	31,459	148,693	69,896	39,047	25,900	131,653		

(Countersigned)
J. S. DRUMMOND,
Offg. Magte. and Collector of Sarun.

J. MAY, *Captain,*
Executive Engineer, Sarun District.

C.

Abstract Statement of Men, Women, and Children employed on Public Works in the District of Sarun during the 14 *days ending Saturday, the* 1874.

Serial number of work.	Name of work.	Length of road, &c.	Total number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Mean daily number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Number of persons employed on the last of the 14 days.				How long work is likely to give employment.	Rate of food-grain per rupee.					Remarks.
			Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.		Rice.	Dál.	Gram.	Maize.	At what distance obtainable from the work.	
																Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.		
	Annual repairs to river protective works.	.....	232	.....	.....	232	16	...	...	16	10	...	...	10	.....						
	Annual repairs to inspection houses, Sarun.	.....	116	.....	.....	116	8	...	...	8	11	...	...	11	.....						
	Constructing Sarun bank canal ...	.....	182	.....	.....	182	13	...	...	13	10	...	...	10	.....						
	Ditto Sonouth retiring embankment.	.....	893	221	241	1,355	64	15	17	96	40	10	9	59	.....						
	Making gauge	.....	40	.....	.....	40	3	...	...	3	2	...	...	2	.....	11	11	16½	16		
	Raising 8½ miles Sarun embkt. ...	.....	2,831	89	311	3,231	202	6	22	230	360	55	10	365	2 weeks.	to	to	to	to		Work is being done chiefly by daily labor.
	Constructing retired bund on the 17th and 27th miles.	.....	1,206	270	131	1,607	86	19	6	111	100	19	9	128	2 ,,	12½	15	19	17		
	Extension of main bund to Sonepore, and drainage of the Hurdui jheel.	.....	5,760	2,273	664	8,697	411	162	47	620	450	100	89	639	2 ,,						
	Sinking a masonry well in the compound of Durriapore bungalow.	.....	94	102	7	203	6	7	...	13	2	...	...	2	.....						
	Annual repairs to Sarun embkt. ...	.....	8	2	.....	10	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	2 weeks.						Rate of wages paid for full work— A. P. To each man ... 1 6 ,, woman ... 1 6 ,, child ... ... 0 6 Total amount disbursed in wages during the fortnight. Not known exactly how much paid in grain and how much in cash.
	Total number employed ...	.....	11,382	2,957	1,354	15,673	810	209	93	1,111	925	184	117	1,226							

(Countersigned)

J. S. DRUMMOND,
Offg. Magte. and Collr., Sarun.

G. COTTON, C.E.,
Executive Engineer, L. G. Division.

Abstract Statement of Men, Women, and Children employed on Public Works in the town of Chupra by the Magistrate of Sarun during the 14 days ending Saturday, the 11th July 1874.

Serial No. of work.	Name of Work	Length of road, &c.	Total number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Mean daily number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Number of persons employed on the last of the 14 days				How long work is likely to give employment.	Rate of food-grain per rupee.					Remarks.
			Men.	Women	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.		Rice.	Dál.	Gram.	Mixed.	At what distance obtainable from the work	
		C. Ft.														Srs.	Srs	Srs.	Srs.		
1	Digging seral serpentine tank	1,26,000, making bund, &c.	523	993	414	1,933	37	71	30	138	33	57	25	115	15 days ..						One-eighth of the number employed belong to the non-laboring, and seven-eighths to ordinary laboring classes.
2	Salempore tank	2,63,900	373	1,891	392	3,156	63	135	28	225	53	96	13	161	Ditto ...	14	16	21	23	Close to the works.	
23	Tank in post-office compound ...	3,60,000	176	271	79	536	13	19	6	38	..	..	...	.	Completed ...						Piece-work— Men . .. ... 1,320 Women . .. . 2,759 Children ... .. 828 — 4,807
28	Making pucca ghát to Salempore tank.	.	255	63	40	359	19	4	3	26	24	3	3	35	. ...						Daily work— Men .. .. 520 Women . .. . 429 Children ... .. 227 — 1,176
	Total number employed ...	.....	1,840	3,218	925	5,963	131	229	67	427	109	161	41	311							Rate of wages paid for full work— As. P. As. P. To each man .. 1 6 to 1 9 " woman ... 0 9 to 0 6 " child ... 0 9 to 0 6 Total amount disbursed in wages during the fortnight— Rs. S. C. In grain 125 29 2

Sarun Collectorate,
The 14th July 1874.

J. S. DRUMMOND,
Offg. Magistrate and Collector.

C.

Abstract Statement of Men, Women, and Children employed on Public Works in the District of during the 14 days ending Saturday, the 1874.

Serial number of work.	Name of Work.	Length of road, &c.	Total number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Mean daily number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Number of persons employed on the last of the 14 days.				How long work is likely to give employment.	Rate of food-grain per rupee.					Remarks.
			Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.		Rice.	Dál.	Gram.	Maize.	At what distance obtainable from the work.	
	Cutcherry tank	....	225	222	155	602	16	16	11	43	16	5	2	23							Rate of wages paid for full work— To each man ... ... } Paid in grain. " woman ... ... " child ... ... Total quantity disbursed in wages during the fortnight, 13 maunds 31 seers 13 chittacks.
	Total number employed...	.....	225	222	155	602	16	16	11	43	16	5	2	23							

(Countersigned)

J. S. DRUMMOND,
Offg. Magte. and Collr., Sarun.

A. C. WRIGHT,
Sub-Divisional Officer of Sewan.

C—*Abstract Statement of Men, Women, and Children employed on Relief Works undertaken by the Hutwa Estate under the Court of Wards, in the District of Sarun, during the* 14 *days ending Wednesday, the* 8*th July* 1874.

Serial number of work.	Name of work.	Total number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Mean daily number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Number of persons employed on the last of the 14 days.				Rate of food-grain per rupee.				Remarks.
		Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Rice.	Dál.	Gram.	Maize.	
														Seers.	Seers.	Seers.	Seers.	
1	1 Bhorey to Marur road	8,738	17,395	11,399	37,732	624	1,237	814	2,695	594	986	783	2,363	11½	13½	16½	.....	Rate of wages paid for full work :—
2	1 Ditto to Mulchom road																	To each Man ... 6 to 9 pice } In most cases
3	1 Ditto to Kuttoyah „																	„ „ Woman... 4 to 6 „ } they are paid
4	1 Ditto to Hoseypore „																	„ „ Child ... 2 to 4 „ } in grain.
5	1 Ditto to Peeparah ghát road																	Total amount disbursed in wages during the fortnight, Rs. 382-14-6.
6	1 Chumookha to Kuttoyah „																	
7	1 Bugaihee to „ „																	Total quantity of grain disbursed in wages during the fortnight, Mds. 1,846-21-12.
8	1 Marur to Pugra „																	
9	4 Tanks in Tuppas Bhorey, Marur, &c. ...	789	.....	.....	789	56	.....	.....	56	39	...	...	39					
10	1 Road from Muniarah to Buthora	3,301	5,118	5,546	14,465	271	365	399	1,035	232	305	363	900					
11	1 Under Sreepore Bhagipatty road ...																	
12	1 Ditto Bugaihee „ ...																	
13	1 Ditto Bahadoorpore „ ...																	
14	1 Ditto Kunchunpore „ ...																	
15	1 Tank under Kahalu factory	121	141	37	299	8	10	2	20	61	66	13	140					
16	1 Bunjaree to Koochaikote road	377	537	993	1,907	27	38	70	135	13	27	50	90					
17	1 Tank in Hutwa west of Ramnagarden ...	397	594	886	1,877	26	39	59	124	10	12	36	58					
18	1 Hutwa to Meergunge road	46	63	109	218	5	9	15	29	31	48	65	144					
	Total number employed ...	14,263	24,046	18,970	57,291	1,017	1,719	1,356	4,095	980	1,444	1,510	3,734					

HUTWA,
The 11*th July* 1874.

(Countersigned)
J. S. DRUMMOND,
Offg. Magte. and Collr., Sarun.

G. J. HODGKINSON,
Manager, Court of Wards, Raj Hutwa.

C.

Abstract Statement of Men, Women, and Children employed on Public Works in the District of Sarun during the 14 *days ending Saturday, the* 11*th July* 1874.

Serial number of work.	Name of work.	Length of road, &c.	Total number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Mean daily number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Number of persons employed on the last of the 14 days.				How long work is likely to give employment.	Rate of food-grain per rupee.				At what distance obtainable from the work.	Remarks.
			Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.		Rice.	Dál.	Gram.	Maize.		
	TRIGOONANUND OOPADHIAH.																				
1	Rewaree, pergunnah Bal, tank	...	3,800	1,137	128	4,765	250	81	9	340	252	82	11	345	.....	11 0	14 0	20 0	20 0	.....	Every caste of laborers is employed on the works.
2	Ditto ditto, well	...	256	....	27	283	18	.....	2	20	19	.....	3	22	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
3	Pokhurbhindah, ditto, tank	...	2,900	324	82	3,306	200	23	6	229	261	25	7	293	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
4	Jokhoosh ditto, well	...	38	... ..	.....	38	3	.....	.....	3	3	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	... ...	
	CHUCKER SARAN NARAIN SINGH.																				
5	Siswun, pergh. Nurhun, tank	...	377	255	195	827	27	18	14	59	39	15	25	79	.....	11 0	14 0	20 0	20 0	Siswan.	
6	Belwar ditto ditto	...	104	87	82	273	7	6	6	19	80	75	70	225	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8 miles.	
7	Bal, pergunnah Bal, ditto	...	1,679	357	167	2,203	120	25	12	157	123	31	14	168	... ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	1 mile.	
8	Ditto ditto well	...	77	.....	.....	77	6	... ..	.....	6	10	.....	.....	10	.....	.....	... ..	.....	.....	.....	
	OUDH BEHAREE SARAN MISIR.																				
9	Adumpore, pergunnah Ander, well	...	411	115	68	594	29	8	5	42	22	11	6	39	.....	10 4	11 8	17 12	19 8	3 miles.	
10	Gointhee ditto, tank	...	99	156	56	311	7	11	4	22	... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
11	Ditto ditto, well	...	395	157	109	661	28	11	8	47	31	12	9	52	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
12	Phurchoos, pergunnah Puchlukh, well	...	262	98	61	421	19	7	4	30	23	8	4	35	... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	2 miles.	Rate of wages paid for full work—
	SHEWA SHUNKER PERSHAD SAHOO.																				A. P.
13	Tulimanpore, pergh. Barai, well	...	231	35	30	296	17	3	2	22	4	.... .	.....	4	.....	12 0	12 0	15 0	16 0	3 miles.	To each man ... ... { 1 0 to 3 6
14	Bhada Khoord, ditto ditto	...	212	21	22	255	15	2	2	19	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	... ..	,, woman ... 1 0
	RAI BISHESUR NATH SAHAI.																				,, child 0 9
15	Oudeypore, pergh. Chirand, tank	...	457	624	468	1,529	31	45	33	109	45	47	30	122	.....	13 0	16 0	17 0	20 0	.....	Total amount disbursed in wages during the fortnight, Rs. 1,393-3-3.
	Total number employed	...	10,878	3,366	1,495	15,739	777	240	107	1,124	852	306	179	1,337	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	

SARUN MANAGER'S OFFICE,
The 14*th July* 1874.

(Countersigned)
J. S. DRUMMOND,
Offg. Magte. and Collr., Sarun.

SYUD MAHOMED FUZL,
Manager.

No. 2393F, dated Motecharee, the 13th July 1874.

From—H. KEAN, ESQ., Collector of Champarun,

To—The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Dept.

I HAVE the honor to submit the fortnightly report of scarcity and relief for this district for the fortnight ending 11th July 1874.

A.—STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

Very heavy rain has fallen throughout the fortnight, which threatened in some places to do much damage. There has, however, been providentially a break during the last few days, and the weather at this moment is most favorable. In consequence of the heavy and continuous rain, the rivers rose in the north of the district, and overflowing their banks, flooded a tract of about 200 square miles, extending from the Nepaul frontier down to Motecharee and Dhaka. All the makai on this tract (excepting that on high ground) will, it is feared, be destroyed, as also the indigo. Fortunately this part of the country is devoted chiefly to rice, the makai crop being proportionately small, and the former has not, it is believed, suffered. The floods are now rapidly subsiding, and the relief officers will ascertain the extent of damage done. The inundation is said to have been the highest known within the generation.

In the Motecharee sub-division the state of the bazars remains unchanged. The bunniahs are said to be getting rid of their stocks rapidly, but Mr. Oldham thinks that no anxiety need be felt on this score. Weeding has been stopped by the rain, but not thrown back so as to injure the crops, while its being thrown back at all, is "in favour of the early closing of the relief operations by delaying it till farther on in the year, and so meeting the anticipated break in field operations next month."

Regarding the inundation Mr. Oldham says, "As the country is still under water, no estimate of the damage done can be given, and opinions on the subject are most conflicting. This is the great and standard rice-producing tract of the whole district. It seems certain, though not quite so, that the indigo has gone, and also the Indian corn, an inconsiderable crop. The rice must be damaged in some degree, but I doubt if there is any cause for much anxiety. The Sikrana, into which all the streams which have done the damage flow, has risen, but not to an extraordinary degree; a sure sign that the inundations are local. The people of this tract, which is a perfect network of hill streams, are accustomed to inundation. As soon as ever it is practicable to do so I will go over the flooded district and get as near an estimate as I can of the damage done. So far, I cannot find that the people themselves express any great anxiety." In the Dhaka sub-division Mr. Kilby reports that the incessant rain has impeded the weeding of the crops, and damaged them to some extent.

Regarding the inundation he says, "on the evening of the 9th instant, when at the southern end of the sub-division, I heard that the Lalbegya, Sikrana, and Bagmutti had flooded a large tract of country to the north, and very considerable damage to the crops was anticipated. I sent orders to all the relief sub-inspectors to relieve all cases of distress, and to report what damage had been caused, and at the same time started in the direction in which the floods were reported to be worst, to see for myself. From the inquiries I made, I am led to believe that the floods were higher than have been known for many years. A large volume of water seems to have flowed down the centre of the sub-division; for about 36 hours communication with the east and west, was entirely closed except by boat. The Dhaka and Puddumkair road has been breached in four or five places, and the road from the latter place to Murpa has also been damaged. It would be premature for me to state what damage has been caused to the crops, but I have every reason to hope that it will not be very serious. Most fortunately the floods began to subside very quickly, and the Indian corn, murwa, and other early varieties may recover. The low rice lands are still inundated, and if the water subsides within the next two or three days, the crops will not be injured. I fear a considerable quantity of cheena has been destroyed on the banks of the Boor Gunduk, and other low places. The crop was nearly ripe. I am prepared to assist all those who have lost crops by the flood." Several hundred beegahs of indigo, I regret to say, are said to have been lost."

In the Govindgunge sub-division, Mr. Weekes also reports that the heavy rain has impeded weeding, and done some damage to the makai and indigo.

On the drier lands the makai is flourishing, and now that a break has occurred in the rain, the remainder will be weeded, and a fine crop is expected. The mahajuns have, it is reported, opened out their stores of seed-grain, and "such is the prejudice of the natives that they prefer the mahajuns grain at 12 seers to some of superior quality at 16, imported from neighbouring districts by Mr. T. M. Gibbon."

The condition of the people is said to be "better;" small-pox is still prevalent in this sub-division, and cattle disease is also reported. Instructions for the treatment of this disease have been issued. From the Bettah sub-division Mr. Samuells reports: "The improved prospects have, as before stated, caused much hoarded grain to be brought out, but the supplies are, I fancy, nearly exhausted. Grain is still to be found in the hands of a few mahajuns, but the buniahs themselves say that these stocks will be exhausted in a few weeks

Government grain is eagerly sought after, and the sales during this fortnight amount to 11,322 maunds as against 8,000, last fortnight. Private trade would, under these circumstances, appear to be exhausted. This inference, however, applies more strictly to local trade than to import trade by speculators. Import trade is a novelty in this sub-division, and in ordinary times does not exist; when the famine commenced people were unwilling to break through their prejudices, but after a time a few were induced to do so. In addition to these, the Raj imported largely. Till the beginning of May the market was in the hands of the latter, but on the supply ceasing, Government sales were commenced. More grain has, I am told, been received by these importers, but they cannot afford to sell more than 12 or 14 seers per rupee, and do not deal wholesale." The rates have been lowered in accordance with late orders, and wholesale dealers who take large quantities are allowed a margin. Large quantities have thus found their way into the villages and bazars, and "the grain transactions work as smoothly," Mr. Samuell says "as if they had been in force for years instead of weeks."

The rainfall has been unprecedented, but except in cases where the water has been artificially restrained, it has done little damage. The Gunduck embankment has proved a source of anxiety, as two very important channels by which the water was accustomed to run off into the Gunduck, have been crossed and choked up by it. The consequence was that the water, unable to find an outlet, "rose back on its source," and the embankment had to be cut to save the villages north of Choonaha from destruction. The danger for the present therefore seems to have been promptly met by Mr. Samuell's exertions, but as he justly points out, he has "quite enough to do without having to go about to look for missing villages," and it is to be hoped that in future "the engineers will be directed to keep their eyes open and find out what becomes of the water which is forced back on the country."

Invaluable opportunities, he adds, now exists for finding out all about the drainage of the sub-division without the use of levels or other artificial appliances, "and the Department of Public Works would do well to avail themselves of it."

The condition of the people is said to be "all that could be desired," and the crops are excellent.

The following statement will show the rates at which food-grains have been selling :—

MOTEEHAREE SUB-DIVISION.

Name of Bazars.	Rice, 1st.	Rice, 2nd.	Maize.	Barley.	Wheat.	Gram.	Urhar.	Kodo.	Cheena.	Urid.
	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.
Scogowlee	10	14	17	17	18	13½	17½	23	15	16
Chupra Bahar	9	10	16½	17	18	15	17	23	15	15

DHAKA SUB-DIVISION.

Pattahi	12½	14½	17	16½	13	16½	17½	25	20	15½
Dhaka	10½	14	16½	16	13	16½	16½	.....	.....	.....
Ghorashan	10½	12½	16½	16½	11	16½	17½	.....	22	15½

GOBINDGUNGE SUB-DIVISION.

Barah	11½	13½	17	16	13	15½	.....	25	.....	16
Chuttea Burhurwa	13	14	.....	18	16	14	17	.....	23	15½
Rajpore	12½	14½	18½	.....	12½	16½	16½	.....	.....	.....

BETTIAH SUB-DIVISION.

Bettiah	10	12	17½	19	16½	16	13	.....	.....	.....
Lawrya	12	14	17	19	14½	17½	13	.....	.....	.....
Lalseryа	12	13	.....	16½	.....	16	.....	.....	.....	.....

From the Ramnuggur sub-division, Mr. Howe reports that there has been heavy and almost incessant rain throughout the sub-division. At Bugaha a fall of 20½ inches has been registered.

The rivers have risen, and communication with the interior has become most difficult.

So far the rain has, with a few exceptions, done much good. Ploughing has been completed, sowings are well in progress, and the paddy (which is in excellent condition) is being transplanted.

In the west circle the weather has been unfavorable for the sugarcane and indigo crop. Murwa and maize have also suffered, but if a break in the rains takes place, to no great extent. (This has since occurred.)

Seed-grain.—The demand for aghani seed-grain continues, and Mr. Howe thinks that this represents a real deficiency, as the assamees hardly ever apply now for money, and it is well understood that cash will not be given.

The deficiency, however, is fortunately less than had been anticipated, for a large area has been sown; 3,053 maunds of Government rice-seed had been received, the remainder having been retarded by the heavy rain.

The grain is not being sold readily, as it is not much liked, the poorer classes only who cannot afford to purchase from the mahajans applying for it. Mr. Howe deduces from this fact (the want of readiness on the part of the people to purchase the Government imported grain), that (1) the prejudice against imported grain is greater than was at first anticipated, and (2) that the deficiency is less general, being confined to the petty cultivators who have suffered most by the scarcity; "many of these during the height of the distress worked on the roads, depending entirely on their wages for their food, and naturally such would find difficulty in obtaining seed." The Rajah of Ramnuggur is, Mr. Howe says, making liberal advances of Government grain (seed) to the cultivators of this kind, and this action will go far to diminish the deficiency among petty cultivators. Mr. Howe is arranging to send a sufficient supply to Bugaha and Shikarpore, and Mr. Fiddian is distributing about 500 maunds which have been put at his disposal by Mr. Brooke of Bugaha. The following table shows the amount of seed grain received and disposed of—

	Mds.	Sr.
Amount of seed received	3,053	7
Amount sold	109	22
Amount distributed as Tuccavee	547	0

This does not include the amount for which the Rajah of Ramnuggur has agreed to stand security. This amounts to about 2,000 maunds, and will be entered when the distribution is complete.

Private trade, Mr. Howe reports, is reviving, but to a very small extent. The condition of the people continues good. The mahajans are more willing to lend; the people appear to be less dependent on Government assistance, and there is nothing like the strain on the relieving officers' resources which till lately was so trying; all these are hopeful signs which, as Mr. Howe says, "point to the commencement of an important change for the better in the general condition of the people."

B.—Relief Works.

The subjoined is a list of the relief works in hand and the number of persons employed thereon :—

Circle No. 1.

Name of work.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Daily average.
Motechary to Katkenwa	402	893	247	1,542	110
Lakhowra to Narkatya	125	242	63	430	31
Hajeepore road	2,871	2,519	521	5,611	400
New road from Jadhari to Moduchupra ...	379	611	196	1,186	84
Motechary station road	949	1,546	234	2,729	194
" to Segowlee road	882	1,884	564	3,330	237
Gobindgunge road	405	1,105	137	1,647	117
Segowlee to Roxoul, section No. 1	76	298	103	477	34
" " " " 2	504	703	248	1,454	104
Ramgurwa to Adapore	2,046	547	533	3,126	223
Sissonia road	537	128	167	832	59
Tanks at—					
Sakrar	296	148	33	477	34
Luchmeepore	249	221	134	604	43
Pushrampore	2,276	4,331	85	6,692	478
Sunkar Saria	1,957	3,363	84	5,4 1	386
Segowlee Cantonment	651	3,782	1,155	5,588	399
Tank at—					
Purushtampore	606	2,195	181	2,982	213
Chundermon	803	839	59	1,201	85
Katkenwa	139	351	44	534	38
Shrepore or Muruli	429	1,624	61	2,114	171
Joysingpore	3,390	2,988	714	7,072	505
Road from Sugaon to Turkolia	2,018	2,385	830	5,233	373
Motechary to Turkolia	405	479	44	988	70
" town	5,193	4,344	375	9,912	708
Total	.....	.....	.....	71,165	.....

Circle No. 2.

Name of work.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Daily average.
Dhaka short cut	224	64	44	332	23
Ghorashan to Katkenwa	2,865	1,209	106	4,180	298
Dhaka to Pudumkair	215	397	25	637	45
„ to Bhelwaghat	221	183	11	415	29
Janon to Seeraha	295	239	19	553	39
Pattahi to Puddumkair	39	24	6	69	4
„ to Modhoobun	230	.....	.....	230	16
„ to Choittaghat	5	.....	.....	5	.....
Purwa to Jhoa	79	.....	.....	79	5
Modhoobun and Seeraha	85	8	.....	93	7
„ and Pattahi	70	.....	.....	70	5
Dhaka and Pattahi	217	.....	.....	217	15
Gunduck crossing	2,048	316	223	2,587	184
Dhaka to Purwa	4,258	596	510	5,359	382
„ to Purneah	74	65	39	178	12
Chyta to Seeraha	83	.....	.....	83	6
Seeraha to Barrah	105	4	2	111	8
Moteshary to Dhaka Bridge	126	.....	.....	126	9
Dhaka to Lokhowa „	889	134	58	1,081	77
„ to Pudumkair „	205	.....	.....	205	14
Purwa to Jhowaghat „	298	.....	.....	298	21
Dhaka to Purwa „	79	.....	.....	79	6
„ to Bowla „	67	.....	.....	67	5
„ to Pattahi „	39	.....	.....	39	3
Sakhownah tank	1,072	876	115	2,063	147
Samree tank	42	5	.....	47	3
Bhowanipore tank	232	30	22	283	21
Munjerwah tank	194	89	85	361	26
Alladadpore road	11	.....	.....	11	.....
Ghagawah „	11	.....	.....	11	.....
Rajapore „	30	.....	.....	30	3
Nukurdoah „	9	.....	.....	9	.....
Barah „	3	.....	.....	3	.....
Narsinpore „	3	.....	.....	3	.....
Mughour „	16	.....	.....	16	.....
Employed on Golas	200	.....	2	202	14
Conservancy work Pattahi Circle	5,562	17,027	5,629	28,218	2,015
Ditto Jagoolea „	152	330	143	625	44
Ditto Seraha „	1,014	1,698	1,055	3,767	269
Ditto Bhelwa „	756	1,311	556	2,623	187
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	55,385	.....

Circle No. 3.

Road from Sutterghat to Gobindgunge ...	3,576	5,556	4,168	13,300	950
Ditto Moduchupra to Tajpore	246	.....	.....	246	17
Road in Katoorea	1,118	1,203	917	3,238	231
Ditto Delwarpore from Boira	419	740	342	1,501	107
Dowlta ticca	886	.....	.....	886	63
Kotoria tank ticca...	283	.....	.....	283	20
Poorun Chupra road	685	1,524	468	2,677	191
Byaukhwa road	529	314	246	1,089	77
Gaondree „	326	344	179	849	60
Hajeepore „	48	8	.....	56	4
Koorwa „	1,080	98	.....	1,178	84
Bahoowra Hurbuns	400	155	181	736	52
Haminpore ditch	577	788	77	1,472	103
Fooltakee „	214	.....	.....	214	15
Mettya „	332	189	81	502	36
Hera Chupra road	556	183	175	914	65
Sembhoo Chuk road	519	331	406	1,256	89
Kessorea road	179	110	109	398	27
Rajore „	874	870	810	2,554	182
Road from Turkolia to Sungrampore	2,010	.....	.....	2,010	143
Sekandespore road...	177	.....	.....	177	12
Khadeerpoora „	415	121	.....	536	38
Domoo Birty „	36	59	22	117	8
Khajooria tank	297	198	142	639	45
Pakhra „	217	204	136	557	39
Modunpoora road	129	161	119	409	29
Jamoonapore „	673	610	351	1,634	117
Bungrah „	247	.....	.....	247	17
Bhutwalea „	916	459	9	1,384	98
Bhelwa Madhoo	324	91	89	504	36
Kessorea road, &c....	99	423	105	627	44
Tajpore Dawour	228	228	166	622	44
Daveepore and Jessowlee	286	135	46	467	33
Bissumbhurpore	244	340	150	734	52
Jomoonah road	322	139	204	665	47
Ahirwalea „	331	36	.....	367	26
Rannee Chupra	246	147	71	464	33
Ahimon „	206	474	254	934	66
Wolaha road	216	232	114	562	40
Bukhee Mehi	189	508	581	1,278	91
Moorarpore	204	12	19	235	16
Muthea road	114	187	81	382	27

Circle No. 3.—(Continued.)

Name of work.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Daily average.
Nowton	23	.....	.....	23	.....
Chandpurea tank	332	613	392	1,337	95
Chankee road	479	103	102	684	49
Pursownee kharee...	1,004	71	74	1,149	82
Chuk Barrah	862	65	60	987	70
Phoolworea road	1,367	652	1,222	3,241	231
Kooreah road	1,515	54	80	1,649	117
Burmoodea road	275	106	117	498	35
Mohowah road	212	100	58	370	26
Sisswah Asage	802	312	973	2,087	149
Seetulpore Asage	1,250	860	352	2,462	175
Turunea road	817	171	190	1,178	84
Pursowna road	243	.....	.....	243	17
Dilmouchupra road	299	455	488	1,242	88
Sagaur Choorsmon	68	42	16	126	9
Nagargama	145	184	112	441	31
Birdabon road	227	232	22	481	34
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	37,068	.....

Circle No. 4.

Bettiah to Tengrahee	6,211	10,436	3,872	20,519	1,465
„ to Chundputtea	733	1,583	173	2,479	177
„ to Rugaha	2,451	4,584	1,443	8,458	604
Lohuria to Pursa	2,682	4,380	911	7,973	569
Bettiah to Segowlee	407	1,013	189	1,609	115
Lowriah to Shikerpore	3,610	7,381	1,513	12,504	893
Ryghat bridge	175	287	91	553	39
Gora road	1,022	1,194	197	2,413	172
Katholia road	1,515	1,943	604	3,962	276
Barowah „	758	1,314	451	2,523	180
Purea tank	681	792	131	1,604	114
„ bridge	472	613	82	1,167	83
Bizbanees	195	70	22	287	20
Geeda road	119	.....	.....	119	8
Lohuria road	158	99	17	274	19
Mahawah road	82	.....	.....	82	6
Logonah	42	.....	.....	42	3
Coolies repairing bungalow at Chunaha ...	252	.....	.....	252	18
Bettiah road	642	85	1,134	1,851	132
Bishoonpoora, Hurdyputty and Dhoomnagore and Katha and 3 roads.	1,554	1,552	566	3,872	276
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	72,811	.....

Circle No. 5.

Ramnuggur to Lowria	1,162	1,400	252	2,814	201
Ditto to Bugaha	5,800	1,824	392	7,616	544
Ditto to Chankee	98	1,092	56	1,246	89
Ramnuggur drainage	234	322	56	602	43
Mulpoorwa road	392	580	266	1,218	87
Rampore road	280	644	140	1,064	76
Hurnatar to Rampore „	234	560	140	934	66
Ditto to Khugureah	308	672	238	1,218	87
Bhullhur road	1,540	4,032	700	6,272	448
Shikerpore to Lowria	1,568	4,046	658	6,272	448
Thurry road	1,596	4,186	518	6,300	450
High Level Canal	1,778	2,646	154	4,578	327
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	40,124	
Upper Gunduck Division	96,179	40,784	16,937	153,900	10,993
Chumparun extension (*i.e.*, Lower Gunduck ...	16,572	404	2,367	19,343	1,381

Grand total number of persons employed during the fortnight is 449,776, and the daily average is 32,126.

"In the Motceharee sub-division the only relief works now maintained are those which have to be finished; while many have been for want of laborers abandoned. It has now become obvious, Mr. Oldham says, "that no special means for reducing the numbers on these works are necessary, and that the exaction of full work at the lowest rates compatible with health, combined with the distribution of advances in the neighbourhood, are fully effectual."

Mr. Oldham finds that the constant rain had the effect of keeping more people on the works than if the weather had been clear. On rainy days they always come back to the works, "preferring to move about with occasional shelter than to sit in the wet fields in the rain." There has been a marked decrease, however, in the numbers, and no corresponding

increase in the number on the charitable relief lists. The following statement shows how the numbers have decreased :—

	Daily average.
For the fortnight ending 27th June	23,711
„ week „ 4th July	5,355
„ fortnight „ 11th „	5,082

The European residents, including such high authorities as Mr. T. M. Gibbon and Mr. R. Lethbridge, maintain that the laborers will return to the works at the end of next month. Mr. Oldham, however, says on this point, "I venture to differ from this opinion, and am supported by all the natives whom I have consulted; even in ordinary years the poorest classes come to the end of their supplies in August, and are accustomed to be carried on by the employers of labor. Moreover, the rates which they now receive for field labor, a little over 2 seers of grain, are sufficient for them to save from. Our own works enable them to save, as of the persons now working on them, about 75 per cent are women and children whose adult relations are receiving their ordinary wages elsewhere."

In the Dhaka sub-division conservancy works have been going on, but in very many villages laborers have not been forthcoming owing to their finding employment in the fields. The numbers employed by the Department of Public Works' officers have also fallen off, it being found very difficult to get coolies to assist in bridge making even on 2 annas per diem, and ablebodied men are hardly to be got to move the grain bags. The numbers on the works have fallen from 15,837 in the previous fortnight to 3,954 in the fortnight under review. In the Gobindgunge sub-division the relief works (as previously reported) are nearly all village works, and the few laborers employed now, are engaged in improving the condition of the villages, raising the roads, filling up holes, and draining them, raising the mouths of wells, &c. The numbers have fallen from 14,458 to 14,210 in this circle.

In the Bettiah sub-division, also, the numbers have fallen off. An attempt was made by Mr. Samuells to induce Mugheya domes to work instead of thieving, but probably suspecting a design to entrap them, they refused to attend the works. There has been a decrease from 11,000 to 7,704.

In the Ramnuggur circle several works have been closed, and only certain useful works, which it is an object to complete is retained. In fact the number of works have been reduced to a minimum, and were it not for the chance of the numbers increasing again during August the establishment could well be proportionately curtailed.

C.—Transport of Food.

There still continue to be no private importations into the Mottecharee sub-division, and they are said to have decreased very much in the Dhaka and Gobindgunge circles.

In the Bettiah, and a portion of the Ramnuggur circles, it still continues to a certain extent. During the fortnight arrangements have been completed to despatch one lakh of maunds to Sarun. Mr. Howe has been requested to send 60,000 from Bugaha by boat, (45,000 to Selimpore on the Sarun side and opposite to Govindgunge, and 15,000 to Sutterghat) 25,000 will also be despatched from Rutwal to Selimpore, and 15,000 from Govingunge to Sutterghat. This last quantity has already been despatched, and the remainder is being collected and put on board as fast as the weather will permit.

D.—Storage of Grain.

The following table shows the disbursement of Government grain, and a subjoined statement gives the information required by circular No. 3369—S.R. of the 26th May.

No. 1, Mottecharee Circle.

Up to date of last return. Mds.	Srs.	Ch.				During the past Fortnight Mds.	Srs.	Ch.
32,661	0	0	...	To laborers	... ...	1,335	0	0
45,444	0	0	...	To the public	... ...	2,818	0	0
2,406	0	0	...	Charitable relief	... ...	556	0	0
17,019	0	0	...	Advances	... ...	14,036	0	0

No. 2, Dhaka Circle.

24,071	0	0	...	To laborers	... ...	1,048	0	0
4,467	0	0	...	To the public	... ...	2,764	0	0
456	0	0	...	Charitable relief	... ...	333	0	0
10,109	0	0	...	Advances	... ...	12,284	0	0

No. 3, Govindgunge Circle.

19,561	0	0	...	To laborers	... ...	6,805	0	0
2,460	0	0	...	To the public	... ...	1,881	0	0
1,971	0	0	...	Charitable relief	... ...	943	0	0
7,276	0	0	...	Advances	... ...	13,772	0	0

Up to date of last return. Mds. Srs. Ch.				During the past Fortnight. Mds. Srs. Ch.		
			No. 4, Bettiah Circle.			
12,422	0	0	To laborers	2,838	0	0
33,357	0	0	To the public	11,322	0	0
5,244	0	0	Charitable relief	1,203	0	0
383	0	0	Advances	615	0	0
			No. 5, Ramnuggur Circle.			
7,024	14	0	To laborers	18,844	11	0
25,132	8	0	To the public	4,383	18	0
2,230	10	0	Charitable relief	436	2	12
25,803	32	0	Advances	2,808	20	2
			Total ... To laborers	30,370	11	0
			To the public	23,168	18	0
			Charitable relief	3,471	2	12
			Advances	43,465	20	2
			Grand Total ...	100,475	11	14

The retail rate to the public has, according to recent orders, been reduced to 13 seers for cleaned rice; the coarser grains in porportion, and a large margin has been allowed to wholesale purchasers. The sales have been larger during the fortnight in every sub-division except Motiharee and Ramnuggur. The advances made to ryots have also largely increased. The subjoined table shows this in detail:—

	Previous fortnight. Mds. Srs. Ch.	Past fortnight. Mds. Srs. Ch.
Motiharee	9,840 0 0	14,036 0 0
Dhaka	2,856 0 0	12,234 0 0
Gobindgunge	6,437 0 0	13,772 0 0
Bettiah	318 0 0	998 0 0
Ramnugger	4,596 0 0	2,808 20 2
Increase ...		19,801 20 2

With regard to the falling off in the sales in the Ramnugger circle, Mr. Howe states that the wholesale rates have not been sufficiently extended yet to effect results. He anticipates that the sales will again increase.

E.—Advances to Private Persons.

In the Motiharee sub-division, Mr. Oldham reports that all the advances except 7,000 maunds which Mr. Cooper, Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, is giving out through the agency at his disposal have been completed: 31,056 maunds have been advanced.

In Dhaka sub-division the advances are being pushed on through the European residents and the Sub-Deputy Opium Agent: 22,344 maunds have been advanced.

The same may be said of the Gobindgunge sub-division: 21,048 maunds have been advanced.

In Bettiah, as already reported, large advances have been made through the European residents and the Raj.

In Ramnugger the tuccavee advances are now nearly complete: 28,612 maunds have been advanced in all, leaving a balance of about 2,000 maunds, which will be distributed during the next ten days, and a part of which consists of instalments. The above amount does not include advances of seed-grain, of which the Rajah of Ramnugger (to his credit) has taken a large quantity for distribution to the petty cultivators.

F.—Charitable Relief.

The subjoined table shows the numbers who receive relief under this head:—

Motiharee Sub-division.

	Persons.
Motiharee town	1,886
Ramgurwa hospital...	25
Soogaon	151
Tirkowlea, Motiharee factory	124
Relief inspector, North division...	47
„ „ South „	69
Dakha Sohoo—	
North division	71
South „	56
Motiharee hospital	23

Number relieved under head D of central committee's classification, 358.

Dhaka Division.

Not clear.

Gobindgunge Sub-division.

Numbers on charitable relief without work	...	3,042	
„ employed in spinning and weaving	...	2,650	
„ in receipt of cloth produced by class No. 2	...	665	
			6,357

Bettiah Sub-Division.

Bettiah	...	1,090	
Lalseraya	...	102	
Dokraha	...	818	
Lohurya	...	464	
Manpore	...	263	
Putjirwa	...	302	
Pursa	...	2,006	
Bettiah poor-house	...	161	
			5,201

Ramnugger Sub-Division.

Persons relieved (daily average), 2,794.

G.—Financial Results of the Fortnight.

Total expenditure from the district and subordinate treasuries as shown in the last narrative, full details of which were therein given, Rs. 23,24,023-13-2.

Expenditure during the fortnight under report:—

		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Relief Works.			
Executive Engineer, East Chumparun	...	4,782 15 1	
Seetaram, on account of arrears due	...	1,130 0 6	
			5,912 15 7
Establishments, &c.			
Under Mr. Oldham	... ...	1,183 10 2	
„ „ Weekes	... ...	1,552 2 10	
„ „ Howe ...	... ...	787 14 10	
„ „ Cooper...	... ...	99 8 0	
			3,623 3 10
Charitable Relief.			
Cotton Buxee at Motiharee	... ...	10 0 0	
Pay of cotton gola under Mr. Weekes	...	170 6 0	
			180 6 11
Land improvement ...	... ...	105 0 0	
Total	...	9,821 10 4	
Grand Total	...	...	23,33,845 7 6

Statement shewing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the Chumparun District during the fortnight ending 11*th July* 1874.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Name of sub-division.	Dates for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	Total quantity of Government grain consumed up to date.					Estimated grain receipt of the ensuing fortnight.	Estimated grain expenditure of the coming fortnight.	Remarks.
				By sale to public or laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots.	By payment to laborers in kind.	Total.			
		Mds.	Mds. S. C.	Mds S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds.	
1. Motiharee Sub-division ...	11th July 1874 ...	1,55,000	1,52,858 0 0	48,263 13 15	2,963 39 9	31,056 23 14	33,997 5 6	1,16,280 2 10	Nil.	20,000	Owing to inundation, returns from Narkatya, Adspore, and Lukhowra not received.
2. Dhaka	9th „ „ ...	2,10,000	1,13,716 0 0	2,764 5 0	333 2 6	12,234 17 13	1,048 20 3	16,380 5 6	Nil.	15,000	
3. Gobindgunge	11th „ „ ...	1,24,000	1,29,894 0 0	4,342 15 6	2,915 14 7	21,048 22 4	25,866 25 12	54,172 37 13	Nil.	46,000	Of this 25,000 maunds will be sent to Sarun.
4. Bettiah	9th „ „ ...	1,11,000	1,23,434 20 0	44,680 33 0	6,447 26 0	998 26 0	15,260 26 0	67,387 27 0	Nil.	16,000	
5. Ramnuggur	11th „ „ ..	2,50,000	1,84,342 14 8	28,515 21 0	2,666 21 12	28,613 12 2	*25,868 25 0	86,662 39 14	16,946 22 4	10,000	* This includes 19,525 maunds made over to the Engineer in charge of the High Level Canal, under Commissioner's orders for payment in kind.
	Total ..	8,50,000	7,09,254 34 8	1,29,566 8 5	15,325 24 2	93,950 19 1	1,02,041 22 5	3,40,883 32 11	16,946 22 4	1,09,000	

CHUMPARUN,
The 11*th July* 1874.

H. KEAN,
Collector.

Fortnightly Narrative of the District of Monghyr for the Fortnight ending the 11th July 1874.

A.—State of the Country.

Up to last Thursday the fortnight under review has been one of almost constant rain. The Ganges has risen very high and submerged the dearah and low-lying lands. Of course this has done some damage to the bhadoi crop. The damage is variously estimated by the different relief officers, but on the whole it would appear that about 4 annas of the crop is in danger; but even this will be lessened should the present fine weather continue, and the Ganges subside. The damage has been done either by the roots of the crops being submerged for too long a time and so turning yellow and rotting, or by the water preventing the progress of weeding, so that the weeds are now as high as the crop and could hardly be taken out now without injuring the crop.

In the Bukhtiarpore circle, Mr. Manson estimates that this will throw things backward by about a fortnight, so that relief operations will have to continue to the end of August. This will, as near as possible, clear out the store of grain in this circle.

In Begoo Serai everything is very hopeful. There has been less rain there than elsewhere, and no damage has been reported from excess of water. Mr. Wilkins reports that the people are becoming more independent and are beginning to refuse advances if they have to go a few miles to the golah to get their grain. The supply of grain I have sent him will be quite sufficient for his wants, and so, for all practical purposes, the Begoo Serai sub-division will hardly have anything to be recorded of it in any future narrative. There is abundant work for the laboring population, and that too, light work, like weeding indigo, on which women and children even can earn enough to live upon. One factory alone has been employing 1,150 persons on this work. In the Jamooee sub-division the cultivators have sown so much janera that the complaint is that they cannot get labor enough to weed it properly.

In the Luckee Serai triangle Mr. Currie has expended all his rice except the charitable relief reserve, and has about 150 more applications to deal with, which he expects will about clear out his wheat and mixed grain.

In the sudder sub-division the numbers at work on Dhobey's tank have dwindled down from 1,100 to about 200, and the applications for advances, instead of being 30 or 40 a day, are only 3 or 4. Altogether, I should consider the prospects most assuring; the whole relief system is in full working order, and will go on working smoothly till the janera is ripe, when the whole thing may be dropped.

B.—Relief Works.

No fresh works have been opened in the Bukhtiarpore circle, and one, the Bukhtiarpore tank, No. 2, has been closed.

There are only three works in progress in the Begoo Serai sub-division, and two of these, the Begoo Serai tank and the Pubna road, are being turfed, and when that is finished they will be closed.

In Jamooee there are not enough applicants for work to finish the works there off properly. The people drop in spasmodically, do a day's work if the weather is fine, and keep away on rainy days.

C.

2,000 maunds have been sent from Bukhtiarpore to Surbella and 3,000 to Chapran for easier distribution to group superintendents. Part of the 20,000 maunds from the surplus golas to Begoo Serai was despatched by cart, but a good deal of the grain got wet and there was great delay in consequence of the state of the roads. The remainder has been and is being sent by boat. One boat which was loading at the Monghyr ghat has been swamped by the Railway Company's wall at the back of the goods' shed falling in upon it. The boatmen escaped with their lives only. Efforts are being made to save some of the cargo (133 bags), and up to date 19 bags have been recovered and are being dried. When there is no further hope of salvage the balance must be struck off.

Mr. Money was unable to move the 5,000 maunds from Secundra. The carts returned unsuccessful. But those who are really in want of grain, and are receiving doles of 2 and 3 maunds, make no difficultly of taking delivery of it by coolies and pack-bullocks from the gola itself. There is no objection to this plan, as it eliminates from the recipients of advances all those who really do not care about them, but who are only taking them to prove their poverty with a view of escaping income-tax hereafter. (This is a common feeling.) It also saves the Government the cost of carriage.

D.

There is nothing new under this head to note.

E.

During the fortnight Mr. Manson has advanced 1,220 maunds to 29 zemindars and 5,211 maunds to 2,446 ryots. Mr. Wilkins has advanced 9,061 maunds to cultivators, and Mr. Money has advanced about 7,800 maunds and I have advanced 2,164 maunds, to 49 persons.

F.—Charitable Relief.

The practical working of the group system in Bukhtiarpore is all that Mr. Manson can desire, but, of course, the returns prepared by putwarees and mokuddums, to the best of their limited ability, are confused and very irregularly submitted. Under this system a daily average of 1,874 people have been relieved. Rajah Leela Nund and his amlah have been playing fast and loose with the subject of relieving their own ryots. They submitted returns showing that they had relieved a daily average of 240 persons for the week from June 28th to July 4th; but as they appear to have distributed only 6 maunds 33 seers, which would give at the rate of 1¼ seer per man (a ridiculous quantity to spread over 7 days), this return, of course, did not satisfy Mr. Manson, and the Rajah's amlah seeing this, sent him a very large statement for the following week, July 5th to 11th. Mr. Manson was testing this when his report left, and up to that time had found it was entirely false as far as he had gone.

The Dowlutpore poor-house has been closed, the number having dwindled down to 4. The number at Simultollah has slightly increased.

In the sudder station the stopping of the very light labor works (which might almost be called playworks) has increased the number at the poor-house. Colonel Murray, the Secretary, is trying most energetically to reduce them, as he considers that they are just the usual produce of a large town, and might be got together in much their present condition even in the most favorable years.

The following information is in accordance with Government letter No. 125:

Committees.

Monghyr, Jamooee, and Begoo Serai.

Sub-Committees.

Luckee Serai, Sheikpoora, and Bukhtiarpore.

(2) Special sub-division opened and officered.

(3) Luckee Serai, Sheikpoora, and Bukhtiarpore.

(4) Jamalpore ... Native gentlemen connected with Railway.
Chapran ... Mr. H. Christian.
Bassoni ... „ J. Christian.
Garpurrak ... „ Hooley.

(5) The annexed statement will give the information required.

Daily Average Number of Persons relieved in the District of Monghyr for the Week ending the 11th July, 1874.

Names of Poor-houses and Relief-centres.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.
Monghyr	134	460	44	638
Begoo Serai	32	37	35	104
Tegrah	17	46	21	84
Birpore	23	62	61	146
Luckee Serai	41	69	107	217
Choarah	1	26	7	34
Sandhi	20	27	47	94
Pertabpore	8	45	5	58
Bukhtiarpore	.	1	5	6
Secundra	136	338	122	596
Sheikpoora	17	17	7	41
Jamooee	16	10	4	30
Bara	.....	3	.....	3
Simultollah	3	3	3	9
Bassoni	12	13	12	37
Khurruckpore...	46	85	14	145
Grand Total ...	.....	.....	.....	2,342

G.—Financial Results of the Fortnight.				Rs.	A.	P.
Total expenditure as shown in last narrative				9,27,897	2	9
Details of the above.						
		Rs.	A.	P.		
Placed to credit of Public Works Department ..		1,56,175	0	0		
On disbursement to officers in charge of transport arrangements		36,176	15	2		
Advanced to Captain Grant for transport of Bhagulpore grain		2,707	14	6		
Advanced to Mr. Fletcher for Tirhoot grain ..		2,037	9	6		
Advanced to Captain Conolly		300	0	0		
Advanced to Mr. Thomas, contractor		5,23,058	7	10		
Construction of golas		4,978	15	4		
Payment of gola establishment		9,847	6	2		
Miscellaneous charges		1,714	1	0		
Purchase of anchors		22	4	0		
Advances to trustworthy residents for purchase of grain		76,250	0	0		
Ditto to Municipalities		5,000	0	0		
Ditto to zemindars for land improvement ..		44,740	0	0		
Tuccavee advances		64,539	8	3		
Package charges		6	12	0		
Transport charges		142	5	0		
					9,27,897	2	9
During the Fortnight.						
Placed to credit of Public Works Department ..		Nil.				
Advanced to Mr. Thomas, contractor		18,402	14	10		
Miscellaneous charges		8,171	8	0		
Gola establishment		897	4	10		
Advanced to Transport Officer		697	2	0		
					28,168	13	8
	Grand Total ...				9,56,066	0	5
Final payments	Nil.						
Advances recoverable	1,90,529	8	3				

H. J. Newbery,
Offg. Collector.

Return called for under Government Letter No. 3127, *dated the* 14*th May* 1874, *for the Fortnight ending* 11*th July* 1874.

	Up to date of last return.	During the fortnight.	Total to date.
1. By sale to laborers	8,221	1,345	9,566
2. By sale to public	39,594	1,920	41,514
3. In charitable relief	9,844	2,974	12,818
4. Advances to ryots	35,970	28,921	64,891
Total ...	93,629	35,160	1,28,789

Price-current Statement of the District of Monghyr for the Fortnight ending 11*th July*, 1874.

Where.	Rice, common.	Wheat.	Gram.	Janera.
	Seers.	Seers.	Seers.	Seers.
Monghyr	12	16	18½	16
Begoo Serai	11½	14	18½	16
Bukhtiarpore	..	13	..	....

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the District of Monghyr for the date nearest the 10th July 1874.

Name of Sub-Division.	Name of Circle.	Date for which figures are given.	Allotment.	Total allotment.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of the grain transferred to other districts.	Total quantity of Government Grain consumed up to date.					Estimated grain receipt of the ensuing fortnight.	Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.
						By sale to public or to laborers.	By gratuitous distribution.	By advance to ryots and zemindars.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.		
			Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.		
Sudder sub-division, excluding Bukhtiarpore.	.....	10th July, 1874	11,326	1,00,326	11,326	2,043	1,440	3,787	1,639	8,879	Nil ...	Nearly the whole remaining stock at all places except Bukhtiarpore, where between 9 and 10 thousand will be expended.
	Bukhtiarpore	Ditto ...	89,000		89,000	12,532	7,904	9,597	982	3,615		
Begoo Serai sub-division	There is no circle here.	Ditto ...	45,000	45,000	35,974	16,470	795	7,610	1,256	26,141		
Jamooee sub-division, excluding three circles.	.....	Ditto ...	10,400	.....	15,400	4,585	134	5,940	695	11,454		
	Lucki Serai ...	Ditto ...	32,116	1,15,405	23,492	789	823	19,906	1,309	22,821		
	Secundra ...	Ditto ...	38,692		28,692	995	667	13,561	1,667	16,730		
	Sheikpoora ...	Ditto ...	44,197		33,197	4,000	1,035	6,726	1,998	13,759		
		Total ...	.....	.....	2,38,071	41,514	12,813	66,301	9,576	1,30,797		

H. J. NEWBERY,
Offg. Collector.

Progress Report of Relief Works actually open during the Fortnight ending 11th July 1874.

Names of Roads.	Progress in marking out.	Progress in opening relief works.	Number of Laborers during the Fortnight. Class I.	Class IIA.	Class IIB.	Total.	Supply of food thereat, or quantity of Government grain sold.	Condition of laborers.	Mode of payment.	Rate of wages.	Arrangement for tools.	Amount of disbursement during the fortnight.	Remarks.
Monghyr sub-division—Patna road	4th to 21st mile.	In 12 places	6,327	60	104	6,491	Rice, mds. 181-8-9 for Rs. 557-9.	Good ...	Daily laborers daily, and contractors every second day.	Earth-work Rs. 1-9 per 1,000 cubic feet, turfing Rs. 1-4; coolies 1 anna 6 pie to 2 annas, women 1 anna.	Supplied by Government.	Rs. A. P. 557 9 6	
Metalling Bhagulpore road.	5 miles	In 3 places	1,989	1,150	. .	3,139	Rice, mds. 98-21-11 for Rs. 298-2-9.	Ditto ...	Thrice a week.	Earth-work Re 1-14 per 1,000 cubic feet; men 2 annas, women 1 anna, children 6 pie.	Ditto ...	239 1 3	Rs. 12-14-6 paid in cash for carriage of grain, &c.
Sheroghaut road	6 miles .	In 5 places	2,427	.	163	2,590	Rice, mds. 90-13-6 for Rs. 225-13-6.	Ditto ...	.....	Earth-work Rs. 1-9 per 1,000 cubic feet, turfing Rs. 2-0-6 per 1,000 cubic feet.	Ditto ...	225 13 6	
Bukhtiarpore to Bettiah	8½ miles .	In 1 place .	1,510	820	.. .	2,330	Rice, mds. 103-36-15 for Rs. 280-11-5.	Tolerably good	Contractors twice a week, and task-work men daily.	Earth-work Rs. 1-9 per 1,000 cubic feet; men 1 anna 6 pie, women 1 anna, children 6 pie.	Ditto ...	288 9 5	Rs. 7 5 paid in cash for sundries.
Bukhtiarpore to Chuckney Ghaut	1 mile ..	Ditto	465	28	.. ..	493	Rice, mds. 124-6-8 for Rs. 330-12-9.	Ditto ...	Twice a week	Rs. 1-9 per 1,000 cubic feet ...	Ditto ...	330 12 9	
Begoo Serai sub-division—Tirhoot road .	27 miles	In 9 places .	7,698	...	245½	7,943½	Rice, mds. 176-29-8 for Rs. 477 -6.	Good ...	Daily laborers daily, and contractors every second day.	Daily laborers 2 annas, contractors 2 annas 6 pie per 1,000 cubic feet.	Ditto ...	427 7 6	
Jamooee sub-division—Gyrick road, 2nd sec.	1 mile .	In 1 place	1,907		188	2,095	Rice, mds. 17-36-2½ for Rs. 46-5.	Ditto ...	Daily laborers daily, and contractors once a week.	Earth-work Rs. 1-9 per 1,000 cubic feet, dressing Rs 1-4; men 1 anna 6 pie, children 6 pie	Ditto .	50 5 3	Rs. 4-0-3 paid in cash for sundries.
Sheikpoora to Secundra		In 2 places	1,155	210	172	1,537	Rice, mds. 44-13-9½ for Rs. 123-1-9.	Healthy ...	Twice a week for task-work men, and daily laborers daily.	Earthwork, Rs. 1-9 per 1,000 cubic feet.	Bildars bring their own tools.	122 1 9	
Secundra to Jamooee	12 miles	Ditto	1,016	993	9	2,018	Rice, mds. 117-18-9 for Rs. 377-13 9.	Good ...	Contract and task-work paid according to the wishes of the coolies, and daily laborers daily.	Earth-work Rs. 1-9 per 1,000 cubic feet, dressing Rs. 6-4; men 2 annas to 1 anna 6 pie, women 1 anna.	Supplied by Government.	377 13 9	
Mullehpore to Gumeta	24 miles ..	In 1 place ...	2,711		26	2,737	Rice, mds. 51-39-2 for Rs. 163-8-11.	Ditto ..	.....	.....	Ditto ..	191 6 6	
Secundra to Luckee Serai.	9½ miles	Ditto .	4,585	91	108	4,784	Rice, mds. 230 32-13 for Rs 739-2.	Ditto ...	Twice a week task-work men.	Earth-work Rs. 1-9, dressing 1 anna, turfing 1 anna.	Ditto ...	739 2 0	
Secundra to Newadi	6½ miles	In 2 places ..	936		.....	936	Rice, mds. 36-22-8½ for Rs 104 9 9.	Ditto ..	Ditto, and daily laborers daily.	Dressing 12 annas .	Ditto ...	104 9 9	
Charucharu road .	.....	... ..	60	.	....	60	Rice, mds. 10-12-15 for Rs. 30-9-3. Rice, mds. 2-33 for Rs. 6.	.....	. ...	.....			
			32,286	3,352	1,015½	36,653½	Rs. 3,660-11-4				Total ...	3,674 2 11	
											Protecting work and work establishment	158 15 9	
											Contingencies	107 13 3	
											Temporary bridges	68 2 6	
											Grand Total	4,008 1 8	

N B—There were 73 Brahmuns, 135 Rajpoots, 50 potters, 127 oilmen, 1,001 weavers, 295 shoe-makers, 7 kulwies, 10 barbers, and 4 goldsmiths.
Non-laboring class is above 2 per cent.

RAM RUTTUN MOZOOMDAR,
Assistant Engineer, in Executive charge,
Monghyr District.

No. 785—S.R., dated Bhagulpore, the 17th July 1874.

From—V. T. TAYLOR, ESQ., Collector of Bhagulpore,

To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

I HAVE the honor to submit the 17th fortnightly narrative for this district.

2. Rain has fallen continually during the fortnight and many people are beginning to cry out in consequence.

Total rainfall to	13th	at Sudder has been	..	.. 26·60
,,	,,	11th at Banka ..	..	.. 26·61
,,	,,	9th at Muddehpoora ..	..	.. 27·73
,,	,,	10th at Soopole ..	..	.. 30·65

falls very nearly equal to the whole of the last years'. There is every appearance of a break, which will be gladly welcomed, and the barometer has risen considerably. The only crop, however, which has really so far suffered is Indian corn. This is chiefly grown south of the Ganges, and especially in the Banka sub-division, but the sub-divisional officer remarks on this head, "I am sorry to say that owing to the continued rainfall, six-annas of the Indian corn on low lands has been damaged; this I have seen personally for about nine miles round my head-quarters, and heard from the reports of my subordinates, and if the rain continues in this way this crop will suffer yet more; the paddy up to date is much better and very promising. Murwa and *sathi* rice have been sown over a larger area than usual, and I can safely say that if the weather be favorable to these latter crops, and if they yield as well as they now promise to do, and the rain be not scanty hereafter, no one will care for the loss of the Indian corn. Transplanting of the paddy crop is being carried on now rapidly everywhere."

3. The same officer reports that food-grains are procurable in all the marts of the sub-division, and prices are still falling. Since the 30th May, prices have fallen from 1¼ to 2 seers, on account only (according to the sub-divisional officer) of the constant rain and future good prospects.

4. The Muddehpoora officer writes—"There is plenty of grain in circulation now in the different bazars. Owing to the quantity of grain sold, persons who have taken rice as an advance, barter it at markets and bazars for other articles." He adds,—"We have had a deal of rain, in fact, more than is necessary. Fortunately within the last three days we have had a little lull and finer weather, the bhadoi and murwa are looking well, and if we have a little more seasonable (sunny?) weather, a good crop may be expected. The floods have damaged the *aghani* to some extent, but I have not heard of any very serious losses. The continual showers have damaged some little bhadoi and murwa, as ryots have been unable to weed, but such fields as are injured are being ploughed and transplanted. I do not find that there is any lack of seed-grain, notwithstanding the way in which the ryots cried out that there was none to be had."

5. Deputy Collector Baboo Ram Shunder Sen, of the Bhulooa circle, writes—"There has been copious rain during the fortnight, the hollows are all under water, while the uplands have become thoroughly saturated. The Koosee has overflowed its banks, pouring its water inland through the side creeks. The sowings are at an end, but transplanting and weeding are still going on. The rains have as yet done no injury, but are believed to be conducive to the production of an abundant bhadoi crop; in some fields the bhadoi plant has been cropped in order to prevent exuberant growth; at several places, fields are already in ear, although grain has not yet filled in the husk, some of these will be ripe in about three weeks time. Confidence has been in a great measure restored and the people feel hopeful regarding the future prospects of the season." This officer also adds,—"The price of rice, as also of pulses, has fallen, which is another sign of the confidence in people's minds about the next harvest. Government rice which has been given away in tuccavi is exchanged at the hauts for tobacco and molasses.

6. The Soopool officer writes that "the supplies in the bazars remain very much the same as it has been during the past two months. Rice, other than that imported by Government, is hardly obtainable at all over the greater portion of the sub-division, and quotations for it are merely nominal. Grain and other pulses are obtainable, though at high rates. To the north-east and along the Koosee, where from earlier and more favorable rain the bhadoi crop is more advanced than elsewhere, the country rice is reported to be finding its way into the market in small quantities; and at Pertabgunge and Bheemnuggur it is quoted at about a seer cheaper than it was a fortnight ago, viz. at 12 instead of 11 seers per rupee." He adds—"To the north, where from earlier and more favorable rains the cultivation has further advanced, little or no damage has, I believe, been done by the unusually heavy and continuous rain-falls, but hereabouts and to the south towards Bongong, where the broadcast paddy in the lower lands had not reached any height, it has been destroyed to some extent, and the young murwa sadly requires about 10 days sun to bring it on and to allow of its being freed from the weeds with which just now it is much choked. Both the Tiljooga and Dimrah have been in flood, though not to an unusual height, and I have not heard of any damage resulting therefrom. On the whole the prospects of the crops generally may be said to be very good, and with a short spell of fine weather now, they would be unusually fine. An unusually large area of bhadoi land, both murwa and paddy, has been cultivated, and with about two months before us for the aghani transplanting, there should, with favorable weather, be no deficiency in the area of this latter crop.

7. I give the statement showing as far as can be traced here the difference in prices now and at the corresponding period of 1866 :—

	Rice.		Pulses.		Indian-corn.		Wheat.	
	1866.	1874.	1866.	1874.	1866.	1874.	1866.	1874.
	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.	S. C.
Soopool	...	9 14	...	...	...	12 12	...	11 0
Muddehpoora	...	14 0	...	...	...	15 0	...	11 0
Banka	10 0	12 0	10 0	15 8	16 0	12 8	...	13 12
Head-quarters	8 8	12 0	8 13½	17 10	...	15 2	10 1½	15 2

8. As regards the condition of the people, the remarks are still more favorable than when I last wrote. In Banka, "the condition and health of the people are generally good." An outbreak of cholera again has been reported from Kutooria; fever is more or less appearing in the town of Bhagulpore and a few other villages. In Muddehpoora, "on the whole, this has been an exceedingly healthy year, and the people are still well. A few are suffering from fever now. The condition of the people in consequence of their being better fed, is improved; mahajuns are now lending to the ryots, tuccavi is being given, and gratuitous assistance to those unable to buy." In the Soopool sub-division, the improvement is most marked. The sub-divisional officer writes:—"It is now generally admitted, and there can be no shadow of a doubt about it, that the condition of the people has very much improved during the last month, and indeed, how could it be otherwise when all classes have received most liberal assistance, those with money at command from our Government grain sales, the cultivating portion of the population from advances, either through their zemindars or direct from Government, those in want of manual employment on the numerous works *still* in progress all over the country, or in spinning or weaving, and those unable to work from our house-to-house relief operations; indeed, it is a question whether the lowest classes as a mass are not more comfortably off than in ordinary years, when at the best their life is a hard one. It is a fact that they are so; there is not, to my mind, any question about it. A case of misery and starvation would now be the next thing to an impossiblity, for with the arrangements in force for the weekly inspection of each village by our group superintendents, such an occurrence could only be accounted for as the result of a determined and carefully planned concealment, and of this in any case there is little fear, for the people have apparently overcome their prejudice (if at any time it existed), against receiving assistance at the hands of the Government, and our danger at present, I think, lies in the opposite direction. The south-western portion of pergunnah Kubkhund may still be looked on as the part worst off in the sub-division, and not being a bhadoi country, it will probably demand assistance at our hands till the aghani crop is reaped. Fortunately, however, the population of this tract is sparse and the area limited, say, about 50 square miles." Mr. Fanshawe still records the great improvement in the condition of the people within his circle.

9. I have quoted the above remarks in full, because I think the subject one of great interest, and because I feel all real distress is now almost past, and that the end of August, if the present prospects of the bhadoi are not blighted, will show that distress no longer exists of any kind among the people. The improvement among all is very rapid; I do not deny that recipients of gratuitous relief will hang on as long as rice is given gratuitously to them, but this shall not be given when it is clear that it ought to be stopped.

10. I annex the usual crime statement for June.

B.—Relief Works.

11. I have not as yet received the statement showing the progress on the works during the past fortnight, but will annex it if it arrive in time. I know that a considerable reduction in numbers has taken place, and that these works are in no way interfering with cultivation.

C.—Transport of Grain.

12. The imports and exports at the Bhagulpore station amount to 12,199 and 22,184 maunds respectively, with the exception of 925 maunds of jowar, 478 maunds of rice, and 380 maunds of barley, the whole of the imports were wheat and grain from up-country. The exports were 14,092 wheat, 7,900 grain for Howrah, and 192 maunds rice "up." A large number of Dacca boats laden with rice have sailed up the river lately. The Banka sub-divisional officer reports exports of paddy and rice from his sub-division to Bhagulpore. No private imports have been heard of in the north of the district.

D.—Storage of Government Grain.

13. There is nothing to remark under this head.

E.—Advances to Private Parties.

14. The following advances in grain have been sanctioned during the past fortnight :—

Date of application.	Name of applicant.	Profession.	Residence.	Amount.	Date of sanction.	By whom sanctioned.
25th June 1874 ...	Balajeet Singh	Zemindar	Puchgachia	Mds. 2,000 of rice	No. 5669, dated 7th July 1874.	Commissioner.
1st July 1874 ...	Oogur Narain Singh and Chunder Mun Singh.	Ditto ...	Burail ...	„ 800 of grain	No. 5672, dated 7th July 1874.	Ditto.
25th Ditto ...	Jankipershad Singh	Ditto ...	Juddia ...	Rs. 500 in grain	7th July 1874 ...	Collector.
26th Ditto ...	Hubwan Singh...	Ditto ...	Purnurma ...	„ 700 in grain	Ditto ...	Ditto.
28th Ditto ...	Khurugjeet Singh and others	Ditto ...	Ryebheer ...	Mds. 50 of rice .	6th July 1874 ...	Ditto.
30th Ditto ...	Hemun Singh and Bodh Narain Singh.	Ditto ...	Sookhpoor ...	Rs. 1,363 in grain	Ditto ...	Ditto.
"Ditto ...	Rowputty Singh	Ditto ...	Byjulpoor ...	„ 150 in grain	Ditto ..	Ditto.
Ditto ...	Bheekary Chowdhry	Durkut ...	Dyalputty ...	Mds. 450 in grain	Ditto ...	Ditto.
3rd July 1874 ...	Laljeet Singh	Kesnadur Zemindar	Puchgachia	„ 25 in grain	Ditto ...	Ditto.

F.—Charitable Relief.

15. The statement annexed shows what has been done towards the disposal of our large stock of grain, nearly all the golahs' returns are well up to time this fortnight, and I have been able to obtain full particulars of the Court of Wards' grain stored in Naraidigur.

The sales to the public in the Soopool sub-division now amounts to 1,39,725, and gratuitous distribution to 27,246 maunds, and in Muddehpoora head-quarters and Banka sub-division sales to 29,031¼ maunds, gratuitous distribution to 1,092½. It is almost unnecessary to repeat that these sales have been of *very* great benefit as a means of relief. I anticipate for the month of July a further disposal of about 75,000 maunds, but this estimate may be excessive.

16. As regards the seed-grain Mr. Kirkwood (whose report I have this moment received) writes—"There is still a considerable demand for this in the Ekar and Naradigur circles, but we have an ample supply. Out of the 15,000 maunds, just somewhat more than half has been expended up to date, viz. about 1,500 maunds by sale, and 6,200 by advances.

17. In the matter of advances they have been and are being made for the whole season, and Mr. Kirkwood remarks, these have been brought approximately to completion, and I note with satisfaction, and the matter will be separately reported to Government, that "the zemindars are more than ever acting praiseworthily in this matter. The Court of Wards has completed its advances in pergunnah Naradigur."

18. In the last fortnightly it was shown that 9,089 ryots had received 31,622 maunds of grain, of which 1,039 maunds were seed-grain; and 61 zemindars had received 27,754 maunds, of which 4,016 maunds were seed-grain. The figures now given by Mr. Kirkwood up to the 8th July, and in some cases up to the 11th, show that 15,823 ryots have been advanced 49,917 maunds of rice, &c., and 2,169 maunds seed-grain, and to 75 zemindars 27,614 maunds of rice, &c., and 4,474 maunds seed-grain, Mr. Kirkwood adds,—"but little now remains to be done, the majority of those now getting advances are lakhirajdars, who being lakhirajdars do not obtain advances from their zemindars, and who pledge their lakhiraj lands as security."

19. The average daily number for the fortnight of those receiving cooked food are thus given by Mr. Kirkwood.

	Men.	Women.	Children.
Soopool hospital	10	8	9
„ poor-house	9	22	33
Ekar hospital	4	5	3
„ poor-house	23	45	45
Bungong ditto	26	18	16
Puchgachia relief centre	27	31	34
Muddehpoora ditto	5	14	17
Kamp poor-house	3	10	2
Bhowanipore ditto	8	6	6
Simrahi hospital	4	5	6
„ poor-house	6	20	15
Bhuloea and Nathpore	30	42	38
Nowabakhur hospital and poor-house ...	18	20	18
Dugmurrah ditto	15	35	30
Total			744

This shows an increase of 60 over the figures given last fortnight, but Nowabakhur and Dugmurrah were then omitted, so that there is really a decrease of 76.

20. Private works have almost entirely ceased, one or two private roads are still going on, and about 1,000 persons employed thereon. Baboo Rudernarain Singh is still employing about 500 persons on his road from Singhessur to Puchgachia.

21. The light-labor figures given by Mr. Kirkwood show that 9,787 were employed during the fortnight, against 9,761 the previous fortnight.

22. The group superintendents are reported as generally doing their work fairly well; there is, Mr. Kirkwood states, nothing to be remarked on except that they report here and there aghani sowings in the low lands as damaged by excess of water.

23. The numbers on the house-to-house relief, each drawing a month's supply, are thus given by Mr. Kirkwood :—

Circle Bhulooa	1,580
„ Smirahi	3,600
„ Naradigur	17,000
„ Bhowanipore	640
„ Kamp	950
„ Bungaon	1,522
„ Soopool	4,917
„ Ekar	11,350
Total ..	41,559

This is against 35,574 shown in the last fortnightly, or an increase of 5,675. Of this 4,671 are attributable to the Ekar circle only. Mr. Kirkwood is leaving for Ekar to inquire into this.

24. *Spinning and weaving relief.*—On this head Mr. Kirkwood writes,—"This was in many parts much checked during the fortnight by the absence of a supply of cotton; it has however now arrived."

	Spinning.	Weaving.
Soopool circle	281	120
Bhulooa	740	123
Smirahi	194	33
Naradigur (estimate)	500	100
Ekar	332	83
Bungaon	545	63
Muddehpoora	640	115
Total ..	3,232	637

This is against 4,002 and 693 of last fortnight; a considerable supply of cotton has now arrived and fresh local supplies have been obtained at Pertabgunge and in the north. The excellence of this system of relief is universally remarked upon; it is at the same time highly popular. The earnings are far more than sufficient for the support of the numbers given, particularly in the case of weavers where several members of the family help at odd times in setting up the thread, watering it, and doing the actual weaving work; these, though really relieved, are not shown in the numbers given.

25. Abstract of relief during fortnight ending 4th July :—

	Rs.
Daily average at relief centres, poor-houses and hospitals ..	744
Light labor and circle labor	9,787
Spinning	3,232
Weaving	637
House-to-house	41,559
Total ..	55,959

or an increase of 5,245 on past fortnight.

26. There is, however, a very large reduction in the numbers employed on our roads, but I regret I am not in a position to give the actual numbers. The returns for the north of the district have not as yet come to hand. For this I waited, as also for Mr. Kirkwood's report, which latter only reached me this morning (17th). I have no other information available.

27. A letter has just reached me from Baboo Ramshunker Sen, Deputy Collector, from Pertabgunge, relating to the heavy flood in the Coossee on the 7th and 8th, but this luckily totally subsided on the 9th, and the damage done has, I am glad to say, been inconsiderable. He remarks,—"The bhadoi is a magnificent crop, with the exception of a patch here and there at some places; the flood has done more good than harm, and fields from which indigo has been just cut are being ploughed up for the *rop aghani*." He sent me specimens of the bhadoi rice, which is nearly ripe in very many places in that portion of the country.

G.—Financial Results of the Fortnight.

				Rs.	A.	P.
Total expenditure from the district and sub-divisional treasury, as shown in the last narrative				7,83,755	12	7½
Detail of the above total.						
On disbursement to the District Engineer for relief works	1,88,000	0	0			
Deputy Collector of Muddehpoora ...	1,000	0	0			
On disbursement to officers in charge of transport arrangements	4,00,230	12	7½*			
On disbursement to Deputy Collector of Muddehpoora for construction of gola ...	6,000	0	0			
On account of advances made to trustworthy residents for purchase of grain ...	70,400	0	0			
Ditto to traders for purchase of grain ...	1,600	0	0			
To Bhagulpore Municipality	5,000	0	0			
Advances made to zemindars and others for land improvement	7,625	0	0			
Advances to ditto for helping their ryots ...	1,03,900	0	0			
				7,83,755	12	7½
Expenditure during the fortnight under Report.						
To Baboo Hurbullub Narain Singh, contractor, for purchase of bhoosa	500	0	0			
				500	0	0
Grand total to end of fortnight				7,84,255	12	7½

Statements showing cases against property as called for in Government letter No. 4081, dated 20th December 1873, for the month of June 1874.

		Number of cases reported, including cases declared by the Magistrate to be false and never to have occured,				Total.
		Sudder.	Muddehpoora.	Banka.	Scopool.	
Dacoity.						
Headings 30 and 31 of Crime Return AI. ...	Corresponding month of June 1872 ...	.....	.....	.....	1	1
Robbery.						
Headings 32 and 33 of Crime Return AI. ...	Month of June 1874..	.....	1	.....	.....	1
	Corresponding month of June 1872 ...	.....	.....	.....	1	1
Theft.						
Heading 43 of Crime Return AI, including cattle thefts ...	Month of June 1874..	16	5	2	16	39
	Corresponding month of June 1873 . ..	6	8	7	6	27
	Corresponding month of June 1872 ..	16	6	12	2	36
Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking.						
Headings 35 and 36 of Crime Return AI.	Month of June 1874..	14	12	7	18	51
	Corresponding month of June 1873 ..	4	1	4	2	11
	Corresponding month of June 1872 ..	9	4	9	7	29
Total of all four crimes.						
The month of June 1874		30	18	9	34	91
Corresponding month of June 1873 ..		10	9	11	8	38
Corresponding month of June 1872 ..		25	10	21	11	67

* Through Nazir	15,016	9	4
„ Deputy Collector of Banka	678	7	0
„ „ „ Muddehpoora	12,103	12	8
„ „ „ Scopool	1,17,900	0	0
„ Mr. Hennessy	5,665	15	6
„ „ „ as contractor...	1,89,137	0	1½
„ H. M. Durand, Esq.	13,298	0	9
„ „ „ for carters	177	2	6
„ Mr. Hensley	5,000	0	0
„ Baboo Puran Chunder Neogee, Deputy Collector	19,084	15	3
„ Major Gordon, District Superintendent of Police, for contractor, Baboo Radha Churn Gangooly	15,000	0	0
„ Captain Conolly	463	3	0
„ Mr. Meredith	109	10	0
„ „ Inman, Government grain officer, Jugdischuck	155	0	0
„ „ H. Bull, contractor	3,000	0	0
Paid railway freight for packages of weights and scales sent from Calcutta	37	11	0
Ditto for 28 bales of small bags sent from Alipore	70	2	0
Ditto of 100 bags of rice rebooked to Pountee	112	15	0
Cost of 50 tarpaulins purchased from Messrs. Gillanders, Arbuthnot & Co.	3,221	4	6
Total ...	4,00,230	12	7½

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the District of Bhagulpore on the dates nearest to the 11th July 1874, for which returns may be available.

1	2	3	4	5		6	7		8	9	10	11
				Total quantity of Government grain consumed up to date.								
Name of Circle.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	By sale to the public or laborers.		By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advance to		By payments in kind to laborers.	Total.	Estimated grain expenditure of ensuing fortnight.	Remarks.
				Public	Laborers.		Ryots.	Zemindars.				
		Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds.	
Sudder Sub-Division.												
Peerpointee	11th July 1874 ...	Nil	1,896 0 0	1,693 7 10	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	1,693 7 10	60	All sold, deficiency in weight.
Purmashurpore...	4th June 1874 ...	1,000 0 0	1,000 0 0	750 0 0	232 2 8	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	982 2 8	Nil	
		1,000 0 0	2,896 0 0	2,443 7 10	232 2 8	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	2,675 10 2	60	
Banka Sub-Division.												
Kutoriah	11th July 1874 ...	4,727 0 0	4,727 0 0	2,714 29 0	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	2,714 29 0	500	
Dhorya	Ditto ...	2,250 0 0	2,250 0 0	1,706 30 0	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	1,706 30 0	300	
		6,977 0 0	6,977 0 0	4,421 29 0	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	4,421 29 0	800	
Muddenpoora Sub-Division.												
Kamp Circle.												
Kamp	11th July 1874 ...	50,000 0 0	50,000 0 0	2,227 36 0	Nil	635 30 8	8,820 19 0	860 7 8	815 34 0	13,440 7 0	1,500	
Soneburra	Ditto ...	13,365 10 0	13,365 10 0	1,983 13 8	Nil	6 2 0	346 27 0	200 0 0	201 11 4	3,117 13 12	500	
Patturghant	Ditto ...	2,614 0 0	2,614 0 0	Nil	Nil	41 5 0	Nil	274 5 10	234 8 13	559 20 8	50	
Byjnauthpore	Ditto ...	18,000 0 0	18,000 0 0	2,110 30 0	Nil	15 30 0	2,788 26 0	112 20 0	1,511 23 4	6,359 8 4	1,250	
		83,979 10 0	83,979 10 0	6,061 29 8	Nil	718 36 8	11,955 32 0	1,446 34 2	2,282 37 4	23,466 9 6	3,300	
Bhowanipore Circle.												
Bhowanipore	11th July 1874 ...	25,000 0 0	25,000 0 0	3,566 9 0	Nil	342 0 0	1,025 0 0	1,054 15 0	935 30 4	6,860 14 4	1,300	
Muddehpoora	Ditto ...	50,000 0 0	50,000 38 0	10,464 22 0	Nil	Nil	397 25 0	357 35 0	537 13 0	11,759 14 0	1,500	
Lalpore	Ditto ...	10,000 0 0	10,000 0 0	2,117 3 0	Nil	32 30 0	393 0 0	Nil	261 11 0	2,804 4 0	600	
Total	.....	85,000 0 0	85,000 38 0	16,104 34 0	Nil	374 30 0	1,797 25 0	1,412 20 0	1,734 13 4	21,423 32 4	3,400	
Grand Total	.....	1,76,956 10 0	1,78,853 8 0	28,631 20 2	232 2 8	1,093 26 8	13,753 17 0	2,859 4 2	5,007 10 8	51,967 0 12	7,560	

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the District of Bhagulpore on the dates nearest to the 11th June 1874 for which returns may be available.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Name of Circle.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	Total quantity of Government grain consumed up to date. By sale to public or to laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots or to zemindars.	By payment in kind to laborers	Total.	Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.
Soopool Sub-Division.		Maunds.	Maunds.	Maunds. Public.	Maunds. Laborers	Maunds.	Mds. Ryots.	Maunds. Zemindars.	Maunds.	Maunds.	Maunds.
Soopool Circle.									
Soopool	... ...	1,30,000	1,16,477	23,803	7,332	1,203	566	5,446	1,875	40,225	
Chundail	July 8th...	10,000	10,212	3,505	2,703	712	...	487	753	8,160	6,000
Botowlee		8,000	8,000	1,689	.....	365	...	281	118	3,453	
Hurdee		10,000	10,000	4,553	1,300	480	329	451	858	7,971	
Total ...	... ...	1,58,000	1,44,689	33,550	11,335	2,760	895	6,665	4,604	59,809	
Naradigur Circle.									
Nowabakur	July 8th ...	30,000	30,000	14,910	1,193	5,131	27	481	2,951	24,693	
Dugmurrah	July 1st ...	30,000	30,000	6,727	.....	2,598	...	391	869	10,584	6,000
Roshwar	July 8th...	40,000	40,000	13,650	.....	737	...	173	2,666	17,226	
Nurgo* (Personee) ...		20,000	20,000	3,933	1,995	1155	...	86	7	7,176	
Total ...	... ...	1,20,000	1,20,000	39,219	3,188	96,21	27	1,131	6,493	59,679	
Simrahi and Bhuloea Circle.									
Peepra	July 8th...	20,000	20,000	2,418	2,134	851	3,098	2,676	2,009	13,186	7,500
Pertabgunge		30,000	30,000	8,247	380	317	4,585	1,551	1,126	16,206	
Bhuloea		20,000	20,000	11,022	1,151	146	787	2,120	92	15,318	
Simrahi		40,000	40,000	10,088	900	1,469	6,825	2,502	2,111	23,955	
Nathpore	July 1st ...	10,000	10,000	1,204	68	461	3,349	.....	64	5,146	
Bheemnuggur	July 8th ...	5,000	5,052	405	.....	86	776	38	505	1,870	
Ryeli Dulgaon ...	July 1st ...	8,000	8,000	35	65	272	2,019	.....	140	2,531	
Total ...	... ...	1,33,000	1,33,052	33,419	4,698	3,602	21,439	8,947	6,107	78,213	
Ekar and Bongaon Circle.									
Ekar	July 8th ...	60,000	51,086	12,042	5,850	3,021	1,023	3,979	7,069	32,784	10,000
Simani (Tilub)... ...		20,000	20,051	4,829	1,525	2,059	1,806	188	246	11,253	
Notha		10,000	10,251	1,738	3,475	857	21	.....	188	6,279	
Bongaon		30,000	32,219	9,867	3,104	1,947	3,605	3,000	430	20,953	
Burgaon		5,000	4,732	.....	.....	1,359	32	.....	621	2,012	
Puchgachia		20,000	14,372	4,266	1,025	376	38	212	1,421	7,368	
Moheshi...		10,000	10,059	1,795	3,020	154	1,188	199	7	6,363	
Total ..	... ...	1,55,000	1,42,770	33,537	17,799	1,0373	7,713	7,608	9,982	8,7012	
Court of Wards' Sub-Division.									
Naradigur Circle.									
Chandpoepur . .	July 8th...	11,400	11,482	.....	8,466	35	1,301	.....	.....	9,802	2,500
Bhuplihaa		11,400	11,504	.....	8,050	332	787	.....	.....	9,178	
Burhura		9,333	9,383	.....	2,467	523	2,089	.....	.....	5,078	
Total ...	... ...	32,133	32,319	.....	18,992	890	4,176	.....	.....	24,058	
Grand Total ...	... ...	5,98,133	5,72,829	1,39,725	56,012	2,7240	34,250	24,351	27,186	3,03,770	32,000

* The figures given in former returns were wrong, the error has been now corrected.

Statement of Relief, Month 25th May, 24th June 1874.

Circle.	In poor-houses, hospitals, &c.	House-to-house.	Light labor.	Spinning.	Weaving.	Other means.	Total.	Comparison with previous month.
Simrahi ...	69	3,360	2,785	269	135	800	7,418	+ 4,448
Bhuloea ...	266	1,848	1,584	676	227	...	4,601	+ 2,526
Naradigur (estimate) ...	200	16,000	3,300	500	100	..	20,100	— 50
Soopool ...	88	4,602	1,490	930	88	...	7,495	+ 2,470
Ekar ..	142	8,395	756	620	120	1,800	11,833	+ 4,263
Bungaon ...	239	949	1,235	405	52	...	2,880	+ 660
Kamp (estimate) ...	20	800	880	320	70	...	2,070	+ 490
Bhowanipore ...	79	616	889	326	80	2	1,492	+ 289
Total ...	1,103	36,660	12,608	4,046	870	2,602	57,889	+ 15,096
Last day, June 24th.								
Simrahi ...	66	2,360	3,312	240	68	739	7,785	+ 4,759
Bhuloea ...	109	1,848	433	510	207	...	3,107	— 566
Naradigur ...	150	10,000	1,900	500	100	...	17,950	— 3,550
Soopool ...	85	4,602	1,310	643	111		6,847	+ 661
Ekar ...	118	8,395	Nil.	515	175	1,751	10,954	+ 3,447
Bungaon .	232	949	1,811	439	28	...	3,459	+ 1,281
Kamp (estimate) ..	12	800	450	320	70	...	1,652	+ 72
Bhowanipore ...	30	616	...	285	81	...	1,012	+ 126
Total ...	802	36,660	8,522	3,452	840	2,490	52,766	+ 6,180

V. T. Taylor, *Collector.*

No. 2269F, dated Purneah, the 15th July 1874.

From—W. K[illegible]ble, Esq., Magistrate and Collector, Purneah,

To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

I have the honor to submit my narrative for the fortnight ending 11th July.

A.

Private trade still continues active; long lines of carts can be seen bringing grain into the bazar from Caragolah.

In Purneah prices have continued at 10½ to 11 seers. At Kissengunge the price last reported is 9½ seers. In the Muniharee thana, in the south of the district, the prices have fallen to 12 seers per rupee, and in Kudbah to 11 seers.

From Barsoe it is reported that trade is brisk in the hât: paddy was selling at 17 seers for a rupee; on the last hât-day private rice was disposed of in larger quantities than usual at 10 seers the rupee: this paddy and rice was brought in boats from the south; and Government rice was being sold at the usual rates.

From Kissengunge, where Mr. Craven has again taken charge of the sub-division from Lieutenant Carnac, who has been obliged to leave his duties, it is reported that prices do not fall owing to the doubt which prevails whether the winter crop has not been damaged by the heavy rain. Mr. Craven says that he does not think there will be any fall in the prices till the November crop is pretty well secured to the people.

Weather and Crops.—In Arrareeah prices remain unchanged. The incessant rain has done much harm to the indigo. In every concern the outturn has been bad, in most very bad. In consequence of the bad season many persons who are usually engaged at this season in cutting and carting plant, in filling vats, &c., &c., have been thrown out of employment.

Fortunately, most of the indigo factories are situated in that part of the district which did not suffer from the drought of last year, and to all the factories in the distressed area rice has been sent. The early and heavy rain has done considerable damage to the janera rice, and in some places to the Indian-corn.

From Kissengunge Mr. Craven reports that "the bhadoi crop is safe, and may be reckoned at the full 16 annas; but the aghani has suffered considerably, particularly in the lowlands of Bahadoorgunge. Mr. Bertelsen has done his best to help the ryots by cutting bunds here and there, and by making small canals to drain off the water."

While the rivers continue so high from the rain in the hills, it is not possible to do much in the way of drainage. From Arrareeah Mr. Rattray reports that, though the rain has been very heavy, he believes no injury has been done to the crops; the prospects are very bright.

In Bulrampore and in many other parts of the country, people have been obliged to cut the early janera crop before the proper time in order to save as much of it as had ripened; about half was saved in this way. An unusually large area has been sown with this description of rice this year, which is not a staple crop of the country; the result cannot be considered as altogether bad.

Our greatest fears are for the aghani; plenty of time is yet left for transplanting and even for sowing; but if the heavy rains do not cease soon, the young plants in the nurseries will be washed away, as the fields have too much water in them to allow of transplanting going on as quickly as it should. Mr. Bertelsen, at Bahadoorgunge, says that much damage has already been done. This, I hope, is not irremediable.

Koosee Inundations.—Inundations from the Ganges, the Panar, the Mahanuddy, and other smaller rivers in this district, do good if the waters subside tolerably quickly; but a Koosee flood, which brings down only sands from the hills, is most destructive. For many years this river has been working gradually westward, and the lands in zillah Gondwarah have been brought under cultivation. This year, however, a large volume of water has come down the old eastern channel, and has overflowed, causing great destruction to the promising crops of Indian corn and early rice.

The last reports show that the water is subsiding; but if the sun comes out, and the bhadoi remains inundated sufficiently long for the water which covers it to get heated, it cannot recover, and a fine crop will be lost. A further report on this subject will be submitted.

Rainfall.—The rainfall this last week has been enormous:

Sudder	...	...	...	6·37
Kissengunge	...	...	...	9·14
Arrareeah	...	...	...	7·32

The statement of grain-thefts, &c., is annexed; it shows a considerable decrease compared with the last, viz., 16 against 31.

B.

Mr. Cordner's progress report is annexed; the total number employed is 66,444, and the daily average 9,492. The number shown in the week's return submitted last fortnight was 75,365, and the daily average 10,766, except in one gola Bibigunge, on the north road, which is exceptionally difficult of access. Supplies of grain have not failed, and payments have, except on this north road, been invariably made in grain.

On the north road it appears that Rs. 580 have been paid in cash, and grain to the value of Rs. 3,815 distributed. Mr. Cordner has reported that this course was in some instances adopted, because at the Koorsakatta gola, the store-keeper wished to hand over, without weighment, as 2 maunds, bags of grain said to contain that quantity. The officer in charge of the works refused to take delivery, and paid his men in cash. Difficulties also arose in conveying grain from the golas to the works; the goladar failed, in accordance with instructions given by Mr. Rattray, to provide ponies, and nothing was done by the Department Public Works officers to supply the omission. I have issued directions which will, I hope, prevent similar mistakes being made in future.

I have pointed out to the District Engineer that it is the duty of his subordinates to use their utmost endeavours to get grain for their laborers whenever the relief officer's arrangements may fail. Mr. Cordner, I regret to say, has refused to carry out these instructions.

The relief officer's returns show a daily average of 11,215 persons employed on roads during the last fortnight. No road or tank-work at all is going on in Kudbah or Dengrah; all the old and weak not able to work in the fields are here supplied with cotton and jute, or are provided with some other kind of light labor.

In Arrareeah Mr. Rattray has kept on large gangs of laborers on his roads, which can still be worked at this time in many parts of his sub-division. I am afraid, though, that the employment of able-bodied men keeps labor from the fields, and I have issued strict orders to him to guard against this.

A copy of return C. from relief officers is annexed.

C.

Boats from Maldah are now arriving fast at Dengrah; our supply of small boats is not sufficient for carrying on the grain as fast as it arrives. There is, however, plenty of storage room available.

Dengrah has proved an excellent site for a depôt; carts can reach it from Purneah and from Kissengunge, and it is accessible by boats from Motiharee on the far north-west corner of Arrareeah, and from Kalliagunge in the east of Kishengunge. Now that the rivers are full, boats are despatched to nearly all the Bahadoorgunge golas.

Bulrampore has been supplied with its full quantity, and small boats and ponies supplied from Kudbah work all through the circle.

Up in Kissengunge the want of ferries has been much felt. For all the principal rivers arrangements are now made.

In Bahadoorgunge the navigation of the Kankai has been found most difficult, and the country being very low, both the large and the small streams spread out into such

numerous arms and branches, that carriage by land and boat is equally difficult; in the neighboring circle of Arrareeah the rivers run between more defined banks, and consequently carriage is far easier. Grain, which was despatched from Dengrah at same time for both circles, has reached its destination in the latter, while the boats for the golas in the former circle are still struggling against the streams.

D.

No changes under this head.

E.

No advances were made during the fortnight.

F.

I am not able to submit a complete return of persons in receipt of charitable relief, as this fortnight does not fall in with the end of a month.

From such returns as I have received, I have compiled the annexed table, which shows the daily average of persons relieved. A full return will go in at the end of the month.

Sudder.—Mr. Meiklejohn's average number of persons in receipt of uncooked food is 1,588; last month it was 1,140: the increase is due to the stoppage of petty road-work.

The poor have been largely assisted by a distribution of cloth made in many cases by themselves. Mr. Meiklejohn has been directed to give fuller particulars in his next report.

Dengrah.—Mr Thornton, at Dengrah, has provided work in spinning and weaving to the old and infirm, who, turned off the roads, cannot find employment in the fields.

He is also increasing the distribution of village tickets, which entitle the holder to 14 days' supply of grain.

Kusba Amour.—Gratuitous relief has been extended here, and some few clothes and 40 pieces of cloth given away.

Mr. Gouldsbury has all along worked his sales very well, and under a good system he now sells 1,600 maunds a week at 40 centres, and about 400 a week at his head-quarters. These will be extended; a little road-work is still going on; turfing and finishing off the earth-work thrown up.

Kudbah.—Mr. Perry has now little distress here to deal with; he has done good service in collecting ponies for other officers whose transport arrangements are backward.

Bulrampore.—Lieutenant Coles here is fortunate in being able to reach most of his minor golas by water; he has visited the greater part of his circle, and has all his arrangements well in hand; he sells about 1,700 maunds a week through moodies, and also a large quantity at the Barsoe hât; he has still about 2,000 women and children on petty works.

Kissengunge.—The minor golas here are now all well stocked. Mr. Craven reports that this work has been accomplished in the face of great difficulties; in the minor golas are now stocked 21,000 maunds, which, at the present rate of expenditure, will last up to the 25th; but the boats having found their way up the rivers, supplies will continue to flow in regularly. At Kissengunge were 2,500 people still on relief works.

Bahadoorgunge.—Here the minor golas which had been fully stored have been very nearly emptied, 7,686 maunds only remaining; boats are arriving, so sales will go on freely.

The people here are not in want of money but grain; in the extreme north they had good crops, which were disposed of too soon; advances consequently are not generally needed. 719 persons were relieved by distribution of thread and cotton—a mode of relief successfully worked here.

Arrareeah.—Transport has gone well here, and some advances, which Mr. Rattray thought necessary, have been made in the neighbourhood of Motiharee. The village-ticket system has been extended, 3,027 persons being relieved in that way.

Mr. Rattray is fortunate in being able to work both boats and pack-ponies, of which he has 564 at work. He has expended a large quantity of grain, having advanced over 42,000 maunds.

G.—Financial Results of the Fortnight.

The expenditure reported last fortnight amounted to Rs. 7,77,006-3-3+25,171-1-4 = 8,02,177-4-7.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Village roads	10,468	0	0
District Engineer	1,80,000	0	0
Planters and others, for district road repairs ...	8,915	2	0
Purchase of tools and plant	5,351	2	6
Transport of grain	4,56,305	6	1

	Rs.	A.	P.
Advanced to residents for purchase of grain ...	70,225	0	0
Advanced to zemindars to assist their ryots ...	32,600	0	0
Advanced to Lieutenant W. Coles, on account of pay ...	150	0	0
Office establishment	1,174	10	7
Office contingencies	2,520	9	3
Gola establishment	3,921	6	2
Advanced for purchase of fodder	2,014	2	0
Advance for cart tracks	1,500	0	0
Deputation allowance of Mr. Baker	757	2	3
Construction of goladar's house	148	6	0
Construction of golas	26,080	5	9
Gola contingencies	46	0	0
Total ...	8,02,177	4	7

Expenditure during the Fortnight.

Transport of grain—

	Rs.	A.	P.			
Payments to contractors on account of cart-hire for grain transport				2,121	9	9
Gola establishment				711	1	6
Gola contingencies				31	0	0
Office establishment				339	8	0
Office contingencies				266	10	10
Deputation allowances to E. B. Baker, Esq., District Grain Officer	200	0	0			
Ditto, H. B. Munro, Esq., Assistant District Grain Officer	200	0	0			
Ditto, D. O. Meiklejohn, Esq., Relief Superintendent	561	0	0	961	0	0
Total ...				4,430	14	1

W. KEMBLE,
Magistrate and Collector.

Statement showing the Theft of Grain reported in the District of Purneah, from 28th June to 11th July 1874.

Names of Stations.	Number of cases reported.	Worth of grain stolen.		
		Rs.	A.	P.
Arrareeah	4	19	12	0
Motiharee	2	6	6	0
Kalliagunge	3	27	8	0*
Bahadoorgunge	3	10	2	0
Sudder	1	0	10	0
Bulrampore	1	0	11	9
Muniharee	1	9	0	0
Kissengunge	1	1	8	3
Total ..	16	75	10	0

* In one case value not known.

C.—*Abstract Statement of Men, Women, and Children employed on other works than those under the Public Works Department in the District of Purneah during the* 14 *days ending Saturday, the* 11*th July* 1874.

Name of Work.	Total number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Mean daily number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Number of persons employed on the last of the 14 days.				Rate of food-grain per rupee.			
	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Rice.	Dál.	Grain.	Maize.
Sudder ... {Tank ... ... / Road ... ...}	555 / 3,788	1,329 / 5,079	128 / 907	2,012 / 9,774	39 / 271	98 / 363	9 / 65	143 / 699	... / ...	... / ...	... / ...	... / ...	... / ...	... / ...	... / ...	... / ...
Kusbah Amour Road	780	24,357	11,961	37,098	56	1,740	854	2,650	56	1,683	879	2,620	10	9	13	26
Kissengunge ... {Tank ... ... / Road ... ...}	6,798 / 1,134	9,938 / 316	7,560 / 270	24,321 / 1,720	746 / 81	1,006 / 23	856 / 20	2,608 / 124	... / 281	... / 93	... / 58	... / 432	... / ...	... / ...	... / ...	... / ...
Bahadoorgunge Road	10,338	702	2,415	13,455	738	50	173	961	1,399	131	468	1,998	...	...	...	...
Arrareeah ... Road	22,624	12,354	9,622	44,603	1,616	882	687	3,185	1,721	1,295	837	3,853	...	...	...	...
Total number employed ...	51,890	55,096	26,934	134,822	3,967	4,294	2,954	11,215	4,875	3,680	3,225	11,780	.	...	...	..

Table showing the Average Number of Persons on receipt of Relief as far as can be ascertained from (imperfect) Return received.

By cooked food		269
By uncooked food		6,791
In poor-houses		257
By village-relief tickets		7,694
By light-labor tickets		9,630
By spinning		26
By weaving		10
By other means		85
Total	...	24,722

Purneah,
The 16*th July* 1874.

W. Kemble,
Magistrate and Collector.

Return of Sick and Infirm treated in the Purneah District Hospitals for the Fortnight ending 11*th July* 1874.

Names of Poor-houses.	Remained.	Admitted	Total.	Cured.	Relieved.	Absconded.	Died.	Remaining.	Remarks.
Sudder	Returns not received.								
Dengrah									
Kusba Ameur	13	10	23	9	9	...	...	5	The deaths are due to—
Kudbah	8	90	98	83	...	...	1	14	
Bulrampore	18	11	29	8	...	3	1	17	Diarrhœa ... 2
Nunkurpore	29	78	107	78	...	2	...	27	Fever ... 1
Dholbaja	15	33	48	29	..	...	...	19	
Bahadoorgunge	10	21	31	13	2	..	1	15	Total ... 3
Total ...	93	243	336	220	11	5	3	97	

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the District of Purneah for the Fortnight ending Saturday, the 11th July 1874.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
NAMES OF CIRCLES.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	TOTAL QUANTITY OF GRAIN CONSUMED UP TO DATE. By sale to the public or to D. P. W. laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots.	By payments in kind to laborers.	Total.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Sudder ... ... { As per last return	...	...	8,441	1,904	12,633	6,454	29,432
{ During the fortnight	71,000	8,996	2,926	577	500	366	4,369
Dengrah ... ... { As per last return	...	...	10,064	792	10,223	1,342	22,471
{ During the fortnight	80,000	28,384	2,679	270	550	724	4,223
Kusbah Amour ... { As per last return	.....	.	11,397	2,319	7,490	5,531	26,737
{ During the fortnight	38,000	5,225	3,373	466	.....	732	4,511
Buirampore ... { As per last return	...	...	19,442	1,528	80	1,280	22,080
{ During the fortnight	57,500	20,652	3,330	179	.....	466	4,025
Kudbah . ... { As per last return	.....	. .	3,515	1,700	17,111	3,344	25,670
{ During the fortnight	62,000	10,844	2,190	155	.....	132	2,477
Kissengunge ... { As per last return	. .	.... .	11,796	1,881	1,517	9,144	24,338
{ During the fortnight	64,600	20,156	3,800	2,400	1,500	750	8,450
Bahadoorgunge ... { As per last return	.....	..	17,337	4,197	2,263	11,210	35,007
{ During the fortnight	40,400	4,333	406	432	500	1,850	3,188
Arrareeah ... ... { As per last return	.....	.	17,201	29,595	42,671	17,691	1,07,158
{ During the fortnight	56,500	10,631	2,757	1,428	18,779	998	23,962
Kalliagunge ... { As per last return	.....	. .	467	318	24	.....	809
{ During the fortnight	. ....	7,412	3,200	505	209	198	4,112
Despatched for Maldah	1,50,000	... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
To be sent from Godagaree	1,00,000	. . ..	. . .	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total ...	7,50,000	1,16,633	{ 99,680	44,014	94,252	55,996	2,93,902
			{ 24,711	6,352	22,038	6,216	59,317
			1,24,371	50,366	1,16,270	62,213	3,53,219

DISTRICT PURNEAH.

Statement of Dacoities, Robberies, and Thefts for the Month of June 1874, and the corresponding Months of the year 1872-73, as called for by Government Letter No. 4081, dated 20th December 1873.

		Head-quarters Division, Purneah.	Sub-Division Kissengunge.	Sub-Division Arrareeah.
Dacoity—				
Headings Nos. 30 and 31, Crime Return ...	Month of June 1874 ...	3	3	.....
Robbery—				
Headings Nos. 32 and 33, Crime Return ...	Month of June 1874 ...	...	...	1
Theft—				
Heading No. 43, Crime Return ...	Month of June 1874 ...	21	50	5
	Corresponding month of June 1873 ...	13	12	.....
	Corresponding month of June 1872 ...	13	10	.....
House-breaking and theft—				
Headings Nos. 35, 36, and 42, Crime Return ...	Month of June 1874 ...	23	3	6
	Corresponding month of June 1873 ...	31	13	11
	Corresponding month of June 1872 ...	18	8	6
Total of all four crimes ...	Month of June 1874 ...	47	56	12
	Corresponding month of June 1873 ...	44	25	11
	Corresponding month of June 1872 ...	31	18	6

W. O. LEWIS,
Court Inspector.

Dated 7th July 1874.

Statement showing the Number of Persons relieved by Roy Lutchmiput Singh, Bahadoor, at his Khas and Putnee Zemindaries in the District of Purneah for the period ending Saturday, the 11th July 1874.

Names of Relief Centres.	Relief by cooked food.				Daily average.	Relief by uncooked food.				Daily average.	Number of laborers employed.
	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.		Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.		
Hussengunge, including Khanda ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	102	1,094	229	2,025	144·64	.....
Chowki Nurgaddee*	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	... ..	.....	... .	.....	.....
Kudwah	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	100	412	98	610	43·56	.....
Arrecahuah	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	133	1,333	340	1,806	128·93	... ..
Lutchmipore Toolsa	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	338	1,756	1,178	3,272	233·71	.....
Purneah—											
Hindoos	326	146	109	581	41·50	.. ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.... .
Mahomedans	408	686	384	1,478	105·57	.....	.....	.....	... ..	. ..	198
Putnee Mehals, consisting of 28 mouzahs...	... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,170	7,740	2,610	11,520	384 00	.....
Total ...	734	832	493	2,059	147·7	1,843	12,034	4,455	19,232	934·83	198
Total of Col. No. 5 ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	147·7	
										1081·90	

* Return not yet received.

Purneah,
The 13th July 1874.

Bishun Chund,
Agent for Roy Lutchmiput Singh, Bahadoor.

Relief Return of the Purneah District for the Fortnight ending Friday, the 10th July 1874.

Area of sub-division in square miles	4,951
Population	1,714,796
Number of relief circles	9
Number of villages	4,179
Amount of grain stored, in maunds	1,16,633

Average daily number of persons on Government or Court of Wards' relief works—

Managed through Public Works Department subordinates	9,112
Managed direct by circle officers or local agency	11,215
Total ...	20,327
Average daily number of persons receiving gratuitous or charitable relief	7,318

Number of *known* cases of starvation death—

Up to date of last return	7

Grain disposed of up to date of last return.	Up to date of last return.	During the fortnight.	Total to date.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
1. Sale to laborers	55,996	6,216	62,212
2. „ to public	99,660	24,711	1,24,371
3. In charitable relief	44,014	6,352	50,366
4. Advanced to ryots	94,232	22,038	1,16,270
Total ...	2,93,902	59,317	3,53,219

Purneah,
The 16th July 1874.

W. Kemble,
Magistrate and Collector.

PURNEAH DISTRICT.

Progress Report of Famine Relief Works for the Week ending Saturday, the 4th July 1874.

Names of Roads.	Progress in marking out relief works.	Progress in opening works.	Number of laborers thereon.				Supply of food thereat.		Condition of laborers, and general feature of the country.	Mode of payment.	Rate of wages.	Arrangement for tools.	Disbursement during the week.
			Class I.	Class II A.	Class II B.	Total.	Amount of Government grain sold to laborers.	Proceeds of sale.					
							Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.					Rs. A. P.
Road No. 1, Purneah to Kootgumah.	The whole line of road, about 40 miles in length, has been fixed, and estimate in progress.	3 parties working.	3,461	.....	.....	3,461	232 11	582 6 1	The number of laborers on this road is gradually decreasing, but few being now employed except on the dressing and grassing of the slopes of banks that have been thrown up. There have been heavy floods in this portion of the country, and at present from Sirsee to the western boundary of the district there is one sheet of water. It is feared that owing to the constant rain for some time past and early floods the crops will suffer a little in some places for want of proper weeding.	The system of paying the laborers in grain in place of in cash has now been in force since the 23rd of May, and it is giving general satisfaction to the people on our works. In fact, I believe that if the option was now given to them to choose between grain and cash payments, the former would be almost universally preferred. The laborers are wholly paid in grain, and they find a ready and profitable sale for any that they may earn over and above that required for their own consumption. The following arrangements have been made for paying the laborers in grain:— The Sircar or Mohurir measures up the work done by each gang (our work being now universally carried on by contract), and gives a pay-order to the Duffadar for the amount of grain, according to the value of the work done. The Duffadar takes this pay-order to the nearest Government moodie's shop, and after receiving the grain distributes it to his gang.	Orders have been issued to stop the earth-work and only to employ our laborers on the dressing and grassing of the banks that have been thrown up. The rates for dressing the surface of the roads and slopes vary from 4 seers to 12 seers per 100 running feet of bank, and depend chiefly on the way in which the earth-work has been thrown up. The higer rates are only given in cases where the banks have been throw up in a very rough way by unskilled laborers. The rate for turfing the slopes is 12 seers per 1,000 superficial feet, an increase of one seer being given for every 100 feet extra lead beyond one chain. The rates for Class II A are:— Seers. Men ... ... 11 to 12 Women ... 1 Children ... ¾	Every effort has been made to induce the laborers to bring their own tools, but it is to be regretted that this has not been attended with any very great success, and especially since we began to issue large quantities of Government tools to each of the works. When the works were first started but very few Government tools were issued, and most of the laborers who came to our works brought their own. It was feared, however, that villagers were beginning to think that it was no use applying for work unless they brought kodalis, so that, after a consultation with the Magistrate, tools were issued to each work; and now, as a rule, the laborers work with Government tools. These remarks only apply to the unprofessional laborers, as they and others, as a rule, have their own tools and bring them to the works.	582 6 1
Road No. 2, Natnpore to Etwaree.	The whole line, 82 miles in length, laid out and levelled; estimate in progress.	12 parties at work.	23,572	4,271	.....	27,843	1,748 15	4,395 10 8	The number of laborers on this road is much the same as last reported. A great number of those now employed are professional laborers, and it is believed that most of those who could get field-work have left. Employment is now chiefly given in repairs and the dressing and grassing of the slopes. There has been very heavy rain all over this part of the district, and the low lands are now flooded. The crops, though looking well, sadly require weeding in many places, but owing to the incessant rain and the early floods this has not been properly done. A few bright days would be of inestimable advantage to the country generally. Rice is very scarce in this portion of the district, and the zemindars are constantly applying to the officer in charge of the works to be allowed to purchase Government rice. There has been a small cash expenditure this week owing to difficulties in getting rice from the Government golas to make grain payments.			Payment in grain. 3,815 10 8 Payment in cash. 580 0 0
													4,395 10 8
Road No. 3, Kissengunge to Tilalya.	40 miles of old G. and D. road laid out, and estimate submitted for sanction	1 party	25	.....	.....	25	.....	.....	The turfing of the slopes has just been commenced.				

Names of Roads.	Progress in marking out relief works.	Progress in opening works.	Number of laborers thereon.				Supply of food thereat.		Condition of laborers, and general feature of the country.	Mode of payment.	Rate of wages.	Arrangement for tools.	Disbursement during the week.
			Class I.	Class II A.	Class II B.	Total.	Amount of Government grain sold to laborers.	Proceeds of sale.					
							Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.					Rs. A. P.
No. 4, Kissengunge to Nekmurd.	The whole line laid out and levelled; estimate submitted.	2 parties at work.	2,781	.....	.....	2,781	216 15	676 13 3	The number of laborers on this road is rapidly decreasing, nearly half of them having left since last week. Those at present on the works are employed in dressing and grassing the slopes, and finishing up some earth-work here and there that was left undone. The bhadoi crop is in a flourishing condition, but we want some fine dry days to allow of agricultural operations being proceeded with.	.....	.....	.....	576 13 3
Road No. 5, Dengra Ghât to Toorkelly.	Whole line laid out, levelled, surveyed, and estimate submitted.	4 parties...	5,457	.....	.....	5,457	187 14	499 9 7	The number of laborers on this road is much the same as last reported. Many of those who are now on the work divide their attention between the road and their fields. Owing to the constant rain that has fallen during the last week a great part of the country through which this road runs is now flooded. The crops are looking well, and only require plenty of weeding to give a first-rate outturn.	.....	.....	.....	499 9 7
Road No. 6, Dengra Ghât to Bhopla Tajpore.	Whole line laid out, levelled, and surveyed: estimate submitted.	4 parties...	6,246	301	.....	6,547	247 24	659 5 0	The number on this road has slightly increased since last report. They are almost all employed on contract-work, except a few on task-work, who are engaged clearing the old embankment of jungle and roots of trees. The crops are looking well, and there is every prospect of a good harvest. The condition of the people is generally much improved.	.....	.....	.....	659 5 0
No. 7, Bulrampore to Tarapore.	The whole line laid out, levelled, and surveyed, and estimate submitted.	4 parties.	8,381	1,078	.....	9,463	858 20	2,289 5 4	The number at work on this road has been considerably reduced since last report. Heavy floods now cover a great portion of the country traversed by this road, and it is to be feared that the incessant rain we have had for some time past and the early floods are not benefiting the crops in this part of the country, especially so as a great deal of weeding remains to be done.	.....	.....	.....	2,289 5 4

No 9, Kudbah to Barsoe	The whole line has been laid out, and estimate submitted for sanction.	2 parties .	2,450	91	.....	2,541	218 12	583 7 6	The number of laborers on this road remains much the same as last week; more than half of them are professional beldars, and they are now exclusively engaged in dressing and turfing the banks which have been thrown up. Towards the Mahanuddy river and in the low lands heavy floods at present prevail. The crops are looking well, and appear to have received more attention as regards weeding than in ther places commenced on.	.....	.....	.....	583 7 6
No. 16, Purneah to Kudbah.	The whole line has been laid out.	1 party ..	1,105	.....	.....	1,105	58 10	147 5 4	The earth-work on this road has been completed, and there now remains only the dressing and grassing of the slopes, on which the laborers are now engaged. The crops are looking well, and give good promise of a plentiful harvest.	.....	.....	.....	147 5 4
No. 22, Kissengunge to Badoorgunge.	Line laid out, and estimate submitted.	1 party ...	1,012	.....	.....	1,012	16 28	44 8 9	The numbers on this work are slightly reduced since last report. But little work can be carried on owing to the way in which the country is flooded. The earth-work has been stopped, and only dressing and grassing of the slopes is now in progress.	.....	.....	.....	44 8 9
No. 24 ...	Repairs to the old existing roads.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	Repairs are being carried on by a contractor.				
Road No. 35, Mohendergore to Sadgunge.	Repairs and embanking district roads.	1 party ...	66	.....	.....	66	18 22	49 7 5	This work has been stopped	.....	.....	.....	49 7 5
Road No. 36—4, Chownagra to Bulrampore.	Line marked out, and estimate submitted for sanction.	2 parties...	2,440	383	.....	2,823	111 3	296 3 9	The number of laborers on this work has decreased since last week, as many have left for work in the fields. The condition of the people generally in this part of the country is much improved.	.....	.....	.....	296 3 9

R. A. CORDNER,
Executive Engineer, Purneah District.

No. 676—S.R., dated Doomka, the 15th July 1874.

From—JOHN BOXWELL, Esq., Offg. Deputy Commissioner of Sonthal Pergunnahs,

To—The Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

I HAVE the honor to submit my narrative for the fortnight ending the 12th instant.

2. The second fortnight of the rains has passed; and all the good hopes given by the first have been more than fulfilled. Both the people and the country are in good condition, and there is no reason to believe they will not continue so.

A.—STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

Supplies are short in Rajmehal. Orders have been given to sell Government rice there to the public; but too recently for me to report the result. Generally prices are lower, and Mr. Grant reports from Godda that private stores are coming out pretty freely. It is not easy to say what the state of the market generally is, or to draw inferences from what can be ascertained, because large advances made in odd places in the district are a disturbing influence, the effect of which is hard to calculate. It is enough to say that between private and public stores we have grain enough.

Reports from Godda, Deoghur, Rajmehal, and Moheshpore, show the condition of the crops everywhere to be good. During the fortnight I have visited Pakour in Ambar, and seen Mr. Stewart at Rajmehal.

I shall give an account of affairs in Ambar.

More than a week ago I got a report of distress in Ambar sent by Sub-Deputy Baboo Ishwari Prasad to Mr. Wood, by Mr. Wood to the Commissioner, and by the Commissioner to me.

The Baboo's information was very minute, and was chiefly to the effect that a number of people had no food in their houses.

Mr. Wood supposed that the landlord, Baboo Gopi Lal Pauri, had been excessively harsh with his tenants, and by selling their cattle for arrears of rent, had caused distress.

At the same time the abkari darogah had caught an old Sonthal woman carrying off refuse mahowa from the distillery to eat.

Mr. Wood proposed the immediate import of 10,000 maunds of rice. Ambar lies about the station of Pakour on the loop line, East Indian Railway. The zemindar lives at Pakour. I had been there in May. There was then a very loud clamour that neither landlord nor mahajuns would help the people. Villagers, chiefly Mussulmans, collected and petitioned me to do something very active immediately. As the people looked strong and healthy, I had time to listen to the zemindar's story, which was very short and easy to understand. The people had had fair crops, but not good. They were worse off a good deal than in ordinary years. They were clamorous for money advances. The zemindar would not give them advances till rain fell. Then he would do whatever was right. The people were very loud in their cries that they would be dead before the rain came. The zemindar's words sounded fair, and I left the people to him, intending to return before long. Other business kept me away, and I was not able to go back to Ambar till last week, when Mr. Wood's letter came.

I went to Pakour and staid there for two days. I saw the zemindar, the abkaree darogah, numbers of villagers, and a good many villages.

I think I saw more land cultivated about Pakour than anywhere else in the district in an equal area. East of the railway is mostly flat rice land, cultivated by Bengali-Mussulmans. West is rolling country, the home of Sonthals. In the Bengali villages dhan had been sown everywhere, and some had been transplanted.

Transplanting was going on, and harrowing, and some ploughing. A great deal of rain had fallen. The corn looked very well, and there was very little land left uncultivated—less I think than I should have expected to see in an ordinary year.

About the baris was a little maize sown along with jute. I heard of a good deal of low land rice having been spoiled by a flood from the Ganges.

In the Sonthal country I saw a very great quantity of maize in excellent condition; not yet in flower, but likely to be so soon. There was also a large extent of country under dhan; and the people, men, women, and children, were actively engaged in ploughing, harrowing, transplanting, and weeding. Everywhere on both sides of the line the people looked in excellent condition. In one Sonthal village the few women left in the houses looked particularly well. The baris were as full of pigs, goats, and fowl as could be wished.

Baboo Gopi Lal Pauri told me he had advanced over Rs. 6,000 to his ryots since the rain began; and he promises to advance as much more as is necessary. I saw his annochatra. The people feeding there were nearly all women and children, and were not very hungry, for after their food was put before them they waited for the word of command before they began to eat, and then were in no hurry. The Baboo says a good deal of food is lost every day for want of eaters.

The whole time I was in the bungalow at Pakour, even till long after night-fall, I was besieged by crowds of ryots demanding help from Government.

Twice I met considerable numbers of these men at the zemindar's residence; and once the zemindar came to my bungalow to meet them. On all three occasions one or two mahajuns were present. Two or three of the same men, who seemed to be leaders, were constantly present.

I may say that not one man showed the faintest trace of having insufficient food. They were nearly all Mussulmans, with a few gangs of Sonthals.

The cry of the men was that they wanted advances. They admitted having received all that the zemindar said he had given. Their general answer was—"I know nothing about Rs. 6,000. He has only given Rs. 100 in my village. I only got Rs. 5, and I want Rs. 20." Not one man said he had got a paisa more or less than the landlord said he had given. They even repeated in angry tones the exact words the zemindar used in describing his policy. "We want money, and the Rajah says he won't be our mahajun." "I tell them I will see their cultivation safe, but won't turn mahajun." The old mahajuns are advancing money in any required quantity to ryots who can give security, at about 25 per cent. The zemindar is advancing money in the quantities he himself thinks necessary to persons he thinks require it, without very much scrutiny of security, at 18 per cent. The ryots of course would like to borrow largely at low interest without security. I see no reason why they should be indulged. It is no object of ours, or of any one but themselves, to make them exceptionally well off this year. I think rajah and mahajun, supplementing each other as I have described, are doing precisely the work each can do best.

As I have said, both the people and the land generally are now in very good condition in the middle of the second of the three worst months. The people's bodies are fairly nourished; and the land is well sown, stocked, and cultivated. Either the people had seed, food, and cattle of their own, in which case the whole cry of distress was greatly in excess of the truth; or the mahajuns lent, or the zemindar lent, in which case complaints of failure of duty on the part of these persons were false; or, as is most likely, all three cases were true; the people had more than they said; the mahajuns lent more than was said; the zemindar both lent and abstained from exacting to a greater extent than the people said till they were pressed. Both zemindar and mahajuns know very well that the ryots' loss is their loss. If they have lent money enough to have people and land in proper order on the 15th of July, it is not likely they will let all their previous work be spoiled for the want of the necessary present expenditure. Neither the zemindar nor any one mahajun said a word about not being able to supply money. The zemindar repeatedly told me he had both money and grain enough for all necessities.

One ryot took me about two miles to show me some land left unsown for want of capital. Another man on the way pointed out as unsown some high grass land on both sides of a village road. It looked as if it never was cultivated, and is most likely common; but the first man did show me some high rice land which had only been ploughed once. I think the fact that I should be taken two miles through thickly cultivated rice land, to be shown about an acre of very high land once ploughed and looking dirty and neglected early in the transplanting season, is very strong evidence that there is nothing to complain of. When I mentioned this ryot's name to the zemindar, the answer was—"Come again a month hence, and try how much *patit* land you can find."

One stout-looking noisy gang of less than a dozen men complained to me that they were Wahabees, and therefore forbidden to give or take interest. Their own Wahabee mahajuns had failed, and they wanted the zemindar to lend to them, without interest, for the sake of their law. They thought it a very hard case that they should be laughed at. I asked the zemindar repeatedly if there was any necessity for bringing in more grain. He said he had taken 1,000 maunds, not because he wanted it, but because it had been suggested, and he did not like to decline. He had opened the annochatra, and had to send his own servants to eat the cooked food.

Under these circumstances I did not press the zemindar to take more grain, nor did I resolve to bring in grain myself, nor to open kitchens, nor yet did I think it necessary to follow up the Deputy Collector and look into the houses he had looked into. I have always thought this house examination a most fallacious test. All over the district for the last seven months I have been hearing of so many houses with not a grain in one, and still the people have held on well enough. Every fire brought out many maunds of unsuspected grain. I don't suppose the very poor laborers ever do have stores of grain. I am convinced the pergunnah of Ambar is in as good condition as any part of the district, and quite able to take care of itself.

The weather is all but perfect; it is not perfect only because in several places makai was beginning to droop from excessive moisture, but every officer says that crop is now looking as well as possible. Wherever I have been myself, the alternations of rain and sunshine have been exactly what I should have ordered if I had had the power.

There is nothing to report about crime, starvation, or misery.

The Jamtara narrative has just come in. It will be remembered that not very long ago this south-west corner of the district was giving very great anxiety, and that men and rice were sent there as quick as they could be moved. I quote a few sentences from Mr. Hand's narrative. On the bad side: "The stocks in the bazar are still low." "It is generally difficult to get more than 1 rupee or 2 rupees' worth of grain from any one retail vendor." On the good side: "Mahajuns in Kundahit Karaya have been induced to make advances." "All the mahajuns and landholders admitted they had some stocks, but only very little." "The rainfall has been very heavy" "Cultivation this year does not appear to be in the least backward." "The condition of the people has very considerably improved." "Though thin and emaciated people are not uncommon, still the numbers are fast decreasing." "I do not of course mean to infer by emaciated that extreme condition which precedes actual starvation." "I am not aware of any grain-thefts or robberies."

It will be seen from all this, either that the case was not so bad as was supposed, or that it yielded wonderfully to treatment. Mr. Wilmot, from Deogurh, reports as follows:—"The bhadoi crops are doing well, and have been cultivated to a considerably greater extent than usual. Indian-corn has been hoed, but is a little backward for want of sun. Sathi dhan, murwa, gundli, all look in very good order indeed. Keri, gundli, murwa, janera, may all be expected in five to six weeks. Sathi dhan in seven or eight weeks, from the present date, will be ready for reaping." Mr. Grant says the condition of the Godda people is greatly improved; and one of his reasons is, the large cultivators bringing out their stores.

Mr. Wood says "the improvement noted in my last report still continues."

Mr. Stewart's report is generally favorable; but in some villages seed-grain was declared deficient. Mr. Stewart has been lending money to buy. I saw Mr. Stewart at Rajmehal after he had sent off his report. He said there was seed enough, but only in the hands of rich men, and the poor could not buy. He reports that some Paharias were found in the hills in bad want of relief, which they got from Taljhari.

Cholera broke out, and 44 people died in one place in the Rajmehal sub-division A. native doctor promptly visited the place. There have been two or three cases near Doomka.

B.—Relief Works.

We are under orders to shut off work with all convenient speed, and we are doing so. The two Sultanabad roads, and the Godda and Hansdiha, have been stopped. Our bunds and tanks are all nearly finished, and the numbers of work people are greatly decreased.

As I reported last time, our works have not in the least degree interfered with agriculture.

The total daily average of laborers on the 15th of June was	...	32,468
On the 28th of June, it was	...	23,556
Now it is	...	15,905

We have thus got rid of more than half our labourers this past month.

Mr. Stewart informed me on Thursday last at Rajmehal that at that date no work was being paid for in cash in the sub-division.

Mr. Grant says in his narrative "payment in grain is the rule, and it has been introduced everywhere it is practicable."

Mr. Wilmot reports a kind of strike of coolies against grain payments on the Modhupur feeder road. I have no doubt he will make up all differences.

C.—Transport.

I have heard of no private importation. Our northern sub-division's transport and storage was finished long ago. My Maldah allotment has been turned into an order on Calcutta for a like quantity, to be drawn as required.

D.—Storage.

I have nothing of importance to report.

E.—Advances.

Rupees 100 advanced during the fortnight under the Land Improvement Act. A large quantity of rice has been advanced to landlords and others. I understand Mr. Wood to say he has given out 13,439 maunds altogether, of which 5,387 maunds is to be put down to the fortnight under report.

I have advanced 1,000 maunds to the zemindar of Pakour.

Mr. Grant has advanced 17,736 maunds to ryots during the fortnight.

I do not at all believe the quantity of rice given out in different parts of the district is any criterion whatever of the comparative condition. In some places we got in large stores in the dry weather, and much the best thing to do with them now is to lend them out. If I had a large store of rice in Doomka I could lend it, though I cannot sell it easily. Not having it, I can do without it.

Mr. Wilmot has lent out 92 maunds, and Mr. Hand 493 maunds, during the fortnight.

F.—Charitable Relief.

The numbers of persons are in—

Godda	1,299	The figures shown here are fortnightly totals. The others I presume are the same. This gives a charitable relief daily average of 246 for the district.
Deogurh	17	
Sultanabad	1,634	
Rajmehal	136	
Doomka	368	

Except Messrs. Wood and Wilmot, no one has given a complete and easily intelligible return of recipients of relief.

G.—Financial Results.

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Expenditure from the district and sub-divisional treasuries up to last narrative	.....	.....	1,34,086 2 3

Expenditure during the Fortnight under report.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Executive Engineer, S. P., as per progress report for the fortnight ending 4th July 1874, as follows :—			
No. 1, Doomka to Jamtara road ...	475 12 0		
„ 2, Katikund to Amrapara road	.....		
„ 3, Jarmundi to Deogurh road	552 15 9		
„ 4, Hansdiha and Godda road ...	550 0 3		
„ 6, Tinpahar and Bario road ...	534 0 0		
„ 7, Bario and Manihari road ...	726 0 0		
„ 10, Metalling of the Bhagulpore and Sooree road ...	281 6 0		
„ 13, Repairs to Bhagulpore and Sooree road	37 9 3		
„ 14, Bahawa to Barhait road ...	339 6 9		
„ 16, Pakour to Hiranpore road ...	375 14 6		
„ 17, Doomka station road ...	54 9 0		
„ 26, Brinda tank	14 0 0		
„ 29, Doomka to Maheshpore road	440 0 0		
„ 31, Bund at Kutikund ...	133 0 0		
„ 32, Bund at Boari ...	151 0 0		
„ 55, Mahespore to Hiranpore road	107 0 0	4,772 9 6	
Godda sub-divisional office, for the fortnight ending 4th July 1874, as per progress report ...	.....	6,972 6 4	
Deogurh sub-divisional office, as per progress report for the fortnight ending 4th July 1874 ...	.....	78 13 6	
Rajmehal sub-divisional office, as per progress report for the fortnight ending 27th June 1874 ...	.....	8,819 2 10	
Under Reverend H. P. Bœrresen for the period ending 4th July 1874 :—			
Tank in Benagaria	205 0 0		
Road from Benagaria to Kalipatha...	657 0 0		
Bund in Kurundar	328 0 0		
Tank in Ghatakpore	98 0 0		
Bund in Foolpahari	81 0 0		
Holes filled up in and near Sulunga	87 0 0	1,456 0 0	
Under W. M. Smith, Esq., sub-divisional officer of Doomka, for the fortnight ending 11th July 1874 :—			
Jail bund	22 14 0		
Bazar drain	12 8 6		
New archery road	1 4 0	36 11 3	
Sudder Office.			
Salary of establishment for June 1874	299 2 8		
Paid to B. Wood, Esq., for settling old accounts	500 0 0		
Paid for transport of rice from Cynthia to Doomka	515 0 10		
Paid for keep and feed of elephant borrowed for relief works ...	82 11 10	1,396 15 4	23,532 10 9
Grand Total ...	.....	.....	1,57,618 13 0

Advances.

	Rs. A. P.
Permanent advance to the goladar of Katikund ...	5 0 0
Ditto ditto of Doomka ...	50 0 0
Paid advance in grain tokens to Mr. Wood ...	500 0 0
Ditto ditto to Mr. Bœrresen ...	500 0 0
Ditto ditto to Mr. Hand ...	1,000 0 0
Total ...	2,055 0 0

NOTE.—Government telegram prohibiting cash payments was received in this office on the 29th June, and orders to the effect issued to all officers concerned on the same day.

This statement shows the expenditure made before and after the receipt of the said telegram.

For want of explanations from sub-divisional officers, information of the actual disbursement in grain or in cash could not be given in all cases.

Sub-divisional officers have been called for to furnish the information.

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the Sonthal Pergunnahs for the Fortnight ending 12th July 1874.

Name of Circle.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain in store, exclusive of grain transported to other districts.	Total quantity of grain consumed up to date.					Estimated grain receipts of the ensuing fortnight.	Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.	Remarks.
				By sale to laborers and the public.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advance to ryots.	By payment in kind to laborers	Total.			
		Mds.	Mds. Srs. Chs.	Mds. Srs. Chs.	Mds. Srs. Chs.	Mds. Srs. Chs.	Mds. Srs. Chs.	Mds. Srs. Chs.	Mds.	Mds.	
Rajmehal	8th July 1874	1,55,000	43,427 0 0	11,177 10 12	5 27 4	506 0 0	1,429 6 13	13,118 4 13	122	3,400	
Godda	6th „ „		63,344 0 0	a20,235 35 0	206 37 0	17,738 32 12	.....	38,178 24 12	.....	6,000	a includes payment in kind.
Deoghur	8th „ „		3,095 4 12	200 3 0	1 20 0	92 0 0	.....	293 23 0	..	.....	
Sultanabad	10th „ „		22,044 24 0	1,715 16 9	77 36 12	13,430 14 8	.....	15,232 27 13	.....	.....	
Jamtara	7th „ „		18,032 0 0	785 11 8¼	338 11 4¼	2,573 34 0	6,391 7 5¼	10,086 24 2¼	.....	6,000	
Doomka .. .	10th „ „		3,000 0 0	80 20 8¾	4 10 4	..	.....	84 30 12¾	.....	90	

Grain disposed of up to date of submission.

		Mds.	Srs.	Ch.
(*a*)	By sale to laborers and payment in kind	28,483	5	11¼
(*b*)	By sale to the public	13,531	25	13¼
(*c*)	In charitable relief	632	22	8½
	Advance to ryots	34,347	1	4
		76 994	15	5
	Grain disposed of up to date of last report	40,300	36	15¼
	Ditto during fortnight	36,693	18	5¼
	Total ...	76,994	15	5

Price-current for the week ending 11th July 1874.

	Wheat.	Common rice.	Bajra.	Maize.	Gram.
	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.
Doomka head-quarters ...	10	11½	12	12	13
Abjulpore	14	12¼	...	...	14
Kumrabad	11	12	...	14	12
Deoghur sub-division ...	12½	11½	..	14	17½
Kurron	12	13½	...	16	15
Sarwa	13	14	...	15	17
Rajmehal sub-division ...	14	9	.	...	15
Sahebgunge	14	13	17	17	16
Burhait	..	10	...	16	..
Godda sub-division ...	10	9	...	13½	13½
Pathergawa	12	12	...	15	15
Saronee	12	12	...	15	15

List showing the Relief Works under the Civil Officers in the Sonthal Pergunnahs, and the average of daily laborers on each.

No.	Name of Works.	Daily average.
	RAJMEHAL.	
1	Sahebgunge to Burhait road	359
2	Madanshaye tank	18
3	Panchgurh bund	58
4	Balio or Jhamuni bund	40
5	Simaljore bund	188
6	Hudduf road	142
7	Tinpahar „	133
8	Doodkhole bund	252
9	Shahabad „	55
10	Baromassia „	9
11	Khyrasole „	68
12	Futtehpore „	85
13	Kurunpore „	190
14	Soleband „	60
15	Bamundi „	6
16	Doodkhole road	70
17	Marapore bund	41
18	Burhait tank	131
	Total ...	1,855
	DEOGHUR.	
1	Pathrol feeder road	45
2	Tesideh to Rohini road	42
3	Jogia bund	53
4	Gopalpore bund	42
5	Panchrukhi „	28
6	Piprapaje „	32
7	Jamna „	43

No.	Name of Works.	Daily average.
	DEOGHUR.—(*Contd.*)	
8	Chihutia bund	32
9	Dharasingha „	25
10	Kamlia „	17
11	Gupsa „	4
12	Machataur „	4
13	Nikitpore „	8
14	Koatdih „	22
15	Rukti	21
16	Bijpore	16
17	Noorgi	4
18	Jogodishpore	9
	Total ...	442
	DOOMKA SUB-DIVISION.	
1	Station roads and drains	25
2	Benagaria to Kalipator road	611
3	Koorandar bund	236
4	Gohikpore tank	156
5	Foolpahari bund	128
6	Holes filled up in and near Soolongo	151
	Total ...	1,307
	GODDA SUB-DIVISION.	
1	Godda to Barhait road	1,145
2	Godda tanks	236
3	Bandarchooa bund	110
4	Moheshpore tank	96
5	Kushba „	90
6	Talbaria bund	42
7	Sunpore „	103
8	Lukhurmara „	145
9	Pursa „	121
10	Simra tank	80
11	Hendooa „	89
12	Lohandia „	132
13	Bhora bund	99
	Chiharbana „	40
	Gopalpore „	25
	Amba „	10
	Gobra „	25
	Ranidi „	85
	Lohandia „	64
	Mohagama „	96
	Horeepore „	162
	Noonphoree „	163
	Komuldiha „	119
	Shookulchak „	16
	Doomria „	17
	Moordiha tank	64
	Kobra bund	93
	Banglia „	52
	Bahary „	85
	Bellary „	81
	Pathra „	19
	Pathra village road	111
	Amarpore bund	32
	Bacha „	20
	Perozpore „	63
	Sreepore „	6
		3,936
	Moheshpore Englishpara tank	78

JAMTARA.

No.	Name of Works.	Daily average.
1	Gaichand	182·9
2	Jamtara	80·6
3	Muchiguria	286·
4	Bharchandi	.... Closed.
5	Dukinbyhal	38·7
6	Kooruka	68·
7	Ladna	108·5
8	Chakri	59·2
9	Majea	29·2
10	Panjonia	.... Closed.
11	Gundipahari	.... Closed.
12	Kulhore	90·4
13	Sahardah	20·
14	Setalpur	35·1
15	Jealjore	36·
16	Ektara	9·2
17	Kanangoi	60·5
18	Upperbandha	.... Closed.
19	Moorgatana	14·
20	Ghate	14·1
21	Road to Railway Station	6·
22	Nala	356·4
23	Deojore	109·8
24	Dulbaria	160·9
25	Patharghattee	107·3
26	Searkatia	135.6
27	Ambajore	134·1
28	Kattaya	61·9
29	Bindiapather	77·1
30	Palajore	133·
31	Paikuria	44·7
32	Geria	59·5
33	Mohanpur	33·2
34	Kundohit	328·8
35	Bunkati	124.
36	Cart road to Najnagore	314·8
37	Khorian	256·1
38	Khejoori	125·9
39	Bagdohori	223·3
40	Salkho	124·8
41	Afzulpur	169·
42	Jamjore	194·5
43	Jolai	320·8
44	Kalpokuria	207·1
45	Chowkanda	90·4
46	Ashna	156·4
47	Dhosnia	299·
48	Paharady	172·4
	Total	5,621·2

MEMORANDUM.

Rajmehal	1,855
Deoghur	442
Doomka	1,807
Godda	3,936
Moheshpore	78
Jamtara	5,621·2
As per Executive Engineer's progress report	2,666
Total	15,905·2

JOHN BOXWELL,
Offg. Deputy Commissioner.

SONTHAL PERGUNNAHS DISTRICT.

Progress Report of Famine Relief Works for the week ending Saturday, the 27th June 1874.

No.	Names of Works.	Progress in marking out relief works.	Progress in opening relief works.	Number of laborers thereon.				Quantity and value of rice received and issued to the laborers.					Supply of food thereat	Condition of the laborers and the general features of the country.	Mode of payment.	Rate of wages	Arrangement of tools.	Disbursement during the week.
				Class I.	Class IIA	Class IIB	Total.	Name of gola.	Quantity received.	Value of quantity received.	Quantity issued to the laborers.	Value of quantity issued.						
																CONTRACT WORK.		Rs. A. P.
1	Doomka to Jamtarah road.	Estimate being prepared, surveying and levelling completed.	Works opened on the 10th, 15th, 20th, 21st, 24th, 25th, 27th, 28th, 30th, 31st, 32nd, 33rd, 36th, 39th, and 40th miles.	2,750 or cent per cent	...	...	2,750	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Rice obtained from bazars and hats.	The laborers are generally healthy and strong. The prospect of the next crop seems promising Sowing of seeds going on well.	On alternate days by cash-jamadars in the presence of the road sirkars.	From 3 annas to 4 annas per hundred cubic feet of earth-work.	Supplied by department.	250 0 3
2	Katicoond to Amrapara road	Line chosen	Nil.	..	...	Nil.	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil.	Nil	Nil	....	....	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.
																CONTRACT WORK.		
3	Jurmoondi to Deoghur road.	No progress made during the week.	Earth-work executed 80,625 cubic feet.	2,440 or 98·75 per cent	29 or 1·17 per cent.	2 or ·08 per cent	2,471	Nil	Nil	Nil.	Nil	Nil	Rice and other foodgrains are still available in the country at the following rates: At Deoghur:— S. per Re. Rice (common) .. 11½ Dal (all sorts) ... 10 Indian-corn . 12 And gram ... 16 At Taljharee— S. per Re. Rice (common) .. 9 Indian corn ... 14 Gram 13	The laborers now employed on the road generally seem to be strong and able-bodied men. The poorer classes in the country are all employed in cultivation. The excessive fall of rain during the week is said to be injurious to the next *faseru* crop.	Every 2nd day by sub-cashiers	Earthwork from 3 as. to 4 as. per 100 cubic feet on soft soil, and from 4 as. to 5 as. per 100 cubic feet on hard soil	Supplied partly by department and partly by the coolies themselves.	174 12 6
																CONTRACT WORK		
4	Hamdia to Godda road.	Laying out complete. Dagbell 230 chains	74 chains ...	2,391, or 92·23 per cent.	194, or 7·78 per cent.	...	2,485	Godda gola.	..		60 mds. 15 srs. and 8 chks. at 18 seers per rupee.	161 0 0	Government rice in the gola at Godda.	Condition of the people is poor and miserable. General feature of the country is hilly and jungly.	Payments made by sub-cashiers every alternate day, about 56 per cent. in rice and 44 per cent. in cash.	From 4 as. to 5 as. per 100 cubic feet of earth-work. Nicking out 9 pie to 1 an. per 100 running feet. DAILY LABOR. A. P. Men ... 2 0 to 1 6 Women 1 6 to 1 0 Children 1 0 to 0 6	Tools are in most part supplied by Department.	129 4 0

6	Tamphar to Borro road.	Complete project...	Completely opened	454 or 13·89 per cent.	2,815 or 86·11 per cent.	.....	3,269	Nil.					Government rice is sold at Borio at an average distance of 6 miles. The stock of the country will meet the demands of the people till the next bhadoi crop.	Fair; most of the people are now engaged in ploughing their fields, consequently the number of labprers is daily decreasing.	Payments are made daily or every 2nd day by sub-cashiers.	CONTRACT WORK. From 3 annas to 4 annas per 100 cubic feet of earth-work. DAILY LABOR. Men ... 2-0 to 1-6 Women 1-6 to 1-0 Children 1-0 to 0-6	Ditto ...	54 0 0
7	Borio to Manihari road.	Ditto	Ditte	2,815 or 74·65 per cent.	566 or 15·01 per cent.	390 or 10·34 per cent.	3,771	No Government grain sold to laborers for want of moodies. But the sale of rice is urgently required for foreign laborers at Boarijore.					Government rice is sold at Borio and Doi; the stock of the country from Borio to Boarijore will meet the demands of the people till the next bhadoi crop. Only a small number from Goraday to Protappore have their stock, but the majority want rice.	Ditto ditto ... Those who come to do contract-work attend their work in the afternoon, after ploughing their fields in the morning. Daily labor cannot be avoided as some portions of the road are unfit for contract work.	Ditto ...	CONTRACT WORK. From 3 annas to 4 annas per 100 cubic feet of earth-work. DAILY LABOR. A. P. Men ... 2 0 to 1 6 Women ... 1 6 to 1 0 Children ... 1 0 to 0 6	Ditto ...	408 0 0
10	Metalling Bhagulpore and Soory road.†	Complete project ...	Completely opened	331, or cent per cent.	.....	...	331	Nil ...	Nil ...	Nil...	Nil ...	Nil ...	Same as last week.				Supplied by department.	105 10 0
13	Repairs to Bhagulpore and Soory road.†	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	.....	237, or cent per cent.	.....	237	Nil ...	Nil	Nil	Nil ...	Nil ...	Same as last week.				Ditto ...	23 0 [illegible]
14	Repairs to Bahawa and Burhait road.	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	953, or 74·69 per cent.	323 or 25·31 per cent.	.....	1,276	Nil ...	Nil ...	Nil ...	Nil ...	Nil ...	Two golas are established by the Deputy Commissioner, one on the 2nd mile and the other on the 13th mile of the road.	The condition of the people is gradually becoming miserable. Food-grains are not obtainable from hats according to their wants. The people who have some stock of grains have stopped selling them, fearing lest there be more distress in future. Three moodies at least are urgently required from 4th to 11th mile of the road.	Every 2nd day by sub-cashiers.	CONTRACT WORK. From 4 annas to 6 annas per hundred cubic feet of earth work. DAILY LABOR. As. P. Men ... 2 0 Women ... 1 6 Children ... 1 0	Ditto ...	228 5 9

* Owing to exceedingly bad weather during the week there been a decrease in the number of laborers. Works are during the present week opened at Ghoremara and Taljhari, in both of which places the numbers of laborers are daily increasing.

†.No golas or moodee shops have yet been established. Until these arrangements are made, grain payment cannot be put in force.

No.	Names of Works.	Progress in marking out relief works.	Progress in opening relief works.	Number of laborers thereon.				Quantity and value of rice received and issued to the laborers.					Supply of food thereat.	Condition of the laborers and the general features of the country.	Mode of payment.	Rate of wages.	Arrangement of tools.	Disbursement during the week.
				Class I.	Class IIA.	Class IIB.	Total.	Name of gola.	Quantity received.	Value of quantity received.	Quantity issued to the laborers.	Value of quantity issued.						Rs. A. P.
16	Pakour to Heeranpore road.	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	312 or 93 per 100.	12 or 37 per 100.	.....	324	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Food-grains are still obtainable from the hats and bazars according to the wants of the work-people.	The condition of the people is not so very miserable. Most part of the people is deeply engaged in cultivation. But the stock of the country is too small to support the people till the next harvest, so it seems distress will be felt as soon as the cultivation will be over.	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	273 15 0
17	Doomka Station road.	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	.....	70½ or cent per cent.	... ...	70½	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Same as last week.				Ditto ...	6 9 0
20	Godda to Burhait road.	The work is stopped.																
																CONTRACT WORK.		
26	Brinda tank ...	.....	.....	79, or cent per cent.	...	...	79	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Same as No. 6 ...	The laborers are willing to do contract work.	Daily or every 2nd day by sub-cashiers.	From 3 as. to 4 as. per 100 cubic feet of earth-work.	Most part supplied by Department.	14 0 0
																PIECE-WORK.		
29	Doomkah to moheapore road.	13 miles of road marked out and 7 miles of which centre line laid out. *Vide* progress report of the 29th June. TAL-TEREE BRIDGES. Arrangements are being made to construct these bridges, two of them have already started.	7 miles	462 or cent per cent.	.....	.....	462	None by the department as yet, but by the civil authorities, quantity and value of grain issued to laborers not known.					Arrangements are now being made to issue rice to laborers; a moodie has been appointed at the 6th mile, and orders have been issued by Deputy Commissioner to receive Rs. 400 worth of rice from the nearest gola (Naraingur), but the river Pagiah on the way overflowing has made passage impracticable.	There had been incessant rains during the past week, so much so that it was found difficult to procure laborers. Great numbers of laborers had also resorted to field ploughing; there are not very many that care to come for relief-work at the present time. Should the rain cease for a time, the supervisor in charge, as he reports, may be in a position to give a better description as to whether laborers are desirous of resorting to relief works or not. The present wants of the men are met by the civil authorities in the distribution of rice. All the nullahs and rivulets along the road are overflowing and impassable on account of the rains.	Daily payments by sub-cashiers in copper and silver until now.	3 annas per hundred cubic feet for soft ground, and 4 annas for hard ground over a lead of 50 feet. TASK WORK. A. P. Men ... 2 0 Women ... 1 6 Children ... 0 9	No tools have been issued by the Department Public Works up to the present time. Those now in use have been given by the civil authorities.	440 0 0

31	Bund at Katicoond.	.....	.....	242 or 57·35 per cent.	180 or 42·65 per cent.	... ..	422	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Same as last week.		Supplied by Department.	62	0	0
														CONTRACT WORK.				
32	Bund at Boari ..	.....	.....	328 or cent per cent.	.....	.....	328	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Same as No. 7.	4 annas to 6 annas per 100 cubic feet earth-work.	Supplied mostly by Department.	61	0	0
50	Doomka to Mallarpore road.	.....	Nicking out done	.....	.....	.....	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	No more work in progress.					
55	Mohespore to Heeranpore road.	12 miles of road chained out, 5½ miles of which aligned and lock-spitted.	4 miles. 5th mile commenced.	483 or cent per cent.	.....	.....	483	Same as in No. 29.					Rice gola is wanted at the 5th mile of this road, to distribute rice to laborers. The river Banalow from Mohespore being constantly full at the present time with a strong current on, and there being no ferry-boat, people find it difficult to come into Mohespore for rice.	Same as in No. 29. Vide remarks in progress report of the 20th June last.	Same as in No. 29.	107	0	0
															Total ...	2,637	11	9

* There has been a considerable reduction in the number of laborers during the week, and this can only be attributed to the severe showers of rain almost every day in the week. The supervisor in charge reports that he has not had an opportunity of ascertaining whether or not there will be any probability of laborers flocking in afterwards, and that he is of opinion that when cessations in the rains occur, most of the people will resort to ploughing, and the number left on the works will be very small until after the ploughing season.

SONTHAL PERGUNNAHS DISTRICT.

Progress Report of Famine Relief Works for the week ending Saturday, the 4th July 1874.

No.	Names of works.	Progress in marking at relief works.	Progress in opening relief works.	Number of laborers thereon.				Quantity and value of grain received and issued to laborers.					Supply of food thereat.	Condition of the laborers and the general feature of the country.	Mode of payment.	Rate of wages.	Arrangement of tools.	Disbursement during the week.
				Class I.	Class II. A.	Class II. B.	Total.	Name of golah.	Quantity received.	Value of quantity received.	Quantity issued to laborer.	Value of quantity issued to laborers.						
																CONTRACT WORKS.		Rs. As. P
1	Doomka to Jamtara road.	Estimate being prepared levelling and surveying completed.	Works opened on the 10th, 13th, 20th, 21st, 24th, 25th, 27th, 28th, 30th, 31st, 32nd, 33rd, 36th, 39th, and 40th miles.	2,216 or cent. per cent.	.....	.....	2216	.....	...	..	47 mds. 23 srs. 1 ch. and 1 talla.	138 Rs. 3 ans. 3 pie.	Supply of Government rice on all places where works are now going on.	The laborers are generally local and strong. No symptom of distress or scarcity prevails now.	Twice weekly	From as. 3 to 4 per 100 c. ft. of earthwork.	Supplied by Department.	225 11 9*
																CONTRACT WORK.		
3	Jurmoondee to Deoghur road.	Nil.	1,28,835	4,526 or 99 52 per cent.	19 or 2·3 per cent.	3 or 06 per cent.	4,546	Deoghur.	162 mds. and 20 srs.	433 rs. 5 as. and 4 pie.	45 mds. at 15 srs. per rupee.	120 srs.	Supplied from Government golas at Deoghur.	The laborers seem strong and able-bodied men. The people are mostly employed in cultivation, weather favorable, prospects of next janeru crop good, rice and other food-grains are still available in the country at the following rates :— At Deoghur— Per rupee. Rice at .. 16 seers. Grains at .. 16 „ Dal of sort at 10 „ At Talghari :— Rice at . 9 seer. junera at 14 „ Gram at ... 12 „	For the first part of the week payments were made in cash and for the last part in grain made every 2nd day.	From 3 annas to 4 annas per 100 cubic feet, earthwork on soft soil, and 5 annas per 100 cubic feet on hard soil.	Mostly supplied by Department, and a few only are brought by the coolies themselves.	378 3 3†
																CONTRACT WORK.		
4	Hansdeho and Golda road.	Nicking out 28,400 running feet, Dagbellahur, 6 miles.	In 1st mile chain 34, in 8th 31, in 10th 43, in 12th 37 chains.	3,283 or 97·27 per cent.	92 or 2·73 per cent.	.....	3,374	... ..	.... .	.....	98 mds. 37 srs. and 14 chks. at 15 seers per rupee.	306 13 9	Rice at the Government golas at Godda and Latha.	Condition of labouring classes is very poor and miserable, general feature of be country, hilly and jungly.	Paymentsmade every other day by subcashier about 85per cent. in grain, and 15 per cent. in cash, but now wholly in rice.	4 as. to 5 as. per 100 cubic feet, daily labor 1½ to 2 as. per man per diem, 1 to 1½ as. per woman, 3 to 4 pice or ½ an. to one an. per child.	Supplied by Government.	420 12 0

6	Teenpahar and Burio road.	Completed project	Completely opened	243 or 14·67 per cent.	1,414 or 85·33 per cent.	.. ...	1,657	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Government rice is sold at Burio at an average distance of 6 miles. The relief labors are paid by rice from the 25th June at Burio, and 2nd July at Brindee.	Fair*most part of the people are now engaged in ploughing their fields; consequently the numbers of laborers are daily decreasing.	Payments are made daily or every 2nd day by cashiers to relief labourers by rice, and to foreign labourers who work on contract, such as masons, carpenters, cartmen, &c., by cash.	DAILY LABOR. Class I— A. P. Men ... 2 0 Women ... 1 6 Children { 0 6 to 1 0 } Class II— A. P. Sirdars ... 2 0 Men ... 1 6 Women ... 1 0 Children { 0 6 to 0 9 } Contract works 3 to 4 annas per 100 cubic feet earth-work.	Most part of the tools supplied are Government tools.	180 0 0
	Buris and Protappore road.	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	2,196 or 73·32 per cent.	799 or 26·68 per cent.	. ...	2,995	......	...	...	......	......	Government rice is sold at Burio and Deo. The laborers on the eastern part of this road are being paid in grain, and it is likely the coolies on the western part of the road have since been paid in grain.	Fair; most part of the people are now engaged in ploughing their lands, consequently the numbers of laborers are daily decreasing. Those who come to do task or contract work attend in the afternoon, after ploughing their fields in the morning; daily labor cannot be avoided, as some portion of the road is unfit for contract work.	Payments are made daily or every 2nd day by cashiers to the relief laborers of 1st and 2nd portions by rice from 25th June 1874, that of 3rd and 4th portions by cash.	DAILY LABOR. CLASS I. As. P. Men ... 2 0 Women ... 1 6 Children ... 0 6 to 1 0 CLASS II. Sirdar ... 2 0 Women ... 1 6 Children ... 0 6 Contract work 3 to 4 annas per 100 cubic feet of earth work.	Ditto ...	318 0 0
10	Collection of metal, Bhagulpore and Soory road.	Complete project	Completely opened.	458 or 90·33 per cent.	49 or 9·67 per cent.	......	507	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Hitherto food-grains were obtained from hats, bazars, and moodie shops, but now Government golas and moodie shops are being established. Payment by grain has commenced at Doomka from 4th instant.	All healthy. No weak or infirm person has yet appeared.	Daily coolies paid every day, and contract coolies every 2nd day by cashier.	CONTRACT WORK. Digging Kunker 5 annas per every 100 cubic feet, carts at 8 annas per day. DAILY LABOR. A. P. Men ... 2 0 Women ... 1 3 Boys ... { 0 6 to 0 9 }	Supplied by Department.	175 12 0
13	Repairs to Bhagulpore and Soory road.	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	......	119 or cent. per cent.	......	119	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto ...	DAILY LABOR. A. P. Coolies ... 2 0 Women ... 1 3	Ditto ...	14 6 3

* Numbers of laborers are daily decreasing on account of rains and cultivation.
† There has been a considerable increase in the number of laborers during the week.

No.	Names of works.	Progress in marking at relief works.	Progress in opening relief works.	Number of laborers thereon.				Quantity and value of grain received and issued to laborers.					Supply of food thereat.	Condition of the laborers and the general feature of the country.	Mode of payment.	Rate of wages.	Arrangement of tools.	Disbursement during the week.
				Class I.	Class II. A.	Class II. B.	Total.	Name of gols.	Quantity received.	Value of quantity received.	Quantity issued to laborers.	Value of quantity issued to laborers.						Rs. A. P.
14	Bawa and Burhait road.	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	744 or 57·27 per cent.	555 or 42·73 per cent.	.....	1,299	Burhait	34 mds. and 31 srs.	Rs. 95 4 ans. 9 pie.	11 mds. 22 seers 10¼ chs.	Rs. 30 13 ans. 6 pie.	Government rice payment commenced on the 3rd July 1874.	The condition of the people is generally becoming bad, food-grains are not obtainable in the hats and bazars, so it seems the people in all classes will feel distress very soon.	Daily, by cashier; rice payment commenced on the 3rd July 1874 by cashier and moodie.	Ditto	Ditto ...	111 1 0
16	Pakour and Heranpore Road.	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	263 or 54 per cent.	224 or 46 per cent.	.....	487	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Food grains are still obtainable in the hats and bazars but not according to want of the working people, so Government rice will be required soon.	Most part of the inhabitants are deeply engaged in cultivation. The stock of the country is too small to support them till the next harvest. Distress will appear soon.	Daily, by cashier.	CONTRACT WORK. Earth work 4 to 6 annas per 100 cubic feet. DAILY LABOR. A. P. Men ... 2 0 Women ... 1 6 Children .. 1 0	Ditto ...	101 15 6
17	Repairs to Doomka station road.	Ditto ...	Ditto ..	395 or 85·37 per cent.	65 or 14·13 per cent.	.....	460	Doomka.	.....	.....	31	2 1 6	Hitherto food-grains were obtained from hatios and bazars and moodee shops, but now Government golas and moodee shops are being established. Payment by grain has commenced at Doomka from 4th instant.	All healthy. No weak or infirm person has yet appeared.	Daily coolies paid every day and contract coolies every 2nd day by cashier.	CONTRACT WORK. Spreading and consolidating: metal at 10 as. per 100 cubic feet. DAILY LABOR. A. P. Men ... 2 0 Women ... 1 3	Ditto ...	46 0 0
26	Brinda tank ...	.....	.....	*Vide* Form B.				.....	...	...	.....	.....	As the laborers are unwilling to do either task or contract work, so the work has been stopped from the 4th July 1874.		Payments are made daily or every 2nd day by cashier.	CONTRACT WORK. 3 to 4 annas per 100 cubic feet of earth work.	Most part of the tools supplied are Government tools.	.....
31	Bund at Katikoond.	.....	.....	427 or 90·66 per cent.	44 or 9·34 per cent.	.....	471	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Hitherto food-grains were obtained from hats, bazars, and moodie shops, but now Government golas and moodie shops are being established. Payment by grain has commenced.	All healthy. No weak or infirm person has yet appeared.	Daily coolies paid every day and contract coolies every 2nd day by cashier.	CONTRACT WORK. Earth-work 4 annas to 8 annas per 100 cubic feet. DAILY LABOR. Daily coolies 3 0 Women... 1 3 Boys ... 1 0 to 0 9	..... Supplied by Department.	... .. 72 0 0

33	Boony Bundle...	...	...	480 or cent per cent.	...	...	480	...	...	...	...	...	Government rice is sold at Borio and Doi.	Fair; most part of the people are now engaged in ploughing their lands, consequently the numbers of laborers are daily decreasing. Those who come to do contract work attend in the afternoon, after ploughing their fields in the morning.	Payments are made daily or every 2nd day by cashier, to the relief laborers by rice from 25th June 1874.	CONTRACT WORK. 4 to 6 annas per 100 cubic feet of work.	Most part of the tools supplied are Government tools.	90 0 0
																	Grand total ...	2,134 13 9

N. B.—The overseer in charge of works Nos. 6, 7, 26, and 33 reports that 112 maunds and 2 seers of rice has been drawn from Borio gola; but he has not stated for what special work it was. Explanation called for. Stringent orders have been sent to pay in rice on the Pakour and Harunpore road, as well as on the northern part of the Buno and Purtappore road, these being the only places where rice payments are as yet not introduced.

E. J. MEARA, C.E.,
Offg. Executive Engineer, Sonthal Pergunnahs District.

Narrative of Scarcity and Relief in the Moorshedabad Ddistrict for the Fortnight ending Saturday, the 11th July 1874.

A.—STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

1. *Abundance or scarcity of supply in the bazar.*—The supply of food-grains in the bazars and principal hâts of the head-quarters sub-division is reported to be sufficient for local requirements, though of course not so abundant as in ordinary years. The eastern thanas of this sub-division, and some thanas of the Lalbaugh and Jungipore sub-divisions, have been receiving supplies from other districts; and when at Azimgunj a few days ago, I was informed by the largest grain merchant of the place that supplies were coming in from parts west of the Bhagiruthee. This was probably caused by the anticipation of a further fall of prices. In the Jungipore sub-division, as stated in my last narrative, the bazar best supplied with rice is that of Dhulian. Next to it stands the Roghunathgunge bazar, which has received a good supply of *purbi* rice. In the smaller bazars the supply continues to be as scanty as ever. The Mirzapore and Notungunge bazars have got a sufficient supply. The sub-divisional officer of Rampore Hât reports that the supply of food-grains in the markets of thanas Pulsa, Nulhattee, and Khurgram, is not sufficient, and that although in the market of thana Rampore Hât the supply is insufficient, still no real want has yet been felt by the people. From the prices of rice given in a subsequent paragraph, it does not appear that there can be any real scarcity of supply in this sub-division. Even at Khurgaon, which may be regarded as the worst thana of this sub-division, the price is reported to be 11¼ seers for the rupee. In the Lalbaugh sub-division the supply of food-grains of all descriptions continues to be abundant in the city, Baluchar and Azimgunj bazars. The supply in thana Bhadurihaut is still deficient, and likely to continue so till the next harvest, as the existing shops are supplied on a very small scale, and the shopkeepers possess but a small amount of capital.

2. *Kind and price of grain selling at one or more principal marts.*—The price of common rice in the head-quarters sub-division has fallen since the last fortnight's narrative; the average of twelve of the principal marts is 11$\frac{1}{11}$ seers per rupee, against 10¼ seers in the previous fortnight. It is cheapest at Goas and Jellinghee, where the rate is 13 seers, and dearest at Gokum, Dowlutabad, Kullyangunge, and Kandi, where the rates are 8½, 10, 10½, and 10¼ seers respectively per rupee. The price has, however, fallen at Gokum, and rice was selling there yesterday at 10 seers per rupee. The prices are naturally lowest in the thanas nearest to the Ganges, to which importation is most easy, and in which there is the prospect of a bountiful *aous* crop. Wheat averages 13½ seers, and gram nearly 16 seers per rupee. In the Jungipore sub-division, in the Roghunathgunge bazar, the retail price of common *rahri* rice is 11¼ seers; whilst that of *purbi* rice is 13½ seers per rupee. At Sooty rice sells at 12 seers; at Dewanserai *bhadui* sells at 11 seers, and *purbi* and *rahri* at 10 seers; at Mirzapore, which is considered to be the worst thana of this sub-division, the latest quotation is 11½ to 12 seers. Rice in this sub-division is cheapest at Shumshergunge, where it sells at 13½ seers for uncleaned, and 12 seers for cleaned rice; whilst it is dearest at Hazarpura, where it sells at 10 seers. In the Rampore Hât sub-division the price of coarse rice is given at 12 seers per rupee, except at Khurgram, where it is 11¼ seers per rupee. The price of best rice is between 9¾ to 10 seers per rupee. In the Lalbaugh sub-division the prices of best common and *purbi* rice vary from 9½ to 10, 9½ to 11½, and 11½ to 13 seers per rupee respectively. Those of wheat, barley, and gram, from 12½ to 13½, 18 to 20, and 16½ to 18 seers per rupee respectively. The price of rice has fallen a little during the past fortnight, and a further fall is expected.

3. *Any information obtained regarding the amount and kind of grain believed to be in stock in the hands of zemindars, traders, ryots, and others.*—No information has been received regarding the stock in the hands of zemindars, mahajuns, and others; but as very few complaints of want of seed which had any real foundation were made, it may be taken for granted that the stocks have been large enough to supply the ryots, and that the demands for sowing purposes must have materially decreased them. The special sub-divisional officer of Kandi reports that at Khurgram and Saktipore wheat seems plentiful. He was informed, however, that at one village at least kalai was only obtainable in return for paddy, the traders refusing to give it for pice. Barter of this kind is, I imagine, not at all uncommon. The other day, while going about in the interior, I saw a man on his way to the local moodee to get some tobacco in exchange for a small measure of barley. In the Rampore Hât sub-division the stock in the hands of mahajuns and zemindars is reported to be insufficient. It has been reported by the sub-divisional officer that there is a very small amount of grain in the hands of zemindars at Pulsa, and that nothing is to be had from the ryots, who are said to be the greatest sufferers from the scarcity. If this be the case, it is strange that the price should be so comparatively low as 12 seers per rupee, for importation into Pulsa is by no means so easy or inexpensive as to many other thanas where prices are not so favroable to the consumers.

In the Lalbaugh sub-division the stock in the hands of the merchants at Baluchar and Azimgunj is still considerable.

4. *Rainfall, if any.*—There has been a fair amount of rain throughout the fortnight except in parts of the west, where it has been insufficient. The effect of the rain, where it has fallen with sufficient copiousness, has been very beneficial to the growing crops, and also in enabling the remaining portion of the season cultivation to be carried on, and for this purpose

more rain would be acceptable. With regard to the parts where the rainfall has not been sufficiently abundant, the special sub-divisional officer of Kandi reports that want of rain is the general cry. It has been specially scanty in the neighbourhood of the large "bheel" to the south of Bharatpore. In the Gokum thana, too, rain is wanted for the transplanted paddy, the ground being in parts quite dry and fissured. A similar remark applies to parts of thana Khurgaon, in the Rampore Hât sub-division. At the head-quarters, however, of the sub-division, and in its other thanas, the rainfall was sufficient, and the cultivators have been enabled to carry on agricultural operations with vigor, and the ground has become fit for transplantation.

5. *State of the crops.*—In the head-quarters sub-division the earlier part of the "aous" crop in the low lands near the Ganges is being harvested, and the yield is reported to be good. The special sub-divisional officer of Kandi reports that in the south-east and south of the sub-division the "aous" is plentiful and forward, and there is every promise of a plentiful outturn. The indigo season commenced some time ago, and it is expected to be an unusually good one. Mulberry and sugarcane are also reported to be good. He says that north of the "aous" tract cultivation is rather backward owing to the want of rain. Transplanting is, however, going on rapidly where water is available. Weeding is being pushed on, and the people are unflagging in their efforts to secure a good crop. In the Jungypore sub-division a good harvest of "bhadoi" is expected. In the "dearah" lands the "dhan" has begun to come into ear; "shama", "koda", indigo, and "bhadoi", have suffered a little from the rise of the river. The prospects of "hoimonto dhan" are good; its transplantation is going on satisfactorily in consequence of copious rainfalls, this portion of the district having been more favored in that respect than the other sub-divisions. Sugarcane and mulberry are reported to be good. The sub-divisional officer of Rampore Hât reports that the prospects of the crops in general are favorable, though in thana Khargram they are somewhat backward owing to insufficiency of rain. The fact is, I believe, that, the crops are so forward for the time of the year, owing to the early falls of rain, that unless the rainfall now keeps pace with them, there is danger of some of the winter-rice being materially injured. From the appearance of the sky it would seem that a heavy fall of rain is imminent, and I trust that it may be general. The "aous" crop is reported to be generally good throughout the Lalbaugh sub-division, specially in thana Bhugwangolah, where there will be a splendid crop if there be no inundation. In the same thana "amun" has been transplanted, but in thana Bhudrihaut this has been considerably delayed for want of sufficient rain. Mulberry, sugarcane, and Indian-corn, are promising. The sub-divisional officer also states that there appears a capital crop of indigo in thana, Bhugwangolah.

6. *Condition of the people.*—There is no change to report in the condition of the people. They still require work and assistance in many places, which are afforded to them. The special sub-divisional officer of Kandi reports that in some tracts the condition of the people is reported to be changing slightly for the worse. Much relief has been and is being given, but many are now coming forward to receive rice who a short time ago would not do so. He states that on the borders of the "bheel" south-east of Bharatpore some of the villagers are in greater distress than their fellows because of the total failure of their *bora dhan.* This was to be at once their food and the means of purchasing seed for the next crop. In this neighbourhood, too, there is little sugarcane and mulberry. From what I saw of this *bora* in April last, I think that its failure cannot be called total, though undoubtedly the portion that was planted out late suffered much from the drought. In the east of this sub-division the indigo and mulberry-factories must be employing 2,000 hands, and in the south laborers can hardly be obtained. The sub-divisional officer of Jungipore reports that the condition of the people has not changed since the last fortnight. The agricultural classes are busy in their rice-fields. The sub-divisional officer of Rampore Hât reports that there has been no material change in the condition of the people since the last report, but the Government road-works now going on in all parts of the sub-division have greatly relieved their distress. The condition of the respectable class of poor women in thana Pulsa is reported to be good owing to the relief given to them in rice. The cultivating classes are now engaged in their works in the fields. The condition of the people of thana Khurgram is reported to be bad, and some of them are said not to have two meals a day. The sub-divisional officer of Lalbaugh reports that there is nothing to remark specially in the condition of the people within the municipality and thana Bhugwangolah. The condition of the laboring classes and smaller ryots in Bhaduribaut thana, specially in those parts bordering on the Mirzapore and Kullyangunge thanas, is anything but satisfactory; and were it not for the relief works started in the various parts of this thana, many persons would have suffered from severe distress. The smaller ryots will require help for their support whilst cultivating, and the zemindars must be persuaded to make advances themselves or to stand security for the repayment of Government grain. The sub-divisional officer states that, judging from the crowds which come from Mirzapore and Kullyangunge thanas for a handful of rice, it would appear that more liberal relief measures are required in those directions; but I may observe that such people would come naturally enough for a handful of rice which is freely offered without enquiry.

7. *Actual facts as to any known cases of misery and starvation.*—So far as has been ascertained at present, there has been no case of death by starvation. Jatan Bewa and her children, reported on in the last narrative, have improved greatly under the care of the Assistant Surgeon. While Mr. Jones, the relief sub-divisional officer of Kandi, was visiting a village of Khurgaon, in the vicinity of Kandi, to inquire as to the condition of the people, he was informed that

cholera had been bad there, and a man afterwards told him that two children had died of starvation. Mr. Jones has been directed to make full inquiries as to these alleged deaths from want, as it appears that no intimation even of the deaths was given to the police-station. It is, I think, extremely probable that the cause of death was cholera, not starvation; for the village is only some three or four miles from Kandi, at which cooked food and general relief has been administered for months past: and under any circumstances, if the children did die from want, it must have been the fault of those who did not take them to obtain the relief within such easy reach. Just at the close of the period embraced within the last narrative, a statement of a somewhat similar kind, that some boys had died of starvation in the Bhurtpore thana after having eaten some herb, was found to be false, the deaths having been caused by cholera.

8. *Grain-thefts or robberies.*—There were in the head-quarters sub-division three cases of petty theft of grain, and one of robbery of paddy from a house by night. One bag of Government rice was stolen in transit from Saktipore to Bharatpore. In the Rampore Hât sub-division there has been only one case of grain-theft of a petty nature during the fortnight. No cases of grain-theft have been reported from the Jungipore and Lalbaugh sub-divisions. A crime statement is annexed, which shows a slight decrease of crime as compared with previous years. This decrease is, however, I believe, only casual.

9. *Condition of any special tracts.*—Cholera and small-pox are still present in the district, but in a very mitigated form, except in one or two places. The special sub-divisional officer of Kandi reports that complaints of distress are now loudest from Amlai and its neighbourhood in thana Bharatpore, and that inquiry has been made and relief is being given in this part of his jurisdiction. In the Jungipore sub-division Mirzapore, and Western Sooty are the only parts where the dearth is widely and keenly felt. I am about to visit the Mirzapore thana in person to see how matters are. As before remarked, the price of rice at Mirzapore does not indicate any great distress; but there may be villages away from the head-quarters of the thana where prices are much higher and grain very scarce. It appears that most of the people who attend the cook-house at Raghunathgunge are women from the Mirzapore thana, which borders on Raghunathgunge, Mirzapore itself being only four miles from that place. Relief works have been started in these localities to give relief to the distressed, and new sub-committees have been organised in three places. The sub-divisional officer of Rampore Hât reports that the general health of the people is good. Only in thana Pulsa cholera is said to be existing, but it appears to be on the decrease. The sub-divisional officer of Lalbaugh states that cholera appears to have disappeared entirely, and cases of small-pox have decreased considerably, there having been only eight deaths during the fortnight under report from this disease. Statements for preceding fortnights, submitted by the Civil Surgeon, are annexed. The returns from the Native Doctors for the present fortnight have not yet been received. The Civil Surgeon has been requested to take measures to procure the necessary information up to the latest date for future narratives. The success which has attended the Native Doctor, T. Coopoosuramee, in the treatment of cholera cases, would seem to indicate that some of the so-called cases of cholera must have been ordinary cases of diarrhœa.

B.—Relief Works.

As far as reports have been received, the average daily number of people at work during the fortnight has been 5,672. The condition of the people has been reported to be good. Food is easily obtainable, except in a few cases in which it is obtained in small quantity. Rice-payment has been introduced. The men, as rule, bring their own tools. The number shows an increase over that shown in the previous narrative. The numbers naturally fluctuate a good deal, according to the agricultural operations of the particular period. Reports have not been received from the secretaries of some of the sub-committees under whose supervision relief-works are being carried out.

A statement showing the expenditure of money on relief-works is annexed. Out of the item marked (*a*), Rs. 10 were paid for establishment; Rs. 0-13-6 for petty purchases, and Rs. 0-14-6 for carriage, and the rest for labor, paid before the overseer received the orders to stop cash payment altogether; items *b*, *c*, and *d*, represent payments made before the overseer received the orders for stopping cash payments. Out of the sum marked (*e*), Rs. 10 is for establishment; Rs. 7 for petty purchases, and Rs. 264-4-3 for metal, and the rest, Rs. 36-1-9, for labor paid before the issue of orders for stopping cash payment. Out of the item marked (*f*) Rs. 19-9 is for material; Rs. 46-9-6 for carriage of bricks and rice; and Rs. 33-4-6 for establishment. The whole of the amount (*g*) is for carriage of bricks, and that marked (*h*) for establishment. Out of the sum against Berhampore drain, Rs. 110 are on account of the palkee hire of the Supervisor in charge for two months, May and June; the remaining of the cash expenditure being the pay and petty establishment charges, including purchase of petty articles, such as baskets, &c., and a small portion was expended before the order for rice payment for the full seven days was received. The rate of rice payment remains the same, that is, 14 seers per rupee, except in the case of the Berhampore drain work, where very lately the rate of payment has been raised to 16 seers in order to attract laborers to the work, as it was found that (owing to the fall of the price of rice, I imagine,) the laborers were leaving the work, and as it is most desirable that this work should not be left in an incomplete state.

C.—Transport of Food.

The rise of the rivers has facilitated importation. During the fortnight under report *purbi* rice has been imported into the Sudder and Jungipore sub-divisions, as in the last fort-

night. The imports have the salutary effect of keeping down the price of rice. From the returns received from the Traffic Manager, East Indian Railway, at Jamalpore, it appears that 1,526 maunds of food-grains were exported from and 8,523 maunds were imported to the jurisdiction of the Rampore Hât sub-division during the fortnight. From a return received from the station-master at Azimgunge it appears that 258 maunds were exported and 2,690 maunds were imported into the Lalbagh sub-division; of the latter 2,000 maunds were imported from Howrah and the remainder was received from Burdwan district. A large amount of rice has been imported to the Topkhana golahs, and much grain finds its way into this sub-division by means of water communication.

D.—Storage of Government Grain at Relief Works.

The following places have been selected for the storage of grain :—

Sudder Sub-Division.
Berhampore.
Panchgram.
Nobogram.
Beldanga.
Rangamattee.
Rampore Hât Sub-Division.
Rampore Hât.
Khurgaon.
Nowadah.
Lalbagh Sub-Division.
Lalbagh.
Shahapore.
Kandi Sub-Division.
Saktipore.
Kandi.
Jungipore Sub-Division.
Jungipore.

At Lalbagh, Jungipore, and Rampore Hât, storage accommodation has been found in the thanas. At Saktipore, Beldanga, and Rangamattee, accommodation has been kindly placed at our disposal by gentlemen in charge of silk factories; at all the other centres, convenient houses have been procured in the villages, or small golahs of the ordinary native shape have been built. Each golah is provided with a golah-keeper, a chowkeedar, and two coolies; the former on a salary of from Rs. 10 to 12 a month, according to the requirements of the place; the latter are paid in rice at the rate of Rs. 4 a month. 30,298 maunds have been received into the district, of which 21,128 maunds have been sent to the various golahs in the district. The supply of Government grain is sufficient for present requirements. In my last report I remarked upon the difficulty of procuring transport to meet urgent calls for rice from the various sub-committees, and suggested that a small steamer should be sent here to supply the various depôts along the banks of the Bhagiruthee. I would again urge the necessity for this addition to our transport, the difficulties of which are daily increasing. I beg to annex a statement showing the storage and consumption of grain in the district for the past fortnight. This statement is, I regret to say, again not quite correct, owing to the incompleteness of the returns from the Jungipore and Rampore Hât sub-divisions.

E.—Advances to Private Parties, and their Results.

There were nine cases pending at the close of the previous fortnight under the Land Improvement Act in the sudder sub-division; five fresh applications were received during the present fortnight. Out of the total 14, eight cases are under investigation; in three cases order for payment has been made; in one case the applicant has declined to take the advance, and in the remaining two cases the securities tendered have been found to be insufficient. Cheques for payment of rice in lieu of cash have been issued for the amount of Rs. 1,454-8 in nine cases.

The Sub-Divisional Officer of Rampore Hât reports that no advance in money has been made during the fortnight, but 74 maunds and 10 seers of Government rice have been advanced to chowkeedars for the cultivation of their lands, on condition that they will repay them after the next harvest. No advances have been made in the Jungipore and Lalbagh sub-divisions.

F.—Charitable Relief.

The statement prescribed by Government No. 1251—S.R., dated the 5th March last, is annexed, as regards each sub-division separately.

The cook-house started at Berhampore is now in full operation, and the numbers seeking food are daily on the increase. A separate cook-house is being erected for Mahomedans, whose numbers have greatly increased, and who have hitherto been relieved with uncooked food. During the fortnight under report 54 persons were relieved under heading (*d*) at head-quarters.

Among the persons seeking relief may be found some healthy and stout-looking men and women, who cannot be supposed to be in real distress, but who avail themselves of the relief afforded without any cost on their part in return. Arrangements will be made to make such persons and others capable of it do some work, but the site of the cook-house, which is on a spot to the east of the parade ground, is not very suitable in that respect. A new cook-house has also been opened at Belia, in thana Khurgaon, as Khurgaon, though at no great distance, is not easily accessible owing to the nature of the country and the intervention of an unbridged "kamdur" or nullah, which it is difficult to cross at this season of the year.

In the Lalbag sub-division, in thana Bhadurihaut, there are eight roads on which relief labourers are employed and the usual distribution of rice is still continued. In Shahanuggur

and Mohinapore separate houses for cooked food relief have been opened for Mahomedans as well as Hindus, and rice has been distributed by the members of relief committee to persons who are poor, and who, through infirmity or class prejudices, are unable to work. Out of the numbers shown in the statement, 1,390, 1,452, and 589 persons were relieved under headings *b*, *c*, and *d*, respectively. The total receipts of the sub-divisional relief fund are Rs. 7,051-13-2, and the total expenditure Rs. 1,033-5-9, leaving a balance of Rs. 6,018-7-5 at the close of the fortnight.

Many chowkeedars have been and are being relieved with Rs. 5 worth of rice to each given gratuitously, as it is unlikely they will be able to repay these advances. The special Sub-Divisional Officer of Kandi reports that where relief of a small amount has appeared necessary, he has preferred to give it by means of tickets on the nearest committee for a weekly supply of rice rather than by an advance of a lump quantity. In this way the chowkeedars under many of the sub-committees receive timely assistance. They are also paid regularly for the delivery of relief letters. In the Jungipore sub-division numbers are relieved by work on tanks and road repairs. Out of the number shown in the statement annexed, 15 persons were relieved under heading (*d*) of the Central Committee's notification. The total receipts of the sub-divisional relief fund amount to Rs. 4,133-6-4, and the total expenditure Rs. 2,801-8-10, leaving a balance of Rs. 1,331-13-6. In the Rampore Hât sub-division two poor-houses—one in thana Nulhattee, and another in thana Khurgram—have been opened during the fortnight under report. It appears that 17 persons have been relieved under heading (*d*) in this sub-division during the above period.

G.—Financial Results of the Fortnight.

Vide.—Statement annexed.

	Dacoity.	Robbery.	House-breaking.	Theft.	1874.	1873.	1872.
Head-quarters sub-division, from 27th June to 10th July 1874 ...	2	1	17	16	36	47	31
Jungipore sub-division, from 26th June to 9th July 1874	1	...	1	10	12	14	13
Rampore Hât sub-division; for the fortnight ending 11th July 1874 ...	...	...	...	9	9*	11*	7*
Lalbag sub-division, for the fortnight ending 11th July 1874 ...	...	1	4	14	19	21	21
Total ...	3	2	22	49	76	93	72

* Not received from Nulhattee thana.

Statement showing the Cases treated by the 3rd Class Hospital Assistants from 30th May to 12th June 1874.

Names of Villages.	Diseases.	Remaining.	Admitted.	Total.	Results. Cured.	Relieved.	Died.	Remaining.	Remarks.
Nowadah ...	Cholera	...	40	40	24	...	4	12	These cases were treated by 3rd class Hospital Assistant T. Coopoosoamy, in charge of Nowadah Famine Hospital.
	Ague and fevers	...	9	9	9	...	...	...	
	Rheumatism	...	5	5	3	...	...	2	
	Dyspepsia	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
	Dysentery	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
	Diarrhœa	...	13	13	9	...	...	4	
	Spleen	...	1	1	...	...	..	1	
	Other diseases	...	8	8	5	..	...	3	
	Total ..	...	78	78	52	...	4	22	
Beldanga ...	Cholera	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	These cases were treated by 3rd class Hospital Assistant C. Ranganathum, in charge of Beldanga Famine Hospital.
	Ague and fevers	...	17	17	9	...	...	8	
	Diarrhœa	...	3	3	3	...	...	...	
	Dysentery	...	1	1	...	...	..	1	
	Dyspepsia	...	12	12	8	...	...	4	
	Spleen	...	10	10	6	...	...	4	
	Syphilis	...	3	3	1	...	...	2	
	Other diseases	...	60	60	30	...	...	30	
	Total ...	...	107	107	58	...	...	49	
Kattamari ...	Ague and fevers	1	13	14	11	...	...	3	These cases were treated by 3rd class Hospital Assistant P. Marisoamy Pillay, who is in charge of Kattamari Famine Hospital.
	Rheumatism	...	8	8	8	...	...	...	
	Syphilis	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	
	Dyspepsia	...	4	4	3	...	...	1	
	Diarrhœa	...	4	4	4	...	...	...	
	Dysentery	1	2	3	2	...	1	...	
	Spleen	3	4	7	6	...	...	1	
	Other diseases	3	56	59	55	...	...	4	
	Total ...	8	92	100	89	...	1	10	
	Grand Total ...	8	277	285	199	...	5	81	

Statement showing the Cases treated by the 3rd Class Hospital Assistants from 13th to 26th June 1874.

Nowadah	Cholera	12	41	53	41	...	1	11	These cases were treated by 3rd class Hospital Assistant T. Coopoosoamy, who is in charge of Nowadah Famine Hospital.
	Ague and fevers . ..	...	12	12	10	...	..	2	
	Syphilis	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	
	Diarrhœa	4	10	14	12	...	.	2	
	Spleen	1	1	2	1	...	...	1	
	Other diseases	5	10	15	12	...	...	3	
	Total .	22	75	97	76	...	1	20	
Beldanga	Cholera	...	2	2	1	...	...	1	These cases were treated by the 3rd class Hospital Assistant C. Ranganathum, who is in charge of Beldanga Famine Hospital.
	Ague and fevers	8	28	36	23	...	...	13	
	Rheumatism .. .	3	13	16	10	...	...	6	
	Syphilis	2	5	7	5	...	...	2	
	Diarrhœa	..	6	6	2	...	...	4	
	Dysentery	1	...	1	1	.	...	...	
	Dyspepsia ...	4	5	9	4	...	...	5	
	Spleen	4	3	7	2	...	...	5	
	Other diseases	27	69	96	47	..	.	49	
	Total ...	49	131	180	95	..	..	85	
Kattamari ...	Ague and fevers	3	8	11	7	...	...	4	These cases were treated by the 3rd class Hospital Assistant P. Marisoamy Pillay, who is in charge of Kattamari Famine Hospital.
	Rheumatism	..	13	13	10	..	...	3	
	Syphilis	1	3	4	2	...	...	2	
	Dyspepsia	1	.	1	1	...	...	...	
	Diarrhœa	...	2	2	2	.	...	...	
	Dysentery	...	9	9	7	.	1	1	
	Spleen	1	2	3	1	..	...	2	
	Other diseases	4	66	70	63	1	...	6	
	Total ...	10	103	113	93	1	1	18	
	Grand Total ..	81	309	390	264	1	2	123	

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the District of Moorshedabad for the Fortnight ending 10th July 1874.

Names of Circles.	Dates for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	Total quantity of grain consumed up to date.					Estimated grain receipts of the ensuing fortnight.	Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.
				By sale to the public or to laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots.	By payments in kind to laborers.	Total.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
		Mds. Sr. Ch.	Mds. Sr. Ch.	Mds. Sr. Ch.	Mds. Sr. Ch.	Mds. Sr. Ch.	Mds. Sr. Ch.	Mds. Sr. Ch.	Mds. Sr. Ch.	Mds. Sr. Ch.
Rampore Hát	10th July	1,642 1 8	1,642 1 8	.....	7 0 0	74 10 0	1,532 31 8	1,614 1 8	3,000 0 0	2,000 0 0
Khargram	6th „	1,046 0 0	1,046 0 0	.....	136 18 10	95 13 0	175 35 6	407 33 0	.....	.....
Gokurn	4th „	.....	946 36 0	84 18 0	308 30 0	.....	475 15 0	904 0 0	.....	*1,200 0 0
Kandi	9th „	.....	792 18 0	.....	249 0 0	31 10 0	33 0 0	333 10 0	.....	500 0 0
Bhurutpore	9th „	.....	543 0 0	.....	243 0 0	.....	.....	243 0 0	.....	300 0 0
Suktipore	10th „	480 33 13	.....	.....	.....	.....	107 39 1	335 10 13	.....	.....
Talibpore	10th „	.....	157 29 0	.....	106 0 0	.....	.....	106 0 0	.....	100 0 0
Salar	10th „	.....	131 30 0	.....	48 10 0	.....	.....	48 10 0	.....	40 0 0
Mangram	10th „	.....	101 18 0	.....	31 0 0 to 1st July.	.....	.....	60 0 0	.....	40 0 0
Mr. Scugall, at Bhurutpore and Salar	10th „	.....	257 0 0	.....	.....	.....	165 15 0	165 15 0	.....	80 0 0
Nobogram	From 28th June to 11th July	.....	184 0 0	.....	166 6 1	3 34 0	1 16 13	171 16 14	.....	.....
Barronassia	10th July	.....	109 0 0	.....	33 14 8	.....	.....	33 14 8	.....	.....
Jungipore	9th „	2,000 0 0	1,256 11 6 besides 614 transferred to other places.	.....	402 13 0	.....	3 6 0	408 19 0	2,000 0 0	1,000 0 0
Aurungabad	9th „	.....	.....	.....	66 37 4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dhoolian	9th „	.....	.....	.....	38 20 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mirzapore	9th „	.....	.....	.....	37 8 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pureedpore	10th „	.....	.....	.....	38 5 8 1st to 10th July.	.....	87 0 0 28th June to 10th July.	.....	.....	.....
Lalbag	27th June to 10th July	1,632 35 2	2,192 38 6	.....	108 0 0	.....	586 5 4	664 5 4	.....	.....
Public Works Department	14th July	3,754 28 14	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,343 11 4½	3,343 11 4½	.....	.....
Public Works Department, drain works	10th „	303 22 14	.....	.....	.....	.....	303 22 14	303 22 14	.....	.....
	Total	10,860 2 3	9,351 13 4	84 18 0	1,889 37 15	204 32 0	6,784 33 2½	9,134 23 ½	5,000 0 0	5,240 0 0

* The return for Rungamutty has not been received. Consumption somewhat large.

Statement showing the Expenditure on Relief Works during the Fortnight ending the 11th July 1874.

		Rs.	As.	P.
Expenditure up to last fortnight		69,958	0	0
Expenditure during the fortnight under report—				
Radhaghat road	*a.*	40	7	3
Panchgaon ,, ...	*b.*	47	10	6
Badshahi ,, ...	*c.*	19	0	0
Nulhattee ,, ...	*d.*	1	13	0
Bhugwangolah road	*e.*	287	6	0
Calcutta road	*f.*	99	7	0
Dewanserai road	*g.*	30	3	0
Jungipore and Khumra road	*h.*	24	0	0
Berhampore drain, from 20th June to 11th July 1874 ..	*i.*	394	7	3
Total ..		944	6	0

1	2	3	4	5	6			
Number of committees and sub-committees as yet appointed.	Number of special relief sub-divisions opened and officered.	Number of regular relief circles opened and managed by special officers.	Number of relief circles opened and managed by planters, zemindars, and other residents.	Number of work-houses or centres, for the distribution of food and gratuitous relief.	Number of men, women and children (with total) in receipt of gratuitous relief in any shape through the charitable relief organisation *daily*.			
					Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.
Head-quarters sub-divn., 17	2	4	16	16	.....	.....	.....	4,304
Jungipore sub-division 6	.....	2	.....	6	.....	.....	.....	3,603
Lalbagh ,, ... 1	.....	3	.....	7	.....	.....	.....	2,515
Rampore Hât sub-divn., 7	.....	2	.....	13	1,634	1,417	380	3,431

G.—Financial Results of the Fortnight ending the 11th July 1874.

			Rs.	As.	P.
Total expenditure from the district and sub-divisional treasuries as shown in the last narrative			39,436	1	3
Detail of the above total—					
Amount credited to the district relief fund, being payable from Government			11,515	6	4
Establishment charges—					
Travelling allowance	Rs.	58 13 6			
Salary	,,	1,014 2 2			
Contingencies	,,	183 15 3			
			1,256	14	11
One-third of the cost paid by Government for a tank at Khoyramaree			200	0	0
Paid for construction of a furrash			83	0	0
Tuccavee advances			23,022	8	0
Advances for purchase of grain			2,025	0	0
Paid for digging wells			33	4	0
Paid to F. A. Dawson, Esq., for transport of Government grain			1,300	0	0
Advances during the fortnight under report—					
Transport of Government grain			900	0	0
Paid to Hazi Khanker Mahomed Ahsen			500	0	0
Amount credited to the district relief fund, being payable from Government			4,940	11	6
Paid to Officiating Magistrate			76	0	0
Mr. J. Maxarenhas, relief assistant			80	0	0
Ditto ditto			7	11	9
Mr. F. A. Dawson, district grain officer			200	0	0
Officiating Magistrate and Collector			230	0	0
Ditto ditto			160	0	0
Ditto ditto			80	0	0
Sub-divisional officer of Lalbag			64	8	3
Putty Ram Banerjee, canongoe			11	0	0
F. A. Dawson, Esq., district grain officer			48	9	6
Sub-divisional officer of Rampore Hât			80	0	0
Ditto ditto			80	0	0
Total ..			7,458	9	0
Grand Total ..			46,894	10	3

W. Wavell,
Offg. Magistrate and Collector.

No. 1495—S.R., dated Dinagepore, the 13th July 1874.

From—E. E. Lowis, Esq., Magistrate of Dinagepore,
To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

I have the honor to submit my narrative for the fortnight ending 13th July.

A.—State of Country.

The health and condition of the people during the period under review has been good. A few cases of small-pox are reported here and there, but cholera has disappeared. Malarious fever is reported as prevailing in some places, but during the rains fever is not by any means an uncommon complaint in this district. For the past month we have had pretty constant rain, and for the last ten days it has been in many places almost incessant. This continuous fall is not favorable for the crops, and some of the circle officers report that slight damage has been done to the bhadoi and hymanti sowings. The injury done as yet, however, has been very trifling; but unless we have a spell of fine weather, much damage may result, for the rivers are all becoming very full, and in some places threatening to overflow their banks. Mr. Horsley, from Tamboolee, writes to say that the Tângon river is now fuller than it has been for many years, and is as high as it can be without disastrous consequences to the villages on its banks. There is at present some hope of a break in the weather, and a few sunny days will be most beneficial. Prices show a downward tendency in the town; country rice sells at 11 seers per rupee of 80 tolahs, and in some other places it is as cheap; while bora rice is to be had at two or three hâts at 13 and 14 seers per rupee. The prices are very fluctuating however in many places, not being lower than 8 or 9 seers per rupee. Nowhere is there a sufficiency of rice reported in the market, the grain comes in driblets, and as our sales are still confined as far as possible to Burmah, the holders of stocks are able to dispose of what they have at the higher quotations. A little rice is imported up the Atrai River, but in very small quantities, and this leads to lower rates. The holders of stocks, too, such as they are, being now convinced that grain will never sell dearer than it does at present, are coming into the market. Some people never quite believed that prices would not, during the critical months of July and August, rise to some unknown rate, and therefore held on to their supplies, which, now that they see there is no chance of getting rid of them on more favorable terms, they are disposing of. But the very slight effect produced on the rates, and the very trifling difference made in the market-supply, shows how very insignificant the amount in stock was at the commencement of the season compared with the requirements of the people. We may rest assured that at the present moment everybody with grain in hand is disposing of it as fast as he can, and yet not only is the supply in the hâts as a rule scanty, but more than one circle officer has been applied to by numbers of the better class in his division, praying to be allowed to purchase country rice from the Government golahs, as it was not for sale in sufficient quantities elsewhere. The people are in many places entirely dependent on the Government help afforded them in charitable relief, wages, sales of rice, or advances of grain. As an instance, the late stoppage of supply at Bindoil shows how near we are to the verge of distress. Mr. Fasson, at Bindoil, ran out of his store in one locality, and indented for supplies on the nearest goladar, viz. the one at Hurreepore. As that gola, however, happened to be in the Raneesankoil circle, the goladar would not comply with Mr. Fasson's indent, and for a short time the requirements of a certain area could not be supplied. The difficulty was soon settled, but even so slight and temporary a stoppage sufficed to show what would happen were Government help even now withdrawn. I may add that the goladar acted in direct contravention of instructions sent to circle officers, whereby all golas without distinction were declared to be open to requisition of any circle officer. Adverting to the crisis, Mr. Fasson writes: "No actual distress anywhere appears, but the least check in the arrangements for relief by supply of Government grain, such as that which lately occurred, causes sufficient anxiety to the ryots to warrant the opinion that nothing less than has been done by Government could have availed to divert distress of a serious character. The abandonment of relief-works and taking up of agricultural operations, complicated by the increased difficulty of communication, and still more by the temporary lack of Government grain, have certainly produced a crisis which caused some anxiety for a few days, and though not actually attended with distress, showed clearly the real want of assistance existing in this circle. The people most pressed were not coolies, but ryots laboring in their fields." The demand for rice in Thakoorgaon is still great, and the demand is one which it is not easy to supply. No provision was made for this part of the district, as it was not considered likely that with a fair crop of rice any distress would show itself. The villagers, however, sold more than they could afford, and rice at the present moment is procurable with some difficulty. The difficulties of transport to Thakoorgaon are enormous: there is no water-communication with the neighbouring circles, the roads are heavy with incessant rain, and every little stream is now a torrent requiring a ferry boat to cross. We are, however, fortunate in having a most energetic, active officer, Mr. Scanlan, on the spot, who is doing all he can to get the grain across from Raneesankoil in sufficient quantities. He deserves much credit for the success which has attended his exertions, for it is no easy matter to arrange the transport of quantities of rice at this season without having any spoilt by wet. As it is, no rice has yet been stored there. As soon as a chullan arrives, crowds of paikars buy it up and carry it off the carts, without letting it go into the golas at all. In Beergunge there is the

same demand; but being in communication with more than one circle by water, its wants are more easily supplied. Orders have been received about lowering the price of Government grain, and instructions have been issued accordingly. I do not suppose, however, that the change will make any great difference in the amount of grain disposed of, for the giving out of advances has been mostly completed, and this always makes a great diminution in sales, which no lowering of rates will, I think, compensate for. Changes in the rates tend to unsettle men's minds, and to a certain extent incline them to hold back from taking advances. The uncertainty certainly prevents any one coming forward to take any large quantity of grain; for of course no one who hopes to get Government grain cheapor a fortnight hence will buy more now than he absolutely requires. Though I am no advocate for the change, I do not consider that the measure can be called in question as being prohibitive of importation. It is a question whether a sufficient trade would have sprung up, for the rivers have now been open some time, and yet very little rice has been imported, while what has come has been sold without difficulty at 11 seers per rupee. It is true that the Burmah rice, which alone we have hitherto been selling, and which does not compete with their transactions, is coming to an end, and that importation will not hold its own against our sales of country at the same rates. But had the traders shown any inclination to supply the market sufficiently, our sales by this time would have been discontinued, and the field left open to them; nor have the holders of stocks good grounds for complaint. They might have realised a considerable profit by selling any time during the last three months, and cannot now grumble because Government, having stepped in to supply the deficient supply, choose to fix the market rates without consulting their convenience.

B.—Relief Works.

Our relief-works are nearly all closed. Light labour gangs have been started in some places, composed of women, children, and men who cannot get any other work. Such men are paid mere subsistence allowance, below the rates prevailing for agricultural labourers; so that there may be no inducement for them to remain on our hands longer than they can help. Some coolies have received a fortnight's advance, but this arrangement has only been adopted in cases where the men are likely to obtain work in the fields. Where it has been obvious that they would not be so employed, they have been kept on, getting subsistence allowance in return for work done. These light labour gangs are charged to charitable relief under heading C of the Central Committee's rules. Some small amounts in cash have been expended during the past fortnight. The orders were not received in time to stop all the cash payments for the seventh day. Money also has had to be expended in procuring materials for temporary bridges. Mr. Fasson, owing to his not being able to get rice as soon as he wished, had to make some cash payments to coolies out of the money realized by sale of rice. The amount so paid was soon after expended in purchasing Government grain. The money was therefore soon returned to Mr. Fasson's hands. The tokens issued from the Mint for payments in kind have just arrived; but as the relief-works are now practically closed, I do not expect to make much use of them. Our relief-works, managed as they have been on the task-work system, have never tempted the villagers to remain employed on them when other work offered. In most places they have been gradually deserted by the labourers of their own accord, the men going off to find employment in their own fields or the fields of others. In Tamboolee, where there are many substantial, well-to-do ryots, who employ labour, coolies are not procurable either for road or any other work, all being employed in agriculture. In some places, as I have observed, the men have not all gone; but I am sure they will go as soon as they can; and meantime it is better they should earn their living than that they should for one fortnight eat the bread of idleness, perhaps at the end of that period returning on our hands.

C.—Transport.

Our transport operations are confined now to pushing in rice into Beergunge and Thakoorgaon circles, where there is a very considerable demand. A little also is sent to Kaliagunge and Bochagunge from Tamboolee. Boats are procurable without much difficulty, and our golas, being many of them situated on the banks of rivers, communication is easy. Carts are not now generally procurable. The hundreds of carts procured for transport during the dry season belong to ryots, who made use of their plough-bullocks as draught cattle. These animals are now required for cultivation, and carts in and about the station are not easily procurable. Fortunately for our transport operations in Thakoorgaon, the same difficulty does not exist there. That part of the district has no water-communication: there are therefore many professional cartmen, who keep carts and bullocks available for traffic at all times of the year, and by their help grain is now being carted across from Raneesankoil to Thakoorgaon.

D.—Storage.

No change has been made in the arrangements under this head; a full list of the golas, with the amount stored in each, has been given in a former narrative.

E.—Advance.

I subjoin the remarks made by the district relief officer on the subject of advances:—

"In the narrative for the fortnight ending on the 29th June was described at some length the preparations which were being made for the giving out of advances in grain for the subsistence of the classes who were in want, but not reduced to absolute pauperism.

During the past fortnight great activity has been shown in nearly every circle in carrying out those plans. Some very slight variations have been introduced, but as reports in sufficient detail have not yet been received from the circle relief officers, a fuller description must be delayed for the present.

"The experience of the past fortnight has fully borne out what was before written regarding the backwardness of the zemindars as a body to provide, either from their private resources or from the Government stores, for their necessitous ryots. In some cases promises have been made, but evidently without any intention to fulfil them; in many, procrastination has been resorted to to save the zemindar from the disagreeableness of giving a decided refusal. The circle officers have appreciated the truth, and have made advances to the underholders on good security where no preparations or intention for carrying out those promises were evident on the part of the zemindars. Cases indeed have been brought to notice in which the zemindars had resorted to threats to prevent their ryots from asking for advances, where the taking of the Government advance seemed to be the only alternative from present distress open to the ryots. In Patnitola only a portion of the three months' supply intended to be advanced has actually been served out. In Beergunge and Thakoorgaon the giving out of advances has been retarded for the present owing to the stock of grain running short. In one circle it is reported that those who are now taking the advances have evinced an anxiety to pay back immediately after the approaching bhadoi harvest.

"So far as stocks admitted of it, the advances have been given out in Burmah rice, a grain which would find no one to accept of it willingly after our bhadoi grain comes into the market.

"The total amount given out to zemindars or cultivating communities in the name of their headmen on collective security of personal property, combined with the mortgage of lands, was in the last narrative (page 6) shown to be 1,36,146 maunds.

"During the present fortnight the issues have been—

Name of Circle.	First week, 23rd to 29th June.	Second week, 29th to 6th July.	Future prospects roughly estimated.
	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	
Thakoorgaon	.....	87 11 0	20,000
Raneesankoil	406 25 0	890 24 8	
Patiram	1,879 3 0	1,179 19 0	To zemindars }
	4,478 10 0	1,490 14 0	To ryots } 2000
Beergunge	119 34 0	201 4 0	10,000
Luskerhaut	3,130 10 0	5,209 0 0	2,000
Bochagunge	569 0 0	1,296 36 0	10,000
Kaliagunge	4,694 16 0	4,932 12 0	7,500
Bhadooria	2,791 5 0	Not given.	1,000
Durgapore	4,694 16 0	4,932 12 0	1,000
Gungarampore	4,633 0 0	3,807 0 0	2,000
Chooramon	2,562 6 0	4,903 0 0	2,000
Tamboolee	5,472 20 0	10,225 31 0	1,500
Bindoil	1,891 32 0	3,057 10 0	1,000
Foolbarree	869 24 0	1,768 0 0	1,000
Patnitola	2,000 0 0	1,500 0 0	5,000
Poraha	5,322 0 0	4,197 0 0	2,000
Habra	.....	.....	
Dinagepore	3,598 17 13	2,449 12 2	
Total ...	48,912 18 13	52,226 25 10	

"This, added to 1,36,146 previously disposed of, gives 2,37,285, with a prospect of further calls for 75,000."

I quite concur in all that the district relief officer has stated regarding the backwardness of the zemindars in coming forward to help their ryots. At one time I was in hopes that they would come forward, in fact, many of them promised to do so. They have, however, failed to act up to their promises; the result has been that the grain has been advanced on the security of the villagers themselves. That the advances of grain have been a great boon to the people, is testified to by every circle officer. It is also stated that the villagers now understand that repayment of the debt will be insisted on, and that as a rule no more grain than is actually required is asked for; where excessive amounts have been demanded, local enquiry has enabled the circle officer to cut down the estimates. After careful local enquiry, and after, in many cases, a long delay, to permit of the zemindar coming forward to stand security for the debt, a very large amount of grain has been advanced to the villagers on their own security, and bonds for the amount duly signed and delivered; it now remains to be seen whether any further steps are necessary to secure the repayment of the debt. Had the zemindars as a body come forward and stood security for the repayment of the grain advanced to their ryots, no further action would have been necessary; but, although Government has gone out of its way to offer inducements to the landlords to undertake the burden, they have very generally declined the responsibility. Government, therefore, have had to relieve the ryots, and indirectly benefit the zemindars, by taking such obligations on its own shoulders, and granting such advances on the security of the ryots' holdings. Left to themselves, the respectable villagers would, I am sure, repay their debts faithfully; but it is by no means certain that they will be left alone. The zemindars having had their ryots kept from distress by the intervention of Government, will now proceed to press for arrears of rent, and by

seizing the crop and selling the holdings, forestall the Government demand; thus, much of what is now due will have to be written off as irrecoverable. To show the position that is likely to be taken up by the zemindar, I will quote an instance of what happened a few days ago. The sudder circle officer advanced some sixty maunds of grain to a village on the security of a headman, who pledged his holding of some 35 beeghas. Some time after the grain had been delivered, the zemindar's agent warned me that it would be advisable to get back the advance, if Government wished to avoid loss, for the headman in question owed rent for the present and past years, and that his master meant to distrain the crop, and sell the holding, if necessary, to recover his dues, in which case the Government demand would not be paid. Nor is the fear of the debt being thus irrecoverable the only difficulty in the way. The bonds given by the ryots being for sums over 100 rupees in value, and involving, as they do, right to immovable property, must be registered, if we are to sue on them in the civil court; unregistered, they will not be accepted as evidence. There is but one sub-registry office in the district outside the sudder station, and as circle officers cannot, it is found, be vested with powers to deal with this class of documents, the villagers must come into Dinagepore from distances of fifty or sixty miles to admit execution; and this it is utterly impossible to ask them to do at a time when even a day's absence from their homes is to be deprecated. There is a fear that the zemindars, who have held aloof and thrown on Government the onus of helping their ryots, will step in and forestall our claims, while there is also a difficulty about getting our bonds registered, and a certainty that if we go in hereafter to sue on unregistered bonds, that our suits will be summarily rejected, or, at the best, realized after a slow and tedious course of litigation. The difficulties I have pointed out are not imaginary ones. I am sure the zemindars, resenting the hold we have on their ryots, will not content themselves with merely satisfying their own claims first; they will also incite their tenants to withhold payment of Government dues, and therefore I consider it is absolutely necessary that Government should protect their own interests by passing a short Act, giving the Collector jurisdiction to entertain such cases, and investing him with summary powers to realize the demand, such as are embodied in sections 10 and 23 of the Road Cess Act. It was anticipated that the zemindars would see the necessity of undertaking the duty of helping their ryots, but as they have not done so, I would, considering the amount at stake, most earnestly press on Government the necessity of special legislation in the matter. The difficulty about registration alone calls for remedial measures.

F.—Charitable Relief.

The district relief officer has submitted the following report under this head:—

"Besides the requirements of the season for agricultural labor during the past fortnight, two great causes have affected the numbers receiving charitable relief: the giving out of grain advances has tended to diminish, while the stopping of relief works has greatly tended almost everywhere to increase our pauper rolls.

"The previous narrative described the state of the relief works just previous to their being closed, and sketched the probable future of the work-people. The plans then set forth have been quietly followed out, and consequent on the orders of Government there has been no general breaking up of gangs, for the men had previously in great numbers left the works for field labor, in which they either had the inducement of their own cultivation, or could obtain better wages. Only a few able-bodied men are now left, enough to look after bridging work, and to do the heavier work, such as digging earth, just enough to keep the women and children employed at light labor fully at work. As a rule, nothing beyond subsistence allowance in grain is given them, and these would no doubt go to field labor if the labor market could only absorb them.

"Fourteen days' gratuity in grain was given to those among the workmen who were last to leave, but not to those who could not leave. From all now employed on light labor, in turfing roads, tank embankments, and the like, in short, in consolidating, repairing, and maintaining the valuable work previously done, through the early rains some sort of task-work is exacted, varying no doubt with the closeness of inspection.

"The effect of the closing of the works has, on the other hand, been to some extent counterbalanced by the relief to the necessitous classes afforded by the Government advances, which have reached down to all those who are removed from the habitual paupers and regular hired servants.

"But for these advances, it is feared that many of the generally independent classes would have, for a short time, been obliged to sink their independence and resort to charitable relief.

"The stopping of relief works has set free for charitable relief a number of trained men. It was impossible to foresee how our pauper rolls would be affected; accordingly many of the previous establishments had to be retained till the experience of the first week of July should enable the circle officers to judge whether their previous organization could stand all calls, and the officers are now reviewing the position and their establishments, and no doubt many reductions will be found possible.

"It is unnecessary again to describe the organization, as this was done only a fortnight ago. It is sufficient to say that no cases of severe distress have been heard of; the people generally look well-conditioned, and public health is good.

"Out in the villages either the paupers have, where no headman of character is found, received a month's provisions, or where a good mundul's house formed a good relief centre,

a stock for two or three months has been laid in. This is further strengthened in some circles by small depôts of some 200 maunds, to provide against any temporary and unforeseen demand happening at a time when communication with the large golas might be difficult or a work of much time.

"The narrative for the fortnight reported on 1st June showed 19,112 persons receiving charitable relief, and in the narrative of 15th June the number was shown to have increased to 22,460,* while 74,276 were employed on relief works.

"In the narrative of 29th June, 54,693 are returned as receiving charitable relief, and 40,551 as engaged on works.

"At present the numbers are about 82,512 being supported by charitable relief. Of these about 1,000 are employed on manufacture of cloth, gunny, and the like, but the reports do not enable me to divide the rest into those who are doing work and the recipients of gratuitous relief. This will be rectified in the next narrative. The increase from 54,693 to 82,512, though heavy, is not more than we can deal with, or than might have been expected."

The following table shows the number of persons receiving charitable relief:—

Name of Circle.	Shown in last report.	In this report.		Remarks.
		1st week.	2nd week.	
Porsha	1,379	1,740	2,375	
Patnitola	1,264	1,486	1,743	
Bindoil	1,964	2,027	2,123	
Luskerhaut	2,613	3,215	2,850	
Tamboolee	4,866	4,309	4,627	
Chooramon	952	1,587	1,256	
Beergunge	4,902	7,508	17,338	
Gungarampore	8,633	.....	.....	
Doorgapore	2,500	.....	10,051	
Bhadooria	946	939	919	
Dinagepore	3,001	3,210	3,273	Gratuitous.
			672	On manufacture.
			1,014	On light out-door work.
			3	
			302	Supported by Rai Dhunput Singh, Bahadoor.
Patiram	2,038	2,209	2,327	Gratuitous.
			356	Manufactures, &c.
			1,402	On roads, &c.
Kaliagunge	8,734	960	1,037	
Bochagunge	4,626	6,746	6,985	
Habra	1,306	1,465	2,265	
Thakoorgaon ... ... }	5,169	2,183	1,712	
Raneesankoil ... ... }		2,721	2,410	
Phulbaree (included in Habra) ...	.....	1,382	5,117	
Add the probable number of Gungarampore	.....	.....	73,512 9,000	
			82,512	

The following table shows the number of criminal cases in connection with scarcity that occurred during the month of June 1874 :—

		Number of cases reported, excluding cases declared to be false, and never to have occurred.
Dacoity—		
Headings 30 and 31 of Crime Return...	Month of May 1874 ...	3
	Ditto 1873 ...	1
Robbery—		
Headings 32 and 33 of Crime Return...	Month of June 1872 ...	1
Theft—		
Heading 43 of Crime Return A1, excluding cattle theft	Month of June 1874 ...	50
	Ditto 1873 ...	26
	Ditto 1872 ...	15
House-breaking—		
Headings 35 and 36 of A1 ...	Month of June 1874 ...	77
	Ditto 1873 ...	76
	Ditto 1872 ...	40
Total ...	Month of June 1874 ...	130
	Ditto 1873 ...	103
	Ditto 1872 ...	56

* This appears as 27,149 in the narrative of 29th June.

G.—Financial Results.

	Rs.	A.	P.
The total expenditure up to last fortnight was	18,64,015	15	8
The details of the above—			
For road works	12,01,249	12	5
„ construction of golas	39,776	12	6
„ transport of rice	3,96,366	7	5
Carriage for money taken to circle officers	1,200	0	0
Purchase of fodder	2,000	0	0
Construction of bungalows	2,643	0	0
Salaries and establishments	23,141	9	6
Miscellaneous	4,473	12	5
Salary and travelling allowance of native doctors ..	483	13	5
For tank-digging	82,150	0	0
Gunny bags	4	0	0
Office furniture	127	12	0
Placed at the credit of Executive Engineer for road works	60,000	0	0
Placed at the credit of Major J. G. Lindsay, R.E., for feeder-roads	50,000	0	0
Railway freight of kodalees, &c.	399	0	0
The total expenditure during the fortnight under report has been	15,565	10	1
The details of the above—			
Circle officer of Bhadooria, for relief works ..	3,000	0	0
Ditto of Gungarampore, for relief works ..	1,000	0	0
Ditto of Doorgapore, for ditto ..	500	0	0
Ditto of Porsha, for ditto ..	300	0	0
Court Sub-Inspector for hire of carts, &c., for carrying money to circle officers	50	0	0
Mr. T. W. Tweedie, for transport of rice	1,500	0	0
Mr. A. W. Scanlan, for ditto	1,000	0	0
Mr. A. W. Scanlan, for construction of out-houses ..	150	0	0
Lieutenant Proudfoot, for construction of golas ..	200	0	0
Pay of gola establishment Kaliagunge, for May ..	71	0	0
Pay of Setab Singh, compounder, for April ..	10	0	0
Pay of establishment under the Treasury Officer, for June	22	0	0
Pay of establishment under the Magistrate, for June ..	131	0	0
Grain officer's office establishment, for June ..	173	0	0
Jogot Chundra Chuckerbutty, for gola establishment, for June	157	0	0
District relief officer's establishment, for June ..	31	0	8
Contingencies	7	14	3
Pay of Native Doctor Santo Nath, for June ..	25	0	0
Native Doctor Abdool Rahoman, for contingencies ..	3	12	3
Pay of establishment for travelling allowance ..	2	5	4
Pay of establishment of the Circle Officer of Lushkerhaut, for June	263	0	0
Salary of Subadar Jogo Mohun and others, for June ..	112	14	6
Pay of establishment of Mr. Horsley, for June ..	263	0	0
Ditto of Mr. Pollen, for June ..	676	6	6
Pay of Assistant Relief Superintendent Aghore Nath Chatterjees, for June	100	0	0
Pay of Relief Superintendent of Habra Circle, Mr. Raj Kishen Sen, for June	400	0	0
Gola establishment, Parbuttypore, for June ..	75	9	9
Gola establishment, Habra, for June	53	0	0
Office establishment of Habra Circle Officer, for June ..	71	2	9
Salary of Mr. T. W. Tweedie, for June	450	0	0
Baboo Hurree Mohan Chand, on account of gola contingencies	7	9	6
Baboo Huree Mohan Chand, on account of office establishment, for June	645	10	8
Baboo Ram Chandra Burmon, Assistant Circle Officer, Beergunge, on account of his own pay and that of the Inspectors, for June	300	0	0
Office establishment of the Beergunge Circle, for June ..	79	0	0
Gola establishment for Beergunge Circle, for June ..	124	8	0

G.—Financial Results.—(*Continued.*)	Rs.	A.	P.
Assistant Relief Superintendent Abdool Khalek, on account of his pay for April, May, and June	270	0	0
Assistant Relief Superintendent Abdool Wahab, on account of his pay for April, May, and June ..	273	5	4
Deputation allowances of Mr. Horsley, for June ..	200	0	0
Gola establishment of Patiram, for June	461	0	0
Pay of Assistant Relief Superintendents under Mr. Horsley, for June	233	0	0
Office establishment of Mr. Horsley, for June ..	94	0	3
Pay of Assistant Relief Superintendents under Mr. Horsley, for May	12	14	2
Pay of office establisment of Mr. Tweedie, for June ..	79	0	0
Relief Inspector Nobin Chandra Sein, on account of his pay for June	80	0	0
Assistant Relief Superintendent Sukamoy Banerjee, for June	100	0	0
Pay of office establishment of Baboo Harakalee Mookerjee, for June	89	0	0
Baboo Prosunno Coomar Roy, Assistant Relief Officer, on account of his pay and that of his establishment for June	199	0	0
Native Doctor P. C. Sen, on account his extra allowance, for June	10	0	0
Lieutenant Proudfoot, on account of pay of his overseers, for June	327	9	7
Lieutenant Proudfoot, on account of office establishment, for June	93	3	2
Lieutenant Proudfoot, on account of his own salary and that of his Inspectors for the month of June ..	1,087	6	8

N.B.—Explanation called for from the Circle Officers of Bhadooria and Gungarampore as to their cash expenditure being so heavy.

E. E. Lowis.

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the District of Dinagepore during the Fortnight ending 13th July, 1874.

Name of Circle.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	Total quantity of grain consumed as per last report.	Total quantity of Government grain consumed up to date.				Estimated grain receipts of the ensuing fortnight.	Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.
					Sold to the laborers or to public. I.	Given for charitable relief. II.	By advances to ryots. III.	Amount paid in kind to laborers. IV.	Total.	
		Mds.	Mds.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds.
Dinagepore	10th July, 1874	96,000	1,16,874	56,436 8 8	53,074 35 10	5,568 26 12	16,275 14 0	1,977 28 3	76,896 24 9	
Chooramon	7th ditto	45,000	61,250	19,836 14 14½	3,616 34 9	826 30 13	19,856 21 0	3,872 28 11½	28,172 35 1½	
Bindoil	7th ditto	89,000	56,994	40,517 35 9½	21,943 4 7½	3,018 10 8	20,813 27 0	5,980 21 15	51,755 23 14½	
Raneesonkoil	6th ditto	80,000	1,31,185	32,889 14 9½	37,583 22 2	2,107 27 15	2,713 15 8	2,046 12 7½	44,450 38 0½	
Thakurgaon										
Bochagunge	7th ditto	80,000	36,322	12,483 27 10½	11,012 28 1½	674 10 3	1,965 36 0	6,190 12 0	19,843 6 4½	
Kaliagunge	7th ditto	40,000	41,578	21,053 6 1½	10,929 11 6	2,167 34 8	16,963 27 8	2,260 8 4½	32,321 1 10½	
Tamboolee	7th ditto	1,00,000	98,918	20,550 32 2	7,680 36 0	2,180 38 10	23,941 3 4	3,658 37 5	37,561 34 3	
Gungarampore	4th ditto	60,000	66,777	23,869 0 0	22,958 0 0	1,591 0 0	13,330 0 0	6,188 0 0	44,067 0 0	 1,00,000
Luskerhat	7th ditto	40,000	40,776	9,400 10 8	3,525 3 4	2,315 18 12	10,529 0 0	2,221 12 0	18,590 29 0	
Poraha	7th ditto	40,000	48,863	8,170 27 13½	392 11 13½	3,289 22 15	13,373 0 0	1,431 9 12½	18,486 4 9	
Putnitollah	7th ditto	95,000	96,686	55,726 19 1	16,292 38 13	2,825 34 9	40,595 20 0	2,269 8 10	61,983 22 0	
Patiram	7th ditto	85,600	85,095	36,035 32 1	29,537 17 2	1,678 21 1	15,299 21 1	198 18 2	46,713 37 6	
Bhadooria	29th June, 1874	50,000	42,435	13,927 15 12	11,753 35 8	1,018 24 12	4,479 5 0	661 14 4	17,912 39 8	
Doorgapore	7th ditto	1,50,000	1,12,846	46,220 0 2	17,508 8 9	6,065 36 11	29,158 35 5	5,026 18 11	57,759 19 4	
Parbuttypore	7th ditto	.....	20,067	4,571 7 10	5,186 3 15	433 0 6	134 0 0	.....	5,753 4 5	
Foolbarree				2,908 12 15	2,848 10 11	512 4 12	3,358 33 0	.....	6,713 8 7	
Beergunge	7th ditto	.....	32,932	11,423 13 11½	18,248 21 15½	1,109 36 2½	327 39 1½	.....	19,680 17 3½	
	Total	10,00,000	10,88,598	4,25,968 39 1½	2,74,260 2 15	37,384 14 5½	2,33,115 17 11½	43,882 30 5½	5,88,662 25 5½	 1,00,000

Statement showing the Daily Average Number of Persons employed on each Work in the several Relief Circles in the District of Dinagepore.

Name of circle.	Name of each work.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	On piece-work.	On daily wages.	Remarks.
Bochaguage.	Dhukurjhari road	149	51	200	450	53	377	
	Maloon „	744	77	188	959	11	948	
	Bochagunge „	512	149	299	980	36	944	
	Bombaree „	1,392	327	456	2,205	.....	2,205	
	Katihar „	438	.....	98	536	.....	536	
	Beerkunge „	823	332	425	1,270	25	1,245	
	Aslabad „	60	23	33	116	7	109	
	Ranessankoil „	961	67	298	1,316	115	1,201	
	Jowgaon tank	202	.....	.....	202	202	.....	
	Joyhara „	18	.....	.....	18	18	.....	
	Total	4,989	1,006	1,947	8,032	467	7,565	
Doorga-pore.	Raigunge road	200	.....	.....	200	200	.....	
	Bridge between Raigunge and Doorgapore	200	.....	.....	200	200	.....	
	Raigunge to Bindole road	300	.....	.....	300	365	.....	
	Total	700	.....	.....	700	700	.....	
Tamboolee.	Kalikamara road	9	30	.....	39	.....	39	
	Kusumundi „	27	40	.....	67	.....	67	
	Jamaree „	16	27	.....	43	.....	43	
	Dhowlutpore „	15	11	.....	26	4	22	
	Harirampore „	10	36	.....	46	.....	46	
	Mohipal „	102	49	.....	151	35	116	
	Baniaspore „	27	45	.....	72	15	57	
	Total	206	238	.....	444	54	390	
	Employed by P. W. D. Subordinates.							
	Serai	6	.....	.....	6	.....	6	
	Tamboolee	12	.....	.....	12	.....	12	
	Shehole	9	.....	.....	9	.....	9	
	Mahipal	12	.....	.....	12	.....	12	
	Total	39	.....	.....	39	.....	39	
Patiram.	Road from Kumorgunge Sanjhee	21	66	20	107	21	86	
	Patiram to Hilee road	114	49	44	207	114	93	
	Paglee to Khanpore „	76	53	48	177	76	101	
	Patcoram to Balughat „	17	23	12	52	17	35	
	Balughat to Hilee „	225	102	123	440	225	234	
	Balughat to Palsa „	27	19	8	54	27	27	
	Total	480	312	254	1,046	480	566	
Choo-rakon.	Itahar road	31	124	44	199	.....	199	
	Potarsi road	80	641	148	869	.....	869	
	Mirjadighy road	10	192	105	307	.....	307	
	Chooramon embankment	2	18	2	22	.....	22	
	Total	123	975	299	1,397	.....	1,397	
Gangara-pore.	Lushkerhat road	31	.....	.....	31	.....	31	
	Nowbasar „	24	.....	.....	24	.....	24	
	Foolbarry „	26	.....	.....	26	.....	26	
	Gangarampore „	27	107	31	165	10	155	
	Darali „	235	103	26	364	.....	364	
	Katalhat bund	49	8	.....	57	.....	57	
	Total	392	218	57	667	10	657	
Bhadooria.	Ghoraghat to Sontapur road	705	181	140	1,026	533	493	
	Ghoraghat to Kulanundopore „	89	91	46	226	44	182	
	Ghoraghat to Kamdia „	19	43	14	76	14	62	
	Ghoraghat to Govindogunge „	27	21	13	71	22	49	
	Bhadooria to Nawabgunge „	227	170	100	497	62	435	
	Bhadooria to Borokandi „	162	69	38	269	149	120	
	Total	1,229	585	351	2,165	824	1,341	
Lukkerhat.	Backerpore road	5	.....	.....	5	.....	5	
	Ram Chandpore road	29	.....	.....	29	12	17	
	Lukhynarayanpore tank	1	.....	.....	1	1	.....	
	Lukhudanga „	4	.....	.....	4	4	.....	
	Rai Chand „	7	.....	.....	7	7	.....	
	Gangihar road	54	.....	.....	54	14	40	
	Manipore and Balughat road	189	32	20	241	241	.....	
	Palla road	12	.....	.....	12	12	.....	
	Total	1,530	617	371	2,518	1,118	1,400	
Kalia-gunge.	Udgaon road	25	.....	.....	25	.....	.....	
	Pakura „	28	.....	.....	28	.....	.....	
	Kusumbari „	71	.....	.....	71	.....	.....	
	Homtabad „	293	.....	.....	293	.....	.....	
	Total	417	.....	.....	417	.....	.....	

Name of circle.	Name of each work.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	On piece-work.	On daily wages.	Remarks.
Bindoll.	Bindoll to Moharajhat road ...	533	124	336	993	225	668	
	Hurripore to Moharajhat „ ...	827	513	728	2,068	330	1,738	
	Dinagepore to Purneah „ ...	321	111	98	530	200	330	
	Torra to Hurripore „ ...	88	301	35	424	88	336	
	Hemtabad to Moharajhat „ ...	125	134	70	329	125	204	
	Total ...	1,894	1,183	1,267	4,344	1,068	3,276	
Beer-gunge.	Nasipore to Khansama road ...	2,277	625	727	3,629	208	.....	
	Birgunge to Khansama „ ...	1,438	55	478	1,971	.....	.....	
	„ to Pergunge „ ...	379	59	53	490	.....	.....	
	„ to Kaharal „ ...	803	113	60	776	.....	.....	
	„ to Dariapore „ ...	460	14	84	558	.....	.....	
	Total ...	5,357	866	1,401	7,624	208	.....	
Porsha.	Road Sapahar to Ghatnagar ...	664	438	451	1,553	727	1,126	
Dinagepore, Sudder.	Basitpore road	21	.....	53	74	.....	74	
	Sumdia „	1	.....	30	31	.....	31	
	Sahibgunge „	4	3	10	17	.....	17	
	Noolaibaree „	31	36	72	139	.....	139	
	Moharajpore „	2	.....	.....	2	.....	2	
	Ranigunge „	28	85	.....	113	.....	113	
	Ramdubby „	7	86	57	150	.....	150	
	Corimtullapore „	4	.....	.....	4	.....	4	
	Darail „	2	.....	.....	2	.....	2	
	Cantabaree „	7	68	42	117	.....	117	
	Binnacuree „	9	30	40	79	.....	79	
	Gopalgunge „	5	5	46	56	.....	56	
	Dinagepore „	14	18	48	80	.....	80	
	Bhowanipore „	5	.....	6	11	.....	11	
	Hoolipore „	10	26	32	68	.....	68	
	Raneediggi „	2	41	26	69	.....	69	
	Kanchan Ghat „	3	.....	.....	3	.....	3	
	Total ...	154	398	462	1,014	.....	1,014	
Ranesankoil and Thakurgaon.	Ranesankoil to Nekmurd road ...	31	629	84	744	31	713	
	Ranesankoil to Bindole „ ...	10	28	4	42	10	32	
	Ranesankoil to Haripore „ ...	128	23	5	156	128	28	
	Satuchata to Mirdangi „ ...	66	121	35	222	66	156	
	Haripore to Jamoon „ ...	123	31	21	175	123	52	
	Bodesagri to Satuchatta „ ...	27	229	33	289	27	262	
	Satuchatta to Jamoon „ ...	97	45	24	166	97	69	
	Huldibaree to Lahari „ ...	51	19	.....	70	51	19	
	Total ...	533	1,125	206	1,864	533	1,331	

DINAGEPORE MAGISTRACY,
The 13th July 1874.

E. E. LOWIS,
Offg. Magistrate.

No. 1634, dated Beauleah, the 14th July 1874.

From—W. H. D'OYLY, ESQ., Collector of Rajshahye,
To—The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Dept.

I HAVE the honor to submit herewith my narrative for the fortnight ending the 11th July 1874.

A.—STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

The supply in the markets is sufficient to meet all demands. Prices have fallen to 13½ and even 15 seers (of 80 tolas) in several parts of the Beauleah and Nattore Sub-divisions; but in parts of the Bhurind, especially in Manda and in parts of Godagaree, they are still as high as they were three weeks ago. Importations of rice continue in large quantities into all parts of the district except Godagaree, from which, in ordinary years, the Bhurind rice is largely exported. I believe that most of the ryots, though they had no rice to export, have kept enough for the year's consumption, as there have been *no* importations, and as the price has fallen at Govindpore Hât, the principal market in Godagaree, to 12 seers. At the same time the poorer ryots have not saved enough, and there are some of these in almost every village who now require assistance. The crops are everywhere in excellent condition, and promise to yield a full return. The river has risen very rapidly, and is considerably higher than it usually is at this time of year. Some little damage has been done where the river water has topped the crops, but the extent affected is so small as to be hardly appreciable. The early aous has actually been cut in some places, and in others is in ear, while the later aous is in many places not more than 9 inches high. The teel and koun crops have been good. In parts of the Bhurind, maize has been cultivated, and is looking well.

The rainfall in Nattore has been 3·20, and in Beauleah 2·39, which may be considered sufficient, and not excessive for agricultural purposes.

Mr. Clay, who has lately taken charge of the Nattore Sub-division, writes as follows:—"As my route from Bogra lay through Rungbagha, in Singra thana, where I spent nearly a day, I am able to speak to a certain extent of the condition of that part of the country. It is to look at a poor uncultivated tract, and inhabited by people without any standing or means. There are all the means for relief there, but there seemed no business going on: 617 maunds of rice have been consumed there since the commencement. I saw few

people about. Any that did come were anxious for loans to help them over the coming month, and there were but few cripples."

I was at Nattore lately, and met Mr. Clay there. There was a large number of persons of all descriptions collected at the poor-house applying for relief, but the greater part were certainly not fit objects for charity; their condition was far better than that of the applicants here. The number at all the poor-houses are increasing; and I have seen lately more signs of want than I did when prices were higher. This must be among those who have no money left to buy. When I was at Nattore I met Mr. Vigors and Mr. Luff, who are employed on the Northern Bengal Railway. They explained to me why rice was not more used in paying laborers. At present many of the laborers employed are skilled laborers, carpenters, builders, &c., who get, some of them, 8 annas a day, and who refuse to take rice. The common laborers also will not take rice always. It will be necessary to reduce the rates, and as far as works under me are concerned I have reduced the rates, and have asked the Commissioner to sanction a rule that laborers shall be paid according to the rates prevailing in the markets.

B.—Relief Works.

See statement.

C.—Transport of Government Grain.

See statement.

D.—Storage of Government Grain.

While at Nattore I endeavoured to obtain accurate information from Mr. Vigors and Mr. Luff as to the amount of rice they had in store for me. The first arrangement was, that they were to reserve for my district 40,000 maunds; but Mr. Vigors told me that, according to urgent indents from Major Lindsay, he had forwarded so much that he had not 40,000 left for me; and after considering the matter the following arrangement was made, and the quantity now fixed on, which includes issues already made, will appear from the following figures :—

Name of storehouse.	Original allotment.	Revised allotment.
	Mds.	Mds.
Sara	5,000	*7,000
Burrul	5,000	5,000
Nattore	10,000	7,000
Baraloee	5,000	1,700
Attrai	5,000	500
Nowgong	10,000	5,000
Total ...	40,000	26,200

E.—Advances to Private Parties.

	Rs.	As.	P.
Advanced up to end of previous fortnight—			
In money	1,28,532	12	0
In grain	3,208	2	0
Total ...	1,31,740	14	0
Advanced during fortnight—			
In money	0	0	0
In grain—1,787 maunds, value	5,372	0	0
Total ...	1,37,112	14	0

F.—Charitable Relief.

See statement.

G.—Financial Results.

Total expenditure as shown in the last narrative ...	3,81,500	5	1
Details of the above—			
Advanced for the conveyance of Government grain ...	1,86,388	14	5
Advanced to Mr. Luff, &c., Northern Bengal State Railway, on his cheques	1,59,917	7	2
Advanced for storage of Government grain ...	470	4	6
Grant-in-aid to charitable relief	8,926	13	0

* Of this 2,000 maunds have been sent to the Pubna district.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Paid on account of contribution to district relief fund ...	465	0	0
Salary and deputation allowance	9,059	12	5
Advanced for purchase of gola materials	9,453	0	0
Advanced for relief work	1,878	12	0
Expended for relief work	3,005	0	0
Advanced for purchase of seed for free distribution ...	600	0	0
Tentage and travelling	247	1	8
Contingencies	700	12	6
Miscellaneous charges	126	2	6
Package	176	4	11
Permanent advance	100	0	0
Expended during the fortnight—			
Salary and deputation allowance	2,341	3	3
Storage of Government grain	1,119	8	3
For conveyance of Government grain	4,489	0	10
Permanent advance	4,000	0	0
Travelling allowance	93	0	0
Contingencies	44	3	6
Package	53	10	7
Miscellaneous charges	52	15	2
Total ...	12,193	9	7

Nattore Sub-division.

Paid to Mr. J. A. Anderson, Executive Engineer, Northern Bengal State Railway No. 2, Burral Division, on his cheque	5,038	9	9
Paid to Mr. Luff	.....		
Ditto Burral Division	7,000	0	0
Total ...	24,232	3	4
Total expenditure as shown in the last narrative ...	3,81,500	5	1
Grand Total ...	4,05,732	8	5

RAJSHAHYE.

Dacoity—		
Headings 30 and 31, Crime Return AI.	Month of June 1874	2
	Corresponding month of June 1873 ..	0
	„ „ June 1872 ..	0
Robbery—		
Headings 32 and 33 of Crime Return AI.	Month of June 1874	0
	Corresponding month of June 1873 ..	0
	„ „ June 1872 ..	1
Theft—		
Headings 43 of Crime Return AI., excluding cattle-theft.	Month of June 1874	82
	Corresponding month of June 1873 ..	50
	„ „ June 1872 ..	65
House-breaking—		
Headings 35, 36, and 42 of Crime Return AI.	Month of June 1874	109
	Corresponding month of June 1873 ..	70
	„ „ June 1872 ..	65
Total of four cases	Month of June 1874	193
	Corresponding month of June 1873 ..	120
	„ „ June 1872 ..	131

BEAULEAH,
The 13th July 1874.

P. C. BAGCHEE,
Inspector in Charge.

Statement showing the operations of Charitable Relief in the Rajshahye District during Fortnight ending 11th July 1874.

Name of Sub-division.	Name of Poor-house.	Number of persons relieved daily.		Remarks.
		Gratuitously.	Doing light work.	
Sudder Sub-division...	Beauleah	651	150	
	Koosadanga ...	6,536	2,701	
	Pannanugger ...	2,022	3,640	
	Tahirpore	2,542	2,310	
	Burgatchee ...	938	59	
	Nowhatta	No returns received.		
	Beetmaria	2,289	30	
	Pootea	No returns received.		
	Arani	442	.....	
	Galimpore	209	.....	
	Sardah	166	95	
South Bhurind Sub-division	Chowbeesnugger ...	1,481	3,117	
	Raneenugger ...			
	Mehrapore			
	Saepara			
	Tannore			
	Dhooroil			
	Hattara			
Nattore Sub-division..	Nattore	129	102	
	Singra	125	50	
North Bhurind Sub-division	Noorullabad ...	10	31	
	Saljore	117	18	
	Narupara	8	299	
	Bamnigram	40	137	
	Dasatina	37	54	
	Kusamba	22	27	
	Shabai	109	128	
	Chandanugger ...	67	81	
	Shonadanga... ...	22	74	
	Bandaikhara ...	9	20	
	Baksail	53	63	
	Bagmara	74	88	
	Haludgatchee ...	83	116	
	Thackurpara ...	.....	69	
	Hazeenugger ...	.....	45	
	Paulpara	.....	101	
	Tegatchee	.....	103	
	Banepore	.....	171	
	Kour	.....	186	
	Sainpara	.....	295	
	Mahamedpore ...	.....	40	
	Baingatchee ...	.....	9	
	Koulipara	.....	50	
	Sajanpalsa	.....	6	
	Total ...	18,181	14,465	

Godagaree. Receipts.—*Nil.*

Despatches.

Date of despatch.	To whom despatched.	Bags.	Maunds.
11th July 1874 ...	Store-keeper, Chowbeesnugger	34	Mds. Srs. C 60 37 12

Nowgong (Railway Depôt). Receipts.—*Nil.*

Despatches.

Date of despatch.	To whom despatched.	Bags.	Maunds.
30th June 1874	Not stated in the return ...	30	Mds. Srs. C. 59 20 0
1st July ,, ...		30	58 38 0
8th ,, ,, ...		40	76 9 8

No. 683.

B.—Statement showing the number of Men, Women, and Children employed on Works in the District of Rajshahye under the Executive Engineer, Rajshahye District, during the week ending Saturday, the 4th July 1874.

Serial number of work.	Name of Work.	Length of road, &c.	Number of Persons employed on each work daily.																					How long work is likely to give employment.	Remarks showing proportion of work-people who are earning full rates and doing full work for their sex and age.	Grains.		
			Sunday, 28th June.			Monday, 29th June.			Tuesday, 30th June.			Wednesday, 1st July.			Thursday, 2nd July.			Friday, 3rd July.			Saturday, 4th July.			Total.						
			Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.			Rate of rice.	Bazar. Name.	Bazar. Distance.
10	Byah road	7	148	25	12	141	21	10	133	22	11	134	16	10	129	10	6	133	11	7	139	10	8	956	115	64	10th Sept. ...	Metalling road	Government rice 12 and 14 seers per Re.	Byah Hát ...	2 miles.
11	Nattore road	20	215	...	5	205	...	6	206	...	6	226	...	...	210	...	...	190	...	...	85	...	...	1,307	...	17	1st „ ...	Three-fourths would not work on the road.		Beroldah ...	2 ditto.
12	Road from Nattore to Bagaur	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	...	...	15	...	...	15	..	...	47	...	...	1st „ ...	One-half of these men would not work.		Dighapatea ...	1 mile.
2	Dinagepore road	16	70	38	...	53	58	..	107	72	...	151	161	...	42	34	...	67	49	...	65	65	...	588	417	...	August ...	Laboring class (Boonas) ...		Sooltangunge	2 miles.
1	Maldah road	8	40	18	...	42	15	...	20	20	...	68	31	...	54	33	...	...	...	...	58	30	...	282	147	...	Ditto ...	These men would not work in ordinary years.		Ditto ...	2 ditto.
5	Godagaree road	20	20	17	...	24	2	...	24	5	...	33	5	...	27	1	...	37	10	...	33	11	...	208	54	...	.....	Ditto ditto ..	.....	Premtolli.	
13	Pubna road	22	18	...	...	18	...	...	18	...	...	19	...	...	...	...	...	18	...	...	...	...	...	90	..	...	15th August ...	Laboring class.			
Minor works	Saipara road, 1st section	...	327	...	...	361	...	...	434	...	...	14	...	...	14	...	...	10	...	...	18	...	...	1,158	...	...					
	Saipara road, 2nd section	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
9	Feeder road (Tanmore) ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15th July.				
16	Kathoom to Goolea Hát ...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
	Provincial works	...	2	...	1	5	...	2	5	...	5	5	...	3	14	..	3	21	...	2	23	...	...	77	...	14					
	District works	...	9	...	5	8	...	5	11	...	5	11	..	5	6	..	5	10	...	5	10	...	5	65	...	35	.....	On all works laborers are paid by grain only.			
	Tank at Saipara	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	427	..	...	387	...	...	361	...	...	383	...	...	1,558	...	...					
	Cutting canal at Burgatchee	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	...	...	16	...	...	19	...	...	34	...	...	80	...	...					
	Total number employed ...		849	98	23	907	96	23	997	122	23	1,088	153	16	914	70	14	881	70	14	839	116	13	6,446	733	139					

BEAULEAH,
The 7th July 1874.

J. J. O'FLAHERTY,
Executive Engineer.

No. 712.

B.—Statement showing the Number of Men, Women, and Children employed on Works in the District of Rajshahye under the Executive Engineer, Rajshahye District, during the week ending Saturday, the 11th July 1874.

Serial number of work.	Name of work.	Length of road, &c.	Number of Persons employed on each work daily. Sunday, 5th July. Men.	Women.	Children.	Monday, 6th July. Men.	Women.	Children.	Tuesday, 7th July. Men.	Women.	Children.	Wednesday, 8th July. Men.	Women.	Children.	Thursday, 9th July. Men.	Women.	Children.	Friday, 10th July. Men.	Women.	Children.	Saturday, 11th July. Men.	Women.	Children.	Total. Men.	Women.	Children.	How long work is likely to give employment.	Remarks showing proportion of work-people who are earning full rates and doing full work for their sex and age.	Grains. Rate of rice.	Bazar. Name.	Distance.
10	Byah road	7	126	11	5	117	12	6	114	12	8	114	12	5	118	12	8	122	15	8	116	14	8	827	67	48	10th Sept. ...	Metalling road.			
11	Nattore road	30	122	...	6	100	...	6	100	...	5	100	...	7	96	...	6	120	...	5	137	...	...	775	...	35	1st „ ...	Three-fourths would not work on the road.			
12	Road from Nattore to Bagsur.	8	39	...	...	42	...	...	The work was stopped owing to rains.															81	...	...	1st „ ...	One-half of these men would not work.	Government rice 12 and 14 seers per rupee.	Byah Hât ... Beroldah ... Dighapatea ... Saitangunge... Ditto Premtolli.	2 miles. 1 mile. Ditto. 2 miles. Ditto.
2	Dinagepore road	10	73	72	...	72	66	...	51	54	...	34	32	...	37	39	...	24	22	...	16	15	...	308	299	...	August ...	Laboring class (Boonas).			
1	Maldah road	8	23	14	...	54	28	...	34	18	...	30	25	...	29	22	...	...	...	...	31	13	...	211	120	...	Ditto ...	These would not work in ordinary years.			
5	Godagaree road	20	24	9	...	20	4	...	19	5	...	19	9	...	20	2	...	16	12	...	3	3	...	130	44	...	......	Ditto ditto.			
13	Pubna road	23	30	...	...	30	...	...	...	...	...	30	...	...	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	120	...	...	August ...	Laboring class.			
Minor works	Saipara road, 1st section...	...	12	...	...	18	...	...	20	...	...	31	...	...	31	...	...	5	...	...	23	...	...	140	...	...					
Minor works	Saipara road, 2nd section	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
9	Feeder road (Tannore) ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	August.				
16	Kathoom to Goolea Hât ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					
	Tank at Saipara	...	300	...	...	282	...	...	2	...	...	246	...	...	255	...	...	226	...	...	244	...	...	1,701	...	...					
	Cutting canal at Burgatchee.	...	52	...	...	46	...	...	42	...	...	53	...	...	78	...	...	92	...	...	32	...	...	396	...	...	......	On all works laborers are paid by grain only.			
	Provincial works	...	9	...	...	26	...	...	36	...	...	16	...	...	4	...	...	4	...	2	11	...	4	110	...	6					
	District works	...	10	...	3	3	...	4	...	...	4	2	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	21	...	...					
	Total number employed .	...	898	122	14	892	110	16	430	89	17	672	78	12	709	74	14	611	49	18	617	45	12	4,829	[illegible]	196					

BEAULEAH,
The 11th July 1874.

J. J. O'FLAHERTY,
Executive Engineer.

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the Rajshahye District during the Fortnight ending July 1874.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Name of Circle.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	Consumption of Government Grain up to date.					Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.
				By sale to the public or to laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advance to ryots.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.	
		Mds. Srs.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	
Sudder Sub-division	11th July 1874.	19,500 0	19,461 4 0	120 15 9	14,959 16 8	207 0 0	557 17 4	15,844 9 5	11,000 mds.
South Bhurind Sub-division ...		13,866 0	13,849 29 0	187 0 0	2,840 20 0	1,731 30 0	11 10 0	4,770 20 0	
North Bhurind Sub-division ...		24,407 5	24,033 11 4	15 8 0	98 5 8	77 11 0	617 38 0	808 22 8	
Nattore Sub-division		28,426 35	28,426 35 0	548 26 8½	2,563 37 0	304 20 0	182 32 14	3,599 36 6½	
Total ...		86,200 0	85,570 39 4	871 10 1½	20,461 30 0	2,320 21 0	1,369 18 2	25,023 8 3½	

No. 756F, dated Maldah, the 13th July 1874.

From—F. Wyer, Esq., Offg. Magistrate-Collector of Maldah,
To—The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Dept.

I have the honor to forward my narrative for the fortnight ending the 10th instant.

A.—State of the Country.

During the past fortnight there has been seasonable rain throughout the whole of the district. Some of the bhadoi crop has been submerged owing to the rise of the Mohanunda and Págla rivers, and some of the indigo on the dearahs has been destroyed; but the loss of a few beeghas of bhadoi along the banks of the rivers is not of any consequence in comparison with the benefit derived by the greater part of the crop from the copious rainfall. Low grounds are sown every year on the mere chance of reaping the bhadoi crop, which, on the whole, still promises to be a bumper one. If indeed there is an inundation, a good deal of it will be lost, but I hope that the greater part of it will be safely reaped and housed before there is any further rise in the river. In some parts the ryots have already begun to cut the early bhadoi, and in several places it is well forward and coming into ear. The cultivation of the hymanti crop is going on actively. In Nowabgunge the circle officer reports that this year a greater area than usual has been sown in the Borind with this crop: so far the prospects of this important crop are good throughout the district. At head-quarters there has been a plentiful supply of rice, which has been brought up the Mohanunda by boat chiefly from Dacca; 3,869 maunds of rice and 4,040 maunds of paddy were imported during the fortnight; so that common rice is now selling at head-quarters at 13½ seers for the rupee, and in no place is it less than 11 seers for the rupee. Sales of Government rice, however, have increased in Chanchal to 2,244 maunds for the fortnight.

The following figures give the latest prices of paddy and common rice in the chief markets in the district, and the quantity of grain imported to English Bazar and Maldah during the past fortnight:—

	Paddy: number of seers per rupee (80 tolahs.)	Common rice: number of seers per rupee (80 tolahs.)
English Bazar	0	13½
Old Maldah	0	13
Gazole	not received.	
Nowabgunge	22	13
Rohunpore	0	11
Chanchal, Toolsigunge, Samsi, and Abadpore ...	16 to 17	10 to 11
Kalliachuck	0	0
Sheebgunge	17	11 11/16

Imports.

	Rice.	Paddy.
From Dacca	3,470	3,440
„ Sylhet	0	250
„ Comillah	230	0
„ Fureedpore	30	0
„ Gazeepore	0	275
„ Rohunpore	59	75
„ Nowabgunge	80	0
Total ...	3,869	4,040

The number of inches of rain recorded during the fortnight was, at—

Head-quarters	6·90
Chanchal	11·78

There were a few cases of cholera and small-pox, but the health of the people is on the whole good.

B.—Relief Works.

There has been a further falling off in the number of persons employed on relief works. The daily number working under the Department of Public Works has decreased from 1,640 to 1,220, and under the circle officers from 2,796 to 2,240, showing a total falling off of 980 persons. This decrease is owing to the people getting work in weeding and other agricultural employment. The following table shows the number of persons employed in each circle and under the Public Works Department:—

Names of Sub-Divisions.		Number of Public Works Department laborers.			Number of laborers under Circle Officers.			
		Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.
Sudder Sub-division	Sudder circle ...	... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	... .	5,444
	Gazole „ ...	3,790	1,821	747	.....	.....	.....	728
	Maldah „ ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	5,505
	Sheebgunge „ ...	3,040	1,086	169	238	85	.....	883
	Gomastapore „ ..	2,272	1,179	542	.....	.....	. ....	6,530
	Nowabgunge „ ...	1,323	861	213	4,264	528	198	4,985
Chanchal Sub-division.	Chanchal „ ...	18		.....	.	. ..	.	6,132

Total number of laborers under Department Public Works	Men ... 10,441 Women ... 4,967 Children ... 1,671	17,079
Total number of laborers under Sudder sub-division circle officers	... 21,515	
Total number of laborers under Chanchal circle officer	... 6,132	27,647
Grand Total	...	44,726

Daily average number of laborers employed in the Sudder sub-division—		
Under Department Public Works	... 1,219	
„ circle officers	... 1,536	2,755
Daily average number of laborers employed in the Chanchal sub-division—		
Under Department Public Works	1	
„ circle officers	438	439
Daily average of the whole district		3,194

Amount disbursed in wages by the Department Public Works during the fortnight was—

In cash.	In grain tokens.	In grain.
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
*83 7 3	425 0 0	1,593 12 2

* Note.—Cash was paid previous to the receipt of the order for all payments to be made in grain.

C.—Transport of Government Grain.

During the last fortnight Mr. Livesay sent on to Purneah the 9,000 odd hundred maunds of its grain which had not been previously despatched: besides this he sent on 10,483 maunds to Dengra from the Dinagepore reserve—total 19,343 maunds; and thus there is now no rice left in Maldah in the reserve golas.

D.—Storage of Government Grain.

The following figures show the quantity of grain sent from the district from the Maldah stores:—

	Mds.
To Godagaree for Moorshedabad	10,000
„ Rajmehal for Sonthal Pergunnahs	1,400
„ Dengra ghât for Purneah from English Bazar	4,805
„ Ditto ditto Chanchal	5,300
Total ...	21,505

5,000 maunds are loaded in boats and will start to-morrow for Purneah, and the remainder will go in a few days. 3,825 maunds were sent out to the several centres during the fortnight. The following figures will show the quantities sent to each centre:—

	Amount of rice sent.	
From English Bazar—	Mds.	Srs.
To English Bazar, P. W. moodies	42	16
„ District relief officer for loan to ryots	430	39
„ Charitable relief centre, English Bazar	114	17
„ Kalliachuck	280	38
„ Bulbulchandi	1,143	34
„ Gomalti	196	19
„ Gomastapore	486	27
„ Arrapore	98	8
„ P. W. moodie	133	26
„ Baboo Hemchunder Kerr for loan to ryots ...	9	0
„ Maldah charitable centre	131	5
„ Bulbulchandi	757	25

E.—Advances to Private Parties.

No advances of money have been made during the fortnight, either for purchase of grain or for land improvement.

4,949 maunds were advanced to ryots, making the total quantity thus advanced 14,260 maunds 26 seers.

F.—Charitable Relief.

During the past fortnight the daily average number of people charitably relieved was 12,079, thus showing a slight falling off of 65 a day. I closed three of the four centres at head-quarters at the beginning of the fortnight, since it seemed to me that one centre was quite sufficient for the town of English Bazar. One of the circle officers, Baboo Okhoycoomar Bose, having been transferred to Rajshahye, I made over the charge of his circle to Baboo Hemchunder Kerr, who will be very well able to manage it. The greatest number relieved was in the sudder circle, where the number for the whole fortnight was 42,868, showing an increase of 306 a day on the previous fortnight.

This increase is not, I think, real, since some of the returns for the subsidiary centres were not included in the last fortnightly statement. Among those relieved, 9,955, *i.e.*, 666 a day, were employed on light work.

The following tables will show the total number gratuitously relieved, and the number relieved by light work :—

Name of Circle.	Number of people relieved.	Rice distribution.	Remarks.
		Mds. Srs. Ch.	
Maldah	35,462	530 31 14	
Gazole	4,630	65 15 0	
Sudder	43,368	611 30 11	
Sheebgunge	1,799	72 16 0	
Nowabgunge	27,763	475 35 1	
Gomastapore	13,416*	318 36 8½	* Includes 35 orphans relieved daily.
Chanchal	33,169	663 34 10½	
Total	169,116		

Daily average number of people relieved was 12,079, against 12,730 during the preceding fortnight.

Number of people relieved by light work.

Sudder sub-division—		
Maldah circle	2,307	
Gazole „		Not given separately.
Gomastapore „	243	
Sudder „	2,072	
Sheebgunge „	465	
Nowabgunge „	3,032	
Chanchal sub-division—		
Chanchal circle	2,481	

G.—Financial Results of the Fortnight.

	Rs.	As.	P.
Total expenditure from district treasury as shown in the last fortnightly narrative	3,53,988	2	8

Details of the above total, viz.:—

Ordinary district roads and relief works	1,09,069	1	0
Advances for purchase of grain	40,000	0	0
Advances for land improvements	17,800	0	0
Advances for helping ryots	1,650	0	0
Miscellaneous expenditure	1,85,469	1	8
Total ...	3,53,988	2	8

Financial Results of the Fortnight under report.

Salaries, establishments, and office contingencies ...	4,942	11	11
Storage	126	1	11
Transport of Government grain	3,000	0	0
Miscellaneous	87	14	3
Placed at the credit of the Department Public Works ...	4,000	0	0
Establishment	44	0	0
Total ...	12,200	12	1
(*a*) Final payments made	12,200	12	1
(*b*) Advances repayable	0	0	0
Total ...	12,200	12	1

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the Maldah District.

Names of Circles.	Dates for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	Total Quantity of Government Grain consumed up to date.					Estimated grain receipts of the ensuing fortnight.	Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.
				By sales to the public or to laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots.	By payments in kind to laborers.	Total.		
		Mds.	Mds.	M. S. C.	M. S. C.	M. S. C.	M. S. C.	M. S. C.		
Maldah	10th July 1874 ...	35,000	39,610	618 10 10	975 3 13	261 20 0	.....	1,854 34 7	NIL	12,000 maunds.
Gasole*	16th „ „ ...	10,000	9,995	2,484 38 8	558 36 8	3,789 20 0	.....	6,833 17 0		
Sudder	10th „ „	25,000	38,657	967 12 9½	1,309 16 10	624 13 8	.....	2,901 2 11½		
Sheebgunge ...	10th „ „		1,500	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,622 37 0		
Nowabgunge ...	3rd „ „ ...	5,000	9,750	804 25 1	2,548 33 12	2,665 38 0	2,458 10 14	8,277 17 11		
Gomastapore ...	10th „ „ ...	5,000	2,125	3,937 5 3	1,669 13 7½	406 20 0	.....	6,012 38 10½		
Chanchal ...	3rd „ „ ...	30,000	25,510	9,586 0 0	3,196 0 0	6,232 0 0	354 0 0	19,370 0 0		
	Total ...	.....	.....	18,398 9 15½	10,059 26 2½	13,979·31 8	2,812 10 14	49,872 35 8		

* Payments in kind to laborers are shown in the 5th column for the other circles.

Statement showing the progress of Charitable Relief in the Maldah District.

Number of committees and sub-committees as yet appointed—

District committee	1
Sub-divisional committees	7
Relief centres	92
Number of special relief circles opened and manned by special officers	7
Number of relief circles opened and managed by planters and zemindars and others residents	Nil
Number of work-houses or centres for the distribution of food and gratuitous relief	92
Number of men, women, and children in receipt of gratuitous relief in any shape through the charitable relief organization daily ...	12,079

Comparative Statement showing the number of true cases of Dacoity and Robbery, &c., for the month of June 1874, District Maldah.

		I.—Number of cases reported, excluding cases declared by the Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.*
Theft—		
Heading 43 of crime return A.I., excluding cattle-theft ...	Month of June 1872 ...	34*a*
	Corresponding month of June 1873 ...	25*b*
	Ditto ditto 1874 ...	37*c*
Dacoity—		
Heading 35 of crime return A.I. ...	Month of June 1872 ...	9
	Corresponding month of June 1873 ...	23
	Ditto ditto 1874 ...	43

* There is a large increase under 35.

F. Wyse,
Offg. Magistrate-Collector.

a—Grain-thefts, one in 1872.
b— Ditto, ditto 1873.
c— Ditto, two in 1874.

		I.—Number of cases reported, excluding cases declared by the Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.
ROBBERY—		
Heading 36 of crime return A.I. ...	Month of June 1872 ...	0
	Corresponding month of June 1873 ...	0
	Ditto ditto 1874 ...	0
THEFT—		
Heading 42 of crime return A.I. ...	Month of June 1872 ...	6
	Corresponding month of June 1873 ...	8
	Ditto ditto 1874 ...	4
Total of all three crimes	Month of June 1872 ...	9
	Corresponding month of June 1873 ...	23
	Ditto ditto 1874 ...	43
Grand Total	Month of June 1872 ...	43
	Corresponding month of June 1873 ...	48
	Ditto ditto 1874 ...	80

MALDAH, J. MASTERS,

The 3rd July 1874. *District Superintendent of Police.*

No. 1196, dated Pubna, the 13th July 1874.

Memo. by—W. V. G. TAYLOR, ESQ., Magistrate of Pubna.

SUBMITTED to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department, for information.

Fortnightly Narrative ending the 11th July 1874.

A.—STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

THE state of the country continues to improve. The aous is being cut and is very promising, though some has been lost on the very low lands by the somewhat sudden rise of rivers. The health of the district is good. The following are the prices at—

Pubna	... 17 seers.	Bera	... 20 seers.
Arankola	... 17 „	Nazirgunge	... 16 „
Sujanagar	... 18 „	Mathura	... 20 „
Chatmore	... 16 „	Maldah	... 16 „
Handial	... 16 „	Fureedpore	... 16 „
Dulai	... 18 „	Ataikula	... 17 „

B.—RELIEF WORKS.

Relief works are still going on slowly at the following roads:—

Maligacha, Chatmore, Fureedpore, Ataikula, Dulai, Maldah, and Sujanagar roads.

The coolies are dissatisfied at being paid in kind, and many have left the works. The works will have shortly to be stopped altogether, and orders have already been passed for turfing and otherwise securing the portions completed. The numbers on the works are given below:—

Maligacha	... 157	Chatmore	... 158
Sujanagar	... 142	Fureedpore	... 27
Ataikula	... 43	Maldah	... 45
	Dulai ... 150		

D.—STORAGE OF GRAIN.

No grain has been stored during the fortnight.

E.—ADVANCES TO PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS.

The following advance has been made in grain:—

Baboo Bejoy Gobind Chowdhry, zemindar of Tantiband ... 121½ maunds.

F.—Charitable Relief.

There was a clerical error in last fortnightly report with regard to the number receiving gratuitous relief; it should have been 4,337 and not 337. The numbers now on our list cannot be given, as all the sub-committees have failed to send in their returns in time. I hope, however, to show a considerable decrease in the next report.

G.—Financial Results.

Out of Rs. 7,428 promised, Rs. 6,595 have been realized up to date, and measures are being taken to realize the remaining subscription shortly.

Expenditure as detailed below:—	Rs.	A.	P.
Paid in advance to the gola-keeper for transport of rice to the several places in the interior...	100	0	0
Contingent expenses in laying out the Fureedpore road ...	51	9	0
Remitted to the sub-divisional officer, Goalundo, amount advanced by him to the canoongoe for sending 3,000 maunds of rice to the sub-committees	200	0	0
Total ...	351	9	0

	Mds.	S.	C.
Expended in the Sudder sub-committee in gratuitous relief ...	95	0	0
Paid to Maligacha road coolies	111	2	4
Sent to Chatmore sub-committee	200	0	0
Sent to Fureedpore „	200	0	0
Sent to Ataikula „	20	0	0
Total ...	626	2	4

Twelfth Fortnightly Narrative of Scarcity and Relief, Serajgunge Sub-division, from 25th June to 8th July 1874.

A.—State of the Country.

During the last few days the Jamoona has risen rapidly, flooding its banks. It is to-day according to a register kept by a gentleman residing here, exactly 5 feet 6 inches higher than it was on the 9th July 1873. Most of the churs along the banks of the Jamoona and the Oorasagur, which constitute a considerable part of the arable lands of the sub-division, have been completely swamped. The ryots have saved a part of the grain by cutting it before it was ripe, and the rest has been lost.

The flood will do good to the aous on high lands, and facilitate communication by boat. It will also fertilize the soil for the amun crop, which grows with the rising waters. but the loss it has occasioned will be severely felt.

Prices have slightly fallen during the fortnight, as will be seen from the following figures:—

	Number of seers sold per rupee last fortnight.	Number of seers per rupee this fortnight.
	Seers.	Seers.
Serajgunge	13	13¼
Shazadpore	12	12¾
Ullapara	15	13⅓
Raigunge	11	12
Taras	9	11¼

It will be noticed that the prices have been equalised as the rivers rose. The difference between the rates at Taras and Ullapara is still great (2¼ seers), but it was much greater (6 seers).

The ryots and agricultural laborers are now relieved from severe pressure, except in a small tract near Taras, where amun only is grown. The women who husk rice, the most numerous of the classes on our hands at the relief stations, may soon get their usual form of employment. The weavers seem to be becoming more needy, and I have had to issue relief tickets to many of them even in the thanas not classified as distressed.

A woman was found lying in the field on the 7th instant. She was not known to the villagers, and was carried to me. She was unable to give a proper account of herself. I sent her to the dispensary, and the Assistant Surgeon to-day reports that she is suffering from the effects of starvation, but is somewhat improved. I presume she was some wanderer. Two women, deserted by their husbands, have been found starving in the fields during previous fortnights, as was reported at the time.

The rainfall during the fortnight has been 3·39 inches. The jute crop is being cut; it is good beyond the average.

B.—Relief Works.

The relief works at Shazadpore and Challah were completed and closed during the month. The latter has done much good by opening out the mouth of a navigable river at the trifling cost of 100 maunds of rice and Rs. 56-6. It was carried out almost entirely by distressed weavers. Only 469 coolies are now working, of whom 303 are employed in the amun country on road work.

C.—Transport of Food.

There were no transactions under this heading during the fortnight.

D.—Storage of Government Grain.

The stock of grain in our hands is shown in the following statement :—

Name of Station.	Date.	Quantity in hand.	Remarks.
		Mds. S. C.	
Serajgunge	8th July 1874 ..	7,213 28 10	If this rice, 17,000 maunds, was received from Government, the rest is the remains of that bought by the committee.
Ullapara	26th June „ ..	1,300 29 4	
Raigunge	26th „ „ ..	4,147 3 9	
Taras	7th July „ ..	1,602 3 7	
	Total ..	14,263 24 14	

This stock is sufficient for the next two months, and may perhaps carry us on to the end of the famine, as our issues will soon be curtailed.

The following statement shows the transaction during the fortnight up to the latest day for which I have the returns in the matter of the issue of grain.

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the District of Pubna for the fortnight ending 24th June 1874.—Dated Serajgunge, the 9th July 1874.

1. Name of Circle—Serajgunge.
2. Date for which figures are given—from 11th to 24th June 1874.

			Mds.	S.	C.
3.	Total allotment of Government grain	...	6,294	35	0
4.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts	...	6,294	35	0
5.	By sale to public or laborers ...	...	35	31	11
6.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape	...	1,525	31	2
7.	By advances to ryots and zemindars	...	995	29	4
4.	By payments in kind to laborers	...	353	10	8
	Total	...	2,910	20	9
9.	Estimated grain receipts of the ensuing fortnight		.....		
10.	Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight		2,000	0	0

Total quantity of grain consumed up to date ... (5, 6, 7, 4)

Remarks.—Most of the rice specified in column 7 was advanced to zemindars, the rest to khas ryots.

It is to be regretted that the reports from Raigunge and Ullapara are in arrear, and that these figures are therefore for a period now gone by.

E.—Charitable Relief.

My latest report brought the information as to Raigunge circle up to the 17th. There were then 6,148 persons receiving charitable relief at that station on the ticket or village system of bi-monthly dates of grain after a house-to-house investigation. I have now before me a report dated 7th July, which shows that the total number now receiving relief there is 3,120. Thus we have been able to withdraw about half the tickets during the fortnight.

The tickets are classified as follows :—

Industrial.

Cotton-spinners	254
Jute-twisters	42
Weaving	75
Other industries	14

Loans to respectable People (Class D).

Adults	63
Children	12

Gratuitous.

Adults	920
Children	1,778

The returns for Ullapara only enable to carry new information from the 10th to the 25th June. On the former date, as reported in my last narrative, 6,950 persons were receiving relief. On the 25th June there were 6,510 persons on the lists classified as follows:—

Industrial.

Cotton-spinners	1,329
Jute-twisters	898
Weavers	1

Gratuitous.

Adults	908
Children	3,364

The daily average of persons receiving relief in our unnochatras for the distribution of cooked food was 646. This makes the sum total of those to whom charitable relief was given 10,276.

It has been remarked that the proportion of those who receive charitable relief in Serajgunge is large when compared with those classified under the same heading in other districts. But, on the other hand, we have as yet made no advances to cultivators, except on khas mehals, thus avoiding a measure which has been largely resorted to elsewhere. And if the assistance we have given to the people has been large, it certainly has not been indiscriminate. A careful system of house-to-house visitation has been organized and carried out, whereby those who really required help have been distinguished from those who possessed some resources of their own.

F.—Advances to Private Parties.

The advances to zemindars are now made at the rate of 12 seers of cleaned rice and 14 seers Burmah rice for the rupee. These being above those of the marked, we have only advanced 122 maunds during the fortnight.

Financial Results of the Fortnight.

The total expenditure up to date has been as follows:—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Advances to zemindars under Circular No. 80, dated 17th November 1873	49,677	0	0
Purchase of grain and other forms of charitable relief ...	68,691	0	0
Roads	4,576	3	9
Total ...	1,22,944	3	9

It is to be remembered that in Serajgunge all the rice hitherto used has been locally purchased, the Government supplies not being equal to our present stocks in hand. In order to reduce disbursement, the committee have abolished the dole of dâl hitherto given with the rice in relief on the ticket system. Our only payments will now be for transport, and for the purchase of cotton and jute. During the fortnight the following payments have been made:—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Transport expenses	624	7	7
Paid to Ryeganj Circle Superintendent for cotton and jute purchase, and other disbursements for his permanent advance	493	5	1
Purchase of dâl	185	0	3
Expenditure on road tracks before receipt of Government orders prohibiting payment in coin on the 7th day ...	100	5	0
Purchase of scales and weights	5	8	6
Total ...	1,408	10	5

P. Nolan, *Joint-Magistrate.*

Remarks by Magistrate.

It is satisfactory to observe that the prices have everywhere fallen with the rise of the rivers, and that even at Tarus there has been considerable improvement in this respect. The damage to the aous crop I was prepared for. Seed has this year been sown in every available spot, even though so low that, except in the case of an extraordinary late rise of rivers and want of rain, there was little hope of realising a crop. I have noticed that invariably, when the rainfall is sufficient and rise of rivers not too slow, though the aous is destroyed in the lowest lands, a better harvest is on the whole obtained. The number receiving gratuitous relief have been much decreased.

Pubna,
The 13th July 1874.

W. V. G. Tayler,
Magistrate.

No. 1847—S.R., dated Berhampore, the 20th July 1874.

From—E. W. Molony, Esq., Commissioner of the Rajshahye Division,
To—The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Dept.

I have the honor to submit the usual fortnightly narrative for the period ending the 18th of July.

2. As regards the state of the country, future prospects continue generally very good; but there has been very considerable loss along the banks of the river Pudma, and I understand that much paddy, which had not come into ear, has been submerged in the Moorshedabad district. This must have been also the case in Rajshahye and Pubna. The river has risen a month earlier than last year, and doubtless some lands which were dangerously low have been cultivated, which in ordinary years would have been left fallow. The early season, and the desire to secure a grain crop on all available land, must have led to this.

3. This partial loss, though much to be regretted, should not affect the general outturn of the early crop materially, and the parts affected are those which gave a good rubbee crop. The rainfall during the last week has been somewhat deficient in Moorshedabad. Some apprehensions were felt towards the middle of the week, which were relieved by a fall of rain which has been general in the western part of the district. Since then, however, the weather seems to have cleared up. It is very important now that we should have a rainfall so distributed as to keep the fields lately planted with seedlings continually moist.

4. The effect of the early crop has been apparent in Serajgunge and parts of Pubna. In other parts the time has hardly come for any material relief to be derived from it.

5. The numbers on relief works have decreased and show a tendency to do so further. This is not to be regretted at this season. The Magistrate of Rajshahye has represented that rates, in accordance with the fluctuation of the markets, should be allowed. I have informed him that he is at liberty to fix fair rates from time to time as the markets fall, but that he must be careful to have a uniform rate for the whole district, so that there may be no confusion in the accounts. I do not think that agriculturists are at all likely to be attracted by our rates for labor at this season.

6. The supplies at all markets seem to be fairly abundant, and rates easy beyond what was expected. In Rajshahye, the only district in which sales have taken place, the demand has been very limited; and the supply of Government rice, though reduced by some 15,000 maunds by transfer of railway store to Pubna and to stations further north on the line, seems quite sufficient.

7. The Pubna returns are very imperfect; but I am of opinion that they should not require more than their balance of Government rice and locally purchased grain. I have forbidden the Collector to make any further indents on Calcutta, and have told him he must get anything he requires from Serajgunge, which in its turn, if necessary, can indent upon the Chundunbasya reserve in the Bogra district.

8. A good deal of the Maldah surplus, and the whole of the Dinagepore reserve at Maldah, has been supplied to Purneah. Moorshedabad and the Sonthal Pergunnahs have also taken a portion of Maldah surplus. Some redistribution of stock has been necessary in Rajshahye. The consumption of the Sudder sub-division in gratuitous relief being so much heavier than that of the others, I trust that, with the exception of a small batch for Moorshedabad, this division will not have to indent further for grain on Calcutta.

9. The numbers on charitable relief are very materially increasing except in Pubna, where the effect of the early crops of millet and rice has been felt. This was to have been expected from the long continuance of high prices. The attention of the district officers will be drawn to the necessity of taking advantage of any favorable change in the condition of particular tracts to circumscribe this method of relief as far as possible. I gather from the district narratives that a fair proportion of those entered under this head are obliged to give some light work, and I believe that the most effectual way of gradually closing the centres will be by the more rigid enforcement of a labor test.

No. 1549, dated Dinagepore, the 20th July 1874.

From—W. Lee. Robinson, Esq., Relief Commissioner of the Rajshahye Division,
To—The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Dept.

I have the honor to submit the narrative for the fortnight ending 18th July.

A.—State of the Country.

2. This, I think, shows a decided improvement everywhere, which it is to be hoped will not only continue but increase also, as there is still room for improvement over a very wide area. I have myself during the last week been down to Hillee to meet the Magistrate of Bogra and the circle officer of Panchbibi, and I also saw the circle officer of Foolbaree in Dinagepore, and I had considerable opportunities of seeing how the crops were getting on. In most places they are very fair indeed; as far as the bhadoi rice is concerned, a bit every here and there has gone bad, but, on the whole, the crop generally promises to be a good one, and there can be no question that more land than usual has been laid down in bhadoi this year. All now depends on the weather for the next six weeks, as far as the bhadoi crop is concerned. If it remains favorable, the harvest will be a good one, but continuous heavy rain, or continuous bright sun-shining days and bright nights will be about equally damaging and will very speedily

reduce the outturn to an eight-anna crop. The last five days have been something quite out of the common, in the shape of bright sunshine all day and not a breath of air stirring day or night, to-day seems to hold out some hope of a change for the better. The rivers have all gone down again in consequence of the cessation of heavy rain. The Poornababha, in front of my house, must be fully 6 feet lower than it was a week ago; and though other streams do not vary so quickly, my return journey from Hillee showed me that they were all rapidly falling. With regard to the winter rice, which is, after all, the important thing, the weather has been very good so far for the ploughings, but only a very small beginning has as yet been made in transplanting, as, in fact, the time has not yet come to transplant; except in certain places the bulk of the transplantation will not be put in hand till next month, and will not be completed before the first week or so of September. It is impossible, therefore, to do anything but speculate as to what may be the result, and as that all depends upon the weather it does not appear to be much use speculating. There is, however, plenty of seedling plant all ready for transplantation as the time comes, and generally all looking strong and healthy. The people generally appear to be in fair condition and in good heart as to future prospects.

3. In Bogra and Maldah and in parts of Rungpore, at any rate, prices have fallen considerably, owing partly to their comparative easy access by water. In Dinagepore also there is a slight fall in prices, but in Dinagepore itself my own servants were buying rice for themselves last week at 9 seers the rupee of 96 tolas, and in Thakoorgaon the price of rice is 7 seers a rupee of 80 tolas weight, which is a clear proof to my mind of how very near we have been, and still are, to the narrow line which separates scarcity and distress from actual famine.

B.—Relief Works.

4. These are being shut up everywhere as fast as possible, but where work can be done, and where it is wanted either to finish uncompleted bits and doing petty repairs, or where the people really require it, some are still kept open, as it is better that people should have something to do than that they should sink into a state of absolute dependence on charity.

C.—Transport of Grain.

5. This may be considered as over everywhere, all that is now being done is shifting supplies in the different districts either from reserve to subsidiary golas, or from one place where there is more rice than is wanted to another where the demand is greater and stocks run short; this is generally an easy matter. The only place in which anything like difficulty occurs is in Thakoorgaon the extreme north of Dinagepore. It was confidently expected that that part of the country was safe; I went up all the western side of it myself in December and found good crops everywhere, and the same was the case on the eastern side, and, therefore, though our golas were pushed forward up to the extreme limit of where the crops had failed, I did not deem it necessary to push them beyond.

6. It now appears, however, that the people, tempted by the high prices to be obtained during the last few months, have sold all the grain they could, and certainly more than they could afford to part with prudently, and the result is that they are hard up, and we are obliged to supply their wants from the reserves about Raneesunkol and other places. The height of the rivers for a few days caused some little difficulty in transport, but Mr. Scanlan, the circle officer at Thakoorgaon, is an energetic man and was equal to the emergency; and Mr. Lowis, who has just returned from a visit to Thakoorgaon, tells me that since the rivers have gone down the difficulty has abated, and he thinks that Mr. Scanlan will be able to meet all the demands upon him.

7. The steamer *Flame* has been sent down from Maldah to Neetpore with 800 maunds coal for a trial trip on the Poornababha. I have directed her to try if she can get up as far as Kordoho, which is where the channel of the river debouches into the low bheel country around Neetpore. If she can do so, she is to bring up grain from Neetpore to Kordoho, where it will be put into country boats and brought up northwards wherever wanted. The low bheel country there extending for 10 or 12 miles is very bad for country boats, as there is, of course, no towing path, and they have to trust to a wind to bring them over. They wont submit to being towed by a steamer, because it is likely to pull their boats to pieces, and therefore the better plan will be to load them up where they can get a tow path when the wind fails them. Should the *Flame* not be able to get up to Kordoho, I have directed her to go to Godagaree and bring on the reserve there to Neetpore, which we know she can do, and we shall bring it on by country boats as heretofore. I am in communication with Mr. Molony on this subject and also with Magistrate, Maldah, as to supply of coals.

8. I have also requested the Magistrate of Dinagepore to push supplies of grain further up the Atrai towards Khansamah and Beergunge from Patiram and Patnitola; and to make good those golas from the reserve at Patnitola: I am in correspondence on this subject also.

D.—Storage of Government Grain.

9. There is not much to be said upon this subject except that in most places the golas are being emptied quicker than they were filled. The supply of Government grain is so far sufficient everywhere. In Rungpore, out of the three lakhs allotted, there is one left, and it is being disposed of at the rate of about 25,000 a week; but the next fortnight will probably show a falling off in the sales, as more of the early crop will be in the market. The Magistrate

anticipates that he will expend the whole of it except, perhaps, a small quantity in Gobindgunge; I have, however, no anxiety in the slightest, because there is the Cooch Behar supply at Kallygunge, and also some of the Bogra allotment easily available if required; the Magistrate, however, does not think that he will have to draw upon either.

10. In Dinagepore, very nearly, if not quite, seven lakhs have been expended, and the demand still continues, especially in the north, as I have already explained; but by shifting the stores from one gola to another and bringing in the reserves still left at Godagaree and Sahebgunge, the Magistrate confidently expects to meet all demands, and I think myself that he will be able to do so, always provided that nothing happens to the bhadoi crop. About Maldah there is no cause for anxiety that I can see, and in Bogra there will probably be a surplus, I think; but as that forms the subject of a separate report now under preparation, I need not go into details of it here.

E.—Advances.

These have been made to a very large extent to ryots and others in grain, and have undoubtedly been of the greatest assistance to them in enabling them to get on with their cultivation.

F.—Charitable Relief.

As relief works are abandoned the number of people coming on charitable relief has naturally increased, but as the country gradually improves, I hope to see the number of people supported in this way diminish very rapidly, and already this is becoming the case in part of Rungpore and Bogra, where the bhadoi crop is much earlier than it is in Dinagepore. The details being given in the district officers' narratives, there is no necessity for my repeating them.

G.—Financial Results.

These are also given by the district officers.

No. 176—S.R., dated Burdwan, the 18th July 1874.

From—C. T. Buckland, Esq., Commissioner of the Burdwan Division,
To—The Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

I have the honor to submit, for the information of Government, the fortnightly narratives in original, which have been received from the district officers, for the fortnight ending 13th July.

2. Owing to my absence from head-quarters, inspecting a part of Burdwan to which there was no certainty of postal communication, there has been so much delay in forwarding these narratives that I shall offer no remarks on them, especially as the Lieutenant-Governor, in passing through the Burdwan Division, has disposed of the most important questions connected with the districts of Bankoora and Beerbhoom; and a special report will be submitted on the district of Burdwan as soon as I receive the official reports of the Collector and Civil Surgeon who met me at Cutwa, and proceeded to Culna.

No. 669, dated Bankoora, the 13th July 1874.

From—W. R. Larminie, Esq., Offg. Collector of Bankoora,
To—The Commissioner of the Burdwan Division.

I have the honor to submit my report for the fortnight ending 13th July 1874.

A.—State of the Country.

2. There has been little alteration in prices since the date of my last report: coarse rice is a little dearer at head-quarters. In some villages rice is procurable with difficulty, but the actual and prospective import of Government grain has somewhat eased the market. Prices are given below:—

	Rice, best sort.	Rice, common.	Wheat.	Barley.	Gram.
	Sr. Ch.	Sr. Ch.	Sr. Ch.	Sr. Ch.	Sr. Ch.
Bankoora	10 10	12 8 / coarse / 14 0	12 12	21 0	13 12
Bishenpore	12 8	14 8	12 8	24 0	14 0
Chatna	12 8	13 0	13 8	17 8	13 8
Ondah	11 0	13 0	13 0	22 0	14 0
Gungajulghatty ...	11 0	12 0	13 0	17 0	14 0
Burjorah	11 0	12 0	14 8	.....	13 0

3. There has been a deficiency in the rainfall during the last fortnight, and although the partial showers which have fallen throughout the district have prevented any injury being done to the growing crops, cultivation has been much impeded, and in some places

altogether stopped. This want of rain has injuriously affected the people in several ways. The working classes are thrown out of employ, the mahajuns stay their hands, and delay in transplanting is to a certain extent detrimental to the crop. If, however, heavy rain falls within the next week, no serious damage will be done.

4. Distress is increasing daily; that amongst the middle and higher classes cannot be expected to abate for several months, and the infirm poor must also remain on our hands for some considerable time. Favorable weather will, I hope, relieve us of all anxiety about the cultivating and laboring classes.

5. Crimes still continue unusually few in number and trifling in character. This fact points to two very satisfactory conclusions; *first*, that relief is within reach of all; and *second*, that crime in Bankoora is in ordinary years due to poverty only.

6. No less than four formal reports of cases of starvation have been made to me during the last week. The facts elicited on inquiry will show you the value thereof.

7. In the first case I proceeded myself to the spot, and found that the man had died of cholera, was surrounded by his friends and relations, who were fairly well-off, and that his wife and child were apparently in good case. The man was a weaver by caste, and as he lived in Bankoora itself, could have had advances if he wished for them. The cause of the report being made was that he had been refused admittance to gratuitous relief under (*d*) class, and it was sought to make his death a warning to us to be more liberal in future.

8. The next case or rather cases were said to have taken place at Ramsagar, a village between Ondah and Bishenpore. I sent Baboo Siva Das Bhuttacharjee, Deputy Inspector of Schools, to inquire. It turned out that one of the reported deaths took place last January, that another was caused by dysentery some time ago, and the remaining two by fever, which had been caught during a late visit to Burdwan. In the same petition some persons were said to be starving: one of these individuals was shown to be the owner of a number of cows and bullocks. In short, the case was such a flagrant imposture that the persons whose names were attached to the original communication (it came by post) denied having signed it. There has been a relief centre at Ramsagar for some time, and even before it was established, the centres at Ondah and Bishenpore were within five miles of the place. The palpable object of the whole proceeding was to bully the sub-committee into giving relief indiscriminately.

9. The third case was reported from Moraloo, and three deaths were alleged. On the face of it it appeared improbable that there was any truth in the report, for the village is within two miles of Saltora, and a new road is actually being made through Moraloo itself. However, as two men came that long distance to tell their story, I sent Mr. Irvine, the District Superintendent, to inquire. After a very careful inquiry he found that all three deaths were those of young children, who had been ill of fever for some time, and that there was no ground whatever for suspecting starvation. He reports also that the informants finally admitted that they only heard of the deaths from the chowkeedar, who however denies having made any allegation of starvation as the cause of death. It appears, too, that the chowkeedar never reported the deaths at the Saltora police outpost. In this case also non-admission to (*d*) class, and a desire to draw attention to the village for the purpose of hastening grain advances, were the motives of the report.

10. The fourth case was alleged to have taken place at Bankadaha, on the borders of Midnapore. The Sub-Inspector of Schools is inquiring; but I have meantime heard from the sirdar ghatwal of that place that the persons mentioned by the informant died of cholera, and that their deaths have been already reported to the police.

11. In addition to these false cases, Baboo Seetakonta Ghose, special relief officer, employed in giving grain advances throughout Moheshra, came upon two instances of unrelieved distress. In one case—a woman—the wife of a ghatwal, died nine or ten days after her confinement, her death being accelerated by want of sufficient nourishing food. She was in the neighbourhood of Kustholia relief centre, and her husband being a ghatwal, must have known of its existence. Further inquiry will be made on the subject. In the other case distress was fortunately relieved before any fatal results ensued. A Brahmin family, living within three miles of the relief centre of Bakulia, were found much exhausted for want of food. They had applied, it was said, for relief, but had been refused. Further inquiry is being made into this case also.

12. From all these cases it is quite clear that the provision made for relief is ample, but that the machinery for its distribution requires constant care and watchfulness, which, with my present staff, cannot be bestowed upon it. There are now 35 centres. To ensure anything like satisfactory results, whether in the way of preventing waste on the one hand, or of avoiding the danger of improper refusals on the other, each centre should be inspected by an officer of superior standing at least once a week. All my subordinates have special duties assigned them, which only admit of their inspecting centres when accidentally brought into their vicinity; and although the officers of each and every department do their best in this way, the general result is not as satisfactory as I could wish. Even looking at the matter in a pecuniary point of view, I believe that proper supervision would more than compensate for the cost of securing it. As a proof of this, I may mention that on a recent visit to Ondah centre, I turned away some 500 able-bodied women who were too lazy to look for work, and who had actually compelled the sub-committee to give them relief by force of persistence and strength of lungs. The Bishenpore sub-committee, although a tolerably strong one, had also succumbed to the weavers of that town. These latter have given and are giving a great deal of trouble. Most of them are offered advances of thread, &c.; some refuse

altogether; and others, instead of returning the cloth, spend the proceeds, and then fall back upon the relief centre. I have, however, for the time being at least, succeeded in enforcing work upon all the able-bodied of that quarter. The Sub-Inspector of Bishenpore, who had been doing very good work, unfortunately fell sick, and I had no one able to take his place.

B.—Relief Works.

13. There is a reduction in the total number employed. If rain falls, the number will, I hope, still further decrease. It is reported from Godardihi, a place between Burjorah and Beliatore, that the laboring class in that neighbourhood want work, but there is little doubt that no fresh relief work will be required if rain falls, otherwise I shall be obliged to recommend the construction of a road from Burjorah to Beliatore. The labor statement is annexed.

C.—Transport of Food.

14. The only noteworthy incident under this head is the fact that rice is being imported from Raipore in Manbhoom. This is the place to which I lately supplied 1,000 maunds of rice on the plea of urgency.

D.—Storage of Government Grain.

15. The accompanying statement shows what is being done. We are disposing of Government grain as fast as we can get it in, and I have now indented for 7,000 maunds per fortnight. This is the utmost I can carry, although I have succeeded in procuring a regular service of about 150 carts. The crossing of the Damoodur is a very serious cause of delay, more especially when the river is so low as to leave a large extent of sand uncovered. The Deputy Collector, Baboo Lolit Mohun Dhur, is entirely occupied with this transport duty. I have not yet heard from the Collector of Balasore as to the quantity of grain about to be consigned to me.

E.—Advances to Private Parties.

16. Up to the 11th instant 796 applications for advances of grain had been made. Of these only 27 remained undisposed of. The total amount sanctioned was Rs. 43,964, being divided amongst 2,635 individuals, showing an average of about Rs. 16 per mensem. Cash advances have ceased since the receipt of Government orders on the subject, but some inconvenience has been caused thereby. I have not been able to prepare a regular statement showing details of my proceedings under this head in time for this report, but I will submit one in a few days.

F.—Charitable Relief.

17. The numbers, as will be seen from the accompanying statement, have again increased, but the reductions made by me in the number gratuitously relieved at Ondah and Bishenpore, amounting to about 2,800, do not appear in this return. I have no doubt that careful weeding would get rid of at least 25 per cent. of those now receiving alms. I yesterday distributed clothes to those at the Bankoora centre who required them, and there were few on the relief list who did not sadly need new raiment. The clothes were all made by weavers who had received advances. There is an increase of about 1,000 in the number doing light work, a fact which shows that some attempt is being made to prevent utter demoralization.

18. It will be seen from the figures annexed that excluding the labourers on relief works, and all consideration of grain advances, we are supporting about seven per cent. of the population. This fact, after making all fair allowances, shows real and extensive distress.

19. Statement of Charitable Relief:—

1. One central committee.
2. Thirty-three sub-committees.
3. Thirty-five.
4. None.
5. Thirty-five.
6.—Statement showing average daily number relieved during the fortnight:—

Class B.

Mohesra—

1. Mejia	...	1,335	18. Godardihi	...	1,217
2. Saltora	...	1,168	19. Shaharjora	...	509
3. Kustholia	...	990	20. Ondah	...	2,092
4. Pabra	...	865	21. Taldangra	...	595
5. Tiluri	...	553	22. Koorpa	...	564
6. Bakulia	...	497	23. Harmashra	...	251
7. Gogra	...	740	24. Amdangra	...	578
8. Dholeon	...	643	25. Makra	...	1,016
9. Bankoora	...	1,850	26. Ladna	...	447
10. Rajgram	...	442	27. Bishenpore	...	2,762
11. Chatna	...	507	28. Joypore	...	1,238
12. Arrara	...	449	29. Telishire	...	432
13. Teghoria	...	558	30. Ramsagore	...	342
14. Gungajulghatty	...	469	31. Chowamoshna	...	1,329
15. Burjorah	...	843	32. Maliara	...	642
16. Dholeoni	...	928	33. Susnia	...	50
17. Koniamari	...	818			
			Total	...	27,712

CLASS C.—LIGHT WORK.

Tank-work	...	720
Husking	...	942
Weaving	...	2,692
Jute-spinning	...	935
Shell-lac	...	75
Shankari	...	63
Braziers	...	125
Total	...	5,552

CLASS D.—RESPECTABLE PERSONS IN DISTRESS OBTAINING RELIEF.

Men	...	890
Women	...	1,698
Children	...	1,040
Total	...	3,628

Financial Results of the Charitable Relief Funds.

	Heading B.	Heading C.	Heading D.	Total.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs.	Rs. A. P.
Amount expended up to the end of previous fortnight ...	11,435 4 4	17,677 1 0	519	29,631 5 4
Ditto this fortnight ...	6,022 10 6	7,759 10 0	1,904	15,686 4 6
Total ...	17,457 14 10	25,436 11 0	2,423	45,317 9 10

Account of Government Grain for the Fortnight ending 13th July 1874.

1	2	3		4	5	6	7	8
NAME OF CIRCLE.	Date for which figures are given.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.		TOTAL QUANTITY OF GRAIN CONSUMED. By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advance to ryots.	Total.	Estimated grain receipts of the ensuing fortnight.	Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.
			Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.
Bankora ...	From 26th June to 10th July 1874.	Balance in hand ...	7 2 8					
		Received	969 16 8					
		Total ...	976 19 0	6 32 6	891 5 13	897 38 3	.....	.....
Gungajulghatty	Ditto ...	Balance in hand ...	46 19 4					
		Received	756 3 8					
		Total ...	802 22 12	455 10 4	195 30 4	651 6 9	.....	.....
Mejia	From 27th June to 10th July 1874.	Balance in hand ...	.....					
		Received	1,023 25 0					
		Total ...	1,023 25 0	913 8 4	103 28 0	1,014 36 4	.....	.....
Saltora ...	From 28th June to 2nd July 1874.	Balance in hand ..	170 3 11					
		Received	281 13 4					
		Total ..	451 16 5	198 30 0	111 10 12	310 9 12	.....	.....
Total ...	.....	Balance in hand ...	223 24 13					
		Received	3,029 16 4					
		Total ...	3,253 1 11	1,573 9 14	1,301 0 13	2,874 10 11	7,000 0 0	7,000 0 0

BANKOORA DISTRICT.

Statement of Labor.

No.	Name of Work.	Description of Labor.			Total.
		Men.	Women.	Children.	
1	Bankoora and Sonamookhy road	110	20	.....	130
2	Ditto to Roghoonathpore	175	35	.....	210
3	Ditto to Beersingpore	35	18	...	53
4	Station roads	5	3	...	8
5	Bishenpore to Namchurra (Jeypore)	57	19	...	76
6	Ranegunge and Midnapore road (provincial)	110	52	.....	162
7	Ondah and Taldangra road	56	37	...	93
8	Gungajulghatty to Saltora	275	152	25	452
9	Moraloo and Mejia road	303	117	24	444
10	Municipal work in Bishenpore (town roads)	57	38	.....	95
11	Ditto in Bishenpore (dispensary)	15	10	3	28
12	Digging tank at Jeypore	105	49	.....	154
13	Mejia to Mallara	307	102	... ..	409
14	Doorluppore to Maliara	425	130	20	575
15	Maliara to Burjorah	462	205	25	692
16	Judpore road	127	48	. ...	175
17	Bankoora to Taldangra	174	73	. ..	247
18	Dolepore to Mohisna	247	53	.....	300
	Total ...	3,045	1,161	97	4,303

Bankoora Collectorate,
The 13th July 1874.

W. R. Larminie,
Offg. Collector.

No. 867, dated Soory, the 13th July 1874.

From—R. D. Hime, Esq., Offg. Collector of Beerbhoom,
To—The Commissioner of the Burdwan Division.

I have the honor to submit my district narrative for the fortnight ending 11th July 1874.

A.—State of the Country.

There is again some increase in the number of paupers, but no reason, I believe, to conclude that there is any increase of distress beyond what might be expected from the gradual diminution of stocks and the growing tendency of the heads of families to rid themselves of dead weight by throwing the support of the old, infirm, and helpless, on public charity. On the other hand, prices are lower than they were in the preceding fortnight. The crops promise well, there is a good demand for field labor, and no failure of the markets. No deaths from starvation during the fortnight have been reported, and only one grain robbery has occurred. Prices are given in appendix I.

B.—Relief Works.

No new relief works have been opened during the fortnight. Cash payments were discontinued generally since 6th instant, when the Government grain indented for was got *in situ* and ready for distribution, except in the case of the Dangal tank, which had been let out in contract, and is all but finished; and the turfing of the banks of the Rajah tank, which had been also let out in contract for Rs. 95, of which Rs. 50 had been paid to the contractor prior to the receipt of the Government telegram of 27th June. With these two exceptions grain payments are now in full operation on all relief works. Carriage is effected by transport trains of coolies drawn from the works, carts in sufficient numbers not being procurable, and the country being in many places almost impassable for wheels. The number of laborers on district works of all kinds up to 4th instant is given in appendix form C. The returns for the week ending 11th instant have not yet been received, but the Executive Engineer anticipated a large decrease in the numbers on the introduction of payment in kind.

C.—Transport of Grain.

Exportation continues, 3,238½ maunds of rice having been exported against 5,514 maunds of the preceding fortnight. The Government imports of the fortnight amount to 10,380 maunds.

D.—Storage of Grain.

The imports of the fortnight have been stored.

E.—Advances to Private Parties.

Advances under Act XXVI of 1871 (Land Improvement Act) have been closed. Advances of grain to zemindars under concession G are shown in appendix table II.

F.—Charitable Relief.

2,646 paupers have been supplied with clothing locally manufactured by distressed weavers under advances made by the charitable committee.—*Vide* appendix returns IV and V.

G.—Financial Results.

Rupees 500 have been paid to Messrs. Farquharson and Campbell on back accounts; Rs. 100 to the contractor for the turfing of the Rajah's tank; Rs. 40 have been drawn in advance to meet charitable expenditure during the fortnight. Charitable relief is now given altogether in Government grain, but some cash disbursements on account of salaries and purchase of cotton continue.

APPENDIX I.

Prices-current of Food-grains and Salt in the District of Beerbhoom for the week ending Saturday, the 11th July 1874.

1	2			3			4			5			6			7			8		
	QUANTITIES PER RUPEE BY THE SEER OF 80 TOLAHS.																				
	WHEAT.			BARLEY.			RICE, BEST SORT.			RICE, COMMON.			GRAM.			FIREWOOD.			SALT.		
DISTRICT.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
Soory (Sudder Station)	12 0	12 0	14 12	15 0	15 0	20 0	10 0	10 0	12 0	12 0	12 0	18 0	13 0	13 0	21 0	240 0	240 0	240 0	8 0	8 0	8 12
Cynthea	15 0	15 0	16 0	.....	.....	.....	12 0	12 0	16 0	13 10	13 10	24 0	15 0	15 0	25 0	.....	.....	.....	9 0	8 8	9 0
Purandarpore	13 0	12 0	15 0	15 0	15 0	20 0	10 0	10 0	18 0	12 0	12 0	24 0	12 0	13 0	22 0	240 0	240 0	240 0	8 0	8 0	9 0
Futtehpore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	20 0	12 8	12 8	23 0	14 0	14 0	24 0	280 0	280 0	280 0	8 8	8 8	8 8
Bolepore	12 0	12 0	15 0	.....	.....	.....	12 0	12 0	18 8	13 0	13 0	23 0	14 0	14 0	23 0	240 0	240 0	.....	9 4	9 4	10 0
Doobrajpore	13 8	12 0	15 0	.....	.....	.....	13 0	12 8	18 0	14 0	13 0	22 0	13 8	14 0	22 0	240 0	240 0	.....	9 4	9 0	8 8
Ahmadpore	10 0	10 0	22 0	.....	.....	.....	11 0	11 0	20 0	12 4	12 4	22 0	15 0	15 0	24 0	280 0	280 0	.....	9 4	9 0	8 8
Krinnahar	14 0	14 0	20 0	.....	.....	.....	12 0	12 0	20 0	13 0	13 0	24 0	18 0	18 0	27 0	.....	.....	.....	8 12	8 12	8 8
Rajnagore	11 8	11 8	13 12	.....	.....	.....	12 0	12 0	16 12	13 12	13 12	22 8	13 12	13 12	23 12	.....	.....	.....	8 4	8 4	9 0
Barwan	15 0	15 0	20 0	17 8	17 8	22 8	10 0	10 4	18 12	11 0	11 0	22 8	15 0	14 8	22 8	260 0	260 0	260 0	8 0	8 0	8 12
Average	12 12	12 9	14 6	15 13	15 13	20 13	11 5	11 4	12 11	12 11	12 10	22 6	14 6	14 7	23 7	254 0	254 0	253 0	8 10	8 8	8 13

C.

Abstract Statement of Men, Women, and Children, employed on Public Works in the District of Beerbhoom during the 14 *days ending Saturday, the 4th July* 1874.

Serial No. of Work.	Name of Work.	Length of road, &c.	Total number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Mean daily number of persons employed during the 14 days.				Number of persons employed on the last of the 14 days.				How long work is likely to give employment.	Remarks.
			Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.		
1	Soory to Cynthea	11	270	.....	.....	270	19	.....	.....	19	31	.....	.....	31	1¼ months.	All are doing full work and are receiving the wages noted below, except an average of 902 day laborers on the Doobrajpore road paid one anna per diem each adult, and ½ anna per diem each child, and 36 masons' assistants paid at the rate of Rs. 2-13 per mensem for each man, and Rs. 1-14 for each woman. Cash payments were continued up to 4th July owing to delay in the execution of the indent for Government grain.
2	Soory to Nagore	14	222	70	.....	292	15	5	.....	20	15	9	.....	24	¾ month.	
3	Ahmadpore to Lachatta	8	1,941	419	.....	2,360	138	29	.....	167	151	57	.....	208	1½ months.	
4	Monpore road	3	85	.....	.....	85	6	.....	.....	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
5	Dangal tank	.....	407	477	.....	884	29	34	.....	63	28	39	.....	67	¾ month.	
6	Wells	.....	135	110	.....	245	9	7	.....	16	5	12	.....	17	¼ ditto.	
7	Soory to Rhagulpore	7	233	22	.....	255	16	1	.....	17	23	.....	.....	23	¼ ditto.	
8	Barwan to Panchthobee	4	2,663	8	.....	2,001	143	.....	.....	143	188	.....	.....	188	1 week.	
9	Bolepore to Sacoolipore	12	1,445	2,253	.....	3,698	103	160	.....	263	90	243	.....	333	ditto.	
10	Monresser to Mullarpore	8	8,233	805	.....	9,038	588	57	.....	645	503	18	.....	521	ditto.	
11	Kamra to Andi	12	23,577	4,464	.....	28,041	1,684	318	.....	2,002	4,825	348	.....	5,173	¼ ditto.	
12	Bolepore to Bangchattra	10	6,389	5,319	2,860	14,568	456	379	204	1,039	135	226	109	470	ditto.	
13	Labpore to Kalgram	10	7,120	.....	.....	7,120	508	.....	.....	508	446	.....	.....	446	ditto.	
14	Bolepore to Kusba	7	2,329	1,229	.....	3,540	165	87	.....	252	246	139	.....	385	1 week.	
15	Cynthea to Andi	9	2,255	445	.....	2,700	161	31	.....	192	211	41	.....	252	ditto.	
16	Poorandarpore to River Adjai	20	10,237	7,300	.....	17,537	732	521	.....	1,253	742	453	.....	1,195	ditto.	
17	Metalling Bolepore to Soorool road	3	1,389	901	365	2,655	99	64	26	189	114	59	27	200	ditto.	
18	Bolepore to Supur	3	70	96	.....	166	5	6	.....	11	19	23	.....	42	ditto.	
19	Mollarpore to Mahomedbazar	13	2,537	1,092	.....	3,629	181	78	.....	259	742	453	.....	1,195	ditto.	
20	Doobrajpore to Hambazar	8	8,883	8,453	4,610	21,945	634	603	329	1,566	278	618	314	1,205	ditto.	
21	Ganotia to Kotasar	4	249	332	125	706	17	24	8	48	28	26	11	65		
	Total number employed ...	.....	86,100	33,785	7,960	121,845	5,713	2,403	567	8,683	8,815	2,761	461	12,037		

Rate of wages paid for full work—

	As.	P.
To each man	3	6
,, woman	1	3
,, child	0	6

Total amount disbursed in wages during the fortnight, Rs. 13,290-7-7½.

APPENDIX RETURN II.

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the District of Beerbhoom for the Fortnight ending 11th July 1874.

1.—Name of circle, Beerbhoom.
2.—Date for which figures are given, 27th June to 11th July 1874.
3.—Total allotment of Government grain, uncertain.
4.—Total quantity of grain stored, 10,380 maunds, less weight of bags and loss in transit.

Total quantity of grain consumed up to date.

5.—By sale to the public or to laborers, none.
6.—By gratuitous distribution in any shape, 2,292 maunds.
7.—By advances to ryots, none.
8.—Drawn by zemindars under concession G, 1,582 maunds.
9.—By payment in kind to laborers, about 1,600 maunds; returns incomplete.
10.—Total, 5,474 maunds.
11.—Estimated grain receipts of the ensuing fortnight, 10,000 maunds.
12.—Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight, 10,000 maunds.

APPENDIX STATEMENT IV.

Statement showing the Progress of Charitable Relief in the District of Beerbhoom for the Fortnight ending July 1874.

1.—Number of committees and sub-committees as yet appointed ...	11
2.—Number of special relief sub-divisions opened and officered ...	23
3.—Number of regular relief circles and manned by special officers ...	12
4.—Number of relief circles opened and manned by planters, zemindars, and other residents	13
5.—Number of work-houses or centres for the distribution of food and gratuitous relief	25
6.—Number of men, women, and children (with total), in receipt of gratuitous relief in any shape through the charitable relief organization daily	20,154

Remarks.—Of the total number of recipients of charitable relief, 4,598 are spinners and weavers, and 1,464 are employed in light labor on village tanks and roads, leaving 14,092 in receipt of purely gratuitous relief. These numbers do not include a daily average of about 100 pauper patients in receipt of relief at the dispensaries.

APPENDIX STATEMENT V.

Statement showing the number of Persons relieved up to 4th July 1874, submitted with reference to Government No. 3216—S.R. of the 19th May 1874, paragraph 5.

		No.	Rs.	A.	P.
B.—Total number of meals given up to 4th July 1874, *i.e.*, persons fed for one day		615,452			
Total number of persons receiving gratuitous relief in rice at present on the 4th July ...		14,092			
Total disbursements up to 4th July, including cost of laborers employed on light out-door work ...	By cash for rice ...		13,958	0	11¼
	By Government rice...		8,664	11	9
	Miscellaneous ...		470	5	4¼
			23,093	2	1
C.—Total number of weavers and spinners supplied with the thread and cotton and advance on the 4th July		6,062			
Total disbursements to 4th July, weavers and spinners only			18,536	8	6
D.—Total number of families under heading D on the 4th July		12			
Total disbursements up to 4th July			42	15	6
Total number of persons in receipt of relief on the 4th July		20,154			
Total disbursements up to 4th July under all heads			41,672	10	1

Vide appendix return V of the fortnight ending 30th May 1874. These numbers do not include about 100 pauper patients in receipt of relief at the dispensaries.

R. D. Hime,
Offg. Collector.

No. 714FR, dated Burdwan, the 13th July 1874.

From—E. H. Ruddock, Esq., Covenanted Deputy Collector, in charge, Collectorate, Burdwan.

To—The Commissioner of the Burdwan Division.

The Magistrate and Collector having gone into the interior, I have the honor to submit the following narrative for the fortnight ending 13th July, as directed by him.

A.—State of the Country.

2. The Bood-bood Sub-divisional Officer says that there is scarcity of supply of rice in the bazar owing to the stoppage of all import from Orissa; the prices are higher; the seedlings of aous crop have risen high; the sowing of the amun paddy is still going on, but in some places, owing to want of rain, transplanting of the amun crop has not yet been commenced. There was rainfall in this sub-division on the 28th and 30th ultimo, and 2nd, 5th, 7th, and 8th instant.

On Dr. French's report the Collector visited the south of Bood-bood, with the Relief Officer, and his note is hereto appended. He has found that a large proportion of lands in thana Sonamookhy are lying uncultivated, primarily on account of there having been very little rain, and partly also from want of seed-grain, which cannot be purchased now, as all cash payments have been stopped.

The report from Culna is that the price of rice continues almost the same; that there is an abundant supply in Culna and Nadanghat, the two principal marts of this sub-division; about 6 000 maunds of rice are in the hands of the mahajuns, and 5,000 maunds have been imported during the fortnight. The rainfall was 3·22 inches; the aous crop is favorable, but more rain is still wanted. No deaths from starvation or hardships arising from insufficient food have hitherto come to notice.

The Collector intends to visit Culna on his return from Cutwa, and will satisfy himself about the requirements of this sub-division.

The Cutwa Sub-divisional Officer reports that the supply of rice in the bazar is rather scanty, but the prices show a tendency to fall on account of the importation of Government rice to Cutwa. The aous crop has been looking promising in the villages bordering on the Bhagiruthee and the Adjai, but the crops in some of the villages of thanas Munglecote and Ketugram have been destroyed by a heavy inundation, and probably in these villages seed-grain will have to be distributed. More rain is wanted. The Collector is now at Cutwa, and will thus be able to ascertain the exact requirements of this sub-division.

The Jehanabad Sub-divisional Officer reports that there has been plenty of rain throughout the sub-division, except in the immediate neighbourhood of Jehanabad; that the prospects of the crops are cheering; that there is no deficiency in the supply of grain; and that the stock in the hands of the mahajuns and ryots is not scanty.

The Raneegunge Sub-divisional Officer says that the supply of rice has been much smaller than before, but there is enough on the whole in the interior markets; that there has been 1·45 inches of rain, and a little more is wanted; the maize and the sugarcane are going on well, and the rice seedlings are growing quite fast enough; there has been no starvation or real misery.

Regarding the sudder sub-division, the District Superintendent of Police reports that the stock is sufficient; no rain to speak of since Wednesday last; the cultivation of aous and amun crop is getting on fairly well; no starvation, and a very few petty cases of grain-theft reported. Reports of distress were received from portions of thanas Gangoor and Selimabad; enquiries were made, and arrangements have also been made to meet the distress. To sum up then, it will be seen that throughout the whole district, though no particular harm has been done as yet, the want of rain is beginning to make itself felt, and should the rain hold off much longer, there will be cause for very great anxiety. The general health of the people is pretty fair. Fever is much as it was. There have been some sporadic cases of cholera, and I also hear small-pox is rather bad in a part of the Cutwa sub-division.

B.—Relief Works.

3. These are shown in statement B. From the reports submitted by the Executive Engineer and Sub-divisional Officers it appears that payment of grain has been introduced everywhere to pay the laborers. The road-works in some places were stopped for some time, as there was not sufficient grain to carry on the work; but since then grain has been stored in almost all places where it is necessary, and there will be no difficulty in paying in kind.

C.—Transport of Food.

4. During the week ending 27th June 23,106 maunds of rice were imported, against 6,824 maunds exported. In the week ending 4th July the returns show that 15,437 maunds were imported, against 5,019 maunds exported.

D.—Storage of Grain.

5. Up to date 65,000 maunds of grain have been received, as will appear from statement No. II. The requirements for the fortnight ending 25th July will be found in statement No. IIA. Grain has been stored in several places at convenient distances in the sudder and Bood-bood sub-divisions to meet any requirements.

E.—Advances to Private Persons.

6. Statements III and IV show the advances to private persons under the Land Improvement Act, and to landowners and ryots in grain. Up to date more than 16,000 maunds have been advanced to ryots, of which 331 maunds were advanced to persons in "perilous straits." The Collector, when visiting Sonamookhy and Bood-bood, found that the talookdars were reluctant to advance to their ryots; he has therefore, to save time, deputed the Bood-bood circle officer to take a boat-load of rice along the Damoodar, and advance to the ryots of the distressed villages situated on both sides of it, where the talookdars may have been found unwilling to assist. The Sub-divisional Officer of Bood-bood has also been directed to push on the advance of grain without waiting to obtain the previous sanction of the zemindars. The Sub-Divisional Officer of Jehanabad reports that the ryots of his sub-division are not willing to take advances of Burmah rice. In many instances the applicants for advances of grain have been found to be able-bodied and well nourished persons, who come to ask for grain rather with the intention of speculating with it than because they are in distress.

F.—Charitable Relief.

7. The particulars of this will be found in Statements V, VI, and VII, the last being the special statement of relief to respectable persons required by Government letter No. 3216—S.R., dated 19th May last. The number of attendants in the food-depôts is daily increasing. Since Dr. French visited South Bood-bood, 6 more food-depôts have been opened; so in all, in Bood-bood thana alone, there are 18 food-depôts at present. In thana Sonamookhy the number was 6, but arrangements have been made to double it. In thana Ausgram there are at present 18 food-depôts, but it will be necessary to increase the number to 24. The number of attendants in some of the food-depôts has become very large. Orders have been passed for giving cooked food, as heretofore, in the fever food-depôts, and also to infirm and sick paupers. In some places people object strongly to cooked food, while in others they like it. The cash payments having been stopped, in Sonamookhy 138 weavers were found by the Collector in acute distress; to each of these 2 maunds of rice were advanced under the "perilous strait" order. The weavers have promised to repay this advance in coarse cotton cloths. Similar advances will also have to be made to many of the cotton weavers; but the weavers who manufacture Kora and Tusser silk cloths are likewise experiencing great hardship, as they cannot purchase the raw materials, unless they get advances in cash.

Vide Commissioner's letter No. 277—S.R., dated 2nd July 1874.

Note on Bood-bood and Sonamookhy Thanas.

I have just returned from visiting the food-depôts of Palashdanga, Sonamookhy, and Tassooly, in thana Sonamookhy, and those of Jhaldanga and Kusba in Bood-bood, and Someshur, in thana Khundghose. Many of the cultivators in the villages round Palashdanga (near the Bankoora boundary) and in Banderkona (also west of Sonamookhy) appeared to be in want, and the weavers in Sonamookhy are evidently much pressed. On the other hand, the people in the food-depôts, other than the lepers, &c., and the cultivators in the Bood-bood villages which I visited, seemed to be in fair condition, except some in Sankaree, a village near Shaldanga, and one or two here and there in other places.

2. The ryots and chowkidars of nearly every village between the Government road and the Damoodar are reported to have received advances of grain, and relief is being given at the depôts (of which the number in the sub-division is low) in a most liberal, not to say lavish, manner. In point of fact, we must be feeding nearly the whole low caste females and juvenile population of the villages, wherever the food-depôts are situated, besides a large proportion of those in the neighbouring villages. At Sonamookhy, and again at Shaldanga, the number I found assembled to be fed was about 1,000.

3. At Tassooly, the appearance of the paupers fed is, I think, worse than anywhere; but this is a fever-stricken village.

4. At Someshur, the talookdar has taken an advance of Rs. 500 worth of grain to distribute to his ryots, and Mr. Erskine has taken 500 maunds to distribute at Shaldanga.

5. I made advances of grain to 138 Sonamookhy weavers, and also to the ryots in the Palashdanga group.

6. On the whole, I am of opinion that distress is certainly on the increase in the south and centre of the Bood-bood sub-division, but I do not think it is nearly so serious as recent reports from that quarter would indicate, and I believe it is being fully met.

7. I passed through one corner of the Kauksa thana, and found the ryots there, as everywhere else, clamorous for advances, but with the exception of one or two old men, they did not look as if there was much the matter with them.

Burdwan,
The 11th July 1874.

E. H. Whinfield,
Offg. Collector.

I.

Statement showing Progress of Works in the Burdwan District for the Fortnight ending 11th July 1874.

Names of Roads.	Average daily number of laborers.	Rate of wages.	Price of rice.	Remarks.
		Rs. A. P.		
Culna road	30	0 2 6 per chowah	Rs. 3-6 per maund ...	Completed; only a little dressing remaining.
Buddipore road	140	0 2 6 „	3-6 „ ...	Earth-work nearly done.
Old Benares road	98	0 2 6 „	3-6 „ ...	Nearly completed.
Burdwan to Jehanabad road ...	400	0 2 6 „	3-6 „ ...	Work stopped.
Bood-bood to Sonamookhy road ...	84	0 2 0 „	14 seers per rupee ...	Completed; only a little dressing remaining.
Undal to Wookrah road	271	0 2 0 „	Rs. 3-6 per maund ...	Contractor is taking rice in payment.
Sittarampore to Samdihi road ...	214	0 2 0 „	3-6 „ ...	Ditto ditto.
Sowaia to Silla road	160	0 2 0 „	14½ seers per rupee ...	Completed; only little dressing remaining.
Doorgapore to Koodea road	347	0 2 0 „	13 „ „ ...	Contractor is taking rice in payment.
Rajbund to Gopalpore road	213	0 2 0 „	13 „ „ ...	Completed.
Bhedia to Bosdah road	357	0 2 0 „	17 „ „ ...	Ditto.
Munglecote to Sreekund road ...	474	0 2 0 „	17 „ „ ...	Ditto.
Dignuggur to Gulsi road	90	0 2 0 „	14 „ „ ...	Completed; only little dressing remaining.
Khundghose to Indas road	.....	.....	.....	Work stopped.
Burdwan to Bankoora road	50	0 2 0 „	15 „ „ ...	Completed.
Mancoor to Shambazar road... ...	2,409	0 2 0 „	14 „ „ ...	Contractor is taking rice in payment.
In charge of Raneegunge Sub-divisional Officer.				
Mungleporo road	26	0 2 0 & 0 2 6 per 100 cubic feet.	Rs. 3-12 per maund.	
Excavation of Hattibund tank ...	244	0 3 0 per 100 cubic feet.	3-12 „	
In charge of Cutwa Sub-divisional Officer.				
Cutwa to Bhulpore road, *vid* Bolloosor	.....	.....	11 seers per rupee ...	The works on these roads were stopped for a few days in consequence of non-arrival of Government grain. The laborers are now paid in Government grain abundantly supplied.
Shambazar road	.....	.....	11 „ „	
Katoogram „	44	.....	11 „ „	
Patooli „	49	.....	11 „ „	
Uddhanpore to Siloorce road ...	.....	.....	11 „ „	
Rajnagur road	32	.....	11 „ „	
Badshai „	2	.....	11 „ „	
Bulotia „	105	.....	11 „ „	
In charge of Jehanabad Sub-divisional Officer.				
Jehanabad Union.				
Strand road	20	0 2 0 to 0 2 6 per 100 cubic feet.	13 seers per rupee ...	The works on this road are executed from the Chowkidari Union Fund.
Shambazar Union.				
Gossaipookur tank	90	0 4 0 to 0 6 0 per 100 cubic feet.	13½ „ „	Ditto ditto.
Bally Union.				
Kanaipore road	25	0 2 0 to 0 2 6 per 100 cubic feet.	13 „ „	Ditto ditto.
Kotulpore Union.				
Siromonipore to Bamanari	80	0 2 6 to 0 2 6 per 100 cubic feet.	13½ „ „	Ditto ditto.
1 *Relief Work.*—Debkhundo to Santipore road	15	0 2 0 to 0 2 6 per 100 cubic feet.	13½ „ „	Government grain has been sent to Jehanabad.
In charge of Bood-bood Sub-divisional Officer.				
Gooskurra to Aougram	823	2 seers of rice per 100 cubic feet.	16 „ „	
Gulsi to Russickpore	330	2 seers of rice per 100 cubic feet.		
In charge of Culna Sub-divisional Officer.	.....	.....	.....	Works stopped in consequence of Government grain not being available.
In charge of Equitable Coal Company.				
Doobrajpore road	.....	.....	.....	The Manager says the repairs on this road will be soon completed. No return has been received.
In charge of Executive Engineer, Northern Drainage and Embankment Division.				
Kanna Nuddee works	158	2½ to 3 annas to coolie.	13 seers per rupee ...	These works are in no way under the control of this office.
Irrigation works	247	2½ to 3 annas to coolie.	13 „ „	
Edilpore Sub-division.				
Ordinary embankment repairs ...	78	2½ to 3 annas to coolie.	13 „ „	
Total ...	7,711			

The decrease in the number of laborers is owing to the completion of works and to the agricultural employments now offering.

Burdwan,
The 13th July 1874.

E. H. Ruddock,
Vice-Chairman, for Chairman.

II.

Names of Circles.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain stored.	Total quantity of grain consumed up to date.				Estimated grain receipts of the ensuing fortnight.	Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.	Remarks
				By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.			
		Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	
Burdwan	...	32,000 0 0	15,978 30 0	6,092 38 0	3,038 29 0	.....	9,131 27 8	10,000 0 0	10,000 0 0	
Bood-bood			18,364 0 0	4,943 5 11	9,777 16 8	210 0 0	14,930 22 3	.....	.....	Including 331 maunds advanced to persons in "perilous straits."
Khanoo	...	50,000 0 0	5,000 0 0	2,166 0 0	.....	.....	2,166 0 0	20,000 0 0	15,000 0 0	
Gooskorrah			5,000 0 0	2,025 0 0	94 0 0	300 0 0	2,419 0 0	.....	.....	
Cutwa	...	50,000 0 0	17,902 0 0	2,425 35 0	5,569 34 8	1,205 16 0	9,201 5 8	30,000 0 0	15,000 0 0	
Raneegunge	...	10,000 0 0	3,000 0 0	.....	106 0 0	.....	106 0 0	5,000 0 0	5,000 0 0	
Total ...	...	1,42,000 0 0	65,264 30 0	17,652 39 3	18,586 0 0	1,715 16 0	37,954 15 3	65,000 0 0	45,000 0 0	

Burdwan Collectorate,
The 13th July 1874.

E. H. Ruddock,
Covtd. Dy. Collector.

IIA.

Name of District.	Total quantity of Government grain required for the fortnight from 13th to 26th July 1874.	Date of despatch.	Quantity to be despatched.	Place of consignment	How to be sent
	Mds.		Mds.		
Burdwan ...	41,000	7th July 1874 ..	2,000	Goashkurrah Station	By East Indian Railway.
		8th „ ...	2,000	Manoor „ .	
		11th „ ...	1,000	Bhedia „ ...	
		12th „	1,000	Gooskurrah „	
		13th „	2,000	Manoor „ . .	
		14th „ .	2,000	Burdwan „	
		15th „ ..	1,000	Bood-bood „ .. .	
		9th „ .	3,000	Burdwan „	
		12th „ ...	1,000	Mymaree „ ..	
		15th „ .	2,000	Burdwan „	
		8th „ ...	2,000	Ranegungo „	
		11th „ ..	2,000	Ditto „ ..	
		Some time before the 15th instant.	15,000	Cutwa	By steamer
		Ditto	5,000	Culna	Ditto.

BURDWAN COLLECTORATE,
The 13th July 1874.

E. H. RUDDOCK,
Covtd. Dy. Collector.

III.

Statement showing the Progress made in disposing of Applications for Advances under Act XXVI of 1871 *during the last Fortnight ending*

Name of District.	Applications received.						Applications rejected.						Applications granted.						Applications pending.		Advances during the fortnight.						Remarks.
	Up to the end of the last fortnight.		During the fortnight.		Total.		Up to the end of the last fortnight.		During the fortnight.		Total.		Up to the end of the last fortnight.		During the fortnight.		Total.				Up to the end of the last fortnight.		During the fortnight.		Total.		
	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.	
Burdwan	225	1,46,529	.....	.....	225	1,46,529	132	88,457	9	21,737	141	1,10,194	84	36,335	.....	.....	84	36,335	.....	.....	61	26,785	..	.....	61	26,785	Bills to the amount of Rs. 68,959 have been passed and enfaced by this office up to the end of the fortnight.
Raneegunge	163	42,654	.....	.....	163	42,654	60	19,661	50	12,039	110	31,700	53	10,954	.....	.....	53	10,954	... ..	.....	50	9,904	.....	.....	50	9,904	
Bood-bood	219	85,039	.....	.....	219	85,039	146	86,914	15	10,134	161	67,048	58	17,991	.....	.....	58	17,991	.....	.....	50	16,345	.....	.....	50	16,345	
Cutwa	105	41,640	.....	.....	105	41,640	79	35,115	.....	.....	79	35,115	26	6,525	.....	.....	26	6,525	.....	.....	10	1,775	.....	.....	10	1,775	
Culna	91	40,300	.....	.....	91	40,300	41	19,975	8	6,450	49	26,425	42	13,875	.....	.....	42	13,875	.....	.....	36	10,825	.....	.....	36	10,825	
Jehanabad	44	18,025	.....	.....	44	18,025	35	15,325	.....	.. .	35	15,325	9	2,700	.... .	.....	9	2,700	.....	.....	9	2,700	.....	... ..	9	2,700	
Total ...	847	3,74,187	.....	.....	847	3,74,187	493	2,35,447	82	50,360	575	2,85,807	272	88,380	.....	.....	272	88,380	....	.....	216	68,334	.....	.....	216	68,334	

Burdwan Collectorate,
The 13th July 1874.

E. H. Ruddock,
Certd. Dy. Collector.

IV.

Advances of Grain for the Fortnight ending

Names of Sub-Divisions.	Number of applications made.	Amount of grain.	Number of applications granted up to date 11th July.	Amount of grain advanced up to 11th July.	Remarks.
	Mds.			Mds.	
Sudder	391	Not stated	134	3,038	As the sub-divisional returns do not show the money and grain advances separately, the exact sum of money advanced cannot be given.
Raneegunge	78	Ditto ...	4	106	
Bood-bood	635	11,025	451	9,777	
Cutwa	818	Not stated	274	5,570	
Culna	29	.....	.....	.....	
Jehanabad	22	.....	.....	.....	

Burdwan Collectorate,
The 13th July 1874.

E. H. Ruddock,
Covtd. Dy. Collector.

V.

Statement of the Charitable Relief Fund up to the 13th July 1874.

Sub-Divisions.	Local amount of subscription.	Local subscription realised.	Amount realised, doubled by Government.	Remittance from Central or District Relief Committee.	Total of columns 4 and 5.	Expenditure.	Balance.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Burdwan ...	8,116 8 0	7,674 0 0	15,348 0 0	45,000 0 0 *39 10 3	.....	27,312 15 6	4,050 10 9	* Refunded by the Deputy Commissioner of Manbhoom.
Raneegunge ...	2,690 0 0	2,690 0 0	5,380 0 0	.....	.....	8,811 0 9	2,818 15 3	
Culna ...	5,900 0 0	4,707 0 0	9,414 0 0	.....	.....	3,981 10 3	6,432 5 9	
Jehanabad ...	2,123 0 0	1,789 0 0	3,578 0 0	.....	.....	3,023 8 7	2,078 7 5	
Bood-bood ...	1,140 5 0	1,140 5 0	2,280 10 0	.....	.....	14,292 12 11½	1,987 13 ½	
Cutwa ...	1,226 0 0	921 1 0	1,842 2 0	.....	.....	6,860 11 3	1,231 6 9	
Total ...	21,195 13 0	18,921 6 0	37,842 12 0	45,039 10 3	82,882 6 3	64,282 11 3½	18,599 10 11½	

Burdwan Collectorate,
The 13th July 1874.

E. H. Ruddock,
Covtd. Dy. Collector.

VI.

Sub-Divisions.	Number of Committees and Sub-Committees.	Number of relief circles opened and manned.	Number of relief circles opened and manned by planters	Number of work-houses or centres for distribution of food and gratuitous relief.	Number of persons in receipt of gratuitous relief.				Number of weavers and others to whom advances have been made.	Amount spent in purchasing articles for advance or giving advance.	Remarks.
					Men.	Women.	Children.	Total			
										Rs.	
Burdwan	District Committee, 1; Sub-Committees, 59.	1	.....	91, of which ... ... 1 fever food-depôt ... ... and 1 of Maharajah ...	1,238	4,312	3,111	8,661 69 1,100	.....	....	
Culna ...	Sub-divisional Committee, 1; Sub-Committees, 30.	.....	.....	4, of which ... ... 1 of Maharajah	4	2	1	7 600	.....	....	
Raneegunge ...	Sub-divisional Committee, 1; Sub-Committees, 25.	2	.....	7	196	512	278	986	.....	.....	51 village roads and tanks are under work.
Cutwa ...	Sub-divisional Committee, 1; Sub-Committees, 34.	1	.....	15	316	1,591	1,802	3,709	.....	.....	
Jehanabad ...	Sub-divisional Committee, 1, Sub-Committees, 42.	.....	.....	3, of which ... ... 2 fever food-depôts ... and 1 private food-depôt ...	 14	 77	... 119	90 201	.....	....	
Bood-bood ...	Sub-divisional Committee, 1; Sub-Committees, 33.	1	.....	44	5,750	16,973	12,540	35,263	.....	.....	
	District Committee 1; Sub-divisional Committees 5; Sub-Committees 222.										
	Total ...	5	.....	94	7,513	23,467	17,848	50,677	.....	....	

BURDWAN COLLECTORATE,
The 13th July 1874.

E. H. RUDDOCK,
Covtd. Dy. Collector.

VII.

Statement of Gratuitous Relief given to Respectable Persons, required by Government Letter No. 3261—S.R., dated the 19th May 1874.

Palashdanga	...	150	Jarah	...	150
Tasoolee	...	100	Hargram	...	80
Kistonagur	...	250	Shor	...	90
Nowa	...	133	Shibbattee	...	250
Kolekole	...	381	Mirzapore	...	10
Malloosharrol	...	75	Chotkhund	...	15
Dignuggore	...	800	Royan	...	12
Ramchunderpore	...	600	Korui	...	125
Gooskurra	...	300	Bhatcunda	...	70
Sonamukhy	...	103	Debshala	...	60
Aousgram	...	400	Hitta	...	30
Pattashpore	...	50	Maharajah's food-depôt	...	40
Gulsi	...	350	Cutwa	...	125
Khano	...	275	Shaldanga	...	25
Joykistopore	...	150	Baghar	...	15
Aral	...	100	Gopeenathpore	...	40
Bhidia	...	525	Narigram	...	30
Ramnugur	...	100			
Qmerpore	...	60	Total	...	6,069

BURDWAN COLLECTORATE,
The 13th July, 1874.

E. H. RUDDOCK,
Covtd. Dy. Collector.

No. 243, dated Hooghly, the 13th July 1874.

From—F. H. PELLEW, ESQ., Offg. Collector of Hooghly,
To—The Commissioner of the Burdwan Division.

I HAVE the honor to submit the narrative for the fortnight ending Saturday, the 11th July 1874.

A.—STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

Abundance or Scarcity of Grain in the Bazars, &c.

2. There is no scarcity of food-grains in the bazars.

3. *Kind and Price of Grain selling at certain specified Marts.*

1	2		3		4		5		6	
Names of Principal Marts.	Quantity by the seer of 80 tolahs.									
	Wheat.		Barley.		Rice, best.		Rice, common.		Gram.	
	Present return.	Past return.	Present return.	Past return.	Present return.	Past return.	Present return.	Past return.	Present return.	Past return.
	Seers.	Seers.	Seers.	Seers.	Seers.	Seers.	Seers.	Seers.	Seers.	Seers.
Baboogunge, in Hooghly ...	13	13	...	...	9½ to 10	9 to 9½	13 to 13½	13 to 13½	13½ to 0	13 to 13½
Chinsurah, Khurooa Bazar...	13	13	...	...	9½ „ 10	9 „ 9½	13 „ 13½	13 „ 13½	13½ „ 0	13 „ 13½
Balore	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	13 „ 13½	13 „ 13½	13½ „ 0	13 „ 13½
Jinkripentahgunge	13½	13½	...	...	9½ to 10	9 to 9½	13 „ 13½	13½ „ 13	13½ „ 14	13½ „ 14
Serampore	13	13	16	16	8 „ 8½	8 „ 8½	13 „ 13	13½ „ 13	13 „ 14	13 „ 14
Chunditallah	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	10 „ 13½	10 „ 13	13 „ 0	10½ „ 0
Bydabatty	13	13	17½	17½	8 to 0	8 to 0	12½ „ 0	12½ „ 0	13½ „ 0	13 „ 0
Bhudreswur	13½	13½	18½	16½	.....	.....	11½ „ 13½	11½ „ 13	14 „ 0	13½ „ 0

4. On the whole there appears to be a general fall in the price of common rice, except at Serampore.

Information as to the Kind and Price in the Hands of the Zemindars, Traders, &c.

5. Same as previously reported.

Rainfall, if any.

6. There were showers of rain during the fortnight in all the thanas, but heavy showers are wanted for the transplanting and growth of the amun pady.

At the sudder station the fall was as follows, from the 30th June to the 13th July:—

7th July	...	...	...	...	·20
10th „	...	...	...	...	·97
11th „	...	...	...	...	·13
13th „	...	...	...	...	·27
			Total	...	1·57

At Serampore the fall was 2·55. The fall is much below what is usual at this season.

Prospect of the Crops.

7. It is too early yet to say that the crop will be a poor one, but a good deal of rice, transplanted after the rain at the end of June, is reported to be withering. This, however, can easily be renewed, and with plenteous rain the crop may be a very good one. The barometer, however, keeps high, and the wind is very variable.

Condition of the People.

8. No cases of starvation occurred. The relief officer reports that distress amongst the beggars and sick in thana Dhunyakhally is increasing; but there are nine centres for rice distribution in that thana. Cultivators are at work in the fields; on some of the relief works the numbers employed have diminished on this account, in others not.

9. The Executive Engineer in charge of the embankments reports that there is no distress in the west of the district, or in thana Bydabatty; that the coolies have gone away to work; and that the rice crops are promising.

10. There is less sickness than in previous years, and prices are slightly going down; however, there is no doubt a good deal of poverty and want, especially in the fever tracts; and the number relieved under heading B, viz., those unable from physical conditions to work and in need of relief, shows no signs of diminishing; as indeed, it is impossible that this class should greatly diminish in numbers, except by death, for most of them are hopelessly disabled.

Grain Theft.

11. One case is reported to have occurred in thana Kristonugger on the 30th June. While the complainant, Prem Naryan Barik, was going to sell rice at Siborambatty with 3 pack-bullocks loaded with rice, a bullock was missed; on searching he found the bullock coming out of a Brahmin's house without its load. He suspected the Brahmin and two Bagdis whom he saw in the Brahmin's house. The case is under police enquiry.

Condition of Special Tracts.

12. There is no tract here which can as yet be said to be in a specially distressed condition.

B.—Relief Works.

Names of Roads.	Number of coolies.	Supply of food.	Condition of laborers.	Mode of payment and rate of wages.	Arrangement for tools.	Remarks.
Hooghly Sub-Division.						
Dhunyakhally road; metalling...	390	Plentiful...	Fair ...	Under contract; contractors have agreed to take part payment in rice for coolies' wages.	Supplied by contractors.	Greater portion of the coolies belong to the Pundooah and Ballagurh thanas; nearly ½ local coolies.
Ditto repairs ...	20	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Partly by contractor and partly by Department.	
Shasunge and Tribany road; metalling.	6	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	By contractors ..	All local coolies.
Tribany to Gooptiparah.. ...	20	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Partly by contractor and partly by Department.	Ditto.
Pandooah to Culna road; metalling.	120	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto .	75 not local.
Muggrah and Tribany road metalling.	25	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	All local coolies.
Moolye to Jamgram ...	12	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	By contractors ...	All Musulman coolies; non-laboring; occupied in turfing.
Kooleahparah to Nischinidpore	45	.. ...	.....	Ditto ...	.....	½ Dooliahs.
Dakchara to Ballaghur ...	32	.....	.....	Ditto ...	....	½ Dooliahs; non-laboring.
Khonyan to Chapta	22	. ..	.....	Not under contract; only rice expenditure.	.....	½ Dooliahs; non-laboring.
Chandpore to Bukooliah... ..	44	.....	.....	Ditto ...	.....	½ Mahomedans, ½ Satgopes, Chawas, &c.; non-laboring.
Baksegore to Chandra	62	... ..	....	Ditto ...	. .....	All laboring class.
Dhunyakhally to Khanpore ...	38	.. ..	. ....	Ditto ...	....	½ Mahomedans; non-laboring.
Naksa to Digsui	31	.....	.....	Ditto ...	... .	Non-laboring.
Tahirpore to Mamoodpore ...	50	Plentiful...	Fair ...	Under contract; contractors have agreed to take part payment in rice for coolies' wages.	By contractors ...	All laboring class.

Names of Roads.	Number of coolies.	Supply of food.	Condition of laborers.	Mode of payment and rate of wages.	Arrangement for tools.	REMARKS.
Hooghly Sub-Division—Condt.						
Pandooah to Cooltee road ...	63	.....	.....	Under contract; contractors have agreed to take part payment in rice for coolies' wages.	.....	Non-laboring class.
Chapta to Sikra	11	.....	.....	Ditto .	.....	½ Doolahs; non-laboring.
Mahanad to Gopikantpore ...	129	..	.....	Ditto ...	.....	Under Revd. Joggodishur Bhuttacharjee; all local.
Bhastara to Gooroop	20	.....	.....	Ditto ...	.....	Under Baboo Joggeshur Singh; all local.
Muggrah to Nowsarye	6	.....	.....	Ditto ...	.....	Under Joint-Magistrate.
Bhastara to Dhunyakhally ..	77	.....	.....	Ditto ...	.....	Under Baboo Joggeshur Singh; all local.
Dwarbasinee to Kamrye ...	11	... ..	.....	Under contract; only rice expenditure.	... .	Under Baboo Joykissen Mookerjee.
Digsui to Pakree	16	.....	.....	Ditto	.....	Under Executive Engineer; ½ laboring and ½ non-laboring.
Pakree to Mohibalpur	133	.. ...	.....	Ditto	.....	Ditto ditto.
Total ...	1,403					
Serampore Sub-Division.						
Branch Grand Trunk Road; metalling, repairs	18	Plentiful.	Fair ...	Under contract; but contractors have agreed to take part payment in rice.	.....	8 are local.
Sheakhalla road; metalling ...	102	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto	Contractors supply	38 local; rest all imported.
Bydabatty feeder-road; metalling	80	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto	Partly contractor, and the rest Department Public Works.	¼ local and ¾ imported.
Old Benares road; metalling .	72	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Under contractors, who have agreed to take part payment in rice.	Partly contractors and partly Department Public Works.	¼ local and ¾ imported.
Bhola to Nalicool road	20	Ditto .	Ditto ...	Ditto	Ditto ...	More than ¼ local.
Chundranuggore and Bhola road	10	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto .	Ditto .	Nearly all local coolies, employed in rectifying slope cutting badly done.
Tarakeshur road	8	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto	Ditto ...	Ditto.
Connuggore and Jonye road	6	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ...	Contractor ...	Coolies all gone to cultivation; very few can be had for road works.
Bora to Nusseebpur	67	.....	.....	Not under contract; cash expenditure strictly prohibited.	.....	All local; under Baboo Unoorup Chundra Mookerjee.
Jonye to Bora	71	Plentiful. .	Fair ...	Ditto ...	.....	Under Baboo Unoorup Chundra Mookerjee.
Jonye to Baraset	17	...	....	Ditto ...	.....	.....
Harida to Bakss	55	.....	.....	Ditto ..	.....	.....
Kristonuggore to Sitapur ...	60	.....	.....	Ditto ..	.....	Under Baboo Kartic Chundra Durbango.
Derghango to Durgarampore . ..		.....	.....	... .	.....	Not received.
Bhudressur to Nusseebpur	119	.....	.....	.....	.....	Under Baboo Rajkristo Banerjee.
Atpar to Rajbalhat	16	.....	.....	.....	.....	Under the Canoongoe of Serampore.
Serampore ...	663					
Hooghly .	1,403					
Total ...	2,066					

N.B.—The roads under contracts are metalling works or ordinary repairs, included in the road cess budget estimate. We cannot break the contracts without incurring liability for damages, but the contractors have been induced to take large quantities of rice for payment of coolies' wages.

14. The Collector of Howrah will give the Howrah figures separately.

15. The following laborers were employed daily on tanks and works in the municipalities, towns, and unions:—

	Men.	Women.	Total.
Hooghly and Chinsurah	325	100	425
Serampore	Return not received.		
Kotrung	..	..	26
Ballagurh	..	..	61
Gooptiparah	..	..	50
Total ..			562

16. Under the Executive Engineer, Northern Drainage and Embankment Division, the following work is in progress :—

Thana.	Name of work.	Daily average number of coolies during the fortnight.	Condition.
Bydabatty ...	Kana Nuddee* and Surrosutty Canal.	158	Good; coolies employed in turfing, &c.
	Ordinary embankment repairs	About 39	Good.
		197	

* Dam across the Kana Nuddee at Gopalnagore reclosed.

17. The returns of works on 26 tanks which are being dug or improved from tuccavee advances have been received. These show a daily average number of 730 coolies employed, of whom 117 are local. Almost all the tanks are complete; the excavation of the Ghea, which was being carried out by the agency and at the expense of native zemindars, was stopped on account of the quantity of rain water which accumulated in its bed and prevented further progress of the work; however, the work was nearly finished.

18. I give here a comparative statement of coolies employed on relief works as shown in the last and present report.

		Last report.	Present report
Roads, &c., under Chairman of the Road Cess Committee	Sudder sub-division	1,276	1,403
	Serampore sub-division ...	578	663
	Total ...	1,854	2,066
Municipalities, towns, and unions	Hooghly and Chinsurah.. ...	468	425
	Serampore	169	Not given.
	Towns and unions	100	137
	Total ...	737	562
Under the Executive Engineer, Northern Drainage and Embankment Division		197	197
Employed on works executed from tuccavee advances ...		1,238	730
	Grand Total ...	4,026	3,555

C.—Transport of Food.

19. The following is an abstract of the railway traffic return for the fortnight ending 4th July 1874:—

Up—Outward.

Station.	Under 150 miles.		Over 150 miles		Over 300 miles.	Total.	
	Rice.	Other food-grains.	Rice.	Other food-grains.	Rice.	Rice	Other food-grains.
Serampore	.....	.....	.....	169	.....	.....	169
Chandernagore	3	883	.....	.....	623	626	883
Hooghly	302	153	128	.....	.....	430	153
Muggrah	145	30	326	465	... ..	471	495
Pandooah	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total ...	450	1,066	454	634	623	1,527	1,700

Down—Inward.

Station.	Under 150 miles.		Over 150 miles.	Over 300 miles.	Total.	
	Rice.	Other food-grains.	Other food-grains.	Other food-grains.	Rice.	Other food-grains.
Serampore	102	.....	334	.....	102	334
Chandernagore	.....	.....	.....	.....	....	.....
Hooghly	440	.....	.....	617	440	617
Muggrah	.....	.....	.....	.. ..	... .	.. ..
Pandooah	839	.....	.....	.....	839	.....
Total ...	1,381	.....	334	617	1,381	951

Up—Inward.

Station.	Under 150 miles.		Over 150 miles.	Over 300 miles.	Total.	
	Rice.	Other food-grains.	Other food-grains.	Other food-grains.	Rice.	Other food-grains.
Serampore	517	5	.....	.....	517	5
Chandernagore	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	....
Hooghly	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Muggrah	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pandooah	1,152	.....	.....	.....	1,152	.....
Total ...	1,669	5	.....	.....	1,669	5

Down—Outward.

	Under 150 miles—Rice.
Chandernagore	13

20. D.—Storage of Government Grain.

Amount of grain received.				Amount sent out.				
Stations.	Quantity.		Total.	Names of places for storage.	Quantity.		Total.	Balance in hand.
	Up to date of last narrative.	During the fortnight.			Up to date of last narrative.	During the fortnight.		
	Mds. S.	Mds.	Mds. S.		Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C
Hooghly	2,371 0	5,332	7,703 0	Ballagurh	50 0 0	200 0 0	250 0 0	
Muggrah	201 10	.....	201 10	Gooptiparah	382 20 0	.....	382 20 0	
Pandooah	201 10	.....	201 10	Chapta	109 0 0	.....	109 0 0	
				Pandooah	137 10 0	300 0 0	437 10 0	
	2,773 20	5,332	8,105 20	Sooltangacha	96 0 0	.....	96 0 0	
				Mahanad	401 0 0	200 0 0	601 0 0	
Serampore	1,347 21	500 by transfer from Hooghly.	1,847 21	Dwarbasinee	100 0 0	250 0 0	350 0 0	
				Boichee	127 0 0	.....	127 0 0	
				Haral	115 0 0	.....	115 0 0	
	4,121 1	5,832	9,953 1	Bhastarah	113 0 0	200 0 0	313 0 0	
Deduct transfer as noted above	.....	500	500 0	Goorcop	160 0 0	.....	160 0 0	
				Makhalpore	70 0 0	.....	70 0 0	
				Basee	100 0 0	.....	100 0 0	
				Dhunyakhally	100 0 0	.....	100 0 0	
				Bhandarhatty	100 0 0	.....	100 0 0	
				Sahabasar	96 0 0	300 0 0	396 0 0	
				Muggrah	10 0 0	100 0 0	110 0 0	
				Bansberya	59 10 0	.....	59 10 0	
				Executive Engineer ...	170 0 0	508 0 0	678 0 0	
				Police, for Serais ...	16 20 0	.....	16 20 0	
				Municipality . ..	260 0 0	76 0 0	336 0 0	
				Bakooliah	.....	100 0 0	100 0 0	
				Basna	.....	100 0 0	100 0 0	
				Doomoordaha	.....	100 0 0	100 0 0	
				Taragoonee	.....	20 0 0	20 0 0	
				Rajhat	.....	50 0 0	50 0 0	
				Sooghundhya	.....	50 0 0	50 0 0	
				Harit	.....	50 0 0	50 0 0	
				Serampore, by transfer*	.....	500 0 0	500 0 0	
Balance ...	4,121 1	5,332	9,453 1	Total ...	2,773 20 0	3,104 0 0	5,877 20 0	3,328-0-0
				Serampore.				
				Sent out, *vide* Sub-Divisional Officer's statement.	1,347 21 0	83 23 8	1,431 4 8	416-16-8
					4,121 1 0	3,187 23 8	7,308 24 8	3,044-16-8

* This amount is again included in the Serampore figures, and consequently is shown twice.

21. *Statement showing the Consumption of Government Grain in the District of Hooghly for the Fortnight ending 11th July 1874.*

Name of Circle	Shown in the Statement under Heading D.		
Date for which figures are given ...	For the fortnight ending 11th July 1874.		
	Mds.	S.	C.
Total allotment of Government grain	9,453	1	0
Total quantity of grain stored	9,453	1	0
Total quantity of grain consumed up to date—			
By gratuitous distribution in any shape	1,165	25	7*
By payment in kind to laborers	46	8	8*
Total ...	1,211	33	15*
Estimated grain receipt of the ensuing fortnight	9,000	0	0
Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight ...	6,000	0	0

E.—Advances to Private Parties.

		Rs.
22.	Advances for grain as already reported	18,000
	Advances under the Tuccavee Act up to date of last narrative ...	3,761
	Add omitted to be taken into account by oversight	600
		38,161
	During the fortnight to Baboo Gungadhur Kur	1,300†
	Total ...	39,461

F.—Charitable Relief.

23.	Number of Sub-committees as yet appointed—	
	District Committee	1
	Sub-divisional committee	1
	Sub-committees	50
	Total ...	52‡

24. Daily average number of persons relieved during the fortnight under the 3 heads is shown below:—

	B.	
Men		763
Women		2,590
Children		1,433
Total ...		4,786
	C.	
Men		29
Women		39
Total ...		68
	D.	
Men		44
Women		163
Total ...		207
Grand Total ...		5,061

* Returns imperfect. More has really been consumed.

† The tank for which the advance has been granted is nearly complete. The applicant commenced the work in anticipation of Government loan.

‡ The number has been lessened on account of the relief being in grain, which requires good storage, and on account of the rainy season.

G.—FINANCIAL RESULT.

25. The disbursements to the Executive Engineer and others during the fortnight were as follows:—

	Rs.	A.	P.
To Executive Engineer	Nil.		
To zemindars, road cess committees, &c., for materials and to clear accounts	137	9	3
To zemindars and others for land improvements, *i.e.*, tuccavee advances	1,300	0	0
Local subscription to relief committee up to date of last narrative	7,245	15	0
In fortnight	50	0	0
Total ...	7,295	15	0
Government contribution up to date of last narrative ...	7,100	15	0
In fortnight	Nil.		
Received from the Central Committee	3,000	0	0
The disbursements are as follows:—			
Up to date of last narrative	16,016	10	0
During the fortnight	1,135	13	10
Total ...	17,152	7	10

Dated Chota Nagpore, the 9th July 1874.

From—COLONEL E. T. DALTON, C.S.I., Commissioner of Chota Nagpore,
To—C. BERNARD, Esq., Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

I HAVE the honor to submit my half-monthly narrative for the fortnight ending the 6th instant.

2. I have been delayed awaiting the Palamow report, just received, and the Hazareebagh narrative, not yet received. From the latter district I have consequently no statistics; but as a copy will be in the hands of Government by the time this letter reaches its destination, I will no longer delay the submission of the Lohardugga reports and comments on the other district.

3. It will be seen from Mr. Forbes' half-monthly narrative,* herewith submitted, that relief works were virtually closed on the date of its despatch. At the close of the fortnight reported on, the returns showed only 1,067 on the works, but 800 of these are professional tank-diggers employed in making embankments in Government estates, and if Mr. Forbes has made no mistake, these works are chargeable to the fund for the improvement of Government estates, although they have hitherto been included amongst the relief works. This will be adjusted in due course. Mr. Forbes had a certain sum to expend from the fund referred to, and if he has not exceeded that sum there can, I hope, be no objection to his going on with the embankments as proposed by him; the persons employed being paid in money according to the contract. It will not answer to leave such works in an unfinished state. The other works consisted in the employment given to laborers working on bridges with masons. Mr. Forbes tells us that these have now been closed; a few of the coolies who were not likely to obtain employment or means of subsistence having been made over to the relief committees. The relief committees can afford this, as they have only an average of 337 persons on their hands altogether, and they have ample funds *locally* supplied.

* No. 515, dated 6th July 1874.

4. The public health is good in Palamow; the early crops are coming on splendidly, and there is very little crime, but apparently we are never to have an altogether favorable report from that sub-division. The Assistant Commissioner darkly shades his narrative with the intelligence that half the embankments, many of which have been in existence for years, have been swept away by floods and rain, and if the owners cannot repair them, and it is difficult now to obtain the necessary labor, there will be serious loss. A further and more careful report on this subject will be called for.

5. The report of the Deputy Commissioner of Lohardugga for the month of June is appended; it is very favorable. The manner in which the plateau of Chota Nagpore has this year borne the drain upon it for exportation of food-grain is very remarkable. From the harvest to the present time the outflow of rice in different directions has been incessant; yet, says the Deputy Commissioner, the stocks are still large, and prices have a downward tendency.

6. In Singbhoom a little more rain was wanted. The early crops are, however, looking well. The Kolhan relief works have been completed, or are deserted in favor of farming operations, with the exception of the large Bhyebapa tank, which gives employment

to about 200 indigent persons not able to obtain it elsewhere. Captain Garbett considers that the necessity of giving further relief has passed.

7. The price of rice has again fallen, and it is now procurable in the markets at 21 to 22 seers for the rupee. There are no persons in receipt of gratuitous relief or assistance from relief committees; there are no relief committees.

8. The Manbhoom report up to 1st July is in the hands of Government. Relief operations are still required in that district, and are being energetically pushed on. The difficulties anticipated in the inland transport of rice during the rains have yielded to perseverance and energy, as I was sure would be the case. Rice is now available wherever required, and Colonel Rowlatt informs me that he will easily expend all that has been allotted, and a great deal more if he can obtain it. He says—"We must have more rice; we are nearly out of it here" (meaning the Purulia circle, I believe), "and certainly require more. I hope you will ask the Government to send it up as soon as possible. If there is much delay about it, we shall not be able to make so good a use of it as if it comes at once. We want a good deal more for the cultivators about here. Some of them have had none at all, whilst others are anxious to get a second instalment. It will enable them to employ more laborers in transplanting."

9. The Manbhoom relief officers appear to me to be far too liberal with the funds placed at their disposal. The large numbers now receiving uncooked food strike me as unsatisfactory. The immense assistance rendered in loans of rice to the non-laboring cultivators ought to have reduced the necessity of gratuitous distribution to uncooked food to a minimum. Yet the returns show 4,750 so assisted by group officers. Colonel Rowlatt assures me he will do all he can to reduce these numbers.

10. I submit copy of a letter* from Colonel Rowlatt of the 7th, having reference to remarks made by me on the return of laborers on local public works for the fortnight ending 20th ultimo. I was surprised to find so large an expenditure of cash; but the Deputy Commissioner points out that out of a total expenditure of Rs. 11,347-8, Rs. 10,823-14-3 were expended on roads under contractors where our hands are tied, and the balance included the disbursement to coolies on other works of pay for one day in the week in rice. This last payment has now ceased. The payments in rice could not be made till the rice was at hand near the different works. This took some time, but it was completed by the end of last month; *i.e.*, within a month of the date of receipt of the order.

* No. 1536, dated 7th July 1874.

11. The effect of the change from money to payments in kind, followed latterly by a reduction of rates to avoid any competition with farmers in want of laborers, has not yet so greatly affected the numbers employed as in other districts; and this is, I think, a sufficient proof that the necessities of the people are still great in Manbhoom; but the transplanting season will soon cause a demand for hands which will, I believe, greatly reduce the numbers on Government relief works.

No. 515, dated Daltongunge, the 6th July 1874.

From—L. R. Forbes, Esq., Offg. Assistant Commissioner of Palamow,
To—Colonel E. T. Dalton, C.S.I., Commissioner of Chota Nagpore.

I have the honor to forward herewith my tenth narrative of scarcity and relief in the Palamow sub-district for the fortnight ending Saturday, the 27th June 1874.

Tenth Narrative of Scarcity and Relief in the Palamow Sub-District for the Fortnight ending Saturday, the 27th June 1874, *submitted in accordance with orders contained in Government Circular No.* 80 *of the* 17*th November* 1873.

A.

Abundance or scarcity of supply in the Bazars.—All bazars are well supplied.

Kinds and Prices of Grain selling in one or more specified Marts.—The table given below exhibits the kind and prices of grain selling at five principal marts. If compared with the return given last fortnight, it will be found that as I predicted the opening of the Government golas has been followed by a fall in the price of rice in the markets, and on the date I am now writing prices have fallen still lower, the wholesale price at Manka last bazar having been 15 seers per rupee. Prices have a tendency to fall still lower:—

Names of Marts.	Quantities per rupee by the seer of 80 tolahs.						
	Wheat.	Barley.	Rice.		Mohwa.	Indian-corn.	Gram
			Wholesale.	Retail.			
Daltongunge	11·81	.....	12·50	11·38	54·	15·18	15·75
Gerwah	12·56	16·75	11·75	10·93	47·	15·50	15·25
Hesainabad	13·50	18·50	11·25	10·13	38·50	.....	11·25
Sutiberwah	13·50	.. .	13·50	12·38	60·75	18·50	15·12
Manka	.....	16·50	13·50	12·38	60·50	15·50	15·50

Information regarding the amount and kind of grain believed to be in stock.—No remarks necessary. I have already several times reported the existence of ample stocks of food.

Rainfall.—The amount of rainfall registered during the fortnight was 10·70 inches, making a total to date of 19·77 inches.

State of the Crops.—Up to date the weather has been all that could be desired for the crops, but a spell of fine weather now is requisite to enable the young bhadoi crops to grow and get strength. If no such spell take place some damage will ensue, particularly to the makai crops. The heavy rainfall during 26th, 27th, and 28th, has caused dreadful loss to zemindars and others by the bursting of embankments. In a demi-official letter received from Mr. Ryves, now stationed in Jupla, he writes—"For miles round there is scarcely a single embankment standing. So in Palamow and Belounjeh, from every side the cry is the same. In some cases these embankments are of considerable size, and have been in existence for years. Not only is the actual loss in the shape of earthwork very great, but if the owners are unable to repair them the rice harvest will be seriously affected, as there will be no water for irrigation at transplanting time now fast approaching. It is not so much the pecuniary means that will be wanting, but the skilled labor, which is exceedingly difficult to obtain at this time of the year."

Condition of the People.—I have nothing to add to what I stated in my last narrative. Small-pox is still lurking about, but general health good.

Actual facts of any cases of starvation and misery.—Nothing to report.

Grain-thefts and robberies.—The country is singularly free from crime.

Condition of any special tract.—No tract requiring special notice.

B.

The relief works in which laborers were employed during the fortnight are—

No. 1.	Daltongunge station roads.	No. 9.	Petty irrigation works in Government farms.
„ 2.	Chandwa road.	„ 10.	Baloomath road.
„ 4.	Maharajgunge road.		
„ 6.	Untari road.		

And the number of laborers on each, according to latest information, is as follows:—

No. 1	...	...	8	No. 9	..	...	800
„ 2	...	...	25	„ 10	...	...	24
„ 4	...	...	131				
„ 6	...	...	79		Grand total	...	1,067

The above shows a falling off since last narrative of 426, and I trust by the close of the ensuing fortnight to be able to show all relief works to be closed. During the fortnight, as explained in my last narrative, the people have been employed in assisting masons on bridge work, but the constant heavy rains have so retarded this work that I have been compelled to stop it as being too expensive. Those persons whom it may be found absolutely necessary to support will be made over to the charitable relief committees. I have just returned from a visit to the Sultani Ghât, where a bridge is in course of erection. Finding the work very expensive, owing to the constant rising of the small stream which the bridge is designed to span, I directed the work to be stopped. There were some 20 laborers engaged, and out of these, on close enquiry, I selected seven as fit objects for charitable relief. These were respectable widows of the Kulwar caste who, if turned off the works, would have no means of subsistence beyond a pice or two a day which they might be able to make by spinning thread. They gladly accepted my offer of one seer kutcha weight (= to nine chittacks bazar weight) of rice daily to be given to them every 15 days, together with four annas of pice, to enable them to buy salt and other condiments. On their producing a certain amount of thread they will get a further supply of food and another four annas. These people told me that they can spin ¼th of a kutcha seer daily, or 4½ seers per month, and have, in fact, engaged to do this. The value of this amount of cleaned cotton is about Rs. 1-9-4, and spun into thread its value becomes Rs. 2-6, being a profit of 12 annas 8 pie. The cost of feeding each woman will be 30 seers of rice, equal, at present market rates, to about Re. 1-6, and this, plus 8 annas for salt and condiments, makes Re. 1-14; deduct the profit on thread, 12 annas and 8 pie, leaves the actual cost of supporting each woman Re. 1-1-4 per month, or about 7 pie per diem.

Supply of food thereat.—No remarks necessary.

Condition of laborers.—No remarks necessary under this head. The actual number of persons out of the 1,067 shown under heading B, who may be properly classified as relief laborers, is only 267; and, as I have stated above, those who are now thrown out of employ by the closing of bridge work and who are really fit objects for relief, will be made over to the committees. The 800 shown as being employed on relief work No. 9, are Nuniahs, or skilled laborers, engaged in repairing the petty irrigation works in Government farms; these people work by contract at certain rates, and are paid in cash from the sums sanctioned from the improvement of estates' fund. It would have been impossible to have executed these repairs for the sum estimated had ordinary relief labor been employed; in fact, three times the amount would not have covered the expenditure; as it is, the work in most instances has been done within the estimate. In the financial results statement it will be observed Rs. 300 was paid out in cash during the fortnight for these works; this was for work done previous to

the receipt of orders to stop cash payments, but measured up during the fortnight. I would ask permission to be allowed to make cash payments for this work, which it is important should be continued as far as possible during the current season The professional earth diggers refuse to accept payment wholly in rice, but I think would accept half rice, half cash.

Rates of wages.—The rates of grain wages originally fixed, as stated in my last, were one seer per male adult, ¾ seer per woman, and ½ seer per child. As soon as I saw that the people had left for good, and that there was no fear of their returning, I raised the rates for the few remaining laborers to 1½ seers per man, 1 seer per woman, and ½ per child. The fall in the market price of rice also warranted this.

Irrigation works in Government farms.—In my last narrative I fully explained what had been done under this head. These works being of a remunerative nature, are being continued. I have explained above the manner in which these works have been carried out, and have solicited sanction to continue cash payments, the money being in hand for the purpose.

Arrangements for tools.—No remarks necessary.

C.—Transport of Food.

Approximate amount of private food-supplies.—Private food-supplies ample.

Sufficiency or otherwise of means of transport.—Nothing to report.

D.—Storage of Grain at Relief Works.

The accompanying statement I exhibits all necessary under this head. The demand for Government rice has been greater than I anticipated during the fortnight; a large number of ryots have applied for loans, but I have refused their applications generally, unless backed up by a recommendation from the landlord. My efforts have been directed towards inducing the landlords themselves to take loans and accept the risk of collection. This they were not inclined to do at first, but since the rates have been lowered (by Government No. 3966—S.R., dated 11th June 1874) they are coming forward more freely.

The following exhibits the disposal of rice during the fortnight:—

	Mds.	Srs.	Ch.
(1) Grain disposed of up to date of last report ...	137	38	1½
(2) Grain disposed of during the fortnight:—			
(*a*) by payment to laborers	282	22	5
(*b*) by sale to the public	286	7	7
(*c*) in charitable relief, or in any other shape ...	.....		
(*d*) by advances to ryots (through zemindars) ...	1,838	12	0
Total ...	2,389	1	12
Total to date ...	2,526	39	13½

Condition of storage houses.—The rice in the Moreby storehouse, which was reported in my last narrative as being infested with white ants, has been removed to the Rajah's own bhandar at Sonpurah. All the other golahs are in good order.

E.—Advances to Private Parties and their Results.

Seven native gentlemen received Rs. 40,000 for the purchase of rice on the part of Government; all have fulfilled their engagements but the Bisrampore Jaghirdar, Baboo Lachmi Baksh Rai, who has been called upon to refund the unexpended amount now in his hands.

Advances to municipalities.—No municipalities.

Advances to private parties for land improvements.—The accompanying statement II gives all information under this head. All further advances have been stopped, and the circle officers are still employed in making the prescribed enquiries as to the amount of work performed. These enquires will not be completed before the beginning of next month.

F.—Charitable Relief.

The following exhibits the amounts subscribed and realised during the fortnight:—

Subscribed.	Amount. Rs.	A.	P.	Realised.	Amount. Rs.	A.	P.
Amount subscribed up to preceeding fortnight ...	7,524	4	0	Up to preceding fortnight ...	6,126	4	0
During the fortnight ...	615	8	0	During fortnight	615	8	0
Total ...	8,139	12	0	Total ...	6,741	12	0

and the expenditure on account of charitable relief for the half-month ending 15th June 1874—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Under heading B	150	3	3
Ditto C	20	8	9
Ditto D	.....		
Miscellaneous	30	1	0
Total ...	200	13	0

The average number of persons were—

Heading B	...	...	...	...	301
Ditto C	...	...	...	...	36
Ditto D	...	...	...	...	...
			Total	...	337

The number of persons in receipt of relief as per last narrative was 194. The increase is due to our having taken on a few poor persons who had no field work to go to when the road works were closed. I have been making enquiries as to how long it will be necessary to continue charitable relief, and am told that some of the present recipients will find work as soon as the transplanting of rice begins and the remainder, with few exceptions, may safely be sent back to their former occupations as soon as the early rain crops have been cut. In regard to the Moslem ladies at Hossainabad, Mr. Davis, of Akbarpur, writes me, that after many attempts to get at facts, he is unable to give me any information. I am surprised at this, as Mr. Davis has held farms in the pergunnah and been in intimate relations with the people for the last 30 years. I am now endeavouring to collect some reliable information myself.

G.—FINANCIAL RESULTS OF THE FORTNIGHT.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Total expenditure from sub-divisional treasure chest as per last narrative	2,06,791	13	6

Detail of above total.

					Rs.	A.	P.
Disbursement to out-officers in charge of relief work,	No.	1	...		11,977	4	0
Ditto	ditto	„	2	...	14,900	0	0
Ditto	ditto	„	3	...	20,200	0	0
Ditto	ditto	„	4	...	18,722	12	0
Ditto	ditto	„	5	...	11,025	0	0
Ditto	ditto	„	6	...	27,025	0	0
Ditto	ditto	„	7	...	9,850	0	0
Ditto	ditto	„	8	...	11,800	0	0
Ditto	ditto	„	9	...	5,500	0	0
Ditto	ditto	„	10	...	11,500	0	0
Ditto	ditto	„	11	...	5,000	0	0
Ditto	ditto	„	12	...	1,000	0	0
		Total		...	1,48,500	0	0
Advances to trustworthy residents for purchase of grain				...	40,000	0	0
Amount given out in part payment of charges for conveyance of Government rice from Dehri, as per contract ...				...	3,768	11	9
Charges for transport of Lohardugga rice from Daltongunge to Lesligunge				...	58	12	0
Payments on account of establishment at storage golahs				...	222	13	6
Charges for conveyance of tools from Dehri as per contract				...	126	8	3
To zemindars and others on account of land improvements				...	14,115	0	0

Expenditure during the fortnight under report.

					Rs.	A.	P.
Disbursement to out-officers in charge of relief work,	No.	1	...		.....		
Ditto	ditto	„	2	...	.....		
Ditto	ditto	„	3	...	.....		
Ditto	ditto	„	4	...	.....		
Ditto	ditto	„	5	...	.....		
Ditto	ditto	„	6	...	.....		
Ditto	ditto	„	7	...	.....		
Ditto	ditto	„	8	...	.....		
Ditto	ditto	„	9	...	300	0	0
Ditto	ditto	„	10	...	.....		
Ditto	ditto	„	11	...	.....		
Ditto	ditto	„	12	...	.....		
		Total		...	300	0	0
Payment on accounts of establishment at storage golahs				...	127	7	9
Total for fortnight's expenditure—							
(*a*).—Final payments			...	...	427	7	9
(*b*).—Advances repayable			...	...	.....		
Grand Total to end of fortnight				...	2,07,219	5	3

STATEMENT I.

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the Sub-division of Palamow for the Fortnight ending 27th June 1874.

NAMES OF GOLAHS.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of grain, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	TOTAL QUANTITY OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN CONSUMED UP TO DATE.				Estimated grain expenditure for ensuing fortnight.
				By sales to the public or laborers.	By advances to ryots.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.	
	1874.	Mds.	Ms. S. C.	Ms. S. C.	Ms. S. C.	Ms. S. C.	Ms. S. C.	
1. Daltongunge ...	27th June	From Dehri 20,000	8,311 21 11	310 31 7	140 0 0	209 27 4½	660 18 11½	
2. Parasia... ...	Ditto ...	„ Lohardugga 1,200	1,499 12 14	.....	29 20 0	55 31 8	84 11 8	
3. Panki	Ditto ...	Rs. 40,000 advanced to trustworthy residents for purchase of rice for Government, representing about ... 12,000	1,873 0 0	4 8 0	1,568 32 0	.....	1,573 0 0	
4. Nawa	1st May	.....	778 15 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	About 2,000 mds.
5. Morbey... ...	15th June	.....	1,582 30 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	
6. Surki	Ditto ...	.....	1,373 21 4	.....	.....	30 0 0	30 0 0	
7. Nuggur ...	31st May	.....	3,063 25 9	.....	.....	9 36 6	9 36 6	
8. Manjhiawan ...	15th June	.....	1,108 27 7	.....	.....	0 16 4	0 16 4	
9. Hoseinabad ...	Ditto ...	.....	1,976 2 8	.....	.....	37 29 0	37 29 0	
10. Koto	13th June	.....	728 3 4	10 8 0	101 0 0	.....	111 8 0	
11. Sutburwa ...	15th June	.....	115 10 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	
	Total ...	33,200	21,595 9 9	325 7 7	1,838 13 0	363 20 6½	2,526 30 13½	

L. R. FORBES,
Offg. Assistant Commissioner.

DALTONGUNGE,
The 6th July 1874.

STATEMENT II.

Progress of work under Act XXVI of 1871, *for the Fortnight ending Saturday 27th June* 1874.

NUMBER OF APPLICATIONS AND VALUE.		Total value of advances applied for.	Number of applications withdrawn.	Number of applications inquired into.	Number of applications rejected after inquiry.	NUMBER OF CERTIFICATES ISSUED AND VALUE.				Number of certificates about to be issued.	Number of applications not yet inquired into.	Number of applications requiring further inquiry.	REMARKS.
						Up to last fortnight.	Value.	During the fortnight.	Value.				
		Rs.					Rs.		Rs.				
Rs. 50	3	150	.....	3	.....	3	150	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Above Rs. 50 and not exceeding Rs. 100...	20	1,895	9	11	4	6	600	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	
Above Rs. 100 and not exceeding Rs. 150	9	1,325	4	5	2	3	450	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Above Rs. 150 and not exceeding Rs. 200	13	2,590	4	9	3	6	1,190	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Above Rs. 200 and not exceeding Rs. 300	22	5,800	8	14	.....	13	3,350	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	
Above Rs. 300 and not exceeding Rs. 400	2	800	.....	2	.....	2	800	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Above Rs. 400 and not exceeding Rs. 500	7	3,450	.....	7	2	5	2,450	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Above Rs. 500 and not exceeding Rs. 600	4	2,325	1	3	1	2	1,200	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Above Rs. 600 and not exceeding Rs. 700	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Above Rs. 700 and not exceeding Rs. 800	1	800	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	
Above Rs. 800 and not exceeding Rs. 900	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Above Rs. 900 and not exceeding Rs. 1,000	6	6,000	.....	6	2	4	4,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Total ...	87	25,135	26	61	14	44	14,190	.....	.....	3	.....	.....	

Dated the 6th July 1874.

L. R. FORBES,

Offg. Assistant Commissioner.

No. 1789, dated Ranchee, the 3rd July, 1874.

From—H. L. OLIPHANT, Esq., Deputy Commissioner, Lohardugga,
To—COLONEL E. T. DALTON, C.S.I., Commissioner of Chota Nagpore.

IN accordance with Government Circular No. 154—S.R., of the 16th January last, I have the honor to submit herewith my report on this district for the month of June.

2. The reports in regard to the Palamow sub-division are submitted by the Assistant Commissioner fortnightly, through your office to Government, in pursuance of Government orders of the 1st April last. The following remarks have reference to the remainder of the district commonly known as Chota Nagpore Proper, the area of which is 7,784 square miles.

3. *A—The general result of the past harvest, the prospects of the spring crops, the extent of the preparations for the early rice crop and other crops, and their prospects.*—At this period of the year no further remarks seem called for under the first two clauses of this heading, and I will, therefore, proceed to report on the prospects of the ensuing season.

4. From all I have been able to ascertain, the prospects up to the present time throughout the country may be described as most promising. The rainy season here may be said to have commenced with the month of June; the lands were then all ready for sowing, ploughing having previously been carried on briskly everywhere, through the welcome rain which fell in the months of February and March; the crops were thus able to be sown at once and earlier than usual, and under very favorable circumstances, and up to date the weather has continued most propitious.

5. The 'gora' or high land dhan, 'goondli', 'murwa' and 'mokai', have all been sown and the crops are thriving splendidly. If the weather continues favorable, the 'goondli ought to be ripe in a month's time, and the gora dhan and mokai should be reaped at the end of August. The dow, or low land dhan, has also been sown, and is getting on well, and the planting out of the ropon dhan will shortly be proceeded with.

6. I append below a statement showing the total rainfall as registered at headquarters during the month of June in each of the last five years, as well as the total aggregate fall during the first six months of each year during the same period. It will be observed from this that the total fall during the first six months of the current year, as nearly as possible equals the average fall during the same period of the three years 1870 to 1872; the year 1873 was quite exceptional.

Month of June in each year.		1st January to 30th June in each year.	
Year.	Rainfall.	Year.	Rainfall.
1870	12·49	1870	14·57
1871	14·75	1871	20·62
1872	9·27	1872	13·37
1873	1·65	1873	4·93
1874	6·69	1874	15·81

7. *B.—The Supply of grain and the extent of import and export.*"—The markets and bazars in this district are wholly supplied from time to time by the Kols, the cultivating class, and the grain is there bought up by the traders and beparis, and carried away on pack-bullocks. This district always exports largely, and as the rice crop last year was on the whole a very fair one, especially as compared with neighbouring districts, the export no doubt has been larger than usual, but it is impossible to speak with any accuracy as to the quantity exported.

8. The town of Lohardugga is the great centre of trade in this portion of the district, and I find from information lately furnished to me from there, that exportation is still going on briskly. During the last month about 16,400 pucca maunds of rice and other food-grains passed Chandowa from the south and south-east on pack-bullocks, and this grain finds its way to Palamow, Hazareebagh, Chattra, Sherghotty, and other places in Behar. Exportation is also going on from Bassia, Gobindpore, and other places in that part of the district towards the east.

9. It will thus be seen that private trade still continues very active, and there are no fears whatever now of its failing. I have reason to believe that stocks are still large, and more than equal to any demand which is likely to be made on them. Prices have never risen at Lohardugga above 15 seers for common rice, and at the close of last month they had fallen to 20 seers, and if prospects continue as at present, I don't think they will rise again.

10. There is little or no importation now into this portion of the district, save as regards the grain which is being brought in for the purpose of exportation, and that which passes through from the south towards the north and east. Importation in Palamow is still going on satisfactorily.

During the month about 4,400 pucca maunds of food-grain, chiefly rice, found its way there *vid* the two routes by Chandower and Baloomath, and importation still continues from Burway, Gangpore, Juspore, and Sirgooja towards Daltongunge and Ghurowa, and other places in that direction.

11. *C.—The Range of prices and general condition of the people.*"—The price of rice varies greatly in different parts of the district during the month; it was dearest at Sillee,

to the extreme east, where at the beginning of the month it sold at 14 pucca seers per rupee; and cheapest in the Biru pergunnah, to the extreme south, where it sold at 23 seers per rupee. The price of rice during the month has generally fallen, as will be seen from the following statement:—

Name of place.	Price at the beginning of the month	Price towards the close of the month.
Ranchee..	15 seers per rupee.	16½ seers per rupee.
Lohardugga	15 „	20 „
Palkote	18 „	18 „
Bussia	18 „	18 „
Koremhay	19 „	20 „
Rahey	16 „	18 „
Sillee	14 „	15 „
Tamar	16 „	16 „
Buroway	17 „	17 „
Gemlah..	19 „	20 „
Biru Pergunnah	23 „	23 „

In connection with prices, it is a fact worthy of remark that common rice is now actually selling at Ranchee at a lower rate than it was at the corresponding period last year, the rate now being 16½ seers against 16 of the preceding year.

12. The general condition of the people continues quite satisfactory; the season has opened well for them, and they are all busy with their crops. The general health also has, I think, been more than usually good this year, and on the whole the people generally have faired very well.

13. In the Tori pergunnah, that is, the tract bordering on Palamow and Hazareebagh and in the Tamar pergunnah, lying to the south-east of the district, the condition of the people in the earlier part of the season was not so good as in the rest of the district, but additional works were provided for all those in need of employment from the ordinary district road fund grant, and they have since fared tolerably well. Prices never rose as high in these parts as they might have been expected to, and the splendid crop of mohowa flower, coupled with the various kinds of jungle produce which was most abundant this year, afforded immense relief to the poorer classes, and removed all fears of any real distress.

14. D—*Immigration.*—There has been no immigration from any of the distressed districts as far as I have been able to ascertain.

15. E—*Extent to which local works have been utilized.*—I have nothing further to add to the information afforded under this head in my report submitted on the 4th April last. The additional works therein referred to as having been opened in the tracts now referred to in my 13th paragraph have been found sufficient. The usual annual works are being proceeded with in various parts of the district.

16. F—*Special matters relating to the scarcity.*—There is nothing which now calls for particular remark under this head. I would merely repeat that a sum of Rs. 2,360 has been distributed as loans under the Land Improvement Act through Mr. Peppé, the Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, who was vested with powers for the purpose under Government Orders No. 1916—S. R., and the works are being proceeded with under his supervision.

No. 1536, dated Purulia, the 7th July, 1874.

From—Colonel E. A. Rowlatt, Deputy Commissioner of Manbhoom,
To—Colonel E. T. Dallton, c.s.i., Commissioner of Chota Nagpore.

With reference to your memorandum No. 2115, of the 2nd instant, forwarding copy of your remarks on the return of laborers on local public works of this district for the fortnight ending the 20th ultimo, I have the honor to inform you that out of a total expenditure of Rs. 11,347-8-0 shown in the statement, Rs. 10,823-14-3 were expended on roads being constructed by contractors, and only Rs. 523-9-9 on roads being carried on directly by Government officers, in which is included the charge for establishments and the seven day's payment in cash, which were not put a stop to until the receipt of the orders of Government, dated the 27th June, which did not reach this place till the 29th idem; so that part payments in cash were not prohibited until the very end of the month.

2. The letter of Government directing the payment of laborers in grain instead of in cash, reached this place on the 30th May, when orders were immediately issued to all the relief officers to pay the laborers employed under them in rice, which I was enabled to do at once, as grain was available and small quantities only had to be carted out to where their relief tanks were situated; for the laborers employed on the roads, not under contractors, much larger quantities, however, would be required, and before changing from cash to grain payments the quantities of grain required had to be determined on, which I proceeded to in do communication with the Executive Engineer, whose absence from the station, however, somewhat delayed the completion of our arrangements, after which depôts of grain had to be formed at the several places along these roads, where it was most desirable to store it. I had previously provided for a store of grain being made available

at Kasiepar for the Ludhurka and Gourangdih road on which it is situated, and on this road payments in grain commenced early in June. The stock of rice required at the first four places noted in the margin, had to be carted out from Purulia, and that for Bagda had to be conveyed from Raghunathpore to Bagda in Northern Ambikanagur, and thence to Bagda, to arrange which I had to address the relief officer at Manbazar. In providing stores at all these above places, some delay necessarily took place, after which the rice had again to be distributed from these places along the different lines close to where the works were going on, which, of course, occasioned some further delay, but payments in grain commenced on all these roads on the dates as per margin, after which all payments in cash have ceased.

	Mds.	Srs.
Jhalda	202	0
Arta	500	0
Hura	135	0
Kanda	235	20
Bagda	750	0
	1,822	20

Jhalda and Chandil road, 30th January, 1874.
Purulia and Chass, 24th January, 1874.
Kasiepar and Manbazar road at Hura, 26th January, 1874.
Kasiepar and Bagda, 30th January, 1874.
Purulia and Manbazar, 27th January, 1874.

3. Nearly all the available carts being engaged at the time in conveying Government grain from Raghunathpore to Purulia, some delay unavoidably took place in procuring carriage to convey the rice to these out-stations; but no delay occurred that could be avoided, and stocks have now been stored that will, I believe, be sufficient to last as long as it will be necessary to keep the works open.

4. From the above it will be seen that the orders of Government have been fully carried out in less than a month, notwithstanding the difficulties we have had to contend with in the weather deficiency of carriage, and want of roads.

No. 1618, dated Purulia, the 17th July 1874.

From—Colonel E. A. Rowlatt, Deputy Commissioner of Manbhoom,

To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

With reference to paragraph 3 of Government Circular No. 154—S.R., dated the 16th January last, I have the honor to submit my fortnightly narrative up to the 11th instant.

A.—State of the Country.

There is not much change to report regarding the state of the country since the date of the last narrative. The prospect of an early and bountiful supply of food-grains from the early crops still continues good; but during the latter part of the last fortnight there has been a deficiency of rain, so much so that transplanting, which had commenced, has had to be discontinued, and cultivators are now anxiously looking out for a good fall, sufficient to enable them to renew their operations. Not much harm, however, has been done as yet; but unless rain falls copiously soon, the main crop of rice will be late, and the breadth of land planted out be below the full quantity. From some parts of the district complaints are received that seed is wanting, and is difficult to procure. In some places it is said the mahajuns are demanding two rupees salami before they will advance any paddy for seed or food, in consequence of which the cultivators are again coming forward and applying for loans of Government rice to exchange for seed and enable them to pay their labourers. The deficiency of rain and the want of means to employ labourers by the cultivating classes is still causing large numbers to resort to the relief works for employment, and is also adding greatly to the numbers applying for relief at the poor-houses, and in the group circles. The most industrious are the first to get employment on field-work, and the less so resort to the relief works but there also; the lazy and indolent now find they are really compelled to exert themselves, for on account of the reduction of wages and payments being made in rice only, at 12 seers per rupee, the daily wage is now no longer sufficient wherewith to supply their wants, so they are taking in greater numbers than before to task-work, by which they find they can still make enough to live on if they work hard. The result, therefore, of lowering the rate of wage on the relief works has been good, and as it is everywhere below what is paid by the cultivators, no injury is being done to agricultural prospects, whilst numbers are being provided for on them who otherwise would be out of employment and suffering from distress. On this point Mr. Hare, the relief officer of the Purulia circle, remarks: "All not being able as yet to obtain field-work, large numbers still resort to our minor relief works, where such are situated within a reasonable distance of their homes; nor has the rapid reduction of their wages from fair rates to the excessively hard terms on which they are now employed operated to thin their numbers to any large extent. Daily labourers were first paid 1½ annas (men) and 1 anna (women) per diem in rice at the rate of the nearest bazar for six days in the week, and the same in pice on the seventh. They are now paid in rice during the whole week at the rate of 12 seers per rupee, each man receiving 1½ and each woman 1 anna worth per diem. Thus a woman earns (each week) just five and a quarter seers of very inferior rice, a considerable portion of which (at least 1½ to 2 seers) she has to barter, at the rate of 20 to 24 seers per rupee for oil, wood, and salt. If she happens to be a widow with a child or two dependent on her, it is plain that she earns no more than is barely sufficient to support life; yet my assistant in Khospel reports that he has many Rajput and Maghaya Brahmin women working on the tanks he is excavating at

Kusumkeari. I think these facts are proof sufficient of the reality of the distress and the necessity there was of providing employment in the localities where such minor relief works have been opened. The most noteworthy result of the reduction of wages is that all of those formerly on the light-labour gangs, who had sufficient strength and could procure tools have formed themselves into parties and undertake piece-work at the rate of 2 annas per 100 cubic feet of earth, at which, by doing a thorough good day's work, they earn full meals and to spare. On many of my tanks such gangs, formed exclusively of women who have no male belongings, are to be seen working away at their tasks and earning twice as much as they used to do when on light-labour, and it is most gratifying to note how in some cases hard necessity has converted into honest work-people a set of malingerers, who used to be quite content if allowed to shuffle through a little sham work day-by-day, so long as by doing so it was possible to earn a bare subsistence." As a fact I know that what is stated by Mr. Hare has also occurred on the Purulia minor relief works, where Kurmi and Jolha women may be seen working together in gangs without any men on piece-work, and doing a good day's work. They even know how to measure their own work, and so are now no longer liable to be cheated out of the money they have earned.

The rainfall during the fortnight has only amounted to 1·22 inches, and from Manbazar it is reported by the relief officer that in parts of pergunnah Supur the crops are suffering from want of rain, and that in pergunnahs Koilapal and Phulkusma there is slight increase of distress amongst the lower classes for want of work in consequence of the cultivators not being able to employ them.

The health of the people has generally improved, though cases of cholera continued to occur in places, scattered about pretty well over the whole of the district. Small-pox is also on the decrease.

The price of rice and pulses, as given by the police up to the 11th instant with those of the previous fortnight, is given below :—

Name of Bazar.	Coarse Rice.		Fine Rice.		Pulses.	
	Last report.	Present report.	Last report.	Present report.	Last report.	Present report.
	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.
Raipur	16	16½	15	15½	12	12
Manbazar	13	12½	12	11	12	10
Burrabazar	14	14	11	11	12	11
Echagurh	18	18	16	16	12	12
Jhalda	13	14	12	13	12	11
Purulia	14	14	12	12	12	12
Govindpur	12	13	11	12	11	11
Roghunathpur	13	13	11	11	12	11
Nirsha	13	12½	11	11	11	10
Gourandih	12	12	11	11½	11	10

It will be seen from the above that the price of coarse rice has fallen in four, risen in one, and remained stationary in the other five places. Pulses have generally become dearer.

The markets are reported to be pretty well supplied, but purchasers are few, and money scarce; so that trade is on the whole very inactive. Small quantities of rice are being exported from this district to those places where prices rule higher; but this will, I believe, cease as soon as the heavy rains set in.

There has, I am glad to say, been no increase in crime up to date; and as long as we are able to supply the cultivators with what rice they require, and keep our relief measures going on as at present, I am in hopes that I shall not have to report any increase in what is usually one of the worst effects of scarcity and high prices of food.

B.—Relief Works.

Since the introduction of payments in grain only to the labourers employed on the relief works, the numbers have decreased, and some works have had to be closed altogether, owing to the people working on them having deserted them entirely. Many of those who have left the relief works have no doubt found employment in the fields; but it unfortunately happens that the cultivators cannot afford to employ as many of the purely labouring class this year as usual, in consequence of their means of paying them having been exhausted in supplying their own wants. Work elsewhere is therefore very slack, and after the transplanting of the rice crop is over, many will, I have no doubt, apply for work again on the relief works, and be glad to get it on the terms now offered them. Out of the 19 roads being constructed, 1 entered in the margin had been closed by the 4th instant, up to which only the returns extend, and the average number of labourers employed on the remainder has decreased to 6,382, being 5,700 less than the number returned in the last fortnight. Of those still employed, 1,582 were on daily wages and 4,800 doing piece-work. The greater part of those receiving daily wages were men employed in the work of dressing, which cannot well be made into task-work.

Nirsha and Jamtara road.

Name of Circle.	No. of tanks.	No. of laborers.
Govindpore Circle ...	15	329
Raghunathpore W. „ ...	7	204
Ditto E. „ ...	16	1,205
Purulia „ ...	19	862
Manbazar „ ...	2	563
Total ...	59	3,243

The number of minor relief works carried on by Government as entered in the margin now only amounts to 59, which is 3 less than during the last fortnight. The decrease in the number has taken place in the Manbazar circle, where the work on 2 tanks had to be closed on account of the labourers having all left them, and one from the same cause in the Govindpore circle.

The orders of Government directing payments in cash to be discontinued on the 7th day also, were only received on the 29th ultimo, and by the relief officers, one or two days later; so that some small payments in cash were still made during the fortnight, but have since then entirely ceased. The whole of the cash payments amounted to Rs. 23-4-3, whilst the quantity of Government rice paid away as wages aggregated up to date 3,534 maunds 17 seers 10 chittacks.

The quantity of grain expended by the contractors on the roads being constructed by them in paying their labourers has not been separately given in the returns received from the relief officers. The value will be deducted from their bills.

C.—Transport of Government Grain.

At the close of the last fortnight the only grain still to be moved was that in store in the golah at Hijli, and the remainder of the Manbazar circle allotment in store at Raghunathpore. The transport of the Hijli grain was all completed by the 11th instant, but 8,871 maunds out of the 20,000 allotted to the Manbazar circle is still in store in the Raghunathpore golas. It is being removed as fast as it is possible to do so; but as there are numerous streams to be crossed between those two places, the grain has to be repacked in 30-seer bags, as the cartmen find the 2-maund bags so unwieldy that they are unable to carry them across the rivers and nullahs, at each of which they have to unload and reload their carts before they can cross them. The relief officer of the Manbazar circle reports that the carts are constantly detained on the way by the rise of the rivers, and that had the rice not been well covered over, not a maund would have reached in a state fit for use, whereas the loss from wetting has been but small.

Except the Manbazar circle, all the others have now received their full allotment.

D.—Storage of Government Grain.

The total quantity of Government grain received and stored in the five circles into which the distressed part of this district has been divided is as follows :—

	Mds.	S.	Ch.
Govindpore Circle	68,182	5	10
Raghunathpore, Western „	50,104	8	4
Ditto Eastern „	44,567	23	4
Purulia „	27,545	10	0
Manbazar „	11,128	15	12

8,871-24-4 maunds have still to be conveyed to Manbazar.

E.—Advances to Private Parties, and their Results.

Up to the 11th July advances have been made to the following extent :—

	Rs.	A.	P.
1. Advances to zemindars and others for the purchase of grain without interest	10,000	0	0
2. To traders and others of a safe and respectable character with interest	11,567	0	0
3. To zemindars and talookdars to assist their ryots	9,950	0	0
4. To landholders for land improvements ...	69,000	0	0
5. To Purulia Municipality	4,000	0	0

The loaning out of the Government rice to the cultivators and others on security, and the quantity given to chowkeedars and paid to tabidars employed on relief duty up to the 11th July, is as follows :—

	Mds.	S.	Ch.
To cultivators :—			
In the Govindpore Circle	46,023	39	14
„ „ Raghunathpore, Western „	28,375	39	1
„ „ ditto, Eastern „	33,636	20	0
„ „ Purulia „	19,726	15	0
„ „ Manbazar „	7,154	25	4
Total ...	1,34,917	19	8
To non-cultivators—			
In the Govindpur Circle	185	0	0
„ „ Raghunathpur Western „	606	8	8
„ „ „ Eastern „	472	0	0
„ „ Purulia „	76	0	0
„ „ Manbazar „	.....		
Total ...	1,339	8	0

To Chowkidars—						
In the Govindpur	Circle	...	...	284	0	8
„ „ Raghunathpur	Western	„	... ...	259	20	0
„ „ „	Eastern	„	... ...	305	0	0
„ „ Purulia		„	... ...	240	0	0
„ „ Manbazar		„	... ...	.....		
		Total	...	1,088	20	0
To 24 tabidars at 2 seers per diem whilst employed on relief duty		...	... ...	171	26	0
		Total	...	1,37,516	33	11

The cultivators are still applying for further loans of Government rice, which they require, they say, to enable them to employ labourers to transplant the rice into the fields from the seed-beds. This operation requires a large number of hands, and unless done quickly and at the proper time, the great autumn crop of rice, on which so much depends, will be a short one, and scarcity again prevail during 1875, so that some further advances appear desirable in order to ensure a good harvest at the close of this season.

F.—(*a*)—Charitable Relief by Government.

Govindpur	Circle	...	77
Raghunathpore	W. „	...	22
„	E. „	...	22
Purulia	„	...	45
Manbazar	„	...	75
	Total	...	241
Govindpur	Circle	...	1,917
Raghunathpore	W. „	...	511
„	E. „	...	2,484
Purulia	„	...	3,330
Manbazar	„	..	*3,000
	Total	...	11,222

* Approximate.

The grouping out of the distressed pergunnahs now stands as per margin. The number of pergunnahs sub-divided into sub-circles is 30, and the number of groups 241, to all of which a group officer has been appointed and grain supplied. The number of persons being supplied with uncooked grain in the five relief circles is given in the margin, and the quantity of grain expended 847 maunds 13 seers; but this does not include those residing in 15 groups of the Raghunathpur western circle, in which distribution had not commenced up to the close of the last fortnight. Divided by the number of groups, it thus appears that on an average 46 persons were receiving relief in the shape of uncooked food distributed gratuitously in each group, or three in each village, as each group on an average contains about 18 villages.

The total number looks large, but when reduced to the number relieved in each village is not excessive, considering that Government has now undertaken the duty of public dispenser of charity, which, no doubt, has the effect of stopping the flow of individual benevolence, which at this particular time but few of the residents in the villages are able to afford. The relief officers have been directed, and all, I believe, are doing their best to reduce the numbers as low as possible, but find it very difficult to make large reductions, as the number of extremely poor and destitute persons in this district is very large indeed.

F—(*b*).—Charitable Relief by Relief Committees.

All the relief committees had up to the close of the last fortnight been relieved by the group officers of the work of distributing uncooked food, except in a small portion of the Raghunathpore western circle, where in 15 groups the arrangements for affording this kind of relief were not quite complete.

These, however, have subsequently been perfected, and no more uncooked food is now given out by the sub-committees.

Classified as directed in the notification of the central committee dated the 4th March last, the sums expended during the fortnight according to the returns received up to the 11th instant are as follows:—

			B. Rs.	A.	P.	C. Rs.	A.	P.	D. Rs.	A.	P.
In the Govindpur	Circle	...	442	5	8	.....			.....		
„ Raghunathpore	W. „	...	1,601	14	3	649	8	6	.....		
„ „	E. „	...	1,249	1	9	136	10	3	.....		
„ Purulia	„	...	829	0	6	950	15	3	104	3	6
„ Manbazar	„	...	72	9	9	623	14	6	.....		
	Total	...	4,194	15	11	2,361	0	6	104	3	6

The numbers receiving relief in the above forms during the fortnight under report amounted to—

			B.	C.	D.
In the Govindpur	Circle	.. ..	634	..	..
„ Raghunathpore	W. „	.. ..	2,492	718	..
„ „	E. „	.. ..	7,124	222	..
„ Purulia	„	.. ..	1,131	585	196
„ Manbazar	„	.. ..	244	907	..
	Total	..	6,225	2,422	196

The total number of persons relieved during the previous fortnight by the sub-committees was 6,470, and during the last fortnight 8,843; so that there has been an increase of 2,373 persons relieved, which I can only attribute to many of those who maintained themselves by

working on the minor relief works have now resorted to the sub-committes, from finding they could not make enough to live on now that the rate of wages has been so much reduced.

There can be no doubt but that for the relief operations undertaken during the present year, a great many of those who have been relieved must have died off from actual starvation or from diseases brought on by insufficient and unwholesome food, such as can be picked up in the jungles; but from this they have been saved by the aid that has been extended to them in so liberal a manner by the charitably disposed, who have contributed to the relief fund. The condition of the poor would undoubtedly have been much worse this year than ordinarily is the case had it not been for this relief; but large numbers, at all events in this district, ordinarily, I am convinced, live on the very verge of starvation, and annually, I have not the least doubt, perish from diseases brought on by want of food, if not from actual starvation. For, however poor they may be, they all marry and have families, without any reference whatever as to whether they have any chance of providing for them; and as employment is insufficient for the numbers seeking it, and wages are consequently very low, there does not seem to be any chance of their prospects improving, but rather, it is much to be feared, that a superabundant number of extremely poor families must lead to greater and greater distress amongst them unless some means can be devised for largely increasing the amount of remunerative employment.

G.—Financial Results.

Total expenditure from the district and sub-divisional treasuries as shown in the last narrative, Rs. 2,21,433-15-9.

Expenditure during the last fortnight up to the 11th July 1874.

On Relief Works.

		Rs.	A.	P.
No. 1.	1st section, Chaibassa road, Purulia to Kantandi ..	132	3	6
„ 2.	Ditto, Kantandi to Chotourma	54	13	0
„ 3.	2nd ditto, Chotourma to Jojodi	168	0	0
„ 4.	3rd ditto, Jojodi to Jamdi	312	0	0
„ 5.	4th ditto, Jamdi to Suburnarekha	325	13	0
„ 7.	1st ditto, Bankoora road, Purulia to Singbazar ..	379	2	0
„ 8.	2nd ditto, Singbazar to Ludhurka	157	14	0
„ 9.	3rd ditto, Ludhurka to Hunra..	107	11	0
„ 10.	4th ditto, Hunra to Chatna boundary	197	8	0
„ 11.	Ditto, Charra Junction	191	0	0
„ 12.	Road from Damda to Burrabazar	114	0	6
„ 13.	1st section, Manbazar road, Purulia to Chipida ..	236	6	9
„ 23.	Road from Manbazar to Kasipur, Ledadi to Palgaon ..	29	12	9
„ 24.	Purulia to Chas road	81	3	9
„ 25.	Jhalda to Chandil road	100	11	6
„ 17.	Hazareebagh road from Gosi to Hazareebagh boundary ..	859	2	6
„ 23.	Road from Manbazar to Kasipur	324	13	0
„ 13.	1st section, Manbazar road, Chipida to Kendu ..	281	10	9
„ 14.	2nd ditto, Kendu to Manbazar..	196	8	9
„ 17.	Raneegunge road, Raghunathpur to Saltora	914	4	9
„ „	Hazareebagh road, F. to K.	288	13	6
„ 17M.	Dubra to Damudah road	282	2	0
„ 19.	Road from Telkupi Ghât to Chelliama	420	11	3
„ 17.	Raneegunge road, Saltora to Bankoora boundary ..	19	6	9
	Total Rupees ..	6,175	13	0
	Establishment and contingencies	2,085	0	2
	Transport of Government grain	5,833	15	0
	Storage of Government grain	674	0	0
	Packages and incidental	5	0	0
	Miscellaneous	21	6	0
	Total ..	8,619	11	2
	Grand Total up to end of fortnight ..	2,36,229	7	11

Disposal of Government Grain.

	Mds.	S.	Ch.
1*st*.—Grain disposed of up to date of last report ..	1,29,329	13	4
2*nd*.—Grain disposed of during the fortnight—			
a.—By sale to labourers	789	0	4
b.— Ditto to public	24	0	0
c.—In charitable relief or in any other way	27,275	10	2
Total ..	1,57,417	23	10

E. A. Rowlatt, *Colonel*,
Deputy Commr., Manbhoom.

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the District of Manbhoom on the dates nearest the 11th July 1874, for which Returns may be available.

Names of Circles.	Dates for which figures are given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity of Government grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	Total quantity of Government Grain consumed up to date.					Estimated grain receipts of the ensuing fortnight.	Estimated expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.
				By sale to the public or to laborers on relief committees and road constructions.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots and others on security.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.		
		Mds.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds.
Govindpore	8th July 1874	70,000	68,182 5 10	1,429 6 8	1,047 18 0	46,208 39 14	450 26 8	49,136 10 14	.....	1,120
Roghoonathpore, W.C.	9th „	47,500	50,104 6 4	2,500 19 15	308 37 4	28,982 7 9	311 22 1	32,103 6 14	.....	3,000
Ditto, E.C.	9th „	47,500	44,567 23 14	1,908 27 7	6,205 0 0	34,108 10 0	790 36 7	43,013 3 14	1,000 0 0	2,000
Purulia	11th „	25,000	27,545 10 0	.....	1,862 18 2	21,711 34 0	1,782 22 5	25,356 35 0	.....	500
Manbazar	12th „	20,000	11,128 15 12	.....	474 31 6	7,154 25 4	198 30 5	7,828 6 15	5,500 0 0	4,500

Purulia,
The 17th July 1874.

E. A. Rowlatt, *Colonel*,
Deputy Commissioner.

Statement of Relief Works, together with the Number of Persons employed on each Work, as required in Government Orders No. 144—T.F., of 5th May 1874.

No.	Name of Work.	Number of persons employed						Total number of laborers on each work.	
		On daily wages.			On piece-work.				
		Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	On daily wages.	On piece-work.
	Purulia Circle.								
1	1st section—Chybassa road, from Purulia to Kantadihi.	12	28	...	33	11	...	40	44
2	1st section—Chybassa road, from Kantadihi to Chota Urma.	4	37	16	6	...	...	57	6
3	2nd section—Chybassa road, from Chota Urma to Jogodi.	6	6	...	49	14	2	12	65
4	3rd section—Chybassa road, from Jogodi to Jamdi.	29	...	...	128	23	6	29	157
5	4th section—Chybassa road, from Jamdi to Sooburnrekha.	23	...	...	95	27	10	23	132
6	1st section—Bankoora road, from Purulia to Singbazar.	26	77	5	93	...	...	108	93
7	2nd section—Bankoora road, from Singbazar to Ludhurka.	10	9	...	72	12	2	19	86
8	3rd section—Bankoora road, from Ludhurka to Hurah.	18	14	3	22	9	3	35	34
9	4th section—Bankoora road, from Hurah to Chatna boundary.	12	17	...	78	15	6	29	99
10	Churra Junction	13	17	...	72	13	4	30	89
11	Road from Damdah to Burrabazar ...	9	7	...	39	11	2	16	52
12	1st section—Manbazar road, from Purulia to Kenda (A, Purulia to Chipida).	15	25	8	89	...	...	48	89
13	Road from Ludhurka to Gourandi (B, Ludhurka to Leeah).	1	...	...	29	2	...	1	31
14	Road from Manbazar to Kasipore (Ledadi to Palgaon).	5	...	...	17	...	...	5	17
15	Road from Purulia to Chass ...	4	10	...	53	11	...	14	64
16	Road from Jhalda to Chandil ...	...	...	...	44	47	1	...	93
17	Road from Gowai River to Hazareebagh boundary.	48	54	43	412	30	22	145	464
	Total P. W. D. laborers ...	235	301	75	1,331	225	58	611	1,614
	Roghoonathpore—West Circle.								
18	Raneegunge road—Roghoonathpore to Saltora	202	131	7	213	155	14	340	382
19	Bankoora ,, C. to D. ...	11	5	4	160	48	28	20	236
20	Hazareebagh road, F. to K. ...	32	12	3	275	37	9	47	321
21	17 M., road from Dubra to Damuda, near Kurgali.	5	1	...	180	24	2	6	206
22	Road from Telkupi Ghât to Cheliama ...	7	2	...	225	47	11	9	283
	Total P. W. D. laborers ...	257	151	14	1,053	311	64	422	1,428
	Roghoonathpore—East Circle.								
23	Raneegunge road, Saltorah to Bankoora boundary.	...	...	...	5	8	...	...	13
24	Road from Ludhurka to Gourandi (A, Gourandi to Leeah).	8	21	1	27	5	...	30	32
25	Road from Manbazar to Kasipore (Kasipore to Palgaon).	...	...	...	19	6	...	...	25
26	Bankoora road (E, Gourandi to Bankoora boundary).	...	1	...	4	2	1	1	7
	Total P. W. D. laborers ...	8	22	1	55	21	1	31	77
	Govindpore Circle.								
27	Govindpore and Tundi road ...	32	26	5	68	48	6	63	122
28	Road from Poddardi to Kapasara ...	2	2	...	68	25	10	4	103
29	,, ,, Nirsha to Telkupi Ghât on Damoodah.	4	4	...	47	17	8	8	72
30	,, ,, Govindpore to Damuda ...	69	66	13	132	111	16	148	259
	Total P. W. D. laborers ...	107	98	18	315	201	40	223	556

Statement of Relief Works, together with the Number of Persons employed on each Work, as required in Government Orders No. 144—T.F., of 5th May 1874.—(Continued.)

No.	Name of Work.	Number of Persons employed						Total number of laborers on each work.	
		On daily wages.			On piece-work.				
		Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	On daily wages.	On piece-work.
	Manbazar Circle.								
31	Road from Manbazar to the end of Manbhoom pergunnah.	...	...	...	60	20	8	...	88
32	Road from Manbhoom pergunnah to Judpore	15	...	...	177	125	47	15	349
33	Road from Manbazar to Kasipore ...	26	43	13	270	118	75	82	463
34	1st section—Manbazar road, from Purulia to Kend (Chipida to Kenda).	14	93	10	70	69	...	117	139
35	2nd „ „ „ Kenda to Manbazar.	23	34	4	59	46	1	61	106
	Total P. W. D. laborers ...	78	170	27	636	378	131	275	1,145
	(B.)—Minor Relief Works under Circle Officers.								
	Purulia Circle.								
	Siju tank ...	...	...	...	8	8	3	...	19
	Dimdiha „ ...	2	...	...	15	16	2	2	33
	Tetlo „ ...	2	3	1	8	5	...	6	13
	Jambad „ ...	22	55	16	4	3	3	93	10
	Pichasi „ ...	10	18	4	1	...	...	32	1
	Bhangra „ ...	4	9	5	8	9	...	18	17
	Kesurghur tank ...	5	8	1	...	...	...	14	...
	Ludhurka „ ...	9	24	1	1	...	...	34	1
	Biralgoria „ ...	2	5	8	15	8	...	15	23
	Aymundi „ ...	...	...	...	2	2	1	...	5
	Heslah „ ...	48	56	15	3	...	...	119	3
	Mudali „ ...	2	14	4	2	9	4	20	15
	Jarah „ ...	3	14	3	8	...	...	20	8
	Urusaram „ ...	8	19	3	8	5	6	30	19
	Jhalda „ ...	4	11	...	2	4	...	15	6
	Heslah pergunnah tank ...	...	...	...	5	6	1	...	12
	Joytorah „ ...	6	14	8	9	...	...	28	9
	Pundra „ ...	...	...	...	9	13	...	...	22
	Gamara „ ...	...	...	...	9	7	6	..	22
	Kusumkiari „ ...	25	54	12	22	22	...	91	44
	Artah and Chandunkiari road ...	19	22	2	...	...	...	43	...
	Total ...	171	326	83	139	117	26	580	282
	Roghoonathpore—West Circle.								
	Anerah tank ...	...	...	...	40	25	2	...	67
	Para „ ...	...	8	...	56	14	7	8	77
	Phusrabad „ ...	...	...	...	18	8	4	...	30
	Rowtorah „ ...	...	1	...	3	2	...	1	5
	Mahal „ ...	1	2	1	4	2	...	4	6
	Perma „ ...	...	...	...	3	2	1	...	6
	Total ...	1	11	1	124	53	14	13	191
	Roghoonathpore—East Circle.								
	Bortorah tank ..	7	36	6	6	3	2	49	11
	Juganpore „ ...	13	24	10	9	18	5	47	32
	Murardihi „ ...	9	35	6	...	...	...	50	...
	Mohoda „ ...	5	8	2	1	...	...	15	1
	Satoori „ ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Dhuluri „ ...	29	60	44	9	6	...	133	15
	Ryedihi „ ...	1	...	...	14	...	...	1	14
	Upadrah „ ...	25	13	49	...	...	...	87	...
	Kustow „ ...	18	32	7	9	...	...	57	9
	Sirjam „ ...	6	20	12	26	18	14	38	58
	Katonkiari „ ...	12	55	35	38	1	...	102	39
	Gourandihi „ ...	28	80	21	25	...	...	129	25
	Gopalpore „ ..	2	12	11	55	71	5	25	131
	Bhatin „ ...	4	16	12	8	3	3	32	14
	Sootabajee „ ...	5	50	8	1	...	...	73	1
	Ramboin „ ...	24	61	12	...	...	...	97	...
	Total ...	198	502	235	201	120	29	935	350

Statement of Relief Works, together with the Number of Persons employed on each Work, as required in Government Orders No. 144—T.F., of 5th May 1874.—(Concluded.)

No.	Name of Work.	Number of persons employed.						Total number of laborers on each work.	
		On daily wages.			On piece-work.				
		Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	On daily wages.	On piece-work.
	Manbazar Circle.								
	Kajolkoora tank	...	...	...	85	17	...	...	102
	Khirpai „	6	6	2	240	167	7	14	414
	Kaloo „	...	...	...	31	2	...	...	33
	Total ...	6	6	2	356	186	7	14	549
	Govindpore Circle.								
	Upchuria tank	9	21	8	6	8	5	38	19
	Chelagi „	2	1	...	23	3	...	3	26
	Ghagra „	6	15	2	1	...	...	23	1
	Gorgoro „	14	7	10	7	8	9	31	24
	Paharpur „	...	...	...	10	4	5	...	19
	Mardma „	...	...	...	9	5	4	...	18
	Sindri „	...	...	...	7	6	4	...	17
	Machia Mahool „	...	...	...	20	13	17	...	50
	Jopechausi „	...	...	...	40	15	5	...	60
	Total ...	31	44	20	123	62	49	95	234
(*C.*)	Court of Wards	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(*D.*)	Grand total of laborers in Purulia Circle	406	627	158	1,470	342	84	1,191	1,896
	Grand total of laborers in Roghoonathpore, W. Circle.	258	162	15	1,177	364	78	435	1,619
	Grand total of laborers in Roghoonathpore, E. Circle.	206	524	236	256	141	30	966	427
	Grand total of laborers in Govindpore Circle.	138	142	38	438	263	89	318	790
	Grand total of laborers in Manbazar Circle.	84	176	29	992	564	138	289	1,694
		Men.		Women.		Children.		On daily wages.	On piece-work.
	Total number of laborers on all works in the district	5,425		3,305		895		3,190	6,426

Purulia,
The 17th July 1874.

E. A. Rowlatt, *Colonel*,
Deputy Commissioner, Manbhoom.

No. 38—M.A., dated Calcutta, the 15th July 1874.

From—Lord H. Ulick Browne, Commissioner of the Presidency Division,
To—The Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

In continuation of my No. 37—M.A., dated 30th June 1874, submitting the fortnightly narrative of the Collector of Nuddea for the fortnight ending 29th June 1874, I have the honor to submit the Collector's report* for the fortnight ending 13th July 1874.

* No. 798—S.R., dated 13th July 1874.

2. Though the season has hitherto been most favorable, and the prospects of the early rice crop are unusually good, more rain is now wanted all over this division, especially for the planting out of the amun crop.

3. With reference to the Collector's paragraph 9, a sub-committee of local residents have been working under the relief committee and the Collector at Debogram, and appear to have become as slack as such local sub-committees sometimes are. The locality is, as regards distress, much the worst in the district; but the number obtaining charitable relief, viz. 11,000, seems very disproportionate to the number on relief works. On the Collector's recommendation I directed Mr. R. Dutt, sub-divisional officer of Meherpore, to make Debogram his head-quarters. The Sub-Deputy Collector has been placed in charge of the treasury, and exercises third class magisterial powers. Mr. Dutt will supervise the proceedings at several relief centres, including one at a large village just within his sub-division, where he will take up the more important cases. Between his supervision and Mr. Stevens' order about cooked food, I have no doubt that matters will, during the next fortnight, be set right as regards charitable relief and relief works.

4. The late orders of Government as to payment for relief works in rice will test the need for such employment closely, as work-people will only work for rice alone, and that Burmah rice with a good deal of paddy in it, if driven to it by great necessity. At the same time I am confident that the low rates of wages we have been giving in Nuddea has operated well in this direction, as, for instance, when the work-people left the works for the first weeding of the aous crop, and then returned to the number of 1,200 in a fortnight, a proof that the relief work rates are lower than those given by cultivators.

No. 798—S.R., dated Kishnaghur, the 13th July 1874.

From—C. C. STEVENS, Esq., Collector of Nuddea,
To—The Commissioner of the Presidency Division.

IN submitting my narrative of distress for the fortnight ending this day I have the following remarks to make.

1. *State of the country.*—With the exception of thanas Kalligunge and Nakasiparah in the Sudder sub-division, portions of Karimpore and Tehatta in Meherpore, thana Jaguli and part of thana Ranaghat in sub-division Ranaghat, the bazars in the different parts of the district are supplied with grain enough to meet local wants. The importation of 5,000 maunds of Burmah rice (which I have lately received from Government) in thana Kalligunge and Nakasiparah, is thought in the neighbourhood to have had some effect on the prices there, but I do not myself think that this effect can have been great. The stocks in the hands of the mahajuns have become very low. Private trade is busy and importations are being made into the different marts. Jolly dhan, cheena, and bhura, have been harvested, and fair outturn secured. The aous crop, which still promises very well, will be fit for harvesting within two or three weeks from this date. With moderately favourable weather for the coming crops the stocks in hand will be disposed of, and with the help of the importations, will prove generally sufficient for the district till the aous is gathered.

2. The following are the rates of the different sorts of grain prevailing in the several markets:—

	Common rice.	Kolye.	Moongi.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Gangni	3 4 0	.....	.....
Meherpore	2 8 0	.....	.....
Kishnaghur	3 0 0	2 9 0	3 6 0
Santipore	3 8 0	.....	.....
Ranaghat	3 2 0	.....	.....
Chagdaha	2 15 0	.....	.....
Bongong	2 12 0	2 8 0	3 8 0
Kooshtea	2 12 0	2 2 0	2 10 0
Chooadanga	3 0 0	.....	.....
Alumdangah	2 12 0	.....	.....
Damoorhooda	2 12 0	.....	.....
Dowlutgunge	2 14 0	.....	.....
Karimpore	2 13 0	.....	.....
Tehatta	2 12 0	.....	.....

From the above it appears that prices have fallen in Kooshtea, Chooadangah, Meherpore, and Sudder, while in Bongong and Ranaghat they have remained stationary. This falling off in price may be attributed to the splendid outturn which it is hoped the present promising aous crop will yield.

3. No reliable information has been received as to the actual quantity of grain in stock. I have nothing to add to what I reported in my last narrative.

4. *State of the crops.*—Jolly dhan, bhura, and cheena, have been harvested and have produced a fair yield. The aous crop up to this time is promising. The plants look very healthy. The cessation of rain for the last fifteen days is injuring that portion of the rice which is now in the ear. Amun sowings have been going on for some time, though for want of rain transplanting works are being delayed.

5. It is reported that sufficient rain has fallen in sub-divisions Kooshtea, Chooadangah, and Bongong. This has not been the case in sub-divisions Ranaghat, Meherpore, and Sudder. The very slight showers that have fallen have been inadequate to the wants of the growing crops, especially amun. Rain on the whole is much wanted; the weather seems unsettled again, and possibly the rain may be coming.

6. I do not think that upon the whole the distress has increased. The number of grain thefts has decreased. The sub-divisional officers of Ranaghat and Chooadangah mention two grain thefts in their sub-divisions.

7. No particular decrease in abkari revenue is observable. What there is is no doubt attributable to the increase in the price of food-grains.

8. All classes, I believe, now look forward to the cessation of distress in about a month more. Now and then we receive intelligence that isolated parts of the district are beginning to feel the pressure, but I do not think that measures of any importance will be required anywhere except where they have been already undertaken.

9. The sub-divisional officer of Meherpore reports that steps which he took to alleviate the slight distress in certain portions of thanas Karimpore, Tehatta, and Gangni, have proved adequate to the wants of the several localities. He further says that things are day by day improving, and that no fresh measures will be necessary. No report has been received from the sub-divisional officer of Bongong about the distress said to have prevailed in certain villages of Mohespore. I am quite sure that there can be nothing very serious. This is doubtless the case with the eastern part of thana Ranaghat. I have just returned from a visit to Debogram and some of the distressed tracts in the neighbourhood. The special and immediate object of my visit was to see why so many persons (the daily average had been reported at about 11,000) were obtaining gratuitous relief, while but little was going on in the way of work. I visited four of the circles and examined the register of another. I found that through a misunderstanding funds for sufficient work were not in hand, and therefore some persons were obtaining gratuitous relief who ought to be made to work. This will be at once cured. The number of children obtaining relief is large; the reason for this is that the ordinary rate of wages is low, and I am obliged to keep down the rates on our work so as to avoid competing with ryots and others who hire labourers for agricultural purposes. The consequence of this is that at present rates a man is not able to support a large family, but he is able to support a small one. Now, if we increased our rates for work so as to enable a man with a large family to support himself and his family entirely, we must either have separate rates of payments, according to the number of persons in the family (thus giving gratuitous relief in another form and drawing away from the fields all the labourers with large families), or we must raise the wages of those with small families to more than is sufficient for their support, and so attract all labourers to our work. It might be said that under these circumstances the works should be closed, but this view is not sound. Some of our relief works require dressing and turfing. The poorer cultivators still in some parts come to the works and labour half time to support themselves, while they spend the rest of their day on their own fields; and again, it is generally expected that for about a fortnight after the weeding is over we shall have a good many labourers wanting work. Upon the whole, I am inclined to think the present arrangements is the cheapest and best that we could well adopt. I am happy to say that with the exception of one woman, who had, I am told, come over five or six days before from Burdwan, I saw no case of anything approaching extreme emaciation. I was, however, informed that the people obtaining relief had very visibly improved in their appearance. The chief cry made to me was for help in the shape of advances to cultivators, and this I should much like to be in a position to give at once. At one circle (that of Debogram itself) I do not think that the relief arrangements have been progressing satisfactorily. The Debogram sub-committee (though some two or three members have done good service) has been inefficient, and as not the most urgent and repeated calls from me could procure proper returns and accounts, I was compelled to take away all the practical work from its hands and to make it over to my own executive officers. This step has given offence to those through whose fault it became necessary, and they have, as I understand, done what they could to make the relief at Debogram itself a failure. The result of this has been that in that circle the gratuitous relief has been, I am quite sure, excessive. I am exceedingly happy that the Commissioner has allowed me to avail myself of the help of Mr. Dutt, whose energy will, I have no doubt, overcome the difficulties. In the mean time, in anticipation of the orders of the district committee, I have directed the distribution of cooked instead of uncooked rice at Debogram for all persons living within two miles. I visited five of the Government relief tanks and a number of the tuccavi tanks. The Government tanks are all excellent works, and creditable to the supervisor, Baboo Dwarka Nath Sirkar, and his overseers. In the case of all the tuccavi tanks which I saw, it appeared to me that the money borrowed had been honestly spent. In point of quality the works vary a good deal. The best of all which I saw is that of Baboo Bamun Doss Mookerjea at Debogram. I hope hereafter to bring prominently to notice this gentleman's good services. Thanks to the relief works and to the liberality of Government in the matter of tuccavee loans and grants, the water-supply of this part of the country is very different from what I reported it to be in December last. The health of the people seems to be good, and the crops are so far excellent, though to keep them so rain is now required.

The number of men employed at work in Government tanks and roads on Saturday, the 4th instant, was 2,314, and the total number of men now employed may be estimated at 2,000. The returns for last Saturday have not all come in.

11. *Transport of food.*—Owing to the rise of water on the several rivers, import and export business appears to have increased a little, especially in sub-divisions Kooshtea and Ranaghat.

12. As above stated, the distribution of charitable relief is going on both in Debogram and Murgatcha sub-circles. The 5,000 maunds of Burmah rice received by me from Government is being distributed in gratuitous relief in the distressed parts. The rice is considered to be of good quality, but many of the bags are short in weight, and in some instances there is a good deal of paddy mixed with the husked rice.

Financial Results of the Fortnight.

13. A supplementary paragraph will be sent on this subject.

No. 461, dated Julpigoree, the 21st July 1874.

From—Captain R. C. Money, Deputy Commissioner of Julpigoree,
To—The Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

I have the honor to submit herewith my fortnightly narrative report from the 1st to 14th July 1874.

State of the Country.

During the fortnight under report the rainfall has greatly favored the improving condition of the country and people. From the 1st to 14th July there was 13·11 inches of rain. This fall was gradual, there being daily rain, and nothing could have been better for the ripening of bhadoi and transplanting of hymunti dhan.

2. So far everything tends to promise remarkably fine paddy crops this year.

3. In the markets in South Boda no great quantity of rice or dhan is seen. Certainly the supply is larger than it was, and the rates are very low compared to what they were a few weeks back; still everything indicates that it is the State and Government rice which chiefly supports the people, and that without it many must have starved, there being no local stock and no import to meet their wants.

4. The following table will show the gradual fall of prices in some of the worst parts of South Boda. The quantities indicated are what could be obtained for 1 rupee:—

Names of places.	20th May.	2nd June.	15th June.	30th June.	13th July.
	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.
Sonahar	5½	6¾	8	10	10½
Malkadoho	5½	6¾	10	12	14
Chengti	5½	8	10	12	14
Chuckla Boda	6	9	8	12	12½
Debigunge	7½	8	9	9½	10

With these prices in May, with no import trade, with a most insufficient local stock, and bordering on districts in much the same state, and which, so far from being able to assist, were draining our stock, slender as it was, the necessity for the State and Government rice is self-evident, and without it many of the people could not have lived from May till their bhadoi crop came in.

5. As before observed, the people in these parts are living on the State and Government rice, which they have received in advances, purchased at the golas, or earned by labor or relief works.

6. It is worthy of notice that while in the south, where we have so nearly touched starvation, and where the local rates rose so very high, we now find such prices as 14 seers per rupee. In the north of the district, where we have had no distress—where certainly at one time export seemed to threaten it, but where we have never been without, and we now, I believe, have private stocks sufficient for the wants of the people, and where the prices were never higher than 8 and 9 seers per rupee, our prices are now comparatively the highest.

7. The following table of rates in the north of the district on the 13th July, the last date in table above, will show this:—

Names of places.	13th July.	Names of places.	13th July.
Julpigoree	10½ seers.	Silligoree	10 seers.
Titalya	11 „	Sannyasikata	9 „

As Government rice is selling at the same prices in our northern and southern golas, this difference at first seems strange. The reason is that in the south, the private stock being altogether insufficient for the wants of the people, our sales of Government rice are very large and rule the market; whereas in the north, where the private stock turns out to be better than we had anticipated, our sales are small, and have comparatively small effect on the market. The people prefer the *oosna* rice of the country, to which they are accustomed, to the imported *allooa* rice, and as long as the supply of *oosna* is kept up in the market, are willing to pay the local traders a higher price for it than Government is charging for *allooa*: in other words, they prefer to pay at the rate of 10 seers per rupee for *oosna*, than 14 or even 16 seers per rupee for Burmese clean rice. In the north there is a local trade which Government sales in no way interfere with. In the south there is no local trade, and the people are thankful for what they can get.

8. This being the case, it might be asked, where is the necessity of Government selling at all in the north? Our sales in the north, though, as I above stated, they do not greatly affect the local market, do, as a fact, benefit the people, as they prevent a trade monopoly and famine prices. We find that if the Government golas are not open, the local traders run up their rates to prices which the lower classes cannot afford; and that our golas being open, small as the sales at them are, keep this in check.

9. Thus, in the fortnight under report, the sales to the public in our southern golas have been 4,828 maunds, while in the northern they were only 963 maunds.

10. It is satisfactory to see that our relief works in no way interfere with agricultural labor, and that notwithstanding the period of distress the people have passed through, every available field is now under, or being brought under cultivation. The area of bhadoi dhan cultivation in the south is larger this year than it has ever before been, and no year has witnessed greater activity in transplanting of hymunti dhan than is now being exhibited.

11. There has been a large decrease in the number of those employed on our relief works, and they may now be said to be closing themselves.

12. In the eastern part of the Dooars prices have latterly gone up, but this does not represent distress; it was owing to a feeling of uneasiness lest the incessant rains should prove too much for the bhadoi. A few bright days has righted this, and the people now count on a bhadoi crop from 4 to 6 annas greater than they have reaped within the last three years. The hymunti in the Dooars is expected to turn out a bumper crop.

13. Bhadoi is here and there being cut, not however in sufficient quantities to affect the market: a few more weeks should see it well in, and then, if all continues to go well with the hymunti, our trouble will be over.

14. A feeling of apprehension has been expressed by some in the north of the district lest the bhadoi, which in these parts is estimated usually at only about 2 annas of the whole dhan crop, should not prove sufficient for the people until the hymunti is reaped in December. I hope that this apprehension is groundless; still the north is the exporting field, and I fear that with the reaping of bhadoi the export trade may revive as strong as ever, and it is just possible that the north may feel its worst period in the months of October and November.

15. In the south the bhadoi crop is far larger than in the north. Jute in the north is said, owing to excessive rains, to promise poorly, but the complaint is by no means general.

16. The physical condition of the people all over the district is very good. There is an increase in the number of old women and beggars who come for charitable relief to our relief centres. This is, however, to be expected. Though our prices are falling, they are still very high compared to the usual rates at this time of the year, and a continuance of higher rates tells on this special class.

17. In Patgram there has been some sporadic cholera and 55 deaths, but with this exception, the health of the people generally is better than it usually is at this time of the year.

18. Mr. Nedham, Assistant Commissioner, who was in Patgram at the time making inquiries as to the condition of the people, did right good service in going about among those attacked, endeavouring to re-assure those who were alarmed, and promptly administering remedies where needed.

19. *Relief works.*—There has been a large decrease of those on our work, the average daily total being 2,478 this fortnight, to 4,157 of the preceding fortnight. Considering the manner in which those on the works leave as soon as they are needed in their fields, and the manner in which those who are not allowed to work, or not to work according to their own pleasure, but are expected to give a day's work for a day's pay, walk off, there can be little doubt that those who do now come forward and work really need this help. They, however, will doubtless all leave of their own accord as soon as their bhadoi crop has to be cut, which will be very soon. All our works are in the south of the district. In the north no one will go to the railway embankments or to the feeder roads.

20. Ordinarily the people of this district will not work on roads, &c., and in other years we use imported labor for this purpose. Our relief work is all paid in rice.

21. The following is a list of works and number of people employed on them on latest date of information :—

Month and date.	Name of work.	No. of people employed.			Total.
		Men.	Women.	Children.	
14th July 1874	Repairs to Julpigoree and Boda road	14	.....	.....	14
2nd ditto	Tank-work in Boda S. station	43	.....	6	49
12th ditto	Khochabary gola building	80	.....	.....	80
14th ditto	Ditto to Koluhat	43	8	6	57
11th ditto	Ditto to Mulkadoho	89	12	2	103
1st ditto	Tank-work at Chilahati	47	8	4	57
8th ditto	Repairs to Bhowlagunge hat	8	1	.....	9
14th ditto	Road from Sankos to Saldanga	36	.....	2	38
14th ditto	Saldanga road	17	8	17	42
14th ditto	Nagoora tank-work	70	14	23	107
12th ditto	Nijgirdbund	11	.....	.....	11
7th ditto	Drain at Amamadaga bund	113	.....	.....	113
14th ditto	Salgazi to Mulkadoho cutcherry and Dookree drain works.	60	20	21	91
14th ditto	Sonahar bund	69	.....	.....	69
14th ditto	Dorasbund	8	.....	.....	8
12th ditto	Moolkadoho to Sonahar road	299	.....	.....	299
14th ditto	Sonahar to Moolkadoho road	25	115	40	180
12th ditto	Huldebary earthwork	12	.....	.....	12
14th ditto	Moolkadoho to Goreehat road	148	38	.....	186
14th ditto	Doodcoah road	48	.....	15	63
14th ditto	Road-work from Chengtihat	80	48	78	206
12th ditto	Road-work from New Bazar at Moolkadoho to cutcherry	17	.....	1	18
4th ditto	Road from Salgazi to Boorehat	69	28	40	137
14th ditto	Moolkadoho building work	37	.....	2	39
14th ditto	Debigunge to Saldanga road	13	21	21	55
14th ditto	Ditto to Moolkadoho road	148	110	57	313
9th ditto	Debigunge dak bungalow work	75	.....	.....	75
8th ditto	Clearance of jungle in Boda	25	.....	.....	25
11th ditto	Ditto of Chuckla Boda cutcherry	63	.....	2	65
8th ditto	Ditto of Boda tank	5	.....	.....	5
	Total ...	1,710	481	337	2,478

TRANSPORT OF GRAIN.

22. With the exception of grain, which in some cases has to be sent from one gola to another where the stock has run short, our actual transport is closed.

STORAGE OF GRAIN.

23. The following table shows the gola returns from 1st to 14th July inclusive.

24. In my last return I alluded to the short weight in Government rice. I have since had the weight tested at different golas by actual measurement, and will briefly note some of the results.

Debigunge gola—

55 bags, said to contain 119 maunds 20 seers, actually contained 104 maunds 35 seers.

Moolkadoho—

33 bags, said to contain 66 maunds 20 seers, actually contained 54 maunds 33 seers.

Sonahar—

26 bags, said to contain 44 maunds, actually contained 36 maunds 29 seers 12 chittacks.

Bhajonpore—

50 bags, said to contain 101 maunds 20 seers, actually contained 89 maunds and 28 seers.

Titalya—

50 bags, said to contain 100 maunds and 20 seers, actually contained 90 maunds and 29 seers.

Sannyasikata—

50 bags, said to contain 100 maunds, actually contained 94 maunds and 32 seers.

Silligoree—

40 bags, said to contain 67 maunds and 20 seers, actually contained 60 maunds and 6¼ seers.

In each of these cases the bags weighed were taken at random, some did and some did not show signs of having been opened in transit.

Golas in Boda.

No.	Name of gola.	Stock in hand.	Sold to those on works.	Charitable relief.	Sold to public.	Loans to tenants.	Total expenditure.	Balance in hand.
		Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.
1	Chilahato	2,380 28 8	56 17 8	8 0 0	825 5 8	465 0 0	1,056 23 0	1,324 5 8
2	Debigunge	6,865 23 3	290 1 5	37 31 4	1,24[illegible] 37 0	1,116 0 0	*2,418 29 9	4,246 33 10
3	Moolkadho	3,105 11 9	805 14 10½	40 0 0	493 10 8	1,272 0 0	2,837 35 14½	275 12 10½
4	Sonahar	3,632 7 2	202 39 0	29 5 0	923 38 7	1,103 0 0	2,256 2 7	1,374 4 11
5	Haldibary	892 22 7	24 36 8	.....	234 0 9	.....	258 37 1	633 25 6
6	Durasbund	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	0 0 0	0 0 0
7	Sankos	5,844 25 8	62 26 4	42 0 0	188 9 4	271 20 0	564 15 8	5,280 10 0
8	Magoora	2,021 15 7	*75 5 13	980 20 0	206 23 4	554 0 0	1,818 8 1	203 7 6
9	Boda, S. station	3,484 9 14	20 10 0	.....	174 37 6	461 20 0	656 27 6	2,827 32 8
10	Saldunga	374 1 6	40 2 10	12 20 0	231 13 2	.....	283 35 12	90 5 10
11	Hajradunga	376 1 6	73 28 12½	10 0 0	78 37 0	.....	162 25 12½	213 15 9½
12	Rajnuggur	3,688 30 0	.....	551 20 0	250 35 0	610 0 0	1,392 15 0	2,296 17 0
13	Goreehat	631 2 10	253 28 14	10 0 0	106 35 14	.....	367 24 8	263 16 8
14	Baroobary	2,000 0 0	.....	.....	143 18 0	163 20 0	306 38 0	1,673 2 0
15	Bhojonpore	3,019 5 0	.....	18 0 0	28 20 3	671 15 0	717 35 3	2,300 19 13
	Total ...	38,313 36 0	1,837 11 5	1,719 16 4	4,828 37 7	6,686 35 0	15,290 53 12	23,022 2 4

Golas in north of the District.

		Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.
1	Mynaguri	78 20 0	.....	.....	63 15 8	.....	63 15 8	15 4 8
2	Jorepackree	1,994 27 8	1 8 8	.....	125 27 0	.....	126 36 8	1,867 37 0
3	Sanyasikta	3,992 24 13	.....	3 35 4	27 30 5	.....	31 25 9	3,960 32 8
4	Julpigoree	7,281 27 0	.....	.....	363 33 14	10 0 0	373 23 14	6,908 3 2
5	Ambaree	3,433 31 6	0 21 0	.....	64 0 0	28 0 0	93 21 0	3,341 10 6
6	Silligoree	3,000 0 0	.....	.....	238 38 11	187 0 0	425 38 11	2,574 1 5
7	Titalya	2,781 4 14	.....	3 3 0	63 7 12	.....	66 9 12	2,664 35 2
8	Joredighi	99 16 0	0 16 0	0 1 8	16 23 14	.....	17 9 6	82 17 10
9	Sheekarpore	116 21 0	13 35 12	.....	.....	15 21 12	28 17 8	87 3 8
	Total ...	22,727 14 3	14 36 4	6 38 12	963 6 0	240 21 12	1,265 39 12	21,501 11 15

* Of this 218 maunds 13 seers 12 chittacks was by mistake credited twice by the gomdar, and is therefore corrected.
† Assumed weight.

Advances to Private Persons.

These have gone on briskly in Boda, 6,686 maunds 35 seers having been advanced to cultivators on the estate in the fortnight.

26. As I have before noticed it, these advances have most effectually met the necessity of the people.

Charitable Relief.

27. The table below shows the relief committees and those relieved by them. A secretary to one of these committees, possessed of a small knowledge of English, was the other day determined to air it, and in addressing one of the relief superintendents, directed his letters to Mr.———, "Superintendent of the Hard-to-be-eaten." This gentleman, who possibly thus translated *Durbikho* (দুর্ভিক্ষ), was doubtless not aware of the force of his language, but the words he used fairly convey the opinion of many as to the *allooa* rice given to them, which, in their idea, is so different from the *oosna* they are accustomed to. However, notwithstanding that, they do not appreciate the quality of our rice. The fortnight under report shows a great increase of the number of applicants for it.

28. This is due, as I said above, to the continuance of comparatively higher rates telling on the old people and begging classes, to the increase in number of our relief centres, so important, as the rains prevent the people going long distances, and also to the fact that many an old lady, who preferred a little nominal work and a full day's pay to scanty charitable relief, is prevented by the rain from going to the relief works some little way off, and so turns to the "Hard to be eaten" committee, which is nearer to her home.

Relief Committees.

No.	Names of places where committees have been established.	Latest date of return.	Description of paupers relieved.			Total.	Remarks.
			Men.	Women.	Children.		
1	Chuckla Boda	11th July ...	77	72	65	214	
2	Saldanga	Ditto ...	32	35	.....	67	
3	Rajnuggur	Ditto ...	15	14	.....	29	
4	Magurah	Ditto ...	27	61	11	99	
5	Sankoosh	Ditto ...	76	141	86	303	
6	Panchpore	Ditto ...	94	66	91	251	
7	Jholai	Ditto ...	5	2	4	11	
8	Nuggur Meergurh	Ditto ...	35	42	43	120	There are 12 other committees, but their returns not having been received they are not entered here.
9	Harepore	Ditto ...	39	76	63	178	
	Total		400	509	363	1,272	

I am unable to give the figures for the twelve other committees, as the Relief Superintendent's return has not been received.

Financial Results.

Cooch Behar.

		Rs.	A.	P.
1.	Relief loans to ryots	.....		
2.	Laborers' wages	18,633	11	3
3.	Charitable relief	88	1	0
4.	Transport	22,045	0	4
5.	Purchase of grain	58,219	0	0
6.	Miscellaneous	6,997	12	8
	Total ..	1,05,983	9	3

Government.

		Rs.	A.	P.
1.	Relief loans to ryots	.....		
2.	Laborers' wages	283	6	9
3.	Charitable relief	.....		
4.	Transport	31,228	12	10
5.	Purchase of grain	37,606	4	0
6.	Miscellaneous	4,325	5	10
	Total ..	72,843	13	5
	Grand Total ..	1,78,827	6	8

STATEMENT OF THE MAHARAJAH'S RELIEF OPERATIONS, BURDWAN, FOR THE FORTNIGHT ENDING 11TH JULY 1874.

Burdwan.—There is little or nothing to report upon in this fortnight's statement. The number of recipients at the relief house shows a slight decrease during the last three days, though a high class average has been maintained. No acute distress has been visible

Bood-Bood.—At Bood-Bood the number is daily decreasing and cholera has disappeared. Cloth has been given to those of the paupers who appeared in need, and 32 respectable persons are receiving dahans of raw rice.

Culna.—From Culna the reports are meagre, the number of paupers is still small. A number of persons of respectable birth are receiving raw rice, but the exact number is not given in the return. No distress is reported.

Kedmah.—There is a gradual increase in the number of persons being fed going on, which would appear to arise from a want of proper supervision, rather than from extended distress. The number of persons of good caste receiving raw rice, in five days rations at a time, has risen in one fortnight to 93. No distress is announced.

Relief works.—Only persons 127 are employed on relief works, as not only is there no demand for labor, but there is a difficulty in obtaining laborers. A tabulated statement is annexed.

Statement showing the daily average number of people relieved during the fortnight ending 11th July 1874.

Number of people working at different relief works—				
Tara Bagh, in Burdwan	...	...	...	17
Rassan Bagh, in Burdwan	...	...	...	70
Ryan Tank, near Burdwan	...	...	...	40
		Total	...	127
Number of people receiving gratuitous food—				
Burdwan	...	...	...	1,425
Bood-Bood	...	...	...	625
Culna	...	...	...	560
Khadina, in Chinsurah	...	...	...	640
		Total	...	3,250
		Grand Total	...	3,377

BURDWAN RAJBARI, the 14th July 1874. M. C. BURDWAN, *Maharaj Adheraj.*

ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE SANTIPORE MUNICIPALITY FOR THE YEAR 1873-74.

No. 7MM., dated Calcutta, 13th June 1874.

From—LORD H. ULICK BROWNE, Commissioner of the Presidency Division,
To—The Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, Judicial Dept.

I HAVE the honor to submit herewith the Annual Administration Report of the Santipore Municipality under Act III of 1864, for the past year 1873-74, together with the usual Statement of Income and Expenditure.

2. I do not find it necessary to add any remarks to those of the Chairman, except that I think the Municipal Commissioners keep too large a balance in hand. Some of the money might be spent to advantage in the town.

No. 92, dated Kishnaghur, the 19th May 1874.

From—C. C. STEVENS, ESQ., Chairman of the Santipore Municipality,
To—The Commissioner of the Presidency Division.

I HAVE the honor to forward the yearly Report of the Santipore Municipality for the year 1873-74.

2. The working of the Municipality has been fairly satisfactory and the town owes much to the Vice-Chairman for the care and attention which he bestows on his duties. I know of no town so large as Santipore which is entirely managed by Non-Official Commissioners.

3. There is a discrepancy of Rs. 259-7 between the balance reported by the Vice-Chairman and that exhibited by the Treasury Books, the latter sum being the greater. Several attempts have been made to ascertain the cause of this but, hitherto, without success. The attention of the Deputy Collector in charge of the Treasury has been drawn to the matter.

4. The Municipal Dispensary continues to be an useful and well managed institution

5. No complaint has been made to me by the Municipality against the Police during the year, and I have inquired in what manner their work has been unsatisfactory in the opinion of the Commissioners.

No. 44, dated Santipore, the 8th April 1874.

From—The Vice-Chairman of the Santipore Municipality,
To—The Chairman of the Santipore Municipality.

I HAVE the honor to submit herewith the annual statements of the receipts and disbursements of the Santipore Municipal Funds, together with the following report of the administration of the Municipality for the year ending on the 31st March 1874.

1. No alterations of any importance deserving of special notice, took place in the management of the municipal affairs during the year under review. Its members spared no pains for the improvement of the town and the powers vested in them by law were exercised with such moderation that the ratepayers had no cause of complaint against their doings.

2. No changes, however, were made in the assessment of the properties in the year under report; the rates of taxes, 6¼ per cent, remained the same as in the years passed.

3. From the accompanying annual statement it would appear that the income of the Municipality fell short of that of the previous years. But this falling off is partly to be attributed to the extreme sufferings of the ratepayers from the late outbreak of epidemic fever and partly to the great hardship to which they were subjected by the extraordinary rise of prices in their common food. The Commissioners showed every indulgence to them in the payment of their dues, not wishing to put them under the pressure of the law for the realization of their house rates.

4. The Municipal Commissioners held 22 ordinary and eight special meetings during the year for the transaction of municipal business. They took also all the mofussil investigations into the works of improvement as well as into the matters connected with municipal cases, in their own hands, with a view that every thing should be done before their own eyes.

5. Before the Bench system was introduced the Commissioners were to come by turns, one at a time, to decide municipal cases, and the fines imposed upon the offenders amounted to Rs. 15-4. The offences were chiefly obstructions in roads and nuisances.

6. The system of trying municipal and conservancy cases by a bench of Honorary Magistrates was introduced here from the month of September last. The Vice-Chairman made a rotation of sitting Magistrates and every Wednesday was fixed for their sittings. The Vice-Chairman, being Chairman of the bench, presided in every sitting. The number of the cases disposed of during the time was 77, in which 87 offenders were convicted, and their fines amounted to Rs. 91-2-0. Considering the small amount of fines imposed upon the offenders, it is quite obvious that the ratepayers were leniently treated with.

7. The conservancy works of the Municipality were carried on conformably to an improved idea of sanitation. Seven scavenging carts and five coolies, under the superintendency of an overseer, were duly employed in keeping clear the roads as well as their side excavations, the consequence of which exercised a beneficial influence upon public health.

8. No alterations whatever were made in the establishment of the Police Force of the town. It remained the same as in the past years. The working of the Police was not so satisfactory as might be expected.

9. A new strand road, measuring 11 chains by 16 feet, was constructed; three metalled roads, measuring 65 chains by 10 feet, were thoroughly repaired. The remaining metalled and non-metalled roads and the existing drains of the town have all undergone necessary repairs. Four culverts were newly built and eight repaired. The total cost incurred under this head, including the establishments' pay, amounted to Rs. 2,715-6-9.

10. The native doctor in charge of the charitable dispensary took every care in the treatment of the sick persons. The total number of patients came under his treatment were 2525 during the year, out of which 2005 cured, 4 died, and 476 ceased to attend and 40 still remained under treatment.

11. I am happy to state that the epidemic fever which devastated the town last year, and of which I reported in my last administration report, has almost disappeared from December last; save very few persons still lingering with the disease. The following is the abstract of the mortuary returns of the town.

Total number of deaths		261
Of Cholera	33	
Of Fever	185	
Of Miscellaneous	43	

12. There was only one vaccinator in the year under report. He served for 2½ months, during which time he vaccinated about 128 children. The annexed statement will show the result of the vaccination :—

Male		84
Female		44
Total		128
Successful	128	

13. With a view to secure the health of the pilgrims, who come in great numbers from distant places to visit the *Rash Mela*, which takes place in every year in the month of November, a temporary charitable hospital was opened and every necessary precautions were taken against the public nuisance.

The Municipal Improvement Fund of Santipore Municipality under Act III of 1864, for the year 1873-74.

Receipts.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
To balance brought from last account				3,527	8	9
„ amount collected on account of the rate of 6¼ per cent. upon the annual value of houses, buildings, and lands during the year ...	11,387	10	4			
„ amount collected on account of fees on the registration of carts ...	235	0	0			
„ amount collected on account of fines for the breach of the municipal rules, &c.	63	12	0			
„ amount collected on account of miscellaneous receipts	451	9	6			
„ amount collected on account of the proceeds of ferry	1,415	0	0			
„ amount collected on account of fines imposed on cattle impounded during the year	887	0	0			
„ amount collected on account of licence fees	163	0	0			
				14,602	15	10
Total	.....			18,130	8	7
Disbursements.						
By collection charges—						
Commission at the rate of 5½ per cent. paid for the collection of 6¼ per cent. upon the annual value of houses, buildings, and lands	667	13	6			
Printing charges	237	0	0			
				904	13	6
By conservancy charges—						
Amount paid as fixed establishments' pay and sundry contingent charges during the year				1,651	1	3
By police charges—						
Amount paid for the pay and sundry contingent charges of the municipal police force during the year				6,150	0	6
By construction of roads—						
Amount paid for the construction of a non-metalled Strand Road, measuring 11 chains by 16 feet, and the fixed establishments' pay, &c.				1,869	0	0
By repair of roads—						
Amount paid for the repair of 3 metalled roads and for the petty repair and *chilchal* of all existing roads				702	7	9
By construction of bridges—						
Amount paid for the construction of 4 culverts				58	9	6
By repair of bridges—						
Amount paid for the repair of 8 culverts				27	14	6
By drains—						
Amount paid for the repair of existing drains				57	7	0
By office establishment charges—						
Amount paid for fixed establishment pay				726	0	0
By office contingent charges—						
Amount paid for sundry charges during the year				148	10	9
By pound account—						
Amount paid as pound keeper's pay and sundry contingent charges (repairing of pounds)				235	1	0
By charitable dispensary—						
Amount paid for Dispensary account				550	12	0
By miscellaneous charges—						
Amount paid for the following charges, viz.,—						
Subscription of *Calcutta Gazette*	20	0	0			
Vaccinator's pay and contingencies	90	3	9			
Expenditure for the sanitary purposes at *Rash Mela* ..	152	3	0			
Charges incurred for executing Civil Court Decrees ...	37	15	9			
Batta for changing pice	30	4	9			
Travelling charges of amlahs, throwing dead bodies out of the town, and killing jackals, &c.	65	9	0			
Charges for cutting jungles of the town	23	2	9			
				419	7	0
				13,501	4	9
By balance on the 31st March 1874				.....		4,629 3 10
Total ...				.....		18,130 8 7
In treasury				1,608	8	1
Advance account				1,070	7	9
Office box				1,950	4	9
				4,629	3	10

PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in the

QUANTITIES PER RUPEE BY TRE SICCA

DISTRICTS.	WHEAT			BARLEY.			RICE, BEST SORT.			RICE, COMMON.			BULRUSH MILLET—CUMBOO, BAJRA.			GREAT MILLET—CHOLUM, JOWAR.			LESSER MILLETS—RAGI OR MURWA, AND CHEENA.		
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
BENGAL.																					
Western Districts.																					
Burdwan	S. Ch. 13 0 [A]	S. Ch. 13 4	S. Ch. 13 0	S. Ch. 16 0	S. Ch. 16 0	S. Ch. 25 0	S. Ch. 11 4	S. Ch. 11 12	S. Ch. 16 0	S. Ch. 12 0	S. Ch. 12 0	S. Ch. 17 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bankoora	12 12 [B]	12 12	13 7	21 0	20 0	22 0	10 8	10 10	15 0	12 8	12 8	16 12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Beerbhoom	12 0 [C]	12 0	14 8	15 0	15 0	19 0	10 8	10 0	18 0	12 5	12 5	20 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapore	12 0	12 0	11 8	...	...	...	13 5	13 5	20 0	15 0 and 16 0	15 0 and 16 0	25 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hooghly	12 0 [D]	12 0	13 0	16 0 [E] to 19 4	16 0 to 19 0	22 0 to 26 8	9 8 and 10 0	9 8 and 10 0	10 0	13 8 and 14 0	13 8 and 14 0	19 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Howrah	13 0	13 0	15 0	...	...	...	10 12	10 8	15 8	12 12	12 8	20 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Districts.																					
Calcutta	13 0 [E]	13 0	...	16 0	16 0	...	9 0	9 0	...	11 4	11 4	...	...	...	...	12 0	12 0	...	...	...	...
Pergunnahs ...	11 8 to 13 5	11 8	14 8	14 0 [E]	14 0	26 8	8 0 [F]	8 0	8 0	12 4 [G]	12 9	19 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nadea	13 5	13 5	16 13½	20 0	...	32 0	10 0	10 0	16 13½	11 0	11 0	19 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jessore	12 0 [H]	12 4	14 0	...	...	...	10 10	11 0	18 0	13 2	12 12	25 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moorshedabad ...	13to14 [I]	14 0	17 0	17to20 [E]	17to19	30to32	9 8	9 8 to 10 0	14 8	12 0	11 8 to 12 0	17 0	14 0	14 0	30 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dinagepore	11 0 [J]	11 0	14 0	11 0	11 0	22 8	9 8	9 8	18 0	11 0	11 0	21 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Malda	14 0	14 0	17 0	17 0	16 0	35 0	10 0	10 8	19 0	11 12	13 0	20 0	14 0	14 0	20 0	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rajshahye ...	12 12 to 13 8	12 12 to 13 8	15 0	18 0	18 0	30 0	8 4	8 4 to 9 0	15 0	12 12 to 15 0	12 12 to 15 0	19 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rungpore	12 0 [K]	11 4	15 0	...	...	...	8 3	8 0	12 10	13 0	13 0	18 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bogra	10 8	11 4	15 12	...	...	...	6 12	6 12	15 12	15 0	13 8	26 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pubna	14 4	14 4	20 0	...	...	...	8 0	8 0	12 0	12 12	12 12	26 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Darjeeling*	6 0 [L]	6 0	6 0	6 0	7 0	7 0	5 8	6 0	12 0	6 0	7 0	14 0	...	...	...	6 0	5 8	13 0	11 0	11 0	20 0
Julpigoree*	8 0	8 0	12 0	...	...	...	9 0	8 0	15 0	11 0	10 0	20 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cooch Behar†																					
Eastern Districts.																					
Dacca	11 4	11 4	13 8	20 0	20 0	26 8	11 0 [M]	12 0	21 0	14 0	14 8	26 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Furreedpore	14 0	13 0	20 0	..	20 0	...	7 0 [N]	8 0	10 0	12 0	14 0	26 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Backergunge ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13 0 [O]	12 0	13 0	15 0	14 0	26 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mymensingh ...	10 0	10 0	13 0	...	...	...	9 8 [P]	9 8	20 0	12 8	12 8	27 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	14 to 15	15 to 16	...
Sylhet*	10 0	10 0	10 0	9 0	9 0	11 8	11 6 [Q]	12 4	28 0	14 0	14 14	31 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chittagong* ...	12 0	12 0	11 0	...	...	...	12 8 [R]	12 0	16 0	16 0	15 12	23 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Noakolly	...	...	...	...	...	..	11 0 [S]	11 0	18 0	15 0	14 0	26 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tipperah*	10 0	10 0	11 8	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	20 0	14 0	12 8	32 8									
Chittagong Hill Tracts	...	...	...	...	...	...	11 0	11 0	13 5	12 10	12 10	17 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hill Tipperah ...	...	..	10 6	...	...	...	10 0	10 0	20 0	14 0	13 8	23 7	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

* Return for next preceding week received after publication of the last *Gazette*.

† Return not received.

A In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 10 to 15 seers, barley from 16-8 to 21-4 seers, best rice from 10-8 to 11-13 seers, common rice from 11-8 to 14- and gram from 13-12 to 18 seers, per rupee.

B In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 12 to 13-8 seers, barley from 16 to 22 seers, best rice from 10-8 to 12-13 seers, common rice from 11 to 14 maize from 12 to 20 seers, and gram from 13-8 to 14 seers, per rupee.

C In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 10 to 14 seers, barley 15 seers, best rice from 10 to 13-8 seers, common rice from 11 to 13-14 seers, and from 13 to 18 seers, per rupee.

D In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 12 to 13 seers, best rice from 8 to 10 seers, common rice from 12-8 to 14-8 seers, and gram from 12 to 1 seers, per rupee.

E In the interior only.

F In the interior prices range as follow:—Best rice 7 seers, common rice from 11 to 15 seers, and gram from 13-5 to 14-8 seers, per rupee.

G Coarse rice at 13-14½ seers, per rupee.

H In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 7 to 13 seers, best rice from 10 to 13 seers, common rice from 10 to 16 seers, and gram from 10 to 15 per rupee.

undermentioned Districts of Bengal on the 25th July 1874.

PER 80 TOLAS.

MAIZE OR INDIAN-CORN.			GRAM.			FIRE-WOOD.			SALT.			AVERAGE WAGES PER MONTH. ABLE-BODIED AGRICULTURAL LABOURER.			SYCE OR HORSE-KEEPER.			COMMON MASON, CARPENTER, OR BLACKSMITH.			DISTRICTS.
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	
																					BENGAL.
																					Western Districts
Ch	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch	S. Ch	S. Ch.	S. Ch	S. Ch	S. Ch	S. Ch	S. Ch	S. Ch	S Ch	S. Ch	S. Ch	Rs. A	Rs A	Rs. A	Rs A	Rs. A.	Rs A	Rs. A	Rs. A	
...	...	...	16 0	16 0	20 0	100 0	100 0	...	9 0	9 0	9 0	6 0	6 0	..	5 0	5 0	...	12to20	12to15	...	Burdwan.
5 0	16 0	33 0	13 12	14 8	21 0	440 0	440 0	...	7 14	7 14	7 14	4 0	4 0		4 0	4 0	...	7 0	7 0	...	Bankoora.
...	..	...	13 0	13 0	22 0	240 0	240 0	240 0	8 9	8 4	8 12	4 0	4 0	...	5 0	5 0		7 8	8 5	...	Beerbhoom
...	...	...	12 0	12 0	18 0	180 0	180 0	180 0	8 0	8 0	8 0	4 0	4 0	.	5 0	5 0	...	7 8	7 8	...	Midnapore
...	...	...	13 8	13 8	20 0	120 0	190 0	..	8 0	8 0	9 0	6 0	6 0	.	5 0	5 0	..	7 8 to 12 0	7 8 to 12 0	..	Hooghly.
...	...	...	13 0	15 0	20 0	120 0	120 0	..	8 8	8 8	9 0	7 0	7 0	..	7 0	7 0	..	12 0	12 0	...	Howrah.
																					Central Districts
12 0	12 0	...	15 8	15 0	...	100 0	100 0	..	8 0	8 0	...	..	..	...	..	..	...	...	...	..	Calcutta.
...	...	...	15 4	14 8	20 0	120 0	120 0	...	8 0	8 0	8 12	6 0	6 0	...	6 0	6 0	...	11 0	11to18	..	24-Pergunnahs.
...	...	...	16 0	15 12	26 10	110 0	110 0	...	6 7	8 7	8 10	6 0 to 7 8	5 0	...	6 0	5 0	..	7 8 to 10 0	8 0 to 12 0	...	Nuddea.
...	...	...	13 0	14 0	30 0	120 0	120 0	...	7 0	7 12 to 8 0	8 0	4 11 to 7 8	7 8	...	5 0	5 0	...	10to15	8 to 12	...	Jessore.
...	..	..	17 0	16 8	24 0	130 0	120 0	...	8 8 to 8 8	9 0	4 0	4 0			5 0	5 0	.	7 8	7 to 10	...	Moorshedabad.
...	...	.	13 4	13 4	18 12	180 0	180 0	...	7 4	7 4	6 8	5 0	4 0	...	5 0	4 0	..	7 8 to 8 0	5 to 10	...	Dinagepore.
0	16 0	18 0	15 0	15 0	24 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	7 8	7 8	7 4	4 12	5 0		5 0	5 0	...	6 0 to 12 0	6 0 to 12 0	...	Maldah.
.	..		15 0 to 16 8	15 0 to 16 8	24 0	240 0	240 0	...	7 4	7 4	7 11	2 8 to 3 12	3 12 to 7 8	..	5 0	4 0 to 5 0	.	4 0 to 12 0	4 8 to 7 0	..	Rajshahye.
..	..	...	15 0	15 0	16 5	107 0	107 0	107 0	7 4	7 6	6 4	5 8 a	5 0	.	6 0	6 0	..	7 8 to 10 0	7 8 to 10 0	.	Rungpore.
...	...	...	12 0	12 0	15 0	67 8	67 8	60 0	6 12	6 10	6 12	5 0		.	..	.		...	...	...	Bogra.
...	...	...	15 0	15 0	30 4	200 0	200 0	...	8 0	8 0	8 0		.	.	.	..	...	...	...	...	Pubna.
...	...		6 0	7 0	8 0	200 0	200 0	200 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	6 0	6 8	...	7 to 8	7 to 8	..	12to15	12to16	...	Darjeeling.*
...	...		10 0	9 5	14 0	160 0	160 0		6 0	5 6	6 0	5 0	5 0		6 to 7	6 to 7		7 8 to 10 0	7 0 to 8 0	...	Julpigoree.*
																					Cooch Behar.†
																					Eastern Districts
...	...	..	14 8	14 0	29 0	80 0	80 0		8 0	8 0	8 0	6 0	6 0	...	5 to 7	4 to 6	...	7 to 20	10 to 20	...	Dacca.
...	...	...	13 0	14 0	20 0	..	...	.	7 8	7 8	7 8	6 0	6 0		6 0	7 0	...	8 to 12	10to12	...	Furreedpore.
..	..	...	13 8	13 0	...	120 0	120 0	...	8 0	8 0	8 0	7 8	7 8	..	6 0	6 0	...	8 to 14	9 to 15	...	Backergunge.
...	.	..	12 8	12 8	18 0		...	...	7 8	7 8	7 8	5 8	7 8	...	6 0	6 0	...	10to20	10to15	...	Mymensingh.
.	..	.	11 8	11 8	17 4	107 0	107 0		7 12	7 12	8 0	9 6	9 6		5 0	5 0	...	9 0 to 15 0	6 0 to 15 0	...	Sylhet *
...	...	...	11 0	11 0	11 4	120 0	120 0	120 0	7 4	7 4	7 8	10to11	10 0		6 0	6 0		8 to 10	8 to 10	...	Chittagong *
...	...	..	11 0	11 0	16 0	280 0	280 0		6 0	6 0	7 8	7 8	7 8		5 0	5 0	...	7 8	7 8	...	Noakholly.
...		..	12 0	12 0	16 0	...	..	.	7 12	7 12	8 0	6 0	5 8	...	6 0	6 0		8 0 to 15 0	8 8 to 15 0	...	Tipperah *
...	...	...	.	.	...	320 0	320 0	320 0	6 4	6 4	6 10			..	.	...	.	..		...	Chittagong Hill Tracts.
		...	8 8	8 8	11 4			...	7 2	7 2	7 2		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Hill Tipperah.

I In the interior prices range as follow :—Wheat from 12-8 to 13 seers, best rice from 9 to 10-8 seers, common rice from 12 to 13-8 seers, and gram from 1[illegible] 12 [illegible] per rupee.

J In the interior prices range as follows :—Wheat 13-4 seers, best rice from 9 to 10 seers, common rice from 12 to 15 seers, and gram from 11 to 13-4 seers, p[illegible]

K Prices rather in the Bhowanigunge sub-division.

L In the interior prices range as follow —Wheat from 8 to 10 seers, best rice from 7 to 8-5 seers, common rice from 8 to 14 seers, and gram from 8 to 10 seers. [illegible]

M In the interior price of best rice ranges from 12 to 13 seers, and of common rice from 13 to 14 seers, per rupee.

N In the interior price of best rice 8 seers, common rice from 12-8 to 16 seers, and gram from 14 to 16 seers, per rupee.

O In the interior price of best rice from 12 to 14 seers, common rice from 13-8 to 16 seers, paddy from 25 to 32 seers, and gram from 10 to 13 [illegible] per rupee.

P In the interior prices range as follow —Wheat from 11 to 12 seers, best rice from 9 to 11-6 seers, common rice from 11 to 15 seers, and gram from 11 seers, per rupee.

Q In the interior price of best rice ranges from 10 to 12-4 seers, common rice from 12-8 to 15 seers, and gram from 13 [illegible] 14 seers, per rupee.

R In the interior price of best rice from 14 to 16 seers, and common rice from 15 to 17 seers, per rupee.

S In the interior price of best rice ranges from 13 to 16 seers, and common rice from 14 to 18 seers, per rupee.

* Unskilled labour.

PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in the undermention

QUANTITIES PER RUPEE

DISTRICTS.	WHEAT.			BARLEY.			RICE, BEST SORT.			RICE, COMMON.			BULRUSH MILLET—CUMBOO, BAJRA.			GREAT MILLET—CHOLUM, JOWAR.			LESSER MILLETS—RAGI OR MURWA AND CHEENA.		
	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return
BEHAR.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S.
Patna	16 12	17 4	24 0	19 12	19 12	31 4	12 0	12 0	...	14 0	14 0	21 0	...	...	...	19 12	19 12	...	...	...	
Gya	T 11 8	11 12	14 8	16 0	16 0	22 0	8 8	8 8	12 4	10 0	10 0	15 0	...	...	...	E 13 0 to 15 8	13 0 to 15 8	20 0	E 15 0 to 17 0	15 0 to 17 0	24 to 28
Shahabad	U 15 0	15 0	20 0	19 0	20 0	25 0	10 8	10 12	14 0	12 0	12 0	18 0	18 0	17 8	...	E 19 0	19 8	16 0	...	...	
Tirhoot*	V 13 0	12 0	13 0	17 0	17 0	25 0	7 8	7 0	17 0	14 0	13 8	18 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	E 12 0 to 21 0	12 0 to 21 0	16 to 48
Sarun	15 8	15 8	14 0	21 0	22 0	25 0	7 4	7 4	12 8	14 8	13 8	16 8	...	...	...	20 0	20 0	23 0	19 0	19 0	30
Chumparun* ...	W 12 8	12 8	16 0	16 0	16 0	33 0	8 0	8 0	12 0	11 0	11 0	18 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	E 16 0 to 21 0	16 0 to 20 0	40 to 42
Monghyr	16 7	16 8	17 8	21 0	23 1	29 4	8 4	8 4	13 6	11 5	12 1	16 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Bhagulpore ...	14 8	15 2	15 12	18 15	18 15	27 12	10 11	11 6	15 2	12 0	12 10	17 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	E 15 0	15 0	20
Purneah	13 0	13 0	14 0	...	...	26 0	10 8	10 0	17 0	11 0	10 8	18 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Southal Pergunnahs	X 10 0	10 0	14 0	E 14to20	18to20	30 0	9 0	9 0	14 0	11 8	11 8	16 0	12 0	12 0	28 0	...	...	...	E 20to24	20 0	
ORISSA.																					
Cuttack†																					
Pooree ...	11 13	11 13	13 12	...	...	...	18 6	18 6	19 11	26 4	23 10	34 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Balasore ...	12 0	11 0	12 0	...	...	...	16 0	16 0	16 0	21 0	21 0	38 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
CHOTA NAGPORE.																					
South-West Frontier Agency.																					
Hazareebagh ...	11 0	11 0	13 8	14 4	12 0	20 0	9 8	9 0	10 0	14 0	14 0	14 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 8	20 0	24
Lohardugga†																					
Singbhoom* ...	11 0	12 0	18 0	...	...	24 0	12 0	12 0	16 0	20 0	20 0	24 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Manbhoom ...	Y 11 0	11 0	12 0	E 16 0 to 22 0	16 0 to 22 0	30 0	9 0	9 0	15 0	13 0	13 8	18 0	E 17 0	17 0	40 0	...	...	...	...	...	

* Return for next preceding week received after publication of the last *Gazette*.

† Return not received.

T In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 12 to 15 seers, barley from 15·8 to 20 seers, best rice from 8·12 to 12 seers, common rice from 10 to 14 seers, and gram from 14·8 to 17 seers, per rupee.

U In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 13·8 to 15·8 seers, barley from 17 to 20 seers, best rice from 7·8 to 9 seers, common rice from 11 to 12·8 seers, bulrush millet 17·8 seers, maize 15 seers, and gram from 16·4 to 19 seers, per rupee.

V In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 11 to 20 seers, barley from 14 to 19 seers, best rice from 7 to 14 seers, common rice from 8 to 16 seers, maize from 12 to 18 seers, and gram from 12·12 to 20 seers, per rupee.

CALCUTTA,

The 28th July 1874.

Districts of Bengal on the 25th July 1874.—(Continued.)

THE SEER OF 80 TOLAS.															AVERAGE WAGES PER MONTH.									
MAIZE OR INDIAN-CORN.			GRAM.			FIRE-WOOD.			SALT.			ABLE-BODIED AGRICULTURAL LABOURER.			SYCE OR HORSE-KEEPER.			COMMON MASON, CARPENTER, OR BLACKSMITH.			DISTRICTS.
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	
																					BEHAR.
S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	
17 0	17 0	34 8	19 12	20 0	34 8	150 0	150 0	...	7 8	7 8	8 0	3 0 to 4 0	3 0 to 4 0	...	4 0 to 5 0	4 0 to 5 0	...	5 10 to 7 8	5 0 to 7 8	...	Patna.
E 13 0 to 15 0	13 0 to 15 0	16 0 to 35 0	13 4	13 12	19 0	180 0	180 0	...	6 4	6 4	7 4	2 6 to 2 12	2 6 to 2 12	...	2 8 to 4 0	2 8 to 4 0	...	4 0 to 5 0	4 0 to 5 0	...	Gya.
17 8	16 0	28 0	19 0	19 8	25 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	7 8	7 12	8 0	4 0	4 0	...	5 & 6	5 & 6	...	7 to 9	7 to 9	...	Shahabad.
15 0	16 0	26 0	18 0	16 0	22 0	140 0	140 0	...	6 8	6 8	7 0	4 to 5	2 8 to 4	...	5 to 5	2 8 to 4	...	4 to 6	4 to 6	...	Tirhoot.*
18 0	18 0	22 0	20 0	20 8	25 0	160 0	160 0	...	7 0	7 0	7 4	2 8 to 3 12	2 8 to 3 12	...	4 0 to 4 8	4 0 to 4 8	...	6 0 to 10 0	6 0 to 10 0	...	Sarun.
15 0	15 0	38 0	15 0	15 0	26 0	...	...	...	6 4	6 4	6 12	3 12	2 13	...	4 0	4 0	...	5 12 to 6 0	5 0	...	Chumparun.*
18 9	16 8	27 3	21 0	19 9	27 8	147 0	147 0	...	7 8	7 8	7 5	3 0	3 0	...	3 0	3 0	...	5 10 to 7 8	5 10 to 7 8	...	Monghyr.
2	15 2	...	16 6	17 0	25 4	164 2	151 8	...	7 9	7 9	7 9	1 14 to 3 12	3 12	...	4 to 5	4 0	...	5 10 to 7 8	5 10 to 8 0	...	Bhagulpore.
...	...	...	13 0	14 0	22 0	160 0	160 0	160 0	6 8	6 8	6 8	3 12 to 4 12	4 0	...	5 0	5 0	...	6 to 8	7 to 11	...	Purneah.
12 0	12 0	28 0	13 0	13 0	20 0	320 0	320 0	320 0	7 8	7 0	8 0	3 8	3 8	...	5 0	5 0	...	7 8	7 8	...	Southal Pergunnahs.
																					ORISSA.
																					Cuttack.†
...	...	...	21 0	21 0	22 5	100 0	100 0	...	12 0	13 0	9 0	3 0	3 0	...	4 to 5	5 0	...	8 0	6 8	...	Pooree.
...	...	...	11 0	12 0	10 0	280 0	280 0	...	7 8	7 8	7 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Balasore.
																					CHOTA NAGPORE.
																					South-West Frontier Agency.
18 0	15 0	20 4	12 0	13 0	14 0	240 0	240 0	240 0	6 8	6 0	6 2	4 0	4 0	...	5 0	5 0	...	8 0	8 0	...	Hazareebagh.
																					Lohardugga.†
...	...	...	13 0	13 0	19 0	320 0	320 0	...	5 8	5 8	5 12	3 0	3 12	...	4 8 to 5 0	4 8 to 6 0	...	6 to 8	6 to 8	...	Singbhoom.*
E 18 0	18 0	75 0	11 8	11 0	19 0	260 0	260 0	280 0	6 12	6 8	7 0	3 12	2 8	...	3 0	3 0	...	9 6	9 6	...	Manbhoom.

W In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 11-4 to 16 seers, barley from 16 to 20 seers, best rice from 9-8 to 12-8 seers, common rice from 11 to 16 seers, maize from 13-4 to 18 seers, and gram from 15 to 19 seers, per rupee.

X In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 11 to 15-4 seers, best rice from 8 to 13-5 seers, common rice from 9 to 14 seers, bulgur millet from 14 to 17 seers, maize from 14 to 20 seers, and gram from 11 to 18 seers, per rupee.

Y In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 10 to 11-8 seers, best rice from 11-8 to 14 seers, common rice from 13 to 15 seers, and gram from 10 to 14 seers, per rupee.

Published for general information.

R. KNIGHT,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Rainfall, Weather, and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending the 25th July 1874.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
	BENGAL.		
	Western Districts.		
BURDWAN DIVISION. 1	Burdwan, 27th* July 1874	·81	A little rain has fallen in all the sub-divisions except Cutwa, but more is required everywhere. Complaints of the state of the crops are received from all sides. Weather very hot. Cholera reported from Boodbood. Fever as before.
2	Bankoora, 25th „ „	0·58	Very little rain during the week. During the last three days there have been a few showers. The want of rain is causing very great anxiety. The few showers have proved beneficial to the growing crops, but have not been sufficient to allow of any general cultivation. Rain, however, seems likely.
3	Beerbhoom, 25th „ „	·10	Dry and hot during the greater part of the week; showery since the 24th instant. State and prospects of the crops continue good. Export of week ending 18th instant 2,019 maunds, chiefly to Bhagulpore Division. Prices stationary.
4	Midnapore, 25th „ „	1·48	Dry weather continued up to Wednesday evening, 22nd instant. Since then the weather has changed, and there have been several showers. Some heavy rain every day, with every prospect of continuance. The unseasonable drought which terminated on Wednesday has caused some damage and much more anxiety. From all sides reports came in of aous or early rice withering, and late rice not able to be planted out. Distress of course was proportionately increasing, and prices rising. The weather seems now to have changed, but both early and late crops have suffered some injury.
5	Hooghly, 25th „ „	·40	Two days cloudy, with slight showers of rain; the remaining portion of the week clear throughout. Wind from south-east. Rainfall at Serampore ·14. Crops in danger for want of rain. The aous or early rice has been injured. The amun or late rice is not planted out. Sugarcane has suffered.
	Howrah, 25th „ „	·94	There has been some rain during the week throughout the district. Weather sometimes clear and sometimes cloudy. Wind from south and east varying. It is reported that owing to want of sufficient rain, the aous or early rice crop and jute on the high lands are suffering. The transplantation of the late rice seedling has not been commenced, save on banks of *khalls* and very low lands. The ryots are still ploughing land for transplanting the late rice seedlings. Sugarcane plants still look healthy. Fever in Khanacool increasing.
	Central Districts.		
PRESIDENCY DIVISION. 6	24-Pergunnahs, 27th† July 1874.	1·54	Warm and very close. Rain fell throughout the district on Friday and Saturday, 24th and 25th instants. It has done much good to the early rice crop, as well to the late rice seedlings, both of which were beginning to suffer, especially in parts of Baraset, from the drought. More rain is wanted for the transplantation of the late rice, but the recent change in the weather seems to indicate that this may be confidently expected. Fever of an ordinary type prevailing in parts of Satkhira, Baseerhat, and Diamond Harbour. Malarious fever increasing at Barripore. Cholera has broken out at Hallishahur in Nyehatty thana, and much abated in Sultanpore and Bankipore.
7	Nuddea, 25th July 1874	0·46	Hot and dry till the end of the week. The continued drought has caused much alarm, and has done some injury to the early crops, besides retarding the transplanting of the late rice. In the last day or two the weather has changed, and the rain is coming just in time to prevent very serious damage. Indigo manufacturing is going on. Outturn good. Prices are slightly falling. It rained for three hours in the afternoon of the 25th instant, and was still raining at the time of the despatch of the report.
8	Jessore, 25th „ „	·28	The early part of the week was dry and hot; the latter part has been cloudy, with a little rain. Owing to the high prices the area of rice cultivation was this year much extended; and up to the beginning of this month the fields were full of promise. The rainfall during this month has, however, been excessively small—unprecedentedly small, so far as statistics are available. The fields once so full of hope were at the middle of the week dried up, and the crops were fast withering. The rain towards the close of the week has done good, but it has been very insufficient, and the condition is still critical. The state of the atmosphere, however, promises more rain; and if it rain a good fall within a week, all will yet be well; and if the weather be seasonable up to October, the country should be overflowing with rice. Further damage consequent on the rise of the rivers is not reported.

* Telegram of the 27th July, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

† Report of the 27th July, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BENGAL.—(*Contd.*)			
	Central Districts.—(*Contd.*)		
Rajshahye Division. 9	Moorshedabad, 25th July 1874.	0·75	The rainfall of the week has not been sufficient for the rice crops, although it has done much good, especially in the west, where the late rice crop is in course of transplantation. Mulberry, jute, and sugarcane are also in want of more rain. Indigo manufacture is going on at all the factories. Large crops have been inundated in some parts, and others had to be cut prematurely. The outturn of the season will not be as good as was anticipated six weeks ago. Prices keep steady, with the exception of a slight fall at Gokurn and a slight rise at Hurihurpara and Gowas.
10	Dinagepore, 24th July 1874.	·24	Showers alternating with bright sun. Prospects of bhadoi or early crops still continue good. The sowing for the hymunti or winter rice finished, and transplanting being vigorously pushed on in every direction. Cutting of jute commenced; it will be a good crop. New jute already in the market.
11	Maldah, 25th July 1874	0·91	The first three days of the week hot and sunny, the rest cloudy and rainy. The weather is most favorable for all crops. In Khurba and Kaleachuck thanas some damage has been done by the floods which are now subsiding. The prospects of the bhadoi or early crops, where not submerged, are very good. Indian corn is looking very well and coming into ear. Hymunti or late rice cultivation going on.
12	Rajshahye, 25th „ „	1·37	During the first half of the week the weather was clear and hot, but in the latter half there has been some rain. The seedlings of the ropa or transplanted paddy in the Bhurind look well, though they were beginning to suffer from want of rain. In some places the transplanting has been commenced. The aous or early paddy is being cut in some places; in others it is still thriving. The late rice is progressing satisfactorily. Prices are generally much the same as in last week. A few cholera and small-pox cases are reported to have occurred in parts of the Beauleah thana.
13	Rungpore, 24th „ „	1·80	Very close and oppressive. The fine weather has done good to the crops. Reports are good everywhere. The aous or early rice harvest is nearly over in many parts, and is commencing in others. Transplanting of the late rice being vigorously carried on. Jute in good condition.
14	Bogra, 25th „ „	2·2	Seasonable weather. The season still continues a favorable one. There have been many days bright, with sunshine. This has been favorable to the ripening of the aous or early rice and the planting of the amun or late rice.
15	Pubna, 25th „ „	0·60	Weather hot. Considerable damage was done to both the aous or early, and amun or late rice crops by the unusual rise of the rivers. The waters have, however, since somewhat subsided, and it is hoped that the injury done is less than was feared at first. The aous or early rice on higher lands have slightly suffered from want of rain, and will be improved by the showers of 23rd and 24th instants. The prospects of the amun or late rice will depend on the rise or fall of the rivers during the next few days.
Cooch Behar Dits. 16	Darjeeling, 24th „ „	2·98	Thick mist generally, with a few breaks of sunshine; temperature very variable. In the hills the early maize, buck-wheat, and kowni (millet) have ripened and are being eaten. The late maize is progressing favorably, and will be ready for reaping in about a month or less. In the plains all the corps are progressing very favorably.
17	Julpigoree, 24th „ „	4·86	Rain has been rather less than usual at this time of the year; still it has fallen generally and favorably, and the bright hot weather has been good for the crops. All crops are doing as well as can be desired.
	Cooch Behar, 23rd „ „	3·67	Favorable. Showers and sunshine alternately. Reaping of the aous or early rice, and planting of the amun or late rice are going on busily. Prospects are good.
	Eastern Districts.		
Dacca Division. 18	Dacca, 27th* July 1874	·79	Weather very hot and little rain. State of crops good, but more rain wanted for high lands.
19	Fureedpore, 25th „ „	[illegible]50	Weather sunny and hot during the first part of the week. On Thursday, cloudy; and on Friday some good showers fell, which have been beneficial. Saturday night there was very heavy rain. The following returns give the results of the injury done by the sudden rise of the rivers to both early and late rice crops in the several thanas:—Lost in Fureedpore, 2½ annas early rice and 1 anna late rice; in Sudderpore, 10 annas of former and 2 annas of latter; in Aimpore, 10 annas and 3 annas; in Bhushna, 6 annas and 2 annas; in Deora, 4 annas and 1 anna; in Muxudpore, ¼ anna only to early rice; in Gopalgunge, 8 annas and 2 annas; in Pangsha, 3 annas and 2 annas; in Belgatchee, 3½ annas and 2 annas; in Goalundo, 4 annas and 2 annas. In the three thanas, which comprise the Madareepore Sub-division, the channels and waterways are so numerous that the surplus water appears to have been amply disposed of and to have caused no injury. On the whole, 5 annas of a bumper crop of aous or early rice, and 1½ annas of above an average crop of late rice have suffered. The rivers are, however, fast going down, and it is

* Telegram of the 27th July, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
	BENGAL.—(*Concld.*)		
	***Eastern Districts.*—(*Contd.*)**		
			believed that some of what is reported as lost may still be recovered. The weather is fairly propitious; the last night's heavy rain may have beaten down some of the early rice ready for the sickle. There is some little small-pox in the district, otherwise the general health is good. Goalundo has been completely flooded, but is now above water again.
Dacca Div.—(*Contd.*)	20 Backergunge, 23rd July 1874.	2·80	Close and oppressive weather. Crops good.
	21 Mymensingh, 24th July 1874.	0·19	Generally very hot and sunny. The rivers have fallen somewhat, but a good deal of early rice on the churs have been destroyed. The early rice on main land generally good. Owing to the want of rain the planting out of the late rice crop is becoming very much retarded.
	22 Sylhet, 21st July 1874	2·27	Excessively hot through the week, more like the weather in May than what may be expected at this time of the year. Prospect of crops good. The aous or early rice has pretty nearly been transplanted. Very good progress made in preparing the land for the sail or late rice crop, which will soon be transplanted. The price of rice has fallen a little. The district has not been so healthy this week owing to the unusual and extreme heat of the weather.
Chittagong Div.	23 Chittagong, 23rd „ „	5·10	Hot and unsettled. More rain is required in the south of the district, where the fall up to date has been deficient. Some patches of early paddy have been cut. Amun or late rice is being transplanted, and is doing well.
	24 Noakholly, 23rd „ „	0·28	Weather very close, with much less rain than is usual at this season. The aous or early rice is in some places ripening and doing well, but for a good outturn throughout the district more rain is wanted. Rain also wanted for transplanting the amun or late rice.
	25 Tipperah, 23rd „ „	·90	Very hot and still, with few showers of rain very partially distributed. Rainfall at Brahmunbariah 1·76. The harvesting of the early rice has commenced, and some of the rice has already found its way to the market. The prospects of both early and late rice are good, but a little more rain is wanted for the latter.
	26 Chittagong Hill Tracts, 21st July 1874.	1·23	Excessively hot on the 18th and 19th. Slight showers, with heavy squalls, on the nights of the 19th and 20th instant. The cotton sown in jooms during the first part of May is now in flower and the paddy in ear. Rain is much wanted in almost every part of the district, especially by the plough cultivators for transplantation. A heavy shower would improve the prospects of all the crops.
	Hill Tipperah, 22nd July 1874.	2·63	The early rice is being cut, and the outturn is reported to be very good. There has been very little rain this week; more is much required for the late rice now in the ground and to allow of transplanting going on.
	BEHAR.		
Patna Division.	27 Patna, 27th* July 1874	2·10	Weather very hot, but all that can be desired for the young crops. Some good falls of rain shall be required within the next week or ten days to allow of transplanting the rice. Health of the district on the whole good.
	28 Gya, 25th „ „	0·94	Fine and hot. Prospects of crops excellent. A little more rain would be beneficial.
	29 Shahabad, 25th „ „	0·40	Bright and sunny, with occasional showers of rain. The transplanting of rice is going on. The weather at present is very favorable, and the prospects of the crops so far good. Health good.
	30 Tirhoot, 25th „ „	1·28	Weather cloudy and excessively hot. In Mudhoobunnee Sub-division 0·68 inch of rain fell during the week, and the prospects of bhadoi or early crops very good. Transplanting of paddy crops rapidly going on in every part of the sub-division. Not so much damage done by floods in Motipore and Kutchra as at first anticipated. In Seetamurhee Sub-division 5·11 inches of rain fell during the week, which did not only immense good to the standing crops, but facilitated the transplanting of paddy a good deal, one-fourth of which yet remaining to be finished. The bhadoi or early crop prospect is unusually fair. Makai or Indian-corn and murwa (millet) are in ear at places. Public health tolerably good. On the eastern part of the sub-division red fever has broken out; the Assistant Surgeon has been deputed to the spot. In Hajeepore Sub-division 0·68 inch of rain fell during the week. The prospects of the crops good. Reports from Durbhunga and Tajpore have not been received. The little rain that fell during the week has not injured the bhadoi or early crops, but done good to rice crop in the Sudder Sub-division. The overflowing of the Little Gunduck and Bagmattee rivers has damaged the crops to some extent. Transplanting of paddy is going on. Public health good.
	31 Sarun, 25th „ „	·07	Sultry. East wind prevailing. The weather has been fine during the week; weeding operations are going on steadily, and will shortly be completed. The bhadoi or early crops are all coming up very well and promise an abundant harvest. Sugarcane looks healthy. Manufacture of indigo is going on. Rain wanted for the transplanting of paddy seedlings. Price of common rice has slightly fallen, and that of barley and gram has risen.
	32 Chumparun, 24th July 1874.	0·31	Hot. Cloudy now and then. There have been slight showers now and then in the week under report: as such, the weather was very favorable for the growth of the existing crop.

* Telegram of the 27th July, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date
BEHAR.—(*Contd.*)			
Bhaguipore Div. 33	Mongbyr, 25th July 1874	0·29	Cloudy. The past week's sunshine has been beneficial generally to the crops. More rain is now wanted. The bhadoi or early crop prospects are fair. The late rice is being generally transplanted, and the prospects of this crop are good hitherto. Health of the district good.
34	Bhaguipore, 27th* „ „	1·37	The late dry weather has been of very great benefit to all crops, especially to Indian-corn; rain will now do good in the south of the district. Early murwa (millet) and kheri being reaped. Some new murwa in the markets. General health good, but cholera is still prevalent in many villages south of Ganges.
35	Purneah, 25th „ „	1·01	Very favorable; showery, with east wind. The bhadoi or early crop has begun to be cut in many places. The early janera rice is in the market. Murwa (millet) and Indian-corn looking very well. The floods have subsided without doing very much harm. The weather is very suitable for the transplanting of the winter rice.
36	Sonthal Pergunnahs, 25th July 1874.	0·68	There has been a break in the rain of about a week all over the district—excellent for maize, not so good for paddy The last two days the weather has changed again to clouds and rain. Godda has had most, but wants most. Excellent everywhere. Jenara (Indian-corn) in flower, and in places in ear. Cultivators were beginning to cry out for rain after the week of hot sun. It looks as if we were in for a good deal of rain now. There are heavy clouds all round in the hills, and there have been occasional showers. Highland planting is a little backward. Cholera still breaking out in odd places—sometimes very fatally.
ORISSA.			
Orissa Division. 37	Cuttack, 27th* July 1874	5·36	Rainfall at Jajipore 2·65, Kendrapara 5·8. Crops everywhere in good condition. More rain wanted in parts of Jajipore. Cholera along pilgrim route, otherwise public health good.
38	Pooree, 23rd „ „	2·85	There has been moderate rain generally. The weather is cloudy and sultry, with alternate sunshine and slight showers. Sowing operations for the late rice crop are nearly completed, except on high lands where they are going on; and the seedlings of previous sowings are thriving The early rice crop is being weeded. Sugarcane plants are growing. Cotton is being gathered. Mandea, arhur (pulse), and castor plants are coming out Prices are stationary. The greater portion of the pilgrims assembled for the car festival have gone away. Cholera is prevalent in the city and on the public road.
39	Balasore, 24th „ „	3·10	Rain has fallen at last, but not before an early change in the weather had become a matter of vital importance The unusual and obstinate deficiency of rain during the present month (less than one inch having fallen since the 20th June up to the 22nd July) had seriously retarded the growth of the young crop. Recourse was had to irrigation where possible, and much anxiety prevailed. In high and sandy situations the plants have already withered and will come to nothing. But a shower fell on the 22nd, and heavy rain on the 23rd instant, which have already vastly improved the appearance of the general crop and have secured its safety for the present. It is hoped that this rain has been general. Much more is of course required.
CHOTA NAGPORE.			
	South-West Frontier Agency.		
40	Hazareebagh, 24th July 1874.	0·45	Hot, damp weather without rain during the first half of the week. During the latter part showers light and heavy. The maize reported here and there to have suffered from too much rain; the rice transplanting delayed by drought; but there are grumblings from small patches of country. It is believed that nothing could be better than the present prospects of the crops.
41	Lohardugga, 25th July 1874.	0·94	During the first part of the week bright and hot, but on Thursday and Friday rain fell, and there is every appearance now of more coming. In Chota Nagpore Proper rain was very much wanted. The high land crops were beginning to be burned, and transplanting of the low land rice was for the most part at a complete stand-still for want of rain. The young plants have suffered somewhat, but no material damage has been done yet. In Palamow, on the other hand, there has been a superabundance of rain, and the makai (Indian-corn), teel (oil-seed), and cotton crops have been damaged by the long continued rain; otherwise the crops generally are said to be doing well, and the prospects of the rice crop are excellent. Prices are falling. General health good
42	Singbhoom, 24th July 1874.	0·96	Dry and fiercely hot. A cloudless sky and a blazing sun during the greater part of the week. Unfavorable reports beginning to come in from all parts of the district. More and plentiful rain urgently required. The crops have all but reached the limits of endurance. Cloudy since the 23rd—0·42 of rain. Public health good.
43	Manbhoom, 25th July 1874	0·10	Very dry and unseasonable. Since last weekly report a great change for the worse has taken place in the prospects of the crops. Owing to the lamentable want of rain all the early crops on high lands have suffered severely. The early rice, gora, and Indian-corn have suffered the most, but all have been injured more or less; it is doubtful now if more than half a crop will be gathered in some places, even if sufficient rain falls. The seedling paddy has also partly dried up and withered away, and for want of rain transplanting is at a stand-still. Altogether prospects of a good early or late crop are gloomy, and unless a copious down-pour of rain takes place immediately, the state of the country will be seriously endangered.

* Telegrams of the 27th July, received on the same day, show rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA, STATISTICAL DEPT.,
The 28th July 1874.

R. KNIGHT,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

Division.	District.	Station.	Rain from 5th to 11th July 1874.	Rain from 12th to 18th July 1874.	Rain from 1st January 1874. Inches.	Rain from 1st January 1874. Up to date.	Remarks.
BENGAL.						1874.	
	Western Districts.		Inches.	Inches.			
Burdwan.	Burdwan ...	Burdwan	1·50	0·30	34·04	18th July	
		Cutwa	0·85	1·35	26·91	ditto.	
		Culna	0·48	0·89	20·21	ditto.	
		Bood-bood	3·96	1·03	24·32	ditto.	
		Raneegunge	0·90	1·96	19·52	ditto	
		Jehanabad	Not rec.	1·01	19·46	ditto ...	Not rec. 5th to 11th July.
	Bankoora ...	Bankoora	1·76	3·54	24·82	ditto.	
	Beerbhoom ...	Sooree	2·87	1·58	26·98	ditto.	
	Midnapore ...	Midnapore	0·17	0·17	11·62	ditto.	
		Tumlook	0·05	1·20	20·07	ditto.	
		Gurbeta	0·30	5·55	26·04	ditto.	
		Contai ... { Dy. Collr.'s Office ...	0·10	1·30	21·30	ditto.	
		Contai ... { Exe. Engr.'s Office...	0·25	1·25	25·82	ditto.	
	Hooghly ...	Hooghly	1·16	1·59	17·52	ditto.	
		Serampore	0·32	0·35	17·11	ditto.	
	Howrah ...	Howrah	0·34	0·39	12·60	ditto.	
	Central Districts.						
Presidency.	24-Pergunnahs ...	Sangor Island	0·40	1·80	27·25	ditto.	
		Calcutta	0·09	0·58	19·54	ditto.	
		Alipore ... { Dispensary ...	0·98	0·37	16·54	ditto.	
		Alipore ... { Jail	1·20	0·36	16·19	ditto.	
		Busseerhat	1·94	1·58	16·82	ditto.	
		Baraset	1·63	1·58	19·45	ditto.	
		Diamond Harbour	1·89	0·79	18·99	ditto.	
		Barripore	1·26	2·23	18·57	ditto.	
		Satkhira	1·19	2·87	18·44	ditto.	
		Harrackpore	0·24	0·57	18·07	ditto.	
		Dum-Dum	1·28	0·53	16·36	ditto.	
	Nuddea ...	Kishnaghur	0·56	0·53	26·09	ditto.	
		Bongong	0·45	1·38	21·91	ditto.	
		Meherpore	0·63	1·33	26·19	ditto.	
		Chooadangah	1·05	0·74	28·09	ditto.	
		Kooshtea	1·68	1·49	28·10	ditto.	
		Ranaghat	0·32	0·75	22·13	ditto.	
	Jessore ...	Jessore	0·78	0·94	25·35	ditto.	
		Narail	0·13	1·80	28·81	ditto.	
		Khoolna	0·25	0·80	23·78	ditto.	
		Jhenidah	0·02	0·20	32·63	ditto.	
		Bagirhat	0·81	1·83	28·42	ditto.	
		Magoorah	1·16	0·30	20·01	ditto.	
Rajshahye.	Moorshedabad ...	Berhampore	2·42	2·15	23·94	ditto.	
		Rampore Haut	3·17	1·81	25·34	ditto.	
		City Moorshedabad	1·20	2·32	25·42	ditto.	
		Jungipore	5·52	1·64	26·75	ditto.	
		Azimgunge	3·14	3·98	28·89	ditto.	
		Lalgolla	3·99	0·13	23·36	ditto.	
	Dinagepore ...	Dinagepore	10·18	3·73	38·83	ditto.	
	Maldah ...	Maldah	4·92	3·88	20·98	ditto.	
	Rajshahye ...	Baulcah	3·15	1·27	23·44	ditto.	
		Nattore	2·02	2·64	30·93	ditto.	
	Rungpore ...	Rungpore	14·47	1·89	56·02	ditto.	
		Bhowanigunj	7·41	0·32	35·12	ditto.	
		Titalya	5·30	1·51	55·30	ditto.	
	Bogra ...	Bogra	7·18	0·42	47·24	ditto.	
	Pubna ...	Pubna	1·10	0·36	30·85	ditto.	
		Serajgunj	1·19	2·60	31·75	ditto	
Cooch Behar.	Darjeeling ...	Darjeeling... { Telegraph Office ...	Not rec.	Not rec.	42·18	30th June.	
		Darjeeling... { Hospital ...	3·01	4·42	51·08	18th July.	
	Julpigoree ...	Julpigoree	7·17	3·17	58·86	ditto.	
		Bodah	7·42	1·59	62·01	ditto.	
		Buxa ... { Commissioner's Office..	19·19	Not rec.	102·36	11th July ...	From 12th April.
		Buxa ... { Civil Surgeon's „ ...	18·84	ditto	115·48	ditto.	
	Cooch Behar Tributary State ...	Cooch Behar	14·00	9·35	93 33	18th July	

Division.	District.	Station.	Rain from 5th July to 11th July 1874.	Rain from 12th July to 18th July 1874.	Rain from 1st January 1874. Inches.	Rain from 1st January 1874. Up to date.	Remarks.
BENGAL—(*Continued.*)			Inches	Inches.		1874.	
	Eastern Districts.						
Dacca.	Dacca ...	Dacca ... Telegraph Office	0·90	1·46	30·95	18th July.	
		Dacca ... Hospital	0·68	1·46	31·83	ditto.	
		Moonshegunge	0·77	3·60	35·84	ditto.	
		Manickgunge	0·22	0·55	26·87	ditto.	
	Fureedpore ...	Fureedpore	0·23	0·34	34·50	ditto.	
		Goalundo	0·13	0·75	25·70	ditto.	
		Madaripore	0·50	2·30	35·35	ditto.	
	Backergunge ...	Burrisal	3·08	4·26	30·43	ditto.	
		Perozepore	1·45	2·65	20·47	ditto.	
		Patooakhally	2·41	5·96	39·26	ditto.	
		Dowlatkhan	2·32	4·12	37·62	ditto.	
	Mymensingh ...	Mymensingh	2·81	2·80	46·76	ditto.	
		Jamalpore	3·13	1·90	34·37	ditto.	
		Atia	0·35	2·11	25·53	ditto.	
		Kishoregunge	3·27	1·60	40·43	ditto.	
	Sylhet ...	Sylhet	7·21	2·77	87·72	ditto.	
Chittagong.	Chittagong ...	Chittagong ... Telegraph Office	3·10	1·30	39·29	ditto.	
		Chittagong ... Jail ...	2·98	1·36	42·55	ditto	
		Cox's Bazar	2·74	2·27	48·02	ditto.	
	Noakholly ...	Noakholly	3·45	1·74	46·54	ditto.	
	Tipperah ...	Comillah	4·91	1·93	41·82	ditto.	
		Brahmunberiah	0·96	1·27	30·23	ditto.	
	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Rungamatee Hill	1·22	2·00	39·21	ditto.	
	Hill Tipperah ...	Hill Tipperah	Not rec.	Not rec.	24·03	13th June.	
BEHAR.							
Patna.	Patna	Patna	5·32	1·59	22·80	18th July.	
		Behar	4·91	0·64	22·04	ditto.	
		Barh	2·55	Nil	16·55	ditto.	
		Dinapore ... Jail ...	5·70	2·30	26·70	ditto.	
		Dinapore ... Cantonment ...	5·00	2·00	24·22	ditto.	
	Gya	Gya	2·28	1·04	18·76	ditto.	
		Nowadah	0·30	1·07	25·66	ditto.	
		Arungabad	1·84	2·70	19·42	ditto.	
		Jehanabad	4·38	1·22	21·29	ditto.	
	Shahabad	Arrah	5·11	0·85	25·54	ditto.	
		Sasseram	Not rec.	Not rec.	15·38	27th June...	Not rec. 24th to 30th May.
		Buxar	2·29	2·02	18·91	18th July.	
		Bhubooah...	2·88	1·09	23·41	ditto.	
	Tirhoot ...	Mozufferpore	4·74	1·73	21·03	ditto.	
		Durbhunga	9·76	0·16	28·32	ditto.	
		Hajeepore	6·71	0·45	20·80	ditto.	
		Mudhoobunnee	3·83	0·68	24·29	ditto.	
		Seetamurhee	4·06	Nil	16·62	ditto.	
		Tajpore	5·89	0·54	22·85	ditto.	
	Sarun ...	Chuprah	6·71	0·63	22·12	ditto.	
		Sewan	3·79	0·56	22·33	ditto.	
	Chumparun	Motiharee	3·01	0·10	21·42	ditto.	
		Bettiah	8·87	1·95	28·40	ditto.	
Bhagulpore.	Monghyr	Monghyr	2·25	1·30	29·23	ditto.	
		Begoo Serai	0·98	0·24	14·62	ditto	
		Jamoosee	1·66	0·73	22·74	ditto.	
	Bhagulpore ...	Bhagulpore	5·12	1·62	2·780	ditto.	
		Soopool	3·90	1·77	32·52	ditto.	
		Muddehpoora	2·50	1·50	20·88	ditto.	
		Banka	2·97	0·14	26·77	ditto.	
		Sanborsa	3·80	0·83	27·13	ditto.	
	Purneah .	Purneah	6·34	0·87	34·52	ditto.	
		Kissengunge	9·14	2·84	48·04	ditto.	
		Arrareah	7·32	3·08	49·10	ditto.	
	Sonthal Pergunnahs...	Deoghur	2·64	0·96	21·85	ditto.	
		Rajmehal	4·80	0·50	17·60	ditto.	
		Nya Doomka	2·58	3·39	20·11	ditto.	
		Godda	2·02	0·80	19·50	ditto.	

Division	District.	Station.	Rain from 5th to 11th July 1874.	Rain from 12th July to 18th July 1874.	Rain from 1st January 1874. Inches.	Rain from 1st January 1874. Up to date.	Remarks.
ORISSA.			Inches.	Inches.		1874.	
Orissa.	Cuttack	Cuttack ... Telegraph Office ...	2·40	0·70	27·76	18th July.	
		Cuttack ... Hospital ...	1·97	1·02	28 43	ditto.	
		Jajpore	Nil	Not rec.	23·55	11th July.	
		Kendraparah	1·00	ditto	11·00	ditto.	
		Jugataingpore .. .	Not rec.	ditto	14·25	4th July.	
		False Point	0·40	0·45	14·46	18th July.	
	Pooree	Pooree	0·17	1·00	14·99	ditto.	
		Khoordah...	3·22	2·70	24·85	ditto.	
	Balasore	Balasore	0·23	0·41	11·77	ditto.	
		Bhuddruck	0·60	0·50	18·18	ditto.	
		Jellasore	2 27	1·81	20 97	ditto.	
		Soreh	1·30	1·01	19·40	ditto.	
		Chandbally	0·85	Nil	14·93	ditto.	
	Cuttack Tributary Mehals	Sambalpore	0·52	3·07	24·70	ditto.	
	CHOTA NAGPORE.						
	SOUTH-WESTERN FRONTIER AGENCY.						
	Hazareebagh ...	Hazareebagh ... Jail ...	3·59	0·43	22·54	ditto.	
		Hazareebagh ... Dispensary ...	4·67	0·69	27·33	ditto.	
		Pachumba	2·60	0·70	24·38	ditto.	
	Lohardaggah ...	Ranchee	0·66	0·82	17·79	ditto.	
		Palamow	2·32	1·40	32·44	ditto.	
	Singbhoom ...	Chybassa	0·95	1·36	18·69	ditto.	
	Manbhoom ...	Purulia	0·50	1·14	16·51	ditto.	
		Govindpore	1·02	3·09	28 40	ditto.	
	ASSAM & ADJACENT HILLS.						
	Cachar ...	Cachar	2 26	Not rec.	68 70	11th July.	
		Hylakandy	2 69	3·89	60·88	18th July.	
		Koyah	1·60	2·31	61·67	ditto.	
	Goalparah ...	Goalparah	10·67	Not rec.	66·61	11th July.	
		Dhoobree	Not rec.	ditto	69·38	4th July.	
	Kamroop ...	Gowhatty	ditto	ditto	48·82	ditto.	
		Burpettah	ditto	ditto	49·17	ditto.	
	Durrung ...	Tezpore	ditto	ditto	37·44	20th June	
		Mungledye	ditto	ditto	36·46	ditto.	
	Nowgong ...	Nowgong	5 37	ditto	39·60	11th July.	
	Seebsaugor ...	Seebsaugor	5·88	ditto	85·97	ditto.	
		Golaghat	Not rec.	ditto	47·18	4th July.	
		Jorehaut	6·11	ditto	67·86	11th July.	
		Nazeerah	7·14	ditto	71·41	ditto.	
	Luckimpore ...	Debrooghur	Not rec.	ditto	44·95	23rd May.	
		North Luckimpore	ditto	ditto	51·32	13th June.	
		Suddya	ditto	ditto	47·61	23rd May ...	Not rec. 5th to 11th April.
	Naga Hills ...	Samoogoodting	ditto	ditto	22·51	4th July.	
	Khasi and Jynteah Hills ...	Shillong	ditto	ditto	11·10	16th May.	
		Jaowai	ditto	ditto	21·50	ditto.	
		Cherrapoonjee	ditto	ditto	133·03	23rd May	
	Garo Hills ...	Tura	23·39	ditto	59·85	11th July.	
		Benares	2 69	ditto	17·40	ditto.	
		Akyab	6·00	2·00	50 80	18th July.	

CALCUTTA,
The 25th July 1874.

W. G. WILLSON,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period 19th to 25th July 1874.

Station.	Date.	Hour.	Barometer reduced to 32°.	Barometer reduced to sea level.	Thermometer. Dry.	Thermometer. Wet.	Humidity, Sat. =100.	Wind. Direction.	Wind. Velocity.	Rain.	Clouds.	Weather initials
Calcutta.	July 19th	10	29·724	29·742	88·5	81·5	72	S by W	3·6	...	CK	
		16	29·590	29·608	92·0	82·3	64	S E	5·0	..	K	
	20th	10	29·683	29·701	86·3	81·0	72	S S E	3·6	...	C, CS	
		16	29·559	29·577	94·2	82·0	58	S E	7·2	...	K	
	21st	10	29·638	29·656	88·4	81·2	72	S S E	2·8	...	K	
		16	29·498	29·516	93·6	82·5	60	S E	6·7	..	K, CK	
	22nd	10	29·581	29·599	87·0	82·0	79	S E	3·6	0·92	C, K	
		16	29·473	29·491	89·5	81·4	69	S E	12·0	...	C, CS, K	
	23rd	10	29·543	29·561	87·7	82·2	78	E by S	7·9	..	K	
		16	29·443	29·461	84·7	81·7	87	E S E	14·8	0·02	C, CS	
	24th	10	29·513	29·531	82·3	80·4	91	E S E	11·6	0·19	S	
		16	29·431	29·449	85·5	81·5	83	S S E	14·5	0·05	.....	o
	25th	10	29·561	29·582	87·4	82·9	81	S E	9·2	0·19	K	
		16	29·518	29·536	81·5	80·0	93	E by N	7·5	0·61	.....	o
Saugor Island.	19th	10	29·723	29·729	90	83	73	N	2·8	...	N	b, v
		16	29·610	29·616	88	82	76	S S E	6·0	0·40	N	b, v
	20th	10	29·689	29·695	89	82	73	E S E	5·7	.	N	b, v
		16	29·580	29·586	84	81	87	E S E	7·8	0·50	N	b, v
	21st	10	29·723	29·729	90	83	73	N	2·8		N	b, v
		16	29·545	29·551	89	82	73	S S E	7·1	0·30	N	v, u,
	22nd	10	29·594	29·600	89	82	73	E	3·1	0·20	N	v
		16	29·477	29·484	88	82	76	E S E	7·9	.	N	b, v
	23rd	10	29·522	29·528	87	82	79	E	7·5	0·10	N	b, p, v.
		16	29·418	29·424	85	82	87	E	12·2	0·10	N	o, p
	24th	10	29·482	29·488	87	81	76	S S E	18·7	0·40	N	b, u, scuds.
		16	29·433	29·439	86	81	79	S E	18·8	0·10	N	o, p, scuds.
	25th	10	29·566	29·572	87	83	83	S S E	6·0	0·10	N	b, p, v
		16	29·484	29·490	83	80	87	E	8·9	0·20	N	p, u, v
Chittagong.	19th	10	29·701	29·794	79	77	90	E	1·8	...	N	d, g
		16	29·534	29 625	89	86	87	N N E	3·0	... .		b, v
	20th	10	29·636	29 728	83	78	78	N	3·3	1·30	C	b, v
		16	29 504	29 595	88	81	72	W	6·9	...	C	b, v
	21st	10	29 601	29 693	85	80	79	E	4·1	...	CK, C	b, v
		16	29·474	29·565	88	81	73	S W	5·1		C	b, v
	22nd	10	29·568	29 660	86	80	75	E	5·4	...	K	b, v
		16	29·474	29·566	86	79	72	S W	8·2	...	K, KS	b, v
	23rd	10	29·571	29 663	85	79	75	E	6·2	...	CK, KS	b
		16	29·462	29·574	84	79	79	E	8·3	...	K, KS	u
	24th	10	29 568	29·660	87	70	68	E	6·7		CK, K,	b, v
		16	29·464	29 547	82	80	91	S E	7·8	0·20	K, KS	g
	25th	10	29·561	29·563	85	79	75	E S E	4·4	0·80	K, CK	b, v
		16	29·454	29·548	83	80	87	S S W	9·9	0·10	KS, K	v, u
Madras.	18th	10	29·794	29·824	80	76	89	W S W	8	2·34	.....	o
		16	29·676	29 706	84	76	67	W by S	5	...	.....	cloudy.
	19th	10	29 773	29 803	80	78	70	W by N	13	0·10	... ..	o
		16	29 657	29·687	85	75	60	W	10	.	.....	cloudy.
	20th	10	29·730	29·760	85	75	60	W by S	13	0·01	.....	c
		16	29·623	29·653	88	76	55	W	13	...	.....	c
	21st	10	29·732	29·762	86	75	57	W by S	15	...	.....	c
		16	29·606	29·636	92	76	45	W	9	...	.....	c
	22nd	10	29·735	29·765	86	75	57	W by S	11	...	.....	c
		16	29 615	29·645	91	77	54	S W by W	6	...	.....	cloudy.
	23rd	10	29 720	29·750	84	75	64	W S W	10	...	.....	o
		16	29·641	29·671	89	76	52	W S W	9	...	.....	cloudy.
	24th	10	29·753	29·782	86	74	54	W S W	12	...	.....	cloudy.
		16	29·624	29 654	89	76	59	S W	12	...	.....	cloudy.
Cuttack.	19th	10	29·624	29·706	88	80	69	E N E	1·5	..	C, K	b
		16	29·515	29·597	85	79	76	E S E	4·3	0·50	C, CK, N	p
	20th	10	29·619	29·702	82	80	91	S	3·0	0·20	KS, N	p
		16	29·452	29 533	90	81	66	N N E	3·7		CK, N	p
	21st	10	29·547	29·629	84	80	83	N N W	0·8	0·30	KS, C	
		16	29·442	29·524	89	82	73	E S E	2·2	...	C, K, KS	
	22nd	10	29·515	29 597	89	81	69	N E	0·9	...	C, CK	
		16	29 392	29·474	88	81	73	E N E	4·3	.....	C, KS	
	23rd	10	29·460	29·542	83	80	87	N E	1·1	0·40	N	r
		16	29·335	29·417	86	78	68	N N E	4·9	...	KS, N	u
	24th	10	29·373	29·456	78	76	90	S W	4·0	...	N	p
		16	29 290	29·372	84	80	83	S	7·9	0·40	KS, N, C	
	25th	10	29·447	29·529	86	81	79	S S W	2·5	1·20	C, CK	
		16	29·363	29·446	82	79	87	S S E	3·3	0·10	K, N	p
Akyab.	19th	10	29·742	29 763	86	82	83	E	0·7	0·30	... .	b
		16	29·615	29·636	87	81	76	S W	3·0	...	.....	b
	20th	10	29·707	29·729	83	80	87	S S E	3·4	...	. . ..	b
		16	29·580	29·601	85	80	79	S	6·1		. ..	b
	21st	10	29 667	29·688	84	80	83	S E	3·7	0·60	... .	b
		16	29·554	29·575	84	79	79	S	6·1		.....	g
	22nd	10	29·653	29·675	83	81	91	S S E	5·2	0·20	. ...	b
		16	29·551	29·572	86	80	75	S S E	6·8	..	.....	b
	23rd	10	29·602	29·623	85	82	87	S E	6·5	0·70	... ..	p
		16	29·585	29 607	82	80	91	S S E	6·3	...	.....	s
	25th	10	29·650	29·672	82	80	91	S S E	6·3	0·90	... .	r, q
		16	29·549	29·571	82	80	91	S	7·5	0·10	... .	b, p
	26th	10	29·642	29·663	85	81	83	S E	4·2	2·20	.....	b, p
		16	29·548	29 564	84	79	79	S	8·0	...	... .	b

* Velocity of wind in miles per hour

CALCUTTA,
The 25th July 1874

W. G. WILLSON,
Offg. Meteorological Reporter to the Government of Bengal.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, from 15th to 21st July 1874.

Month.	Date.	Mean reduced barometer.	Thermometer.			Mean dry bulb.	Mean wet bulb.	Computed mean dew-point.	Mean degree of humidity.	Wind.			Rain.	Moon's phases.	General Remarks
			Highest reading.	Lowest reading.	Max. solar radiation.					Prevailing direction.	Max. pressure.	Daily velocity.			
		Inches.	○	○	○	○	○	○			lb	Miles	In		
July .	15th	29·637	88·8	81·6	118·8	84·1	80·8	78·5	0·84	S by W & S	...	165·2	0·03	...	Cirri and cirrostrati, and overcast. Sheet lightning on Sat. 11 P.M. Light rain at 10½, 12 A.M. and 6½ P.M.
	16th	·605	87·4	79·7	142·7	83·3	80·2	78·0	·85	S by E & S by W	0·8	140·2	0·49	...	Overcast, cumuli and stratoni. Thunder at 8½ P.M. Sheet lightning from 7 to 10 P.M. Rain between midnight & 1, 9 and 10 A.M. At 1 & between 7 and 8 P.M.
	17th	·681	92·0	79·5	145·0	85·1	80·8	77·8	·80	S by W S & S S W	...	89·0	...	...	Cirri and cirrostrati and cumuli. Thunder at 4½ and 5 P.M. Sheet lightning at 7½, 10 and 11 P.M., drizzled at 5½ P.M.
	18th	·681	93·8	81·0	145·0	87·0	81·0	77·4	·74	S S W & S E	...	77·6	...	...	Cirri and cirrostrati
	19th	·670	92·8	81·8	142·0	87·2	81·4	77·9	·75	S by E S by W & S E	...	89·7		...	Cirri and cumuli. Sheet lightning at midnight and 1 A.M.
	20th	·631	94·2	82·0	143·2	86·7	81·2	77·9	·76	S by E	..	80·4	...	...	Clear, cirri and cirrostrati and cumuli. Drizzled between 12 A.M. and 1 P.M.
	21st	·582	94·0	82·5	147·0	86·7	81·4	78·2	·76	S by E, S E & E S E	1·0	80·7	0·92	)	Clear and cumuli. Thunder at 5½ P.M. Rain from 5 to 6½ P.M.

The mean barometer, as likewise the dry and wet bulb thermometer means, are derived from the twenty-four hourly observations made during the day.

The dew-point is computed with the Greenwich constants. The figures in column 10 represent the humidity of the air, the complete saturation of which being taken at unity. The receiver of the lower rain gauge is 1½ feet, and that of the anemometer 70 feet 10 inches above the level of the ground. The velocity of wind, as indicated by Robinson's anemometer, is registered from noon to noon.

		○
The extreme variation of temperature during the past seven days	...	14·7
The maximum temperature during the past seven days	...	94·2
The maximum temperature during the corresponding period of the past year	...	91·0
The mean humidity during the past seven days	...	0·79
The mean humidity during the corresponding period of the past year	...	0·89
		Inches.
The total fall of rain from 15th to 21st ... by lower rain gauge	...	1·48
by anemometer gauge	...	1·26
Ditto ditto ditto, average of twenty previous years	...	2·58
Ditto ditto between the 1st January and the 21st July	...	18·46
Ditto ditto ditto, average of twenty previous years	...	32·32

GOPEENAUTH SEN,
In charge of the Observatory.

The 28th July 1874

Abstract of the Results of the Hourly Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, in the month of June 1874.

LATITUDE 22° 33′ 1″ North. Longitude 88° 20′ 34″ East. Height of the cistern of the standard barometer above the sea level, 18·11 feet.

MONTHLY RESULTS.	Inches.
Mean height of the barometer for the month	29·591
Max. height of the barometer, occurred at 10 A.M. on the 3rd	29·875
Min. height of the barometer, occurred at 4 & 5 P.M. on the 26th	29·287
Extreme range of the barometer during the month	0·588
Mean of the daily max. pressures	29·649
Ditto ditto min. ditto	29·524
Mean daily range of the barometer during the month	0·125
	⊖
Mean dry bulb thermometer for the month	83·7
Max. temperature occurred at 2 P.M. on the 1st	97·0
Min. temperature occurred at 4 and 5 A.M. on the 8th & 10th	77·0
Extreme range of the temperature during the month	20·0
Mean of the daily max. temperature	90·2
Ditto ditto min. ditto	79·8
Mean daily range of the temperature during the month	10·4
Mean wet bulb thermometer for the month	80·0
Mean dry bulb thermometer above mean wet bulb thermometer	3·7
Computed mean dew-point for the month	77·4
Mean dry bulb thermometer above computed mean dew-point	6·3
	Inches.
Mean elastic force of vapour for the month	0·922
	Troy grains.
Mean weight of vapour for the month	9·89
Additional weight of vapour required for complete saturation	2·18
Mean degree of humidity for the month, complete saturation being unity ...	0·82
	⌂
Mean max. solar radiation thermometer for the month	140·9
	Inches.
Rained 24 days,—max. fall of rain during 24 hours	1·47
Total amount of rain during the month	6·89
Total amount of rain indicated by the gauge* attached to the anemometer during the month	6·04
Prevailing direction of the wind	S., S. S. E., & S. by E.

* Height, 70 feet 10 inches above ground.

GOPEENAUTH SEN,
In charge of the Observatory.

The 24th July 1874.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH, BENGAL.

ORISSA CIRCLE.

Statement showing the Total Amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Kendraparah Canal for the Month of April 1874.

PRIVATE TRAFFIC.

Number of boats.	Nature of cargo.	Approximate Weight of cargo.	Approximate Value of cargo.	Tonnage of boats. Mds.	Tonnage of boats. Tons.	Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.
			Local Traffic.					
			Rs.				Rs. A. P.	A. P.
3	Paddy	...	514	514	18	483	4 10 0	...
6	Rice	...	2,058	1,029	37	1,147	13 14 0	...
22	Jaggery	...	27,040	5,408	193	3,052	26 2 0	...
3	Gram	...	464	309	11	236	3 4 0	...
2	Oil-cake	...	328	375	13	208	5 10 0	...
5	Spices	...	17,560	878	31	751	11 6 0	...
5	Salt	...	6,680	1,138	40	994	7 14 0	...
1	Cotton	...	1,900	190	7	112	0 14 0	...
2	Turmeric	...	2,515	503	18	288	2 6 0	...
4	Jute	...	3,040	608	23	230	6 8 0	...
1	Bags	...	441	63	2	62	0 6 0	...
1	Plank	...	70	175	6	96	2 10 0	...
1	Furniture	...	120	120	4	64	0 8 0	...
1	Tiles	...	2	143	5	160	1 4 0	...
56	Passenger boats	...	.....	197	7	203	2 8 10	...
4	Stones	...	35	2 260	81	81	2 0 0	...
42	Empty	...	.....	3.236	116	2,205	26 2 6	...
117		...	61,777	17,146	612	10,372	117 14 10	0 2
			Traffic between Cuttack and Sea Board.					
81	Paddy	...	16,895	16,895	603	25,536	231 12 0	...
241	Rice	...	1,10,954	55,477	1,981	83,202	797 4 0	...
2	Jaggery	...	1,105	221	8	336	3 0 0	...
1	Gram	...	1,386	924	33	1,386	13 8 0	...
2	Oil-cake	...	786	841	30	1,260	12 6 0	...
317	Spices	...	1,48,500	7,425	265	11,130	160 14 0	...
3	Salt	...	1,890	378	13	546	5 4 0	...
2	Hides	...	7.880	788	28	1,176	11 10 0	...
1	Turmeric	...	1,760	352	12	504	5 4 0	...
1	Gingelly	...	3.744	936	33	1,386	13 14 0	...
1	Lac	...	16,128	1,008	36	1,512	15 0 0	...
2	Gunny	...	2,548	364	13	546	5 4 0	...

STORES AND MATERIALS FOR IRRIGATION WORKS.

Number of boats.	Nature of cargo.	Approximate Weight of cargo.	Approximate Value of cargo.	Tonnage of boats. Mds.	Tonnage of boats. Tons.	Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.
			Rs.				Rs. A. P.	A. P.
2	Stores	...	21	1,327	47	1,248	11 0 0	...
5	Empty	...	.....	1,738	62	992	8 10 0	...
...	.....	...	.....	.....	...	...	.....	...
...	.....	...	.....	.....	...	...	.....	...
...	.....	...	.....	.....	...	...	.....	...
...	.....	...	.....	.....	...	...	.....	...
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...	.....	...	.....	.....	...	...	.....	...
...	.....	...	.....	.....	...	...	.....	...
...	.....	...	.....	.....	...	...	.....	...
7		...	21	3,065	109	2,240	19 10 0	0 1·6
1	Stones	...	11	675	...	...	10 2 0	...
2	Ghooting hme...	...	1,195	6,375	...	...	94 14 0	...
2	Iron stores	...	2,619	2,619	...	...	39 0 0	...
16	Empty	...	.....	6,088	...	...	92 4 0	...
...	.....	...	.....	.....	...	...	.....	...
...	.....	...	.....	.....	...	...	.....	...
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ABSTRACT.

Number of boats.	Nature of traffic.	Weight or cargo.	Value of cargo.	Tonnage.	Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.	Remarks.
			Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.	A. P.	
117	Local ...	..	61,777 0 0	612	10,372	117 14 10	0 2	
7	Government stores.	...	21 0 0	109	2,240	19 10 0	0 1	
...	.....	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...	
...	.....	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...	
...	.....	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...	
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...	.....	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...	
...	.....	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...	
...	.....	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...	
124			61,798 0 0	721	12,612	137 8 10	0 2	
449	Local ...	..	3,15,676 0 0	3,721	1,56,888	1,516 4 5	0 1·9	
29	Government stores.	...	3,825 0 0	661	24,402	236 4 0	0 1·8	
...	.....	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...	
...	.....	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...	
...	.....	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...	
...	.....	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...	
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...	.....	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...	
...	.....	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...	
...	.....	...	.....	...	.....	.....	...	

	Ls	...	278	186	6	252	2 10 0	...	...	......	...	......	......	...	...	......	...	...	......	..	......	...	......	......	...
		...	1,872	234	8	336	3 6 0	...	...	......	...	......	......	...	...	......	...	...		...	......	...	......	......	...
	...pty ...	.	.....	17,147	612	25,704	220 10 0	...	...	......	...	......	......	...	...	......	...	...	......	..	......	...	......	......	...
	...assenger boats	..	...	990	35	1,470	14 10 5	...	...	......	...	......	......	...	...	......	...	...	......	..	......	..	......	......	...
[illegible]			3,15,676	1,04,165	3,721	1,56,282	1,516 4 5	0 1·8	29	......		3,825	15,757	581	24,403	236 4 0	0 1·6	478	......	...	3,19,501 0 0	4,302	1,80,684	1,752 8 5	0 1·8
566	Total ...	...	3,77,453	1,21,311	4,333	1,66,654	1,634 2 3	0 1·8	30	......	...	3,846	18,822	690	26,6[illegible]	255 14 0	0 1·8	602	......	...	3,81,299 0 0	5,028	1,93,296	1,890 1 3	0 1·8
439	Total of same month of last year.	...	[illegible]	87,366	3,120	1,05,342	948 14 1	0 1·7	17	......	...	9,141	8,944	319	5,312	45 10 0	0 1·6	456	......	...	4,54,103 0 0	3,439	1,10,654	994 8 1	0 1·7
			LOCAL TRAFFIC.									MISCELLANEOUS.													
1	Bamboos ..	...	27	212	8	256	9 0 0	...	1	Bamboos (1,000)	...	13	......	...	...	1 10 8	...	9	Local ... Government stores.	...	213 0 0	8	256	13 7 8	...
4	Timber (40) ...	...	160	....	...	......	9 8 0	...	...	......	...	......	......	...	...	......	...	1		...	13 0 0	...	......	1 10 8	...
4	Bamboos (2,100)	...	26	......	...	......	1 15 8	...		......	...	......	......	...	...	......	...	...		...					
9			213	212	8	256	13 7 8	...	1			13	......	...	...	1 10 8	...	10	......	..	226 0 0	8	256	15 2 4	...
			TRAFFIC BETWEEN CUTTACK AND SEA BOARD.																						
2	Timber ...	...	783	241	8	336	3 0 0	...	4	Passengers ...	...	......	......	...	...	7 5 4	...	37	Local ...	...	1,140 0 0	49	2,058	51 8 0	...
16	Bamboos ...	...	145	1,154	41	1,722	14 10 0	...	11	Boats passed free.	...	......	......	...	...	......	...	15	Government	...	......	...	......	7 5 4	...
7	Timbers (24) ..	...	96	......	...	......	9 0 0	...	...	......	...	......	......	1	...	......	...	...	stores.	...					
12	Bamboos (9,950)	...	125	......	...	......	24 14 0	...	..	......	...	......	......	...	...	......	...	...	......	...	......	...	......	......	...
37			1,149	1,395	49	2,058	51 8 0	...	15	......		......	......	...	...	7 5 4	...	52	......		1,149 0 0	49	2,058	58 13 4	...
46	Total ...	...	1,362	1,607	57	2,314	64 15 8	...	16	......	...	13	......	...	...	9 0 0	...	62	......	...	1,375 0 0	57	2,314	73 15 8	...
35	Total of same month of last year.	...	3,093	......	...	......	50 3 8	...	...	......	...	...	......	...	...	......	...	35	......	...	3,093 0 0	...	......	50 3 8	...
612	Grand Total ...	...	3,78,815	1,22,918	4,390	1,68,968	1,699 2 11	...	52	......	...	3,859	19,393	690	26,642	264 14 0	...	664	......	...	3,82,674 0 0	5,080	1,95,610	1,964 0 11	...
474	Grand Total of same month of last year.	...	4,48,055	87,366	3,120	1,05,342	999 1 9	...	17	......	...	9,141	8,944	319	5,312	45 10 0	...	491*	......	...	4,57,196 0 0	3,439	1,10,654	1,044 11 9	—

* * Carried also 26 passengers.

† The apparent discrepancy between the value of cargo carried during the month and that carried during the same month of last year, as compared with the number of boats, is chiefly due to the value of spices carried. In April 1873, 33 boats carried Rs. 2,90,700 worth, and in this month 31 boats carried only Rs. 1,48,506 worth.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH, BENGAL.

ORISSA CIRCLE.

Statement showing the total amount of Traffic and Tolls on the High Level Canal, Section I., for the month of April 1874.

LENGTH OF CANAL OPEN—37 MILES.

PRIVATE TRAFFIC.

Number of boats.	Nature of cargo.	Approximate Weight of cargo.	Approximate Value of cargo.	Tonnage of boats. Maunds.	Tonnage of boats. Tons.	Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.
		Mds.	Rs.				Rs. A. P.	A. P.
7	Jaggery	1,097	5,485	1,785	64	794	8 13 2	......
5	Straw	397	124	748	27	455	6 2 4	......
1	Salt	160	800	232	8	282	3 6 0	....
2	Furniture ..	100	105	197	7	239	2 11 2	...
8	Pumpkins	186	140	336	12	72	1 8 6	......
1	Copper ..	60	1,800	145	5	176	1 14 0	......
2	Paddy	70	70	107	4	39	0 7 11	......
1	Firewood	34	3	48	2	21	0 6 4	......
32	Empty	.		2,133	76	1,529	17 12 8	......
*3	Passenger boats	...	..	148	5	108	1 8 5	......
62	Total	2,104	8,527	5,879	210	3,706	44 10 6	0 2·3
104	Total of same month of last year ..	5,080	11,097	10,577	351	4,312	32 9 2	0 2·7
3	Bamboos, No. 3,200 ..	.	40	..	.	..	5 2 8	......
3	Total ..	...	40	.	...	...	5 2 8	....
5	Total of same month of last year.	...	...	...	...	.	6 15 2	
65	Grand Total ..	2,104	8,567	5,879	210	3,708	49 13 2	.....
109	Grand Total of same month of last year...	5,080	11,097	10,577	381	4,312	69 6 4	. ...

STORES AND MATERIALS FOR IRRIGATION WORKS.

Number of boats.	Nature of cargo.	Approximate weight of cargo.	Approximate Value of cargo.	Tonnage of boats. Maunds.	Tonnage of boats. Tons.	Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.
		Mds.	Rs.				Rs. A. P.	A. P.
6	Stones ...	2,361	37	3,905	140	1,263	38 2 .	...
1	Stones, &c	380	380	765	27	932	11 4 0	...
1	Engine	228	2,280	728	26	884	10 4 0	....
1	Colours, &c.	30	150	60	2	58	0 11 4	....
10	Empty	...	......	2,285	82	118	19 2 4	.....
19	......	2,999	2,847	7,778	277	3,255	69 10 8	0 4·1
15	... ..	1,800	1,380	6,634	219	5,671	72 9 .	0 2·3

MISCELLANEOUS.

Number of boats.	Nature of cargo.	Approximate weight of cargo.	Approximate Value of cargo.	Tonnage of boats. Maunds.	Tonnage of boats. Tons.	Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.
2	Passenger No. 3 ..	...	...	768	27	933	11 6 1	....
11	Boats passed free ..	.. ...	.. ...		...	..	......	......
13	......	..	. ..	768	27	933	11 6 1	.
1	...	..	... .		.		0 4 0	
32	..	2,999	2,847	8,514	304	4,188	81 0 9	. .
16	..	1,800	1,380	6,981	249	5,671	72 13 0	..

ABSTRACT.

Number of boats.	Nature of traffic.	Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.	Tonnage.	Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.	Remarks.
			Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.	A. P.	
62	Local ...	2,104	8,527 0 0	210	3,705	44 10 6	0 2·3	
19	Government stores	2,999	2,847 0 0	277	3,255	69 10 8	0 4·1	
81	......	5,103	11,374 0 0	487	6,963	114 5 2	0 3·1	
119	.. ...	6,880	13,077 0 0	630	10,186	135 2 2	0 2·5	
3	Local .	...	40 0 0	.	...	5 2 8	.. ...	
13	Government stores	..	.. .	27	933	11 6 1	.. ..	
16	..		40 0 0	27	933	16 8 9	...	
6	.	...	.. ...	......		7 3 8	......	
97	...	5,103	11,414 0 0	514	7,896	130 13 11	......	
125	.	6,880	13,077 0 0	630	10,156	142 5 10	......	

* Carried also 12 passengers.

ORISSA CIRCLE.

Statement showing the Total Amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Taldandah Canal for the Month of April 1874.

LENGTH OF CANAL OPEN—27½ MILES.

PRIVATE TRAFFIC.

Number of boats.	Nature of cargo.	Approximate Weight of cargo.	Approximate Value of cargo.	Tonnage of boats. Maunds.	Tonnage of boats. Tons.	Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.
			Rs.				Rs. A. P.	A. P.
9	Paddy ...	...	900	3,106	111	1,260	8 2 10	...
2	Jaggery ...	...	1,600	907	33	812	4 8 6	...
1	Tamarind ...	...	100	206	7	109	0 8 3	...
1	Pumpkins ...	...	20	138	5	10	0 5 6	...
3	Straw ...	...	55	804	29	86	2 0 3	...
3	SandcutStone	...	121	1,022	30	894	4 15 3	...
1	House furniture ...	...	100	337	12	180	0 13 6	...
1	Fuel ...	...	15	315	11	45	0 12 7	...
39	Emp. ...	...	...	4,877	174	2,091	13 5 6	...
60	Total ...	...	2,911	11,712	412	5,487	35 8 2	0 1·2
105	Total of same month of last year ...	...	4,895	22,617	808	7,869	62 4 11	0 1·5
12	Timber ...	...	416	5,288	189	2,646	14 9 8	...
3	Bamboos ...	...	17	584	21	168	1 7 4	...
	136 Timbers ...	...	248	...	...	...	17 14 0	...
	4,600 Bamboos ...	...	67	...	...	...	5 6 8	...
	2 Passengers for 6 miles ...	...	...	...	...	...	0 0 3	...
	2 Boats demurrage for 7 days ...	...	...	...	...	...	1 12 0	...
15	Total ...	...	748	5,872	210	2,814	41 1 11	...
...	Total of same month of last year ...	...	353	...	...	...	40 12 10	...
75	Grand Total ...	...	3,659	[illegible]	622	8,301	76 10 1	...

STORES AND MATERIALS FOR IRRIGATION WORKS.

Number of boats.	Nature of cargo.	Approximate Weight of cargo.	Approximate Value of cargo.	Tonnage of boats. Maunds.	Tonnage of boats. Tons.	Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.
			Rs.				Rs. A. P.	A. P.
1	House furniture. ...	...	500	625	23	23	1 9 0	...
1	Empty ...	...	...	375	13	13	0 15 0	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	...	...	500	1,000	36	36	2 8 0	1 1·3
23	...	...	6,319	11,590	413	5,872	30 8 8	0 1

AESTRACT.

Number of boats.	Nature of traffic.	Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.	Tonnage.	Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.	Remarks.
			Rs.	Rs.		Rs. A. P.	A. P.	
60	Local ...	...	2,911	312	5,487	35 8 2	0 1·2	
2	Govt. stores ...	...	500	36	36	2 8 0	1 1·3	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
62	...	...	3,411	448	5,523	38 0 2	0 1·3	
128	...	...	11,214	1,221	13,741	92 13 7	0 1·3	

MISCELLANEOUS.

Number of boats.	Nature of traffic.	Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.	Tonnage.	Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.	Remarks.
			Rs.	Rs.		Rs. A. P.	A. P.	
15	Local ...	...	748	210	2,814	41 1 11	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
15	...	...	748	210	2,814	41 1 11	...	
...	...	...	353	...	...	40 12 10	...	
77	...	...	4,159	658	8,337	79 2 1	...	
...	...	...	11,590	1,221	13,741	133 10 6	...	

...RKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH, BENGAL.

SOUTH-WESTERN CIRCLE.

Statement showing the Total Amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Midnapore Section of the High Level Canal for the Month of April 1874.

LENGTH OF CANAL OPEN—53 MILES.

PRIVATE TRAFFIC.

Number of boats.	Nature of cargo.	Approximate Weight of cargo.	Approximate Value of cargo.	Tonnage of boats. Maunds.	Tonnage of boats. Tons.	Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.
		Mds.	Rs.				Rs. A. P.	A. P.
66	Coal ...	7,198	3,248	14,820	...	.....	99 4 6	...
18	Cotton ...	1,617	31,310	4,510	...	.....	46 7 0	...
10	Firewood ...	1,280	396	3,000	...	.....	11 4 0	...
43	Grain ...	4,560	13,885	10,925	...	.....	90 1 6	...
12	Hides and horns ...	1,525	16,525	3,700	...	.....	46 1 0	...
38	Jaggery and sugar	4,036	14,222	9,860	...	.....	89 13 0	...
31	Metal ...	4,365	1,01,676	10,075	...	.....	108 7 6	...
165*	Miscellaneous ...	14,756	5,67,750	36,965	...	.....	440 5 3	...
68	Oil and oil-seed ...	10,500	34,700	24,625	...	.....	148 1 0	...
229	Paddy and rice ...	40,683	84,072	74,275	...	.....	1,188 10 6	...
49	Piece-goods ...	2,721	3,56,135	8,525	...	.....	48 14 6	...
46	Thread ...	3,815	1,26,310	11,300	...	.....	64 0 6	...
234	Garden produce ...	9,585	12,934	32,090	...	.....	135 5 6	...
80	Pottery ...	715	3,968	5,300	...	.....	24 0 0	...
119	Salt ...	33,675	1,78,645	65,050	...	.....	652 14 6	...
8	Silk and indigo ...	116	48,400	1,225	...	.....	5 3 6	...
1	Jute ...	20	80	100	...	.....	0 8 0	...
18	Straw ...	1,912	711	5,925	...	.....	21 13 6	...
35	Tobacco ...	4,300	28,805	9,975	...	.....	96 14 0	...
3	Tiles ...	250	90	1,025	...	.....	27 7 6	...
12	Sand ...	1,825	260	5,675	...	.....	21 4 6	...
627	Empty boats ...	.....	.....	73,750	...	.....	432 6 0	...
749	Passenger boats ...	.....	.....	40,880	...	.....	453 11 6	...
2,598	Total ...	1,52,493	16,24,122	4,53,275	16,188	366,330	4,150 12 9	0 2
1,505	Total of same month of last year	1,12,571	6,10,595	3,87,775	13,849	145,002	2,243 2 0	0 2½

STORES AND MATERIALS FOR IRRIGATION WORKS.

Number of boats.	Nature of cargo.	Approximate Weight of cargo.	Approximate Value of cargo.	Tonnage of boats. Mds.	Tonnage of boats. Tons.	Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.

ABSTRACT.

Number of boats.	Nature of traffic.	Weight of cargo.	Value of cargo.	Tonnage.	Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Rate of toll per ton mile.	Remarks.
		Mds.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs. A. P.	A. P.	
2,598	Local traffic ...	1,52,493	16,24,122	16,188	3,66,330	4,150 12 9	0 2	
2,598	Total ...	1,52,493	16,24,122	16,188	3,66,330	4,150 12 9	0 2	
1,505	Total of same month of last year ...	1,12,571	6,10,595	13,849	1,45,002	2,243 2 0	0 2½	

MISCELLANEOUS.

144	.....	.....	1,403	.....	.....	162 7 7	...	
	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	...	

17	Lifts of timber logs 63 ...	.....	1,403	.....	...	27 8 0	...	
	Passengers No. 5,587	.....	.....	.....	.....	121 0 4	...	

*Average 18 miles during the month, whereas in April 1873 the average was 0 miles.